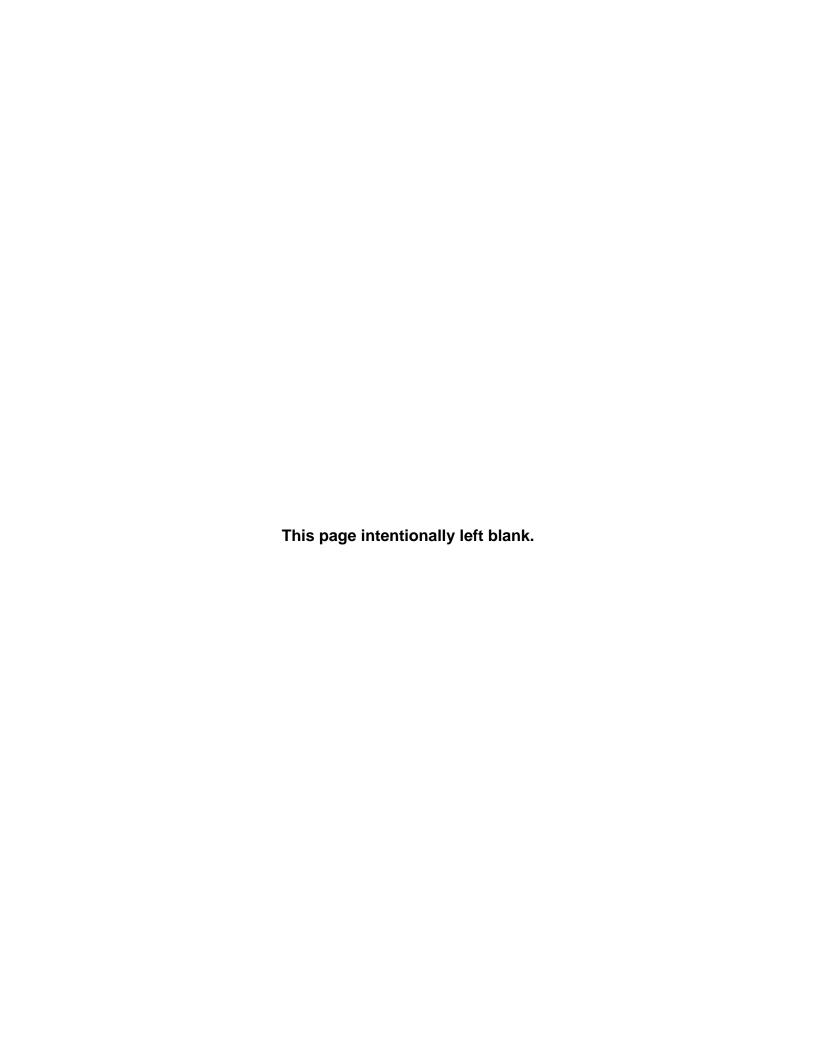




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Warren County Transportation Improvement District Warren County 210 W. Main Street Lebanon, Ohio 45036

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Warren County Transportation Improvement District, Warren County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Warren County Transportation Improvement District, Warren County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Warren County Transportation Improvement District Warren County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 14, 2018

This discussion and analysis of the Warren County Transportation Improvement District's (the District's) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The District's net position decreased by \$8,069,503 to a year-end total of \$7,918,040.
- During the period, the District generated \$15,068,205 of revenues and incurred expenses of \$23,137,708.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of two parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District. These statements are as follows:

- 1. The Government-Wide Financial Statements These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- 2. *The Fund Financial Statements* These statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the District's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the District's financial health or condition.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. The government-wide financial statements of the District reflect the following category for its activities:

Governmental Activities – The District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities and include general government and highways and streets.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements when there are differences.

DISTRICT SUMMARY

The District as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the District's Net Position at December 31:

	Governmental Activities						
		2017		2016			
Current and Other Assets	\$	23,442,013	\$	32,008,092			
Total Assets		23,442,013		32,008,092			
Current and Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities		2,664,314 12,859,659 15,523,973		752,135 15,268,414 16,020,549			
Net Position: Restricted For Capital Projects Unrestricted		7,476,803 441,237		15,541,505 446,038			
Total Net Position	\$	7,918,040	\$	15,987,543			

The following table provides a summary of the District's changes in net position for the years ended December 31:

	 Governmental Activities					
	 2017		2016			
Revenues						
General Revenues:						
Interest	\$ 92,918	\$	8,402			
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	81,787		117,425			
Capital Grants and Contributions	 14,893,500		17,040,899			
Total Revenues	 15,068,205		17,166,726			
Program Expenses						
General Government	108,067		199,137			
Highways and Streets	22,639,866		15,497,579			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 389,775		274,461			
Total Expenses	 23,137,708		15,971,177			
Change in Net Position	(8,069,503)		1,195,549			
Beginning Net Position	 15,987,543		14,791,994			
Ending Net Position	\$ 7,918,040	\$	15,987,543			

Governmental Activities

During 2017, Net Position of the District's governmental activities decreased by \$8,069,503. Capital grants and contributions of \$14,893,500 were the result of contracts and intergovernmental agreements with funding partners. Total expenses for the period of \$23,137,708 were related to the administrative cost of operating the District (\$108,067) as well as transportation project engineering, design and construction costs (\$22,639,866) that has been classified as a *Highways and Streets*-type of program expense and interest and fiscal charges related to the issuance of the Series 2016 bonds (\$389,775).

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$20,271,425 at December 31, 2017, which was a decrease from December 31, 2016 of \$10,998,079. This decrease was the result of the District's capital project funds receiving intergovernmental revenue (as agreed to by its funding partners via intergovernmental agreements) at a slower pace than project-related expenses were incurred as well as the 2017 spend down of a significant portion of the proceeds from the Series 2016 bonds. Additionally, during 2017, the General Fund's balance decreased by \$4,801, as operating expenses slightly outpaced management fees and interest income.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2017, the District reported no capital assets.

Debt

At December 31, 2017, the District had a total of \$12,965,000 of general obligation bonds outstanding. The bonds were issued in December of 2016 for the purposes of advancing infrastructure projects in specific areas of southwest Warren County, Ohio. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the debt obligations of the District.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

As with most infrastructure projects to be undertaken by local governments, the challenge facing the District is the future of both state and federal funding. With careful planning and monitoring of the District's finances and continued cooperation with local, state and federal officials, the District is confident that funding challenges can be overcome to develop, implement and construct the improvements envisioned to improve the prosperity, health, safety, and welfare of the people of Warren County and the State of Ohio.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Secretary–Treasurer, Warren County Transportation Improvement District, 210 West Main Street, Lebanon, Ohio 45036.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Governments	\$	22,910,997 531,016
Total Assets		23,442,013
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Accrued Interest Payable Unearned Revenue Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due Within More Than One Year		4,380 2,614,745 24,742 20,447 2,475,000 10,384,659
Total Liabilities		15,523,973
Net Position: Restricted For: Capital Projects Unrestricted		7,476,803 441,237
Total Net Position	\$	7,918,040

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Program Revenues				R	et (Expense) evenue and nange in Net Position
	 Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions		G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government Highways and Streets Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 108,067 22,639,866 389,775	\$	81,787 - -	\$	14,893,500 -	\$	(26,280) (7,746,366) (389,775)
Total Governmental Activities	 23,137,708		81,787		14,893,500		(8,162,421)
			eral Revenu terest	ies:			92,918
		Tota	al General R	even	ues		92,918
		Cha	nges in Net	Posit	ion		(8,069,503)
		Net	Position at E	Begin	ning of Year		15,987,543
		Net	Position at E	End o	f Year	\$	7,918,040

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

Major Governmental Funds Wilkens State Route I71 / Fields Boulevard 73 and State Series 2016 Mason Ertel Mason Mason 171 / Western Southwest Corridor Route 741 Bond Montgomery Innovation Morrow Montgomery Row Road Warren Millgrove Capital Intersection Issuance Corridor Way Corridor Road Other Total Interchange County Capital Improvement Improvement Capital Capital Capital Capital Interchange Governmental Governmental Fund Projects Fund Project Fund Project Fund Project Fund Project Fund General Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 594.879 423,589 \$ 1,954,527 271.185 \$ 4,791,069 \$ 1.827.671 \$ 5.888.470 \$ 3,293,201 731.674 651.879 \$ 2.482.853 \$ 22.910.997 \$ \$ \$ Due From Other Governments 531,016 531,016 Interfund Receivable 100.000 500.000 600,000 Total Assets 694.879 \$ 423.589 \$ 2,454,527 \$ 271,185 \$ 4,791,069 \$ 1,827,671 \$ 5,888,470 \$ 3,293,201 \$ 731,674 \$ 1,182,895 \$ 2.482.853 \$ 24.042.013 Liabilities: Accounts Payable 4,380 4,380 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Contracts Payable 2,614,745 29,424 5,969 111,804 75,026 1,533,091 566,825 104,845 187,761 Interfund Pavable 500.000 100.000 600.000 Unearned Revenue 20,447 20,447 **Total Liabilities** 29,424 500,000 111,804 75,026 287,761 3,239,572 24,827 5,969 1,533,091 566,825 104,845 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Intergovernmental 531,016 531,016 Tota Deferred Inflows of Resources 531,016 531,016 Fund Balance: Restricted: Infrastructure Projects 394.165 2.448.558 4.679.265 1.827.671 5.813.444 1.760.110 164.849 547.034 2.195.092 19.830.188 Assigned 32,883 32,883 (228, 815)Unassigned 637,169 408,354 670,052 (228, 815)Total Fund Balance 394,165 2,448,558 4,679,265 1,827,671 5,813,444 1,760,110 164,849 547,034 2,195,092 20,271,425 Total Liabilities. Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance 694.879 423,589 \$ 2,454,527 \$ 271,185 \$ 4,791,069 \$ 1,827,671 \$ 5,888,470 \$ 3,293,201 \$ 731,674 \$ 1,182,895 \$ 2,482,853 \$ 24,042,013 \$

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 20,271,425
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds:	
Intergovernmental Revenues	531,016
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Discount on Bonds	105,341
Accrued Interest Payable	(24,742)
General Obligation Bonds Payable	 (12,965,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,918,040

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Major Governmental Funds

	major coronimontal rando								_			
	General	I71 / Western Row Road Interchange Fund	Southwest Warren County Capital Projects Fund	Wilkens Boulevard Corridor Capital Improvement Fund	State Route 73 and State Route 741 Intersection Improvement Fund	Series 2016 Bond Issuance Capital Project Fund	Mason Montgomery Corridor Capital Project Fund	Innovation Way Corridor Capital Project Fund	Mason Morrow Millgrove Capital Project Fund	I71 / Fields Ertel Mason Montgomery Road Interchange Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Charges for Services Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 81,787 - 21,479	\$ - 3,654,235 -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 4,378,609 -	\$ - 3,497,832 71,439	\$ - 990,000 -	\$ - 830,275	\$ - 735,000 -	\$ - - -	\$ - 276,533	\$ 81,787 14,362,484 92,918
Total Revenues	103,266	3,654,235			4,378,609	3,569,271	990,000	830,275	735,000		276,533	14,537,189
Expenditures: General Government Highways and Streets Debt Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges Principal	108,067 - - -	7,864,487 - -	- 1,115,755 - -	- - - -	2,726,339 - -	- - 357,335 	- 1,482,423 - -	7,133,470 - -	- 570,151 - -	- 227,344 - -	- 1,519,897 - -	108,067 22,639,866 357,335 2,430,000
Total Expenditures	108,067	7,864,487	1,115,755		2,726,339	2,787,335	1,482,423	7,133,470	570,151	227,344	1,519,897	25,535,268
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,801)	(4,210,252)	(1,115,755)		1,652,270	781,936	(492,423)	(6,303,195)	164,849	(227,344)	(1,243,364)	(10,998,079)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers-In Transfers-Out	<u>-</u>	1,738,395	958,003 (2,704,341)	<u>-</u>	-	- (13,961,765)	6,246,544	7,970,003	<u>-</u>	711,164	71,439 (1,029,442)	17,695,548 (17,695,548)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,738,395	(1,746,338)			(13,961,765)	6,246,544	7,970,003		711,164	(958,003)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,801)	(2,471,857)	(2,862,093)	-	1,652,270	(13,179,829)	5,754,121	1,666,808	164,849	483,820	(2,201,367)	(10,998,079)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	674,853	2,866,022	5,310,651	(228,815)	3,026,995	15,007,500	59,323	93,302		63,214	4,396,459	31,269,504
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 670,052	\$ 394,165	\$ 2,448,558	\$ (228,815)	\$ 4,679,265	\$ 1,827,671	\$ 5,813,444	\$ 1,760,110	\$ 164,849	\$ 547,034	\$ 2,195,092	\$ 20,271,425

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (10,998,079)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not Provide Current Financial Resources are not Reported as Revenues in the Funds, Rather These Revenues are Reported as Deferred Inflows of Resources	531,016
The Issuance of Long-Term Debt Provides Current Financial Resources to Governmental Funds, While the Repayment of Principal and Long-Term Debt Consumes the Current Financial Resources of Governmental Funds: Payment on Bonds	2,430,000
Governmental Funds Report Discount as Expenses Whereas these Amounts are Capitalized and Amortized in the Statement of Activities: Amortization of Discount on Bonds	(21,245)
Accrued Interest Payable Reported in the Statement of Activities does not Require the Use of Current Financial Resources and Therefore is not Reported as an Expenditure in the Funds.	(11,195)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (8,069,503)

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Warren County Transportation Improvement District (the District) is a body politic and corporate, created for the purpose of financing, constructing, maintaining, repairing, and operating selected transportation projects. The District was specifically created pursuant to Chapter 5540 of the Ohio Revised Code, as amended. The District was created by action of the Board of Warren County Commissioners on January 27, 2011.

The District is governed by a Board of Trustees that acts as the authoritative and legislative body of the entity. The Board is comprised of seven members of whom five are voting and two are non-voting. Each Board member serves a term of two years and there are no term limits for reappointment. The five voting Board members are appointed by the Board of Warren County Commissioners. The Speaker of the Ohio House of Representatives and the President of the Ohio Senate each appoint one non-voting member. None of the Board members receive compensation for serving on the Board.

District Officers consist of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Secretary-Treasurer, who are elected annually from among the voting members of the Board. The Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Secretary-Treasurer serve at the pleasure of the Board and are subject to removal by an affirmative vote of the majority of the Board at any time. The Chairman's responsibilities are to preside at all meetings of the Board and be the chief officer of the District. The Secretary-Treasurer serves as the fiscal officer of the District.

The District is reported as a component unit of Warren County, Ohio, as defined by the provisions of GASB statement numbers 14 and 39. As such, its activities are reported within the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The District's management believes these financial statements represent all activities for which the District is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

2A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

2B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There is one category of funds: Governmental.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The District has the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – Accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

171 / Western Row Road Interchange Fund — Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects in the vicinity of the I71 / Western Row Road Interchange area.

Southwest Warren County Capital Projects Fund – Accounts for resources (restricted for certain infrastructure improvements) that have been received from Warren County's P&G TIF.

Wilkens Boulevard Corridor Capital Improvement Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects along the Wilkens Boulevard Corridor.

State Route 73 and State Route 741 Intersection Improvement Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects along the intersection of State Routes 73 and 741.

Series 2016 Bond Issuance Capital Project Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects permitted by the debt issuance agreement.

Mason Montgomery Corridor Capital Project Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects along the Mason Montgomery Corridor.

Innovation Way Corridor Capital Project Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects along the Innovation Way Corridor.

Mason Morrow Millgrove Capital Project Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects along Mason Morrow Millgrove Road.

171 Fields Ertel Mason Montgomery Road Interchange Fund – Accounts for resources to be used for infrastructure projects near the I71 Fields Ertel Mason Montgomery Road Interchange.

2C. Measurement Focus

Governmental-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

All Governmental funds are accounted for using a *flow of current financial resources* measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Classification of Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," the District's fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The District classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. At December 31, 2017, the District did not report any fund balance classified as nonspendable.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed

The District's Board can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The District must adhere to these commitments unless the District's Board amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements. At December 31, 2017, the District did not report any fund balance classified as committed.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent resources set aside for purchase commitments by the Secretary-Treasurer.

5. <u>Unassigned</u>

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

2D. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use if first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the periods that the amounts become available or for the periods in which they are to be used.

Unearned Revenue - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

At December 31, 2017, the District reported unearned revenue of \$20,447 which represents amounts collected for project management fees that have not been earned.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

2E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet and statement of net position.

2F. Receivables

Receivables, as of December 31, 2017, consisted entirely of an intergovernmental receivable from the Ohio Department of Transportation arising from voluntary non-exchange transactions.

2G. Capital Assets

The District reports no capital assets. Title to assets maintained by the District as part of project related expenditures will transfer to the County or State upon project completion.

2H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that are incurred and are paid in a timely manner with current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

21. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

2J. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through constitutional provision, enabling legislation, or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

2K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands upon the District. Active deposits must be maintained either as cash by the District, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the District has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

The District has an Investment Policy that authorizes the Secretary-Treasurer to make investments of available monies from the funds of the District in securities as authorized by State law. These include:

- Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for payment of principal and interest thereon but does not include stripped principal or interest obligations of such obligations;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities directly issued by a Federal government agency or instrumentality;
- Interim deposits in Board-approved depositories;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first
 two bullet points above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided
 such investments are made only through banks and savings and loan institutions authorized
 by R.C. 135.03;
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money have been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

- Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured; or
- Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$22,910,995 and the bank balance was \$22,930,004. Federal depository insurance covered \$500,000 of the bank balance. The remaining \$22,430,004 was collateralized in a manner described above.

4. INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

As of December 31, 2017, the District has entered into various intergovernmental agreements with the Warren County Commissioners, Warren County Engineers Office, Deerfield Township, the Cities of Springboro and Mason, and the Village of South Lebanon to provide funding to the District to facilitate the development and implementation of the District's projects.

Further, the District's Board has authorized a 3 percent management fee (charged to the entity contracting with the District) to assist and manage certain projects authorized by the District's Board. This management fee has been recorded as charges for services in the District's financial statements. Management fees earned for the year ended December 31, 2017, totaled \$81,787.

5. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2017, the District had open, unpaid contractual commitments related to engineering and design work of approximately \$16 million.

6. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers

During 2017, the District made the following transfers to either provide resources for current project expenses or to return excess fund resources:

From	To	Amount
Southwest Warren	I71 Western Row Road Interchange Fund	\$ 309,519
County Capital	Mason Montgomery Corridor Capital Project Fund	2,319,760
Projects Fund	Innovation Way Corridor Capital Project Fund	4,450
	I71 Fields Ertel Mason Montgomery Road Interchange Fund	70,612
		2,704,341
Other Governmental	Southwest Warren County Capital Projects Fund	958,003
Funds	Other Governmental Funds	71,439
		1,029,442
Series 2016 Bond	I71 Western Row Road Interchange Fund	1,428,876
Issuance Capital	Mason Montgomery Corridor Capital Project Fund	3,926,784
Project Fund	Innovation Way Corridor Capital Project Fund	7,965,553
	I71 Fields Ertel Mason Montgomery Road Interchange Fund	640,552
		13,961,765
		\$17,695,548

<u>Advances</u>

At December 31, 2017, the Southwest Warren County Capital Projects Fund had an interfund receivable of \$500,000 from the Wilkens Boulevard Corridor Capital Improvement Fund and the General Fund had an interfund receivable of \$100,000 from the State Route 48/Mason-Morrow-Millgrove Capital Project Fund. The advances were initiated in order to provide current resources for project expenditures.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- General Liability
- Public Officials Liability
- Crime

There have been no claims resulting from these risks since the inception of the District. Additionally, there have been no significant changes in coverage during the year.

8. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	Beginning				<u>Ending</u>	Due Within
Governmental Activities:	<u>Balance</u>	Add	<u>ditions</u>	Deletions	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
General Obligation Bonds:						
Series 2016 - 2.290%	\$15,395,000	\$	-	\$(2,430,000)	\$12,965,000	\$2,475,000
Discount	(126,586)			21,245	(105,341)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$15,268,414	\$		\$(2,408,755)	\$12,859,659	\$2,475,000

The District's Series 2016 General Obligation Bonds were issued on December 15, 2016 in the amount of \$15,395,000 to advance infrastructure improvements in specific areas of southwest Warren County, Ohio. The Series 2016 General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The bonds are payable by the District from County-pledged payments in lieu of taxes via an intergovernmental agreement between the District and Warren County.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the District's General Obligation Bonds as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

	 Series 2016 General Obligation Bonds									
	Principal_			<u>Interest</u>			<u>Total</u>			
2018	\$ 2,475,000		\$	296,899		\$	2,771,899			
2019	2,530,000			240,221			2,770,221			
2020	2,590,000			182,284			2,772,284			
2021	2,645,000			122,973			2,767,973			
2022	2,725,000			62,403	_		2,787,403			
Total	\$ 12,965,000		\$	904,780		\$	13,869,780			

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District evaluated the effects subsequent events would have on the financial statements through the date of the auditors' report, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance. As a result of this evaluation, no events requiring disclosure were noted.

WARREN COUNTY TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Number or Grant Year	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation: Highway Planning & Construction Cluster				
Highway Planning & Construction - Columbia Road Relocation	20.205	PID 95120	0	3,228,108
Highway Planning & Construction - I71/Western Row Interchange	20.205	PID 93964	0	392,492
Total CFDA Number 20.205/Highway Planning & Construction Cluster			0	3,620,600
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			0	3,620,600

3,620,600

CFDA - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

Total

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

WARREN COUNTY TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Warren County Transportation Improvement District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Warren County Transportation Improvement District Warren County 210 W. Main Street Lebanon, Ohio 45036

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Warren County Transportation Improvement District, Warren County, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under Government Auditing Standards.

Warren County Transportation Improvement District
Warren County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 14, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Warren County Transportation Improvement District Warren County 210 W. Main Street Lebanon, Ohio 45036

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Warren County Transportation Improvement District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Warren County Transportation Improvement District's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Warren County Transportation Improvement District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Warren County Transportation Improvement District
Warren County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 14, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 December 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Warren County Transportation Improvement District

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) December 31, 2017

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2016-001	GASB 34 par. 76 (as amended by GASB 37 par. 15) Major Fund Determination	Fully Corrected	The District has fully corrected this during 2017.





WARREN COUNTY TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

WARREN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 3, 2018