WAYNESFIELD-GOSHEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUGLAIZE COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 & 2023





65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

Board of Education Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District 500 North Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2024. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2025



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Fiscal Year 2024:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis	14
Statement of Activities - Cash Basis	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash	
Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	18 - 48
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	49
Notes to the Supplementary Information.	50
Fiscal Year 2023:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	51 - 60
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis	61
Statement of Activities - Cash Basis	62
From J. F	
Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	63
Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash	03
Balances - Governmental Funds	64
Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash	
Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund	65
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	66 - 97
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
With Government Auditing Standards	98 - 99
Schedule of Findings and Responses	100
Summary Schodula of Drian Audit Findings	101
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	101





333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County 500 North Westminster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position, thereof and the June 30, 2023 budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report

Supplementary Information

Our June 30, 2024 audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison information for the General Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the *management's discussion and analysis* but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2024 on our consideration of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 1, 2024

Julian & Sube, Elne.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The management's discussion and analysis of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2024 are as follows:

- The total net position of the School District decreased \$164,432 or 3.15% from fiscal year 2023.
- General receipts accounted for \$7,413,924 or 83.01% of total governmental activities receipts. Program specific receipts accounted for \$1,516,992 or 16.99% of total governmental activities receipts.
- The School District had \$9,095,348 in disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,516,992 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General receipts of \$7,413,924 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District's major funds include the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund had total receipts of \$7,652,713 in 2024. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$7,707,217 in 2024. The general fund's balance decreased \$54,504 or 1.36% from 2023 to 2024.
- The School District's other major fund is the bond retirement fund. The bond retirement fund had total receipts of \$314,752 in 2024. The disbursements of the bond retirement fund totaled \$262,623. The bond retirement's balance increased \$52,129 or 8.37% from 2023 to 2024.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting an aggregate view of the School District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Basis of Accounting

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipts and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net position will be cash, cash equivalents and investments. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2024, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental type activities of the School District at the fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts of each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of the particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's net cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the School District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's cash position is one indicator of whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the School District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the School District's property tax base, the condition of the School District's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the School District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities include the School District's programs and services including instruction, support services, which include operation and maintenance and pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds include the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various School District programs. The School District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in a single column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2024 and 2023.

Net Position

	 Governmental Activities 2024		Activities 2023
Assets			
Equity in pooled cash and			
cash equivalents	\$ 5,061,000	\$	5,225,432
Total assets	\$ 5,061,000	\$	5,225,432
Net Cash Position			
Restricted	\$ 1,088,069	\$	1,203,668
Unrestricted	 3,972,931		4,021,764
Total net cash position	\$ 5,061,000	\$	5,225,432

The total net position of the School District decreased \$164,432, which represents a 3.15% decrease from fiscal year 2023. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$3,972,931 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

THIS SPACE INTENTIALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023
Cash receipts:		
Program cash receipts:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 436,916	\$ 417,605
Operating grants and contributions	1,080,076	1,233,489
Total program cash receipts	1,516,992	1,651,094
General receipts:		
Property taxes	2,077,454	1,810,158
Income tax	949,018	902,376
Unrestricted grants	4,243,117	3,895,191
Investment earnings	109,753	87,747
Other	34,582	32,363
Total general receipts	7,413,924	6,727,835
Total cash receipts	\$ 8,930,916	\$ 8,378,929

THIS SPACE INTENTIALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2024		Activities 2023
Cash disbursements:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$	3,410,455	\$ 3,193,580
Special		1,019,881	1,255,690
Vocational		259,916	271,751
Other		77,351	48,854
Support services:			
Pupil		264,631	240,650
Instructional staff		482,089	492,916
Board of education		22,399	22,931
Administration		667,302	607,003
Fiscal		287,126	274,800
Business		23,586	30,900
Operations and maintenance		1,056,722	1,266,950
Pupil transporation		437,377	413,398
Central		6,265	19,124
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations		314,382	299,169
Extracurricular activities		509,197	498,359
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	3,188
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		238,107	228,984
Interest and fiscal charges		18,562	 21,785
Total cash disbursements	_	9,095,348	 9,190,032
Change in net cash position		(164,432)	(811,103)
Net cash position at beginning of year		5,225,432	 6,036,535
Net cash position at end of year	\$	5,061,000	\$ 5,225,432

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental Activities

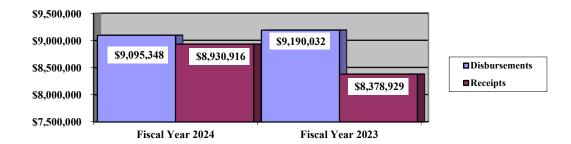
Governmental assets decreased by \$164,432 in 2024 from 2023. Total governmental disbursements of \$9,095,348 were offset by program receipts of \$1,516,992 and general receipts of \$7,413,924. Program receipts supported 16.68% of the total governmental disbursements.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 81.40% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The largest disbursement of the School District is for instructional programs. Instructional disbursements totaled \$4,767,603 or 52.42% of total governmental disbursements for fiscal year 2024.

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities receipts and disbursements for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Governmental Activities - Total Receipts vs. Total Disbursements



THIS SPACE INTENTIALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

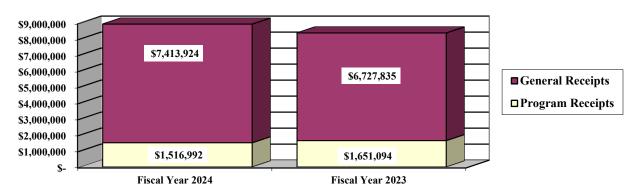
	Total Cost of Services 2024	Net Cost of Services 2024	Total Cost of Services 2023	Net Cost of Services 2023
Cash disbursements:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,410,455	\$ 3,238,847	\$ 3,193,580	\$ 3,001,765
Special	1,019,881	507,848	1,255,690	741,339
Vocational	259,916	237,117	271,751	257,689
Other	77,351	77,351	48,854	48,854
Support services:				
Pupil	264,631	16,581	240,650	28,725
Instructional staff	482,089	439,988	492,916	319,106
Board of education	22,399	22,399	22,931	22,931
Administration	667,302	667,302	607,003	607,003
Fiscal	287,126	287,126	274,800	274,784
Business	23,586	23,586	30,900	30,900
Operations and maintenance	1,056,722	1,033,040	1,266,950	1,198,192
Pupil transportation	437,377	331,700	413,398	366,754
Central	6,265	6,265	19,124	19,124
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	314,382	67,971	299,169	44,681
Extracurricular activities	509,197	364,566	498,359	323,134
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	3,188	3,188
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	238,107	238,107	228,984	228,984
Interest and fiscal charges	18,562	18,562	21,785	21,785
Total	\$ 9,095,348	\$ 7,578,356	\$ 9,190,032	\$ 7,538,938

The dependence upon general receipts for instructional activities is apparent; with 85.18% of disbursements supported through taxes and other general receipts during 2024. For all governmental activities, general receipts support is 83.32%. The School District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, are the primary support of the School District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities receipts for fiscal year 2024 and 2023.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Receipts



The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$5,061,000, which is \$164,432 less than last year's total of \$5,225,432. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Cash Balance	Fund Cash Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	(decrease)
General	\$ 3,964,689	\$ 4,019,193	\$ (54,504)
Bond retirement fund	674,621	622,492	52,129
Other governmental funds	421,690	583,747	(162,057)
Total	\$ 5,061,000	\$ 5,225,432	\$ (164,432)

General Fund

The general fund, the School District's largest major fund, had total receipts of \$7,652,713 in 2024. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$7,707,217 in 2024. The general fund's balance decreased \$54,504 or 1.36% from 2023 to 2024.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The table that follows assists in illustrating the receipts of the general fund.

	2024	2023	Percentage
	<u>Amount</u>	Amount	Change
Receipts:			
Taxes	\$ 2,549,147	\$ 2,275,759	12.01 %
Tuition and fees	166,996	112,601	48.31 %
Earnings on investments	109,753	87,747	25.08 %
Other local revenues	52,955	53,492	(1.00) %
Intergovernmental	4,773,862	4,311,610	10.72 %
Total	\$ 7,652,713	\$6,841,209	11.86 %

Earnings on investments increased due to higher interest rates on investments. Intergovernmental increased and tuition revenue increased due to changes in the State funding model. Other local revenues decreased primarily due to a decrease in extracurricular revenues. All other revenue remained comparable to 2023.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the disbursements of the general fund.

	2024 Amount	2023 Amount	Percentage Change	
<u>Disbursements</u>				
Instruction	\$ 4,505,374	\$ 4,408,582	2.20 %	
Support services	2,779,665	2,860,768	(2.84) %	
Extracurricular	351,357	349,482	0.54 %	
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	3,188	100.00 %	
Total	\$ 7,636,396	\$ 7,622,020	0.19 %	

Disbursements increased by \$14,376 or 0.19%. This is primarily a result of the School District expenditures related to instruction and support services varied due to fluctuations in wages and benefits.

Bond Retirement Fund

The School District's major fund is the bond retirement fund. The bond retirement fund had total receipts of \$314,752 in 2024. The disbursements and other financing uses of the bond retirement fund totaled \$262,623. The bond retirement's balance increased \$52,129 or 8.37% from 2023 to 2024.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, actual receipts of \$7,631,705 were more than final budgeted receipts by \$2,753. The final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$8,171,701 were \$1,490,712 less than original budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$9,662,413. The actual disbursements and other financing uses of \$8,065,782 were \$105,919 less than the final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements; however, the School District does track its capital assets for internal control and insurance purposes.

Debt Administration

The School District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023
2021 School facilities refunding bonds	\$ 1,226,027	\$ 1,464,134
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1,226,027	\$ 1,464,134

For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 11 to the financial statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

Waynesfield is a small rural community of 722 people in northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

Currently, fifty-nine percent of the School District's general fund revenue is received from the State. Therefore, the School District must continually be aware of any changes that are being introduced into the funding calculations in order to plan carefully to meet the needs of students now and in the future.

The administration will continue to provide a quality education for all students in the most cost efficient way possible.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Tonia Hovest, Treasurer, Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, 500 North Westminster Street, Waynesfield, Ohio 45896.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmenta Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,061,000		
Total assets	5,061,000		
Net cash position:			
Restricted for:	24.222		
Capital projects	91,998		
Classroom facilities maintenance	229,774		
Debt service	674,621		
Federally funded programs	34,871		
Extracurricular	56,805		
Unrestricted	3,972,931		
Total net cash position	\$ 5,061,000		

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Cash (Disbursements)

Cash Receipts and Change in **Program Cash Receipts** Net Cash Position **Operating Grants** Charges for Cash Governmental and Contributions **Disbursements Services and Sales** Activities Governmental activities: Instruction: \$ 3,410,455 156,225 \$ 15,383 (3,238,847)Regular Special 1,019,881 10,771 501,262 (507,848)Vocational 259,916 22,799 (237,117)Other 77,351 (77,351)Support services: Pupil 248,050 (16,581)264,631 Instructional staff (439,988)482,089 42,101 Board of education 22,399 (22,399)Administration 667,302 (667,302)Fiscal 287,126 (287,126)23,586 (23,586)Business Operations and maintenance 1,056,722 3,040 20,642 (1,033,040)Pupil transportation 437,377 105,677 (331,700)Central 6,265 (6,265)Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations 129,655 314,382 116,756 (67,971)Extracurricular activities 509,197 137,225 7,406 (364,566)Debt service: Principal retirement 238,107 (238,107)Interest and fiscal charges 18,562 (18,562)1,080,076 9,095,348 436,916 Total governmental activities (7,578,356)General receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 1,600,129 Debt service 276,742 Capital outlay 182,000 School facilities 18,583 Income taxes levied for: 949,018 General purposes Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 4,243,117 Investment earnings 109,753 Miscellaneous 34,582 Total general receipts 7,413,924 Change in net cash position (164,432)Net cash position at beginning of year 5,225,432

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net cash position at end of year

\$

5,061,000

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2024}$

	General	Re	Bond etirement	Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,964,689	\$	674,621	\$	421,690	\$	5,061,000
Total assets	\$ 3,964,689	\$	674,621	\$	421,690	\$	5,061,000
Fund cash balances:							
Restricted:							
Debt service	\$ -	\$	674,621	\$	_	\$	674,621
Capital projects	-		_		91,998		91,998
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		_		229,774		229,774
Federally funded programs	-		_		34,871		34,871
Extracurricular	-		_		56,805		56,805
Committed:							
Termination benefits	31,144		-		-		31,144
Other purposes	-		_		8,242		8,242
Assigned:							
Student instruction	65,601		_		-		65,601
Student and staff support	305,772		_		_		305,772
Subsequent year's appropriations	1,330,625		_		-		1,330,625
Unassigned	 2,231,547						2,231,547
Total fund cash balances	\$ 3,964,689	\$	674,621	\$	421,690	\$	5,061,000

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash receipts:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,600,129	\$ 276,742	\$ 200,583	\$ 2,077,454
Income taxes	949,018	· -	· -	949,018
Intergovernmental	4,773,862	38,010	500,873	5,312,745
Investment earnings	109,753	, <u>-</u>	´ -	109,753
Tuition and fees	166,996	-	-	166,996
Extracurricular	15,333	-	121,892	137,225
Rental income	3,040	_		3,040
Charges for services	-	_	129,655	129,655
Contributions and donations	16,763	_	9,656	26,419
Miscellaneous	17,819	_	792	18,611
Total receipts	7,652,713	314,752	963,451	8,930,916
Cash disbursements: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,369,756		40,699	3,410,455
Special	798,351	-	221,530	1,019,881
Vocational	259,916	-	221,330	259,916
Other	77,351	_	_	77,351
Support services:	77,551	_	-	77,331
Pupil	264,631	_	_	264,631
Instructional staff	326,572	_	155,517	482,089
Board of education	22,399	_	133,317	22,399
Administration	667,302	_	_	667,302
Fiscal	276,834	5,954	4,338	287,126
Business	23,586	5,954	7,556	23,586
Operations and maintenance	867,957	_	188,765	1,056,722
Pupil transportation	324,119	_	113,258	437,377
Central	6,265	_	113,236	6,265
Operation of non-instructional services:	0,203	_	-	0,203
Food service operations	_	_	314,382	314,382
Extracurricular activities	351,357	_	157,840	509,197
Debt service:	331,337		137,040	307,177
Principal retirement	_	238,107	_	238,107
Interest and fiscal charges	_	18,562	_	18,562
Total disbursements	7,636,396	262,623	1,196,329	9,095,348
Excess of cash receipts over (under)				
cash disbursements	16,317	52,129	(232,878)	(164,432)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	_	_	70,821	70,821
Transfers (out)	(70,821)	-	70,021	(70,821)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(70,821)		70,821	(70,021)
Net change in fund cash balances	(54,504)	52,129	(162,057)	(164,432)
Fund cash balances at beginning of year	4,019,193	622,492	583,747	5,225,432
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 3,964,689	\$ 674,621	\$ 421,690	\$ 5,061,000
Juan Summers at the Oi Jean	= 2,70.,007		.21,070	. 2,001,000

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established during 1958 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately ninety-four square miles. It is located in Allen, Auglaize, and Logan Counties, and includes all of the Village of Waynesfield, Wayne and Goshen Townships, and parts of Union and Clay Townships.

During fiscal year 2024, the School District was staffed by 30 non-certified employees, 41 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrators who provided services to 430 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the School District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the School District (the primary government).

The School District is associated with five jointly governed organizations and three group purchasing pools. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., the Ohio School Plan, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefit Plan Trust, Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.A, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. The following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

A. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The School District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position – cash basis and a statement of activities – cash basis, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position – cash basis presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities – cash basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws.

<u>Bond Retirement fund</u> – The bond retirement fund is debt service fund that is used to account for resources that are restricted for payment of debt service principal and interest.

Other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for:

<u>Nonmajor special revenue funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Nonmajor capital projects funds</u> – Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. Custodial funds are custodial in nature and are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The School District does not have any fiduciary funds.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedules reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedule reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

1. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

2. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

During fiscal year 2024, the School District's investment consisted of the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs), a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, commercial paper, U.S. Treasury Notes and federal agency securities.

During fiscal year 2024, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2024, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2024 amounted to \$109,753, which includes \$24,567 assigned from other School District funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

For presentation on the cash basis basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Leases

The School is the lessee in various leases related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease payables are not reflected under the School's cash basis of accounting. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

I. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The School has Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) under noncancelable arrangements. SBITA payables are not reflected under the School's cash basis of accounting. SBITA disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The School's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease, financed purchase transaction or SBITA is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease and SBITA payments and financed purchase payments are reported when paid.

K. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

L. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

M. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Loans between funds are reported as advances.

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

The School District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2024, the School District has implemented certain paragraphs of GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>", GASB Statement No. 100, "<u>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62</u>" and Implementation Guide No. 2023-1.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 100 is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and, with certain limitation including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio (if training requirements have been met);
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

At fiscal year-end 2024, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$937,245. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement 40, "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosure," as of June 30, 2024, \$231,536 of the School District's bank balance of \$1,046,488 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, while \$814,952 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturity									
			6 ı	6 months or 7 to 12 13 to 18			19 to 24		Greater than			
Investment type	Car	rying Value		less	_	months	_	months	_	months	24	4 months
Negotiable CDs	\$	248,929	\$	49,654	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	199,275
Commercial Paper		217,276		121,206		96,070		-		-		-
U.S. Government												
Money Market Mutual Fund		18,234		18,234		-		-		-		-
FFCB		976,242		74,902		-		109,054		410,153		382,133
FHLB		696,515		47,646		50,000		150,050		91,572		357,247
FHLMC		116,709		70,248		-		46,461		-		-
FAMC		100,029		-		-		-		-		100,029
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,496,318		118,341		322,017		197,018		221,652		637,290
Star Ohio		253,503		253,503			_		_			
Total	\$	4,123,755	\$	753,734	\$	468,087	\$	502,583	\$	723,377	\$	1,675,974

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy and State statute require that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk – Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investments in federal agency securities and the U.S. Treasury Notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The commercial paper was rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. government money market mutual fund an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires money market mutual funds be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CD's were not rated. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however School District policy and State statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2024:

Investment type	Car	rying Value	% of Total
Negotiable CDs	\$	248,929	6.04
Commercial Paper		217,276	5.27
U.S. Government			
Money Market Mutual Fund		18,234	0.44
FFCB		976,242	23.66
FHLB		696,515	16.89
FHLMC		116,709	2.83
FAMC		100,029	2.43
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,496,318	36.29
Star Ohio		253,503	6.15
Total	\$	4,123,755	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2024:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 937,245
Investments	 4,123,755
Total	\$ 5,061,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

<u>Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net posi</u>	<u>tion</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	5,061,000
Total	\$	5,061,000

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2024 were levied after April 1, 2023, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2024 became a lien on December 31, 2022, were levied after April 1, 2023, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Auglaize, Allen and Logan Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2024, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2024 taxes were collected are:

	2023 Second				2024 First				
	Half Collections				Half Collections				
		Amount	<u>Percent</u>	_	Amount	Percent			
Agricultural/residential									
and other real estate	\$	66,472,530	97.88	\$	96,813,100	98.37			
Public utility personal		1,442,470	2.12	_	1,607,270	1.63			
Total	\$	67,915,000	100.00	\$	98,420,370	100.00			
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$42.30			\$41.80				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:AmountGeneral fund\$ 70,821

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or (1) budget requires to expend them and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes in the statement of activities – cash basis. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. In May 2021, the voters renewed the one percent income tax levy for a five-year period, from January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2026. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan (through the Stolly Insurance Group) for property, fleet insurance, liability insurance and violence coverage. Coverages provided by Ohio School Plan are as follows:

	Ma	ximum		
	Deductible			Coverage
Building and Contents - replacement cost				
(Includes boiler and machinery)	\$	1,000	\$	44,882,509
Automobile		1,000		6,000,000
General Liability				
Per Occurrence		N/A	\$	6,000,000
Total Per Year		N/A		8,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

B. Insurance Risk Pool

The School District participates in the Mercer-Auglaize Benefit Trust (the "Trust"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The School District pays monthly premiums to Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council for employee medical, dental and vision insurance coverage. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal. For additional information see Note 14.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA.

The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the plan. Each year, the participating districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the plan.

The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sedgwick provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2023, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2024, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$198,531 for fiscal year 2024.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, a one-time ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Effective July 1, 2023, a one-time ad-hoc COLA of 1 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2024 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2019. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 3307.67(E) the STRS Ohio Retirement Board may adjust the COLA upon a determination by the board's actuary that a change will not materially impair the fiscal integrity of the system or is necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the system. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 34 years of service credit at any age.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 11.09% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 2.91% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2024 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2024, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$432,798 for fiscal year 2024.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.031790400%	0.023152490%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.033271400%	0.022739300%	
Change in proportionate share	0.001481000%	-0.000413190%	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 1,838,416	\$ 4,896,893	\$ 6,735,309

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.00%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2023, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. Ohio Revised Code Section 3309.15 and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at SERS. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 21-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate of fiscal year 2023 was 14%. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return, 7.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2023 was 6.90%.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	Current					
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,713,408	\$	1,838,416	\$	1,101,402

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%		
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%		
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%		

For the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

A aget Clear	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current					
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	7,530,339	\$	4,896,893	\$	2,669,720

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained at 7.00% for June 30, 2023 valuation. Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The Health Care program is financed through a combination of employer contributions, recipient premiums, investment returns, and any funds received on behalf of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. The System's goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2024, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2024, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$24,723.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$24,723 for fiscal year 2024.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums were reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	32537400%	0.0	023152490%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	34186600%	0.0	022739300%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	01649200%	-0.0	000413190%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	563,206	\$	-	\$ 563,206
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(442,248)	\$ (442,248)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted:	2048
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	3.86%
Prior measurement date	3.69%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	4.27%
Prior measurement date	4.08%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	6.75 to 4.40%
Prior measurement date	7.00 to 4.40%

In 2023, the following mortality assumptions were used:

Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.

Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.

Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.

Actives - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

Mortality Projection - Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for SERS. The most recent five-year experience study was performed for the period covering fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023, was 4.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023, was 4.08%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2048 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 3.86% at June 30, 2023 and 3.69% at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.27%) and higher (5.27%) than the current discount rate (4.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	Current					
	1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	719,938	\$	563,206	\$	439,616
			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	413,768	\$	563,206	\$	761,231

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	Varies by servic to 8.50%	e from 2.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	4.14%	7.50%	3.94%	
Medicare	-10.94%	4.14%	-68.78%	3.94%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	-11.95%	4.14%	9.00%	3.94%	
Medicare	1.33%	4.14%	-5.47%	3.94%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2023 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Disc	count Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	374,305	\$	442,248	\$	501,419	
	1%	Decrease		Current end Rate	1%	Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	504,165	\$	442,248	\$	367,670	

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

	Balance Outstanding 06/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/24	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities: Current issue bonds -					
direct borrowing	\$ 1,464,134	\$ -	\$ (238,107)	\$ 1,226,027	\$ 236,793
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1,464,134	\$ -	\$ (238,107)	\$ 1,226,027	\$ 236,793

<u>2021 School Facilities Refunding Bonds</u> - On February 26, 2021, the School District issued \$1,928,933 in voted general obligation bonds for refunding the 2013 School Facilities Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued for a nine year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2029. The bonds consisted of \$1,928,933 in term bonds. The bonds are being retired through the bond retirement debt service fund. This is a direct borrowing fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest.

<u>Legal Debt Margin:</u> The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the School shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the School. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School. The assessed valuation used in determining the School's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the School's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2024, are a voted debt margin of \$8,306,427 (including available funds of \$674,621) and an unvoted debt margin of \$98,420.

The interest payment dates on the current interest term bonds is June 1 and December 1, each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire general long-term obligations at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Fiscal Year		Current Issue Bonds - Refunding 2021						
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total		
2025	\$	236,793	\$	15,285	\$	252,078		
2026		250,061		11,926		261,987		
2027		243,136		8,523		251,659		
2028		245,822		5,149		250,971		
2029	_	250,215	_	1,726		251,941		
Total	\$	1,226,027	\$	42,609	\$	1,268,636		

NOTE 12 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capit	tal
	Improve	ments
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	94	4,525
Current year offsets	(94	<u>4,525</u>)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2024	\$	-

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Organization is governed by a board of directors consisting of 14 members: the Superintendent of the Fiscal Agent, two Superintendents from each county that is represented, one treasurer representative, a student services representative, and non-voting independent district representative.

The degree of control exercised by any participating member is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained from Donn Walls, Director, at 129 E. Court St., Sidney, Ohio 45365.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

B. Ohio Hi-Point Career Center

The Ohio Hi-Point Career Center (Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio that provides vocational education to students. The Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the eleven participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Caleb Lang, who serves as Treasurer, 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

C. Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee

The Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee (LPDC) was established to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The LPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the governing board. Financial information can be obtained from the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 1045 Dearbaugh Avenue, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

D. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SWEPC)

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, a purchasing council made up of nearly 100 school districts and educational service centers in 12 counties. The purpose of SWEPC is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SWEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Any district withdrawing from the SWEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SWEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations during the one year period. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, OH 45377.

E. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC)

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (the "NOERC") is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training.

The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from Gene Linton, 121 W. Main St., Ashland, Ohio 44805.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefit Plan Trust

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Benefit Plan Trust (EPC). The EPC is a public entity shared risk pool. The EPC is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501C(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. The EPC is governed by the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative and its participating members. Each participant decides which plan offered by the EPC will be extended to its employees. Participation in the EPC is by written application subject to acceptance by the EPC and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information may be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, at 303 Coporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group-rating plan for worker's compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Ohio School Plan

The School participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents and treasurers. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Financial information can be obtained from The Hylant Group, 811 Madison Avenue, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2024, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES – (Continued)

B. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (ODEW) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODEW has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2024 Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODEW and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under) Actual Amounts	
	Original Final							
Budgetary receipts and other financing sources	\$	6,795,163	\$	7,628,952	\$	7,631,705	\$	2,753
Budgetary disbursements and other financing uses		9,662,413		8,171,701		8,065,782		(105,919)
Net change in fund balance		(2,867,250)		(542,749)		(434,077)		108,672
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,519,376 476,873		3,519,376 476,873		3,519,376 476,873		-
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	1,128,999	\$	3,453,500	\$	3,562,172	\$	108,672

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are as follows:

- 1. Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as a cash disbursement (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis).
- 2. Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis) but have separate legally adopted budgets (budgetary basis).

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the budgetary basis to the cash basis are as follows:

	 General
Budgetary basis	\$ (434,077)
Funds budgeted elesewhere	27,245
Encumbrances	 352,328
Cash basis	\$ (54,504)

As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting</u>", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund. This includes the public school support fund and the termination benefits fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The management's discussion and analysis of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

- The total net position of the School District decreased \$811,103 or 13.44% from fiscal year 2022.
- General receipts accounted for \$6,727,835 or 80.29% of total governmental activities receipts. Program specific receipts accounted for \$1,651,094 or 19.71% of total governmental activities receipts.
- The School District had \$9,190,032 in disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,651,094 of these disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General receipts of \$6,727,835 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District's major funds include the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund had total receipts of \$6,841,209 in 2023. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$7,622,020 in 2023. The general fund's balance decreased \$788,311 or 16.40% from 2022 to 2023.
- The School District's other major fund is the bond retirement fund. The bond retirement fund had total receipts of \$304,240 in 2023. The disbursements of the bond retirement fund totaled \$256,852. The bond retirement's balance increased \$47,388 or 8.24% from 2022 to 2023.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting an aggregate view of the School District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Basis of Accounting

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipts and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net position will be cash, cash equivalents and investments. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and statement of activities reflect how the School District did financially during fiscal year 2023, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental type activities of the School District at the fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts of each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of the particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the School District's general receipts.

These statements report the School District's net cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the School District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's cash position is one indicator of whether the School District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the School District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the School District's property tax base, the condition of the School District's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the School District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property and income taxes.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities include the School District's programs and services including instruction, support services, which include operation and maintenance and pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds include the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various School District programs. The School District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in a single column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2023 and 2022.

Net Position

	 Governmental Activities 2023		Governmental Activities 2022		
Assets					
Equity in pooled cash and					
cash equivalents	\$ 5,225,432	\$	6,036,535		
Total assets	\$ 5,225,432	\$	6,036,535		
Net Cash Position					
Restricted	\$ 1,203,668	\$	1,219,815		
Unrestricted	 4,021,764		4,816,720		
Total net cash position	\$ 5,225,432	\$	6,036,535		

The total net position of the School District decreased \$811,103, which represents a 13.44% decrease from fiscal year 2022. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$4,021,764 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

THIS SPACE INTENTIALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022	
Cash receipts:			
Program cash receipts:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 417,605	\$ 314,188	
Operating grants and contributions	1,233,489	1,354,659	
Total program cash receipts	1,651,094	1,668,847	
General receipts:			
Property taxes	1,810,158	1,808,253	
Income tax	902,376	923,119	
Unrestricted grants	3,895,191	4,001,414	
Investment earnings	87,747	46,984	
Other	32,363	72,593	
Total general receipts	6,727,835	6,852,363	
Total cash receipts	\$ 8,378,929	\$ 8,521,210	

THIS SPACE INTENTIALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Change in Net Position (Continued)

Cash disbursements: Instruction:		overnmental Activities 2023	evernmental Activities 2022
Regular	\$	3,193,580	\$ 2,734,105
Special		1,255,690	1,249,600
Vocational		271,751	237,389
Other		48,854	46,042
Support services:			
Pupil		240,650	275,115
Instructional staff		492,916	574,486
Board of education		22,931	22,200
Administration		607,003	667,370
Fiscal		274,800	277,192
Business		30,900	42,163
Operations and maintenance		1,266,950	932,671
Pupil transporation		413,398	331,818
Central		19,124	7,065
Operation of non-instructional services:			
Food service operations		299,169	278,878
Other non instructional services		-	6,199
Extracurricular activities		498,359	460,785
Facilities acquisition and construction		3,188	1,063
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		228,984	235,815
Interest and fiscal charges		21,785	 24,992
Total cash disbursements	_	9,190,032	 8,404,948
Change in net cash position		(811,103)	116,262
Net cash position at beginning of year		6,036,535	 5,920,273
Net cash position at end of year	\$	5,225,432	\$ 6,036,535

Governmental Activities

Governmental assets decreased by \$811,103 in 2023 from 2022. Total governmental disbursements of \$9,190,032 were offset by program receipts of \$1,651,094 and general receipts of \$6,6727,835. Program receipts supported 17.97% of the total governmental disbursements.

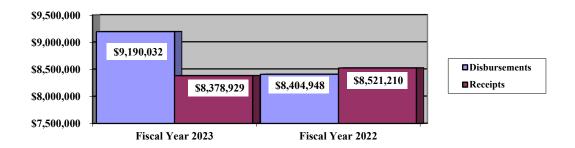
The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 78.86% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The largest disbursement of the School District is for instructional programs. Instructional disbursements totaled \$4,769,875 or 51.90% of total governmental disbursements for fiscal year 2023.

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities receipts and disbursements for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

Governmental Activities - Total Receipts vs. Total Disbursements



THIS SPACE INTENTIALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2023	Net Cost of Services 2023	Total Cost of Services 2022	Net Cost of Services 2022
Cash disbursements:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,193,580	\$ 3,001,765	\$ 2,734,105	\$ 2,542,323
Special	1,255,690	741,339	1,249,600	783,989
Vocational	271,751	257,689	237,389	223,130
Other	48,854	48,854	46,042	46,042
Support services:				
Pupil	240,650	28,725	275,115	66,945
Instructional staff	492,916	319,106	574,486	372,385
Board of education	22,931	22,931	22,200	22,200
Administration	607,003	607,003	667,370	666,352
Fiscal	274,800	274,784	277,192	277,176
Business	30,900	30,900	42,163	42,163
Operations and maintenance	1,266,950	1,198,192	932,671	873,553
Pupil transportation	413,398	366,754	331,818	295,634
Central	19,124	19,124	7,065	7,065
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non instructional services	-	-	6,199	(109)
Food service operations	299,169	44,681	278,878	(49,331)
Extracurricular activities	498,359	323,134	460,785	304,714
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,188	3,188	1,063	1,063
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	228,984	228,984	235,815	235,815
Interest and fiscal charges	21,785	21,785	24,992	24,992
Total	\$ 9,190,032	\$ 7,538,938	\$ 8,404,948	\$ 6,736,101

The dependence upon general receipts for instructional activities is apparent; with 84.90% of disbursements supported through taxes and other general receipts during 2023. For all governmental activities, general receipts support is 82.03%. The School District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, are the primary support of the School District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities receipts for fiscal year 2023 and 2022.

\$9,000,000 \$8,000,000 \$7,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$4,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$1,651,094 \$1,668,847

Fiscal Year 2022

Governmental Activities - General and Program Receipts

The School District's Funds

Fiscal Year 2023

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$5,225,432, which is \$811,103 less than last year's total of \$6,036,535. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2023	Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2022	Increase (decrease)	
General Bond retirement fund	\$ 4,019,193	\$ 4,807,504	\$ (788,311)	
	622,492	575,104	47,388	
Other governmental funds Total	583,747	653,927	(70,180)	
	\$ 5,225,432	\$ 6,036,535	\$ (811,103)	

General Fund

The general fund, the School District's largest major fund, had total receipts of \$6,841,209 in 2023. The disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$7,629,520 in 2023. The general fund's balance decreased \$788,311 or 16.40% from 2022 to 2023.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The table that follows assists in illustrating the receipts of the general fund.

	2023 Amount	2022 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>		
Receipts:					
Taxes	\$ 2,275,759	\$ 2,295,364	(0.85) %		
Tuition and fees	112,601	125,948	(10.60) %		
Earnings on investments	87,747	46,984	86.76 %		
Other local revenues	53,492	92,617	(42.24) %		
Intergovernmental	4,311,610	4,363,691	(1.19) %		
Total	\$ 6,841,209	\$ 6,924,604	(1.20) %		

Earnings on investments increased due to higher interest rates on investments. Intergovernmental decreased and tuition revenue decreased due to changes in the State funding model. Other local revenues decreased primarily due to a decrease in contributions and miscellaneous receipts. All other revenue remained comparable to 2022.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the disbursements of the general fund.

	2023	2022	Percentage
	<u>Amount</u>	Amount	<u>Change</u>
Disbursements			
Instruction	\$ 4,408,582	\$ 3,909,248	12.77 %
Support services	2,860,768	2,720,694	5.15 %
Extracurricular	349,482	325,928	7.23 %
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,188	1,063	299.99 %
Total	\$ 7,622,020	\$ 6,956,933	9.56 %

Disbursements increased by \$665,087 or 9.56%. This is primarily a result of the School District expenditures related to instruction and support services varied due to fluctuations in wages and benefits.

Bond Retirement Fund

The School District's major fund is the bond retirement fund. The bond retirement fund had total receipts of \$304,240 in 2023. The disbursements and other financing uses of the bond retirement fund totaled \$256,852. The bond retirement's balance increased \$47,388 or 8.24% from 2022 to 2023.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

For the general fund, actual receipts and other financing sources of \$6,829,621 were more than final budgeted receipts and other financing sources by \$6,033. The final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$8,147,414 were \$984,004 less than original budgeted disbursements and other financing uses of \$9,131,418. The actual disbursements and other financing uses of \$8,091,336 were \$56,078 less than the final budgeted disbursements and other financing uses.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements; however, the School District does track its capital assets through an excel spreadsheet.

Debt Administration

The School District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities 2022
2021 School facilities refunding bonds	\$ 1,464,134	\$ 1,693,118
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1,464,134	\$ 1,693,118

For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 11 to the financial statements.

Current Financial Related Activities

Waynesfield is a small rural community of 729 people in northwest Ohio. It has a number of small and medium businesses with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

Currently, sixty percent of the School District's general fund revenue is received from the State. Therefore, the School District must continually be aware of any changes that are being introduced into the funding calculations in order to plan carefully to meet the needs of students now and in the future.

The administration will continue to provide a quality education for all students in the most cost efficient way possible.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Tonia Hovest, Treasurer, Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, 500 North Westminster Street, Waynesfield, Ohio 45896.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,225,432		
Total assets	5,225,432		
Net cash position:			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	143,629		
Classroom facilities maintenance	238,546		
Debt service	622,492		
Federally funded programs	116,477		
Food service operations	4,650		
Extracurricular	77,874		
Unrestricted	4,021,764		
Total net cash position	\$ 5,225,432		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net (Cash (Disbursements)

Cash Receipts and Change in **Program Cash Receipts** Net Cash Position Charges for Cash **Operating Grants** Governmental **Services and Sales** and Contributions Activities **Disbursements** Governmental activities: Instruction: \$ 3,193,580 \$ 106,928 \$ 84,887 (3,001,765)Regular \$ Special 1,255,690 6,195 508,156 (741,339)Vocational 271,751 14,062 (257,689)Other 48,854 (48,854)Support services: Pupil 240,650 211,925 (28,725)Instructional staff 492,916 173,810 (319,106)Board of education 22,931 (22,931)Administration 607,003 (607,003)Fiscal 274,800 9 7 (274,784)30,900 (30,900)**Business** 1,266,950 68,758 (1,198,192)Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation 413,398 46,644 (366,754)Central 19,124 (19,124)Operation of non-instructional services: 117,209 Food service operations 299,169 137,279 (44,681)Extracurricular activities 498,359 167,194 8,031 (323, 134)(3,188)Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 Debt service: Principal retirement 228,984 (228,984)Interest and fiscal charges 21,785 (21,785)9,190,032 417,605 1.233.489 (7,538,938)Total governmental activities General receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 1,373,383 Debt service 269,872 Capital outlay 148,423 School facilities 18,480 Income taxes levied for: General purposes 902,376 Grants and entitlements not restricted 3,895,191 to specific programs Investment earnings 87,747 Miscellaneous 32,363 Total general receipts 6,727,835 Change in net cash position (811,103)Net cash position at beginning of year 6,036,535 Net cash position at end of year 5,225,432

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2023}$

	General		Bond Retirement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:				<u> </u>	·			_
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,019,193	\$	622,492	\$	583,747	\$	5,225,432
Total assets	\$	4,019,193	\$	622,492	\$	583,747	\$	5,225,432
Fund cash balances:								
Restricted:								
Debt service	\$	-	\$	622,492	\$	-	\$	622,492
Capital projects		-		-		143,629		143,629
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		_		238,546		238,546
Food service operations		-		_		4,650		4,650
Federally funded programs		_		_		116,477		116,477
Extracurricular		_		_		77,874		77,874
Committed:								
Other purposes		_		_		7,233		7,233
Assigned:								
Student instruction		116,452		_		-		116,452
Student and staff support		383,366		_		-		383,366
Subsequent year's appropriations		2,390,376		_		-		2,390,376
Unassigned (deficit)		1,128,999				(4,662)		1,124,337
Total fund cash balances	\$	4,019,193	\$	622,492	\$	583,747	\$	5,225,432

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Property taxes		General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Income taxes	Cash receipts:				
Intergovernmental	Property taxes	\$ 1,373,383	\$ 269,872	\$ 166,903	\$ 1,810,158
Invisiment earnings	Income taxes	902,376	=	=	902,376
Tuition and fees	Intergovernmental	4,311,610	34,368	772,253	5,118,231
Tuition and fees	Investment earnings	87,747	-	240	87,987
Extracurricular		112,601	-	-	112,601
Charges for services	Extracurricular		-	146,587	
Contributions and donations	Charges for services		-	137,288	
Total receipts 17,687 -		14,676	-	,	
Total receipts Cash disbursements: Current: Current:	Miscellaneous		_		
Current:	Total receipts		304,240		
Regular 3,073,880 - 119,700 3,193,580 Special 1,014,097 - 241,593 1,255,690 Vocational 271,751 - - 271,751 Other 48,854 - - - 48,854 Support services: - - 240,650 - - - 240,650 Instructional staff 321,690 - 171,226 492,916 - 171,226 492,916 - 22,931 - - 22,931 - - 22,931 - - 607,003 - - 607,003 - - 607,003 - - 607,003 - - 30,900 274,800 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 30,900 - - 31,800	Current:				
Special 1,114,097 - 241,593 1,255,690 Vocational 271,751 271,751 Other 48,854 48,854 Support services: 240,650 240,650 Instructional staff 321,690 171,266 492,916 Board of education 22,931 20,931 Administration 607,003 607,003 Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Susiness 30,900 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 235,623 1,266,950 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 235,623 1,266,950 Operation of non-instructional services: 19,124 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations 3,188 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 28,984 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 28,984 118,985 Operations		2 072 990		110 700	2 102 590
Vocational Other 271,751 (as)			-		
Other 48,854 - - 48,854 Support services: 321,650 - 1- 240,650 Instructional staff 321,690 - 171,226 492,916 Board of education 22,931 - - 607,003 Administration 607,003 - - 607,003 Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Business 30,900 - - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Extracurricular activities 3,188 - 20,9169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 3,188 - 228,984 - 228,984			-	241,393	
Support services: Pupil 240,650 - - 240,650			-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pupil 240,650 - - 240,650 Instructional staff* 321,690 - 171,226 492,916 Board of education 22,931 - - 22,931 Administration 607,003 - - 607,003 Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Business 30,900 - - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: Principal retirement - 228,984 - - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311		48,854	-	-	48,854
Instructional staff 321,690 - 171,226 492,916 Board of education 22,931 - 22,931 - 607,003 Administration 607,003 - 607,003 Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Business 30,900 - 2 - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - 2 - 19,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - 2 - 19,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - 2 - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - 2 28,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) - 27,800 - 7,500 Cash disbursements 7,500 - 7,500 - 7,500 Transfers (out) 7,500 - 7,500 - 7,500 Transfers (out) 7,500 - 7,500 - 7,500 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,8311 47,388 70,180 (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535		240.650			240.650
Board of education 22,931 - - 22,931 Administration 607,003 - - 607,003 Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Business 30,900 - - - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: Tender of particular activities 349,482 - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities - - 228,984 - - 228,984 Debt service: - -	•		-	171.006	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Administration 607,003 - - 607,003 Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Business 30,900 - - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: Principal retirement - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers in <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>-</td> <td>171,226</td> <td></td>		,	-	171,226	
Fiscal 264,908 6,083 3,809 274,800 Business 30,900 - - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: - - 228,984 - - 3,188 Principal retirement - 22,785 - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements - - 7,500 7,500 cash disbursements - - - 7,500 7,500 <			-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Business 30,900 - - 30,900 Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: Tender of the control of the		,	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Operations and maintenance 1,031,327 - 235,623 1,266,950 Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: Principal retirement - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): - - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - 7,500 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>6,083</td><td>3,809</td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td></td<>			6,083	3,809	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pupil transportation 322,235 - 91,163 413,398 Central 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: Food service operations - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (7,500) - - 7,500 - Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103)			-	=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Central Operation of non-instructional services: 19,124 - - 19,124 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (7,500) - - 7,500 - Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927			-		1,266,950
Operation of non-instructional services: 299,169 299,169 Food service operations 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Extracurricular activities 3,188 - - 3,188 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 228,984 Debt service: - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - 7,500 - Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year <	Pupil transportation	322,235	-	91,163	413,398
Food service operations - - 299,169 299,169 Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: - - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): - - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - 7,500 - Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535		19,124	-	-	19,124
Extracurricular activities 349,482 - 148,877 498,359 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: Principal retirement - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - - 7,500 7,500 Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	Operation of non-instructional services:				
Facilities acquisition and construction 3,188 - - 3,188 Debt service: Principal retirement - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	Food service operations	=	=	299,169	299,169
Debt service: 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	Extracurricular activities	349,482	-	148,877	498,359
Principal retirement - 228,984 - 228,984 Interest and fiscal charges - 21,785 - 21,785 Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	Facilities acquisition and construction	3,188	-	-	3,188
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges	Principal retirement	-	228,984	-	228,984
Total disbursements 7,622,020 256,852 1,311,160 9,190,032 Excess of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535		-	21,785	-	
Cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	<u> </u>	7,622,020		1,311,160	
Cash disbursements (780,811) 47,388 (77,680) (811,103) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - - 7,500 7,500 Transfers (out) (7,500) - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	Excess of cash receipts over (under)				
Transfers in Transfers (out) - - - 7,500 (7,500) 7,500 (7,500) - - - (7,500) - - - (7,500) - </td <td>cash disbursements</td> <td>(780,811)</td> <td>47,388</td> <td>(77,680)</td> <td>(811,103)</td>	cash disbursements	(780,811)	47,388	(77,680)	(811,103)
Transfers in Transfers (out) - - - 7,500 (7,500) 7,500 (7,500) - - - (7,500) - - - (7,500) - </td <td>Other financing sources (uses):</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers (out) (7,500) - - - (7,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535		-	-	7,500	7,500
Total other financing sources (uses) (7,500) - 7,500 - Net change in fund cash balances (788,311) 47,388 (70,180) (811,103) Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535	Transfers (out)	(7,500)) -	´ -	
Fund cash balances at beginning of year 4,807,504 575,104 653,927 6,036,535				7,500	
	Net change in fund cash balances	(788,311)	47,388	(70,180)	(811,103)
Fund cash balances at end of year \$\\\\\$4,019,193 \\\\\$622,492 \\\\$583,747 \\\\$5,225,432					
	Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 4,019,193	\$ 622,492	\$ 583,747	\$ 5,225,432

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Bulgetary basis receipts Final Actual Negative properly taxes Income taxes 923,119 902,376 902,376 6 Incerporemental 44,762 4,311,029 431,160 5 Incerporemental 44,000 82,255 87,747 5,452 Interporemental 7,000 10,460 112,601 -6 Contributions and donations 7,000 10,460 112,601 -6 Outributions and donations 7,000 10,460 10,460 -6 Miscellaneous 25,000 13,427 13,427 -6 Contributions and donations 6,881,988 6,805,571 6,811,600 -6 Miscellaneous 6,881,988 6,805,571 6,811,600 -6 Tutted bulgetary basis disbursements 8 7,900 13,167,095 3,167,095 -6 Bulgetary basis disbursements 3,549,602 3,167,095 3,167,095 3,167,095 -6 Poperal 1,182,808 1,055,349 1,055,349 -6 -6 <th></th> <th colspan="3">Budgeted Amounts</th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">Variance with Final Budget Positive</th>		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Property taxes			Original		Final	Actual		
Intergovernmental			_		_	_		
Intergovernmental	1 7	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	-
Investment earnings								-
Tuition and fees 87,000 112,601 112,601 - Contribution and Monations 7,000 10,460 10,460 - Contribution and Monations 7,000 10,460 10,460 - Contribution and Monations - Contribution and Monation and Mon	e							
Contributions and donations 7,000 10,460 10,460 - Miscellaneous 25,000 13,427 13,427 - Contributions and donations in the large large and property basis disbursements: Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,549,602 3,167,095 -	Č .		,					5,452
Miscellaneous 25,000 13,427 13,427 - Total budgetary basis receipts 6,881,985 6,805,571 6,811,604 6,033 Budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,549,602 3,167,095 3,167,095 - Special 1,182,808 1,055,349 1,055,349 - Oberial 304,572 271,751 271,751 - Obter 54,754 48,854 48,854 - Support services: Pupil 284,564 253,899 247,814 6,085 Instructional staff 460,741 419,122 419,122 - Board of education 27,752 24,761 24,761 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 10,2600 102,600 102,600 102,600 102,600 102,600 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th></td<>								-
Rodgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,549,602 3,167,095 3,167,095 5, 59pcial 1,182,808 1,055,349 1,055,								-
Budgetary basis disbursements: Current:						 		
Current: Instruction: Regular 3,549,602 3,167,095 3,167,095 5	Total budgetary basis receipts		6,881,985		6,805,571	 6,811,604		6,033
Instruction: Regular 3,549,602 3,167,095 3,167,095 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	- ·							
Regular 3,549,602 3,167,095 3,167,095 - Special 1,182,808 1,055,349 1,055,349 - Vocational 304,572 271,751 271,751 - Other 54,754 48,854 48,854 - Support services: - - - - Pupil 284,564 253,899 247,814 6,085 Instructional staff 469,741 419,122 419,122 - Board of education 27,752 24,761 24,761 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central								
Special 1,182,808 1,055,349 1,055,349 - Vocational 304,572 271,751 271,751 - Other 54,754 48,854 48,854 - Support services: *** *** *** Pupil 284,564 253,899 247,814 6,085 Instructional staff 469,741 419,122 419,122 - Board of education 27,752 24,761 24,761 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 333,372 342,600 342,060 - Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188								
Vocational Other 304,572 (48,854) 271,751 (27,751) - Other (48,854) - A8,854 (48,854) - A8,854 (48,854) - Composition of the compositio	•							-
Other 54,754 48,854 48,854 - Support services: Pupil 284,564 253,899 247,814 6,085 Instructional staff 469,741 419,122 419,122 - Board of education 27,752 24,761 24,761 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078	1							-
Support services: Pupil 284,564 253,899 247,814 6,085 Instructional staff 469,741 419,122 419,122 - Board of education 277,752 24,761 24,761 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements c2,184,988 (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing sources (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 -								-
Pupil 284,564 253,899 247,814 6,085 Instructional staff 469,741 419,122 419,122 - Board of education 27,752 24,761 24,761 - Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988)			54,754		48,854	48,854		-
Instructional staff	11							
Board of education	1				,	,		6,085
Administration 686,886 612,867 612,867 - Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - 50,000						,		-
Fiscal 363,244 324,101 324,108 (7) Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - 50,000 Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000	Board of education		27,752		24,761	24,761		-
Business 114,991 102,600 102,600 - Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Excurricular activities 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total	Administration		686,886		612,867			-
Operations and maintenance 1,263,675 1,127,501 1,127,501 - Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826)<	Fiscal				324,101	324,108		(7)
Pupil transportation 383,372 342,060 342,060 - Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): 8,000 18,017 18,017 - Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - 50,000 Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111	Business		114,991		102,600			-
Central 22,817 20,358 20,358 - Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - 50,000 Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -			1,263,675		1,127,501	1,127,501		-
Operation of non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Pupil transportation		383,372		342,060	342,060		-
Extracurricular activities 354,622 316,408 316,408 - Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Central		22,817		20,358	20,358		-
Facilities acquisition and construction 3,573 3,188 3,188 - Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Operation of non-instructional services:							
Total budgetary basis disbursements 9,066,973 8,089,914 8,083,836 6,078 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Extracurricular activities		354,622		316,408	316,408		-
Excess of budgetary basis disbursements over budgetary basis receipts (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	1				3,188	 3,188		
Other financing sources (uses): (2,184,988) (1,284,343) (1,272,232) 12,111 Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Total budgetary basis disbursements		9,066,973		8,089,914	 8,083,836		6,078
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Excess of budgetary basis disbursements							
Refund of prior year's disbursements 15,000 18,017 18,017 - Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	over budgetary basis receipts		(2,184,988)		(1,284,343)	 (1,272,232)		12,111
Transfers (out) (8,406) (7,500) (7,500) - Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Other financing sources (uses):							
Other financing (uses) (56,039) (50,000) - 50,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Refund of prior year's disbursements		15,000		18,017	18,017		-
Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -			(8,406)		(7,500)	(7,500)		-
Total other financing sources (uses) (49,445) (39,483) 10,517 50,000 Net change in fund balance (2,234,433) (1,323,826) (1,261,715) 62,111 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Other financing (uses)		(56,039)		(50,000)	_		50,000
Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,781,091 4,781,091 4,781,091 -	Total other financing sources (uses)				(39,483)	10,517		50,000
	Net change in fund balance		(2,234,433)		(1,323,826)	(1,261,715)		62,111
Fund cash balance at end of year \$ 2,546,658 \$ 3,457,265 \$ 3,519,376 \$ 62,111	Fund cash balance at beginning of year							
	Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	2,546,658	\$	3,457,265	\$ 3,519,376	\$	62,111

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established during 1958 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately ninety-four square miles. It is located in Allen, Auglaize, and Logan Counties, and includes all of the Village of Waynesfield, Wayne and Goshen Townships, and parts of Union and Clay Townships.

During fiscal year 2023, the School District was staffed by 30 non-certified employees, 42 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrators who provided services to 429 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the School District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the School District (the primary government).

The School District is associated with five jointly governed organizations and three group purchasing pools. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., the Ohio School Plan, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefit Plan Trust, Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.A, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. The following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

A. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The School District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). Differences between disbursements reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements versus budgetary disbursements result from encumbrances outstanding at the beginning and end of the fiscal year and funds budgeted elsewhere.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position – cash basis and a statement of activities – cash basis, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position – cash basis presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities – cash basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws.

<u>Bond Retirement fund</u> – The bond retirement fund is debt service fund that is used to account for resources that are restricted for payment of debt service principal and interest.

Other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. Custodial funds are custodial in nature and are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The School District does not have any fiduciary funds.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within funds are made by the School District Treasurer. Although the legal level of control within the General Fund was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

1. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations.

2. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

During fiscal year 2023, the School District's investment consisted of the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs), a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, U.S. Treasury Notes and federal agency securities.

During fiscal year 2023, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2023 amounted to \$87,747, which includes \$18,786 assigned from other School District funds.

For presentation on the cash basis basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Leases

The School is the lessee in various leases related to equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease payables are not reflected under the School's cash basis of accounting. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

I. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The School has Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) under noncancelable arrangements. SBITA payables are not reflected under the School's cash basis of accounting. SBITA disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

J. Long-Term Obligations

The School's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease, financed purchase transaction or SBITA is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease and SBITA payments and financed purchase payments are reported when paid.

K. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

L. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

M. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Loans between funds are reported as advances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, "<u>Conduit Debt Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 94, "<u>Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 96, "<u>Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE – (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The notes to the basic financial statements include the disclosure requirements under the Statement.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the School District prepared its basic financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE – (Continued)

C. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2023 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor governmental fund Deficit

Drug Free School Grant \$4,662

The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund. The deficit cash fund balance resulted from a lag between disbursements made by the School District and a reimbursement from the grantor and is allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and, with certain limitation including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio (if training requirements have been met);
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

At fiscal year-end 2023, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$834,097. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement 40, "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosure," as of June 30, 2023, \$329,138 of the School District's bank balance of \$847,997 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$518,859 was covered by FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2023, the School District's financial institution did not participate in the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

		_	Investment Maturity									
			6 r	nonths or		7 to 12	1	3 to 18	1	19 to 24	Gre	ater than
Investment type	Carry	ing Value		less		months		months		months	24	months
Negotiable CDs	\$	298,854	\$	-	\$	149,625	\$	49,654	\$	-	\$	99,575
U.S. Government												
Money Market Mutual Fund		12,583		12,583		-		-		-		-
FFCB		511,715		-		50,008		74,902		-		386,805
FHLB		904,435		-		524,663		47,646		50,000		282,126
FHLMC		261,405		73,392		71,304		70,248		-		46,461
FNMA		48,267		48,267		-		-		-		-
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,	,871,225		247,328		396,343		-		273,053		954,501
Star Ohio		482,851		482,851	_							
Total	\$ 4,	,391,335	\$	864,421	\$ 1	1,191,943	\$	242,450	\$	323,053	\$1,	769,468

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy and State statute require that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk – Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District's investments in federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury Notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. government money market mutual fund an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires money market mutual funds be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CD's were not rated. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however School District policy and State statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the School District at June 30, 2023:

<u>Investment type</u>	Carrying Value	% of Total
Negotiable CDs	\$ 298,854	6.81
U.S. Government		
Money Market Mutual Fund	12,583	0.29
FFCB	511,715	11.65
FHLB	904,435	20.60
FHLMC	261,405	5.95
FNMA	48,267	1.10
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,871,225	42.60
Star Ohio	482,851	11.00
Total	\$ 4,391,335	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023:

\$	834,097
	4,391,335
<u>\$</u>	5,225,432
	\$

Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net positi	on	
Governmental activities	\$	5,225,432
Total	\$	5.225.432

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2023 became a lien on December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

The School District receives property taxes from Auglaize, Allen and Logan Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Second Half Collections			2023 First Half Collections		
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	65,784,430 1,378,130	97.95 2.05	\$	66,472,530 1,442,470	97.88 2.12
Total	\$	67,162,560	100.00	\$	67,915,000	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$42.30			\$42.30	

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

<u>Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:</u>	_An	nount
General fund	\$	7,500

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or (1) budget requires to expend them and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes in the statement of activities – cash basis. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. In May 2021, the voters renewed the one percent income tax levy for a five-year period, from January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2026. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan (through the Stolly Insurance Group) for property, fleet insurance, liability insurance and violence coverage. Coverages provided by Ohio School Plan are as follows:

	Ma	aximum	
	Dec	ductible	Coverage
Building and Contents - replacement cost			 _
(Includes boiler and machinery)	\$	1,000	\$ 42,756,421
Automobile		1,000	6,000,000
General Liability			
Per Occurrence		N/A	\$ 6,000,000
Total Per Year		N/A	8,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Insurance Risk Pool

The School District participates in the Mercer-Auglaize Employee Welfare Trust (the "Trust"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The School District pays monthly premiums to Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council for employee medical, dental and vision insurance coverage. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal. For additional information see Note 14.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA.

The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the plan. Each year, the participating districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the plan.

The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sedgwick provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 10 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – The School District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$189,672 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may Qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$430,086 for fiscal year 2023.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.031310	70% 0.02197468%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.031790	<u>40</u> % <u>0.02315249</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	0.000479	<u>0.00117781</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,719,	472 \$ 5,146,827	\$ 6,866,299

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.00%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00%
Prior measurement date 7.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate – The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	Current						
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase	
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	2,530,981	\$	1,719,472	\$	1,035,787	

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	12.50% at age 20 to
		2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment	7.00%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
(COLA)		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	7,774,983	\$	5,146,827	\$	2,924,222

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date – STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 9 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105€. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – (Continued)

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$21,410.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$21,410 for fiscal year 2023.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

THIS SPACE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.0	32416400%	0.0	021974681%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.0	32537400%	0.0	023152490%	
Change in proportionate share	0.0	00121000%	0.0	001177809%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	456,828	\$	-	\$ 456,828
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(599,495)	\$ (599,495)

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

THIS SPACE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	2.40%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
Prior measurement date	expense, including inflation 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	2044
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	3.69%
Prior measurement date	1.92%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	4.08%
Prior measurement date	2.27%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	7.00 to 4.40%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

			(Current		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	567,388	\$	456,828	\$	367,577
	1%	Decrease		Current rend Rate	1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	352,297	\$	456,828	\$	593,364

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2022	June 3	0, 2021	
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	Varies by service	e from 2.50%	12.50% at age 20) to	
	to 8.50%		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	554,217	\$	599,495	\$	638,279
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1%	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	621,822	\$	599,495	\$	571,312

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2023 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Outstanding 06/30/22	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 06/30/23	Due in One Year
Governmental activities: Current issue bonds -	00/30/22	Additions	Reductions	00/30/23	One Teat
direct borrowing	\$ 1,693,118	\$ -	\$ (228,984)	\$ 1,464,134	\$ 238,107
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1,693,118	\$ -	\$ (228,984)	\$ 1,464,134	\$ 238,107

<u>2021 School Facilities Refunding Bonds</u> - On February 26, 2021, the School District issued \$1,928,933 in voted general obligation bonds for refunding the 2013 School Facilities Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued for a nine year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2029. The bonds consisted of \$1,928,933 in term bonds. The bonds are being retired through the bond retirement fund. This is a direct borrowing fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest.

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u>: The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the School shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the School. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School. The assessed valuation used in determining the School's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the School's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2023, are a voted debt margin of \$5,270,708 (including available funds of \$622,492) and an unvoted debt margin of \$67,915.

The interest payment dates on the current interest term bonds is June 1 and December 1, each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire general long-term obligations at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Fiscal Year		Current Issue Bonds - Refunding 2021					
Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	
2024	\$	238,107	\$	18,562	\$	256,669	
2025		236,793		15,285		252,078	
2026		250,061		11,926		261,987	
2027		243,136		8,523		251,659	
2028		245,822		5,149		250,971	
2029		250,215	_	1,726		251,941	
Total	\$	1,464,134	\$	61,171	\$	1,525,305	

NOTE 12 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		oital rements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		98,408
Current year offsets	(98,408)
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$	

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO), which is a computer consortium. WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Organization is governed by a board of directors consisting of 14 members: the Superintendent of the Fiscal Agent, two Superintendents from each county that is represented, one treasurer representative, a student services representative, and non-voting independent district representative.

The degree of control exercised by any participating member is limited to its representation on the board. Financial information can be obtained from Donn Walls, Director, at 129 E. Court St., Sidney, Ohio 45365.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

B. Ohio Hi-Point Career Center

The Ohio Hi-Point Career Center (Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio that provides vocational education to students. The Center is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the eleven participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Caleb Lang, who serves as Treasurer, 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

C. Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee

The Auglaize County Local Professional Development Committee (LPDC) was established to plan, promote, and facilitate effective and efficient professional educator license renewal standards and staff development activities. The LPDC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its members. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the governing board. Financial information can be obtained from the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, 1045 Dearbaugh Avenue, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

D. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SWEPC)

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, a purchasing council made up of nearly 100 school districts and educational service centers in 12 counties. The purpose of SWEPC is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SWEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Any district withdrawing from the SWEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SWEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations during the one year period. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, OH 45377.

E. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC)

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (the "NOERC") is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training.

The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from Gene Linton, 121 W. Main St., Ashland, Ohio 44805.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefit Plan Trust

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Benefit Plan Trust (EPC). The EPC is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of 55 school districts. The EPC is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501C(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to the employees of the participants. The EPC is governed by the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative and its participating members. Each participant decides which plan offered by the EPC will be extended to its employees. Participation in the EPC is by written application subject to acceptance by the EPC and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information may be obtained from the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group-rating plan for worker's compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

C. Ohio School Plan

The School participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents and treasurers. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Financial information can be obtained from The Hylant Group, 811 Madison Avenue, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2023, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is the outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than as assigned fund balance (cash).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

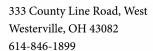
NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the budgetary basis statement to the cash basis statement for the general fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (1,261,715)
Funds budgeted elsewhere **	(3,469)
Adjustment for encumbrances	476,873
Cash basis	\$ (788,311)

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund.





jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District Auglaize County 500 North West Minster Street Waynesfield, Ohio 45896

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District, Auglaize County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2024, wherein we noted the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District **Auglaize County**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2024-001.

Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

November 1, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS			
Finding Number	2024-001		

Noncompliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 provides each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the Waynesfield-Goshen Local School District (the "School District") to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The School District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.* This presentation differs from GAAP. There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time.

Failure to prepare proper GAAP financial statements may result in the School District being fined or other administrative remedies.

The School District should prepare its financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

<u>Client Response</u>: The Board of Education has elected not to prepare its annual financial reports in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to save the School District the additional costs required to prepare and audit GAAP financial statements. We believe that the OCBOA (Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting) statements meet the alternative requirements of financial reporting.



BORRD OF EDUCATION
500 NORTH WESTMINSTER STREET - WAYNESFIELD, OHIO 45896
PHONE: 419-568-9100 FAX: 419-568-8024

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

Finding Number 2022-001	Finding Summary Noncompliance - Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.	Status Not Corrected	Additional Information Finding repeated as 2024-001 as the School District did not prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP.
2022-002	Material Weakness - Extracurricular/Athletic Receipt Controls - All receipts of funds through the School District should be substantiated by detailed activity receipt ledgers, which should include (but is not limited) to: date received, payor, amount, indication of type of receipt (ie. cash/check), etc., cumulative daily cash register summaries, prenumbered tickets, ticket reconciliations, or other easily auditable records. The School District was unable to properly substantiate \$5,964 of extracurricular/athletic receipts.	Corrective Action Taken and Finding is Fully Corrected	N/A



AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/11/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370