BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017





Board of Education Brooklyn City School District 9200 Biddulph Road Brooklyn, Ohio 44144

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Brooklyn City School District, Cuyahoga County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Brooklyn City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 5, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brooklyn City School District Cuyahoga County 9200 Biddulph Road Brooklyn, Ohio 44144

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brooklyn City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Brooklyn City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brooklyn City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Brooklyn City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 29, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Brooklyn City School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2017 are as follows:

- In December 2015, the School District experienced a fire at the football stadium, which caused significant damage. The replacement cost estimate is approximately \$1,400,000. This amount is expected to be fully reimbursed by insurance and the final insurance reimbursement payment is expected to be received in fiscal year 2018.
- The School District entered into a contract with the Suburban Health Consortium on April 1, 2017, a shared risk pool, to provide group health, dental, vision, life and prescription insurance coverage. This contract reduced premiums for the School District by approximately \$21,000 per month.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Brooklyn City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund, the bond retirement and the building fund are the most significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all of the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question "How did we perform financially during fiscal year 2017?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenue and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many financial or non-financial factors. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. The School District's programs and services reported here include instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus upon the School District's most significant funds. The School District's three major governmental funds are the general fund, the bond retirement fund and the building fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash flows into and out of those funds and the balances remaining at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Fund The School District has only one type of fiduciary fund, an agency fund. The agency fund is used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. The agency fund is not reflected on the government-wide statements because the resources from that fund are not available to support the School District's programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2017 compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1 Net Position Governmental Activities

	2017	2016	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$20,637,190	\$20,463,161	\$174,029
Capital Assets, Net	31,646,321	31,036,564	609,757
Total Assets	52,283,511	51,499,725	783,786
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	4,925,173	2,366,527	2,558,646
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	1,951,118	2,257,876	306,758
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	38,968	46,169	7,201
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	27,484,374	23,754,434	(3,729,940)
Other Amounts	29,320,492	29,232,219	(88,273)
Total Liabilities	58,794,952	55,290,698	(3,504,254)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	11,549,873	8,995,698	(2,554,175)
Pension	1,536,355	2,214,668	678,313
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,086,228	11,210,366	(1,875,862)
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,219,135	6,320,850	(101,715)
Restricted For:	, ,	, ,	, , ,
Capital Projects	181,982	0	181,982
Debt Service	16,075	0	16,075
Other Purposes	243,429	257,873	(14,444)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(21,333,117)	(19,213,535)	(2,119,582)
Total Net Position	(\$14,672,496)	(\$12,634,812)	(\$2,037,684)

The net pension liability is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2017 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For reasons discussed that follow, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 requires the net pension liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained previously, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total net position decreased compared to the prior fiscal year. Assets only slightly increased, while liabilities increased more than assets due to the increase in net pension liability. The net pension liability increase represents the School District's proportionate share of the unfunded benefits of the SERS and

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

STRS plans. As indicated previously, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability. Management continues to diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's revenues in an effort to maintain the durations between its levy requests.

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2017 for governmental activities compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities

_	2017	2016	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$334,852	\$335,971	(\$1,119)
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,951,844	1,900,262	51,582
Capital Grants and Contributions	906,513	15,989	890,524
Total Program Revenues	3,193,209	2,252,222	940,987
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	12,278,423	17,090,126	(4,811,703)
Grants and Entitlements	3,202,177	3,413,398	(211,221)
Unrestricted Contributions and Donations	878	853	25
Investment Earnings	6,036	11,129	(5,093)
Miscellaneous	695,380	706,275	(10,895)
Total General Revenues	16,182,894	21,221,781	(5,038,887)
Total Revenues	19,376,103	23,474,003	(4,097,900)
Program Expenses			
Instruction	12,133,506	10,718,946	(1,414,560)
Support Services:			
Pupil	1,994,235	1,824,825	(169,410)
Instructional Staff	275,985	231,266	(44,719)
Board of Education	39,903	36,403	(3,500)
Administration	1,799,742	1,605,261	(194,481)
Fiscal	508,626	530,647	22,021
Business	135,137	309,460	174,323
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,143,387	1,276,012	132,625
Pupil Transportation	389,010	348,929	(40,081)
Central	296,887	99,121	(197,766)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	363,008	442,351	79,343
Other Non-Instructional Services	301,759	352,438	50,679
Extracurricular Activities	546,348	441,531	(104,817)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,486,254	1,442,291	(43,963)
Total Program Expenses	21,413,787	19,659,481	(1,754,306)
Change in Net Position	(2,037,684)	3,814,522	(5,852,206)
Net Position Beginning of Year	(12,634,812)	(16,449,334)	3,814,522
Net Position End of Year	(\$14,672,496)	(\$12,634,812)	(\$2,037,684)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources primarily fund the School District's governmental activities. Property tax revenues brought the largest portion of general revenues having generated \$12,278,423 in fiscal year 2017. Grants and entitlements portion of the general revenues is the second largest source of revenues for the School District and includes monies received from the Ohio Department of Education, the State Foundation Program and property tax relief such as homestead exemptions and rollbacks provided by House Bill 920. The combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding along with substantial beginning net position have provided for coverage of all expenses in governmental activities in past years.

The decrease in revenues was primarily due to the decrease in property taxes, which was due to a decrease in the advance amount available from the County. Overall, expenses slightly increased over the prior fiscal year due to increases in most expense types.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of	f Services	
	2017	2017 2016		2016	
Instruction	\$12,133,506	\$10,718,946	(\$10,707,043)	(\$9,388,905)	
Support Services:					
Pupil	1,994,235	1,824,825	(1,987,940)	(1,811,733)	
Instructional Staff	275,985	231,266	(263,964)	(214,536)	
Board of Education	39,903	36,403	(39,776)	(36,347)	
Administration	1,799,742	1,605,261	(1,793,371)	(1,581,948)	
Fiscal	508,626	530,647	(507,073)	(529,832)	
Business	135,137	309,460	(134,827)	(309,330)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,143,387	1,276,012	(248,200)	(1,268,538)	
Pupil Transportation	389,010	348,929	(319,563)	(278,330)	
Central	296,887	99,121	(290,752)	(98,981)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services					
Food Service Operations	363,008	442,351	(24,824)	(59,721)	
Other Non-Instructional Services	301,759	352,438	1,126	(71,035)	
Extracurricular Activities	546,348	441,531	(418,117)	(315,732)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,486,254	1,442,291	(1,486,254)	(1,442,291)	
Total Expenses	\$21,413,787	\$19,659,481	(\$18,220,578)	(\$17,407,259)	

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. Property taxes can support 57.34 percent of total expenses. Program revenues support 14.91 percent of expenses. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, unrestricted contributions and donations, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues support 18.23 percent of total expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds starts on page 14. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District's major funds are the general fund, the bond retirement fund and the building fund. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$19,283,160 and expenditures of \$21,449,499. The fund balance in the general fund decreased by \$864,138, which was due to a decrease in revenues, mainly property taxes, and an increase in expenditures. The slight increase in the bond retirement fund is due to slightly higher revenues than expenditures. The fund balance decrease in the building fund is the result of the School District continuing capital projects.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

Information about the School District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2017, the School District amended its general fund budget various times by the end of the fiscal year. Requests for budget changes are made by the Treasurer to reflect changes in projected revenues. With regard to the general fund, the actual revenues were \$1,402,940 over final budgeted revenues. The \$1,406,232 difference between the original and final budgeted amounts is due to conservative original estimates. The School District monitors the budget on a monthly basis to keep it in line with current expenditures. The general fund balance increased by \$1,275,157, which was attributable to revenues coming in higher than anticipated, mainly due to higher property taxes and homestead and rollback collections.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 details fiscal year 2017 balances compared to the prior fiscal year. More detailed information is presented in Note 8 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)
Governmental Activities

2017	2016
\$1,264,300	\$1,382,547
5,640,507	5,117,440
24,101,823	23,870,838
603,555	617,013
36,136	48,726
\$31,646,321	\$31,036,564
	\$1,264,300 5,640,507 24,101,823 603,555 36,136

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are reported net of depreciation. The increase in capital assets was due to additions to construction in progress and buildings and improvements outpacing current year depreciation. For fiscal year 2017, Ohio law required school districts to expend or otherwise reserve three percent of qualifying revenues only for the purpose of capital improvements. For fiscal year 2017, this amounted to \$229,608. See Note 20 for additional set-aside information.

Debt

At June 30, 2017, the School District had \$27,680,857 in bonds outstanding, with \$5,000 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes the outstanding debt.

Table 5 Outstanding Debt, at Year End Governmental Activities

	2017	2016
2014 School Improvement Bonds	\$27,680,857	\$27,514,411

In fiscal year 2014, the School District issued \$25,999,984 in general obligation bonds. The bonds are for school improvements and will be paid off in fiscal year 2050.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,675,904 with an unvoted debt margin of \$297,323. See Note 18 to the basic financial statements for additional information on debt.

Current Financial Related Activities

Ohio House Bill 920 effectively freezes tax revenue to a specific dollar amount at the time a levy is passed. This House Bill eliminates most growth from local tax revenue, therefore school districts dependent upon property taxes that are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to voters to maintain financial support of the School District.

The continuing phase out of the tangible personal property tax revenue replacement provided by the State will have a profound effect on the School District. The tangible tax had previously generated approximately \$2.9 million per year for the School District. The current law continues the phase out of the tangible personal property tax loss reimbursement, and it establishes the end to the reimbursement by fiscal year 2020.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact John Streett, Treasurer, at the Brooklyn City School District, 9200 Biddulph Road, Brooklyn, Ohio 44144, or john.streett@brooklyn.k12.oh.us.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,983,575
Accounts Receivable	212
Intergovernmental Receivable	230,206
Prepaid Items	68,997
Materials and Supplies Inventory	16,979
Property Taxes Receivable	14,337,221
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	6,904,807
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	24,741,514
Total Assets	52,283,511
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	4,925,173
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	69,407
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,156,811
Intergovernmental Payable	513,338
Contracts Payable	101,998
Accrued Interest Payable	109,564
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	38,968
Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability (See Note 22)	27,484,374
Other Amounts due in More Than One Year	29,320,492
Total Liabilities	58,794,952
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	11,549,873
Pension	1,536,355
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,086,228
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,219,135
Restricted for:	-,=-> , >
Capital Projects	181,982
Debt Service	16,075
Other Purposes	243,429
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(21,333,117)
Total Net Position	(\$14,672,496)

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			D		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:	Φ0. 7 02.10 <i>c</i>	¢20.10 <i>c</i>	Φ 72 050	¢12.007	(40, 670, 025)
Regular	\$8,793,196	\$29,106	\$72,058	\$13,997	(\$8,678,035)
Special Vocational	3,236,404	8,079 330	1,300,957	0	(1,927,368)
Support Services:	103,906	330	1,936	U	(101,640)
Pupil	1,994,235	6,295	0	0	(1,987,940)
Instructional Staff	275,985	12,021	0	0	(263,964)
Board of Education	39,903	12,021	0	0	(39,776)
Administration	1,799,742	5,515	0	856	(1,793,371)
Fiscal	508,626	1,553	0	0	(507,073)
Business	135,137	310	0	0	(134,827)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,143,387	3,527	0	891,660	(248,200)
Pupil Transportation	389,010	1,205	68,242	0	(319,563)
Central	296,887	735	5,400	0	(290,752)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	363,008	63,529	274,655	0	(24,824)
Other Non-Instructional Services	301,759	94,112	208,773	0	1,126
Extracurricular Activities	546,348	108,408	19,823	0	(418,117)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,486,254	0	0	0	(1,486,254)
Totals	\$21,413,787	\$334,852	\$1,951,844	\$906,513	(\$18,220,578)
	General Revenue Property Taxes Le	evied for:			
	General Purpos	ses			10,965,469
	Debt Service				1,192,548
	Capital Project		. 1. C 'C' D		120,406
			cted to Specific Pr	ograms	3,202,177
	Unrestricted Cont Investment Earnin		nations		878
	Miscellaneous	ngs			6,036 695,380
	Total General Revenues				16,182,894
	Change in Net Position				(2,037,684)
	Net Position Begi	inning of Year			(12,634,812)
	Net Position End	of Year			(\$14,672,496)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	General	Bond Retirement	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,878,960	\$857,215	\$665,320	\$582,080	\$5,983,575
Accounts Receivable	212	0	0	0	212
Intergovernmental Receivable	101,369	0	0	128,837	230,206
Prepaid Items	68,997	0	0	0	68,997
Materials and Supplies Inventory	16,959	0	0	20	16,979
Interfund Receivable	262,417	0	0	0	262,417
Property Taxes Receivable	12,867,553	1,400,879	0	68,789	14,337,221
Total Assets	\$17,196,467	\$2,258,094	\$665,320	\$779,726	\$20,899,607
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$28,081	\$0	\$0	\$41,326	\$69,407
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,126,064	0	0	30,747	1,156,811
Intergovernmental Payable	489,372	0	0	23,966	513,338
Contracts Payable	73,284	0	0	28,714	101,998
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	262,417	262,417
Total Liabilities	1,716,801	0	0	387,170	2,103,971
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes	10,366,990	1,131,346	0	51,537	11,549,873
Unavailable Revenue	570,878	62,012	0	134,532	767,422
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,937,868	1,193,358	0	186,069	12,317,295
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	85,956	0	0	20	85,976
Restricted	0	1,064,736	665,320	225,584	1,955,640
Assigned	393,375	0	0	0	393,375
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,062,467	0	0	(19,117)	4,043,350
Total Fund Balances	4,541,798	1,064,736	665,320	206,487	6,478,341
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$17,196,467	\$2,258,094	\$665,320	\$779,726	\$20,899,607

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$6,478,341
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	31,646,321
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental 638,585 128,837	
Total 128,837	767,422
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental fund, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(109,564)
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General Obligation Bonds Discount on Bonds 152,120 Premium on Bonds Compensated Absences Total (26,679,748) (1,153,229) (1,678,603)	(29,359,460)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension Total Total	(24,095,556)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(\$14,672,496)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Property Taxes			Bond		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Poperty Taxes	_	General	Retirement	Building	Funds	Funds
Intergovernmental Interest 3,749,107 115,158 0 1,937,787 5,802,052 Interest 3,550 0 2,486 0 6,036 Tution and Fees 61,138 0 0 0 103,111 Contributions and Donations 878 0 0 193,111 103,111 Contributions and Donations 8,802 0 0 16,643 10,358 Charges for Services 8,802 0 0 10,272 695,380 Total Revenues 685,108 0 2,080 10,272 695,380 Total Revenues 15,618,191 1,323,449 2,486 2,339,034 19,283,160 Expenditures Current: Expenditures Current: Expenditures Current: Expenditures Current: Expenditures Support Services Current: Current: <td< td=""><td></td><td>011 107 110</td><td>44.200.204</td><td>40</td><td>#120 F12</td><td>#12.121.102</td></td<>		011 107 110	44.200.204	40	#120 F12	#12.121.102
Interest	• •					
Tuition and Fees 61,138 0 0 0 61,138 Extracurricular Activities 0 0 0 103,111 103,111 Contributions and Donations 878 0 0 9,480 10,358 Charges for Services 8,802 0 0 15,641 166,443 Rentals 4,160 0 0 10,272 695,380 Total Revenues 15,618,191 1,323,449 2,486 2,339,034 19,283,160 Expenditures Expenditures 10 10,562 7,361,447 Expenditures 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,556 Expenditures 2,9						
Extracurricular Activities				,		,
Contributions and Donations 878 0 0 9,480 10,548 Charges for Services 8,802 0 0 15,641 166,443 Miscellaneous 685,108 0 0 10,272 695,380 Total Revenues 15,618,191 1,323,449 2,486 2,339,034 19,283,160 Current: Current: 8 0 0 10,272 695,380 Expenditures Current: Instruction: 8 0 0 105,562 7,361,347 Special 2,496,639 0 0 713,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 710,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 710,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 10,944,556 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0 0 720,063 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0						
Charges for Services 8,802 0 0 157,641 166,443 Rentals 4,160 0 0 0 4,160 Miscellaneous 685,08 0 0 10,272 695,380 Total Revenues 15,618,191 1,323,449 2,486 2,339,034 19,283,160 Expenditures Current: Instructions Instructions Sepcial 2,496,639 0 0 103,562 7,361,347 Special 2,496,639 0 0 110,923 Support Services: 110,923 0 0 0 110,923 Support Services: Pupil 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,566 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0 0 38,919 Administration 1,695,645 0 0 0 39,17 1,28,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0						
Rentals 4,160 0 0 10,272 695,380 Miscellaneous 685,108 0 10,272 695,380 Total Revenues 15,618,191 1,323,449 2,486 2,339,034 19,283,160 Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular 7,255,785 0 0 105,562 7,361,347 Special 2,496,639 0 0 713,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 100,235 Support Services: 10,922 10 0 0 10,944,556 0 0 0 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,170 0 0 0 1,944,170 0 0 0 9,945,					·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Miscellaneous 685,108 0 0 10,272 695,384 Total Revenues 15,618,191 1,323,449 2,486 2,339,034 19,283,160 Expenditures Current: Instruction: Instruction: Regular 7,255,785 0 0 105,562 7,361,347 Special 2,496,639 0 0 110,956 3,209,753 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 10,923,207 Special 2,496,639 0 0 0 10,923,207 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 10,923,207 Special 2,496,639 0 0 0 10,944,56 Special 2,496,639 0 0 0 10,944,56 Special 2,496,639 0 0 0 20,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 30,006 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Expenditures Current: Instructions Sequence S	Miscellaneous	685,108			10,272	695,380
Current: Instruction: Regular 7.255,785 0 0 105,562 7.361,347 Special 2.496,639 0 0 713,096 3.209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 713,096 3.209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 0 110,923 Support Services: Pupil 1,944,456 0 0 0 0 1,944,456 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0 0 0 270,063 180,000 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 0 38,919 Administration 1,695,645 0 0 0 0 34,475 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 0 494,170 0 0 0 0 494,170 0 0 0 0 494,170 0 0 0 0 0 494,550 0 0 0 0 0 494,550 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total Revenues	15,618,191	1,323,449	2,486	2,339,034	19,283,160
Regular 7,255,785 0 0 105,662 7,361,347 Special 2,496,639 0 0 713,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 713,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 0 110,923 Support Services: Pupil	-					
Regular 7,255,785 0 0 105,562 7,361,347 Special 2,496,639 0 0 713,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 110,923 Support Services: Pupil 1,944,456 0 0 0 19,44,456 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0 0 270,633 Board of Education 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 Administration 1,695,645 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 94,550 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 2,197 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services						
Special 2,496,639 0 0 713,096 3,209,735 Vocational 110,923 0 0 110,923 Support Services: The control of the control		7.255.785	0	0	105.562	7.361.347
Vocational 110,923 0 0 0 110,923 Support Services: 8 9 0 0 1,944,456 1 0 0 1,944,456 1 0 0 1,944,456 1 0 0 270,063 0 0 0 270,063 0 0 0 270,063 0 0 0 270,063 0 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 0 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 1 1,728,262 1 1,728,262 1 1,728,262 1 1,728,262 1 1,44,550 0 0 0 49,475 0 0 1,44,550 0 0 0 0 3,33,344 0 0 0 0 0,2628 0 0 0 3,9301 </td <td>9</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	9					
Support Services: Pupil 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,456 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0 0 270,063 Board of Education 38,919 0 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 0 373,344 0 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 349,159 0 497,477 129,135 528,041 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 497,477 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) (777) Transfers Out (777) 0 0 0 891,660 (1,274,679) (1,274,679) Et Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) (1,274,	-					
Pupil 1,944,456 0 0 0 1,944,456 Instructional Staff 270,063 0 0 0 270,063 Board of Education 38,919 0 0 38,919 0 0 38,919 Administration 1,695,645 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 494,170 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1313,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 69,301 639,301 639,301 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0		110,523	· ·	Ü	O .	110,523
Instructional Stafff 270,063 0 0 270,063 Board of Education 38,919 0 0 38,919 Administration 1,695,645 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 94,550 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Debt Service: Transfer Intendence 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Cha		1.944.456	0	0	0	1.944.456
Board of Education 38,919 0 0 0 38,919 Administration 1,695,645 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 494,550 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,155 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total	=	· ·				
Administration 1,695,645 0 0 32,617 1,728,262 Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 94,550 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 0 1,314,816 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Fiscal 494,170 0 0 0 494,170 Business 94,550 0 0 0 94,550 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Oulay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recoveries 0						
Business 94,550 0 0 0 94,550 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recoveries 0 0 0 891,660 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,133,988 0 0 0 1,133,988 Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recoveries 0 0 0 77 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Pupil Transportation 373,344 0 0 0 373,344 Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recoveries 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 891,660 891,660						
Central 221,520 0 21,975 26,133 269,628 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Ba	-					
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 0 0 639,301 639,301 Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund B				21.975		
Extracurricular Activities 349,159 0 49,747 129,135 528,041 Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020				,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Capital Outlay 3,091 0 452,203 1,477,662 1,932,956 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020						
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 0 5,000 0 0 5,000 Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020				- ,		
Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	-	-,		- ,	, ,	, ,
Interest and Fiscal Charges 0 1,314,816 0 0 1,314,816 Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Principal Retirement	0	5.000	0	0	5.000
Total Expenditures 16,482,252 1,319,816 523,925 3,123,506 21,449,499 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (864,061) 3,633 (521,439) (784,472) (2,166,339) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			*
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recoveries 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020				523,925		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance Recoveries 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(864 061)	3 633	(521 439)	(784 472)	(2.166.339)
Insurance Recoveries 0 0 0 891,660 891,660 Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Excess of Revenues Over (Chacr) Experiameres	(004,001)	3,033	(321,437)	(704,472)	(2,100,337)
Transfers In 0 0 0 77 77 Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out (77) 0 0 0 (77) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Insurance Recoveries	0	0	0	891,660	891,660
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (77) 0 0 891,737 891,660 Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Transfers In	0	0	0	77	77
Net Change in Fund Balances (864,138) 3,633 (521,439) 107,265 (1,274,679) Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Transfers Out	(77)	0	0	0	(77)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year 5,405,936 1,061,103 1,186,759 99,222 7,753,020	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(77)	0	0	891,737	891,660
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(864,138)	3,633	(521,439)	107,265	(1,274,679)
Fund Balances End of Year \$4,541,798 \$1,064,736 \$665,320 \$206,487 \$6,478,341	Fund Balances Beginning of Year	5,405,936	1,061,103	1,186,759	99,222	7,753,020
	Fund Balances End of Year	\$4,541,798	\$1,064,736	\$665,320	\$206,487	\$6,478,341

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(\$1,274,679)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital Outlay 1,948,527	
Current Year Depreciation (442,149) Total	1,506,378
	, ,
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.	(896,621)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Delinquent Property Taxes (156,059)	
Intergovernmental (642,658) Total	(798,717)
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	5,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated	
absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and	
therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	85,374
In the statement of activities, interest accrued on outstanding bonds and bond	
discounts and premiums are amortized over the terms of the bonds, whereas	
in the governmental funds, the expenditures are reported when due:	
Accrued Interest on Bonds 8	
Amortization of Discount (4,620) Amortization of Premium 35,040	
Annual Accretion (201,866)	
Total (201,000)	(171,438)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	1,275,781
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(1,768,762)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	(\$2,037,684)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
D	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Property Taxes	\$10,673,456	\$11,391,164	\$12,427,042	\$1,035,878
Intergovernmental	3,066,540	3,383,730	3,691,436	307,706
Interest	2,596	3,254	3,550	296
Tuition and Fees	6,010	19,277	21,030	1,753
Rentals	3,527	3,813	4,160	347
Miscellaneous	269,328	626,451	683,411	56,960
Total Revenues	14,021,457	15,427,689	16,830,629	1,402,940
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,128,405	7,123,855	7,308,651	(184,796)
Special	2,374,033	2,411,569	2,474,195	(62,626)
Vocational	114,860	125,685	128,949	(3,264)
Support Services:	1 020 700	1.015.227	1.064.072	(40.726)
Pupil Instructional Staff	1,839,799	1,915,237	1,964,973	(49,736)
Board of Education	256,850	254,229	260,831 41,802	(6,602)
Administration	43,847 1,581,503	40,744 1,605,507	1,647,200	(1,058) (41,693)
Fiscal	481,334	495,900	508,778	(12,878)
Business	94,001	92,127	94,519	(2,392)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,205,434	1,137,511	1,167,051	(2,5)(2)
Pupil Transportation	359,341	365,691	375,188	(9,497)
Central	208,995	213,475	219,019	(5,544)
Extracurricular Activities	337,041	331,279	339,881	(8,602)
Capital Outlay	4,406	3,013	3,091	(78)
Total Expenditures	16,029,849	16,115,822	16,534,128	(418,306)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,008,392)	(688,133)	296,501	984,634
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_	
Advances In	1,241,150	1,241,150	1,241,150	0
Advances Out	(100,000)	(262,417)	(262,417)	0
Transfers Out	(1,000)	(77)	(77)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,140,150	978,656	978,656	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(868,242)	290,523	1,275,157	984,634
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,537,853	2,537,853	2,537,853	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,669,611	\$2,828,376	\$3,813,010	\$984,634

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Agency Fund
June 30, 2017

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$21,066
Liabilities Due to Students	\$21,066

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

The Brooklyn City School District (School District) was formed on March 18, 1911 under provisions of Section 3311.02 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Brooklyn City School District operates under a locally-elected five member board form of government and provides educational services as authorized and mandated by State and Federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's campus, which encompasses a pre-K through high school facility consisting of Brooklyn Elementary School, Brooklyn Intermediate School, and Brooklyn High School. This facility educates 1,370 students. The Board employs 67 classified and 102 certified employees.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, the agencies and departments provide the following services: general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities.

Non-Public Schools Within the School District boundaries, there are various non-public schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these non-public schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the non-public school. These transactions are reported in a special revenue fund and as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burden on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in one insurance purchasing pool, three jointly governed organizations and one public entity risk pool. These organizations are the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, Polaris Career Center, Ohio Schools' Council, North Coast Council and the Suburban Health Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 of the basic financial statements.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described as follows.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The School District, however, does not have business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. The major funds are presented in separate columns. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary fund is reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account and report for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Bond Retirement Fund The bond retirement fund is used to account for and report the accumulation of property tax revenues restricted for the payment of general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of renovating, remodeling, rehabilitating, adding to, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving school facilities, and acquiring, clearing and improving school facility sites.

Building Fund The building fund accounts for and reports bond proceeds restricted for the various capital improvements within the School District.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund which reports resources that belong to the student activities of the various schools.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences between the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 22.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2017, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 15. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (See Note 22).

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund, function and object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within all funds, except the general fund, without resolution by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources by fund. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements. The School District had no investments during the fiscal year or at fiscal year-end.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or the laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts for set aside and unclaimed monies.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017, are reported as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated food, purchased food and school supplies held for resale, and materials and supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

All of the School District's capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Life	
Buildings and Improvements	25-80 years	
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years	
Vehicles	5-10 years	

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivables/payables". Interfund balances are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Bond Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued. On the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts are presented as a decrease of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond discounts are expended in the year the bonds are issued. Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after ten years of current service with the School District.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for the payment during the current fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for safe and drug free schools.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by highest level formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance includes the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the School District Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State statute. The Board assigned fund balance to cover a gap between fiscal year 2018's estimated revenue and appropriated budget in the general fund.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2017, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. GASB Statement No. 77 requires disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2017 financial statements; however, there were no material abatements.

The School District also implemented GASB's *Implementation Guide No. 2016-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Note 4 – Fund Deficits

At June 30, 2017, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

	Amounts
Special Revenue Funds:	
Miscellaneous State Grants	\$2,890
Title I	16,227

The deficit balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in a fund and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 5 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Unrecorded cash, which consists of unrecorded expenditures, is not reported by the School District on the budget basis operating statements, but is reported on the GAAP basis operating statements.
- 3. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 4. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies and public school support are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP Reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

(\$864,138)
1,180,167
5,601
169
1,241,150
(30,775)
(262,417)
(1,047)
6,447
\$1,275,157

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 6 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed previously;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Commercial paper notes, limited to 40 percent (5 percent for a single issuer) in total of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days, and bankers acceptances, limited to 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$6,114,083 of the School District's bank balance of \$6,364,083 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the collateral securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred and five percent of the deposits being secured. Effective July 1, 2017, the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) was implemented by the Office of the Ohio Treasurer of State. Financial institutions can elect to participate in the OPCS and will collateralize at one hundred and two percent or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Financial institutions opting not to participate in OPCS will collateralize utilizing the specific pledge method at one hundred and five percent.

Note 7 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016, and are collected in calendar year 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2017, was \$1,929,685 in the general fund, \$207,521 in the debt service bond retirement fund and \$11,557 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2016, was \$3,251,279 in the general fund, \$349,803 in the debt service bond retirement fund and \$19,462 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

		2016 Second Half Collections		2017 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residental						
and Other Real Estate	\$267,727,840	91.75 %	\$266,659,460	89.69 %		
Public Utility Personal	24,081,980	8.25	30,663,240	10.31		
Total	\$291,809,820	100.00 %	\$297,322,700	100.00 %		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$59.8	30	\$59.8	30		

Note 8 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$1,382,547	\$0	(\$118,247)	\$1,264,300
Construction in Progress	5,117,440	523,067	0	5,640,507
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	6,499,987	523,067	(118,247)	6,904,807
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	29,223,895	1,344,130	(2,771,153)	27,796,872
Furniture and Equipment	2,962,302	81,330	(11,735)	3,031,897
Vehicles	350,551	0	0	350,551
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$32,536,748	\$1,425,460	(\$2,782,888)	\$31,179,320
				(continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities (continued):				
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(\$5,353,057)	(\$344,771)	\$2,002,779	(\$3,695,049)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,345,289)	(84,788)	1,735	(2,428,342)
Vehicles	(301,825)	(12,590)	0	(314,415)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,000,171)	(442,149) *	2,004,514	(6,437,806)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	24,536,577	983,311	(778,374)	24,741,514
Governmental Activities Capital Asset, Net	\$31,036,564	\$1,506,378	(\$896,621)	\$31,646,321

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$363,951
Special	694
Support Services:	
Administration	2,329
Fiscal	303
Business	40,587
Operation and Maintenance of Plan	19,815
Pupil Transportation	1,259
Central	6,023
Food Service Operations	1,793
Non-Instructional Services	1,299
Extracurricular Activities	4,096
Total Depreciation Expense	\$442,149

Note 9 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017, consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition), and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year, except delinquent property taxes. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amount
Title I-A	\$126,320
Bureau of Workers' Compensation	54,482
Foundations Settlement	35,580
Cuyahoga County Treasurer	10,149
Title VI-B	1,882
Miscellaneous	1,158
Improving Teacher II-A	520
Limited English Proficiency	115
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$230,206

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

		Bond		Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Retirement	Building	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:					
Prepaids	\$68,997	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$68,997
Inventory	16,959	0	0	20	16,979
Total Nonspendable	85,956	0	0	20	85,976
Restricted for:					
Food Service Operations	0	0	0	25,859	25,859
College Scholarships	0	0	0	49,224	49,224
Wellness Center	0	0	0	998	998
Local Grants	0	0	0	5,705	5,705
Latchkey "Kats" Program	0	0	0	141	141
Athletics and Music	0	0	0	18,030	18,030
Auxiliary Services	0	0	0	45,765	45,765
Technology Improvements	0	0	0	1,031	1,031
Title IV-B	0	0	0	8,337	8,337
Preschool	0	0	0	1,690	1,690
Classroom Size Reduction	0	0	0	39	39
Debt Service Payments	0	1,064,736	0	0	1,064,736
Capital Improvements	0	0	665,320	68,765	734,085
Total Restricted	\$0_	\$1,064,736	\$665,320	\$225,584	\$1,955,640
					(continued)

(continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund Balances (continued)	General	Bond Retirement	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Assigned to: Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations	\$393,375	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$393,375
Unassigned (Deficit)	4,062,467	0	0	(19,117)	4,043,350
Total Fund Balances	\$4,541,798	\$1,064,736	\$665,320	\$206,487	\$6,478,341

Note 11 – Interfund Transactions

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund
	Receivable
Interfund Payable	General Fund
Other Governmental Funds:	
Local Grants	\$232
Miscellaneous State Grants	7,176
Title I	23,256
Permanent Improvements	231,753
Total	\$262,417

The interfund payables are advances from the general fund to the special revenue and capital improvement funds to support the funds' programs. All are payable to the general fund and are expected to be repaid in fiscal year 2018.

Interfund Transfers

The general fund made a transfer in the amounts of \$77 to the local grants special revenue fund to support programs.

Note 12 – Risk Management

Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District contracted with Huntington Insurance, Incorporated for comprehensive property, inland marine coverage, crime coverage, general liability and automobile liability. The property insurance coverage was \$56,713,788 with a \$2,500 deductible for fiscal year 2017. The inland marine coverage includes \$500,000 with a \$500 deductible for computer equipment and \$307,738 with a \$500 deductible for miscellaneous school property which included band uniforms, athletic equipment, cameras and audio-

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

visual equipment, fine arts, signs and wellings under construction in vocational classes. Crime coverage was \$100,000 with a \$1,000 deductible for public employee dishonesty blanket bonds and forgery. General liability coverage was \$3,000,000 aggregate with no deductible and included violent event response coverage. Automobile liability coverage had a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Bonding

The Treasurer is covered by Travelers Casualty in the amount of \$50,000. Remaining employees who handle money are covered with a public employees' blanket bond in the amount of \$100,000 with a \$1,000 deductible. The District also carries \$25,000, \$1,000 deductible, counterfeit coverage, \$25,000, \$1,000 deductible, computer fraud coverage, and \$25,000, \$1,000 deductible, forgery and alterations coverage. These bonds are provided by the Huntington Insurance, Incorporated.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2017, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards' Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Note 13 – Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation, personal and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Only administrative and school support personnel earn annual vacation leave which is paid upon separation with the School District. Noncertified employees can carry up to ten unused vacation leave days into the next fiscal year. The Superintendent and the Treasurer earn 25 vacation days leave per fiscal year. The Superintendent can carry over unused vacation days.

The two exempt employees earn three vacation weeks leave per fiscal year. School support personnel earn annual vacation leave as follows:

Completed Service	Vacation Leave
After one year	10 days
After eight years	15 days
After thirteen years	20 days
After twenty years	25 days
After Twenty five years	Same as after 20 years
	with addition of a floating holiday

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Each staff member is entitled to fifteen days sick leave with pay each year. The sick leave accrues at the rate of one and one fourth days for each calendar month. Upon retirement, an employee is paid a severance benefit, calculated at current wage rates, for the value of thirty-two percent of their accumulative sick leave up to a maximum of 310 accumulated days for certified employees with the balance being forfeited and an unlimited number of accumulated days for classified employees. The severance benefit for classified employees who retire the first year they become eligible and who have at least five years of service with the School District may elect to receive a cash payment equal to fifty percent of their accumulated, accumulated but unused sick leave credit. The severance benefit for employees who retire after June 30th of the first year they become eligible and who have at least five years of service with the School District shall receive a cash payment equal to thirty-two percent of their accumulated, unused sick leave.

Life Insurance Benefits

Life insurance is offered to all full-time employees in the amount of \$50,000 through School Claims Service, PSBA Insurance Trust Company with payment of \$6.50 per month. The administration is covered for \$100,000 with payments of \$13 per month.

Health Insurance Benefits

The School District entered into a contract with the Suburban Health Consortium on April 1, 2017, a shared risk pool (Note 17) to provide group health, dental, vision, life and prescription insurance coverage. Rates are set or determined by the Board of Directors. The School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a reserve fund from which the claims payments are made for all participating districts.

Note 14 – Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, in the opinion of management, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2017, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. Included in the financial statements is an Intergovernmental Receivable of \$35,580 and an Intergovernmental Payable of \$136,572 relating to adjustments made by ODE after the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2017 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2017 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Litigation

The School District is not a party to any legal proceedings.

Note 15 – Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 16 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Polaris Career Center

The Polaris Career Center is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The Board of Education is comprised of representatives from the board of each participating school district. The Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel and accounting and finance related activities. Brooklyn City School District students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the board. The School District did not contribute to Polaris Career Center during fiscal year 2017. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Polaris Career Center, 7285 Old Oak Boulevard, Middleburg Heights, Ohio 44130.

Ohio Schools' Council

The Ohio Schools' Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 231 members. The jointly governed organization was created by school districts for the purpose of saving money through volume purchases. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. Each school district member's superintendent serves as a representative of the Assembly. The Assembly elects five of the Council's Board members and the remaining four are representatives of the Greater Cleveland School Superintendents' Association. The Council operates under a nine-member Board of Directors (the Board). The Board is the policy making authority of the Council. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board meets monthly September to June. The Board appoints an Executive Director who is responsible for receiving and disbursing funds, investing available funds, preparing financial reports for the Board and Assembly and carrying out such other responsibilities as designated by the Board. In fiscal year 2017, the School District paid \$877 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools' Council at 6393 Oak Tree Boulevard, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The School District participates in the Council's natural gas purchase program. This program allows the School District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Constellation New Energy (formerly Compass Energy) has been selected as the supplier and program manager for the period from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. There are currently 157 participants in the program, including the Brooklyn City School

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

North Coast Council

The North Coast Council (NCC) is a jointly governed computer service bureau owned and operated by thirteen public school districts. The primary function of NCC is to provide to its members the support and leadership which enables organizations to achieve their objectives through innovative and cost effective shared technology solutions. Major areas of service provided by NCC include accounting, payroll, inventory, career guidance services, handicapped student tracking, pupil scheduling, attendance reporting and grade reporting. NCC is wholly owned by its member districts and is governed by a Board of Directors (member Superintendents). NCC's current membership includes the Educational Service Center of Cuyahoga County and thirteen school districts in Cuyahoga County. Each year, the Board of Directors elects a Chairman, a Vice Chairman and a Recording Secretary. The Treasurer of the fiscal agent is a nonvoting, ex-officio member of the Board of Directors. The NCC's Board exercises total control over the operations, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The Cuyahoga County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of NCC. Each school district supports NCC based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software packages used. Brooklyn City School District paid \$42,091 to NCC during fiscal year 2017. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the fiscal agent at 6393 Oak Tree Boulevard, Independence, Ohio 44131.

Note 17 – Public Entity Risk Pool

The Suburban Health Consortium ("the Consortium") is a shared health risk pool created on October 1, 2001, formed by the Boards of Education of several school districts in northeast Ohio, for the purposes of maximizing benefits and/or reducing costs of group health, life, dental, and/or other insurance coverages for their employees and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees. The Consortium was formed and operates as a legally separate entity under Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833. The Board of Directors is the governing body of the Consortium. The Board of Education of each Consortium Member appoints its Superintendent or such Superintendent's designee to be its representative on the Board of Directors. The officers of the Board of Directors consist of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Recording Secretary, who are elected at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors and serve until the next annual meeting. All of the authority of the Consortium is exercised by or under the director of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also sets all premiums and other amounts to be paid by the Consortium members, and the Board of Directors have the authority to waive premiums and other payments. All members of the Board of Directors serve without compensation.

The Fiscal Agent shall be the Board of Education responsible for administering the financial transactions of the Consortium (Orange City School District). The Fiscal Agent shall carry out the responsibilities of the Consortium Fund, enter into contracts on behalf of the Consortium as authorized by the Directors and carry out such other responsibilities as approved by the Director and agreed to by the Fiscal Agent. Each District Member enrolled in a benefit program may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by such District Member, and such contributions shall be included in the payments from such District Member to the Fiscal Agent for such benefit program. Contributions are to be submitted by each District Member, to the Fiscal Agent, required under the terms of the Consortium Agreement and any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled to the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fiscal Agent on a monthly basis, or as otherwise required in accordance with any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled. All general administrative costs incurred by the Consortium that are not covered by the premium payments shall be shared equally by the Consortium Members as approved by the Directors, and shall be paid by each Consortium Member upon receipt of notice from the Fiscal Agent that such payment is due. It is the express intention of the Consortium Members that the Consortium Agreement and the Consortium shall continue for an indefinite term, but may be terminated as provided in the Consortium Agreement.

Any Consortium Member wishing to withdraw from participation in the Consortium or any benefit program shall notify the Fiscal Agent at least one hundred and eighty (180) days prior to the effective date of withdrawal. Upon withdrawal of a Consortium Member, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided such Consortium Member has paid to the Consortium, prior to the effective date of withdrawal a withdrawal fee in the amount equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rate. Payment of the withdrawal fee does not extend insurance coverage for two months. Upon automatic withdrawal, for non-payment of premiums required by the Consortium Agreement, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided the Consortium has received from such Consortium Member all outstanding and unpaid premiums and other amounts and the withdrawal fee equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rates. Any Consortium Member which withdraws from the Consortium pursuant to the Consortium Agreement shall have no claim to the Consortium's assets. Financial information for the Consortium can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Orange City School District (the Fiscal Agent) at 32000 Chagrin Boulevard, Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124.

Note 18 – Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due In
	6/30/2016	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2017	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
Serial Bonds	\$7,845,000	\$0	(\$5,000)	\$7,840,000	\$5,000
Terms Bonds	17,960,000	0	0	17,960,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	184,984	0	0	184,984	0
Accretion	492,898	201,866	0	694,764	0
Unamortized Discount	(156,740)	0	4,620	(152,120)	0
Unamortized Premium	1,188,269	0	(35,040)	1,153,229	0
Total General Obligation Bonds	27,514,411	201,866	(35,420)	27,680,857	5,000
Compensated Absences	1,763,977	107,166	(192,540)	1,678,603	33,968
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	19,830,392	2,860,529	0	22,690,921	0
SERS	3,924,042	869,411	0	4,793,453	0
Total Net Pension Liability	23,754,434	3,729,940	0	27,484,374	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$53,032,822	\$4,038,972	(\$227,960)	\$56,843,834	\$38,968

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

On September 25, 2013, the School District issued \$25,999,984 of general obligation bonds that were issued for the purpose of renovating, remodeling, rehabilitating, adding to, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving school facilities, and aquiring, clearing and improving school facility sites. At June 30, 2017, the School District had unspent proceeds of \$586,512 related to the bonds. The general obligation bonds were issued for a 37 year period with a maturity date of Decemer 1, 2049, and an interest rate of 2.00-5.50 percent. The bond issue includes serial, term and capital appreciation bonds in the amounts of \$7,855,000, \$17,960,000 and \$184,984, respectively. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,284,629 and a discount of \$169,445 and will be amortized over 37 years using the straight-line method.

The term bonds were issued for a 15 year period with a final maturity of December 1, 2049.

The capital appreciation bonds remained outstanding at June 30, 2017. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$1,645,016, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2019.

The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2017 is \$1,830,000. The accretion recorded for fiscal year 2017 was \$201,866, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$879,748 at June 30, 2017.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, 2043 and 2049 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on August 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	2013 30110	or improvement	I CI III DOIIGS
Year	\$3,535,000	\$5,545,000	\$8,880,000
2035	\$820,000	\$0	\$0
2036	860,000	0	0
2037	905,000	0	0
2038	0	0	0
2039	0	1,000,000	0
2040	0	1,050,000	0
2041	0	1,105,000	0
2042	0	1,165,000	0
2043	0	0	0
2044	0	0	1,290,000
2045	0	0	1,360,000
2046	0	0	1,435,000
2047	0	0	1,515,000
2048	0	0	1,595,000
Total	\$2,585,000	\$4,320,000	\$7,195,000
Stated Maturity	12/1/2038	12/1/2043	12/1/2049

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$950,000, \$1,225,000 and \$1,685,000) will mature at the stated maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$2,675,904 with an unvoted debt margin of \$297,323 at June 30, 2017. Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

_	Concrat Congation Bonds						
_	Ser	ial	Ter	Term		Capital Appreciation	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$5,000	\$1,314,716	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2019	0	0	0	0	69,818	365,182	
2020	0	0	0	0	52,438	412,562	
2021	0	0	0	0	36,842	428,158	
2022	0	0	0	0	25,886	439,114	
2023-2027	2,510,000	6,328,674	0	0	0	0	
2028-2032	3,090,000	5,722,531	0	0	0	0	
2033-2037	2,235,000	3,039,911	1,680,000	1,829,524	0	0	
2038-2042	0	0	5,010,000	3,748,492	0	0	
2043-2047	0	0	6,475,000	2,240,012	0	0	
2048-2050	0	0	4,795,000	404,939	0	0	
Total	\$7,840,000	\$16,405,832	\$17,960,000	\$8,222,967	\$184,984	\$1,645,016	
=							

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, food service, and latchkey "KATS" special revenue funds. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability; however, employer pension contributions are made from the general fund, food service, and latchkey "KATS" special revenue funds. For additional information related to the net pension liability see Note 22.

Note 19 – Operating Leases

During fiscal year 2017, the School District entered into an operating lease with ComDoc, for the period of January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2022, for the rental of printers throughout the School District. The terms of the lease require payment in monthly installments in the amount of \$3,582. The cost of the printers was \$225,666.

Note 20 – Set-Aside Calculation

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amount for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$36,219
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	229,608
Permanent Improvement Levy Offset During the Fiscal Year	(143,501)
Qualifying Disbursements	(1,513,866)
Total	(\$1,391,540)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$0

Note 21 – Significant Commitments

Contractual Commitments

The amount of \$28,714 in contracts payable has been capitalized. This amount is part of the Icon Construction project in construction in progress.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

Governmental:

Building	\$92,100
Other Governmental Funds	110,087
Total Governmental	\$202,187

Note 22 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. The statutory member contribution rate was increased one percent to 14 percent on July 1, 2016. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,013,655 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount \$191,351 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Benefit	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Age 65 with 5 years of service credit or Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No allocation was made to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$262,126 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount \$46,928 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	STRS	SERS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.07175286%	0.06876930%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.06778870%	0.06549260%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00396416%	-0.00327670%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$22,690,921	\$4,793,453	\$27,484,374
Pension Expense	\$1,289,009	\$479,753	\$1,768,762

At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	STRS	SERS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$916,822	\$64,653	\$981,475
Changes of assumptions	0	319,989	319,989
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,883,956	395,390	2,279,346
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	0	68,582	68,582
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,013,655	262,126	1,275,781
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$3,814,433	\$1,110,740	\$4,925,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	\$1,397,707	\$138,648	\$1,536,355

\$1,275,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	STRS	SERS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2018	\$52,867	\$176,417	\$229,284
2019	52,866	176,132	228,998
2020	775,795	243,758	1,019,553
2021	521,543	113,659	635,202
Total	\$1,403,071	\$709,966	\$2,113,037

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation Cost-of-Living Adjustments 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before

(COLA) August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,

or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022 – Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set back two years through age 89 and no set back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	7.61 %

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.5 percent, and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions of future plan members, are excluded. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	1% Increase	
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$30,154,391	\$22,690,921	\$16,395,045

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the overall decrease to School District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, compared with June 30, 2015, are presented as follows:

Method	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent	
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent	
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent	3 percent	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments	7.75 percent net of investments	
	expense, including inflation	expense, including inflation	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	

For 2016, the mortality assumptions are that mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. For 2015, the mortality assumptions were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. A discount rate of 7.75 percent was used in the prior measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$6,346,234	\$4,793,453	\$3,493,712

Note 23 – Postemployment Benefits

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, June 30, 2016 and June 30. 2015, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrator and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2017, no allocation of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2017, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$66,831.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$66,831, \$32,651, and \$50,827, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Note 24 – Subsequent Event

On August 16, 2017, the School District issued refunding bonds of \$25,794,967 with a premium of \$3,568,274 for the purpose of refunding the 2014 general obligation bonds. The bonds consist of serial, term and capital appreciation bonds and have an interest rate ranging from two to five percent and mature on December 1, 2049.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1) *

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06778870%	0.07175286%	0.07466164%	0.07466164%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$22,690,921	\$19,830,392	\$18,160,295	\$21,632,424
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,229,907	\$7,652,064	\$7,343,092	\$7,550,038
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	313.85%	259.15%	247.31%	286.52%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1) *

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06549260%	0.06876930%	0.06654200%	0.06654200%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,793,453	\$3,924,042	\$3,367,652	\$3,957,039
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,045,421	\$2,097,132	\$1,763,218	\$1,886,069
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	234.35%	187.11%	190.99%	209.80%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,013,655	\$1,012,187	\$1,071,289	\$954,602
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,013,655)	(1,012,187)	(1,071,289)	(954,602)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$7,240,393	\$7,229,907	\$7,652,064	\$7,343,092
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$981,505	\$1,008,220	\$1,010,010	\$996,947	\$921,008	\$1,007,492
(981,505)	(1,008,220)	(1,010,010)	(996,947)	(921,008)	(1,007,492)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$7,550,038	\$7,755,538	\$7,769,308	\$7,668,823	\$7,084,677	\$7,749,938
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$262,126	\$286,359	\$276,402	\$244,382
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(262,126)	(286,359)	(276,402)	(244,382)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$1,872,329	\$2,045,421	\$2,097,132	\$1,763,218
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$261,032	\$274,951	\$251,470	\$246,303	\$146,946	\$187,577
(261,032)	(274,951)	(251,470)	(246,303)	(146,946)	(187,577)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,886,069	\$2,044,245	\$2,000,557	\$1,819,077	\$1,493,354	\$1,910,153
13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2017 incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments	7.75 percent net of investments
	expense, including inflation	expense, including inflation

Amounts reported for fiscal year 2017 use mortality assumptions with mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 47,877
National School Lunch Program	10.555	215,262
National School Lunch Program - Donated Commodities	10.555	33,140
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		296,279
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		296,279
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Special Education Cluster		
Special Education -Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)-2017	84.027	324,905
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)-2017	84.173	10,567
Total Special Education Cluster		335,472
Title I		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)-2016	84.010	84,770
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)-2017	84.010	310,475
Total Title I, Part A		395,245
Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition State Grants-2017	84.365	17,915
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants-2017	84.367	38,665
Total U.S. Department of Education		787,297
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,083,576

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Brooklyn City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE E - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2016 to 2017 programs:

	CFDA	Amount
Program Title	Number	Transferred
Title I Gants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$ 6,919
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	985
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	115
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	6,405

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE E – TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS (Continued)

The District transferred the following amounts from 2017 to 2018 programs:

	CFDA	A	mount
Program Title	Number	Tra	nsferred
Title I Gants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	37,604
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367		4
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365		115
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		1,882

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Brooklyn City School District Cuyahoga County 9200 Biddulph Road Brooklyn, Ohio 44144

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brooklyn City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Brooklyn City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated December 29, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 29, 2017

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Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Brooklyn City School District Cuyahoga County 9200 Biddulph Road Brooklyn, Ohio 44144

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Brooklyn City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Brooklyn City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio complied, in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Brooklyn City School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirements of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirements of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 29, 2017

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I – CFDA #84.010; Improving Teacher Quality – CFDA #84.367
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2017

The prior audit report, for the year ended June 30, 2016, reported no material citations or recommendations.



BROOKLYN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 20, 2018