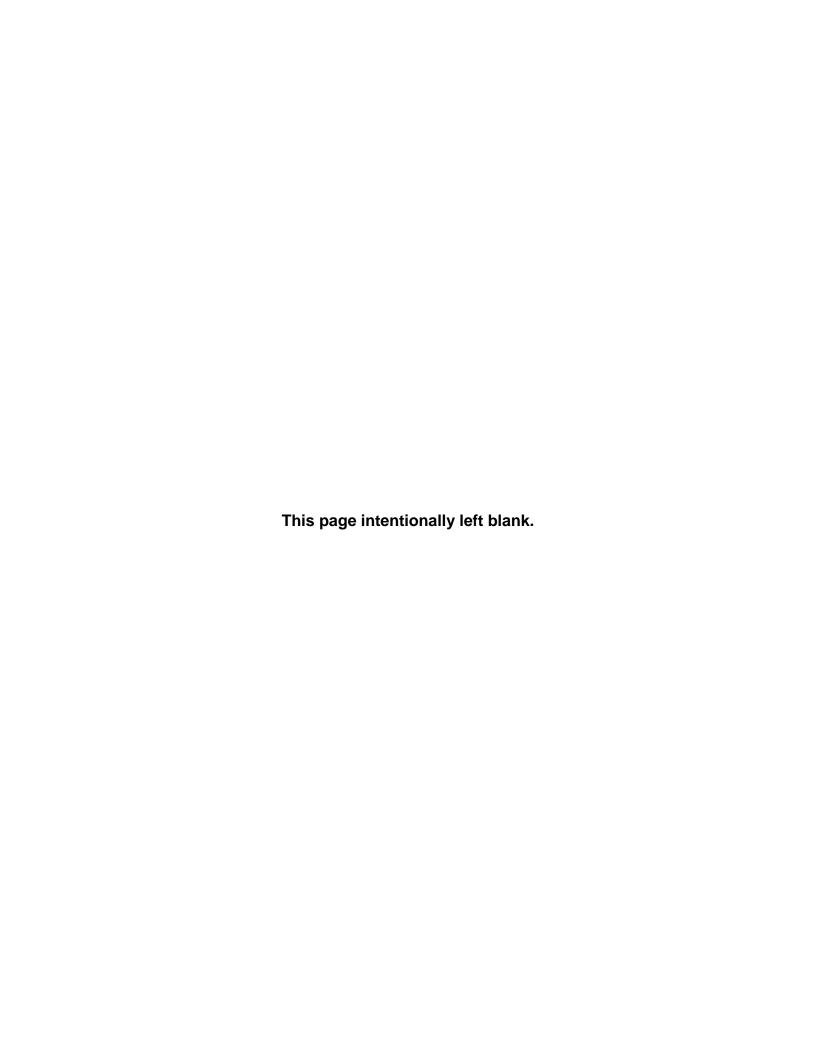




TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
ndependent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis	14
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	15
Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position – Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Schedule of Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	47
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	48
ndependent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	51
ndependent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	53
Schedule of Findings	55
Prepared by Management:	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	57
Corrective Action Plan	50



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County 800 North Sandusky Avenue, Suite A Upper Sandusky, Ohio 43351-1032

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District, Wyandot County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District, Wyandot County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost

Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2018

This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District increased \$1,149,740 or 23.68% from fiscal year 2016.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$17,390,033 or 84.32% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$3,233,972 or 15.68% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- The District had \$19,474,265 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$3,233,972 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$17,390,033 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had cash receipts of \$18,054,476 in 2017. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the General Fund, totaled \$17,076,631 in 2017. The General Fund's cash balance increased \$977,845 or 23.15% from 2016 to 2017.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, there is one major governmental fund, the General Fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2017?" These statements include *only net position* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in that position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis the governmental activities include the District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the General Fund is presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only fiduciary funds are a private-purpose trust fund and an agency fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net position - cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Net Cash Position

	 Activities 2017	Governmental Activities 2016		
Assets Current assets	\$ 6,004,099	\$	4,854,359	
Net cash position Restricted Unrestricted	 834,968 5,169,131		662,227 4,192,132	
Total net cash position	\$ 6,004,099	\$	4,854,359	

The total net cash position of the District increased \$1,149,740 which represents a 23.68% increase from fiscal year 2016. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash position of \$5,169,131 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The table below shows the changes in net cash position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Change in Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2017	Governmental Activities 2016
Cash receipts:		
Program cash receipts:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,309,380	\$ 1,352,107
Operating grants and contributions	1,924,592	1,810,427
Total program cash receipts	3,233,972	3,162,534
General cash receipts:		
Taxes	9,353,131	8,702,188
Payments in lieu of taxes	5,408	8,303
Grants and entitlements	7,684,849	7,558,973
Sale of notes	213,600	249,300
Investment earnings	20,930	13,592
Other	112,115	236,145
Total general cash receipts	17,390,033	16,768,501
Total cash receipts	20,624,005	19,931,035
		(G .: 1)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Change in Net Cash Position

		· ·				
	Governmental			Governmental		
	1	Activities	Activities			
		2017	2016			
Cash disbursements:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	7,078,417	\$	7,239,532		
Special		2,060,175		1,928,396		
Vocational		91,096		136,890		
Other		1,421,014		1,381,558		
Support services:						
Pupil		786,726		667,725		
Instructional staff		858,702		879,496		
Board of education		61,871		55,876		
Administration		1,556,792		1,579,156		
Fiscal		1,147,916		1,100,200		
Operations and maintenance		1,588,238		1,415,332		
Pupil transporation		1,000,608		874,927		
Central		2,888		4,547		
Operation of non instructional services		109,063		101,883		
Food service operations		715,918		704,477		
Extracurricular		664,623		674,217		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		319,300		324,999		
Interest and fiscal charges		10,918		41,663		
Total cash disbursements		19,474,265		19,110,874		
Change in net cash position		1,149,740		820,161		
Net cash position at beginning of year		4,854,359		4,034,198		
Net cash position at end of year	\$	6,004,099	\$	4,854,359		

Governmental Activities

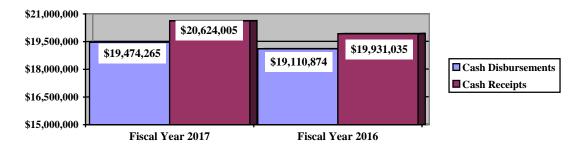
Governmental cash position increased by \$1,149,740 in fiscal year 2017 from fiscal year 2016. Total governmental disbursements of \$19,474,265 were offset by program receipts of \$3,233,972 and general cash receipts of \$17,390,033. Program receipts supported 16.61% of the total governmental disbursements. The largest governmental disbursements were instructional expenditures which totaled \$10,650,702 or 54.69% of total governmental expenditures.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 82.61% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts and cash disbursements for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Governmental Activities - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



Governmental Activities

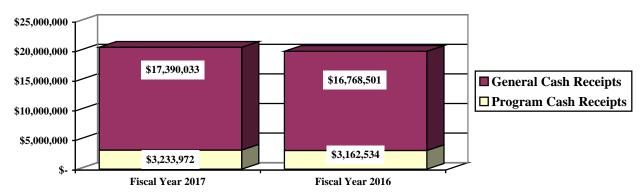
	Total Cost of Services 2017		Net Cost of Services 2017		Total Cost of Services 2016		Net Cost of Services 2016	
Cash disbursements:		2017		2017		2010		2010
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	7,078,417	\$	6,344,869	\$	7,239,532	\$	6,426,467
Special Special	Ф	2,060,175	φ	788,963	Ф	1,928,396	Ф	
-				*				778,928
Vocational		91,096		74,091		136,890		123,367
Other		1,421,014		1,421,014		1,381,558		1,381,558
Support services:								
Pupil		786,726		659,768		667,725		573,022
Instructional staff		858,702		849,702		879,496		870,074
Board of education		61,871		61,871		55,876		55,876
Administration		1,556,792		1,537,642		1,579,156		1,567,020
Fiscal		1,147,916		1,145,231		1,100,200		1,099,682
Operations and maintenance		1,588,238		1,586,258		1,415,332		1,413,112
Pupil transportation		1,000,608		971,967		874,927		846,286
Central		2,888		2,888		4,547		4,547
Operation of non instructional services		109,063		4,839		101,883		9,074
Food service operations		715,918		4,406		704,477		(23,196)
Extracurricular		664,623		456,566		674,217		455,861
Debt service:		,		,-		,		,
Principal retirement		319,300		319,300		324,999		324,999
Interest and fiscal charges		10,918		10,918		41,663		41,663
Total	\$	19,474,265	\$	16,240,293	\$	19,110,874	\$	15,948,340

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 83.39% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,004,099, which is \$1,149,740 more than last year's total of \$4,854,359. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Cash Balance ne 30, 2017	Cash Balance ne 30, 2016	Increase	
General Other nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 5,201,687 802,412	\$ 4,223,842 630,517	\$	977,845 171,895
Total	\$ 6,004,099	\$ 4,854,359	\$	1,149,740

General Fund

The District's major fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had cash receipts of \$18,054,476 in fiscal year 2017. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the General Fund, totaled \$17,076,631 in fiscal year 2017. The General Fund's cash balance increased \$977,845 or 23.15% from fiscal year 2016 to fiscal year 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the General Fund.

		2017		2016	Percentage		
		Amount		Amount	Change		
Cash receipts:							
Taxes	\$	8,799,479	\$	8,379,007	5.02 %		
Tuition		716,028		731,485	(2.11) %		
Payments in lieu of taxes		5,408		8,303	(34.87) %		
Intergovernmental		8,330,081		8,147,093	2.25 %		
Earnings on investments		20,930		13,592	53.99 %		
Other revenues	_	182,550	_	310,166	(41.14) %		
Total	\$	18,054,476	\$	17,589,646	2.64 %		

Overall cash receipts increased by \$464,830 or 2.64% during fiscal year 2017. Other revenues decreased \$127,616 or 41.14% primarily due to the District receiving proceeds from the Ron Myers Estate and a donation from the boosters for the middle school gym floor in fiscal year 2016 that were not received in fiscal year 2017. Earnings on investments increased \$7,338 or 53.99% due to an increase in interest rates for the District's investments. Taxes increased \$420,472 or 5.02% primarily due to CAUV values increasing in Ohio, and Wyandot County's property taxes being reassessed in 2016 affecting 2017 collections. All other revenue remained comparable to fiscal year 2016.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the General Fund.

				2016 Amount	Percentage Change
Cash Disbursements					
Instruction	\$	10,022,069	\$	10,036,623	(0.15) %
Support services		6,463,922		6,267,687	3.13 %
Operation of non-instructional		114		-	100.00 %
Extracurricular		473,908		457,993	3.47 %
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		70,000		39,999	75.00 %
Interest and fiscal charges		3,705		34,091	(89.13) %
Total	\$	17,033,718	\$	16,836,393	1.17 %

Overall cash disbursements increased \$197,325 or 1.17% during fiscal year 2017. Principal retirement increased by \$30,001 or 75.00% due to the District making their first full payment on the 2014 current interest bonds in fiscal year 2017. Interest and fiscal charges decreased \$30,386 or 89.13% due to the District paying off the 2014 capital appreciation bonds in fiscal year 2016. All other cash disbursements remained comparable to fiscal year 2016.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

For the General Fund, final budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$18,725,150 were the same as the original budget estimate of \$18,725,150. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$18,027,125 were less than final budget estimates by \$698,025. The final budgetary basis disbursements of \$18,379,256 were the same as the original budget estimates. The actual budgetary basis disbursements of \$17,242,264 were \$1,136,992 less than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements.

Debt Administration

The District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Go	vernmental	Governmental		
	Activities		Activities		
		2017		2016	
Energy conservation refunding bonds	\$	220,000	\$	290,000	

Current Financial Related Activities

The Permanent Improvement Levy was approved in November 2015 by the voters. The District will receive approximately \$560,000 annually from the Permanent Improvement Levy for miscellaneous permanent improvements throughout the school district.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Nathan Lynch, Treasurer, Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District, 800 N. Sandusky Avenue, Upper Sandusky, Ohio 43351-1032.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,985,364	
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		18,735	
Total assets	\$	6,004,099	
Net cash position:			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	\$	412,573	
Debt service		7,182	
Locally funded programs		3,046	
State funded programs		53,868	
Student activities		202,547	
Other purposes		155,752	
Unrestricted		5,169,131	
Total net cash position	\$	6,004,099	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and

Changes in **Program Receipts Net Cash Position Operating Grants** Governmental Cash Charges for and Contributions Activities **Disbursements** Services and Sales Governmental activities: Instruction: \$ \$ 7,078,417 \$ 643,245 90,303 \$ (6,344,869)2,060,175 130,436 1,140,776 (788,963)Vocational 91,096 17,005 (74,091)Other 1,421,014 (1,421,014)Support services: 786,726 126,958 (659,768)Instructional staff 858,702 9,000 (849,702)Board of education 61,871 (61,871)Administration. 1,556,792 10,802 8,348 (1,537,642)1,147,916 2,685 (1,145,231)1,980 Operations and maintenance 1,588,238 (1,586,258)Pupil transportation. 1,000,608 28,641 (971,967)2,888 (2,888)Operation of non-instructional services: Other non-instructional services . . 109.063 104.224 (4.839)Food service operations 715.918 342,768 368,744 (4,406)Extracurricular activities. 27,908 180,149 664,623 (456,566)Debt service: 319,300 (319,300)Interest and fiscal charges 10,918 (10,918)Total governmental activities \$ 19,474,265 \$ 1,309,380 \$ 1,924,592 (16,240,293)General cash receipts: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 5,511,990 Capital outlay. 553,652 Income taxes levied for: General purposes 3,287,489 Payments in lieu of taxes 5,408 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 7,684,849 213,600 Investment earnings 20,930 Miscellaneous 112,115 17,390,033 Total general cash receipts Change in net cash position. 1,149,740 Net cash position at beginning of year. . . . 4,854,359 Net cash position at end of year \$ 6,004,099

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,~2017}$

	General		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,201,687	\$	783,677	\$	5,985,364
Beneficial interest in assets held by others				18,735		18,735
Total assets	\$	5,201,687	\$	802,412	\$	6,004,099
Fund cash balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service	\$	-	\$	7,182	\$	7,182
Capital improvements		-		412,573		412,573
Food service operations		-		137,017		137,017
Non-public schools		-		38,117		38,117
Other purposes		-		37,532		37,532
Extracurricular		-		202,547		202,547
Committed:						
Other purposes		11,000		_		11,000
Assigned:						
Student instruction		56,946		_		56,946
Student and staff support		139,526		-		139,526
School supplies		58,675		_		58,675
Debt service		400		-		400
Other purposes		9,026		-		9,026
Unassigned (deficit)		4,926,114		(32,556)		4,893,558
Total fund cash balances	\$	5,201,687	\$	802,412	\$	6,004,099

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash receipts:					_
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$	5,511,990	\$ 553,652	\$	6,065,642
Income taxes		3,287,489	-		3,287,489
Payment in lieu of taxes		5,408	-		5,408
Tuition		716,028	-		716,028
Earnings on investments		20,930	2,603		23,533
Charges for services		-	342,768		342,768
Extracurricular		180	180,149		180,329
Classroom materials and fees		57,653	-		57,653
Rental income		1,980	-		1,980
Contributions and donations		1,034	2,760		3,794
Other local revenues		121,703	27,370		149,073
Intergovernmental - state		8,251,886	114,569		8,366,455
Intergovernmental - federal		78,195	 1,132,058		1,210,253
Total cash receipts		18,054,476	 2,355,929		20,410,405
Cash disbursements:					
Current:					
Instruction:		6.006.200	02.117		7.070.417
Regular		6,996,300	82,117		7,078,417
Special		1,513,659	546,516		2,060,175
Vocational		91,096	-		91,096
Other		1,421,014	-		1,421,014
Support services:		650.060	120 650		796 736
Pupil		658,068	128,658		786,726
Instructional staff		849,702	9,000		858,702
Board of education		61,871	9.460		61,871
Administration		1,548,332	8,460		1,556,792
Fiscal		1,123,764	24,152		1,147,916
Operations and maintenance		1,220,885	367,353		1,588,238
Pupil transportation		998,412	2,196		1,000,608
Central		2,888	-		2,888
Operation of non-instructional services:		114	108,949		109,063
Other operation of non-instructional Food service operations		114	715,918		715,918
Extracurricular activities		473,908	190,715		664,623
Debt service:		473,306	190,713		004,023
Principal retirement		70,000	249,300		319,300
1		,	*		*
Interest and fiscal charges		3,705 17,033,718	 7,213 2,440,547		10,918 19,474,265
	-				
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under)					
cash disbursements		1,020,758	 (84,618)		936,140
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of notes		-	213,600		213,600
Transfers in		-	42,913		42,913
Transfers (out)		(42,913)	 		(42,913)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(42,913)	 256,513		213,600
Net change in cash fund balances		977,845	171,895		1,149,740
Fund cash balances at beginning of year		4,223,842	630,517		4,854,359
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$	5,201,687	\$ 802,412	\$	6,004,099

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Biogetary basis receipts: Final Actaol Negative Propertion From local sources: 8 6,050,000 \$5,51,900 \$6,350,000 \$1,000,000 3,237,448 \$187,489 Income taxes. 3,100,000 3,100,000 3,237,448 \$187,489 Charrings on investments 2,500 1,000 2,003 30 Class com materials and fees 1,150 1,500 1,500 (50 Contributions and donations 130,000 3,200 1,500 (30,40) Other local revenues 2,250,00 1,164 (30,410) Intergovernmental - state 2,200,00 8,251,80 (38,110) Intergovernmental - state 2,200,00 8,251,80 (38,110) Intergovernmental - state 8,200,00 8,251,80 (38,110) Intergovernmental - state 8,200,00 8,251,80 (38,110) Intergovernmental - state 1,352,71 7,358,951 7,017,359 31,152,10 Intergovernmental - state 1,452,90 1,452,40 1,527,20 32,102		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
Prom local sources: Properly taxes		Original Final		Final	Actual				
Property taxes	Budgetary basis receipts:		<u> </u>			 		···g·····	
Property taxes.	~ ·								
Tuition	Property taxes	\$	6,050,000	\$	6,050,000	\$ 5,511,990	\$	(538,010)	
Tuition	Income taxes		3,100,000		3,100,000	3,287,489		187,489	
Classroom materials and fees 1.150 1.150 621 (529) Rental income 2.500 2.500 1,980 (520) Contributions and donations 130,000 130,000 754 (129,246) Other local revenues 250,500 825,050 116,489 (134,011) Intergovernmental - federal 8.290,000 8.251,886 (38,114) Intergovernmental - federal 78,195 78,195 78,195 Total budgetary basis receipts 18,695,150 18,695,150 17,986,362 (708,788) Budgetary basis disbursements: Current Current Regular 7,358,951 7,358,951 7,017,359 341,592 Special 1,441,140 1,441,140 1,532,771 (91,61) Vocational 164,734 164,734 105,149 595,85 Other 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 4,725 Support services Pupil and of education 67,424 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>851,000</td><td></td><td>851,000</td><td>716,028</td><td></td><td>(134,972)</td></td<>			851,000		851,000	716,028		(134,972)	
Rental income 2,500 2,500 1,980 (520) Contributions and donations 130,000 130,000 754 (129,246) Other local revenues 250,500 250,500 116,489 (134,011) Intergovernmental - state 8,290,000 8,290,000 8,251,886 (38,114) Intergovernmental - federal 18,695,150 18,695,150 17,986,362 708,788 Total budgetary basis disbursements: Current: Instruction: Regular 7,358,951 7,358,951 7,017,359 341,592 Special 1,441,140 1,441,140 1,532,771 (91,631) Vocational 164,734 164,734 160,514 (4,725) Support services: 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: 1,917,811 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411 578,411<	Earnings on investments		20,000		20,000	20,930		930	
Contributions and donations. 130,000 130,000 754 (129,246) Other local revenues. 250,500 250,500 216,889 (134,011) Intergovernmental - state 8,290,000 8,221,886 (38,114) Intergovernmental - federal - - 78,195 78,195 Total budgetary basis receipts. 18,695,150 17,986,362 (708,788) Budgetary basis disbursements: Unrent Unrent Instruction: Regular 7,358,951 7,358,951 7,017,359 341,592 Special 1,441,140 1,441,140 1,532,771 (91,631) Vocational 164,734 164,734 105,149 59,585 Other. 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: 1,416,289 1,421,14 (4,725			1,150		1,150	621		(529)	
Other local revenues 250,500 250,500 116,489 (134,011) Intergovernmental - state 8,290,000 8,21,886 (38,114) Intergovernmental - federal - - 78,195 78,195 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,695,150 18,695,150 17,986,362 (708,788) Budgetary basis disbursements Current: Instruction: Regular 7,358,951 7,017,359 341,592 Special 1,441,140 1,441,140 1,532,771 (91,631) Vocational 164,734 164,734 105,149 59,585 Other 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: 2 1,416,289 1,421,014 (5,79,585) Other 578,411 578,411 658,068 (79,657) Instructional staff 919,781 919,781 855,854 63,947 Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082 Administration	Rental income		2,500		2,500	1,980		(520)	
Intergovernmental - state			130,000		130,000	754		(129,246)	
Intergovernmental - state	Other local revenues		250,500		250,500	116,489		(134,011)	
Transportmental Federal Federa									
Total budgetary basis receipts. 18,695,150 18,695,150 17,986,362 (708,788)			-		-				
Current: Instruction: Regular			18,695,150		18,695,150				
Instruction: Regular									
Regular 7,358,951 7,358,951 7,017,359 341,592 Special 1,441,140 1,441,140 1,532,771 (91,631) Vocational 164,734 164,734 105,149 59,585 Other 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: "Pupil 578,411 578,411 658,068 (79,657) Instructional staff 919,781 919,781 855,834 63,947 Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082) Administration 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,125,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759)									
Special. 1,441,140 1,441,140 1,532,771 (91,631) Vocational. 164,734 164,734 105,149 59,585 Other. 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: Pupil. 578,411 578,411 658,068 (79,657) Instructional staff 919,781 919,781 855,834 63,947 Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082) Administration. 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,125,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance. 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 1,935,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114 Extracurricular activities. 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Deb									
Vocational. 164,734 164,734 105,149 59,585 Other. 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: Pupil. 578,411 578,411 658,068 (79,657) Instructional staff 919,781 919,781 855,834 63,947 Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082) Administration. 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,125,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance. 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,008 Pupil transportation. 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services. - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities. 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal. 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td>	•				, ,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Other. 1,416,289 1,416,289 1,421,014 (4,725) Support services: 919.781 578,411 578,411 658,068 (79,657) Instructional staff 919,781 919,781 855,834 63,947 Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082) Administration 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,152,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,008 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal 116,603 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Support services: Pupil.			,			*			
Instructional staff 919,781 919,781 855,834 63,947 Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082) Administration 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,125,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744			1,416,289		1,416,289	1,421,014		(4,725)	
Board of education 67,742 67,742 74,824 (7,082) Administration. 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,125,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance. 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures 30,000 30,	Pupil		578,411		578,411	658,068		(79,657)	
Administration. 1,624,826 1,624,826 1,537,733 87,093 Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,152,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance. 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities. 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges. 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements. 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures. 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763	Instructional staff		919,781		919,781	855,834		63,947	
Fiscal 1,154,715 1,154,715 1,125,754 28,961 Operations and maintenance 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763	Board of education		67,742		67,742	74,824		(7,082)	
Operations and maintenance. 2,071,909 2,071,909 1,282,001 789,908 Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities. 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Principal 116,603 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763	Administration		1,624,826		1,624,826	1,537,733		87,093	
Pupil transportation 987,261 987,261 1,035,829 (48,568) Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: - - - 114 (114) Principal 116,603 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Net change in budgetary fund balance 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,96	Fiscal		1,154,715		1,154,715	1,125,754		28,961	
Central. 6,639 6,639 4,888 1,751 Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: - - - - Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: -	Operations and maintenance		2,071,909		2,071,909	1,282,001		789,908	
Other operation of non-instructional services - - 114 (114) Extracurricular activities 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Net change in budgetary fund balance 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,967 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 104,086 104,086 104,086 -	Pupil transportation		987,261		987,261	1,035,829		(48,568)	
Extracurricular activities. 467,149 467,149 473,908 (6,759) Debt service: Principal	Central		6,639		6,639	4,888		1,751	
Debt service: Principal	Other operation of non-instructional services .		-		-	114		(114)	
Principal 116,603 116,603 116,318 285 Interest and fiscal charges 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Net change in budgetary fund balance 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,967 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 104,086 104,086 104,086 -			467,149		467,149	473,908		(6,759)	
Interest and fiscal charges. 3,106 3,106 700 2,406 Total budgetary basis disbursements. 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements. 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures. 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources. 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Net change in budgetary fund balance. 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,967 Fund cash balance at beginning of year. 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated. 104,086 104,086 104,086 -			116.603		116.603	116.318		285	
Total budgetary basis disbursements. 18,379,256 18,379,256 17,242,264 1,136,992 Excess of budgetary basis receipts over budgetary basis disbursements . 315,894 315,894 744,098 428,204 Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures . 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Total other financing sources . 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Net change in budgetary fund balance . 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,967 Fund cash balance at beginning of year . 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 104,086 104,086 104,086 -	-					*		2,406	
over budgetary basis disbursements	9	-		-		 17,242,264			
over budgetary basis disbursements	Evenes of hydrotomy bosic manimus		_		_	 		_	
Other financing sources: Refund of prior year's expenditures			215 904		215 904	744,000		429.204	
Refund of prior year's expenditures	over budgetary basis disbursements		315,894	-	315,894	 744,098		428,204	
Total other financing sources 30,000 30,000 40,763 10,763 Net change in budgetary fund balance 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,967 Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 104,086 104,086 104,086 -									
Net change in budgetary fund balance. 345,894 345,894 784,861 438,967 Fund cash balance at beginning of year. 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated. 104,086 104,086 - -									
Fund cash balance at beginning of year 4,037,167 4,037,167 4,037,167 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 104,086 104,086 - -	Total other financing sources		30,000		30,000	 40,763		10,763	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 104,086 104,086 -	Net change in budgetary fund balance		345,894		345,894	784,861		438,967	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 104,086 104,086 -	Fund cash balance at beginning of year		4,037,167		4,037,167	4,037,167		-	
								-	
		\$		\$	4,487,147	\$	\$	438,967	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,~2017}$

	Priv	ate Purpose Trust	
	Sc	holarship	 Agency
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	144,321	\$ 91,577
Net cash position: Held in trust for scholarships	\$	144,321	\$ 91,577
Total net cash position	\$	144,321	\$ 91,577

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions:			
Interest	\$	151	
Gifts and contributions		1,771	
Total additions		1,922	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		8,271	
Change in net position		(6,349)	
Net cash position at beginning of year		150,670	
Net cash position at end of year	\$	144,321	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District (the District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1960 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 300 square miles. It is located in Wyandot, Marion and Crawford Counties and includes the entire City of Upper Sandusky. The District is staffed by 78 non-certified employees, 107 certified full-time teaching personnel and 9 administrative employees who provide services to 1,627 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B., these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

Meta Solutions

The District is a participant in Meta Solutions which is a computer consortium that was the result of a merger between Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA) and the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC). Meta Solutions develops, implements and supports the technology and instructional needs of schools in a cost-effective manner. Meta Solutions provides instructional, core, technology and purchasing services for its member districts. The Board of Directors consists of the Superintendents from eight of the member districts. During fiscal year 2017, the District paid Meta Solutions \$29,598 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Scott Armstrong, who serves as Chief Financial Officer, 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Vanguard-Sentinel Career and Technology Centers

The Vanguard-Sentinel Career and Technology Centers (VSCTC) is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio, which provides vocational education for students. The VSCTC is operated under direction of a Board consisting of one representative from the District, one representative from twelve other participating school districts, and two representatives from the Fremont City School District. The VSCTC possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from Alan Binger, Vanguard-Sentinel Career and Technology Centers, at 1306 Cedar Street, Fremont, Ohio 43420.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group-rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the Program) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool.

The Program's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designees, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the Program.

Wyandot-Crawford Health Benefit Plan

The Wyandot-Crawford Health Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of five school districts. The Plan is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides sick, accident, and other benefits to employees of the participating school districts. Each participating school district's superintendent is appointed to the Board of Directors which advises the Trustee, Huntington Trust Company, N.A., concerning aspects of the administration of the Plan.

Each school district decides which benefit programs offered by the Plan will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Plan is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Directors and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Kristin Bowman, Service Representative, Medical Mutual, P.O. Box 943, Toledo, Ohio 43656.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Upper Sandusky Community Public Library

The Upper Sandusky Community Public Library (the Library) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

Board of Trustees appointed by the District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsides. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to administerial functions. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from John Lyon, Clerk/Treasurer, 310 North Sandusky Avenue, Upper Sandusky, Ohio 43351.

B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statement is due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statement. These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to a disbursement for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net cash position and changes in net cash position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for cash assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities.

D. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate.

The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations below the legal level within all funds are made by the District Treasurer. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of disbursements for the General Fund, the District

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

has elected to present its respective budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of disbursements.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflects the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statement reflects the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2017, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, a U.S. Government money market fund and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$20,930, which includes \$2,693 assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

The beneficial interest in assets held by others is monies held by the Toledo Community Foundation as of fiscal year end in the District's name. The deposits provide the District with interest payments each quarter.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

G. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted net position when limitations on their use change normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

I. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The District recognizes disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 11 and 12, employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and postretirement health care benefits.

L. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay disbursement are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

M. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund loans are reported as advances-in and advances-out. Advances are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund transfers and advances are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated on the statement of net position - cash basis and the statement of activities - cash basis.

N. Net Cash Position

Net cash position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net cash position restricted for other purposes primarily includes resources restricted for food service operations. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net cash position is available.

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

P. Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of Education has \$151,993 of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund set aside to be used for budget stabilization. The Board has set aside these funds to cover emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The budget stabilization arrangement may be removed by action of the Board of Education at any time.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2017.

R. Parochial School

Within the District's boundaries, St. Peter Elementary is operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to the parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and disbursement of these State monies by the District are reflected as a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

S. Endowment

The District is the sole beneficiary of an endowment fund held by the Toledo Community Foundation. The Toledo Community Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation organized exclusively for charitable, religious, educational, and scientific purposes. Funds held by the Toledo Community Foundation are disbursed to the District upon request and approval by the Board of Trustees. Since the endowment fund solely benefits the District, the fund balance and financial activity of this fund is included in this report as part of other governmental funds.

T. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2017, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 78, "Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans", GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14" and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73".

GASB Statement No. 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreement. GASB Statement No. 77 also requires disclosures related to tax abatement agreements that have been entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. These disclosures were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements (see Note 17); however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 78 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit pensions provided to the employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (cost-sharing pension plan) that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 68 and that (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 80 improves the financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement applies to component units that are organized as not-for-profit corporations in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 82 addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2017 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>_1</u>	<u>Deficit</u>
IDEA Part-B	\$	17,121
Title I - Disadvantaged Children		10,163
Improving Teacher Quality		5.272

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

C. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$2,125 in undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$5,130,099. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2017, \$4,279,560 of the District's bank balance of \$5,236,016 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$956,456 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the District had the following investments and maturities:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

			Investment maturities									
<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Car</u>	rrying Value	6	months or less				19 to 24 months		Greater than 24 months		
STAR Ohio U.S. Government money market	\$	572,193	\$	572,193	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
mutual fund		2,503		2,503		-		-		-		-
FHLM		149,651		-		-		-		49,996		99,655
FNMA		364,691				89,779		74,912	_			200,000
Total	\$	1,089,038	\$	574,696	\$	89,779	\$	74,912	\$	49,996	\$	299,655

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.02 years.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and U.S. Government money market mutual fund carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District has no policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2017:

<u>Investment type</u>	Car	rying value	% of total
STAR Ohio	\$	572,193	52.54
U.S. Government money market			
mutual fund		2,503	0.23
FHLM		149,651	13.74
FNMA		364,691	33.49
Total investments	\$	1,089,038	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash to the Statement of Net Cash Position

Cach par nota

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2017:

<u>Cash per note</u>		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	5,130,099
Investments		1,089,038
Beneficial interest in assets held by others		18,735
Cash on hand		2,125
Total	\$	6,239,997
Cach per statement of net cach position		
Cash per statement of net cash position	_	
Governmental activities	\$	6,004,099
Private-purpose trust		144,321
Agency fund		91,577
Total	\$	6,239,997

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from the General Fund to</u> :	<u>Amount</u>
Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 42,913

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien on December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Wyandot, Marion and Crawford Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

	2016 Second Half Collection	2017 First Half Collections		
	Amount I	Percent Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 269,633,320	96.19	\$ 285,073,190	95.70
Public utility personal	10,687,130	3.81	12,816,350	4.30
Total	\$ 280,320,450	100.00	\$ 297,889,540	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$35.70		\$35.70	

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

On November 8, 2005, the District voters passed a .75% income tax levy for current expenses on the income of individuals and estates. On May 5, 2009, the District voters renewed the .75% income tax levy and passed a .50% increase for a total levy of 1.25%. On November 5, 2013, the District voters renewed the 1.25% income tax levy. The tax was effective on January 1, 2015 and will continue for five years. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are recorded in the General Fund.

NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE

The changes in the District's notes payable during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

]	Balance]	Balance
	Outstanding					Outstand		
	Jun	e 30, 2016	Α	dditions	R	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2017
Governmental activities:								
Energy note - 2016	\$	249,300	\$	-	\$	(249,300)	\$	-
Energy note - 2017				213,600				213,600
Total governmental activities	\$	249,300	\$	213,600	\$	(249,300)	\$	213,600

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

On June 1, 2005, the District issued a short-term energy conversation improvement bond anticipation note in the amount of \$357,000. All note proceeds were spent in fiscal year 2005. On June 1, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, the note was rolled-over at 4.50%, 4.50%, 2.75%, 2.50%, 3.00%, 1.00%, 0.85%, 1.00%, 1.00%, 1.00% and 1.50%, respectively. On March 23, 2017, the note was rolled-over again in the amount of \$213,600 at 2.25%. The bond anticipation note is backed in full faith and credit of the District and matures within one year.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year 2017, the following changes occurred in the District's long-term obligations:

]	Balance]	Balance	A	mounts
	Οι	ıtstanding					Οι	ıtstanding		Due in
	Jun	e 30, 2016	A	dditions	R	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2017	О	ne Year
Governmental activities:										
Series 2014 refunding bonds										
Current interest bonds	\$	290,000	\$	-	\$	(70,000)	\$	220,000	\$	70,000

<u>Series 2014 Energy Conservation Improvement Refunding Bonds</u> - On April 10, 2014, the District issued series 2014 school energy conservation improvement refunding bonds to refund the callable portion of the series 2004 general obligation bonds (principal \$340,000). Issuance proceeds totaling \$348,116 were deposited with an escrow agent.

This refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$300,000 and \$39,999, respectively. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 0.50% to 1.70%. The current interest bonds mature on December 1, 2019 and will be retired through the General Fund. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2015 (interest rate yield of 3.20%) and December 1, 2018 (equivalent interest rate of 37.17%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$70,000 with \$30,001 representing interest that accretes over the term of the bonds. The capital appreciation bonds and accreted interest on the capital bonds were paid off during fiscal year 2016.

This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments over the next 6 years by \$15.441.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the energy conservation refunding bonds at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal		Current Interest Bonds				
Year Ended	I	Principal		nterest		Total
2018	\$	70,000	\$	2,935	\$	72,935
2019		75,000		1,913		76,913
2020		75,000		637		75,637
Total	\$	220,000	\$	5,485	\$	225,485

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2017, are a voted debt margin of \$26,597,241 (including available funds of \$7,182) and an unvoted debt margin of \$297,890.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the District contracted with various companies for the following insurance coverage:

Buildings and contents - replacement cost	\$ 53,884,884
Automobile liability	3,000,000
General liability:	
Per occurrence	3,000,000
Aggregate	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program – The District participated in the Ohio School Board Association and Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate.

Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP plan. Participation in the GRP plan is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP plan's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP plan.

<u>Wyandot-Crawford Health Benefit Plan</u> - Beginning in fiscal year 1997, the District participated in the Wyandot-Crawford Health Benefit Plan (the Plan), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of five school districts, operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the member districts. The District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for insurance coverage. The Plan is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Plan, the participant is responsible for the payment of all Plan liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. None of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$280,798 for fiscal year 2017.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,034,271 for fiscal year 2017.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

	SERS	STRS Ohio	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.06313190%	0.06646021%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.06401630%	0.06807155%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00088440%	0.00161134%	
Proportionate share of the net		·	
pension liability	\$ 4,685,382	\$ 22,785,600	\$ 27,470,982

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (level percent of payroll)

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an experience study that was completed June 30, 2015. As a result of the actuarial experience study, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%, (b) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (c) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (d) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (e) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (f) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (g) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (h) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
-		
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (6.50%)	Di	scount Rate (7.50%)	19	% Increase (8.50%)
District's proportionate share	-	(0.5070)		(7.5070)		(0.3070)
of the net pension liability	\$	6,203,181	\$	4,685,382	\$	3,414,959

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	7.61 %

^{*10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50% and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 30,280,210	\$ 22,785,600	\$ 16,463,454

Current

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date - In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2017, no portion of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$32,788, \$33,293, and \$42,826, respectively. 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the Plan) administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2017, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's did not make any contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

C. Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2017 foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than an assignment of fund balance (cash) and some funds are included in the General Fund on the cash basis, but not on the budgetary basis.

The following table summarized the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement:

Net Change in Fund Cash Balance

	General	
Cash basis	\$	977,845
Adjustment for encumbrances		(180,987)
Funds budgeted elsewhere**		(11,997)
Budget basis	\$	784,861

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting</u>", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General Fund on a cash basis.

NOTE 15 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain General Fund receipt amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

years. Disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2016	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	286,446
Current year qualifying expenditures	 (517,781)
Total	\$ (231,335)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2018	\$
Set-aside balance June 30, 2017	\$ _

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Yea	ır-End
	Encur	nbrances
General Fund	\$	180,987
Nonmajor governmental funds		142,745
Total	\$	323,732

NOTE 17 - TAX ABATEMENT AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Upper Sandusky has entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under Enterprise Zone Agreements (EZAs) and the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program within taxing districts of the District. The EZAs and CRA program are directive incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under these programs, other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the City of Upper Sandusky has entered into such agreements. Under the EZAs and CRA program, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$1,842 and \$337, respectively. The District is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Thi	Passed rough to recipients	Total Federal Expenditures	_
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education					
Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program: Non Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Cash Assistance Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555			\$ 48,145 286,634 334,779	_
School Breakfast Program	10.553			76,190	_
Total for Child Nutrition Cluster				410,969	_
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				410,969	-
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education					
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.173	\$	9,155 9,155	377,344 9,155 386,499	_
Title I Grants To Local Educational Agencies	84.010			295,056	
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365		5,217	5,217	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367			80,517	_
Total U.S. Department of Education			14,372	767,289	_
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	14,372	\$ 1,178,258	=

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - SUBRECIPIENTS

The District passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2017 to 2018 programs:

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

Program Title	<u>CFDA</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Amt.</u> <u>Transferred</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$50,979
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$35,212
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$14,822

The District transferred the following amounts from 2016 to 2017 programs:

	<u>CFDA</u>	Amt.
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$81,467
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	\$51,640
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	\$18,756

This page intentionally left blank.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County 800 North Sandusky Avenue, Suite A Upper Sandusky, Ohio 43351-1032

To the Board of Education:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District, Wyandot County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2018, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2017-001.

Entity's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County 800 North Sandusky Avenue, Suite A Upper Sandusky, Ohio 43351-1032

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

We have audited Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District, Wyandot County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District
Wyandot County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Upper Sandusky Exempted Village School District Wyandot County Schedule of Findings Page 2

As a cost savings measure, the District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while presumably material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District.

We recommend the District prepare its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response:

The decision to prepare cash basis financial statements is a decision the Board of Education believes to be in the best interest of the District. The Board evaluated the cost-benefit relationship of preparing GAAP statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and made the decision that the significant dollars saved, outweighed the benefit received.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Upper Sandusky Exempted Village Schools

800 N. Sandusky Ave., Suite A • Upper Sandusky, OH 43351

Laurie Vent, Superintendent Nathan Lynch, Treasurer

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2017

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2016-001	Finding first reported in 2006. Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) for reporting on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles.	Not Corrected. Repeated in this report as finding 2017- 001.	The decision to prepare cash basis financial statements is a decision the Board of Education believes to be in the best interest of the District. The Board evaluated the costbenefit relationship of preparing GAAP statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and made the decision that the significant dollars saved, outweighed the benefit received.
2016-002	Material weakness due to errors over GASB 54 fund balance classifications.	Fully corrected.	



Upper Sandusky Exempted Village Schools

800 N. Sandusky Ave., Suite A · Upper Sandusky, OH 43351

Laurie Vent, Superintendent Nathan Lynch, Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2017

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2017-001	Due to cost savings, this will not be corrected.		Nathan Lynch, Treasurer



CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 29, 2018