Waverly City School District
Pike County
Single Audit
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

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Board of Education Waverly City School District 1 Tiger Drive Waverly, OH 45690

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Waverly City School District, Pike County, prepared by Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Waverly City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 27, 2018



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Waverly City School District 1 Tiger Drive Waverly, Ohio 45690

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Waverly City School District, Pike County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Waverly City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Waverly City School District, Pike County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of School District contributions on pages 4 through 9, 54, and 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of federal awards expenditures is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of federal awards expenditures is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Waverly City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2017 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA, CITP

Natali Whilhuff Stang

President/Owner

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Portsmouth, Ohio

December 28, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Waverly City School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$3,449,404 from the prior fiscal year.
- General revenues accounted for \$19,348,914 while program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions accounted for \$4,714,319. Total revenues for the School District were \$24,063,233. The School District also reported a special item of \$3,775,000 for legal settlement proceeds.
- The School District had \$24,388,829 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,714,319 of
 these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions.
 General revenues (primarily grants and entitlements and property taxes) were adequate enough to provide
 for these programs.

Using this Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2017?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, required educational programs and other factors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the School District has only one kind of activity:

Governmental activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's major funds. The major funds for the School District are the general fund, the bond retirement debt service fund, and the construction capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds – Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds. The internal service fund is used to account for the financing services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund is used to account for the reimbursement to employees for deductibles on their health insurance.

Fiduciary Funds – The School District's fiduciary funds consist of an agency fund and a private purpose trust fund. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The private purpose trust fund is used to account for college scholarship programs. The School District's agency fund accounts for those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer and faculty advisor. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016:

Table 1 Net Position

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Assets: | | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$18,827,292 | \$15,442,416 |
| Capital Assets, Net | 46,147,201 | 46,138,054 |
| Total Assets | 64,974,493 | 61,580,470 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 5,603,910 | 2,495,711 |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Current and Other Liabilities | 2,128,658 | 2,304,390 |
| Long-Term Liabilities | 39,377,033 | 34,659,113 |
| Total Liabilities | 41,505,691 | 36,963,503 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 4,201,014 | 5,690,384 |
| Net Position: | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 35,316,978 | 34,372,457 |
| Restricted | 6,598,080 | 2,452,653 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (17,043,360) | (15,402,816) |
| Total Net Position | \$24,871,698 | \$21,422,294 |

Current and other assets increased from the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to an increases in cash and cash equivalents for a legal settlement received during the year. Capital assets, net had a small increase compared to the prior fiscal year. This resulted from current year additions being slightly greater than current year depreciation and deletions. Deferred outflows of resources increased due to an increase in amounts related to the School District's proportionate share of the state-wide net pension liability. Current and other liabilities decreased. This is due to a significant decrease in contracts payable, which was partially offset by an increase in accounts payable. Long-term liabilities increased due to an increase in net pension liability and the receipt of bond proceeds. This increase was partially offset by a decrease for principal payments. Deferred inflows of resources decreased due to the current year's amortization and a decrease in amounts related to the School District's proportionate share of the state-wide net pension liability. Net investment in capital assets increased due to the School District's current fiscal year additions and decreases in debt balances for principal payments, which was partially offset by depreciation and deletions and bond proceeds. Restricted net position increased between years due to the receipt of a legal settlement related to the School District's School Facilities Project. Unrestricted net position decreased primarily due to the increase in net pension liability.

Waverly City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

| Change in Net i osition | 2017 | 2016* |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Revenues | | |
| Program Revenues: | | |
| Charges for Services and Sales | \$1,390,180 | \$1,290,279 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 3,323,296 | 3,246,961 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 843 | 28,331 |
| Total Program Revenues | 4,714,319 | 4,565,571 |
| General Revenues: | | |
| Property Taxes | 4,446,961 | 4,121,280 |
| Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs | 13,640,252 | 12,831,037 |
| Grants and Entitlements Restricted for School Facilities | 1,096,312 | 0 |
| Gifts and Donations Not Restricted to Specific Programs | 100 | 0 |
| Gain on Sale of Assets | 1,650 | 202 |
| Investment Earnings | 34,164 | 45,043 |
| Miscellaneous | 129,475 | 332,818 |
| Total General Revenues | 19,348,914 | 17,330,380 |
| Total Revenues | 24,063,233 | 21,895,951 |
| Program Expenses: | | |
| Instruction: | | |
| Regular | 9,486,522 | 8,124,121 |
| Special | 3,696,491 | 3,083,390 |
| Vocational | 247,811 | 140,634 |
| Student Intervention Services | 8,700 | 7,502 |
| Other | 1,249,218 | 1,144,778 |
| Support Services: | | |
| Pupils | 940,633 | 882,753 |
| Instructional Staff | 764,685 | 712,053 |
| Board of Education | 40,627 | 47,069 |
| Administration | 1,633,100 | 1,407,046 |
| Fiscal | 514,189 | 493,866 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 2,026,516 | 1,744,588 |
| Pupil Transportation | 1,382,385 | 1,152,591 |
| Central | 1,438 | 0 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 1,253,252 | 1,222,096 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 764,991 | 656,579 |
| Debt Service: | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 297,178 | 389,706 |
| Issuance Costs | 81,093 | 0 |
| Total Expenses | 24,388,829 | 21,208,772 |
| Special Item | 3,775,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Change in Net Position | 3,449,404 | 2,187,179 |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year | 21,422,294 | 19,235,115 |
| Net Position at End of Year | \$24,871,698 | \$21,422,294 |
| | | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

*Certain reclassifications were made for consistency of presentation between years.

Program revenues, which are primarily represented by charges for tuition, fees, sales, and extracurricular activities, as well as restricted intergovernmental revenue, were \$4,714,319 for fiscal year 2017. Program revenues remained relatively consistent between years.

As previously mentioned, general revenues were \$19,348,914 for fiscal year 2017. The majority of these revenues are in the form of grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, grants and entities restricted for school facilities, and property taxes. These revenue sources were relatively consistent between years except that unrestricted grants and entitlements increased due to an increase in funding from the State Foundation and restricted grants and entitlements increased due to more funding received from the Ohio School Facilities Commission.

Special items also increased this year due to additional funds received for legal settlements.

As should be expected, instruction costs represent the largest of the School District's expenses for fiscal year 2017. Expenses remained relatively consistent between years except that regular instruction increased due to increases in personnel costs.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, sales and grants and contributions offsetting those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted grants and entitlements. The community and the State of Ohio, as a whole, provide the vast majority of resources for the School District's students.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 12. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$24,011,083 and total expenditures of \$24,291,833.

The net change in fund balance for the fiscal year in the general fund was a decrease of \$677,026. This decrease was the result of the School District transferring out more funds in the current fiscal year than in the prior year. The School District had increases in revenues and expenditures. Revenues increased due to more foundation funding received over the prior year. Expenditures increased due to an increase in capital outlay expenditures for various remediation projects and other capital asset additions. Increases in expenditures outpaced increases in revenues.

The bond retirement fund balance increased \$206,012, due to revenues in excess of expenditures.

The construction fund balance increased \$3,882,285, due to the legal settlement and additional School Facilities funding received.

General Fund - Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. During the course of fiscal year 2017, the School District revised its budget as it attempted to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues were \$16,729,228 and final budgeted revenues were \$19,267,337. This represents an increase in estimated revenues of \$2,538,109, which was due primarily to an increase in expected intergovernmental revenues. Original budgeted expenditures were \$17,172,928 and final budgeted expenditures were \$19,615,518. This represents an increase in appropriations of \$2,442,590, which was due primarily to increases for capital outlay expenditures, much of which was budgeted within functional expenditures.

The School District's ending unobligated cash balance was \$1,135 above the final budgeted amount in the general fund.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the School District had \$46,147,201 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Additions to capital assets primarily consisted of the conversion of prior construction in progress related to the athletic facility and remediation projects into buildings and other assets, and the addition of construction in progress for water line remediation, in addition to various furniture and equipment. For more information on capital assets, refer to note 9 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2017, the School District had \$3,909,649 in outstanding long-term general obligation debt, which includes serial bonds and related premium. The School District's long-term liabilities also include a loan, certificates of participation, capital leases, and compensated absences.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$12,908,729 with an unvoted debt margin of \$184,764, and an energy conservation debt margin of \$1,662,873 at June 30, 2017.

For more information on debt, refer to note 14 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Claudia Zaler, Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer of Waverly City Board of Education, 1 Tiger Drive, Waverly, OH 45690 or e-mail at czaler@waverly.k12.oh.us.

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

| | Governmental Activities |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Assets: | \$13,772,875 |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Materials and Supplies Inventory | \$13,772,873 5,575 |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | 201,696 |
| Property Taxes Receivable | 4,847,146 |
| Capital Assets: | 7,077,170 |
| Land | 721,374 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,102,487 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, net | 44,323,340 |
| Total Assets | 64,974,493 |
| | , , |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | |
| Pension | 5,603,910 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 5,603,910 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Accounts Payable | 254,442 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 1,412,071 |
| Contracts Payable | 101,129 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 256,581 |
| Undistributed Monies | 202 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 40,710 |
| Matured Compensated Absences Payable | 23,841 |
| Claims Payable | 39,682 |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | 4 404 00- |
| Due Within One Year | 1,101,827 |
| Due in More Than One Year | 10,538,369 |
| Net Pension Liability | 27,736,837 |
| Total Liabilities | 41,505,691 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | |
| Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations | 3,787,240 |
| Pension | 413,774 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 4,201,014 |
| Net Position: | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 35,316,978 |
| Restricted for Debt Service | 1,530,287 |
| Restricted for Capital Outlay | 4,872,725 |
| Restricted for Other Purposes | 195,068 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (17,043,360) |
| Total Net Position | \$24,871,698 |

Waverly City School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | | | | | Net (Expense) |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | Program Revenues | | Revenue and |
| | | Charges for | Operating Grants | Capital Grants | Changes in |
| | Expenses | Services and Sales | and Contributions | and Contributions | Net Position |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | |
| Regular | \$9,486,522 | \$392,031 | \$150,940 | \$0 | (\$8,943,551) |
| Special | 3,696,491 | 120,698 | 2,283,109 | 0 | (1,292,684) |
| Vocational | 247,811 | 11,090 | 47,817 | 0 | (188,904) |
| Student Intervention Services | 8,700 | 418 | 0 | 0 | (8,282) |
| Other | 1,249,218 | 60,054 | 0 | 0 | (1,189,164) |
| Support Services: | | | | | |
| Pupils | 940,633 | 50,358 | 3,162 | 0 | (887,113) |
| Instructional Staff | 764,685 | 23,062 | 27,107 | 0 | (714,516) |
| Board of Education | 40,627 | 1,962 | 0 | 0 | (38,665) |
| Administration | 1,633,100 | 82,754 | 116,173 | 0 | (1,434,173) |
| Fiscal | 514,189 | 21,616 | 0 | 0 | (492,573) |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 2,026,516 | 82,879 | 0 | 843 | (1,942,794) |
| Pupil Transportation | 1,382,385 | 96,624 | 3,941 | 0 | (1,281,820) |
| Central | 1,438 | 69 | 0 | 0 | (1,369) |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 1,253,252 | 204,880 | 677,225 | 0 | (371,147) |
| Extracurricular Activities | 764,991 | 241,685 | 13,822 | 0 | (509,484) |
| Debt Service: | | | | | |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 297,178 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (297,178) |
| Issuance Costs | 81,093 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (81,093) |
| | | | | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$24,388,829 | \$1,390,180 | \$3,323,296 | \$843 | (19,674,510) |
| | | | General Revenues: Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes Debt Service Permanent Improveme Classroom Facilities M Grants and Entitlements Restricted for Specific Grants and Entitlements for School Facilities Unrestricted Gifts and Dr Gain on Sale of Assets Investment Earnings Miscellaneous | ents faintenance not Programs Restricted | 3,522,472 663,033 199,875 61,581 13,640,252 1,096,312 100 1,650 34,164 129,475 |
| | | | Total General Revenues | | 19,348,914 |
| | | | Special Item-Settlement Change in Net Position | | 3,775,000 3,449,404 |
| | | | Net Position Beginning o | of Year | 21,422,294 |
| | | | Net Position End of Year | | \$24,871,698 |

Waverly City School District
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
As of June 30, 2017

| | General Fund | Bond Retirement Fund | Construction Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$7,119,924 | \$1,306,016 | \$4,819,071 | \$209,695 | \$13,454,706 |
| Materials and Supplies Inventory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,575 | 5,575 |
| Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable | 151,011 57,555 | 0 | 0 | 0 144,141 | 151,011 201,696 |
| Property Taxes Receivable | 3,874,512 | 724,518 | 0 | 248,116 | 4,847,146 |
| Troperty Taxes Receivable | 3,874,312 | 724,316 | | 246,110 | 4,847,140 |
| Total Assets | \$11,203,002 | \$2,030,534 | \$4,819,071 | \$607,527 | \$18,660,134 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$253,024 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,418 | \$254,442 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 1,252,155 | 0 | 0 | 159,916 | 1,412,071 |
| Contracts Payable | 101,129 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101,129 |
| Interfund Payable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151,011 | 151,011 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 243,804 | 0 | 0 | 12,777 | 256,581 |
| Undistributed Monies | 202 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 202 |
| Matured Compensated Absences Payable | 23,841 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23,841 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,874,155 | 0 | 0 | 325,122 | 2,199,277 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current | | | | | |
| Year Operations | 3,028,925 | 564,703 | 0 | 193,612 | 3,787,240 |
| Unavailable Revenue | 505,814 | 85,149 | 0 | 84,687 | 675,650 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 3,534,739 | 649,852 | 0 | 278,299 | 4,462,890 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 3,867 | 0 | 0 | 5,575 | 9,442 |
| Restricted | 0 | 1,380,682 | 4,819,071 | 212,530 | 6,412,283 |
| Committed | 92,018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 92,018 |
| Assigned | 241,771 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 241,771 |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | 5,456,452 | 0 | 0 | (213,999) | 5,242,453 |
| Total Fund (Deficit) Balances | 5,794,108 | 1,380,682 | 4,819,071 | 4,106 | 11,997,967 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, | | | | | |
| and Fund Balances | \$11,203,002 | \$2,030,534 | \$4,819,071 | \$607,527 | \$18,660,134 |

Waverly City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2017

| Total Governmental Fund Balances | | \$11,997,967 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 46,147,201 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | |
| Intergovernmental Taxes Total | 113,263 562,387 | 675,650 |
| The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of deductible reimbursements to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. | | 278,487 |
| | | 270,407 |
| In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. | | (40,710) |
| The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: | | |
| Deferred Outflows-Pension Deferred Inflows-Pension Net Pension Liability Total | 5,603,910 (413,774) (27,736,837) | (22,546,701) |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds and related liabilities, capital leases, loans, lease-purchase agreements, and the long-term portion of compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Refunding Bonds Premium on Refunding Bonds Energy Loan Certificates of Participation Premium on Certificates of Participation Lease-Purchase Agreement Compensated Absences | (3,720,000) (189,649) (1,437,622) (3,680,000) (121,852) (1,681,100) (809,973) | (11 (40 100) |
| Total Not Position of Covernmental Activities | | (11,640,196) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | _ | \$24,871,698 |

Waverly City School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | General Fund | Bond Retirement Fund | Construction Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$3,482,237 | \$652,047 | \$0 | \$239,154 | \$4,373,438 |
| Intergovernmental | 14,782,655 | 108,430 | 1,096,312 | 2,060,194 | 18,047,591 |
| Interest | 46,959 | 0 | 3,420 | 125 | 50,504 |
| Decrease in Fair Value of Investments | (16,247) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (16,247) |
| Tuition and Fees | 879,349 | 0 | 0 | 26,474 | 905,823 |
| Rent | 2,650 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,650 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 23,383 | 0 | 0 | 254,624 | 278,007 |
| Gifts and Donations | 19,595 | 0 | 0 | 16,547 | 36,142 |
| Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous | 0 106,848 | 2,000 | 0 | 203,700 20,627 | 203,700 129,475 |
| Total Revenues | 19,327,429 | 762,477 | 1,099,732 | 2,821,445 | 24,011,083 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | |
| Regular | 7,235,908 | 0 | 0 | 140,670 | 7,376,578 |
| Special | 2,364,149 | 0 | 0 | 1,018,871 | 3,383,020 |
| Vocational | 243,502 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 243,502 |
| Student Intervention Services | 8,700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,700 |
| Other | 1,243,439 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,243,439 |
| Support Services: | 909 257 | 0 | 0 | 7.000 | 816,147 |
| Pupils Instructional Staff | 808,257 438,758 | 0 | 0 | 7,890 27,188 | 465,946 |
| Board of Education | 40,062 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40,062 |
| Administration | 1,317,856 | 0 | 0 | 107,860 | 1,425,716 |
| Fiscal | 430,808 | 25,996 | 0 | 9,285 | 466.089 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,660,205 | 0 | 120,259 | 156,503 | 1,936,967 |
| Pupil Transportation | 1,240,819 | 0 | 0 | 33,247 | 1,274,066 |
| Central | 1,438 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,438 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 5,431 | 0 | 0 | 1,091,143 | 1,096,574 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 338,082 | 0 | 0 | 233,970 | 572,052 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,477,484 | 0 | 1,139,987 | 54,632 | 2,672,103 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | |
| Principal | 397,008 | 4,230,000 | 0 | 40,000 | 4,667,008 |
| Interest | 196,045 | 148,988 | 0 | 21,700 | 366,733 |
| Issuance Costs | 0 | 81,093 | 0 | 0 | 81,093 |
| Total Expenditures | 19,447,951 | 4,486,077 | 1,260,246 | 2,942,959 | 28,137,233 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (120,522) | (3,723,600) | (160,514) | (121,514) | (4,126,150) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers In | 0 | 0 | 267,799 | 290,355 | 558,154 |
| Refunding Bonds Issued | 0 | 3,720,000 | 0 | 0 | 3,720,000 |
| Premium on Refunding Bonds Issued | 0 | 209,612 | 0 | 0 | 209,612 |
| Proceeds from Sale of Assets | 1,650 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,650 |
| Transfers Out | (558,154) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (558,154) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (556,504) | 3,929,612 | 267,799 | 290,355 | 3,931,262 |
| Special Item-Settlement | 0 | 0 | 3,775,000 | 0 | 3,775,000 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (677,026) | 206,012 | 3,882,285 | 168,841 | 3,580,112 |
| Fund (Deficit) Balances at Beginning of Year | 6,471,134 | 1,174,670 | 936,786 | (164,735) | 8,417,855 |
| Fund Balances at End of Year | \$5,794,108 | \$1,380,682 | \$4,819,071 | \$4,106 | \$11,997,967 |

Waverly City School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds | | \$3,580,112 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions exceeded depreciation in the current period. | | |
| Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total | 2,672,103 (2,662,812) | 9,291 |
| Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. | | (144) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | |
| Intergovernmental Taxes Total | (23,023) 73,523 | 50,500 |
| The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. | | (24,686) |
| Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. | | 1,434,968 |
| Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. | | (2,304,974) |
| Long-term debt proceeds are other financing sources in the governmental funds but the issuance increases the long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. | | |
| Refunding Bonds Issued Premium on Refunding Bonds Issued Total | (3,720,000) (209,612) | (3,929,612) |
| Amortization of bond premiums and the deferred loss on the refunding of debt, are not reported in the funds, but are allocated as expenses over the life of the debt in the statement of activities. | | |
| Amortization of Deferred Charges on Refunding Amortization of Premiums Total | (122,695) 197,978 | 75,283 |
| Repayments of long-term debt are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: | | |
| Bond Principal Retirement Loan Principal Retirement Certificates of Participation Principal Retirement Capital Lease Payments Total | 4,230,000 91,908 235,000 110,100 | 4,667,008 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: | | |
| Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Accrued Interest Total | (102,614) (5,728) | (108,342) |
| Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | _ | \$3,449,404 |
| - | _ | |

Waverly City School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Variance with Final Budget: Positive | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$3,464,968 | \$3,427,982 | \$3,427,982 | \$0 | |
| Intergovernmental | 11,826,572 | 14,808,393 | 14,808,393 | 0 | |
| Interest | 34,874 | 52,643 | 53,748 | 1,105 | |
| Tuition and Fees | 774,302 | 879,349 | 879,349 | 0 | |
| Rent | 1,700 | 2,650 | 2,650 | 0 | |
| Gifts and Donations | 0 | 100 | 100 | 0 | |
| Miscellaneous | 626,812 | 96,220 | 96,250 | 30 | |
| Total Revenues | 16,729,228 | 19,267,337 | 19,268,472 | 1,135 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| Instruction: | 5 405 541 | 0.056.160 | 0.056.160 | | |
| Regular | 7,487,741 | 8,056,168 | 8,056,168 | 0 | |
| Special Vocational | 1,653,261 | 2,247,018 | 2,247,018 | 0 | |
| Student Intervention Services | 184,467 4,649 | 246,346 8,700 | 246,346 8,700 | 0 | |
| Other | 1,078,654 | 1,242,459 | 1,242,459 | 0 | |
| Support Services: | 1,070,054 | 1,242,437 | 1,242,437 | Ü | |
| Pupils | 735,468 | 829,365 | 829,365 | 0 | |
| Instructional Staff | 383,430 | 442,961 | 442,961 | 0 | |
| Board of Education | 44,382 | 40,349 | 40,349 | 0 | |
| Administration | 1,170,530 | 1,279,829 | 1,279,829 | 0 | |
| Fiscal | 425,767 | 427,901 | 427,901 | 0 | |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 1,533,090 | 1,574,422 | 1,574,422 | 0 | |
| Pupil Transportation | 1,229,671 | 1,420,468 | 1,420,468 | 0 | |
| Central | 800 | 1,438 | 1,438 | 0 | |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 8,625 | 5,431 | 5,431 | 0 | |
| Extracurricular Activities | 283,499 | 353,482 | 353,482 | 0 | |
| Capital Outlay | 354,799 | 846,128 | 846,128 | 0 | |
| Debt Service: | 207 027 | 208 862 | 208 862 | 0 | |
| Principal Interest | 397,927 196,168 | 398,863 194,190 | 398,863 194,190 | 0 | |
| | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | |
| Total Expenditures | 17,172,928 | 19,615,518 | 19,615,518 | 0 | |
| Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures | (443,700) | (348,181) | (347,046) | 1,135 | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers In | 0 | 65,000 | 65,000 | 0 | |
| Advances In | 66,260 | 67,249 | 67,249 | 0 | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Assets | 202 | 1,650 | 1,650 | 0 | |
| Transfers Out Advances Out | 0 | (623,154) | (623,154) | 0 | |
| Advances Out | | (152,001) | (152,001) | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 66,462 | (641,256) | (641,256) | 0 | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (377,238) | (989,437) | (988,302) | 1,135 | |
| Fund Balance at Beginning of Year | 6,348,453 | 6,348,453 | 6,348,453 | 0 | |
| Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated | 1,244,879 | 1,244,879 | 1,244,879 | 0 | |
| Fund Balance at End of Year | \$7,216,094 | \$6,603,895 | \$6,605,030 | \$1,135 | |

Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund As of June 30, 2017

| | Max 105 Fund |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Assets: | |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$318,169 |
| Total Assets | 318,169 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Claims Payable | 39,682 |
| Total Liabilities | 39,682 |
| Net Position: | |
| Unrestricted | 278,487 |
| Total Net Position | \$278,487 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | Max 105 Fund |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Operating Revenues: Charges for Services | \$163,739 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 163,739 |
| Operating Expenses: Purchased Services Claims | 10,932 177,493 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 188,425 |
| Operating Loss | (24,686) |
| Net Position Beginning of Year | 303,173 |
| Net Position End of Year | \$278,487 |

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | Max 105 Fund |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents: | |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | |
| Charges for Services | \$163,739 |
| Purchased Services | (15,323) |
| Claims | (160,926) |
| Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (12,510) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 330,679 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$318,169 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: | |
| Operating Loss | (\$24,686) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities | |
| Decrease in Accounts Payable | (4,391) |
| Increase in Claims Payable | 16,567 |
| Net Cash Used by Operating Activities | (\$12,510) |

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2017

| | Private Purpose Trust Fund | Agency Fund |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets: | Ф12.252 | Φ46.216 |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$13,353 | \$46,316 |
| Total Assets | \$13,353 | \$46,316 |
| Liabilities: Undistributed Monies Total Liabilities | - - | \$46,316 \$46,316 |
| Net Position: | | |
| Held in Trust for Scholarships | \$13,353 | |
| Total Net Position | \$13,353 | |

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | Private Purpose Trust Fund |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Additions: Gifts and Contributions Interest | \$1,500 1,000 |
| Total Additions | 2,500 |
| Deductions: Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements | 6,500 |
| Total Deductions | 6,500 |
| Change in Net Position | (4,000) |
| Net Position Beginning of Year | 17,353 |
| Net Position End of Year | \$13,353 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

The Waverly City School District (the School District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1969 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 119 square miles. It is located in Pike County, and includes all of the City of Waverly and portions of Pebble, Pee Pee, Jackson, and Franklin Townships. It is staffed by 81 non-certificated employees, 111 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 13 administrative employees who provide services to 1,942 students and other community members. The School District currently operates four instructional buildings, one athletic facility, and one garage.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District. The following is also included within the reporting entity:

Parochial School – Within the School District boundaries, Pike Christian Academy is operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. Monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. This activity is reflected in a special revenue fund and as part of governmental activities for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in three jointly governed organizations and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are:

- South Central Ohio Computer Association Regional Council of Governments
- Pike County Joint Vocational School District
- Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools
- Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan.

These organizations are presented in notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The government-wide statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. However, the School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All funds of the School District are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund - The bond retirement fund is used to account for and report property taxes restricted for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations when the School District is obligated for the payment.

Construction Fund - The construction fund is used to account for and report restricted State resources in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the school facilities project.

Nonmajor governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The School District reports the following proprietary fund:

Internal Service Fund - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund is used to account for the reimbursement to employees for deductibles on their health insurance.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and an agency fund. The private purpose trust fund accounts for college scholarship programs for students. The School District's agency fund accounts for those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer and faculty advisor.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, "available" means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available for advance, grants, and miscellaneous.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District reports in the government-wide statement of net position deferred outflows of resources for amounts related to pensions. Amounts related to pensions will be further discussed in note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District reports deferred inflows of resources for property taxes, unavailable revenue, and pensions. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2017, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Amounts related to pensions will be further discussed in note 10.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object level without resolution by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that were in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed. The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

During fiscal year 2017, investments were limited to money market accounts, STAR Ohio, certificates of deposit, and U.S. Government Agency securities. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2017.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund, construction fund, and nonmajor governmental funds during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$46,959, \$3,420, and \$125, respectively. The School District also experienced a decrease in fair value of investments of \$16,247, which it recognized in the general fund.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of consumable supplies.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Capital Assets

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets usually result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Description | Estimated Lives |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Land Improvements | 5 - 20 years |
| Buildings and Improvements | 10 - 50 years |
| Furniture and Equipment | 5 - 20 years |
| Vehicles | 10 years |
| Books and Educational Media | 5 years |

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable". Interfund balances are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave after 20 years of current service with the School District.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent that payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees will be paid. The School District had no matured compensated absences payable as of June 30, 2017. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary fund are reported on the fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current fiscal year. Bonds, loans, and capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as an expenditure and liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Bond Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds payable.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the period when the debt is issued.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State statute. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes federal and State grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Internal Activity

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Transfers within the governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. In June 2017, the School District received \$3,775,000 in legal settlements related to its School Facilities project. This amount was recorded as a special item on the fund and government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual (budgetary basis) is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- Certain funds are accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) that do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under general accepted accounting principles and were reported with the general fund (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

| Net Change in Fund Balance | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| GAAP Basis | (\$677,026) | | |
| Adjustments: | | | |
| Revenue Accruals | (5,615) | | |
| Expenditure Accruals | 254,504 | | |
| Encumbrances | (474,944) | | |
| Advances | (84,752) | | |
| Perspective Differences | (469) | | |
| Budget Basis | (\$988,302) | | |

Note 4 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds are presented below:

| | | | | Nonmajor | Total |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Bond | | Governmental | Governmental |
| Fund Balances | General | Retirement | Construction | Funds | Funds |
| Nonspendable | | | | | |
| Unclaimed Monies | \$3,867 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,867 |
| Inventory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,575 | 5,575 |
| Total | 3,867 | 0 | 0 | 5,575 | 9,442 |
| Restricted for | | | | | |
| Debt Payments | 0 | 1,380,682 | 0 | 0 | 1,380,682 |
| Auxiliary Programs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21,166 | 21,166 |
| District Managed Activities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80,236 | 80,236 |
| Capital Maintenance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78,761 | 78,761 |
| Capital Improvements | 0 | 0 | 4,819,071 | 32,367 | 4,851,438 |
| Total | 0 | 1,380,682 | 4,819,071 | 212,530 | 6,412,283 |
| Committed for | | | | | |
| Underground Storage | 11,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,000 |
| Purchases on Order | 81,018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 81,018 |
| Total | 92,018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 92,018 |
| Assigned for | | | | | |
| Purchases on Order | 200,446 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 200,446 |
| Public School Support | 41,325 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41,325 |
| Total | 241,771 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 241,771 |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | 5,456,452 | 0 | 0 | (213,999) | 5,242,453 |
| Total | \$5,794,108 | \$1,380,682 | \$4,819,071 | \$4,106 | \$11,997,967 |

Note 5 – Accountability

At June 30, 2017, the food service, Title VI-B, Title I, and improving teacher quality nonmajor special revenue fund had deficit fund balances of \$147,476, \$18,254, \$37,912, and \$4,782, respectively. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at federal reserve banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the federal reserve bank in the name of the School District. The School District's policy does not address this risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

At June 30, 2017, the bank balance of all School District deposits was \$9,205,900. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2017, \$561,690 of the School District's bank balance was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. The remaining \$8,644,210 was collateralized with securities held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Investments – As of June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

| | | | | | S&P | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------|-----------|
| | _ | | Maturity | | Credit | % of |
| Investment Type | Fair Value | < 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 3-5 Years | Rating | Portfolio |
| STAR Ohio | \$5 | \$5 | \$0 | \$0 | AAAm | 0% |
| Money Market | 13,975 | 13,975 | 0 | 0 | AAAm | 0% |
| Negotiable CDs | 2,207,973 | 1,347,114 | 745,243 | 115,616 | N/A | 47% |
| FNMA | 496,690 | 0 | 496,690 | 0 | AA+ | 11% |
| FHLMC | 1,542,658 | 0 | 448,083 | 1,094,575 | AA+ | 33% |
| FHLB | 397,432 | 0 | 0 | 397,432 | AA+ | 9% |
| Total | \$4,658,733 | \$1,361,094 | \$1,690,016 | \$1,607,623 | | 100% |

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017. As discussed further in Note 2, STAR Ohio is reported at its share price. All other investments of the School District are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by keeping the portfolio sufficiently liquid to enable the School District to meet all operating requirements.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District limits its investments to STAR Ohio, money market funds, certificates of deposit, and U.S. Government agency securities as described in Ohio Revised Code Section 135.143A(2). The School District's negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated but are fully covered by FDIC insurance.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy allows investments in eligible securities as described in the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All of the School District's investments are either insured and registered in the name of the School District or at least registered in the name of the School District.

Note 7 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016, and are collected in calendar year 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Pike County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows - property taxes.

The amounts available as an advance at June 30, 2017 were \$397,328 in the general fund, \$74,666 in the bond retirement fund, and \$25,525 in the other governmental funds.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

| | 2016 Second-Half Collections | | 2017 First-Half Collections | |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| Real Estate | \$168,992,220 | 91.95% | \$169,963,660 | 91.99% |
| Public Utility | 14,790,470 | 8.05% | 14,800,000 | 8.01% |
| Total Assessed Value | \$183,782,690 | 100.00% | \$184,763,660 | 100.00% |
| Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation | \$32.00 | | \$32.00 | |

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017, consisted of property taxes, intergovernmental grants and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year. The intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

Waverly City School District
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| Major Fund: | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| General | \$57,555 |
| Nonmajor Funds: | |
| Title I | 73,310 |
| Rural Education | 20,000 |
| Special Education | 43,247 |
| Improving Teacher Quality | 7,584 |
| Total Nonmajor Funds | 144,141 |
| Total All Funds | \$201,696 |

Note 9 – Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

| | Ending | | | Ending |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Balance | | | Balance |
| | 6/30/16* | Additions | Deletions | 6/30/17 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$721,374 | \$0 | \$0 | \$721,374 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,575,073 | 1,102,487 | (1,575,073) | 1,102,487 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 2,296,447 | 1,102,487 | (1,575,073) | 1,823,861 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Land Improvements | 5,266,536 | 90,082 | 0 | 5,356,618 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 57,856,373 | 1,627,596 | 0 | 59,483,969 |
| Furniture and Equipment | 2,586,407 | 1,319,694 | (46,801) | 3,859,300 |
| Vehicles | 1,791,049 | 107,317 | 0 | 1,898,366 |
| Books and Educational Media | 936,075 | 0 | 0 | 936,075 |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated | 68,436,440 | 3,144,689 | (46,801) | 71,534,328 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Land Improvements | (2,324,912) | (248,022) | 0 | (2,572,934) |
| Buildings and Improvements | (18,198,442) | (1,871,094) | 0 | (20,069,536) |
| Furniture and Equipment | (1,584,765) | (475,665) | 46,657 | (2,013,773) |
| Vehicles | (1,550,639) | (68,031) | 0 | (1,618,670) |
| Books and Educational Media | (936,075) | 0 | 0 | (936,075) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | (24,594,833) | (2,662,812) | 46,657 | (27,210,988) |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 43,841,607 | 481,877 | (144) | 44,323,340 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$46,138,054 | \$1,584,364 | (\$1,575,217) | \$46,147,201 |

^{*}Certain reclassifications were made to reflect classifications of additions in School District records.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Instruction: | |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| Regular | \$1,615,276 |
| Special | 167,986 |
| Vocational | 17,112 |
| Support Services: | |
| Pupils | 83,931 |
| Instructional Staff | 260,562 |
| Administration | 110,618 |
| Fiscal | 33,572 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | 40,495 |
| Pupil Transportation | 56,259 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 138,229 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 138,772 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$2,662,812 |

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

| | Eligible to | Eligible to |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Retire on or before | Retire on or after |
| | August 1, 2017 * | August 1, 2017 |
| Full Benefits | Any age with 30 years of service credit | Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit |
| Actuarially Reduced Benefits | Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit |

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. None of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$429,360 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount, \$0 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation was 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement increased effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, July 1, 2015, and July 1, 2016 when it reached 14 percent. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,005,608 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount \$172,568 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| Proportionate Share of the Net | | | |
| Pension Liability | \$5,291,598 | \$22,445,239 | \$27,736,837 |
| Proportion of the Net Pension | | | |
| Liability | 0.0722987% | 0.06705470% | |
| Pension Expense | \$633,915 | \$1,671,059 | \$2,304,974 |

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and | | | |
| actual experience | \$71,370 | \$906,895 | \$978,265 |
| Changes of assumptions | 353,243 | 0 | 353,243 |
| Net difference between projected and | | | |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | 436,481 | 1,863,558 | 2,300,039 |
| Changes in proportion and differences | 199,181 | 338,214 | 537,395 |
| School District contributions subsequent to the | | | |
| measurement date | 429,360 | 1,005,608 | 1,434,968 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$1,489,635 | \$4,114,275 | \$5,603,910 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Changes in proportion and differences | \$0 | \$413,774 | \$413,774 |
| | | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$0 | \$413,774 | \$413,774 |
| | | | |

\$1,434,968 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | SERS | STRS | Total |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: | | | |
| -040 | 000500 | **** | \$ <0 2 7 02 |
| 2018 | \$295,202 | \$387,580 | \$682,782 |
| 2019 | 294,886 | 387,578 | 682,464 |
| 2020 | 344,717 | 1,112,367 | 1,457,084 |
| 2021 | 125,470 | 807,368 | 932,838 |
| | | | |
| Total | \$1,060,275 | \$2,694,893 | \$3,755,168 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3 percent
Investment Rate of Return 7.5 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational project and a five year set-back for both males and females. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an experience study that was completed June 30, 2015. As a result of the actuarial experience study, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| | | |
| Cash | 1.00 % | 0.50 % |
| US Stocks | 22.50 | 4.75 |
| Non-US Stocks | 22.50 | 7.00 |
| Fixed Income | 19.00 | 1.50 |
| Private Equity | 10.00 | 8.00 |
| Real Assets | 15.00 | 5.00 |
| Multi-Asset Strategies | 10.00 | 3.00 |
| | | |
| Total | 100.00 % | |

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.5 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate.

| | Current | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | (6.5%) | (7.5%) | (8.5%) |
| School District's proportionate share | | . | |
| of the net pension liability | \$7,005,746 | \$5,291,598 | \$3,856,785 |

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| Inflation | 2.75 percent |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Projected salary increases | 2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20 |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments | 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before |
| (COLA) | August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, |
| | or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date. |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Domestic Equity | 31.00 % | 8.00 % |
| International Equity | 26.00 | 7.85 |
| Alternatives | 14.00 | 8.00 |
| Fixed Income | 18.00 | 3.75 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 | 6.75 |
| Liquidity Reserves | 1.00 | 3.00 |
| Total | 100.00 % | 7.61 % |

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| | Current | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase | |
| | (6.75%) | (7.75%) | (8.75%) | |
| School District's proportionate share | | | | |
| of the net pension liability | \$29,827,899 | \$22,445,239 | \$16,217,531 | |

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date – In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the overall decrease to School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Note 11 – Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers a post-employment benefit plan.

Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund to be used to subsidize the cost of health care coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the health care allocations was 0 percent. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. By statute no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2017, the minimum compensation level was established at \$23,500. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contributions assigned to health care for the years ending June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$39,645, \$36,546, and \$62,445.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial report of SERS' Health Care plan is included in its comprehensive annual financial report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan, a self-directed Defined Contribution Plan, and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit Plan and Defined Contribution Plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent comprehensive annual financial report by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 0 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the School District, these amounts equaled \$0 for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015.

Note 12 - Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators earn 10 to 25 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 220 days for all certified and classified personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made to certified employees for 30 percent of accrued but unused sick leave. Classified employees receive 40 percent of accrued but unused sick leave up to a maximum of 55 days. Classified employees with a sick leave balance over 75 days will also receive an amount equal to 10 percent of accumulated sick leave days over 75 with a maximum of 69.5 days in total severance.

Insurance Benefits

Medical/surgical and prescription drug insurance is offered to employees through Medical Mutual of Ohio. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with the employee, depending on the terms of the union contract. Dental insurance is provided by Delta Dental. The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to employees through Metropolitan Educational Council.

Deferred Compensation

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 13 – Leases – Lessee Disclosure

In prior years, the School District entered into capitalized leases for equipment. The assets obtained under these leases were capitalized in the amount of \$36,406. During fiscal year 2006, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for the locally funded portion of the new School District buildings which was primarily related to the construction of an auditorium. The School District is leasing the project from Central Ohio Loan Services, Inc. Central Ohio Loan Services, Inc. will retain title to the project during the lease term. As part of the lease agreement, Central Ohio Loan Services, Inc. deposited \$1,650,000 into the School District's bank account. The School District had previously paid all contractors as work progressed, and the proceeds of the lease were used to replenish these monies. Capital assets acquired by lease were initially capitalized in the amount of \$1,650,000 which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition.

During fiscal year 2014, the School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement to refinance the 2006 lease-purchase agreement and to provide additional funds to finance construction projects. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net position for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2017 totaled \$110,100. Payments were paid from the general fund.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017.

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | _ |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2018 | \$175,460 |
| 2019 | 175,496 |
| 2020 | 175,722 |
| 2021 | 175,499 |
| 2022 | 175,460 |
| 2023-2027 | 877,659 |
| 2028-2029 | 351,056 |
| Total | 2,106,352 |
| Less: Amount Representing Interest | (425,252) |
| Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments | \$1,681,100 |

Note 14 - Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

| | Amount Outstanding | مستناللة ٨ | Dadustians | Amount Outstanding | Due Within |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | 6/30/16 | Additions | Deductions | 6/30/17 | One Year |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| 2006 Refunding Bonds | | 4.0 | (0.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 | 4.0 | • |
| Serial Bonds 4% | \$4,230,000 | \$0 | (\$4,230,000) | \$0 | \$0 |
| Premium on Debt Issue | 168,581 | 0 | (168,581) | 0 | 0 |
| 2016 Refunding Bonds | | | | | |
| Serial Bonds 3% | 0 | 3,720,000 | 0 | 3,720,000 | \$475,000 |
| Premium on Debt Issue | 0 | 209,612 | (19,963) | 189,649 | 0 |
| 2015 ODSA Energy Loan | 1,529,530 | 0 | (91,908) | 1,437,622 | 93,755 |
| 2015 Certificates of | | | | | |
| Participation | 3,915,000 | 0 | (235,000) | 3,680,000 | 240,000 |
| Premium on 2015 Certificates | | | | | |
| of Participation | 131,286 | 0 | (9,434) | 121,852 | 0 |
| Total | 9,974,397 | 3,929,612 | (4,754,886) | 9,149,123 | 808,755 |
| | 505.25 0 | 504.005 | (401, 450) | 000.072 | 150.050 |
| Compensated Absences | 707,359 | 594,087 | (491,473) | 809,973 | 178,972 |
| Capital Leases | 1,791,200 | 0 | (110,100) | 1,681,100 | 114,100 |
| Net Pension Liability | 22,186,157 | 5,550,680 | 0 | 27,736,837 | 0 |
| Total Governmental Activities | · | · | | · | |
| Long-Term Obligations | \$34,659,113 | \$10,074,379 | (\$5,356,459) | \$39,377,033 | \$1,101,827 |

2006 Classroom Facilities Refunding Bonds

On December 15, 2006, the School District issued \$5,739,992 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 2001 Classroom Facilities General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were issued for a 17-year period, with final maturity in December 2023. These bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2017 with the 2016 classroom facilities refunding bonds.

2016 Classroom Facilities Refunding Bonds

On October 19, 2016, the School District issued \$3,720,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of currently refunding the 2006 Classroom Facilities Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued for a 7-year period, with final maturity in December 2023. These bonds are not subject to redemption prior to stated maturity. These bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund.

2015 ODSA Energy Note

In April 2015, the School District entered into a promissory note with the Ohio Development Services Agency for funds to complete an energy project. The note was issued in the amount of \$1,574,803, and the funds were drawn during the fiscal year. The loan carries a 1.75 percent interest rate for a term of 15 years. The loan will be retired from the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2015 Certificates of Participation

In May 2015, the School District issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$4,200,000 for the purpose of repaying \$2,500,000 in short-term notes (see note 15) and to provide additional funding for the school facilities improvement project. The certificates hold interest rates ranging from 2 percent to 4 percent and has a final maturity of December 2029. The certificates will be retired from the bond retirement fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from the general, food service, and title VI-B funds. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$12,908,729 with an unvoted debt margin of \$184,764, and an energy conservation debt margin of \$1,662,873 at June 30, 2017.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

| | 2016 Classroom Refunding | | 2015 Certificates of Participation | | 2015 ODSA Energy Loan | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Fiscal Year | Serial | Serial | - | | | |
| Ending | Bonds | Bonds | | | | |
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2018 | \$475,000 | \$97,288 | \$240,000 | \$116,576 | \$93,755 | \$24,750 |
| 2019 | 500,000 | 82,663 | 245,000 | 111,726 | 95,639 | 23,101 |
| 2020 | 515,000 | 67,438 | 250,000 | 106,151 | 97,562 | 21,426 |
| 2021 | 530,000 | 51,763 | 255,000 | 99,838 | 99,523 | 19,703 |
| 2022 | 550,000 | 35,563 | 260,000 | 92,750 | 101,523 | 17,952 |
| 2023-2027 | 1,150,000 | 30,906 | 1,435,000 | 333,225 | 539,061 | 62,251 |
| 2028-2031 | 0 | 0 | 995,000 | 60,700 | 410,559 | 14,510 |
| Total | \$3,720,000 | \$365,621 | \$3,680,000 | \$920,966 | \$1,437,622 | \$183,693 |

Note 15 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District purchases commercial coverage to address these risks.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant decrease in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2017, the School District participated in the Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduce premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the School District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Self-Insurance

The School District manages the deductible portion of employee health benefits on a self-insured basis. The employee health benefit plan provides this coverage through Patrick Benefit Administrators, the third party administrator of the program, which reviews and pays the claims. Patrick Benefit Administrators charges the School District an annual fee of \$750, with a monthly administration fee of \$7.50 per employee. The claims liability of \$39,682 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2017, is estimated by the third-party administrator and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustments expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes to the internal service fund's claims liability amounts in the past two fiscal years follows:

| | Balance at | Current | | Balance at |
|------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | Beginning of | Year | Claim | End of |
| | Fiscal Year | Claims | Payments | Fiscal Year |
| 2017 | \$23,115 | \$177,493 | \$160,926 | \$39,682 |
| 2016 | 14,872 | 202,387 | 194,144 | 23,115 |

Note 16 – Interfund Activity

As of June 30, 2017, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from interfund transactions were as follows:

| | Receivables | Payables |
|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Major Fund: | | |
| General | \$151,011 | \$0 |
| Nonmajor Funds: | | |
| Food Service | 0 | 107,536 |
| Athletics | 0 | 7,273 |
| Title I | 0 | 14,653 |
| Improving Teacher Quality | 0 | 1,549 |
| Miscellaneous Federal Grants | 0 | 20,000 |
| Total Nonmajor Funds | 0 | 151,011 |
| Total | \$151,011 | \$151,011 |

General fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Advancing monies to other funds is necessary due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are received, the grant fund will use these restricted monies to reimburse the general fund for the initial advance.

| | Transfers In | Transfers Out |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Major Funds: | | |
| General | \$0 | \$558,154 |
| Construction | 267,799 | |
| Nonmajor Funds: | | |
| Permanent Improvement | 121,981 | 0 |
| Food Service | 160,210 | 0 |
| Local Grants | 8,164 | 0 |
| Total Nonmajor Funds | 290,355 | 0 |
| Total | \$558,154 | \$558,154 |

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Transfers are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

Note 17 – Jointly Governed Organizations

South Central Ohio Computer Association Regional Council of Governments

The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association Regional Council of Governments (SCOCARCoG), which is organized under ORC Code Chapter 167 as a council of governments. SCOCARCoG is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Pickaway, Gallia, Adams, Brown, Highland, Pike, Ross, Scioto, Vinton, Jackson, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCARCoG consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCARCoG service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education and two representatives of the school treasurers. The Board exercises total control over the operations of SCOCARCoG including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

During fiscal year 2016, SCOCARCoG entered into a merger agreement with Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META). Pursuant to an addendum to the agreement, certain liabilities will remain the sole responsibility of SCOCARCoG, and once these remaining liabilities are satisfied, SCOCARCoG will be dissolved and the member districts will become members of META. SCOCARCoG entered into a subcontract agreement with META to provide services to SCOCARCoG, and on behalf of SCOCARCoG, to the member districts. Consistent with the merger agreement and updated bylaws, SCOCARCoG is currently governed by a four person executive governing board. The School District paid SCOCARCoG \$82,518 for services provided during the fiscal year. The School District also paid META \$142,450 for internet services during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from the SCOCA Regional Council of Governments through META Solutions, David Varda, CFO, 100 Executive Drive, Marion Ohio 43302.

Pike County Joint Vocational School

The Pike County Joint Vocational School District (Vocational School District) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board which consists of four of the 11 members of the Ross-Pike County Educational Service Center's Board of Education and one representative from the Waverly City Schools Board of Education, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Vocational School District Board exercises total control over the operations of the Vocational School District including budget, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each school district's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information write to the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (the Coalition) is a jointly governed organization of over 100 school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a board which is composed of 14 members. The board members are composed of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county.

The Coalition provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Coalition including budget, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid \$0 to the Coalition for services provided during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 18 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio SchoolComp Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) co-sponsor the GRP. The Executive Directors of the OSBA and the OASBO, or their designees, serve as coordinators of the program.

Note 19 - Set-Aside Calculations

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

| | Capital |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| | Improvements |
| Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2016 | \$0 |
| Current Fiscal Year Set-Aside Requirement | 335,574 |
| Current Fiscal Year Off-Sets | (188, 367) |
| Current Fiscal Year Qualifying Expenditures | (147,207) |
| Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2017 | \$0 |
| Required Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2018 | \$0 |

Amounts of offsets and qualifying disbursements presented in the table for capital improvements were limited to those necessary to reduce the fiscal year-end balance to zero. Although the School District may have had additional offsets and qualifying disbursements for capital improvements during the fiscal year, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years.

Note 20 – Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2017, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

State Foundation Funding

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2017 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2017 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Litigation

The School District is not party to any legal proceedings against the School District.

Note 21 – Significant Commitments

Contractual Commitments

The School District has the following significant outstanding contracts as of June 30, 2017:

| | Contract | Amount | Balance at |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | Amount | Expended | 6/30/17 |
| Water Line Repair Project | \$1,332,153 | \$1,102,487 | \$229,666 |

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At June 30, 2017, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

| Major Funds: | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| General | \$478,463 |
| Construction | 404,615 |
| Nonmajor Funds: | |
| Permanent Improvement | 6,960 |
| Classroom Facilities Maintenance | 3,263 |
| Athletics | 24,605 |
| Auxiliary | 4,168 |
| Title I | 13,481 |
| Total Nonmajor Funds | 52,477 |
| Total All Funds | \$935,555 |
| | |

Note 22 – New Accounting Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the School District was required to implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans," No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures," No. 78, "Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans," No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units," and No. 82, "Pension Issues."

GASB Statement No. 74 replaces GASB Statement No. 43, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans." Statement 74 addresses the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The Statement follows the framework for financial reporting of defined benefit OPEB plans in Statement 45 by requiring a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The Statement requires more extensive note disclosures and RSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated, including information about the annual money-weighted rates of return on plan investments. Statement 74 also sets forth note disclosure requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

GASB Statement No. 77 requires state and local governments, for the first time, to disclose information about tax abatement agreements. It requires governments to disclose information about their own tax abatements separately from information about tax abatements that are entered into by other governments and reduce the reporting government's tax revenues.

GASB Statement No. 78 amends the scope and applicability of GASB 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that: (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan; (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers; and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

GASB Statement No. 80 clarifies the display requirements in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," by requiring these component units to be blended into the primary state or local government's financial statements in a manner similar to a department or activity of the primary government. The guidance addresses diversity in practice regarding the presentation of not-for-profit corporations in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. Although GASB 80 applies to a limited number of governmental units, such as, for example, public hospitals, the GASB intends for it to enhance the comparability of financial statements among those units and improve the value of this information for users of state and local government financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 82 addresses, among other things, presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from guidance in Actuarial Standards of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and classification of payments made by employers to satisfy plan member contribution requirements. GASB 82 is designed to improve consistency in the application of the pension standards by clarifying or amending related areas of existing guidance. Specifically, the practice issues raised by stakeholders during implementation relate to GASB 67, 68, and 73.

None of these Statements had an impact on the School District's financial statements or note disclosures.

Note 23 – Subsequent Event

The School District entered into its 5th amendment to the project agreement with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission in October of 2017. In part the amendment stated that the Commission and School District agreed that the School District would return \$4,000,000 of litigation proceeds to the Commission. On November 17, 2017, the funds were returned.

Waverly City School District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

| _ | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| State Teachers Retirement System School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 0.06722524% | 0.06722524% | 0.06556426% | 0.06705470% |
| School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$19,477,805 | \$16,351,505 | \$18,120,044 | \$22,445,239 |
| School District's covered-employee payroll | \$7,003,169 | \$6,820,685 | \$6,735,486 | \$6,807,600 |
| School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 278.1% | 239.7% | 269.0% | 329.7% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 69.3% | 74.7% | 72.1% | 66.8% |
| | | | | |
| School Employees Retirement System School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 0.06924000% | 0.06924000% | 0.07125910% | 0.07229870% |
| School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$4,117,481 | \$3,504,197 | \$4,066,113 | \$5,291,598 |
| School District's covered-employee payroll | \$1,900,470 | \$2,808,117 | \$3,059,484 | \$3,145,371 |
| School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 216.7% | 124.8% | 132.9% | 168.2% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 65.5% | 71.7% | 69.2% | 63.0% |

The amounts presented are as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end. (1) Information not available prior to 2014.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| State Teachers Retirement System Contractually required contribution | \$1,016,360 | \$1,020,884 | \$1,058,380 | \$1,031,326 | \$910,196 | \$910,412 | \$886,689 | \$942,968 | \$953,064 | \$1,005,608 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 1,016,360 | 1,020,884 | 1,058,380 | 1,031,326 | 910,196 | 910,412 | 886,689 | 942,968 | 953,064 | 1,005,608 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| School District's covered-employee payrol | \$7,818,154 | \$7,852,954 | \$8,141,385 | \$7,933,277 | \$7,001,508 | \$7,003,169 | \$6,820,685 | \$6,735,486 | \$6,807,600 | \$7,182,914 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payrol | 13.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 13.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% | 14.00% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Employees Retirement System | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contractually required contribution | \$177,998 | \$188,678 | \$329,031 | \$362,772 | \$277,678 | \$263,025 | \$389,205 | \$403,240 | \$440,352 | \$429,360 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 177,998 | 188,678 | 329,031 | 362,772 | 277,678 | 263,025 | 389,205 | 403,240 | 440,352 | 429,360 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| School District's covered-employee payrol | \$1,812,607 | \$1,917,459 | \$2,430,066 | \$2,886,014 | \$2,064,520 | \$1,900,470 | \$2,808,117 | \$3,059,484 | \$3,145,371 | \$3,066,857 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payrol | 9.82% | 9.84% | 13.54% | 12.57% | 13.45% | 13.84% | 13.86% | 13.18% | 14.00% | 14.00% |

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

State Teachers Retirement System

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

School Employees Retirement System

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rate, and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.



Waverly City School District Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title | Pass Through Entity Number | Federal CFDA Number | Fedeal Awards Expenditures | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| <u>United States Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through the Ohio Department of Education | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | |
| School Breakfast Program | 3L70 | 10.553 | \$ 225,223 | |
| National School Lunch Program | 3L60 | 10.555 | 442,817 | |
| National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance | 3L60 | 10.555 | 34,412 | |
| • | | | | |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster | | | 702,452 | |
| | | | | |
| Total United States Department of Agriculture | | | 702,452 | |
| <u>United States Department of Education</u> Passed through the Ohio Department of Education | | | | |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | | | | |
| Special Education-Grants to States | 3M20 | 84.027 | 415,788 | |
| Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | | | 415,788 | |
| | | 0.4.04.0 | | |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 3M00 | 84.010 | 628,351 | |
| Rural Education | 3Y80 | 84.358 | 43,920 | |
| Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants | 3Y60 | 84.367 | 122,055 | |
| Total United States Department of Education | | | 1,210,114 | |
| Total Federal Financial Assistance | | | \$1,912,566 | |

The notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures (the schedule) is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 – Food Donation Program

The School District reports commodities consumed on the schedule at the fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

Note 4 – Child Nutrition Cluster

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Waverly City School District 1 Tiger Drive Waverly, Ohio 45690

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Waverly City School District, Pike County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA, CITP

President/Owner

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Natalii Nfillhuff Hang

Portsmouth, Ohio

December 28, 2017



Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Waverly City School District 1 Tiger Drive Waverly, Ohio 45690

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Waverly City School District's (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc. 1428 Gallia Street / Portsmouth, Ohio 45662 / Phone: 740.876.8548 45 West Second Street, Suite D / Chillicothe, Ohio 45601 / Phone: 740.851,4978 Fax: 888.876.8549

natalie@millhuffstangcpa.com / roush@millhuffstangcpa.com www.millhuffstangcpa.com Waverly City School District Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Natalie Millhuff-Stang, CPA, CITP

President/Owner

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Natalii Nfillhuff Stang

Portsmouth, Ohio

December 28, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

| Financial Statements | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited | Unmodified | | |
| were prepared in accordance with GAAP: | Cimiodified | | |
| Internal control over financial reporting: | | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | No | | |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | None reported | | |
| | 1 | | |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | No | | |
| | | | |
| Federal Awards | | | |
| Internal control over major program(s): | | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | No | | |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | None reported | | |
| Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: | Unmodified | | |
| Any auditing findings disclosed that are required to be reported in | No | | |
| accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? | | | |
| Identification of major program(s): | Nutrition Cluster (CFDA #10.555, | | |
| | 10.553); Title I (CFDA #84.010) | | |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: | Type A: >\$750,000 | | |
| | Type B: all others | | |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | No | | |

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Waverly City School District Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

| Finding Number | Finding Summary | Fully Corrected? | Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Finding 2016-001 | Material Weakness – Food Service Internal Controls | No | Partially Corrected – Reissued in Management Letter |
| Finding 2016-002 | Material Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Nutrition Cluster – Reporting | Yes | |
| Finding 2016-003 | Material Weakness – Nutrition Cluster – Program Income | Yes | |
| Finding 2016-004 | Material Weakness – Nutrition Cluster – Verification | Yes | |



WAVERLY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PIKE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 10, 2018