## ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

**SINGLE AUDIT** 

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Anna Local School District 1 McRill Way Anna, OH 45302

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Anna Local School District, Shelby County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Anna Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 29, 2024



# ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

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333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Anna Local School District Shelby County 1 McRill Way Anna, Ohio 45302

To the Members of the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Anna Local School District, Shelby County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Anna Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Anna Local School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and where applicable cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Anna Local School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Anna Local School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Anna Local School District Shelby County Independent Auditor's Report

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Anna Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anna Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Anna Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Anna Local School District Shelby County Independent Auditor's Report

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Anna Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2023 on our consideration of the Anna Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anna Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Anna Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 17, 2023

Julian & Sube, Elne.

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		
Assets		1.5.0.51.1=4	
Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$	16,961,472 1,254,051	
Total Assets	\$	18,215,523	
Net Position			
Restricted for: Debt Service	\$	2 200 002	
Capital Outlay	\$	2,388,892 410,750	
Other Purposes		1,423,882	
Unrestricted		13,991,999	
Total Net Position	\$	18,215,523	

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Net Position  Governmental  Activities
	Bisoursements	una bares	una microst	una interest	Territies
Instruction:	\$ 6,474,834	¢ 225.800	\$ 261,114	\$ 0	\$ (5,887,911)
Regular		\$ 325,809		\$ 0 0	
Special Vocational	1,710,944	87,322 0	746,121	0	(877,501)
	458,310		88,946		(369,364)
Student Intervention Services	16,245	0	0	0	(16,245)
Other	100,580	0	0	0	(100,580)
Support Services:	221 070	25.555	25.001	0	(250, 422)
Pupil	331,879	37,575	35,881	0	(258,423)
Instructional Staff	451,254	0	29,008	0	(422,246)
Board of Education	20,418	0	0	0	(20,418)
Administration	941,076	0	0	0	(941,076)
Fiscal	457,444	0	0	0	(457,444)
Business	80,516	0	5,400	0	(75,116)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,417,229	0	0	0	(1,417,229)
Pupil Transportation	979,196	4,904	180,000	0	(794,292)
Central	285,742	5,604	0	0	(280,138)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	607,715	420,896	214,222	0	27,403
Extracurricular Activities	993,530	512,125	38,554	0	(442,851)
Capital Outlay	881,023	0	0	32,963	(848,060)
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	915,000	0	0	0	(915,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	325,150	0	0	0	(325,150)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 17,448,085	\$ 1,394,235	\$ 1,599,246	\$ 32,963	(14,421,641)
	General Receipt	ts			
	Property Taxes L				
	General Purpose				3,580,613
	Debt Service				526,414
	Capital Outlay				175,104
	Income Taxes Le	evied for Genera	l Purnoses		3,594,110
	Grants and Entitl		•		5,55 1,110
	to Specific Prog		iricica		6,798,692
	Interest	,141115			100,734
	Payment in Lieu	of Taxes			2,000
	Miscellaneous	or runes			87,917
	Total General Re	14,865,584			
	Change in Net Po	osition			443,943
	Net Position Beg	inning of Year			17,771,580

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and				
Investments	\$ 12,335,448	\$ 2,388,892	\$ 1,766,179	\$ 16,490,519
Restricted Asset:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	70,953	0	0	70,953
Total Assets	\$ 12,406,401	\$ 2,388,892	\$ 1,766,179	\$ 16,561,472
Fund Balances				
Restricted	\$ 70,953	\$ 2,388,892	\$ 1,763,679	\$ 4,223,524
Committed	0	0	2,500	2,500
Assigned	121,263	0	0	121,263
Unassigned	12,214,185	0	0	12,214,185
Total Fund Balances	\$ 12,406,401	\$ 2,388,892	\$ 1,766,179	\$ 16,561,472

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30,2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$16,561,472
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The cash and cash equivalents of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.	1 654 051
	1,654,051
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$18,215,523

#### Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts				
Property Taxes	\$ 3,580,613	\$ 526,414	\$ 175,104	\$ 4,282,131
Income Tax	3,594,110	0	0	3,594,110
Intergovernmental	7,057,426	215,450	1,120,255	8,393,131
Interest	100,734	0	463	101,197
Tuition and Fees	356,593	0	0	356,593
Extracurricular Activities	43,179	0	486,264	529,443
Customer Sales and Services	0	0	420,896	420,896
Rentals	52,550	0	0	52,550
Gifts and Donations	17,733	0	68,554	86,287
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	2,000	0	0	2,000
Miscellaneous	61,517	0	1,480	62,997
Total Receipts	14,866,455	741,864	2,273,016	17,881,335
Disbursements				
Current:				
Instruction:	( 11( 95(	0	211.052	( (57,000
Regular	6,446,856	0	211,052	6,657,908
Special Vocational	1,371,749	0	380,646	1,752,395
Student Intervention Services	463,168	0	5,505 0	468,673
Other	16,245	0	0	16,245
	100,580	U	U	100,580
Support Services: Pupil	201 100	0	40.770	221 970
•	291,100	0	40,779	331,879
Instructional Staff	439,512		29,013	468,525
Board of Education Administration	20,418	0	0	20,418
Administration Fiscal	965,256			965,256
Business	457,191 75,116	10,404 0	3,665 5,400	471,260
		0		80,516
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation	1,424,509 809,559	0	13,445 180,000	1,437,954
Central	220,936	0	68,260	989,559 289,196
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	220,930	0	624,986	624,986
Extracurricular Activities	453,584	0		
		0	543,400	996,984
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	127,828	U	753,195	881,023
Principal Retirement	0	915,000	0	915,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0		0	*
Ç		325,150		325,150
Total Disbursements	13,683,607	1,250,554	2,859,346	17,793,507
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	1,182,848	(508,690)	(586,330)	87,828
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of Capital Assets	10,693	0	0	10,693
Transfers In	0	425,000	84,068	509,068
Transfers Out	(509,068)	0	0	(509,068)
Advances In	150,000	0	0	150,000
Advances Out	0	0	(150,000)	(150,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	(348,375)	425,000	(65,932)	10,693
Net Change in Fund Balances	834,473	(83,690)	(652,262)	98,521
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	11,571,928	2,472,582	2,418,441	16,462,951
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 12,406,401	\$ 2,388,892	\$ 1,766,179	\$ 16,561,472

Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$98,521
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different	
because:	
The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual	
funds is not reported in the District-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund	
disbursements and the related internal service fund receipts are eliminated. The net receipts	
(disbursements) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	345,422
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$443,943

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Cash Basis Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Budget Basis General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Receipts					
Property Taxes	\$ 3,580,000	\$ 3,547,190	\$ 3,580,613	\$ 33,423	
Income Tax	3,534,767	3,560,560	3,594,110	33,550	
Intergovernmental	6,995,685	6,991,547	7,057,426	65,879	
Interest	130,000	99,794	100,734	940	
Tuition and Fees	270,000	294,138	296,910	2,772	
Rentals	52,150	52,059	52,550	491	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,500	1,981	2,000	19	
Gifts and Donations	500	297	300	3	
Miscellaneous	40,100	60,943	61,517	574	
Total Receipts	14,605,702	14,608,509	14,746,160	137,651	
Disbursements					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	9,751,400	9,767,650	6,363,453	3,404,197	
Special	423,900	404,900	1,417,749	(1,012,849)	
Vocational	62,000	62,000	463,046	(401,046)	
Student Intervention Services	18,000	18,000	16,245	1,755	
Other	0	0	100,580	(100,580)	
Support Services:					
Pupil	62,000	62,000	248,346	(186,346)	
Instructional Staff	1,733,700	1,733,700	439,512	1,294,188	
Board of Education	24,100	23,790	20,605	3,185	
Administration	174,300	176,180	965,310	(789,130)	
Fiscal	201,400	202,580	460,201	(257,621)	
Business	66,000	66,000	75,116	(9,116)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	866,900	866,900	1,428,182	(561,282)	
Pupil Transportation Central	410,100	410,100	809,559	(399,459)	
Extracurricular Activities	74,200 270,000	74,200 270,000	244,138 453,584	(169,938) (183,584)	
Capital Outlay	115,000	115,000	127,828	(12,828)	
Total Disbursements	14,253,000	14,253,000	13,633,454	619,546	
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	352,702	355,509	1,112,706	757,197	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	12,000	10,593	10,693	100	
Advances In	150,000	148,600	150,000	1,400	
Transfers Out	(509,068)	(509,068)	(509,068)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(347,068)	(349,875)	(348,375)	1,500	
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,634	5,634	764,331	758,697	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	10,772,410	10,772,410	10,772,410	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	336,503	336,503	336,503	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 11,114,547	\$ 11,114,547	\$ 11,873,244	\$ 758,697	

Statement of Fund Net Position - Cash Basis Internal Service Fund June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities Insurance
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$400,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,254,051
	\$1,654,051
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 1,654,051

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Position - Cash Basis Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities Insurance	
Operating Receipts		
Charges for Services	\$	2,008,451
Operating Disbursements		
Purchased Services		458,883
Claims		1,222,023
Total Operating Disbursements		1,680,906
Operating Income		327,545
Non-Operating Receipts		
Interest		17,877
Change in Net Position		345,422
Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,308,629
Net Position - End of Year		\$1,654,051

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Anna Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state and federal agencies.

The District serves an area of approximately 70 square miles. It is located in Shelby County, and includes all of the Villages of Anna and Kettlersville and all or part of Van Buren, Dinsmore, Franklin, Turtle Creek, Salem and McLean Townships. It is staffed by 54 non-certified employees, 70 certified full-time teaching personnel, and seven administrative employees who provide services to 1,098 students and other community members. The District currently operates two instructional buildings and one vocational agriculture building.

#### Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Anna Local School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable and for which a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District is financially accountable for an organization if an organization is fiscally dependent on the District and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board. Component units may also include organizations that do not otherwise meet the criteria for inclusion if it is determined that their exclusion would be misleading. Anna Local School District does not have any component units.

The District participates in three jointly governed organizations and three insurance purchasing pools. A jointly governed organization is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility on the part of the participating governments. An insurance purchasing pool is an organization formed by a group of governments to pool funds or resources to purchase commercial insurance policies. These organizations are discussed in Notes 12 and 13 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Western Ohio Computer Organization Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Anna Local Schools Education Foundation

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

**Insurance Purchasing Pools:** 

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan Jefferson Health Plan Consortium Ohio School Plan

## **NOTE 2-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting.

This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis. The District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). Differences between disbursements reported in the fund statements versus budgetary disbursements are due to encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and certain funds are added to the General Fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets.

#### A. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, receipts, or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Governmental Fund Types - The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund - The Bond Retirement Fund accounts for property tax revenues and State exemption reimbursements collected for the payment of general obligation bonded debt.

The other governmental funds of the District are used to account for property tax revenues and exemption reimbursements collected for capital improvements, grants, and other resources to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

*Proprietary Fund Type* – Proprietary funds reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund – An internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's only internal service fund is a self-insurance fund that accounts for medical, prescription, and dental claims of the District's employees.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District does not have any fiduciary funds.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of a government-wide statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements providing more detailed financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include all funds of the District except for fiduciary funds.

The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" of receipts and disbursements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the District's general receipts.

**Fund Financial Statements:** Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the fund's principal services. Operating disbursements include claims and purchased services. The fund statement reports all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

#### C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District pools cash from all funds for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments" on the financial statements.

The District values investments and cash equivalents at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipted into the General Fund during fiscal year 2023 was \$100,734, which included \$33,944 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased are deemed cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. During fiscal year 2023, the District invested in U.S. Government Agency securities, municipal bonds, STAR Ohio, commercial paper, a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, and negotiable certificates of deposit.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio and U.S. Government money market mutual funds at the net asset value (NAV) provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

There were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

The District participates in the Jefferson Health Plan insurance consortium for self-insurance. These monies are reflected on the Statement of Net Position as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent." The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent for the insurance consortium.

#### D. Inventory and Prepaid Items

On the cash basis of accounting, inventories of supplies are reported as disbursements when purchased.

#### E. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

#### F. Compensated Absences

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

### G. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability and net OPEB asset, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### H. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** - The nonspendable fund balance category includes funds that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Restricted** – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed Fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned balances represent intended uses established by policies of the Board of Education.

**Unassigned** – Unassigned balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The District applies committed resources first and then assigned resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance is available.

#### I. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily includes resources restricted for food service operations, school facilities maintenance, athletics, student activities, and federal and state grants.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### J. Internal Activity

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchasing funds. Non-exchange flows of cash from one fund to another are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### K. Budgetary Data

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and appropriation resolution, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the first digit object level within the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of control within the General Fund was established at the first digit object level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate that was in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease, SBITA, or financed purchase transaction is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments, SBITA payments, and financed purchase payments are reported when paid.

#### M. Leases and SBITA's

For fiscal year 2023, GASB Statement No 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) was effective. This GASB Pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

The District is the lessee in a noncancelable copier lease. Lease payables are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. Lease disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The District has entered into noncancelable SBITA contracts (as defined by GASB 96) for several types of software including contracts related to financial systems, scheduling, curriculum, grading systems, document storage, and various other software. Subscription liabilities are not reflected under the District's cash basis of accounting. Subscription disbursements are recognized when they are paid.

#### N. Receipts

#### Program Receipts

In the statement of activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the District's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. The District has the following program receipts: charges for services and sales, operating and capital grants, contributions, and interest. All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### O. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the General fund represent amounts required by State statute to be set aside for the replacement of school buses.

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories. Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage and the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the District's self-insurance internal service fund had a balance of \$1,254,051 with the Jefferson Health Plan Consortium, a claims servicing pool (see Note 13). The money is held by the claims servicer in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be classified by risk under GASB Statement No. 3. The classification of cash and cash equivalents for the Jefferson Health Plan Consortium as a whole may be obtained from the Plan's fiscal agent, the Jefferson County Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information, write to the Jefferson Health Plan Consortium, 2023 Sunset Boulevard, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

#### A. Deposits

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured.

#### B. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities				
	Carrying	Less Than	One to	Three to	More Than
Investment Type	Value	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Five Years
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$1,898,093	\$599,619	\$1,298,474	\$0	\$0
Federal Home Loan Bank	5,595,877	0	3,097,479	2,498,398	0
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	2,799,590	499,870	1,499,720	800,000	0
Federal National Mortgage Assn	200,000	0	200,000	0	0
Municipal Bonds	1,639,182	0	326,019	721,711	591,452
First American Treasury Obligation	12,124	12,124	0	0	0
STAR Ohio	1,846,514	1,846,514	0	0	0
Negotiable CD's	1,325,000	440,000	480,000	405,000	0
Commercial Paper	684,582	684,582	0	0	0
Total	\$16,000,962	\$4,082,709	\$6,901,692	\$4,425,109	\$591,452

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

*Interest Rate Risk:* State statute limits the maturity of investments to five years unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District. The District does not have a formal investment policy that further limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2023, 12% of the District's investments were in the Federal Farm Credit Bank, 35% were in the Federal Home Loan Bank, 17% were in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and 12% were in STAR Ohio.

Credit Risk: State statute limits investments in corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The District's investments in the Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal National Mortgage Association were rated AAA by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's at June 30, 2023. The District's investments in municipal bonds were rated A1, Aa1, and Aa3 by Moody's Investor's Service and AA or AAA by Standard and Poor's. STAR Ohio and the First American Treasury Obligation Fund carry a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in commercial paper were rated P-1 by Moody's Investors Service and A-1 or A-1+ by Standard and Poor's at June 30, 2023. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated, but are fully insured by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

#### **NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 (other than public utility property) represent the taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually.

If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES** (continued)

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State Statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Shelby County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Second- Half Collections		2023 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$180,571,940	97.26%	\$182,226,720	97.19%
Public Utility – Personal	5,092,240	2.74	5,273,090	2.81
Total Assessed Value	\$185,664,180	100.00%	\$187,499,810	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$32.86		\$32.36	

#### **NOTE 5 - INCOME TAX**

The District levies a voted tax of 1.50 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The first .50 percent tax was effective on January 1, 1983. An additional .75 percent tax became effective January 1, 2011, and an additional .25 percent tax became effective January 1, 2017. All are a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts credited to the General Fund for fiscal year 2023 were \$3,594,110.

#### NOTE 6 – TAX ABATEMENTS OF OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Tax abatement agreements are sometimes entered into by governmental entities to encourage economic development. The Village of Anna has entered into tax abatement agreements with homeowners and businesses that reduce the amount of property tax the District receives. As part of the agreements, the Village of Anna compensates the District \$250 for each home that has its property taxes abated under the agreements.

During fiscal year 2023, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$51,274 under tax abatement agreements entered into by the Village of Anna.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the District joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 13). Each individual participant enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The District pays this annual premium to the OSP. The District contracts for general liability, property, and fleet insurance. Coverages provided include the following:

Building and Contents – replacement cost Automobile Liability Uninsured Motorist General Liability

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last fiscal year, nor have there been any claims in excess of coverage limits in any of the past three years.

#### B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2023, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 13). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund."

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald and Company provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### C. Self-Insurance

The District offers medical, prescription, and dental insurance to all employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The network provider is Medical Mutual and the prescription benefit manager is CVS. Self-Funded Plan, Inc. (SFPI), serves as the third party administrator for the District through the Jefferson Health Plan Consortium. The District also offers vision and life insurance to most employees through Vision Service Plan and Medical Life, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A comparison of self-insurance cash and investments to the actuarily measured liability as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (latest information available) is as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash and Investments	\$1,654,051	\$1,308,629
Actuarial Liability	\$308,299	\$302,751

## NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The net pension liability is disclosed as a commitment and not reported on the face of the financial statements as a liability because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

## Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 9 for the required OPEB disclosures.

## Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to	
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after	
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017	
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit	
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit	

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2023.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$292,842 for fiscal year 2023.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$869,864 for fiscal year 2023.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share of the net pension liability:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.05515490%	0.04779328%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.05291150%	0.04561180%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00224340%	-0.00218148%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,861,865	\$10,139,561	\$13,001,426

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.4 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.0 percent, on or after
	April 1, 2018, COLAs for future
	retirees will be delayed for three
	years following commencement
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of
	System expenses
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
	(Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

### NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability for 2022 was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$4,212,529	\$2,861,865	\$1,723,950

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
T. (1)	2.50
Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 12.5 percent
	based on age
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

For 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, post-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates, thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Target allocation percentage is effective July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3 month period concluding on October 1, 2022

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Inc		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$15,317,185	\$10,139,561	\$5,760,894

<sup>\*\* 10</sup> year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

The net OPEB liability (asset) is not reported on the face of the financial statements as a liability (asset) because of the use of the cash basis framework.

See note 8 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

## Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

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Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2023, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$36,426.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$36,426 for fiscal year 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## **NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS** (continued)

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

#### Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)			
Prior Measurement Date	0.05687690%	0.04779329%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0520207007	0.045(11000/	
Current Measurement Date	0.05383060%	0.04561180%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00304630%	-0.00218149%	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$755,787	\$0	\$755,787
Net OPEB (Asset)	0	(1,181,041)	(1,181,041)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	on
Wage Increases	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Fiduciary Net Position is Projected	
to be Depleted	2044
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Prior Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,	
net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	4.08 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.27 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	7.00 to 4.40 percent

Mortality rates among healthy retirees were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Mortality rates for contingent survivors were based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females. Mortality rates for actives is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 4.08 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022, and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022 and 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease 3.08%	Discount Rate 4.08'%	1% Increase 5.08%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$938,699	\$755,787	\$608,128
	1% Decrease 6.00 % decreasing to 3.40%)	Trend Rate (7.00 % decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (8.00 % decreasing to 5.40%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$582,848	\$755,787	\$981,674

## Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by age from 2.5 percent to 12.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial	5.00 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-68.78 percent initial	-16.18 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	9.00 percent initial	6.50 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-5.47 percent initial	29.98 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For 2022, healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Assat Class	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation *	Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights will be phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

<sup>\* 10</sup> year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,091,842)	(\$1,181,041)	(\$1,257,448)
	10/ Dagraga	Current	10/ In one og e
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1,225,027)	(\$1,181,041)	(\$1,125,520)

#### **NOTE 10 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements, board policy, State laws and individual negotiated contracts. Eligible classified employees and administrators earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Accumulated, unused vacation time up to 45 days is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. For classified employees, sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 216 days and is paid out at a rate of 25 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave upon retirement with five years of service, or upon separation with twenty years of service at the District. Upon retirement, payment to the Superintendent is made for 35 percent of accrued, unused sick leave credit. For teachers, sick leave may be accumulated without limit and is paid out upon retirement at a rate of 14 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS** (continued)

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The District is self-insured for medical, prescription, and dental insurance.

### **NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2023 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/22	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/23
General Obligations:				
2007 Bond Issue Advance Refunding Bonds				
3.65 - 5.00%	\$390,000	\$0	\$390,000	\$0
2016 School Facilities Construction and				
Improvement Bonds – Series A – 1.00-4.00%	4,700,000	0	280,000	4,420,000
2016 School Facilities Construction and				
Improvement Bonds – Series B - 1.00 – 4.00%	4,210,000	0	245,000	3,965,000
Total General Obligations	\$9,300,000	\$0	\$915,000	\$8,385,000

As of June 30, 2023, the 2016 Series A Bond Issue had \$285,000 due within a year, and the 2016 Series B Bond Issue had \$250,000 due within a year.

On March 27, 2007, the District issued \$4,520,000 general obligation school improvement bonds to advance refund \$5,765,000 of the 1998 school improvement bonds. Of these bonds, \$3,320,000 were serial bonds, with maturity dates of December 1, 2007 to December 1, 2022. \$475,000 were term bonds maturing on December 1, 2010 and \$725,000 were term bonds maturing on December 1, 2021.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2010, were subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1, 2009 the principal amount redeemed was \$235,000. The remaining principal amount of these term bonds, \$240,000, was paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2010.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2021 were subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1, 2020 the principal amount to be redeemed was \$355,000. The remaining principal amount of these term bonds, \$370,000, was paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2021.

The proceeds from the refunding bonds, along with a contribution of equity of \$1,475,000 from the District, were used to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government Securities and State and Local Government Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased.

The reacquisition price was higher than the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$188,856. This advance refunding also resulted in a reduction in total debt service payments of \$1,148,761 and resulted in an economic gain of \$380,806

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

On August 18, 2016, the District issued \$11,160,000 bonds for the purpose of constructing, renovating, and improving school facilities under the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program of the Ohio School Facilities Commission. The Series A bonds (\$5,910,000) are voted general obligation bonds and the Series B bonds (\$5,250,000) are unvoted general obligation bonds. Of the \$5,910,000 series A bonds, \$3,395,000 are serial bonds with maturity dates of December 1, 2017 to December 1, 2028, \$1,170,000 are term bonds maturing on December 1, 2031, and \$1,345,000 are term bonds maturing on December 1, 2014. Of the \$5,250,000 series B bonds, \$2,965,000 are serial bonds with maturity dates of December 1, 2017 to December 1, 2028, \$1,055,000 were term bonds maturing on December 1, 2013, and \$1,230,000 are term bonds maturing on December 1, 2034.

The Series A term bonds maturing on December 1, 2031, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The principal amount to be redeemed is \$370,000 on December 1, 2029, and \$390,000 on December 1, 2030. The remaining principal amount of these term bonds, \$410,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2031.

The Series A term bonds maturing on December 1, 2034, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The principal amount to be redeemed is \$430,000 on December 1, 2032, and \$450,000 on December 1, 2033. The remaining principal amount of these term bonds, \$465,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

The Series B term bonds maturing on December 1, 2031, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The principal amount to be redeemed is \$335,000 on December 1, 2029, and \$350,000 on December 1, 2030. The remaining principal amount of these term bonds, \$370,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2031.

The Series B term bonds maturing on December 1, 2034, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The principal amount to be redeemed is \$390,000 on December 1, 2032, and \$410,000 on December 1, 2033. The remaining principal amount of these term bonds, \$430,000, will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

The Bonds are being paid from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

The District's overall legal debt margin was \$10,878,875 at June 30, 2023, and the unvoted debt margin was \$187,500 at June 30, 2023.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

### NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

_	Governmental Activities			
	2016 Series . Construction and General Obliga	Improvement	2016 Series Construction and General Obliga	Improvement
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$285,000	\$161,500	\$250,000	\$145,250
2025	300,000	156,025	260,000	140,475
2026	305,000	147,300	270,000	132,800
2027	325,000	134,700	285,000	121,700
2028	335,000	121,500	300,000	110,000
2029-2033	1,955,000	386,100	1,760,000	349,000
2034-2035	915,000	36,900	840,000	34,000
Totals	\$4,420,000	\$1,144,025	\$3,965,000	\$1,033,225

#### **NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

## A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO). WOCO is a council of governments within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, and Shelby Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Board is made up of two representatives from each county. Ideally one of the two representatives is the superintendent of the Educational Service Center of the county so that all districts are represented. Payments to WOCO are made from the General Fund. The District paid WOCO \$82,334 for services provided during fiscal year 2023. Financial information can be obtained from the WOCO Fiscal Officer, at 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

## **B.** Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of nearly 130 school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

The Council exercises total control over the operations of the Council, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Council. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations.

Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2023, the District did not have to pay any membership fee to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

### NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### C. Anna Local Schools Education Foundation

The Anna Education Foundation is a non-profit corporation whose purpose is to provide financial assistance for enhanced educational and/or career opportunities to residents, employees, and current and former students of the District. The board is made up of nine members, one of which is appointed by the Anna Local School Board. The remaining eight members are elected by the Board of Trustees. Seven of the nine trustees must be residents of the District. During fiscal year 2023, the District did not make any payments to the Anna Education Foundation. Information on this organization can be obtained from David Richard, who serves as Treasurer, at Post Office Box 475, Anna, Ohio 45302.

## **NOTE 13 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS**

#### A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each fiscal year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

## **B.** Jefferson Health Plan Consortium

The District participates in the Jefferson Health Plan (formerly known as Ohio Mid-Eastern Educational Service Agency OME-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing and insurance purchasing pool comprised of ninety-one members, including two insurance consortiums. Each participant appoints a member of the insurance plan's assembly. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the assembly. The plan offers medical, dental, and prescription drug coverage to the members on a self-insured basis, as well as the opportunity to participate in the group purchase of life insurance coverage. The medical coverage plan provides each plan participant the opportunity to choose a self-insurance deductible limit which can range from \$35,000 to \$100,000 under which the individual member is responsible for all claims through the claims servicing pool. Plan participants also participate in a shared risk internal pool for individual claims between the self-insurance deductible limit and \$500,000, and all claims between the deductible and \$500,000 are paid from the internal shared risk pool. The internal pool is not owned by the participants. All participants pay a premium rate that is actuarially calculated based on the participants' actual claims experience which are utilized for the payment of claims within the claims servicing pool up to the self-insurance deductible limit; and for this portion of the plan, all participants retain their own risks.

All participants pay an additional fee for participation in the internal pool that is based on the claims of the internal pool in aggregate and is not based on individual claims experience. In the event of a deficiency in the internal pool, participants would be charged a higher rate for participation, and in the event of a surplus, the internal pool pays dividends to the participants. For all individual claims exceeding \$500,000, stop-loss coverage is purchased, as well as for an annual total plan aggregate claims amount. All plan participants also pay a monthly administration fee for fiscal services and third party administrative services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 13 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS**

#### C. Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP was created and organized pursuant to and authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the sole purpose of enabling members of the OSP to provide for a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance program to maintain adequate self-insurance protection, risk management programs, and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a 12 member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers. The OSP has an agreement with Hylant Administrative Services, LLC to provide underwriting claims management, accounting, system support services, sales, and marketing to the OSP. Hylant Administrative Service, LLC, also coordinates reinsurance brokerage services for the OSP.

## **NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS**

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following information describes the change in the fiscal year-end 2023 set-aside amounts for capital improvements.

	apital ovements_
Set Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2022	\$ 0
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	247,558
Current Year Offsets from Tax Proceeds	 (247,558)
Total	(0)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2023	\$ 0
Set Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2022	\$ 0

The District had current year offsets that reduced the capital improvements set-aside below zero. These extra amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements in future fiscal years. In addition to the above statutory restrictions, the District also had monies for school bus replacements in the amounts of \$70,953. The total restricted balance for all set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$70,953.

#### NOTE 15 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance of the governmental funds is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## <u>NOTE 15 – FUND BALANCE</u> (continued)

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

		Bond	Other	
Fund Balance	General	Retirement	Governmental	Total
Restricted for:				
Bus Purchases	\$70,953	\$0	\$0	\$70,953
Capital Improvement	0	0	403,503	403,503
School Facilities Improvements	0	0	7,248	7,248
School Facilities Maintenance	0	0	587,876	587,876
Debt Retirement	0	2,388,892	0	2,388,892
Ag Safety	0	0	5,892	5,892
Student Wellness	0	0	132,399	132,399
Food Service Operations	0	0	478,178	478,178
Student Activities	0	0	94,637	94,637
Title IV-B	0	0	9,272	9,272
Miami University Grant	0	0	4,321	4,321
Library Improvements	0	0	5,400	5,400
Athletics	0	0	34,953	34,953
<b>Total Restricted</b>	70,953	2,388,892	1,763,679	4,223,524
Committed to:				
Track Resurfacing	0	0	2,500	2,500
<b>Total Committed</b>	0	0	2,500	2,500
Assigned for:				
Unpaid Obligations	90,535	0	0	90,535
Staff Flower Fund	10,850	0	0	10,850
Staff Awards	2,147	0	0	2,147
Wellness/Classroom Instruction	9,752	0	0	9,752
Student Awards/Speakers	7,979	0	0	7,979
Total Assigned	121,263	0	0	121,263
Unassigned	12,214,185	0	0	12,214,185
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	\$12,406,401	\$2,388,892	\$1,766,179	\$16,561,472

## NOTE 16 – TRANSFERS

During fiscal year 2023, the following transfers were made:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$0	\$509,068
Bond Retirement Fund	425,000	0
Other Governmental Funds	84,068	0
Total	\$509,068	\$509,068

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## **NOTE 16 – TRANSFERS** (continued)

The transfers were used to move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; and to use unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

## **NOTE 17 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budget basis and cash basis are:

- (1) outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (cash), and,
- (2) some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the:

## General Fund Net Change in Fund Balance

Cash Basis	\$834,473
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(90,535)
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere**	20,393
Budget Basis	\$764,331

<sup>\*\*</sup>As part of GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes uniform school supplies fund, principal funds, and student award funds.

#### **NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES**

#### Federal and State Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

### NOTE 19 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). For fiscal year 2023, the District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38, the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required annual financial report.

### **NOTE 20 – COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2022 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2023, the District received COVID-19 funding. The District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.



#### ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER/ ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce	_		
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2022 COVID-19, 2023	\$ 118,060 32,197
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2023	173,395
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2023	59,512
Total National School Lunch Program and Child Nutrition Cluster			383,164
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2023	628
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			383,792
U.S. FEDERAL COMMUNICATION COMMISSION	<u></u>		
Direct			
COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program - Equipment	32.009	COVID-19, ECOECF219002808411	32,000
Total Emergency Connectivity Fund Program and U.S. Federal Communication Commission			32,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce	04.010.4	04.010.4. 2022	12.047
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2023	42,067
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	84.027A, 2023	239,631
COVID-19 - Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - ARP IDEA	84.027X	COVID-19, 84.027X, 2023	28,500
Total Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)			268,131
Consortium Amount Passed/Transferred to Midwest Regional Educational Service Center			
Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173A	84.173A, 2023	3,455
Total Special Education Cluster			271,586
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2023	18,227
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2023	10,000
COVID-19 - American Resuce Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	COVID-19, 84,425U, 2023	40,828
COVID-19 - American Resuce Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund - State Activity Supplement	84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425U, 2023	147,872
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			188,700
Total U.S. Department of Education			530,580
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 946,372
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  $2~CFR~\S~200.510(b)(6)$  FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Anna Local School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Anna Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position, or cash flows, of the Anna Local School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. Anna Local School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE 3 – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The Anna Local School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Anna Local School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

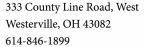
#### NOTE 4 - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Anna Local School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Anna Local School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

#### **NOTE 5 – PASS-THROUGH FUNDS**

The Anna Local School District was awarded federal program allocations to be administered on their behalf by Midwest Regional Educational Service Center. For fiscal year 2023, the Anna Local School District's allocations were as follows:

Grant/Program Name	ALN	ALN Passed/Transferred to		d Amount
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA) 84.173		Midwest Regional Educational Service Center	\$	3,455





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# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Anna Local School District Shelby County 1 McRill Way Anna, Ohio 45302

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Anna Local School District, Shelby County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Anna Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2023, wherein we noted the Anna Local School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Anna Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anna Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anna Local School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Anna Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Anna Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

## Anna Local School District's Response to the Finding

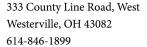
Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Anna Local School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The Anna Local School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anna Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Anna Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 17, 2023

Julian & Sube, Elne.





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## Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Anna Local School District Shelby County 1 McRill Way Anna, Ohio 45302

To the Members of the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Anna Local School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Anna Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Anna Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Anna Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Anna Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Anna Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Anna Local School District's federal programs.

Anna Local School District
Shelby County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Anna Local School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Anna Local School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Anna Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstance.
- Obtain an understanding of the Anna Local School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Anna Local School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

## ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No			
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Child Nutrition Cluster			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A:>\$750,000 Type B: all others			
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No			

## ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2023

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS				
Finding Number 2023-001				

#### Noncompliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 provides each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This presentation differs from GAAP. There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time.

Failure to prepare proper GAAP financial statements may result in the District being fined or other administrative remedies.

The District should prepare its financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

## 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



#1 McRill Way \* P.O. Box 169 \* Anna OH 45302

Superintendent: Andy Bixler \* Treasurer: Cathy Doseck

**Web:** www.anna.k12.oh.us \* **School:** 937-394-2011 \* **Fax:** 937-394-7658

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2023

Finding Number	Year Initially Incurred	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2022-001	2016	Noncompliance - Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). However, the District prepares its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.	Not Corrected	Finding repeated as 2023-001 as the District did not prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP.



#1 McRill Way \* P.O. Box 169 \* Anna OH 45302

Superintendent: Andy Bixler \* Treasurer: Cathy Doseck

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## CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

2 CFR § 200.511(c)

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipation Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2023-001	The District has decided not to file financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles due to the expense of the reports and the time required of the treasurer to compile the data for the reports. The Board also believes that the District does not have a real need for the GAAP reports, as GAAP reports were not requested during the process to secure financing for the OFCC project.	Not Applicable	Cathy Doseck, Treasurer



## ANNA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **SHELBY COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/21/2024

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370