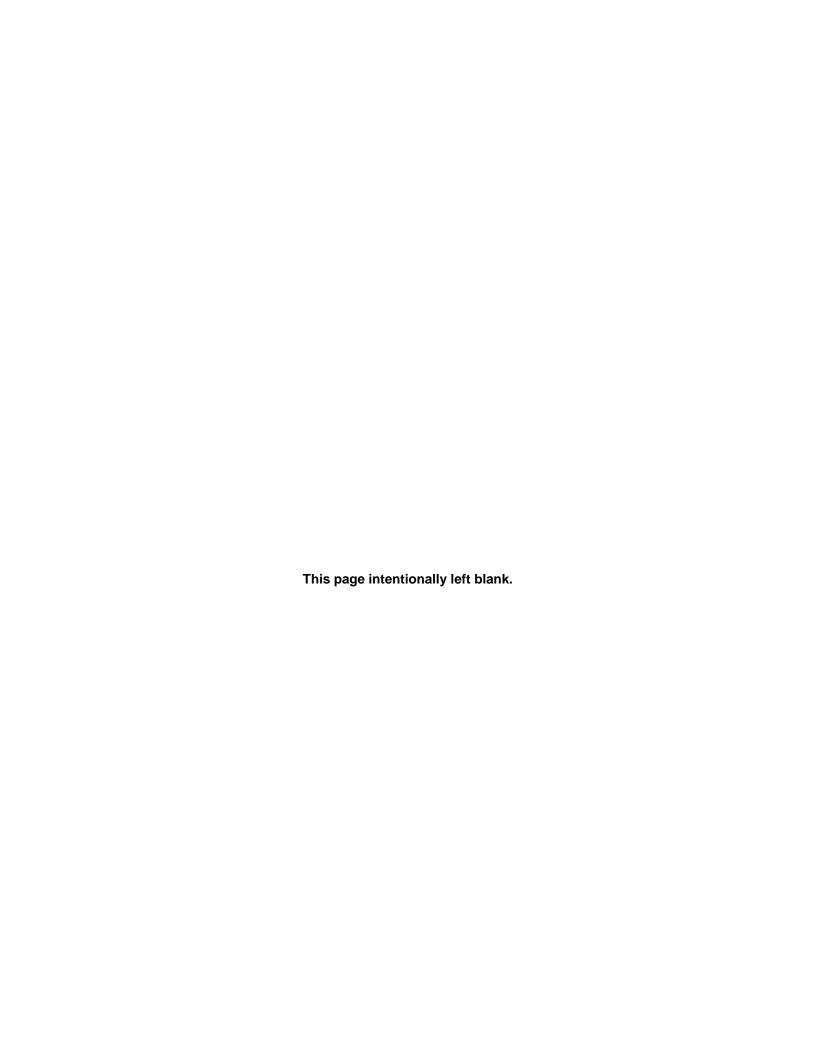




CITY OF NORTH OLMSTED CUYAHOGA COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of North Olmsted Cuyahoga County 5200 Dover Center Road North Olmsted, Ohio 44070

To the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Olmsted, Cuyahoga County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 18, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of North Olmsted Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

July 18, 2017



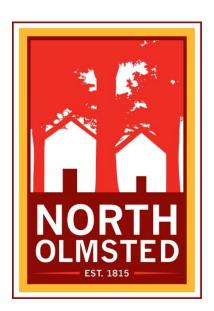
NORTH OLMSTED, OHIO

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016



Issued by: Department of Finance Carrie B. Copfer, CPA, Director of Finance Keith J. Sperling, Assistant Director of Finance

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Carrie B. Copfer, CPA | Director, Department of Finance

A 5200 Dover Center Road | North Olmsted, Ohio 44070 P 440-716-4144 F 440-716-4235

July 18, 2017

Honorable Kevin M. Kennedy Citizens of North Olmsted, Ohio And Members of City Council

Ohio law (Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B)) requires that all cities file annual audited financial reports prepared on a GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis with the Auditor of State within six months of the close of each fiscal year. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that the City has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Auditor of the State of Ohio, David Yost, an independent auditor, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of North Olmsted's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Basic Information

North Olmsted was once a part of the Connecticut Western Reserve, claimed by the state of Connecticut. Investors bought land from the state, sight unseen, and went west to divide it up and sell it to settlers. Aaron Olmstead was one of the early landowners, but he never lived here. His son, Charles Olmstead, owned much of the land along Butternut Ridge and sold plots to the pioneer settlers beginning in 1815. In 1820, Charles Olmstead offered his father's library of 500 books to the community, then called Lenox, if they would change the name to Olmstead. They agreed, and the books, brought by oxcart from Connecticut, were used as a circulating library. The remaining 153 books are on display in the City's library. Over the course of the years, the "a" was omitted and the city became known as "North Olmsted."

In 1908, the residents voted to incorporate, becoming a village. In 1951, North Olmsted became a city because it had a population of over 5,000 people. The rapid growth was attributed to returning World War II veterans looking to provide a suburban living for their families. At one time the City was considered the fastest growing city in Ohio because it more than doubled in size from 1950 to 1960 and doubled again in 1970. Since the 1970 census, the population of North Olmsted has stayed relatively constant. The 2010 census was 32,718, which represents a four percent decline from the 2000 census.

The City is a suburban community located in Cuyahoga County in northeastern Ohio, approximately 13 miles southwest of the downtown area of the City of Cleveland and approximately 18 miles southeast of the City of Lorain. The City is served by diversified transportation facilities. There is immediate access to three State and U.S. highways and interstate highways I-80 (the Ohio Turnpike) and I-480, with access to interstate highways I-90 and I-71 within five miles of the City. The City is served by Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, located within five miles of the City, and is adjacent to areas served by Conrail and Amtrak railroads.

The City of North Olmsted's primary government consists of all funds and departments, which are not legally separate from the City and provide a full range of services including:

- ♦ Police, Emergency Medical Services and Fire Protection
- Parks and Recreational Activities and Facilities
- 18 hole Golf Course and Historic Ballroom
- Senior Center and Related Programs
- ♦ Local Human Services ministering to youth, disabled, seniors and needy families
- Planning and Zoning Committees
- Building Code Enforcement
- Waste Water Treatment Plant Processing of Sanitary Sewage
- Maintenance and Improvement of City Roads and Infrastructure
- Maintenance and Improvement of Storm and Sanitary Sewer Systems
- ♦ Administrative and Legislative functions including Council, Law, Finance, Human Resources and Information Technology

The City of North Olmsted operates under and is governed by its Charter, first adopted by the voters in 1959. The Charter has been and may be amended by the voters from time to time. The City is also subject to some general laws applicable to all cities. Under the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government, and police powers to the extent not in conflict with applicable general laws. The Charter provides for a mayor-council form of government.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council, of whom three members are at-large and four members are from wards, all elected to four-year terms. The Council sets compensation of City officials and employees, and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes. The presiding officer is the President of Council, elected specifically to that office by the voters for a four-year term. The President of Council has no vote except in the event of a tie. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments and the Council may establish divisions of those departments or additional departments and has exercised that authority.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, elected by the voters specifically to that office for a four-year term. The other elected City officials are the Director of Finance and the Director of Law, each elected to a four-year term. All elected officials, except the Mayor and Director of Finance, serve part-time.

The Mayor has authority to appoint the directors of Public Safety, Public Service, Human Resources, Planning and Economic Development, certain City employees and members of a number of City boards and commissions. The Mayor generally may remove, without the concurrence of Council and in accordance with civil service and collective bargaining agreement requirements, all officers and employees he has appointed, except that directors of the aforementioned departments may only be removed with the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of Council. The Mayor may not remove officers and employees of Council, Finance or the Law departments.

The Mayor may veto any legislation passed by Council. A veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of all members of Council.

Component Unit

The North Olmsted Commission on Paratransit, Inc. (N.O.C.O.P.) has been presented as a discretely presented component unit of the primary government, based on the significant services and resources provided by the City. A complete discussion of the City's reporting entity is provided in Notes 1 and 22 of the basic financial statements.

Budgetary Process

A temporary appropriation resolution to control expenditures may be passed on or around January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation measure must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. Appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriations at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control must first be approved by City Council. Council may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund does not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. The City maintains budgetary control on a cash basis by department for salaries, other expenditures and debt service. Estimated expenditure amounts must be encumbered prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors or finalization of other contracts. Encumbrances that would exceed the available appropriation level are identified on an ongoing basis and are not approved or recorded until City Council authorizes additional appropriations or transfers. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each calendar year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. Permanent appropriations are adopted by Council and are amended throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocate or increase the original appropriated amounts. During the year, supplemental appropriation measures were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budgetary figures, which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons, represent the original permanent appropriation and the final appropriations amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Summary of Local Economy

The City is a suburban residential community and a commercial center for the western portion of the County and adjacent Lorain County. The City has actively promoted commercial, residential and light industrial development, and has established a City-wide community reinvestment area and participated in an enterprise zone within the County for that purpose, as hereinafter discussed in more detail.

The largest commercial development in the City includes the Great Northern Mall and the adjacent Great Northern Shopping Center, together constituting a 2.0 million square foot retail complex with approximately 225 stores, professional and medical offices and restaurants; the Great Northern Corporate Center I, II and III, a 267,000 square foot executive office complex; and the Great Northern Technology Center, a 144,000 square foot office complex. All of this development is located adjacent to an interchange on interstate highway I-480. The properties have been developed in phases over the past 40 years, and the businesses located in them now provide employment for approximately 4,800 persons. The local economy has developed and redeveloped around this area.

While the City has several larger taxpayers, it is not dependent on a single revenue source or a single taxpayer, which is a strength during an economic downturn. The City Charter allows for 11.1 charter millage to be levied on property, which also is unique to cities. Additionally, the City, which currently offers residents 100% credit on up to two percent for municipal income taxes paid to their workplace city, can adjust that credit through an ordinance of Council.

While the City and region have been slow to recover from the 2008 global recession, several promising economic indicators occurred in 2016.

 Municipal income tax collections increased by 10.6% from the prior year with both individual and employee withholdings increases offset by a decline in business net profit.

- Total property tax collections increased just under 1%. Additionally, delinquencies stayed consistent with the previous year at 2.8% of the total tax levy.
- The average yearly unemployment rate in the county increased only slightly to 5.4% during 2016; the State unemployment rate remained unchanged at 4.9%; the US rate declined to 4.9%; though this statistic does not account for those persons who are unemployed, but no longer looking for work.
- The City's number of building permits increased by 13.1%, which is primarily due to the new 6-12 Campus for North Olmsted City Schools, improvements to auto dealerships, and new hotel construction. The estimated valuation of the building permits issued in 2016 was \$98,619,912, of which the school project represents approximately \$65,900,000, or 66.8%. In addition, there was an increase in permits for fences, roofing, and windows which shows an interest in maintenance and repair of existing properties.
- The number of residential property sales increased by 8.2% to 540, which is the highest volume since 2006. In addition, the average sales price of residential properties increased 2.3% to \$127,441, though it was 13.7% lower than the 2007 pre-recession average prices.

Relevant Financial Policies Internal Control

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal controls are designed within the above framework. Accordingly, we believe the City's system of internal controls is adequate to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of transactions.

Basis of Accounting

This is the thirteenth year the City has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. GASB 34 creates basic financial statements for reporting the City's financial activities as follows:

Government-wide financial statements - These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by many businesses. The government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

Fund financial statements - These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the governmental-wide financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Statements of budgetary comparisons - These statements present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

Debt Administration

The debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term obligations. Revenue sources for these funds include receipts from property taxes and transfers from other funds consisting of income taxes, hotel/motel taxes, sewer user charges and golf user charges.

The Mayor and his administration prioritize capital projects for which borrowings are required. City Council approves such borrowings for these purposes. Both the Administration and Council have been committed to borrowing for the prioritized list of current capital needs at an amount less than the City is retiring each year in general obligation debt so that each year the City's total general obligation debt is declining. This is a general policy with the Mayor's and City Council's consideration of the impact of voted tax issues and self-supporting enterprise fund debt.

In April of 2006, the City of North Olmsted received a rating increase to an A1 rating from Moody's Investor Service Inc. for limited tax and an Aa3 rating for unlimited tax. Fitch IBCA affirmed the City's A+ rating in April 2006, and again in August 2009. In April of 2010, under pressure from the federal government, all three rating agencies adjusted the way municipal debts were rated basing it on the likelihood of default, which is the standard for corporate debt. This will increase the market of potential municipal buyers, and theoretically, reduce the cost of borrowing due to the increased competition. Moody's Investor Services raised the City's rating to Aa2 on all outstanding debt, due to the recalibration, while Fitch raised the rating to AA-. Moody's affirmed that rating in July 2010, January 2013, November 2015, and January 2017 for the general obligation bond issue and all of the City's outstanding bonded debt. Fitch reaffirmed the current rating in July 2013 and again in June 2015 during standard surveillance reviews. Fitch withdrew the rating in January 2017 as the remaining portion of the debt they rated was refunded.

Major Initiatives and Capital Improvements

The City has developed new zoning regulations to create four new business districts that run along Lorain Road and includes parts of Brookpark Road and Great Northern Boulevard. In addition to the zoning regulations, changes were made to allowed uses, areas, setbacks and driveway spacing. The new zoning and other changes are designed to encourage the investment of businesses within the City while minimizing the potential negative impact on adjacent residences.

Late in 2015 the city created two new chapters of the building code entitled "Licensing of Rental Units" and "Interior Maintenance Code" to retain quality rental properties by permitting the city to conduct interior inspections of apartments and single and multi-family homes in addition to the exteriors. To support this effort the city added two inspectors and a permit clerk in 2016 to implement the program.

The first Great Northern TIF project is improvements to Country Club Boulevard between Victoria Lane and Great Northern Boulevard. The project will include attractive landscaping with brick hardscapes in the medians, new crosswalks, and improved lighting. Construction will begin in the summer of 2017 and conclude by the end of the year.

A \$10 million new traffic signal system project will improve the traffic flow along Lorain Road in two phases the first of which begins in the summer of 2017. The new system will allow the signal operations to be modified as needed to accommodate weekend traffic, holiday traffic as well as normal weekday rush to reduce congestion. The Ohio Department of Transportation will be managing the project that is funded mostly by federal monies. The City will contribute 20% of the construction costs and the cost of engineering both phases.

A multi-phase project to implement the Springvale Master Plan to improve the nearly 100 year old Springvale Ballroom and Golf facilities began in 2016 and will continue over the next several years. The first phase will include a new maintenance facility, ballroom kitchen renovation, a new patio for outings and events and other capital improvements.

One of the Go North Olmsted 2015 Master Plan recommendations was to re-imagine the recreation center, which began in 2016 with a proactive planning process that is involving the community stakeholders. It was expanded to include two of the parks which are actively utilized. The plan builds on existing recreational assets and their age and useful life as well as looks at new opportunities for capital improvements supporting program enhancements. This plan will include the operational requirements to support such enhancements.

Improving storm water management was also a Go North Olmsted 2015 Master Plan objective. Two laborers were added to the city's storm crew to improve the preventative maintenance of the storm sewers and ditches. Additionally, one site identified in the area of the greatest flooding during significant storm events, was obtained and a storm water detention basin was designed in 2016 with construction in 2017. Other sites are being evaluated under the storm water management plan to utilize monies earmarked for detention basins.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City does not have a formal long-term capital plan; however, the Mayor and his administration have developed a five year capital plan and are utilizing it for planning and budgeting purposes.

In 2011, the City established and began reserving with a four year funding plan for both separation and 27th pay funds to reduce the spikes in an operating budget when these benefits are paid out in future years. The 2016 budget included continued funding of these reserves.

The City has begun to use Tax Increment Financing (TIF) as an economic development tool for the area around Great Northern Boulevard and Country Club Boulevard business corridor. Owners of parcels of real property included in the TIF area will make payments in lieu of taxes on improvements they made on their property into the TIF. These funds will be utilized for future infrastructure improvements that will benefit the TIF business corridor. The improvements will consist of pavement, curbs, drainage facilities, extension, installation, acquisition, relocation of utilities, sidewalks, bike paths, landscaping, lighting, signalization, signage, and other public infrastructure improvements in or near the roadway.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of North Olmsted for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the city has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Finance Department with cooperation from all city departments. We would like to express our appreciation to Ciuni & Panichi, Inc. for their guidance in the preparation of this report.

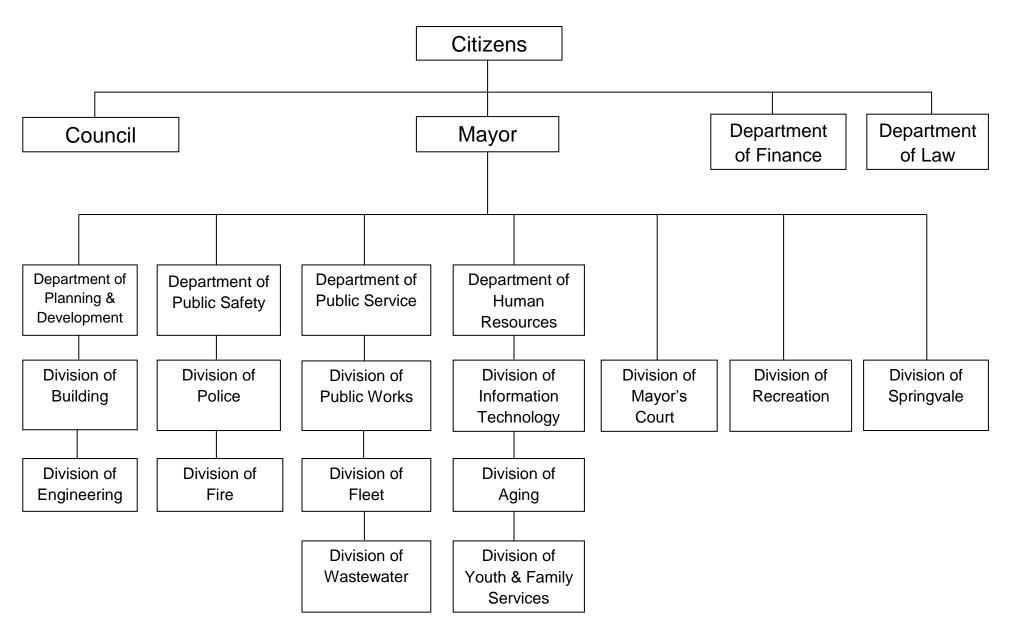
We would also like to thank the Mayor and members of City Council for supporting the preparation of this report, which expresses their commitment to financial integrity. In closing, we are grateful to the residents and taxpayers of the City of North Olmsted for entrusting us with the fiscal administration of their local government.

Respectfully submitted,

Carrie B. Copfer, CPA Director of Finance

Keith J. Sperling
Assistant Director of Finance

CITY OF NORTH OLMSTED ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Principal City Officials

December 31, 2016

Elected Officials

Kevin M. KennedyMichael R. Gareau, Jr	Mayor
Michael R. Gareau, Jr	Director of Law
Carrie B. Copfer	Director of Finance
Nicole Dailey Jones	President of Council
Nicole Dailey JonesLouis Brossard	Council Ward 1
Paul R. Barker	Council Ward 2
Paul Schumann	Council Ward 3
Mary Ellen Hemann	Council Ward 4
Kevin G. Kearney	
Duane H. Limpert	
Angela Williamson	
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1.000	
Appointed Officials	
Marie Gallo	Director of Human Resources
Donald Glauner	
Kimberly Wenger	Director of Planning Development



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of North Olmsted Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of North Olmsted Cuyahoga County 5200 Dover Center Road North Olmsted, Ohio 44070

To the City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Olmsted, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

City of North Olmsted Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Olmsted, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

City of North Olmsted Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 18, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 18, 2017

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of North Olmsted's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- ♦ Key financial highlights for 2016 are as follows:
 - The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2016 by \$51,478,666. This is a decrease of \$716,929 over the 2015 net position. Net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$682,124 from 2015, while net position of the business-type activities decreased \$1,399,053.
 - Total assets decreased by \$6,057,169 and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$5,438,400. The main factor affecting the total assets decrease was the decrease in net capital assets (down \$7,019,351). This decrease was offset by an increase in cash and cash equivalents (up \$1,088,607). The main fluctuation in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (up \$5,515,405).
 - Total liabilities increased by \$708,071 and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$609,911 from 2015. The main factor affecting the total liabilities increase was an increase in net pension liability during 2016 (up \$7,158,351). This was offset by a \$6,663,019 decrease in other long term liabilities. The deferred inflows of resources were down in 2016 with payments in lieu of taxes being the biggest contributor (down \$627,394).
 - The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$7,969,154 at the end of the 2016, which is an increase of \$786,751 from 2015. The General Fund expenditures increased \$363,234 from 2015 to 2016 and revenues increased \$1,133,466.

Using This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the City of North Olmsted as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at our specific financial condition.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City of North Olmsted as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole considers all financial transactions and measures how the City did financially during fiscal year 2016. The *Statement of Net Position* includes assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and the *Statement of Activities* includes revenues and expenses; however, they both use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by the private sector. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and the changes in net position. The changes in net position are important because it tells whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into the following categories:

- Assets
- Deferred outflows of resources
- Liabilities
- Deferred inflows of resources
- Net position (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources)
- Program expenses and revenues
- General revenues
- Net position beginning and end of year

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Reporting the City of North Olmsted's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The presentation of the City's major funds begins on page 24. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds based on the restrictions on the use of monies. The City has established many funds which account for the multitude of services, facilities and infrastructure provided to our residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. In the case of the City of North Olmsted, the major governmental funds are the General Fund, Permanent Improvements Fund, and General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund and the major enterprise funds are the Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund and Sewer Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's activities are reported in the governmental funds which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that are expected to be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled within the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The City of North Olmsted maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of its golf course and ballroom and sanitary sewer plant and system. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City maintains this type of fund for its self-insurance of health related employee benefits and self-insurance of workers' compensation. Because this predominately affects governmental rather than business functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 30 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the City's own programs. The City of North Olmsted has three agency funds to report within the fiduciary fund category. Agency funds are reported on a full accrual basis and only present a Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found starting on page 35 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information that the City believes readers will find useful. After the notes to the basic financial statements, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented, as well as individual detailed budgetary comparisons for all funds. This information can be found starting on page 89 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

The City of North Olmsted as a Whole

The *Statement of Net Position* looks at the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2016 compared to 2015.

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total				
	2016		2015	2016		2015		2016		2015
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$ 42,444,258	\$	40,753,502	\$ 6,668,538	\$	7,400,073	\$	49,112,796	\$	48,153,575
Capital assets, net	47,827,169		49,803,680	71,709,033		76,751,873		119,536,202		126,555,553
Net pension asset	36,840	_	34,080	11,317		11,116		48,157	-	45,196
Total assets	90,308,267	_	90,591,262	78,388,888		84,163,062		168,697,155		174,754,324
Deferred outflows of resources:										
Loss on refunding	292,461		347,359	110,524		132,631		402,985		479,990
Pension	8,275,798		3,393,510	984,693		351,576		9,260,491		3,745,086
Total deferred outflows	0,270,770	_	0,000,010	<u> </u>		001,070	•	<u> </u>	-	217 121000
of resources	8,568,259		3,740,869	1,095,217		484,207		9,663,476		4,225,076
		_					•			
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities	1,289,562		987,793	1,032,050		1,121,080		2,321,612		2,108,873
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year	5,435,675		6,242,470	3,184,666		4,580,969		8,620,341		10,823,439
Other amounts due in										
more than one year	19,600,614		21,105,084	54,664,770		57,620,221		74,265,384		78,725,305
Net pension liability	29,855,265	_	23,351,150	2,497,721		1,843,485		32,352,986	-	25,194,635
Total liabilities	56,181,116	_	51,686,497	61,379,207		65,165,755		117,560,323		116,852,252
- a 1: a										
Deferred inflows										
of resources	0.764.016		0.000.005					0.764.016		0.000.065
Property taxes	8,764,816		8,988,265	-		-		8,764,816		8,988,265
Payments in lieu of taxes Pension	170,424 328,189		797,818 109,694	58,213		35,776		170,424 386,402		797,818 145,470
Total deferred inflows	 320,189	-	109,094	30,213		33,770		380,402	•	143,470
of resources	9,263,429		9,895,777	58,213		35,776		9,321,642		9,931,553
of resources),203, 4 2)	-	<i>J</i> ,6 <i>J</i> 3,777	30,213		33,770	•	7,321,042	-	7,731,333
Net position:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	28,628,989		27,813,444	14,329,123		14,995,099		42,958,112		42,808,543
Restricted	18,058,522		16,619,478	-,,		-,,		18,058,522		16,619,478
Unrestricted	(13,255,530)		(11,683,065)	3,717,562		4,450,639		(9,537,968)		(7,232,426)
		-				,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total Net Position	\$ 33,431,981	\$ _	32,749,857	\$ 18,046,685	\$	19,445,738	\$	51,478,666	\$	52,195,595

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the larger liabilities reported by the City at December 31, 2016 and is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and the net pension asset.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's NPL. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

The NPL under GASB 68 equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should, accordingly, be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the NPL. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the NPL, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the NPL is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the Statement of Net Position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the City's statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in NPL not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of GASB 68, the City is reporting a net pension asset/liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City of North Olmsted, total assets exceed total liabilities by \$51,478,666 as of December 31, 2016, which is a \$716,929 decrease from the prior year. At the end of the current year, the City of North Olmsted is able to report positive balances in the net investment in capital assets and restricted net position. Unrestricted net position is negative as a result of GASB 68.

The largest portion of the City's net position (83.4%) reflects the investments in capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures and infrastructure) less any related debt to acquire those assets that remains outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to the City's citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total assets for 2016 decreased \$6,057,169 when compared to 2015 and total liabilities increased by \$708,071. The primary contributor to the decrease in assets was net capital assets, which decreased due to the disposal of the old wastewater treatment plant as well as the depreciation exceeding capital additions in the current year. The increase in total liabilities is primarily due to an increase in the City's net pension liability which was offset by the decrease noted in other long term liabilities.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, Table 2 provides further details regarding the results of activities for the current year.

City of North Olmsted
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Government	al A	Activities	Business-Type Activitie			Tota	_	
	2016		2015	2016		2015	2016		2015
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 6,440,997	\$	5,810,010	\$ 11,779,432	\$	10,876,621	\$ 18,220,429	\$	16,686,631
Operating grants and									
contributions	1,771,865		2,036,867	-		-	1,771,865		2,036,867
Capital grants and	, ,		, ,				, ,		, ,
contributions	3,518		42,447	_		_	3,518		42,447
Total program revenues	8,216,380		7,889,324	11,779,432		10,876,621	19,995,812		18,765,945
General revenues:									
Property taxes and other	0.622.701		0.550.074				0.600.701		0.550.074
taxes	9,622,781		9,558,074	-		-	9,622,781		9,558,074
Municipal income taxes	15,531,341		14,039,569	-		-	15,531,341		14,039,569
Grants and entitlements	2,569,538		2,554,370	-		-	2,569,538		2,554,370
Other	127,828		112,075				127,828		112,075
Total general revenues	27,851,488		26,264,088				27,851,488		26,264,088
Total revenues	36,067,868		34,153,412	11,779,432		10,876,621	47,847,300		45,030,033
Program expenses:									
General government	5,299,633		4,516,867	_		_	5,299,633		4,516,867
Security of persons and	3,277,033		1,510,007				3,277,033		1,510,007
property	15,959,086		14,205,425				15,959,086		14,205,425
Public health and welfare	631,709		551,565	_		_	631,709		551,565
				-		-			,
Transportation	7,352,641		8,416,485	-		-	7,352,641		8,416,485
Basic utility services	2,063,026		1,929,636	-		-	2,063,026		1,929,636
Leisure time activities	3,191,927		3,136,618	-		-	3,191,927		3,136,618
Economic development	271,870		275,635	-		-	271,870		275,635
Interest and fiscal charges	668,492		1,049,394	-		-	668,492		1,049,394
Springvale Golf Course									
and Ballroom	-		-	1,665,971		1,557,162	1,665,971		1,557,162
Sewer				8,005,368		7,408,132	8,005,368		7,408,132
Total program expenses	35,438,384		34,081,625	9,671,339		8,965,294	45,109,723		43,046,919
Change in net position									
before transfers	629,484		71,787	2,108,093		1,911,327	2,737,577		1,983,114
before transfers	029,404		/1,/0/	2,100,093		1,911,327	2,737,377		1,905,114
Transfers	52,640		(38,852)	(52,640)		38,852	-		-
Special item - loss on sale of									
capital assets	-		-	(3,454,506)		-	(3,454,506)		-
Total general revenue, transfers,									
And special item	52,640		(38,852)	(3,507,146)		38,852	(3,454,506)		_
				_(=1==1,1===)			_(=,===,		
Change in net position	682,124		32,935	(1,399,053)		1,950,179	(716,929)		1,983,114
						4-40			50.045.1 0:
Net position, beginning of year	32,749,857		32,716,922	19,445,738		17,495,559	52,195,595		50,212,481
Net position, end of year	\$ 33,431,981	\$	32,749,857	\$ 18,046,685	\$	19,445,738	\$ 51,478,666	\$	52,195,595

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

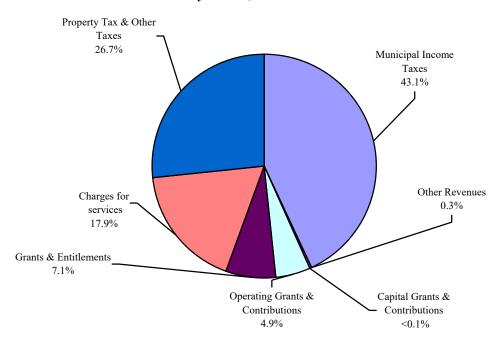
Governmental Activities

Overall, total governmental activities revenues increased by \$1,914,456. Program revenues represent 22.8% of the total governmental activities revenues. This includes charges for services and both operating and capital grants. Program revenues increased in 2016 by \$327,056, a result of an increase in charges for services of \$630,987 which was offset by a decrease in operating and capital grants of \$303,931. The increase in charges for services is primarily due to an increase in building permits for commercial and residential projects. The decrease in grants can be mostly attributed to the Assistance to Firefighters Grant program operated by FEMA which was used to purchase self-contained breathing apparatus used by the Fire Department in the prior year.

General revenues represent the other 77.2% of total governmental activities with municipal income taxes at 43.1%, property and other local taxes at 26.7% and grants, entitlements and other miscellaneous revenues representing 7.4%. General revenues increased in 2016 by \$1,587,400, a result of an increase in municipal income tax.

Municipal income tax revenue, which comprises the City's largest source of general revenues, increased \$1,491,772 from 2015, which is an increase of approximately 10.6%. The increase in income taxes is due to increased amount collected from withholding collections and individual tax payer collections which is a result of the gradually improving economy. Property and other local taxes increased by \$64,707 which reflects the collections for the Great Northern TIF. Grants and entitlements and other revenues both increased less than one percent from 2015.

Revenues by Source, Governmental Activities

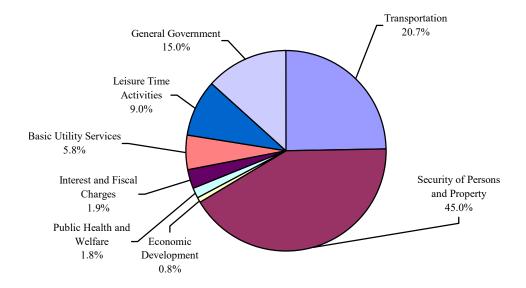


Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

In total, the City's governmental activities experienced an increase in 2016 expenses of \$1,356,759. Major factors contributing to the overall increase in expenses was the pension expense being recorded using GASB 68 which led to increases in security of persons and property and general government expenses. These increases were offset by a decrease in transportation. The remaining costs of Governmental Activities remained relatively stable as a result of the city's ability to control costs.

The City's expenses are categorized by function. Security of persons and property is the City's largest program function and represented 45.0% of program expenses in 2016. This includes the cost of providing police, dispatch, fire, and paramedic services. The second largest program function is transportation, which represents 20.7% of program expenses in 2016. This includes the cost of providing all public works services such as street and storm channel maintenance and improvements, public property maintenance, snow removal, brush removal and equipment maintenance. General government represents 15.0% of program expenses. This includes all the general governmental expenses used by the entire City such as council, mayor, administration, finance, law, human resources, information technologies, etc.

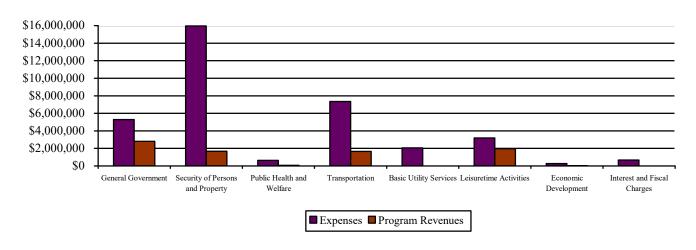
Expenses by Function, Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

As can be seen in the chart below, all programs have a heavy reliance on general revenues, with 77.2% of total 2016 revenues coming from general revenues.

Expenses and Program Revenues Governmental Activities



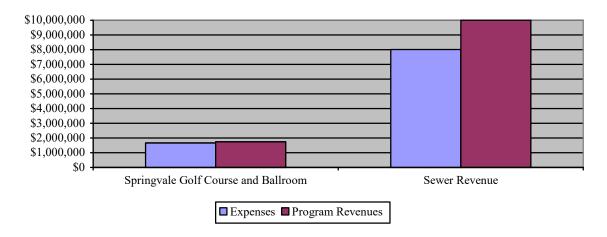
Business-Type Activities

Overall, total business-type activities revenue increased \$902,811 in 2016. Charges for services are the primary source of program revenues for the business-type activities. The Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom (Springvale) has both golf and event revenues. The sewer plant and collection system operations (WWTP) represent the largest share of the charges for services. Sewer charges for services increased by 9.3%, which is a result of the increase in sewer rates in 2016. Springvale charges for services also increased in 2016 by 2.7%, which was primarily due to increased ballroom rentals which increased by 11.1%.

Business-type activities expense increased in 2016 by \$706,045, from the prior year. Sewer expenses increased by 8.1%, excluding the special item, while the Springvale expenses increased by 7.0% in 2016. The increase in Sewer expenses was due to plant improvements and renovations. The increase in Springvale expenses was due to the renovation project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Expenses and Program Revenues Business-Type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of North Olmsted uses fund accounting as mandated by governmental legal requirements. The importance of accounting and reporting using this method is to demonstrate compliance with these finance related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Information about the City's governmental funds begins on page 24. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

As of December 31, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,921,670. Of that amount, \$23,535,002 constitutes fund balances in a spendable form. The remaining \$1,386,668 fund balance is reported as nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for spending because it cannot be used to liquidate future liabilities because it will not be in a spendable form in the next year.

All governmental funds had total revenues of \$35,732,576 and expenditures of \$35,403,344, resulting in revenues over expenditures of \$329,232. After consideration of \$1,685,199 in net other financing sources, the current year net change in fund balance was \$2,014,431.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

The General Fund is the most significant fund as it is the source for providing a significant portion of major governmental activities such as police, fire, service, legislative and administrative functions. In 2016, the General Fund had total revenues of \$20,932,046 and expenditures of \$20,195,671, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$786,751 after consideration of \$50,376 in net other financing sources, for an ending fund balance at December 31, 2016 of \$7,969,154. General Fund revenues increased \$1,182,776 from 2015, while expenditures increased by \$559,960. The increase in General Fund revenues was due to an increase in licenses and permits and municipal income tax revenues. The increase in municipal income tax of \$721,045 was due to an increase in income tax collected. The increase in licenses and permits of \$611,018 was due to an increase in revenues from building permits associated with development projects.

The Permanent Improvements Fund accounts for 15% of the municipal income tax receipts and is used for the permanent improvement of streets and storm sewer system. In 2016, the Permanent Improvements Fund had total revenues of \$2,299,537 and expenditures of \$1,722,923, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$679,588 after consideration of \$102,974 in net other financing sources, for an ending fund balance at December 31, 2016 of \$4,445,098. Revenues increased by \$161,152 from the prior year primarily due to an increase in municipal income taxes. Expenditures decreased from the prior year by \$3,327,318 which was primarily due to a decrease in principal expenditures for debt in 2016.

The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund accounts for resources that are used for payments of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt. In 2016, the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund had total revenues of \$2,713,245 and expenditures of \$3,824,026 resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$496,628 after consideration of \$1,607,409 in net other financing sources, for an ending fund balance at December 31, 2016 of \$6,828,612. The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund revenues decreased \$28,864 in 2016. This decrease was primarily due to less property tax received in 2016 as a result of decreased property valuations for tax year 2015 (collection year 2016). The expenditures are set by the bond and note payments and increased from the prior year based on the amortizations schedules of the City's debt.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The City amended its General Fund budget at various times throughout fiscal year 2016. All recommendations for budget amendments are initially presented to the Finance Committee of City Council for review before they are presented to the whole City Council for Ordinance enactment on the change. Budgetary modifications between the legal level of control categories may only be made by resolution of the City Council. The City allows intra-department budget modifications if they are within the same legal level of control category. The General Fund supports many of the City's major activities such as the police, fire and service departments, as well as most legislative and administrative activities. The General Fund is monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or potential overspending by individual departments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

For the General Fund, the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$19,451,039. The final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$20,584,639. The City actually received \$20,919,934 in 2016. While the excess was a result of greater than anticipated revenues across several revenue types, the more significant variances were intergovernmental and license and permits. The City's intergovernmental revenues were greater than expected due to the City receiving approximately \$111,091 more in grants and local government revenue than was budgeted from the County and State. Licenses and permits were greater than anticipated by \$118,076 due to the City's conservative estimates for development projects.

The original appropriations, including other financing uses for the General Fund were \$22,465,512. The final appropriations, including other financing uses, were \$22,642,097. Actual expenditures, including other financing uses ended \$2,118,658 below the final budgeted amount. Transportation expenditures were less than budgeted across all areas in 2016, but the greatest variance was for materials and supplies due to decreased expenses for fuel and oil. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$761,770 before \$365,275 in net other financing uses. This resulted in a net increase of the General Fund balance of \$396,495.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

	_	Governmen	ntal A	Activities	_	Business-Type Activities				Totals		
	_	2016	_	2015	_	2016	_	2015		2016	_	2015
Land	\$	4,445,992	\$	4,445,992	\$	2,340,714	\$	2,340,714	\$	6,786,706	\$	6,786,706
Construction in progress		856,250		2,479,979		227,128		45,412,758		1,083,378		47,892,737
Other non-depreciable assets		23,000		23,000		-		-		23,000		23,000
Land improvements		991,131		1,065,367		2,731,938		1,022,617		3,723,069		2,087,984
Buildings and improvements		15,091,184		14,079,795		30,786,051		5,358,855		45,877,235		19,438,650
Furniture and fixtures		94,171		41,915		12,120		12,902		106,291		54,817
Vehicles and equipment		2,718,702		2,596,447		27,261,956		13,970,204		29,980,658		16,566,651
Infrastructure	_	23,606,739	_	25,071,185	_	8,349,126	_	8,633,823		31,955,865	_	33,705,008
Total	\$	47,827,169	\$_	49,803,680	\$_	71,709,033	\$_	76,751,873	\$	119,536,202	\$	126,555,553

Total capital assets net of depreciation of the City's governmental activities as of December 31, 2016, were \$47,827,169, which was \$1,976,511 lower than December 31, 2015. The most significant additions were in roads of \$1,478,699 and building and improvements of \$1,704,761. The capital asset additions were offset by annual depreciation expense of \$4,501,527.

Business-type activities net capital assets decreased by \$5,042,840 from 2015 which is primarily due to the annual depreciation expense of \$2,201,160, and the replacement of buildings and equipment as a result of the completion of the wastewater treatments plant project. For additional information see Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Debt and Other Long-Term Obligations

As of December 31, 2016, the City of North Olmsted had \$115,238,711 in total debt and other long-term obligations outstanding with \$8,620,341 due within one year.

	Governmental Activities					Business-	e Activities	Totals			
		2016		2015		2016		2015	2016		2015
General obligation bonds	\$	17,790,965	\$	22,169,951	\$	2,943,063	\$	4,862,340	\$ 20,734,028	\$	27,032,291
OWDA loan		-		-		54,453,420		56,857,463	54,453,420		56,857,463
OPWC loans		-		-		-		65,167	-		65,167
Police pension liability		74,088		77,728		-		-	74,088		77,728
Long-term notes		1,605,000		-		-		-	1,605,000		-
Compensated absences		4,951,974		4,813,691		440,063		392,846	5,392,037		5,206,537
Claims payable		519,586		118,540		-		-	519,586		118,540
Capital lease payable		94,676		167,644		12,890		23,374	107,566		191,018
Net pension liability		29,855,265		23,351,150		2,497,721		1,843,485	32,352,986		25,194,635
Total	\$	54,891,554	\$	50,698,704	\$	60,347,157	\$	64,044,675	\$ 115,238,711	\$	114,743,379

The general obligation bonds are composed of many various purposes which include street and storm improvements, sanitary sewer improvements, equipment, computerization, golf course purchase and improvements, recreation center and parks improvements, city building improvements and new library and fire station construction. Many revenue sources assist in the payment of debt service.

The City has several OWDA loans outstanding for the WWTP and collection system improvements with the debt service being paid with user charges.

The State of Ohio statute limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10.5% of the total assessed valuation. The City's overall legal debt margin was \$68,470,792 at December 31, 2016. This represents the aggregate principal amount of additional voted and unvoted debt which the City may issue over and above what the City currently has outstanding without exceeding the limitation. This calculation does not take into account the City's ability to repay such debt levels within current resources. Additional information concerning the City's debt can be found in Notes 10, 13, 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The City of North Olmsted continues to experience many financial challenges as the State and our regional economies recover from the recession. Though the City will never regain the \$1 million in State revenue cuts, there have been some positive economic indicators in 2016. For the third time in the last ten years, municipal income tax revenue exceeded the levels of 2007. The housing market also showed continued improvement with increases in both the number of residential properties sold and average sales price, 540 and \$131,173, respectively. City building permits increased by 13% due to several large projects started during the year. The City has had the financial flexibility to pay down debt without sacrificing City services and the ability to improve infrastructure and City buildings to enhance the community for the residents. With lower debt service requirements in 2017, the City will be able to increase budget stabilization fund contributions, divert ambulance collections to the EMS fund to reduce future borrowing on equipment and capital for safety services, and provide more resources to maintain City streets or save for future projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and show the City's accountability for all money it receives, spends, or invests. If you have any questions about this report or need financial information, contact the Director of Finance, City of North Olmsted, 5200 Dover Center Road, North Olmsted, Ohio, 44070; telephone 440-777-8000 or e-mail at finance@north-olmsted.com.

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2016

	 Primary	Go	vernment			_	Component Unit North Olmsted
	vernmental		Business-Type Activities		Total		Commission on Paratransit, Inc.
Assets:				_			
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$ 21,886,890	\$	8,187,030	\$	30,073,920	\$	40,141
Accounts receivable	383,929		-		383,929		-
Materials and supplies inventory	317,614		206,107		523,721		-
Prepaid items	132,441		79,111		211,552		-
Internal balances	4,621,065		(4,621,065)		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable	1,857,688		2,817,355		4,675,043		-
Income taxes receivable	4,131,593		-		4,131,593		-
Taxes receivable - property and other	9,113,038		-		9,113,038		-
Non-depreciable capital assets	5,325,242		2,567,842		7,893,084		-
Depreciable capital assets, net	42,501,927		69,141,191		111,643,118		-
Net pension asset	 36,840		11,317	_	48,157		
Total assets	 90,308,267		78,388,888	_	168,697,155		40,141
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Deferred loss on refunding	292,461		110,524		402,985		-
Pension	 8,275,798		984,693	_	9,260,491		
Total deferred outflows or resources	 8,568,259		1,095,217	_	9,663,476		
Liabilities:							
Accounts and contracts payable	498,143		132,798		630,941		-
Accrued wages and benefits	674,313		78,759		753,072		-
Intergovernmental payable	15,533		13,413		28,946		-
Retainage payable	-		81,061		81,061		-
Accrued interest payable	53,539		726,019		779,558		-
Matured compensated absences	48,034		-		48,034		-
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	5,435,675		3,184,666		8,620,341		-
Due in more than one year	19,600,614		54,664,770		74,265,384		-
Net pension liability	 29,855,265		2,497,721	_	32,352,986		
Total liabilities	 56,181,116		61,379,207	-	117,560,323		-
Deferred inflows of resources:	0.5						
Property taxes	8,764,816		-		8,764,816		-
Payments in lieu of taxes	170,424		-		170,424		-
Pension	 328,189		58,213	_	386,402		
Total deferred inflows of resources	 9,263,429		58,213	-	9,321,642		-
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	28,628,989		14,329,123		42,958,112		-
Restricted for:							
Debt service	8,442,223		-		8,442,223		-
Capital projects	4,977,260		-		4,977,260		-
Highways and streets	2,455,507		-		2,455,507		-
Public safety	148,194		-		148,194		-
Solid waste management	1,603,317		-		1,603,317		-
Federal and other grants	432,021		-		432,021		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (13,255,530)		3,717,562	_	(9,537,968)		40,141
Total net position	\$ 33,431,981	\$	18,046,685	\$ _	51,478,666	\$	40,141

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

			_		Pr	ogram Revenues	
				Charges for		Operating Grants	Capital Grants
				Services		and	and
	_	Expenses	_	and Sales		Contributions	Contributions
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	5,299,633	\$	2,816,339	\$	1,555	\$ -
Security of persons and property		15,959,086		1,511,930		160,833	3,518
Public health and welfare		631,709		9,016		61,731	-
Transportation		7,352,641		120,094		1,542,246	-
Basic utility services		2,063,026		-		5,500	-
Leisure time activities		3,191,927		1,971,094		-	-
Economic development		271,870		12,524		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		668,492	_				
Total governmental activities	_	35,438,384	_	6,440,997		1,771,865	3,518
Business-type activities:							
Springvale golf course and ballroom		1,665,971		1,739,923		-	-
Sewer revenue		8,005,368	_	10,039,509			
Total business-type activities	·	9,671,339	_	11,779,432		-	-
Total primary government	\$ _	45,109,723	\$	18,220,429	\$	1,771,865	\$ 3,518
Component unit:							
North Olmsted Commission on							
Paratransit, Inc.	\$ _	36	\$		\$		\$

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Recreation

Fire pension

Police pension

Debt service

Municipal income taxes levied for:

General purposes

Solid waste management

Capital outlay

Grants and entitlements not restricted

to specific programs

Investment income

Miscellaneous income

Total general revenues

Transfers

Special item - loss on disposal of capital assets

Total general revenues, transfers and

special item

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

		(Expense) Revenu nary Government			Component Unit	
		Business-			North Olmsted	
Governmental		Type			Commission on	
Activities	_	Activities	Total	_	Paratransit, Inc.	
(2,481,739)	\$	-	\$ (2,481,739)	\$		_
(14,282,805)		-	(14,282,805)			-
(560,962)		-	(560,962)			-
(5,690,301)		-	(5,690,301)			-
(2,057,526)		-	(2,057,526)			-
(1,220,833)		-	(1,220,833)			-
(259,346)		-	(259,346)			-
(668,492)	_		(668,492)	_		
(27,222,004)	-	<u>-</u>	(27,222,004)	-		-
_		73,952	73,952			_
_		2,034,14 <u>1</u>	2,034,141			_
	_	2,108,093	2,108,093	_		_
(27,222,004)	_	2,108,093	(25,113,911)	_		_
(27,222,001.)	_	2,100,035	(20,110,511)	_		
						(3)
	_			_		(3)
5.052.520			5.052.520			
5,052,530		-	5,052,530			-
831,214 207,819		-	831,214 207,819			-
206,291		-	206,291			-
3,324,927		-	3,324,927			-
10,871,939		-	10,871,939			-
2,329,701		-	2,329,701			-
2,329,701		-	2,329,701			-
2,569,538		-	2,569,538			-
64,238		-	64,238			-
63,590	_		63,590	_		
27,851,488		(50 (40)	27,851,488			-
52,640		(52,640) (3,454,506)	(3,454,506)			-
27,904,128		(3,507,146)	24,396,982	_		_
682,124	-	(1,399,053)	(716,929)	_		(3
32,749,857		19,445,738	52,195,595		40	$17^{(3)}$
33,431,981	\$	18,046,685	\$ 51,478,666	\$,14

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2016

Assets: Current assets:		General	<u>I</u> 1	Permanent mprovements		General Obligation Bond Retirement	(Non-major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	(Total Governmental Funds
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Income taxes receivable Taxes receivable - property and other Intergovernmental receivable	\$	5,639,248 2,892,115 5,647,050 647,344	\$	4,106,980 619,739 - 3,540	\$	2,615,620 - 1,191,476 218,630	\$	5,282,305 619,739 2,274,512 988,174	\$	17,644,153 4,131,593 9,113,038 1,857,688
Accounts receivable Materials and supplies inventory Prepaid items Non-current assets: Advances to other funds	¢	360,775 241,182 105,768 936,613	¢.		¢	4,212,992	¢.	23,154 76,432 26,673	¢.	383,929 317,614 132,441 5,149,605
Total assets Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:	\$	16,470,095	\$	4,730,259	\$	8,238,718	\$	9,290,989	\$	38,730,061
Accounts and contracts payable Accrued wages and benefits Matured compensated absences Intergovernmental payable Total liabilities	\$	188,941 622,121 48,034 1,762 860,858	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - - -		\$ 261,335 52,192 - 5,059 318,586	\$	450,276 674,313 48,034 6,821 1,179,444
Deferred inflows or resources: Property taxes Payments in lieu of taxes Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources		5,478,257 - 2,161,826 - 7,640,083		285,161 285,161		1,111,700 - 298,406 - 1,410,106		2,174,859 170,424 948,314 3,293,597		8,764,816 170,424 3,693,707 12,628,947
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit) Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred		1,283,563 - 62,454 4,684,994 1,938,143 7,969,154		4,445,098		6,828,612		103,105 5,328,228 252,989 - (5,516) 5,678,806		1,386,668 16,601,938 315,443 4,684,994 1,932,627 24,921,670
inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	16,470,095	\$	4,730,259	\$	8,238,718	\$	9,290,989	\$	38,730,061

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

December	31	2016
December	JI,	4 010

Total governmental fund balances			\$ 24,921,670
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			47,827,169
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			
Property and other taxes	\$ 32	1,522	
Municipal income taxes	1,87	7,474	
Intergovernmental	1,34	7,412	
Charges for services	14	7,299	
Total			3,693,707
To all a Contract of C.A. Allaidine in American and the contract of the contra			
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-			
term obligations, whereas in governmental funds, an interest			(52.520)
expenditure is reported when due.			(53,539)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds.			
Police pension liability	(7	4,088)	
General obligation bonds	(17,79)		
Deferred charge on refunding		2,461	
Long-term notes		5,000)	
Capital leases payable	* '	4,676)	
Compensated absences		1,974)	
Total			(24,224,242)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Net position	3 66	6,572	
Internal balances	· ·	8,540)	
Total		<u>-</u>	3,138,032
The net pension liability / asset are not due and payable / receivable in the current period; therefore, the liability / asset and related deferred inflows / outflows are not reported in governmental funds.			
Net Pension Asset	3	6,840	
Deferred Outflows		5,798	
Net Pension Liability	(29,85		
Deferred Inflows		8,189)	
Total		~, <u>~~</u>	 (21,870,816)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 33,431,981

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

D.		General		Permanent mprovements		General Obligation Bond Retirement	(Non-major Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Property and other local taxes	\$	4,671,181	\$	_	\$	2,271,734	\$	2,622,805	\$	9,565,720
Municipal income taxes	4	10,698,133	4	2,292,457	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,292,457	Ψ	15,283,047
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		530,152		530,152
Charges for services		1,807,926		-		-		1,982,360		3,790,286
Fines, licenses and permits		2,095,675						356,098		2,451,773
Intergovernmental		1,562,659		7,080		437,260		1,932,111		3,939,110
Investment income		58,485		-		4,251		1,502		64,238
Miscellaneous income		37,987	-					70,263		108,250
Total revenues		20,932,046	-	2,299,537		2,713,245		9,787,748		35,732,576
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		4,470,446		-		-		133,336		4,603,782
Security of persons and property		12,707,235		-		-		1,133,749		13,840,984
Public health and welfare		481,120		-		-		66,314		547,434
Transportation		2,237,521		1,709,825		-		1,704,298		5,651,644
Basic utility services		-		-		-		2,056,094		2,056,094
Leisure time activities		-		-		-		2,863,912		2,863,912
Economic development		280,818		-		-		47,258		328,076
Capital outlay		-		-		-		421,515		421,515
Debt service:										
Principal		14,864		-		3,372,000		956,744		4,343,608
Interest and fiscal charges		3,667		-		448,076		277,504		729,247
Issuance costs		-	-	13,098		3,950		-		17,048
Total expenditures		20,195,671	-	1,722,923		3,824,026		9,660,724		35,403,344
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		736,375	_	576,614		(1,110,781)		127,024		329,232
Other financing sources (uses):				4 60 7 000						4 60 7 000
Issuance of notes		-		1,605,000		-		-		1,605,000
Premium on issuance				7.202						7.202
of notes		20.176		7,383		-		-		7,383
Sale of capital assets		20,176		-		1 607 400		20.000		20,176
Transfers - in		60,200		(1.500.400)		1,607,409		30,000		1,697,609
Transfers - out		(30,000)	-	(1,509,409)		1,607,409		(105,560) (75,560)		(1,644,969)
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,376	-	102,974		1,607,409		(/3,360)		1,685,199
Net change in fund balances		786,751		679,588		496,628		51,464		2,014,431
Fund balances, beginning of year		7,182,403	-	3,765,510		6,331,984		5,627,342		22,907,239
Fund balances, end of year	\$	7,969,154	\$	4,445,098	\$	6,828,612	\$	5,678,806	\$	24,921,670

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Tot the Teat Ended December 51, 2010			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 2,014,431
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation differed from capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital outlay	\$	2,534,759	
Depreciation expense		(4,501,527)	(1.066.760)
Total			(1,966,768)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of			
Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.			(9,743)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property and local taxes		57,061	
Municipal income taxes		248,294	
Charges for services		48,517	
Intergovernmental		(36,396)	
Total		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	317,476
Other financing sources in the governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Long-term notes			(1,605,000)
Repayment of long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
General obligation bonds		4,267,000	
Police pension liability		3,640	
Capital leases Total		72,968	1 212 608
Total			4,343,608
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest on bonds		20,715	
Compensated absences		(138,283)	
Amortization of premium		111,986	
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	_	(54,898)	
Total			(60,480)
			/~ · ·
			(Continued)

Statement of Activities.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds are not reported in the entity-wide Statement of Activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are allocated among governmental activities.

 Change in net position
 (588,342)

 Internal balances
 74,504

 Total
 (513,838)

2,328,361

(4,165,923)

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows, changes in the net position liability are reported as pension expense in the

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 682,124

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

	Buc	dget	į			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	_	Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Municipal income taxes	\$ 9,980,800	\$	10,549,400	\$	10,612,074	\$ 62,674
Property and other local taxes	4,590,923		4,590,923		4,672,742	81,819
Charges for services	1,976,000		1,974,000		1,916,702	(57,298)
Licenses and permits	1,226,100		1,706,100		1,824,176	118,076
Fines, licenses and permits	256,000		256,000		273,267	17,267
Intergovernmental	1,276,216		1,343,216		1,454,307	111,091
Investment income	40,000		60,000		70,174	10,174
Miscellaneous income	25,000	_	25,000		20,967	(4,033)
Total revenues	19,371,039	-	20,504,639		20,844,409	339,770
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	4,714,762		4,889,611		4,428,560	461,051
Security of persons and property	12,688,335		12,688,336		12,073,906	614,430
Public health and welfare	522,583		522,583		460,221	62,362
Transportation	3,728,687		3,725,214		2,804,692	920,522
Basic utility services	20,300		23,775		20,778	2,997
Economic development	335,045	_	334,295		294,482	39,813
Total expenditures	22,009,712	-	22,183,814	•	20,082,639	2,101,175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(2,638,673)	-	(1,679,175)		761,770	2,440,945
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sales of capital assets	30,000		30,000		25,525	(4,475)
Transfers - in	50,000		50,000		50,000	-
Advances - out	-		(497)		-	497
Transfers - out	(455,800)	_	(457,786)		(440,800)	16,986
Total other financing sources (uses)	(375,800)	-	(378,283)	-	(365,275)	13,008
Net change in fund balance	(3,014,473)		(2,057,458)		396,495	2,453,953
Prior year encumbrances	418,027		418,027		418,027	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,985,002	-	2,985,002	-	2,985,002	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 388,556	\$_	1,345,571	\$	3,799,524	\$ 2,453,953

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2016

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds						_	Governmental Activities
	Cour	rale Golf se and room		Sewer Revenue		Total		Internal Service Funds
Assets:							_	
Current assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and equivalents	\$	460,445	\$	7,726,585	\$	8,187,030	\$	4,242,737
Materials and supplies inventory		33,229		172,878		206,107		-
Prepaid items		10,480		68,631		79,111		-
Intergovernmental receivable	-			2,817,355	_	2,817,355	_	
Total current assets	-	504,154		10,785,449		11,289,603	_	4,242,737
Non-current assets:		2 270 101		107.661		2.577.942		
Non-depreciable capital assets		2,370,181		197,661		2,567,842		-
Depreciable capital assets, net Net pension asset		2,622,070 2,566		66,519,121 8,751		69,141,191 11,317		-
Total non-current assets		4,994,817		66,725,533		71,720,350	_	
Total assets	-	5,498,971	•	77,510,982	-	83,009,953	_	4,242,737
Total assets	-	3,770,771		77,310,762		65,007,755	_	<u> </u>
Deferred outflows or resources:								
Deferred loss on refunding		71,480		39,044		110,524		-
Pension		223,172		761,521		984,693	_	
Total deferred outflows or resources		294,652		800,565		1,095,217	_	-
Liabilities:								
Current:								
Accounts and contracts payable		41,608		91,190		132,798		47,867
Accrued wages and benefits		11,321		67,438		78,759		´-
Intergovernmental payable		154		13,259		13,413		8,712
Retainage payable		-		81,061		81,061		_
Accrued interest payable		8,592		717,427		726,019		-
Claims payable		-		-		-		510,701
Accrued compensated absences		23,883		145,766		169,649		-
Capital lease payable		9,416		800		10,216		-
General obligation bond payable		480,000		61,000		541,000		-
OWDA loan payable				2,463,801		2,463,801	_	
Total current liabilities	-	574,974		3,641,742	_	4,216,716	_	567,280
Long-term liabilities (net of current portion):		4 455 555		604.050		5 1 40 605		
Advances from other funds		4,455,555		694,050		5,149,605		- 0.005
Claims payable		22 (10		247.904		270 414		8,885
Accrued compensated absences Capital lease payable		22,610		247,804 2,675		270,414 2,675		-
General obligation bonds payable		2,158,758		243,304		2,402,062		-
OWDA loan payable		2,136,736		51,989,619		51,989,619		_
Net pension liability		566,084		1,931,637		2,497,721		_
Total long-term liabilities		7,203,007		55,109,089	-	62,312,096	_	8,885
Total liabilities	-	7,777,981		58,750,831	-	66,528,812	_	576,165
						,	_	
Deferred inflows of resources: Pension		13,195		45,018		58,213	_	
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		2,415,557		11,913,566		14,329,123		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,413,110)		7,602,132	_	3,189,022		3,666,572
Total net position	\$	(1,997,553)	\$	19,515,698		17,518,145	\$	3,666,572
Net position reported for business-type activities in the Statement o	f Nat Position	are differen	t boor	-				
they include accumulated overpayments to the internal service fund		are uniteren	ı beca	ausc		528,540		
mer merade accumulated overpayments to the internal service fund		n business-ty	me or	rtivities	\$	18,046,685		
	rici positioi	i ousiness-ty	pc ac	LII VILICS	φ	10,040,003		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

		Business-Type	e Ac	ctivities – Ente	rpris	e Funds		vernmental activities
	S _I	oringvale Golf Course and Ballroom		Sewer Revenue	_	Total		Internal vice Funds
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	1,739,923	\$	10,039,509	\$	11,779,432 \$	5	3,010,119
Refunds				-	_			7,487
Total operating revenues		1,739,923		10,039,509	_	11,779,432		3,017,606
Operating expenses:								
Salaries		477,487		1,627,446		2,104,933		_
Benefits		119,772		614,400		734,172		_
Contractual services		367,857		1,708,024		2,075,881		598,388
Materials and supplies		346,871		378,167		725,038		-
Claims		-		-		-		3,007,560
Depreciation		227,964		1,973,196		2,201,160		-
Total operating expenses		1,539,951		6,301,233	_	7,841,184		3,605,948
Operating income		199,972		3,738,276		3,938,248		(588,342)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								
Interest and fiscal charges		(126,810)		(1.512.401)		(1,639,211)		
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(120,810)		(1,512,401) (116,440)		(116,440)		-
Total		(126,810)			_		-	<u>-</u> _
Total		(120,810)		(1,628,841)	_	(1,755,651)		
Income before transfers and special item		73,162		2,109,435		2,182,597		(588,342)
Transfers - out		(4,280)		(48,360)		(52,640)		_
Special item - loss on disposal of capital assets		-		(3,454,506)		(3,454,506)		_
Special near loss on unspecial of suprim ussess				(5, 15 1,500)	_	(54.6.4660)		
Change in net position		68,882		(1,393,431)		(1,324,549)		(588,342)
Net position, beginning of year	_	(2,066,435)		20,909,129				4,254,914
Net position, end of year	\$	(1,997,553)	\$	19,515,698		\$	5	3,666,572
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Activities are different because a portion of the net expense of the internal service funds are reported with business-type activities: (74,504)								
· ·								
Change	in net position	business-type a	ctiv	ities	\$_	(1,399,053)		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

		Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds Springvale Golf				Governmental Activities	
		Course and Ballroom		Sewer Revenue		Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,739,923	\$	9,691,674	\$	11,431,597 \$	3,010,119
Refunds		-		-		-	7,487
Cash paid for goods and services		(352,800)		(1,774,785)		(2,127,585)	(593,770)
Cash paid for materials and supplies		(361,399)		(405,649)		(767,048)	-
Cash paid for employee services and benefits		(559,108)		(2,187,815)		(2,746,923)	-
Cash paid for claims							(2,606,514)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		466,616		5,323,425		5,790,041	(182,678)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(136,298)		(557,252)		(693,550)	_
Proceeds from capital debt – loans		(150,270)		41,522		41,522	_
Capital lease principal paid		(9,416)		(1,067)		(10,483)	_
Capital lease interest paid		(2,110)		(45)		(45)	_
Loan principal paid - OPWC		_		(65,167)		(65,167)	_
Loan principal paid - OWDA		_		(2,445,565)		(2,445,565)	_
Loan interest paid		_		(1,478,882)		(1,478,882)	_
General obligation bonds principal paid		(504,000)		(1,399,000)		(1,903,000)	_
General obligation bonds interest paid		(121,679)		(70,492)		(192,171)	_
Net cash used for capital and related financing activitie	s	(771,393)		(5,975,948)		(6,747,341)	
The such about to supram and related mannering activities		(111,000)		(0,570,5.0)		(0,7.7,0.1)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Advances - in		540,564		29,834		570,398	-
Transfers - out		(4,280)		(48,360)		(52,640)	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital							
financing activities		536,284		(18,526)		517,758	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		231,507		(671,049)		(439,542)	(182,678)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		228,938		8,397,634		8,626,572	4,425,415
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	460,445	\$	7,726,585	\$	8,187,030 \$	4,242,737
							(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

	_	Business-Type	e Ac	etivities – Ente	rpris	e Funds	Governmental Activities
	_	Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom		Sewer Revenue	_	Total	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
from operating activities:							(
Operating income (loss)	\$	199,972	\$	3,738,276	\$	3,938,248 \$	(588,342)
Adjustments:							
Depreciation		227,964		1,973,196		2,201,160	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Materials and supplies inventory		(7,582)		(13,896)		(21,478)	-
Intergovernmental receivable		-		(347,835)		(347,835)	-
Prepaid items		(584)		16,988		16,404	-
Net pension asset		(1,262)		(3,882)		(5,144)	-
Deferred outflows – pension		42,358		157,046		199,404	-
Accounts and contracts payable		8,695		(108,514)		(99,819)	(491)
Accrued wages and benefits		3,283		13,640		16,923	` -
Intergovernmental payable		-		11,179		11,179	5,109
Claims payable		_		-		-	401,046
Matured compensated absences		_		(15,313)		(15,313)	´-
Accrued compensated absences		8,012		39,205		47,217	_
Net pension liability		(7,070)		(112,200)		(119,270)	_
Deferred inflows - pension		(7,170)		(24,465)		(31,635)	_
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	466,616	\$	5,323,425	\$	5,790,041 \$	(182,678)
iver cash provided (asset) of operating activities	Ψ =	100,010	Ψ		Ψ =		(102,070)
Non-cash capital financing activities:							
Change in capital assets purchased on credit	\$	18,715	\$	17,001	\$	35,716 \$	_
Amortization of premium on bonds classified as	Ψ	10,713	Ψ	17,001	Ψ	33,710 φ	
interest expense		(5,292)		(14,382)		(19,674)	_
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding		(3,292)		(17,502)		(17,077)	-
classified as interest expense		8,660		7,809		16,469	
ciassined as interest expense		0,000		7,009		10,409	-

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

December 31, 2016

Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>744,410</u>
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$ 744,410

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 1: Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of North Olmsted, Ohio, (the "City") was chartered in 1959 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates a Mayor-Council form of government.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

The City's primary government consists of all funds and departments which are not legally separate from the City. They include police and fire fighting forces, sewer services, a golf course, a street maintenance service, planning and zoning, and a staff to provide necessary support to these service providers.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations which are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

A discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separated from the City.

North Olmsted Commission on Paratransit, Inc. (N.O.C.O.P.) provided transportation to the residents of the City of North Olmsted, the City of Olmsted Falls and Olmsted Township who were 60 years of age or older or disabled. N.O.C.O.P. was formed in 1992 and was governed by a Board of Trustees which consisted of nine members. The following four members were automatic members of the Board of Trustees: The Mayor of the City of North Olmsted or designee, the Finance Director of the City of North Olmsted or designee, a member of the Finance Committee of the North Olmsted City Council as designated by the Chairman of the Committee and the President of the North Olmsted City Council. The remaining members of the Board of Trustees were elected by the membership as provided in its by-laws. N.O.C.O.P. utilized the services of a third-party provider, Senior Transportation Connection, to provide transportation services to the residents. Fares were collected by the provider based on the destination and frequency that the service was used. The three communities shared costs or deficits on a prorated agreement based on each community's population. Effective September 1, 2013, Olmsted Township terminated its membership with NOCOP. In 2013, the formula was as follows for January through August: the City of North Olmsted contributed 65.46%, the City of Olmsted Falls contributed 10.39% and Olmsted Township contributed 24.15%. As of September 1, 2013, the City of North Olmsted contributed 86.3% and the City of Olmsted Falls contributed 13.7%. Effective January, 1, 2014, the City of North Olmsted and the City of Olmsted Falls each entered into individual contracts with Senior Transportation Connection, and no longer shared the transportation costs on a pro-rated basis. N.O.C.O.P. operated on a fiscal year ending December 31 and the only revenues generated related to the sale of assets. The N.O.C.O.P. is currently in the process of winding up operations. Complete financial statements for N.O.C.O.P. may be obtained by writing the North Olmsted Commission on Paratransit, Inc., 5200 Dover Center Road, North Olmsted, Ohio 44070.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 1: Description of the City and Reporting Entity (continued)

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements is applicable to the primary government. Information relative to the component unit is presented in Note 22.

The City is associated with one jointly governed organization, the West Shore Council of Governments. This organization is presented in Note 19 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of North Olmsted have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These Statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The activities of the internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of North Olmsted and/or the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvements Fund – The Permanent Improvements Capital Projects Fund accounts for 15% of the municipal income tax receipts and expenditures for the permanent improvement of streets and the storm sewer system.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund - The General Obligation Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund accounts for resources that are used for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted or committed to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City's major enterprise funds are:

Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund – The Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund accounts for revenues and expenses of the City-owned golf course and ballroom facility.

Sewer Revenue Fund – The Sewer Revenue Fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the sanitary sewer system and wastewater treatment plant facilities.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. One internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical, dental and vision benefits. The other internal service fund accounts for assets set aside for claim settlements and related liabilities associated with the workers' compensation self-insurance program.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's agency funds account for the activities of the Mayor's Court and for deposits from contractors, developers and individuals to ensure compliance with City ordinances.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions (continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (Note 8).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants and entitlements and rentals.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned. At December 31, 2016, the City does not have unearned revenue.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

At December 31, 2016, the City had deferred outflows of resources for deferred losses on refunding and pensions reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary funds Statement of Fund Net Position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are explained in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be a recognized as inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, unavailable revenue and amounts for the pension. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2016, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds Balance Sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the proprietary funds Statement of Fund Net Position.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount City Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is City Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by City Council. The legal level of control has been established by City Council at the category level (salaries, benefits, materials and supplies, contractual services, capital outlay, etc.). Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time the final appropriations were enacted by City Council.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Budgetary Data (continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by City Council during the year.

F. Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". During 2016, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, negotiable certificates of deposit, money market accounts, U.S. agency securities, and municipal bonds.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts and nonnegotiable certificate of deposits are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio, is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but the City has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at amortized cost.

For the year ended 2016, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investment procedures are restricted by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2016 amounted to \$58,485, which includes \$47,473 assigned from other City funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2016 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

Purchased capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land, art, and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 to 40 years
Buildings and improvements	8 to 40 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 to 20 years
Vehicles and equipment	2 to 25 years
Roads	10 to 30 years
Bridges and culverts	35 to 50 years
Sanitary sewer lines	50 years

The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, culverts and sanitary sewer lines.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "interfund receivables/payables". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds" on the Balance Sheet and are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources. Interfund balance amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans receivable.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance. The City's delegated official is the Finance Director.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The City, through Council ordinance, has established a reserve balance account for the purpose of budget stabilization in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.13. The amount reserved may not exceed 5% of the General Fund's revenues in the prior year. Council may appropriate expenditures out of the reserve account to stabilize the City's budget. As the circumstances when the balance can be appropriated are not sufficiently detailed, the balance of \$373,000 is reported as unassigned fund balance.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$18,058,522 of restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for sewer, golf and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

P. Deferred Loss on Refunding

The difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) of various refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the deferred amount (loss) on refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the new debt. On fund financial statements, the deferred loss on refunding decreases the fund balance in the year the refunding bonds are issued.

Q. Bond Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On fund financial statements, bond premiums increase the fund balance in the year the bonds are issued.

R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The City did not have any contributions of capital for the year ended December 31, 2016.

S. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

T. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

U. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

V. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City and that are unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During 2016, the City disposed of capital assets associated with the completion of the new wastewater treatment plant that had a remaining net book value of \$3,454,506. The average remaining estimated useful life of the disposed capital assets was less than 6 years. This transaction was recorded as a special item.

V. Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Prior year data presented in Management's Discussion and Analysis have been reclassified in order to be comparative and provide an understanding of the changes in financial position and operations. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2015 financial statements in order to conform to the 2016 presentation.

Note 3: Change in Accounting Principles

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, GASB Statement No 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73.

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. These changes were incorporated into the City's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 3: Change in Accounting Principles (continued)

GASB Statement No. 73 establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement 68. These changes were incorporated in the City's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement did not result in any changes to the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 77 requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. These changes were incorporated into the City's financial statements; however, there was no effect on the beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure, for financial reporting purposes, all of their investments at amortized cost. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance and also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for governments that participate in those pools. The City incorporated the corresponding GASB 79 guidance into their financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. These changes were incorporated in the City's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

Note 4: Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all non-major governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General		ermanent provements	General Obligation Bond <u>Retirement</u>	,	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:							
Long-term advances	\$ 936,613	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 936,613
Inventory	241,182		-	-		76,432	317,614
Prepaids	105,768	_				26,673	132,441
Total nonspendable	1,283,563	_	-			103,105	1,386,668
							(Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 4: Fund Balances (continued)

Fund Balances	General	Permanent Improvements	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Restricted for:					
Community diversion	_	_	_	5,797	5,797
Recreation	_	_	_	16,076	16,076
Court computer	_	_	_	14,669	14,669
Alcohol education	_	_	_	25,401	25,401
Drug and law enforcement	_	_	_	49,046	49,046
Police and fire pension	<u>-</u>	_	_	9,190	9,190
Emergency medical services	<u>-</u>	_	_	2,773	2,773
Motor vehicle license tax	<u>-</u>	_	_	138,181	138,181
State highway	_	_	_	438,360	438,360
Street maintenance	_	_	_	318,756	318,756
Public way management	_	_	_	16,923	16,923
Solid waste management	_	_	_	1,318,156	1,318,156
Great Northern TIF	_	_	_	1,030,957	1,030,957
Endowments and grants	_	_	_	250,545	250,545
CDBG	_	_	_	2,708	2,708
Title III grant	_	_	_	40,551	40,551
Fair capacity housing	_	_	_	104,176	104,176
FEMA grant	_	_	_	18,500	18,500
Federal grants	_	_	_	15,541	15,541
Debt service payments	_	_	6,828,612	1,264,921	8,093,533
Permanent improvements	_	4,445,098	0,020,012	1,204,721	4,445,098
Capital improvements	_	7,773,070	_	247,001	247,001
Total restricted		4,445,098	6,828,612	5,328,228	16,601,938
Total Testricted			0,020,012	3,320,220	10,001,738
Committed to:					
Economic development	-	-	-	47,734	47,734
Senior center	-	-	_	11,288	11,288
Clague Park	-	-	-	3,065	3,065
Hotel/motel tax	-	-	_	51,799	51,799
STOP program	-	-	-	139,103	139,103
Purchases on order	62,454				62,454
Total committed	62,454			252,989	315,443
Assigned to:					
Separation pay	1,481,681	_	_	_	1,481,681
27 th pay	76,000	_	_	_	76,000
Year 2017 appropriations	3,004,321	_	_	_	3,004,321
Purchases on order	122,992	_	_	_	122,992
Total assigned	4,684,994				4,684,994
Total assigned	<u> </u>				<u></u>
Unassigned	1,938,143			(5,516)	1,932,627
Total fund balance	\$ <u>7,969,154</u>	\$ <u>4,445,098</u>	\$ <u>6,828,612</u>	\$5,678,806	\$ <u>24,921,670</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 5: Accountability

There is a deficit in the Casualty Loss Fund of \$5,516. The deficit is the result of a payable for an insurance settlement. The General Fund is liable for a deficit in this fund and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 6: Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. A Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget and to demonstrate compliance with State statute.

The major difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3) Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP).
- 4) Short-term note proceeds, short-term note principal retirements, advances-in, and advances-out for governmental funds are operating transactions (budgetary) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 5) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP) rather than cost (budgetary).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budget basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

	_	General
GAAP basis	\$	786,751
Increase (decrease) due to:		
Revenue accruals		(20,599)
Expenditure accruals		(259,749)
Outstanding encumbrances		(245,698)
Fair value adjustment for investments		(11,689)
To reclassify the net change in fund balance for funds		
combined with the General Fund for GASB 54	_	147,479
Budget basis	\$	396,495

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 7: Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Investment grade obligations of state and local governments, and public authorities;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 7: Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio) and,
- 7. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short-selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Finance Director or, if the securities are not represented by certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution. The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either within the City or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105% of the deposits being secured.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$21,500,839 and the bank balance was \$22,004,771. Of the bank balance \$11,153,313 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and \$10,851,458 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department, not in the City's name.

Investments

As of December 31, 2016, the City had the following investments:

			Maturities	Maturities
			(in years)	(in years)
	<u>-</u>	Fair Value	Less than 1	More than 1
Municipal bonds	\$	138,726	\$ 138,726	\$ -
U.S. agency securities		764,896	-	764,896
STAR Ohio	_	8,413,869	8,413,869	
Total	\$	9,317,491	\$ 8,552,595	\$ 764,896

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 7: Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2016:

- Municipal bonds and U.S. agency securities are valued based on Level 2 inputs using matrix pricing techniques.
- STAR Ohio is measured based on amortized cost.

Interest Rate Risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk requiring that the City's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding that need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments. The City's investment policy also limits security purchases to those that mature no later than five years from purchase unless specifically matched to a specific cash flow.

Custodial Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The securities underlying the repurchase agreements are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in State statute that requires securities shall be delivered into the custody of the Finance Director or governing board or an agent designated by the Finance Director or governing board. All financial institutions and broker/dealers who desire to become qualified for investment transactions with the City must meet a set of prescribed standards and be periodically reviewed.

Credit Risk is addressed by the City's investment policy by the requirements that all investments are authorized by Ohio Revised Code and that the portfolio be diversified both by types of investment and issuer. The City's investment in Star Ohio carries an "AAAm" money market rating by Standard & Poor's. The municipal bonds and U.S. agency securities carry an "A2" and "AAA" rating by Moody's, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk is defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board as five percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. The City's investment policy requires diversification of the portfolio but does not indicate specific percentage allocations. The following is the City's allocation as of December 31, 2016:

	Percentage
Investment Issuer	of Investments
Municipal bonds	1.5%
U.S. agency securities	8.2%
STAR Ohio	90.3%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 8: Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2016, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and court fines), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues.

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2016 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2015 taxes.

Real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2016, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. 2016 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2017. Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2016 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31, 2015, are levied after October 1, 2016, and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2016, was \$13.30 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2016 property tax receipts were based as follows:

Real estate	
Residential/Agriculture	\$ 529,768,620
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	240,462,420
Public utility tangible personal property	 15,858,070
Total valuation	\$ 786,089,110

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

The County Fiscal Officer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of North Olmsted. The County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2016 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the General Fund; Recreation, Fire Pension and Police Pension Special Revenue Funds; and General Obligation Bond Retirement, Library Bond Retirement and Fire Station Bond Retirement Debt Service Funds; the entire receivable has been offset by deferred inflows of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2016 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 8: Receivables (continued)

B. Income Taxes

The City levies and collects an income tax of two percent on all income earned within the City as well as income of residents earned outside the City. The City allows a credit of 100% of the tax paid to another municipality, not to exceed the amount owed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file an annual return.

Income tax revenues are distributed by a 1991 vote of the people as follows: 70% to the General Fund; 15% for solid waste management, recycling and disposal (Solid Waste Management Fund); and 15% for maintaining and equipping streets, storm water drainage systems and other permanent improvements, including debt charges on obligations issued after 1990 for those purposes (Permanent Improvements Fund).

C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	_	Amount
Governmental activities:		
Local government	\$	327,405
Homestead and rollback		594,385
Gasoline tax		540,207
CAT tax reimbursement		71,151
Permissive tax		18,296
Auto registration		108,227
Miscellaneous		27,593
Payments in lieu of taxes	_	170,424
Total governmental activities		1,857,688
Business-type activities:		
Sewer charges	-	2,817,355
Total	\$	4,675,043

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 9: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets during 2016 follows:

	Balance 12/31/15	Additions	Disposals		classifications and Transfers	Balance 12/31/16
Governmental activities:			-			
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 4,445,992	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,445,992
Art	23,000	-	-		-	23,000
Construction in progress	2,479,979	579,770	(2,203,499)	_		856,250
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,948,971	579,770	(2,203,499)	_		5,325,242
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements	1,998,553	-	-		-	1,998,553
Buildings and improvements	31,648,522	1,704,761	-		-	33,353,283
Furniture and fixtures	546,048	58,531	-		-	604,579
Vehicles and equipment	10,626,035	559,098	(256,542)		(26,851)	10,901,740
Infrastructure:						
Roads	141,243,084	1,478,699	-		-	142,721,783
Bridges and culverts	3,190,320	357,399		_		3,547,719
Total capital assets, being depreciated	189,252,562	4,158,488	(256,542)	_	(26,851)	193,127,657
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements	(933,186)	(74,236)	-		-	(1,007,422)
Buildings and improvements	(17,568,727)	(693,372)	-		-	(18,262,099)
Furniture and fixtures	(504,133)	(6,275)	-		-	(510,408)
Vehicles and equipment	(8,029,588)	(427,100)	246,799		26,851	(8,183,038)
Infrastructure:						
Roads	(117,423,011)	(3,220,183)	-		-	(120,643,194)
Bridges and culverts	(1,939,208)	(80,361)		_		(2,019,569)
Total accumulated depreciation	(146,397,853)	(4,501,527)	246,799	_	26,851	(150,625,730)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	42,854,709	(343,039)	(9,743)	_		42,501,927
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$ 49,803,680	\$ 236,731	\$ (2,213,242)	\$ _		\$ 47,827,169

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 428,083
Security of persons and property	409,784
Transportation	3,458,246
Public health and welfare	9,833
Leisure time activities	191,321
Economic development	4,260
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,501,527

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 9: Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance 12/31/15	Additions	Disposals	Reclassifications and Transfers	Balance 12/31/16
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,340,714	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	_,- , ,
Construction in progress	45,412,758	283,491	<u>(45,469,121)</u>		227,128
Total capital assets not being depreciated	47,753,472	283,491	(45,469,121)		2,567,842
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land improvements	2,326,224	1,846,797	_	-	4,173,021
Buildings and improvements	21,580,069	26,190,187	(2,615,922)	-	45,154,334
Furniture and fixtures	81,047	-	-	-	81,047
Vehicles and equipment	40,967,486	17,815,582	(24,945,904)	26,851	33,864,015
Sanitary sewer lines	18,243,334	62,330	<u> </u>		18,305,664
Total capital assets, being depreciated	83,198,160	45,914,896	(27,561,826)	26,851	101,578,081
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	(1,303,607)	(137,476)	-	-	(1,441,083)
Buildings and improvements	(16,221,214)	(646,929)	2,499,860	-	(14,368,283)
Furniture and fixtures	(68,145)	(782)	-	-	(68,927)
Vehicles and equipment	(26,997,282)	(1,068,946)	21,491,020	(26,851)	(6,602,059)
Sanitary sewer lines	(9,609,511)	(347,027)			(9,956,538)
Total accumulated depreciation	(54,199,759)	(2,201,160)	23,990,880	(26,851)	(32,436,890)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,998,401	43,713,736	(3,570,946)		69,141,191
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$76,751,873	\$ <u>43,997,227</u>	\$ <u>(49,040,067)</u>	\$ \$	71,709,033

During the year, the City transferred a vehicle from the Governmental Activities to the Sewer Revenue Fund. The vehicle had a cost basis of \$26,851 and accumulated depreciation of \$26,851. This transfer is reported in the reclassifications and transfers column in the tables above.

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

A. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued wages and benefits on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the Member-Directed plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' Traditional or Combined plans.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional and Combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

B. Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (continued)

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over the member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earning over a member's career. Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

The Traditional plan is a defined benefit plan in which a member's retirement benefits are calculated on a formula that considers years of service and FAS. Pension benefits are funded by both member and employer contributions and investment earnings on those contributions.

The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to the FAS for the three member groups under the Traditional plan (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

When a benefit recipient retiring under the Traditional plan has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3% simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3%. Additionally, a death benefit of \$500-\$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a decreased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Traditional plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

B. Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (continued)

The Combined plan is a defined benefit plan with elements of a defined contribution plan. Members earn a formula benefit similar to, but at a factor less than the Traditional plan benefit. This defined benefit is funded by employer contributions and associated investment earnings. Member contributions are deposited into a defined contribution account in which the member self-directs the investment. Upon retirement, the member may choose a defined contribution distribution that is equal to the member's contributions to the plan and investment earnings (or losses). Members may also elect to use their defined contribution account balances to purchase a defined benefit annuity administered by OPERS.

Benefits in the Combined plan consist of both an age-and-service formula benefit (the defined benefit element) and a defined contribution element. Eligibility regarding age and years of service in the Combined plan is the same as the Traditional plan. The subsequent table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to the FAS for the three member groups under the Combined plan (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

1.0% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

1.0% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

1.0% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Members retiring under the Combined plan receive a 3% COLA on the defined benefit portion of their benefit. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3% simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3%. Additionally, a death benefit of \$500-\$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a decreased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Traditional plan.

The Member-Directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which members self-direct the investment of both member and employer contributions. The distribution upon retirement is equal to the sum of member and vested employer contributions plus investment earnings (or losses). Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period at a rate of 20% per year. Members may also elect to use their defined contribution account balances to purchase a defined benefit annuity administered by OPERS.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

B. Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
2016 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	12.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0 %
Total Employer	<u>14.0 %</u>
Employee	10.0 %

In 2016, the City's contractually required contribution, net of post-employment health care benefits, was \$1,038,100. Of this amount, \$138,240 is reported as accrued wages and benefits at December 31, 2016.

C. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - the City's full-time police and fire participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

C. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) (continued)

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>Police</u>	<u>Firefighter</u>
2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates Employer Employee:	19.50 %	24.00 %
January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016	12.25 %	12.25 %
2016 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	<u> 19.50 %</u>	<u>24.00 %</u>
Employee:	12.25.0/	12.25.0/
January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016	12.25 %	12.25 %

In 2016, the City's contractually required contribution, net of post-employment health care benefits was \$1,534,192. Of this amount, \$221,530 is reported as accrued wages and benefits at December 31, 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2015, to December 31, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS Traditional	OPERS Combined	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) prior measurement date	0.062146%	0.117384%	0.341655%	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) current measurement date	0.061367%	0.098960%	0.337684%	
Change in Proportionate Share	(0.000779%)	(0.018424%)	(0.003971%)	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	10,629,538	\$ (48,157)	\$ 21,723,448	\$ 32,304,829
Pension expense \$	1,484,137	\$ 26,252	\$ 2,942,824	\$ 4,453,213

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflow of resources	_	OPERS Traditional	OPERS Combined	OP&F	Total
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date Differences in employer contributions	\$	992,473	\$ 45,627	\$ 1,534,192	\$ 2,572,292
and change in proportionate share Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		-	7,242	-	7,242
investments	_	3,124,421	20,792	3,535,744	6,680,957
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$ _	4,116,894	\$ 73,661	\$ 5,069,936	\$ 9,260,491
Deferred inflow of resources					
Differences in employer contributions and change in proportionate share Difference between expected and	\$	20,388	\$ -	\$ 77,659	\$ 98,047
actual experience	_	205,383	21,974	60,998	288,355
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$ _	225,771	\$ 21,974	\$ 138,657	\$ 386,402

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$2,572,292 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS	OPERS		
	Traditional	Combined	OP&F	Total
Fiscal Year Ending December 31:				
2017 \$	673,934	\$ 3,426	\$ 904,342	\$ 1,581,702
2018	723,896	3,426	904,342	1,631,664
2019	793,766	3,426	904,342	1,701,534
2020	707,054	2,846	715,854	1,425,754
2021	-	(1,917)	(26,716)	(28,633)
2022-2025		(5,147)	(5,077)	(10,224)
\$	2,898,650	\$ 6,060	\$ 3,397,087	\$ 6,301,797

E. Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The active member population which consists of members in the Traditional and Combined plans is assumed to remain constant. For purposes of financing the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, total payroll is assumed to grow at the wage inflation rate indicated below.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	OPERS	OPERS
	<u>Traditional Plan</u>	Combined Plan
Experience Study	5-year period ended	5-year period ended
	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2010
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return	8%	8%
Wage Inflation	3.75%	3.75%
Future Salary Increases,		
including 3.75% inflation	4.25 to 10.05%	4.25 to 8.05%
COLA	3% Simple	3% Simple

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105% of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100% of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120% of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100% of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the defined benefits portfolio, the health care portfolio, the 115 health care trust portfolio and the defined contribution portfolio. The defined benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed plan and the VEBA Trust. Within the defined benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses, is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the defined benefit portfolio is 0.40% for 2015.

The allocation of investment assets with the defined benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2015 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00 %	2.31 %
Domestic Equities	20.70	5.84
Real Estate	10.00	4.25
Private Equity	10.00	9.25
International Equities	18.30	7.40
Other Investments	18.00	4.59
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7%) or one-percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(7%)		(8%)	(9%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability – Traditional	\$	16,935,451	\$	10,629,538	5,310,700
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset – Combined	\$	(990)	\$	(48,157) 5	(86,095)

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date In October 2016, the OPERS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of December 31, 2016. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the City's net position liability is expected to be significant.

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2015, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2015, are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F (continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.25%
Projected salary increases	4.25% - 11.00%
Payroll increases	3.75%
Inflation assumptions	3.25%
Cost of living adjustments	2.60% and 3.00% simple

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00 %	-0- %
Domestic Equity	16.00	4.47
Non-US Equity	16.00	4.47
Core Fixed Income	20.00	1.62
Global Inflation Protected	20.00	1.33
High Yield	15.00	3.39
Real Estate	12.00	3.93
Private Markets	8.00	6.98
Timber	5.00	4.92
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	7.03
Total	120.00 %	

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F (continued)

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25%), or one percentage point higher (9.25%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (7.25%)	Discount Rate (8.25%)	1% Increase (9.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,650,319		\$ 15,855,708

Note 11: Post-Employment Benefits

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July 1, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional and Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants in the Member-Directed plan. At retirement or refund, participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 11: Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2015 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2016, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional plan and Combined plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2016. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2017 decreased to 1.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed plan for 2016 was 4.0%.

The City's contributions for health care for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$178,021, \$175,721, and \$163,930, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2015 and 2014. For 2016, 89% has been contributed for 2016 with the remainder being reported as a liability.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 11: Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (continued)

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 E. Town St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F for police and fire allocated to the health care plan for the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$20,228 and \$16,645, \$20,652 and \$16,704, and \$19,730 and \$14,732, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2015 and 2014. For 2016, 87% for police and 86% for firefighters has been contributed, with the remainder being reported as a liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 12: Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. By maintaining comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers, the City has addressed these various types of risk. There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Health Insurance Benefits

The City provides health, dental and vision insurance to its employees through a self-insurance plan. The City pays a monthly premium for the self-insurance plan. The City contracts with a third-party administrator to direct this program. During 2016, self-insurance was in effect for claims up to \$100,000 per covered individual and \$3,308,955 in aggregate. This aggregate includes both medical and drug coverage. Claims in excess of this aggregated amount are insured by private carriers.

The claims liability of \$484,046 as estimated by the third-party administrator and reported in the Hospitalization Internal Service Fund at December 31, 2016, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30 which requires a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 48,654	\$ 55,608
Incurred claims and adjustments	2,988,755	2,268,606
Claims payments	(2,553,363)	(2,275,560)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 484,046	\$ 48,654

C. Workers' Compensation Program

On January 1, 2009, the City was approved for self-insurance status by the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and began to administer its own workers' compensation program (the program). The City established the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to account for assets set aside for claim settlements and related liabilities associated with the program. Liabilities of the fund are reported when an employee injury has occurred, it is probable that a claim will be filed under the program, and the amount of the claim can be reasonably estimated. The City utilizes the services of Care Works Consultants, Inc., the third-party administrator, to review, process, and pay employee claims. The City also maintains excess insurance coverage which would pay the portion of claims that exceed \$500,000 per occurrence, up to a maximum of an additional \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 12: Risk Management (continued)

C. Workers' Compensation Program (continued)

The claims liability of \$35,540 reported in the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund is based on the requirements of Governmental Standards Board No. 30, which requires a liability for the unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not report claims, be reported. Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	_	2016	2015
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	69,886	\$ 130,407
Incurred claims and adjustments		18,804	10,970
Claims payments	_	(53,150)	(71,491)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ _	35,540	\$ 69,886

Note 13: Long-Term Obligations

The original issue date, maturity date, interest rate and original issuance amount for each of the City's bonds and loans follows:

and round round.	Original <u>Issue Date</u>	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	<u>I</u> :	Original ssue Amount
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Various purpose refunding, series 2006	2006	2021	4.125-4.25%	\$	9,120,000
Library improvements refunding	2006	2020	5.00-5.25		6,795,000
Capital improvements bonds	2006	2016	4.5		7,325,000
Fire station improvement bonds	2006	2016	4.25		3,990,000
Street improvement bonds	2010	2020	1.75-4.00		3,715,000
Capital improvement and equipment bonds	2013	2023	1.50-2.125		380,000
Capital improvement and refunding bonds	2015	2030	2.00-3.50		6,120,000
Fire station improvement refunding bonds	2015	2025	2.00-3.25		2,260,000
Police pension	1968	2031	4.25		272,250
Long-term bond anticipation notes	2016	2017	1.250		1,605,000
Business-type activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Various purpose and golf course					
improvements refunding, series 2006	2006	2021	4.125-4.25		10,525,000
Capital improvement bonds	2006	2016	4.5		450,000
Capital improvement and equipment bonds	2013	2021	1.50-2.125		380,000
Capital improvement and refunding bonds	2015	2020	2.00-3.00		240,000
OWDA sanitary sewer loan	1997	2017	4.12		1,060,795
OWDA sanitary sewer loan	2012	2034	2.80		8,754,814
OWDA sanitary sewer loan	2013	2035	2.44		48,047,355
OPWC sanitary sewer loan	1994	2016	0.00		2,610,456

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 13: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Changes in long-term obligations during the year ended December 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

	Balance 12/31/15		Increase		Decrease		Balance 12/31/16		Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:	12/31/13		merease		Decrease	_	12/31/10		III One Tear
General obligation bonds:									
Various purpose bonds refunding \$	2,248,000	\$	_	\$	1,677,000	\$	571,000	\$	124,000
Premium on various purpose bonds	_,,	-		-	-,,	-	2.1.,	*	,
refunding	72,534		-		12,090		60,444		-
Library improvements refunding	3,755,000		-		680,000		3,075,000		715,000
Premium on library improvements					•				,
bonds refunding	155,063		-		31,013		124,050		-
Capital improvements bonds	560,000		-		560,000		-		-
Fire station improvement bonds	195,000		-		195,000		-		-
Street improvement bonds	2,115,000		-		465,000		1,650,000		475,000
Premium on street improvement bonds	84,470		-		16,895		67,575		-
Capital improvement and									
equipment bonds	3,990,000		-		400,000		3,590,000		725,000
Premium on capital improvement and									
equipment bonds	96,316		-		12,039		84,277		-
Capital improvement and									
refunding bonds	6,120,000		-		270,000		5,850,000		530,000
Premium on capital improvement and									
refunding bonds	357,211		-		23,814		333,397		-
Fire station improvement									
refunding bonds	2,260,000		-		20,000		2,240,000		220,000
Premium on fire station improvement									
bond refunding	161,357				16,135	_	145,222		
Total general obligation bonds	22,169,951		-		4,378,986		17,790,965		2,789,000
Police pension liability	77,728		-		3,640		74,088		3,797
Long-term notes	-		1,605,000		-		1,605,000		155,000
Capital lease payable	167,644		-		72,968		94,676		59,347
Claims payable	118,540		3,007,559		2,606,513		519,586		510,701
Compensated absences payable	4,813,691		916,143		777,860		4,951,974		1,917,830
Net pension liability	23,351,150		6,504,115			_	29,855,265		
Total governmental activities \$	50,698,704	\$	12,032,817	\$	7,839,967	\$ _	54,891,554	\$	5,435,675

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 13: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Balance 12/31/15	Increase	Decrease		Balance 12/31/16	Amounts Due in One Year
Business - type activities:						
General obligation bonds:						
Various purpose and golf course						
improvements bonds refunding	\$ 4,247,000	\$ -	\$ 1,748,000	\$	2,499,000	\$ 466,000
Premium on various purpose and						
golf course improvement bonds						
refunding	83,714	-	13,952		69,762	-
Capital improvement bonds	40,000	-	40,000		-	-
Capital improvement and						
equipment bonds	240,000	-	45,000		195,000	45,000
Capital improvement and						
refunding bonds	240,000	-	70,000		170,000	30,000
Premium on capital improvement and	d					
refunding bonds	11,626		2,325	_	9,301	
Total general obligation bonds	4,862,340	-	1,919,277		2,943,063	541,000
OWDA sanitary sewer loans	56,857,463	41,522	2,445,565		54,453,420	2,463,801
OPWC sanitary sewer loan	65,167	-	65,167		-	-
Capital lease payable	23,374	-	10,484		12,890	10,216
Compensated absences payable	392,846	113,905	66,688		440,063	169,649
Net pension liability	1,843,485	654,236	-	_	2,497,721	
Total business - type activities	\$ 64,044,675	\$ 809,663	\$ 4,507,181	\$ _	60,347,157	\$ 3,184,666

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. General obligation bonds are to be repaid from both voted and unvoted general property taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City, sewer user charges and golf fees. Tax monies will be received in and the debt will be retired from the General Obligation, Library, and Fire Station Bond Retirement Funds.

Compensated absences are generally paid from the General Fund, Recreation Fund, Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund and Sewer Revenue Fund. The OWDA and OPWC loan liabilities are payable semi-annually from the Sewer Revenue Fund. The OPWC loan is interest-free. The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

In 1973, the City financed its police and fire pension liability with OP&F. The liability is payable in semi-annual installments of \$3,453 until it is fully repaid in May 2031. The liability is paid from the General Fund.

In December 2015, the City issued \$8,620,000 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of making capital improvements and advance refunding general obligation bonds outstanding to take advantage of lower interest rates. The interest rates of the bonds ranged from 2.0% to 3.5% and the bonds were sold at a premium of \$530,194. Proceeds and premium of \$3,593,275 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded portion of the general obligation bonds. As a result, \$3,445,000 of the bonds were considered defeased and the liability for the refunded portion of these bonds was removed from the City's financial statements. The refunded bonds were called and redeemed in full in December 2016. The City decreased its total debt service payments by \$338,632 as a result of the refunding. The City also incurred an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$311,060.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 13: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

During the year, the City obtained partial proceeds from an Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan that relates to the wastewater treatment plant improvements to be repaid in semi-annual principal and interest payments that started during 2014. The City has not yet collected the total proceeds to be received on this loan but has estimated the future principal and interest payments based on the loan balance as of December 31, 2016.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$68,470,792 at December 31, 2016.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2016, are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities							
		General Ol	blig	ation Bonds		Police Pension			
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2017	\$	2,789,000	\$	565,060	\$	3,797	\$	3,109	
2018		2,637,000		511,345		3,960		2,946	
2019		2,596,000		454,225		4,130		2,776	
2020		2,659,000		400,145		4,307		2,598	
2021		1,520,000		182,213		4,492		2,413	
2022-2026		4,145,000		410,562		25,525		9,001	
2027-2031	_	630,000		56,000		27,877	_	3,031	
Totals	\$	16,976,000	\$	2,579,550	\$	74,088	\$	25,874	

Governmental Activities (continued)

		Total					
Year	Principa	1	Interest				
2017	\$ 2,792,7	797 \$	568,169				
2018	2,640,9	960	514,291				
2019	2,600,1	130	457,001				
2020	2,663,3	307	402,743				
2021	1,524,4	192	184,626				
2022-2026	4,170,5	525	419,563				
2027-2031	657,8	<u>877</u>	59,031				
Totals	\$ <u>17,050,0</u>	<u>088</u> \$	2,605,424				

Rusiness-	P	A	
Hilginegg_	ı vme	A CT1V	VITIES.

	General Ob	ligation Bonds	OW	DA Loans
Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 541,000	\$ 114,035	\$ 2,463,801	\$ 1,362,759
2018	578,000	93,088	2,464,652	2 1,301,011
2019	594,000	70,551	2,504,610	1,239,049
2020	626,000	46,718	2,545,291	1,176,062
2021	525,000	21,525	2,586,713	1,112,033
2022-2026	-	-	13,581,823	4,561,833
2027-2031	-	-	14,737,387	2,792,982
2032-2035			13,569,143	904,317
Totals	\$ <u>2,864,000</u>	\$345,917	\$54,453,420	14,450,046

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 13: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Business-Type A	Business-Type Activities (continued)					
	To	otal					
Year	Principal	Interest					
2017	\$ 3,004,801	\$ 1,476,794					
2018	3,042,652	1,394,099					
2019	3,098,610	1,309,600					
2020	3,171,291	1,222,780					
2021	3,111,713	1,133,558					
2022-2026	13,581,823	4,561,833					
2027-2031	14,737,387	2,792,982					
2032-2035	13,569,143	904,317					
Totals	\$57,317,420	\$ <u>14,795,963</u>					

Note 14: Lease Obligations

The City entered into lease agreements for several copiers, fitness equipment, and a greens mower. The City's lease obligations meet the criteria of a capital lease and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. All capital leases are secured by the related equipment. Capital lease payments for governmental fund-type capital leases have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenses in the fund financial statements for the General Fund, Recreation Fund and Senior Center Fund. These expenditures are reflected as capital outlay expenditures on a budgetary basis.

The original amounts capitalized for the capital leases and the book value as of December 31, 2016 follows:

	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Assets:				
Vehicles and equipment	\$ 236,771	\$	42,208	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (56,178)		(7,187)	
Current book value	\$ 180,593	\$	35,021	

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2016.

		Governmental	I	Business-Type
<u>Year</u>	-	Activities	_	Activities
2017	\$	63,730	\$	10,443
2018		13,686		1,026
2019		13,505		1,027
2020	<u>-</u>	12,289	_	941
Total minimum lease payments		103,210		13,437
Less: amount representing interest	<u>-</u>	(8,533)	_	(545)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	94,677	\$ _	12,892

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 14: Lease Obligations (continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancellable lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2016.

		Governmental
<u>Year</u>	_	Activities
2017	\$	603

The total cost for operating leases in 2016 was \$1,439 for governmental activities and \$72,975 for business-type activities.

Note 15: Compensated Absences

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service and standard work week. City employees are paid for earned, unused vacation leave at the time of termination of employment if the employee has acquired at least one year of service to the City. Sick leave is earned at the rate of 10 hours for each month worked. Each employee upon retirement is paid for a portion of the employee's earned unused sick leave balances, from 900 hours to 1,500 hours, depending upon the union contract and termination with the City.

Note 16: Subsequent Events

On January 26, 2017, the City issued \$11,765,000 in capital improvement and refunding bonds, for the purpose of financing certain permanent improvements and to refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes previously issued. The bonds mature on December 1, 2037 and have an interest rate between 2.0% and 4.0%.

On January 26, 2017, the City issued \$3,065,000 in library improvement refunding bonds, for the purpose of providing funds to refund for debt service savings of the City's outstanding capital improvement bonds related to the 2001 library project. The bonds mature on December 1, 2020 and have an interest rate between 2.0% and 4.0%.

Note 17: Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At December 31, 2016, the City's significant contractual commitments consisted of:

		Contract		Amount	Remaining on
Project		Amount	_	Paid/Accrued	Contract
City-wide signalization project	\$	440,000	\$	418,645	\$ 21,355
Police station HVAC project		380,000		333,718	46,282
Pine drainage basin		257,263		23,798	233,465
Country club boulevard streetscape		103,806		80,088	23,718
Springvale renovations phase I	_	3,350,000	_	124,370	3,225,630
Total commitments	\$ _	4,531,069	\$	980,619	\$ 3,550,450

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 17: Construction and Other Significant Commitments (continued)

Other significant commitments include the encumbrances outstanding at year-end. The amount of the encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

	Encumbrances
GeneralFund	\$ 185,446
Capital Improvements Fund	87,483
Other Governmental Funds	437,134
Total other significant commitments	\$ 710,063

Note 18: Interfund Activity

A. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Transfer From									
	Springvale									
		Permanent N		Non-major		Golf and		Sewer		
	General		Improvemen	t G	overnmental	l	Ballroom		Revenue	
Transfer to:	Fund		Fund		Funds		Fund		Fund	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,560	\$	4,280	\$	48,360	\$ 60,200
General Obligation Bond										
Retirement Fund	-		1,509,409		98,000		-		-	1,607,409
Non-major Governmental Funds	30,000									30,000
Total	\$ 30,000	\$	1,509,409	\$	105,560	\$	4,280	\$	48,360	\$ 1,697,609

The transfers to the General Fund were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code section 5705.13(B). The transfers to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund were made for the payment of debt.

During the year the City also had a transfer of capital assets. See Note 9 for more information.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 18: Interfund Activity (continued)

B. Interfund Balances

As of December 31, 2016, interfund balances were as follows:

	_	Rece	ole	Payable				
	_	Interfund		Advance to Other Funds	Interfund		Advance from Other Funds	
Governmental Activities:								
General Fund	\$	-	\$	936,613	\$ -	\$	-	
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund			_	4,212,992		_		
Total Governmental Activities	-		_	5,149,605		-		
Business-Type Activities:								
Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund		=		=	=		4,455,555	
Sewer Revenue Fund	_			-			694,050	
Total Business-Type Activities	_			-			5149,605	
Total	\$		\$	5,149,605	\$ 	\$	5,149,605	

The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund loaned the Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund and the Sewer Revenue Fund additional resources to meet debt service requirements. The General Fund loaned the Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund and Sewer Revenue Fund operating monies that will be paid back in future years.

Note 19: Jointly Governed Organizations

West Shore Council of Governments

The West Shore Council of Governments helps foster cooperation between municipalities in areas affecting health, safety, welfare, education, economic conditions and regional development. The Board is comprised of one member from each of the six participating entities. The Board exercises total control over the operation of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Budgets are adopted by the Board. Each city's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. In 2016, the City contributed \$62,962. Complete financial information can be obtained from the City of Bay Village 350 Dover Center Road, Bay Village, Ohio 44140.

The Council has established two subsidiary organizations, the West Shore Hazardous Materials Committee (HAZ MAT) which provides hazardous material protection and assistance, and the West Shore Enforcement Bureau which provides extra assistance to cities in the form of a Swat Team.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 20: Contingent Liabilities

The City is unaware of any un-asserted claims pending against it as of December 31, 2016. During the normal course of business, the City is subject to occasional legal proceedings, claims, and contract disputes. In the opinion of management, the eventual outcome of any current proceedings and claims against the City will not materially affect its financial condition or operations.

Note 21: Tax Abatements

As of December 31, 2016, the City provides tax incentives under a Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) known as the North Olmsted Community Reinvestment Area (NOCRA).

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 3735, the City established a CRA in 1992, and later amended it in 2014, which included all land within the boundaries of the City. The City authorizes incentives through the passage of ordinances. The abatement equals an agreed-upon percentage of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements, not to exceed 100% of the increase in the assessed value resulting from the improvements. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill.

Within the NOCRA, the percentage of tax exemption of the increase valuation resulting from improvements to commercial and industrial real property and the term of those exemptions are negotiated on a case-by-case basis in advance of signing the agreement. For residential properties, a tax exemption on the increase in the assessed valuation resulting from improvements shall be granted upon application by the property owner and certification of the Housing Officer for the following periods:

- Ten years, for the construction of dwellings containing not more than three housing units, with such exemption being 75% for each of the 10 years.
- Up to, and including, 12 years, and up to, and including, 100% for the remodeling of existing commercial and industrial facilities and upon which the cost of remodeling is at least \$5,000, the term and percentage of which shall be negotiated on a case-by-case basis in advance of remodeling occurring.
- Up to, and including, 15 years, and up to, and including, 100% of the construction of new commercial or industrial facilities, the term and percentage of which shall be negotiated on a case-by-case basis in advance of remodeling occurring.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City abated property taxes totaling \$210,669 under this program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Note 22: Component Unit

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Organization - North Olmsted Commission on Paratransit, Inc. (N.O.C.O.P.) is a not-for-profit corporation that provided transportation to residents of the City of North Olmsted, the City of Olmsted Falls and Olmsted Township who were 60 years of age or older or disabled. N.O.C.O.P. utilized the services of a third-party provider, Senior Transportation Connection, to provide transportation services to the residents. Fares were collected by the provider based on the destination and frequency that the service was used. The three communities shared costs or deficits on a prorated agreement based on each community's population. Effective September 1, 2013, Olmsted Township terminated its membership with NOCOP. In 2013, the formula was as follows for January through August: the City of North Olmsted contributed 65.46%, the City of Olmsted Falls contributed 10.39% and Olmsted Township contributed 24.15%. As of September 1, 2013, the City of North Olmsted contributed 86.3% and the City of Olmsted Falls contributed 13.7%. Effective January, 1, 2014, the City of North Olmsted and the City of Olmsted Falls each entered into individual contracts with Senior Transportation Connection, and no longer shared the transportation costs on a pre-rated basis. The N.O.C.O.P. is currently in the process of winding up operations. The N.O.C.O.P. is exempt under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c) (3) from Federal income tax. It is also currently exempt from Federal unemployment tax and Ohio franchise, personal property, and sales taxes.

Financial Statement Presentation - The N.O.C.O.P. has prepared financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Classification of Net Position - Unrestricted net position is comprised of amounts upon which donors have placed no restriction on expenditure of these assets themselves or their investment income.

Temporarily restricted net position and investment income generated by these assets comprise those amounts the expenditure of which has been restricted by donors for use during a specific time period or for a particular purpose. When such a restriction expires; that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a program restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net position is released to unrestricted.

Permanently restricted net position comprises those assets contributed to the N.O.C.O.P. by donors who have indicated an intention that the assets are to remain in perpetuity as permanent endowments of the N.O.C.O.P.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. Cash Equivalents and Cash on Hand

At year-end, the carrying amount of the N.O.C.O.P.'s deposits were \$40,141 and the bank balance was \$40,141, all of which was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Coverage (FDIC).

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employee Retirement System – Traditional Plan

For the Last Three Years

	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.061367%	0.062146%	0.062146%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 10,629,538	\$ 7,495,502	\$ 7,326,204
City's covered payroll	\$ 8,170,779	\$ 7,635,146	\$ 7,193,840
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	130.09%	98.17%	101.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.08%	86.45%	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available. Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is December 31 of the prior year.

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset Ohio Public Employee Retirement System – Combined Plan

For the Last Three Years

	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.098960%	0.117384%	0.117384%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 48,157	\$ 45,196	\$ 12,318
City's covered payroll	\$ 385,862	\$ 413,399	\$ 339,946
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.48%	10.93%	3.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	116.90%	114.83%	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available. Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is December 31 of the prior year.

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

For the Last Three Years

	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.337684%	0. 341655%	0.341646%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 21,723,448	\$ 17,699,133	\$ 16,639,651
City's covered payroll	\$ 7,387,575	\$ 6,699,634	\$ 6,712,291
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	294.05%	264.18%	247.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.77%	71.71%	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available. Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is December 31 of the prior year.

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of the City Contributions Ohio Public Employee Retirement System – Traditional Plan

For the Last Ten Years

For the Last Ten Tears					
	 2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 992,473	\$ 980,493	\$ 916,217	\$ 935,199	\$ 690,331
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	(992,473)	(980,493)	(916,217)	(935,199)	(690,331)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City covered payroll	\$ 8,270,612	\$ 8,170,779	\$ 7,635,146	\$ 7,193,840	\$ 6,903,306
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 655,112	\$ 582,690	\$ 583,577	\$ 551,539	\$ 654,007
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	(655,112)	(582,690)	(583,577)	(551,539)	(654,007)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City covered payroll	\$ 6,551,122	\$ 6,474,335	\$ 6,865,616	\$ 7,879,128	\$ 7,832,416
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%	9.00%	8.50%	7.00%	8.35%

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of the City Contributions Ohio Public Employee Retirement System – Combined Plan

For the Last Ten Years

rui tiit Last I tii I tais									
		2016	_	2015	-	2014	_	2013	2012
Contractually-required contribution	\$	45,627	\$	46,303	\$	49,608	\$	44,193 \$	32,622
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	-	(45,627)	-	(46,303)	-	(49,608)	-	(44,193)	(32,622)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ _		\$		\$	\$	
City covered payroll	\$	380,227	\$	385,862	\$	413,399	\$	339,946 \$	326,217
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.00%		12.00%		12.00%		13.00%	10.00%
	_	2011	=	2010	=	2009	=	2008	2007
Contractually-required contribution	\$	30,957	\$	27,535	\$	27,577	\$	26,063 \$	30,905
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	_	(30,957)	_	(27,535)	_	(27,577)	_	(26,063)	(30,905)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	
City covered payroll	\$	309,574	\$	305,945	\$	324,435	\$	372,329 \$	370,122
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.00%		9.00%		8.50%		7.00%	8.35%

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of the City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

For the Last Ten Years

Tor the Last I ch I cars					
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 1,534,192	\$ 1,552,780	\$ 1,413,097	\$ 1,209,419	\$ 952,073
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	(1,534,192)	(1,552,780)	(1,413,097)	(1,209,419)	(952,073)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
City covered payroll	\$ 7,292,482	\$ 7,387,575	\$ 6,699,634	\$ 6,712,291	\$ 6,424,504
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	21.04%	21.02%	21.09%	18.02%	14.82%
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 866,244	\$ 943,463	\$ 984,274	\$ 1,126,152	\$ 1,004,550
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	(866,244)	(943,463)	(984,274)	(1,126,152)	(1,004,550)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
City covered payroll	\$ 5,841,179	\$ 6,380,377	\$ 6,667,215	\$ 7,621,158	\$ 6,786,073
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.83%	14.79%	14.76%	14.78%	14.80%

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds Fund Descriptions

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

To account for revenues from specific sources which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Casualty Loss Fund - Accounts for resources designated to pay for property damages that are not covered by insurance.

Community Development Block Grant Fund (CDBG) - Accounts for block grants received and grant reimbursable expenditures.

Alcohol Education Fund - Accounts for court fees obtained from DUI cases and approved alcohol education related expenditures.

Economic Development Fund - Accounts for the revenues generated from annual fees paid by new development agreements through tax abatement and community reinvestment incentives and expenditures in promoting economic development and compliance.

FEMA Grant Fund - Accounts for revenues received from the federal government and expenditures as prescribed under the Federal Emergency Management Agency's Assistance to Firefighters and Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response Grant Programs.

Federal Grants Fund - Accounts for revenues received for federal grants and the expenditures for those grants when the terms of the grant do not require that the grant be tracked in another fund.

Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund - Accounts for the additional motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of streets within the City.

Recreation Fund - Accounts for real and personal property taxes and program revenues and expenditures for the operation and maintenance of recreation programs, services, parks and the recreation center facility.

Clague Park Fund - Accounts for the proceeds from the sale of land as well as Clague Park wireless communication tower upfront proceeds and the expenditures related to revitalizing and improving Clague Park.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - Accounts for the City's hotel and motel tax revenues and related authorized expenditures of the police and fire divisions. Authorized expenditures from the fund shall be limited to the purchase of vehicles and equipment for police and fire division staff and the repair or replacement of buildings and other capital items or improvements at the police and fire stations.

Emergency Medical Services Fund - Until 2008, accounted for 25% of the resident emergency medical service's receipts. Expenditures are restricted to capital improvements for the Fire Division of the Department of Public Safety.

State Highway Fund - Accounts for the portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of State highways within the City.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds Fund Descriptions

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Street Maintenance Fund - Accounts for the portion of State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance and repair of streets within the City.

Great Northern TIF Fund - This fund accounts for the receipt of service payments in lieu of taxes (PILOTs) that are legally restricted for the payment of public improvements described in City ordinance 2012-72. The general area affected by this TIF is Great Northern Boulevard and Country Club Boulevard.

Court Computerization Fund - Accounts for the receipt of funds collected by the City's Mayor's Court designated to computerize the court and the clerk of court's office.

Solid Waste Management Fund - Accounts for 15% of the municipal income tax receipts and expenditures associated with tax collection, solid waste removal, and costs of recycling services provided to residents.

Community Diversion Fund - Accounts for the federal grant receipts, County and local program fees and expenditures related to the youth community diversion program contracted with the County juvenile court system.

Drug Enforcement Fund - Accounts for fines and forfeitures from drug court cases and expenditures for use in drug enforcement.

Endowment and Grant Fund - Accounts for donations restricted for a specific purpose and expenditures for those specific restricted uses.

Fair Capacity Housing Fund - Accounts for revenue and expenditures related to the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Fair Capacity Housing Grant.

Fire Pension Fund - Accounts for property taxes levied for the payment of current employer contributions for fire disability and pension benefits.

Law Enforcement Fund - Accounts for other monies seized from criminals by law enforcement officers or the sale of contraband in the course of their work restricted for expenditures that would enhance the police services.

STOP Program Fund - Accounts for fines on traffic violations restricted to paying overtime wages and benefits to officers issuing tickets under this program, wages of the prosecuting attorney and police equipment used in the STOP program. Surplus monies from this fund can be used to pay any other operational expenditure that meets the need of the police and dispatch divisions, with the exception of wages and benefits unrelated to STOP.

Police Pension Fund - Accounts for property taxes levied for the payment of current employer contributions for police disability and pension benefits.

Senior Center Fund - Accounts for the daily operations of the senior center and its programs and the services provided on a cost reimbursement basis to senior citizens.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds Fund Descriptions

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Title III Fund - Accounts for the hot lunch program which provides lunch to senior citizens on a cost reimbursement basis.

Public Way Management Fund - Accounts for fees that are levied by the City on service providers that install above ground facilities in public right of way areas and the expenditures associated with maintaining the right of way areas.

Separation Pay Fund - Accounts for resources set aside for the payment of accumulated sick and vacation leave upon termination. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, this fund was combined with the General Fund on the governmental fund financial statements but remained a separate fund in the budgetary schedules because it has a legally adopted budget.

27th Pay Fund - Accounts for resource set aside for the payment of the 27th payrolls that are experienced every 13 years. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, this fund was combined with the General Fund on the governmental fund financial statements but remained a separate fund in the budgetary schedules because it has a legally adopted budget.

Non-Major Debt Service Funds

Library Bond Retirement Fund - Accounts for resources restricted to pay the principal, interest and related fiscal charges on the library bonded debt.

Fire Station Bond Retirement Fund - Accounts for resources restricted to pay the principal, interest and related fiscal charges on the fire station funded debt.

Non-Major Capital Projects Funds

Capital Improvement Fund – The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by a proprietary fund).

Building and Land Acquisition and Improvement Fund - Accounts for financial resources for acquiring real property, constructing improvements, including additions to buildings, upon lands owned by the City, or for substantially rehabilitating or renovating existing City-owned buildings.

Non-Major Internal Service Funds

Hospitalization Fund - Accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical, dental and vision benefits.

Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund - Accounts for assets set aside for claim settlements and related liabilities associated with the workers' compensation self-insurance program.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2016

	_	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds		Non-Major Debt Service Funds		Non-Major Capital Projects Funds			Total on-Major vernmental Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash									
1 7 1	\$	3,750,437	\$	1,264,921	\$	266,947	\$		5,282,305
Income taxes receivable	Ψ	619,739	Ψ	1,204,721	Ψ	200,747	Ψ		619,739
Taxes receivable - property and other		1,251,239		1,023,273		_			2,274,512
Intergovernmental receivable		921,138		67,036		_			988,174
Accounts receivable		23,154		-		_			23,154
Inventories and supplies		76,432		_		_			76,432
Prepaid items		26,673		-		_			26,673
•	\$	6,668,812	\$	2,355,230	\$	266,947	\$		9,290,989
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances:									
Liabilities:	Ф	241 200	Ф		ф	10.046		ф	261 225
1 2	\$	241,389	\$	-	\$	19,946		\$	261,335
Accrued wages and benefits		52,192 5,059		-		-			52,192 5,059
Intergovernmental payable Total liabilities	_	298,640		<u> </u>		19,946			318,586
Total habilities	_	290,040		<u>-</u> _		19,940			310,300
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Property taxes		1,187,848		987,011		_			2,174,859
Payments in lieu of taxes		170,424		-		_			170,424
Unavailable revenues		845,016		103,298		_			948,314
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,203,288		1,090,309					3,293,597
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		103,105		-		-			103,105
Restricted		3,816,306		1,264,921		247,001			5,328,228
Committed		252,989		-		-			252,989
Unassigned (deficit)	_	(5,516)		-					(5,516)
Total fund balances	_	4,166,884		1,264,921		247,001			5,678,806
Total liabilities, deferred									
inflows of resources,	Ф	(((0 012	Ф	0.255.000	ф	0// 0/7	ф		0.200.000
and fund balances	\$ _	6,668,812	\$	2,355,230	\$	266,947	\$		9,290,989

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

Danamara		Non-Major Special Revenue Funds		Non-Major Debt Service Funds		Non-Major Capital Projects Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues:	\$	1 500 205	ø	1 022 600	¢		Φ	2 (22 905
Property and other local taxes	Þ	1,590,205	\$	1,032,600	\$	-	\$	2,622,805
Municipal income taxes		2,292,457		-		-		2,292,457
Payments in lieu of taxes		530,152		-		-		530,152
Charges for services		1,982,360		-		-		1,982,360
Fines, licenses and permits		356,098		140 442		-		356,098
Intergovernmental Investment income		1,782,668		149,443		-		1,932,111
Miscellaneous income		1,502		-		-		1,502
		70,263		1 102 042		-		70,263
Total revenues		8,605,705		1,182,043				9,787,748
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		118,442		-		14,894		133,336
Security of persons and property		1,133,749		-		-		1,133,749
Public health and welfare		66,314		-		-		66,314
Transportation		1,704,298		-		-		1,704,298
Basic utility services		2,056,094		-		-		2,056,094
Leisure time activities		2,863,912		-		-		2,863,912
Economic development		47,258		-		-		47,258
Capital outlay		-		-		421,515		421,515
Debt service:								
Principal		61,744		895,000		-		956,744
Interest and fiscal charges		5,047		272,457				277,504
Total expenditures		8,056,858		1,167,457		436,409		9,660,724
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		548,847		14,586		(436,409)		127,024
o von Graporium os		<u> </u>		1 1,000		(100,105)		127,021
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers - in		30,000		-		-		30,000
Transfers - out		(105,560)						(105,560)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(75,560)	į					(75,560)
Net change in fund balances		473,287		14,586		(436,409)		51,464
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,693,597		1,250,335		683,410		5,627,342
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,166,884	\$	1,264,921	\$	247,001	\$	5,678,806

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

December 31, 2016

Assets:	Casualty Loss	CDBG	Alcohol Education	Economic Development	FEMA Grant	Federal Grants
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Income taxes receivable Taxes receivable - property	\$ 17,452 -	\$ 2,708	\$ 25,061	\$ 47,734 -	\$ 18,500	\$ 15,541 -
and other Intergovernmental receivable Accounts receivable	- - -	- - -	- - 340	- - -	- - -	- - -
Inventories and supplies Prepaid items Total assets	\$ <u>17,452</u>	\$ 2,708	\$ 25,401	\$ 47,734	\$\$	\$ <u>15,541</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities: Accounts and contracts						
payable Accrued wages and benefits Intergovernmental payable Total liabilities	\$ 22,968 - - - - 22,968	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes Payments in lieu of taxes	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u> -	- -
Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources				<u> </u>		
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted	- -	- 2,708	- 25,401	- - -	- 18,500	- 15,541
Committed Unassigned (deficit) Total fund balances (deficit) Total liabilities, deferred	(5,516) (5,516)		25,401	47,734	18,500	15,541
inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$17,452	\$	\$25,401	\$ 47,734	\$18,500	\$15,541

L	Motor Vehicle icense Tax	Recreation	-	Clague Park	Hotel/ Motel Tax		Emergency Medical Services	State Highway				Street <u>Maintenance</u>				Great Northern TIF
\$	123,602	\$ 166,468	\$	3,065	\$ 34,744	\$	2,773	\$ 427,918 -	\$	198,633	\$	1,030,957				
\$ =	18,296 - - - 141,898	\$ 820,872 53,629 1,804 - 26,673 1,069,446	\$ _	- - - - - 3,065	\$ 19,877 - - - - - 54,621	\$	- - - - - 2,773	\$ 48,633 - 45,215 - 521,766	\$ _	599,802 - 31,217 - 829,652	\$	170,424 - - - - 1,201,381				
\$ -	3,286 - - - 3,286	\$ 104,515 42,622 5,059 152,196	\$	- - - -	\$ 2,822 - - 2,822	\$	- - - -	\$ 4,454 - - 4,454	\$	72,445 5,504 77,949	\$	- - - - -				
	431	791,862 - 82,639 874,501	-	- - -	- - - -		- - - -	33,737 33,737	-	401,730		170,424				
- -	138,181 - - 138,181	26,673 16,076 - - 42,749		3,065 - 3,065	51,799 		2,773 - - 2,773	45,215 438,360 - - 483,575	-	31,217 318,756 - - 349,973		1,030,957 - - 1,030,957				
\$ =	141,898	\$ 1,069,446	\$	3,065	\$ 54,621	\$	2,773	\$ 521,766	\$	829,652		1,201,381 (Continued)				

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

December 31, 2016

	Con	Court	Solid Waste <u>Managemen</u>	<u>t</u>	Community <u>Diversion</u>		Drug Enforcement		Endowment and Grant		Fair Capacity Housing
Assets:											
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Income taxes receivable	\$	14,170 \$	1,009,449 619,739		6,808	\$	23,984	\$	251,403	\$	104,176
Taxes receivable - property and other		_	_		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental receivable		<u>-</u>	3,540)	<u>-</u>				_ _		_
Accounts receivable		513	-		_		-		_		_
Inventories and supplies		-	-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items	_			_							
Total assets	\$	14,683	1,632,728	<u>\$</u>	6,808	\$	23,984	\$	<u>251,403</u>	\$	<u>104,176</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities: Accounts and contracts											
payable	\$	14 \$	29,411	· \$	3 273	\$	_	\$	858	\$	_
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	-	-	- 4	738	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Intergovernmental payable	_			_							
Total liabilities	-	14	29,411	<u>l</u>	1,011				858		
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes Payments in lieu of taxes		- -	- -		- -		- -		- -		- -
Unavailable revenues		-	285,161	l	-		-		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	<u>-</u>	285,161	<u> </u>							
Fund balances: Nonspendable		-	-		-		-		_		_
Restricted		14,669	1,318,156	5	5,797		23,984		250,545		104,176
Committed		-	-		-		=		=		=
Unassigned (deficit)	-			_							
Total fund balances (deficit Total liabilities, deferred	_	14,669	1,318,156	<u>)</u>	5,797		23,984		250,545		104,176
inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	14,683	51,632,728	<u> </u>	6,808	\$	23,984	\$	251,403	\$	104,176

	Fire Pension	<u>E</u>	Law nforcemen	<u>ıt</u>	STOP Program	Police Pension	Senior Center	Title III	ublic Way anagement	Total
\$	4,595 -	\$	25,062	\$	121,384	\$ 4,595 -	\$ 11,631	\$ 41,101	\$ 16,923	\$ 3,750,437 619,739
\$ ₌	205,245 13,407 - - - 223,247	\$ <u> </u>	25,062	\$	20,497 - - 141,881	\$ 205,245 13,407 - - - - 223,247	\$ - - - - - 11,631	\$ - - - - - 41,101	\$ 16,923	\$ 1,251,239 921,138 23,154 76,432 26,673 6,668,812
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	2,778 	\$ - - - -	\$ 343	\$ 550 - 550	\$ - - - -	\$ 241,389 52,192 5,059 298,640
_	197,993 - 20,659	_	- - -		- - -	197,993 - 20,659	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,187,848 170,424 845,016
=	218,652					218,652				2,203,288
-	4,595 - - 4,595	_ _	25,062 - - 25,062		139,103 - 139,103	4,595 - - 4,595	11,288 - 11,288	40,551 - - 40,551	16,923 - 16,923	103,105 3,816,306 252,989 (5,516) 4,166,884
\$ _	223,247	\$ _	25,062	\$	141,881	\$ 223,247	\$ 11,631	\$ 41,101	\$ 16,923	\$ 6,668,812

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Revenues:	Cası <u>Lo</u>	-	_	CDBG		Alcohol Education		Economic evelopment	<u>t</u> .	FEMA Grant	-	Federal Grants
Property and other local taxes	•		\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
Municipal income taxes	φ	_	Φ	_	Ф	_	Ф	_	Φ	_	Ф	_
Payments in lieu of taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_
Charges for services		1,095		_		_		_		_		_
Fines, licenses and permits		-		_		1,698		_		_		_
Intergovernmental		_		_		-		_		12,487		3,150
Investment income		_		_		_		_		-		-
Miscellaneous income		_		_		-		12,524		-		_
Total revenues		1,095	-	-		1,698	_	12,524		12,487		3,150
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government Security of persons and	6	8,312		-		-		-		-		-
property		-		-		-		-		12,487		3,518
Public health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Basic utility services		-		-		-		-		-		-
Leisure time activities		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		47,258		-		-
Debt service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges			_				_	-		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	6	8,312	-				_	47,258	-	12,487	-	3,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	(6	7,217)	-			1,698	_	(34,734)			-	(368)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers - in	3	0,000		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers - out			_	-			_		-			
Total other financing	_											
sources (uses)	3	0,000	-				_		-		-	-
Net change in fund balances	(3	7,217)		-		1,698		(34,734)		-		(368)
Fund balances, beginning of year	3	1,701	_	2,708		23,703	_	82,468	-	18,500	-	15,909
Fund balance (deficit),												
* *	\$(5,516)	\$	2,708	\$	25,401	\$ _	47,734	\$	18,500	\$	15,541

	Motor Vehicle cense Tax	Recreation		Clague Park	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Emergency Medical Services	State Highway	<u>N</u>	Street laintenance	Great Northern TIF
\$	-	\$ 826,065	\$	-	\$ 351,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	530,152
	-	1,960,784		-	-	-	-		-	-
	228,546	107,257		-	-	-	97,689		1,230,832	-
	192	-		-	-	-	942		364	-
_	228,738	2,894,106		<u> </u>	351,076		98,631		4,196 1,235,392	530,152
_	220,730	2,094,100			331,070		76,031		1,233,392	330,132
	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	-		-	318,938	-	-		-	-
	- 152,684	-		-	-	-	195,387		- 1,355,714	-
	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	2,855,267		-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	61,194		-	-	-	-		-	-
_	152,684	5,027 2,921,488		-	318,938		195,387		1,355,714	<u>-</u>
_	102,001									
_	76,054	(27,382)			32,138		(96,756)		(120,322)	530,152
	-	(7.560)		-	(98,000)	-	-		-	-
_		(7,560)			(98,000)		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
_		(7,560)			(98,000)					
	76,054	(34,942))	-	(65,862)	-	(96,756)		(120,322)	530,152
_	62,127	77,691		3,065	117,661	2,773	580,331		470,295	500,805
\$ _	138,181	\$42,749	\$	3,065	\$ 51,799	\$ 2,773	\$ 483,575	\$	349,973	\$
										(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>Co</u>	Court nputerization	<u>on</u>	Solid Waste <u>Management</u>		Community Diversion		Drug Enforcement		Endowment and Grant	: 	Fair Capacity Housing
Revenues:	ф		Ф		Φ		Φ		Ф		ф	
Property and other local taxes	\$	-	\$	2 202 457	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Municipal income taxes		-		2,292,457		-		-		-		-
Payments in lieu of taxes		0.062		-		2 200		-		-		-
Charges for services		8,863		-		3,200		-		-		-
Fines, licenses and permits		-		12.500		20.240		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		12,580		20,240		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		45.047		-
Miscellaneous income	-	0.062		2 205 027		- 22 440				45,947		
Total revenues	-	8,863		2,305,037		23,440				45,951		
Expenditures: Current:												
General government Security of persons and		5,940		-		-		-		27,371		16,819
property		_		_		_		_		2,651		_
Public health and welfare		_		_		23,358		_		21,367		_
Transportation		_		_		23,336		_		21,507		_
Basic utility services		_		2,056,094		_		_				_
Leisure time activities		_		2,030,094		_		_		_		_
Economic development		_		_		_		_		_		_
Debt service:		-		-		-		-		-		-
Principal												
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	5,940		2,056,094		23,358				51,389		16,819
Total expenditures	-	3,940		2,030,094		23,338				31,389		10,819
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		2.022		240.042		92				(5.420)		(1(,010)
over expenditures	-	2,923		248,943		82				(5,438)		(16,819)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers - in		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers - out	-											
Total other financing sources (uses)	-											
Net change in fund balances		2,923		248,943		82		-		(5,438)		(16,819)
Fund balances, beginning of year	ır _	11,746		1,069,213		5,715		23,984		255,983		120,995
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	14,669	\$	1,318,156	\$	5,797	\$	23,984	\$	250,545	\$	104,176

-	Fire Pension	Law <u>Enforceme</u>	<u>nt</u>	STOP Program		Police Pension	-	Senior Center		Title III		ıblic Way anagement		<u>Total</u>
\$	206,532	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	206,532	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,590,205
Ψ	-	<u>-</u>	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,292,457
	_	_		_		_		_		_		_		530,152
	_	_		_		_		2,602		5,816		_		1,982,360
	_	2,297	,	350,658		_		1,445		-		_		356,098
	26,815	-		-		26,815		-		16,257		_		1,782,668
	-	-		-		_		_		-		_		1,502
	_	-		_		_		7,596		-		_		70,263
	233,347	2,297		350,658		233,347	•	11,643		22,073		-		8,605,705
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		118,442
	255.260			205.415		255.260								1 122 740
	255,369	-		285,417		255,369		-		-		-		1,133,749
	-	-		-		-		-		21,589		-		66,314
	-	-		-		-		-		-		513		1,704,298
	-	-		-		-		0.645		-		-		2,056,094
	-	-		-		-		8,645		-		-		2,863,912
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		47,258
	_	_		_		_		550		_		_		61,744
	_	_		_		_		20				_		5,047
-	255,369		•	285,417		255,369	•	9,215		21,589	-	513		8,056,858
_	233,307		-	200,417	,	255,507	•	<u> </u>		21,507	-	313		
	(22,022)	2,297	,	65,241		(22,022)		2,428		484		(513)		548,847
_					•	· · · · · ·						, , ,		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		30,000
_			-			-					-			(105,560)
														(55.560)
-			-								-			(75,560)
	(22,022)	2,297	•	65,241		(22,022)		2,428		484		(513)		473,287
	26,617	22,765		73,862		26,617		8,860		40,067		17,436		3,693,597
-	20,017		•	13,002	•	20,017	•	0,000		<u> </u>	-	17,TJU		2,012,211
\$ _	4,595	\$25,062	\$	139,103	\$	4,595	\$	11,288	\$	40,551	\$	16,923	\$	4,166,884

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Debt Service Funds

December 31, 2016

A4	_]	Library Bond Retirement		Fire ation Bond Retirement		Total
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	710,014	\$	554,907	\$	1,264,921
Taxes receivable – property and other	Φ	750,436	Φ	272,837	Ψ	1,023,273
Intergovernmental receivable		49,160		17,876		67,036
Total assets	\$	1,509,610	\$	845,620	\$	2,355,230
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes	\$	723,844	\$	263,167	\$	987,011
Unavailable revenues		75,752	_	27,546	_	103,298
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	799 <u>,596</u>	_	290,713	_	1,090,309
Fund balances:						
Restricted Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	_	710,014	_	554,907	_	1,264,921
and fund balances	\$ _	1,509,610	\$	845,620	\$	2,355,230

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Debt Service Funds

Revenues:]	Library Bond tirement	 Fire ion Bond tirement		Total
Property and other local taxes Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	757,265 104,125 861,390	\$ 275,335 45,318 320,653	\$ _	1,032,600 149,443 1,182,043
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		680,000 195,438 875,438	 215,000 77,019 292,019	_	895,000 272,457 1,167,457
Net change in fund balances		(14,048)	28,634		14,586
Fund balances, beginning of year		724,062	 526,273	_	1,250,335
Fund balances, end of year	\$	710,014	\$ 554,907	\$ _	1,264,921

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Capital Project Funds

December 31, 2016

	_	Capital Improvement		Building and Land Acquisition and mprovement	_	Total
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ =	182,334	\$ =	84,613	\$ _	266,947
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	:					
Liabilities:						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	320	\$	19,626	\$	19,946
Fund balances:						
Restricted	_	182,014	_	64,987		247,001
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
resources, and fund balances	\$ _	182,334	\$ _	84,613	\$ _	266,947

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Capital Projects Funds

	Capital <u>Improvement</u>	Building and Land Acquisition and Improvement	Total
Expenditures:	•	•	
Current:	14.004		14.004
General Government	14,894	-	14,894
Capital outlay	<u>362,746</u>	58,769	421,515
Total expenditures	<u>377,640</u>	58,769	436,409
Net change in fund balances	(377,640)	(58,769)	(436,409)
Fund balances, beginning of year	559,654	123,756	683,410
Fund balances, end of year	\$182,014	\$64,987	\$247,001

Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Non-Major Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2016

	<u>Hospitalization</u>	Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Assets:			
Current assets:	Ф. 2.022.421	Φ 1.210.216	Φ 4.0.40.727
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$1,310,316	\$ 4,242,737
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and contracts payable	_	47,867	47,867
Intergovernmental payable	_	8,712	8,712
Claims payable	484,046	26,655	510,701
Total current liabilities	484,046	83,234	567,280
Long-term liabilities:			
Claims payable	_	8,885	8,885
Total liabilities	484,046	92,119	576,165
			2,0,100
Net position:			
Unrestricted	\$ 2,448,375	\$1,218,197	\$ 3,666,572

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Non-Major Internal Service Funds

Operating revenues:	<u>H</u>	ospitalization	Co	Workers' mpensation f-Insurance	-	Total Internal Service Funds
Charges for services	\$	2,712,523	\$	297,596	\$	3,010,119
Refunds	•	7,487	•	-	,	7,487
Total revenues		2,720,010		297,596	_	3,017,606
Operating expenses: Contractual services Claims Total operating expenses		489,951 2,988,756 3,478,707		108,437 18,804 127,241	-	598,388 3,007,560 3,605,948
Change in net position		(758,697)		170,355		(588,342)
Net position, beginning of year		3,207,072		1,047,842	=	4,254,914
Net position, end of year	\$ _	2,448,375	\$	1,218,197	\$ _	3,666,572

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Internal Service Funds

	<u>Hc</u>	ospitalization		Workers' ompensation lf-Insurance	_	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢.	2.712.522	¢.	207.506	¢.	2.010.110
Receipts from customers and users Refunds	\$	2,712,523	\$	297,596	\$	3,010,119
Cash paid for goods and services		7,487 (489,951)		(103,819)		7,487 (593,770)
Cash paid for claims		(2,553,364)		(53,150)		(2,606,514)
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities		(323,305)		140,627	-	(182,678)
rect cush (used for) provided by operating activities		(323,303)		110,027	_	(102,070)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(323,305)		140,627		(182,678)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		3,255,726		1,169,689	_	4,425,415
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,932,421	\$	1,310,316	\$ =	4,242,737
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash from operating activities:						
Operating (loss) income	\$	(758,697)	\$	170,355	\$	(588,342)
Adjustments:						
Changes in assets/liabilities:						
Accounts and contracts payable		-		(491)		(491)
Intergovernmental payable		-		5,109		5,109
Claims payable	. —	435,392	. —	(34,346)		401,046
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities	\$	(323,305)	\$	140,627	\$ _	(182,678)

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances/Equities Budget (Non – GAAP Basis) and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	-	B Original	udge -	et Final	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Municipal income tax	\$	9,980,800	\$	10,549,400	\$	10,612,074	\$ 62,674
Property and other taxes		4,590,923		4,590,923		4,672,742	81,819
Charges for services		1,976,000		1,974,000		1,916,702	(57,298)
Licenses and permits		1,226,100		1,706,100		1,824,176	118,076
Fines and forfeitures		256,000		256,000		273,267	17,267
Intergovernmental revenue		1,276,216		1,343,216		1,454,307	111,091
Investment income		40,000		60,000		70,174	10,174
Other revenue	-	25,000	-	25,000	-	20,967	(4,033)
Total revenues	-	19,371,039	-	20,504,639	-	20,844,409	339,770
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government Council							
Salaries		158,599		158,599		155,115	3,484
Benefits		34,873		34,873		32,733	2,140
Materials and supplies		1,000		1,000		630	370
Contractual services		37,150		37,150		19,240	17,910
Capital outlay		19,500		17,500		5,866	11,634
Total council	-	251,122	-	249,122	-	213,584	35,538
	_				-		<u> </u>
Office of the mayor							
Salaries		150,771		150,771		150,721	50
Benefits		51,404		51,404		47,329	4,075
Materials and supplies		6,500		6,500		4,188	2,312
Contractual services	-	34,285	-	34,285	-	22,191	12,094
Total office of the Mayor	-	242,960	-	242,960	-	224,429	18,531
Mayor's court							
Salaries		150,797		150,797		142,305	8,492
Benefits		52,777		54,427		49,385	5,042
Materials and supplies		16,175		16,175		11,132	5,043
Contractual services		9,643		9,643		7,853	1,790
Capital outlay	_	1,600	_	1,600	_	966	634
Total Mayor's court	-	230,992	-	232,642	-	211,641	21,001
Finance department							
Salaries		348,471		348,471		339,358	9,113
Benefits		142,182		142,182		126,676	15,506
Materials and supplies		14,701		12,451		9,165	3,286
Contractual services		655,857		690,857		669,433	21,424
Capital outlay		2,500		4,500		4,408	92
Total finance department	_	1,163,711	-	1,198,461	-	1,149,040	49,421

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Law department	-			
Salaries	198,827	199,877	196,193	3,684
Benefits	95,337	95,487	85,767	9,720
Materials and supplies	1,247	1,247	640	607
Contractual services	98,849	97,649	37,727	59,922
Total law department	394,260	394,260	320,327	73,933
Department of human resources				
Salaries	293,038	293,038	288,353	4,685
Benefits	108,976	108,976	99,270	9,706
Materials and supplies	27,084	27,084	24,066	3,018
Contractual services	190,032	191,382	184,464	6,918
Total department of human resources	619,130	620,480	596,153	24,327
C''1				
Civil service Salaries	1 000	1 000	99	901
Benefits	1,000 167	1,000 167	73	901
Materials and supplies	400	400	135	265
Contractual services	30,800	30,800	8,289	22,511
Total civil service	32,367	32,367	8,596	23,771
·	32,301	32,307		
Division of information technology				
Salaries	505	505	525	
Benefits	525	525	525 49	- 2 151
Materials and supplies Contractual services	12,200 173,080	2,200 258,010		2,151 4,963
Capital outlay	73,000	66,569	253,047 40,088	26,481
Total division of	75,000	00,309	40,000	20,401
information technology	258,805	327,304	293,709	33,595
information technology	238,803	321,304	273,107	
Boards and commissions				
Salaries	2,116	2,266	2,065	201
Benefits	1,935	2,538	2,521	17
Materials and supplies	10,937	10,184	5,469	4,715
Contractual services	13,500	13,500	12,569	931
Total boards and commissions	28,488	28,488	22,624	5,864
Building department				
Salaries	739,242	699,242	666,962	32,280
Benefits	310,833	295,433	239,118	56,315
Materials and supplies	17,600	19,600	15,629	3,971
Contractual services	109,245	187,645	143,487	44,158
Capital outlay	6,500	6,500	4,475	2,025
Total building department	1,183,420	1,208,420	1,069,671	138,749

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Dod	o at		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Bud; Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Engineering department	Original	Tillal	Actual	(Negative)
Salaries	99,169	128,084	108,725	19,359
Benefits	17,042	33,727	26,930	6,797
Materials and supplies	1,000	1,000	989	11
Contractual services	192,296	192,296	182,142	10,154
Total engineering department	309,507	355,107	318,786	36,321
Total general government	4,714,762	4,889,611	4,428,560	461,051
Security of persons and property				
Public safety director				
Salaries	94,579	94,579	94,492	87
Benefits	34,466	34,501	31,902	2,599
Materials and supplies	2,013	2,013	631	1,382
Contractual services	11,380	10,809	10,287	522
Capital outlay	15,000	15,537	15,537	<u> </u>
Total public safety director	157,438	157,439	152,849	4,590
Division of fire				
Salaries	3,491,528	3,491,528	3,425,108	66,420
Benefits	1,451,868	1,451,868	1,334,044	117,824
Materials and supplies	143,838	143,838	107,630	36,208
Contractual services	338,204	327,254	258,602	68,652
Capital outlay	95,498	106,448	104,898	1,550
Total fire division	5,520,936	5,520,936	5,230,282	290,654
Division of police				
Salaries	4,056,334	4,106,454	4,075,171	31,283
Benefits	1,467,041	1,441,546	1,340,657	100,889
Materials and supplies	134,407	119,807	100,928	18,879
Contractual services	276,189	266,164	223,341	42,823
Capital outlay	2,259	2,259	2,259	
Total division of police	5,936,230	5,936,230	5,742,356	193,874
Emergency central dispatch				
Salaries	531,440	531,440	500,497	30,943
Benefits	196,227	196,227	174,517	21,710
Materials and supplies	2,153	2,153	243	1,910
Contractual services	11,500	11,500	3,032	8,468
Capital outlay	83,300	83,300	65,258	18,042
Total emergency central dispatch	824,620	824,620	743,547	81,073

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud			Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Corrections Salaries	04.006	04.006	74.005	20.001
	94,886	94,886	74,005	20,881
Benefits	35,477	35,477	27,366	8,111
Materials and supplies	4,000	4,000	907	3,093
Contractual services	96,748	96,748	86,536	10,212
Capital outlay	18,000	18,000	16,058	1,942
Total corrections	249,111	249,111	204,872	44,239
Total security of	10 (00 00 7	10 (00 00 (10.070.006	<1.1.10 a
persons and property	12,688,335	12,688,336	12,073,906	614,430
Public health and welfare				
Division of aging				
Salaries	174,173	174,123	169,374	4,749
Benefits	80,674	81,824	73,432	8,392
Materials and supplies	5,756	5,756	3,944	1,812
Contractual services	120,637	119,537	86,841	32,696
Total division of aging	381,240	381,240	333,591	47,649
Division of youth & family services				
Salaries	98,292	98,292	93,846	4,446
Benefits	24,390	24,390	22,599	1,791
Materials and supplies	3,830	3,830	1,816	2,014
Contractual services	12,631	12,631	7,221	5,410
Capital outlay	2,200	2,200	1,148	1,052
Total division of community	2,200	2,200		1,032
and youth services	141,343	141,343	126,630	14,713
Total public health and welfare	522,583	522,583	460,221	62,362
Total public health and wertare	<u></u>	<u></u>		02,302
Transportation Public service director				
Salaries	87,134	87,134	87,053	81
Benefits	22,511	22,511	21,380	1,131
Materials and supplies	1,300	1,300	903	397
Contractual services				26,211
	573,637	573,101	546,890	·
Capital outlay	15,800	17,757	17,261	496
Total service director	700,382	701,803	673,487	28,316
Division of public works				
Salaries	829,977	831,577	685,557	146,020
Benefits	410,685	411,173	275,991	135,182
Materials and supplies	162,569	162,569	63,581	98,988
Contractual services	396,575	384,013	284,641	99,372
Capital outlay	104,830	110,410	102,439	7,971
Total division of public works	1,904,636	1,899,742	1,412,209	487,533

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund (Continued)

		lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Division of fleet maintenance				
Salaries	397,443	398,743	386,820	11,923
Benefits	160,513	159,213	142,018	17,195
Materials and supplies	546,349	546,349	180,536	365,813
Contractual services	19,364	19,364	9,622	9,742
Total division of fleet maintenance		1,123,669	718,996	404,673
Total transportation	3,728,687	3,725,214	2,804,692	920,522
Basic utility services				
Service department				
Contractual services	20,300	23,775	20,778	2,997
Economic development				
Planning				
Salaries	186,191	186,416	186,161	255
Benefits	76,182	76,612	44,911	31,701
Materials and supplies	1,634	1,634	976	658
Contractual services	69,538	68,133	61,634	6,499
Capital outlay	1,500	1,500	800	700
Total planning	335,045	334,295	294,482	39,813
Total expenditures	22,009,712	22,183,814	20,082,639	2,101,175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(2,638,673)	(1,679,175)	761,770	2,440,945
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	30,000	30,000	25,525	(4,475)
Transfers - in	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Advances - out	-	(497)	-	497
Transfers - out	(455,800)	(457,786)	(440,800)	16,986
Total other financing sources (uses)	(375,800)	(378,283)	(365,275)	13,008
Net change in fund balance	(3,014,473)	(2,057,458)	396,495	2,453,953
Prior year encumbrances	418,027	418,027	418,027	-
Fund balance beginning of year	2,985,002	2,985,002	2,985,002	
Fund balance, end of year	\$388,556	\$ <u>1,345,571</u>	\$3,799,524	\$ 2,453,953

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Separation Pay Fund

	Buo Original	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:	Originar		1 lotaui	(I (egative)
Current:				
General government				
Department of human resources				
	\$ -	\$ 44,860	\$ 44,860	\$ -
Benefits	-	650	650	-
Total department of human resources	-	45,510	45,510	-
Department of planning and developmen	t			
Salaries	40,000	40,000	27,686	12,314
Total general government	40,000	85,510	73,196	12,314
Security of persons and property				
Division of fire				
Salaries	80,000	80,000	-	80,000
Division of police				
Salaries	335,000	267,983	5,200	262,783
Benefits		75	75	
Total division of police	335,000	268,058	5,275	262,783
Total security of persons				
and property	415,000	348,058	5,275	342,783
Transportation				
Division of public works				
Salaries	70,000	76,844	50,532	26,312
Benefits	8,555	7,829	733	7,096
Total division of public works	<u>78,555</u>	84,673	51,265	33,408
Sewer				
Salaries	60,000	75,314	29,909	45,405
Total expenditures	<u>593,555</u>	593,555	159,645	433,910
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(593,555)	(593,555)	(159,645)	433,910
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers - in	345,000	345,000	345,000	
Net change in fund balance	(248,555)	(248,555)	185,355	433,910
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,344,360	1,344,360	1,344,360	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u>1,095,805</u>	\$ <u>1,095,805</u>	\$1,529,715	\$433,910

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual $-27^{\rm th}$ Pay Fund

	_	В	udget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers - in	\$_	76,000	\$	76,000	\$_	76,000	\$	
Net change in fund balance		76,000		76,000		76,000		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	_				-		•	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	76,000	\$	76,000	\$ _	76,000	\$	<u>-</u> _

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Permanent Improvements Fund

	_	Bi Original	udge	et Final	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Municipal income taxes	\$	2,138,670	\$	2,138,670	\$	2,274,016	\$ 135,346
Intergovernmental revenue	_		-		-	7,080	7,080
Total revenues	-	2,138,670	-	2,138,670	-	2,281,096	142,426
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation							
Service							
Contractual services		44,000		51,500		49,598	1,902
Capital outlay		2,711,629		2,696,031		1,608,018	1,088,013
Total service		2,755,629	· <u>-</u>	2,747,531	-	1,657,616	1,089,915
Engineering							
Capital outlay		519,836		519,836		427,115	92,721
Total transportation	-	3,275,465	=	3,267,367	-	2,084,731	1,182,636
Total transportation	-	3,2/3,403	=	3,207,307	-	2,064,731	1,182,030
Debt service:							
Interest and fiscal charges		5,000		13,098		13,098	_
Total expenditures	-	3,280,465	-	3,280,465	-	2,097,829	1,182,636
Total expenditures	-	3,200,403	-	3,200,403	-	2,077,027	1,102,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(1,141,795)		(1,141,795)		183,267	1,325,062
Other financing sources (uses):							
Note proceeds		1,605,000		1,605,000		1,612,383	7,383
Transfers - out		(1,509,409)		(1,509,409)		(1,509,409)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	95,591	-	95,591	-	102,974	7,383
Total other imaliening sources (uses)	-	75,571	-	73,371	-	102,774	7,505
Net change in fund balance		(1,046,204)		(1,046,204)		286,241	1,332,445
Prior year encumbrances		316,925		316,925		316,925	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	=	3,162,994	=	3,162,994	-	3,162,994	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	2,433,715	\$	2,433,715	\$	3,766,160	\$ 1,332,445

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

	_	Bu	ıdge	t				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Property and other taxes	\$	2,230,171	\$	2,230,171	\$	2,271,734	\$	41,563
Intergovernmental revenue		428,402		428,402		437,260		8,858
Investment income	_	2,000	_	2,000	_	4,251	-	2,251
Total revenues	-	2,660,573	_	2,660,573	_	2,713,245	-	52,672
Expenditures: Debt service:								
Principal		7,774,841		7,785,732		7,785,732		-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,239,825		2,175,044		2,123,079	_	51,965
Total debt service	-	10,014,666	_	9,960,776	_	9,908,811		51,965
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(7,354,093)		(7,300,203)		(7,195,566)		104,637
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers - in	=	7,232,360	_	7,232,360	_	7,202,360	-	(30,000)
Net change in fund balance		(121,733)		(67,843)		6,794		74,637
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	2,608,826	_	2,608,826	_	2,608,826	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	2,487,093	\$ _	2,540,983	\$_	2,615,620	\$	74,637

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Casualty Loss Fund

		Ві	udget				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$_	1,095	\$ (3,905)
Expenditures: Current: General government							
Department of human resources Contractual services		30,000		30,000		29,348	652
Engineering department Contractual services Total general government		42,093 72,093	_	42,093 72,093	_	31,388 60,736	10,705 11,357
Security of persons and property Division of police Contractual services Total expenditures	_	10,000 82,093	_	10,000 82,093	-	60,736	10,000 21,357
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(77,093)		(77,093)		(59,641)	17,452
Other financing sources(uses): Transfers - in		30,000	_	30,000	_	30,000	
Net change in fund balance		(47,093)		(47,093)		(29,641)	17,452
Prior year encumbrances		19,843		19,843		19,843	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		27,250		27,250	_	27,250	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$		\$ _	17,452	\$ 17,452

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – CDBG Fund

	-		udget				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$_	2,708	\$	2,708	\$_	2,708	\$
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,708	\$	2,708	\$ _	2,708	\$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Alcohol Education Fund

	- -	Bu Original	dget_	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,022	\$	22
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Police department								
Materials and supplies		23,039		23,039		_		23,039
materials and supplies	-	23,037		23,037	٠		•	23,037
Net change in fund balance		(21,039)		(21,039)		2,022		23,061
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	23,039		23,039		23,039		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	25,061	\$	23,061

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Economic Development Fund

		Bı Original	ıdget 	Final		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Other revenue	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	12,524	\$_	(5,476)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic development								
Finance department								
Salaries		4,500		4,500		4,500		-
Benefits		754		754	_	754	_	<u>-</u>
Total finance department		5,254		5,254		5,254		-
Department of planning and developm	ent							
Contractual services		52,500		52,500	_	51,795	_	705
Total expenditures		57,754	_	57,754	_	57,049	-	705
Net change in fund balance		(39,754)		(39,754)		(44,525)		(4,771)
Fund balance, beginning of year		82,468		82,468		82,468	-	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	42,714	\$	42,714	\$	37,943	\$	(4,771)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – FEMA Grant Fund

	-	Bu Original	ıdget	Final		Actual	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Ф		Ф		Ф	12 407	Ф	10 407
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,487	\$	12,487
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Capital outlay	_	12,487		12,487		12,487	-	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(12,487)		(12,487)		-		12,487
Prior year encumbrances		12,488		12,488		12,488		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	6,012	_	6,012	•	6,012	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	6,013	\$	6,013	\$	18,500	\$	12,487

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Federal Grants Fund

Negative Negative Negative Negative		-		udget			A 1		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Intergovernmental revenue	D охуаналась	-	Original		Final	-	Actual		(Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Public health and welfare Department of planning and development Capital outlay - 3.983 3.518 465 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (1.500) Other financing sources (uses): Advances - in - 497 Transfers - in - 1.986 Total other financing sources (uses) - 2.483 Net change in fund balance - 983 Fund balance, beginning of year 15.541 15.541 - (983)		Φ		¢.	2 492	Φ	2.510	Φ	1.025
Current: Public health and welfare Department of planning and development - 3,983 3,518 465 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -	Intergovernmental revenue	Ф	-	Þ	2,483	Ф	3,318	Э	1,033
Current: Public health and welfare Department of planning and development Capital outlay - 3,983 3,518 465 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 15,541 -	Expenditures:								
Public health and welfare Department of planning and development - 3,983 3,518 465 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 15,541 -	•								
Department of planning and development Capital outlay									
Capital outlay - 3,983 3,518 465 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 15,541 -		nt							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): - 497 - (497) Advances - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 15,541 -		111			2 082		2 519		165
over expenditures - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): Advances - in - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -	Capital outlay	-			3,763	-	3,316	•	403
over expenditures - (1,500) - 1,500 Other financing sources (uses): Advances - in - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Other financing sources (uses): Advances - in - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -	•		_		(1.500)		_		1 500
Advances - in - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -	over experiences	-			(1,500)	-		•	1,500
Advances - in - 497 - (497) Transfers - in - 1,986 - (1,986) Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -	Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers - in Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,986 - (1,986) - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 15,541 - - -			_		497		_		(497)
Total other financing sources (uses) - 2,483 - (2,483) Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 - -			_				_		
Net change in fund balance - 983 - (983) Fund balance, beginning of year 15,541 15,541 15,541 -		-	_			-			
Fund balance, beginning of year <u>15,541</u> <u>15,541</u> <u>-</u>	rotar other imaneing sources (uses)	-			2,103	-	_	•	(2,103)
Fund balance, beginning of year <u>15,541</u> <u>15,541</u> <u>-</u>	Net change in fund balance		_		983		_		(983)
	Tree change in tune calance				, ,				(300)
	Fund balance, beginning of year		15,541		15,541		15,541		_
	, , ,	-				_	,	•	
Fund balance, end of year \$\$ <u>\$ 15,541</u> \$\$ <u>\$ 15,541</u> \$\$ (983)	Fund balance, end of year	\$	15,541	\$	16,524	\$_	15,541	\$	(983)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund

		D	ıdget				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-		aaget			1	
D.	-	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	230,000	\$	230,000	\$	228,694	\$ (1,306)
Interest						192	192
Total revenues	-	230,000	_	230,000	_	228,886	(1,114)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation							
Department of public service							
Materials and supplies		84,143		84,143		16,107	68,036
Contractual services		164,000		164,000		110,996	53,004
Total expenditures	-	248,143	_	248,143	_	127,103	121,040
Net change in fund balance		(18,143)		(18,143)		101,783	119,926
Dei		1 142		1 142		1 1 4 2	
Prior year encumbrances		1,143		1,143		1,143	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	.=	17,243		17,243	_	17,243	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	243	\$	243	\$ _	120,169	\$ 119,926

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Recreation Fund

		Bud	løet					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	.500	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	_				_		•	
Property and other taxes	\$	810,972	\$	810,972	\$	826,068	\$	15,096
Charges for services		1,977,040		1,987,040		1,953,866		(33,174)
Intergovernmental revenue		104,036		104,036		107,257		3,221
Other revenue	_	500		500		6,625		6,125
Total revenues	_	2,892,548	_	2,902,548	_	2,893,816		(8,732)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Leisure time activities								
Recreation department								
Salaries		1,236,477		1,259,027		1,233,105		25,922
Benefits		373,642		395,067		359,803		35,264
Materials and supplies		192,988		184,588		161,391		23,197
Contractual services	_	1,219,062	_	1,193,487	_	1,161,590		31,897
Total expenditures	_	3,022,169	_	3,032,169	_	2,915,889		116,280
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(129,621)		(129,621)		(22,073)		107,548
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers - out	_	(7,560)	_	(7,560)	_	(7,560)	-	
Net change in fund balance		(137,181)		(137,181)		(29,633)		107,548
Prior year encumbrances		73,480		73,480		73,480		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	63,808	_	63,808	_	63,808		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	107	\$_	107	\$ _	107,655	\$	107,548

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Clague Park Fund

	- -	Bi Original	udget	Final	_	Actual	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$_	3,065	\$	3,065	\$_	3,065	\$	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	3,065	\$	3,065	\$_	3,065	\$	<u>-</u> _

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

		Ві	udget				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							, ,
Property and other taxes	\$_	375,000	\$	375,000	\$_	352,603	\$ (22,397)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property							
Fire department							
Materials and supplies		29,294		29,294		28,953	341
Contractual services		31,593		31,593		25,008	6,585
Capital outlay	_	129,725		129,725		124,863	4,862
Total fire department	_	190,612		190,612	_	178,824	11,788
Police department							
Materials and supplies		28,420		28,420		27,489	931
Contractual services		10,200		10,200		8,460	1,740
Capital outlay		114,950		144,950		137,123	7,827
Total police department	_	153,570		183,570		173,072	10,498
Total expenditures	_	344,182	_	374,182	_	351,896	22,286
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		30,818		818		707	(111)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers - out	_	(128,000)	_	(98,000)	_	(98,000)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		(97,182)		(97,182)		(97,293)	(111)
Prior year encumbrances		28,410		28,410		28,410	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	69,001	_	69,001	_	69,001	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	229	\$	229	\$ _	118	\$ (111)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Emergency Medical Service Fund

	<u>-</u>	Bi Original	udget	Final	_	Actual	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$ _	2,773	\$	2,773	\$_	2,773	\$	
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	2,773	\$	2,773	\$_	2,773	\$	<u>-</u> _

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – State Highway Fund

		В	udge	et				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	97,800	\$	97,800	\$	97,265	\$	(535)
Interest	_				_	942	_	942
Total revenues	-	97,800	-	97,800	_	98,207	-	407
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Service department								
Materials and supplies		163,000		163,000		142,475		20,525
Contractual services	_	85,000		85,000	_	84,730	_	270
Total expenditures	-	248,000		248,000	-	227,205	-	20,795
Net change in fund balance		(150,200)		(150,200)		(128,998)		21,202
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	546,916	-	546,916	_	546,916	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	396,716	\$	396,716	\$ _	417,918	\$	21,202

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Street Maintenance Fund

		R	udg	ret		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original	uug	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	_					
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	1,242,000	\$	1,242,000	\$ 1,225,603	\$ (16,397)
Other revenue		_		_	4,195	4,195
Interest	_				364	364
Total revenues	-	1,242,000		1,242,000	1,230,162	(11,838)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation						
Service department						
Salaries		627,126		627,126	574,478	52,648
Benefits		243,536		243,536	193,056	50,480
Materials and supplies		372,759		372,759	279,902	92,857
Contractual services		158,425		158,425	193,458	(35,033)
Capital outlay	_	81,149		81,149	81,151	<u>(2)</u>
Total expenditures	-	1,482,995		1,482,995	1,322,045	160,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	_	(240,995)		(240,995)	(91,883)	149,112
Prior year encumbrances		107,933		107,933	107,933	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	133,674		133,674	133,674	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	612	\$	612	\$ 149,724	\$ 149,112

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Great Northern TIF

	B Original	udget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Property and other taxes	\$		\$ 530,152	\$ 530,152
Net change in fund balance	-	-	530,152	530,152
Fund balance, beginning of year	500,805	500,805	500,805	
Fund balance, end of year	\$500,805	\$500,805	\$ <u>1,030,957</u>	\$530,152

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Court Computerization Fund

	 Bı Original	ıdget	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 8,900	\$	8,900	\$_	9,095	\$	195
Expenditures: Current: Public health and welfare Contractual services Capital outlay	6,230 3,699		6,230 3,699		5,416 926		814 2,773
Total expenditures	9,929		9,929	_	6,342	•	3,587
Net change in fund balance	(1,029)		(1,029)		2,753		3,782
Prior year encumbrances	1,499		1,499		1,499		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	 9,747		9,747	_	9,747	•	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,217	\$	10,217	\$_	13,999	\$	3,782

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Solid Waste Management Fund

			ıdge			1		Variance with Final Budget Positive
D.	_0	riginal	-	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	Φ	120 (70	Ф	2 120 670	Ф	2 274 016	Ф	125.246
Municipal income tax	\$ 2	2,138,670	\$	2,138,670	\$	2,274,016	\$	135,346
Intergovernmental revenue		5,000	-	5,000	_	12,580		7,580
Total revenues	2	2,143,670	-	2,143,670	_	2,286,596		142,926
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Basic utility services								
Service department								
Salaries		75,000		139,282		136,025		3,257
Benefits		26,572		57,819		57,819		-
Contractual services	1	1,893,509		1,893,509		1,765,069		128,440
Capital outlay		78,000		100,000		99,926		74
Total expenditures		2,073,081	-	2,190,610	_	2,058,839		131,771
Net change in fund balance		70,589		(46,940)		227,757		274,697
Prior year encumbrances		5,085		5,085		5,085		-
Fund balance, beginning of year		745,816	-	745,816		745,816	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	821,490	\$ _	703,961	\$_	978,658	\$	274,697

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Community Diversion Fund

	B	udget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 21,500	\$ 21,500	\$ 13,440	\$ (8,060)
Intergovernmental revenue	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Total revenues	31,500	31,500	23,440	(8,060)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public health and welfare				
Division of youth services				
Salaries	22,370	22,370	17,078	5,292
Benefits	3,748	3,748	2,896	852
Materials and supplies	1,250	1,250	984	266
Contractual services	4,050	4,050	1,937	2,113
Total expenditures	31,418	31,418	22,895	8,523
Net change in fund balance	82	82	545	463
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,038	6,038	6,038	
Fund balance, end of year	\$6,120	\$6,120	\$6,583	\$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Drug Enforcement Fund

	 Budget Original	Final	_	Actual	<u>.</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property						
Police department						
Materials and supplies	\$ 23,984 \$	23,984	\$_		\$	23,984
Net change in fund balance	(23,984)	(23,984)		-		23,984
Fund balance, beginning of year	 23,984	23,984	_	23,984	-	_
Fund balance, end of year	\$ \$		\$_	23,984	\$	23,984

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Endowment and Grant Fund

	-	В	udg				Variance with Final Budget Positive
D	-	Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Other revenue	\$_	30,500	\$	30,500	\$	45,950	\$ 15,450
Expenditures: Current: General government							
Mayor Contractual services		-		25,000		25,000	-
Security of persons and property Fire department							
Capital outlay		1,533		1,533		-	1,533
Police department Materials and supplies Total security of persons and prop	erty_	11,678 13,211		11,678 13,211		2,651 2,651	9,027 10,560
Leisure time activities Parks and recreation		000		000			000
Capital outlay	-	989		989			989
Public health and welfare Division of youth and family services		50 505		50 505		12.055	20.520
Materials and supplies		52,785		52,785		13,055	39,730
Contractual services Total public health and welfare	-	50,970 103,755		50,970 103,755		10,386 23,441	40,584 80,314
Economic development Department of planning and developm	ent						
Contractual services	-	28,625		3,625		2,371	1,254
Total economic development Total current expenditures	-	28,625 146,580		3,625 146,580		2,371 53,463	1,254 93,117
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(116,080)		(116,080))	(7,513)	108,567
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers - in	_	15,000		15,000			(15,000)
Net change in fund balance		(101,080)		(101,080))	(7,513)	93,567
Prior year encumbrances		7,152		7,152		7,152	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	251,666		251,666		251,666	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	157,738	\$	157,738	\$	251,305	\$ 93,567

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Fair Capacity Housing Fund

		В	udg	get				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Law department								
Salaries	\$	21,225	\$	21,225	\$	14,987	\$	6,238
Benefits		3,697		3,697		2,822		875
Materials and supplies		3,750		3,750		-		3,750
Contractual services	_	97,500		97,500	_	36,000	_	61,500
Total expenditures	_	126,172		126,172	_	53,809	_	72,363
Net change in fund balance		(126,172)		(126,172)		(53,809)		72,363
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	157,985		157,985	_	157,985	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	31,813	\$	31,813	\$ _	104,176	\$	72,363

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Fire Pension Fund

	_	B Original	udg	get Final	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Property and other taxes	\$	202,743	\$	202,743	\$	206,532	\$ 3,789
Intergovernmental revenue	_	26,009		26,009	_	26,815	806
Total revenues		228,752		228,752		233,347	4,595
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Fire department							
Benefits	_	255,369		255,369	_	255,369	
Net change in fund balance		(26,617)		(26,617)		(22,022)	4,595
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	26,617		26,617	_	26,617	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$ _	4,595	\$ 4,595

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Law Enforcement Fund

_	_ _	Bı Original	ıdget —	Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_				_		
Fines and forfeitures	\$ _	-	\$ _		\$	2,297	\$ 2,297
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property							
Police department							
Salaries		18,000		15,000		-	15,000
Benefits		3,771		3,771		-	3,771
Materials and supplies		994		994		-	994
Contractual services	_		_	3,000	_		3,000
Total expenditures	_	22,765	_	22,765			22,765
Net change in fund balance		(22,765)		(22,765)		2,297	25,062
Fund balance, beginning of year		22,765	_	22,765	-	22,765	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _		\$_		\$	25,062	\$ 25,062

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – STOP Program Fund

	_		ıdge				Variance with Final Budget Positive
D	_	Original	-	Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		2=0.000		•=• •••		260 - 22	(0.4==)
Fines and forfeiture	\$_	370,000	\$_	370,000	\$	360,525	\$ (9,475)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property							
Law department							
Salaries		30,149		30,749		30,706	43
Benefits	_	16,020	_	15,895	_	14,379	1,516
Total law department	_	46,169	-	46,644	-	45,085	1,559
Police department							
Salaries		210,000		210,000		159,321	50,679
Benefits		79,584		78,209		57,483	20,726
Materials and supplies		1,667		2,567		633	1,934
Contractual services		32,500		32,500		12,922	19,578
Capital outlay	_	18,300	_	18,300		17,279	1,021
Total police department	_	342,051	_	341,576		247,638	93,938
Total expenditures	_	388,220	-	388,220	-	292,723	95,497
Net change in fund balance		(18,220)		(18,220)		67,802	86,022
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	47,453	-	47,453	-	47,453	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	29,233	\$	29,233	\$	115,255	\$ 86,022

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Police Pension Fund

	-	B Original	udge _	t Final	_	Actual	. -	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property and other taxes	\$	202,743	\$	202,743	\$	206,533	\$	3,790
Intergovernmental revenue	_	26,009	_	26,009	_	26,814	_	805
Total revenues		228,752		228,752		233,347		4,595
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Police department								
Benefits	-	255,369	_	255,369	_	255,369	-	
Net change in fund balance		(26,617)		(26,617)		(22,022)		4,595
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	26,617	_	26,617	_	26,617	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$ _		\$ _	4,595	\$	4,595

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Senior Center Fund

	_	В	udg	et		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Ī	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		_				
Charges for services	\$	18,500	\$	18,500	\$ 2,603	\$ (15,897)
Fines and forfeitures		2,750		2,750	1,445	(1,305)
Donations	_	6,300		6,300	7,596	1,296
Total revenues	-	27,550		27,550	11,644	(15,906)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Leisure time activities						
Department of community life services						
Materials and supplies		15,121		15,121	10,168	4,953
Contractual services	_	15,953		15,953	1,408	14,545
Total expenditures	-	31,074		31,074	11,576	19,498
Net change in fund balance		(3,524)		(3,524)	68	3,592
Prior year encumbrances		3,183		3,183	3,183	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	7,349		7,349	7,349	
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	7,008	\$	7,008	\$ 10,600	\$ 3,592

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Title III Fund

							Variance with Final Budget
	-		udg				Positive
	_	Original		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	6,120	\$	6,120	\$	5,816	\$ (304)
Intergovernmental revenue	_	9,920		9,920		8,129	(1,791)
Total revenues	=	16,040		16,040		13,945	(2,095)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public health and welfare							
Senior services							
Salaries		11,288		11,488		11,334	154
Benefits	_	2,028		2,078		2,072	6
Total expenditures	-	13,316		13,566		13,406	160
Net change in fund balance		2,724		2,474		539	(1,935)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	40,562		40,562	-	40,562	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	43,286	\$	43,036	\$	41,101	\$ (1,935)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Public Way Management Fund

		Bud	lget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Transportation								
Public service and properties								
Materials and supplies	\$	1,333	\$	1,333	\$	-	\$	1,333
Contractual services	_	6,672		6,672	_	513	_	6,159
Total expenditures	-	8,005		8,005	_	513	-	7,492
Net change in fund balance		(8,005)		(8,005)		(513)		7,492
Prior year encumbrances		5,152		5,152		5,152		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	12,284	-	12,284	_	12,284	_	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	9,431	\$	9,431	\$_	16,923	\$ _	7,492

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Library Bond Retirement Fund

		Ві	ıdget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	-	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Property and other taxes	\$	743,390	\$	743,390	\$	757,265	\$	13,875
Intergovernmental revenue		95,367		95,367	_	104,125	_	8,758
Total revenues	-	838,757		838,757	_	861,390	-	22,633
Expenditures: Debt service:								
Principal Principal		680,000		680,000		680,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges		195,438		195,438		195,438		_
Total expenditures	-	875,438		875,438	_	875,438	-	-
Net change in fund balance		(36,681)		(36,681)		(14,048)		22,633
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	724,062		724,062	_	724,062	_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	687,381	\$	687,381	\$_	710,014	\$	22,633

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Fire Station Bond Retirement Fund

	_	Bi Original	udge	et Final	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Property and other taxes	\$	270,323	\$	270,323	\$	275,335	\$ 5,012
Intergovernmental revenue	_	34,679	_	34,679	_	45,318	10,639
Total revenues	_	305,002	-	305,002	_	320,653	15,651
Expenditures: Debt service:							
Principal		195,000		215,000		215,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges		121,288		190,019		77,019	113,000
Total expenditures	_	316,288	-	405,019	_	292,019	113,000
Net change in fund balance		(11,286)		(100,017)		28,634	128,651
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	526,273	-	526,273		526,273	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	514,987	\$	426,256	\$_	554,907	\$ 128,651

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Capital Improvement Fund

		Bu	dget				Fina	nce with l Budget sitive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_(Ne	gative)
Expenditures:	· <u>-</u>					_		· · ·
Current:								
General government								
Division of finance								
Capital outlay	\$	118,811	\$	118,811	\$	34,353	\$	84,458
Security of persons and property Division of police								
Capital outlay		371,828		371,828		353,822		18,006
Leisure time activities Recreation department								
Capital outlay		93,907		93,907		70,330		23,577
Total expenditures	-	584,546		584,546	_	458,505		126,041
Net change in fund balance		(584,546)		(584,546)		(458,505)		126,041
Prior year encumbrances		45,299		45,299		45,299		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	539,247	_	539,247	_	539,247		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ _	126,041	\$	126,041

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Building and Land Acquisition and Improvement Fund

	_	Buo Original	dget <u>Final</u>	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation						
Department of public service						
Capital outlay	\$	10,000	\$ 106,300	\$_	90,280 \$	16,020
Net change in fund balance		(10,000)	(106,300))	(90,280)	16,020
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	123,756	123,756	_	123,756	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	113,756	\$ <u>17,456</u>	\$ _	33,476 \$	16,020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Fund

	Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$1,735,50	0 \$1,735,500	\$1,739,921	\$4,421
Expenses: Current: Golf course and ballroom				
Salaries	504,31	0 516,310	466,192	50,118
Benefits	122,20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	93,516	14,684
Materials and supplies	411,09		375,465	37,625
Contractual services	313,36	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	277,572	35,789
Capital outlay	351,20	· ·	341,202	10,007
Total expenditures	1,702,17		1,553,947	148,223
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	33,33	0 33,330	185,974	152,644
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers - out	(169,95	9) (169,959)	(169,959)	
Net change in fund equity	(136,62	9) (136,629)	16,015	152,644
Prior year encumbrances	31,96	3 31,963	31,963	-
Fund equity, beginning of year	196,97	<u>196,975</u>	196,975	-
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 92,30	92,309	\$244,953	\$152,644

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Sewer Revenue Fund

		ıdget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 9,523,179	\$ 9,521,679	\$9,691,296	\$169,617
Expenses:				
Current:				
Sewer				
Salaries	1,728,875	1,728,875	1,589,913	138,962
Benefits	701,152	701,152	597,900	103,252
Materials and supplies	763,391	763,391	472,109	291,282
Contractual services	2,299,662	2,291,701	1,878,563	413,138
Capital outlay	675,110	723,093	842,286	(119,193)
Total expense	6,168,190	6,208,212	5,380,771	827,441
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	3,354,989	3,313,467	4,310,525	997,058
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	378	378
Loan proceeds	191,912	233,434	41,521	(191,913)
Transfers - out	(5,477,632)	(5,477,632)	(5,477,632)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,285,720)	(5,244,198)	(5,435,733)	(191,535)
Net change in fund equity	(1,930,731)	(1,930,731)	(1,125,208)	805,523
Prior year encumbrances	431,313	431,313	431,313	-
Fund equity, beginning of year	7,966,322	7,966,322	7,966,322	
Fund equity, end of year	\$ 6,466,904	\$6,466,904	\$	\$ 805,523

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Hospitalization Fund

	-	Bi Original	ıdget	: Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_				_		
Charges for services	\$	3,336,709	\$	3,336,709	\$	2,720,010 \$	(616,699)
Expenses:							
Contractual services	-	3,087,164	_	3,147,164	_	3,043,315	103,849
Net change in fund equity		249,545		189,545		(323,305)	(512,850)
Fund equity, beginning of year	_	3,255,726	_	3,255,726	_	3,255,726	
Fund equity, end of year	\$ _	3,505,271	\$_	3,445,271	\$ _	2,932,421 \$	(512,850)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund

							Variance with Final Budget
	_	Bu	ıdge	t			Positive
		Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							, ,
Charges for services	\$	296,635	\$	296,635	\$	297,596	\$ 961
Expenses:							
Contractual services	-	324,133	_	324,133	-	160,317	163,816
Net change in fund equity		(27,498)		(27,498)		137,279	164,777
Prior year encumbrances		9,565		9,565		9,565	-
Fund equity, beginning of year	-	1,160,124	_	1,160,124	-	1,160,124	
Fund equity, end of year	\$	1,142,191	\$ _	1,142,191	\$ _	1,306,968	\$ 164,777

Fund Description

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Agency Fund

Deposits Fund – Accounts for deposits held by the City from contractors, developers and individuals to ensure compliance with City ordinances. These monies net of inspection charges are returned when the work is properly completed.

Mayor's Court Fund – Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of fines collected through the Mayor's Court established by the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinance.

Mayor's Court Bond Fund – Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of bonds collected the Mayor's Court.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Balance 12/31/15	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/16
Deposits Fund				
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$627,886	\$193,359	\$166,823	\$654,422
Liabilities:				
Deposits held and due to others	\$ 627,886	\$193,359	\$166,823	\$654,422
Mayor's Court Fund				
Assets: Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$123,497	\$1,371,612	\$1,405,796	\$89,313
Liabilities:				
Deposits held and due to others	\$123,497	\$1,371,612	\$ <u>1,405,796</u>	\$89,313
Mayor's Court Bond Fund Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$3,167	\$14,869	\$17,361	\$675
Liabilities:				
Deposits held and due to others	\$3,167	\$14,869	\$17,361	\$675
Total Agency Funds Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$754,550	\$1,579,840	\$ <u>1,589,980</u>	\$744,410
Liabilities:				
Deposits held and due to others	\$754,550	\$1,579,840	\$ <u>1,589,980</u>	\$744,410



STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S2-S9
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and municipal income tax.	S10-S14
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S15-S19
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	S20-S21
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S22-S29

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years

Governmental activities:		2016		2015		2014 (a)		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
Net investment in																				
capital assets	\$	28,628,989	\$	27,813,444	\$	29,341,888	\$	31,940,364	\$	35,550,385	\$	36,787,582	\$	38,558,141	\$	32,357,653	\$	34,062,983	\$	35,283,840
Restricted for:		0.440.000		-		- - - - - - - - - -						- 10 (10 1						2 (00 0 0 0 0		2 121 027
Debt service		8,442,223		7,889,330		7,384,896		6,851,903		6,094,752		5,196,104		4,680,441		4,516,771		3,609,078		3,131,035
Capital projects		4,977,260		4,693,516		1,138,817		762,911		623,236		797,848		597,111		716,489		622,757		1,709,930
Community development		2 455 507		2 001 712		73,955		60,633		42,307		49,644		50,857		71,498		63,763		59,323
Highways and streets		2,455,507		2,081,713		4,723,437		4,353,921		3,328,866		4,224,951		4,654,165		4,582,846		4,042,357		3,707,648
Public safety		148,194		182,360		509,197		736,249		825,663		615,805		642,429		604,339		531,438		560,447
Recreation		1 (02 217		4,588		86,380		222,472		215,836		88,177		87,335		148,141		24,215		38,575
Solid waste management		1,603,317		1,313,809		1,136,124		965,775		577,462		509,787		672,589		859,742		1,119,036		1,191,771
Federal and other grants		432,021		454,162		535,346		524,945		530,871		655,170		610,274		612,177		336,920		514,869
Unrestricted		(13,255,530)		(11,683,065)		(12,213,118)		7,178,951		6,779,505		6,476,551		4,154,220		1,596,678		2,178,595		2,709,305
Total net position – governmental activities		33,431,981		32,749,857		32,716,922		53,598,124		54,568,883		55,401,619		54,707,562		46,066,334		46,591,142		48,906,743
Business-type activities:																				
Net investment in																				
capital assets		14,329,123		14,995,099		14,085,646		15,645,038		13,838,058		13,329,367		13,079,015		12,896,414		12,775,644		12,986,719
Unrestricted		3,717,562		4,450,639		3,409,913		917,874		1,573,485		948,996		577,913		(92,254)		(178,678)		586,799
Total net position –																				
business-type activities		18,046,685		19,445,738		17,495,559		16,562,912		15,411,543		14,278,363		13,656,928		12,804,160		12,596,966		13,573,518
Primary government:																				
Net investment in		40.050.110		42 000 542		12 125 52 1		45.505.400		40 200 442		50 116 040		51 (25 15)		45.054.065		46.000.607		40.250.550
capital assets		42,958,112		42,808,543		43,427,534		47,585,402		49,388,443		50,116,949		51,637,156		45,254,067		46,838,627		48,270,559
Restricted		18,058,522		16,619,478		15,588,152		14,478,809		12,238,993		12,137,486		11,995,201		12,112,003		10,349,564		10,913,598
Unrestricted		(9,537,968)		(7,232,426)		(8,803,205)		8,096,825		8,352,990		<u>7,425,547</u>		4,732,133		1,504,424		1,999,917		3,296,104
Total net position –	Φ	51 170 666	Ф	52 105 505	\$	50 212 491	Ф	70 161 026	Ф	69,980,426	¢	60 670 092	¢	69 264 400	¢	50 070 404	Ф	50 100 100	¢	62 490 261
primary government	Ф	51,478,666	Ф	52,195,595	Ф	50,212,481	Ф	70,161,036	Ф	09,980,426	Þ	69,679,982	Þ	68,364,490	Þ	58,870,494	Ф	59,188,108	\$	62,480,261

⁽a) Net position in 2014 was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

Source: City financial records

Changes in Net Position Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2012	2012	2011	2010	2000	2000	2007
Governmental activities:	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Charges for services:										
General government \$	2.816.339	\$ 2,298,332 \$	2.030.517 \$	2.109.396 \$	1,528,928 \$	1.599.848 \$	1,247,442 \$	1,245,426 \$	1.294.947 \$	1.380.444
Security of persons and property	1,511,930	1,436,003	1,341,069	1,253,737	1,287,158	1,206,279	1,191,835	1,132,436	983,509	913,899
Public health and welfare	9.016	8,926	7,446	10,698	17,015	20,989	40.077	32,742	35,723	34,924
Transportation	120,094	210,341	241,171	235,112	283,571	257,183	173,141	230,351	370,720	257,444
Basic utility services	120,094	210,341	241,171	255,112	205,5/1	237,103	1/3,141	230,331	370,720	237,444
Leisure time activities	1,971,094	1,838,790	1,570,024	1,523,574	1,413,519	1,282,907	1,226,424	1.158.712	1,188,305	1,115,611
Economic development	12,524	17,618	18,608	25,663	19,421	21,206	19,875	21,447	20,826	20,771
Total charges for services	6,440,997	5,810,010	5,208,835	5,158,180	4,549,612	4,388,412	3,898,794	3,821,114	3,894,030	3,723,093
Total charges for services	0,440,997	3,010,010	5,200,033	3,130,100	4,549,012	4,566,412	3,070,774	3,021,117	3,094,030	3,723,093
Operating grants and contributions:										
General government	1,555	30,939	55,726	37,500	41,442	11,260	48,547	29,998	53,548	259,898
Security of persons and property	160,833	411,329	129,368	342,433	415,442	26,322	54,646	55,111	73,554	52,724
Public health and welfare	61.731	61,366	60,909	64,031	63,112	60,327	63,017	46,530	53,436	42,152
Transportation	1,542,246	1,526,293	1,545,273	1,632,366	1,510,295	1,381,255	1,603,510	1,442,017	1,506,885	1,532,237
Basic utility services	5,500	5,000	5,000	12,441	-	3,282	3,634	4,350	-	8,018
Leisure time activities	-	1,940	55	12,185	9,500	62,491	69,136	64,267	75,757	71,678
Economic development	_	-	-	-	-	65,000	15,400	54,600	19,975	-
Total operating grants and										
contributions	1,771,865	2,036,867	1,796,331	2,100,956	2,039,791	1,609,937	1,857,890	1,696,873	1,783,155	1,966,707
Capital grants and contributions:										
General government	-	34,654	-	32,877	67,419	134,839	-	-	-	_
Security of persons and property	3,518	7,793	-	-	-	288,228	-	100,000	-	_
Public health and welfare	-	-	-	115,000	-	105,000	-	=	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	270,295	299,061	246,967	8,162,080	681,725	161,267	1,086,471
Leisure time activities						<u> </u>		18,654		112,200
Total capital grants and										
contributions	3,518	42,447		418,172	366,480	775,034	8,162,080	800,379	161,267	1,198,671
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	8,216,380	7,889,324	7,005,166	7,677,308	6,955,883	6,773,383	13,918,764	6,318,366	5,838,452	6,888,471

Changes in Net Position Accrual Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Last Ten Years

n i visi	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
NOMBL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,608
Springvale Golf Course										
and Ballroom	1,739,923	1,694,648	1,655,305	1,524,267	1,476,024	1,166,214	1,304,849	1,286,334	1,309,635	1,236,571
Sewer	10,039,509 11,779,432	9,181,973 10,876,621	8,738,033 10,393,338	7,770,214 9,294,481	7,327,028 8,803,052	6,673,982 7,840,196	6,769,950 8,074,799	6,371,014 7,657,348	6,291,597 7,601,232	5,902,415 7,140,594
Total charges for services	11,//9,432	10,8/0,021	10,393,336	9,294,401	0,003,032	7,040,190	0,074,799	7,037,346		/,140,394
Capital grants and contributions:										
Sewer				31,676	62,299	187,887	71,428	124,197	40,886	141,130
Total business-type activities										
program revenues	11,779,432	10,876,621	10,393,338	9,326,157	8,865,351	8,028,083	8,146,227	7,781,545	7,642,118	7,281,724
Total primary government		10.765.045	17 200 504	17.002.465	15 001 004	14 001 466	22.064.001	14 000 011	12 400 570	14 170 105
program revenues	11,779,432	18,765,945	<u>17,398,504</u>	<u>17,003,465</u>	15,821,234	<u>14,801,466</u>	22,064,991	14,099,911	13,480,570	14,170,195
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	5,299,633	4,516,867	4,200,635	4,612,689	4,096,769	3,582,339	3,276,027	3,900,267	4,556,304	4,272,866
Security of persons and property	15,959,086	14,205,425	12,948,527	12,974,261	12,847,883	11,367,748	11,627,831	12,806,773	14,754,497	14,450,742
Public health services	631,709	551,565	529,304	504,219	527,602	489,183	467,464	536,943	565,271	567,033
Transportation	7,352,641	8,416,485	9,608,806	10,161,662	10,314,338	10,125,472	9,184,733	9,493,814	10,144,063	9,877,064
Basic utility services	2,063,026	1,929,636	1,920,086	1,700,564	2,100,931	2,306,879	2,246,112	2,111,966	2,162,069	1,806,726
Leisure time activities	3,191,927	3,136,618	2,850,349	2,583,952	2,472,946	2,414,279	2,519,617	2,493,927	2,618,770	2,451,564
Economic development	271,870	275,635	328,696	339,198	476,253	432,497	377,094	548,066	562,343	343,280
Interest and fiscal charges	668,492	1,049,394	941,826	1,371,593	1,197,352	1,370,320	1,580,084	1,754,255	1,947,244	2,125,469
Total governmental activities	25 420 204	24.001.625	22 220 220	24 240 120	24.024.074	22 000 717	21 270 072	22 (46 011	27 210 561	25.004.744
expenses	35,438,384	34,081,625	33,328,229	34,248,138	34,034,074	32,088,717	31,278,962	33,646,011	37,310,561	35,894,744

Changes in Net Position Accrual Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Business-type activities:										
NOMBL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,158	13,158	13,158
Springvale Golf Course	1 665 071	1.557.160	1 5 4 7 4 0 7	1 500 000	1.561.004	1 202 246	1 402 060	1 227 070	1 417 050	1 470 220
and Ballroom	1,665,971	1,557,162	1,547,407	1,598,902	1,561,234	1,393,346	1,403,969	1,337,078	1,417,950	1,470,220
Sewer revenue	8,005,368	7,408,132	6,311,785	6,562,518	5,959,665	5,950,651	5,965,290	6,251,896	6,659,020	6,735,440
Total business-type activities	9,671,339	8,965,294	7,859,192	8,161,420	7,520,899	7,343,997	7 260 250	7 (02 122	9 000 129	8,218,818
expenses		8,965,294		8,161,420	7,520,899		7,369,259	7,602,132	8,090,128	8,218,818
Total primary government	45,109,723	43,046,919	41,187,421	42,409,558	41,554,973	39,432,714	38,648,221	41,248,143	45,400,689	44,113,562
expenses	45,105,725	43,040,717	41,107,421	42,403,336	41,334,373	37,432,714	30,040,221	41,240,143	43,400,003	44,113,302
Net (expense) revenue:										
Governmental activities	(27,222,004)	(26,192,301)	(26,323,063)	(26,570,830)	(27,078,191)	(25,315,334)	(17,360,198)	(27,327,645)	(31,472,109)	(29,006,273)
Business-type activities	2,108,093	1,911,327	2,534,146	1,164,737	1,344,452	684,086	776,968	179,413	(448,010)	(937,094)
Total primary government						<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
net expense	(25,113,911)	(24,280,974)	(23,788,917)	(25,406,093)	(25,733,739)	(24,631,248)	(16,583,230)	(27,148,232)	(31,920,119)	(29,943,367)
General revenues and other changes										
in net position:										
Governmental activities:	0.622.701	0.550.074	0.102.026	0.505.054	0.742.000	0.702.270	0.005.000	11 020 701	10.060.701	11 206 521
Property taxes and other local taxe		9,558,074	9,183,826	9,525,254	9,743,908	9,782,378	9,895,600	11,020,701	10,868,791	11,396,531
Municipal income taxes	15,531,341	14,039,569	13,926,264	13,815,005	13,286,957	12,197,549	12,142,212	12,239,390	13,021,313	13,014,677
Grants and entitlements	2,569,538 64,238	2,554,370	2,201,218	2,147,473	2,919,512 40,217	3,736,906	3,954,223	3,462,553 84,227	4,145,745	3,492,684 1,029,342
Investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets	04,238	36,912	39,775	61,556	9.086	37,499	62,463	84,227	531,565	1,029,342
Other	63,590	75,163	63,894	37,415	34,503	35,478	22,728	23,747	60,552	95,844
Transfers	52,640	(38,852)	40,223	13,368	211,272	62,651	(75,800)	(27,781)	528,542	(328,082)
Special item – sale of capital assets	/	(30,032)	-0,223	15,500	211,2/2	156,930	(73,800)	(27,761)	320,342	(320,002)
Total governmental activities	´ <u> </u>					150,750	-	-		
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	27,904,128	26,225,236	25,455,200	25,600,071	26,245,455	26,009,391	26,001,426	26,802,837	29,156,508	28,700,996

Changes in Net Position Accrual Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Business-type activities: Transfers	(52,640)	-	(40,223)	(13,368)	(211,272)	(62,651)	75,800	27,781	(528,542)	328,082
Special item – loss on sale of capital assets	(3,454,506)	38,852					<u></u> ,			
Total business-type activities general revenues and other changes in net position Total primary government	(3,507,146)	38,852	(40,223)	(13,368)	(211,272)	(62,651)	75,800	27,781	(528,542)	328,082
general revenues and oth changes in net position	24,396,982	26,264,088	25,414,977	25,586,703	26,034,183	25,946,740	26,077,226	26,830,618	28,627,966	29,029,078
Change in net position: Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	682,124 (1,399,053)	32,935 1,950,179	(867,863) 2,493,923	(970,759) 1,151,369	(832,736) 1,133,180	694,057 621,435	8,641,228 852,768	(524,808) 207,194	(2,315,601) (976,552)	(305,277) (609,012)
change in net position	\$ (716,929)	\$1,983,114	\$1,626,060	\$180,610	\$300,444	\$1,315,492	\$9,493,996	\$ (317,614)	\$(3,292,153)	\$ (914,289)

Information from 2006 through 2014 uses GASB Statement No. 27 to measure pension expense. Information in 2015 uses GASB Statement No. 68 to measure pension expense.

Source: City financial records

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

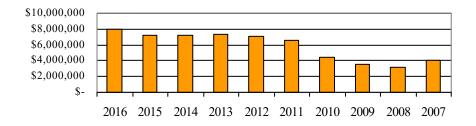
Last Ten Years

	2016		2015		2014	2013		2012		2011	2010		2009		2008	_	2007
General Fund																	
Nonspendable	\$ 1,283,563	\$	1,173,952	\$	1,180,719	\$ 1,077,862	\$	988,055	\$	910,466	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Committed	62,454		42,000		-	-		-		-	-		-		=		-
Assigned	4,684,994		4,237,354		4,714,841	4,860,515		1,799,392		875,618	-		-		-		-
Unassigned	1,938,143		1,729,097		1,270,324	1,433,619		4,338,011		4,752,859	-		-		-		-
Reserved	-		-		-	-		-		-	870,953		399,153		142,013		180,744
Unreserved											3,620,708		3,189,607		3,038,397	_	3,862,969
Total General Fund	7,969,154		7,182,403		7,165,884	7,371,996		7,125,458		6,538,943	4,491,661		3,588,760		3,180,410	_	4,043,713
All other governmental funds																	
Nonspendable	103,105		124,839		75,935	20,717		17,671		16,322	_		-		_		_
Restricted	16,601,938		10,447,657		13,617,900	12,319,432		10,089,351		10,071,569	_		-		-		_
Committed	252,989		5,152,340		477,523	738,571		699,742		568,849	_		-		-		_
Unassigned	(5,516)		· · · · ·		· -	-		(55,939)		(56,562)	_		-		-		_
Reserved	-		_		-	-		-		-	423,390		252,063		256,447		221,861
Unreserved (deficit), reported in:											,		,		,		,
Special revenue funds	_		_		_	-		_		_	5,290,424		5,826,527		5,833,486		6,024,628
Debt service funds	_		_		_	_		_		_	4,074,995		3,881,582		3,609,078		3,131,035
Capital projects funds	-		-		_	-		-		-	569,830		744,698		597,238		1,599,829
Total all other																	
governmental funds	16,952,516		15,724,836		14,171,358	13,078,720		10,750,825		10,600,178	10,358,639		10,704,870		10,296,249		10,977,353
č		Φ.		•			Φ.		Φ.			Φ.		Φ.		_	
Total governmental funds	\$ 24,921,670	\$	22,907,239	\$	21,337,242	\$ 20,450,716	\$	<u>17,876,283</u>	\$	17,139,121	\$ 14,850,300	\$	14,293,630	\$	13,476,659	\$ =	15,021,066

In 2011, the City implemented GASB 54.

Source: City financial records

Fund Balance General Fund, Last Ten Years



Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years

	2016		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		2010		2009		2008	_	2007
Revenues:															
Property taxes	\$ 9,565,720	\$	9,653,946	\$ 9,291,474	\$ 9,503,797	9,799,407	\$ 9,924,695	\$	9,985,313	\$	10,687,345	\$	10,928,075	\$	11,300,024
Income taxes	15,283,047		14,252,984	14,317,492	13,435,417	12,655,722	12,346,450		11,770,310		12,241,747		12,823,445		13,347,091
Payment in lieu of taxes	530,152		501,075	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	3,790,286		3,209,751	2,750,607	2,751,882	2,552,793	2,384,556		2,414,501		2,318,947		2,306,911		2,429,928
Fines, licenses and permits	2,451,773		1,876,649	1,681,117	1,654,123	1,628,181	1,670,972		1,212,137		1,211,117		1,233,366		1,336,750
Intergovernmental	3,939,110		4,183,068	4,131,025	4,889,076	5,770,274	6,409,008		5,802,595		6,146,811		6,151,099		7,020,463
Special assessments	-		-	-	-	-	-		90,000		85,000		75,000		70,000
Interest	64,238		36,912	39,775	61,556	40,217	37,499		62,463		84,227		531,565		1,029,342
Miscellaneous	108,250		717,963	662,055	615,578	176,983	181,063		208,977		195,904		214,157	_	273,269
Total revenues	35,732,576		34,432,348	32,873,545	32,911,429	32,623,577	32,954,243		31,546,296		32,971,098		34,263,618	_	36,806,867
Expenditures:															
Current:															
General government	4,603,782		4,192,227	4,190,529	4,108,722	3,662,591	3,646,056		3,457,202		3,548,371		4,303,141		4,010,702
Security of persons															
and property	13,840,984		14,106,951	13,194,930	13,176,566	12,436,324	11,513,761		11,947,782		12,492,370		14,436,087		14,045,123
Public health and welfare	547,434		590,039	522,122	640,545	513,659	628,225		477,740		549,409		563,943		560,468
Transportation	5,651,644		6,070,558	5,249,876	5,105,094	5,990,651	5,163,746		4,422,054		4,949,069		5,702,600		5,522,720
Basic utility services	2,056,094		1,933,777	1,923,981	1,700,564	2,100,931	2,306,879		2,246,112		2,107,623		2,165,012		1,884,985
Leisure time activities	2,863,912		2,796,243	2,620,445	2,881,644	2,198,920	2,287,806		2,343,545		2,208,061		2,409,455		2,405,799
Economic development	328,076		272,427	321,058	435,643	738,357	468,200		556,467		554,298		544,560		341,877
Capital outlay	421,515		714,701	1,746,234	132,499	833,444	376,161		122,399		416,772		834,099		3,152,670
Debt Service:															
Principal	4,343,608		11,542,007	3,872,081	5,877,646	4,770,492	4,002,500		7,588,715		6,763,814		5,803,153		4,120,931
Interest and fiscal charge	729,247		844,228	974,312	1,119,953	1,183,155	1,368,647		1,606,408		1,738,992		1,951,582		2,077,473
Note issuance costs	=		-	-	-	23,250	17,426		25,522		22,017		12,000		13,250
Bond issuance costs	17,048		233,131	28,056	133,477				83,872		-			_	
Total expenditures	35,403,344		43,296,289	34,643,624	35,312,353	34,451,774	31,779,407		34,877,818		35,350,796	-	38,725,632	-	38,135,998
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over expenditures	329,232	•	8,863,941	(1,770,079)	(2,400,924)	(1,828,197)	1,174,836	(=	(3,331,522)	•	(2,379,698)		(4,462,014)	-	(1,329,131)

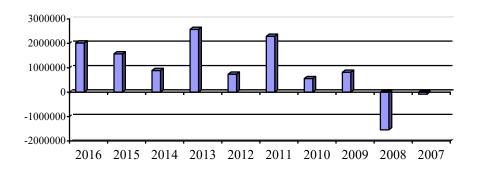
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Last Ten Years

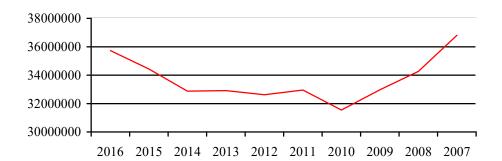
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of notes	1,605,000	5,095,000	2,425,000	-	2,468,700	880,000	-	3,215,000	2,370,000	1,560,000
Inception of capital leases	-	60,299	176,472	-	-	-	59,763	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	8,380,000	-	4,770,000	-	-	3,715,000	-	-	-
Premium on issuance of bonds	7,383	518,568	11,510	120,394	-	-	168,945	-	-	-
Payment to bond										
escrow agent	-	3,593,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	20,176	16,033	3,400	55,130	12,300	171,334	20,284	9,450	27,527	12,349
Transfers - in	1,697,609	1,603,124	1,595,893	1,756,925	2,382,025	3,147,873	1,860,769	1,790,131	2,616,630	2,492,750
Transfers - out	(1,644,969)	(1,645,811)	(1,555,670)	(1,727,092)	(2,297,666)	(3,085,222)	(1,936,569)	(1,817,912)	(2,096,550)	(2,820,832)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,685,199	10,433,938	2,656,605	4,975,357	2,565,359	1,113,985	3,888,192	3,196,669	2,917,607	1,244,267
Net change in fund balance \$	2,014,431	\$1,569,997	\$886,526	\$2,574,433	\$737,162	\$2,288,821	\$556,670	\$816,971	\$(1,544,407)	\$ (84,864)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	15.43%	30.43%	15.31%	21.68%	19.21%	18.33%	36.66%	25.49%	21.38%	18.89%

Source: City financial records

Net Change in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds



Governmental Funds Revenues

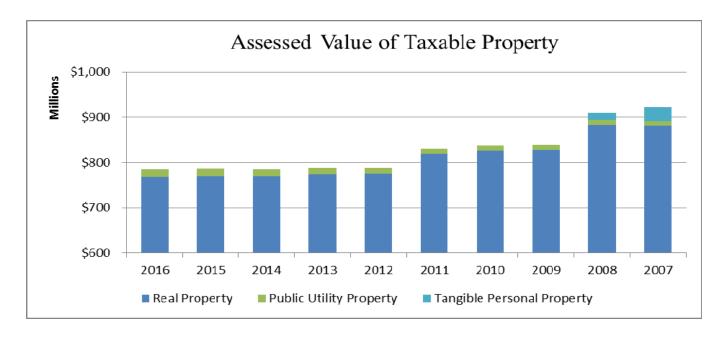


Assessed Valuations and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

Tax <u>Year</u>	<u>-</u>	Real Property	-	Public Utility Property	 Tangible Personal Property	-	Total	,	Estimated True Values of <u>Taxable Property</u>	Total Direct Tax Rate	Ra	<u>itio</u>
2016	\$	768,531,780	\$	16,756,670	\$ -	\$	785,288,450	\$	2,224,613,173	\$ 13.30	35	5.3%
2015		770,231,040		15,858,070	-		786,089,110		2,226,881,331	13.30	35	5.3
2014		769,849,650		15,583,140	-		785,432,790		2,225,022,068	13.30	35	5.3
2013		773,675,680		15,046,860	-		788,722,540		2,234,341,473	13.30	35	5.3
2012		775,022,110		13,514,220	-		788,536,330		2,233,813,966	13.30	35	5.3
2011		818,595,110		12,549,000	-		831,144,110		2,353,103,398	13.30	35	5.3
2010		825,718,930		11,747,350	-		837,466,280		2,372,546,204	13.30	35	5.3
2009		827,569,610		11,432,430	-		839,002,040		2,377,475,998	13.30	35	5.3
2008		882,868,100		11,624,510	15,831,601		910,324,211		2,799,034,922	13.20	32	2.5
2007		881,650,600		10,087,260	30,291,306		922,029,166		2,781,506,682	13.20	33	3.1

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer, based upon tax year valuations

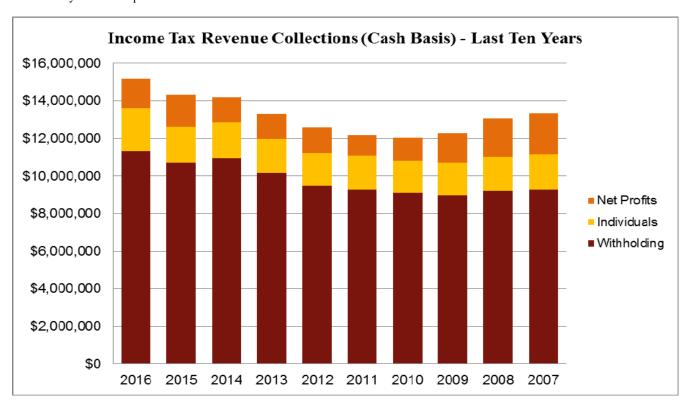


Income Tax Revenue Collections (Cash Basis)

Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Vithholding		Taxes from Individuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals	Taxes from Net Profits	f	ercentage of Taxes rom Net Profits
2016	2.00%	\$ 15,160,112	\$ 11,334,047	74.8%	\$	2,263,281	14.9%	\$ 1,562,784		10.3%
2015	2.00	14,326,364	10,691,137	74.6		1,934,541	13.5	1,700,686		11.9
2014	2.00	14,170,871	10,955,677	77.3		1,890,416	13.3	1,324,778		9.4
2013	2.00	13,314,563	10,163,612	76.3		1,815,366	13.6	1,335,585		10.1
2012	2.00	12,577,000	9,479,691	75.4		1,744,443	13.9	1,352,866		10.7
2011	2.00	12,162,050	9,275,836	76.3		1,814,680	14.9	1,071,534		8.8
2010	2.00	12,026,344	9,090,112	75.6		1,722,631	14.3	1,213,601		10.1
2009	2.00	12,285,520	8,970,962	73.0		1,727,948	14.1	1,586,610		12.9
2008	2.00	13,069,739	9,217,837	70.5		1,797,199	13.8	2,054,703		15.7
2007	2.00	13,330,936	9,275,262	69.6		1,880,178	14.1	2,175,496		16.3

Source: City Finance Department



City of North Olmsted, Ohio

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Last Ten Years

		City of No	rth Olmsted		_						
Tax Year	General Operating	Debt Retirement	Recreation	Police and Fire Pension		Total	_	School District	Cuyahoga County (a)	Polaris Vocational School	 Total
2016	\$ 8.30	\$ 3.20	\$ 1.20	\$ 0.60	\$	13.30	\$	96.90	\$ 23.43	\$ 3.09	\$ 136.72
2015	6.70	4.80	1.20	0.60		13.30		96.90	23.43	2.40	136.03
2014	6.70	4.80	1.20	0.60		13.30		96.90	23.43	2.40	136.03
2013	6.70	4.80	1.20	0.60		13.30		91.40	22.53	2.40	129.63
2012	6.70	4.80	1.20	0.60		13.30		91.40	20.80	2.40	127.90
2011	6.70	4.80	1.20	0.60		13.30		91.40	20.80	2.40	127.90
2010	6.70	4.80	1.20	0.60		13.30		91.40	20.90	2.40	128.00
2009	6.40	5.10	1.20	0.60		13.30		83.50	20.60	2.40	119.80
2008	6.50	4.90	1.20	0.60		13.20		83.50	20.60	2.40	119.70
2007	6.50	4.90	1.20	0.60		13.20		83.50	20.20	2.40	119.30

⁽a) Includes Metroparks and Library Millage

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

City of North Olmsted, Ohio

Real Property Tax Levies, and Collections

Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Total <u>Tax Levy</u>	Current Collections	Percentage of Current Collections to Tax Levy	of Current Collections to Tax Delinquent		Percentage of Total Collections to Tax Levy	Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	g Taxes to
2016	\$ 11,309,566	\$ 10,725,891	94.84%	\$ 154,12	3 \$ 10,880,01	96.20%	\$ 321,523	2.8%
2015	10,464,045	10,699,097	102.25	114,88	10,813,98	32 103.34	264,461	2.5
2014	10,500,027	9,984,480	95.09	209,58	10,194,06	97.09	360,332	3.4
2013	10,512,763	10,171,318	96.75	213,42	10,384,74	98.78	408,726	3.9
2012	11,066,789	10,627,072	96.03	263,34	10,890,41	98.41	384,324	3.5
2011	11,146,571	10,756,740	96.50	251,88	11,008,62	98.76	440,506	4.0
2010	11,800,535	10,623,422	90.03	391,69	11,015,11	93.34	574,690	4.9
2009	11,802,571	11,300,029	95.74	235,98	11,536,01	97.74	659,686	5.6
2008	11,804,175	11,399,614	96.57	293,57	11,693,18	99.06	400,697	3.4
2007	11,807,403	11,403,200	96.58	250,48	33 11,653,68	98.70	459,981	3.9

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

Note: The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

⁽¹⁾ State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions is included

Principal Taxpayers – Real Estate Tax

2016 and 2007

	 December 3	1, 2016
		Percent of
	Assessed	Total Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	 Value (1)	Value
Star-West Great Northern Mall LLC	\$ 36,988,690	4.71%
BRE DDR Great Northern LLC	21,480,820	2.74
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	12,765,950	1.63
PWA Great Northern Corporate Center	8,394,760	1.07
B&G Properties LTD Partnership	6,253,290	0.80
LKD North Olmsted LLC	6,207,060	0.79
DDR MDT Great Northern LLC	5,819,210	0.74
JVM Butternut Apartments LLC	5,642,000	0.72
Moen Inc.	4,685,770	0.60
Water Tower Square LTD	 4,146,530	0.53
Total	\$ 112,384,080	14.33%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 785,288,450	
	 December 3	1, 2007
		Percent of
	Assessed	Total Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	 Value (1)	Value
Great Northern Partnership	\$ 26,344,050	2.82%
DDR MDT Great Northern LLC	22,838,790	2.44
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	8,422,120	0.90
Duke Realty Ohio	7,445,620	0.80
B&G Properties Limited Partnership	5,855,170	0.63
Butternut Ridge Apartments LLC	5,751,200	0.61
WEA Great Northern Mall LLC	5,147,670	0.55
Water Tower Square LTD	4,638,730	0.50
Wal Mart	4,607,790	0.49
Higbee Company	 4,550,010	0.49
Total	\$ 95,601,150	10.23%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 922,029,166	

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2016 and 2007 assessed taxes were based.

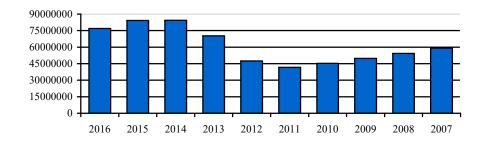
Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt per Capita

Last Ten Years

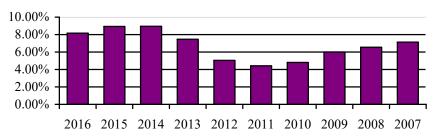
		Gover	nmental Activiti	es			Bu	siness-Type Acti					
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	OPWC Loans	Long- Term Notes	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Long- Term Notes	Capital Leases	OWDA Loans	OPWC Loans	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2016	\$ 17,790,965	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,605,000	\$ 94,676	\$ 2,943,063	\$ -	\$ 12,890	\$ 54,453,420	\$ -	\$ 76,900,014	8.17%	\$ 2,350
2015	22,169,951	-	-	-	167,644	4,862,340	-	23,374	56,857,463	65,167	84,145,939	8.94	2,572
2014	20,750,420	-	-	2,425,000	163,862	6,463,388	-	28,325	54,244,535	195,500	84,271,030	8.96	2,576
2013	24,664,457	-	-	-	14,124	8,221,294	-	980	37,086,769	260,667	70,248,291	7.47	2,147
2012	22,895,878	-	20,418	2,468,700	27,443	9,255,248	421,300	1,838	11,896,042	456,167	47,443,034	5.04	1,450
2011	26,786,843	-	27,224	880,000	40,052	10,765,047	485,000	2,653	2,114,162	521,335	41,622,316	4.42	1,272
2010	30,783,808	-	40,837	-	51,989	12,222,846	-	3,427	1,436,697	651,668	45,191,272	4.80	1,381
2009	31,165,433	90,000	54,450	3,215,000	-	13,313,153	-	-	1,018,076	782,001	49,638,113	5.98	1,455
2008	35,442,003	175,000	68,061	2,370,000	21,991	14,631,498	-	1,621	607,269	912,335	54,229,780	6.53	1,590
2007	39,579,073	250,000	81,675	1,560,000	42,930	15,878,343	-	3,206	611,019	1,042,667	59,048,913	7.11	1,731

Note: Population and Personal Income are presented on page S21.

Total Outstanding Debt, Last Ten Years



City Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income



Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Population (1)		Assessed (2) Value		Gross (3) Bonded Debt	bt Service ies Available
2016	32,718 (a)	\$	785,288,450	\$	20,734,028	\$ 8,093,533
2015	32,718 (a)		786,089,110		27,037,059	7,582,319
2014	32,718 (a)		785,432,790		27,213,808	7,035,079
2013	32,718 (a)		788,722,540		32,885,751	6,478,501
2012	32,718 (a)		788,536,330		32,151,126	5,657,199
2011	32,718 (a)		831,144,110		37,551,890	4,698,520
2010	32,718 (a)		837,466,280		43,006,654	4,074,995
2009	34,113 (b)		839,002,040		44,478,586	3,881,582
2008	34,113 (b)		910,324,211		50,073,501	3,609,078
2007	34,113 (b)		922,029,166		55,457,416	3,131,035

- (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population
 - (a) 2010 Federal Census
 - (b) 2000 Federal Census
- (2) Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer, valuations based upon the tax year
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt

-	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation	D	t Bonded lebt Per Capita
\$	12,640,495	1.61%	\$	386
	19,454,740	2.47		595
	20,178,729	2.57		617
	26,407,250	3.35		807
	26,493,927	3.36		810
	32,853,370	3.95		1,004
	38,931,659	4.65		1,190
	40,597,004	4.84		1,190
	46,464,423	5.10		1,362
	52,326,381	5.68		1,534

Computation of Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt

December 31, 2016

	General Obligation Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City (1)		Amount Applicable to City of North Olmsted
Jurisdiction:				
Direct:				
City of North Olmsted				
General obligation bonds	\$ 20,734,028	100.00%	\$	20,734,028
General obligation bond				
anticipation notes	1,605,000	100.00%		1,605,000
Capital lease payable	107,566	100.00%		107,566
Total direct debt	22,446,594			22,446,594
Overlapping:				
North Olmsted School District	75,590,000	100.00%		75,590,000
North Olmsted/Olmsted Falls	, ,			, ,
School District	21,509,960	1.54%		331,019
Cuyahoga County	226,090,000	2.84%		6,427,292
Greater Cleveland Regional	220,000,000	2.0170		0,127,222
Transit Authority	3,910,000	2.84%		111,154
Transit Tumonty	3,710,000	2.0470		111,134
Total overlapping debt	327,099,960			82,459,465
Total overlapping acot	321,077,700			02,737,703
Total	\$ 349,546,554		\$_	104,906,059

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

⁽¹⁾ Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Years

Assessed valuation Overall debt limitation –	2016 \$ 785,288,450	2015 \$ 786,089,110	\$\frac{2014}{785,432,790}	\$\frac{2013}{788,722,540}	\$\frac{2012}{788,536,330}	\$\frac{2011}{831,144,110}	2010 \$ <u>837,466,280</u>	\$\frac{2009}{839,002,040}	2008 \$ 910,324,211	2007 \$ <u>922,029,166</u>
10 1/2 % of assessed valuation	\$ 82,455,287	\$ 82,539,357	\$ 82,470,443	\$ 82,815,867	\$ 82,796,315	\$ 87,270,132	\$ 87,933,959	\$ 88,095,214	\$ 95,584,042	\$ 96,813,062
Outstanding debt: General obligation debt General obligation bond	20,734,028	27,038,015	27,213,808	32,885,751	32,151,126	37,551,890	43,006,654	44,568,586	50,248,501	55,707,416
anticipation notes	1,605,000	-	2,575,000	-	2,890,000	1,365,000	-	3,215,000	2,370,000	1,560,000
Less: Amount available in debt service fund Total outstanding debt	(8,093,533) 14,245,495	(7,582,319) 19,455,696	<u>(7,035,079)</u> <u>22,753,729</u>	(6,478,501) 26,407,250	(5,657,199) 29,383,927	(4,698,520) 34,218,370	(4,074,995) 38,931,659	(3,881,582) 43,902,004	(3,609,078) 49,009,423	(3,131,035) 54,136,381
Less exemptions: Bonds and notes issued in										
anticipation of levy for special assessments General obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,000	175,000	250,000
and notes that are considered self supporting	261,000	1,660,000	3,051,000	4,368,000	5,625,000	6,823,000	7,961,000	8,693,000	9,665,000	10,577,000
Securities issued to pay	201,000	1,000,000	2,021,000	1,500,000	2,022,000	0,025,000	7,501,000	0,000,000	>,002,000	10,577,000
final judgments and settlements Securities to extent authorizing legislation	-	-	-	-	-	16,000	34,000	49,000	64,000	79,000
contains covenants to appropriate, levy and collect municipal										
income taxes		627,000	1,217,000	1,777,000	2,312,000	3,617,000	4,867,000	6,063,000	7,220,000	8,333,000
Total exemptions Net debt within 10 1/2%	261,000	2,287,000	4,268,000	6,145,000	7,937,000	10,456,000	12,862,000	14,895,000	17,124,000	19,239,000
Limitation Overall debt margin	13,984,495 \$ 68,470,792	\$\frac{17,168,696}{65,370,661}	18,485,729 \$ 63,984,714	\$\frac{20,262,250}{62,553,617}	\$\frac{21,446,927}{61,349,388}	\$\frac{23,762,370}{63,507,762}	\$\frac{26,069,659}{61,864,300}	\$\frac{29,007,004}{59,088,210}\$	\$\frac{31,885,423}{63,698,619}	\$\frac{34,897,381}{61,915,681}
Unvoted debt limitation 5 1/2 of assessed value Amount of principal of unvoted bonds and notes	\$ 43,190,865	\$ 43,234,901	\$ 43,198,803	\$ 43,379,740	\$ 43,369,498	\$ 45,712,926	\$ 46,060,645	\$ 46,145,112	\$ 50,067,832	\$ 50,711,604
subject to 5 1/2% Unvoted debt margin	8,669,495 \$ <u>343,521,370</u>	\$\frac{10,963,696}{32,271,205}	\$\frac{11,435,729}{31,763,074}	\$\frac{12,412,250}{30,967,490}	\$\frac{12,096,927}{31,272,571}	\$\frac{14,412,370}{31,300,556}	\$\frac{16,009,659}{30,050,986}	\$\frac{17,627,004}{28,518,108}	\$\frac{20,505,423}{29,562,409}	\$\frac{22,892,381}{27,819,223}

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer and City Financial Records Note: Assessed valuations based upon the tax year.

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency based on payroll withholding.

Principal Employers

Last Ten Years

2016	201	5		2014			
	Percent of			Percent of			Percent of
	Total Income			Total Income			Total Income
Employer	Taxes	Employer		Taxes	Employer		Taxes
Moen Incorporated	11.49%	Moen Incorporated		11.60%	Moen Incorp	orated	14.82%
North Olmsted School District	4.57	North Olmsted School Distric	t	5.01		ed School District	4.87
The City of North Olmsted	2.12	The City of North Olmsted		2.26		lorth Olmsted	2.12
Bernie Moreno Companies	1.83	Bernie Moreno Companies		1.79		al Insurance Company	1.72
Factory Mutual Insurance Company	1.65	Factory Mutual Insurance Co	mpany	1.63	Bernie Morei	no Companies	1.40
Ganley Westside Imports	1.25	Ganley Westside Imports		1.16	Wal Mart As	sociates, Inc.	1.09
Wal Mart Associates, Inc.	1.10	Palmer Holland, Inc.		1.06	Ganley West	side Imports	1.02
Palmer Holland, Inc.	0.93	Wal Mart Associates, Inc.		0.99	Palmer Holla	nd, Inc.	0.91
Riser Foods Company	0.82	Riser Foods Company		0.91	Riser Foods (Company	0.87
Cargill, Inc.	0.82	Cargill, Inc.		0.81	Advanstar Co	ommunications	0.83
-	<u>26.58%</u>	-		<u>27.22%</u>			<u>29.65</u> %
2013		2012			-	2011	
Moen Incorporated		Moen Incorporated			Moen Incorp	orated	
North Olmsted School District		North Olmsted School Distric	t		North Olmste	ed School District	
The City of North Olmsted		The City of North Olmsted			The City of N	lorth Olmsted	
Factory Mutual Insurance Company		Factory Mutual Insurance Co	mpany		Factory Mutu	al Insurance Company	
Bernie Moreno Companies		Bernie Moreno Companies				ommunications, Inc.	
Wal Mart Associates, Inc.		Advanstar Communications,	Inc.		United Trans		
Ganley Westside Imports		United Transportation				yment Systems, Inc.	
Palmer Holland, Inc.		Riser Foods Company				no Companies	
Riser Foods Company		Ganley Westside Imports			Heartland En	ployment Services, Inc.	
Advanstar Communications		Wal Mart Associates, Inc.			Cargill, Inc.		
2010		2009	-	2008		2007	
Moen Incorporated	Moen Incorpor		Moen Incorp			Moen Incorporated	
North Olmsted School District		School District		ed School District		North Olmsted School Distri	ct
The City of North Olmsted	The City of No			North Olmsted		The City of North Olmsted	
Factory Mutual Insurance Company		nmunications, Inc.		ommunications, Inc		Factory Mutual Insurance Co	ompany
Advanstar Communications, Inc.		l Insurance Company		reless Employee Se		Wal Mart Associates, Inc.	
AT&T Mobility	AT&T Mobilit			ual Insurance Comp	any	Sunnyside Cars, Inc.	
Heartland Employment Services, Inc.	Heartland Emp	ployment Services, Inc.	Sunnyside A	automotive, Inc.		Heartland Employment Serv	ices, Inc.
Wal Mart Associates, Inc.	Wal Mart Asso	,	Heartland E	mployment Services	s, Inc.	Cingular Wireless Employee	
Heartland Payment Systems, Inc.	Sunnyside Aut	omotive, Inc.	Wal Mart As	ssociates, Inc.		Merrill Lynch Pierce Kenner	& P. Craig
Sunnyside Automotive, Inc.	Riser Foods Co	ompany	Riser Foods	Company		GMAC-GM Payroll Services	S

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Voor	Population (1)	Employed in County (2)	<u>Unemplo</u> County	oyment Rat State	te (2) US	School (3) Enrollment	Number of Residential Property	Averages Sales Price of Residential Property (4)	Total Personal	Personal Income
<u>Year</u>		• , ,					Sales (4)	Property (4)	Income (5)	Per Capita
2016	32,718 (a)	577,200	5.4%	4.9%	4.9%	3,814	540	\$ 127,441 \$	940,773,372	\$ 28,754 (a)
2015	32,718 (a)	579,500	5.0	4.9	5.3	3,856	499	126,838	940,773,372	28,754 (a)
2014	32,718 (a)	584,400	6.4	6.2	5.7	3,876	452	119,802	940,773,372	28,754 (a)
2013	32,718 (a)	572,600	7.7	7.4	7.4	4,040	468	120,619	940,773,372	28,754 (a)
2012	32,718 (a)	579,600	7.3	7.2	8.1	4,107	368	111,541	940,773,372	28,754 (a)
2011	32,718 (a)	593,400	8.0	8.6	8.9	4,117	202	126,710	940,773,372	28,754 (a)
2010	32,718 (a)	574,600	9.5	10.1	9.6	4,193	224	136,610	940,773,372	28,754 (a)
2009	34,113 (b)	581,200	9.2	10.8	9.3	4,314	231	136,856	829,935,177	24,329 (b)
2008	34,113 (b)	601,800	6.8	6.5	5.8	4,366	229	138,164	829,935,177	24,329 (b)
2007	34,113 (b)	617,900	6.1	5.6	4.6	4,587	306	147,677	829,935,177	24,329 (b)

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Census, Census of population

⁽a) 2010 Federal Census

⁽b) 2000 Federal Census

⁽²⁾ Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services, U.S. Department of Labor and Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁽³⁾ Source: North Olmsted Board of Education

 ⁽⁴⁾ Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer
 (5) Computation of per capital personal income multiplied by population

Full Time City Employees by Function or Program

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Function/program:										
General government:										
Council	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mayor	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Mayor's court	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
General clerical	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Boards and commissions	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Information systems	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
Human resources	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Building	10	9	8	8	9	9	9	9	12	9
Engineering	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Total	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	26	29	31
Security of persons and property:										
Safety director	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire	42	41	40	41	42	42	43	41	46	47
Dispatch	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Corrections	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Police	45	44	45	42	43	44	46	50	55	57
Youth Services	43	44	43	42	43	44	40	30	33	37
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
(see Public health and welfare) Fire clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1 2	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Police clerk	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5	6	6
Total	<u>105</u>	103	102	100	103	105	<u>107</u>	109	120	124
Leisure time activities:							•	•	•	•
Senior center	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Recreation	11	11	11	9	9	8	7	9	10	12
Springvale	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
Total	19	18	18	16	16	15	14	14	16	18
Public health and welfare:										
Community life services (a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
Youth services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3
Transportation:										
Service director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Public service and properties										
Public works administrative	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Animal warden	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Building maintenance	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	5
Road	9	10	9	8	8	7	9	9	5	7
Forestry	7	6	6	7	7	6.5	4	3.5	5 7	7
Storm	9	7	6	6	6	7.5		3.5		5
Subtotal	26	24	22	23	23	24	20	20	21	25
Fleet	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	8	8
Bus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	31	29	30	31	32	28	29	31	35
Economic development										
Planning	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1 mining										
Basic utility services:										
Wastewater treatment plant	<u>26</u>	25	25	26	29	29	28	27	29	32
Total	212	205	202	200	206	208	204	209	229	<u>32</u> 244
10141		203	202		200		<u> </u>	209		<u> </u>

Source: City payroll records

(a) See security of persons and property

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014		2013	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
Function/Program:	2010	2013	2014	_	2015	2012	-	2011	_	2010	_	200)	_	2000	_	2007
General government:																
Council and clerk																
Number of ordinances and																
resolutions submitted	142	111	100		116	133		143		162		152		165		158
Number of ordinances and	1.2	111	100		110	133		113		102		132		105		150
resolutions passed	140	108	97		114	131		143		159		147		135		146
reservations pussed	1.0	100	,			101		1.0		10)				100		1.0
Mayor's Court (b)																
Number of traffic cases	7,705	9,927			7,345	N/A		N/A								
Number of OVI cases	45	54	62		59	N/A		N/A								
Number of criminal cases	258	255			273	N/A		N/A								
Number of parking cases	246	303	225		261	N/A		N/A								
Number of cases transferred	172	122	105		116	N/A		N/A								
Number of cases waived, total	6,952	7,932	6,513		6,063	N/A		N/A								
Number of cases waived, online	3,924	4,406	3,396		3,380	N/A		N/A								
Finance																
Agency ratings																
Fitch IBCA	AA-	AA-	AA-		AA-	AA-		AA-		AA-		A+		A+		A+
Moody's Financial Services -																
General Limited Tax	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2		Aa2	Aa2		Aa2		Aa2		A1		A1		A1
Moody's Financial Services -																
General Unlimited Tax	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2		Aa2	Aa2		Aa2		Aa2		Aa3		Aa3		Aa3
Law																
Real property complaints filed	81	34	45		45	59		39		38		22		18		7
Real property fines																
collected \$	7,445	\$ 6,282	\$ 4,050	\$	5,410 \$	23,655	\$	575	\$	7,405	\$	13,675	\$	9,858	\$	3,350
Criminal cases prosecuted	1,048	959	1,049		700(c)	1,088		873		922		927		1,304		730
Traffic cases prosecuted	615	559	388		505(c)	1,274		1,536		1,062		1,228		1,509		1,415
Building																
Estimated valuation of																
permits issued \$	98,619,912	\$ 29,338,654	\$ 22,923,368	\$	71,039,906(a)\$	39,405,961	\$	48,029,378	\$	15,650,821	\$	13,933,125	\$	15,151,105	\$	30,631,703
Number of permits issued	1,593	1,409			1,450	1,605	Ψ	1,744	Ψ	1,103	Ψ	1,142	Ψ	1,203	Ψ	1,284
ramoer of permississaed	1,373	1,70)	1,515		1,750	1,003		1,/77		1,103		1,172		1,203		1,207
																(Continued)

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Security of persons and property:	2010		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police										
Number of criminal arrests	1,534	1,710	1,739	2,435	2,431	2,010	2,028	2,062	2,100	1,882
Number of DUI arrests	91	115	103	59	81	110	93	130	154	94
Number of motor										
vehicle accidents	827	915	857	814	867	791	751	753	850	869
Number of prisoners										
confined	1,220	1,335	1,329	1,254	1,468	1,349	1,413	1,465	1,741	1,539
Number of traffic										
citations issued	8,175	9,875	8,090	8,034	8,549	7,916	7,635	8,809	7,594	7,643
Number of parking										
citations issued	1,669	1,588	1,849	1,749	1,730	1,976	2,013	2,136	2,092	2,242
Fire										
Number of fire responses	642	686	689	718	728	801	703	700	810	811
Number of squad responses	3,626	3,655	3,297	3,175	3,128	3,111	2,971	2,871	2,833	2,685
Total number of emergency			• • • •							
responses	4,268	4,341	3,986	3,893	3,856	3,912	3,674	3,571	3,643	3,496
Number of runs per day	12.0	11.9	10.9	10.7	10.5	10.7	10.1	10.3	10.0	9.6
Public health and welfare:										
Youth and family services										
Food cupboard distributions	1,735	1,787	1,833	1,618	1,413	1,213	1,147	1,154	693	398
Holiday adopt-a-family	48	47	54	56	62	64	52	51	37	38
Senior center										
Hot lunch program - meals served	5,806	6,021	5,998	6,106	6,583	7,234	8,223	8,909	8,935	9,237
Meals on wheels clients served	30	38	62	60	63	74	68	71	63	82
Leisure time activities:										
Senior center										
Cabin rentals	137	172	185	185	190	185	358	547	645	569
Activity participants except hot										
lunch program	21,520	22,683	23,665	23,652	23,219	24,222	19,978	10,930	11,624	11,498
Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom										
Number of golf rounds	25,274	26,542	22,715	21,731	22,625	15,723	23,083	19,934	23,358	22,278
Number of golf outings	42	42	37	39	41	34	47	44	47	46
Number of ballroom rentals	50	45	53	50	62	64	56	54	52	51
Recreation										
Skate programs and events										
participants	5,572	5,423	4,567(d)	5,005	5,041	5,033	4,897	6,714	8,938	10,011
Pool programs	1,366	1,229	928(d)	1,031	1,055	481	1,315	1,013	2,883	N/A
Summer camp participants	265	220	200(d)	220	222	220	225	163	434	428
Fitness pass visits	87,511	55,919(e)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prime and Silver Sneaker Pass Visits	21,053	11,645(e)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
										(Continued)

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Transportation: Snowfall in inches	42.0	32.8	65.9	44.0	33.80	57.15	62.9	59.5	80.0	76.3
Street salting and plowing –	42.0	32.8	03.9	44.0	33.60	57.15	02.9	39.3	80.0	70.3
number of hours	3,270	1,261	2,660	2,483	3 1,010	2,229	2,936	3,152	3,350	4,485
Street asphalt and concrete repair –	10.401	((22	5.000	5.016	5.000	. NT/A	2.040	5.227	4.026	7.501
number of hours Tree planting and maintenance –	10,401	6,622	5,089	5,815	5,006	N/A	3,849	5,236	4,926	7,581
number of hours	2,155	2,906	2,768	3,127	7 1,264	2,698	2,115	2,908	2,431	2,268
Vehicle maintenance and repair –	6.061	6.570	((72	7.26	0.445		0.070	7.765	7.250	2 222
number of hours Street improvements - asphalt	6,961	6,572	6,673	7,262	2 8,445	8,098	8,070	7,765	7,258	7,777
overlay/recycling - square feet	440,730	443,394	146,146	507,619	395,239	437,693	430,765	515,374	406,035	933,633
Cost of road salt purchased \$	168,175	\$ 447,634	\$ 405,950	\$ 168,120) \$ 108,432	2 \$ 268,423	\$ 258,409	\$ 206,112	\$ 309,145	\$ 197,716
Cost of unleaded and diesel fuel used \$	353,216	\$ 341,499	\$ 567,864	\$ 555,348	3 \$ 538,795	5 \$ 527,070	\$ 392,702	\$ 345,075	\$ 652,631	\$ 502,617
	333,210	φ 5 -1 ,-7)	φ 507,004	ф <i>555</i> ,5 т с	3 \$ 330,775	521,010	\$ 372,702	\$ 545,075	Φ 032,031	\$ 302,017
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewer rate per 1,000 cubic ft. \$	81.46	\$ 74.07	\$ 67.98	8 \$ 64.7:	5 \$ 58.18	3 \$ 52.27	\$ 47.74	\$ 43.60	\$ 39.81	\$ 36.26
Total 1,000 cubic feet billed	118,592	118,525	121,268	122,844	129,072	136,367	138,580	163,332	148,582	148,605
Total flow of wastewater treatment	1.059	2.022	2.467	2.202	2.150	2.510	1.505	1.505	1.600	1 005
plant (billions of gallons) Average daily flow (millions of	1,958	2,033	2,467	2,293	3 2,150	2,510	1,505	1,595	1,699	1,805
gallons per day)	5,364	5.570						4.395	4.861	4.939
Tons of wet sludge removed	5,201	6,106	4,793	5,295	5,048	5,644	5,532	5,242	5,246	5,438

N/A: Not available

Source: Various City Divisions

⁽a) 2013 Assessed Valuation of Improvements includes \$38,000,000 Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvement Project

⁽b) The City began operating a Mayor's Court in 2013. Prior to 2013, all cases were handled by the Rocky River Municipal Court.

⁽c) These figures represent only the cases that were prosecuted by the City through Rocky River Municipal Court. It does not include cases that were waived.

⁽d) The Recreation Center was under construction during 2014 and some of the programs were limited.

⁽e) The Recreation Center fitness area began operation in 2015.

Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

_	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General government:										
Number of administrative vehicles	9	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	10	11
Security of persons and property: Fire:										
Number of stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of vehicles	16	15	14	14	14	12	12	12	14	14
Police:										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of vehicles	29	28	26	28	25	25	24	26	29	27
Leisure time activities:										
Recreation:										
Number of parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recreation center facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of vehicles	7	7	7	6	5	8	10	6	6	6
Springvale Golf Course and Ballroon Number of acres	n:									
(18 hole golf course)	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
Square footage of ballroom	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Number of vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	2
Senior center:										
Senior center facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation:										
Streets:										
Miles of streets	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146
Number of street lights	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633	2,633
Number of service vehicles	52	49	50	48	55	51	45	43	46	44
Wastewater:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176
Miles of storm sewers	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	152
Number of vehicles	26	23	23	20	21	17	17	18	17	17

Capital Assets by Function

Last Ten Years

Governmental activities: General government:	_	2016	-	2015	=	2014	-	2013	-	2012	-	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007
Non-depreciable Land and art CIP	\$	4,119,592 -	\$	4,119,592 60,299	\$	4,119,592 -	\$	4,119,592 -	\$	4,119,592 -	\$	3,728,055	\$	3,728,055 18,986	\$	3,728,055	\$	3,728,055	\$	3,728,055
Other capital assets		14060 200		14000055		14002022		14065654		14760250		14200150		12.062.140		12 021 102		12 720 777		10.054.010
Cost Net book value		14,960,300 7,227,249		14,880,955 7,568,209		14,903,823 7,987,500		14,865,654 8,377,429		14,768,258 8,717,046		14,289,159 8,802,130		13,863,148 8,828,478		13,821,102 9,146,041		13,729,777 9,543,887		12,854,218 9,075,066
Security of persons and property:																				
Fire:																				
Non-depreciable Land		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400
CIP		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400		349,400
Other capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Cost		9,931,593		9.813.853		10,131,597		10,076,706		10,034,683		9,468,972		9,521,134		9,543,303		9,543,303		9,543,303
Net book value		5,104,932		5,315,192		5,617,704		5,855,145		5,922,426		5,621,875		5,863,147		6,103,581		6,394,553		6,735,628
Police:		- , - ,		- , , -		- , ,		-,,		- ,- , -		- ,- ,		-,,		.,,.		-, ,		-,,-
Non-depreciable																				
CIP		333,718		15,000		-		287,610		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other capital assets																				
Cost		3,866,321		3,927,420		3,455,139		2,970,279		2,903,904		2,940,562		2,883,521		2,888,984		3,269,628		3,147,006
Net book value		1,198,839		1,213,570		1,205,287		751,412		762,733		833,760		833,697		934,353		1,032,175		1,082,266
Public health and welfare:																				
Youth and family:																				
Other capital assets																				
Cost		200,253		200,253		165,706		165,706		165,706		165,706		_		_		_		_
Net book value		157,991		167,824		142,507		149,135		155,764		162,392		-		-		-		-
Leisure time activities:																				
Recreation:																				
Non-depreciable CIP		_		1,653,610		1,211,618		22,478												
Other capital assets		-		1,055,010		1,211,018		44,470		-		-		-		-		-		-
Cost		11,865,850		10,204,381		10,182,522		9,942,010		9,968,018		9,927,018		9,436,242		9,331,565		9,268,061		9,198,799
Net book value		3,067,390		1,566,174		1,682,392		1,657,819		1,333,282		1,563,183		1,333,826		1,533,088		1,797,927		2,026,002
		- / /		y y · ·		, , -		, ,		, ,		, , ==		, ,- 		, ,		, ,		,, _

Capital Assets by Function (Continued)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Senior center:										
Non-depreciable										
CIP	-	-	110,970	-	-	-	-	16,833	-	-
Other capital assets										
Cost	1,006,092	974,238	855,852	855,852	696,496	696,496	687,186	539,328	537,262	537,262
Net book value	573,679	573,878	484,586	513,103	383,564	402,082	415,593	267,723	285,590	303,456
Transportation:										
Non-depreciable										
CIP	522,532	751,070	267,707	58,798	253,095	39,185	-	137,773	171,537	-
Other capital assets		ŕ	ŕ	ŕ				· ·	ŕ	
Cost	4,921,255	4,695,385	4,740,585	4,432,139	4,405,211	3,857,118	3,707,236	3,670,474	3,635,325	3,632,741
Net book value	1,473,524	1,279,369	1,309,219	1,153,149	1,243,141	788,365	791,339	861,383	900,458	1,018,743
Infrastructure										
Cost	146,269,502	144,433,404	143,179,372	142,664,860	141,635,998	140,178,515	139,422,954	130,440,393	129,467,866	128,983,810
Net book value	23,606,741	25,071,185	28,005,185	32,938,273	37,722,781	42,231,274	47,272,254	43,804,306	47,936,456	52,478,902
Economic development:										
Other capital assets										
Cost	106,491	122,673	122,673	122,673	-	-	-	-	-	_
Net book value	91,582	99,309	105,881	112,452	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals:										
Non-depreciable										
Land and art	4,468,992	4,468,992	4,468,992	4,468,992	4,468,992	4,077,455	4,077,455	4,077,455	4,077,455	4,077,455
CIP	856,250	2,479,979	1,590,295	368,886	253,095	39,185	18,986	154,606	171,537	· -
Other capital assets										
Cost	46,858,155	44,819,158	44,557,897	43,431,019	42,942,276	41,345,031	40,098,467	39,794,756	39,983,356	38,913,329
Net book value	15,895,186	17,783,525	18,535,076	18,569,644	18,517,956	18,173,787	18,066,080	18,846,169	19,954,590	20,241,161
Infrastructure										
Cost	146,269,502	144,433,404	143,179,372	142,664,860	141,635,998	140,178,515	139,422,954	130,440,393	129,467,866	128,983,810
Net book value	23,606,741	25,071,185	28,005,185	32,938,273	37,722,781	42,231,274	47,272,254	43,804,306	47,936,456	52,478,902
Total governmental activities-cost	¢ 100.452.000	e 107 201 522	e 102.70 <i>C.55C</i>	e 100.022.757	e 100 200 261	e 105 (40 10 (e 102 (17 0(2	e 174.467.210	¢ 172.700.214	e 171.074.504
	\$ <u>198,452,899</u>	\$ <u>196,201,533</u>	\$ <u>193,796,556</u>	\$ <u>190,933,757</u>	\$ <u>189,300,361</u>	\$ <u>185,640,186</u>	\$ <u>183,617,862</u>	\$ <u>174,467,210</u>	\$ <u>173,700,214</u>	\$ <u>171,974,594</u>
Total governmental activities-net										
book value	\$ 47,827,169	\$ 49,803,681	\$52,599,548	\$56,345,795	\$ 60,962,824	\$ 64,521,701	\$ 69,434,775	\$ 66,882,536	\$ 72,140,038	\$ 76,797,518
book value	$\phi = \frac{47,027,109}{}$	φ <u>47,003,081</u>	φ <u>32,399,346</u>	φ <u> </u>	φ <u>00,302,824</u>	$\phi = 04,321,701$	φ <u>03,434,//3</u>	φ	φ <u>/2,140,038</u>	φ <u>/0,/9/,318</u>

Capital Assets by Function (Continued)

Last Ten Years

Business-type activities:	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Springvale Golf Course and Ballroom Cost \$ Net book value	7,978,527 4,992,251	\$ 7,823,515 5,065,202	\$ 7,589,715 4,951,925	\$ 7,461,986 5,031,022	\$ 7,401,729 5,161,855	\$ 7,386,087 5,351,051	\$ 6,906,494 4,993,308	\$ 6,896,158 5,157,215	\$ 6,894,216 5,328,579	\$ 6,902,678 5,509,561
Sewer revenue:										
Cost	96,167,396	123,128,118	122,092,107	112,208,937	81,116,335	70,628,454	69,798,659	69,008,076	68,353,901	68,347,944
Net book value	66,716,782	71,686,671	72,363,287	64,146,307	30,706,798	21,474,976	22,008,808	22,460,892	23,208,251	24,630,309
NOMBL:										
Cost	_	_	-	-	_	564,130	564,130	564,130	564,130	544,677
Net book value						391,537	391,537	391,537	391,537	372,084
Total business-type activities cost \$ Total business-type	104,145,923	\$ <u>130,951,633</u>	\$ <u>129,681,822</u>	\$ <u>119,670,923</u>	\$88,518,064	\$ <u>78,578,671</u>	\$77,269,283	\$76,468,364	\$75,812,247	\$75,795,299
activities net book value \$	71,709,033	\$76,751,873	\$ <u>77,315,212</u>	\$ 69,177,329	\$ 35,868,653	\$ 27,217,564	\$ <u>27,393,653</u>	\$ 28,009,644	\$ <u>28,928,367</u>	\$30,511,954

Source: City Finance Department – capital asset inventory.





CITY OF NORTH OLMSTED

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 1, 2017