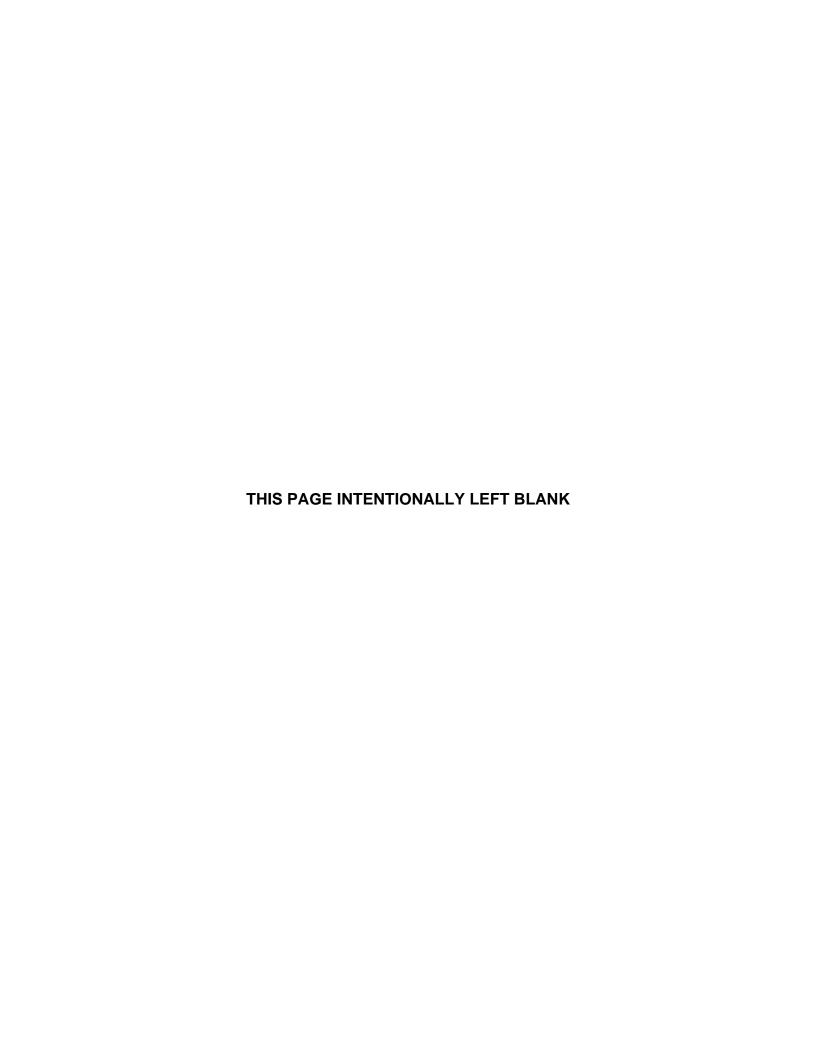


CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS FRANKLIN COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2016

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CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Highway Planning and Construction - Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Highway Planning and Construction - Safe Routes to School Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205 20.205	PID 90390 PID 95234	\$ 1,974,002 14,747 1,988,749
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$ 1,988,749
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,988,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Grandview Heights (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2016. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Grandview Heights Franklin County 1016 Grandview Avenue Grandview Heights, Ohio 43212

To the Members of the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grandview Heights, Franklin County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 26, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

City of Grandview Heights
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other
Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 26, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Grandview Heights Franklin County 1016 Grandview Avenue Grandview Heights, Ohio 43212

To the members of the City Council:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Grandview Heights's (the City) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the City's major federal program for the year ended December 31,2016. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the City's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The City's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the City's compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the City's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

City of Grandview Heights
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Grandview Heights complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

City of Grandview Heights
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grandview Heights (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated May 26, 2017. We conducted our audit to opine on the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

May 26, 2017

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CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Highway Planning and Construction CFDA #20.205
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

The City of GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS Ohio



For Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Cover Picture

This year's City of Grandview Heights' Comprehensive Financial Report cover features the First Avenue Park. The park is located in the Grandview Yard development just east of Northwest Boulevard in front of the Nationwide Insurance offices. It will be dedicated on May 6, 2017.

The location of the park serves to connect the entire community with an additional civic presence along West First Avenue. It also serves as a focal point for the 100 acre mixed use development.

At 2.5-acres, the park is designed to accommodate community festivals or for passive use. The beautiful stone wall on its perimeter is the perfect height for sitting. Park furniture and trees complete the look on this meticulously cared-for civic space.



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Issued by: Finance Department

Robert Dvoraczky, CPA - Director of Finance Megan Miller, CPA - Assistant Director of Finance James Barone - Accountant

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

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CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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May 26, 2017

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of Grandview Heights, Ohio

We are pleased to issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Grandview Heights, Ohio (City) for the year ended December 31, 2016. This report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). It is intended to provide all pertinent and necessary information that may be required by citizens and elected officials of Grandview Heights, investment banks and underwriters, and all other interested parties on the fiscal condition of the City.

City management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the financial and other data contained in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. The accounting system encompasses appropriations, encumbrances, expenditures, revenues, payroll and capital assets, and ensures the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable. All disclosures necessary to enable the citizens and other readers to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities are included in this report.

Internal Controls

City managers have established an internal control framework designed with a system of checks and balances to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the City financial statements. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of controls should not outweigh their benefits.

Independent Audit

The City is required by state law to have an annual audit performed by either the Auditor of State's Office or by an independent auditing firm. The City has engaged the services of the Auditor of State's Office, to audit the City's financial records. The Auditor of State's Office concluded that the City's financial statements ending December 31, 2016 are presented fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Independent Auditor's Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the MD&A as they are designed to complement each other. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio

Profile of the Government

The City of Grandview Heights is located in central Ohio, adjacent to the City of Columbus. Incorporated in 1906, the City operates under a charter form of government, which was originally adopted on July 28, 1931. The voters adopted the current charter in March 2000. An elected Mayor and a seven-member City Council govern the City, each elected to four-year terms. The City covers an area of approximately 1.24 square miles, with a population estimated at 7,014 residents.

The City provides a full range of municipal services mandated by statute or charter, including police and fire protection, parks, recreation, street maintenance, refuse removal, planning, zoning and other general government services. Health services are contracted with, and provided by, the Franklin County Board of Health.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department for all funds except for the agency funds.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City follows a conservative financial approach, limiting debt and utilizing a prioritized capital improvement plan, whereby capital purchases are thoroughly reviewed for necessity and available funding alternatives are evaluated before investments are made. Five percent (5%) of income tax receipts are designated as an ongoing funding source for capital improvements. The City's plan for the future is to continue economic development activities to bring more businesses to the City providing additional income tax dollars. The hiring of new employees and filling of vacancies is also aligned with our strategic vision on the service level that best meet the needs of our citizens.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a responsibility to its citizens to carefully account for public funds, manage municipal finances wisely, and to plan for the provision of services desired by the public. Sound financial policies are necessary to carry out that responsibility. To that end, City Council adopted updated Debt, Cash Reserve, Investment and Depository and Budgeting and Financial Planning policies in the Spring of 2016. These policies provide a summary of significant financial and budgetary policies required by state law, the City Charter, City ordinances, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and administrative practices.

The polices are designed to: (1) provide conceptual standards for financial decision making; (2) enhance consistency in financial decisions; and (3) establish parameters for the Administration and Finance Department to use in directing day-to-day financial affairs of the City. The scope of the policies includes budgeting, financial reporting, auditing, internal controls, asset management, risk management, capital improvement program, debt management and financial performance targets.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City's primary revenue source is a local income tax on residents and on Grandview-based businesses and their employees working in the City. In May 2010, taxpayers approved a permanent increase in the income tax rate to 2.5% effective July 1, 2010. This rate change in conjunction with ongoing economic development effort is a strong step forward for the City.

Overall, the economy of Grandview Heights continued to grow throughout 2016 as the city and surrounding area within the city of Columbus remains a very strong market for commercial and residential development.

As it has been over the last few years, the city's economic development efforts center on the 100-acre redevelopment site now called GRANDVIEW YARD. A development agreement with the developer, Nationwide Realty Investors (NRI), was approved at the end of 2009. The agreement established a tax increment financing district and put in place other incentives that NRI needs to construct what was then planned to be two (2) million sq. ft. of retail, office, residential and entertainment space. City Officials welcomed the project as the development as planned was very consistent with the City's planning

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio

efforts that expressed a preference for higher density mixed use development in a neighborhood setting. In 2014, the City and NRI amended the agreement and the development plan so as to have Nationwide Insurance build a campus to accommodate 4,000 of its associates.

By the end of 2015 over \$100M of public infrastructure was in place. At the end of 2016, work began on two of the remaining planned offsite roadway improvements. The largest improvement is the widening of the railroad bridge on W. Third Avenue. This project is partially funded by a grant from the Ohio Public Works Commission. The other project will add more lanes onto the SR 315 off-ramp at Olentangy River Road.

On the private development side, nearly of all the 194,000 sq. ft. of first class office space in Grandview Yard is leased. The tenants include the Columbus offices of the Ernst & Young CPA firm and Northwestern Mutual Insurance Company, Willis of Ohio, Trinity Healthcare Architects, Ohio State Internal Medicine, FKP Architects and C. H. Robinson. Nationwide Insurance Company began moving into the first two of four buildings it is constructing in Grandview Yard. The two buildings total 500,000 sq. ft. and accommodate approximately 2,500 Nationwide associates. Nationwide Realty began construction of a parking garage for 1,550 cars in 2016. This garage will service the two additional office buildings being constructed for Nationwide Insurance Company. The two new office buildings were started in the fall of 2016 and add a total 265,000 sq. ft. to the company's office space. It is expected that an additional 1,500 Nationwide associates will begin moving into the new buildings.

In the fall of 2016, a 135 room Courtyard by Marriott hotel was opened along with an adjoining 12,000 sq. ft. conference center called the Grand Events Center. Part of the "bed tax" revenue generated by the new hotel is planned to be devoted to partially funding the renovation of the city's outdoor pool. The Marriott markets their facility to business travelers along with conference attendees. The 126 room Hyatt Place across the street continues to do well by attracting visitors from The Ohio State University.

Grandview Yard now has 440 apartment units available for lease. Renters are attracted to the mixed-use surroundings of Grandview Yard as well as the proximity to OSU and downtown Columbus. Construction began on another mixed-used apartment/retail building in 2016.

The sale of owner occupied residential units continues in a portion of Grandview Yard called Pullman Way. This project will have 20 single family units and 26 townhouse units for sale. Eight townhouses and five single family homes are now completed. Construction began on a project named 828 at the Yard. This project will offer 35 flat style condominium units.

The City also had economic development activity along Goodale Boulevard. A retention incentive agreement was struck with Bravo Brio Restaurant Group to keep the company and its 115 workers at 777 West Goodale Boulevard. A retention incentive agreement was also struck with Navigator Management Partners to keep it 121 associates at 1400 W. Goodale Boulevard. Joining Navigator Management in the building at 1400 Goodale Boulevard will be two new tenants. Zaner Bloser, an education publication company, brought 40 employees to the office space and plans to hire an additional 25 people. King Office Interiors will bring 61 people and plans to hire 10 to 19 additional associates. Both companies received an incentive to hire additional personnel.

Major Initiatives

In 2016, City Council acted on its desire to use the City's available bonding capacity and the current low interest rates to undertake major capital projects. The City confirmed its AAA bond rating with Standard & Poor's and in June issued \$6,630,000 in Various Purpose Bonds for street and sewer work. In addition, in November the City sold \$5,500,000 in Pool Construction Bonds that closed in January 2017.

As a result of the issuance of bonds, the city undertook an extensive street and utility improvement program in 2016. These projects included paving and water line improvements on Westwood, Elmwood, Broadview and Ashland Avenues. In addition, plans were prepared for a large city wide street improvement project that will repave and repair damaged curbs around the city. Burr Avenue was improved with a storm drainage system, a new sidewalk along the south side of the street and new paved surface. The city also completed a major project that improved Northwest Boulevard and W. First Avenue.

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio

This project was funded by a combination of a \$2M grant from the Ohio Public Works Commission, approximately \$1.4M in tax increment improvement funds and approximately of \$1.2M of city funds. As a note, the city of Columbus awarded a bid to widen the railroad bridge over West Third Avenue. This improvement will be partially funded by a \$5M grant from the Ohio Public Works Commission. This project will greatly aid traffic flow in and out of Grandview Yard. It will also provide needed pedestrian and bicycle amenities. Grandview Heights will participate in the project and undertake improvements to Edgehill Road/Bobcat Avenue and W. Third Avenue improvements.

In August, construction commenced on the total reconstruction of the Grandview Heights Community Pool. Corna-Kokosing Construction Company was retained to serve in the role of construction manager at risk. The project was bid in two phases to get the pool open by Memorial Day 2017. The design of the pool was influenced by residents who provided their ideas and preferences for pool facilities. The existing pool has reached the end of its life cycle and cannot be rehabilitated with any kind of cost effectiveness.

Destination Grandview, the city's convention and visitor's bureau hired Brian Cheek as its Director. Brian previously worked for Experience Columbus. He has hit the ground running and has already produced new promotional materials for distribution and has made many new contracts.

The Mayor's Traffic Advisory Group completed a report that was forwarded to city council. The report will be used to help develop policies and ideas that the city may use when dealing with issues related to vehicular and pedestrian safety, bike routes, excessive traffic on local streets, speeding and street aesthetics.

Grandview Yard is becoming the city's primary outdoor event location. The fifth annual DIGFEST was held on a closed portion of Yard Street. The very popular event brings in local wine, spirits and craft beer producers who bring their wares for sampling by attendees.

The twenty-third TOUR DE GRANDVIEW bike race attracted many people despite the rain. Visitors and residents enjoy the unique opportunity to watch a professional bike race through residential streets at night. Along with several house parties on the route, Destination Grandview, the Grandview Community Association and many volunteers put together a great street party to entertain the crowds.

Awards

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Grandview Heights for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This was the twelfth year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. To earn the Certificate of Achievement, the City publishes an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conformed to program standards and satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current 2016 report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

For the last five years the City was recognized by the Auditor of State and presented with the Award of Distinction for excellence in financial reporting and accountability. Less than 5% of the 5,600 state and local agencies audited, received this prestigious award.

Acknowledgment

The publication of this report demonstrates the professionalism of the City of Grandview Heights government as a whole. Preparation of this report was achieved through the cooperation of the Mayor, members of City Council, each department head and many of our other colleagues. We are grateful for their assistance. Finally, the preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the Finance Department staff.

Most importantly, we are grateful to the citizens of the City of Grandview Heights for the opportunity to serve them and provide valuable information on the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Director of Finance

Robert Dvoraczky



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Grandview Heights Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2016

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Ray E. DeGraw

President of Council Greta Kearns
Vice President of Council Chris Smith
Council Members Steve Gladman

Emily Keeler Anthony Panzera Stephen Papineau Steve Reynolds

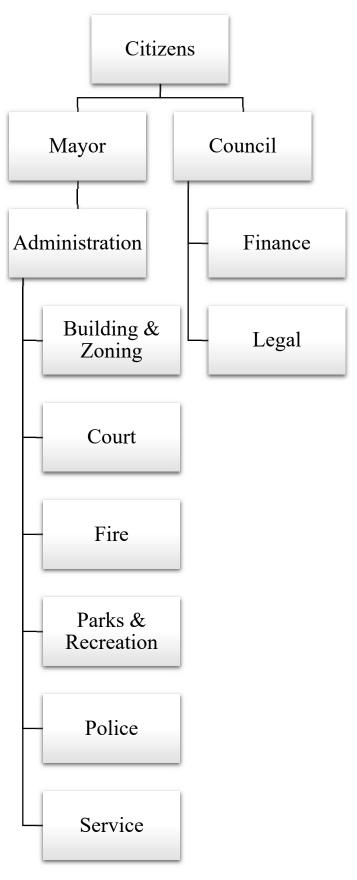
APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Director of Administration Patrick G. Bowman

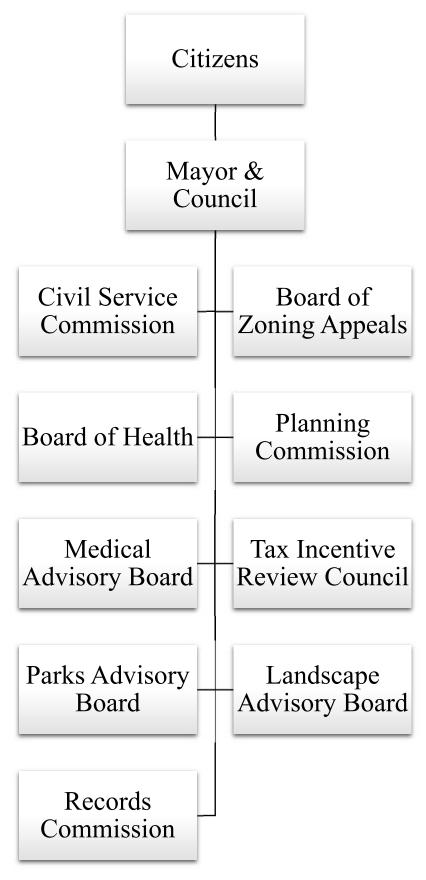
Director of Finance Robert J. Dvoraczky, CPA

City Attorney
Chief of Police
Thomas McCann
Fire Chief
Steven J. Shaner
Director of Building & Zoning
Director of Parks & Recreation
Director of Service
Director of Service
Joelle Khouzam
Thomas McCann
Steven J. Shaner
Charles Boshane
Sean M. Robey
Darryl Hughes

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS BOARDS AND COMMSSIONS





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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Grandview Heights Franklin County 1016 Grandview Avenue Grandview Heights, Ohio 43212

To the Members of City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grandview Heights, Franklin County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 www.ohioauditor.gov City of Grandview Heights Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grandview Heights, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, *required budgetary comparison schedules* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

City of Grandview Heights Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 26, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

May 26, 2017



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Grandview Heights's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements, transmittal letter and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2016 are as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$60.0 million (net position), an increase of approximately \$10.8 million in comparison with the prior year.
- General revenues accounted for approximately \$15.9 million, or 52.5 percent of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for the remaining 47.5 percent, or approximately \$14.4 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$13.7 million, a \$4.5 million increase in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, approximately \$6.9 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was approximately \$8.2 million, or 57.1 percent of general fund expenditures.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a transmittal letter, series of financial statements, notes to these statements and statistical section. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2016?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

Governmental activities - All of the City's programs and services are reported here including police, fire and rescue, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes, and intergovernmental revenues including federal and State grants and other shared revenues.

The City's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Street Maintenance and Repair Fund, Grandview Yard TIF Fund, and Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-32 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Both of the City's fiduciary funds are agency funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 33 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements start on page 35 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$60.0 million.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At year-end, capital assets represented approximately 74 percent of total assets. Capital assets include land, intangibles, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and furniture, vehicles and infrastructure. Net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2016, was approximately \$59.2 million. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a comparative summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

Net Position

	2016 Governmental Activities	2015 Governmental Activities
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 24,502,392	\$ 20,581,217
Capital assets, net	71,019,851	54,623,438
Total assets	\$ 95,522,243	\$ 75,204,655
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,724,891	1,397,505
Liabilities		
Current and other liabilities	4,654,089	5,089,271
Long-term liabilities:	, ,	, ,
Net pension liability	12,991,179	9,870,972
Other amounts	16,333,705	8,805,182
Total liabilities	33,978,973	23,765,425
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,285,733	3,614,724
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 59,226,779	\$ 45,824,665
Restricted	888,184	1,184,261
Unrestricted	(132,535)	2,213,085
Total net position	\$ 59,982,428	\$ 49,222,011
1		

Current and other assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in cash resulting from unspent bond proceeds.

Capital assets also increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase represents the amount in which capital asset additions, consisting mostly of development of the Grandview Yard, exceeded current year depreciation.

Deferred outflows of resources and the Net pension liability both increased significantly. These increases are primarily the result of lower than expected pension investment returns, as reported by the pension systems.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Other long-term liabilities also increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of the issuance of various purpose improvement bonds.

Deferred inflows of resources also increased significantly. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in payments in lieu of taxes related to the Grandview Yard.

Net investment in capital assets increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in capital assets related to Grandview Yard. \$888,184 of the City's net position, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Statement of Activities

The table below provides a comparative analysis of changes in net position for 2016 and 2015:

Change in Net Position

Revenues	2016	2015
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 2,094,370	\$ 2,404,496
Operating grants and contributions	2,772,332	2,716,723
Capital grants and contributions	9,548,864	17,078,593
Total program revenues	14,415,566	22,199,812
General revenues:		
Property and other taxes	2,676,704	2,555,709
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,549,253	1,376,394
Income taxes	10,101,743	8,547,388
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	1,230,747	1,124,193
Investment earnings	144,369	71,723
Insurance Recoveries	18,972	-
Miscellaneous	192,325	236,957
Total general revenues	15,914,113	13,912,364
Total revenues	30,329,679	36,112,176
<u>Expenses</u>		
General government	3,590,566	3,488,396
Security of persons and property	6,196,665	5,294,942
Public health and welfare	56,243	50,481
Transportation	1,616,389	1,762,866
Leisure time activities	1,500,914	1,368,524
Utility services	805,335	691,137
Economic development	5,467,462	5,088,365
Interest and fiscal charges	186,192	93,178
Bond issuance costs	149,496	-
Total expenses	19,569,262	17,837,889
Change in net position	10,760,417	18,274,287
Net position at beginning of year	49,222,011	30,947,724
Net position at end of year	\$ 59,982,428	\$ 49,222,011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Capital grants and contributions decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is the result of a decrease in contributions made to the City by the developer of the Grandview Yard.

Income taxes increased significantly compared to the prior year. This increase is the result of continued development of the Grandview Yard.

Security of persons and property also increased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in pension expense, as reported by the pension system.

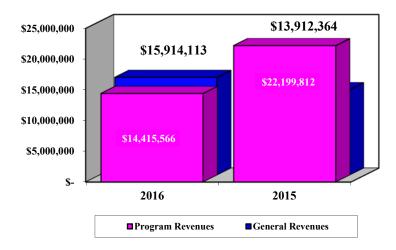
The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2016 and 2015. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. As can be seen in the graph below, the City is highly dependent upon property and income taxes as well as unrestricted grants and entitlements to support its governmental activities.

	T	Total Cost of		Net Cost of		Total Cost of		Net Cost of						
		Services		Services		Services		Services						
Program expenses		2016	2016		2015			2015						
General government	\$	3,590,566	\$	2,893,730	\$	3,488,396	\$	2,319,813						
Security of persons and property		6,196,665		5,665,143		5,294,942		4,731,043						
Public health and welfare		56,243		(111,031)		50,481		(143,193)						
Transportation		1,616,389		(8,294,099)		1,762,866		(14,006,530)						
Leisure time activity		1,500,914		1,215,338		1,368,524		1,077,754						
Utility services		805,335		409,317		691,137		495,000						
Economic development		5,467,462		3,039,610		5,088,365		1,071,012						
Interest and fiscal charges		186,192		186,192		186,192		186,192 186,		186,192		93,178		93,178
Bond issuance costs		149,496		149,496		-		-						
Total program expenses	\$	19,569,262	\$	5,153,696	\$	17,837,889	\$	(4,361,923)						
		, ,=	_	-,,0>0	_	,	_	(.,= : 1,> ==)						

The total cost of services for public health and welfare and transportation were covered by program revenues. However, the program revenues related to security of persons and property only covered 8.6 percent of the total costs. The expenses for security of persons and property account for 31.7 percent of total expense in 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



General revenues accounted for approximately \$15.9 million, or 52.5 percent of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for the remaining 47.5 percent, or approximately \$14.4 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13.7 million, a \$4.5 million increase in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, approximately \$10.4 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Balance 12/31/2016		Fund Balance 12/31/2015		(Increase (Decrease)
General	\$	8,986,378	\$	9,356,127	\$	(369,749)
Street Maintenance and Repair		3,843,553		(653,985)		4,497,538
Grandview Yard TIF		16,735		11,421		5,314
Parks and Recreation Improvement		(1,017,489)		407,796		(1,425,285)
Other Governmental		1,886,281		132,486		1,753,795
Total	\$	13,715,458	\$	9,253,845	\$	4,461,613

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was approximately \$8.2 million, or 57.1 percent of general fund expenditures.

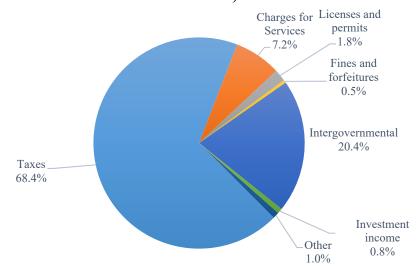
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund:

Revenues	2016 Amount	2015 Amount
Taxes	\$ 12,204,892	\$ 10,555,339
Charges for services	1,281,139	1,184,959
Licenses and permits	323,628	749,548
Fines and forfeitures	80,375	76,028
Intergovernmental	3,648,128	3,247,098
Investment income	140,855	74,812
Contributions and donations	480	2,570
Other	172,766	185,858
Total revenues - general fund	\$ 17,852,263	\$ 16,076,212

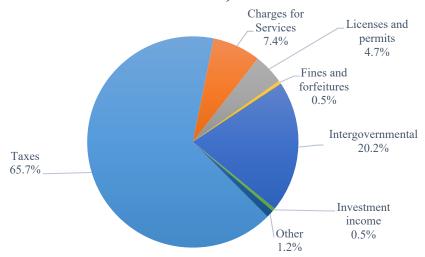
Tax revenue represents 68.4 percent of all general fund revenue. Taxes increased significantly due to an increase in income taxes received during the year. All other revenues remained relatively consistent with the prior year.

Revenues December 31, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Revenues December 31, 2015

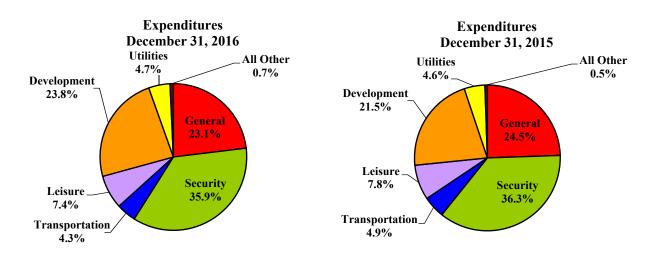


The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund:

		2016		2015			
<u>Expenditures</u>		Amount	Amount				
Ganaral gavarament	\$	3,309,205	\$	3,267,251			
General government	Ф	· · · · ·	Ф				
Security of persons and property		5,146,048		4,843,853			
Public health and welfare		56,243		48,991			
Transportation		622,126		648,181			
Leisure time activities		1,066,356		1,036,786			
Economic development		3,411,539		2,868,491			
Utility services		675,491		613,213			
Capital outlay		50,601		23,525			
Total expenditures - general fund	\$	14,337,609	\$	13,350,291			
		·					

General government and security of persons and property expenditures account for approximately \$8.5 million, or 59.0 percent, of total expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)



The Street Maintenance and Repair Fund accounts for intergovernmental receipts and disbursements relating to maintenance and repair of the City's infrastructure. At year-end, fund balance in the Street Maintenance and Repair Fund was approximately \$3.8 million, an increase of approximately \$4.5 million. This increase primarily represents the amount in which bond proceeds and transfers in exceeded capital outlays.

The Grandview Yard TIF Fund was established in 2012 to account for all receipts and disbursements of assigned service and income tax payments in accordance with the Grandview Yard Development Agreement. At year-end, fund balance in the Grandview Yard TIF Fund was \$16,735, an increase of \$5,314. This increase represents the amount in which income taxes and payments in lieu of taxes exceeded economic development expenditures.

The Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund accounts for monies received for improvements to parks and recreational facilities. At year-end, fund balance in the Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund was approximately negative \$1.0 million, a decrease of approximately \$1.4 million in comparison with the prior year end. This decrease represents the amount in which construction-related and debt service expenditures exceeded property taxes and related receipts and transfer in from the general fund.

The fund balance of the City's Other Governmental Funds increased approximately \$1.8 million during the year. This increase is primarily the result of grant and loan proceeds and transfers in from the general fund.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations, which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity, then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The most significant fund which budgetary information is presented for is the general fund. The original budgetary revenues and other financing sources of \$13,119,676 were \$213,750 more than the final budgeted revenues of \$12,905,926. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$14,422,092 were \$1,516,166 more than final budgeted revenues and other financing sources. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$19,438,777 came in \$865,083 lower than the final budgeted amounts of \$20,303,860. The total variance is fairly evenly divided between budget categories and reflects the effects of the administration's expense control measures. The final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses increased \$6.5 million from the original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses during the year.

Capital Assets

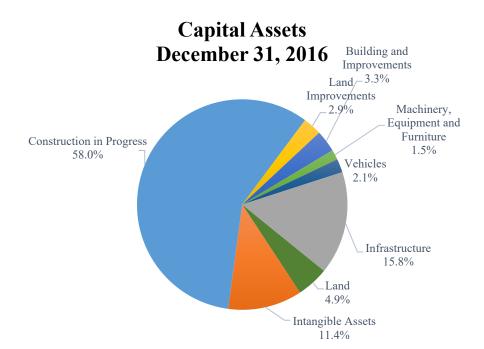
At the end of 2016, the City had approximately \$71.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, intangibles, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and furniture, vehicles, and infrastructure, an increase of approximately \$16.4 million in comparison with the prior year. This increase represents the amount in which capital outlays and contributions, totaling approximately \$17.7 million, exceeded net disposals of \$97,895 and depreciation expense of \$1.2 million. The following table shows December 31, 2016 balances compared to December 31, 2015:

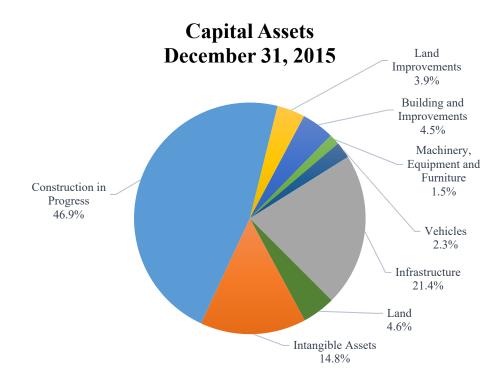
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at December 31

	Governmental Activities					
	2016	2015				
Land	\$ 3,504,684	\$ 2,537,052				
Intangible Assets	8,081,023	8,081,023				
Construction in Progress	41,213,554	25,628,198				
Land improvements	2,027,525	2,133,801				
Buildings and improvements	2,373,667	2,482,303				
Machinery, equipment and furniture	1,100,050	809,193				
Vehicles	1,481,728	1,256,040				
Infrastructure	11,237,620	11,695,828				
Total capital assets - governmental	\$ 71,019,851	\$ 54,623,438				

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, by category at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. See Note 12 in the notes to the financial statements for more detail on the City's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)





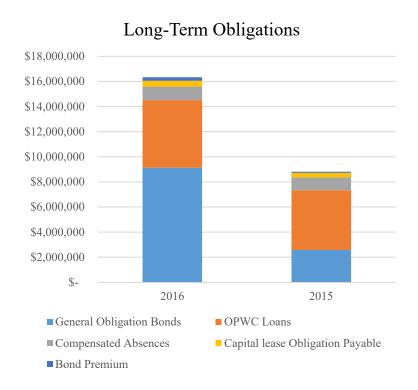
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

2016		2015
\$ 5,384,756	\$	4,760,426
9,125,000		2,575,000
281,694		90,349
460,929		361,358
 1,081,326		1,018,049
\$ 16,333,705	\$	8,805,182
\$	\$ 5,384,756 9,125,000 281,694 460,929 1,081,326	\$ 5,384,756 \$ 9,125,000 281,694 460,929 1,081,326

A comparison of the long-term obligations at December 31, 2016 versus December 31, 2015 by category is depicted in the chart below. See Note 14 in the notes to the financial statements for more detail on the City's long-term obligations.



Economic Conditions and Outlook

The City's primary revenue source is a local income tax on residents and on Grandview-based businesses and their employees working in the City. In May 2010, taxpayers approved a permanent increase in the income tax rate to 2.5% effective July 1, 2010. This rate change in conjunction with ongoing economic development effort is a strong step forward for the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

As reported over the last few years, the city has focused its economic development efforts on the 100-acre redevelopment called GRANDVIEW YARD. A development agreement with the developer, Nationwide Realty Investors (NRI), was approved at the end of 2009. The agreement established a tax increment financing district and put in place other economic development incentives. At the time, NRI agreed to construct what was then planned to be two (2) million sq. ft. of retail, office and entertainment space. At the time, the development was also planned to contain 800 residential units. City Officials welcomed the project as the development as planned was very consistent with the City's planning efforts that expressed a preference for higher density mixed use development in a neighborhood setting.

Over the first half of 2014 the city of Grandview Heights and NRI renegotiated a new development agreement. In 2014 Nationwide Insurance Company announced that it was consolidating a number of offices and would bring approximately 3,000 associates to a new campus to be constructed in Grandview Yard. The campus as planned will have 550,000 sq. ft. of offices within three (3) new buildings. To incentivize the prospect, the city pledged both the use of TIF Funds and a projected amount of income tax revenue generated by the project toward paying off the Urban Renewal Bond. This bond was taken out to fund the public improvements for the project. The number of potential residential units was also increased from 800 units to 1,450 units.

Prior to approving the new agreement, the city retained TishlerBise Consultants to prepare a detailed fiscal impact analysis of the new plan. The consultants compared the city's projected service and capital impact with the projected property and income tax revenue stream. The study concluded that the project is more than fiscally sustainable and will provide the city with a revenue stream that may be used to maintain and improve the entire city.

As of the end of 2016, construction was complete on 500,000 square feet of office space for the Nationwide Insurance campus, 194,000 square feet of first class office for lease, 440 residential units, 261 hotel rooms, 10,000 square foot event center, four parking garages with a total of 3,500 parking spots and a 16,000 square foot Hofbrauhaus restaurant. Under construction was a mixed use apartment/retail building, an additional parking garage, single family homes and condominiums. Tenants of Grandview Yard include Nationwide Insurance, Ernst & Young CPAs, Northwestern Mutual, OSU Internal Medicine & Pediatrics, and Willis of Ohio.

Beyond Grandview Yard, the city had other economic development activity along Goodale Boulevard. Incentive agreements were entered with four different businesses during 2016. Two were retention agreements that include expansion of current operations.

Businesses tout the access to highway systems (Interstate 670 and State Route 315) along with the proximity to downtown Columbus and The Ohio State University as draws to city. Not only are businesses drawn to the city, property values continue to increase year over year creating a lucrative housing market in the city. The city's historic downtown remains vibrant and attracting new restaurants.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information please contact Mr. Robert Dvoraczky, Director of Finance, City of Grandview Heights, 1016 Grandview Avenue, Grandview Heights, Ohio 43212.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in pooled each and investments	\$ 15,670,857
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$ 15,670,857
Income taxes	2,242,669
Property and other taxes	2,410,593
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,012,254
Accounts	100,892
Accrued interest	18,776
Intergovernmental	811,131
Prepayments	205,797
Materials and supplies inventory	27,160
Net Pension Asset	2,263
Capital assets	_,
Non-depreciable	52,799,261
Depreciable	18,220,590
Total assets	95,522,243
10.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	3,724,891
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,724,891
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	3,708,985
Accrued wages and benefits	235,999
Due to other governments	36,812
Pension obligation payable	116,580
Retainage payable	528,816
Accrued interest payable	26,897
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	953,824
Due in more than one year	
Other amounts due in more than one year	15,379,881
Net pension liability	12,991,179
Total liabilities	33,978,973
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property and other local taxes	2,180,462
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,012,254
Pension	93,017
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,285,733
77 - 79 - M	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	59,226,779
Restricted for:	- 14 4 CO
Capital projects	541,468
Debt service	23,761
Street construction, maintenance and repairs	140,594
Fire/EMS	12,288
Parks and recreation	101,429
Court computer	23,141
Law enforcement	33,100
Other purposes	12,403
Unrestricted	(132,535)
Total net position	\$ 59,982,428

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Reve Cha	Expense) enue and anges in Position
Governmental activities: General government Security of persons and property Public health and welfare Transportation Leisure time activities Utility services Economic development Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs		3,590,566 6,196,665 56,243 1,616,389 1,500,914 805,335 5,467,462 186,192 149,496	\$	685,889 511,366 167,274 55,758 274,837 396,018 3,228	\$	10,947 20,156 - 305,866 10,739 - 2,424,624	\$	9,548,864	(5)	2,893,730) 5,665,143) 111,031 3,294,099 1,215,338) (409,317) 3,039,610) (186,192) (149,496)
Total governmental activities	\$	19,569,262	\$	2,094,370	\$	2,772,332	\$	9,548,864	(3	5,153,696)
				ral Revenues: perty taxes levie	d for					
			-	eneral purposes	u 101.				2	2,216,658
				lice and fire per	nsion				_	144,954
				rks and recreation		rovements				60,397
				el and motel tax	•	10 (011101110				254,695
				ments in lieu of					1	1,549,253
			-	me taxes for:						, ,
				neral purposes					9	9,596,666
				pital improvem	ents					505,077
			Unre	estricted grants	and ent	titlements			1	1,230,747
			Inve	stment income						144,369
			Insu	rance recoverie	s					18,972
			Miso	cellaneous						192,325
			Total	general revenue	es				15	5,914,113
			Chang	ge in net positio	n				10),760,417
			Net p	osition at begin	ning of	year			49	9,222,011
			Net p	osition at end o	f year				\$ 59	9,982,428

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

		General Fund	Street Maintenance and Repair Fund		faintenance and Yard TIF		Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund	
Assets:	Ф	4.006.040	Ф	5 522 400	Ф	16 525	Ф	2 252 126
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	4,826,948	\$	5,523,488	\$	16,735	\$	3,252,136
Receivables (net of allowances): Income taxes		2,130,536						
Property and other taxes		2,176,966		_		_		77,911
Payments in lieu of taxes		2,170,900		-		3,012,254		77,911
Accounts		55,831				3,012,234		
Accrued interest		18,776				_		
Intergovernmental		261,109		108,441		_		3,600
Interfund loans		3,543,478		100,111		_		5,000
Prepayments		205,797		_		_		_
Materials and supplies inventory		-		27,160		_		_
Total assets	\$	13,219,441	\$	5,659,089	\$	3,028,989	\$	3,333,647
T taktitataa								
Liabilities:	ď	1 164 206	¢.	1 504 749	¢		¢.	£79.071
Accounts payable	\$	1,164,286	\$	1,504,748	\$	-	\$	578,971
Accrued wages and benefits		235,999		-		-		-
Due to other governments		26,703		-		-		2 5 4 2 4 7 0
Interfund loans payable		116.500		-		-		3,543,478
Pension obligation payable		116,580		242.572		-		1.67.002
Retainage payable		1.542.560		242,573		-		167,083
Total liabilities		1,543,568		1,747,321		-		4,289,532
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property and other local taxes		1,988,851		-		-		56,357
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		3,012,254		-
Unavailable revenue		700,644		68,215		-		5,247
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,689,495		68,215		3,012,254		61,604
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		_		27,160		_		_
Prepaids		205,797		27,100		_		_
Unclaimed funds		514		_		_		_
Restricted:		311						
Debt Service		_		_		16,735		_
Street construction, maintenance and repairs		_		3,816,393		-		_
Fire/EMS		_		-		_		_
Parks and recreation		_		_		_		_
Court computer		_		_		_		_
Law enforcement		_		_		_		_
Other purposes		_		_		_		_
Committed:								
Capital projects		_		_		_		_
Accrued leave payments		88,368		_		_		_
Assigned:		,						
Community events		822		_		_		_
General government		243,062		_		_		_
Security of Persons and Property		14,796		_		_		_
Transportation		199,433		_		_		-
Leisure Time Activities		18,437		_		_		_
Utility Services		4,565		_		_		_
Capital Outlay		23,378		_		_		_
Unassigned		8,187,206		_		_		(1,017,489)
Total fund balances	-	8,986,378		3,843,553		16,735		(1,017,489)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		0,200,270		2,0.3,000		10,733		(1,017,107)
resources, and fund balances	\$	13,219,441	\$	5,659,089	\$	3,028,989	\$	3,333,647
	-		. ~					

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	2,051,550	\$	15,670,857
	112,133 155,716		2,242,669 2,410,593 3,012,254
	45,061		100,892 18,776
	437,981		811,131 3,543,478 205,797
\$	2,802,441	\$	27,160 28,043,607
Ψ	2,002,111	Ψ	20,013,007
\$	460,980	\$	3,708,985 235,999
	10,109		36,812 3,543,478
	-		116,580
	119,160		528,816
	590,249		8,170,670
	135,254		2,180,462
	-		3,012,254
	190,657		964,763
	325,911		6,157,479
	_		27,160
	-		205,797
	-		514
	7,026 135,077		23,761 3,951,470
	6,012		6,012
	70,174		70,174
	23,141		23,141
	26,824 43,658		26,824 43,658
	1,838,582		1,838,582
	-		88,368
	-		822
	-		243,062
	-		14,796 199 433
	-		199,433 18,437
	-		4,565
			23,378
	(264,213)		6,905,504
	1,886,281		13,715,458
\$	2,802,441	\$	28,043,607

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



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RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2016

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 13,715,458
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different due to the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	71 010 0 7 1
therefore are not reported in the funds.	71,019,851
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Income taxes receivable	420,345
Property taxes receivable	63,717
Intergovernmental receivable	443,239
Accounts receivable - ambulance	28,920
Accounts receivable	2,976
Interest receivable	5,566
In the statement of activities interest is accrued on outstanding loans payable,	
whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.	(26,897)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore,	
the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:	
Deferred outflows - pension	3,724,891
Deferred inflows - pension	(93,017)
Net pension asset	2,263
Net pension liability	(12,991,179)
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated absences payable	(1,081,326)
General obligation debt	(14,791,450)
Capital leases payable	(460,929)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 59,982,428

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 General Fund	Street Maintenance and Repair Fund	Grandview Yard TIF Fund	Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund
Revenues:				
Municipal income taxes	\$ 9,983,620	\$ -	\$ 469,160	\$ -
Property and other taxes	2,221,272	-	-	230,326
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	-	1,549,253	-
Charges for services	1,281,139	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	323,628	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	80,375	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	3,648,128	267,970	-	7,222
Investment income	140,855	17,824	-	-
Contributions and donations	480	-	-	-
Other	 172,766			. <u>-</u>
Total revenues	 17,852,263	285,794	2,018,413	237,548
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	3,309,205	-	-	-
Security of persons and property	5,146,048	-	=	-
Public health and welfare	56,243	-	=	-
Transportation	622,126	328,499	-	-
Leisure time activities	1,066,356	-	-	292,281
Utility services	675,491	-	-	-
Economic development	3,411,539	-	2,010,889	-
Capital outlay	50,601	3,801,257	2,210	2,202,777
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	58,500	-	80,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	15,117	-	75,275
Bond issuance costs	 	149,496		- <u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 14,337,609	4,352,869	2,013,099	2,650,333
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,514,654	(4,067,075)	5,314	(2,412,785)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of capital assets	4,950	-	-	-
Issuance of loan	-	-	-	-
Insurance recoveries	18,972	=	-	-
Proceeds from inception of capital lease	-	-	-	-
Issuance of bond	-	6,630,000	-	-
Premium on bond issuance	-	149,496	-	-
Transfers in	-	1,785,117	-	987,500
Transfers out	(3,908,325)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,884,403)	8,564,613	-	987,500
Net change in fund balances	(369,749)	4,497,538	5,314	(1,425,285)
Fund balance at beginning of year	 9,356,127	(653,985)	11,421	407,796
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 8,986,378	\$ 3,843,553	\$ 16,735	\$ (1,017,489)

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 550,146	\$ 11,002,926
230,170	2,681,768
-	1,549,253
383,869	1,665,008
-	323,628
8,039	88,414
3,511,572	7,434,892
436	159,115
9,457	9,937
10,558	183,324
4,704,247	25,098,265
138,097	3,447,302
161,798	5,307,846
101,/96	56,243
44 790	995,405
44,780	,
7,813 31,274	1,366,450 706,765
31,274	5,422,428
4,451,361	10,508,206
4,431,301	10,308,200
227,361	365,861
87,287	177,679
	149,496
5,149,771	28,503,681
(445,524)	(3,405,416)
8,235	13,185
775,744	775,744
	18,972
234,018	234,018
	6,630,000
45,614	195,110
1,135,708	3,908,325
-,,. •	(3,908,325)
2,199,319	7,867,029
1,753,795	4,461,613
132,486	9,253,845
\$ 1,886,281	\$ 13,715,458
- 1,000,201	2 15,715,150

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	

Capital outlays 10,768,625 Depreciation expense (1,187,994)

The effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to increase net position.

Loss on disposal (94,895) Contributions and donations 6,910,677

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

useful lives as depreciation expense.

(1,711,420)

4.461.613

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

1,008,278

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.

(1,853,666)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Repayment of debt	365,861
Issuance of loan	(775,744)
Inception of capital lease	(234,018)
Issuance of bond	(6,630,000)
Bond premium	(195,110)

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Amortization of premium on bonds 3,765

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated absences (63,277) Accrued interest (12,278)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 10,760,417

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 Agency Funds
Assets Cash in segregated accounts Income taxes receivable	\$ 132,827 755,025
Total assets	\$ 887,852
Liabilities Due to others	\$ 887,852
Total liabilities	\$ 887,852



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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Grandview Heights, Franklin County, Ohio, (the "City") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The City is a home rule municipal corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio that operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a mayor-council-administrator form of government, was adopted by the electorate March 7, 2000 and became effective July 1, 2000. It replaced the original Charter, which was adopted by the electorate July 28, 1931 and became effective January 1, 1932. The City provides the following services to its residents: public safety, public service, parks and recreation, and building and zoning. The City is also responsible for the construction, maintenance and repairs associated with the water and sewer lines, while the City of Columbus provides water and sewer treatment services. City Council and the Mayor have direct responsibility for these activities.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

(a) Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City's basic financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's Governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the City. The City may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected Governing Board, a Governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, the City has no component units.

The City provides various services including police and fire protection, emergency medical, recreation (including parks), planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, trash removal, and general administrative services. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Council through the budgetary process. None of these services are provided by a legally separate organization; therefore, these operations are included in the primary government. Additionally, the Grandview Heights Mayor's Court and the Clinton-Grandview Heights Joint Economic Development Zone (JEDZ) have been included in the City's financial statements as agency funds. The Mayor is an elected City official who has a fiduciary responsibility for the collection and distribution of court fees and fines, and the City Finance Director is the fiscal agent for the Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the following organizations have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Franklin County General Health District: The Franklin County General Health District (the "District") provides health services to citizens within the County, including the City. The Board of Health, with representatives from throughout the County, oversees the operation of the District. The City contributed \$51,437 during 2016 for the operation of the District. The City does not have any financial interest in or responsibility for the District. The County Commissioners serve as the taxing authority and the County Auditor and Treasurer serve as fiscal officers.

Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission: The Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC) provides innovative solutions to 48 local governments. The City contributed \$3,567 to MORPC during 2016. The City does not have any financial interest in or responsibility for the Commission. The Board of MORPC is made up of representatives from its participating governments. The City had a council member serve on the Board in 2016.

Clinton-Grandview Heights Joint Economic Development Zone: The City and Clinton Township (Township) entered into a Contract to establish the Clinton- Grandview Heights Joint Economic Development Zone (JEDZ) to facilitate new and expanded growth for commercial and economic development in the State. The agreement became effective March 17, 2014, and will terminate on December 31, 2043, with an automatic renewal to terminate simultaneously with the JEDZ Contract if the JEDZ Contract is renewed by the Township and the City. The JEDZ is administered by a six-member Board consisting of three members appointed by the City and three members appointed by the Township for a term of two years. The JEDZ may sue and be sued, and has the power to enter into contracts for the provision of services within the JEDZ. The Board is allocated 2 percent of the net revenues for services and obligations each calendar year. The Board has entered into an Income Tax Agreement with the City to administer and collect the income tax on behalf of the JEDZ (see Note 9 for detail). Upon the termination or nonrenewal of this Contract, the JEDZ Board shall continue to exist for the sole purpose of winding up the business affairs of the JEDZ, collecting outstanding JEDZ income tax, and liquidating any property and assets of the JEDZ. Upon dissolution, funds and assets remaining will be divided 80 percent to the City and 20 percent to the Township.

(b) Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or drawn from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

(c) Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City has two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Grandview Yard Tax Increment Equivalent (TIF) Fund - This fund accounts for all receipts and disbursements of assigned service and payments in lieu of taxes in accordance with the Grandview Yard Development Agreement.

Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for monies received for improvements to parks and recreational facilities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (b) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; and (c) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds used to account for the Mayor's Court and the Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ.

(d) Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

(e) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unavailable revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 8). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits and charges for services.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pensions. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 18.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2016, but which were levied to finance year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, grants and entitlements, and other revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (See Note 18).

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. For all funds, Council appropriations are made at the object level within each department. This is known as the legal level of budgetary control. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of budgetary control. All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated.

Tax Budget - Alternative tax budget information of estimated revenue and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the Franklin County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources.

The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include encumbrances and cash balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if the City Director of Finance determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2016.

Appropriations - A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the object level. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The appropriations for a fund may only be modified during the year by an ordinance of Council. The amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the original and final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications legally enacted by Council.

Lapsing of Appropriations - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbrances are carried forward and are not reappropriated as part of the subsequent year appropriations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Cash and Investments

Except for cash in segregated accounts, cash balances of the City's funds are pooled and invested in investments maturing within five years in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

During 2016, investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, STAR Ohio and money market funds. Negotiable certificates of deposit and federal agency securities are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Money market accounts are reported at cost.

During fiscal year 2016, the City invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2016, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund, street construction maintenance and repair fund, and non-major special revenue funds during 2016 amounted to \$140,855, \$17,824, and \$436, respectively.

The City has segregated bank accounts for the Mayor's Court and the Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest-bearing depository accounts are presented in the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City treasury. For purpose of presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. An analysis of the City's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Capital Assets

These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for land improvements, \$10,000 for buildings and improvements, \$2,500 for equipment and vehicles and \$15,000 for infrastructure. The City has determined all land will be capitalized regardless of the dollar amount. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, intangibles, and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method in the governmental activities over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	15 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 15 years
Infrastructure	20 - 75 years

(i) Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as liabilities as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at December 31, 2016 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as, the sick leave accumulated by those employees expected to become eligible to receive termination (severance) benefits in the future.

The total liability for vacation, compensatory time and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by city ordinance and/or policy, plus applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

(k) Inventories of Materials and Supplies

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

In the governmental funds, inventories are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account to indicate that they do not constitute available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

(1) Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2016, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

(m) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the statement of activities.

(n) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting* became effective for years beginning after June 15, 2010. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

In accordance with this guidance, the City classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The City may use the following categories:

Nonspendable - resources that are not in a spendable form (inventory, prepaids, and advances) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact (unclaimed funds).

Restricted - resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed - resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City's highest level of decision-making authority (City Council).

Assigned - resources that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This includes the residual balance of all governmental funds other than the General Fund that were not classified elsewhere above. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council.

Unassigned - residual fund balance within the General Fund not classified elsewhere above and all other governmental fund balances which have a negative fund balance.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance/net position are available. The City considers committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

(p) Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(q) Contributed Capital

Contributions of capital arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. Capital contributions are reported as program revenue in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items or transactions of events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City administration and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The City had no extraordinary or special items during the fiscal year.

(s) Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The net position restricted for other purposes primarily represents monies restricted for the Grandview Center improvements.

The City applies restricted resources first, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds had a deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2016:

Governmental Fund	Deficit
Major fund	
Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund	\$ (1,017,489)
Nonmajor funds	
Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 7 Fund	\$ (141,827)
Grandview Yard Infrastructure Fund	(3,226)
Northwest and First Improvement Fund	(119,160)

These funds complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. The deficit fund balance in these funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is responsible for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days:
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in (1) Bonds of the State of Ohio; (2) Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of this state, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons; and, (3) Obligations of the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Director of Finance by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Director of Finance, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

(a) Cash on Hand

At year end, the City had \$1,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the City as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

(b) Cash in Segregated Accounts

At year end, the City had \$2,150 and \$130,677 deposited with financial institutions for monies related to the Mayor's Court and the Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ, respectively, which are reported as agency funds. This amount was covered by the FDIC and is included in the City's depository balance detailed in Note 4.C.

(c) Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2016, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$7,113,372 and the bank balance was \$7,529,679. FDIC covered \$387,332 of the bank balance. In addition, as noted above, the City held \$1,000 in petty cash at year-end.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(d) Investments

As of December 31, 2016, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
		1 year	1 to 3	Greater than		
Investment Type	Amount	or less	years	3 years		
Negotiable CD's	\$ 5,185,239	\$ 1,224,051	\$ 1,996,405	\$ 1,964,783		
GNMA	103	-	-	103		
STAR Ohio	3,503,970	3,503,970	-	-		
Total	\$ 8,689,312	\$ 4,728,021	\$ 1,996,405	\$ 1,964,886		

The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. The City measures all other investments at fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the City's investments reported at fair value are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the City's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The City's investments in negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated. The City's investment in federal agency securities is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The City's investment in STAR Ohio is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Finance Director or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2016:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investment Type	Amount		Amount		% of Total
Negotiable CD's	\$	5,185,239	59.67%		
GNMA	Ψ	103	0.00%		
STAR Ohio		3,503,970	40.33%		
Total	\$	8,689,312	100%		

(e) Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2016:

Cash and Investments Per Note		
Carrying Amount of Deposits	\$	7,113,372
Investments		8,689,312
Cash on Hand		1,000
Total	\$	15,803,684
Cash and Investments Per Statements of	f Net	Position
Cash and Investments Per Statements of Governmental Activities	f Net	Position 15,670,857

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

(a) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at December 31, 2016 as reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Fund		Beginning New Advances		Advance Repayments		Ending Balance	
General	\$	111,000	\$ 3,543,478	\$	(111,000)	\$ 3,543,478	
Street Construction, Maintenance					, , ,		
and Repair		(107,500)	-		107,500	-	
Fire/EMS Grant		(3,500)	-		3,500	-	
Parks and Recreation		-	(3,543,478)		-	(3,543,478)	

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by December 31. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

The interfund balance is expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2016 consisted of income taxes, real and other taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2016.

A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental Activities:

Income taxes	\$ 2,242,669
Property and other local taxes	2,410,593
Payment in lieu of taxes	3,012,254
Accounts	100,892
Accrued Interest	18,776
Intergovernmental	811,131

Receivables have been separately identified on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. 2016 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2015, are levied after October 1, 2016, and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2016 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by unavailable revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2016 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by unavailable revenue since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$10.15 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2016 property tax receipts were \$258,901,580 and \$9,945,590, respectively.

NOTE 8 – LOCAL INCOME TAXES

The City's primary revenue source is a local income tax on residents and on Grandview-based businesses and their employees working in the City. Residents voted in May 2005 to approve a temporary increase in the City's income tax rate from 2.0% to 2.5%. The temporary tax increase began to sunset in 2009 as voted, and a 2.25% rate was in effect for calendar year 2009. In May 2010, taxpayers voted to increase the income tax rate to 2.5% as of July 1, 2010. This rate change in conjunction with ongoing economic development effort is a strong step forward for the City. Residents of the City are granted a credit of 100% for taxes paid to other municipalities, not to exceed a maximum of 2.25% of earnings.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a final return annually. The Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) administers and collects income taxes for the City. Payments, net of a 3% collection fee, are remitted monthly for tax revenues received by RITA in the prior month.

Income tax revenue is credited to the General fund, Grandview Yard TIF fund, and General Improvement fund and totaled \$9,983,620, \$469,160, and \$550,146 in 2016, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 9 – JOINT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONE REVENUES

The City receives intergovernmental revenue from the Clinton-Grandview Height Joint Economic Development Zone (JEDZ). The Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ has adopted a current income tax rate of 2.5 percent, which is equal to the rate being levied by the City. The Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ is required to pay RITA a collection fee equal to 3% of gross revenues and the City an administration and collection fee equal to 2% of gross revenues. In addition, the Clinton-Grandview Heights JEDZ agrees to reimburse the City for any reasonable and necessary costs. The remaining net revenues will be allocated as follows: 10 percent to the Township and 90 percent to the City. The 90 percent allocated to the City will be allocated as follows: 77.78 percent to the Township and 22.22 percent to the City.

Administration and collection fees received by the City during the year totaled \$73,062 and intergovernmental revenue credited to the City's General Fund totaled \$3,117,285, of which \$2,424,624 was expended to Clinton Township.

NOTE 10 - GRANDVIEW YARD FINANCING AND DEVELOPMENT

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District for the Grandview Yard site. A TIF District represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF District are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owners of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT)", as though the TIF District had not been established.

These "PILOTS" are then dedicated to the payments for various public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF District. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF District continue to be subjected to property taxes.

The TIF District has a longevity of the shorter period of 30 years or until the public improvements are paid for. The property tax exemption then ceases; PILOT's cease and property taxes then apply to the increased property values. In exchange for approving this tax exemption, the City entered into an agreement with the Grandview Heights City School District to compensate for a portion of lost property tax revenue. These payments are to be made from the service payments received in lieu of property taxes.

On December 1, 2009, the City entered into a Cooperative Agreement with the Columbus-Franklin County Finance Authority (the "Issuer") and NRI Equity Land Investments, LLC (the "Developer"), to finance and develop the Grandview Yard. Pursuant to the Cooperative Agreement, as amended, the Issuer has agreed to issue bonds up to an amount not to exceed \$145 million to finance costs of the public improvements and has appointed the Developer as its construction agent for the construction of the improvements. The public improvements generally consist of:

- 1. The construction of one or more surface parking lots or parking structures and related improvements, together with all appurtenances thereto;
- 2. The construction, reconstruction, extension, opening, improving, widening, grading, draining, curbing or changing of the lines and traffic patterns of roads, highways, streets, railways, bridges (including roadway, railway and pedestrian), existing roadways adjacent to and providing ingress and egress to the TIF Site or to the Grandview Yard Site, sidewalks, bikeways, medians and viaducts and providing lighting systems along with all other appurtenances therefore;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 10 – GRANDVIEW YARD FINANCING AND DEVELOPMENT (Continued)

- 3. The construction or reconstruction of one or more public green spaces, including grading, trees, plantings, park accessories and related improvements, together with all appurtenances thereto;
- 4. The construction or installation of streetscape improvements including trees, tree grates, curbs, sidewalks, street and sidewalk lighting, trash receptacles, benches, newspaper racks, burial of overhead utility lines and related improvements, together with all appurtenances, thereto; design and traffic studies preliminary to the foregoing;
- 5. Designing, engineering, constructing, and improving the new infrastructure for electric, gas, telephone, and cable services, including aid to construction fees for gas, aid to construction fees for electric, with related site improvements and appurtenances thereto; and
- 6. The acquisition of real estate or interests in real estate, including right-of-ways, necessary to accomplish the improvements enumerated in numbers 2 through 5, above.

Cost estimates for these public improvements are as follows:

	Cost Estimate	
Public improvements within the Grandview Yard Site	\$	48,000,000
Public improvements - offsite		31,000,000
Parking structures		62,500,000
Right-of-way acquisition		12,500,000
Green space and other public improvements		4,000,000
Total public improvements	\$	158,000,000

The estimated costs, above, include approximately \$14.8 million in public improvements related to a Tax Increment Financing District established by the City of Columbus related to the Third Avenue Widening Project (\$1.3 million), public infrastructure improvements in the Third Avenue/Olentangy River Road Corridor (\$11 million) and Third Avenue storm sewer improvements (\$2.5 million). The City of Columbus has consented to the issuance of bonds and has pledged service payments and property tax rollback payments to pay the costs of said improvements.

All other estimated costs relate to the City's TIF District. The City has also consented to the issuance of bonds and has pledged and assigned to the Issuer available income taxes generated by the Grandview Yard Site and Urban Renewal and TIF service payments (payments in lieu of property taxes) generated by the improvements. Assigned income taxes will continue to be pledged until the earlier of the date in which the debt service is paid in full or December 31, 2054 and assigned service payments will continue to be pledged until the earlier of date in which the debt service is paid in full or December 31, 2059.

On December 22, 2009, the Issuer issued \$12 million in Public Infrastructure TIF and Income Tax Revenue Bonds (Series 2009A) to finance Phase 1a and 1b of the Grandview Yard Project. The bonds bear an interest rate of 6.02% payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole or in part, on each interest payment date from assigned funds. Unless otherwise retired by earlier redemption, the bonds mature, together with interest on the unpaid principal balance thereof on December 21, 2039.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - GRANDVIEW YARD FINANCING AND DEVELOPMENT (Continued)

In 2014, three more bonds issues were authorized: 2014A (\$107 million), 2014B (\$10 million) and 2014C (\$11 million). The 2014A bonds were issued to pay for infrastructure improvements for the remaining phases of the Grandview Yard development. The 2014B bonds were issued to provide TIF funds to repay the City's OPWC loans related to the Grandview Yard development. The 2014C bonds were issued to refund the Series 2014B bonds.

During 2016, the City received \$1,549,253 in PILOT revenue related to the TIF District, of which \$636,928 was paid to the Grandview Heights City School District, \$870,794 was distributed to the Issuer for principal and interest payments, \$21,721 was distributed to the Grandview Public Library and \$19,810 was deducted by Franklin County for Auditor and Treasurer fees.

NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS

Economic Development Incentive Program

Description – Under the authority of Ordinance 2004-32, City Code Chapter 159 and City Code Section 181.131 / 183.03 (F)(9), the City established its Economic Development Incentive Program in 2004 to foster the growth, development and maintenance of economic activities within the City for the purpose of retaining and creating jobs and employment opportunities and improving the economic welfare of the City. The specific tax being abated is the income tax, which is rebated by the City via check. For this abatement, no intergovernmental revenue is related and the agreements will not be disclosed individually since there are currently 28 active agreements. Also, the City will not be disclosing individual company tax incentive payments pursuant to ORC 718.13.

The gross dollar amount for this abatement during 2016 is \$752,303. This is payable as of year-end.

Requirements for Eligibility – In order for a recipient to be eligible to receive this tax abatement, the following requirements must be met:

- 1. The business entity's project is economically sound and will benefit the people of the community by increasing opportunities for employment and strengthening the economy of the community.
- 2. The business entity will effectively maximize or commit to maximize the density of employment at one or more of the community's vacant or under-utilized buildings.
- 3. Application for the inducement is made before the business entity purchases or improves a property under consideration for an inducement, and receiving the inducement is a major factor in the business entity's decision to go forward with the project.
- 4. The project will not result in unanticipated and unfunded public service needs.
- 5. The site from which the employment positions would be relocated is inadequate to meet market and industry conditions, expansion plans, consolidation plans, or business considerations affecting the business entity.
- 6. The legislative authority of the county, township or municipal corporation from which the employment positions would be relocated has been notified of the proposed relocation.

Recipient Commitment – The company is committed to increasing the City's income tax revenue by expanding operations with the City or relocating to the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Provisions for recapturing abated taxes – Companies may be required to refund to the City all or part of the credits received pursuant to the agreement.

Other City Commitments – For the Grandview Yard properties, beginning in 2014, the City has also pledged an amount equal to 25 percent of net income tax from the Grandview Yard businesses for payment of debt service on TIF bonds. This percentage increases to 45 percent for 2018-2022, and then to 55 percent until the bonds are paid off.

Grandview Heights CRA

Description – Under the authority of ORC 3735.65 – 3735.70 called "Grandview Heights CRA" the City implemented a community reinvestment area program in 1998. Further in 2010, the City implemented a community reinvestment area program within an area of the City generally known as "Grandview Yard".

Legislation established that the remodeling of existing and construction of the new structures within these CRA's constituted a public purpose for which real property tax exemptions may be granted.

The specific tax being abated is the property tax. These taxes are abated through a reduction in assessed value. For the Grandview Heights CRA, residential has a tax exemption on 50 percent of the increase in assessed valuation resulting from remodeling for a period of 10 years. Commercial and industrial under the Grandview Heights CRA require a negotiated agreement with City Council. For Grandview Yard, taxes are reduced 50 percent, 25 percent, and 75 percent for Residential, Commercial Office, and Commercial Hotel, respectively.

There is no intergovernmental revenue related to this tax abatement. However, the City does have a revenue sharing agreement with the Grandview Heights City School District (the "District") for one of the active abatements. As part of this agreement, the City pays the District their share of the abated taxes.

The gross dollar amount for the total abated value of the parcels for tax year 2016 is \$117,224.

The City will not be disclosing these abatement agreements individually. The City will also not be disclosing the individual company tax incentive payments pursuant to ORC 718.13.

Requirements for Eligibility for Grandview Heights CRA – Exemptions from real property taxes for improvements to real property may be granted to the following classes for the following periods:

- 1. For the remodeling of residential structures containing at least four dwelling units upon which the cost of remodeling is at least \$25,000 per dwelling unit for maximum period of 10 years.
- 2. For the remodel of commercial or industrial structures upon which the cost of remodeling is at least \$100,000 for a maximum period of 12 years.
- 3. For the new construction of multi-family residential structures of at least 10 dwelling units, commercial or industrial structure for a maximum of 15 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Requirements for Eligibility for Grandview Yard CRA – Exemptions from real property taxes for improvements to real property may be granted to the following classes for the following periods:

- 1. For each parcel of real property on which a structure used or to be used as commercial office space is remodeled at a cost of at least \$100,000, an exemption for a maximum period of 12 years at a rate not to exceed 25 percent of the increase in assessed value of such parcel as a result of such remodeling.
- 2. For each parcel of real property on which a structure used or to be used as a commercial hotel is remodeled at a cost of at least \$100,000, an exemption for a maximum of period of 12 years at a rate not to exceed 75 percent of the increase in assessed value of such parcel as a result of such remodeling.
- 3. For each parcel of real property on which a structure used or to be used as a commercial multiunit residential structure is remodeled at a cost of at least \$100,000, an exemption for a maximum period of 12 years at a rate not to exceed 50 percent of the increase in assessed value of such parcel as a result of such remodeling.
- 4. For each parcel of real property on which a structure to be used as commercial office space is constructed, an exemption for a maximum period of 15 years at a rate not to exceed 25 percent of the increased value of such parcel as a result of such construction.
- 5. For each parcel of real property on which a structure to be used as a commercial hotel is constructed, an exemption for a maximum period of 15 years at a rate not to exceed 75 percent of the increase in assessed value of such parcel as a result of such construction.
- 6. For each parcel of real property on which a structure used or to be used as a commercial multiunit residential structure is constructed, an exemption for a maximum period of 15 years at a rate not to exceed 50 percent of the increase in assessed value of such parcel as a result of such construction.

Recipient Commitment – The company is committed to purchasing, remodeling, and/or constructing properties within the CRA that will improve property value and bring jobs to the City.

Provisions for recapturing abated taxes – There are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes as each abatement is reviewed by the Tax Incentive Review Council on an annual basis. Abatements may be cancelled is property owners are not in compliance with their Reinvestment Area Agreement.

Other City Commitments – For the Grandview Yard properties, beginning in 2014, the City has also pledged an amount equal to 25% of net income tax from the Grandview Yard businesses for payment of debt service on TIF bonds. This percentage increases to 45% for 2018-2022, and then to 55% until the bonds are paid off.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 12 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		11001010110	<u> </u>	1141151615	<u> </u>
Land	\$ 2,537,052	\$ 967,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,504,684
Intangible	8,081,023	-	<u>-</u>	_	8,081,023
Construction in Progress	25,628,198	15,743,653	(5,000)	(153,297)	41,213,554
Total Nondepreciable Assets	36,246,273	16,711,285	(5,000)	(153,297)	52,799,261
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Land Improvements	2,526,699	59,775	(55,440)	-	2,531,034
Building and Improvements	4,295,821	24,628	(482,893)	-	3,837,556
Machinery, Equipment and Furniture	1,706,350	452,503	(271,856)	-	1,886,997
Vehicles	2,892,075	431,111	(50,910)	-	3,272,276
Infrastructure	14,105,060	-	-	153,297	14,258,357
Total Depreciable Assets	25,526,005	968,017	(861,099)	153,297	25,786,220
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land Improvements	(392,898)	(135,853)	25,242	-	(503,509)
Building and Improvements	(1,813,518)	(110,589)	460,218	-	(1,463,889)
Machinery, Equipment and Furniture	(897,157)	(135,941)	246,151	-	(786,947)
Vehicles	(1,636,035)	(194,106)	39,593	-	(1,790,548)
Infrastructure	(2,409,232)	(611,505)			(3,020,737)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,148,840)	(1,187,994)	771,204		(7,565,630)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net					
of accumulated depreciation	18,377,165	(219,977)	(89,895)	153,297	18,220,590
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 54,623,438	\$ 16,491,308	\$ (94,895)	\$ -	\$ 71,019,851

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 32,672
Security of Persons and Property	176,304
Transportation	600,321
Leisure Activities	239,930
Utility Services	93,951
Economic Development	44,816
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,187,994

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 13 – CAPITALIZED LEASES – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During 2014, the City entered into a capitalized lease for the purchase of a fire truck, which was accounted for in the general improvement nonmajor governmental fund. The lease has an interest rate of 2.1 percent and will be repaid in full in 2019. The lease will be paid from the City's general improvement fund.

A capital asset for the fire truck has been capitalized in the amount of \$449,012. This amount represents the present value of minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition plus \$1,753 in additional expenses. Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2016 was \$67,352, leaving a current book value of \$381,660. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statement.

During 2016, the City entered into a capitalized lease for the purchase of a freightliner, which was accounted for in the general improvement nonmajor governmental fund. The lease has an interest rate of 2.23 percent and will be repaid in full in 2020. The lease will be paid from the City's general improvement fund.

A capital asset for the freightliner has been capitalized in the amount of \$234,018. This amount represents the present value of minimum principal payments at the time of the acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2016 was \$22,752, leaving a current book value of \$211,266. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statement.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2016:

	Governmental		
Year	Activities		
2017	\$	144,071	
2018		144,071	
2019		144,071	
2020		49,411	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	' <u>-</u>	481,624	
Less Amount Representing Interest		(20,695)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	460,929	

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
OPWC Loans:					
CC12B OPWC Loan 0%	\$ 79,722	\$ -	\$ (14,495)	\$ 65,227	\$ 14,495
CC10C OPWC Loan 3%	108,472	-	(18,424)	90,048	18,981
CC03C OPWC Loan 0%	177,313	-	(22,164)	155,149	22,164
CC05I OPWC Loan 2%	418,953	-	(31,220)	387,733	31,847
CC04N OPWC Loan 0%	202,292	-	(8,991)	193,301	8,991
CC17Q OPWC Loan 0%	1,683,600	-	(56,120)	1,627,480	56,120
CC11Q OPWC Loan 0%	481,893	291,931	-	773,824	-
CC12R OPWC Loan 0%	1,608,181	483,813	-	2,091,994	77,481
General Obligation Bonds:					
Park improvement bonds,					
series 2012- 2%-4%	2,575,000	-	(80,000)	2,495,000	80,000
Bond premium	90,349	-	(3,765)	86,584	-
Various Purpose Improvement Bonds,					
series 2016- 2%-3%	-	6,630,000	-	6,630,000	260,000
Bond premium	-	195,110	-	195,110	-
Total loans and bonds	7,425,775	7,600,854	(235,179)	14,791,450	570,079
Fire Truck Lease	361,358	-	(87,529)	273,829	89,376
Medic Lease	-	234,018	(46,918)	187,100	45,239
Net Pension Liability					
OPERS	2,173,655	1,114,267	-	3,287,922	-
OP&F	7,697,317	2,005,940	-	9,703,257	-
Compensated Absences	1,018,049	341,666	(278,389)	1,081,326	249,130
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 18,676,154	\$ 11,296,745	\$ (648,015)	\$ 29,324,884	\$ 953,824

Compensated absences: Compensated absences reported in the "compensated absences payable" account will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which is the general fund for all employees.

OPWC loans: The City has entered into eight debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). The CC12B, CC03C and CC17Q loans are to fund Goodale Boulevard street improvements. The CC10C and CC05I loans are to fund the sewer rehabilitation project. The CC04N loan is for the Oakland Avenue Reconstruction. The CC11Q loan is to fund the Grandview Yard Infrastructure Improvement. The CC12R loan is to finance the Grandview Yard Infrastructure Improvements Phase IV.

The amounts due to the OPWC are payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The OPWC loans are being repaid from nonmajor governmental funds. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments based on the actual amount loaned. The OPWC loans for the street improvements are interest free as long as payments remain current and the sewer project loans have interest rates of 3% and 2%, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds: On December 20, 2012, the City issued \$2,800,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing improvements, including acquisition and construction of facilities and equipment, at the City's various parks. The bond issue included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$470,000 and \$2,330,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2039.

The term bonds were issued at \$2,330,000. \$350,000 of the term bonds that mature on December 1, 2022, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2019, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemptions according to the following schedule:

	Principal Amount		
Fiscal Year	to be	Redeemed	
2019	\$	85,000	
2020		85,000	
2021		90,000	
2022		90,000	

The \$490,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2023, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to date of redemption according to the following schedule:

	Princ	Principal Amount		
Fiscal Year	to be	Redeemed		
2023	\$	95,000		
2024		95,000		
2025		100,000		
2026		100,000		
2027		100,000		

The \$325,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2030, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2028, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to date of redemption according to the following schedule:

	Principal Amoun		
Fiscal Year	to be	Redeemed	
2028	\$	105,000	
2029		110,000	
2030		110,000	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The \$610,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2035, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2031, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to date of redemption according to the following schedule:

	Princi	Principal Amount to		
Fiscal Year	be	Redeemed		
2031	\$	115,000		
2032		120,000		
2033		120,000		
2034		125,000		
2035		130,000		

The \$555,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2039, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2036, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to date of redemption according to the following schedule:

	Principal Amount		
Fiscal Year	to be Redeemed		
2036	\$	135,000	
2037		135,000	
2038		140,000	
2039		145,000	

On June 7, 2016, the City issued \$6,630,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing improvements, including various water and sewer system improvement projects. The bonds issue included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$5,925,000 and \$705,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-five year period with final maturity at December 1, 2041.

The term bonds were issued at \$705,000. \$340,000 of the term bonds that mature on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2036, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

	Princ	ipal Amount
Fiscal Year	to be	Redeemed
2036	\$	110,000
2037		115,000
2038		115 000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The \$365,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2041, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2039, and on each December 1 thereafter at 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemptions according to the following schedule:

	Principal Amount		
Fiscal Year	to be	Redeemed	
2039	\$	120,000	
2040		120,000	
2041		125,000	

(b) Future Debt Service Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	OPWC Loans			General Obligation Bonds				
	I	Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	
2017	\$	230,079	\$	10,156	\$ 340,000	\$	220,337	
2018		231,293		8,942	350,000		213,537	
2019		232,537		7,699	350,000		206,537	
2020		233,811		6,423	360,000		199,324	
2021		217,101		5,117	370,000		191,912	
2022-2026		940,399		14,108	1,960,000		838,708	
2027-2031		751,819		584	2,190,000		597,740	
2032-2036		712,961		_	2,190,000		332,870	
2037-2041		681,487		-	1,015,000		87,438	
2042-2046		379,445		_	 <u>-</u>			
Total	\$	4,610,932	\$	53,029	\$ 9,125,000	\$	2,888,403	

The table above excludes one of the eight OPWC loans, CC11Q, as the amortization schedule is not yet available. This loan will be added once the schedule becomes available.

(c) Debt Limitation

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. At December 31, 2016, the City's total and unvoted debt limits were \$28,228,953 and \$14,786,594, respectively. The City's debt was within these limits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 15 – BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

The City's short-term debt activity for the fiscal year, including amounts outstanding, interest rates, and the purpose for which the debt was issued, is as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Add	itions	Reductions	ding ance	Within Year
Street Improvements BAN Matures 10/13/16- 1%	\$ 1,520,000	\$	-	\$(1,520,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Sewer Improvements BAN Matures 10/13/16- 1%	110,000		_	(110,000)	_	_
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 1,630,000	\$	-	\$(1,630,000)	\$ _	\$ -

The City issued bond anticipation notes to provide funds for the street and sewer improvements. By Ohio law, notes can be issued in anticipation of bond proceeds, special assessment bond proceeds and levies, or for up to 50 percent of anticipated revenue collections. Limitations also exist on the number of times notes may be renewed. The City's liability for bond anticipation notes was \$0 at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 16 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Employees earn ten to thirty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Vacation accumulation is typically limited to two to three years based on years of service. All accumulated unused vacation time is paid upon termination of employment.

Employees that were eligible for sick leave for an entire year have the option of receiving payments in cash for a portion of unused sick leave hours, which is to be paid in the first month following the end of that year. The remaining sick leave not paid out will continue to be carried forward.

Vacation and compensatory time are available to full time employees after one year of service with the City. The rates of accrual, total number of hours paid per year and accrual limit varies with years of service. Part time, temporary or seasonal employees are not entitled to vacation leave or compensatory time. Permanent part time employees accrue vacation leave based on the number of hours worked. Permanent part time employees include the Clerk of Courts and three maintenance workers.

Full time and permanent part time employees earn sick leave at a rate of 4.6 hours per 80 regular hours worked. Fire employees who work 56 hour weeks earn sick leave at a rate of 6.5 hours per pay period. There is no limit to the amount an employee can accumulate. Part time, temporary or seasonal employees are not entitled to sick leave. At the time of resignation, if an employee is in good standing and has at least 10 years of public service, OPERS employees and police are entitled to receive one-fourth of their accrued but unused sick leave, up to a maximum accrual of 2,400 and 2,800 hours, respectively, and fire employees are entitled to receive up to one-fourth of their first 2,000 hours and one-third of their remaining hours with a maximum total accrual of 2,800 hours.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 16 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

(b) Health Care Benefits

The City provides health, prescription, dental, vision and employee assistance program (EAP) insurance coverage purchased through the Franklin County Cooperative for all eligible employees. Health is provided by United Healthcare, prescription is provided by Catamaran, dental is provided by Aetna, vision is provided by Vision Service Plan and EAP is provided by United Behavioral Health. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium. The City also provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to eligible employees through The Standard Insurance Company.

NOTE 17 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The City insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The City belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formerly known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by ARPCO. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Insurance

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2015, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2015 and 2014 (the latest information available):

Casualty & Property Coverage	2015	2014	
Assets Liabilities	\$ 38,307,677 (12,759,127)	\$ 35,402,177 (12,363,257)	
Net Position	\$ 25,548,550	\$ 23,038,920	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 17 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

At December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$11.5 million and \$11.1 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$11.0 million and \$10.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 499 and 488 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the City's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$41,000.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

	Contributions to PEP	
2016	\$	64,577
2015		65,111

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS

Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

The net pension (asset)/liability reported on the statement of net position represents a (asset)/liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension (asset)/liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension (asset)/liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this (asset)/liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the (asset)/liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded (assets)/liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension (asset)/liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension (asset)/liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension* (asset)/liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any (asset)/liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
2016 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	12.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution was \$323,671 for 2016. Of this amount, \$35,337 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

_	Police	Firefighters		
2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %		
Employee:				
January 1, 2016 through July 1, 2016	11.50 %	11.50 %		
July 2, 2016 through December 31, 2016	12.25 %	12.25 %		
2016 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %		
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	0.50		
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %		
_				
Employee:				
January 1, 2016 through July 1, 2016	11.50 %	11.50 %		
July 2, 2016 through December 31, 2016	12.25 %	12.25 %		

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$684,607 for 2016. Of this amount \$73,627 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension (Assets)/Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension (asset)/liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension (asset)/liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension (asset)/liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension (asset)/liability as of January 1, 2015, to December 31, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OPERS		
	Traditional Plan	Combined Plan	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net				
Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$3,287,922	(\$2,263)	\$9,703,257	\$12,988,916
Proportion of the Net Pension				
Liability/(Asset)	0.018982%	0.004650%	0.150834%	
Pension Expense	\$512,651		\$1,341,015	\$1,853,666

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		OPERS	_	PERS		ODOE		m . 1
	Trac	litional Plan	Comb	oined Plan		OP&F		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	966,444	\$	977	\$1	,579,318	\$2	,546,739
Change in proportionate share		76,394		-		93,480		169,874
City contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		321,368		2,303		684,607	1	,008,278
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,364,206	\$	3,280	\$2	,357,405	\$3	,724,891
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	63,530	\$	1,032	\$	27,246	\$	91,808
Change in proportionate share		_		1,209				1,209
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	63,530	\$	2,241	\$	27,246	\$	93,017

\$1,008,278 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(OPERS	C	PERS		
	Trad	itional Plan	Com	oined Plan	OP&F	 Total
Year Ending December 31:						
2017	\$	246,620	\$	(24)	\$ 428,638	\$ 675,234
2018		262,072		(24)	428,638	690,686
2019		251,908		(24)	428,639	680,523
2020		218,708		(52)	344,447	563,103
2021		-		(275)	12,761	12,486
2022-2025				(865)	 2,429	 1,564
Total	\$	979,308	\$	(1,264)	\$ 1,645,552	\$ 2,623,596

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return
Actuarial Cost Method

3.75 percent
4.25 to 10.05 percent including wage inflation
3 percent, simple
8 percent
Individual Entry Age

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan and the VEBA Trust.

Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 0.40 percent for 2015.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2014 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

		Weighted Average			
		Long-Term Expected			
	Target	Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)			
Fixed Income	23.00 %	2.31 %			
Domestic Equities	19.90	5.84			
Real Estate	10.00	4.25			
Private Equity	10.00	9.25			
International Equities	19.10	7.40			
Other investments	18.00	4.59			
Total	100.00 %	5.28 %			

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset)/liability was 8 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (asset)/liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			iscount Rate	1% Increase	
		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		(9.00%)
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension (asset)/liability						
Traditional Plan	\$	5,238,463	\$	3,287,922	\$	1,642,702
Combined Plan		(47)		(2,263)		(4,046)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPF

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2015, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2015, are presented below:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases	4.25 percent to 11 percent
Payroll Increases	3.75 percent
Inflation Assumptions	3.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.60 percent and 3.00 percent

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	(0.25) %
Domestic Equity	16.00	4.47
Non-US Equity	16.00	4.47
Core Fixed Income *	20.00	1.62
Global Inflation Protected *	20.00	1.33
High Yield	15.00	3.39
Real Estate	12.00	3.93
Private Markets	8.00	6.98
Timber	5.00	4.92
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	7.03
Total	120.00 %	

^{*} levered 2x

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 – PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	(9.25%)	
City's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$12,797,296	\$9,703,257	\$7,082,301	

NOTE 19 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Plan (TP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan; the Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan (CO) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July 1, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 19 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

In order to qualify for coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45. See the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2015 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2016, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary and Public Safety and Law Enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members of the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2016. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2017 decreased to 1.0% for both plans. The Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited to the VEBA for participants in the Member-Direction Plan for 2016 was 4.0%.

The City's contributions to OPERS to fund health care for the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$53,945, \$50,150, and \$46,003, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2015 and 2014. 89 percent has been contributed for 2016 with the remainder being reported as a fund liability.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multi-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 19 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was .50% of covered payroll from January 1, 2016 thru December 31, 2016. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$700,702, \$664,090, and \$639,656, respectively, of which \$16,095, \$15,210 and \$14,898, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan. The full amount has been contributed for 2015 and 2014. 89% has been contributed for police and firefighters for 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 20 – CONTINGENCIES

- (a) Grants The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2016.
- (b) Litigation The City is a party to various legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations. The City's management and legal counsel is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 21 – FUND RECLASSIFICATIONS

The Parks and Recreation Improvement Fund met the definition of a major fund in 2016. Therefore, this fund was reclassified from Other Governmental Funds.

The CMAQ Improvement Grant Fund and Grandview Yard Phase IV Fund did not meet the definition of a major fund during 2016. Therefore, the funds were reclassified as Other Governmental Funds. The effect of these reclassifications on fund balance is as follows:

	CMAQ provement Grant Fund	Grandview Yard Phase IV Fund		R	Parks and ecreation provement Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds
Fund Balances, December 31, 2015	\$ (725,661)	\$	(422,402)	\$	-	\$	1,688,345
Major Fund Reclassifications:							
CMAQ Improvement Grant	725,661		-		-		(725,661)
Grandview Yard Phase IV	-		422,402		-		(422,402)
Parks and Recreation Improvement	-		-		407,796		(407,796)
Fund Balances, January 1, 2016	\$ -	\$	-	\$	407,796	\$	132,486

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 22 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application" which enhances comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepter valuation techniques. This statement also enhances fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. The implementation of this statement did not have a significant effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 76 "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments" which improves financial reporting by (1) raising the category of GASB Implementation Guides in the GAAP hierarchy, thus providing for broader public input on implementation guidance; (2) emphasizing the importance of analogies to authoritative literature when the accounting treatment for an event is not specified in authoritative GAAP; and (3) requiring the consideration of consistency with the GASB Concepts Statements when evaluating accounting treatments specified in non-authoritative literature. The implementation of this statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 77 "Tax Abatement Disclosures" which improves disclosure of tax abatement information, such as how the tax abatements affect their financial statements and operations and the government's ability to raise resources in the future, by reporting (1) the government's own tax abatement agreements; and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The implementation of this statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 78 "Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans", which amended the scope and applicability of GASB Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer. The implementation of this statement did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

For fiscal year 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 79 "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants" which establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of this statement did not have a significant effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 23 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 5, 2017, the City issued \$5,500,000 in pool construction bonds for the purpose of financing the pool construction project. The City received \$5,708,704 in bond proceeds, which included a \$208,704 premium. The bonds were issued for a 25-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2041. The bonds will be retired from the Parks and Recreation Improvements Fund.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Original		Final			Variance		
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Ov	ver/(Under)
D.								
Revenues: Municipal income taxes	\$	7,751,251	\$	7 527 251	\$	8,997,870	\$	1,460,619
Property and other taxes	Ф	2,120,610	Ф	7,537,251 2,120,610	Ф	2,161,941	Þ	41,331
Charges for services		1,114,035		1,114,035		1,293,985		179,950
Licenses and permits		612,200		612,200		323,628		(288,572)
Fines and forfeitures		72,750		72,750		80,309		7,559
		-		•				
Intergovernmental		1,148,964		1,148,964		1,227,221 26,767		78,257
Investment Income		39,752		39,752				(12,985)
Contributions and donations		140.264		140.264		480		480
Other		149,364		149,364		174,969		25,605
Total revenues		13,008,926		12,794,926		14,287,170		1,492,244
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government								
Administration								
Personal services		352,509		352,904		347,209		5,695
Contractual services		72,581		77,581		66,300		11,281
Materials and supplies		10,150		10,150		8,481		1,669
Other		14,200		20,100		11,133		8,967
Total Administration		449,440		460,735		433,123		27,612
a: ** #								
City Hall		42.000		42.000		20 (5)		
Contractual services		43,900		43,900		39,676		4,224
Materials and supplier		7,224		7,224		6,059		1,165
Other		232,424		193,805		180,490		13,315
Total City Hall		283,548		244,929	_	226,225		18,704
General Administration								
Personal services		286,039		255,644		237,046		18,598
Contractual services		147,177		200,677		192,374		8,303
Materials and supplies		37,280		59,999		59,605		394
Other		101,340		111,340		94,788		16,552
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		6,656		23,344
Total General Administration	-	601,836		657,660		590,469		67,191
Town General Manimistration		001,030	-	037,000	_	370,107		07,171
Economic Development								
Other		33,159		33,159		14,859		18,300
Total Economic Development		33,159	_	33,159		14,859		18,300

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Original	Final		Variance
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Civil Service				
Contractual services	4,298	4,298	972	3,326
Materials and supplies	1,500	1,500	712	1,500
Other	4,500	4,500	4,266	234
Total Civil Service	10,298	10,298	5,238	5,060
Γ'			_	
Finance Personal services	500 274	500 274	592 900	7 565
Contractual services	590,374 58,235	590,374 73,594	582,809 72,776	7,565 818
	5,921	5,421	4,186	1,235
Materials and supplies Other	18,575	19,075	16,790	2,285
Total Finance	673,105	688,464	676,561	11,903
Income Tax	412.000	466.500	444.204	22.217
Other	412,000	466,500	444,284	22,216
Total Income Tax	412,000	466,500	444,284	22,216
Building				
Personal services	396,247	396,247	331,660	64,587
Contractual services	389,806	381,306	327,910	53,396
Materials and supplies	6,550	8,050	5,818	2,232
Other	14,850	13,350	12,206	1,144
Total Building	807,453	798,953	677,594	121,359
Engineering				
Contractual services	58,805	88,805	77,086	11,719
Total Engineering	58,805	88,805	77,086	11,719
Mayors Court				
Personal services	124,291	123,683	121,213	2,470
Contractual services	21,100	16,692	16,691	2,170
Materials and supplies	3,300	3,300	2,209	1,091
Other	200	200	85	115
Total Mayors Court	148,891	143,875	140,198	3,677
T 1				
Legal Parsonal correions	310	210	05	215
Personal services Contractual services		310	95 247.080	215
Other	173,300	247,079	247,080	(1)
	20,775 194,385	20,775 268,164	20,775	214
Total Legal	194,303	200,104	207,930	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Original	Final		Variance
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Legislative				
Personal services	42,292	42,900	42,581	319
Contractual services	6,568	8,838	7,595	1,243
Materials and supplies	800	800	258	542
Other	6,900	6,900	5,256	1,644
Total Legislative	56,560	59,438	55,690	3,748
Total Degistative	20,200	23,130	22,070	3,710
Service Administration				
Personal services	201,427	201,427	198,397	3,030
Contractual services	950	950	532	418
Materials and supplies	3,200	3,200	2,696	504
Other	25,332	25,282	23,794	1,488
Total Service Administration	230,909	230,859	225,419	5,440
Unclaimed Funds				
Other	465	465	465	
Total Unclaimed Funds	465	465	465	
Total General Government	3,960,854	4,152,304	3,835,161	317,143
Security of Persons and Property				
Fire Administration				
Personal services	251,344	251,344	240,181	11 162
Contractual services	39,244	39,244	32,693	11,163 6,551
Materials and supplies	8,086	8,086	4,001	· ·
Total Fire Administration				4,085
Total Fire Administration	298,674	298,674	276,875	21,799
Fire Prevention				
Personal services	125,063	125,063	121,097	3,966
Other	6,000	6,000	2,588	3,412
Total Fire Prevention	131,063	131,063	123,685	7,378
E. E. G. ;				
Fire Emergency Service	1.060.725	1.060.725	1.051.026	10.400
Personal services	1,969,735	1,969,735	1,951,236	18,499
Contractual services	48,746	48,246	27,952	20,294
Materials and supplies	43,398	48,460	40,316	8,144
Other	10,441	10,441	5,681	4,760
Total Fire Emergency Service	2,072,320	2,076,882	2,025,185	51,697
Haz-Mat				
Personal services	4,620	4,620	_	4,620
Materials and supplies	500	500	_	500
Other	2,000	2,000	_	2,000
Total Haz-Mat	7,120	7,120		7,120
1 Otal 11a2-iviat	7,120	7,120		1,120

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Police Administration				
Personal services	199,252	198,580	186,378	12,202
Other	600	600	105	495
Total Police Administration	199,852	199,180	186,483	12,697
Crossing Guards				
Personal services	21,185	21,857	19,438	2,419
Total Crossing Guards	21,185	21,857	19,438	2,419
Police Patrol				
Personal services	2,080,797	2,080,797	2,020,512	60,285
Contractual services	83,628	79,628	49,403	30,225
Materials and supplies	22,073	22,073	16,154	5,919
Other	29,793	33,793	29,142	4,651
Total Police Patrol	2,216,291	2,216,291	2,115,211	101,080
Police Communications				
Personal services	409,409	409,409	365,080	44,329
Contractual services	42,780	42,780	21,191	21,589
Other	700	700	227	473
Total Police Communications	452,889	452,889	386,498	66,391
Total Security of Persons and Property	5,399,394	5,403,956	5,133,375	270,581
Transportation				
Street				
Personal services	409,380	409,380	377,246	32,134
Contractual services	105,790	318,500	289,835	28,665
Materials and supplies	3,800	5,850	4,217	1,633
Other	190,674	185,674	163,011	22,663
Capital outlay	-	160,000	67,323	92,677
Total Street	709,644	1,079,404	901,632	177,772
Total Transportation	709,644	1,079,404	901,632	177,772
Utility Services				
Sanitation				
Personal services	519,309	519,309	493,842	25,467
Contractual services	161,000	173,290	152,879	20,411
Materials and supplies	2,500	8,500	8,162	338
Other	44,539	41,539	34,409	7,130
Total Sanitation	727,348	742,638	689,292	53,346
Total Utility Services	727,348	742,638	689,292	53,346

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Original	Final	A atrual	Variance
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Leisure Time Activity				
Parks and Recreation Administration				
Personal services	222,968	222,968	220,783	2,185
Contractual services	32,550	30,650	22,299	8,351
Materials and supplies	8,126	8,126	5,430	2,696
Other	5,800	11,200	10,644	556
Total Parks and Recreation Admin.	269,444	272,944	259,156	13,788
General Recreation				
Personal services	115,729	115,729	110,210	5,519
Materials and supplies	5,700	5,700	4,482	1,218
Other	43,350	51,350	44,686	6,664
Total General Recreation	164,779	172,779	159,378	13,401
Senior Center				
Personal services	108,772	102,406	97,046	5,360
Materials and supplies	1,100	1,100	1,001	99
Other	8,950	8,950	6,034	2,916
Total Senior Center	118,822	112,456	104,081	8,375
			· ·	
Parks Maintenance				
Personal services	303,683	310,049	305,209	4,840
Materials and supplies	36,250	41,250	39,458	1,792
Other	53,000	53,000	52,221	779
Total Parks Maintenance	392,933	404,299	396,888	7,411
Pool				
Personal services	13,277	13,277	13,046	231
Contractual services	125,000	125,000	123,246	1,754
Materials and supplies	17,000	12,000	10,730	1,270
Other	25,500	14,000	13,989	11
Total Pool	180,777	164,277	161,011	3,266
Total Leisure Time Activity	1,126,755	1,126,755	1,080,514	46,241
Total Expenditures	11,923,995	12,505,057	11,639,974	865,083
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,084,931	289,869	2,647,196	2,357,327

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

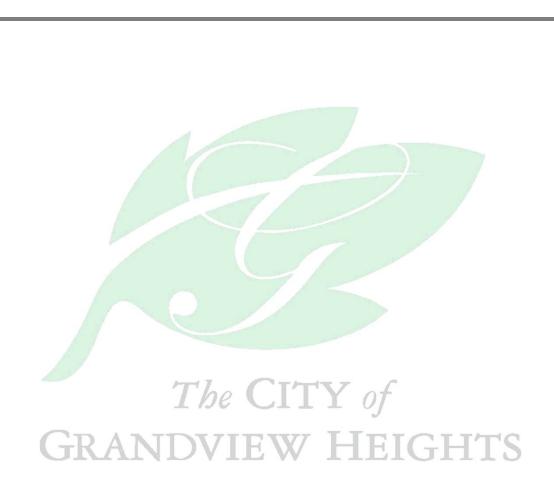
	Original Budget	•		Variance Over/(Under)
	Duagei	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Assets	-	-	4,950	4,950
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	18,975	18,975
Transfer Out	(1,889,500)	(4,255,325)	(4,255,325)	-
Advances In	110,750	111,000	111,000	-
Advances Out	-	(3,543,478)	(3,543,478)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,778,750)	(7,687,803)	(7,663,878)	23,925
Net Change in Fund Balance	(693,819)	(7,397,934)	(5,016,682)	2,381,252
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	8,434,711	8,434,711	8,434,711	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	295,530	295,530	295,530	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 8,036,422	\$ 1,332,307	\$ 3,713,559	\$ 2,381,252

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	(Original	Final				Variance		
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Ove	er/(Under)	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	255,000	\$	255,000	\$	266,818	\$	11,818	
Investment income	*	5,400	*	5,400	*	17,824	*	12,424	
Total revenues		260,400		260,400		284,642		24,242	
Expenditures:									
Transportation									
Contractual services		405,394		429,194		417,208		11,986	
Materials and supplies		32,500		32,500		21,016		11,484	
Other operating		64,000		64,000		60,234		3,766	
Capital outlay		634,084		7,259,084		6,857,583		401,501	
Debt service									
Loan payments		58,501		58,501		58,500		1	
Bond issuance costs		_		102,000		_		102,000	
Total expenditures		1,194,479		7,945,279		7,414,541		530,738	
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(934,079)		(7,684,879)		(7,129,899)		554,980	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Bond issuance		_		6,727,000		6,630,000		97,000	
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		250,000		=	
Advances out		(107,500)		(107,500)		(107,500)		=	
Total other financing sources (uses)		142,500		6,869,500		6,772,500		97,000	
Net change in fund balance		(791,579)		(815,379)		(357,399)		651,980	
Fund balance - January 1		344,296		344,296		344,296		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		956,978		956,978		956,978			
Fund balance - December 31	\$	509,695	\$	485,895	\$	943,875	\$	651,980	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GRANDVIEW YARD TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues:				
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ 254,160	\$ 254,160	\$ -
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,457,816	1,549,253	1,549,253	-
Total revenues	1,457,816	1,803,413	1,803,413	
Expenditures:				
Economic Development				
Capital outlay	2,210	2,210	2,210	-
Other	1,672,816	2,027,634	2,010,890	16,744
Total expenditures	1,675,026	2,029,844	2,013,100	16,744
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(217,210)	(226,431)	(209,687)	16,744
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfer in	215,000	215,000	215,000	-
Total other financing sources	215,000	215,000	215,000	
Net change in fund balance	(2,210)	(11,431)	5,313	16,744
Fund balance - January 1	9,212	9,212	9,212	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,210	2,210	2,210	-
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 9,212	\$ (9)	\$ 16,735	\$ 16,744



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NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The City follows procedures prescribed by State law in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements as follows:

- (1) The City must submit a tax budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements for all funds to the County Budget Commission by July 20 of each year for the following year, January 1 through December 31.
- (2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions by September 1 and issues an Official Certificate of Estimated Resources, (the "Certificate") limiting the maximum amount the City may expend from a given fund during the year to the estimated resources available.
- (3) About January 1, the Certificate is amended to reflect the actual unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The City must prepare its appropriations so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund will not exceed the amount stated in the initial or amended Certificate.
- (4) A temporary appropriation measure may be passed to control cash disbursements for the period January 1 through March 31. Before April 1, a permanent appropriation measure must be passed for the period January 1 through December 31. The budget identifies specific expenditure amounts by object for each division within each fund.
- (5) Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. State Statute provides that no contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Director of Finance first certifies that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the treasury, or is anticipated to come into the treasury, before the maturity of such contract.
- (6) The City adopts budgets amendments for all governmental funds and budget is approved by City Council.

The Finance Director acts as budget officer for the City and submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council on an annual basis. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The Council enacts the budget through passage of an ordinance. The appropriation ordinance controls expenditures at the object level. Council can amend the budget at functional expense lines, through the passage of supplemental ordinances. Management can amend appropriations below this level without council approval. Supplemental appropriations to the original appropriations ordinance were made during the year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as an assigned fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS (Continued)

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis are presented on the budgetary basis in the Required Supplementary Information to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when they are both measurable and available (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- (3) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget) as opposed to an assignment of fund balance (GAAP).
- (4) Due to the implementation of GASB 54, some funds were reclassified to the General Fund. These funds are not required to be included in the General Fund Budgetary Schedule. Therefore, the activity from these funds is excluded with an adjustment for their change in fund balance.

Reconciliation of the major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Street Construction General Maintenance Fund and Repair				orandview Yard TIF Fund
Budget Basis	\$ (5,016,682)	\$	(357,399)	\$	5,313
Tax Abatement Fund Change	(262,535)		-		-
Accrued Leave Reserve Fund Change	73,075		-		_
Unclaimed Funds Change	(465)				
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	416,086		1,152		-
Net Adjustment for Expenditure					
Accruals	159,431		(1,517,941)		1
Net Adjustment for Other Financing					
Sources/Uses	3,647,478		1,792,113		-
Adjustment for Encumbrances	613,863		4,579,613		
GAAP Basis	\$ (369,749)	\$	4,497,538	\$	5,314

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Last Three Years (1)

	2015			2014		2013
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability						
Traditional Plan	0	0.018982%	0	.018022%	0	.018022%
Combined Plan	0	0.004650%	0	.000000%	0	.000000%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability						
Traditional Plan	\$	3,287,922	\$	2,173,655	\$	2,124,559
Combined Plan	\$	(2,263)	\$	-	\$	-
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,507,479	\$	2,301,250	\$	2,112,900
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a						
Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		131.03%		94.46%		100.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension						
Liability						
Traditional Plan		81.08%		86.45%		86.36%
Combined Plan		116.90%		114.83%		104.56%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Last Three Years (1)

	2015	2014	2013
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.150834%	0.1485849%	0.1485849%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,703,257	\$ 7,697,317	\$ 7,236,551
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,041,933	\$ 2,957,108	\$ 2,815,254
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	318.98%	260.30%	257.05%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.77%	72.20%	73.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Last Four Years (1)

	2016		 2015	2014			2013		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	323,671	\$ 300,898	\$	276,150	\$	274,677		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	323,671	\$ 300,898	\$	276,150	\$	274,677		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,697,259	\$ 2,507,479	\$	2,301,250	\$	2,112,900		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.00%	12.00%		12.00%		13.00%		

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

City of Grandview Heights, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 684,607	\$ 648,880	\$ 624,758	\$ 514,860	\$ 374,226	\$ 380,904	\$ 390,031	\$ 385,327	\$ 354,302	\$ 372,056
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 684,607	\$ 648,880	\$ 624,758	\$ 514,860	\$ 374,226	\$ 380,904	\$ 390,031	\$ 385,327	\$ 354,302	\$ 372,056
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,219,023	\$ 3,041,933	\$ 2,957,108	\$ 2,815,254	\$ 2,618,697	\$ 2,551,056	\$ 2,624,191	2,592,542	2,383,801	2,503,252
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.27%	21.33%	21.13%	18.29%	14.29%	14.93%	14.86%	14.86%	14.86%	14.86%



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified expenditure purposes. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

State Highway Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

Police Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied and other monies for the payment of the accrued liability for police disability and pension benefits.

Fire Pension Fund

This fund accounts for property taxes levied and other monies for the payment of the accrued liability for fire disability and pension benefits.

Motor Vehicle Permissive Tax Fund

This fund accounts for local vehicle license fees designated for the maintenance of streets in the City.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

This fund accounts for proceeds from the sale of contraband that are restricted to subsidize law enforcement efforts.

DUI Enforcement and Education Fund

This fund accounts for fees and fines to be used to enforce the DUI law and informing the public of laws governing the operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the dangers of the operation of a vehicle under the influence of alcohol, and other information relating to operation of a vehicle under the influence of alcohol and the consumption of alcoholic beverages.

Mayor's Court Computer Fund

This fund accounts for additional court fees designated for the computerization of the Mayor's court and the acquisition and maintenance of legal research services for the Mayor's court.

Community Events and Projects Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenses associated with community events such as sporting events, festivals, parades, concerts and entertainment to promote the quality of life in the City for its residents and visitors. This fund is classified as part of the General Fund for financial statement presentation, in accordance with GASB 54.

Tax Abatement Fund

This fund accounts for the distribution of income tax incentive payments. This fund is classified as part of the General Fund for financial statement presentation, in accordance with GASB 54.

Fire EMS Grant Fund

This fund accounts for state and federal grants awarded to the City for the purpose of supporting and enhancing the City's fire and emergency medical services.

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Grandview Center Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for donations and contributions used for maintenance and improvements of the City's senior center facility.

Wyman Woods Fund

This fund accounts for monies received through charitable donations which are designated for the maintenance and improvement of the Wyman Woods Park in the City.

Municipal Swimming Pool Fund

This fund accounts for monies received through charitable donations and fees charged for use of the City's pool which are designated for the maintenance and improvement of the pool in the City.

Convention and Visitor's Bureau Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from a City-imposed hotel bed tax, a portion of which is designated for the promotion of tourism in the City.

Safe Routes to School

This fund accounts for the receipts and expenses related to grant from ODPT to improve infrastructure in accordance with the City's School Travel Plan.

JEDZ CEDA Fund

This fund accounts for the receipts and expenses related to the Joint Economic Development Zone Cooperative Economic Development Agreement with Clinton Township. This fund is classified as part of the General Fund for financial statement presentation, in accordance with GASB 54.

CMAQ Improvement Grant Fund

This fund accounts for monies received through the Ohio Department of Transportation which are designated for the Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program.

Coronary Care Fund

This fund accounts for monies received through charitable donations which are designated for the acquisition and maintenance of the equipment related to the EMS cardiac care functions.

Youth DARE Trust Fund

This fund accounts for monies received through charitable donations which are designated for the support of the Drug Abuse Resistance Educations (DARE) program in the City.

C. Ray Buck Sports Park Fund

This fund accounts for monies received through charitable donations which are designated for the maintenance and improvement of the C. Ray Buck Sports Park in the City.

Pierce Field Park Trust

This fund accounts for monies received through charitable donations which are designated for the maintenance and improvement of the Pierce Field Park in the City.

Accrued Leave Reserve Fund

This fund accounts for resources accumulated for the payment of accumulated sick leave and vacation leave and for payments in lieu of taking compensatory time off, upon the termination of employment or retirement of employees of the City. This fund is classified as part of the General Fund for financial statement presentation, in accordance with GASB 54.

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payments of general obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the resources that are used for the payment of principal, interest, and other fiscal charges on debt.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary fund types. Following is a description of the capital project funds:

General Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for capital improvements.

Sewer Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for sewer improvements.

Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 5

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the rehabilitation and development of public and private real estate at the Grandview Yard.

Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 7

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for the cleanup and revitalization of private real estate at the Grandview Yard.

Grandview Yard Infrastructure Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for infrastructure projects at Grandview Yard.

Grandview Yard Infrastructure Phase IV Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the OPWC project relating to phase IV of the Grandview Yard Infrastructure project.

Northwest and First Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for infrastructure projects at Northwest and First.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Nonmajor		Nonmajor]	Nonmajor	Total		
		Special		Debt		Capital	Nonmajor		
	I	Revenue	S	ervice		Projects	Governmental		
		Funds]	Fund		Funds		Funds	
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	301,493	\$	7,026	\$	1,743,031	\$	2,051,550	
Receivables (net of allowances):									
Income taxes		=		-		112,133		112,133	
Property and other taxes		155,716		-		-		155,716	
Accounts		460		-		44,601		45,061	
Intergovernmental		56,931		-		381,050		437,981	
Total assets	\$	514,600	\$	7,026	\$	2,280,815	\$	2,802,441	
							-		
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	56,391	\$	=	\$	404,589	\$	460,980	
Due to other governments		-		-		10,109		10,109	
Retainage payable		-		_		119,160		119,160	
Total liabilities		56,391		-		533,858		590,249	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Property and other local taxes		135,254				-		135,254	
Unavailable revenue		18,069				172,588		190,657	
Total deferred inflows of resources		153,323				172,588		325,911	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Debt Service		-		7,026		-		7,026	
Street construction, maintenance and repairs		135,077		-		-		135,077	
Fire/EMS		6,012		-		-		6,012	
Parks and recreation		70,174		-		-		70,174	
Court computer		23,141		_		-		23,141	
Law enforcement		26,824		_		-		26,824	
Other purposes		43,658		_		-		43,658	
Committed:									
Capital projects		-		=		1,838,582		1,838,582	
Unassigned		-		=		(264,213)		(264,213)	
Total fund balances		304,886		7,026		1,574,369		1,886,281	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	514,600	\$	7,026	\$	2,280,815	\$	2,802,441	

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Total		
	Special	Debt	Capital	Nonmajor		
	Revenue	Service	Projects	Governmental		
	Funds	Fund	Funds	Funds		
Revenues:						
Municipal income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 550,146	\$ 550,146		
Property and other taxes	230,170	-	-	230,170		
Charges for services	-	-	383,869	383,869		
Fines and forfeitures	8,039	=	-	8,039		
Intergovernmental	2,033,167	-	1,478,405	3,511,572		
Investment income	378	-	58	436		
Contributions and donations	9,457	-	_	9,457		
Other	4,400	=	6,158	10,558		
Total revenues	2,285,611	_	2,418,636	4,704,247		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	76,464	_	61,633	138,097		
Security of persons and property	161,798	_	-	161,798		
Transportation	44,780	_	_	44,780		
Leisure time activities	7,813	_	_	7,813		
Utility services	-,015	_	31,274	31,274		
Capital outlay	1,240,777	_	3,210,584	4,451,361		
Debt service:	1,240,777		3,210,304	7,751,501		
Principal retirement	22,165		205,196	227,361		
Interest and fiscal charges	22,103	65,183	22,104	87,287		
Total expenditures	1,553,797	65,183	3,530,791	5,149,771		
Total expeliatures	1,333,797	03,183	3,330,791	3,149,771		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	731,814	(65,183)	(1,112,155)	(445,524)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Sale of capital assets	32	-	8,203	8,235		
Issuance of loan	-	-	775,744	775,744		
Proceeds from inception of capital lease	-	-	234,018	234,018		
Premium on bond issuance	-	45,614	_	45,614		
Transfers in	=	19,570	1,116,138	1,135,708		
Total other financing sources (uses)	32	65,184	2,134,103	2,199,319		
Net change in fund balances	731,846	1	1,021,948	1,753,795		
Fund balance at beginning of year	(426,960)	7,025	552,421	132,486		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 304,886	\$ 7,026	\$ 1,574,369	\$ 1,886,281		

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010									
		State					Motor Vehicle		
	Highway		Police		Fire		ermissive		Law
			Ponce Pension	Pension		Pe		Enforcement	
	Imp	provement	 ension	Pension		Tax		Eni	orcement
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	34,788	\$ 1,871	\$	1,871	\$	111,266	\$	15,546
Receivables (net of allowances):									
Property and other taxes		-	73,744		73,744		-		-
Accounts		-	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		8,779	4,300		4,300		1,453		-
Total assets	\$	43,567	\$ 79,915	\$	79,915	\$	112,719	\$	15,546
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	15,692	\$	-
Total liabilities		-	-		-		15,692		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Property and other local taxes		-	67,627		67,627		-		-
Unavailable revenue		5,517	6,276		6,276		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,517	73,903		73,903		-		
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Street construction, maintenance and repairs		38,050	-		-		97,027		-
Fire/EMS		-	-		6,012		-		-
Parks and recreation		-	-		-		-		-
Court computer		-	-		-		-		-
Law enforcement		-	6,012		-		-		15,546
Other purposes		-	-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		38,050	6,012		6,012		97,027		15,546
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	43,567	\$ 79,915	\$	79,915	\$	112,719	\$	15,546

Enfo	DUI orcement Education	Mayor's Court omputer	/EMS rant	(andview Center rovement	Wyman Woods		unicipal vimming Pool	and	nvention I Visitors Bureau	R	Safe outes School
\$	4,457	\$ 22,681	\$ -	\$	10,723	\$ 1,922	\$	12,568	\$	23,027	\$	-
	-	- 460	-		-	-		-		8,228		-
\$	4,457	\$ 23,141	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	10,723	\$ 1,922	\$	12,568	\$	31,255	\$	-
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
					<u> </u>							
	-	-	- -		- -	- -		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-	23,141	-		-	1,922		12,568		-		-
	4,457	23,141	- -		10,723	- - -		- - -		31,255		- - -
	4,457	23,141	-		10,723	1,922		12,568		31,255		-
\$	4,457	\$ 23,141	\$ 	\$	10,723	\$ 1,922	\$	12,568	\$	31,255	\$	-

(Continued)

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	CMAQ Improvement Grant			oronary Care	Youth DARE Trust		Buc	C. Ray k Sports Park	Pierce Field Park Trust		;
Assets:	¢		¢	1.690	¢	900	¢	1.262	¢	56,022	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances):	\$	-	\$	1,680	\$	809	\$	1,362	\$	56,922	
Property and other taxes		_		_		_		_		_	
Accounts		_		_		_		_		_	
Intergovernmental		38,099		_		_		_		_	
Total assets	\$	38,099	\$	1,680	\$	809	\$	1,362	\$	56,922	:
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	38,099	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,600	
Total liabilities		38,099								2,600	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Property and other local taxes		-		-		-		-		-	
Unavailable revenue		_								-	_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-			-					-	
Fund Balances:											
Restricted:											
Street construction, maintenance and repairs		-		-		-		-		-	
Fire/EMS		-		-		-		=		-	
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		1,362		54,322	
Court computer		-		-		-		-		-	
Law enforcement		-		<u>-</u>		809		-		-	
Other purposes				1,680						-	-
Total fund balances		-		1,680	-	809		1,362		54,322	•
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources, and fund balances	\$	38,099	\$	1,680	\$	809	\$	1,362	\$	56,922	:

Non-major Special Revenue Funds									
\$ 301,493									
155,716 460									
\$ 56,931 514,600									
\$ 56,391 56,391									
 56,391									
135,254 18,069									
 153,323									
135,077									
6,012 70,174 23,141									
26,824 43,658									
304,886									
\$ 514,600									

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010								Motor		
	Sta	ite						Vehicle		
	High		Г	Police		Fire		ermissive		Law
	Improv	-		ension	Pension		Tax		Enforcement	
	Improv	CITICIT		CHSIOH		1 Clision		1 ax	Liii	orcement
Revenues:										
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$	72,636	\$	72,636	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		1,382
Intergovernmental	2	21,728		8,655		8,655		17,400		-
Investment income		98		_		-		280		-
Contributions and donations		-		_		-		-		2,500
Other		-		_		-		-		4,400
Total revenues	2	21,826		81,291		81,291		17,680		8,282
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		-		_		-		-		-
Security of persons and property		-		77,761		77,761		-		5,218
Transportation		-		_		-		44,780		-
Leisure time activities		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	2	22,165		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	2	22,165		77,761		77,761		44,780		5,218
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(339)		3,530		3,530		(27,100)		3,064
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Sale of capital assets		-		_		_		-		32
Total other financing sources (uses)		-						-		32
Net change in fund balances		(339)		3,530		3,530		(27,100)		3,096
Fund balance at beginning of year	3	38,389		2,482		2,482		124,127		12,450
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3	38,050	\$	6,012	\$	6,012	\$	97,027	\$	15,546

Enfo	DUI preement Education	C	yor's ourt nputer	Fire/E Grai		C	endview Center covement	Wyman Woods		Municipal Swimming Pool		nvention I Visitors Bureau	Safe Routes School
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	84,898	\$ -
	2,528		4,129		1,076		-	-		-		-	- 14,747
	_		-		-		_	_		_		-	-
	-		-		-		3,601	-		1,210		-	-
				-	-			 					
	2,528		4,129		1,076		3,601	 		1,210		84,898	 14,747
	530		4,598 -		- 189		- -	-		- -		65,000	6,866
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-
	_		-		-		2,090	_		-		-	-
	_		_		_		-	_		_		_	_
	530		4,598		189		2,090	 -		-		65,000	 6,866
	1,998		(469)		887		1,511	-		1,210		19,898	7,881
	_		_		_		_	_		_		_	_
			<u> </u>					 					
	1,998		(469)		887		1,511	-		1,210		19,898	7,881
	2,459		23,610		(887)		9,212	 1,922		11,358		11,357	 (7,881)
\$	4,457	\$	23,141	\$		\$	10,723	\$ 1,922	\$	12,568	\$	31,255	\$

(Continued)

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	CMAQ	Caman		37 41	n DARE		C. Ray	Pierce Field	
	Improvement Grant	Coror	,	Trust		Buck Sports Park		Park Trust	
Revenues:									
Property and other taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	1,960,906		-		-		-		-
Investment income	-		-		-		-		-
Contributions and donations	-		-		-		-		2,146
Other							-		-
Total revenues	1,960,906								2,146
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	-		-		-		-		-
Security of persons and property	-		-		339		-		-
Transportation	-		-		-		-		-
Leisure time activities	-		-		-		-		7,813
Capital outlay	1,235,245		-		-		3,442		-
Debt service:									
Principal retirement									-
Total expenditures	1,235,245			-	339	-	3,442		7,813
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	725,661		-		(339)		(3,442)		(5,667)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Sale of capital assets	-		_		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	_		_		-		-
Net change in fund balances	725,661		-		(339)		(3,442)		(5,667)
	(725,661)		1,680		1,148		4,804		59,989
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	1,680	\$	809	\$	1,362	\$	54,322

Non-major									
Special Revenue									
Fund	s								
,									
	,170								
	,039								
2,033									
	378								
	,457								
4	,400								
2,285	,611								
76	161								
	,464 ,798								
	,780								
	,813								
1,240									
1,210	,,,,								
22	.165								
1,553	,165 ,797								
731	,814								
	32								
	32								
5 2.1	0.46								
731	,846								
(426	060)								
	<u>,960)</u> ,886								
\$ 304	,000								

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final			Variance		
	Budget		Actual		Over/(Under)	
Revenues:	Ф	20.500	Ф	21.624	Φ	1 104
Intergovernmental	\$	20,500	\$	21,634	\$	1,134
Investment income		1,200		98		(1,102)
Total revenues		21,700		21,732		32
Expenditures: Debt service						
Principal retirement		22,165		22,165		
Total expenditures		22,165		22,165		-
Net change in fund balance		(465)		(433)		32
Fund balance - January 1		35,221		35,221		<u>-</u>
Fund balance - December 31	\$	34,756	\$	34,788	\$	32

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS POLICE PENSION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Property and other taxes Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 69,620 8,253 77,873	\$ 70,952 8,655 79,607	\$ 1,332 402 1,734	
Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property Personal services Other Total expenditures	76,673 1,200 77,873	76,673 1,088 77,761	112 112	
Net change in fund balance	-	1,846	1,846	
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$ 25 \$ 25	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,846	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS FIRE PENSION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Property and other local taxes Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 69,620 8,253 77,873	\$ 70,952 8,655 79,607	\$ 1,332 402 1,734	
Expenditures: Security of Persons and Property Personal services Other Total expenditures	76,673 1,200 77,873	76,673 1,088 77,761	112 112	
Net change in fund balance	-	1,846	1,846	
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$ 25 \$ 25	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,846	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS MOTOR VEHICLE PERMISSIVE TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Total revenues	\$ 15,000 2,000 17,000		\$	17,423 280 17,703	\$	2,423 (1,720) 703
Expenditures: Transportation Materials and supplies Total expenditures		45,000 45,000		44,088		912 912
Net change in fund balance		(28,000)		(26,385)		1,615
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$	122,651 94,651	\$	122,651 96,266	\$	1,615

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS LAW ENFORCEMENT

	Final Budget		Actual		riance /(Under)
					,
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	- \$	1,382	\$	1,382
Contributions and donations		_	2,500		2,500
Other revenue		-	6,000		6,000
Total revenues			9,882		9,882
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property					
Materials and supplies	5.	691	5,218		473
Total expenditures		691	5,218		473
Excess of Expenditures (Over)/Under Revenues	(5,	691)	4,664		10,355
Other Financing Sources:					
Sale of capital assets		-	32		32
Total Other Financing Sources		-	32		32
Net change in fund balance	(5,	691)	4,696		10,387
Fund balance - January 1	10,	850	10,850		-
Fund balance - December 31		159 \$	15,546	\$	10,387

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS DUI EDUCATION AND ENFORCEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget \$ 600 600		Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures Total revenues			\$	2,944 2,944	\$	2,344 2,344
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Capital Outlay Total expenditures		2,000 2,000		555 555		1,445 1,445
Net change in fund balance		(1,400)		2,389		3,789
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$	2,068 668	\$	2,068 4,457	\$	3,789

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final			Variance		
	B	udget	Actual		Over/(Under	
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures	\$	3,000	\$	3,984	\$	984
Total revenues		3,000		3,984		984
Expenditures: General Government						
Contractual services		4,000		3,760		240
Materials and supplies		1,500		838		662
Total expenditures		5,500		4,598		902
Net change in fund balance		(2,500)		(614)		1,886
Fund balance - January 1		23,295		23,295		-
Fund balance - December 31	\$	20,795	\$	22,681	\$	1,886

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS COMMUNITY EVENTS AND PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Contributions and donations Total Revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	600	\$	600
Expenditures: Leisure Time Activity Other operating Total expenditures	\$	600	\$	475 475	\$	125 125
Net change in fund balance		(600)		125		725
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$	697 97	\$	697 822	\$	725

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS TAX ABATEMENT

	Final	A . 4 1	Variance
_	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Revenues:			
Municipal income taxes	\$ 633,000	\$ 711,761	\$ 78,761
Property and other taxes	-	5,653	5,653
Charges for services	2,500	3,228	728
Total revenues	635,500	720,642	85,142
Expenditures:			
General Government			
Other	825,200	825,200	-
Total expenditures	825,200	825,200	
Not change in fund belance	(190.700)	(104.559)	95 142
Net change in fund balance	(189,700)	(104,558)	85,142
Fund balance - January 1	126,548	126,548	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	162,200	162,200	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 99,048	\$ 184,190	\$ 85,142

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS FIRE EMS GRANT

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,500	\$ -
Total revenues	3,500	3,500	
Expenditures:			
Security of Persons and Property			
Materials and supplies	189	189	
Total expenditures	189	189	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,311	3,311	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advance out	-	(3,500)	(3,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(3,500)	(3,500)
Net change in fund balance	3,311	(189)	(3,500)
Fund balance - January 1	189	189	-
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 3,500	\$ -	\$ (3,500)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS GRANDVIEW CENTER IMPROVEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues: Contributions and donations Total revenues	\$ 1,500 1,500	\$ 3,602 3,602	\$ 2,102 2,102
Expenditures: Public Health and Welfare Capital outlay Total expenditures	6,000	2,090 2,090	3,910 3,910
Net change in fund balance	(4,500)	1,512	6,012
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	9,211 \$ 4,711	9,211 \$ 10,723	\$ 6,012

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS WYMAN WOODS

	Final				Variance	
	В	udget		Actual	Over/(Under)	
Expenditures: Leisure Time Activity						
Capital outlay	\$	1,922	\$	-	\$	1,922
Total expenditures		1,922				1,922
Net change in fund balance		(1,922)		-		1,922
Fund balance - January 1	\$	1,922	\$	1,922	\$	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	-	\$	1,922	\$	1,922

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS MUNICIPAL SWIMMING POOL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Contributions and donations Total revenues	\$	500 500	\$	1,209 1,209	\$	709 709
Net change in fund balance		500		1,209		709
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$	11,359 11,859	\$	11,359 12,568	\$	709

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS CONVENTION AND VISITOR'S BUREAU FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues: Property and other local taxes Total revenues	\$ 75,000 75,000	\$ 80,802 80,802	\$ 5,802 5,802
Expenditures: General Government Other Total expenditures	75,000 75,000	65,000 65,000	10,000
Net change in fund balance	-	15,802	15,802
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	7,225 \$ 7,225	7,225 \$ 23,027	\$ 15,802

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 14,748	\$ 14,748 14,748	\$ -
Expenditures:	14,748	14,748	
General Government Contractual Services Total expenditures	14,748 14,748	14,757 14,757	<u>(9)</u> (9)
Net change in fund balance	-	(9)	(9)
Fund balance - January 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	(7,872) 7,881	(7,872) 7,881	-
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 9	\$ -	\$ (9)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS JEDZ CEDA

	Final	Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,329,000	\$ 2,424,624	\$ 95,624
Total revenues	2,329,000	2,424,624	95,624
Expenditures: Economic Development Contractual Services Total expenditures	2,344,000 2,344,000	2,344,000 2,344,000	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(15,000)	80,624	95,624
Fund balance - January 1	15,131	15,131	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 131	\$ 95,755	\$ 95,624

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS CORONARY CARE TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget			ctual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Contributions and donations Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$	1,680 1,680	\$	1,680 1,680	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS YOUTH TRUST

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property Other Total Expenditures	\$	1,148 1,148	\$	339	\$	809 809
Net change in Fund Balance		(1,148)		(339)		809
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$	1,148	\$	1,148 809	\$	809

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS C. RAY BUCK SPORTS PARK FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Leisure Time Activities							
Capital outlay	\$	4,800	\$	3,442	\$	1,358	
Total expenditures		4,800		3,442		1,358	
Net change in fund balance		(4,800)		(3,442)		1,358	
Fund balance - January 1		4,804		4,804			
Fund balance - December 31	\$	4	\$	1,362	\$	1,358	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS PIERCE FIELD PARK TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget Actual		
	Duaget	Actual	Over/(Under)
Revenues: Contributions and donations	\$ 1,800	\$ 2,146	\$ 346
Total revenues	1,800	2,146	346
Expenditures: Leisure Time Activity Materials and Supplies Total expenditures	50,000	7,863 7,863	42,137 42,137
Net change in fund balance	(48,200)	(5,717)	42,483
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	59,990 \$ 11,790	59,990 \$ 54,273	\$ 42,483

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS CMAQ IMPROVEMENT GRANT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget Actual		Variance Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 1,974,002 1,974,002	\$ 1,974,002 1,974,002	\$ <u>-</u>	
Expenditures: General Government Capital Outlay Total expenditures	1,974,002 1,974,002	1,974,002 1,974,002	<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS ACCRUED LEAVE RESERVE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Expenditures: Current: General Government Personal services Total expenditures	\$ 150,000	\$ 58,925	\$ 91,075
	150,000	58,925	91,075
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(150,000)	(58,925)	91,075
Other Financing Sources: Transfer in Total other financing sources	134,707	132,000	(2,707)
	134,707	132,000	(2,707)
Net change in fund balance	(15,293)	73,075	88,368
Fund balance - January 1	15,293	15,293	\$ 88,368
Fund balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ 88,368	

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General Improvement	Sewer Improvement	Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 5 Fund	Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 7 Fund	Grandview Yard Infrastructure Fund
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances):	\$ 1,268,752	\$ 464,170	\$ 10,109	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes Accounts	112,133 31,520	13,081	-	- -	- -
Intergovernmental Total assets	\$ 1,412,405	\$ 477,251	\$ 10,109	\$ 141,827 \$ 141,827	<u>-</u>
Liabilities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 20,313	\$ -	\$ - 10,109	\$ 141,827	\$ 3,226
Total liabilities	20,313		10,109	141,827	3,226
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	30,761 30,761			141,827 141,827	
Fund Balances: Committed:					
Capital projects Unassigned	1,361,331	477,251	-	(141,827)	(3,226)
Total fund balances	1,361,331	477,251		(141,827)	(3,226)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,412,405	\$ 477,251	\$ 10,109	\$ 141,827	\$ -

Grandv	iew	N	Northwest		Total
Yard	Yard		and First		Non-major
Phase 1	Phase IV		Improvement		oital Projects
Fund	l		Fund		Funds
					_
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,743,031
	-		-		112,133
	-		-		44,601
	-		239,223		381,050
\$	-	\$	239,223	\$	2,280,815
		-			
\$	-	\$	239,223	\$	404,589
	-		-		10,109
	-		358,383		533,858
	-		-		172,588
	-		-		172,588
	-		-		1,838,582
			(119,160)		(264,213)
			(119,160)		1,574,369
\$		\$	239,223	\$	2,280,815

CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General	Sewer	Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 5	Clean Ohio Remediation Funds 7	Grandview Yard Infrastructure
	Improvement	Improvement	Fund	Fund	Fund
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$ 550,146	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	158,441	225,428	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	75,463	-	-
Investment income	-	58	-	-	-
Other	6,158				
Total revenues	714,745	225,486	75,463		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	61,633	-	-	-	-
Utility services	-	31,274	-	-	-
Capital outlay	932,342	113,659	-	-	149,163
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	134,447	70,749	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	9,625	12,479			
Total expenditures	1,138,047	228,161			149,163
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(423,302)	(2,675)	75,463	-	(149,163)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of capital assets	8,203	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from loan issuance	-	-	-	-	291,931
Proceeds from inception of capital lease	234,018	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	555,000	111,138			
Total other financing sources (uses)	797,221	111,138			291,931
Net change in fund balances	373,919	108,463	75,463	-	142,768
Fund balance at beginning of year	987,412	368,788	(75,463)	(141,827)	(145,994)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,361,331	\$ 477,251	\$ -	\$ (141,827)	\$ (3,226)

Grandview Yard Phase IV Fund	ard and First use IV Improvement		Total on-major ital Projects Funds
\$	- \$ - - -	1,402,942 - - 1,402,942	\$ 550,146 383,869 1,478,405 58 6,158 2,418,636
		1,402,742	 2,410,030
61,41	- - I	1,954,009	61,633 31,274 3,210,584
61,41	- - I	1,954,009	 205,196 22,104 3,530,791
(61,41)		(551,067)	(1,112,155)
483,813	- - <u> </u>	450,000	 8,203 775,744 234,018 1,116,138
483,813	_	450,000 (101,067)	 2,134,103 1,021,948
(422,402		(18,093) (119,160)	\$ 552,421 1,574,369

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS GENERAL IMPROVEMENT

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 192,500	\$ 160,465	\$ (32,035)
Interest	440,751	524,410	83,659
Other	4,100	6,158	2,058
Total revenues	637,351	691,033	53,682
Expenditures:			
Utility Services			
Contractual services	150,400	44,423	105,977
Other operating	25,600	23,383	2,217
Capital outlay	1,381,509	1,113,126	268,383
Debt service			
Principal retirement	134,447	134,447	-
Interest and fiscal charges	9,625	9,625	
Total expenditures	1,701,581	1,325,004	376,577
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(1,064,230)	(633,971)	430,259
Other Financing Sources			
Sale of Assets	-	8,203	8,203
Transfers In	555,000	555,000	
Total Other Financing Sources	555,000	563,203	8,203
Net change in fund balance	(509,230)	(70,768)	438,462
Fund balance - January 1	646,246	646,246	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	279,409	279,409	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 416,425	\$ 854,887	\$ 438,462

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS SEWER IMPROVEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final		A . 4 1		Variance		
	Budget			Actual		Over/(Under)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	205,000	\$	220,954	\$	15,954	
Interest		-		58		58	
Total revenues		205,000		221,012		16,012	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Utility Services							
Contractual services		59,909		27,156		32,753	
Materials and supplies		23,000		7,992		15,008	
Capital outlay		116,902		113,659		3,243	
Debt service							
Principal retirement		70,749		70,749		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		11,341		11,341		-	
Total expenditures		281,901		230,897		51,004	
Net change in fund balance		(76,901)		(9,885)		67,016	
Fund balance - January 1		330,244		330,244		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		143,811		143,811			
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 397,154			464,170	\$	67,016	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS PARKS AND RECREATION CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)	
Revenues:				
Property and other local taxes	\$ 208,017	\$ 220,730	\$ 12,713	
Intergovernmental	6,877	7,222	345	
Total revenues	214,894	227,952	13,058	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Leisure Time Activity				
Contractual services	492,660	492,567	93	
Capital outlay	4,398,578	4,372,255	26,323	
Debt service				
Principal retirement	80,000	80,000	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	75,275	75,275	-	
Total expenditures	5,046,513	5,020,097	26,416	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(4,831,619)	(4,792,145)	39,474	
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfer in	987,500	987,500	-	
Advance in	3,543,478	3,543,478	-	
Total other financing sources	4,530,978	4,530,978	-	
Net change in fund balance	(300,641)	(261,167)	39,474	
Fund balance - January 1	81,360	81,360	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	338,260	338,260		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 118,979	\$ 158,453	\$ 39,474	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS CORF 5

	Final				Variance	
	Budget		Actual		Over/(Under)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	85,572	\$	85,572	\$	-
Total revenues		85,572		85,572		_
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government						
Contractual Services		85,572		75,463		10,109
Total expenditures		85,572		75,463		10,109
Net change in fund balance		-		10,109		10,109
Fund balance - January 1		(75,463)		(75,463)		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		75,463		75,463		-
Fund balance - December 31	\$	-	\$	10,109	\$	10,109

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS CORF 7

	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/(Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 141,827 141,827	\$ - -	\$ (141,827) (141,827)	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government				
Contractual Services	141,827	141,827	_	
Total expenditures	141,827	141,827		
Net change in fund balance	-	(141,827)	(141,827)	
Fund balance - January 1	(141,827)	(141,827)	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	141,827	141,827		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ (141,827)	\$ (141,827)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS GRANDVIEW YARD INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)		
Expenditures: Capital outlay Total expenditures	\$ 291,931 291,931	\$ 291,931 291,931	\$ - -		
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(291,931)	(291,931)	-		
Other Financing Sources Loan Proceeds Total Other Financing Sources	291,931 291,931	291,931 291,931	<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-		
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS GRANDVIEW YARD PHASE IV FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)		
Expenditures: Capital outlay Total expenditures	\$ 483,813 483,813	\$ 483,813 483,813	\$ <u>-</u>		
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(483,813)	(483,813)	-		
Other Financing Sources Loan Proceeds Total Other Financing Sources	483,813 483,813	483,813 483,813	<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-		
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY (NON-GAAP) BASIS NORTHWEST AND FIRST IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/(Under)
	Duaget	7 Ictuar	Over/(Onder)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,394,691	\$ 1,394,691	\$ -
Total revenues	1,394,691	1,394,691	-
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	1,844,691	1,844,691	
Total expenditures	1,844,691	1,844,691	
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(450,000)	(450,000)	
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(430,000)	(430,000)	-
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	450,000	450,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources	450,000	450,000	
N.A. J 'n Co. 11 J			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance - January 1	_	_	_
Fund balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -



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INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTION - AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds

Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Mayor's Court

To account for monies collected and to be distributed by the Mayor's Court.

Joint Economic Development Zone (JEDZ) Board

To account for monies collected and to be distributed by the JEDZ Board in agreement with the agreement between the City and Clinton Township.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

		Beginning Balance	Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance	
			Mayor's Court					
Assets								
Cash in segregated accounts	\$	1,100	\$	123,361	\$	(122,311)	\$	2,150
Total assets	\$	1,100	\$	123,361	\$	(122,311)	\$	2,150
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	1,100	\$	123,361	\$	(122,311)	\$	2,150
Total liabilities	\$	1,100	\$	123,361	\$	(122,311)	\$	2,150
		Joi	nt E	conomic Dev	elor	oment Zone B	anard	
Assets		0011		conomic Dev	CIO	mene Zone D	ouru	•
Cash in segregated accounts	\$	78,007	\$	3,724,571	\$	(3,671,901)	\$	130,677
Income Taxes Receivable	·	464,919		755,025		(464,919)	·	755,025
Total assets	\$	542,926	\$	4,479,596	\$	(4,136,820)	\$	885,702
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	542,926	\$	4,479,596	\$	(4,136,820)	\$	885,702
Total liabilities	\$	542,926	\$	4,479,596	\$	(4,136,820)	\$	885,702
				Т	otal			
Assets								
Cash in segregated accounts	\$	79,107	\$	3,847,932	\$	(3,794,212)	\$	132,827
Income Taxes Receivable		464,919		755,025		(464,919)		755,025
Total assets	\$	544,026	\$	4,602,957	\$	(4,259,131)	\$	887,852
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	544,026	\$	4,602,957	\$	(4,259,131)	\$	887,852
Total liabilities	\$	544,026	\$	4,602,957	\$	(4,259,131)	\$	887,852
						• • •		



STATISTICAL SECTION



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STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section of the City of Grandview Heights's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City of Grandview Heights's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S4-S11
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the income tax.	S12-17
Debt Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the afford-ability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S18-21
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	S22-23
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S24-29

Sources: Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 59,226,779	\$ 45,824,665	\$ 28,093,276	\$ 17,454,369
Restricted	888,184	1,184,261	1,779,704	1,192,229
Unrestricted	(132,535)	2,213,085	9,548,018	8,724,333
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 59,982,428	\$ 49,222,011	\$ 39,420,998	\$ 27,370,931

2012	2011	 2010		2009	 2008	 2007
\$ 14,833,545	\$ 13,916,772	\$ 12,133,217	\$	4,551,855	\$ 4,432,203	\$ 3,691,157
998,793	593,883	1,611,322		1,132,664	1,202,213	1,660,592
6,205,357	4,764,336	3,494,112		4,023,126	4,004,892	2,741,623
\$ 22,037,695	\$ 19,274,991	\$ 17,238,651	\$	9,707,645	\$ 9,639,308	\$ 8,093,372

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Program revenues:	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$ 685,889	\$ 1,139,313	\$ 544,813	\$ 451,915
Security of persons and property	511,366	540,917	539,958	498,081
Public health and welfare	167,274	193,674	186,734	183,268
Transportation	55,758	55,803	53,065	51,187
Utility Services	396,018	273,652	195,049	191,538
Leisure time activity	274,837	196,137	260,511	251,859
Economic Development	3,228	5,000	10,976	3,831
Operating grants & contributions	2,772,332	2,716,723	1,644,574	459,865
Capital grants & contributions	9,548,864	17,078,593	11,254,753	2,742,643
Total governmental activities program revenues	14,415,566	22,199,812	14,690,433	4,834,187
Expenses:				
Governmental activities	2.500.566	2.400.207	2 000 000	0.504.615
General government	3,590,566	3,488,396	3,000,999	2,504,617
Security of persons and property	6,196,665	5,294,942	5,099,104	4,944,704
Public health and welfare	56,243	50,481	39,947	6,209
Transportation	1,616,389	1,762,866	1,232,038	1,172,477
Leisure time activity	1,500,914	1,368,524	1,163,617	999,847
Utility services	805,335	691,137	758,093	790,285
Economic development	5,467,462	5,088,365	3,653,254	2,347,316
Interest & fiscal charges	186,192	93,178	90,563	100,008
Bond issuance costs	149,496			
Total governmental activities expenses	19,569,262	17,837,889	15,037,615	12,865,463
Total primary government net revenue (expense)	(5,153,696)	4,361,923	(347,182)	(8,031,276)
General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities Taxes:				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	2,216,658	2,079,767	1,920,525	2,069,275
Police and fire pensions	144,954	142,244	119,090	130,564
Parks and recreation improvements	60,397	59,114	54,426	-
Hotel and motel taxes	254,695	274,584	187,552	245,746
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,549,253	1,376,394	1,271,885	1,653,591
Municipal income taxes levied for:	1,517,255	1,570,571	1,271,003	1,055,571
General purposes	9,596,666	8,120,062	7,249,043	7,606,041
Capital improvements	505,077	427,326	381,528	400,319
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific	1,230,747	1,124,193	790,346	881,703
programs	1,230,747	1,124,173	770,540	001,703
Investment earnings	144,369	71,723	74,311	53,068
Lease	-	3,103	77,511	55,000
Insurance Recoveries	18,972	5,105	- -	-
Miscellaneous	192,325	233,854	348,543	324,205
Total governmental activities	15,914,113	13,912,364	12,397,249	13,364,512
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 10,760,417	\$ 18,274,287	\$ 12,050,067	\$ 5,333,236

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$ 455,289	\$ 435,571	\$ 423,918	\$ 309,175	\$ 213,627	\$ 216,906
449,968	399,152	406,577	564,845	542,676	499,893
175,426	177,226	169,237	146,593	158,414	155,936
49,373	232,293	225,278	221,589	219,398	196,812
189,754	-	-	-	-	-
278,929	268,002	255,528	243,177	269,207	258,572
414,372	445,306	1,606,592	373,644	542,629	374,288
1,916,238	1,809,543	7,783,106	10,950	8,541	3,418
3,929,349	3,767,093	10,870,236	1,869,973	1,954,492	1,705,825
2,457,407	2,253,422	2,098,542	2,023,040	2,204,504	2,075,789
4,817,775	4,686,786	4,609,921	4,667,721	4,410,555	4,382,097
42,352	43,126	40,303	39,636	36,822	34,345
1,087,234	804,027	602,154	1,548,131	1,493,001	1,397,206
951,611	914,501	856,551	785,511	768,120	775,985
769,457	722,475	748,210	109,100	107,706	107,153
1,213,559	1,218,348	1,730,058	-	-	-
16,930	19,262	13,045	24,939	23,116	36,045
65,700	-	-	-	-	-
11,422,025	10,661,947	10,698,784	9,198,078	9,043,824	8,808,620
(7,492,676)	(6,894,854)	171,452	(7,328,105)	(7,089,332)	(7,102,795)
1,376,226 126,450	1,462,403 125,388	1,437,706 144,204	1,387,888 122,460	1,500,106 123,818	1,459,747 123,722
120,430	123,366	144,204	122,400	123,010	123,722
237,143	207,056	31,743	_	_	_
413,790	-	-	-	-	-
6,994,594	5,629,193	4,404,879	4,745,785	5,692,124	5,353,771
367,041	296,273	154,654	-	-	-
515,848	892,128	1,013,394	916,994	1,003,195	1,020,332
120,486	132,081	104,581	107,228	167,510	94,179
-	-	-	-	-	215,660
102.002	107.772	- (0.412	116.007	140 515	04.053
103,802	186,672	68,413	116,087	148,515	84,853
10,255,380	8,931,194	7,359,574	7,396,442	8,635,268	8,352,264
\$ 2,762,704	\$ 2,036,340	\$ 7,531,026	\$ 68,337	\$ 1,545,936	\$ 1,249,469

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
General fund:		 2010	 	 2010
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	206,311	59,827	177,939	204,695
Committed	88,368	15,293	148,232	150,000
Assigned	504,493	331,760	203,371	144,167
Unassigned	8,187,206	8,949,247	7,095,887	5,708,223
Total general fund	\$ 8,986,378	\$ 9,356,127	\$ 7,625,429	\$ 6,207,085
All other governmental funds:				
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Undesignated (deficit), reported in:				
Special revenue funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capital project funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	27,160	23,520	50,818	10,485
Restricted	4,145,040	1,027,975	1,742,683	2,889,402
Committed	1,838,582	1,356,200	1,215,111	1,158,533
Unassigned	(1,281,702)	(2,509,977)	(205,908)	(175,212)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 4,729,080	\$ (102,282)	\$ 2,802,704	\$ 3,883,208
Total Governmental funds	\$ 13,715,458	\$ 9,253,845	\$ 10,428,133	\$ 10,090,293

Notes:
(1) The City implemented GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011. Fiscal year 2010 was restated to reflect this change; however fiscal years prior to 2010 were not restated.

 2012	 2011 (1)	 2010 (1)	 2009	 2008	 2007
N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 109,898	\$ 171,144	\$ 286,948
N/A	N/A	N/A	3,676,274	3,883,314	2,410,128
216,999	237,387	258,985	N/A	N/A	N/A
150,000	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,546,279	1,249,920	1,351,767	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,544,146	1,988,100	1,917,702	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 4,457,424	\$ 3,475,407	\$ 3,528,454	\$ 3,786,172	\$ 4,054,458	\$ 2,697,076
N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 146,396	\$ 46,203	\$ 240,775
N/A	N/A	N/A	541,769	662,337	1,002,435
N/A	N/A	N/A	319,801	266,601	324,536
17,752	20,643	46,805	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,784,652	522,872	521,505	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,029,225	916,057	774,163	N/A	N/A	N/A
 (287,445)	 (391,102)	 (420,988)	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A
\$ 4,544,184	\$ 1,068,470	\$ 921,485	\$ 1,007,967	\$ 975,142	\$ 1,567,747
\$ 9,001,608	\$ 4,543,877	\$ 4,449,939	\$ 4,794,139	\$ 5,029,600	\$ 4,264,823

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2016		2015		2014		2013
Revenues:	0.1.1.000.00.0		0.077.000	.		•	
Municipal income tax	\$11,002,926	\$	8,857,323	\$	7,717,493	\$	7,572,082
Property and other taxes	2,681,768		2,547,110		2,284,558		2,444,575
Paymnent in lieu of taxes	1,549,253		1,376,394		1,271,885		1,653,591
Charges for services	1,665,008		1,561,660		1,452,820		1,322,568
Licenses, permits & fees	323,628		749,548		254,827		205,216
Fines and forfeitures	88,414		91,278		81,283		86,787
Intergovernmental	7,434,892		4,827,467		6,716,096		3,233,113
Investment Income	159,115		77,128		76,155		55,149
Capital lease revenue	-		-		-		
Contributions and donations	9,937		570,621		1,375,507		712,545
Miscellaneous	183,324		195,943		439,973		226,240
Total revenues	25,098,265	-	20,854,472		21,670,597		17,511,866
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	3,447,302		3,486,804		2,935,640		2,575,361
Security of persons and property	5,307,846		5,011,254		4,876,991		4,701,675
Public health and welfare	56,243		48,991		39,947		6,209
Transportation	995,405		1,441,524		684,828		669,235
Leisure time activity	1,366,450		1,122,504		955,151		892,193
Utility services	706,765		650,215		964,210		747,709
Economic Development	5,422,428		4,640,175		2,895,156		2,170,884
Capital outlay	10,508,206		7,500,719		9,795,274		4,428,942
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	365,861		260,039		168,005		161,910
Interest and fiscal charges	177,679		98,130		92,005		90,290
Bond issuance costs	149,496				´ <u>-</u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total expenditures	28,503,681		24,260,355		23,407,207		16,444,408
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(2.405.416)		(2.405.002)		(1.726.610)		1 067 459
(under) expenditures	(3,405,416)	-	(3,405,883)		(1,736,610)		1,067,458
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of capital assets	13,185		39,884		16,853		19,589
Loan issuance	775,744		2,181,583		1,592,091		-
Bond issuance	6,630,000		-		-		-
Premium on Bond issuance	195,110		7,025		-		-
Inception of capital lease	234,018		-		447,259		-
Insurance Recoveries	18,972		3,103		18,247		1,638
Transfers in	3,908,325		1,000,000		250,000		307,500
Transfers out	(3,908,325)		(1,000,000)		(250,000)		(307,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,867,029		2,231,595		2,074,450		21,227
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,461,613	\$	(1,174,288)	\$	337,840	\$	1,088,685
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital							
expenditures	2.52%		2.15%		1.87%		2.08%

 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007
\$ 6,845,331	\$ 5,619,516	\$ 4,748,687	\$ 4,548,428	\$ 5,611,389	\$ 5,559,384
1,740,073	1,798,345	1,635,865	1,503,409	1,600,458	1,608,430
413,790	- -	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
1,300,942	1,209,343	1,196,115	1,128,191	1,142,485	1,092,531
211,362	202,568	169,856	182,004	95,832	99,004
91,515	96,576	116,995	181,496	164,299	126,555 1,338,216
1,672,554 119,081	2,471,965 126,165	4,619,688 90,957	1,289,132 126,977	1,474,911 208,499	1,338,216
119,001	120,103	90,937	120,977	200,499	215,660
115,970	11,447	10,807	9,908	14,923	213,000
88,365	86,172	71,176	104,999	148,144	113,521
12,598,983	11,622,097	12,660,146	9,074,544	10,460,940	10,292,735
2,381,001	2,210,917	2,038,156	1,990,396	2,161,482	2,035,446
4,506,905	4,489,567	4,389,401	4,465,941	4,146,435	4,149,691
42,352	43,126	40,303	39,636	36,822	34,345
606,464	628,207	534,611	1,409,635	1,290,263	1,255,987
856,670	835,953	771,687	715,225	685,713	690,768
721,683	718,703	690,642	109,100	107,706	107,153
1,462,257	1,155,347	1,730,058	-	- 1 2 10 701	-
326,120	1,644,618	2,674,874	448,693	1,248,791	548,017
110,473	110,875	112,508	121,855	124,588	252,474
16,930	19,262	22,106	25,434	23,601	26,004
65,700	-	-	-	_	-
11,096,555	11,856,575	13,004,346	9,325,915	9,825,401	9,099,885
 1,502,428	 (234,478)	(344,200)	(251,371)	635,539	 1,192,850
4,541	30,855		15,910	13,733	9,675
28,952	204,807	-	13,910	13,/33	9,073
2,800,000	204,007	_	_	_	_
101,644	_	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	115,505	_
20,166	92,754	_	_		_
85,000	59,774	498,229	232,700	556,121	638,412
(85,000)	(59,774)	(498,229)	(232,700)	(556,121)	(638,412)
2,955,303	328,416	 	15,910	 129,238	9,675
\$ 4,457,731	\$ 93,938	\$ (344,200)	\$ (235,461)	\$ 764,777	\$ 1,202,525
1.20%	1.27%	1.30%	1.65%	1.70%	3.22%

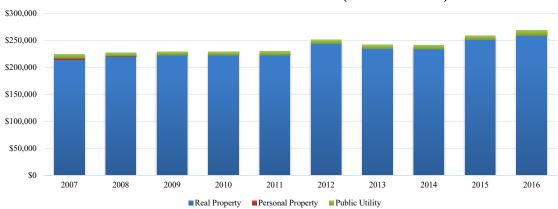
ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (\$000's omitted)

		Real F	Prope	erty		Persona	l Pro	perty		Public	e Uti	ility	-	TOTAL		Cit
Tax Year	Collection Year	Assessed		stimated ctual (a)	A	ssessed		stimated ctual (b)	A	ssessed		stimated ctual (c)	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Ratio	City Direct Rate
2006	2007	\$ 214,655	\$	613,300	\$	2,708	\$	21,578	\$	6,755	\$	27,020	\$224,118	\$ 661,898	33.86%	10.70
2007	2008	\$ 220,095	\$	628,843	\$	107	\$	1,712	\$	6,786	\$	27,144	\$226,988	\$ 657,699	34.51%	10.70
2008	2009	\$ 222,574	\$	635,926	\$	53	\$	-	\$	6,681	\$	26,724	\$229,308	\$ 662,650	34.60%	10.70
2009	2010	\$ 222,597	\$	635,991	\$	53	\$	-	\$	6,658	\$	26,632	\$229,308	\$ 662,623	34.61%	10.70
2010	2011	\$ 222,779	\$	636,511	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,918	\$	27,672	\$229,697	\$ 664,183	34.58%	10.95
2011	2012	\$ 244,163	\$	697,609	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,100	\$	28,400	\$251,263	\$ 726,009	34.61%	10.70
2012	2013	\$ 234,810	\$	670,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,092	\$	28,368	\$241,902	\$ 699,254	34.59%	10.15
2013	2014	\$ 233,373	\$	666,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,412	\$	29,648	\$240,785	\$ 696,428	34.57%	10.15
2014	2015	\$ 251,591	\$	718,831	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,459	\$	29,836	\$259,050	\$ 748,667	34.60%	10.15
2015	2016	\$ 258,928	\$	739,794	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,946	\$	39,784	\$268,874	\$ 779,578	34.49%	10.15

Source: County Auditor - Franklin County, Ohio.

- (a) Real property is assessed at 35% of actual value. Real property taxes collected in a calendar year are levied as of January 1 of that year based on assessed values as of January 1 of the preceding year.
- (b) Public utility is assessed at 25% of actual value. Public utility real and tangible property taxes collected in a calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year based on assessed values determined as of December 31, of the second preceding year.
- (c) For Tax Year 2006, tangible personal property tax is assessed at 18.75% of property value, including inventory.
 - For Tax Year 2007, tangible personal property tax is assessed at 12.55% of property value, including inventory.
 - For Tax Year 2008, tangible personal property tax is assessed at 6.25% of property value, including inventory.
 - For Tax Year 2009, tangible personal property tax is entirely phased out.

Assessed Valuation by Property Type Collection Years 2007- 2016 (\$000's Omitted)



PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS RATES EXPRESSED PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	Collection Year	Operating Direct Rate	Fire Pension Direct Rate	Police Pension Direct Rate	Parks and Recreation Direct Rate	Total City Direct Rate	Franklin County	Grandview Heights City School District	Grandvie w Heights Public Library	<u>Total</u>	Res/Agr Effective Rate	Com/Ind Effective Rate
2006	2007	10.10	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.70	17.79	100.50	4.70	133.69	63.9223	96.0322
2007	2008	10.10	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.70	17.84	100.80	4.70	134.04	65.3498	96.6696
2008	2009	10.10	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.70	17.37	101.10	4.70	133.87	67.0868	92.3150
2009	2010	10.10	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.70	18.07	100.90	4.70	134.37	68.0786	92.9989
2010	2011	10.35	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.95	18.07	105.05	4.70	138.77	74.6074	99.0556
2011	2012	10.10	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.70	18.07	104.15	4.70	137.62	71.2288	93.5683
2012	2013	9.55	0.30	0.30	N/A	10.15	18.47	104.30	4.70	137.62	76.1796	97.7249
2013	2014	9.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	10.15	18.47	104.30	4.70	137.62	76.2794	98.3721
2014	2015	9.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	10.15	18.47	110.30	4.70	143.62	78.1402	104.5131
2015	2016	9.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	10.15	18.47	110.05	4.70	143.37	77.8988	103.9401

Sources: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council, Franklin County Auditor's Office

TOP PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Taxpayer Name	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
December 31, 2015	(a)	
Public Utilities		
Ohio Power Company	\$5,821,760	2.25%
Columbia Gas	1,643,050	0.63%
Real Estate		
NRI Equity Land	3,794,830	1.46%
Buckone Ltd.	1,854,250	0.72%
Woodhill Garden	1,050,000	0.41%
Grandview Business Center	963,040	0.37%
William E Benua TR	920,400	0.36%
Wagbros Co. 1 2 4 LTD	880,580	0.34%
777 Goodale Partners	761,850	0.29%
Panzera Nick C	724,580	0.28%
1400 Goodale LLC	677,610	0.26%
Kramer Nancy	638,240	0.25%
All Others	239,319,890	92.38%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$259,050,080	100.00%
Public Utilities		
Columbus Southern Power	\$4,651,880	2.04%
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc	3,058,050	1.34%
Real Estate		
Olentangy Commerce Center LP	5,391,940	2.36%
Penn Traffic	1,556,390	0.68%
Woodhill Garden	981,930	0.43%
Court Realty Ltd	957,250	0.42%
Popajack LLC	900,320	0.39%
Tarbill Family LP	875,010	0.38%
Jamestown Apartments Corp.	875,000	0.38%
5700 Greenpointe LLC	854,540	0.37%
William E Benua TR Ideal Investment	760,950 647,510	0.33% 0.28%
ideai investment	047,310	0.2070
Tangible Personal Pro		0.610/
Loeb Electric Company Capital Wholesale Drug Company	1,392,720	0.61%
Carro Printing Corp	397,965 373,500	0.17% 0.16%
Bearing Distributors Inc	312,563	0.16%
Mindleaders Com Inc.	300,668	0.14%
Floyd Bell Associates Inc.	294,555	0.13%
Global Living LLC	247,956	0.11%
Time Warner Entertainment Company LP	216,870	0.09%
C.W. Demary Service Inc.	202,598	0.09%
•	130,035	0.05%
Installed Building Products	,	
Installed Building Products All Others	203,083,526	88.89%

Source: County Auditor - Franklin County, Ohio.

⁽a) Tax Year 2015 and 2006 collections represent amounts received in 2016 and 2007, respectively.

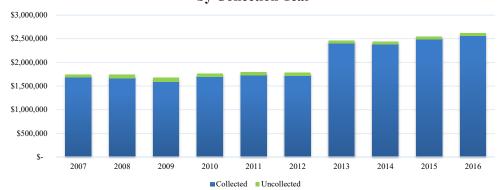
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	Collection Year	 Гоtal Тах Levy	Current Collection	elinquent ollection	Fotal Tax	Ou	eumulated tstanding elinquent Taxes	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2006	2007	\$ 1,701,716	\$ 1,647,180	\$ 42,741	\$ 1,689,921	\$	57,716	99.31%	3.39%
2007	2008	\$ 1,687,015	\$ 1,636,797	\$ 30,787	\$ 1,667,584	\$	81,183	98.85%	4.81%
2008	2009	\$ 1,673,526	\$ 1,540,350	\$ 49,201	\$ 1,589,551	\$	88,121	94.98%	5.27%
2009	2010	\$ 1,681,153	\$ 1,640,791	\$ 60,877	\$ 1,701,668	\$	65,889	101.22%	3.92%
2010	2011	\$ 1,733,917	\$ 1,699,364	\$ 36,171	\$ 1,735,535	\$	62,391	100.09%	3.60%
2011	2012	\$ 1,752,553	\$ 1,689,728	\$ 32,214	\$ 1,721,942	\$	62,137	98.25%	3.55%
2012	2013	\$ 2,625,870	\$ 2,348,369	\$ 54,062	\$ 2,402,431	\$	63,146	91.49%	2.40%
2013	2014	\$ 2,442,967	\$ 2,334,457	\$ 41,297	\$ 2,375,754	\$	60,182	97.25%	2.46%
2014	2015	\$ 2,496,745	\$ 2,457,478	\$ 33,394	\$ 2,490,872	\$	53,627	99.76%	2.15%
2015	2016	\$ 2,573,931	\$ 2,515,075	\$ 48,544	\$ 2,563,619	\$	59,843	99.60%	2.32%
Ten Year Ave	erage	\$ 2,007,891	\$ 1,924,290	\$ 48,177	\$ 1,972,466	\$	66,805	98.24%	3.33%

Source: County Auditor - Franklin County, Ohio.

Note: The Franklin County Auditor's Office confirmed the Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy column includes percentages in excess of 100% due to timing issues with the collection of property taxes.

Property Tax Levies - Collected & Uncollected by Collection Year



INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS (CASH BASIS)

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Withholding Tax	Individual Tax	Net Profit Tax	Total Tax Collections	 otal General nd Revenues	Total Income Taxes as a % of Total General Fund Revenues
2007	2.5%	\$ 3,146,500	\$ 1,332,039	\$ 868,350	\$ 5,346,889	\$ 9,064,082	58.99%
2008	2.5%	\$ 3,465,513	\$ 1,368,417	\$ 1,198,061	\$ 6,031,991	\$ 9,998,228	60.33%
2009	2.25%	\$ 2,939,249	\$ 1,303,871	\$ 741,476	\$ 4,984,596	\$ 8,785,112	56.74%
2010	2.5%	\$ 3,168,122	\$ 961,315	\$ 577,224	\$ 4,706,661	\$ 8,532,378	55.16%
2011	2.5%	\$ 3,503,958	\$ 1,206,731	\$ 762,115	\$ 5,472,804	\$ 9,043,480	60.52%
2012	2.5%	\$ 4,144,915	\$ 1,290,955	\$ 1,189,733	\$ 6,625,603	\$ 9,572,787	69.21%
2013	2.5%	\$ 4,624,817	\$ 1,467,958	\$ 1,496,987	\$ 7,589,762	\$ 11,601,156	65.42%
2014	2.5%	\$ 4,854,177	\$ 1,439,182	\$ 1,442,724	\$ 7,736,083	\$ 12,188,519	63.47%
2015	2.5%	\$ 5,515,449	\$ 1,588,865	\$ 1,443,529	\$ 8,547,843	\$ 16,076,212	53.17%
2016	2.5%	\$ 6,865,121	\$ 1,821,771	\$ 1,801,308	\$10,488,200	\$ 17,852,263	58.75%
Ten Year	r Average	\$ 4,104,344	\$ 1,352,976	\$ 1,104,843	\$ 6,562,163	\$ 11,007,166	59.62%

Note 1: The tax rate was increased to 2.5% of taxable income effective July 1, 2005. This rate was then reduced to 2.25% of taxable income effective January 1, 2009. This rate was increased to 2.5% effective July 1, 2010.

Note 2: In 2010 Council allocated 5% of income tax collections for capital expenditures. This amount is recorded in the General Improvement Fund. The above income tax collections reflect total City collections for the year.

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency & City financial reports.

Income Tax Collections & Total General Fund Revenues

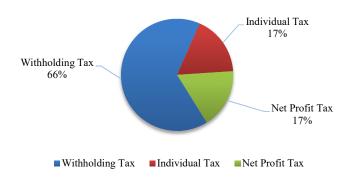


INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (CASH BASIS)

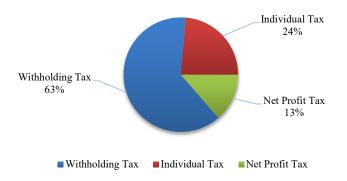
	20	16	2007				
Withholding Tax	\$ 6,865,121	65.46%	\$	2,919,962	62.75%		
Individual Tax	1,821,771	17.37%		1,101,634	23.67%		
Net Profit Tax	 1,801,308	17.17%		631,762	13.58%		
Total Income Tax Collections	\$ 10,488,200	100.00%	\$	4,653,358	100.00%		

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency & City financial reports.

2016 Income Tax Collections by Type



2007 Income Tax Collections by Type



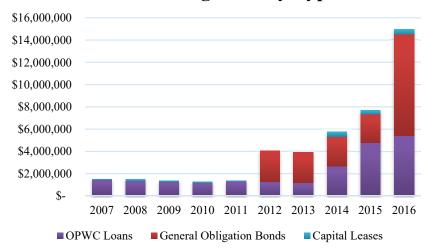
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Year	General Obligation Bonds		OPWC Loans		Capital Leases		Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Total Debt Per Capita	
2007	\$ -	. 9	5 1,435,538	\$	61,302	\$	1,496,840	0.88%	\$ 241.08	
2008	\$ -	. 9	3 1,357,735	\$	130,022	\$	1,487,757	0.86%	\$ 235.93	
2009	\$ -	. 9	1,278,958	\$	86,944	\$	1,365,902	0.79%	\$ 216.60	
2010	\$ -	. 9	1,199,184	\$	54,210	\$	1,253,394	0.70%	\$ 191.77	
2011	\$ -	. 9	1,323,193	\$	24,133	\$	1,347,326	0.57%	\$ 206.14	
2012	\$ 2,800,0	00 5	1,265,805	\$	-	\$	4,065,805	1.73%	\$ 622.06	
2013	\$ 2,730,0	00 5	5 1,173,895	\$	_	\$	3,903,895	1.47%	\$ 564.96	
2014	\$ 2,655,0	00 5	5 2,672,981	\$	447,259	\$	5,775,240	2.03%	\$ 862.62	
2015	\$ 2,575,0	00 5	4,760,426	\$	361,358	\$	7,696,784	2.70%	\$ 1,149.63	
2016	\$ 9,125,0	00 5	5,384,756	\$	460,929	\$	14,970,685	4.30%	\$ 2,134.40	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City financial records.

Outstanding Debt by Type



RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	General Obligation Bonds		Ge Bond	Cotal eneral ed Debt tanding	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Per Capita		
2007	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-	
2008	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-	
2009	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-	
2010	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-	
2011	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-	
2012	\$ 2,8	00,000	\$ 2,	800,000	1.11%	\$	428.40	
2013	\$ 2,7	30,000	\$ 2,	730,000	1.13%	\$	395.08	
2014	\$ 2,6	55,000	\$ 2,	655,000	1.10%	\$	396.56	
2015	\$ 2,5	75,000	\$ 2,	575,000	0.99%	\$	384.62	
2016	\$ 9,1	25,000	\$ 9,	125,000	3.39%	\$	1,300.97	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Direct:*						
City of Grandview Heights	\$	9,125,000	100.00%	\$	9,125,000	
Overlapping:**						
Franklin County	\$	212,975,000	1.00%	\$	2,129,750	
Grandview Heights City School District	\$	2,165,000	85.64%	\$	1,854,106	
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	\$	90,965,000	0.96%	\$	873,264	
Total overlapping debt	\$	306,105,000		\$	4,857,120	
Total direct & overlapping debt	\$	315,230,000		\$	13,982,120	

^{*}Source: City of Grandview Height's Finance Department

Note: Percentage derived by dividing the subdivision's assessed valuation in an overlapping subdivision, by the total assessed valuation of the overlapping subdivision.

^{**}Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

Year	ear Debt Limit			Total Net Debt pplicable to Limit	Av	t Service vailable alance		Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	
2007	\$	22,538,775	\$	-	\$	1	\$	22,538,776	0.00%	
2008	\$	23,109,975	\$	-	\$	1	\$	23,109,976	0.00%	
2009	\$	23,370,270	\$	-	\$	1	\$	23,370,271	0.00%	
2010	\$	23,372,685	\$	-	\$	1	\$	23,372,686	0.00%	
2011	\$	23,391,795	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,391,795	0.00%	
2012	\$	25,637,115	\$	2,800,000	\$	-	\$	22,837,115	10.92%	
2013	\$	24,655,050	\$	2,730,000	\$	-	\$	21,925,050	11.07%	
2014	\$	24,504,165	\$	2,655,000	\$	-	\$	21,849,165	10.83%	
2015	\$	26,417,055	\$	2,575,000	\$	7,025	\$	23,849,080	9.75%	
2016	\$	27,187,440	\$	9,125,000	\$	7,026	\$	18,069,466	33.56%	
	•	.,,	*	, -,	*	. ,	,)) - · ·		

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Debt limit is calculated as assessed valuation multiplied by 10.5%.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in 2007, the debt limit excludes the assessed valuation of tangible personal property tax, as well as railroad and telephone public utility personal property in accordance with Ohio House Bill 530.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population	Per Capita			Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
1 Cai	(1)	In	come (1)		Income (5)	Age (1)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (2)
2007	<i>(</i> 200	¢.	27.405	Φ	170 716 455	26.0	1 126	4.70
2007	6,209		27,495	\$	- , , , , - , , , , , ,	36.8	1,136	4.7%
2008	6,306	\$	27,495	\$	173,383,470	36.8	1,142	5.5%
2009	6,306	\$	27,495	\$	173,383,470	36.8	1,123	8.8%
2010	6,536	\$	27,495	\$	179,707,320	36.8	1,113	8.3%
2011	6,536	\$	36,028	\$	235,479,008	36.8	1,103	6.3%
2012	6,536	\$	36,028	\$	235,479,008	36.8	1,071	5.4%
2013	6,910	\$	38,515	\$	266,138,650	35.7	1,072	5.4%
2014	6,695	\$	42,537	\$	284,785,215	35.7	1,055	3.6%
2015	6,836	\$	42,537	\$	290,782,932	32.5	1,063	3.8%
2016	7,014	\$	49,691	\$	348,532,674	32.8	1,085	3.8%

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION (4)

Date of Incorporation	1906	
Form of Government	Mayor/Council	
Area in square miles	1.24	
City Acreage by class:		
Single family	507	62.6%
Multi-family	131	16.2%
Retail	17	2.1%
Industrial	155	19.1%
Facilities & Services:		
Miles of streets	21.57	
Number of street lights	696	
Number of traffic lights	11	

Sources:

- (1) US Census
- (2) Ohio Job & Family Services, Labor Market Information department. Rates are for Franklin County
- (3) Grandview Heights City School District website.
- (4) City Department Records.
- (5) Per capita income multiplied by population.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	20	16
Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total City Employment
Nationwide Mutual / Life Insurance Co.	2,458	22.19%
Ernst & Young US LLP	325	2.93%
Grandview Heights City Schools	181	1.63%
Columbus Brau LLC (dba Hofbrauhaus)	141	1.27%
Navigator Management Partners	140	1.26%
Strategic Research Group Inc.	130	1.17%
Ohio Power Co. (dba AEP)	122	1.10%
Electrical Specialists, Inc.	118	1.07%
City of Grandview Heights	107	0.97%
Kemelgor Financial Group (dba Northwestern Mutual)	101	0.91%
Total of top ten	3,823	34.52%
Total Employment within the City	11,075	

	20	07
Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total City Employment
Grandview Heights Board of Education	316	4.18%
Loeb Electric Company	187	2.47%
City of Grandview Heights	150	1.98%
NiSource Corporate Services	146	1.93%
Limbach Company, LLC	99	1.31%
Electrical Specialists, Inc.	94	1.24%
Manley Deas Kochal	85	1.12%
Bravo Brio Restaurant Group	84	1.11%
Gourmet Corp (dba Gourmet Market)	78	1.03%
Grandview Heights Public Library	68	0.90%
Total of top ten	1,307	17.27%
Total Employment within the City	7,566	

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) records.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government:										
Administration	2.00	3.00	2.75	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.90
Finance	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.25	3.00	3.00
Legal	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.80	0.80
Building & Zoning	4.20	4.00	3.25	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.50
Total General Government	12.20	13.00	11.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.25	8.80	9.20
Security of Persons & Property:										
Fire/EMS	19.00	18.00	18.00	18.50	18.50	18.50	17.25	17.00	17.00	17.00
Police	19.90	19.90	18.70	18.00	18.00	17.00	18.00	19.00	19.00	18.00
Communications	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.20	4.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.65
Total Security of Persons & Property	43.30	42.30	41.10	40.70	40.50	39.50	39.75	40.50	40.50	39.65
Street	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.50	5.75	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Sanitation	7.00	7.00	6.60	6.60	7.50	6.75	5.75	6.00	6.00	6.00
Parks & Recreation	9.10	10.10	9.20	12.80	12.80	11.70	11.70	12.20	11.87	10.98
Total full-time equivalent (FTE)	78.60	79.40	74.90	75.60	75.55	71.95	71.20	73.95	73.17	71.83

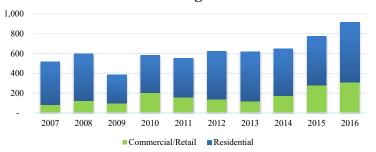
Source: City payroll systems.

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

	Residential					Commercial/Retail			Total					
Year	Permits	Total Value	Av	g Value	Permits		Fotal Value	A	vg Value	Permits		Total Value	A	vg Value
2007	432	\$ 5,141,520	\$	11,902	84	\$	4,239,626	\$	50,472	516	\$	9,381,146	\$	18,181
2008	476	\$ 3,597,308	\$	7,557	122	\$	4,661,742	\$	38,211	598	\$	8,259,050	\$	13,811
2009	290	\$ 3,830,262	\$	13,208	97	\$	30,654,535	\$	316,026	387	\$	34,484,797	\$	89,108
2010	376	\$ 5,074,843	\$	13,497	206	\$	8,770,595	\$	42,576	582	\$	13,845,438	\$	23,789
2011	392	\$ 5,074,277	\$	12,945	159	\$	19,584,310	\$	123,172	551	\$	24,658,587	\$	44,752
2012	484	\$ 5,346,955	\$	11,047	138	\$	7,378,798	\$	53,470	622	\$	12,725,753	\$	20,459
2013	502	\$ 5,748,282	\$	11,451	116	\$	22,885,611	\$	197,290	618	\$	28,633,893	\$	46,333
2014	473	\$ 6,201,076	\$	13,110	174	\$	26,947,091	\$	154,868	647	\$	33,148,167	\$	51,234
2015	500	\$ 44,124,819	\$	88,250	277	\$	124,364,767	\$	448,970	777	\$	168,489,586	\$	216,846
2016	607	\$ 10,109,805	\$	16,655	310	\$	105,634,675	\$	340,757	917	\$	115,744,480	\$	126,221

Source: City Building Department Records

Number of Building Permits Issued



Value of Building Permits Issued



OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014
Police:			
Physical arrests	589	268	N/A
Misdemeanor charges	1,044	571	N/A
Felony charges	58	86	N/A
Criminal charges	N/A	N/A	367
Parking citations	53	89	73
Traffic citations	605	983	1,011
Fire:			
Emergency responses/calls answered	1,839	2,105	2,049
Fires extinguished	14	49	60
Inspections conducted	301	206	361
Sanitation:			
Total refuse collected (tons)	2,300.3	2,123.0	2,272.0
Total recyclables collected (tons)	968.1	887.7	910.9
Total yard waste collected (tons)	699.6	800.3	881.9
Total e-waste collected (tons)	8,300.0	7.5	
Service:			
Street resurfacing (miles)	3.180	1.300	0.750
Asphalt used for potholes/patching (tons)	15.1	74.7	49.0
Parks and Recreation:			
Swimming pool memberships	1,761	1,196	1,587
Grandview Center memberships	172	193	620
Street/park trees planted	96	550	96
Per capita tree expenditure	\$28.29	\$67.93	\$13.13
Street/park trees removed	61	54	89
Finance:			
Checks issued	1,805	1,852	1,553
Purchase orders issued	1,191	1,163	959

Sources: City Department Directors,

Grandview Heights City School District website,

Grandview Heights Public Library.

N/A- In 2015, the City began to report information from police department in new categories

N/A N/A N/A 538 80 1,052 2,054 60 504 2,288.8 920.1	N/A N/A N/A 359 117 1,325	N/A N/A N/A 315 170 1,247	N/A N/A N/A 380 166 1,806	N/A N/A N/A 659 291 3,511	N/A N/A N/A 667 230 3,422	N/ N/ N/ 599 300 1,80
N/A 538 80 1,052 2,054 60 504 2,288.8 920.1	N/A 359 117 1,325 1,314 20	N/A 315 170 1,247	N/A 380 166	N/A 659 291	N/A 667 230	N/ 590 300
538 80 1,052 2,054 60 504 2,288.8 920.1	359 117 1,325 1,314 20	315 170 1,247	380 166	659 291	667 230	590 300
80 1,052 2,054 60 504 2,288.8 920.1	117 1,325 1,314 20	170 1,247	166	291	230	300
1,052 2,054 60 504 2,288.8 920.1	1,325 1,314 20	1,247				
2,054 60 504 2,288.8 920.1	1,314 20		1,806	3,511	3,422	1,80
60 504 2,288.8 920.1	20	1,224				
60 504 2,288.8 920.1	20		1,129	1,102	1,290	1,27
2,288.8 920.1		1	2	31	20	2
920.1		126	121	121	174	35
	2,157.9	2,244.7	2,245.2	2,471.7	2,662.7	2,814.
953.0	913.5	948.7	930.3	751.0	732.2	690
	884.6	936.5	765.1	765.6	958.6	788
0.738	1.000	0.001		0.430	0.320	
37.2	35.2	75.4	32.9	35.8	39.5	40
1,591	1,531	1,662	1,608	1,690	1,783	1,79
687	688	655	678	615	683	61
115	79	430	40	106	108	(
\$10.64	\$11.12	\$10.71	\$10.44	\$11.25	\$7.11	\$6.5
36	36	74	32	55	72	Ģ
1,720	1,656 1,034	1,669	1,712 1,084	1,847 1,143	1,760	1,7 1,4

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Police:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Cruisers	7	7	7	7	7
Other Vehicles	3	3	2	2	2
Bicycles	5	5	5	4	4
Motor Scooter	0	0	0	0	0
Motorcycles	1	1	1	1	1
Fire/Emergency Medical Services:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Ambulance/Medic Vehicle	2	2	2	2	2
Fire Truck	2	2	2	2	2
Staff Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4
Sanitation/Service:					
Packer trucks	3	3	3	3	4
Kubota collection vehicles	7	7	7	9	9
Dump trucks	3	3	3	3	3
Backhoe	1	1	1	1	1
Leafers	2	2	2	2	2
Staff/Other vehicles	4	4	4	4	4
Other Public Works:					
Streets & alleys (miles)	21.57	21.57	20.82	20.82	20.37
Streetlights - owned	537	537	537	537	424
Street lights - contracted	159	159	159	159	159
Traffic signals	11	11	10	10	10
Parks & Recreation:					
Number of parks	12	9	9	9	9
Park acreage	48	45	45	45	45
Shelter houses	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming pool	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	6	6	6	6	4
Lighted baseball/softball fields	4	4	4	4	4
Grandview Center building	1	1	1	1	1
Water:					
Water mains (miles)	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	5.93
Fire hydrants	213	213	213	213	208
Sanitary/Storm Sewer System:					
Miles of sanitary sewers	21.05	21.05	21.05	21.05	20.76
Miles of storm sewers	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.1
Sewer Jet	1	1	1	1	1
Number of service connections	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
1	1	1	1	1
7	7	7	7	9
2	2	2	2	0
4	4	4	4	4
0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2
1	í			
1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2
2	2	2	2	2
4	3	3	3	4
4	3	3	3	3
8	10	12	12	9
3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
4	7	4	4	4
20.37	20.37	20.37	20.37	20.37
424	424	424	424	424
159	159	159	159	159
10	11	10	10	10
9	9	9	9	9
45	45	45	45	45
2	2	2	2	2
1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4
4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1
5.93	5.93	5.93	5.93	5.93
208	208	208	208	208
20.76	20.76	20.76	20.76	20.76
11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
1 3,000	1	1	1	1
3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000





CITY OF GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 6, 2017