



PATRICK HENRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HENRY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2024

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FOUR COUNTY CAREER CENTER HENRY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County 6900 State Route 18 Hamler, Ohio 43524-9781

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedule, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2025, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 27, 2025

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Patrick Henry Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$6,548,465 which represents a 38.25% increase from June 30, 2023's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$20,351,808 in revenue or 86.87% of total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$3,076,948 or 13.13% of total revenues of \$23,428,756.
- The School District had \$16,880,291 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,076,948 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities of \$20,351,808 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund had revenues and other financing sources \$15,599,930 and \$15,207,149 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2024, the general fund's fund balance increased \$392,781 from \$14,997,560 to \$15,390,341.
- The bond retirement fund had \$2,178,241 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,177,793 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2024, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$448 from \$580,424 to \$580,872.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand Patrick Henry Local School District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer- term view of those finances.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds, with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in a single column. For Patrick Henry Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2024?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. While the School District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School District's general fund budgetary information, net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

The School District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The table on the following page provides a summary of the School District's net position at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 32,112,119	\$ 26,488,273
Net OPEB asset	779,023	1,049,111
Capital assets, net	35,356,969	35,330,249
Total assets	68,248,111	62,867,633
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	695,101	706,079
Pension	2,347,798	2,899,844
OPEB	504,828	344,556
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,547,727	3,950,479
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	2,020,558	2,106,403
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	1,510,045	1,416,062
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	11,263,870	11,779,584
Net OPEB liability	809,255	730,350
Other amounts	23,738,593	25,084,581
Total liabilities	39,342,321	41,116,980
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes levied for next year	6,511,051	5,809,374
Pension	883,198	1,042,462
OPEB	1,390,107	1,728,600
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,784,356	8,580,436
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	12,107,415	10,921,479
Restricted	2,521,514	1,582,188
Unrestricted	9,040,232	4,617,029
Total net position	\$ 23,669,161	\$ 17,120,696

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows of resources.

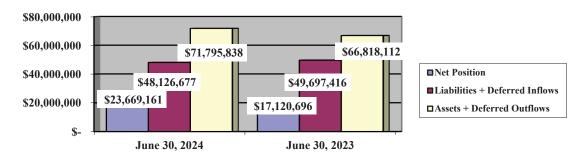
Over time, net position can be a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2024, the School District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$23,669,161. Of this total, \$2,521,514 is restricted in use. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$9,040,232.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

At year-end, capital assets represented 51.81% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles, and intangible right-to-use assets. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024, was \$12,107,415. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net pension liability decreased \$515,714 or 4.38% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension decreased \$159,264 or 15.28%. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Net investment income on investments at both pension systems exceeded estimates for the fiscal year 2023 measurement that are used for the fiscal year 2024 reporting which caused a large increase in fiduciary net position.

Governmental Activities



The following table shows the change in net position or fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 944,522	\$ 866,307		
Operating grants and contributions	2,132,426	2,319,277		
Capital grants and contributions	-	252,290		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	11,295,657	7,633,302		
Income taxes	3,047,226	2,925,067		
Grants and entitlements	5,144,757	5,197,142		
Investment earnings	703,727	433,165		
Gifts and Donations	-	12,935		
Miscellaneous	160,441	201,273		
Total revenues	23,428,756	19,840,758		
		Continued		

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,848,438	\$ 6,256,366
Special	2,798,490	2,468,317
Vocational	33,169	37,734
Other	113,045	-
Support services:		
Pupil	982,993	996,787
Instructional staff	227,853	224,743
Board of education	22,993	17,580
Administration	1,120,736	1,087,698
Fiscal	587,153	635,448
Business	148,527	126,568
Operations and maintenance	1,425,791	1,265,539
Pupil transportation	766,029	735,961
Central	699,875	567,014
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	523,980	-
Other non-instructional services	3,464	530,379
Extracurricular activities	758,419	816,937
Interest and fiscal charges	819,336	799,021
Intergovernmental		4,430
Total expenses	16,880,291	16,570,522
Change in net position	6,548,465	3,270,236
Net position at beginning of year	17,120,696	13,850,460
Net position at end of year	\$ 23,669,161	\$ 17,120,696

Governmental Activities

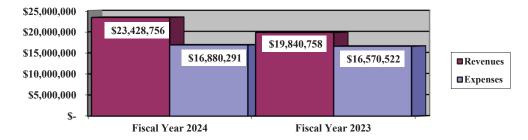
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 70.17% of total governmental revenue. The increase in property taxes was the result of delinquencies related to a pipeline that is currently going through a settlement.

The largest expense of the School District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,793,142 or 52.09% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2024. Instruction services increased \$30,725 or 0.35%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the School District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2024 and 2023.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2024		Net Cost of Services 2024		Total Cost of Services 2023		Net Cost of Services 2023	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,848,438	\$	5,594,539	\$	6,256,366	\$	5,790,993
Special		2,798,490		1,831,377		2,468,317		1,521,348
Vocational		33,169		33,169		37,734		(7,273)
Other		113,045		108,752		-		-
Support services:								
Pupil		982,993		716,301		996,787		752,989
Instructional staff		227,853		227,033		224,743		207,952
Board of education		22,993		22,993		17,580		17,580
Administration		1,120,736		1,001,487		1,087,698		1,053,270
Fiscal		587,153		584,509		635,448		632,642
Business		148,527		132,126		126,568		124,911
Operations and maintenance		1,425,791		1,262,729		1,265,539		906,120
Pupil transportation		766,029		734,617		735,961		425,608
Central		699,875		256,026		567,014		528,140
Operation of non-instructional services:				ŕ				
Food service operations		523,980		50,705		-		_
Other non-instructional services		3,464		(315,360)		530,379		13,294
Extracurricular activities		758,419		743,004		816,937		361,623
Intergovernmental		· -		, -		4,430		4,430
Interest and fiscal charges		819,336		819,336		799,021	_	799,021
Total expenses	\$	16,880,291	\$	13,803,343	\$	16,570,522	\$	13,132,648

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

With the substantial contribution of general revenues for funding the School District's activities, only a limited number of activities are affected by program revenues. Instruction costs are partially offset by tuition and fees and grants restricted for various instruction purposes. Non-instructional services costs are supported by cafeteria sales, state and federal subsidies, and donated commodities for food service operations. Extracurricular activities costs are supported by music and athletic fees, ticket sales, and gate receipts at musical and athletic events.

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,073,708, which is more than last year's total of \$16,879,275. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2024	Fund Balance June 30, 2023	Change	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ 15,390,341	\$ 14,997,560	\$ 392,781	2.62 %
Bond Retirement	580,872	580,424	448	0.08 %
Nonmajor Governmental	1,102,495	1,301,291	(198,796)	(15.28) %
Total	\$ 17,073,708	\$ 16,879,275	\$ 194,433	1.15 %

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

n.	_	2024 Amount	_	2023 Amount		Change_	Percentage Change
Revenues	Ф	5.716.616	Ф	<i>5.567</i> .010	Ф	1.40.707	2.67.0/
Property taxes	\$	5,716,616	\$	5,567,919	\$	148,697	2.67 %
Tuition and fees		339,528		294,276		45,252	15.38 %
Investment earnings		731,157		431,928		299,229	69.28 %
Intergovernmental		5,552,774		5,625,695		(72,921)	(1.30) %
Other revenues		3,247,108		3,094,917		152,191	4.92 %
Total	\$	15,587,183	\$	15,014,735	\$	572,448	3.81 %
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	7,965,927	\$	7,365,991	\$	599,936	8.14 %
Support services		5,132,410		4,929,608		202,802	4.11 %
Non-instructional services		3,011		3,011		=	- %
Extracurricular activities		407,121		413,830		(6,709)	(1.62) %
Intergovernmental		-		4,430		(4,430)	(100.00)
Capital outlay		16,530		_		16,530	100.00 %
Debt service		13,397		12,192		1,205	9.88 %
Total	\$	13,538,396	\$	12,729,062	\$	809,334	6.36 %

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$2,178,241 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,177,793 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2024, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$448 from \$580,424 to \$580,872.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$15,078,361 and \$15,708,856, respectively. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2024 were \$15,671,307. This represents a \$37,549 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original and final appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) totaled \$16,057,813 and \$16,270,647, respectively. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2024 totaled \$15,056,581, which was \$1,214,066 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the School District had \$35,356,969 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). The entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>			
Land	\$ 591,100	\$ 591,100			
Construction in progress	202,486	46,972			
Buildings and improvements	32,487,203	32,848,616			
Vehicles, furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,369,655	1,125,347			
Infrastructure	667,886	678,732			
Intangible right-to-use assets	38,639	39,482			
Total	\$ 35,356,969	\$ 35,330,249			

The overall increase in capital assets of \$26,720 is additions of \$927,967 and depreciation/amortization expense of \$901,247.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2024, the School District had outstanding general obligation bonds, in the amount of \$1,835,000, and certificates of participation, in the amount of \$21,970,000. In addition, the School District's long-term obligations include the net pension/OPEB liability, compensated absences, and leases payable. For further information regarding the School District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

The School District's current five-year forecast indicates the School District is in a sound financial position throughout fiscal years 2025 through 2029. All of the School District's levies are continuing levies, except for the emergency levy. The emergency levy, originally passed in March 2012 was renewed in March 2015 and again in November 2018 for an additional three years. Since the original passage, the levy has been consistently over collected on. In October 2015 and October 2018, the County Budget Commission adjusted the millage to offset the over collection. This levy was again renewed in November 2020 for an additional five years.

In the summer of 2019, the School District installed a new HVAC system in the High School gymnasium. This was considered Phase I of a Capital Improvement Plan set forth by the Board of Education and Administration. To continue with the improvement plan, the School District issued new debt in fiscal year 2020. Phase II of the plan included renovating the entire High School and Phase III included a storage building, updating the playground, reworking the sign at the front entry and replacing the bleachers on the stage. Phase IV included resurfacing the football field, new flooring in the Middle School and wall panels in the Music Room. The School District started the renovation of the Athletic Building in the summer of 2023 using a combination of Athletic funds and School District Permanent Improvement funds. This project is still ongoing. Lastly, the School District started resurfacing the track in the summer of 2024 with a completion date to be in the Fall.

At the beginning of fiscal year 2023, the School District negotiated a new three-year contract for both certified and classified employees. Both unions received a 2.65 percent increase for 2022-2023, a 2.5 percent increase for 2023-2024, and a 2.5 percent increase for 2024-2025. The School District has been using a traditional based bargaining model of negotiating successfully over the past decade or more and will once again negotiate with both unions in the spring of 2024

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to reflect the School District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Breanna DeWit, Treasurer, Patrick Henry Local School District, 6900 State Route 18, Hamler, Ohio 43524.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	overnmental Activities
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,449,414
Receivables: Property taxes	13,108,553
Income taxes	1,237,414
Accounts	52,512
Accrued interest	60,642
Intergovernmental	188,987
Prepayments	10,857
Materials and supplies inventory	861
Inventory held for resale	2,879
Net OPEB asset	779,023
Capital assets:	
Not being depreciated/amortized	793,586
Being depreciated/amortized, net	 34,563,383
Capital assets, net	 35,356,969
Total assets	 68,248,111
Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	695,101
Pension	2,347,798
OPEB	504,828
Total deferred outflows of resources	 3,547,727
Tinkilidia.	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	12,951
Contracts payable	100,000
Accrued wages and benefits payable	1,492,780
Compensated absences payable	38,515
Early retirement incentive payable	30,000
Intergovernmental payable	52,171
Pension and postemployment obligation payable	230,266
Accrued interest payable	63,875
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,510,045
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability	11,263,870
Net OPEB liability	809,255
Other amounts due in more than one year	 23,738,593
Total liabilities	 39,342,321
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	6,511,051
Pension	883,198
OPEB	1,390,107
Total deferred inflows of resources	 8,784,356
Net position:	10 105 415
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	12,107,415
Capital projects	802,206
OPEB	779,023
Classroom facilities maintenance	185,463
Debt service	288,674
State funded programs	10,468
Federally funded programs	89,919
Food service operations	117,790
Student activities	243,322
Other purposes	4,649
Unrestricted (deficit)	9,040,232
Total net position	\$ 23,669,161
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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

							R	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in	
				Progran			Net Position		
		E		arges for		rating Grants Contributions	G	overnmental Activities	
Governmental activities:		Expenses	Servic	es and Sales	ana	Contributions		Activities	
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	5,848,438	\$	102,491	\$	151,408	\$	(5,594,539)	
Special	Ψ	2,798,490	Ψ	237,037	Ψ	730,076	Ψ	(1,831,377)	
Vocational		33,169		237,037		750,070		(33,169)	
Other		113,045		_		4,293		(108,752)	
Support services:		115,015				1,273		(100,732)	
Pupil		982,993		_		266,692		(716,301)	
Instructional staff		227,853		_		820		(227,033)	
Board of education		22,993		_		-		(22,993)	
Administration		1,120,736		66,225		53,024		(1,001,487)	
Fiscal		587,153		-		2,644		(584,509)	
Business		148,527		_		16,401		(132,126)	
Operations and maintenance		1,425,791		_		163,062		(1,262,729)	
Pupil transportation		766,029		_		31,412		(734,617)	
Central		699,875		_		443,849		(256,026)	
Operation of non-instructional services:		0,5,0,75				115,015		(230,020)	
Food service operations		523,980		254,395		218,880		(50,705)	
Other non-instructional services		3,464		273,753		45,071		315,360	
Extracurricular activities		758,419		10,621		4,794		(743,004)	
Interest and fiscal charges		819,336						(819,336)	
Totals	\$	16,880,291	\$	944,522	\$	2,132,426		(13,803,343)	
				ral revenues: erty taxes levie	d for:				
			Gen	neral purposes				10,109,265	
			Deb	ot service				498,100	
				ital outlay				563,506	
				ssroom faciliti		ntenance		124,786	
			Gen	ne taxes levied eral purposes as and entitleme		t restricted		3,047,226	
				ecific progran				5,144,757	
			_	tment earnings				703,727	
				ellaneous				160,441	
				general revent	ies			20,351,808	
			Chan	ge in net positi	ion			6,548,465	
			Net p	osition at beg	inning	of year		17,120,696	
			Net p	osition at end	of yea	r	\$	23,669,161	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Acceptance	General		Bond Retirement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	15 655 922	\$	565 012	\$	1 227 670	\$	17 440 414
Receivables:	Ф	15,655,822	Ф	565,913	Φ	1,227,679	Ф	17,449,414
Property taxes		11,722,526		590,719		795,308		13,108,553
Income taxes		1,237,414		570,717		775,500		1,237,414
Accounts		48,021		_		4,491		52,512
Accrued interest		60,642		_				60,642
Intergovernmental		125		_		188,862		188,987
Prepayments		10,421		-		436		10,857
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		861		861
Inventory held for resale		-		-		2,879		2,879
Due from other funds		156,201		-		_		156,201
Total assets	\$	28,891,172	\$	1,156,632	\$	2,220,516	\$	32,268,320
Liabilities:		_				_		
Accounts payable	\$	12,951	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12,951
Contracts payable	Ψ	12,751	Ψ		Ψ	100,000	Ψ	100,000
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,428,587		_		64,193		1,492,780
Compensated absences payable		38,515		_				38,515
Early retirement incentive payable		30,000		_		_		30,000
Intergovernmental payable		51,463		_		708		52,171
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		214,307		_		15,959		230,266
Due to other funds				_		156,201		156,201
Total liabilities	_	1,775,823		_		337,061	_	2,112,884
Deferred inflows of resources:		5 772 910		227 647		200 595		6.511.051
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		5,773,819		337,647		399,585		6,511,051
Delinquent property tax revenue not available Income tax revenue not available		5,716,810		238,113		381,375		6,336,298
Accrued interest not available		233,256		-		-		233,256
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,123		575,760		780,960	_	1,123
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,723,000		373,700		780,700		13,001,720
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		861		861
Prepaids		10,421		-		436		10,857
Restricted:				590 972				500 072
Debt service		-		580,872		500,631		580,872
Capital projects Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-				500,631
Food service operations		-		-		105,663 119,587		105,663 119,587
State funded programs		_		_		10,468		10,468
Federally funded programs						89,919		89,919
Extracurricular activities		_		_		243,297		243,297
Other purposes		_		_		4,649		4,649
Committed:						-,		1,012
Capital projects		-		-		26,984		26,984
Assigned:						*		Ť
Student instruction		541		-		-		541
Student and staff support		114,482		-		-		114,482
Subsequent year's appropriations		3,003,652		-		-		3,003,652
Unassigned		12,261,245		_		-		12,261,245
Total fund balances		15,390,341		580,872		1,102,495		17,073,708
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	28,891,172	\$	1,156,632	\$	2,220,516	\$	32,268,320

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2024}$

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable 1 233,256 Accrued interest receivable 2 233,256 Accrued interest receivable 1,123 Total 6,570,677 Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds. Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. Accrued interest payable is not que and payable in the current period and therefore, the assets, liabilities are not due and payable in the current period inflows - pension Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - pension Net pension liability (11,263,870) Deferred outflows - OPEB (1,390,107) Net OPEB asset (1,390,107) Net OPEB asset (1,390,107) Net OPEB asset (1,390,107) Net OPEB liability (10,714,781) Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds (23,805,000) Lease payable (1,203,303) BBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072) Total (24,781,727)	Total governmental fund balances		\$ 17,073,708
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Total Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds. Income taxes preceivable Total Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore, the assets, liabilities are not due and payable in the current period inflows'outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred inflows - OPEB Sol4,828 Sol4,82			
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Total Congress of the funds. Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds. Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows-pension Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - pension Net pension liability (11,263,870) Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB (1,390,107) Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability (10,714,781) Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds (23,805,000) Lease payable SBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072) Total (24,781,727)			35,356,969
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds. Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - pension Q; 347,798 Deferred outflows - pension Q; 347,798 Deferred inflows - OPEB South (11,263,870) Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB (1,390,107) Net OPEB laibility (10,714,781) Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Cas,805,000 Lease payable (23,805,000) Lease payable (32,633) SBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072) Total	period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable	233,256	(570 (77
recognized in the funds. (466,911) Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds. 695,101 Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. (63,875) The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension (883,198) Net pension liability (11,263,870) Deferred outflows - OPEB (30,4828) Deferred inflows - OPEB (1,390,107) Net OPEB asset 779,023 Net OPEB liability (809,255) Total (23,805,000) Lease payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds (23,805,000) Lease payable (32,633) SBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072)	i otal		6,5/0,6//
the funds. Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Total Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds SBITA liability Compensated absences Total (23,805,000) Lease payable (32,633) SBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072) Total (24,781,727)			(466,911)
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB			695,101
in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension (883,198) Net pension liability (11,263,870) Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB (1,390,107) Net OPEB asset 779,023 Net OPEB liability (809,255) Total Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Lease payable SBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072) Total (24,781,727)			(63,875)
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Lease payable SBITA liability Compensated absences Total (23,805,000) (23,805,000) (32,633) (7,022) (7,022) (937,072) (24,781,727)	in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability	(883,198) (11,263,870) 504,828 (1,390,107) 779,023	(10,714,781)
Lease payable (32,633) SBITA liability (7,022) Compensated absences (937,072) Total (24,781,727)	payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(22.905.900)	
	Lease payable SBITA liability	(32,633) (7,022)	
Net position of governmental activities \$ 23,669,161	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 (24,781,727)
	Net position of governmental activities		\$ 23,669,161

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Property taxes			General		Bond Retirement		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Incerpore taxes		Ф	5.516.616	Ф	220.076	Ф	205.424	Ф	6 440 116
Interpovermental	1 3	2	, ,	\$	328,076	2	395,424	2	
Investment earnings 731,157 4,621 735,778 Tuttion and fees 339,528 265,895 334,2741 Charges for services 265,895 342,741 Charges for services 254,282 224,822 224,					25 /112		- 1 667 507		
Turnicular	E				33,412				
Extracurricular 76,846 - 252,822 254,282 254,282 254,282 254,282 254,282 254,281 26,361 Miscellaneous 48,421 63,361 Miscellaneous 48,421 63,361 Miscellaneous 71,897 70					-		4,021		
Charges for services					-		265 805		
Contributions and donations 14,940 inclealing to the property of the p			70,840		-				
Miscellaneous 140,191 - 31,706 171,897 Total revenues 15,587,183 363,488 2,667,946 18,018,017 Expenditures: - - 18,018,017 Current: - - 144,042 5,651,385 Special 2,333,074 - 456,331 2,789,405 Vocational 16,356 - - 16,356 Ofter 109,154 - 4,024 113,178 Support services: - 19,350 0 977,548 Instructional staff 205,531 - 769 20,000 Board of education 23,257 - - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 10,962,68 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,883 - 13,659 144,778 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 -			14 040		-				
Total revenues 15,587,183 363,488 2,667,946 18,618,617					_				
Instruction: Regular S.507,343 144,042 S.651,385 Special 2,333,074 456,331 2,789,405 Vocational 16,356 16,356 16,356 16,356 16,356 16,356 113,178 Support services: Pupil 883,248 94,300 977,548 Instructional staff 205,531 769 206,300 Board of education 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257 23,257					363,488				
Instruction: Regular S.507.343 144.042 S.651.385 Special 2.333.074 456.331 2.789.405 Vocational 16.356 4.024 113.178 Support services: Pupil 8.83.248 94.300 977.548 Instructional staff 205.531 769 206.300 Board of education 23.257 52.167 1.096.268 Fiscal 559.058 13.490 5.733 578.281 Business 137.853 1.369 139.222 0.0 144.778 0.0 144.778 0.0 0	F 12								
Instruction: Regular	-								
Regular 5,507,343 - 144,042 5,651,385 Special 2,333,074 - 456,331 2,789,405 Other 109,154 - 4,024 113,178 Support services: - - 20,307 - - 206,300 977,548 Instructional staff 205,531 - 769 206,300 Board of education 23,257 - - 23,257 - - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 1,096,268 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Special 2,333,074 - 456,331 2,789,405 Vocational 16,356 - - 16,356 Other 109,154 - 4,024 113,178 Support services: Pupil 883,248 - 94,300 977,548 Instructional staff 205,531 - 769 206,300 Board of education 23,257 - - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 1,096,268 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Business 137,833 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operations and maintenance - - 507,632 507,632 507,632 507,632 507,632 507,632 507,632 Other moninstructional services			5 507 242				144.042		5 651 205
Vocational Other 16,356 (Other Other O					-				
Other 109,154 - 4,024 113,178 Support services: 883,248 - 94,300 977,548 Instructional staff 205,531 - 769 206,300 Board of education 23,257 - - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 1,096,268 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 31,539<	-				-		430,331		
Support services: Pupil 883,248 - 94,300 977,548					-		4.024		
Pupil Instructional staff 883,248 - 94,300 977,548 Instructional staff 205,531 - 769 206,300 Board of education 23,257 - - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 1,096,268 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services - - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 -			109,134		-		4,024		113,178
Instructional staff 205,531 - 769 206,300 Board of education 23,257 - - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 1,096,268 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 16,530 Debt service: - - 13,532,574 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>883,248</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>94,300</td><td></td><td>977,548</td></t<>			883,248		_		94,300		977,548
Board of education 23,257 - 23,257 Administration 1,044,101 - 52,167 1,096,268 Fiscal 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 507,632 507,632 Food service operations - - - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services: 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 1,6530 Debt service: Principal retirement 12,574 <td></td> <td></td> <td>205,531</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>206,300</td>			205,531		_				206,300
Fiscal Business 559,058 13,490 5,733 578,281 Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 1,668,453 Central 564,161 364,784 228,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 507,632 507,632 Food service operations - - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 3,011 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Obet service: - 301,300 391,319 391,319 Debt service: - - 391,319 391,319 Principal retirement 12,574 1,380,000 - 16,530 Debt service: - - 785,126 Total expenditures 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686	Board of education				-		-		
Business 137,853 - 1,369 139,222 Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 16,530 Debt service: - - 303,319 391,319 391,319 Principal retirement 12,574 1,380,000 - 1,392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financ	Administration		1,044,101		-		52,167		1,096,268
Operations and maintenance 1,066,269 - 381,519 1,447,788 Pupil transportation 648,932 - 19,521 668,453 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 15,330 Debt service: - 3823 784,303 - 13,92,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,814,753 - 1,814,753 Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - 146,000)	Fiscal		559,058		13,490		5,733		578,281
Pupil transportation 648,932 bd,161 - 19,521 bd,784 668,453 bd,784 928,945 Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - 391,319 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 16,530 - 16,530 Debt service: - 71,380,000 - 13,392,574 - 1,380,000 - 13,392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 13,538,396 2,177,793 2,720,742 18,436,931 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - 1,814,753 - 1,814,753 Lease transactions 5,725 5,725 - 5,725 SBITA transactions	Business		137,853		_		1,369		139,222
Central 564,161 - 364,784 928,945 Operation of non-instructional services: 3 - - 507,632 507,632 Food service operations - - - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 16,530 Debt service: - - 1380,000 - 1392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 13,538,396 2,177,793 2,720,742 18,436,931 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - (146,000) (1,814,753) Lease transaction	Operations and maintenance		1,066,269		-		381,519		1,447,788
Operation of non-instructional services: Soff,632 507,632 69,769 69,769 69,769 69,769 76,91 69,769 76,21 69,769 76,132 76,132 76,132 73,139 391,319 392,319 392,574 1,380,000 - 1,392,574 1,392	Pupil transportation		648,932		-		19,521		668,453
Food service operations - - 507,632 507,632 Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 16,530 Debt service: Principal retirement 12,574 1,380,000 - 1,392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 13,538,396 2,177,793 2,720,742 18,436,931 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - (146,000) (1,814,753) Lease transactions 5,725 - - 5,725 SBITA transactions 7,022 - - 7,022 Total other financing sources (uses)	Central		564,161		-		364,784		928,945
Other non-instructional services 3,011 - 4,584 7,595 Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 16,530 Debt service: Principal retirement 12,574 1,380,000 - 1,392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 13,538,396 2,177,793 2,720,742 18,436,931 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - (146,000) (1,814,753) Lease transactions 5,725 - - 5,725 SBITA transactions 7,022 - - 7,022 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,656,006) 1,814,753 (146,000) 12,747 Net									
Extracurricular activities 407,121 - 292,648 699,769 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - 16,530 Debt service: - - 16,530 Principal retirement 12,574 1,380,000 - 1,392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 13,538,396 2,177,793 2,720,742 18,436,931 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,814,753 - 1,814,753 Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - (146,000) (1,814,753) Lease transactions 5,725 - - 5,725 SBITA transactions 7,022 - - 7,022 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,656,006) 1,814,753 (146,000)			-		-				507,632
Facilities acquisition and construction - - 391,319 391,319 Capital outlay 16,530 - - - 16,530 Debt service: Principal retirement 12,574 1,380,000 - 1,392,574 Interest and fiscal charges 823 784,303 - 785,126 Total expenditures 13,538,396 2,177,793 2,720,742 18,436,931 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,048,787 (1,814,305) (52,796) 181,686 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 1,814,753 - 1,814,753 Transfers (out) (1,668,753) - (146,000) (1,814,753) Lease transactions 5,725 - - 5,725 SBITA transactions 7,022 - - 7,022 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,656,006) 1,814,753 (146,000) 12,747 Net change in fund balances 392,781 448 (198,796) 194,433									

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 194,433
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation/amortization Total	\$ 927,967 (901,247)	26,720
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Income taxes Earnings on investments Extracurricular Intergovernmental Total	4,855,541 32,095 (1,153) (26,277) (50,067)	4,810,139
Repayment of bond, leases, and SBITA principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		1,392,574
Issuance of bonds and capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.		(12,747)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	3,442 40,643 (10,978)	33,107
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	1,073,423 34,818	. 1,108,241
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total	(950,491) 114,954	. (835,537)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(168,465)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,548,465
	:	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2024

	Private-Purpose Trust		
Assets:	 		
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$ 3,579		
Net position:			
Held in trust for scholarships	1,699		
Endowment	 1,880		
Total net position	\$ 3,579		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2024

	Private-Purpose Trust		
Additions: Contributions and donations	\$	2,643	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		3,031	
Change in net position		(388)	
Net position at beginning of year		3,967	
Net position at end of year	\$	3,579	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Patrick Henry Local School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District is staffed by 53 classified employees, 68 certified teaching personnel, and 16 administrative employees who provide services to 882 students and other community members. The School District currently operates one instructional building.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Patrick Henry Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Patrick Henry Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. There are no component units of the Patrick Henry Local School District.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations, a related organization, and three insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, Northern Buckeye Education Council, Four County Career Center, Patrick Henry School District Public Library, the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, and the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 17, 18, and 19 to the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental activities (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). However, the School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are reported in two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement</u> - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for property taxes restricted for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on general obligation and certificate of participation debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the School District are used to account for:

Nonmajor special revenue funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Nonmajor capital projects funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students after graduation.

D. Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government- wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds

Like the government-wide financial statements, fiduciary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, interest, tuition, student fees, and charges for services.

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because these amounts have not been earned.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for a deferred charge on refunding, pension, and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB and explained in Notes 11 and 12.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as a deferred inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources consists of property taxes, unavailable revenue, pension, and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there was an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2024, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2025 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes accrued interest, intergovernmental revenue including grants, income taxes, delinquent property taxes, and other sources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the amounts become available.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and are explained in Note 11 and Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at fund level for all funds. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the School District prior to fiscal year end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments consisted of nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and STAR Ohio. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. STAR Ohio (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants". The School District measures the investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV that approximates fair value.

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is appreciated. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day.

The Board of Education allocates interest according to State statute. Investment earnings and other interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2024 was \$731,157 which includes \$75,735 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

H. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Inventory

Inventory is presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food.

J. Capital Assets

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets generally resulting from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets which are discussed below) are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight- line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	25 - 30 years
Buildings	60 - 80 years
Building improvements	25 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	10 - 15 years
Intangible right-to-use assets	5 years

The School District is reporting intangible right-to-use assets related to equipment and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The intangible assets are being amortized in systemic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

K. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of assets. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

L. Deferred Charge on Refunding

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

M. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from negative cash are classified as "Due to/Due from other funds". Interfund balances within governmental activities are eliminated on the statement of net position.

N. Leases Payable

The School District serves as lessee in various noncancellable leases which are accounted for as follows:

Lessee At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain indirect costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manor over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. The net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. General obligation bond, certificates of participation, and leases are reported on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Q. Unamortized Premiums

On government-wide financial statements, premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of bonds payable.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the period when the debt is issued.

Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited in the Bond Retirement Fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to a bond escrow agent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements on the statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for food service operations and federal and state grants. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

S. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided those amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The Board of Education has also assigned fund balance ocover a gap between estimated resources and appropriations in the fiscal year 2025 budget. Certain resources have been assigned for educational activities.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

T. Interfund Transactions

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

U. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans, and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

V. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2024, the School District has implemented certain paragraphs from GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022", GASB Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62" and Implementation Guide No. 2023-1.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on balances previously report by the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 100 is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio (if training requirements have been met);
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time (if training requirements have been met).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$16,193,613 and the bank balance was \$16,271,411. Of the bank balance, \$1,000,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$15,271,411 was uninsured.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$5,700 in cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "Equity in pooled cash".

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the net value per share of funds on deposit with STAR Ohio was \$1,253,680. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The School District has no investment policy dealing with interest rate or credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio must maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2024, consisted of accounts (student fees and billings for user charged services), accrued interest, interfund, intergovernmental, income taxes, and property taxes. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except income taxes and property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Income taxes and property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

NOTE 6 - INCOME TAX

The School District levies a voted tax of 1.75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1991, and is for a continuing period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2024 were levied after April 1, 2023, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2024 became a lien on December 31, 2022, were levied after April 1, 2023, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Henry, Putnam, and Wood Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2024, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2023, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and are reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources - property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were:

	June 30, 2024		June	e 30, 2023
Major governmental funds:				
General fund	\$	231,897	\$	511,213
Bond retirement fund		14,959		32,435
Nonmajor governmental funds:				
Classroom facilities maintenance fund		2,179		5,512
Permanent improvement fund		12,169		31,017

The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue. On a modified accrual basis, the revenue has been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2024 taxes were collected are:

		2023 Second Half Collections			2024 Firs Half Collect			
	AmountPe		Percent		Percent			
Real Public utility		151,621,860 116,663,070	56.52 43.48		211,294,930 112,635,000	65.23 34.77		
Total	\$	268,284,930	100.00	\$	323,929,930	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$40.30			\$40.00			

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	06/30/23		Ac	Additions Deducti		ductions	_	06/30/24
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:								
Land	\$	591,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	591,100
Construction in progress	_	46,972		242,520		(87,006)		202,486
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		638,072		242,520		(87,006)		793,586
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:								
Land improvements		965,993		31,351		-		997,344
Buildings and improvements		39,293,324		287,096		-		39,580,420
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		1,552,764		437,448		-		1,990,212
Vehicles		1,821,650		-		-		1,821,650
Intangible right-to-use assets:								
Equipment		58,400		5,753		-		64,153
SBITAs		_		10,805				10,805
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		43,692,131		772,453				44,464,584
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortized:								
Land improvements		(287,261)		(42,197)		-		(329,458)
Buildings and improvements		(6,444,708)		(648,509)		-		(7,093,217)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(980,243)		(103,410)		-		(1,083,653)
Vehicles		(1,268,824)		(89,730)		-		(1,358,554)
Intangible right-to-use assets:								
Equipment		(18,918)		(13,799)		-		(32,717)
SBITAs				(3,602)				(3,602)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortized		(8,999,954)		(901,247)			_	(9,901,201)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	35,330,249	\$	113,726	\$	(87,006)	\$	35,356,969

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 399,925
Special	21,322
Vocational	16,813
Support services:	
Pupil	4,239
Instructional staff	22,956
Administration	39,850
Fiscal	4,038
Operations and maintenance	130,605
Pupil transportation	108,070
Central services	41,938
Operation of non-instructional services:	
Food service	18,763
Facility acquisition and construction	7,288
Extracurricular activities	 85,440
Total depreciation expense	\$ 901,247

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided through Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority is as follows: General School District Liability

Per Occurrence	\$15,000,000
Total Per Year	17,000,000
Vehicle Liability	15,000,000
Building and Contents	64,107,631

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2024, the School District participated in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the SORSA for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the SORSA based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The School District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (Plan), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Northern Buckeye Education Council for the benefits offered to its employees including medical, dental, vision, and life insurance. The Northern Buckeye Education Council is responsible for the management and operations of the Plan. The agreement for the Plan provides for additional assessments to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Plan, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT – (Continued)

The School District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis, and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

NOTE 10 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENT

At fiscal year end, the amount of significant encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

Fund Type	_	ear-End
General Nonmajor governmental	\$	84,152 631,818
Total	\$	715,970

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Eligible to		Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2023, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2024, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$306,891 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$71,988 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2024 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2024, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$766,532 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$123,456 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS	STRS		 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0.0	051262400%	0.0	040516710%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0.0	<u>)47741400</u> %	0.0	040055430%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.0	003521000%	-0.0	000461280%	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	2,637,959	\$	8,625,911	\$ 11,263,870
Pension expense	\$	228,167	\$	722,324	\$ 950,491

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		RS	Total		al
Deferred outflows of resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	113,387	\$	31	4,485	\$	42	27,872
Changes of assumptions		18,686		71	0,391		72	9,077
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/								
change in proportionate share		-		11	7,426		11	7,426
Contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		306,891	_	76	66,532	_	1,07	3,423
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 438,964		\$ 1,908,834		08,834	\$ 2,347,798		7,798
		SERS		S	STRS			Total
Deferred inflows of resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	-		\$	19,142		\$	19,142
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan investments		37,078			25,855			62,933
Changes of assumptions		-			534,720			534,720
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/								
change in proportionate share	_	151,043			115,360			266,403
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	188,121		\$	695,077		\$	883,198

\$1,073,423 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2025	\$ (48,690)	\$	(50,071)	\$	(98,761)	
2026	(146,920)		(258,408)		(405,328)	
2027	137,596		829,377		966,973	
2028	 1,966		(73,673)		(71,707)	
Total	\$ (56,048)	\$	447,225	\$	391,177	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.00%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00%
Prior measurement date 7.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2023, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. Ohio Revised Code Section 3309.15 and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at SERS. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 21-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate of fiscal year 2023 was 14%. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return, 7.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2023 was 6.90%.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	Current							
	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase		
School District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	3,893,492	\$	2,637,959	\$	1,580,411		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current						
	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	13,264,743	\$	8,625,911	\$	4,702,730	

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained at 7.00% for June 30, 2023 valuation. Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2024, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2024, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$34,818.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$34,818 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$34,818 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset prior measurement date		0.052018800%	0.0	040516710%		
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset current measurement date		0.049121800%	0.0	<u>)40055430</u> %		
Change in proportionate share		- <u>0.002897000</u> %	-0.0	000461280%		
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	809,255	\$	-	\$	809,255
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	(779,023)	\$	(779,023)
OPEB expense	\$	(85,869)	\$	(29,085)	\$	(114,954)

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	1,685	\$	1,215	\$	2,900
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		6,274		1,392		7,666
Changes of assumptions		273,636		114,763		388,399
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		65,761		5,284		71,045
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		34,818		<u>-</u>		34,818
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	382,174	\$	122,654	\$	504,828

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	417,358	\$	118,822	\$	536,180
Changes of assumptions		229,839		513,991		743,830
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		108,615		1,482		110,097
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	755,812	\$	634,295	\$	1,390,107

\$34,818 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	 STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				
2025	\$ (116,507)	\$ (225,260)	\$	(341,767)
2026	(102,401)	(105,295)		(207,696)
2027	(65,362)	(39,757)		(105,119)
2028	(47,552)	(54,049)		(101,601)
2029	(42,016)	(49,568)		(91,584)
Thereafter	 (34,618)	 (37,712)		(72,330)
Total	\$ (408,456)	\$ (511,641)	\$	(920,097)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation

Prior measurement date 7.00% net of investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Current measurement date 3.86%
Prior measurement date 3.69%

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Current measurement date 4.27%
Prior measurement date 4.08%

Medical trend assumption:

Current measurement date 6.75 to 4.40% Prior measurement date 7.00 to 4.40%

In 2023, the following mortality assumptions were used:

Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.

Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.

Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.

Actives - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

Mortality Projection - Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for SERS. The most recent five-year experience study was performed for the period covering fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023, was 4.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023, was 4.08%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2048 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 3.86% at June 30, 2023 and 3.69% at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.27%) and higher (5.27%) than the current discount rate (4.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,034,459	\$	809,255	\$	631,672	
	1% Decrease			Current rend Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	594,531	\$	809,255	\$	1,093,792	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%		Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	4.14%	7.50%	3.94%	
Medicare	-10.94%	4.14%	-68.78%	3.94%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	-11.95%	4.14%	9.00%	3.94%	
Medicare	1.33%	4.14%	-5.47%	3.94%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2023 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

			(Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1%	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	659,341	\$	779,023	\$	883,253
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	888,090	\$	779,023	\$	647,653

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to eligible employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred seventy-two days for certified employees and two hundred thirty days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of sixty-eight days for certified employees and fifty-seven and one-half days for classified employees.

B. Healthcare Benefits

The School District provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to all employees through the Northern Buckeye Health Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	06/30/23	Additions	Reductions	06/30/24	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2017 School Facilities Construction					
and Improvement Refunding					
Term Bonds	\$ 2,140,000	\$ -	\$ (305,000)	\$ 1,835,000	\$ 315,000
2015 Certificates of Participation					
Serial Bonds	1,440,000	-	(210,000)	1,230,000	220,000
Premium	129,268	-	(18,852)	110,416	-
2020A Certificates of Participation					
Serial Bonds	7,575,000	-	(820,000)	6,755,000	810,000
Term Bonds	6,660,000	-	-	6,660,000	-
Premium	378,286	-	(21,791)	356,495	-
2020B Certificates of Participation					
Serial Bonds	1,075,000	-	-	1,075,000	-
Term Bonds	6,295,000		(45,000)	6,250,000	50,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	25,692,554		(1,420,643)	24,271,911	1,395,000
Other Long-term Obligations:					
Lease payable	39,482	5,725	(12,574)	32,633	12,913
SBITA payable	-	7,022	-	7,022	3,423
Net Pension Liability	11,779,584	-	(515,714)	11,263,870	-
Net OPEB Liability	730,350	78,905	-	809,255	-
Compensated Absences	768,607	173,731	(5,266)	937,072	98,709
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 39,010,577	\$ 265,383	<u>\$ (1,954,197)</u>	\$ 37,321,763	\$ 1,510,045

FY 2017 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds - On April 11, 2017, the School District issued general obligation bonds through a direct placement, in the amount of \$2,915,000, to currently refund a portion of the FY 2007 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds. The refunding bond issue consists of term bonds, in the original amount of \$2,915,000. The bonds were issued for a thirteen fiscal year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2030. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The term bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Year Ended	<u>Amount</u>
2024	\$ 315,000
2025	325,000
2026	330,000
2027	335,000
2028	345,000
Total	\$ 1,650,000

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$185,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2029.

FY 2015 Certificates of Participation - On November 5, 2014, the School District issued certificates of participation, in the amount of \$9,000,000, to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip school facilities. The issue included serial and term certificates. The certificates were issued for a twenty-nine year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2044. During fiscal year 2020, the term certificates were refunded. The certificates are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund. During fiscal year 2024, principal, in the amount of \$210,000, was paid.

The serial certificates maturing on or after December 1, 2023, are subject to redemption, at the option of the School District, either in whole or in part, in such order of maturity as the School District shall determine, on any interest payment date on or after December 1, 2022, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

<u>FY 2020A Certificates of Participation</u> - On December 12, 2019, the School District issued certificates of participation, in the amount of \$17,000,000, to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip school facilities. The issue includes serial and term certificates, in the original amount of \$10,340,000 and \$6,660,000, respectively. The certificates were issued for a thirty year period, with final maturity in fiscal year 2050. The certificates are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The serial certificates maturing on or after December 1, 2026, are subject to redemption, at the option of the School District, either in whole or in part, in such order of maturity as the School District shall determine, on any interest payment date on or after December 1, 2026, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2034 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	 Amount				
2033	\$ 635,000				

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$610,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Amount				
2035	\$	585,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$560,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2039 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	 Amount			
2037	\$ 530,000			
2038	505,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$475,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2039.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2044 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year		Amount			
2040	S	450,000			
2041	Ψ	420,000			
2042		390,000			
2043		360,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$280,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2044.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2049 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year		Amount			
2045	\$	245,000			
2046	Ψ	210,000			
2047		175,000			
2048		135,000			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$95,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2049

FY 2020B Refunding Certificates of Participation - On December 12, 2019, the School District issued certificates of participation, in the amount of \$7,510,000, to advance refund certificates previously issued in fiscal year 2015 to acquire, construct, improve, furnish, and equip school facilities. The refunding issue consists of serial and term certificates, in the original amount of \$1,075,000 and \$6,435,000, respectively. The certificates were issued for a twenty-four fiscal year period, with maturity in fiscal year 2044. The certificates are being retired through the Bond Retirement debt service fund.

The serial certificates are subject to prior redemption on or after December 1, 2029, by and at the sole option of the School District, either in whole on any date or in part on any interest payment date, and in integral multiples of \$5,000, at 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term certificates matured on December 1, 2024 were subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The remaining principal, in the amount of \$50,000, was paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2024.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2028 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	A	Amount			
2025	\$	50,000			
2026		50,000			
2027		50,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$55,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2028.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2034 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	 Amount			
2032	\$ 390,000			
2033	405,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$420,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2039 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year		Amount			
2035	\$	440,000			
2036	Ψ	460,000			
2037		480,000			
2038		505,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$530,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2039.

The term certificates maturing on December 1, 2043 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	 Amount			
2040	\$ 555,000			
2041	575,000			
2042	605,000			

The remaining principal, in the amount of \$630,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2043.

<u>Net Pension/OPEB Liability</u> - There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability; however, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund and the Food Service and ESSER special revenue funds. For additional information related to the net pension/OPEB liability, see Notes 11 and 12 to the basic financial statements.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service special revenue funds.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds				Certificates of Appreciation				ion_	
Year Ended	 Principal		Interest		Total	 Principal		Interest		Total
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 315,000 325,000 330,000 335,000	\$	37,576 30,408 23,072 15,624	\$	352,576 355,408 353,072 350,624	\$ 1,080,000 1,075,000 1,090,000 1,100,000	\$	699,592 654,292 603,591 564,264	\$	1,779,592 1,729,292 1,693,591 1,664,264
2029 2030-2034	345,000 185,000		8,008 2,072		353,008 187,072	1,095,000 5,305,000		535,534 2,244,778		1,630,534 7,549,778
2035 - 2039 2040 - 2044	-		-		-	5,095,000 4,990,000		1,467,046 615,034		6,562,046 5,605,034
2045 - 2049 2050	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 1,045,000 95,000		85,235 1,484		1,130,235 96,484
Total	\$ 1,835,000	\$	116,760	\$	1,951,760	\$ 21,970,000	\$	7,470,850	\$ 2	29,440,850

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Leases Payable

The School District has entered into lease agreements for the intangible right-to-use equipment. The School District reports an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund and the permanent improvement nonmajor capital improvements fund.

The School District has entered into lease agreements for copier equipment and a postage machine as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Lease	Date	<u>Years</u>	Date	Method
Copier	2021	4	2026	Monthly
Postage Machine	2023	5	2028	Monthly

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	I	nterest	 Total
2025	\$	12,913	\$	595	\$ 13,508
2026		13,171		336	13,507
2027		5,268		112	5,380
2028		1,281		35	 1,316
Total	\$	32,633	\$	1,078	\$ 33,711

SBITAs Payable

The School District has entered into agreements for the intangible right-to-use subscriptions. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, the School District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the subscriptions. The payments will be paid from the general fund.

The School District has entered into agreements for subscriptions at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Subscription	Date	Years	Date	Method
Sophos Antivirus	2023	3	2026	Annual

The following is a schedule of future subscription payments under the subscription agreements:

Fiscal Year	_]	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2025	\$	3,423	\$	359	\$	3,782
2026		3,599	_	184	_	3,783
Total	\$	7,022	\$	543	\$	7,565

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the School District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the School District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. The assessed valuation used in determining the School District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the School District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2024, are a voted debt margin of \$27,899,566 and an unvoted debt margin of \$323,930.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. The amount not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward and used for the same purpose in future years. The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fund balance set aside for capital improvements during fiscal year 2024.

		Capital
	<u>Im</u>	provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		179,826
Current year offsets		(427,274)
Total	\$	(247,448)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2025	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2024	\$	

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2024, as reported on the fund statement:

<u>Transfers Out</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	Amount
General fund	Bond retirement fund	\$ 1,668,753
Nonmajor governmental fund	Bond retirement fund	146,000
Total		\$ 1,814,753

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfer of \$146,000 from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) to the bond retirement fund was for debt service.

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

B. Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2024, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable fundPayable fundAmountGeneral fundNonmajor governmental funds\$ 156,201

The primary purpose of the amount due to the general fund from the nonmajor governmental funds was to eliminate negative cash balances. The amount will be repaid once cash is received.

Amounts due to/from between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of educational entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member educational entities. The NWOCA Assembly consists of the superintendent from each participating educational entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. The Assembly elects the governing Council of two representatives from each of the six counties in which member educational entities are located and the representative from the member educational entity serving as fiscal agent for NWOCA. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2024, the School District paid \$436,239 to NWOCA for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the six counties in which the member educational entities are located. The board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Financial information can be obtained from the Northern Buckeye Educational Council, 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center and one representative from the participating school districts elected boards. The Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the School District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Four County Career Center, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 18 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Patrick Henry School District Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Patrick Henry Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Patrick Henry School District Public Library, 208 North East Street, Deshler, Ohio 43516.

NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. SORSA is an incorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. SORSA's business and affairs are conducted by a board consisting of nine superintendents and treasurers, as well as an attorney, accountant, and four representatives from the pool's administrator, Willis Pooling. Willis Pooling is responsible for processing claims and establishing agreements between SORSA and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Willis Pooling, 775 Yard Street, Suite 200, Grandview Heights, Ohio 43212.

Northern Buckeye Health Plan

The School District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (Plan), Northwest Division of OHI, a self-insurance pool, for insurance benefits to employees. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, vision, and life insurance. The Plan is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement with the Plan provides for additional assessment to participates if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Plan, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by the NBEC and the participants of the Plan. The Executive Director of the NBEC coordinates the management and administration of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 20 – CONTINGENCIES – (Continued)

B. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (ODEW) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. The District's August 30, 2024 and November 8, 2024 foundation settlement receipts included the FTE adjustments for fiscal year 2024. The August 30, 2024 adjustment was a decrease of \$874 which is not material, however was included in the financial statements as an intergovernmental payable as of June 30, 2024. The November 8, 2024 adjustment was an increase of \$1. This amount was not material to the financial statements and was not included in the financial statements as an intergovernmental payable.

C. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted		l Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget - over (under)	
		Original		Final		Basis		ual Amounts
Budgetary revenues and other financing sources	\$	15,078,361	\$	15,708,856	\$	15,671,307	\$	(37,549)
Budgetary expenditures and other financing uses		16,057,813		16,270,647		15,056,581		(1,214,066)
Net change in fund balance		(979,452)		(561,791)		614,726		1,176,517
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year as previously reported		15,111,652		15,111,652		15,111,652		-
Restatement - exclude public school support fund		(46,989)		(46,989)		(46,989)		<u>-</u>
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year,								
as restated		15,064,663		15,064,663		15,064,663		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		17,148		17,148		17,148		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$	14,102,359	\$	14,520,020	\$	15,696,537	\$	1,176,517

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1)	School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Pr Sha	ool District's oportionate re of the Net sion Liability	(ool District's Covered Payroll	Pr Sha Pensi a Per	ool District's oportionate re of the Net on Liability as reentage of its vered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2024	0.047741400%	\$	2,637,959	\$	1,981,279		133.14%	76.06%
2023	0.051264000%)	2,772,669		1,769,607		156.68%	75.82%
2022	0.052255000%)	1,928,058		1,808,543		106.61%	82.86%
2021	0.048780500%)	3,226,445		1,718,629		187.73%	68.55%
2020	0.048371400%)	2,894,146		1,667,748		173.54%	70.85%
2019	0.047122500%)	2,698,793		1,594,696		169.24%	71.36%
2018	0.047539700%)	2,840,391		1,515,707		187.40%	69.50%
2017	0.047078100%		3,445,683		1,507,907		228.51%	62.98%
2016	0.045104700%)	2,573,718		1,362,049		188.96%	69.16%
2015	0.044405000%)	2,247,312		1,135,160		197.97%	71.70%
Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions	Re Co	ntributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions	D	ntribution eficiency (Excess)		ool District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$ 306,891	\$	(306,891)	\$	-	\$	2,192,079	14.00%
2023	277,379		(277,379)		_		1,981,279	14.00%
2022	247,745		(247,745)		_		1,769,607	14.00%
2021	253,196		(253,196)		-		1,808,543	14.00%
2020								
	240,608		(240,608)		-		1,718,629	14.00%
2019			(240,608) (225,146)		-		1,718,629 1,667,748	14.00% 13.50%
2019 2018	240,608		(/ /		- -			
	240,608 225,146		(225,146)		- - -		1,667,748	13.50%
2018	240,608 225,146 215,284		(225,146) (215,284)		- - - -		1,667,748 1,594,696	13.50% 13.50%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1)	School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	School District's Covered Payroll	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2024	0.040055430%	\$ 8,625,911	\$ 5,364,914	160.78%	80.02%
2023	0.040516710%	9,006,915	5,144,829	175.07%	78.88%
2022	0.040067924%	5,123,043	5,021,207	102.03%	87.78%
2021	0.038981540%	9,432,145	4,698,493	200.75%	75.48%
2020	0.039008600%	8,626,516	4,634,071	186.15%	77.40%
2019	0.039613050%	8,710,020	4,499,107	193.59%	77.31%
2018	0.039032930%	9,272,355	4,339,564	213.67%	75.30%
2017	0.038087500%	12,746,775	4,042,800	315.30%	66.80%
2016	0.038405190%	10,614,071	3,985,107	266.34%	72.10%
2015	0.038496410%	9,363,660	3,959,415	236.49%	74.70%
Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	School District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	Required	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Deficiency	Covered	as a Percentage of Covered
Year	Required Contributions	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll \$ 5,475,229	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Year 2024	Required Contributions \$ 766,532	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024 2023	Required Contributions \$ 766,532 751,088	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ (766,532) (751,088)	Deficiency (Excess)	* 5,475,229 5,364,914	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 14.00% 14.00%
2024 2023 2022	Required Contributions \$ 766,532 751,088 720,276	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ (766,532) (751,088) (720,276)	Deficiency (Excess) \$	* 5,475,229 5,364,914 5,144,829	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%
2024 2023 2022 2021	Required Contributions \$ 766,532 751,088 720,276 702,969	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ (766,532) (751,088) (720,276) (702,969)	Deficiency (Excess) \$	* 5,475,229 5,364,914 5,144,829 5,021,207	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020	Required Contributions \$ 766,532 751,088 720,276 702,969 657,789	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ (766,532) (751,088) (720,276) (702,969) (657,789)	Deficiency (Excess) \$	* 5,475,229 5,364,914 5,144,829 5,021,207 4,698,493	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019	Required Contributions \$ 766,532 751,088 720,276 702,969 657,789 648,770 629,875 607,539	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ (766,532) (751,088) (720,276) (702,969) (657,789) (648,770)	Deficiency (Excess) \$	\$ 5,475,229 5,364,914 5,144,829 5,021,207 4,698,493 4,634,071	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	Required Contributions \$ 766,532 751,088 720,276 702,969 657,789 648,770 629,875	Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ (766,532) (751,088) (720,276) (702,969) (657,789) (648,770) (629,875)	Deficiency (Excess) \$	\$ 5,475,229 5,364,914 5,144,829 5,021,207 4,698,493 4,634,071 4,499,107	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND SCHOOL DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT AND TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1) (2)	Proj of t	District's portion he Net	Pro Shar	ol District's portionate e of the Net B Liability	(ool District's Covered Payroll	Pro Sha OPE a Per	ool District's oportionate re of the Net B Liability as reentage of its vered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2024	0.04	19121800%	\$	809,255	\$	1,981,279		40.85%	30.02%
2023	0.05	52018800%		730,350		1,769,607		41.27%	30.34%
2022	0.05	3663900%		1,015,634		1,808,543		56.16%	24.08%
2021	0.05	50638200%		1,100,534		1,718,629		64.04%	18.17%
2020	0.04	19462700%		1,243,883		1,667,748		74.58%	15.57%
2019	0.04	17800000%		1,326,101		1,594,696		83.16%	13.57%
2018	0.04	18097600%		1,290,813		1,515,707		85.16%	12.46%
2017	0.04	17644600%		1,358,047		1,507,907		90.06%	11.49%
Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions		Required Required		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		School District's Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage
1 car		•		•		•			of Covered Payroll
2024		•		•		•	\$		
	Conti	ributions	Con	tributions		(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
2024	Conti	34,818	Con	(34,818)		(Excess)		2,192,079	Payroll 2.00%
2024 2023	Conti	34,818 35,886	Con	(34,818) (35,886)		(Excess)		2,192,079 1,981,279	2.00% 1.81%
2024 2023 2022	Conti	34,818 35,886 31,938	Con	(34,818) (35,886) (31,938)		(Excess)		2,192,079 1,981,279 1,769,607	2.00% 1.81% 1.80%
2024 2023 2022 2021	Conti	34,818 35,886 31,938 33,468	Con	(34,818) (35,886) (31,938) (33,468)		(Excess)		2,192,079 1,981,279 1,769,607 1,808,543	2.00% 1.81% 1.80% 1.85%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020	Conti	34,818 35,886 31,938 33,468 32,620	Con	(34,818) (35,886) (31,938) (33,468) (32,620)		(Excess)		2,192,079 1,981,279 1,769,607 1,808,543 1,718,629	2.00% 1.81% 1.80% 1.85% 1.90%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019	Conti	34,818 35,886 31,938 33,468 32,620 38,021	Con	(34,818) (35,886) (31,938) (33,468) (32,620) (38,021)		(Excess)		2,192,079 1,981,279 1,769,607 1,808,543 1,718,629 1,667,748	2.00% 1.81% 1.80% 1.85% 1.90% 2.28%
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	Conti	34,818 35,886 31,938 33,468 32,620 38,021 33,731	Con	(34,818) (35,886) (31,938) (33,468) (32,620) (38,021) (33,731)		(Excess)		2,192,079 1,981,279 1,769,607 1,808,543 1,718,629 1,667,748 1,594,696	2.00% 1.81% 1.80% 1.85% 1.90% 2.28% 2.12%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND SCHOOL DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT AND TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1) (2)	School Distr Proportion of the Net O Liability/(A	on PEB	Pro Shar	ool District's opertionate re of the Net OPEB oility/(Asset)		ool District's Covered Payroll	P Sh Lia a P	hool District's roportionate are of the Net OPEB bility/(Asset) as ercentage of its overed Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)
2024	0.040055	430%	\$	(779,023)	\$	5,364,914		14.52%	168.52%
2023	0.040516	710%		(1,049,111)		5,144,829		20.39%	230.73%
2022	0.0400679	924%		(844,799)		5,021,207		16.82%	174.73%
2021	0.038981	540%		(685,101)		4,698,493		14.58%	182.10%
2020	0.039008	600%		(646,076)		4,634,071		13.94%	174.74%
2019	0.039613	050%		(636,541)		4,499,107		14.15%	176.00%
2018	0.039032	930%		1,522,921		4,339,564		35.09%	47.10%
2017	0.038080	750%		2,036,568		4,042,800		50.38%	37.30%
Fiscal Year	Contractua Require Contributi	d	Rela Con	tributions in ation to the ntractually Required ntributions	D	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Sc	hool District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	5,475,229	0.00%
2023		_		_		-		5,364,914	0.00%
2022		_		-		-		5,144,829	0.00%
2021		_		_		-		5,021,207	0.00%
2020		_		_		-		4,698,493	0.00%
2019		_		-		-		4,634,071	0.00%
2018		-		-		-		4,499,107	0.00%
2017		-		-		-		4,339,564	0.00%
2016		-		-		-		4,042,800	0.00%
2015		-		-		-		3,985,107	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	614,726
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(113,765)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(146,090)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(30,588)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(16,118)
Adjustments for encumbrances		84,616
GAAP Basis	\$	392,781

As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund. This includes the public school support fund.

At July 1, 2023 the beginning budgetary fund balance was restated from \$15,111,652 to \$15,064,663 to exclude the School District's public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- For fiscal year 2019, with the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2024.

Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2024.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2024.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: the projected salary increases went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2024.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2024.

Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%, and (c) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22% to 2.63%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 1.92% to 3.69%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 2.27% to 4.08% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 5.125% to 4.40% Medicare and 6.75% to 4.40% Pre-Medicare to 7.00% to 4.40%.
- For fiscal year 2024, the following changes of assumptions affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 3.69% to 3.86%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 4.08% to 4.27% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 7.00% to 4.40% to 6.75% to 4.40%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2024.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projected salary increase went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by services from 2.50% to 8.50% and (b) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate; medical Medicare from -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate to 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate; Medicare from 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2024, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate to 7.50% initial 4.14% ultimate; medical Medicare from -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate to -10.94% initial 4.14% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate to -11.95% initial 4.14% ultimate; Medicare from -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate to 1.33% initial 4.14% ultimate.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education & Workforce			
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$ 28,704
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance	10.555		186,001
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Total National School Lunch Program			35,116 221,117
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			249,821
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			249,821
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education and Workforce			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		176,540
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173	\$ 221,923 5,190 227,113	221,923 5,190 227,113
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424		21,551
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (Formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367		29,758
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	1,987	1,987
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund: Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425U		49,171 394,217 443,388
Total U.S. Department of Education		229,100	900,337
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Facilities Construction Commission			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - OFCC K-12 Safety Grant	21.027		300,000
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			300,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Four County Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services			
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of Regional and National Significance	93.243		10,081
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			10,081
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 229,100	\$ 1,460,239

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2024

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The School District passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the School District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a pass-through entity, the School District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2024 (Continued)

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2024 to 2025 programs:

			<u>Amt.</u>
Program Title	AL Number	<u>Trai</u>	<u>nsferred</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	3,338
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	\$	1.914

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65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County 6900 State Route 18 Hamler, Ohio 43524-9781

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Patrick Henry Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters
Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 27, 2025



65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Patrick Henry Local School District Henry County 6900 State Route 18 Hamler, Ohio 43524-9781

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Patrick Henry Local School District, Henry County, Ohio's, (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Patrick Henry Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Patrick Henry Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Patrick Henry Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Patrick Henry Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The School District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Patrick Henry Local School District
Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 27, 2025

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) – AL #21.027
		Education Stabilization Fund – Elementary and Secondary School Education Relief – AL #84.425D and 84.425U
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes
		•

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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PATRICK HENRY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HENRY COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/18/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370