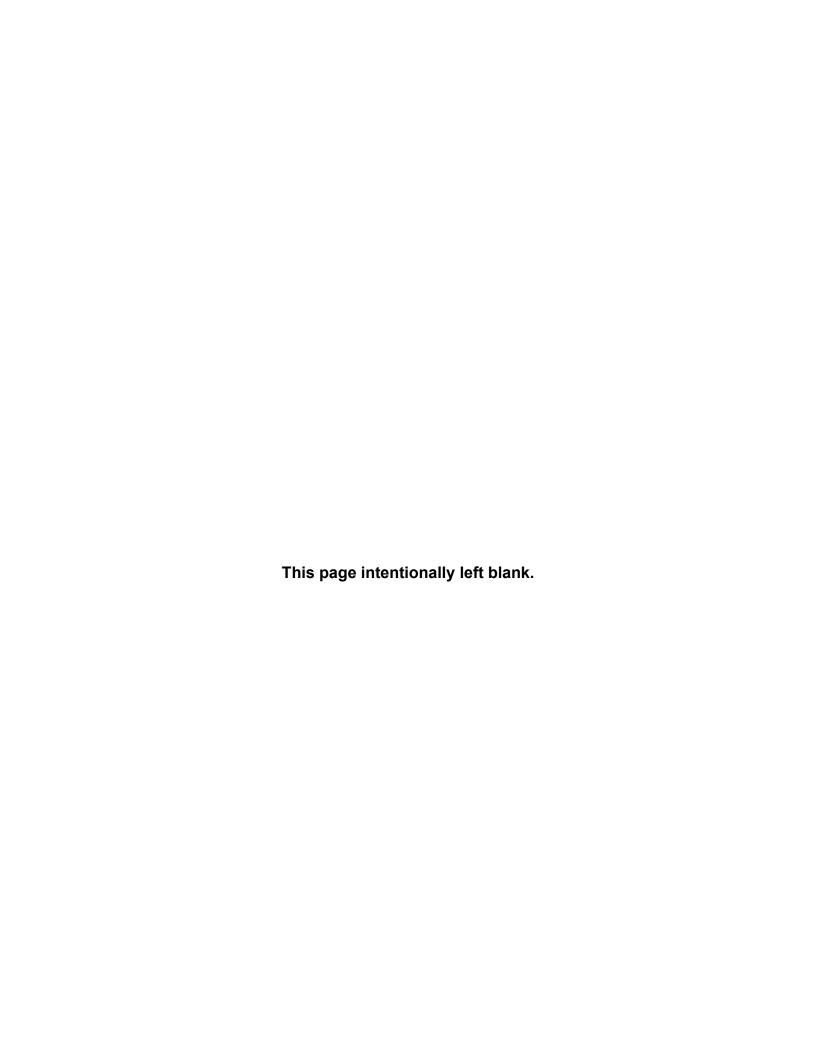




VILLAGE OF ROAMING SHORES ASHTABULA COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Roaming Shores Ashtabula County 2500 Hayford Road P.O. Box 237 Roaming Shores, Ohio 44084

To the Village Council and Mayor:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Roaming Shores, Ashtabula County, Ohio (the Village), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, or the changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Village of Roaming Shores Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Village on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

Village of Roaming Shores Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2025, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 6, 2025

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Village of Roaming Shores Ashtabula County Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$174,770	\$443,182	\$0	\$0	\$617,952
Intergovernmental	35,728	234,786			270,514
Fines, Licenses and Permits	16,109				16,109
Earnings on Investments	61,918	17,536			79,454
Miscellaneous	13,118	22,582			35,700
Total Cash Receipts	301,643	718,086	0	0	1,019,729
Cash Disbursements					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property		515,434			515,434
Public Health Services	37,432				37,432
Community Environment	27,343				27,343
Transportation		133,830			133,830
General Government	119,526				119,526
Capital Outlay		266,766		2,038	268,804
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement		5,856	40,833		46,689
Interest and Fiscal Charges			7,763		7,763
Total Cash Disbursements	184,301	921,886	48,596	2,038	1,156,821
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	117,342	(203,800)	(48,596)	(2,038)	(137,092)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)					
Sale of Capital Assets		635			635
Transfers In			48,596	25,000	73,596
Transfers Out	(85,406)		. 0,000	_0,000	(85,406)
Other Financing Sources	468	500			968
-					
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(84,938)	1,135	48,596	25,000	(10,207)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	32,404	(202,665)	0	22,962	(147,299)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	102,153	756,252	16,619	0	875,024
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$134,557	\$553,587	\$16,619	\$22,962	\$727,725

Ashtabula County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) Proprietary Fund Type For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

One wating Cook Bassints	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services Fines, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous	\$1,362,334 28,066 2,030
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,392,430
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and materials	342,370 178,601 486,740
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	1,007,711
Operating Income (Loss)	384,719
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Receipts Capital Outlay Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Other Financing Sources	108,470 17,925 (189,873) (155,512) (13,057) 7,816
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(224,231)
Income (Loss) before Transfers and Advances	160,488
Transfers In Transfers Out	243,644 (231,834)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	172,298
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	927,468
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$1,099,766

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Roaming Shores, Ashtabula County (the Village), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council governs the Village. The Village provides general governmental services, including maintenance of roads, police services and water and sewer utilities.

Public Entity Risk Pool and Jointly Governed Organizations

The Village participates in a Public Entity Risk Pool and is part of Jointly Governed Organizations. Notes 6 and 10 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

Ohio Government Risk Management Plan - Note 6

Jointly Governed Organizations:

South Central Ambulance District (SCAD) - Note 10 Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC) - Note 10

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund received gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Recycling/Compost Fund - This fund was originally established to form a Recycling/Compost site.

<u>Commemorative Garden</u> – This fund was established to accept contributions to purchase plantings in the Village Hall gardens to remember loved ones.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

<u>Police Levy Fund</u> - This fund receives funding from the passage of the Police Levies which is collected thru the County Real Estate taxes.

Debt Service Funds - These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Funds:

<u>General Obligation Bond Fund</u> – This fund is used to accumulate resources for payment of the loan for the original purchase of the water and sewer system.

<u>Village Hall Debt Fund</u> - This fund is used to accumulate resources for payment of the construction of the Village Hall.

Capital Projects Funds - These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects fund:

<u>Dam Repair Fund</u> – This fund is used to accumulate resources for maintenance and improvement of the Village's Dam.

Enterprise Funds - These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

<u>Water Debt Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the payment of any and all water debt. Money is transferred monthly from the Water Fund to pay the debt payment for the upcoming year.

<u>Sewer Debt Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the payment of any and all sewer debt. Money is transferred monthly from the Sewer Fund to pay the debt payment for the upcoming year.

<u>Water Reserve Fund</u> - This fund was set up to make monthly transfers from the Water Fund to make the original debt payment (the purchase of the water plant) if the Village should go into default.

<u>Sewer Reserve Fund</u> - This fund was set up to make monthly transfers from the Sewer Fund to make the original debt payment (the purchase of the Sewer Treatment plant) if the Village should go into default.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund - personal services level, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2023 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2023 follows:

2023 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$238,500	\$302,111	\$63,611
Special Revenue	638,154	719,221	81,067
Debt Service	49,825	48,596	(1,229)
Capital Projects	25,000	25,000	0
Proprietary	1,567,933	1,770,285	202,352
Total	\$2,519,412	\$2,865,213	\$345,801

2023 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$310,695	\$279,825	\$30,870
Special Revenue	1,213,620	952,496	261,124
Debt Service	51,000	48,596	2,404
Capital Projects	25,000	2,038	22,962
Proprietary	2,042,516	1,689,419	353,097
Total	\$3,642,831	\$2,972,374	\$670,457

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$350,502
Total deposits	350,502
STAR Ohio	1,558,256
Total investments	1,558,256
Outstanding Checks	(81,267)
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool	\$1,827,491
Segregated Accounts - Not held in the Pool:	
Payroll Clearing Account (Not held in Pool) **	\$44,422
Retainage Accounts (Not held in Pool)**	48,000
Health Insurance Account (Not held in Pool)**	4,746
Total Outside Accounts **	\$97,168

The Village has a payroll clearing account that is held outside of the deposit pool where gross payroll is held for distribution. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect gross payroll. The balance in the Village's payroll clearing account represent unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

The Village also has accounts held outside of the deposit pool for retainage related to construction contracts and for monies held in accordance with debt agreements.

Deposits

Deposits are collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

At December 31, 2023, all deposits were collateralized.

Note 5 - Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by the second Wednesday in February. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due the second Wednesday in February and the second half payment is due the second Wednesday in July.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management programs and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and has remain unchanged. OPRM had 801 members as of December 31, 2023.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, with the exception of a qualified opinion related to recording premiums and membership fees earned in full as of December 31, 2023. Those premiums and fees should be earned pro-rata over the individual coverage and membership periods of each policy. The financial statements reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2023.

Assets \$ 23,113,696 Liabilities (16,078,587) Members' Equity \$ 7,035,109

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Seventeen employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

Four full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages.

Social Security

One employee contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2023.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2023. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2023. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F is changing its retiree health care model and the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place is a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Berkadia - Water System Revenue Bond	\$39,000	7.13%
Berkadia - Wastewater Revenue Bond	48,000	7.13%
Andover Bank - Village Hall (GOB)	234,334	4.95%
OWDA - 3986 Waterline	10,341	4.51%
OPWC - Morningstar Drive Phase I, II, and III	82,805	0.00%
OPWC - Watermeter Projects	79,412	0.00%
OPWC - Lift Stations	401,530	0.00%
OPWC - Relocation	208,000	0.00%
OPWC - Plum Creek	77,600	0.00%
Manuscript Debt - Sewer Loan	54,084	3.24%
Total	\$1,235,106	

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	General			OPWC	Manuscript Debt -
December 31:	Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	OWDA Loans	Loans	Sewer Loan
2024	\$47,571	\$93,199	\$10,547	\$59,366	\$11,811
2025	46,448	-	-	59,366	11,811
2026	45,325	-	-	59,366	11,811
2027	44,202	-		59,366	11,811
2028	43,079	-	-	59,366	11,811
2029-2033	41,956	-	-	295,580	-
2034-2038	-	-	-	161,235	-
2039-2043	-	-	-	51,600	-
2044-2048	-	-	-	41,602	-
Total	\$268,581	\$93,199	\$10,547	\$846,847	\$59,055

The Berkadia Revenue Bonds were originally issued by United States Administration Farmers Home Loan for the purpose of purchasing the water/sewer system from the original developer of the community in 1979. The 1985 Revenue Bonds will be paid in annual installments over 40 years and cannot be repaid prior to the maturity date. The Bonds are to be secured by mortgaging all the properties of the Village used in and directly connected with the operation of the Utility.

The OWDA loans # 3986 relates to the re-routing of the water line which traveled through the earthen dam which contains the water for Lake Roaming Rock. It is a 20 year loan at 4.51% interest, payable in semi-installments. Water receipts also collateralize this loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover debt service requirements.

The Andover Bank General Obligation Bonds Series 2009 \$500,000 and Series B (2010) 300,000 were issued for the construction of the Village Hall. They are 20 year bonds which are repaid bi-annually. The Village's taxing authority collateralizes General Obligation Bonds.

The OPWC Morningstar Phase I Loans were received in 2013 for improvements for draining along Morningstar Roadway. The Morningstar Phase II \$17,119 loan was received in 2017. The Morningstar Phase III \$50,000 loan was received in 2022. All Loans are 20 year 0% interest loans which are repaid biannually. The street fund receipts are used to collateralize this loan.

The OWPC Watermeter and Lift Station Loans were issued in 2013 for improvements to various lifts stations and for the purchase of new water meter reading equipment. These are 20 year 0% loans which are repaid bi-annually. The utility rates are set sufficiently to cover the debt service requirements.

The OWPC Water Relocation Loans were issued in 2018 for relocation of water lines. These are 30 year 0% loans which are repaid bi-annually. The utility rates are set sufficiently to cover the debt service requirements.

The OWPC Plum Creek Forcemain and Water Relocations Loans were issued in 2019 for relocation of water lines. These are 20 year 0% loans which are repaid bi-annually. The utility rates are set sufficiently to cover the debt service requirements.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

The General Fund on October 16, 2018 issued manuscript debt in the amount of \$100,000 bearing an interest rate of 3.24% payable over ten years in equal installments. The issue was purchased by the Sewer Reserve fund. The specific purpose of the proceeds was to repay the Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund for improper transfers made to the Village Hall Debt Service Fund.

Note 10 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council

The Village is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). NOPEC is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. NOPEC was formed to serve as a vehicle for communities wishing to proceed jointly with an aggregation program for the purchase of electricity. NOPEC is currently comprised of over 100 communities who have been authorized by ballot to purchase electricity on behalf of their citizens. The intent of NOPEC is to provide electricity at the lowest possible rates while at the same time insuring stability in prices by entering into long-term contracts with suppliers to provide electricity to the citizens of its member communities.

NOPEC is governed by a General Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives from each county then elect one person to serve on the eight member NOPEC Board of Directors. The board oversees and manages the operation of the aggregation program. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the General Assembly and on the Board. The Village did not contribute to NOPEC during 2023. Financial information may be obtained by contacting Chuck Keiper, Executive Director, 31360 Solon Road, Suite 33, Solon, Ohio 44139.

South Central Ambulance District

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the South Central Ambulance District, Ashtabula County (the District), as a body corporate and politic. Eleven Board members govern the District. Each political subdivision with the District appoints one member. Those subdivisions are Colebrook Township, Dorset Township, Hartsgrove Township, Lenox Township, Morgan Township, New Lyme Township, Orwell Township, Rome Township, Orwell Village, Rock Creek Village, and Roaming Shores Village, in Ashtabula County. The District provides ambulance services within the District and by contract to areas outside the District.

Financial information can be obtained by contacting Shaun Buehner, Director, 3100 US Highway 6 Rome, Ohio 44085.

Note 11 - Construction and Contractual Commitments

The Village is currently under contract with Severino Construction for Morningstar/Flame Lake Phase III project to improve drainage and the condition of the road itself.

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

The Village is a defendant in a lawsuit. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of these suits, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Village's financial condition.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 13 - Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

F I D. I	0	Special	T.4.1
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Total
Nonspendable:			
Unclaimed Monies	\$2,548		\$2,548
Outstanding Encumbrances	10,118	\$30,610	40,728
Total	\$12,666	\$30,610	\$43,276

The fund balance of special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds are either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 14 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Village of Roaming Shores Ashtabula County Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	#400 500	#400.000	Φ0	\$500.540
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$169,580	\$428,962	\$0	\$598,542
Intergovernmental	33,756	350,584		384,340
Fines, Licenses and Permits	10,506	5 400		10,506
Earnings on Investments	17,878	5,462		23,340
Miscellaneous	7,536	18,021		25,557
Total Cash Receipts	239,256	803,029	0	1,042,285
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property		435,278		435,278
Public Health Services	37,582			37,582
Community Environment	8,208			8,208
Transportation		80,891		80,891
General Government	121,642			121,642
Capital Outlay		179,746		179,746
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement		3,356	40,833	44,189
Interest and Fiscal Charges			8,871	8,871
Total Cash Disbursements	167,432	699,271	49,704	916,407
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	71,824	103,758	(49,704)	125,878
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Sale of Capital Assets	10,129	544		10,673
Transfers In			49,704	49,704
Transfers Out	(49,704)		·	(49,704)
Advances In	,			, o
Advances Out	(11,811)			(11,811)
Other Financing Sources	87	500		587
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	(51,299)	1,044	49,704	(551)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	20,525	104,802	0	125,327
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	81,628	651,450	16,619	749,697
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$102,153	\$756,252	\$16,619	\$875,024

Ashtabula County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) Proprietary Fund Type For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts Charges for Services Fines, Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous	\$1,190,829 20,200 2,142
Total Operating Cash Receipts	1,213,171
Operating Cash Disbursements Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and materials	261,840 148,770 602,246
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	1,012,856
Operating Income (Loss)	200,315
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements) Miscellaneous Receipts Capital Outlay Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Other Financing Sources	7,760 (20,785) (201,293) (20,036) 154
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(234,200)
Income (Loss) before Transfers and Advances	(33,885)
Transfers In Transfers Out Advances In	336,284 (336,284) 11,811
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(22,074)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	949,542
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$927,468

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Roaming Shores, Ashtabula County (the Village), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council governs the Village. The Village provides general governmental services, including maintenance of roads, police services and water and sewer utilities.

Public Entity Risk Pools and Jointly Governed Organizations

The Village participates in a Public Entity Risk Pool and is part of Jointly Governed Organizations. Notes 6 and 10 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

Ohio Government Risk Management Plan - Note 6

Jointly Governed Organizations:

South Central Ambulance District (SCAD) - Note 10 Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC) - Note 10

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund received gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village streets.

Recycling/Compost Fund – This fund was originally established to form a Recycling/Compost site.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

<u>Commemorative Garden</u> – This fund was established to accept contributions to purchase plantings in the Village Hall gardens to remember loved ones.

<u>Police Levy Fund</u> - This fund receives funding from the passage of the Police Levies which is collected thru the County Real Estate taxes.

Debt Service Funds - These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Funds:

<u>General Obligation Bond Fund</u> – This fund is used to accumulate resources for payment of the loan for the original purchase of the water and sewer system.

<u>Village Hall Debt Fund</u> – This fund is used to accumulate resources for payment of the construction of the Village Hall.

Enterprise Funds - These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

<u>Water Debt Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the payment of any and all water debt. Money is transferred monthly from the Water Fund to pay the debt payment for the upcoming year.

<u>Sewer Debt Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the payment of any and all sewer debt. Money is transferred monthly from the Sewer Fund to pay the debt payment for the upcoming year.

<u>Water Reserve Fund</u> - This fund was set up to make monthly transfers from the Water Fund to make the original debt payment (the purchase of the water plant) if the Village should go into default.

<u>Sewer Reserve Fund</u> - This fund was set up to make monthly transfers from the Sewer Fund to make the original debt payment (the purchase of the Sewer Treatment plant) if the Village should go into default.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund - personal services level, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2022 follows:

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$222,008	\$249,472	\$27,464
Special Revenue	663,564	804,073	140,509
Debt Service	50,940	49,704	(1,236)
Proprietary	1,922,214	1,569,180	(353,034)
Total	\$2,858,726	\$2,672,429	(\$186,297)

2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	<u> </u>		
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$288,320	\$236,241	\$52,079
Special Revenue	1,000,667	711,980	288,687
Debt Service	49,825	49,704	121
Proprietary	1,997,855	1,697,344	300,511
Total	\$3,336,667	\$2,695,269	\$641,398

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$323,434
Total deposits	323,434
STAR Ohio	1,479,058
Total investments	1,479,058
Total carrying amount of deposits and investments held in the Pool	\$1,802,492
Segregated Accounts - Not held in the Pool:	
Payroll Clearing Account (Not held in Pool)	\$34,421
Retainage Accounts (Not held in Pool)	37,266
Total Outside Accounts	\$71,687

The Village has a payroll clearing account that is held outside of the deposit pool where gross payroll is held for distribution. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect gross payroll. The balance in the Village's payroll clearing account represent unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

The Village also has accounts held outside of the deposit pool for retainage related to construction contracts and for monies held in accordance with debt agreements.

Deposits

Deposits are collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

At December 31, 2022, all deposits were collateralized.

Note 5 - Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by the second Wednesday in February. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due the second Wednesday in February and the second half payment is due the second Wednesday in July.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Village insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and has remain unchanged. OPRM had 773 members as of December 31, 2022.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2022.

Assets \$ 21,662,291 Liabilities (18,158,351) Members' Equity \$ 3,503,940

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ten employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement System

Four full-time Police Officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25% of their wages. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 19.5% of full-time police members' wages.

Social Security

One employee contributed to Social Security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

Both OPERS and OP&F offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Note 9 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022 was as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Principal	Interest Rate
Berkadia - Water System Revenue Bond	\$76,000	7.13%
Berkadia - Wastewater Revenue Bond	93,000	7.13%
Andover Bank - Village Hall (GOB)	275,167	4.95%
OWDA - 3986 Waterline	30,343	4.51%
OPWC - Morningstar Drive Phase I, II, and III	88,661	0.00%
OPWC - Watermeter	86,975	0.00%
OPWC - Lift Stations	434,151	0.00%
OPWC - Relocation	216,320	0.00%
OPWC - Plum Creek	82,607	0.00%
Sewer Loan	63,889	3.24%
Total	\$1,447,113	

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	General			OPWC	
December 31:	Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	OWDA Loans	Loans	Sewer Loan
2023	\$48,693	\$94,041	\$21,018	\$59,366	\$11,811
2024	47,571	93,199	10,547	59,366	11,811
2025	46,448	-	-	59,366	11,811
2026	45,325	-	-	59,366	11,811
2027	44,202	-		59,366	11,811
2028-2032	85,035	-	-	296,830	11,811
2032-2037	-	-	-	203,524	-
2038-2042	-	-	-	61,610	-
2043-2047	-	-	-	41,600	-
2048				8,320	
Total	\$317,274	\$187,240	\$31,565	\$908,714	\$70,866

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The Berkadia Revenue Bonds were originally issued by United States Administration Farmers Home Loan for the purpose of purchasing the water/sewer system from the original developer of the community in 1979. The 1985 Revenue Bonds will be paid in annual installments over 40 years and cannot be repaid prior to the maturity date. The Bonds are to be secured by mortgaging all the properties of the Village used in and directly connected with the operation of the Utility.

The OWDA loans # 3986 relates to the re-routing of the water line which traveled through the earthen dam which contains the water for Lake Roaming Rock. It is a 20 year loan at 4.51% interest, payable in semi-installments. Water receipts also collateralize this loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover debt service requirements.

The Andover Bank General Obligation Bonds Series 2009 \$500,000 and Series B (2010) 300,000 were issued for the construction of the Village Hall. They are 20 year bonds which are repaid bi-annually. The Village's taxing authority collateralizes General Obligation Bonds.

The OPWC Morningstar Phase I Loans were received in 2013 for improvements for draining along Morningstar Roadway. The Morningstar Phase II \$17,119 loan was received in 2017. The Morningstar Phase III \$50,000 loan was received in 2022. All Loans are 20 year 0% interest loans which are repaid biannually. The street fund receipts are used to collateralize this loan.

The OWPC Watermeter and Lift Station Loans were issued in 2013 for improvements to various lifts stations and for the purchase of new water meter reading equipment. These are 20 year 0% loans which are repaid bi-annually. The utility rates are set sufficiently to cover the debt service requirements.

The OWPC Water Relocation Loans were issued in 2018 for relocation of water lines. These are 30 year 0% loans which are repaid bi-annually. The utility rates are set sufficiently to cover the debt service requirements.

The OWPC Plum Creek Forcemain and Water Relocations Loans were issued in 2019 for relocation of water lines. These are 20 year 0% loans which are repaid bi-annually. The utility rates are set sufficiently to cover the debt service requirements.

The General Fund on October 16, 2018 issued manuscript debt in the amount of \$100,000 bearing an interest rate of 3.24% payable over ten years in equal installments. The issue was purchased by the Sewer Reserve fund. The specific purpose of the proceeds was to repay the Street Construction Maintenance and Repair Fund for improper transfers made to the Village Hall Debt Service Fund.

Note 10 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council

The Village is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). NOPEC is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. NOPEC was formed to serve as a vehicle for communities wishing to proceed jointly with an aggregation program for the purchase of electricity. NOPEC is currently comprised of over 100 communities who have been authorized by ballot to purchase electricity on behalf of their citizens. The intent of NOPEC is to provide electricity at the lowest possible rates while at the same time insuring stability in prices by entering into long-term contracts with suppliers to provide electricity to the citizens of its member communities.

Ashtabula County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NOPEC is governed by a General Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives from each county then elect one person to serve on the eight member NOPEC Board of Directors. The board oversees and manages the operation of the aggregation program. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the General Assembly and on the Board. The Village did not contribute to NOPEC during 2022. Financial information may be obtained by contacting Chuck Keiper, Executive Director, 31360 Solon Road, Suite 33, Solon, Ohio 44139.

South Central Ambulance District

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the South Central Ambulance District, Ashtabula County (the District), as a body corporate and politic. Eleven Board members govern the District. Each political subdivision with the District appoints one member. Those subdivisions are Colebrook Township, Dorset Township, Hartsgrove Township, Lenox Township, Morgan Township, New Lyme Township, Orwell Township, Rome Township, Orwell Village, Rock Creek Village, and Roaming Shores Village, in Ashtabula County. The District provides ambulance services within the District and by contract to areas outside the District.

Financial information can be obtained by contacting Shaun Buehner, Director, 3100 U.S. Highway 6 Rome, Ohio, 44085.

Note 11 - Fund Balances

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies which cannot be spent for five years. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	General	Special Revenue	Total
Nonspendable: Unclaimed Monies Outstanding Encumbrances	\$2,080 7,294	\$0 12,709	\$2,080 20,003
Total	\$9,374	\$12,709	\$22,083

The fund balance of special revenue and debt service funds are either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 12 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2022 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Roaming Shores Ashtabula County 2500 Hayford Road P.O. Box 237 Roaming Shores, Ohio 44084

To the Village Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Village of Roaming Shores, Ashtabula County, (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2025, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(C) permit.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-002 to be a significant deficiency.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The Village's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 6, 2025

VILLAGE OF ROAMING SHORES ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

On-Behalf Transactions

FINDING NUMBER - 2023-001

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund's (Special Revenue) intergovernmental receipts and capital outlay disbursements were each understated \$71,321, due to the failure to record an on-behalf Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) grant in the financial statements. This item was adjusted to the financial statements as agreed to by management.

The failure to record on-behalf receipts and payments can result in errors in financial reporting.

The Village should ensure on-behalf grants are recorded in the financial statements as required.

Officials' Response: Management is aware of the above finding and will work to correct the oversights in the future. The Clerk/Treasurer will work with the Administrator, OPWC, and the State Auditor to ensure all receipts are recorded correctly.

VILLAGE OF ROAMING SHORES ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Bank Reconciliation

FINDING NUMBER - 2023-002

Significant Deficiency

Sound accounting practices require that when designing the public office's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should ensure adequate security of assets and records, and verify the existence and valuation of assets and liabilities and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

The reconciliation of cash (bank) balances to accounting system records (book) is the most basic and primary control process performed. Lack of completing an accurate and timely reconciliation may allow for accounting errors, theft and fraud to occur without timely detection.

The Fiscal Officer is responsible for reconciling the book (fund) balance to the total bank balance on a monthly basis, and the Village Council are responsible for reviewing the reconciliations and related support.

The December 31, 2023 and 2022 bank reconciliations indicated the Village's bank balances exceeded the book balance by a difference of \$97,168 and \$71,687, respectively. This is an overall increase in variance compared to the December 31, 2021 bank reconciliation of \$40,833 and \$15,352, respectively. The variances were due to the Bond/Construction bank account being left off the book in the amounts of \$48,000 and \$37,250, respectively. Additionally, the Payroll and Health Insurance bank accounts were left off the book balance in the amounts of \$49,168 and \$34,437. These accounts had bank balances at December 31, 2023 and 2022 from prior transfers, receipts and disbursements; however, the amounts should zero out and/or balance every month or to a set amount determined by the Village. The above amounts were considered immaterial and not reflected on the financial statements by management for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Failure to include all accounts balances in the accounting system increases the possibility that the Village will not be able to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, and record its transactions correctly or to document compliance with finance related legal and contractual requirements. Further, the lack of accurate monthly reconciliations increases the risk of theft/fraud over the cash cycle and could lead to inaccurate reporting in the annual financial statements.

The Fiscal Officer should record all transactions and prepare monthly bank to book cash reconciliations, which include all bank accounts and all fund balances. Variances should be investigated, documented and corrected. In addition, the Village Council should review the monthly cash reconciliations including the related support (such as reconciling items) and document the reviews.

Officials' Response: Management is aware of the above finding and has worked to correct the recommendation. The Fiscal Officer records all transactions and prepares monthly bank to book cash reconciliations which include all bank accounts and fund balances. The Finance Committee reviews monthly cash reconciliations, supporting documentation, and documents the reviews. Monthly reconciliations are done every month. The Fiscal Officer will be training with UAN and will inquire about placing those accounts on the books.



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VILLAGE OF ROAMING SHORES ASHTABULA COUNTY

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	On-Behalf Transactions	Not Corrected	Repeated as Finding 2023-001
2021-002	Bank Reconciliations	Not Corrected	Repeated as Finding 2023-002



VILLAGE OF ROAMING SHORES

ASHTABULA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/18/2025

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