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# Certified Public Accountants

## MCCOMB LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HANCOCK COUNTY Regular Audit For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education McComb Local School District 328 South Todd Street PO Box 877 McComb, Ohio 45858

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the McComb Local School District, Hancock County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted this report in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The McComb Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

are yout

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 17, 2017

88 East Broad Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3340 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-728-7398 www.ohioauditor.gov This page intentionally left blank.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 30, 2016

McComb Local School District Hancock County 328 South Todd Street PO Box 877 McComb, Ohio 45858

To the Board of Education:

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of **McComb Local School District**, Hancock County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.





McComb Local School District Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McComb Local School District, Hancock County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

### Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

### **Other Matters**

Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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**Perry and Associates** Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio* 

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of McComb Local School District (the District) provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

In total, net position increased \$1,164,993.

General revenues accounted for \$8,559,902, or 88 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$1,148,347, or 12 percent of total revenues of \$9,708,249

The District's major fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had \$8,526,021 in revenues and other financing sources and \$7,308,613 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased \$1,217,408 from the prior fiscal year.

### Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

### Report Components

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the District as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JUNE ENDED 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

### Reporting the District as a Whole

### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the District did financially during 2016, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the District's general receipts.

These statements report the District's cash position and changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, these increases or decreases in the District's cash position is one indicator of whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the District's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors such as the District's property tax base, the condition of the District's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the District's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, all of the District activities are presented as governmental activities. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, non-instructional services, food services, and extracurricular activities.

### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds – not the District as a whole. The District establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the District are split into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds** - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the District's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to the District's programs.

The District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The District's major governmental fund is the General Fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JUNE ENDED 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the District's programs.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015.

Table 1Net PositionGovernmental Activities						
	2016	2015				
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$5,172,108	\$4,007,115				
Net Position :						
Restricted for Debt Service	158,870	152,737				
Restricted for Capital Outlay	114,737	196,803				
Restricted for Other Purposes	269,267	245,749				
Unrestricted	4,629,234	3,411,826				
Total	\$5,172,108	\$4,007,115				

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased \$1,164,993 or more than 29% during 2016. The primary reason attributing to the increase was the increase in real estate tax, income tax and grant revenues.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JUNE ENDED 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position for fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015.

Table 2Change in Net PositionGovernmental Activities						
	2016	2015				
<u>Revenues:</u>						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$581,970	\$502,199				
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	566,377	608,096				
Total Program Revenues	1,148,347	1,110,295				
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	2,542,101	2,434,711				
Income Taxes	1,204,614	1,195,403				
Grants and Entitlements	4,759,975	4,264,813				
Interest	22,968	17,548				
Gifts and Donations	18,639	20,826				
Miscellaneous	8,872	10,806				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		135				
Refund of Expenditures	2,733	15,434				
Total General Revenues	8,559,902	7,959,676				
Total Revenues	9,708,249	9,069,971				
Expenses: Instruction Support Services:	5,343,595	5,117,030				
Pupils	349,024	345,298				
Instructional Staff	163,865	197,926				
Board of Education	17,609	13,314				
Administration	513,921	550,323				
Fiscal Business	252,605	264,608 339				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	469,675	529,231				
Pupil Transportation	469,008	508,958				
Non-Instructional	239,040	243,382				
Extracurricular Activities	426,740	355,834				
Capital Outlay	76,685	99,221				
Principal	193,240	223,971				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	28,249	38,500				
Total Expenses	8,543,256	8,487,935				
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$1,164,993	\$582,036				
	ψ1,104,330	ψυυ2,0υ0				

Program receipts account for 12 percent of total receipts and are represented by restricted intergovernmental receipts, extracurricular activities, and food service sales.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JUNE ENDED 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for instruction, which accounts for 63 percent of all governmental disbursements. Other programs which support the instruction process, including pupils, instructional staff, and pupil transportation account for 11 percent of governmental disbursements. Maintenance of the District's facilities also represents a significant disbursement of 5 percent. The remaining 21 percent of the District's disbursements are related to the primary functions of delivering education and providing facilities. These costs are funded almost entirely from property taxes and grants and entitlements.

### **Governmental Activities**

Table 3 indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements.

	Table Governmenta			
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2016	2016	2015	2015
Instruction	\$5,343,595	\$4,816,681	\$5,117,030	\$4,590,770
Support Services:				
Pupils	349,024	203,031	345,298	196,066
Instructional Staff	163,865	163,865	197,926	197,926
Board of Education	17,609	17,609	13,314	13,314
Administration	513,921	513,921	550,323	550,323
Fiscal	252,605	252,605	264,608	264,608
Business			339	339
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	469,675	469,675	529,231	529,231
Pupil Transportation	469,008	469,008	508,958	508,958
Non-Instructional	239,040	(21,188)	243,382	(9,065)
Extracurricular Activities	426,740	211,528	355,834	173,478
Capital Outlay	76,685	76,685	99,221	99,221
Principal	193,240	193,240	223,971	223,971
Interest and Fiscal Charges	28,249	28,249	38,500	38,500
Total Expenses	\$8,543,256	\$7,394,909	\$8,487,935	\$7,377,640

The dependence upon tax revenues and unrestricted state entitlements for governmental activities is apparent. Over 90 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, support from general revenues is 87 percent. The remaining 13 percent is derived from tuition and fees, specific grants, and donations.

### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

Fund balance in the General fund increased \$1,217,408 largely due to increases in grant revenue.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR JUNE ENDED 30, 2016 UNAUDITED (Continued)

### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2016, the District amended its General fund budget as needed.

Final estimated resources were more than original estimated resources by \$667,447 due to unexpected increases in grant revenue.

Final expenditures and other financing uses were budgeted at \$7,449,808 while actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$7,290,462. The \$159,346 difference is primarily due to a conservative "worst case scenario" approach. The District over-appropriates in case significant, unexpected expenditures arise during the fiscal year.

### <u>Debt</u>

At June 30, 2016, the District had \$470,000 in school improvement general obligation bonds for building improvements. The bonds were issued for a twenty-two year period, with final maturity on December 1, 2018. The bonds are being retired through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

At June 30, 2016, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$10,345,916, with an un-voted debt margin of \$120,177.

For further information regarding the District's debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

### Current Issues

The District is holding its own in the state of a declining economy and uncertainty in State funding. McComb is a small rural community of 1,630 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a few small businesses and one large factory with agriculture having a contributing influence on the economy.

In May 2014, the District renewed an additional ½% Income Tax for 5 years beginning January 1, 2015 to generate approximately \$365,000 annually for five years. In May 2015, the District renewed an existing 3.36 mill Permanent Improvement Levy for a period of five years for the purpose of general permanent improvements. These levies supply a source of funds for the financial operations and permanent improvements and provide stability for the District. However, future finances are not without challenges as our community changes and state funding is revised.

Beginning with the 2012-13 school year, the District closed the building located in Hoytville, Ohio, which housed the 7th and 8th grade in FY 2012. Those grades were consolidated into the existing building in McComb, Ohio. The District has sold the MS building.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Linda Clymer, Treasurer, McComb Local School District, 328 S Todd Street, P.O. Box 877, McComb, Ohio 45858-0877.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS June 30, 2016

		Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,172,108
Net Desitions	-	
Net Position:		
Restricted for Debt Service		158,870
Restricted for Capital Outlay		114,737
Restricted for Other Purposes		269,267
Unrestricted	_	4,629,234
Total Net Position	\$	5,172,108

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Program I	Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	D	Cash isbursements		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	3,423,080	\$	301,104 \$	50,610	\$ (3,071,366)
Special		950,006		, ,	127,644	(822,362)
Vocational		215,681			47,556	(168,125)
Other		754,828				(754,828)
Support Services:						
Pupils		349,024			145,993	(203,031)
Instructional Staff		163,865				(163,865)
Board of Education		17,609				(17,609)
Administration		513,921				(513,921)
Fiscal		252,605				(252,605)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		469,675				(469,675)
Pupil Transportation		469,008		440,400	4 4 4 . 000	(469,008)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		239,040		118,406	141,822	21,188
Extracurricular Activities		426,740		162,460	52,752	(211,528)
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		76,685				(76,685)
Principal		193,240				(193,240)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		28,249				(193,240) (28,249)
Totals	\$	8,543,256	\$	581,970 \$	566,377	(7,394,909)
	Ψ	0,040,200	-Ψ-	φφ	000,011	(1,004,000)
	Gene	eral Receipts:				
	Т	axes:				
		Property Taxes	, Lev	vied for General Purp	oses	2,200,796
				vied for Capital Outla		162,656
			, Lev	vied for Debt Service		178,649
		ncome Taxes				1,204,614
				ents not Restricted to	Specific Programs	4,759,975
	-	ifts and Donatio				18,639
		ivestment Earni	ings			22,968
		liscellaneous		E		8,872
		efund of Prior Y		Expenditures		2,733 8,559,902
		General Recei	•			<u> </u>
		nge in Net Posit Position Beginni		of Voar		4,007,115
		Position End of				\$ 5,172,108
	netr		i cai	1		φ <u> </u>

### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	-	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b> Current Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,814,528	\$ 357,580	\$ 5,172,108
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	\$	166,378 23,171 4,624,979 4,814,528	\$ 357,580 <u>357,580</u>	\$ 357,580 166,378 23,171 4,624,979 5,172,108

### STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General Fund	 All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
RECEIPTS:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	2,200,796	\$ 341,305	\$ 2,542,101
Income Tax		1,204,614		1,204,614
Intergovernmental		4,725,576	525,543	5,251,119
Interest		22,968		22,968
Tuition and Fees		322,280		322,280
Rent		700		700
Extracurricular Activities		18,843	143,617	162,460
Gifts and Donations		18,639	32,076	50,715
Customer Sales and Services			118,406	118,406
Miscellaneous		8,872	21,281	30,153
Total Receipts	-	8,523,288	 1,182,228	9,705,516
DISBURSEMENTS:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular		3,299,142	123,938	3,423,080
Special		844,804	105,202	950,006
Vocational		210,556	5,125	215,681
Other		754,828		754,828
Support Services:				
Pupils		203,031	145,993	349,024
Instructional Staff		163,657	208	163,865
Board of Education		17,609		17,609
Administration		513,921		513,921
Fiscal		249,517	3,088	252,605
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		460,111	9,564	469,675
Pupil Transportation		381,250	87,758	469,008
Operation of Non-Instructional Services			239,040	239,040
Extracurricular Activities		210,187	216,553	426,740
Capital Outlay			76,685	76,685
Debt Service:				
Principal			193,240	193,240
Interest			28,249	28,249
Total Disbursements		7,308,613	1,234,643	8,543,256
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	-	1,214,675	 (52,415)	1,162,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES):				
Refund of Prior Year Disbursements	_	2,733	 	2,733
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	2,733	-	2,733
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,217,408	(52,415)	1,164,993
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,597,120	409,995	4,007,115
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,814,528	\$ 357,580	\$ 5,172,108

### STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
RECEIPTS:				_		-	
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	2,056,757 \$	2,200,796	\$	2,200,796	\$	-
Income Tax		1,200,000	1,204,614		1,204,614		-
Intergovernmental		4,257,200	4,725,576		4,725,576		-
Interest		20,000	22,968		22,968		-
Tuition and Fees		273,800	322,280		322,280		-
Rent		200	700		700		-
Miscellaneous		8,135	7,873		7,873	_	-
Total Receipts		7,816,092	8,484,807	_	8,484,807	-	-
DISBURSEMENTS:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		3,262,375	3,204,550		3,268,046		(63,496)
Special		931,475	874,750		844,804		29,946
Vocational		211,400	216,760		210,556		6,204
Other		644,250	760,250		754,828		5,422
Support Services:							
Pupils		208,810	206,535		203,031		3,504
Instructional Staff		150,375	165,275		164,860		415
Board of Education		18,100	19,700		17,609		2,091
Administration		524,148	515,143		508,162		6,981
Fiscal		259,200	258,050		249,517		8,533
Business		500	500		101.101		500
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		543,575	546,600		461,434		85,166
Pupil Transportation		417,900	433,950		381,250		52,700
Extracurricular Activities		225,700	232,745	_	211,365	-	21,380
Total Disbursements		7,397,808	7,434,808		7,275,462	-	159,346
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		418,284	1,049,999		1,209,345	-	159,346
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):							
Transfers In		F 000	999		999		-
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		5,000	2,733		2,733		-
Transfers Out		(15,000)	(15,000)		(15,000)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		<u>(10,000)</u> 408,284	(11,268) 1,038,731		(11,268) 1,198,077	-	- 159,346
Net Change in Fund Balances							159,346
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,518,611 89,301	3,518,611 89,301		3,518,611 89,301		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	¢	4,016,196 \$	4,646,643	¢ —	4,805,989	¢	- 159,346
I UNU DAIANCE AL ENU UN TEAN	φ	4,010,190 \$	4,040,043	φ	4,000,989	φ.	109,040

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Fund
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 33,520	\$ 50,944
Liabilities: Undistributed Assets Due to Students Total Liabilities		\$ 4,172 46,772 50,944
<b>Net Position:</b> Held in Trust for Scholarships Total Net Position	\$ <u>33,520</u> <u>33,520</u>	

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Priva	ate Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS: Gifts and Donations DEDUCTIONS:	\$	5,000
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements		500
Change in Net Position Net Position Beginning of Year Net Position End of Year	\$	4,500 29,020 33,520

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

McComb Local School District (the District) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The District serves an area of approximately one hundred two square miles. It is located in portions of Hancock, Wood, and Putnam Counties, including the villages of McComb and Hoytville, and portions of surrounding townships. It is staffed by 23 classified employees, 57 certified teaching personnel and administrative employees who provide services to 743 students and other community members. The District currently operates two instructional/support facility.

### A. Primary Government

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. There are no component units of the District.

### C. Jointly Governed Organizations and Purchasing Pools

The District participates in three jointly governed organizations, a related organization, and two insurance pools. These organizations are the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, Millstream Career and Technology Center, the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund and Trust, Sheakley Uniservice, Inc., and the McComb Community Library. Information about these organizations is presented in Notes 13, 14, and 15 to the basic financial statements.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

### 1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a basis or draws from the District's general receipts.

### 2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

### B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

### 1. Governmental Funds:

The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g., grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The General Fund is the District's major governmental fund:

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 1. Governmental Funds (Continued):

<u>General Fund</u> - The General fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

### 2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private- purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's private-purpose trust fund accounts for a program to assist students in attending music camp. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's Agency funds account for various student managed activities.

### C. Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

### D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level for all funds are made by the District Treasurer.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### D. Budgetary Process (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the School District prior to fiscal year end.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2016, investments consisted of STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's net asset value per share, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2016.

The District allocates interest according to State statutes. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2016, was \$22,968, which includes \$2,894 assigned from other District funds.

Investments of the District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

### F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are no restricted assets.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

### H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

### I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The District reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

### J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the District's cash basis of accounting.

### K. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

### L. Long-term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

### M. Net Position

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. There were no amounts restricted by enabling legislation.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### N. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

### O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 3. COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the District has prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, liabilities, net position /fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

### 4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash, receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The General fund encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$6,616.

Certain funds accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budgetary basis) do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (modified cash basis)/

The following table summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statements and the budgetary basis schedule:

	General
Net change in fund balance - Cash Basis	\$ 1,217,408
Increase / (decrease):	
Encumbrances	(6,615)
GASB 54 fund classifications	(12,716)
Net change in fund balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,198,077

### 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five- year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- a. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- b. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- c. Written repurchase agreements in the securities;
- d. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- e. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- f. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- g. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and

h. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the District had \$1,250 in petty cash on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,092,099. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2016, \$2,529,803 of the District's bank balance of \$4,139,651 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,609,848 was covered by the FDIC.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective deposit bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to successful claim by the FDIC.

### Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District's only investment was \$1,163,222 in STAR Ohio Plus.

Credit Risk – STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market mutual fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

### 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2016 represents the collection of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 6. **PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)**

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2016 represents collections of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015 and are collected in 2016 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of rue value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Hancock, Wood, and Putnam Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

	2015 Second- Half Collections		2016 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$110,507,490	93%	\$111,023,420	92%
Industrial/Commercial	5,644,390	5%	5,515,400	5%
Public Utility	2,775,410	2%	3,638,020	3%
Total Assessed Value	\$118,927,290	100%	\$120,176,840	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$33.54		\$33.52	

### 7. INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of 1 1/2 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The 1 percent tax was effective on January 1, 1984, and is for a continuing tax and the additional ½ percent tax was effective January 1, 2010, and is for a 5 year period. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

### Coverage provided by Phelan Insurance Agency is as follows:

Buildings and Contents (\$1,000 deductible)	\$26,381,655
Crime – Employee Dishonesty & Forgery (\$500 deductible)	50,000
Audio Visual Equipment (\$500 deductible)	51,300
Data Processing Equipment (\$500 deductible)	229,660
Musical Instruments (\$500 deductible)	500,000
** Also See School Extension Endorsements	
Umbrella - Each Occurrence (covers liability, auto, and property)	3,000,000
Umbrella Annual Aggregate (covers liability, auto, and property)	3,000,000
Automobile Liability - replacement cost buses 10 years old or less	1,000,000
Automobile Medical Payments	5,000
Uninsured Motorist/Underinsured Motorist	1,000,000
Hired & Non-Owned Liability	1,000,000
General School District Liability	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate	3,000,000
Employees Benefits Liability	
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregate (\$1,000 deductible – Claims Made)	3,000,000
Employers Liability	1,000,000
Sexual Misconduct & Molestation Liability	1,000,000
Errors and Omissions Liability (\$2,500 deductible)	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 8. **RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The District participates in the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund (the Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities. The District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical and dental insurance benefits. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

For fiscal year 2016, the District participated in the Sheakley Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool. The program is intended to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the program.

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### **Net Pension Liability**

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis— as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. The remaining 0.0 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$106,908 for fiscal year 2016.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2016, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2014, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2016, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 11% of the 12% member rate goes to the DC Plan and 1% goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2014, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Through June 30, 2015, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 12% of covered payroll. The statutory employer rate for fiscal 2016 and subsequent years is 14%. The statutory member contribution rate increased to 13% on July 1, 2015 and will increase to 14% on July 1, 2016.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$410,665 for fiscal year 2016.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$1,447,369	\$7,770,136	\$9,217,505
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.0253653%	0.02811490%	

### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

### 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %	
US Stocks	22.50	5.00	
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50	
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50	
Private Equity	10.00	10.00	
Real Assets	10.00	5.00	
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50	
Total	100.00 %		

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$2,006,980	\$1,447,369	\$976,130

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

# 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity Alternatives Fixed Income Real Estate	31.00 % 26.00 14.00 18.00 10.00	8.00 % 7.85 8.00 3.75 6.75
Liquidity Reserves Total	<u> </u>	3.00

10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50%.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

## 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount **Rate** The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$10,793,305	\$7,770,136	\$5,213,596

#### **Social Security System**

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the State Teachers Retirement System/School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2016, four of the Board members have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### 10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. School Employee Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

#### Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2015 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2016, the actuarially required allocation is 0.74 percent.

The District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$21,897 \$7,260, and \$67,051, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

#### 10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Health Care Plan

ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the health care allocation is 0.0 percent. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. State law provides that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the minimum compensation level was established at \$23,000. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$1,372 and \$1,299, respectively.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Report.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2016, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 0 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$0, and \$30,773, respectively; 0 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2016 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

#### 11. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### A. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty five days of vacation per year, after their first year with the District. Accumulated unused vacation time may be paid to classified employees and may be paid to administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators, who are not on a twelve-month contract, do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred thirty-five days for all employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty-eight and three-fourths days.

#### B. Health Care Benefits

The District provides medical and dental insurance to all employees through the Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract.

Effective January 1, 2016, employees had the option for a Health Savings Account (HDHP). The Board is paying 90 percent toward the premium. Single plans have the option for an employer match up to \$1,000 per year for 2 years and family plans have the option for an employer match up to \$2,000 per year for 2 years.

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#### 12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2016 were as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/15	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/15	Within One Year
FY 2009 Refunding Bond Issue	\$660,000		\$190,000	\$470,000	\$200,000

#### FY 2009 School Improvement Refunding Bonds

FY 2010 School Improvement Refunding Bonds - On March 17, 2009, the School District issued bonds, in the amount of \$1,525,000, to partially refund bonds previously issued in 1997 for constructing and renovation to the District's buildings. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$124,723. The bonds were issued for a ten year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2019.

At June 30, 2016, all of the refunded bonds were still outstanding.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

## 12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$200,000	\$18,500	\$218,500
2018	210,000	8,250	218,250
2019	60,000	1,500	61,500
Total	\$470,000	\$28,250	\$498,250

## 13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### A. Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC), which is a computer consortium. NOACSC is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Allen, Hancock, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, and Van Wert Counties, and the Cities of St. Marys and Wapakoneta. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of NOACSC consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county. During fiscal year 2016, the District paid \$27,442 to NOACSC for various services. Financial information can be obtained from Michael Wildermuth, who serves as director, 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

#### B. Millstream Cooperative Vocational Career Center

The Millstream Cooperative Vocational Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio established under Section 3313.90 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Center provides vocational instruction to students. The Center operates under the direction of an Advisory Council consisting of the superintendent of each participating school district and one additional representative from the Findlay City School District. The Treasurers from the Hancock and Putnam County Educational Service Centers serve in an ex-officio capacity for all meetings. Financial information can be obtained from the Findlay City School District, 1219 West Main Cross, Suite 101, Findlay, Ohio 45840-3377.

#### C. Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty- five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issued addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

# 14. INSURANCE POOLS

#### A. Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund

The Hancock County Schools Health Benefit Fund (the Trust) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of seven local school districts, the Hancock County Educational Service Center, and the Blanchard Valley Board of Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities. The Trust is a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c) (9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the trustee, Huntington National Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

Each member decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee that will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from Huntington Insurance, P. O. Box 10079, 1695 Indian Wood Circle, Maumee, Ohio 43537.

#### B. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc.

The District is a member of the Sheakley Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. The grouprating plan will allow school districts to group together to potentially achieve a lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to cover the costs of administering the program.

## 15. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The McComb Community Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the McComb Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the McComb Community Library, Jackie Rader, who serves as Treasurer, 113 South Todd Street, McComb, Ohio 45858.

### 16. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by yearend or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2015	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	\$110,114
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	(400,902)
Total Restricted Assets	(\$290,788)
Amount Carry Forward to Fiscal Year 2017	\$0

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

#### 17. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District transferred \$15,000 from the General Fund to a Non-major Governmental Fund.

## 18. CONTINGENCIES

## A. Federal and State Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

## B. School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2016, foundation funding for the School District, therefore, any financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

# C. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the District as defendant.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Continued)

#### 19. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		Other	Total Governmental
Fund Balance	General	Governmental	Funds
Restricted for:			
Regular Instruction		\$5,764	\$5,764
Special Instruction		1,035	1,035
Athletics		17,840	17,840
Food Service Operations		59,334	59,334
Debt Retirement		158,870	158,870
Permanent Improvement		114,737	114,737
Total Restricted		357,580	357,580
Committed for:			
Termination Benefits	\$166,378		166,378
Total Committed	166,378		166,378
Assigned for:			
Educational Activities	16,555		16,555
Unpaid Obligations (encumbrances)	6,616		6,616
Total Assigned	23,171		23,171
Unassigned	4,624,979		4,624,979
Total Fund Balance	\$4,814,528	\$357,580	\$5,172,108

# 20. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE

Unpaid interfund cash advances at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Interfund Payable		Interfund Receivable	
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund	\$68,000	General Fund	\$68,000

428 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

104 South Sugar St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 30, 2016

McComb Local School District Hancock County 328 South Todd Street PO Box 877 McComb, Ohio 45858

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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To the Board of Education:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **McComb Local School District**, Hancock County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2016, wherein we noted the District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.



#### ... "bringing more to the table"

 Tax- Accounting - Audit - Review - Compilation - Agreed Upon Procedure - Consultation - Bookkeeping - Payroll Litigation Support - Financial Investigations
Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Ohio Society of CPAs • West Virginia Society of CPAs • Association of Certified Fraud Examiners •
Association of Certified Anti - Money Laundering Specialists •

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McComb Local School District Hancock County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2016-001.

#### District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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**Perry and Associates** Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio* 

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2016-001

#### Noncompliance

**Ohio Revised Code, § 117.38**, provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38. Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting in a report format similar to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This presentation differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). There would be variances on the financial statements between this accounting practice and GAAP that, while presumably material, cannot be reasonably determined at this time. The District should take the necessary steps to ensure that the financial report is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

**Management's Response** – The District deemed it was more cost effective to prepare financial statements on a cash basis and determined the costs of preparing reports on a generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis) far outweighed the benefits derived from these reports.

## SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2015-001	Cash-Basis Financial Statements	No	Repeated as Finding 2016-001



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

# MCCOMB LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HANCOCK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED MARCH 30, 2017

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