## City of Columbus

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# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Issued by
CITY AUDITOR
HUGH J. DORRIAN

## Dave Yost • Auditor of State

City Council<br>City of Columbus<br>90 West Broad Street<br>Columbus, Ohio 43215

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the City of Columbus, Franklin County, prepared by Plante \& Moran, PLLC, for the audit period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Columbus is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.


Dave Yost
Auditor of State
June 9, 2017

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# City of Columbus, Ohio 

## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

## For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Issued by:
City Auditor's Office
Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA
City Auditor

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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Introductory Section

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

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## City of Columbus, Ohio

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To the Citizens of the City of Columbus, Ohio:
The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, is hereby presented to its citizens by their City Auditor, statutorily described as the City's chief accounting officer.

The City's Charter states, "The auditor shall be an elector of the City, and be elected for a term of four years. . ." The Charter also sets forth the auditor's powers and duties and states, in part:

The auditor shall be the city's chief accounting officer. He shall keep, in accurate, systemized detail a record of the receipts, disbursements, assets, and liabilities of the city, and the recorded facts shall be presented periodically to officials and to the public in such summaries and analytical schedules as shall be necessary to show the full effect of such transactions for each fiscal year upon the finances of the city and in relation to each department of the city government, including distinct summaries and schedules for each public utility owned or operated.

This report fulfills these duties and is available universally on the City's website. The Internet address is http://www.columbus.gov. Hard copies are available upon request.

The City's management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Plante Moran, PLLC has issued its opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD\&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD\&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

## Profile of the Government

The state legislature established Columbus as a city in 1812. The City is a home-rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of Ohio. The City's Charter, its constitution, can only be amended by a majority of the City's voters. It has been amended many times since its original adoption in 1914, most recently on November 4, 2014. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the Charter and the state constitution and in matters where the Charter is silent.

Columbus, Ohio's capital city, is located in the central part of the state, approximately 150 miles south of Cleveland and 110 miles northeast of Cincinnati. The City's elevation is approximately 777 feet above sea level. Inter and intra state highways I-70, I-71, I-270, and I-670 serve as some of the City's major transportation arteries. The Ohio State University, with 59,482 students on its Columbus campus, is located near the center of the City. Columbus was ranked as the nation's 15th largest city as a result of the 2010 census.

Some comparative data for Ohio's six largest cities follow. Population estimates for 1990, 2000, and 2010 are from the U.S. Bureau of Census. The respective cities' management provided area data as of December 31, 2016.

| City | Area$\underline{2016}$ | Population |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underline{2010}$ | 2000 | $\underline{1990}$ |
| Columbus | 224.5 sq. mi. | 787,033 | 711,470 | 632,910 |
| Cleveland | 77.9 sq. mi. | 396,815 | 478,403 | 505,616 |
| Cincinnati | 79.7 sq. mi. | 296,943 | 331,285 | 364,040 |
| Toledo | 81.1 sq. mi. | 287,208 | 313,619 | 332,943 |
| Akron | 62.3 sq. mi. | 199,110 | 217,074 | 223,019 |
| Dayton | 56.5 sq. mi. | 141,527 | 166,179 | 182,044 |

The Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission estimates the City's population at 861,141 at December 31, 2016.
The City's management consists of a Mayor, seven-member Council, City Auditor, and City Attorney. These officials are elected for four-year terms on an at-large basis. The Mayor and four Council members are elected in an odd numbered year. Three Council members, the City Auditor, and the City Attorney are elected in the following odd numbered year. The City's Charter also provides for appointments and elections of successors to these officials if they should, for any reason, vacate their office. All are chosen through a non-partisan election process.

In addition to the elected officials, certain others are major participants in the City's management. The Director of the Department of Recreation and Parks, the Health Commissioner and the Civil Service Executive Secretary are appointed by, and report to, independent Commissions. All Commission members are appointed by the Mayor and are subject to confirmation by the Council. The financial activities of these Commissions (budgets, expenditures, etc.) are subject to approval by the Council and are, therefore, included in this report. The City's Treasurer and Clerk to the Council are appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of the Council.

The Mayor's cabinet, appointed by him and serving at his pleasure, is not subject to confirmation by the Council. In 2016, the cabinet consisted of the Directors of the Departments of Finance and Management, Public Safety, Public Service, Public Utilities, Education, Development, Building and Zoning Services, Health, Recreation and Parks, Civil Service, Human Resources, Neighborhoods, Technology, and Diversity and Inclusion.

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, and Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units. On this basis, the reporting entity of the City includes the following services to its citizens as authorized by its charter: public service (refuse collection, street engineering and construction, traffic engineering and parking, etc.); public safety (fire, police, etc.); development; health; recreation and parks; and public utilities. In addition, the City owns and operates five enterprise activities: a water system, a sanitary sewer system, a storm sewer and drainage system, an electricity distribution system, and City-owned parking garages; financial activities for which are contained in this report. Water and sanitary sewer services are metropolitan in nature and reach far beyond the City's corporate boundaries. The City does not operate schools or hospitals, nor is it responsible for public assistance programs.

Other entities included in this report and further explained in Notes A and Q are:
Joint Ventures:

- The Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District
- The Affordable Housing Trust for Columbus and Franklin County
- The Columbus-Franklin County Finance Authority

Blended Component Units:

- The RiverSouth Authority
- Columbus Next Generation Corporation

Information regarding reporting standards and bases of accounting used in the preparation of the City's financial statements can be found in Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Notes to the Financial Statements.

The annual budget of the City of Columbus serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. On or before the fifteenth day of November, the Mayor submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City (including newspapers and libraries) and public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments. Subsequent to January 1, and after publication of the proposed budget ordinances, the budget is legally enacted through adoption of the ordinances. The budget specifies expenditure amounts by Object Level One (i.e. personal services, materials \& supplies, contractual services, debt principal payments, other, capital outlay, interest on debt, and transfers) for each division within each fund. Transfers of appropriations of $\$ 100,000$ or less can be made between budget Object Level One within a division and fund without additional City Council action, but with responsible management approval. Transfers in excess of this amount require the approval of both City Council and the Mayor.

## Local economy

Employment in the Greater Columbus Area continues to be service oriented. Five of the fourteen (14) largest employers in the Columbus area are government or government-oriented [The Ohio State University, the State of Ohio, the City of Columbus, Franklin County and Columbus City Schools]. The 25 largest employers in the Greater Columbus area are shown in the Statistical Section of this report. These major employers, representing government, education, insurance, public utilities, manufacturing, retail, banking, research, medical, and services, provide a broad and diverse employment base. The Franklin County average annual unemployment rate ( $4.0 \%$ ) for 2016 continued to be below the State of Ohio (4.9\%) rate and the United States (4.9\%) rate. A ten-year history of unemployment rates for Franklin County (by month) from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services and the Annual Average Rates for Franklin County, the State of Ohio, and the United States is provided in the Statistical Section of this CAFR - see Table 23.

The City's employee relations are established largely in association with the following labor organizations:

- American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME), Locals 1632 and 2191. (www.afscme.org)

AFSCME has approximately 2,242 members among the City's 5,475 civilian employees. AFSCME has, however, bargaining rights for approximately 2,545 of these employees. The current labor agreement between the City and AFSCME was effective April 1, 2014 and has continued through March 31, 2017. Negotiations for an extended agreement are in process.

- Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) (www.fop9.org)

FOP has bargaining rights for all of the City's police officers except for the chief and her six deputy chiefs. Of the City's other 1,878 police officers, 1,840 are members of the FOP. The current FOP contract was effective December 9, 2014 and continues through December 8, 2017.

- International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) (www.iaff.org)

IAFF has bargaining rights for all the City's firefighters except for the chief and his five assistant chiefs.

Membership in the IAFF includes 1,513 of a total 1,523 firefighters. The current contract was effective November 1, 2014 and continues through October 31, 2017.

- Columbus Municipal Association of Government Employees; Communication Workers of America, Local 4502 (CMAGE/CWA). (www.cmage.org)

CMAGE/CWA has approximately 1,037 members and has bargaining rights for approximately 1,392 of the 5,475 civilian employees. The current contract was effective April 24,2014 and continues through April 23, 2017. Negotiations for an extended agreement are in process.

Under Ohio's Collective Bargaining Act, if members of the police or fire division cannot reach agreement with the City they ". . . shall submit the matter to a final offer settlement procedure." This requirement of Ohio law is referred to as a "no-strike" or "binding arbitration" provision. Other employees are permitted to strike under Ohio law after giving proper notification. There have been no strikes by City employees for over several decades.

## Long-term financial planning

The City manages its long term financing of its capital needs through the annual updating of its Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP schedules capital improvements through the current and succeeding five years. The CIP does not include appropriations or authorizations to expend monies. The current year portion of the CIP, known as the Capital Improvements Budget (CIB), is formalized by ordinance of the City Council after holding public hearings and presented to the citizens as a formal plan. Appropriations for capital projects are authorized at the time bonds are sold or other funding sources are determined. Both the CIP and the CIB are subject to change by the Council.

The CIP contains not only a detailed listing of planned projects but also, in most instances, their funding source or sources. Most capital projects are funded through the use of long-term debt, bonds or monies borrowed via the Ohio Water Development Authority (see Note G). The City uses a ten year forecast of revenues available for debt service and a ten year forecast of current and anticipated debt service amounts in order to determine its debt capacity for non-enterprise type debt. Enterprise type debt capacity is guided by ten year projections of the respective enterprise revenues and costs. The major source of funding for non-enterprise debt service is a dedicated portion of City income tax collections. The City, by local statute, dedicates one fourth of its income tax collections primarily to the payment of such debt service. This financial activity is accounted for in the Special Income Tax Debt Service Fund, a major fund. This one fourth "set aside" for debt service local statute has been in place since 1983, with similar policies in place since 1956. Since the City maintains this income tax "set aside," the City has not levied a property tax rate increase in over 60 years.

Also as a policy, the City seeks voter approval for much of its general obligation planned debt; both nonenterprise and enterprise type debt. Since 1956, most recently in 2016, the City has sought voter approval 96 times to issue debt for various purposes, both non-enterprise and enterprise type debt. The voters have given their approval 90 times. Of the City's general obligation debt, its voters have given their direct approval for $79.2 \%$ of that outstanding at December 31, 2016 (see Note G). General Obligation bonds of the City are rated AAA, Aaa, and AAA by Standard and Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Services, and Fitch Ratings, respectively. $73 \%$ of the City's general obligation debt is redeemed within 10 years.

The City's Department of Finance and Management forecasts its General Fund revenues and expenditures, also for a period of ten years, with a more focused emphasis on the initial three years.

## Relevant financial policies

Columbus' financial stability is largely due to implementing and managing through a series of policy decisions beginning over 60 years ago. The policy which promoted stable growth of the City and its economy through controlled delivery of services with manageable annexation remains substantially in place to this day.

Recognizing, at the time, the deterioration of the national and state economies and the unprecedented decline in available City resources, the Mayor, with unanimous support of the City Council, on April 27, 2009 announced
the City's intention to seek approval from its voters of an increase in the City's local income tax rate. The requested rate increase, from $2.0 \%$ to $2.5 \%$ was approved by the voters on August 4, 2009.

By action of the City Council, one-fourth of revenues obtained from the $2.5 \%$ municipal income tax is allocated to the Special Income Tax Debt Service Fund (SIT) and is used primarily to pay debt service for non-enterprise capital improvements. This policy has been consistently in place since 1983. A similar policy with other allocations has been in place since 1956. This policy has greatly assisted the City in addressing its infrastructure needs and has allowed Columbus to make critical investments in growth corridors as well as older core neighborhoods. The use of the SIT for long-term capital investment has also allowed the City to protect its "Triple A" credit rating. Although 79.2 \% of the City's general obligation debt, exclusive of enterprise and internal service fund general obligation debt, is unlimited, directly authorized by the voters; this general obligation debt is redeemed with the City's income tax set aside monies.

The City, like the federal and state governments, operates under a system of separation of powers. The legislative branch is manifest in its City Council. The judicial branch exists through municipal court judges with county wide jurisdiction. The executive branch is further divided into the Mayor, the chief executive; the City Attorney, the City's legal advisor and the chief prosecutor; and the City Auditor, the City's chief accountant. Each of these three members of the executive branch is separately elected.

The City Auditor determines and publishes the estimated amount of revenues that the City will receive during a given year. The Council may not appropriate and therefore the Mayor and the total City may not expend a greater amount. The City Auditor, however, cannot dictate the services for which the funds may be appropriated. In its simplest form this check and balance is sometimes described as "the Auditor says how much; the Mayor and Council say what for." This process calls for three separately elected bodies: the Mayor, the Council, and the Auditor, to participate in the financial management and expenditure controls of the City.

## Major initiatives

## AS REPORTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLI C SERVI CE

## Background

Smart Columbus, the City's public-private effort to use technology to enhance mobility in Columbus, is the concept behind the City's winning application for the Smart City Challenge, the U.S. Department of Transportation grant competition.

The City, which was announced as the winner of the Smart City Challenge in June of 2016, is leveraging the $\$ 50$ million in combined federal grant and other dollars with about $\$ 90$ million in support from private and other sources for a total funding stream of about $\$ 140$ million dedicated to this cause. The City was crowned the winner from among 78 so-called mid-sized cities from across the country.

## Approach

Under the leadership of Columbus Mayor Andrew J. Ginther, the City's approach to the application for the Smart City Challenge was that the City wanted to do more than just improve transportation. The City - together with its private- and public-sector partners - wanted to improve the lives of city residents - especially residents in underserved communities - those who have not shared in the prosperity that much of Columbus has enjoyed in recent years.

The City's application reflected this approach.
The City's application organized the Smart Columbus approach into four districts. The City did so because the City believes that these districts are somewhat applicable to cities of all types. Also, the City wanted the solutions developed to be able to be scaled across the city and to be able to be replicated in other cities.

## The Residential District - Linden

Smart Columbus will leverage cutting edge transportation technology to enhance human services and improve the lives of residents who have not historically enjoyed their share of the City's gains. Trip planning and payment options will be integrated into a single application so residents have more convenient access to jobs,
school, fresh food and doctor appointments. The City's partner - the Central Ohio Transit Authority - will launch a mobile application that enables persons with cognitive disabilities to travel independently.

## The Commercial District - Easton

"First and Last mile" transportation solutions will be implemented in Easton, a popular retail and commercial hub on the northeast side of Columbus. A fleet of six connected electric autonomous transit vehicles will be deployed, making Smart Columbus one of the first connected, autonomous vehicle deployments in the nation consistent with federal government guidelines.

## The Downtown District

Smart Columbus will introduce real-time freight delivery zone availability technology in the Short North, a bustling urban area. The City will also deploy and evaluate an enhanced parking permit system and create a new event parking management system. This will allow travelers to plan, reserve and book a parking space during large events. Direct routing of travelers is expected to reduce congestion during these times.

## Logistics District

Through the use of truck platooning and oversized vehicle routing, Smart Columbus will improve fuel efficiency, increase safety and improve overall delivery efficiency. Additionally, by integrating truck parking information into the Integrated Data Exchange, Smart Columbus will be able to direct commercial drivers to safe, convenient parking solutions.

## The Vulcan Grant

Smart Columbus also was the recipient of $\$ 10$ million grant from Seattle-based Vulcan Inc. to address the reduction of Greenhouse gases.

The four priorities for this work are as follows:

- Decarbonization: Produce one of the largest regional greenhouse gas reductions in the U.S. through grid modernization, electric vehicle adoption and installation of charging infrastructure.
- Fleet Adoption: Address the Midwest's lagging position in public and private electric vehicle fleet deployment.
- Consumer Electric Vehicle Adoption: Advance a replicable model of transportation electrification for mid-sized cities across the nation.
- Charging I nfrastructure: Significantly increase the number of electric vehicle charging facilities with the purpose of accelerating electric vehicle adoption.

For more information on Smart Columbus, please go to the Web site: www.columbus.gov/smartcolumbus.

## Awards and acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Columbus, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This was the thirty-seventh consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This report represents the thirty-eighth (1979-2016) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Columbus containing financial statements audited by a firm of certified public accountants. This report is available on the City's website. The Internet address is http://www.columbus.gov. Hard copies are available to anyone upon request. This extensive effort of preparation and distribution of this report fulfills the City Auditor's goal of full disclosure of the City's finances.

This report is issued by Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA, City Auditor. Special thanks and recognition go to Ms. Darlene Wides, Ms. Vikki Vincent and Ms. Marni Hall for their exemplary efforts in the preparation of this report. All members of the City Auditor's staff and many of the City's other employees also contributed to this effort. They all have my thanks and respect for their work.

Respectfully submitted,
Hugh g. Dorian
Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA
Auditor
City of Columbus, Ohio

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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## City of Columbus, Ohio

Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of <br> Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting 

Presented to

# City of Columbus Ohio 

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

## December 31, 2015


JANUARY 2017
ORGANIZATION CHART OF THE CITY OF COLUMBUS



City of Columbus, Ohio

## List of Princi pal Officials

MAYOR
Andrew J. Ginther

## CITY COUNCI L

Zachary M. Klein, President
Priscilla R. Tyson, President Pro-Tem
Elizabeth C. Brown
Mitchell J. Brown
Shannon G. Hardin
Jaiza N. Page
Michael Stinziano

## CITY ATTORNEY

Richard C. Pfeiffer, Jr.
CITY AUDITOR
Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA
CITY TREASURER
Deborah Klie
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT
Joe Lombardi
CITY CLERK
Andrea Blevins, CMC

# City of Columbus, Ohio Office of the City Auditor Staff 

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Timothy J. Carroll
Tom Noorkah
Marni Hall
Mollie Petitti

Deputy Auditor
Senior Accountant
Chief Accountant
Assistant Chief Accountant
Assistant Auditor IV
Assistant Auditor IV
Assistant Auditor IV
Assistant Auditor III

Gabe Anderson
Jennifer Atkinson
Sharlene Campbell
Rebecca Cox
Ryan Creager
Mike Gore
Patricia Harrell
Danielle Helsel
Michelle Hostetler
David Irwin
Vivian James
Paul Kuppich
Jacqueline Marburger
Rahul Nugooru


Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA City Auditor

## Terms of Office

Brandy Pumford
Mary Raphael
Kathy Rowe Charles Bruce Scott
Tony Sestito
Nicole Torres
Joni Vance

## Financial

 SectionTo the Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian,
City Auditor
City of Columbus, Ohio

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 3I, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Ohio's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Ohio as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian,
City Auditor
City of Columbus, Ohio

## Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note $R$ to the financial statements, one of the multi-employer pension plans in which the City participates restated its collective net pension liability subsequent to the City's issuance of the December 3I, 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Accordingly, the government-wide financial statements have been restated and an adjustment has been made to the net position as of December 3I, 2015.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (Exhibits 9-II), as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Ohio's basic financial statements. The combining statements, agency fund schedule of changes in assets and liabilities, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule expenditures of federal awards (Exhibits A-I through E-I) are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Exhibit E-I) is presented as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance").

The combining statements, agency fund schedule of changes in assets and liabilities (Exhibits B-I, B-2, and C-I through D-I), "actual" columns of the supplementary information budgetary comparison schedules (Exhibits A-I, A-2, and B-3 through B-77), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Exhibit EI) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, agency fund schedule of changes in assets and liabilities (Exhibits B-I, B-2, and C-I through D-I), "actual" columns of the supplementary information budgetary comparison schedules (Exhibits A-I, A-2, and B-3 through B77), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Exhibit E-I) are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Hugh J. Dorian, City Auditor City of Columbus, Ohio

The introductory section, "budget" columns of the supplementary information budgetary comparison schedules (Exhibits A-I, A-2, and Exhibits B-3 through B-77) and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 7, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Columbus, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Columbus, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.


April 7, 2017

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Columbus (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

## Financial Highlights

> The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2016 by approximately $\$ 2.6$ billion. Of this amount, the unrestricted balance is a deficit of $\$ 213$ million. The unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities are $\$ 385$ million and may be used to meet the on-going obligations of businesstype activities, including the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, electricity, and garage enterprises; the unrestricted net position of the governmental activities are a deficit of $\$ 599$ million. The deficit unrestricted net position is primarily the result of the City's implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27 (GASB 68) in 2015.
> The City's total net position increased $\$ 171.5$ million in 2016. Net position of the governmental activities increased $\$ 60.8$ million, which represents a 6.9 percent increase from 2015. Net position of the businesstype activities increased $\$ 110.7$ million or 7.4 percent from 2015.
$>$ The total cost of the City's programs increased $\$ 68.4$ million or 4.0 percent. The cost of governmental activities increased $\$ 90.6$ million or 7.5 percent, while the cost of business-type activities decreased $\$ 22.2$ million or 4.5 percent.
> As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of $\$ 901.4$ million. The combined governmental funds fund balance increased approximately $\$ 97.3$ million from the prior year's ending fund balance. Approximately $\$ 523.7$ million of the $\$ 901.4$ million fund balance is considered restricted at December 31, 2016.
> The general fund reported a total and unrestricted fund balance of $\$ 138.6$ million at the end of the current fiscal year. The fund balance for the general fund was 16.5 percent of total general fund expenditures. There was a $\$ 4.9$ million increase in the total general fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2016.
> The City's total debt, long-term liabilities (bonds and notes), increased by $\$ 353.4$ million ( 8.2 percent) during the current fiscal year to $\$ 4.7$ billion. The significant transactions contributing to the increase in outstanding debt at December 31, 2016 included:
o On March 7, 2016, the City sold $\$ 206.965$ million of various purpose general obligation refunding bonds.

- $\$ 103.425$ million issued to advance refund $\$ 106.650$ in governmental activities outstanding bonds;
- $\$ 75.845$ million issued to advance refund $\$ 79.075$ in business-type activities outstanding bonds;
- $\$ 27.695$ million was to currently refund $\$ 34.065$ million in business-type activities outstanding bonds, all of which were currently callable.
o On August 4, 2016, the City issued $\$ 469.600$ million of general obligation bonds for the purpose of funding various projects throughout the City: $\$ 237.010$ million in governmental activities bonds and $\$ 232.590$ million in business-type activities bonds. In addition, the City issued $\$ 11.800$ million in limited tax notes to refund $\$ 14.500$ million of business-type activities outstanding 2015-1 limited tax notes which matured on August 11, 2016.
o On October 5, 2016, $\$ 72.715$ million in business-type activities bond anticipation notes were refunded with $\$ 72.710$ million of Ohio Water Development Authority revenue loans.
o On November 16,2016 , the City sold $\$ 89.220$ million of general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund $\$ 91.035$ million of certain outstanding bonds issued in 2013 and 2014: $\$ 35.550$ million to refund $\$ 36.265$ million in governmental activities outstanding bonds; and $\$ 53.670$ million to refund $\$ 54.770$ in business-type activities outstanding bonds.
o In addition to the Ohio Water Development Authority revenue loans issued to refund bond anticipation notes, the City's business-type activities issued $\$ 84.597$ million in Ohio Water Development Authority revenue obligations for various projects.
o Governmental and business-type activities paid $\$ 297.448$ million on debt maturities in 2016.


## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.
The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public service, public safety, development, health, and recreation and parks. The business-type activities of the City include five enterprise activities: a water system, a sanitary sewer system, a storm sewer system, an electricity distribution system, and parking garages.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 45-47 of this report.
Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmentwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental
fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 153 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the special income tax debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other 151 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages $48-51$ of this report.
Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, electricity distribution, and parking garage operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions, including employee benefits selfinsurance, worker's compensation, fleet management, information services, mail/print services, land acquisition, and construction inspection. The services provided by these funds predominantly benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions. They have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, electricity distribution, and parking garage operations. The water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and electricity enterprise funds are considered to be major funds of the City, while the garage fund is considered a nonmajor fund. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages $52-55$ of this report.
Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 56 of this report.
Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages $58-120$ of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's general fund budget. The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Also included are two required schedules related to the City's participation in two state pension funds. The Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability includes a history of the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability for each state pension fund and the Schedule of City Contributions to State Pension Funds includes a history of contractually required contributions compared to contributions made. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 121 - 128 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 129-270 of this report.

## City of Columbus Net Position

(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Governmental activities |  |  |  | Business-type activities |  |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 1,292,128 | \$ | 1,197,910 | \$ | 856,986 | \$ | 724,091 | \$ | 2,149,114 | \$ | 1,922,001 |
| Capital assets |  | 2,618,469 |  | 2,469,478 |  | 3,742,472 |  | 3,570,974 |  | 6,360,941 |  | 6,040,452 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 3,910,597 | \$ | 3,667,388 | \$ | 4,599,458 | \$ | 4,295,065 | \$ | 8,510,055 | \$ | 7,962,453 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ | 374,580 | \$ | 154,947 | \$ | 96,015 | \$ | 56,134 | \$ | 470,595 | \$ | 211,081 |
| Long-term liabilities, excluding pension | \$ | 1,891,769 | \$ | 1,745,866 | \$ | 2,917,796 | \$ | 2,711,627 | \$ | 4,809,565 | \$ | 4,457,493 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 1,224,023 |  | 968,604 |  | 99,014 |  | 67,723 |  | 1,323,037 |  | 1,036,327 |
| Other liabilities |  | 134,835 |  | 139,119 |  | 68,686 |  | 73,385 |  | 203,521 |  | 212,504 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 3,250,627 | \$ | 2,853,589 | \$ | 3,085,496 | \$ | 2,852,735 | \$ | 6,336,123 | \$ | 5,706,324 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 86,721 | \$ | 81,682 | \$ | 2,098 | \$ | 1,327 | \$ | 88,819 | \$ | 83,009 |
| Net position | \$ | 947,829 | \$ | 887,064 | \$ | 1,607,879 | \$ | 1,497,137 | \$ | 2,555,708 | \$ | 2,384,201 |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 1,385,099 |  | 1,274,746 |  | 1,221,133 |  | 1,149,321 |  | 2,606,232 |  | 2,424,067 |
| Restricted |  | 161,416 |  | 149,396 |  | 1,443 |  | 1,341 |  | 162,859 |  | 150,737 |
| Unrestricted |  | $(598,686)$ |  | $(537,078)$ |  | 385,303 |  | 346,475 |  | $(213,383)$ |  | $(190,603)$ |
| Total net position | \$ | 947,829 | \$ | 887,064 | \$ | 1,607,879 | \$ | 1,497,137 | \$ | 2,555,708 | \$ | 2,384,201 |

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by approximately $\$ 2.556$ billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position (\$2.606 billion) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position ( $\$ 162.9$ million) represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit unrestricted net position of $\$ 213.4$ million. Although the total unrestricted net position is a $\$ 213.4$ million deficit, the unrestricted net position of the City's business-type activities is $\$ 385.3$ million and may not be used to fund governmental activities. Due to the 2015 implementation of GASB 68, the City has recorded a net pension liability of $\$ 1.3$ billion and deferred inflows of $\$ 10.5$ million, offset by deferred outflows of $\$ 377.9$ million at December 31, 2016, resulting in a net negative impact on the government-wide net position of $\$ 955.7$ million. The net negative impact applicable to governmental activities and business-type activities is $\$ 894.4$ million and $\$ 61.3$ million, respectively.

Overall net position of the City increased $\$ 171.5$ million or 7.2 percent in 2016 over the net position at December 31, 2015. Net position for governmental activities increased $\$ 60.8$ million, while net position for business-type activities increased $\$ 110.7$ million. The City continued efforts to contain costs and pursue new revenue sources. The increase in net position for business-type activities was the result of the aggregate
business-type activities holding expenses to 81.3 percent of total revenue for the year. In 2016, the water enterprise fund and the sanitary sewer enterprise fund increased water and sewer charges by 4.0 and 3.0 percent, respectively. Total business-type charges for services increased 4.2 percent when compared to 2015. All other revenue in business-type activity increased $\$ 1$ million or 11.1 percent as compared to 2015 . Businesstype activities expenses for 2016 decreased $\$ 22.2$ million or 4.5 percent over the comparable expenses in 2015. The majority of this decrease is due to a decrease in interest expense resulting from bond refundings.

There was an increase of $\$ 71.8$ million in the business-type activities net investment in capital assets in 2016 due to principal payments on debt exceeding the annual depreciation on capital assets.

In 2015, the City adopted GASB Statement 68, which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability.

GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service;
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the City is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting.

## City of Columbus

Changes in Net Position
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| Governmental activities |
| :---: |
| 2016 | | Business-type activities |
| :---: |
| 2015 |
|  |

Revenues--

| Program revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charges for services | \$ | 172,326 | \$ | 165,628 | \$ | 567,344 | \$ | 544,465 | \$ | 739,670 | \$ | 710,093 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  | 141,285 |  | 138,900 |  | - |  | - |  | 141,285 |  | 138,900 |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 65,961 |  | 58,261 |  | - |  | 100 |  | 65,961 |  | 58,361 |
| General revenues:' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income taxes |  | 846,355 |  | 813,378 |  | - |  | - |  | 846,355 |  | 813,378 |
| Property taxes |  | 44,233 |  | 42,965 |  | - |  | - |  | 44,233 |  | 42,965 |
| Shared revenues |  | 33,488 |  | 33,970 |  | - |  | - |  | 33,488 |  | 33,970 |
| Investment earnings |  | 7,096 |  | 6,191 |  | 6,342 |  | 3,959 |  | 13,438 |  | 10,150 |
| Other taxes |  | 24,890 |  | 23,950 |  | - |  | - |  | 24,890 |  | 23,950 |
| Other |  | 34,090 |  | 33,378 |  | 4,051 |  | 5,292 |  | 38,141 |  | 38,670 |
| Total revenues | \$ | 1,369,724 | \$ | 1,316,621 | \$ | 577,737 | \$ | 553,816 | \$ | 1,947,461 | \$ | 1,870,437 |
| Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | \$ | 179,207 | \$ | 155,633 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 179,207 | \$ | 155,633 |
| Public service |  | 178,409 |  | 175,499 |  | - |  | - |  | 178,409 |  | 175,499 |
| Public safety |  | 618,014 |  | 573,620 |  | - |  | - |  | 618,014 |  | 573,620 |
| Development |  | 95,117 |  | 87,733 |  | - |  | - |  | 95,117 |  | 87,733 |
| Health |  | 55,236 |  | 51,859 |  | - |  | - |  | 55,236 |  | 51,859 |
| Recreation and parks |  | 143,661 |  | 125,898 |  | - |  | - |  | 143,661 |  | 125,898 |
| Interest on long-term debt |  | 36,624 |  | 45,452 |  | - |  | - |  | 36,624 |  | 45,452 |
| Water |  | - |  | - |  | 154,921 |  | 168,333 |  | 154,921 |  | 168,333 |
| Sanitary sewer |  | - |  | - |  | 201,803 |  | 211,295 |  | 201,803 |  | 211,295 |
| Storm sewer |  | - |  | - |  | 32,781 |  | 33,920 |  | 32,781 |  | 33,920 |
| Electric |  | - |  | - |  | 79,472 |  | 77,570 |  | 79,472 |  | 77,570 |
| Garage |  | - |  | - |  | 709 |  | 730 |  | 709 |  | 730 |
| Total expenses | \$ | 1,306,268 | \$ | 1,215,694 | \$ | 469,686 | \$ | 491,848 | \$ | 1,775,954 | \$ | 1,707,542 |
| Increase in net position before transfers |  | 63,456 |  | 100,927 |  | 108,051 |  | 61,968 |  | 171,507 |  | 162,895 |
| Transfers |  | $(2,691)$ |  | $(4,622)$ |  | 2,691 |  | 4,622 |  | - |  | - |
| Increase in net position |  | 60,765 |  | 96,305 |  | 110,742 |  | 66,590 |  | 171,507 |  | 162,895 |
| Net position, restated -- J anuary 1st | \$ | 887,064 | \$ | 790,759 | \$ | 1,497,137 | \$ | 1,430,547 | \$ | 2,384,201 | \$ | 2,221,306 |
| Net position -- December 31st | \$ | 947,829 | \$ | 887,064 | \$ | 1,607,879 | \$ | 1,497,137 | \$ | 2,555,708 | \$ | 2,384,201 |

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by $\$ 60.8$ million as compared to a $\$ 96.3$ million increase in 2015. Key elements of the changes in net position are as follows:
> Income tax revenue, which represents 61.8 percent of the City's governmental revenue, increased by $\$ 33.0$ million or 4 percent on a full accrual basis. This increase is attributed to stable employment in the City in 2016.
$>$ Operating grants and contributions increased $\$ 2.4$ million or 1.7 percent.
> Capital grants and contributions increased $\$ 7.7$ million or 13.2 percent. The increase is due to new contribution agreements with other local governments and private corporations for various joint roadway improvements.
$>$ Governmental activities expenses increased $\$ 90.6$ million or 7.5 percent in 2016 which is consistent with the growth of the City during the past year.
> Total revenues increased 4.0 percent, while expenses increased 7.5 percent.

Business-type activities. Business-type activity net position increased $\$ 110.7$ million as compared to a $\$ 66.6$ million increase in 2015. Key elements of changes in net position are as follows:
$>$ Charges for services increased $\$ 22.9$ million or 4.2 percent, consistent with the increase in rates in 2016.
> Investment earnings increased $\$ 2.4$ million or 60.2 percent, due to an increase in interest rates and cash available for investment.
$>$ Total business-type activities expenses decreased by $\$ 22.2$ million or 4.5 percent, primarily due to a decrease in interest expense resulting from the refunding of bonds during 2015 and 2016.

Charges for services, which comprise 98.2 percent of the business-type activities revenues, increased 4.2 percent in 2016 as rates water and sewer rates increased 4.0 and 3.0 percent in 2016, respectively. The business-type activities continued the pattern of cost containment relative to the level of revenues for enterprise activities in 2016. The percent of annual expense to annual revenue was 81.3 percent in 2016.

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

## Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$901.4 million, an increase of $\$ 97.3$ million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately $\$ 377.7$ million of this amount constitutes unrestricted fund balance or the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted by parties outside the City or pursuant to enabling legislation.

A schedule of governmental funds revenues and expenditures for the last ten fiscal years has been provided in the Statistical Section of this CAFR - see Table 4.

General fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At December 31, 2016, total fund balance of the general fund was $\$ 138.6$ million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 13.6 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 16.5 percent of total general fund expenditures.

A schedule of general fund revenues and expenditures for the last ten fiscal years has been provided in the Statistical Section of this CAFR - see Table 5.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased $\$ 4.9$ million during 2016. Key factors of the 2016 results are as follows:
> Total revenues (including transfers in) increased $\$ 31.5$ million or 3.9 percent.
> Income tax revenue, which represents 74.6 percent of general fund revenues (including transfers in), increased $\$ 24.0$ million or 4.0 percent.
> Expenditures (including transfers out) increased by $\$ 23.0$ million or 2.8 percent. The increase is mainly due to inflation as the City maintained a level of service in 2016 consistent with 2015.

## Revenue narrative:

Brief descriptions of the City's General Fund major revenue components follow.

## I ncome taxes

The City's income tax continues to be its primary source of revenue. The tax applies to all wages, salaries, commissions, and other compensation paid by employers and/or the net proceeds from the operation of a business, profession, or other enterprise activity. The initial tax rate of .5 percent, collected in 1948, was increased to 1.0 percent in 1956, 1.5 percent in 1971, and to 2.0 percent in 1983. In a special election on August 4, 2009, the City's voters approved an increase in the rate to 2.5 percent. The new rate was effective October 1, 2009. Income tax rates of cities and villages within the State of Ohio are limited to a maximum of 1.0 percent, unless specifically approved by a majority of the resident voters of the respective city or village. There are 698 political subdivisions, other than school districts in the State of Ohio that now levy a local income tax. Rates range from . 50 percent to 3.0 percent.

Local school districts in the State of Ohio are also permitted to levy an income tax, but only with the approval of a majority of voters within the district. Ohio has 611 school districts; 190 have an income tax. Rates range from 0.25 percent to 2.0 percent.

Approximately 82.0 percent of the City's income tax collected in 2016 was via employers withholding the tax from employees' earnings and remitting the tax to the City on a statutorily prescribed schedule. Approximately 12.3 percent of collections originated from business accounts and 5.7 percent from independently employed individual taxpayers. Depending on the amount withheld, employers must remit to the City on a semi-monthly, monthly, or quarterly frequency, with the largest amounts being remitted semi-monthly.

One quarter of the revenue from this tax is accounted for in a Debt Service Fund and is primarily used for servicing debt pertaining to non-enterprise type capital improvements. Tipping fees for disposal of garbage collected by the City are also paid from this fund on the City's budget basis of accounting. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, such tipping fee amounts are transferred to the General Fund and expended as public service expenditures. Three-quarters of income tax revenues are used for General Fund purposes. General Fund income tax revenues on the budget basis represent 2016 collections of $\$ 652.8$ million less refunds of $\$ 22.9$ million for a net amount of $\$ 629.9$ million. Income tax revenues on the modified accrual basis of accounting, net of refunds, were $\$ 630.3$ million.

A ten-year history of the income tax revenue and cash collections, net of refunds, appears in the Statistical Section of this report. The City acts as collection agent for other political subdivisions in the central Ohio area. Collections made for others are accounted for by the City in an Agency Fund. Fees collected by the City for these services totaled $\$ 549,944$ in 2016, and are accounted for in the General Fund as charges for services.

## Property taxes

Property taxes in Ohio are levied and collected by its 88 counties. The City lies partially within three of these counties: Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware. After collection, the counties distribute portions of these taxes to the political subdivisions (school districts, cities, villages, townships, etc.) located within their geographic borders. Property taxes for the City represent a tax rate of approximately 3.14 mills ( $\$ 3.14$ per $\$ 1,000$ of taxable valuation) applied to the assessed value of property located in the City. Assessed values represent approximately 35 percent of appraised values. This rate, 3.14 mills, has remained unchanged since 1956.

Increases in this rate can only occur with approval of the City's voters. Revenues from property taxes are used for General Fund operations, including a partial provision, 0.60 mills, for current police and fire pension costs.

Franklin County performs comprehensive reappraisals of real property assessed values every six years, and less formal triennial updates third year in between the six year reappraisals. For several years leading up to the revaluation performed in 2011, property assessed values were on a steady incline. The real property assessed revaluation in 2011 resulted in a decline in assessed value of approximately 7.51 percent due to the ongoing housing decline. Assessed values have remained flat with slight declines in tax years 2012 and 2014 as the housing market stabilized. The assessed value in 2016 increased by Property taxes levied in 2016 but not collectible until 2017 are accounted for in the General Fund as accounts receivable and deferred inflows at an estimated amount of \$45.9 million.

Table 10 in the Statistical Section of this report includes a history of real property assessed values, where assessed values have remained mostly unchanged for the past three years. The total assessed decreased ( 1.3 percent) for tax year 2014, increased ( 0.8 percent) for tax year 2015 and increased ( 1.9 percent) for tax year 2016 for Franklin County. These changes resulted primarily from Board of Revision decisions and changes in tax exempt statuses. As a result of State House Bill 66, beginning in 2009, Ohio no longer has a general tax on tangible personal property.

Overall, property tax revenue increased from $\$ 42.965$ million in 2015 to $\$ 44.233$ million in 2016.
Additional data on property values and taxes appear in the Statistical Section of this report.

## I nvestment earnings

The City's investment policies are discussed in Note C. This source of revenue is not conducive to year-to-year comparisons. Investment earnings are only deposited to the General Fund after all statutorily directed earnings are deposited to the appropriate funds: enterprise funds, grant funds, etc. Interest earnings in the General Fund increased from $\$ 5.884$ million in 2015 to $\$ 6.625$ million in 2016. The increase is primarily due to a slight increase in rates and additional funds available for investment.

## Licenses and permits

Licenses and permits are issued by the City to regulate activities related to building, health, and other business enterprises. The revenue from license and permits increased slightly in 2016 as compared to 2015. License and permits fees were $\$ 14.759$ million in 2016 and $\$ 12.980$ million in 2015.

## Shared revenues

Shared revenues in the General Fund include the taxes listed below which are levied and collected by the state or counties and partially redistributed to the City and other political subdivisions. Provided below is a five-year history of the City's share of these revenues as reported in the governmental fund financial statements on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

|  | (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Shared revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local government fund | \$ | 19,820 | 21,805 | 21,218 | 21,705 | 25,708 |
| Estate tax |  | 61 | 4 | 743 | 8,776 | 12,635 |
| Casino Tax |  | 6,790 | 6,331 | 6,231 | 5,617 |  |
| State liquor fees |  | 1,258 | 1,312 | 1,225 | 1,230 | 1,191 |
| Cigarette tax and other |  | 51 | 32 | 48 | 34 | 52 |
| Total | \$ | 27,980 | 29,484 | 29,465 | 37,362 | 39,586 |

Shared revenues decreased by $\$ 1.5$ million as compared to 2015 due to a decrease in the State Local Government Fund revenue in 2016.

## Charges for services

The City performs certain services for its citizens and other municipalities for which it charges various amounts. These services include impounding, storing, and selling abandoned autos; fire and police protection provided to certain suburbs; parking meter fees; and various other services. Additionally the City's General Fund allocates certain citywide costs initially borne by the General Fund to certain other funds. These costs (pro rata charges) are allocated by charging certain other funds a statutorily approved rate of 4.5 percent, as determined by the City's most recent cost allocation plan, of their gross revenue.

These revenues in the General Fund over the past five years have produced:

|  | (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 |  | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Charges for services |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parking meters and fees | \$ | 3,673 | 3,500 | 3,497 | 3,471 | 3,427 |
| City Attorney charges |  | 1,087 | 1,112 | 1,116 | 1,095 | 994 |
| Police services |  | 6,858 | 7,338 | 7,044 | 6,722 | 6,314 |
| Fire services |  | 20,301 | 18,893 | 18,474 | 17,825 | 18,513 |
| Pro rata charges |  | 28,828 | 28,708 | 28,265 | 27,900 | 28,046 |
| All other |  | 2,618 | 2,763 | 2,761 | 2,536 | 2,445 |
| Total | \$ | 63,365 | 62,314 | 61,157 | 59,549 | 59,739 |

Fire services includes charges for emergency medical transportation services which were $\$ 13.373$ million and $\$ 14.964$ million in 2016 and 2015, respectively.

## Fines and forfeits

This revenue source consists of fines and forfeits imposed by the Franklin County Municipal Court, and parking tickets issued by the City's parking violations bureau.

|  |  | 2016 | 2015 | housands) 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fines and forfeits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeits | \$ | 12,519 | 12,257 | 12,442 | 12,842 | 13,903 |
| Parking ticket revenue |  | 6,370 | 6,654 | 6,511 | 6,652 | 7,394 |
| Total | \$ | 18,889 | 18,911 | 18,953 | 19,494 | 21,297 |

## Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous revenues in the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting consist of the following:

## Miscellaneous revenue <br> Electricity kilowatt revenue <br> Hotel/motel taxes <br> Refunds and reimbursements Other <br> Total

| 2016 |  | (in thousands) |  |  | 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |  |
| \$ | 3,132 | 3,200 | 1,579 | 1,689 | 1,685 |
|  | - |  |  | 1,239 | 4,021 |
|  | 3,119 | 1,301 | 6,908 | 7,113 | 1,498 |
|  | 676 | 608 | 1,065 | 736 | 691 |
|  | 6,927 | 5,109 | 9,552 | 10,777 | 7,895 |

## Expenditure narrative:

Public safety, primarily police and fire service, continues to be the dominant function of the General Fund. Public safety expenses were 66.0 percent and 67.3 percent of total expenses for 2016 and 2015 , respectively. Total general fund expenditures increased $\$ 23.0$ million or 2.8 percent in 2016; revenues (including transfers in) exceeded expenditures (including transfers out) for the year by $\$ 4.9$ million.

## Tax Abatements

In 2016, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. Information about the City's tax abatement programs has been provided in Note M of the Notes to the Financial Statements. The total 2016 income tax revenue and property tax revenue forgone pursuant to abatement programs was $\$ 872$ thousand and $\$ 1.04$ million, respectively. The City has additional economic development programs that do not meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 77, as the City does not forgo the related tax revenue. These programs call for the City to make payments to taxpayers for meeting certain agreed upon economic development goals. In 2016, the City made payment on Downtown Office Incentive Agreements, Job Growth Incentive Agreements, and School District Revenue Sharing Agreements of $\$ 785$ thousand, $\$ 11.4$ million, and $\$ 2.4$ million, respectively, for total expenditures of $\$ 14.585$ million. Payments related to these programs are reported as General Fund expenditures.

General Fund revenue and expenditure trend information over the last ten years is included in the Statistical Section of this report - see Table 5 and Table 6.

Special income tax debt service fund. The special income tax debt service fund has a total fund balance of $\$ 192.6$ million. The net increase in fund balance during 2016 in this fund was approximately $\$ 11.7$ million. One quarter of the City's income tax revenue is set aside to meet debt service requirements for governmental activity type debt. Premiums on governmental activities bonds issued are reported in the special income tax fund. The increase in fund balance was due to premiums on refundings issued in 2016.

## Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City operates five enterprise activities: a water system, a sanitary sewer system, a storm sewer system, an electricity distribution system, and two City-owned parking garages. These activities are accounted for in separate enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises-where the City intends that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City accounts for its enterprise funds on the full accrual basis of accounting.

The annual charges and rate increases for the average Columbus resident/user of water and sewers over the last ten years are included in Table 14 of the Statistical Section. An average Columbus resident/user is defined as a customer using 12,000 cubic feet of water annually. Water and sanitary sewer charges are designed to provide resources for both capital and operating costs. Storm sewer and electricity charges are designed to provide resources for operating costs (maintenance) and certain, but not all, capital costs.

The City's enterprises are not subject to rate review or determination by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio or any similar regulatory body. The City's Council has the necessary authority to establish appropriate user rates when needed. The rates are reviewed and established by the Council annually. The frequency and amounts of rate setting authority lies solely with the City's Council.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to $\$ 94.3$ million, $\$ 229.1$ million, $\$ 26.4$ million, $\$ 17.6$ million, and $\$ 9.7$ million for the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, electricity, and garage enterprises, respectively. Net position in the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, electricity, and garage enterprise funds increased $\$ 47.4$ million, $\$ 51.3$ million, $\$ 8.5$ million, $\$ 2.3$ million, and $\$ 2$ million, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's businesstype activities.

Water. The City's water enterprise serves the residents of the City and the majority of suburban communities in the Columbus vicinity. The population of the service area is estimated in excess of one million persons. The water enterprise serves 276,534 customer accounts, owns and maintains 2,521 miles of water mains primarily within the City and maintains an additional 1,007 miles of mains beyond the City's borders.

The City obtains its raw water supply from rivers, reservoirs, and wells. The enterprise conducted a regional water resource project which is used as a guide to develop additional water supply, treatment facilities, and distribution components as dictated by increasing demand. Future supply requirements will be addressed through a combination of demand management efforts and construction of upground reservoirs along the Scioto River north of the City. All necessary land for the upground reservoirs has been purchased.

The enterprise operates one of the most sophisticated water laboratories in the nation. The lab has maintained its EPA certification since the certification process began in 1976 pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974. On a semiannual basis, the lab must conduct various water study sample tests. The certification covers both equipment and personnel and represents a measure of quality performance. The staff is fully supported with state of the art equipment. Their primary responsibility is to assure that the water enterprise is, and will remain, in compliance with all federal, state, and local requirements.

All bonds of the water enterprise are paid from water enterprise revenues.
A ten-year comparison of certain water enterprise data is shown in Table 7 of the Statistical Section.
Sanitary Sewer. The City's sanitary sewer enterprise also serves the metropolitan area with approximately 272,968 customer accounts, both residential and commercial. Included in the total sewer system are 4,184 miles of sanitary sewers, 3,176 miles of storm sewers, and 165 miles of combined sanitary/storm sewers. The
costs and related financial activities of sanitary and combined sewers are accounted for in the Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Fund.

When the Jackson Pike plant, one of the City's two treatment plants, reaches capacity the excess automatically flows through connectors to the Southerly plant. The Southerly plant has a design capacity that allows gallons treated to exceed, by approximately 20 percent, the maximum longer term sustainable maximum capacity for shorter periods of time.

All bonds and notes of the sanitary sewer enterprise are paid from sanitary sewer enterprise revenues.
A ten-year comparison of certain sanitary sewer enterprise data is shown in Table 7 of the Statistical Section.
Storm Sewer. Prior to 2002 the City's storm sewer financial activity was accounted for in a governmental type special revenue fund. Beginning with 2002, storm sewer assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses have been accounted for in a business-type activity enterprise fund. The City intends that all costs of the storm sewer enterprise be supported by user charges except for debt service, principal and interest, on bonds authorized by the voters in 2005 and prior. This net debt service amount in 2016 was $\$ 510$ thousand and is included in the enterprise financial statements as a transfer in from the Special Income Tax Debt Service Fund. Final maturity on these bonds, all general obligation type bonds, is 2018.

The City's storm sewer enterprise owns and maintains 3,176 miles of such sewers and has 197,754 customer accounts, all within the City's borders.

A ten-year comparison of certain storm sewer enterprise data is shown in Table 7 of the Statistical Section.
Electricity. The City owns and operates an electricity distribution system and accounts for it in the Electricity Enterprise Fund. The system had its origin in the 1890's and generated electricity from burning coal. The initial sole purpose for its existence was to light the streets of the City. In response to environmental concerns, the City ceased generating electricity. The City continued distributing electric power by purchasing all of its needed power from privately owned and other publicly owned utilities. The City intends that all costs of the electric enterprise be supported by user charges except for certain debt service, principal and interest, on bonds authorized by the voters. This net debt service amount in 2016 was $\$ 1.45$ million and is included in the enterprise financial statements as a transfer in from the Special Income Tax Debt Service Fund.

Rates charged to customers are determined solely by the City's Council after recommendation by the electricity enterprise management. Council's determination is final and is not subject to review or approval by any other regulatory body. Rates are, however, subject to market driven competition provided by the private electric utility in the area.

A ten-year comparison of certain electricity enterprise data is shown in Table 7 of the Statistical Section.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final amended general fund budget had total appropriations of approximately $\$ 3.654$ million less than the original budget. The total original appropriations, including those for transfers out, were $\$ 836.664$ million, while the final appropriations were $\$ 833.010$ million. A ten-year history of fund balances in the various components of the General Fund follows:

| Budget Basis (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year <br> Ended | Undesignated subfund | Economic stabilization subfund | Anticipated expenditures subfund | Safety staffing contingency subfund | Job <br> Growth subfund | Public <br> Safety <br> Initiative | Basic City <br> Services | Neighborhood Initiative | Total <br> General Fund |
| 2007 | \$ 17,278 | \$ 44,481 | \$ 17,252 | \$ | \$ 600 | \$ 272 | \$ | \$ | \$ 79,883 |
| 2008 | 25 | 43,581 | 1,225 | - | - | 11 | - | - | 44,842 |
| 2009 | 3,279 | 15,000 | 2,976 | - | - | 16 | - | - | 21,271 |
| 2010 | 23,646 | 22,724 | 4,762 | - | - | 16 | - | - | 51,148 |
| 2011 | 33,793 | 32,897 | 6,814 | - | - | 16 | - | - | 73,520 |
| 2012 | 39,903 | 39,805 | 8,874 | - | 306 | - | 11,000 | - | 99,888 |
| 2013 | 44,457 | 56,145 | 10,996 | 2 | 569 | 111 | 5,000 | 74 | 117,354 |
| 2014 | 29,171 | 64,075 | 13,181 | 3 | 471 | 626 | 5,714 | 292 | 113,533 |
| 2015 | 30,722 | 66,741 | 15,432 | - | 154 | 199 | 5,160 | 77 | 118,485 |
| 2016 | 30,206 | 69,522 | 17,750 | - | 135 | 150 | 3,330 | 104 | 121,197 |

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2016, amounts to $\$ 6.4$ billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for 2016 was 5.3 percent (a 6.0 percent increase for governmental activities and a 4.8 percent increase for business-type activities).

Capital Assets, net of depreciation
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Governmental activities |  | Business-type activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Land | \$ 284,183 | \$ 279,161 | \$ 74,474 | \$ 74,015 | \$ 358,657 | \$ 353,176 |
| Buildings | 520,586 | 508,341 | 54,546 | 58,096 | 575,132 | 566,437 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 319,115 | 287,803 | 3,005,814 | 2,856,848 | 3,324,929 | 3,144,651 |
| Machinery and equipment | 124,565 | 126,754 | 20,451 | 15,849 | 145,016 | 142,603 |
| Infrastructure | 1,329,861 | 1,267,420 | 159,162 | 157,813 | 1,489,023 | 1,425,233 |
| Construction in progress | 40,159 | - | 428,025 | 408,353 | 468,184 | 408,353 |
| Total | \$2,618,469 | \$2,469,479 | \$3,742,472 | \$3,570,974 | \$6,360,941 | \$6,040,453 |

Major capital asset events during 2016 included the following:
> Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased $\$ 320.5$ million.
> Business-type activity capital assets increased by $\$ 265.5$ million or $\$ 171.5$ million, net of $\$ 94.0$ million in current year depreciation expense. The increase was due to: $\$ 139.6$ million in water plant and water line improvements; $\$ 43.0$ million in sanitary sewer plant improvements; $\$ 65.8$ million in sanitary sewer line improvements; and $\$ 17.1$ million in other improvements.
> Governmental activity capital assets increased by $\$ 249.1$ million or $\$ 149.0$ million, net of $\$ 100.1$ million in current year depreciation expense. This increase was due to: $\$ 14.6$ million in donated streets; $\$ 104.1$ million in traffic signals and other street improvements; $\$ 1.3$ million in land and other improvements related to new and future park sites; $\$ 16.6$ million in recreation center rehabilitation; $\$ 13.3$ million in park improvements; $\$ 9.8$ million in police and fire vehicles; $\$ 23.5$ million in general government facility improvements; $\$ 9.9$ million in police and fire facility improvements; $\$ 2.7$ million in refuse and public service vehicles and $\$ 53.3$ million in other improvements.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note F in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term debt. At December 31, 2016, the City, the primary government, had $\$ 4.7$ billion of long-term bonds and loans outstanding with net unamortized premiums and discounts of $\$ 375.669$ million. All assessment bonds and notes issued by the City are general obligation bonds and notes. There were $\$ 427$ thousand in assessment bonds, all related to business-type activities, outstanding at December 31, 2016. The revenue bonds of the City represent bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

City of Columbus
General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Outstanding
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Governmental activities |  | Business-type activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| General obligation bonds and notes | \$1,663,551 | \$1,542,493 | \$1,449,271 | \$1,335,334 | \$3,112,822 | \$2,877,827 |
| Revenue bonds and notes | 95,004 | 69,055 | 1,462,586 | 1,370,104 | 1,557,590 | 1,439,159 |
| Total | \$1,758,555 | \$1,611,548 | \$2,911,857 | \$2,705,438 | \$4,670,412 | \$4,316,986 |

Total long-term bonds and loans outstanding at December 31, 2016 increased $\$ 353.426$ million or 8.2 percent as compared to the amount outstanding at December 31, 2015. Key events contributing to the change in long-term debt balances are as follow:
> On March 7, 2016, the City sold $\$ 206.965$ million of various purpose general obligation refunding bonds.

- $\$ 103.425$ million issued to advance refund $\$ 106.650$ in governmental activities outstanding bonds;
- $\$ 75.845$ million issued to advance refund $\$ 79.075$ in business-type activities outstanding bonds;
- $\$ 27.695$ million was to currently refund $\$ 34.065$ million in business-type activities outstanding bonds, all of which were currently callable.
> On August 4, 2016, the City issued $\$ 469.600$ million of general obligation bonds for the purpose of funding various projects throughout the City: $\$ 237.010$ million in governmental activities bonds and $\$ 232.590$ million in business-type activities bonds. In addition, the City issued $\$ 11.800$ million in limited tax notes to refund $\$ 14.500$ million of business-type activities outstanding 2015-1 limited tax notes which matured on August 11, 2016.
> On October 5, 2016, $\$ 72.715$ million in business-type activities bond anticipation notes were refunded with $\$ 72.710$ million of Ohio Water Development Authority revenue loans.
> On November 16, 2016, the City sold $\$ 89.220$ million of general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund $\$ 91.035$ million of certain outstanding bonds issued in 2013 and 2014: $\$ 35.550$ million to refund $\$ 36.265$ million in governmental activities outstanding bonds; and $\$ 53.670$ million to refund $\$ 54.770$ in business-type activities outstanding bonds.
> In addition to the Ohio Water Development Authority revenue loans issued to refund bond anticipation notes, the City's business-type activities issued $\$ 84.597$ million in Ohio Water Development Authority revenue obligations for various projects.
> Governmental and business-type activities paid $\$ 297.448$ million on debt maturities in 2016.
The City's general obligation bond ratings by Standard \& Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investor Services, Inc. and Fitch Ratings are "AAA", "Aaa", and "AAA", respectively. The City's bond ratings were confirmed with the respective rating agencies as shown in the table below.

|  | Moody's Investor Services |  | Standard and Poor's |  | Fitch Ratings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bond Description | Prior Rating | Current Rating | Prior Rating | Current Rating | Prior Rating | Current Rating |
| General Obligation Bonds - Fixed Rate | Aaa | Aaa | AAA | AAA | AAA | AAA |
| 2006 Sanitary Sewer System Adjustable Rate General Obligation Bonds | Aaa/VMIG1 | Aaa/VMIG1 | AAA/A-1+ | AAA/A-1+ | AAA/F1+ | AAA/F1+ |
| 2008 Sanitary Sewer System Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds (Series 2008B) | Aa1/VMIG1 | Aa1/VMIG1 | AA+/A-1+ | $A A+/ A-1+$ | AA/F1+ | AA/F1+ |
| 2014 Sanitary Sewer System Fixed Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds | Aa1 | Aa1 | AA+ | AA+ | AA | AA |
| 2015 Sanitary Sewer System Fixed Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds | Aa1 | Aa1 | AA+ | AA+ | (Not Rated) | (Not Rated) |

The City is within all of its legal debt limitations. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt (as defined in the Ohio Revised Code) of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5 percent of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5 percent of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by the ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2016, the City's total net debt amounted to 6.8 percent of the total assessed value of all property within the City. Unvoted net debt amounted to 0.19 percent of the total assessed value of all property within the City. The City had a legal debt margin for total debt of \$549.482 million and a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of $\$ 790.144$ million. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt, when added to that of other political subdivisions within the respective counties in which Columbus lies, is limited to ten mills.

Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note G in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

## Economic Factors and the 2017 General Fund Budget

The 2017 budget of $\$ 872.713$ million is, with a few exceptions, a continuation level budget. The 2017 budget reflects the Mayor's priorities and commitment to the people of Columbus for safe and vibrant neighborhoods, a more diverse workforce, enhancements to public safety, positive interactions between police and the community, and delivery of basic neighborhood services.

The City continues to replenish the Economic Stabilization Fund (Rainy Day Fund). As of December 31, 2016 there was $\$ 69.5$ million in the Rainy Day Fund, and the City projects a balance of nearly $\$ 72.5$ million by the end of 2017. This puts the City well on its way to achieving the new goal of a $\$ 75$ million balance in the fund by the end of 2018.

## The City of Columbus Accountability Committee

The Accountability Committee was formed in 2009 following voter passage of the City income tax increase from 2.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The mission of the Committee is to provide review and guidance to City leaders so that they can successfully implement the City's 10-Year Reform and Efficiency Plan. The plan was developed and finalized following recommendations by an Economic Advisory Committee, citywide review and the adoption of a resolution by City Council. Comprised of eleven action items and four study items, the goal was to save \$100-150 million in the General Fund over the period from 2010-2019.

## Progress on Major Action Items:

- Phase out for existing employees and discontinue for new employees the practice of paying the employee share of retirement costs. This recommendation was first implemented in 2010. Efforts continue with each successive collective bargaining contract negotiation.
- Require higher employee contribution toward the cost of health care benefits. Employee contributions were increased in 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, and continuing into 2017. Efforts continue with each collective bargaining contract negotiation.
- Conduct an audit of salary and benefits provided to employees and use the resulting information as a guide when negotiating labor contracts. Such audit was completed in 2009.
- Establish new policies that discourage excessive overtime. Additional overtime monitoring was put into place in 2009; however, overtime continues to be a major concern in the Divisions of Police and Fire. It is anticipated that recent recruit classes will help alleviate overtime.
- Civilianize certain sections of the divisions of police and fire. Implemented in 2011 and is ongoing.
- Increase efficiencies in the operations of Fleet Management, Facilities Management and increase energy efficiencies. All have made significant progress and are ongoing.


## Request for I nformation

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. This report is also available on the City's website at www.columbus.gov. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Auditor's Office, 90 West Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

## ASSETS

| Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer | \$ | 583,631 | \$ | 385,141 | \$ | 968,772 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal and |  |  |  |  |  | 1,168 |
| Cash and cash equivalents with trustee |  | 31,709 |  | - |  | 31,709 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) |  | 193,238 |  | 101,211 |  | 294,449 |
| Due from other governments |  | 49,070 |  | - |  | 49,070 |
| Internal Balances |  | $(6,436)$ |  | 6,436 |  | - |
| Inventories |  | 880 |  | 16,988 |  | 17,868 |
| Prepaid and other assets |  | 22,960 |  | - |  | 22,960 |
| Other assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other |  | 411,791 |  | 345,767 |  | 757,558 |
| Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal and escrow agents |  | 4,117 |  | - |  | 4,117 |
| Cash and cash equivalents with trustee |  | - |  | 1,443 |  | 1,443 |
| Capital Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land and construction in progress |  | 324,342 |  | 502,499 |  | 826,841 |
| Other Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation |  | 2,294,127 |  | 3,239,973 |  | 5,534,100 |
| Total Capital Assets |  | 2,618,469 |  | 3,742,472 |  | 6,360,941 |
| Total Assets |  | 3,910,597 |  | 4,599,458 |  | 8,510,055 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  | 374,580 |  | 96,015 |  | 470,595 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses |  | 30,090 |  | 15,306 |  | 45,396 |
| Accrued wages and benefits |  | 45,530 |  | 3,897 |  | 49,427 |
| Accrued interest payable |  | 24,733 |  | 34,512 |  | 59,245 |
| Due to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other governments |  | 842 |  | - |  | 842 |
| Others |  | 9,122 |  | 77 |  | 9,199 |
| Matured bonds and interest payable |  | 948 |  | - |  | 948 |
| Advances from grantors |  | 7,280 |  | - |  | 7,280 |
| Payables from restricted assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 16,290 |  | 13,395 |  | 29,685 |
| Customer deposits |  | - |  | 1,227 |  | 1,227 |
| Due to others |  | - |  | 272 |  | 272 |
| Long-term liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Due within one year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | 65,200 |  | 5,939 |  | 71,139 |
| Claims and judgments |  | 22,550 |  | - |  | 22,550 |
| Notes payable |  | 2,017 |  | 11,959 |  | 13,976 |
| Demand bonds |  | - |  | 91,855 |  | 91,855 |
| Bonds payable |  | 173,204 |  | 181,586 |  | 354,790 |
| Due in more than one year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | 19,586 |  | - |  | 19,586 |
| Claims and judgments |  | 25,878 |  | - |  | 25,878 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 1,224,023 |  | 99,014 |  | 1,323,037 |
| Notes payable |  | 23,435 |  | - |  | 23,435 |
| Bonds payable, net |  | 1,559,899 |  | 2,626,457 |  | 4,186,356 |
| Total liabilities |  | 3,250,627 |  | 3,085,496 |  | 6,336,123 |
| DEFERRED I NFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  | 86,721 |  | 2,098 |  | 88,819 |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 1,385,099 |  | 1,221,133 |  | 2,606,232 |
| Restricted for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital projects |  | 9,658 |  | - |  | 9,658 |
| Debt Service |  | 51,911 |  | 1,443 |  | 53,354 |
| Other purposes |  | 99,847 |  | - |  | 99,847 |
| Unrestricted |  | $(598,686)$ |  | 385,303 |  | $(213,383)$ |
| Total net position | \$ | 947,829 | \$ | 1,607,879 | \$ | 2,555,708 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| Functions/ Programs | Expenses |  | Program Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Charges for Services |  | Operating Grants and Contributions |  | Capital Grants and Contributions |  |
| Primary government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | \$ | 179,207 | \$ | 59,400 | \$ | 8,169 | \$ | - |
| Public service |  | 178,409 |  | 36,629 |  | 39,469 |  | 65,961 |
| Public safety |  | 618,014 |  | 32,682 |  | 2,313 |  | - |
| Development |  | 95,117 |  | 17,080 |  | 5,744 |  | - |
| Health |  | 55,236 |  | 8,149 |  | 21,382 |  | - |
| Recreation and parks |  | 143,661 |  | 18,386 |  | 64,208 |  | - |
| Interest on Long-term debt |  | 36,624 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total governmental activities |  | 1,306,268 |  | 172,326 |  | 141,285 |  | 65,961 |
| Business-type activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  | 154,921 |  | 196,015 |  | - |  | - |
| Sanitary Sewer |  | 201,803 |  | 249,303 |  | - |  | - |
| Storm Sewer |  | 32,781 |  | 40,569 |  | - |  | - |
| Electricity |  | 79,472 |  | 79,582 |  | - |  | - |
| Garages |  | 709 |  | 1,875 |  | - |  | - |
| Total business-type activities |  | 469,686 |  | 567,344 |  | $\stackrel{-}{-}$ |  | - |
| Total primary government |  | 1,775,954 |  | 739,670 |  | 141,285 |  | 65,961 |
|  |  |  | General revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Income taxes |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Property taxes |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Shared revenues |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Hotel/Motel taxes |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Investment earnings |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Municipal motor vehicle tax |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Transfers |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total general revenues and transfers |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | ange in net | sitio |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Net position - beginning, as restated |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Net position - ending |  |  |  |  |  |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary Government


## City of Columbus, Ohio

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | General <br> Fund |  | Special I ncome Tax Fund |  | Other Governmental Funds |  | Total Governmental Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and investments with treasurer | \$ | 164,401 | \$ | 187,111 | \$ | 559,958 | \$ | 911,470 |
| Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow agents and other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| escrow agents and other Cash and investments with trustee |  | - |  | 316 |  | 4,969 31,709 |  | 5,285 31,709 |
| Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) |  | 127,740 |  | 24,169 |  | 41,316 |  | 193,225 |
| Due from other: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governments |  | 11,360 |  | - |  | 37,243 |  | 48,603 |
| Funds |  | 2,658 |  | 5,742 |  | 117 |  | 8,517 |
| Prepaid and other assets |  | - |  | - |  | 598 |  | 598 |
| Total assets |  | 306,159 |  | 217,338 |  | 675,910 |  | 1,199,407 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 9,042 |  | 1,545 |  | 30,891 |  | 41,478 |
| Due to other: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Funds |  | 87 |  | 394 |  | 6,451 |  | 6,932 |
| Others |  | 6,841 |  | 2,281 |  | - |  | 9,122 |
| Matured bonds and interest payable |  | - |  | 948 |  | - |  | 948 |
| Advances from grantors |  | - ${ }^{-}$ |  | - |  | 7,280 |  | 7,280 |
| Accrued wages and benefits |  | 38,492 |  |  |  | 5,526 |  | 44,018 |
| Total liabilities |  | 54,462 |  | 5,168 |  | 50,148 |  | 109,778 |
| DEFERRED I NFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  | 113,062 |  | 19,591 |  | 55,606 |  | 188,259 |
| FUND BALANCES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted |  | - |  | - |  | 523,675 |  | 523,675 |
| Committed |  | 5,878 |  | 192,579 |  | 46,734 |  | 245,191 |
| Assigned |  | 18,667 |  | - |  | - |  | 18,667 |
| Unassigned |  | 114,090 |  | - |  | (253) |  | 113,837 |
| Total fund balances |  | 138,635 |  | 192,579 |  | 570,156 |  | 901,370 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances | \$ | 306,159 | \$ | 217,338 | \$ | 675,910 | \$ | 1,199,407 |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Total fund balance, governmental funds (Exhibit 3)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service fund capital assets of $\$ 50,784$ ) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

| Land and Construction in progress | 322,675 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Buildings, net of $\$ 238,439$ accumulated depreciation | 487,945 |
| Improvements other than buildings, net of $\$ 118,510$ accumulated depreciation | 312,945 |
| Machinery and equipment, net of $\$ 144,853$ accumulated depreciation | 114,259 |
| Infrastructure, net of $\$ 639,600$ accumulated depreciation | $1,329,861$ |

Total capital assets (See Note F)
\$
901,370

1,329,861

Internal services funds (see Exhibit 5) are used by the City to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other City departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

City income tax revenue related to 2016 (and prior tax years) will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide statements.

Charges for services related to 2016 (and prior years) will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide statements.

Grant revenue related to 2016 will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide statements.

State shared revenue appropriated during the State of Ohio's fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide statements.

Net pension liabilty is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds.

Balances at December 31, 2016 are:
Deferred outflows of resources - pension
Deferred inflows of resources - pension
Net pension liability
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. Also, during the year the City issued new debt. The deferred amount on refunding and premium received on the refunding were reported in the governmental fund when the debt was issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized, over the remaining life of the new debt, as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities.

Balances at December 31, 2016 are:
Accrued interest on bonds
Accrued vacation and sick leave
Bonds and notes payable
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding
$(1,585,314)$
35,884
Unamortized premiums
Total long-term liabilities (see Note G)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1)

2,567,685

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | General Fund |  | Special I ncome Tax Fund |  | Other Governmental Funds |  | Total Governmental Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income taxes | \$ | 630,266 | \$ | 210,089 | \$ | - | \$ | 840,355 |
| Property taxes |  | 44,233 |  | - |  | - |  | 44,233 |
| Grants and subsidies |  | - |  | - |  | 117,452 |  | 117,452 |
| Investment income |  | 6,625 |  | - |  | 471 |  | 7,096 |
| Licenses and permits |  | 14,759 |  | - |  | 25,962 |  | 40,721 |
| Shared revenue |  | 27,980 |  | - |  | 43,731 |  | 71,711 |
| Charges for services |  | 63,365 |  | - |  | 43,403 |  | 106,768 |
| Fines and forfeits |  | 18,889 |  |  |  | 5,365 |  | 24,254 |
| Payments in lieu of taxes |  | - |  | - |  | 31,152 |  | 31,152 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 6,927 |  | 754 |  | 51,314 |  | 58,995 |
| Total revenues |  | 813,044 |  | 210,843 |  | 318,850 |  | 1,342,737 |

## EXPENDITURES

Current:
General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Recreation and parks
Capital Outlay
Debt Service:
Principal retirement
Interest and fiscal charges
Total Expenditures
$\quad$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over
(under) expenditures

|  | 124,220 |  | 252 |  | 29,730 |  | 154,202 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50,563 |  | - |  | 55,163 |  | 105,726 |
|  | 554,287 |  | - |  | 4,223 |  | 558,510 |
|  | 41,673 |  | - |  | 43,649 |  | 85,322 |
|  | 23,065 |  | - |  | 29,235 |  | 52,300 |
|  | 37,693 |  | 212 |  | 87,392 |  | 125,297 |
|  | 7,190 |  | - |  | 249,579 |  | 256,769 |
|  | - |  | 122,092 |  | 9,973 |  | 132,065 |
|  | - |  | 54,720 |  | 4,844 |  | 59,564 |
|  | 838,691 |  | 177,276 |  | 513,788 |  | 1,529,755 |
|  | $(25,647)$ |  | 33,567 |  | $(194,938)$ |  | $(187,018)$ |
|  | 31,658 |  | 1,819 |  | 17,014 |  | 50,491 |
|  | $(1,124)$ |  | $(42,488)$ |  | $(11,379)$ |  | $(54,991)$ |
|  | - |  | - |  | 265,991 |  | 265,991 |
|  | - |  | 138,145 |  | - |  | 138,145 |
|  | - |  | $(175,076)$ |  | - |  | $(175,076)$ |
|  | - |  | 55,684 |  | 4,042 |  | 59,726 |
|  | 30,534 |  | $(21,916)$ |  | 275,668 |  | 284,286 |
|  | 4,887 |  | 11,651 |  | 80,730 |  | 97,268 |
|  | 133,748 |  | 180,928 |  | 489,426 |  | 804,102 |
| \$ | 138,635 | \$ | 192,579 | \$ | 570,156 | \$ | 901,370 |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount includes the adjustment for capital outlay expenditures capitalized ( $\$ 234,186$ of total capital outlay of $\$ 256,769$ met the capitalization requirements) offset by depreciation expense $(\$ 96,127)$ and loss on disposal of assets ( $\$ 2,020$ ) in the current period. The City had donated capital assets of $\$ 14,637$ in 2016 which is not reported in the governmental funds.

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The amount is the net effect of the reversal of prior year items against current year accruals.

The long-term liability for compensated absences is not recorded in the funds, but is reported in the statement of activities. This amount is the current year change in the liability, reported as an expense in the statement of activities.

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This amount is the amount by which bond proceeds for new bond issues $(\$ 265,991)$ and refunding bond issues $(\$ 138,145)$ exceeds the repayment of bond principal $(\$ 132,065)$ in the governmental funds.

Bond premiums are included as revenue in the funds, but capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred amounts on refunding are included as expenditures in the funds, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements. This amount represents the amount paid to escrow agent on the 2016 refundings offset by amortization of deferred amounts on all refundings.

Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

Changes in the net pension liability, except for amounts reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in net position of internal service funds reported with governmental activities

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

| $\$ \quad 60,765$ |
| :--- |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)


## City of Columbus, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise

|  | Major Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nonmajor Fund <br> Garage |  | Total |  | Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Water |  | Sanitary Sewer |  | Storm <br> Sewer |  | Electricity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATI NG REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 196,015 | \$ | 249,303 | \$ | 40,569 | \$ | 79,582 | \$ | 1,875 | \$ | 567,344 | \$ | 263,061 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 1,664 |  | 1,063 |  | 7 |  | 412 |  | - |  | 3,146 |  | 3,414 |
| Total operating revenues |  | 197,679 |  | 250,366 |  | 40,576 |  | 79,994 |  | 1,875 |  | 570,490 |  | 266,475 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 56,028 |  | 45,812 |  | 8,592 |  | 11,365 |  | - |  | 121,797 |  | 41,091 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 20,466 |  | 6,966 |  | 216 |  | 1,418 |  | - |  | 29,066 |  | 14,704 |
| Contractual services |  | 34,111 |  | 44,220 |  | 15,901 |  | 10,724 |  | 33 |  | 104,989 |  | 212,907 |
| Purchased power |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 51,228 |  | - |  | 51,228 |  | - |
| Depreciation |  | 26,669 |  | 57,508 |  | 5,138 |  | 4,130 |  | 633 |  | 94,078 |  | 3,952 |
| Other |  | 678 |  | 328 |  | 22 |  | 38 |  | - |  | 1,066 |  | 24 |
| Total Operating expenses |  | 137,952 |  | 154,834 |  | 29,869 |  | 78,903 |  | 666 |  | 402,224 |  | 272,678 |
| Operating income |  | 59,727 |  | 95,532 |  | 10,707 |  | 1,091 |  | 1,209 |  | 168,266 |  | $(6,203)$ |
| NON-OPERATI NG REVENUES (EXPENSES) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment income |  | 3,910 |  | 2,014 |  | 184 |  | 222 |  | 12 |  | 6,342 |  | - |
| Interest expense |  | $(16,549)$ |  | $(46,681)$ |  | $(2,924)$ |  | (518) |  | (41) |  | $(66,713)$ |  | $(1,656)$ |
| Other, net |  | 402 |  | 398 |  | 48 |  | 31 |  | (1) |  | 879 |  | $(1,021)$ |
| Total non-operating expenses |  | $(12,237)$ |  | $(44,269)$ |  | (2,692) |  | (265) |  | (29) |  | $(59,492)$ |  | $(2,677)$ |
| Income before transfers |  | 47,490 |  | 51,263 |  | 8,015 |  | 826 |  | 1,180 |  | 108,774 |  | $(8,880)$ |
| Transfers in |  | , |  |  |  | 510 |  | 1,450 |  | 800 |  | 2,760 |  | 1,829 |
| Transfers out |  | (70) |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | (70) |  | (19) |
| Change in net position |  | 47,420 |  | 51,263 |  | 8,525 |  | 2,276 |  | 1,980 |  | 111,464 |  | $(7,070)$ |
| Total net position - beginning, as restated |  | 419,794 |  | 855,064 |  | 100,949 |  | 92,989 |  | 19,489 |  | 1,488,285 |  | 18,749 |
| Total net position - ending | \$ | 467,214 | \$ | 906,327 | \$ | 109,474 | \$ | 95,265 | \$ | 21,469 | \$ | 1,599,749 | \$ | 11,679 |

Change in net position, per above
Adjustment to consolidate the internal service fund activities
Total change in net position of business-type activities

| $\$ \quad 110,742$ |
| :--- |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Governmental Activities - <br> Internal Service Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Major Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nonmajor Fund |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  |  | Water | Sanitary Sewer |  | Storm <br> Sewer |  | Electricity |  | Garages |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | 195,134 | \$ | 257,619 | \$ | 40,480 | \$ | 78,376 | \$ | 1,841 | \$ | 573,450 | \$ | 261,250 |
| Cash paid to employees |  | $(53,496)$ |  | $(48,861)$ |  | $(3,144)$ |  | $(10,889)$ |  | - |  | $(116,390)$ |  | $(38,715)$ |
| Cash paid to suppliers |  | $(54,462)$ |  | $(52,292)$ |  | $(21,182)$ |  | $(62,904)$ |  | ${ }^{-}$ |  | $(190,840)$ |  | $(263,911)$ |
| Other receipts |  | 1,556 |  | 1,057 |  | 2 |  | 560 |  | 351 |  | 3,526 |  | 5,211 |
| Other payments |  | (47) |  | (25) |  | - |  | (3) |  | - |  | (75) |  | (20) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities |  | 88,685 |  | 157,498 |  | 16,156 |  | 5,140 |  | 2,192 |  | 269,671 |  | $(36,185)$ |
| Noncapital financing activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subsidies |  | 148 |  | 50 |  | 48 |  | - |  | - |  | 246 |  | - |
| Transfers in |  |  |  | - |  | 510 |  | 1,450 |  | 800 |  | 2,760 |  | 1,829 |
| Transfers out |  | (70) |  | - |  | - |  | , |  | - |  | (70) |  | (19) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities |  | 78 |  | 50 |  | 558 |  | 1,450 |  | 800 |  | 2,936 |  | 1,810 |
| Capital and related financing activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from sale of assets |  | 263 |  | 363 |  | - |  | 31 |  | - |  | 657 |  | - |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment |  | $(141,803)$ |  | $(112,699)$ |  | $(6,541)$ |  | $(4,133)$ |  | - |  | $(265,176)$ |  | $(3,240)$ |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds, loans and notes |  | 145,771 |  | 196,706 |  | 8,500 |  | 3,855 |  | - |  | 354,832 |  | 6,545 |
| Refunding bonds and notes issued |  | 165,370 |  | 52,195 |  | 10,860 |  | 1,495 |  | 11,800 |  | 241,720 |  | 830 |
| Premium on bonds issued |  | 31,013 |  | 25,069 |  | 3,576 |  | 778 |  | 159 |  | 60,595 |  | 496 |
| Principal payments on bonds and loans |  | $(51,869)$ |  | $(89,737)$ |  | $(10,151)$ |  | $(2,285)$ |  | $(2,700)$ |  | $(156,742)$ |  | $(8,641)$ |
| Payment on refunded bonds and notes |  | $(72,715)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(11,800)$ |  | $(84,515)$ |  | $(1,051)$ |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent |  | $(118,460)$ |  | $(66,756)$ |  | $(13,786)$ |  | $(1,889)$ |  | ) |  | $(200,891)$ |  | (1,051) |
| Interest and fiscal charges paid on bonds, loans and notes |  | $(30,207)$ |  | $(58,998)$ |  | $(4,700)$ |  | (605) |  | (313) |  | $(94,823)$ |  | $(2,245)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities |  | $(72,637)$ |  | $(53,857)$ |  | $(12,242)$ |  | $(2,753)$ |  | $(2,854)$ |  | $(144,343)$ |  | $(7,306)$ |
| I nvesting activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest received on investments |  | 1,336 |  | 1,725 |  | 360 |  | 205 |  | 12 |  | 3,638 |  | - |
| Net cash provided by investing activities |  | 1,336 |  | 1,725 |  | 360 |  | 205 |  | 12 |  | 3,638 |  | - |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents |  | 17,462 |  | 105,416 |  | 4,832 |  | 4,042 |  | 150 |  | 131,902 |  | $(41,681)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (including \$247,994 in total restricted accounts) |  | 227,322 |  | 289,974 |  | 51,407 |  | 30,514 |  | 1,232 |  | 600,449 |  | 125,633 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (including \$347,210 in total restricted accounts) | \$ | 244,784 | \$ | 395,390 | \$ | 56,239 | \$ | 34,556 | \$ | 1,382 | \$ | 732,351 | \$ | 83,952 |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Governmental <br> Activities - <br> Internal <br> Service Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Major Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nonmajor Fund |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  | Water |  | Sanitary <br> Sewer |  | Storm Sewer |  | Electricity |  | Garages |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 59,727 | \$ | 95,532 | \$ | 10,707 | \$ | 1,091 | \$ | 1,209 | \$ | 168,266 | \$ | $(6,203)$ |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation |  | 26,669 |  | 57,508 |  | 5,138 |  | 4,130 |  | 633 |  | 94,078 |  | 3,952 |
| Decrease (increase) in operating assets: Receivables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receivables |  | $(2,346)$ |  | 1,596 |  | (63) |  | (985) |  | 350 |  | $(1,448)$ |  | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ |
| Due from other government |  | - |  | - |  | (229) |  | - |  | - |  | (229) |  | (467) |
| Due from other funds |  | (344) |  | (216) |  | 25 |  | (32) |  | - |  | (567) |  | (118) |
| Inventory |  | 2 |  | 162 |  | - |  | 192 |  | - |  | 356 |  | (72) |
| Prepaid and other assets |  | - |  | , |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(22,362)$ |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pension |  | $(12,553)$ |  | $(10,592)$ |  | (928) |  | $(2,861)$ |  | - |  | $(26,934)$ |  | $(8,306)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 2,575 |  | 535 |  | 282 |  | 117 |  | - |  | 3,509 |  | 1,149 |
| Customer deposits |  | , |  | - |  | - |  | 94 |  | - |  | 94 |  | (10,791) |
| Due to other governments |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(10,791)$ |
| Due to other funds |  | (22) |  | 211 |  | 166 |  | 79 |  | - |  | 434 |  | 205 |
| Accrued wages and benefits |  | 178 |  | 96 |  | 5 |  | 21 |  | - |  | 300 |  | 157 |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | (47) |  | (118) |  | (8) |  | (77) |  | - |  | (250) |  | (123) |
| Claims and judgments |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(3,771)$ |
| Net pension liability |  | 14,498 |  | 12,458 |  | 1,040 |  | 3,295 |  | - |  | 31,291 |  | 10,100 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pensions |  | 348 |  | 326 |  | 21 |  | 76 |  | - |  | 771 |  | 456 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ | 88,685 | \$ | 157,498 | \$ | 16,156 | \$ | 5,140 | \$ | 2,192 | \$ | 269,671 | \$ | $(36,185)$ |
| Supplemental information: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noncash activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Change in fair value of investments | \$ | (448) | \$ | (835) | \$ | (112) | \$ | (67) | \$ | - | \$ | $(1,462)$ | \$ | - |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Agency Funds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents: |  |  |
| Cash and investments with treasurer | \$ | 37,654 |
| Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) |  | 3 |
| Total assets | \$ | 37,657 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |
| Due to: |  |  |
| Other Governments | \$ | 21,537 |
| Other |  | 16,120 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 37,657 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE A-SUMMARY OF SI GNI FI CANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The state legislature established Columbus as a city in 1812. The City is a home-rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of Ohio. The City's Charter, its constitution, can only be amended by a majority of the City's voters. The City operates under the Council-Mayor form of government.

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, and Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, in that the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City. On this basis, the reporting entity of the City includes the following services as authorized by its charter: public service, public safety, development, health, and recreation and parks. In addition, the City owns and operates five enterprise activities: a water system, a sanitary sewer system, a storm sewer system, an electricity distribution system, and City owned parking garages. The reporting entity also includes three joint ventures and two component units.

Joint Ventures:

- The Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District (the Conservatory District) was created by the City (Resolution 109X-90) and Franklin County (Resolution 79-90) in 1990 pursuant to authority contained in Section 755.14(B) of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). The agreement between the City and the County that created the Conservatory District in 1990 was amended by the City (Ordinance 1794-96) and the County (Resolution 800-96) in August 1996. The amendment increased the number of members of the Board of the Conservatory District from 10 to 17 . Eight members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor of the City subject to confirmation by the City's Council and six members are appointed by the County. In addition, the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate of the State of Ohio each appoint one member to the Board pursuant to the authority contained in Section 755.14(B)(2) of the ORC. State appointed members are nonvoting members if they also serve as members of the Ohio General Assembly; no member presently serves in both roles. The Mayor of the City, therefore, does not appoint a voting majority of the Board.

The City contributed certain capital assets to the Conservatory District at the time of its inception and has agreed to an annual operating subsidy, but subject to annual appropriation by the City's Council. Revenues, the operating subsidy, received by the Conservatory District in 2016 from the City were $\$ 350,000$. In addition, the City provided support of $\$ 1.5$ million in 2016 for the Conservatory District's capital needs. In the event of the Conservatory District's liquidation, its assets will be transferred to the City.

Because the City's Mayor does not appoint a voting majority of the Conservatory District's Board and multiple governments participate in the board appointment process, the City accounts for and reports the financial activity of the Conservatory District as a joint venture pursuant to GASB Statements No. 14, 39, and 61. The Conservatory District's financial statements may be obtained from The Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District at 1777 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43203. Other information about the Conservatory District can be obtained on their website at www.fpconservatory.org.

- The Affordable Housing Trust for Columbus and Franklin County (AHT) was initially created as the Columbus Housing Trust Corporation, with Articles of Incorporation (Articles) filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on August 31, 2000. Amended Articles were then filed for AHT in May 2001. No single government or government official appoints a majority of the Board members. All are jointly appointed. In 2016 the City


## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
provided cash assistance to AHT of $\$ 1,700,166$ applicable to fiscal year 2016 hotel-motel tax. The City is committed through its legislation to provide a portion of its hotel-motel tax collections to AHT each year into the future. This commitment approximates $\$ 1.7$ million per year.

Since the Mayor does not singularly appoint a voting majority of AHT's board of trustees and multiple governments participate in both the board appointment process and the financial support of AHT, the City accounts for and reports the financial activity of AHT as a joint venture pursuant to GASB Statements No. 14, 39 and 61 . AHT's financial statements may be obtained from The Affordable Housing Trust for Columbus and Franklin County, 110 North 17th Street, Columbus, OH 43203. Other information about AHT can be located on their website at www.hztrust.org.

- The Columbus-Franklin County Finance Authority (the Finance Authority) was created by the City (Ordinance 0540-2006) and Franklin County (Resolution 200-06) in March 2006 pursuant to authority contained in Section 4582.21 through 4582.59 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). The Finance Authority is governed by a nine-member Board of Directors, each of whom shall serve for a term of four years, of which four (4) shall be appointed by the Mayor of the City, with the advice and consent of City Council, four (4) shall be appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Franklin, Ohio, and one (1) shall be a joint appointment. The Finance Authority is considered a joint venture of the City and the County. In 2016, the City provided $\$ 100,000$ cash assistance to the Finance Authority for operations. The Finance Authority's financial statements may be obtained from The Columbus-Franklin County Finance Authority, 350 East First Avenue, Suite 120, Columbus, Ohio 43201. Other information about the Finance Authority can be located on their website at www.columbusfinance.org.

Component units:

- The RiverSouth Authority (RiverSouth) came into existence in 2004 as a result of the following statutes. The Columbus City Council, via ordinance no. 2446-03, approved on November 19, 2003, authorized the City Clerk to initiate the process to create The RiverSouth Authority, a new community authority as provided for under Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Chapter 349. The City Council continued the process by establishing the time and place for a public hearing on the matter via Ordinance No. 451-04 approved on March 17, 2004. The public hearing was held at 5:00 p.m. on Monday, April 19, 2004 in City Council Chambers. The Council, via Ordinance No. 1007-04, approved June 23, 2004, created "The RiverSouth Authority" as a body politic and corporate.

The Board of Trustees of the Authority, pursuant to the creating Ordinance 1007-04, consists of nine members. The City appoints five members including one local government representative. The Developer, The Columbus Downtown Development Corporation, a private entity, appoints the remaining four members. RiverSouth encompasses several square blocks in the core of Columbus's downtown, and, as indicated in the background of the ordinance, all to be developed and redeveloped for the conduct of commercial, residential, cultural, educational, and recreational activities. Continuing in the downtown area the Authority's boundaries were extended in 2016.

Because the City appoints a majority of the Board of Trustee members of RiverSouth and because of RiverSouth's financial dependency on the City, a component unit relationship is deemed to exist. Because RiverSouth's total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid with City resources, it is reported as if it were part of the City (blended). See Note Q - Component Units - for additional disclosures regarding RiverSouth.

Certain inter-dependent transactions occurred pursuant to the following. Ordinance No. 1009-2004, approved by Council on June 23, 2004, authorized the City's Director of Development to execute a lease agreement and first supplemental lease agreement with RiverSouth whereby the City leased certain land, approximately 1.621 acres, from RiverSouth and recognized certain projects and costs to be undertaken by RiverSouth. The RiverSouth Authority issued new money bonds in 2004 and 2005 to provide funds to pay the costs of acquiring and developing land and acquiring and constructing community facilities. These bonds

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
were authorized by a Master Trust Agreement dated June 1, 2004 between the Authority and U.S. Bank National Association (as Trustee), as supplemented by the First Supplemental Trust Agreement dated June 1, 2004 and the Second Supplemental Trust Agreement dated October 1, 2005.

A portion of the 2004 bonds were refunded in 2012 pursuant to a Third Supplemental Trust Agreement, dated April 1, 2012. The remaining 2004 bonds and certain of the 2005 bonds were refunded in 2014. These bonds were for financing the initial RiverSouth project known as the Lazarus building.

In 2016 the Authority began the project known as the COSI underground garage. The Authority issued $\$ 27.515$ million of bonds to pay costs of (1) acquiring and constructing community facilities comprised of an approximately 600 -space underground public parking garage and related recreation park (the "Project Facilities"), and (2) issuance of and capitalized interest on the Series 2016 Bonds.

On September 29, 2016, the City and RiverSouth entered into a ground lease, wherein the City, as the fee owner pursuant to a quitclaim deed dated January 3, 1989 and recorded as Vol. 12833, Pg. C10, Franklin County Recorder's Office, leased to RiverSouth an approximate 6.344 acre tract of real property on the Scioto Peninsula for a period of forty (40) years. The City and RiverSouth also entered into a Master Lease Agreement and First Supplemental Lease, both dated September 1, 2016, (collectively the "Lease") to provide for RiverSouth financing the construction of an underground public parking garage and related recreational park. Under the terms of the Lease RiverSouth agreed to issue debt and to lease to the City the Project Land (as defined in the Master Lease, being the 6.344 acre tract), excluding improvements. In exchange the City agreed to pay rent equal to the Bond Service Charges on RiverSouth issued debt commencing January 1, 2018, with initial payment due on June 1, 2018. RiverSouth and City will be entering into a Second Supplemental Lease wherein RiverSouth also leases to the City the Project (as defined in the Master Lease, thereby additionally leasing the Capital Facilities i.e. improvements) until December 31, 2022, with successive automatic one-year renewals thereafter.

The RiverSouth bonds are payable from the revenues provided by the City and are subject to annual appropriations by City Council.

As of December 31, 2016 the remaining outstanding RiverSouth bonds were:

Series 2012 (final maturity 2024)
Series 2014 (final maturity 2025)
Series 2016 (final maturity 2041)

| (in thousands) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ | 22,220 |
|  | 26,705 |
|  | 27,515 |
| $\$$ | 76,440 |

- The Columbus Next Generation Corporation (CNGC) came into existence in 2012 as a result of Columbus City Council ordinance no. 1968-2012, approved on October 1, 2012, which authorized the establishment of a non-profit development corporation. CNGC was formed for the purpose of advancing, encouraging and promoting the industrial, economic, commercial development including the elimination of blight and creation of job opportunities pursuant to O.R.C. 1702.01-99. With the City of Columbus as sole member, CNGC filed as a corporation for non-profit with the Ohio Secretary of State on October 10, 2012.

City Council has entered into contracts with CNGC to perform a variety of services to advance economic development, including but not limited to: create economic development plans for specific areas of the City; develop and promote incentives; acquire and develop real estate; and manage various related projects. In 2016 the City provided cash assistance to CNGC of $\$ 2.025$ million toward these contracts.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

## Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

In February 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurement. Statement No. 72 was implemented by the City for the year ended December 31, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Statement No. 75 replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present values, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. Since cost-sharing employers are required to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the City will be dependent on the State Retirement Systems to provide the information necessary in implementing this standard. The provisions of the Statement are effective for financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In August 2015, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. Statement 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose a description of those arrangements along with the gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period. Statement 77 was implemented by the City for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

## (a) Government-wide and fund financial statements

Financial information of the City is presented in this report as follows.

- Management's discussion and analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.
- Basic financial statements:
o Government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

These statements report all of the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses of the City. Governmental activities are reported separately from business-type activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues whereas business-type activities are normally supported by fees and charges for services and are usually intended by management to be financially self-sustaining. Fiduciary funds of the City are not included in these government-wide financial statements; however, separate financial statements are presented for the fiduciary funds.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental and business-type activities have been eliminated in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. These eliminations minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities total column.

Internal service fund balances, whether positive or negative, have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenues shown in the governmental activities Statement of Activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

## Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities.
Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.
o Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental and enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

The City's major governmental funds are the General fund and the Special Income Tax debt service fund. Of the City's business-type activities, its Water, Sanitary Sewer, Storm Sewer, and Electricity enterprise funds are considered major funds.

The General Fund is the accounting entity in which all governmental activity, except that which is required to be accounted for in other funds, is accounted for. Its revenues consist primarily of taxes, investment income, licenses and permits, intergovernmental shared revenue, charges for services, fines, and other.

General Fund expenditures represent costs of general government; public service, including garbage collection; public safety, including fire, police, and communications; certain development costs, and other. Resources of the General Fund are also transferred annually to support services such as public recreation and public health, which are accounted for in separate special revenue funds.

The Special Income Tax debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation debt; principal, interest, and related expenditures. Revenues consist primarily of a portion of the City's income tax.

The Water enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all financial activity related thereto. The City collects, purifies, and sells water to City residents and certain suburban areas. Water is collected from surface areas (rivers) and wells. The City has three water treatment plants. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all financial activity related thereto. The City collects and treats effluent of City residents and residents of certain suburban areas. The City has two sewerage treatment plants. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Storm Sewer enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all financial activity related thereto. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Electricity enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all the financial activity related thereto. The City purchases, but does not generate, and sells electricity to its residential and commercial customers. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Garages enterprise fund, a nonmajor fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all the financial activity related to two City-owned parking garages. One of these City garages opened late in 2009, while the second opened in 2010. Revenues in this fund will consist primarily of parking fees.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
The City maintains various nonmajor internal service funds which are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The largest of these funds account for fleet management services and electronic information services.

Also maintained by the City are fiduciary funds such as agency funds used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.
o Notes to the financial statements providing information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

- Required supplementary information, such as budgetary comparison schedules, net pension liability and pension contribution information, is required by GASB. The City maintains budgetary controls by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the Object Level One level for each division within each fund.


## (b) Financial reporting presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (expenses). Fund types are as follows:

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund-The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds-Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of resources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The uses and limitations of each special revenue fund are specified by City ordinances or federal and state statutes.

Debt Service Funds-Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds-Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Permanent Funds-Permanent funds are for the purpose of accounting for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The City, however, does not utilize Permanent funds.

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds-Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises-where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has separate enterprise funds for its water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, electricity services, and parking garages.

I nternal Service Funds-Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, generally on a costreimbursement basis.


#### Abstract

Agency Funds-Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Assets held for other funds or governments include payroll taxes and other employee withholdings (which are combined into one agency fund for ease of payment), and income taxes and utility charges collected by the City on behalf of other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Other Fiduciary funds; which, however, the City does not utilize are Pension trust funds used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the respective members or beneficiaries; Investment trust funds used to report the external portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring government as required by GASB No. 31 and Private-purpose trust funds used to account for other trust arrangements which benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.


## (c) Measurement focus and bases of accounting

Except for budgetary purposes, the bases of accounting used by the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, shared revenue (unrestricted, intergovernmental revenue) and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxpayer's liability occurs and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. On an accrual basis, revenue in the form of shared revenue is recognized when the provider government recognizes its liability to the City. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## (d) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in all funds. On the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. There were outstanding encumbrances in two of the major governmental funds at December 31, 2016: $\$ 32.6$ million in the General Fund and $\$ 13.5$ million in the Special Income Tax Fund. In addition, encumbrances in the Other

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Governmental funds at December 31, 2016 totaled $\$ 345$ million. Funds may be encumbered when they are collected or in process of being collected.

## (e) Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments held by trustees, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. In addition, all cash and investments with treasurer are also considered to be cash equivalents because they are available to the Proprietary Funds on demand.

## (f) I nvestments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, the City records all of its investments at fair value as defined in the statement. The City does not engage in any form of derivatives or reverse repurchase agreements in the management of its investment portfolio. Only eligible investments with final maturities not greater than three years from time of purchase are permitted. The City's cash and investments are further explained in Note C.

## (g) Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost utilizing the first-in, first-out method for enterprise funds and the average cost method for internal service funds. Items considered as inventory in the enterprise funds and internal service funds are accounted for as expenditures when acquired by governmental funds.

## (h) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life of five years or more from the time of acquisition by the City and a cost of $\$ 5,000$ or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost (for certain assets acquired prior to 1960). Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1979) is included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Description | Estimated Lives <br> (years) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Information processing equipment |  | $5-7$ |
| Trucks | 8 |  |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | 10 |  |
| Heavy rescue equipment | 25 |  |
| Buildings, infrastructure, water lines, and fire hydrants | 40 |  |
| Sewer mains and certain water assets | $75-100$ |  |

## (i) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value. (see Note K).

## (j) Insurance

The City assumes the liability for most property damage and personal injury risks. Judgments and claims, including those incurred but not reported as of year-end, are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The City insures certain of its major buildings and stored vehicles. The policy has a $\$ 250,000$ deductible per occurrence for losses not associated with flooding. The City carries $\$ 2,000,000$ in base liability and $\$ 5,000,000$ in excess liability insurance associated with the operation of its compressed natural gas (CNG) fueling station located on its Fleet Management Operations site at 4211 Groves Road and for the CNG fueling station located at 2333 Morse Road. No losses occurred in 2014, 2015 and 2016 that exceeded insurance coverage.

The City's Division of Police currently operates a fleet of five jet-powered helicopters. Liability insurance for bodily injury and property damage is carried on all helicopters at $\$ 20,000,000$ per loss occurrence and $\$ 1,000,000$ per passenger seat. There is no deductible for the liability coverage. In addition, all five operating aircraft are insured against casualty loss (physical damage) with a deductible of one (1) percent of the hull value for losses sustained while the unit is in motion. One helicopter in the fleet is valued at $\$ 2,100,000$ and four are valued at $\$ 2,600,000$ each. Hull insurance is carried on all units at the unit's full value. Extended engine physical damage coverage is carried at $\$ 300,000$ with a $\$ 10,000$ deductible and specified additional accessory equipment used during flight operations is also insured at full value by endorsement with a deductible of $\$ 1,000$.

Additionally, the City provides medical, dental, vision, and short-term disability coverage for its employees on a self-insurance basis. Expenses for claims are recorded on a current basis based on an actuarially determined charge per employee. The City accounts for such activity in an internal service fund.

A summary of changes in self-insurance medical claims liability follows:

Claims liability at January 1
Incurred claims, net of favorable settlements
Claims paid
Claims liability at December 31

| (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| \$ | 11,500 | \$ 10,966 | \$ 10,425 | \$ 8,800 | \$ 8,725 |
|  | 173,477 | 173,839 | 151,721 | 140,768 | 129,806 |
|  | $(170,427)$ | $(173,305)$ | (151,180) | $(139,143)$ | $(129,731)$ |
| \$ | 14,550 | \$ 11,500 | \$ 10,966 | \$ 10,425 | \$ 8,800 |

Claims are accrued based upon estimates of the claims liabilities made by management and the third-party administrator of the City. These estimates are based on past experience and current claims outstanding. Actual claims experience may differ from the estimate. An actuary was used in the determination of the current liability. This claims liability is recorded in the Internal Service Fund as accrued wages and benefits.

The City is partially self-insured for its workers' compensation costs in conjunction with the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation for fiscal years 2007 through 2014. Expenses for claims are recorded on the current basis based on an actuarially determined charge per employee. The City accounts for the activities of this program in an internal service fund. Workers' compensation is fully insured with the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation for claims incurred during fiscal years 2015 and 2016.

A summary of changes in self-insurance worker's compensation claims liability follows:

|  | (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Claims liability at January 1 | \$ | 40,699 | \$ | 57,115 | \$ 59,690 | \$ 51,593 | \$ 52,429 |
| Incurred claims, net of favorable settlements |  | 2,263 |  | $(7,654)$ | 6,859 | 18,430 | 8,609 |
| Claims paid | \$ | $(9,084)$ |  | $(8,762)$ | $(9,434)$ | $(10,333)$ | $(9,445)$ |
| Claims liability at December 31 | \$ | 33,878 | \$ | 40,699 | \$ 57,115 | \$ 59,690 | \$ 51,593 |

## (k) Vacation and Sick Leave

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

Vacation accumulated is reported as an expense when earned in the proprietary fund and government-wide financial statements. Sick leave accumulated is reported as an expense when earned and expected to be paid at termination in the proprietary fund and government-wide financial statements. Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type employees is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, as current financial resources are not used.

Payment of vacation and sick leave is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of vacation and sick leave when such payments become due.
(I) Debt I ssuance Costs, Premiums, Discounts, and Deferred Amounts on Refundings

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred amounts on refundings, are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds. Debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

## (m) Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of transactions among funds:

1) Reciprocal interfund loans: Amounts provided by one fund to another with a requirement for repayment.
2) Reciprocal interfund services provided and used: Purchases and sales of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value.
3) Nonreciprocal interfund transfers: Flows of assets between funds without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. This includes payments in lieu of taxes that are not payments for, and are not reasonably equivalent in value to, services provided.
4) Nonreciprocal interfund reimbursements: Repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## (n) Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental funds other than blended component units and capital projects funds on a basis other than GAAP in that revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when encumbered or paid in cash. Capital projects funds adopt project-length budgets at the time bonds are sold or other funding sources are determined. The City maintains budgetary controls by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the Object Level One level for each division within each fund.

## (o) Net Position

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Since the City does not have a formal policy for flow of net position, it considers restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position.

At December 31, 2016, $\$ 61.186$ million of the City's $\$ 161.416$ million in governmental activities restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position were restricted by enabling legislation, as defined by GASB Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation. The governmental activities amount restricted for "Other purposes" of $\$ 99.847$ million included the following: $\$ 47.973$ million for mobility options; $\$ 44.247$ million for building, housing and economic incentives; $\$ 3.950$ million for municipal court/justice; $\$ 3.189$ million for protection and enforcement; $\$ 169$ thousand for life enrichment; and $\$ 319$ thousand for miscellaneous other purposes.

## (p) Other Significant Accounting Policies

Pursuant to local statute and determined by an internal cost allocation plan, certain costs initially borne by the General Fund are then billed as direct charges to other funds of the City. Revenues from these charges are accounted for in the government-wide Statement of Activities as general government and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund as charges for services. The corresponding expenses appear as function/program costs in the Statement of Activities.

The City, in its proprietary funds, accounts for all recurring type revenues, including all revenues which the City controls through statutory pricing or regulatory authority, as operating revenues and all recurring type expenses as operating expenses. Non-recurring revenues such as gains on sales of assets and revenues over which the City has minimal or no control, primarily interest earnings, are accounted for as nonoperating revenues. Interest expense and other non-recurring expenses, over which the City has minimal or no control, are reported as non-operating expense.

The City complies with all restrictions governing the use of restricted assets. Such restrictions do not offer discretion regarding use of these resources in an unrestricted manner. Where capital funds, usually bond proceeds, are available capital assets are acquired from such resources. Capital assets can be, however, and to a lesser amount are, acquired from unrestricted resources.

## NOTE B-COMMI TMENTS AND CONTI NGENCI ES

(a) Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters that are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that ultimate resolution of such will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

## (b) Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. While questioned costs may occur, ultimate repayments required of the City have been infrequent in prior years.

## (c) Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (CFA) - Convention Facility

The CFA is a separate and distinct entity created under the laws of Ohio. In June 1990, the CFA issued lease revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing a convention facility in downtown Columbus. Also in June 1990, the City and the County of Franklin, Ohio (the County) entered into a lease/sublease arrangement with the CFA pursuant to which the City and the County leased the convention facility as tenants in common from the CFA. The City and the County subleased the facility back to the CFA. The lease requires that the City and the County each pay rent to the CFA in an amount equal to one half of the debt service on the revenue bonds. Under the sublease, the CFA is required to pay rent to the County and the City in an amount equal to such debt service. Such sub rental payments are expected to be derived from the hotel/motel excise tax levied by the CFA, and if such tax is insufficient, from earnings on, and the principal amount of, certain reserve funds created in connection with the issuance of the revenue bonds. If the foregoing amounts are insufficient, the City agreed in the lease to apply that portion of the hotel/motel tax levied by the City and currently paid by the City to a convention and visitor's bureau to the payment of rentals under the lease. If, after the application of the foregoing amounts, additional amounts are required to meet the City's and the County's obligations under the lease, such amounts will be paid by the City and the County, in equal shares, from their general resources, provided that their respective legislative bodies have appropriated funds for such purpose. No such payments were necessary prior to or during 2016. The lease will terminate as to the City and the County if their respective legislative bodies fail to appropriate amounts required for rentals thereunder. In 2014, approximately $\$ 160$ million of new bonds were issued to support the expansion of the Convention Center. These bonds also carry the City's debt service pledge. A portion of the 2007 bond series were refunded as part of this debt issue. The total amount of these revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2016 was $\$ 239.435$ million net of premiums and discounts of $\$ 17.551$ million, or a gross amount of $\$ 256.986$ million.

## (d) Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (CFA) - Nationwide Arena

In February 2012, the CFA issued lease revenue bonds for the purpose of acquiring the Nationwide Arena, which is located in the Arena District. In connection with such acquisition, and to provide funds for a portion of the acquisition price, the City and Franklin County have entered into a lease-sublease arrangement (the "Arena Lease") with the CFA pursuant to which the City and the County has each agreed to pay a portion of its respective "casino tax receipts" (defined below) to the CFA, which will, in turn, pledge such payments to the payment of debt service on indebtedness incurred by the CFA to acquire the Nationwide Arena. Pursuant to Section 6, Article 15 of the Ohio Constitution, the State is required to collect a tax on each of the casinos authorized by that section and distribute such moneys (the "casino tax receipts") to each host county and City in which a casino is located. The Columbus casino opened October 2012. Under the Arena Lease, 25 percent of the City's annual casino tax receipts was paid to the CFA through 2015, 26 percent of the City's annual casino tax receipts was paid to the CFA in 2016, and the percentage of annual casino tax receipts payable under the Arena Lease will increase by one percent each year to a maximum of 32 percent beginning in 2022. The City paid $\$ 2.8$ million to CFA in 2016 under the Arena Lease.

The Arena Lease is anticipated to be effective for 27 years, subject to extension or earlier termination upon certain circumstances. No general funds of the City will be pledged or encumbered to the payment of any of the City's obligations under the Arena Lease and any of the City's payment obligations under the Arena Lease will be subject to annual appropriation being made by City Council and will be payable solely from, and only to the extent of, any casino tax receipts.

## (e) Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (CFA) - Hotel

Under a Cooperative Agreement among the CFA, the County of Franklin, Ohio and the City, dated January 1, 2010, the City has committed to provide funding from two revenue sources to assist the Authority in paying the debt service on bonds issued by the Authority to finance the construction of a new hotel. The City's payment obligation consists of making annual payments to the Authority of all City Hotel-Motel Excise Tax collections levied on the new hotel and to maintain a fund of $\$ 1.4$ million from the incremental parking meter receipts resulting from increases in the City's parking meter charges after 2009 which funds would be available for debt service, if needed. The City paid $\$ 1.164$ million to CFA from the City Hotel-Motel Excise Tax collections in 2016 under the Cooperative Agreement.

## (f) Electricity Purchase Power Agreement

The City's Electricity Enterprise celebrated its $117^{\text {th }}$ year of operation in 2016. The Enterprise presently serves 425 industrial customers, 2,725 commercial customers and 9,784 residential customers for a total of 12,934 in 2016. The Enterprise received approximately $\$ 19.2$ million ( 23.8 percent) of its operating revenue from other funds of the City for electric power. The enterprise purchases and resells power. It does not generate power.

The City's Electricity Enterprise received the bulk of its power supply in 2016 from American Municipal Power, Inc., (AMP). AMP is a Columbus-based municipal electric supply organization with member communities throughout Ohio and in eight nearby states. While the current supply agreement with AMP expired at the end of 2016, two additional agreements are now in place with AEP Energy Partners, Inc. and AMP to provide power supply for the Enterprise through December 31, 2022.

## (g) Compensated Absences and Termination Benefit Arrangement

At December 31, 2016, the City had compensated absences liabilities of Governmental Activities that will not be paid from funds available, as defined. The City wishes to fully disclose these liabilities. In accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6; Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements, however, these liabilities are not accounted for, nor are they required to be, in the Fund financial statements contained in this report. Accrued vacation and sick leave are granted to City employees at varying amounts. At the time of the employee's termination, such accruals are paid to the employee at varying rates from the fund to which the employee's payroll is charged. Except for the unused portion of an employee's prior year's sick leave accrual which is recorded in the fund that ultimately disburses this accrual to the employee after year end, all other accrued vacation and sick leave applicable to governmental activities is not reflected in the fund financial statements contained in this report.

## NOTE C-CASH AND INVESTMENTS

I nvestment Policies: City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. At December 31, 2016, fair value was $\$ 6,091,167$ below the City's net cost for its investment. At December 31, 2015, fair value was \$2,714,282 below net cost.

The City pools its cash, except for that held by revenue bond trustees, fiscal and escrow agents, and certain debt service and agency fund cash and investments, for maximum investing efficiency. Earnings on the pool are allocated to individual funds at the discretion of the City Council after meeting revenue bond indentures and other requirements. All statutory requirements are met in distributing earnings of the pool to various funds.
The City Codes, Chapters 325 and 321, respectively, provide for a Treasury Investment Board and a Depository Commission. Both consist of the City Treasurer, who serves as chairman and represents the City Council; the City

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Auditor, an independently elected official; and the Director of the Department of Finance, representing the Mayor; hence a check and balance process via the separation of powers.

Pursuant to these code sections, the City does not purchase any form of derivatives. The City does invest in STAR Ohio, an external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but has adopted GASB Statement No. 79, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued on the basis of the amortized cost valuation technique. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, there were no limitations on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

Management of STAR Ohio states that its policy also prohibits investing in derivatives and/or engaging in the use of reverse repurchase agreements. Average days to maturity of the STAR Ohio portfolio at December 31, 2016 was 52 days ( 49 days at December 31, 2015). The City is prohibited from using reverse repurchase agreements and does not leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. The City purchases investments only through member banks of the Federal Reserve System or broker dealers registered with the National Association of Security Dealers. The City requires broker dealers to formally apply for and be evaluated for eligibility to conduct business with the City.

The City's investment code limits its investments to those governmental type investments noted below. Only eligible investments with the remaining terms not greater than three years until final maturity are purchased by the Treasurer. Investments with a remaining term of greater than three years may be purchased only with the specific approval of City Council. Average days to maturity of the City's investments with the Treasurer at December 31, 2016 was 431.23 days ( 449.7 days at December 31, 2015).

Investments as permitted by Chapter 325 of the Columbus City Code are:
A. Bonds, notes, or other obligations of the United States government or its Agencies for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest thereon. They are:

Obligations of the United States government:

- United States Treasury Bills
- United States Treasury Notes
- United States Treasury Bonds
- United States Treasury Strips

Obligations guaranteed by the United States government:
Federal government agencies:

- Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Farmers Home Administration
- General Service Administration
- Government National Mortgage Association
- Maritime Administration
- Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority
B. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations issued by any of the federal government-sponsored enterprises listed below. They are:
- Federal Farm Credit System
- Federal Home Loan Banks
- Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation
- Federal National Mortgage Association


## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
C. The Ohio State Treasurer's Asset Reserve Funds (STAR Ohio) pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 135.45;
D. Bonds or other obligations of the City of Columbus, Ohio;
E. Obligations of the State of Ohio or any municipal corporation, village, county, township, or other political subdivision of the State of Ohio, as to which there is no default of principal or interest and which have been approved as to their validity by nationally recognized bond counsel.
F. Certificates of deposits (collateralized as described below) in eligible institutions applying for moneys as provided in Chapter 321 of Columbus City Codes; and
G. Repurchase agreements that are collateralized with legally authorized securities as defined in Chapter 321.08 of Columbus City Code and held in third-party safekeeping designated by the City Treasurer and in the name of the City of Columbus.

Safeguarding activities call for the City's investments with the Treasurer, except for investments with STAR Ohio, investments held by revenue bond trustees, fiscal and escrow agents, and certain debt service and agency funds, to be held in book entry form at federal reserve banks in the accounts of certain member banks-agents of the City who hold the investments in the City's name.

The revenue bond agreement of the sanitary sewer enterprise requires certain cash and investments to be maintained and managed by trustees. The trustee, bank trust departments, invests these monies at the direction of the City Auditor pursuant to the revenue bond agreements.

All of the City's deposits and investments comply with State statutes, City ordinances, and applicable bond indentures.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policy is to place deposits with major local banks (as defined by Chapter 321 of the City Code) approved by the Depository Commission. All deposits, except for deposits held by fiscal and escrow agents or trustees, are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC and Chapter 321 of the Columbus City Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system in the name of the respective depository bank, and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at a Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

At December 31, 2016, the carrying amount of all City deposits, exclusive of money market funds in the amount of $\$ 5,876,454$ held by bond trustees, was $\$ 92,468,794$. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures, as of December 31, 2016, $\$ 852,263$ of the City's bank balance of $\$ 83,307,908$ was exposed to custodial risk as it was uncollateralized and uninsured.

The money market funds, amounting to $\$ 5,876,454$, while held by bond trustees as the City's agents and in the City's name, are also considered uncollateralized and uninsured. However, their disposition and availability are governed by bond ordinances and indentures.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Investments: As of December 31, 2016, the City had the following investments and maturities (amounts in thousands):

|  | Fair Value (Level 2 Inputs) |  | Investment Maturities |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 6 months or less | 7 to 12 months | 13 to 18 months | 19 to 24 months | Greater than 24 months |
| FFCB Notes | \$ | 204,615 | - | 10,023 | 189,589 | 5,003 |  |
| FHLB Notes |  | 530,613 | 206,974 | 142,822 | 19,876 | 160,941 | - |
| FHLMC Notes |  | 523,157 | 50,023 | 105,940 | 49,836 | 183,589 | 133,769 |
| FNMA Notes |  | 318,423 | 50,020 | 40,028 | 44,969 | 9,979 | 173,427 |
| Total | \$ | 1,576,808 | 307,017 | 298,813 | 304,270 | 359,512 | $\underline{\text { 307,196 }}$ |

Not included in the fair value totals above is STAR Ohio, an external investment pool, which was recorded at amortized cost totally $\$ 127.979$ million at December 31, 2016.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits investment portfolio maturities to three years or less.

Credit Risk. The City's investments in FFCB, FHLB, FHLMC, and FNMA Coupon Notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard \& Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The City of Columbus Assessment Bonds are general obligations of the City. The City's general obligation bond ratings by Standard \& Poor's, Moody's Investor Services, and Fitch Ratings are AAA, Aaa, and AAA, respectively. Standard and Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. The City's policy regarding credit risk is manifest in the types of investments the City is permitted to purchase as prescribed by the City Code, as described above.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Treasury Investment Board guidelines do not place a limit on the amount which may be invested in any one issuer. Of the City's total investments, 31.1 percent are FHLB Notes, 18.7 percent are FNMA Notes, 30.7 percent are FHLMC Notes, and 12.0 percent are FFCB Notes. All other investments not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are 7.5 percent of the City's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk. Safeguarding activities per the City Code call for the City's investments with the Treasurer, except for investments with STAR Ohio, investments held by revenue bond trustees, fiscal and escrow agents, and certain debt service and agency funds, to be held in book entry form at federal reserve banks in the accounts of certain member banks-agents of the City who hold the investments in the City's name. The City's investments in US Treasuries, FFCB Notes, FHLB Notes, FHLMC Notes and FNMA Notes are held by Fifth-Third Trust at the Federal Reserve in Fifth-Third Trust's name.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Reconciliation of Cash and I nvestments to the Statement of Net Position: The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments to the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2016.

| Investments (summarized in prior table) | $\$, 576,808$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| STAR Ohio | 127,979 |
| Carrying amount of the City's Deposits | 92,469 |
| Money market funds held by bond trustees | 5,877 |
| Component Unit cash and cash equivalents | 31,709 |
| Cash and collection items on hand | 172 |
| Less: City Auditor warrants payable | $(32,593)$ |
| Total | $\$ 1,802,421$ |

## Governmental Activities

Governmental Funds

Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow agents and other
Cash and cash equivalents with trustee
Internal Service Funds
Cash and investments with treasurer
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other
Total Cash and Investments - Governmental Activities

## Business-Type Activities

Enterprise Funds
Cash and investments with treasurer
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other 345,767
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with trustee
Total Cash and Investments - Business-Type Activities
Agency Funds - cash and investments with treasurer Total

385,141
\$ 911,470
5,285
31,709

59,713
24,239
1,032,416

732,351

37,654
$\$ \quad 1,802,421$

## NOTE D-RECEI VABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2016 consist of the following (in thousands):

|  | Taxes and Service Payments | Customer and Other Accounts | HUD Loans | Special <br> Assessments | Accrued <br> Interest | Gross <br> Receivables | Less: <br> Allowance for uncollectibles |  | ables, net |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental type funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General fund | \$ 136,590 | 6,820 | - | - | 1,822 | 145,232 | $(17,492)$ | \$ | 127,740 |
| Special income tax | 29,860 | - | - | 92 | - | 29,952 | $(5,783)$ |  | 24,169 |
| Other governmental funds | 32,210 | 3,594 | 99,521 | 2,918 | 113 | 138,356 | $(97,040)$ |  | 41,316 |
| Total governmental funds | 198,660 | 10,414 | 99,521 | 3,010 | 1,935 | 313,540 | $(120,315)$ |  | 193,225 |
| Business type funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water | - | 41,719 | - | - | 452 | 42,171 | $(7,387)$ |  | 34,784 |
| Sanitary sewer | - | 45,346 | - | 402 | 712 | 46,460 | (287) |  | 46,173 |
| Storm sewer | - | 6,628 | - | - | 108 | 6,736 | (372) |  | 6,364 |
| Electricity | - | 6,418 | - | 256 | 65 | 6,739 | $(1,219)$ |  | 5,520 |
| Garages | - | - | - | 8,368 | 2 | 8,370 | - |  | 8,370 |
| Total business type funds | - | 100,111 | - | 9,026 | 1,339 | 110,476 | $(9,265)$ |  | 101,211 |
| Internal service funds | - | 22 | - | - | - | 22 | (9) |  | 13 |
| Total | \$ 198,660 | 110,547 | 99,521 | 12,036 | 3,274 | 424,038 | $(129,589)$ | \$ | 294,449 |

Housing and Urban Development (HUD) loans include Community Development Act (CDA) loans of $\$ 21.0$ million, Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Program loans of $\$ 57.2$ million, and various other loans totaling $\$ 21.3$ million. Funds received under these programs that are loaned to eligible recipients are recorded as loans receivable. The City has recorded a $\$ 95.0$ million allowance for uncollectible HUD loans. Loans provided for certain homeownership programs are forgiven if the homeowner remains in the home for the period of affordability specified in the program rules. Although some loans are repaid because the homeowners have elected to relocate elsewhere, the repayment is limited to net proceeds after payment of the first mortgage and seller closing costs and; therefore, most repayments are minimal.

Enterprise customer and other accounts receivable include unbilled charges for services at December 31, 2016 as follows:

## (in thousands)

| Water enterprise | $\$$ | 21,253 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sanitary sewer enterprise |  | 25,936 |
| Storm sewer enterprise |  | 3,703 |
| Electricity enterprise | 2,230 |  |
| Total unbilled charges for services | $\$$ | 53,122 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## NOTE E—DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

|  | (in thousands) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Due From |  | Due To |  |
| Governmental funds: |  |  |  |  |
| General | \$ | 2,658 | \$ | 87 |
| Special income tax |  | 5,742 |  | 394 |
| Other governmental: |  |  |  |  |
| Development services |  | 22 |  | 70 |
| Private construction inspection |  | - |  | 56 |
| Health |  | - |  | 31 |
| Health grants |  | - |  | 1,106 |
| Street construction maintenance and repair |  | 30 |  | 194 |
| Recreation and parks operations |  | 38 |  | 19 |
| Pen site TIF |  | - |  | 369 |
| NWD off site TIF |  | - |  | 582 |
| Gateway OSU TIF |  | - |  | 3 |
| Jeffrey Place TIF |  | - |  | 62 |
| OhioHealth TIF |  | - |  | 180 |
| Parks and recreation bond V-95, V-99, V-04 |  | - |  | 7 |
| Streets and highways V-95, V-99, V-04 |  | - |  | 36 |
| Federal/State highway engineering |  | - |  | 3,513 |
| State and highway improvements |  | - |  | 58 |
| Smart City Grant |  | - |  | 140 |
| Polaris Interchange |  | - |  | 25 |
| Neighborhood Health Center Capital Reserve |  | 27 |  | - |
|  |  | 117 |  | 6,451 |
| Internal Service Funds: |  |  |  |  |
| Fleet management |  | 68 |  | 214 |
| Information services |  | 129 |  | 145 |
| Mail, print, term contracts |  | 4 |  | 92 |
| Construction inspection |  | 315 |  | - |
| Land acquisition |  | 44 |  | - |
|  |  | 560 |  | 451 |
| Business type funds: |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  | 357 |  | 715 |
| Sanitary sewer |  | 216 |  | 1,182 |
| Storm sewer |  | 23 |  | 367 |
| Electric |  | 284 |  | 310 |
|  |  | 880 |  | 2,574 |
|  | \$ | 9,957 | \$ | 9,957 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## NOTE F-CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets; those assets with an estimated useful life of five years or more from the time of acquisition by the City and a cost of $\$ 5,000$ or more, are primarily funded through the issuance of long term bonds and loans. Land and construction in progress are not subject to depreciation.
A summary of capital assets and changes occurring in 2016 follows.
(in thousands)
Balance

| December 31, |
| :---: |
| 2015 |

Capital Assets used in:

## Governmental Activities

Nondepreciable capital assets -

Land
Construction in progress
Total nondepreciable capital assets
Depreciable capital assets:
Building
Improvements, other than building
Machinery and equipment
Infrastructure
Total depreciable capital assets
Accumulated depreciation:
Building
Improvements, other than building
Machinery and equipment
Infrastructure
Total accumulated depreciation
Total depreciable capital assets, net
Total governmental activities capital assets, net

## Business Type Activities

Nondepreciable capital assets Land
Construction in progress
Total nondepreciable capital assets
Depreciable capital assets:
Building
Improvements, other than building
Machinery and equipment
Infrastructure
Total depreciable capital assets
Accumulated depreciation:
Building
Improvements, other than building
Machinery and equipment
Infrastructure
Total accumulated depreciation
Total depreciable capital assets, net
Total business type activities capital assets, net
$\begin{array}{r}74,015 \\ \$ 408,353 \\ \hline 482,368 \\ \hline \\ 234,664 \\ 4,103,148 \\ 57,864 \\ 212,878 \\ \hline 4,608,554 \\ \hline\end{array}$
176,568
$1,246,300$

| 3,550 |
| ---: |
| 81,268 |
| 4,122 |
| 5,138 |
| 94,078 |
| 151,392 |
| 171,523 |

Balance December 31, 2016

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

## Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at December 31, 2016 appear in the Statement of Net Position as follows (in thousands).

| Governmental Activities (excludes Internal Service Funds) | $\$ 2,567,685$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Business type activities: |  | Internal service funds: |  |
| Water enterprise | $\$ 1,105,168$ | Fleet management | $\$ 35,100$ |
| Sanitary sewer enterprise | $2,353,499$ | Information services | 15,211 |
| Storm sewer enterprise | 170,141 | Mail, Print Term Contracts | 74 |
| Electricity enterprise | 89,970 | Construction Inspection | 392 |
| Garage enterprise | 23,694 | Land acquisition | 7 |

Depreciation expense in 2016 was charged to the following functions and funds (in thousands).
Governmental Activities (excludes Internal Service Funds):

| General government | $\$$ | 7,980 | Internal service funds: |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Public service |  | 56,352 | Fleet management | $\$ 1,296$ |
| Public safety |  | 19,097 | Information services | 2,560 |
| Development |  | 745 | Mail, Print Term Contracts | 11 |
| Health | 236 | Construction Inspection | 82 |  |
| Recreation and parks |  | 11,717 | Land Acquisition | $\frac{3}{3}$ |
|  | $\$ \quad 96,127$ |  | $\$ 3,952$ |  |

Business type activities:

Water enterprise
Sanitary sewer enterprise
Storm sewer enterprise
Electricity enterprise
Garage enterprise
\$ 26,669
57,508
5,138
4,130 633
\$ 94,078
Interest incurred during the construction phase ( $\$ 4.412$ million in 2016), net of related interest earnings (\$870 thousand in 2016), of business-type and government activities, capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest was capitalized in 2016 in the following activities/funds.

|  | (in thousands) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Water enterprise | $\$$ | 1,415 |
| Sanitary sewer enterprise | 1,725 |  |
| Government Activities | 402 |  |
| Total 2016 interest capitalized | $\$ \quad 3,542$ |  |

Construction commitments will be funded with existing resources and/or issuance of additional debt.

## NOTE G-LONG-TERM LI ABI LITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2016 follows (in thousands):

|  |  | Balance <br> cember 31, 2015 | Additions | Reductions |  | Balance <br> cember 31, <br> 2016 |  | ount due $\text { n } 2017$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental activities-City only |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave | \$ | 82,119 | 65,815 | 63,148 | \$ | 84,786 | \$ | 65,200 |
| Claims and judgments |  | 52,199 | 175,740 | 179,511 |  | 48,428 |  | 22,550 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 968,604 | 255,419 |  |  | 1,224,023 |  |  |
| General obligations |  | 1,397,080 | 383,996 | 278,662 |  | 1,502,414 |  | 143,824 |
| Revenue obligations |  | 9,900 | - | 344 |  | 9,556 |  | N/A |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes |  | 145,413 | 56,179 | 40,455 |  | 161,137 |  | 25,822 |
| Total governmental activities-City only |  | 2,655,315 | 937,149 | 562,120 |  | 3,030,344 |  | 257,396 |
| Total component unit- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lease revenue bonds (Note Q) |  | 53,540 | 27,515 | 4,615 |  | 76,440 |  | 4,805 |
| Unamortized premiums |  | 5,615 | 4,042 | 649 |  | 9,008 |  | 770 |
| Total component unit |  | 59,155 | 31,557 | 5,264 |  | 85,448 |  | 5,575 |
| Total long-term liabilities for governmental activities |  | 2,714,470 | 968,706 | 567,384 |  | 3,115,792 |  | 262,971 |
| Business-type activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | 2,435 | 3,535 | 3,582 |  | 2,388 |  | 2,388 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 30,359 | 14,498 |  |  | 44,857 |  |  |
| General obligations |  | 671,989 | 205,305 | 221,057 |  | 656,237 |  | 50,486 |
| Revenue obligations |  | 41,146 | 105,836 | 2,138 |  | 144,844 |  | 2,872 |
| Unamortized discounts on bonds and notes |  | (33) |  | (17) |  | (16) |  | (16) |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes |  | 70,858 | 31,013 | 21,485 |  | 80,386 |  | 12,333 |
| Total water |  | 816,754 | 360,187 | 248,245 |  | 928,696 |  | 68,063 |
| Sanitary sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | 2,994 | 4,136 | 4,254 |  | 2,876 |  | 2,876 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 29,464 | 12,458 | - |  | 41,922 |  | - |
| General obligations |  | 363,202 | 197,430 | 85,991 |  | 474,641 |  | 65,329 |
| Revenue obligations |  | 1,296,882 | 51,471 | 60,013 |  | 1,288,340 |  | 115,274 |
| Unamortized discounts on bonds and notes |  | (98) |  | (26) |  | (72) |  | (26) |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes |  | 100,555 | 25,069 | 15,745 |  | 109,879 |  | 11,952 |
| Total sanitary sewer |  | 1,792,999 | 290,564 | 165,977 |  | 1,917,586 |  | 195,405 |
| Storm sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | 103 | 128 | 136 |  | 95 |  | 95 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 1,595 | 1,040 | - |  | 2,635 |  | - |
| General obligations |  | 112,523 | 19,360 | 21,663 |  | 110,220 |  | 10,357 |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes |  | 12,914 | 3,576 | 3,565 |  | 12,925 |  | 2,315 |
| Total storm sewer |  | 127,135 | 24,104 | 25,364 |  | 125,875 |  | 12,767 |
| Electricity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued vacation and sick leave |  | 657 | 695 | 772 |  | 580 |  | 578 |
| Net Pension Liability |  | 6,305 | 3,295 | - |  | 9,600 |  | - |
| General obligations |  | 18,706 | 5,350 | 3,805 |  | 20,251 |  | 2,181 |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes |  | 2,031 | 778 | 546 |  | 2,263 |  | 384 |
| Total electricity |  | 27,699 | 10,118 | 5,123 |  | 32,694 |  | 3,143 |
| Parking Garages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligations |  | 14,500 | 11,800 | 14,500 |  | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |
| Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes |  | 263 | 159 | 263 |  | 159 |  | 159 |
| Total parking garages |  | 14,763 | 11,959 | 14,763 |  | 11,959 |  | 11,959 |
| Total Long-term liabilities for business-type activities |  | 2,779,350 | 696,932 | 459,472 |  | 3,016,810 |  | 291,337 |
| Total Long-term liabilities for Primary Government | \$ | 5,493,820 | 1,665,638 | 1,026,856 | \$ | 6,132,602 | \$ | 554,308 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
The following table shows the par value activity in bonds, notes, and loans payable during 2016 (in thousands).

| Type of obligation | December 31, 2015 |  | New Issues | Refundings | Maturities | Refunded | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2016 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Amount due$\text { in } 2017$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPWC notes | \$ | 5,352 | 111 | - | 513 | - | \$ | 4,950 | \$ | 517 |
| Bonds-fixed rate |  | 1,322,177 | 230,465 | 138,145 | 125,137 | 141,955 |  | 1,423,695 |  | 132,011 |
| Notes-long-term fixed rate |  | 4,502 | 7,900 | - | 1,456 | - |  | 10,946 |  | 1,500 |
| Information services bonds-fixed rate |  | 25,770 | 5,545 | - | 5,165 | - |  | 26,150 |  | 5,550 |
| Fleet management bonds-fixed rate |  | 39,279 | 1,000 | 830 | 3,476 | 960 |  | 36,673 |  | 4,246 |
| Revenue obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Notes (TIFs)-long-term fixed |  | 9,900 | - | - | 344 | - |  | 9,556 |  | N/A |
| Total governmental activities-City only |  | 1,406,980 | 245,021 | 138,975 | 136,091 | 142,915 |  | 1,511,970 |  | 143,824 |
| Total component unit- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lease revenue bonds (Note Q) |  | 53,540 | 27,515 | - | 4,615 | - |  | 76,440 |  | 4,805 |
| Total governmental activities |  | 1,460,520 | 272,536 | 138,975 | 140,706 | 142,915 |  | 1,588,410 |  | 148,629 |
| Business-type activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds-fixed rate |  | 636,919 | 75,000 | 92,660 | 49,731 | 98,611 |  | 656,237 |  | 50,486 |
| Note Program |  | 35,070 | 37,645 | - | - | 72,715 |  | - |  | - |
| Revenue obligations- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OWDA/EPA loans |  | 41,146 | 33,126 | 72,710 | 2,138 | - |  | 144,844 |  | 2,872 |
| Total water |  | 713,135 | 145,771 | 165,370 | 51,869 | 171,326 |  | 801,081 |  | 53,358 |
| Sanitary sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds-fixed rate |  | 319,202 | 145,235 | 52,195 | 25,724 | 56,267 |  | 434,641 |  | 25,329 |
| Bonds-variable rate |  | 44,000 | - | - | 4,000 | - |  | 40,000 |  | 40,000 |
| Revenue obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds-fixed rate |  | 355,360 | - | - | - | - |  | 355,360 |  | - |
| Bonds-variable rate |  | 51,855 | - | - | - | - |  | 51,855 |  | 51,855 |
| OWDA/EPA loans |  | 889,667 | 51,471 | - | 60,013 | - |  | 881,125 |  | 63,419 |
| Total sanitary sewer |  | 1,660,084 | 196,706 | 52,195 | 89,737 | 56,267 |  | 1,762,981 |  | 180,603 |
| Storm sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds-fixed rate |  | 112,523 | 8,500 | 10,860 | 10,151 | 11,512 |  | 110,220 |  | 10,357 |
| Total storm sewer |  | 112,523 | 8,500 | 10,860 | 10,151 | 11,512 |  | 110,220 |  | 10,357 |
| Electricity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds-fixed rate |  | 18,706 | 3,855 | 1,495 | 2,285 | 1,520 |  | 20,251 |  | 2,181 |
| Total electricity |  | 18,706 | 3,855 | 1,495 | 2,285 | 1,520 |  | 20,251 |  | 2,181 |
| Parking Garages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Notes-short-term fixed rate |  | 14,500 | - | 11,800 | 2,700 | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |
| Total parking garages |  | 14,500 | - | 11,800 | 2,700 | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |
| Total business-type activities |  | 2,518,948 | 354,832 | 241,720 | 156,742 | 252,425 |  | 2,706,333 |  | 258,299 |
| Total | \$ | 3,979,468 | $\underline{\text { 627,368 }}$ | 380,695 | 297,448 | $\underline{ }$ 395,340 | \$ | 4,294,743 | \$ | 406,928 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## New Bond I ssue and Refunding

## Refunding

On March 7, 2016, the City sold $\$ 206.965$ million of various purpose general obligation refunding bonds. Of the total $\$ 206.965$ million issued, $\$ 179.270$ million was issued to advance refund $\$ 185.725$ million in outstanding bonds and $\$ 27.695$ million was issued to currently refund $\$ 34.065$ million in outstanding bonds. The proceeds from the advanced refunding were used to refund certain outstanding bonds issued in 2006, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013. The proceeds from the current refunding ( $\$ 27.695$ million) were used to refund the City's outstanding Series 2005A Unlimited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009E Unlimited Tax Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds and Series 2010C Unlimited Tax Build America Bonds, all of which were currently callable.

Further information regarding the bond issue follows (in thousands):

## Advance Refunding

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Internal Service | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Water | Sanitary Sewer | Storm <br> Sewer | Electricity |  |
| Amount paid to escrow agent | \$ | 129,983 |  | 1,051 | 60,041 | 31,709 | 5,330 | 1,222 | \$ 229,336 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old bonds outstanding |  | 105,690 | 960 | 47,965 | 25,905 | 4,220 | 985 | 185,725 |
| Unamortized bond premium |  | 10,600 | 19 | 2,412 | 1,179 | 58 | 109 | 14,377 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds |  | 116,290 | 979 | 50,377 | 27,084 | 4,278 | 1,094 | 200,102 |
| Deferred amount on refunding | \$ | 13,693 | 72 | 9,664 | 4,625 | 1,052 | 128 | \$ 29,234 |
|  | Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Internal Service | Water | Sanitary Sewer | Storm Sewer | Electricity | Total |
| Refunded (old) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | \$ | 105,690 | 960 | 47,965 | 25,905 | 4,220 | 985 | \$ 185,725 |
| Interest |  | 50,619 | 412 | 23,490 | 12,452 | 2,111 | 466 | 89,550 |
| Total refunded |  | 156,309 | 1,372 | 71,455 | 38,357 | 6,331 | 1,451 | 275,275 |
| Refunding (new) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 102,595 | 830 | 46,250 | 24,505 | 4,125 | 965 | 179,270 |
| Interest |  | 46,338 | 407 | 22,663 | 12,013 | 2,025 | 449 | 83,895 |
| Total refunding |  | 148,933 | 1,237 | 68,913 | 36,518 | 6,150 | 1,414 | 263,165 |
| Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 7,376 | 135 | 2,542 | 1,839 | 181 | 37 | \$ 12,110 |
| Economic gain - present value of adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 6,543 | 108 | 2,344 | 1,584 | 160 | 33 | \$ 10,772 |
| Plus: refunding bonds issued |  | 102,595 | 830 | 46,250 | 24,505 | 4,125 | 965 | 179,270 |
| Plus: premium received |  | 27,183 | 220 | 13,706 | 7,132 | 1,224 | 276 | 49,741 |
| Less: payment to Escrow Agent |  | $(129,983)$ | $(1,051)$ | $(60,041)$ | $(31,709)$ | $(5,330)$ | $(1,222)$ | $(229,336)$ |
| Less: costs of issuance |  | (701) | (6) | (315) | (167) | (28) | (7) | $(1,224)$ |
| Net present value savings | \$ | 5,637 | 101 | 1,944 | 1,345 | 151 | 45 | \$ 9,223 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bonds | 3.25\% |  | 3.50\% |  | 3.50\% |  |  | 3.25\% |
| Interest rate borne by old bonds |  |  | to | 5.00\% | to | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | to |
|  | $5.00 \%$ |  | 5.00\% |  | 5.00\% |  |  | 5.00\% |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Current Refunding

|  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Water |  | Sanitary Sewer | Storm Sewer |  |  |
| Refunded (old) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | \$ | 19,771 | 11,667 | 2,627 | \$ | 34,065 |
| Interest* |  | 9,774 | 5,343 | 1,063 |  | 16,180 |
| Total refunded |  | 29,545 | 17,010 | 3,690 |  | 50,245 |
| Refunding (new) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 16,160 | 9,380 | 2,155 |  | 27,695 |
| Interest |  | 10,658 | 5,746 | 1,124 |  | 17,528 |
| Total refunding |  | 26,818 | 15,126 | 3,279 |  | 45,223 |
| Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 2,727 | 1,884 | 411 | \$ | 5,022 |
| Economic gain - present value of adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 2,077 | 1,481 | 330 | \$ | 3,888 |
| Plus: refunding bonds issued |  | 16,160 | 9,380 | 2,155 |  | 27,695 |
| Plus: premium received |  | 3,431 | 2,196 | 460 |  | 6,087 |
| Less: payment to Escrow Agent |  | $(20,030)$ | $(11,803)$ | $(2,656)$ |  | $(34,489)$ |
| Less: costs of issuance |  | (110) | (64) | (15) |  | (189) |
| Net present value savings | \$ | 1,528 | 1,190 | 274 | \$ | 2,992 |
| Present value rate - true interest cost of new bonds |  | 94\% | 1.94\% | 1.94\% |  | 94\% |
|  |  | 55\% | 4.00\% | 4.00\% |  | 0\% |
| Interest rate borne by old bonds |  | 0 | to | to |  | to |
|  |  | 92\% | 5.92\% | 5.92\% |  | 92\% |

*Assumes that all future RZEDB and BAB direct pay subsidies will continue to be reduced at the present rate of 6.8 percent.
As a result of this refunding of the RZEDB and BAB bonds, the City no longer has any such bonds outstanding.

## New Bond I ssue

On August 4, 2016, the City issued $\$ 469.600$ million of general obligation bonds for the purpose of funding various projects throughout the City and $\$ 11.800$ million in limited tax notes to refund $\$ 14.500$ million of outstanding 2015-1 limited tax notes which matured on August 11, 2016. The 2016 notes mature on August 4, 2017.

Further information regarding the bond issue follows (in thousands):

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Internal Service | Water | Sanitary Sewer | Storm <br> Sewer | Electricity |  |
| Sources of Funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Par value of new bonds | \$ | 230,465 | 6,545 | 75,000 | 145,235 | 8,500 | 3,855 | \$ 469,600 |
| Gross premium on bonds |  | 18,172 | 276 | 5,511 | 10,672 | 625 | 356 | 35,612 |
| Total Sources | \$ | 248,637 | 6,821 | 80,511 | 155,907 | 9,125 | 4,211 | \$ 505,212 |
| Uses of Funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount available to fund projects | \$ | 230,465 | 6,545 | 75,000 | 145,235 | 8,500 | 3,855 | \$ 469,600 |
| Underwriter's discount and issuance costs |  | 1,521 | 43 | 483 | 934 | 55 | 25 | 3,061 |
| Premium available for interest |  | 16,651 | 233 | 5,028 | 9,738 | 570 | 331 | 32,551 |
| Total Uses | \$ | 248,637 | 6,821 | 80,511 | 155,907 | 9,125 | 4,211 | \$ 505,212 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Series 2014 Water System Unlimited Tax Bond Anticipation Note (General Obligation):

On November 24, 2014, The City issued and sold the above-referenced note (the "Note") to PNC Bank, National Association (the "Purchaser"), as a direct bank placement for the Purchaser to hold for its own account. The Note was issued in anticipation of the issuance of bonds. The outstanding balance of the Note, $\$ 72.715$ million was refunded on October 5, 2016 with the proceeds of two OWDA Fresh Water Market Loans totaling $\$ 72.710$ million. These loans are special obligations payable from revenues of the water system. The City will complete the projects with OWDA loan proceeds.

## Advance Refunding

On November 16, 2016, the City sold $\$ 89.220$ million of general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund $\$ 91.035$ million of certain outstanding bonds issued in 2013 and 2014. Of the total $\$ 89.220$ million of general obligation bonds issued, $\$ 81.270$ million are unlimited taxable bonds and $\$ 7.950$ million are limited taxable bonds. Further information regarding this bond issue follows (in thousands):

|  | Governmental <br> Activities |  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Water | Sanitary Sewer | Storm Sewer | Electricity |  |
| Amount paid to escrow agent | \$ | 45,093 | 38,389 | 23,244 | 5,800 | 667 | \$ 113,193 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old bonds outstanding |  | 36,265 | 30,875 | 18,695 | 4,665 | 535 | 91,035 |
| Unamortized bond premium |  | 3,969 | 5,247 | 2,640 | 781 | 59 | 12,696 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds |  | 40,234 | 36,122 | 21,335 | 5,446 | 594 | 103,731 |
| Deferred amount on refunding | \$ | 4,859 | 2,267 | 1,909 | 354 | 73 | \$ 9,462 |
|  | Governmental <br> Activities |  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Water | Sanitary <br> Sewer | Storm <br> Sewer | Electricity | Total |
| Refunded (old) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | \$ | 36,265 | 30,875 | 18,695 | 4,665 | 535 | \$ 91,035 |
| Interest |  | 20,354 | 17,650 | 10,643 | 2,666 | 295 | 51,608 |
| Total refunded |  | 56,619 | 48,525 | 29,338 | 7,331 | 830 | 142,643 |
| Refunding (new) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 35,550 | 30,250 | 18,310 | 4,580 | 530 | 89,220 |
| Interest |  | 18,856 | 16,207 | 9,788 | 2,453 | 279 | 47,583 |
| Total refunding |  | 54,406 | 46,457 | 28,098 | 7,033 | 809 | 136,803 |
| Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 2,213 | 2,068 | 1,240 | 298 | 21 | \$ 5,840 |
| Economic gain - present value of adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 1,700 | 1,619 | 967 | 232 | 16 | 4,534 |
| Plus: refunding bonds issued |  | 35,550 | 30,250 | 18,310 | 4,580 | 530 | 89,220 |
| Plus: premium received |  | 9,835 | 8,365 | 5,069 | 1,267 | 146 | 24,682 |
| Less: payment to Escrow Agent |  | $(45,093)$ | $(38,389)$ | $(23,244)$ | $(5,800)$ | (667) | $(113,193)$ |
| Less: costs of issuance |  | (245) | (208) | (126) | (32) | (3) | (614) |
| Net present value savings | \$ | 1,747 | 1,637 | 976 | 247 | 22 | 4,629 |
| Present value rate - true interest cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of new bonds |  | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% |
| Interest rate borne by old bonds |  | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Summary of New Bond I ssue Par and Premium/ Discount Amounts

Only those bonds and notes issued in 2016 having premiums, none had discounts, are shown in the table below. Proceeds and premiums from bonds and long-term notes issued for governmental activities are reported in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

## (in thousands)

## Governmental activities

Governmental Funds:

| GO Bonds-new money | \$ | 230,465 | \$ | 18,172 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GO Bonds-refunding |  | 138,145 |  | 37,018 |
| OPWC Notes |  | 111 |  | - |
| Notes - new money |  | 7,900 |  | 494 |
| Blended component unit - new money |  | 27,515 |  | 4,042 |
| Total | \$ | 404,136 | \$ | 59,726 |
| Internal Service Funds: |  |  |  |  |
| GO Various purpose-new money | \$ | 6,545 | \$ | 276 |
| GO Various purpose-refunding |  | 830 |  | 220 |
| Total | \$ | 7,375 | \$ | 496 |
| Business-type activities |  |  |  |  |
| GO Water enterprise bonds-new money | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | 5,511 |
| GO Water enterprise bonds-refunding |  | 92,660 |  | 25,502 |
| GO Sewer enterprise bonds-new money |  | 145,235 |  | 10,672 |
| GO Sewer enterprise bonds-refunding |  | 52,195 |  | 14,397 |
| GO Storm sewer enterprise bonds-new money |  | 8,500 |  | 625 |
| GO Storm sewer enterprise bonds-refunding |  | 10,860 |  | 2,951 |
| GO Electricity enterprise bonds-new money |  | 3,855 |  | 356 |
| GO Electricity enterprise bonds-refunding |  | 1,495 |  | 422 |
| GO Garage enterprise notes-refunding |  | 11,800 |  | 159 |
| Total | \$ | 401,600 | \$ | 60,595 |

The principal retirement in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is comprised of the following.

|  | (in thousands) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| OPWC notes | $\$$ | 513 |
| General obligation bonds | 125,137 |  |
| General obligation notes | 1,456 |  |
| Revenue bonds and notes (TIFs) | 344 |  |
| Blended component unit - Lease revenue bonds | 4,615 |  |
| $\quad$ Total | $\underline{\$ 132,065}$ |  |

## Long-Term Notes

Except for the TIF notes, all other notes payable are backed by the full faith and credit, i.e. general obligations, of the City. Notes may be issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing and are refinanced until such bonds are issued. There are, however, long-term notes for which the debt service will be paid from current resources. Those notes are as follows.

State Infrastructure Bank (SIB): The City currently has two SIB loans, totaling $\$ 10.946$ million, which is administered and funded by the Ohio Department of Transportation. The first loan, for the Main St. Bridge project, provides funds for the replacement and construction of the new bridge and accompanying infrastructure. \$3.046 million remains outstanding in the first loan. The second loan, for the Hamilton Rd. S-Curve project, provides funds for roadway improvements. $\$ 7.900$ million remains outstanding for the second loan.

Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC): OPWC extends both grants and loans to the City. In certain OPWC commitments, the agreements with OPWC provide for cash received by the City to be first considered as grant receipts. Monies received by the City after the grant commitment has been fulfilled by OPWC are then considered loans. Only the loan portion need be repaid by the City. The first two commitments from OPWC included loan monies only.

Notes in the amount of $\$ 4.950$ million accounted for as Governmental activities represent the amounts due on 21 loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for infrastructure improvements. These notes are noninterest bearing and have serial maturities, with final maturities January 30, 2045. Initial repayments of the loans began in July 1994. OPWC has committed to additional non-interest bearing loans as shown in the following table. Cash is provided to the City by OPWC only to the extent of project completion. Only that portion of the loan commitment actually paid to the City is recognized as a liability by the City. Repayments of these loans are made from the Debt Service Fund. OPWC loans are considered Governmental activities obligations.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Grant and loan commitments and loans outstanding at December 31, 2016 were as follows (in thousands):

| Project | Project <br> Number | Total grant commitment |  | Total loan commitment |  | Total Loaned at12/31/2016 |  | Repaid by City |  | Outstanding Loans at12/31/2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Prior to 2016 | In 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| Neil Avenue | CC814 | \$ | 2,278 |  |  | \$ | 188 | \$ | 56 | 51 | 2 | \$ | 3 |
| Cleveland Ave. N . | CC903 |  | 2,503 |  | 1,347 |  | 1,347 | 1,178 | 68 |  | 101 |
| Cleveland Ave. S. | CC914 |  | 2,773 |  | 1,053 |  | 1,053 | 895 | 53 |  | 105 |
| Main Street Rehab | CC019 |  | 441 |  | 88 |  | 88 | 75 | 4 |  | 9 |
| Mound Street Rehab | CC017 |  | 546 |  | 98 |  | 98 | 83 | 5 |  | 10 |
| Livingston Ave. Rehab | CC015 |  | 1,622 |  | 352 |  | 352 | 299 | 18 |  | 35 |
| Group 6 | CC013 |  | 361 |  | 120 |  | 58 | 45 | 3 |  | 10 |
| Edgehill Improvements | CC15A |  | 577 |  | 180 |  | 162 | 126 | 8 |  | 28 |
| US 23 Culvert | CC18A |  | 305 |  | 95 |  | 39 | 33 | 2 |  | 4 |
| James Road | CC08B |  | 2,867 |  | 623 |  | 623 | 452 | 31 |  | 140 |
| Stelzer Road | CC06C |  | 2,082 |  | 174 |  | 87 | 51 | 5 |  | 31 |
| Greenlawn Avenue | CC04D |  | 5,298 |  | 1,277 |  | 1,277 | 703 | 63 |  | 511 |
| ADA Curb Ramps | CC08D |  | 470 |  | 97 |  | 18 | 12 | 2 |  | 4 |
| Morse Rd. Phase 1 | CC06H |  | 3,854 |  | 1,354 |  | 475 | 155 | 23 |  | 297 |
| McKinley Avenue | CC13H |  | 1,168 |  | 1,107 |  | 845 | 274 | 42 |  | 529 |
| Main Street Bridge | CCO2J |  | 3,904 |  | 1,308 |  | 1,308 | 555 | 66 |  | 687 |
| Morse Rd. Rehab | CC02K |  | 3,492 |  | 1,175 |  | 931 | 187 | 47 |  | 697 |
| Lockbourne Rd. Recon. | CC08L |  | 1,498 |  | 502 |  | 138 | 138 | - |  | - |
| Henderson Rd. Olent. | CC06M |  | 712 |  | 239 |  | 15 | 4 | - |  | 11 |
| Williams Rd. Underpass | CC14L |  | 502 |  | 1,498 |  | 779 | 175 | 39 |  | 565 |
| RiverSouth Roadway | CC02M |  | 3,745 |  | 1,255 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| Third Ave Recon. | CC02P |  | 2,852 |  | 956 |  | 956 | 16 | 32 |  | 908 |
| East Fifth Ave Imp. | CC13P |  | 824 |  | 276 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| Morse Road Preserve | CC16R |  | 887 |  | 726 |  | 265 | - | - |  | 265 |
| Parsons Ave Rehab | CC04S |  | 720 |  | 244 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| Joyce Ave Phase III | CC05T |  | 2,618 |  | 882 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| East Fifth/Cleveland Ave | CC02Q |  | 3,062 |  | 1,081 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
|  |  |  |  | \$ | 18,295 | \$ | 10,970 | 5,507 | 513 | \$ | 4,950 |

Future debt service requirements on the OPWC loans and loan commitments are shown as Future Debt Service for Governmental Activities Non-Proprietary - Notes contained in this Note G.

Notes (TIF): This amount represents a developer's participation in debt service on certain limited general obligation bonds. The agreement between the City and the developer requires the developer to pay to the City 65 percent of debt service on the applicable portion of the bonds less the revenues received by the City from two TIFs. When the applicable TIF revenues exceed 65 percent of the debt service on the applicable portion of the bonds, the City must begin repaying the developer. The amounts received by the City from the developer were as follows:

| Date received from developer |  | (in thousands) |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| April 27, 2002 |  | $\$$ | 1,221 |
| March 5, 2003 |  | 1,837 |  |
| February 19, 2004 |  | 1,542 |  |
| February 10, 2005 |  | 1,255 |  |
| January 24, 2006 |  | 818 |  |
| January 17, 2007 |  | 741 |  |
| January 31, 2008 |  | 443 |  |
| January 29, 2009 |  | 91 |  |
| January 20, 2010 |  | 53 |  |
|  |  |  | 8,001 |
|  |  |  |  |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
The interest rate on the notes shall not exceed the City's rate of borrowing on general obligation bonds. The interest rate on the notes is estimated to be 4.45 percent. The repayment obligation is limited solely to revenues of the two applicable TIFs and does not constitute a general obligation of the City.

Also included is $\$ 1.733$ million representing TIF revenues pledged to the Columbus Franklin County Finance Authority for proceeds of bonds issued by the Authority but given to the City for park land acquisition. The recording of the $\$ 1.733$ million is pursuant to GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfer of Assets and Future Revenues.

## Arbitrage Regulations

The City has calculated and recorded all liabilities related to federal arbitrage regulations.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Debt Summary

This summary includes long-term general obligation (G.O.) and revenue supported debt, $\$ 76.440$ million of governmental activities (component unit) lease revenue bonds.

|  | Years of <br> Issue | Years due through | Interest rate | Weighted Average <br> Interest rate (2) |  | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental activities |  |  |  |  |  | ousands) |
| G.O. Ohio Public Works Commission notes | 1993-2016 | 2045 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | \$ | 4,950 |
| G.O. Bonds-fixed rate | 2005-2016 | 2036 | 0.72\% to 5.13\% | 4.17\% |  | 1,423,695 |
| G.O. Notes-long-term fixed rate Main St | 2008-2011 | 2018 | 0.00\% to 3.00\% | 3.00\% (1) |  | 3,046 |
| G.O. Notes-long-term fixed rate Hamilton Rd | 2016 | 2036 | 2.00\% to 5.00\% | 3.38\% |  | 7,900 |
| G.O. Information services bonds-fixed rate | 2010-2016 | 2024 | 1.27\% to 5.00\% | 3.74\% |  | 26,150 |
| G.O. Fleet management bonds-fixed rate | 2007-2016 | 2027 | 1.27\% to 5.00\% | 3.43\% |  | 36,673 |
| Revenue Note (TIF)-fixed rate-Nationwide | 2002-2010 | 2030 | 4.03\% to 5.16\% | 4.50\% |  | 7,823 |
| Revenue Note (TIF)-fixed rate-Harrison West | 2007 | 2035 | 6.00\% | 6.00\% |  | 1,733 |
| Component Unit - Lease Revenue Bonds | 2012-2016 | 2041 | 4.38\% to 4.91\% | 4.61\% |  | 76,440 |
| Total governmental activities |  |  |  |  | \$ | 1,588,410 |


| Business-type activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G.O. Bonds-fixed rate | 2007-2016 | 2037 | 0.72\% to 5.92\% | 4.32\% | \$ | 656,237 |
| OWDA-EPA loans | 2007-2016 | 2039 | 1.35\% to 3.76\% | 2.78\% |  | 144,844 |
| Total Water |  |  |  |  |  | 801,081 |
| Sanitary sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G.O. Bonds-fixed rate | 2006-2016 | 2037 | 0.72\% to 5.92\% | 4.12\% |  | 434,641 |
| G.O. Bonds-variable rate | 2006 | 2026 | 0.01\% to 0.84\% | 0.40\% |  | 40,000 |
| (0.40\% annual average) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Bonds-fixed rate | 2014-2015 | 2032 | 4.66\% to 4.93\% | 4.77\% |  | 355,360 |
| Revenue Bonds-variable rate | 2008 | 2032 | 0.01\% to 0.84\% | 0.40\% |  | 51,855 |
| (0.40\% annual average) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OWDA-EPA loans | 1994-2016 | 2040 | 0.91\% to 4.00\% | 2.98\% |  | 881,125 |
| Total Sanitary sewer |  |  |  |  |  | 1,762,981 |
| Storm sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G.O. Bonds-fixed rate | 2009-2016 | 2037 | 1.08\% to 5.92\% | 4.20\% |  | 110,220 |
| Total Storm sewer |  |  |  |  |  | 110,220 |
| Electricity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G.O. Bonds-fixed rate | 2006-2016 | 2032 | 3.13\% to 5.00\% | 4.27\% |  | 20,251 |
| Total Electricity |  |  |  |  |  | 20,251 |
| Parking Garages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G.O. Bonds-fixed rate | 2016 | 2017 | 1.75\% | 1.75\% |  | 11,800 |
| Total Parking Garages |  |  |  |  |  | 11,800 |
| Total business type-enterprise |  |  |  |  |  | 2,706,333 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | \$ | 4,294,743 |

(1) Interest is calculated at the rate of 0.00 percent from the date monies are first disbursed to the City until, and including, the last day of the twelfth month. From the first day of the thirteenth month and thereafter, interest will be calculated at the rate of 3.00 percent.
(2) The interest rates identified on the City's General Obligation debt above are calculated using the actual coupon rates on each series of bonds or notes. The rates are not representative of the true interest costs to the City. As a result of low interest rates, the market for the sale of the City's bonds and notes has frequently produced bids at a stated coupon rate with a premium payable upon the sale of the securities, which creates a true interest cost (TIC) substantially less than the coupon rate.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Long-Term Debt Payout

Certain characteristics of the City's long-term debt are shown in the following table. This table excludes $\$ 11.800$ million of Parking Garage short-term notes and $\$ 76.440$ million of governmental activities (component unit) lease revenue bonds.

Although the City's self-liquidity supported variable rate bonds may be payable upon demand (see the Variable Interest Rate Bonds section), the bonds are included in the below table per their respective redemption schedules.

(1) Exclusive of $\$ 76.440$ million of Component Unit Lease Revenue Bonds (see Note Q).
(2) Exclusive of TIF Notes of $\$ 9.556$ million.
(3) Exclusive of Water Ohio Water Development Authority Loans of $\$ 144.844$ million.
(4) Exclusive of Sanitary Sewer Ohio Water Development Authority Loans of $\$ 881.125$ million.

## Variable interest rate bonds

The variable interest rate bonds were issued, pursuant to ordinances adopted by Council, in the Sanitary Sewer Enterprise in 2006 and 2008. The 2008 Sanitary Sewer (weekly interest rate mode) bonds are revenue bonds. The 2006 Sanitary Sewer Enterprise bonds are variable rate, weekly interest rate mode, general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to provide funds for certain capital improvements, retire certain bonds previously issued by the City, and pay costs incurred to issue the bonds.

$\frac{\text { Variable Rate Issues by Purpose }}{\text { Sanitary Sewer: Series } 2006 \text { G.O. and } 2008 \text { Rev. Bonds }} \frac{$|  Outstanding at  |
| :---: |
| $\$ 91.855 \text { million }$ |}{$\substack{12 / 31 / 2016}$} | Source of Liquidity |
| :--- |
| Self-Liquidity |

Interest on the variable interest rate bonds is paid at various times as specified in the trust agreements relating to such bonds, at rates determined by the remarketing agent and the City after reviewing the rates of similar municipal issues. The bonds may be put at the discretion of the holders at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on any interest payment date or such other dates as specified in the trust agreements. The remarketing agent is authorized to use its best efforts to sell the put bonds at a price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
The Sanitary Sewer variable rate revenue bonds ( $\$ 51.855$ million) and variable rate general obligation bonds ( $\$ 40.000$ million) carry no letter of credit or liquidity enhancement. If a put bond proves to be unremarketable by the remarketing agent, the City is required by statute to buy the bonds into its own portfolio.

While the City is required to buy the bonds into its own portfolio, the bonds are not considered redeemed or retired.
Section 325 of the Columbus City Code states the following:
If obligations of the City which provide for put arrangements are outstanding and if the remarketing agent for such obligations is otherwise unable to remarket such obligations upon the tender for purchase thereof in accordance with their terms, then to the extent that there are moneys in the treasury of the City available for investment pursuant to C.C. 325.010, the City treasurer shall purchase such obligations for the treasury investment account at a price not in excess of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, and retain such obligations in the treasury investment account, until the earlier of their maturity or such time as they are remarketed by the remarketing agent.

If uninvested moneys in the treasury of the City are insufficient to provide for purchase of obligations of the City under the circumstances described in the immediately preceding paragraph of this section, the City treasurer shall convert such other investments made pursuant to C.C. 325.010 to cash to the extent necessary, and at such time as is necessary, to provide sufficient moneys for such purchase.

Obligations purchased by the City treasurer pursuant to this section shall remain outstanding in accordance with their terms and shall not be considered redeemed or retired as a result of the purchase thereof pursuant to this section. [Emphasis added]

It is the City's intention for the bonds to remain outstanding until their maturity and are therefore considered longterm debt by the City. Because this financing arrangement pursuant to the City Code is not an arm's length agreement with an unrelated third party, GASB Interpretation 1 requires the bonds to be reported as a current liability. As such, the variable interest rate self-liquidity bonds have been classified as current demand bonds on the Statement of Net Position; however, the bonds are included in the future debt services schedules per their respective redemption schedules.

For both the 2006 Sanitary Sewer variable rate general obligation bonds and the 2008 Sanitary Sewer variable rate revenue bonds, the City's self-liquidity provision is rated A-1+ by Standard and Poor's, VMIG1 by Moody's Investors Service, and F1+ by Fitch Ratings.

A specific interest rate is not required of the Sanitary Sewer variable rate bonds if purchased into the City's investment portfolio.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
The following table reflects the additional interest the City would have to pay if the variable rate bonds were purchased into the City's own portfolio. The assumed incremental interest rate in the table is 3.25 percent (in thousands).

| Year ending December 31: | Sanitary Sewer <br> General Obligation <br> and Revenue <br> Bonds |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 2017 | $\$$ | 2,975 |
| 2018 | 2,845 |  |
| 2019 | 2,714 |  |
| 2020 |  | 2,584 |
| 2021 |  | 2,454 |
| $2022-2026$ |  | 10,322 |
| $2027-2031$ |  | 708 |
| 2032 |  | 32,264 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

The City may, at its option, convert the variable rate bonds to a fixed rate. Furthermore, the bonds may be called at the discretion of the City under specified procedures on any interest payment date. These variable rate bonds are not auction rate securities.

## Future Debt Service

The following tables summarize the City's future debt service requirements on its outstanding bonds, long-term notes, and OWDA/EPA loans and loan commitments as of December 31, 2016. Future interest assumes rates on variable rate debt at the respective issues' average rates since inception.

Although the City's self-liquidity supported variable rate bonds may be payable upon demand (see the Variable Interest Rate Bonds section), the bonds are included in the below table per their respective redemption schedules (in thousands).

| Year ending December 31: | Governmental Activities Non-Proprietary* |  |  |  | Governmental Type Internal Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bond <br> Principal | OPWC Note Principal | SIB Notes <br> Principal | Interest | Bond Principal | Interest |
| 2017 | \$ 132,011 | 517 | 1,500 | 57,227 | 9,796 | 2,112 |
| 2018 | 136,916 | 486 | 1,856 | 51,969 | 9,815 | 1,775 |
| 2019 | 128,284 | 371 | 320 | 46,399 | 8,802 | 1,473 |
| 2020 | 124,479 | 364 | 330 | 41,260 | 7,605 | 1,180 |
| 2021 | 118,760 | 343 | 340 | 36,561 | 6,740 | 936 |
| 2022-2026 | 476,980 | 1,495 | 1,855 | 114,472 | 19,675 | 1,898 |
| 2027-2031 | 265,075 | 816 | 2,325 | 31,052 | 390 | 17 |
| 2032-2036 | 41,190 | 207 | 2,420 | 3,024 | - | - |
| 2037-2041 | - | 207 | - | - | - |  |
| 2042-2046 | - | 144 | - | - | - | - |
|  | \$1,423,695 | 4,950 | 10,946 | 381,964 | 62,823 | 9,391 |

[^0]Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

| Year ending December 31: | Enterprise Funds |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Water |  |  | Sanitary Sewer |  |  |
|  | Bond Principal | OWDA <br> Principal | Interest | Bond Principal | OWDA <br> Principal | Interest |
| 2017 | \$ 50,486 | 2,872 | 28,694 | 29,329 | 63,419 | 60,549 |
| 2018 | 51,461 | 3,168 | 26,848 | 36,419 | 63,803 | 57,957 |
| 2019 | 46,950 | 5,451 | 25,865 | 33,698 | 63,789 | 54,902 |
| 2020 | 43,915 | 10,054 | 26,547 | 31,804 | 68,307 | 52,997 |
| 2021 | 41,980 | 10,278 | 24,585 | 31,673 | 72,219 | 50,930 |
| 2022-2026 | 181,970 | 55,834 | 92,134 | 219,658 | 330,770 | 201,428 |
| 2027-2031 | 167,055 | 59,663 | 44,016 | 358,360 | 219,141 | 97,406 |
| 2032-2036 | 68,670 | 53,404 | 13,056 | 133,655 | 124,933 | 15,616 |
| 2037-2041 | 3,750 | 27,734 | 1,193 | 7,260 | 23,617 | 1,065 |
|  | \$656,237 | 228,458 | 282,938 | 881,856 | 1,029,998 | 592,850 |

The OWDA principal and interest amounts in this table assume all current loan agreements will be fulfilled.

| Year ending December 31: | Enterprise Funds (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Storm Sewer |  | Electricity |  | Parking Garages |  |
|  | Bond <br> Principal | Interest | Bond Principal | Interest | Note Principal | Note Interest |
| 2017 | \$ 10,357 | 4,522 | 2,181 | 817 | 11,800 | 207 |
| 2018 | 10,479 | 4,199 | 1,955 | 717 | - | - |
| 2019 | 10,029 | 3,791 | 1,475 | 644 | - | - |
| 2020 | 9,230 | 3,404 | 1,475 | 579 | - | - |
| 2021 | 8,380 | 3,018 | 1,470 | 519 | - | - |
| 2022-2026 | 37,175 | 9,831 | 7,130 | 1,645 | - | - |
| 2027-2031 | 17,155 | 3,286 | 4,315 | 386 | - | - |
| 2032-2036 | 6,990 | 753 | 250 | 7 | - | - |
| 2037-2041 | 425 | 13 | - | - | - | - |
|  | \$110,220 | $\underline{\underline{32,817}}$ | 20,251 | 5,314 | 11,800 | 207 |

All refunds from the U.S. Treasury that result from the issuance of the Build America Bonds' Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond program shall be deposited into the City fund responsible for making the debt service payment on the related bonds. Such amounts have not been reflected in the future debt service schedules.

## Restricted Assets

In conjunction with the issuance of the Sanitary Sewer revenue bonds, the City entered into various trust agreements with commercial banks. These trust agreements require that the City establish funds for the cost of construction and repayment of debt. The restricted asset balances in the Business Type Activities segregate funds held by the City from funds held by trustee in accordance with the trust agreement. In addition, cash related to proceeds of bonds issued for all City capital projects is restricted by bond ordinances. Unspent bond proceeds of $\$ 23.472$ million related to the internal service funds is included in the Governmental Activities restricted amount. Restricted assets consisted of the following at December 31, 2016 (in thousands):

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Buisness Type Activities |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Water | Sanitary <br> Sewer | Storm Sewer | Electricity | Total |  |
| Held by the City: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction funds | \$ | 411,791 | \$ 140,515 | 156,461 | 31,878 | 7,965 | \$ | 336,819 |
| For Others as deposits |  | 4,117 | - | 6,681 | - | 2,267 |  | 8,948 |
| Held by trustees: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service funds |  | - | - | 1,443 | - | - |  | 1,443 |
| Total restricted assets | \$ | 415,908 | \$ 140,515 | 164,585 | 31,878 | 10,232 | \$ | 347,210 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Restricted assets consist of cash, cash equivalents, and investments. In addition, these trust agreements require the City to pledge net revenues (defined in the trust agreement as revenues less operating and maintenance expenses) of the Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Fund to the payment of the principal and interest on the respective bonds when due.

In the opinion of management, the City has complied with all bond covenants.

## Matured Bonds and I nterest

Matured bonds and interest payable include $\$ 714$ thousand and $\$ 234$ thousand, respectively, at December 31, 2015 and at December 31, 2016.

## OWDA/ EPA

Loans payable to the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA/EPA), in the amount of $\$ 1.026$ billion, are funded by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. $\$ 881.125$ million are revenue obligations incurred to help finance sanitary sewerage treatment facilities and are to be repaid from charges for sanitary sewerage services. \$144.844 million are revenue obligations incurred to help finance water enterprise projects and are to be repaid from charges for water services.

## Voted Debt Authority

Various amounts of debt for various purposes were authorized by the City's voters (voted-unlimited) in November 2008, November 2013 and November 2016. The remaining unissued amounts and purposes of these authorizations are shown in the following table.

|  |  | (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Date Authorzed | Total Authorized |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Issued in } \\ 2008-2015 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Issued in } \\ 2016 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Unissued as of 12/31/2016 |  |
| Sanitary sewer system | 2008 | \$ | 551,970 | 282,620 | 145,235 | \$ | 124,115 |
| Safety and health | 2013 |  | 52,500 | 47,320 | 5,180 |  | - |
| Recreation and parks | 2013 |  | 123,910 | 67,085 | 38,220 |  | 18,605 |
| Public service | 2013 |  | 220,300 | 121,400 | 98,900 |  | - |
| Public utilities | 2013 |  | 445,295 | 86,785 | 87,355 |  | 271,155 |
| Safety and health | 2016 |  | 70,000 | - | - |  | 70,000 |
| Recreation and parks | 2016 |  | 110,000 | - | - |  | 110,000 |
| Public service | 2016 |  | 310,000 | - | - |  | 310,000 |
| Public utilities | 2016 |  | 460,000 | - | - |  | 460,000 |
|  |  | \$ | 343,975 | 605,210 | 374,890 |  | 1,363,875 |

Bonds identified above as Sanitary sewer system, Electricity, Water system, and Storm sewer system are accounted for in the respective business-type enterprise funds. Other bonds are accounted for as Governmental Activities bonds.

## Legal Debt Margins

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the total net debt (as defined in the ORC) of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5 percent of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5 percent of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by the ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2016 the City's total net debt amounted to 6.8 percent of total assessed value of all property within the City and unvoted net debt amounted to 0.19 percent of the total assessed value of all property within the City. The City had a legal debt margin for total debt of $\$ 549.482$ million and a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of $\$ 790.144$ million. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Tax Increment Financing Districts (TI Fs)

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established 71 TIFs. A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owners of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "service fees", as though the TIF had not been established. These "service fees" are then dedicated to the payments for various public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. However, payments from two of the TIFs will assist the City in paying for certain public improvements in an area remote from the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes.

Gross "service fee" revenue was $\$ 31.152$ million less $\$ 425$ thousand in county auditor deductions for a net total of $\$ 30.727$ million in 2016 and is presented in the financial statements as "payments in lieu of taxes" in certain Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds since these monies are intended to be used to construct public improvements through payment of principal and interest on bonds issued for that purpose and payments to developers on reimbursements agreements. Corresponding capital assets are accounted for in the City's infrastructure accounts.

With the exception of one 20-year TIF, the City's TIFs have a longevity of the shorter period of 30 years or until the public improvements are paid for. The property tax exemption then ceases; service fees cease, and property taxes then apply to the increased property values.

## Defeased Bonds

A description of the City's advance refunded, defeased, bonds with remaining outstanding amounts follows, exclusive of the component unit's refunded lease revenue bonds: (in thousands)

| Descriptions of Defeased bonds | Date Originally Issued | Original Par Amount | Redemption or Call Date | Date Defeased | Maturities Defeased | Interest <br> Rates of Defeased Bonds | Amount Defeased | Defeased Amount Outstanding at December $31,2016$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Water (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 24,095 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2022 | 5.00\% | \$ 3,210 | \$ 3,210 |
| Water (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 56,905 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2022 | 5.00\% | 5,690 | 5,690 |
| Transportation (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 52,400 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2022 | 5.00\% | 6,980 | 6,980 |
| Health and Safety (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 6,605 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2022 | 5.00\% | 770 | 770 |
| Rec and Parks (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 6,415 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2022 | 5.00\% | 800 | 800 |
| King Lincoln (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 595 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 120 | 120 |
| Parsons Ave (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 550 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 100 | 100 |
| Transportation (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 3,185 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 640 | 640 |
| Wheatland Dev (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 550 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 100 | 100 |
| RiverSouth (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 915 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 200 | 200 |
| Health and Safety (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 30,900 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 5,730 | 5,730 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rec and Parks - Golf (L) } \\ & -G O \end{aligned}$ | 11/28/2007 | 500 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 120 | 120 |
| Rec and Parks (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 12,325 | 9/1/2017 | 9/26/2012 | 2021-2024 | 5.00\% | 3,080 | 3,080 |
| Water (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 81,000 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 13,350 | 13,350 |
| Transportation (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 52,400 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 10,475 | 10,475 |
| Health/Safety (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 6,605 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 1,170 | 1,170 |
| Rec and Parks (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 6,415 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 1,200 | 1,200 |
| Electricity SIT (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 350 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 35 | 35 |
| Electricity Dist (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 3,500 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 350 | 350 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Electricity Street (U) - } \\ & \text { GO } \end{aligned}$ | 11/28/2007 | 1,085 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 105 | 105 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Construction Mgmt (L)- } \\ & \text { GO } \end{aligned}$ | 11/28/2007 | 9,580 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 955 | 955 |
| Fleet Mgmt (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 400 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 40 | 40 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { City Auditor SIT (L) - } \\ & \text { GO } \end{aligned}$ | 11/28/2007 | 1,285 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 125 | 125 |
| Development (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 3,050 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 305 | 305 |
| King Lincoln (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 595 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 90 | 90 |
| Parsons Ave (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 550 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 80 | 80 |
| Transportation (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 3,185 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 480 | 480 |
| Wheatland Ave (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 550 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 80 | 80 |
| RiverSouth (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 915 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 150 | 150 |
| Safety \& Health (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 30,900 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 4,965 | 4,965 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rec and Parks - Golf (L) } \\ & - \text { GO } \end{aligned}$ | 11/28/2007 | 500 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 90 | 90 |
| Rec and Parks (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 12,325 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018-2020 | 5.00\% | 2,310 | 2,310 |
| Muni Ct SIT (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 830 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 80 | 80 |
| Muni Ct (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 400 | 9/1/2017 | 1/30/2014 | 2018 | 5.00\% | 40 | 40 |
| Water (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 24,095 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2023 | 4.25\% | 1,605 | 1,605 |
| Water (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 56,905 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2023-2028 | $4.25 \% \text { to }$ $4.75 \%$ | 17,070 | 17,070 |
| Transportation (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 52,400 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2023 | 4.25\% | 3,490 | 3,490 |
| Health/Safety (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 6,605 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2024-2025 | 4.25\% | 1,155 | 1,155 |
| Rec and Parks (U) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 6,415 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2023-2024 | 4.25\% | 800 | 800 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Safety \& Health (U) - } \\ & \text { GO } \end{aligned}$ | 8/25/2011 | 14,780 | 7/1/2021 | 9/4/2014 | 2024 | 5.00\% | 1,055 | 1,055 |
| Rec and Parks (U) - GO | 8/25/2011 | 26,015 | 7/1/2021 | 9/4/2014 | 2024 | 5.00\% | 1,530 | 1,530 |
| Transportation (U) - GO | 8/25/2011 | 78,370 | 7/1/2021 | 9/4/2014 | 2024 | 5.00\% | 4,895 | 4,895 |
| Electricity SIT (U) - GO | 8/25/2011 | 1,255 | 7/1/2021 | 9/4/2014 | 2024 | 5.00\% | 80 | 80 |


| Descriptions of Defeased bonds | Date Originally Issued | Original Par Amount | Redemption or Call Date | Date Defeased | Maturities Defeased | Interest Rates of Defeased Bonds | Amount Defeased | Defeased Amount Outstanding at December $\text { 31, } 2016$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| King Lincoln (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 595 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2025-2028 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4.50\% to } \\ & 5.00 \% \end{aligned}$ | \$ 115 | \$ 115 |
| Parsons Ave (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 550 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2025-2028 | $\begin{gathered} 4.50 \% \text { to } \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | 100 | 100 |
| Transportation (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 3,185 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2025-2028 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.50 \% \text { to } \\ & 5.00 \% \end{aligned}$ | 625 | 625 |
| Wheatland Ave (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 550 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2025-2028 | $\begin{gathered} 4.50 \% \text { to } \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | \$100 | \$100 |
| RiverSouth (L) - GO | 11/28/2007 | 915 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2025-2026 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.50 \% \text { to } \\ & 5.00 \% \end{aligned}$ | 100 | 100 |
| Safety \& Health (L) GO | 11/28/2007 | 30,900 | 9/1/2017 | 9/4/2014 | 2025 | 5.00\% | 1,430 | 1,430 |
| 2008 Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds | 1/30/2008 | 219,915 | 12/1/2017 | 12/1/2014 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-2028 } \\ \& 2031 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4.625\% } \\ & \text { to } 5.00 \% \end{aligned}$ | 219,915 | 219,915 |
| 2008 Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds | 1/30/2008 | 63,925 | 12/1/2017 | 12/22/2015 | 2029 | 4.50\% | 63,925 | 63,925 |
| 2008 Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds | 1/30/2008 | 67,000 | 12/1/2017 | 12/22/2015 | 2030 | 4.25\% | 67,000 | 67,000 |
| 2008 Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds | 1/30/2008 | 39,160 | 12/1/2017 | 12/22/2015 | 2032 | 4.50\% | 39,160 | 39,160 |
| Series 2009A (U) Hayden Run | 11/19/2009 | 4,525 | 7/1/2019 | 3/7/2016 | 2021-2025 | $\begin{gathered} 3.25 \%- \\ 3.63 \% \end{gathered}$ | 1,400 | 1,400 |
| Safety \& Health - U | 8/25/2011 | 14,780 | 7/1/2021 | 3/7/2016 | $\begin{aligned} & 2022-2023 \\ & 2025-2026 \end{aligned}$ | 5\% | 4,205 | 4,205 |
| Rec and Parks - U | 8/25/2011 | 26,015 | 7/1/2021 | 3/7/2016 | $\begin{aligned} & 2022-2023 \\ & 2025-2028 \end{aligned}$ | 5\% | 9,155 | 9,155 |
| Transportation-U | 8/25/2011 | 78,370 | 7/1/2021 | 3/7/2016 | $\begin{aligned} & 2022-2023 \\ & 2025-2028 \end{aligned}$ | 5\% | 29,290 | 29,290 |
| Electricity - U - SIT Supp | 8/25/2011 | 1,255 | 7/1/2021 | 3/7/2016 | $\begin{aligned} & 2022-2023 \\ & 2025-2027 \end{aligned}$ | 5\% | 410 | 410 |
| Safety \& Health - U | 7/24/2012 | 28,915 | 8/15/2022 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 4,130 | 4,130 |
| Recreation \& Parks - U | 7/24/2012 | 29,070 | 8/15/2022 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 3,870 | 3,870 |
| Transportation- U | 7/24/2012 | 67,250 | 8/15/2022 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 8,400 | 8,400 |
| Sanitary Sewer - U | 7/24/2012 | 60,135 | 8/15/2022 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 6,010 | 6,010 |
| Water - U | 7/24/2012 | 198,510 | 8/15/2022 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 19,850 | 19,850 |
| Electricity - U - SIT Supp | 7/24/2012 | 150 | 8/15/2022 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 20 | 20 |
| Ref. Rec \& Parks - U | 6/13/2013 | 4,530 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 695 | 695 |
| Ref. Transportation-U | 6/13/2013 | 11,435 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025 | 5\% | 1,040 | 1,040 |
| Ref. Hayden Run - U | 6/13/2013 | 1,495 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025 | 5\% | 135 | 135 |
| Ref. Storm - U | 6/13/2013 | 8,095 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 1,135 | 1,135 |
| Ref. Sanitary Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 44,860 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 6,330 | 6,330 |
| Ref. Electricity St Ltg - $U$ | 6/13/2013 | 665 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025 | 5\% | 60 | 60 |
| Ref. Electricity Dist - U | 6/13/2013 | 2,180 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025 | 5\% | 195 | 195 |
| Ref. Water 2004-U | 6/13/2013 | 27,780 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 3,920 | 3,920 |
| Ref. Water 2008-U | 6/13/2013 | 32,100 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 4,530 | 4,530 |
| Ref. Safety \& Health - U | 6/13/2013 | 7,525 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025 | 5\% | 1,305 | 1,305 |
| Ref. Rec \& Parks - U | 6/13/2013 | 9,565 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 2,175 | 2,175 |
| Ref. Transportation-U | 6/13/2013 | 19,335 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 5,750 | 5,750 |
| Ref. Storm Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 2,660 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 540 | 540 |
| Ref. Sanitary Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 23,340 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 4,385 | 4,385 |
| Ref. Water (U) | 6/13/2013 | 75,835 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 14,345 | 14,345 |
| Ref. Sanitary Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 3,210 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 710 | 710 |
| Ref. Water - U | 6/13/2013 | 9,390 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 2,090 | 2,090 |
| Ref. Storm Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 17,205 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 2,005 | 2,005 |
| Safety \& Health - U | 9/4/2013 | 8,070 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 1,150 | 1,150 |
| Rec \& Parks - U | 9/4/2013 | 31,825 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 3,740 | 3,740 |
| Transportation-U | 9/4/2013 | 89,025 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 11,130 | 11,130 |
| Water - U | 9/4/2013 | 32,305 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 3,230 | 3,230 |

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

| Descriptions of Defeased bonds | Date Originally Issued | Original Par Amount | Redemption or Call Date | Date Defeased | Maturities Defeased | Interest Rates of Defeased Bonds | Amount Defeased | Defeased Amount Outstanding at December 31, 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storm Sewer - U | 9/4/2013 | 5,445 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | \$ 540 | \$ 540 |
| Sanitary Sewer-U | 9/4/2013 | 48,560 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 4,860 | 4,860 |
| Polaris - L | 12/7/2010 | 7,750 | 12/1/2020 | 3/7/2016 | 2022-2026 | $\begin{gathered} 3.25 \%- \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | 2,575 | 2,575 |
| Ref. Construction Mgmt - L | 6/13/2013 | 3,615 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025 | 5\% | 390 | 390 |
| Ref. King Lincoln - L | 6/13/2013 | 1,355 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 190 | 190 |
| Ref. Construction Mgmt - L | 6/13/2013 | 4,775 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 1,425 | 1,425 |
| Ref. Fleet Mgmt- L | 6/13/2013 | 900 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 260 | 260 |
| Ref. Woodland Meadows - L | 6/13/2013 | 1,015 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 170 | 170 |
| Ref. Construction Mgmt - L | 6/13/2013 | 27,195 | 7/1/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 4,020 | 4,020 |
| Safety \& Health - L | 9/4/2013 | 21,535 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 3,070 | 3,070 |
| Construction Mgmt - L | 9/4/2013 | 36,200 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 4,820 | 4,820 |
| Electricity SIT- L | 9/4/2013 | 2,240 | 8/15/2023 | 3/7/2016 | 2025-2026 | 5\% | 300 | 300 |
| Ref. Rec \& Parks - U | 6/13/2013 | 4,530 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 355 | 355 |
| Ref. Storm - U | 6/13/2013 | 8,095 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 1,160 | 1,160 |
| Ref. Sanitary Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 44,860 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 6,455 | 6,455 |
| Ref. Water 2004-U | 6/13/2013 | 27,780 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Ref. Water 2008-U | 6/13/2013 | 32,100 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 4,625 | 4,625 |
| Ref. Rec \& Parks - U | 6/13/2013 | 9,565 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 2,245 | 2,245 |
| Ref. Storm Sewer-U | 6/13/2013 | 2,660 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 560 | 560 |
| Ref. Sanitary Sewer - U | 6/13/2013 | 23,340 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 4,500 | 4,500 |
| Ref. Water (U) | 6/13/2013 | 75,835 | 7/1/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 14,740 | 14,740 |
| Safety \& Health - U | 9/4/2013 | 8,070 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 1,150 | 1,150 |
| Rec \& Parks - U | 9/4/2013 | 31,825 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 3,740 | 3,740 |
| Transportation - U | 9/4/2013 | 89,025 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 11,125 | 11,125 |
| Water - U | 9/4/2013 | 32,305 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 3,230 | 3,230 |
| Storm Sewer - U | 9/4/2013 | 5,445 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 540 | 540 |
| Sanitary Sewer - U | 9/4/2013 | 48,560 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 4,850 | 4,850 |
| Safety \& Health - L | 9/4/2013 | 21,535 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 3,035 | 3,035 |
| Construction Mgmt - L | 9/4/2013 | 36,200 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 4,785 | 4,785 |
| Electricity SIT- L | 9/4/2013 | 2,240 | 8/15/2023 | 11/16/2016 | 2027-2028 | 5\% | 265 | 265 |
| Safety \& Health - U | 6/24/2014 | 27,475 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 2,110 | 2,110 |
| Rec \& Parks $2008-\mathrm{U}$ | 6/24/2014 | 4,485 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 265 | 265 |
| Rec \& Parks 2013 - U | 6/24/2014 | 30,925 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 2,060 | 2,060 |
| Transportation 2008-U | 6/24/2014 | 64,405 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 4,025 | 4,025 |
| Transportation 2013-U | 6/24/2014 | 21,670 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 1,355 | 1,355 |
| Electricity - U-SIT Supp | 6/24/2014 | 4,075 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 270 | 270 |
| Sanitary Sewer - U | 6/24/2014 | 43,255 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 2,160 | 2,160 |
| Water - U | 6/24/2014 | 42,660 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 2,135 | 2,135 |
| Storm Sewer - U | 6/24/2014 | 6,900 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 345 | 345 |
| Rec \& Parks Golf - U | 6/24/2014 | 2,800 | 2/15/2024 | 11/16/2016 | 2027 | 5\% | 15 | 15 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## NOTE H—DEFERRED I NFLOWS / DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second is the deferred outflows related to pensions, also reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Deferred outflows related to pensions result from changes in Net Pension Liability not recognized as a component of current year pension expense. This amount is deferred and amortized over various periods as instructed by the pension plan administrators.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of position follows. Internal service fund deferred outflows from refundings and pension expense at December 31, 2016 were $\$ 650$ thousand and $\$ 12.200$ million, respectively, are included in governmental activities.


In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has nonexchange revenue transactions where a receivable has been recorded because property taxes were levied, but the resources cannot be used until a future period. This item has been reported as deferred inflow on the government-wide statement of net position. In addition, deferred inflows related to pensions are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Deferred inflows related to pensions result

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
from changes in Net Pension Liability not recognized as a component of current year pension expense. This amount is deferred and amortized over various periods as instructed by the pension plan administrators.

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of position follows. Internal service fund deferred inflows related to pensions at December 31, 2016 were $\$ 884$ thousand and are included in governmental activities.


On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the City has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable. Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund balance sheet for the following:


## NOTE I-PROPERTY LEASED TO OTHERS

- The City leased to others in 1985, an office building known as the old, old post office. The City has no net investment in this lease because the City's purchase price of $\$ 3$ million for the building was entirely recovered by a lease payment received at the lease's inception. The initial lease term was for 20 years with a 20 -year renewal term at $\$ 100$ per year. The lessee renewed the lease in December 2005 for an additional 20 years. The lessee may then purchase the property at its then fair market value or continue to lease it for up to 55 additional years.
- The City leases certain real property, together with buildings and improvements located thereon, to the Columbus Zoological Park Association (the Zoo). The lease, with annual rental payments of $\$ 10$ per year, which was paid in a lump sum of $\$ 200$ before the first anniversary date of the amended lease, is an extension of earlier leases that began in 1970. This current lease which commenced in 2003 expires December 31, 2023. The Zoo uses and occupies the premises solely for zoological, conservation, educational, research, and recreational purposes. Animals at the Zoo are not owned by the City.
- The City completed construction of the Griggs Boathouse in 2011 on the City property located at 3033 Thoburn Rd. The construction was funded from monies provided by The Ohio State University (OSU). The property and


## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

## Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

associated building remains a City of Columbus asset. The construction agreement provided for the completed facility to be used by OSU, the Greater Columbus Rowing Association (GCRA), and the City. The subsequent lease agreement between the three parties determines their responsibilities based on the percentage of area used by each as 50 percent, 33.5 percent, and 16.5 percent, respectively. There are two leases associated with the Griggs Boathouse. The first lease is with OSU and is a term of 40 years with an annual review and renewal of the terms of the rental amount. The second agreement is with GCRA and is a five (5) year lease with an option for automatic renewal for an additional five (5) years. The rental factors include annual and regular operations and maintenance (utilities, custodial, annual preventative maintenance, building insurance, and telecommunications) as well as longer term costs for interior repairs and replacement and exterior hardscape, softscape \& building repair and replacement. Rent collections are accounted for in a special revenue fund.

- In 2011 the City completed construction on the Scioto Mile properties. Included was the construction of a restaurant facility located at 229 Civic Center Drive within the Bicentennial Park. In 2011 the City entered into a three year lease agreement with KA Restaurant Concepts LLC for the operations of the restaurant facility. The agreement establishes the rent at 3 percent of the first two million dollars in gross sales, and 5 percent of gross sales exceeding two million dollars. Rent collections are held in a special revenue fund for the purpose of paying utilities consumed by the tenant at the restaurant, for the exterior and structural repair and replacement needs of the restaurant facility itself as well as any other repair and replacement needs of the park and facilities at Bicentennial Park. The lease has three renewal options for three years each. In 2015, the City exercised the first of these renewal options.
- The City leases to Specialty Restaurant Corporations 5.147 acres of real property located at the confluence of the Olentangy and Scioto Rivers under a long term ground lease. Rent collections are accounted for in the general fund.
- The City also leases part of a City-owned building at 1111 East Broad Street to various other government related agencies. In 2016, the City received $\$ 800,464$ in rental payments that were accounted for in a special revenue fund.
- On April 22, 2004, pursuant to Ordinance No, 0624-03, the City purchased the Lincoln Theater property for $\$ 1,000,000$. On July 27, 2007, pursuant to Ordinance No. 2253-2006, the City leased the property to the Lincoln Theater Association, an Ohio nonprofit corporation, under a 99 year lease. Under the terms of the lease the Lincoln Theater Association was required to undertake major renovations to the building and to use the building primarily for the presentation of theatrical, musical, comedy and other performing arts. The City, Franklin County, and private organizations contributed toward rehabilitation and restoration efforts of the theater in addition to the major renovations required under the lease agreement.
- The City leases three City-owned buildings to the Columbus Neighborhood Health Center, Inc. to run community health centers. These buildings are located at 2300 West Broad Street, 1905 Parsons Avenue, and 1180 East Main Street. In 2016, the City received $\$ 597,284$ in rental payments.

In addition to the major leases itemized here, the City has numerous other properties leased out in varying terms and amounts.

## NOTE J -LEASE COMMITMENTS AND LEASED ASSETS

The City leases a significant amount of property and equipment under short term operating leases. Total payments on such leases for the year ended December 31, 2016 were approximately $\$ 1.8$ million ( $\$ 3.1$ million in 2015).

- The City also leases a building under a capitalized lease. The cost of the building, $\$ 19.8$ million, is included in the City's capital assets used in governmental activities. The final capital lease payment on the building was paid by the City in 2005. In December 2008, the City agreed to terms for the lease of this building which include: an initial term of one year commencing on April 1, 2009 and continuing for successive one-year terms unless the City provides 60 day written notice of its intention not to terminate and subject to annual appropriation of funds


## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
for payment of rent; annual rent is the City's pro-rated share of the insurance cost of the building; upon the City's expenditure of an accumulated cost of $\$ 30$ million in capital improvements by no later than December 31, 2030, the City shall have an option to take fee title to the building with payment of the leased option purchase price as defined in the lease.

- On April 1, 1993, the City leased to the Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio (SWACO) an electricity-generating, solid waste recovery plant and related transfer stations (the Plant). The annual lease payments to the City were to be in the amount of the related debt service requirements. The lease was accounted for as a capital lease and was originally accounted for in the Electricity Enterprise Fund.

Due to a series of federal court decisions and U.S. E.P.A. decisions, the Plant ceased operations in 1994. Because the asset underlying the lease was no longer a functioning asset, the lease was transferred from the Electricity Enterprise Fund to the Special Income Tax debt service fund in 1994 and to the City's General Fund in 2004. The Plant was demolished in 2005.

Through various amendments to the lease, the City agreed to reduce the amount due from SWACO to the City to an amount equal to 65 percent of debt service and associated bond costs required for the City's bonds from January 1, 1995 to the bonds' final maturity in 2010. SWACO agreed to impose a new fee on garbage originating throughout the SWACO boundaries, primarily Franklin County, Ohio. The City, rather than pay cash to SWACO for residential type garbage picked up by City garbage trucks, grants a credit to SWACO against the amount due by SWACO to the City. The final credit from SWACO was received in the first quarter of 2012 and the City has begun paying the fee to SWACO. This fee applies to all garbage originating within SWACO boundaries regardless of whether the garbage is disposed of (tipped) at SWACO's landfill or not. This fee, authorized by SWACO in December 1998, became effective at various dates in 1999. As a result of additional modifications to the SWACO lease agreement, the term of the lease has been extended to March 31, 2054.

SWACO operates a landfill and agrees to continue to operate the landfill in a manner that ensures that disposal capacity in the Franklin County Landfill will be available to the City and its residents through, at a minimum, the year 2025. The City continues to agree to dispose of all garbage collected by the City at the SWACO landfill. In 2015, the City paid SWACO a total of $\$ 17.6$ million from all funds for landfill tipping fees ( $\$ 16.8$ million in 2014).

- During 2004, the City entered into an agreement with its component unit, RiverSouth, for the lease of approximately 1.621 acres of land. In addition, during 2016, the City entered into a ground lease with RiverSouth for an approximate 6.344 acre tract of real property on the Scioto Peninsula for a period of forty years. These lease agreements are described in Note A.


## NOTE K-PENSI ON PLANS

## DEFI NED BENEFIT PENSI ON PLANS

## Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation to fund this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting.

Police and fire-sworn personnel participate in the statewide Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP\&F). Substantially all other City employees participate in the statewide Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Both OP\&F and OPERS are cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement systems administered by their respective Retirement Boards. The OP\&F Board consists of six members elected by representative groups and three statutory members. The OPERS Board consists of seven members elected by representative groups, one statutory member, and three appointed members. The total payroll for the City's employees for the year ended December 31, 2016 was $\$ 665.5$ million. Of this amount, $\$ 333.7$ million was covered by OP\&F, $\$ 321.8$ million was covered by OPERS, and $\$ 10.0$ million was not subject to pension benefit calculations.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Required contributions to OP\&F and OPERS are used to fund pension obligations and health care programs. In addition to paying the employer's share as required by the ORC, the City pays a portion of the employee's share. Rates required attributable to 2016 payroll costs are summarized as follows:

|  | Percentage of covered payroll-January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employee share |  |  | Employer Share | Total |
|  | Paid by City | Paid by employee | Total |  |  |
| OP\&F: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police hired before 01/01/2013, through 12/03/2016 | 2.25 | 10.00 | 12.25\% | 19.50\% | 31.75\% |
| Police hired before 01/01/2013, effective 12/04/2016 | 1.50 | 10.75 | 12.25\% | 19.50\% | 31.75\% |
| Police hired on or after 01/01/2013 | 0.00 | 12.25 | 12.25\% | 19.50\% | 31.75\% |
| Fire | 0.00 | 12.25 | 12.25\% | 24.00\% | 36.25\% |
| OPERS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| AFSCME Local 1632 hired on or after 05/15/2011 | 0.00 | 10.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| AFSCME Local 1632 hired before 05/15/2011, through 03/26/2016 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| AFSCME Local 1632 hired before 05/15/2011, effective 03/27/2016 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| AFSCME Local 2191 hired on or after 07/10/2011 | 0.00 | 10.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| AFSCME Local 2191 hired before 07/10/2011, through 03/26/2016 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| AFSCME Local 2191 hired before 07/10/2011, effective 03/27/2016 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| CMAGE/CWA hired on or after 07/24/2011 | 0.00 | 10.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| CMAGE/CWA hired before 07/24/2011, through 08/13/2016 | 3.00 | 7.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| CMAGE/CWA hired before 07/24/2011, effective 08/14/2016 | 2.00 | 8.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| MCP hired on or after 01/01/2010 | 0.00 | 10.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| MCP hired before 01/01/2010, through 03/12/2016 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |
| MCP hired before 01/01/2010, effective 03/13/2016 | 3.00 | 7.00 | 10.00\% | 14.00\% | 24.00\% |

## Police and Fire (OP\&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in OP\&F, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP\&F. OP\&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP\&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP\&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP\&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 432155164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP\&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP\&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1,2013 , the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit. Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP\&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost of living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
receiving a cost of living adjustment (COLA) does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12 -month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1,2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

|  | Police |  | Firefighters |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 ~ S t a t u t o r y ~ M a x i m u m ~ C o n t r i b u t i o n ~ R a t e s ~}$ |  |  |  |
| Employer | $19.50 \%$ |  | $24.00 \%$ |
| Employee | $12.25 \%$ |  | $12.25 \%$ |

## 2016 Actual Contribution Rates

Employer:

| Pension | $19.00 \%$ |  | $23.50 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Post-employment Health Care Benefits | $0.50 \%$ |  | $0.50 \%$ |
|  |  | $19.50 \%$ | $24.00 \%$ |
| Total Employer |  |  |  |
|  |  | $12.25 \%$ |  |

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP\&F was $\$ 71.984$ million for 2016.

## OPERS

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters and seasonal employees opting out of pension benefits, participate in OPERS. OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While City employees may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

| Group A | Group B | Group C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013 | 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013 | Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013 |
| State and Local | State and Local | State and Local |
| Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: | Age and Service Requirements: |
| Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit | Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with <br> 5 years of service credit |
| Formula: | Formula: | Formula: |
| $2.2 \%$ of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and $2.5 \%$ for service years in excess of 30 | $2.2 \%$ of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and $2.5 \%$ for service years in excess of 30 | 2.2\% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and $2.5 \%$ for service years in excess of 35 |

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual COLA is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a three percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at three percent.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

|  | State and <br> Local |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates |  |
| Employer | $14.00 \%$ |
| Employee | $10.00 \%$ |
| 2016 Actual Contribution Rates |  |
| Employer: |  |
| Pension | $12.00 \%$ |
| Post-employment Heatth Care Benefits | $2.00 \%$ |
| Total Employer | $14.00 \%$ <br> Employee |

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was $\$ 45.055$ million for 2016.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

|  | OP\&F | OPERS | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (in thousands) |  |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ 941,375 | \$ 381,662 | \$ 1,323,037 |
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 14.63\% | 2.21\% | 5.58\% |
| Pension Expense | \$ 109,676 | \$ 55,816 | \$ 165,492 |

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|  | OP\&F |  | OPERS |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | thousands) |  |  |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Difference between proportionate share and actual employer contributions |  | 9 |  | 112 | \$ | 121 |
| Change in proportionate share |  | 1,036 |  | 3,317 |  | 4,353 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments |  | 153,180 |  | 112,832 |  | 266,012 |
| City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date |  | 70,313 |  | 37,076 |  | 107,389 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | \$ 224,538 |  | 153,337 | \$ | 377,875 |
| Deferred I nflows of Resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Difference between proportionate share and actual employer contributions |  | \$ | \$ | 36 | \$ | 36 |
| Differences between expected and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | \$ 2,643 |  | 7,894 | \$ | 10,537 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of $\$ 107.389$ million are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension as they will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as an addition/(reduction) in pension expense as follows:

|  | OP\&F |  | OPERS |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ousands) |  |  |
| Fiscal Year Ending December 31: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017 | \$ | 40,026 | \$ | 26,199 | \$ | 66,225 |
| 2018 |  | 40,026 |  | 28,001 |  | 68,027 |
| 2019 |  | 40,026 |  | 28,908 |  | 68,934 |
| 2020 |  | 31,871 |  | 25,515 |  | 57,386 |
| 2021-2025 |  | (367) |  | (256) |  | (623) |
| Total | \$ | 151,582 | \$ | 108,367 |  | 259,949 |

## Actuarial Assumptions - OP\&F

OP\&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1,2015 , and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP\&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2015, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method
Investment Rate of Return
Projected Salary Increases
Payroll Increases
Inflation Assumptions
Cost of Living Adjustments

```
    Entry Age Normal
    8 . 2 5 \text { percent}
    4.25 percent to }11\mathrm{ percent
    3.75 percent
    3.25 percent
2.60 percent and 3.00 percent
```

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.
The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. A summary of best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP\&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 follows:

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

| Asset Class | Target <br> Allocation | 10 Year Expected Real Rate of Return ** | 30 Year Expected Real Rate of Return * * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash \& Cash Equivalents | 0.00 \% | 0.00 \% | 0.00 \% |
| Domestic Equity | 16.00 | 4.47 | 7.80 |
| Non-US Equity | 16.00 | 4.47 | 8.00 |
| Core Fixed Income * | 20.00 | 1.62 | 5.35 |
| Global Inflation Protected * | 20.00 | 1.33 | 4.73 |
| High Yield | 15.00 | 3.39 | 7.21 |
| Real Estate | 12.00 | 3.93 | 7.43 |
| Private Markets | 8.00 | 6.98 | 10.73 |
| Timber | 5.00 | 4.92 | 7.35 |
| Master Limited Partnerships | 8.00 | 7.03 | 10.75 |
| Total | 120.00 \% |  |  |
| * levered $2 x$ <br> ** Numbers include inflation |  |  |  |

OP\&F's assumed long-term discount rate of 8.25 percent is supported by the 30 -year expected rate of return, as calculated by their investment advisor.

OP\&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP\&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

## Discount Rate

The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower ( 7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher ( 9.25 percent) than the current rate.

Current

|  | $1 \%$ Decrease <br> $(7.25 \%)$ |  | Discount Rate <br> $(8.25 \%)$ | $1 \%$ Increase <br> $(9.25 \%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| City's proportionate share <br> of the net pension liability | $\$ 1,241,544$ |  |  |  |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

## Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return<br>Future Salary Increases, including inflation<br>Wage Inflation<br>Cost of Living Adjustments

Individual Entry Age
8.00 percent
4.25 percent to 10.05 percent
3.75 percent

Pre 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent, simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent, simple through 2018, then 2.8 percent, simple

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2010.
The long term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan, and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is $0.4 \%$ for 2015.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2015 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

| Asset Class | Target <br> Allocation |  | Weighted Average <br> Long-Term Expected <br> Real Rate of Return <br> (Arithmetic) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $23.00 \%$ |  | $2.31 \%$ |
| Fixed Income | 20.70 |  | 5.84 |
| Real Estate | 10.00 |  | 4.25 |
| Private Equity | 10.00 |  | 9.25 |
| International Equities | 18.30 |  | 7.40 |
| Other investments | 18.00 |  | 4.59 |
| Total | $100.00 \%$ |  | $5.27 \%$ |

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower ( 7 percent) or one percent higher ( 9 percent) than the current rate:

Current

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability

count

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Discount Rate } \\ (8.00 \%)\end{array}$ |
| :--- |
| (in thousands) |

\$ 609,772
\$ 381,662

1\% Increase (9.00\%)
\$ 189,300

## Postemployment Benefits - OP\&F

## A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the OP\&F sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP\&F. OP\&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP\&F provides access to postemployment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or an eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP\&F is considered an Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.
The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP\&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP\&F Board of Trustees (Board) to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the ORC.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
OP\&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP\&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP\&F's website at www.op-f.org.
B. Funding Policy

The ORC provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP\&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The ORC states that the employer contributions may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP\&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One fund is for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one fund is for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP\&F Board of Trustees.
The Board is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. The employer contributions allocated to the health care plan were 0.5 percent of covered payroll from January 1, 2016 thru December 31, 2016. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and also is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP\&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP\&F allocated to health care for police employer contributions and firefighter employer contribution for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were $\$ 913,000$ (police) and $\$ 758,000$ (fire), $\$ 832,000$ (police) and $\$ 663,000$ (fire), and $\$ 819,000$ (police) and $\$ 652,000$ (fire), respectively.

## Postemployment Benefits - OPERS

A. Plan Description

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan - a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan - a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July 1, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, OPERS maintains a costsharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants in the MemberDirected Plan. At retirement or refund, participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2015 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml\#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.
B. Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2016, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary, which is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was $2.0 \%$ during calendar year 2016. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2017 decreased to $1.0 \%$ for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member Directed Plan for 2016 was 4.0\%.

The portion of the City's contribution used to fund OPEB for 2016, 2015, and 2014 was $\$ 6.2$ million, $\$ 5.7$ million, and $\$ 5.7$ million, respectively.

There are no postemployment benefits provided by the City other than those provided through OPERS and OP\&F.

## NOTE L— TAXES

## I ncome Taxes

Based on the results of a special election in August 2009, the City's income tax rate was increased from 2 percent to 2.5 percent. This rate was effective as of October 1, 2009. The City levies tax on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, residents of the City are required to pay City income tax on income they earn outside the City. However, a credit is allowed for income taxes paid to other municipalities.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees' compensation and remit this tax to the City semimonthly, monthly, or quarterly, depending upon the amounts withheld. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

For the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes as revenue income tax received within 60 days after year end applicable to taxpayer liabilities for periods prior to the year-end net of an allowance for income tax refunds. These taxes are considered both measurable and available whereas all other income taxes are recognized as revenue when received. The City has consistently followed this practice for many years.

Receivables and unearned revenues have been recorded in the General and Special Income Tax funds in the amount of $\$ 58.5$ million and $\$ 19.5$ million, respectively, for the estimated income tax due to the City for 2016 and prior tax years, but not collected within the available period.

## Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City.
Real property taxes and public utility taxes collected during 2016 were assessed against the value listed as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. One half of these taxes were due January 20, 2016 with the remaining balance due on June 20, 2016.

Assessed values on real property are established by state law at 35 percent of appraised market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every sixth year. The last revaluation in Franklin County was completed in 2011. The assessed value upon which the 2016 levy was based was approximately $\$ 14.572$ billion ( $\$ 14.197$ billion, $\$ 124$ million, and $\$ 251$ million for Franklin County, Fairfield County, and Delaware County, respectively). The assessed value for 2016 including real and public utilities, upon which the 2017 levy will be based, is approximately $\$ 14.867$ billion ( $\$ 14.466$ billion, $\$ 134$ million, and $\$ 267$ million for Franklin County, Fairfield County, and Delaware County, respectively).

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities within a county in excess of 1 percent of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .314 percent ( 3.14 mills) of assessed value. Increases in the property tax rate are restricted only by voter willingness to approve such increases.

The County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the counties, including the City of Columbus. The County Auditors periodically remit to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semiannual basis. Current tax collections for the year ended December 31, 2016 were 94.9 percent ( 88.2 percent in 2015) of the tax levy in Franklin County.

Property taxes levied in 2016 but not due for collection until 2017 are recorded in the General Fund as taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2016 in the amount of $\$ 45.929$ million.

## NOTE M-TAX ABATEMENTS

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, the City is required to disclose certain information about tax abatements as defined in the Statement. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 77, a tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the City or the citizens of the City. The City has entered into such agreements. A description of each of the City's abatement programs where the City has promised to forgo taxes follows:

## Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Program

The Ohio Community Reinvestment Area program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. Community Reinvestment Areas (CRA) are areas of land in which property owners can

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHI O

## Notes to the Financial Statements, continued


#### Abstract

receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. In order to use the Community Reinvestment program, a city, village, or county petitions to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing has traditionally been discouraged. Once the area is confirmed by the Director of ODSA, communities may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area.


The City determines the type of development to support by specifying the eligibility of residential, commercial and/or industrial projects. The City negotiates property tax exemptions on new property tax from investment for up to one hundred percent ( $100 \%$ ) for up to fifteen years based on the amount of investments made to renovate or construct buildings within a CRA. Taxes are abated as the increase in assessed value resulting from the investment is not included (or included at a lesser amount) in the assessed value used for property tax computation for the taxpayer. For commercial projects, job retention and/or creation is also required. Agreements must be in place before the project begins. Provisions for recapturing property tax exemptions, which can be used at the discretion of the City, are pursuant to ORC Section 9.66(C)(1) and 9.66(C)(2).

## Enterprise Zone Program

The Ohio Enterprise Zone Program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real and personal property tax exemptions to businesses making investments in Ohio. Enterprise zones are designated areas of land in which businesses can receive tax incentives in the form of tax exemptions on eligible new investment. The Enterprise Zone Program can provide tax exemptions for a portion of the value of new real property investment when the investment is made in conjunction with a project that includes job creation. Existing land values and existing building values are not eligible. The zone's geographic area is identified by the local communities involved in the creation of the zone. Once a zone is defined, the local legislative authority participating in the creation must petition the Director of ODSA. The Director must then certify the area for it to become an active Enterprise Zone. Local communities may offer tax incentives for non-retail projects that are establishing or expanding operations in the State of Ohio. Tax incentives are negotiated at the local level, and an enterprise zone agreement must be in place before the project begins.

There are 54 Enterprise Zones in the City. Business located in an Enterprise Zone may negotiate exemptions on new property tax from investment for up to seventy-five percent (75\%) for 10 years. For commercial projects, job retention and/or creation is also required. Taxes are abated as the increase in assessed value resulting from the investment is not included (or included at a lesser amount) in the assessed value used for property tax computation for the taxpayer. Agreements must be in place before the project begins. Pursuant to the terms of such agreements, if the actual number of employee positions created or retained by the business in any three-year period during which the agreement is in effect is not equal to or greater than 75 percent of the number of employee positions estimated to be created or retained under the agreement, the business shall repay the amount of taxes on property that would have been payable had the property not been exempted. In addition, the City may terminate or modify the exemptions from taxation granted under the agreement if the terms of the agreement are not met.

## J ob Creation Tax Credit Program

Pursuant to ORC 718.15, Tax credit for businesses that foster new jobs in Ohio, a city, by ordinance, may grant a refundable or nonrefundable credit against its tax on income to taxpayers to foster job creation in the city. Tax credits granted under this section of the ORC are measured as a percentage of the new income tax revenue the City derives from new employees of the taxpayer and are for a term not to exceed fifteen years. Tax credits are applied against the taxpayer's annual income tax filing. It is required that the City and the tax payer enter into an agreement specifying all of the conditions of the credit prior to passage of the ordinance granting the credit.
The City currently has Job Creation Tax Credit agreements with 28 Columbus businesses (taxpayers). The tax credit percentage and term of the specific agreements is based upon the amount of new investment and the number of jobs created as a result of identified project. Job Creation Tax Credit agreements include specific language for refund of the credits should the terms of the agreement not be met by the taxpayer.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
A summary of the taxes forgone on the City's abatement programs for the year ended December 31, 2016 follows:

| Program | Tax Abated | Source | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Community Reinvestment Areas | Property Tax | Franklin County Auditor | \$827,969 |
| Enterprise Zone Agreements | Property Tax | Franklin County Auditor | 211,932 |
| Job Creation Tax Credits | Income Tax | Columbus Income Tax Division | 872,127 |
| Total taxes abated |  |  | \$1,912,028 |

## NOTE N-FUND BALANCE

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is "bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent" in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

The components for reporting the City's fund balance are restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. At December 31 2016, the City had no significant fund balance which is considered nonspendable, as defined by GASB Statement No. 54. Restricted fund balance includes those amounts that are restricted by parties outside of the City and pursuant to enabling legislation. Committed fund balance describes the portion of fund balance that has been limited by use by approval of City Council. City Council is the City's highest level of decision making. Fund balance commitments are established, modified, or rescinded by City Council action through passage of an ordinance. Assigned fund balance includes amounts that have an intended use by City Council. City Council demonstrates its intent for use of assigned amounts through passage of appropriation legislation, resolution, or ordinance. The unassigned fund balance represents the residual net resources.

On April 11, 1988, City Council passed ordinance 0860-1988 which established an Economic Stabilization subfund within the General Fund. Per the ordinance, funds in the Economic Stabilization subfund can only be expended upon authorization of City Council. Such expenditures "shall be solely for the purpose of continuing basic City services during times of economic recession or unexpected revenue loss by the City". City Council authorizes transfers into the Economic Stabilization subfund as funds are deemed available. The balance in the Economic Stabilization subfund at December 31, 2016 was $\$ 69.5$ million and is included in the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City does not have a formal policy for its use of unrestricted fund balance amounts; therefore, it considers committed amounts used first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
A summary of fund balance as of December 31, 2016 by category with specific purpose information follows (in thousands):

|  | General Fund |  | Special <br> Income Tax | Other Governmental Funds |  | otal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fund balances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asset management | \$ | - |  | 62,556 | \$ | 62,556 |
| Building, housing and economic incentive |  | - | - | 139,266 |  | 139,266 |
| Information technology capital projects |  | - |  | 1,826 |  | 1,826 |
| Life enrichment |  | - | - | 47,074 |  | 47,074 |
| Mobility options |  | - | - | 222,257 |  | 222,257 |
| Municipal court/Justice |  | - | - | 4,195 |  | 4,195 |
| Protection and enforcement |  | - | - | 31,222 |  | 31,222 |
| Waste management |  | - | - | 11,133 |  | 11,133 |
| Wellness and prevention |  | - | - | 2,687 |  | 2,687 |
| Other purposes |  | - | - | 1,459 |  | 1,459 |
| Total restricted |  | - | - | 523,675 |  | 523,675 |
| Committed to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asset management |  | - | - | 3,017 |  | 3,017 |
| Building, housing and economic incentive |  | 2,702 | - | 22,727 |  | 25,429 |
| Casino |  | - | - | 1,818 |  | 1,818 |
| Community outreach |  | - | - | 1,867 |  | 1,867 |
| Debt service reserve |  | - | 192,579 | - |  | 192,579 |
| General governance |  | 1,521 | - | - |  | 1,521 |
| Life enrichment |  | - | - | 2,402 |  | 2,402 |
| Mobility options |  | - | - | 5,776 |  | 5,776 |
| Protection and enforcement |  | 1,655 | - | 2,392 |  | 4,047 |
| Wellness and prevention |  | - | - | 1,185 |  | 1,185 |
| Other purposes |  | - | - | 5,550 |  | 5,550 |
| Total committed |  | 5,878 | 192,579 | 46,734 |  | 245,191 |
| Assigned to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Building, housing and economic incentive |  | 297 | - | - |  | 297 |
| Job growth initiative |  | 314 | - | - |  | 314 |
| Public safety initiative |  | 306 | - | - |  | 306 |
| 27th pay period |  | 17,750 | - | - |  | 17,750 |
| Total assigned |  | 18,667 | - | - |  | 18,667 |
| Unassigned |  | 114,090 | - | (253) |  | 113,837 |
| Total fund balances | \$ | 138,635 | 192,579 | 570,156 | \$ | 901,370 |

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
The following deficit fund balances existed at December 31, 2016 (in thousands):
Deficit Fund
Governmental Activities
Other Governmental Funds:
Nationwide Pen Site TIF
Nationwide Off Sites TIF
Gateway OSU TIF
\$ 4
$-2$
Smart City 1
Jeffery Place TIF 62
Ohio Health TIF 177
Internal Service Funds:
Employee benefits
\$ 4,395
Information services
9,392
Construction inspection 4,371
These deficits will be eliminated by future charges for services and future TIF service payments. A portion of these deficits are the result of a change in accounting for net pension liability for which there is no repayment schedule.

Fund balance deficits may be budgeted for and exist on the City's budgetary basis of accounting for certain funds. These fund balance deficits exist because encumbrances are recorded against certain accounts receivable that are not recognized as revenue on the budget basis of accounting.

## NOTE O—MI SCELLANEOUS REVENUES

For the year ended December 31, 2016, miscellaneous revenues in the fund financial statements consisted of the following (in thousands):

|  | General |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Special Income } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Other Governmental Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hotel/motel taxes | \$ | - | - | 21,332 |
| Refunds and reimbursements |  | 3,119 | 496 | 18,059 |
| Rent |  | 205 | 257 | 2,469 |
| Donations |  | - | - | 1,248 |
| HUD loan program |  | - | - | 1,157 |
| City auto license tax |  | - | - | 3,558 |
| Sale of assets |  | 1 | - | 2,394 |
| Electric kWh revenue |  | 3,132 | - | - |
| Other |  | 470 | 1 | 1,097 |
| Total miscellaneous revenues | \$ | 6,927 | 754 | 51,314 |

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

## NOTE P-TRANSFERS

For the year ended December 31, 2016, transfers presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) consisted of the following (in thousands):


Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the General Bond Retirement fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization, including amounts provided as subsidies and/or matching funds for various grant programs. Transfers from business-type activities represent legally authorized transfers to fund the business-type activity portion of certain governmental activities' capital projects.

## NOTE Q-COMPONENT UNITS

As described in Note A, the City has two blended component units. The significant accounting disclosures for the component unit follow.

## THE RIVERSOUTH AUTHORITY (RiverSouth)

RiverSouth is a community authority created by the City of Columbus pursuant to Chapter 349 of the Ohio Revised Code as a body corporate and politic. RiverSouth was created to govern the redevelopment and revitalization of a new community referred to as the RiverSouth District. The Downtown Development Corporation, a not-for-profit corporation, has been appointed developer of the new community.

Significant Accounting Policies and Disclosures for RiverSouth
The financial statements of the RiverSouth Authority have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cash - At December 31, 2016, the carrying amount of the Authority's cash was $\$ 30.970$ million. These funds are on deposit with a trustee and will be used for the Authority's expenses. Also, the amount is deposited with a U.S. Government Money Market Fund, and has been rated Aaa by Standard and Poor's and is considered a cash equivalent.

While the funds are uncollateralized and uninsured, their disposition and availability are governed by bond resolution and the Master Trust Agreement, the First Supplemental Trust agreement, and the Second Supplemental Trust agreement between the Authority and U.S. Bank.

Bonds Payable - As of December 31, 2016, $\$ 76.440$ million of RiverSouth bonds remain outstanding. This total par amount includes three separate bond issues: $\$ 22.220$ million of 2012 bonds; $\$ 26.705$ million of 2014 bonds and $\$ 27.515$ of 2016 bonds. These bonds are payable from the revenues provided by the City and are subject to annual appropriations of City Council as described in Note A.

The revenues and receipts assigned by the Trust Agreement are primarily composed of certain rental payments to be paid to RiverSouth under the Lease with the City. The rental payments paid by the City to RiverSouth are from monies specifically appropriated for such purpose and are to be the primary source of money to pay debt service. The obligation of the City to make rental payments is expressly made subject to the availability of annual appropriations for such purpose. Notwithstanding the requirement for annual appropriations of rental payments for the payment of debt service, the City has agreed that all such rental payments required to pay debt service will be included in the estimated budgets of the City. RiverSouth and the City contemplate that the supplemental agreements will make provision for rental payments to be paid to RiverSouth in amounts adequate to meet the debt service on outstanding bonds. Neither the project land nor the capital facilities to be financed with the bond proceeds are pledged to secure payment on the bonds. The first rental payments from the City were paid December $1,2007$. Final maturities of the bonds occur in 2041.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued
Principal and interest requirements to retire the RiverSouth's outstanding debt at December 31, 2016 are:

| Year ending December 31, | (in thousands) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Principal |  | Interest |  |
| 2017 | \$ | 4,805 | \$ | 3,436 |
| 2018 |  | 5,665 |  | 3,228 |
| 2019 |  | 5,935 |  | 2,949 |
| 2020 |  | 6,230 |  | 2,648 |
| 2021 |  | 6,525 |  | 2,361 |
| 2022-2026 |  | 26,845 |  | 7,172 |
| 2027-2031 |  | 5,485 |  | 3,733 |
| 2032-2036 |  | 6,740 |  | 2,472 |
| 2037-2041 |  | 8,210 |  | 1,011 |
| Total | \$ | 76,440 | \$ | 29,010 |

See Notes A and J for further disclosures related to RiverSouth and its relationship and transactions with the City. Complete financial statements of RiverSouth may be obtained by contacting the Chief Financial Officer, Columbus Downtown Development Corporation, 150 S. Front Street, Suite 210, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

## THE COLUMBUS NEXT GENERATI ON CORPORTATI ON (CNGC)

The Columbus Next Generation Corporation (CNGC), a non-profit development corporation, was established in October 2012. City Council authorized $\$ 450$ thousand contract with CNGC for 2016. Under that contract, CNGC will perform a variety of services to advance economic development, including but not limited to: create economic development plans for specific areas of the City; acquire and develop real estate; and manage various related projects. In 2016, the City provided cash assistance to CNGC of $\$ 2.025$ million toward these contracts.

At December 31, 2016 the carrying amount of CNGC cash was $\$ 739,176$. The City's cash assistance was CNGC's only revenue source in 2016 and it was used for general operating expenses of the new corporation.

## NOTE R - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSI TI ON

The City implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions for the year ending December 31, 2015. The City participates in two different multi-employer plans and records its share of the net pension liability using a measurement date on a one year lag. After the City issued its December 31, 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, one of the pension plans restated its collective net pension liability based on revised information presented to its actuary.

The impact of this change on the government-wide net position as reported December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

|  | Governmental Activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net position, as previously reported | \$ | 905,721 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |
| Increase in Net Pension Liability |  | $(18,657)$ |
| Net position, as restated | \$ | 887,064 |

Of the $\$ 18.657$ million adjustment, $\$ 1.753$ million increased the City's 2015 proportionate share of pension expense, while $\$ 16.904$ million reduced December 31, 2014 net position.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at end of year on the budget basis to the modified accrual basis (GAAP) are as follows:

## Net change in fund balance per the Budgetary Comparison Schedule

\$
$(2,353)$
(Increases) decreases from revenues:
Received in cash during year but already accrued as receivables (GAAP) at December 31, 2015
Accrued as receivables at December 31, 2016 but not recognized in budget
Deferred at December 31, 2015 but not recognized in budget
$(139,766)$
148,970
Deferred at December 31, 2016 but recognized in budget
107,577
(Increases) decreases from encumbrances:
Expenditures of amounts encumbered during the year ended December 31, 2015
$(113,062)$

Recognized as expenditures in the budget
$(28,493)$
(Increases) decreases from expenditures:
Accrued as liabilities at December 31, 2015 recognized as expenditures (GAAP) but not in budget
Accrued as liabilities at December 31, 2016
57,877

Change in unrealized loss on investments
$(54,461)$

## Net change in fund balance per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Exhibit 4)



See notes to required supplementary information.
Exhibit 10

|  | Ohio Public Employees Retirement System |  |  |  | Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |  | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability |  | 2.2\% | 2.2\% | 2.2\% |  | 14.6\% | 14.6\% | 14.6\% |
| City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ | 255,520 | 260,809 | 381,662 | \$ | 728,459 (1) | 775,518 (1) | 941,375 |
| City's Covered-Employee Payroll | \$ | 267,533 | 285,078 | 321,777 | \$ | 282,245 | 290,935 | 333,648 |
| City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll |  | 95.5\% | 91.5\% | 118.6\% |  | 258.1\% | 266.6\% | 282.1\% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |  | 86.4\% | 86.5\% | 81.1\% |  | 73.0\% | 72.2\% | 66.77\% |
| (1) 2013 and 2014 City's Propo revising their collective |  | Net Pens for those | ability chang after the C | result of t shed its 20 |  | Police and prehensive | nsion Fund Financial Rep |  |

See notes to required supplementary information.
Exhibit 11

See notes to required supplementary information.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
December 31, 2016

## Note A-Budgetary Data [Exhi bit 9]

City Council follows the procedures outlined below in establishing expenditure budget data.
(1) Prior to November 15, the Mayor submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.
(2) Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City (including newspapers and libraries) and public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
(3) Subsequent to January 1, and after publication of the proposed budget ordinances, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the ordinances. The budget specifies expenditure amounts by Object Class for each division within each fund. The objects are (1) personal services, (2) materials and supplies, (3) contractual services, (4) debt principal payments, (5) other, (6) capital outlay, (7) interest on debt, and (10) transfers.
(4) Transfers of appropriations of less than $\$ 100,000$ can be made between budget Object Level One within a division and fund without additional City Council action, but with responsible management approval. Transfers in excess of this amount require the approval of both City Council and the Mayor. Supplemental appropriations must be approved by City Council. During 2016, all appropriations were approved as required. Appropriations for general fund expenditures and transfers out, were as follows:

|  |  | riginal udget | Revisions | Final budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General | \$ | 836,664 | $(3,654)$ | 833,010 |

(5) The City maintains budgetary controls by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the Object Level One level for each division within each fund.
(6) Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

All General fund expenditures, except for expenditures paid through the county auditor, have annual expenditures budgeted by City Council. Revenues and expenditures paid through the county auditor are estimated by the City Auditor in conjunction with the annual budgeting process. However, this estimate is not included or required in the budget ordinance.

Revenues for the General fund are estimated by the City Auditor in conjunction with the annual budgeting process. However, this estimate is not included or required in the budget ordinance.

## Notes to the Required Supplementary I nformation (continued)

The City's budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences are:
(1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget), as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (modified accrual).
(2) Expenditures are recorded when encumbered or paid in cash (budget), as opposed to when the liability is incurred (modified accrual).
(3) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget), as opposed to fund balances (modified accrual).

## Note B—Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pensi on Liability [Exhibit 10]

Information regarding the City's proportionate share of net pension liability for 2013 to 2015 has been provided by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP\&F). The net pension liability presented in the City's financial statement as of December 31, 2016 is based on the measurement date of December 31, 2015. Information presented in this exhibit is not available for years prior to 2013.

## Note C—Schedule of the City Contributions to State Pension Funds [Exhibit 11]

Contributions included in the schedule of city contributions include both pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The Board of Trustees for both OPERS and OP\&F determine the allocation between pension and OPEB plans annually and this allocation may change from year to year. The City pays contractually required employer rates for OPERS and OP\&F employees.

OPERS maintains three separate pension plans. The employer contribution rate is the same for all three plans. The City does not know which plan each of its employees participates in and; therefore, the contribution schedule includes all OPERS plans combined.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - the general operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Income Tax Fund - used to account for $25 \%$ of income tax collections set aside for debt service and related expenditures.

# City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund Budget Basis <br> Year Ended December 31, 2016 



## City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund <br> Budget Basis <br> Year Ended December 31, 2016

|  |  | Original |  | Fina |  | Actual Amounts |  | (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civil service commission |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | \$ | 3,499,759 | \$ | 3,499,759 | \$ | 3,273,433 | \$ | 226,326 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 44,412 |  | 59,412 |  | 54,401 |  | 5,011 |
| Contractual services |  | 546,936 |  | 531,936 |  | 490,160 |  | 41,776 |
| Total civil service commission |  | 4,091,107 |  | 4,091,107 |  | 3,817,994 |  | 273,113 |
| Human resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 1,502,104 |  | 1,502,104 |  | 1,336,538 |  | 165,566 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 56,448 |  | 56,448 |  | 32,920 |  | 23,528 |
| Contractual services |  | 1,177,179 |  | 1,318,625 |  | 1,168,539 |  | 150,086 |
| Total human resources |  | 2,735,731 |  | 2,877,177 |  | 2,537,997 |  | 339,180 |
| Mayor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 2,201,564 |  | 2,321,456 |  | 2,316,098 |  | 5,358 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 14,682 |  | 14,044 |  | 5,026 |  | 9,018 |
| Contractual services |  | 246,112 |  | 96,112 |  | 76,219 |  | 19,893 |
| Other |  | 250 |  | 850 |  | 619 |  | 231 |
| Total mayor |  | 2,462,608 |  | 2,432,462 |  | 2,397,962 |  | 34,500 |
| Community relations commission |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 866,436 |  | 450,866 |  | 450,866 |  | - |
| Materials and supplies |  | 2,390 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Contractual services |  | 64,793 |  | 15,196 |  | 13,700 |  | 1,496 |
| Total community relations comm. |  | 933,619 |  | 466,062 |  | 464,566 |  | 1,496 |
| Equal business opportunity office |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 871,329 |  | 934,826 |  | 932,073 |  | 2,753 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 5,100 |  | 5,100 |  | 4,911 |  | 189 |
| Contractual services |  | 58,423 |  | 518,423 |  | 513,322 |  | 5,101 |
| Total equal business opportunity |  | 934,852 |  | 1,458,349 |  | 1,450,306 |  | 8,043 |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 502,912 |  | 502,912 |  | 451,361 |  | 51,551 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 2,500 |  | 3,500 |
| Contractual services |  | 5,798,417 |  | 5,798,417 |  | 5,670,254 |  | 128,163 |
| Total education |  | 6,307,329 |  | 6,307,329 |  | 6,124,115 |  | 183,214 |
| Finance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 5,123,305 |  | 5,249,773 |  | 4,996,548 |  | 253,225 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 31,090 |  | 31,090 |  | 25,202 |  | 5,888 |
| Contractual services |  | 5,166,278 |  | 5,136,278 |  | 4,423,657 |  | 712,621 |
| Total finance |  | 10,320,673 |  | 10,417,141 |  | 9,445,407 |  | 971,734 |
| Technology |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | 18,417,924 |  | 18,417,924 |  | 18,002,405 |  | 415,519 |
| Total technology |  | 18,417,924 |  | 18,417,924 |  | 18,002,405 |  | 415,519 |

## City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund Budget Basis <br> Year Ended December 31, 2016

Facilities management Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services Other
Total facilities management
Neighborhoods
Personal services
Materials and supplies Contractual services Total neighborhoods

Total general government
Public service
Service director
Personal services
Materials and supplies Contractual services
Total service director
Refuse collection
Personal services
Materials and supplies Contractual services Other Capital outlay Total refuse collection

Traffic Management Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services Other
Total traffic management
Total public service
Public safety
Safety director Personal services
Materials and supplies Contractual services
Total safety director
Support services
Personal services
Materials and supplies
Contractual services
Other
Total support services

# City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual General Fund Budget Basis <br> Year Ended December 31, 2016 

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | \$ | 291,636,264 | \$ | 291,627,429 | \$ | 290,406,394 | \$ | 1,221,035 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 3,594,049 |  | 3,959,450 |  | 3,584,973 |  | 374,477 |
| Contractual services |  | 13,638,366 |  | 14,078,159 |  | 11,544,746 |  | 2,533,413 |
| Other |  | 225,000 |  | 472,577 |  | 472,011 |  | 566 |
| Capital outlay |  | 45,000 |  | 45,000 |  | 45,000 |  | - |
| Total police |  | 309,138,679 |  | 310,182,615 |  | 306,053,124 |  | 4,129,491 |
| Fire |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 214,339,244 |  | 220,262,550 |  | 220,094,343 |  | 168,207 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 3,937,961 |  | 4,601,610 |  | 4,491,904 |  | 109,706 |
| Contractual services |  | 11,612,321 |  | 11,012,321 |  | 10,975,808 |  | 36,513 |
| Other |  | 200,000 |  | 400,000 |  | 357,388 |  | 42,612 |
| Capital outlay |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total fire |  | 230,089,526 |  | 236,276,481 |  | 235,919,443 |  | 357,038 |
| Total public safety |  | 552,599,292 |  | 559,887,730 |  | 554,996,689 |  | 4,891,041 |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development administration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 3,608,642 |  | 3,386,208 |  | 3,377,409 |  | 8,799 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 29,811 |  | 26,468 |  | 25,678 |  | 790 |
| Contractual services |  | 3,256,866 |  | 3,519,521 |  | 3,311,076 |  | 208,445 |
| Total development administration |  | 6,895,319 |  | 6,932,197 |  | 6,714,163 |  | 218,034 |
| Economic development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 964,869 |  | 921,689 |  | 908,269 |  | 13,420 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 6,950 |  | 6,950 |  | 5,268 |  | 1,682 |
| Contractual services |  | 2,865,076 |  | 3,604,273 |  | 3,531,491 |  | 72,782 |
| Other |  | - |  | 16,448,834 |  | 16,448,834 |  | - |
| Total economic development |  | 3,836,895 |  | 20,981,746 |  | 20,893,862 |  | 87,884 |
| Code enforcement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 6,716,896 |  | 6,706,896 |  | 6,562,378 |  | 144,518 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 74,100 |  | 74,100 |  | 61,887 |  | 12,213 |
| Contractual services |  | 787,423 |  | 867,911 |  | 842,539 |  | 25,372 |
| Other |  | 10,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 561 |  | 9,439 |
| Total code enforcement |  | 7,588,419 |  | 7,658,907 |  | 7,467,365 |  | 191,542 |
| Planning |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 1,815,634 |  | 1,678,388 |  | 1,585,738 |  | 92,650 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 16,750 |  | 16,750 |  | 9,103 |  | 7,647 |
| Contractual services |  | 74,864 |  | 78,367 |  | 44,209 |  | 34,158 |
| Total planning |  | 1,907,248 |  | 1,773,505 |  | 1,639,050 |  | 134,455 |

# City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Expenditures-Budget and Actual <br> General Fund <br> Budget Basis <br> Year Ended December 31, 2016 

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  | Actual Amounts |  |  |
| Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | \$ | 433,289 | \$ | 398,107 | \$ | 398,107 | \$ | - |
| Materials and supplies |  | 1,950 |  | 1,950 |  | 1,525 |  | 425 |
| Contractual services |  | 4,827,092 |  | 5,042,165 |  | 5,039,902 |  | 2,263 |
| Total housing |  | 5,262,331 |  | 5,442,222 |  | 5,439,534 |  | 2,688 |
| Total development |  | 25,490,212 |  | 42,788,577 |  | 42,153,974 |  | 634,603 |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | - |  | 20,000 |  | 9,535 |  | 10,465 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 43,780 |  | 43,780 |  | - |
| Total health |  | - |  | 63,780 |  | 53,315 |  | 10,465 |
| Total health |  | - |  | 63,780 |  | 53,315 |  | 10,465 |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 40,000 |  | 40,000 |  | - |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 40,000 |  | 40,000 |  | - |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 40,000 |  | 40,000 |  | - |
| Expenditures paid through county auditor | Expenditures paid through |  |  |  |  | 1,663,664 |  | $(2,664)$ |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 740,688,067 | \$ | 768,234,958 | \$ | 753,667,515 | \$ | 14,567,443 |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Income Tax <br> Budget Basis <br> Year ended December 31, 2016

## Revenues

Income taxes
Miscellaneous
Total revenues

## Expenditures

Current
General government City attorney Contractual services Total city attorney

City auditor Contractual services Total city auditor

Municipal court clerk
Capital outlay Total municipal court clerk

Technology
Materials and supplies Contractual services Total technology

Information services
Contractual services Total information services

Asset management
Contractual services
Total asset management
Fleet management
Capital outlay
Total fleet management
Finance
Contractual services
Total finance
Total general government
Public service
Refuse collection
Contractual services
Total refuse collection
Total public service
Public safety
Police
Other
Total police
Fire
Other
Total fire Total public safety

| Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts |  |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 206,150,000 | \$ | 209,150,000 | \$ | 209,978,424 | \$ | 828,424 |
|  | 850,000 |  | 850,000 |  | 850,363 |  | 363 |
|  | 207,000,000 |  | 210,000,000 |  | 210,828,787 |  | 828,787 |


| 250,000 | 250,000 | - | 250,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250,000 | 250,000 | - | 250,000 |
| - | 7,040,862 | 7,040,862 | - |
| - | 7,040,862 | 7,040,862 | - |
| - | 100,000 | 71,398 | 28,602 |
| - | 100,000 | 71,398 | 28,602 |
| - | 500,000 | 500,000 |  |
| - | 1,334,839 | 1,334,839 | - |
| - | 1,834,839 | 1,834,839 | - |
| - | 90,000 | 90,000 | - |
| - | 90,000 | 90,000 | - |
| - | 136,000 | 136,000 | - |
| - | 136,000 | 136,000 | - |
| - | 6,151,865 | 6,151,865 | - |
| - | 6,151,865 | 6,151,865 | - |
| 275,000 | 230,000 | 20,000 | 210,000 |
| 275,000 | 230,000 | 20,000 | 210,000 |
| 525,000 | 15,833,566 | 15,344,964 | 488,602 |


| 17,302,000 | 17,302,000 | 17,302,000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17,302,000 | 17,302,000 | 17,302,000 | - |
| 17,302,000 | 17,302,000 | 17,302,000 | - |


| - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 780,000 |


| - | 1,125,000 | 1,125,000 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 1,125,000 | 1,125,000 | - |
| - | 1,905,000 | 1,905,000 | - |

Development
Development director
Contractual services
Economic development
Capital outlay
Total economic development
Total development
Recreation and Parks
Recreation and Parks
Contractual services
Total recreation and parks
Total recreation and parks

Debt service
Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease Interest and fiscal charges
Total debt service

> Total expenditures

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures

## Other financing sources (uses)



## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Other Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted revenue sources. City ordinances or Federal and/or State statutes specify the uses and limitations of each Special Revenue Fund. The title of the funds is descriptive of the activities involved. RiverSouth and Columbus Next Generation are separate legal entities defined as blended component units of the City for financial reporting purposes; therefore, there is no Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual included in this report for RiverSouth and Columbus Next Generation. The Special Revenue Funds are:

## City Ordinances

- RiverSouth
- Columbus Next Generation
- Land Management
- Area Commissions
- Special Purpose
- Mayor's Education Charitable Trust
- Columbus Community Relations
- Housing/Business Tax Incentives
- Hester Dysart Paramedic Education
- Hotel-Motel Tax
- Private Leisure Assistance for Youth
- Tree Replacement
- Gatrell Arts Vocational Rehabilitation
- Neighborhood Economic Development
- Fire Quarter Master Incentive Travel
- Columbus JEDD Revenue
- Development Services
- Private Construction Inspection
- Health
- Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax
- City Parking Meter Contribution
- Parking Meter Program
- E-911
- Treasury Investment Earnings
- Casino
- Westside Community Fund
- Recreation \& Parks Operations
- Reynolds Crossing Special Assessments
- DPU Small Business Education \& Training
- Mined Assets
- Private Grants
- Urban Site Acquisition Loan
- Photo Red Light
- Property Management
- Collection Fees
- City Attorney Mediation
- Environmental
- Citywide Training Entrepreneurial
- Police Continuing Professional Training


## State Statutes

## To Account for Shared Revenues, Fines, and Other Special Revenues

- Law Enforcement
- Drivers Alcohol Treatment
- Municipal Court Special Projects
- Municipal Court Clerk
- County Auto License
- Street Const. Maintenance \& Repair

Federal and/ or State Statutes To Account for Grants and Subsidies

- HOME Program
- HOPE Program
- HUD Section 108 Loans
- General Government Grants
- Urban Development Action Grants
- Community Development Act
- Health Department Grants
- Recreation \& Parks Grants
- Recreation \& Parks (COAAA) Grants


## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Other Governmental Funds (continued)

Debt Service Funds - used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general obligation principal, interest, and related expenditures.

- Tax Increment Financing (TIFs)
- Recreation Debt Service
- Capitol South Debt Service

Capital Project Funds - used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The titles of the funds are descriptive of the activities involved. The Capital Projects Funds classified by the primary sources of funding are:

## Debt Proceeds

- Public Safety
- Polaris Interchange
- Parks \& Recreation
- Northwest Corridor
- Refuse Collection
- Northeast Corridor
- Streets \& Highways
- Southeast Growth Area
- Public Safety Taxable Bonds
- East Broad St Growth Area
- Health
- Governmental Super B.A.B.
- Municipal Court Clerk Capital Projects
- High/Goodale Street
- Recreational \& Parks Taxable Bonds
- Housing Preservation
- Nationwide Development Bond
- Auditor Bond
- Sidewalk Assessment
- Neighborhood Health Ctr Cap Reserve
- Construction Management Taxable Bonds
- Boathouse Improvement Costs
- Construction Management
- Northland and Other Acquisitions
- Development Taxable Bonds
- Easton Infrastructure Improvements
- Development Revolving Loans-Grants
- Reynoldsburg Columbus Pay as We Grow
- Bond Fund - HR and City Attorney
- Harrison West Recreation Park
- RiverSouth Lifestyle
- Governmental B.A.B.
- Smart City
- Tax Increment Financing (TIFs)


## Grant Revenue and Other Funding Sources

- Short North SID
- Parks \& Rec. Permanent Improvement
- General Permanent Improvement
- Transportation Improvement Program
- Federal State Highway Engineering
- Street \& Highway Improvement
 ASSETS
Cash and cash equivalents:
Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow
agents
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Due from other:
Governments
Funds
Prepaids and other assets
Total assets LIABILITIES
Accounts payab
Accounts payable
Due to other:


## Funds <br> Advances from grantors <br> Accrued wages and benefits

Total liabilities
DEFERRED I NFLOWS OF RESOURCES
FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES
Restricted
Committed
Total fund balances
Total liabilities, deferred inflows
and fund balances

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Fund
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

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ASSETS
Cash and cash equivalents:
Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow
agents
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Due from other:
Governments
Funds
Prepaids and other assets
Prepaids and other assets
Total assets LIABILITIES
O
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Fund
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

| Special Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| County Auto <br> License | Street Const. Maintenance \& Repair | Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax |  | City Parking Meter Contribution |  | Parking Meter Program |  | E-911 |  | Treasury Investment Earnings |  | Casino |  |
| \$ 3,000 | \$ 26,326 | \$ | 4,729 | \$ | 1,400 | \$ | 3,004 | \$ | 57 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | 362 |  | - |  | - |  | 5 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | 16,597 |  | 1,777 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 5,432 |
| - | 30 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| \$ 3,000 | \$ 43,315 | \$ | 6,506 | \$ | 1,400 | \$ | 3,009 | \$ | 57 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,432 |
| - | 373 |  | 171 |  | - |  | 197 |  | - |  | - |  | 673 |
| - | 194 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | 1,110 |  | - |  | - |  | 36 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - | 1,677 |  | 171 |  | - |  | 233 |  | - |  | - |  | 673 |
| - | 11,261 |  | 1,180 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,941 |
| - | 30,377 |  | 5,155 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 3,000 | - |  | - |  | 1,400 |  | 2,776 |  | 57 |  | - |  | 1,818 |
|  | 30,377 |  | 5,155 |  | - |  |  |  | 5 |  | - |  |  |
| 3,000 | 30,377 |  | 5,155 |  | 1,400 |  | 2,776 |  | 57 |  | - |  | 1,818 |
| \$ 3,000 | \$ 43,315 | \$ | 6,506 | \$ | 1,400 | \$ | 3,009 | \$ | 57 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,432 |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Fund
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)


[^1]| Special Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private Grants | Urban Site Acquisition Loan Fund |  | Photo Red Light Fund |  | Property <br> Management |  | Collection Fees |  |  | City Attorney Mediation |  | Environmental Fund |  |
| \$ 1,611 | \$ | 589 | \$ | 180 | \$ | 1,564 | \$ |  | 280 | \$ | 48 | \$ | 100 |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | 5 |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 48 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| \$ 1,659 | \$ | 589 | \$ | 180 | \$ | 1,564 | \$ |  | 280 | \$ | 48 | \$ | 105 |
| 45 |  | - |  | - |  | 48 |  |  | 280 |  | - |  | 5 |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 15 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 60 |  | - |  | - | - | 48 |  |  | 280 |  | - |  | 5 |
|  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  | $-$ |
| - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 1,599 |  | 589 |  | 180 |  | 1,516 |  |  | - |  | 48 |  | 100 |
| 1,599 |  | 589 |  | 180 |  | 1,516 |  |  | - |  | 48 |  | 100 |
| \$ 1,659 | \$ | 589 | \$ | 180 | \$ | 1,564 | \$ |  | 280 | \$ | 48 | \$ | 105 | ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents:
Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow
agents
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Due from other:
Governments
Funds
Prepaids and other assets
Total assets
LIABI LI TI ES
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Funds
Advances from grantors
Accrued wages and benefits
Total liabilities
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
FUND BALANCES Restricted
Committed Unassigned
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances
Special Revenue


LABILITIES
LIABI LITIES

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed

Total fund balances
Total liabilities, deferred inflows
and fund balances



DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Advances from grantors
Accrued wages and benefits
Due from other:
Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow
agents
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for unc
Governments
Funds
Total assets
LIABILITIES
Accounts payable
Due to other:


| City of Columbus, Ohio |
| :--- |
| Combining Balance Sheet |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| December 31, 2016 |
| (amounts expressed in thousands) |
| $\quad$ Capital Projects |





|  |  | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | $\$ \quad 1,456$ |  |  |  | $\xrightarrow{\sim}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\stackrel{\text { N/2 }}{\sim}$ |  |  |  |  | $$ |
|  |  | $\underset{\infty}{\underset{\infty}{\sim}}$ |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{m}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\infty} \mid$ |  | $\infty$ $\sim$ $\sim$ $\sim$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { U } \\ & 0 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{8}{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 呙 | \|ㅍNN |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\leftrightarrow$ |  |  | ' |  | $\begin{gathered} \mid \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \dot{\gamma} \\ \alpha \\ \dot{\sigma} \\ \\ \Delta \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{llll} \underset{\sim}{m} & & & \mid \\ \tilde{m} \\ \\ & & & \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{o} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ <br> $\rightarrow$ | an | ® \| ৪| |  |  | ¢ |

ASSETS
Cash and cash equivalents:
Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow
agents
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Due from other:
Governments
Funds
Other assets
Total assets
LI ABI LI TI ES
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Funds
Advances from grantors
Accrued wages and benefits
Total liabilities
DEFERRED INFLOWs OF RESOURCES
FUND BALANCES
Restricted
Committed
Unassigned
Total fund balances
Total liabilities, deferred inflows
and fund balances
City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Capital Projects

|  |  | Polaris Interchange |  | Northwest Corridor |  | Northeast Corridor |  | Southeast Growth Area |  | East Broad St. Growth Area |  | Municipal Court Clerk Capital Projects |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 3 | \$ | 945 | \$ | 1,039 | \$ | 1,249 | \$ | 75 | \$ | 219 | \$ | 246 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |
|  | 137 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| \$ | 140 | \$ | 945 | \$ | 1,039 | \$ | 1,249 | \$ | 75 | \$ | 219 | \$ | 246 |
|  | - |  | - |  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1 |
|  | 140 |  | 25 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 141 |  | 25 |  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | 920 |  | 1,038 |  | 1,249 |  | 75 |  | 219 |  | 245 |
|  | (1) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | (1) |  | 920 |  | 1,038 |  | 1,249 |  | 75 |  | 219 |  | 245 |
| \$ | 140 | \$ | 945 | \$ | 1,039 | \$ | 1,249 | \$ | 75 | \$ | 219 | \$ | 246 |

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $\quad$ Total assets
LIABI LITIES
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Funds
Advances from grantors
Accrued wages and benefits
$\quad$ Total liabilities
Due from other:
Governments
Funds
Other ass

Total assets \begin{tabular}{l}
\multicolumn{1}{c}{ Total assets } <br>
LI ABI LITI ES <br>
Accounts payable <br>
Due to other: <br>
Funds <br>
Advances from grantors <br>
Accrued wages and benefits <br>
$\quad$ Total liabilities

 

\multicolumn{1}{c}{ Total assets } <br>
LI ABI LITI ES <br>
Accounts payable <br>
Due to other: <br>
Funds <br>
Advances from grantors <br>
Accrued wages and benefits <br>
$\quad$ Total liabilities

 

\multicolumn{1}{c}{ Total assets } <br>
LI ABI LITI ES <br>
Accounts payable <br>
Due to other: <br>
Funds <br>
Advances from grantors <br>
Accrued wages and benefits <br>
$\quad$ Total liabilities
\end{tabular}

Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow
agents
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for un
Funds
Other assets

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Fund


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City of Columbus, Ohio
$\quad$ Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

|  | Capital Projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hamilton Central College TIF |  | New Albany W-Central College TIF |  | Rickenbacker West TIF |  | BlauserSummerlyn TIF |  | One Neighborhood TIF |  | Weinland Park TIF |  | OhioHealth TIF |  | Third \& Olentangy TIF |  |
|  | 893 | \$ | 438 | \$ | - | \$ | 316 | \$ | 37 | \$ | - | \$ | 3 | \$ | 2,313 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 300 |  | 220 |  | 400 |  | 100 |  | 5 |  | 80 |  | 450 |  | 775 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 1,193 | \$ | 658 | \$ | 400 | \$ | 416 | \$ | 42 | \$ | 80 | \$ | 453 | \$ | 3,088 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 180 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 180 |  | - |
|  | 300 |  | 220 |  | 400 |  | 100 |  | 5 |  | 80 |  | 450 |  | 775 |
|  | 893 |  | 438 |  | - |  | 316 |  | 37 |  | - |  | - |  | 2,313 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (177) |  | - |
|  | 893 |  | 438 |  | - |  | 316 |  | 37 |  | - |  | (177) |  | 2,313 |
|  | 1,193 | \$ | 658 | \$ | 400 | \$ | 416 | \$ | 42 | \$ | 80 | \$ | 453 | \$ | 3,088 |

ASSETS
Cash and cash equivalents:
Cash and investments with treasurer
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow agents
Cash and investments with trustee
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)
Due from other:
Governments
Funds
Other assets
Total assets
LI ABI LI TI ES
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Funds
Advances from grantors
Accrued wages and benefits
Total liabilities
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
FUND BALANCES
Restricted
Committed
Unassigned
Total fund balances
Total liabilities, deferred inflows
and fund balances


| RiverSouth |  | Columbus Next Generation |  | HOME Program |  | HOPE <br> Program |  | HUD Section 108 Loans |  | Land <br> Management |  | Law Enforcement |  | General Government Grants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 3,260 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 4,307 |
|  | 14 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 25 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1 |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 438 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | , |  | - |
|  | - |  | 81 |  | 552 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,388 |  | 942 |  | - |
|  | 14 |  | 81 |  | 3,812 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,388 |  | 1,406 |  | 4,307 |
|  | 19 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,251 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 53 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,329 |  | 910 |
|  | - |  | 2,254 |  | 3,423 |  | - |  | 16 |  | 1,223 |  | - |  | 2,972 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 698 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 3,816 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 223 |  | 2,291 |
|  | 4,615 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 3,081 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 11,531 |  | 2,254 |  | 3,423 |  | - |  | 16 |  | 1,223 |  | 1,552 |  | 9,175 |
|  | $(11,517)$ |  | $(2,173)$ |  | 389 |  | - |  | (16) |  | 165 |  | (146) |  | $(4,868)$ |
|  | 7,041 |  | 2,025 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 408 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (29) |  | - |  | - |  | (27) |
|  | 27,515 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (29) |  | - |  | - |  | ( |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 4,042 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 38,598 |  | 2,025 |  | - |  | - |  | (29) |  | - |  | - |  | 381 |
|  | 27,081 |  | (148) |  | 389 |  | - |  | (45) |  | 165 |  | (146) |  | $(4,487)$ |
|  | 75 |  | 1,479 |  | 1,067 |  | 42 |  | 67 |  | 1,825 |  | 3,335 |  | 6,556 |
| \$ | 27,156 | \$ | 1,331 | \$ | 1,456 | \$ | 42 | \$ | 22 | \$ | 1,990 | \$ | 3,189 | \$ | 2,069 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | tinued) |

REVENUES
Income taxes
Income taxes
Grants and subs
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes Miscellaneous

Total revenues

## EXPENDI TURES

General government
Public service
Public safety
Publiclopment
Health
Recreation and parks
Capital outlay
Debt service:
Principal retirement - Note G
Principal retirement - Note G
Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures OTHER FI NANCI NG SOURCES (USES)
Transfers in

Transfers out
Issuance of debt
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Premium on bond issuance
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-beginning of year
Fund balances-end of year

| Special Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Area ommissions |  | Special <br> Purpose | Mayor's <br> Education <br> Charitable <br> Trust |  | Drivers <br> Alcohol <br> Treatment |  | Municipal Court Special Projects |  | Municipal <br> Court Clerk |  | Columbus <br> Community <br> Relations |  | Housing / <br> Business Tax <br> Incentives |  |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | - |  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 95 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 277 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 425 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 198 |  | 1,839 |  | 2,265 |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  | 5 |  | 991 |  | - |  | - |  | 379 |  | 3 |  | 2 |  | - |
|  | 5 |  | 1,417 |  | - |  | 475 |  | 2,218 |  | 2,268 |  | 2 |  | 95 |
|  | - |  | 148 |  | - |  | 241 |  | 2,438 |  | 2,301 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | 64 |  | - |  | 3 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 33 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 24 |
|  | - |  | 182 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 365 |  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | 53 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 260 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 15 |  | - |  | - |
|  | 33 |  | 812 |  | 1 |  | 244 |  | 2,438 |  | 2,576 |  | - |  | 24 |
|  | (28) |  | 605 |  | (1) |  | 231 |  | (220) |  | (308) |  | 2 |  | 71 |
|  | 16 |  | 561 |  | - |  | - |  | 340 |  | 41 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | (192) |  | - |  | (14) |  | - |  | (28) |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 16 |  | 369 |  | - |  | (14) |  | 340 |  | 13 |  | - |  | - |
|  | (12) |  | 974 |  | (1) |  | 217 |  | 120 |  | (295) |  | 2 |  | 71 |
|  | 46 |  | 2,785 |  | 64 |  | 1,239 |  | 1,266 |  | 2,859 |  | 58 |  | 410 |
| \$ | 34 | \$ | 3,759 | \$ | 63 | \$ | 1,456 | \$ | 1,386 | \$ | 2,564 | \$ | 60 | \$ | 481 |



City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditure, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Special Revenue

| Special Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hester Dysart Paramedic Education |  | Hotel-Motel Tax |  | Private Leisure Assistance for Youth |  | Tree <br> Replacement |  | Gatrell Arts <br> Vocational <br> Rehabilitation |  | Neighborhood Economic Development Fund |  | Fire Quarter <br> Master <br> Incentive <br> Travel Fund |  |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | 88 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 21,333 |  | 82 |  | 34 |  | - |  | 396 |  | - |
|  | 1 |  | 21,333 |  | 170 |  | 34 |  | - |  | 396 |  | - |
|  | - |  | 17,058 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 5 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 20 |
|  | - |  | 4,081 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | 82 |  | 29 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 5 |  | 21,139 |  | 82 |  | 29 |  | - |  | - |  | 20 |
|  | (4) |  | 194 |  | 88 |  | 5 |  | - |  | 396 |  | (20) |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 28 |
|  | - |  | (196) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | (196) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 88 |  | 5 |  | - |  | 396 |  | 8 |
|  | 118 |  | 1,712 |  | 761 |  | 35 |  | 11 |  | 678 |  | 37 |
| \$ | 114 | \$ | 1,710 | \$ | 849 | \$ | 40 | \$ | 11 | \$ | 1,074 | \$ | 45 |

Special Revenue

| Columbus JEDD Revenue |  | Development Services |  | Private Construction Inspection |  | Urban Dev. Action Grants |  | Community Development Act |  | Health |  | Health Department Grants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 5,917 |  | - |  | 20,648 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 16 |  | - |  | 2 |
|  | - |  | 19,431 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,805 |  | - |
|  | 164 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 2,469 |  | - |  | 59 |  | 4,447 |  | 763 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 35 |  | - |
|  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 46 |  | 283 |  | - |  | 656 |  | 45 |  | 31 |
|  | 164 |  | 19,477 |  | 2,752 |  | - |  | 6,648 |  | 7,332 |  | 21,444 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 654 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 2,698 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 17,821 |  | - |  | 80 |  | 5,961 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 188 |  | 6,767 |  | 20,728 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 761 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 1,245 |  | 149 |  | - |  | - |  | 39 |  | 28 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 19,066 |  | 2,847 |  | 80 |  | 7,564 |  | 6,806 |  | 20,756 |
|  | 164 |  | 411 |  | (95) |  | (80) |  | (916) |  | 526 |  | 688 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 29 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (369) |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 29 |  | - |  | (369) |
|  | 164 |  | 411 |  | (95) |  | (80) |  | (887) |  | 526 |  | 319 |
|  | 430 |  | 12,239 |  | 2,649 |  | 320 |  | 7,400 |  | 659 |  | - |
|  | \$ 594 | \$ | 12,650 | \$ | 2,554 | \$ | 240 | \$ | 6,513 | \$ | 1,185 | \$ | 319 |

REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues EXPENDITURES
Current:
General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Recreation and parks
Capital outlay
Principal retirement - Note G
Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures
OTHER FI NANCI NG SOURCES (USES) Transfers in
Transfers out
Issuance of debt
Issuance of debt
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Premium on bond issuance
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-end of year
City of Columbus, Ohio
 Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
Special Revenue

REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues EXPENDITURES
General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Capital outlay
Debt service:
Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over
expenditures
OTHER FI NANCING SOURCES (USES)
Transfers in
Transfers out
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Premium on bond issuance
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-end of year

> City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
> Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Special Revenue

| Private Grants |  | Urban Site Acquisition Loan Fund |  | Photo Red Light Fund |  | Property <br> Management |  | Collection Fees |  | City Attorney Mediation |  | Environmental <br> Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 35 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 6 |  | 1,356 |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 106 |  |  |  | 412 |  | - |  | 72 |
|  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,639 |  | 60 |  | - |  | - |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | 106 |  | 1,645 |  | 1,863 |  | - |  | 72 |
|  | 6 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,342 |  | 1,041 |  | - |  | 77 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 822 |  | - |  | - |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 672 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 12 |  | - |  | - |  | 107 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 691 |  | - |  | - |  | 1,449 |  | 1,863 |  | - |  | 77 |
|  | (690) |  | - |  | 106 |  | 196 |  | - |  | - |  | (5) |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | (690) |  | - |  | 106 |  | 196 |  | - |  | - |  | (5) |
|  | 2,289 |  | 589 |  | 74 |  | 1,320 |  | - |  | 48 |  | 105 |
| \$ | 1,599 | \$ | 589 | \$ | 180 | \$ | 1,516 | \$ | - | \$ | 48 | + | 100 |



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { REVENUES } \\
& \text { Income taxes } \\
& \text { Grants and subsidies } \\
& \text { Investment income } \\
& \text { Licenses and permits } \\
& \text { Shared revenues } \\
& \text { Charges for services } \\
& \text { Fines and forfeits } \\
& \text { Payments in lieu of taxes } \\
& \text { Miscellaneous } \\
& \quad \text { Total revenues }
\end{aligned}
$$

> City of Columbus, Ohio
> Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { EXPENDITURES } \\
& \text { Current: } \\
& \text { General government } \\
& \text { Public service } \\
& \text { Public safety } \\
& \text { Development } \\
& \text { Health } \\
& \text { Recreation and parks } \\
& \text { Capital outlay } \\
& \text { Debt service: } \\
& \text { Principal retirement - Note G } \\
& \text { Interest and fiscal charges } \\
& \text { Total expenditures } \\
& \text { Excess(deficiency) of revenues over }
\end{aligned}
$$ Excess(deficiency) of revenues over

expenditures
OTHER FI NANCING SOURCES (USES)


REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues EXPENDITURES
General government
Public service
Public safety
$\rightarrow \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Public service }\end{aligned}$
Health
Recreation and parks
Capital outlay
Principal retirement - Note G
Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in
Transfers out
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-end of year

City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Debt Service

|  | Debt Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Waggoner <br> Road TIF |  | Recreation Debt Service |  | Rocky Fork TIF |  | Lucent TIF |  | East Broad Dominion TI F |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Waggoner M/ I } \\ \text { TIF } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | East Broad Commercial TIF |  |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | - |
|  | 25 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | 3 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | 313 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 492 |  | - |  | 1,221 |  | 612 |  | 320 |  | 352 |  | 283 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 517 |  | 316 |  | 1,221 |  | 612 |  | 320 |  | 352 |  | 283 |
|  | 6 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 265 |  | 8 |  | 4 |  | 4 |  | 3 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 6 |  | - |  | 265 |  | 8 |  | 4 |  | 4 |  | 3 |
|  | 511 |  | 316 |  | 956 |  | 604 |  | 316 |  | 348 |  | 280 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | (311) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | - |  | $\stackrel{-}{-}$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | 956 |  |  |  | 316 |  | 348 |  | 280 |
|  |  |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1,774$ |  |  |
| \$ | 3,725 | \$ | 6 | \$ | 2,902 | \$ | 2,336 | \$ | 1,790 | \$ | 2,122 | \$ | 2,536 |

REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues
EXPENDI TURES
Current:
General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Recreation and parks
Capital outlay
Debt service:
Principal retirement - Note G
Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over
expenditures
OTHER FI NANCI NG soURCES (USES)
Transfers in
Transfers out
Issuance of debt
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Premium on bond issuance
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year
Fund balances-end of year


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { nges in Fund Balances } \\
& 6 \\
& \text { Debt Service } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

|  |  | ' ' ' $\text { ' } \left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \mathbf{n} \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | ' ${ }^{\prime} \stackrel{\infty}{\sim} \mid$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\text { ' ' ' } \underset{\sim}{\infty} \text { ' ' ' } \quad \underset{\sim}{\text { Ln }} \underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{\circ}}\|\underset{\sim}{\circ}\|$ | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{N}}$ |  |  |
|  | ' ' ' ' ' ' ' $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{\sim}}{ }^{\sim} \mid \stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 凩 |  |  |
|  |  | $\text { ' '岛' ' ' ' ' }\|\hat{m}\|$ |  | ' ' 1 ' ' ' |  |
|  |  |  | + |  | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ |
|  |  |  | N |  |  |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands) Debt Service





City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Capital Projects

REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues
EXPENDITURES
General government
Public service
Public safety
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures
Drincipal retirement - Note G Interest and fiscal charges
expenditures OTHER FI NANCI NG SOURCES (USES)
Transfers in
Transfers in
Transfers out
Issuance of debt
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Premium on bond issuance
Total other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-end of year For the Year Ended December 31， 2016
（amounts expressed in thousands）

|  |  |  | Capital | Projects |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parks \＆Rec． <br> Permanent I mprovement | General <br> Permanent I mprovement | Easton <br> I nfrastructure Improvement | Bond Fund－ <br> HR and City <br> Attorney | Transportation <br> Improvement Program | Federal State <br> Highway <br> Engineering | Street \＆ <br> Highway <br> I mprovement | Hayden Run S TI F Capital |
| \＄－ | \＄－ | \＄－ | \＄－ | \＄－ | \＄－ | \＄ | \＄ |
| － | － | － | － | 845 | 17，983 | － |  |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 24 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 544 | 1，189 | － | － | － | 9 | 10，170 | － |
| 568 | 1，189 | － | － | 845 | 17，992 | 10，170 | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 681 | 1，847 | 4，112 | 6 | 3，639 | 21，166 | 6，848 | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 681 | 1，847 | 4，112 | 6 | 3，639 | 21，166 | 6，848 | － |
| （113） | （658） | $(4,112)$ | （6） | $(2,794)$ | $(3,174)$ | 3，322 | － |
| 34 | － | 4，112 | － | － | － | － | 1，456 |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | 111 | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| 34 | － | 4，112 | － | 111 | － | － | 1，456 |
| （79） | （658） | － | （6） | $(2,683)$ | $(3,174)$ | 3，322 | 1，456 |
| 3，983 | 5，320 | － | 760 | 4，243 | 3，174 | 13，939 | ， |
| \＄3，904 | \＄4，662 | \＄ | \＄ 754 | \＄1，560 | \＄ | \＄17，261 | \＄1，456 |

## City of Columbus，Ohio <br> 



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©

$\underset{7}{7}$
$\underset{\sim}{2}$

4，112

＇${ }^{-1}$
REVENUES

ecuatin EXPENDITURES
General government
General government
Public service
Public service
Public safety
Development
City of Columbus, Ohio


|  |  |  | Capital | rojects |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High/ Goodale Street | Housing <br> Preservation | Auditor Bond | Neighborhood <br> Health Center <br> Capital <br> Reserve | Boathouse I mprovement Costs | Development Revolving Loans-Grants | Reynoldsburg Columbus Pay as We Grow | Harrison West Recreation Park |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 64 | - | - | 585 | - | 6 | - | - |
| 64 | - | - | 585 | - | 6 | - | 4 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 4,084 | 1,701 | 648 | - | 5 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 4,084 | 1,701 | 648 | - | 5 | - | - |
| 64 | $(4,084)$ | $(1,701)$ | (63) | - | 1 | - | 4 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 8,200 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 8,200 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 64 | 4,116 | $(1,701)$ | (63) | - | 1 | - | 4 |
| 41 | 10,316 | 3,527 | 2,386 | 12 | 56 | 301 | 529 |
| \$ 105 | \$ 14,432 | \$ 1,826 | \$ 2,323 | \$ 12 | \$ 57 | \$ 301 | \$ 533 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (continued) |


City of Columbus, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Capital Projects

| Pen West West TI F |  | J effrey Place TIF |  | Italian Village TIF |  | Crosswoods TIF |  | West Edge I TIF |  | West Edge II TIF |  | Northland TI F |  | AC Humko I TIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 102 |  | - |  | 1,073 |  | 166 |  | 53 |  | 34 |  | 108 |  | 259 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 102 |  | - |  | 1,073 |  | 166 |  | 53 |  | 34 |  | 108 |  | 259 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | 61 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1,073 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  | - |  | 2 |  | 243 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 1 |  | 62 |  | 1,073 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  | - |  | 2 |  | 243 |
|  | 101 |  | (62) |  | - |  | 164 |  | 52 |  | 34 |  | 106 |  | 16 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 101 |  | (62) |  | - |  | 164 |  | 52 |  | 34 |  | 106 |  | 16 |
|  | 473 |  | - |  | - |  | 317 |  | 358 |  | 298 |  | 484 |  | - |
| \$ | 574 | \$ | (62) | \$ | - | \$ | 481 | \$ | 410 | \$ | 332 | \$ | 590 | \$ | 16 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ued) |

REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues EXPENDITURES
Current:
General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Recreation and parks
Capital outlay
Principal retirement - Note G Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over OTHER FI NANCI NG SOURCES (USES) Transfers in
Transfers out
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance
Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-end of year

## Capital Projects



|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC Humko II } \\ \text { TIF } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Hayden Run N TIF |  | Preserve TIF |  | Dublin- <br> Granville S TIF |  | DublinGranville N TIF |  | Albany Crossing TIF |  | Ulry-Central College TIF |  | Upper Albany West TIF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
|  | 1 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 774 |  | 1,078 |  | 789 |  | 32 |  | 103 |  | 964 |  | 88 |  | 904 |
|  | 775 |  | 1,078 |  | 789 |  | 32 |  | 103 |  | 964 |  | 88 |  | 904 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 615 |  | 14 |  | 11 |  | - |  | 192 |  | 60 |  | 2 |  | 12 |
|  | 166 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 781 |  | 14 |  | 11 |  | - |  | 192 |  | 60 |  | 2 |  | 12 |
|  | (6) |  | 1,064 |  | 778 |  | 32 |  | (89) |  | 904 |  | 86 |  | 892 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | (6) |  | 1,064 |  | 778 |  | 32 |  | (89) |  | 904 |  | 86 |  | 892 |
|  | 42 |  | 6,039 |  | 529 |  | 135 |  | 769 |  | 2,340 |  | 109 |  | 2,709 |
| \$ | 36 | \$ | 7,103 | \$ | 1,307 | \$ | 167 | \$ | 680 | \$ | 3,244 | \$ | 195 | \$ | 3,601 |

REVENUES
Income taxes
Grants and subsidies
Investment income
Licenses and permits
Shared revenues
Charges for services
Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of taxes
Miscellaneous
$\quad$ Total revenues
EXPENDITURES
General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Repital outlay
Debt service. Interest and fiscal charges
Total expenditures
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures
OTHER FI NANCI NG SOURCES (USES) Transfers in
Transfers out
Refunding bonds issued
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balances-beginning of year Fund balances-end of year

| Capital Projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hamilton <br> Central College TIF | New Albany W-Central College TIF | Rickenbacker West TIF | BlauserSummerlyn TIF | One <br> Neighborhood TIF | Weinland <br> Park TIF | OhioHealth TIF | Third \& Olentangy TI F |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 218 | 390 | 98 | 4 | 78 | 47 | 783 |
| 286 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 286 | 218 | 390 | 98 | 4 | 78 | 47 | 783 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 176 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 3 | 581 | 2 | - | 78 | 48 | 10 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 3 | 581 | 2 | - | 78 | 224 | 10 |
| 286 | 215 | (191) | 96 | 4 | - | (177) | 773 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 286 | 215 | (191) | 96 | 4 | - | (177) | 773 |
| 607 | 223 | 191 | 220 | 33 | - | - | 1,540 |
| \$ 893 | \$ 438 | \$ | \$ 316 | \$ 37 | \$ | \$ (177) | \$ 2,313 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (continued) |

REVENUES
 EXPENDITURES
Current:
General government
Public service
Public safety
$\stackrel{\infty}{\omega}$ Public safety

> City of Columbus, Ohio
> Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
> Fon the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Capital Projects - -2 (cont

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
$\begin{aligned} & \text { For the Year Ended December 31, 201 } \\ & \text { (amounts expressed in thousands) }\end{aligned}$
Capital Projects

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { For the Year Ended December 31, } 2016 \\
& \text { (amounts expressed in thousands) }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{c}
\text { Total } \\
\text { Nonmajor } \\
\text { Capital }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$



City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grants and subsidies | \$ | 10,269,000 | \$ | 10,269,000 | \$ | 2,559,607 | \$ | $(7,709,393)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 731,000 |  | 731,000 |  | 731,739 |  | 739 |
| Total revenues |  | 11,000,000 |  | 11,000,000 |  | 3,291,346 |  | $(7,708,654)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 571,472 |  | 571,472 |  | 346,605 |  | 224,867 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 13,775 |  | 13,775 |  | - |  | 13,775 |
| Contractual services |  | 3,804,811 |  | 3,804,811 |  | 3,156,998 |  | 647,813 |
| Other |  | 243,587 |  | 243,587 |  | 119,598 |  | 123,989 |
| Total housing |  | 4,633,645 |  | 4,633,645 |  | 3,623,201 |  | 1,010,444 |
| Total development |  | 4,633,645 |  | 4,633,645 |  | 3,623,201 |  | 1,010,444 |
| Total expenditures |  | 4,633,645 |  | 4,633,645 |  | 3,623,201 |  | 1,010,444 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 6,366,355 |  | 6,366,355 |  | $(331,855)$ |  | $(6,698,210)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 6,366,355 |  | 6,366,355 |  | $(331,855)$ |  | $(6,698,210)$ |
| Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year |  | $(4,411,511)$ |  | $(4,411,511)$ |  | $(4,411,511)$ |  | ) |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 47,417 |  | 47,417 |  | 47,417 |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 2,002,261 | \$ | 2,002,261 | \$ | $\underline{(4,695,949)}$ | \$ | $\underline{(6,698,210)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  | Actual | Variance with Final Budget- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Positive |
| Original | Final |  | (Negative) |

## Revenues

Miscellaneous
Total revenues
$\begin{array}{r}\$ 30,000 \\ \hline 30,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\$ \quad(355,000)$

## Expenditures

Current
Development
Housing
Contractual services
Other
Total housing
Total development
Total expenditures
Excess of revenues over expenditures

Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance at end of year

| 340,417 | 340,417 | - | 340,417 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,684 | 1,684 | - | 1,684 |
| 342,101 | 342,101 | - | 342,101 |
| 342,101 | 342,101 | - | 342,101 |
| 342,101 | 342,101 | - | 342,101 |

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
(312,101) & 12,899 & - & (12,899)
\end{array}
$$



# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## HUD Section 108 Loans

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 11,050,000 | \$ | - | \$ | $(11,050,000)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 50,000 |  | 11,050,000 |  | - |  | (11,050,000) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development director |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other |  | 10,720,546 |  | 10,720,546 |  | - |  | 10,720,546 |
| Total development director |  | 10,720,546 |  | 10,720,546 |  | - |  | 10,720,546 |
| Total development |  | 10,720,546 |  | 10,720,546 |  | - |  | 10,720,546 |
| Total expenditures |  | 10,720,546 |  | 10,720,546 |  | - |  | 10,720,546 |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(329,454)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers out |  | $(28,753)$ |  | $(28,753)$ |  | $(28,753)$ |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | $(10,699,299)$ |  | 300,701 |  | $(28,753)$ |  | $(329,454)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 51,072 |  | 51,072 |  | 51,072 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | $\underline{\underline{(10,648,227)}}$ | \$ | 351,773 | \$ | 22,319 | \$ | $(329,454)$ |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  | Actual <br> Amounts | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original | Final |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ 2,000,000 | \$ 2,000,000 | \$ 1,335,473 | \$ $\quad(664,527)$ |
| Total revenues | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,335,473 | $(664,527)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |
| Development director |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | - | 373,938 | 365,995 | 7,943 |
| Materials and supplies | - | 28,500 | 10,452 | 18,048 |
| Contractual services | - | 1,180,500 | 988,650 | 191,850 |
| Other | - | 15,000 | - | 15,000 |
| Total development director | - | 1,597,938 | 1,365,097 | 232,841 |
| Total development | - | 1,597,938 | 1,365,097 | 232,841 |
| Total expenditures | - | 1,597,938 | 1,365,097 | 232,841 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 2,000,000 | 402,062 | $(29,624)$ | $(431,686)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in fund balances | 2,000,000 | 402,062 | $(29,624)$ | $(431,686)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 1,523,116 | 1,523,116 | 1,523,116 | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances | 214,947 | 214,947 | 214,947 | - - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ 3,738,063 | \$ 2,140,125 | \$ 1,708,439 | \$ (431,686) |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

```
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Law Enforcement
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016
```

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$ | 1,528,200 | \$ | 1,528,200 | \$ | 438,195 | \$ | $(1,090,005)$ |
| Investment earnings |  | 29,600 |  | 29,600 |  | 29,601 |  | 1 |
| Charges for services |  | 700 |  | 700 |  | 771 |  | 71 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 941,500 |  | 941,500 |  | 941,577 |  | 77 |
| Total revenues |  | 2,500,000 |  | 2,500,000 |  | 1,410,144 |  | $(1,089,856)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 568,837 |  | 444,218 |  | 124,619 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 492,743 |  | 469,156 |  | 23,587 |
| Other |  | - |  | 245,793 |  | 242,573 |  | 3,220 |
| Capital outlay |  | - |  | 151,932 |  | 72,174 |  | 79,758 |
| Total police |  | - |  | 1,459,305 |  | 1,228,121 |  | 231,184 |
| Total public safety |  | - |  | 1,459,305 |  | 1,228,121 |  | 231,184 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 1,459,305 |  | 1,228,121 |  | 231,184 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 2,500,000 |  | 1,040,695 |  | 182,023 |  | $(858,672)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 2,500,000 |  | 1,040,695 |  | 182,023 |  | $(858,672)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 2,635,992 |  | 2,635,992 |  | 2,635,992 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 35,593 |  | 35,593 |  | 35,593 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 5,171,585 | \$ | 3,712,280 | \$ | 2,853,608 | \$ | $\underline{(858,672)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Exhibit B-8 Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

General Government Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

(Continued)

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Exhibit B-8 (continued) Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

General Government Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

(Continued)

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

General Government Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures

$$
4,253,128 \quad 3,844,776 \quad(1,480,981) \quad(5,325,757)
$$

Other financing sources (uses)

| Operating transfers in Operating transfers out |  | $(27,452)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 408,352 \\ & (27,452) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 408,352 \\ & (27,452) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total other financing sources (uses) |  | $(27,452)$ | 380,900 | 380,900 |  |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 4,225,676 | 4,225,676 | $(1,100,081)$ | $(5,325,757)$ |
| Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year |  | $(3,066,453)$ | $(3,066,453)$ | $(3,066,453)$ |  |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 312,232 | 312,232 | 312,232 | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 1,471,455 | 1,471,455 | (3,854,302) | $(5,325,757)$ |

Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38,617 \\ \hline 38,617 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$ | 5,249 | \$ |  |
| Miscellaneous |  | 18,617 |  |  |  |  |  | $(33,368)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 18,617 |  |  |  | 5,249 |  | $(33,368)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development director |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 67,500 |  | 42,589 |  | 24,911 |
| Total development director |  | - |  | 67,500 |  | 42,589 |  | 24,911 |
| Total development |  | - |  | 67,500 |  | 42,589 |  | 24,911 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 67,500 |  | 42,589 |  | 24,911 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 18,617 |  | $(28,883)$ |  | $(37,340)$ |  | $(8,457)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers in |  | 16,383 |  | 16,383 |  | 16,383 |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 35,000 |  | $(12,500)$ |  | $(20,957)$ |  | $(8,457)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 23,804 |  | 23,804 |  | 23,804 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 1,289 |  | 1,289 |  | 1,289 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 60,093 | \$ | 12,593 | \$ | 4,136 | \$ | $\stackrel{(8,457)}{ }$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Exhibit B-10 Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Purpose Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Mayor's Education Charitable Trust
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 550 | \$ | $(9,450)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 10,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 550 |  | $(9,450)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 69 |  | - |  | 69 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 611 |  | 567 |  | 44 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 680 |  | 567 |  | 113 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 680 |  | 567 |  | 113 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 680 |  | 567 |  | 113 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 10,000 |  | 9,320 |  | (17) |  | $(9,337)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 10,000 |  | 9,320 |  | (17) |  | $(9,337)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 62,520 |  | 62,520 |  | 62,520 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 2,636 |  | 2,636 |  | 2,636 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 75,156 | \$ | 74,476 | \$ | 65,139 | \$ | $\underline{(9,337)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Drivers Alcohol Treatment
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$ | 224,000 | \$ | 224,000 | \$ | 198,348 | \$ | $(25,652)$ |
| Shared revenues |  | 276,000 |  | 276,000 |  | 276,664 |  | 664 |
| Miscellaneous |  | - |  | - |  | 50 |  | 50 |
| Total revenues |  | 500,000 |  | 500,000 |  | 475,062 |  | (24,938) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Municipal court judges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 500,000 |  | 254,500 |  | 245,500 |
| Total municipal court judges |  | - |  | 500,000 |  | 254,500 |  | 245,500 |
| Total general government |  | - |  | 500,000 |  | 254,500 |  | 245,500 |
| Public safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other |  | - |  | 119,660 |  | 119,660 |  | - |
| Total police |  | - |  | 119,660 |  | 119,660 |  | - |
| Total public safety |  | - |  | 119,660 |  | 119,660 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 619,660 |  | 374,160 |  | 245,500 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers out |  | - |  | $(13,982)$ |  | $(13,982)$ |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 500,000 |  | $(133,642)$ |  | 86,920 |  | 220,562 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 1,142,180 |  | 1,142,180 |  | 1,142,180 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 1,642,180 | \$ | 1,008,538 | \$ | 1,229,100 | \$ | 220,562 |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Municipal Court Special Projects
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$ | 2,285,319 | \$ | 2,285,319 | \$ | 1,839,441 | \$ | $(445,878)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 374,681 |  | 374,681 |  | 374,681 |  | - |
| Total revenues |  | 2,660,000 |  | 2,660,000 |  | 2,214,122 |  | $(445,878)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Municipal court judges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 2,186,995 |  | 2,186,995 |  | 1,974,469 |  | 212,526 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 29,500 |  | 33,999 |  | 18,823 |  | 15,176 |
| Contractual services |  | 513,218 |  | 700,344 |  | 588,766 |  | 111,578 |
| Total municipal court judges |  | 2,729,713 |  | 2,921,338 |  | 2,582,058 |  | 339,280 |
| Total general government |  | 2,729,713 |  | 2,921,338 |  | 2,582,058 |  | 339,280 |
| Total expenditures |  | 2,729,713 |  | 2,921,338 |  | 2,582,058 |  | 339,280 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | $(69,713)$ |  | $(261,338)$ |  | $(367,936)$ |  | $(106,598)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers in |  | 340,000 |  | 340,000 |  | 340,000 |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 270,287 |  | 78,662 |  | $(27,936)$ |  | $(106,598)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 1,256,304 |  | 1,256,304 |  | 1,256,304 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 278 |  | 278 |  | 278 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 1,526,869 | \$ | 1,335,244 | \$ | 1,228,646 | \$ | $(106,598)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Municipal Court Clerk
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures \$ | 3,257,032 | \$ | 3,257,032 | \$ | 2,265,286 | \$ | $(991,746)$ |
| Miscellaneous | 1,594 |  | 1,594 |  | 1,594 |  | - |
| Total revenues | 3,258,626 |  | 3,258,626 |  | 2,266,880 |  | $(991,746)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Municipal court judges |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | 789,931 |  | 729,176 |  | 428,330 |  | 300,846 |
| Materials and supplies | 155,500 |  | 161,386 |  | 101,798 |  | 59,588 |
| Contractual services | 499,705 |  | 1,055,949 |  | 786,938 |  | 269,011 |
| Total municipal court judges | 1,445,136 |  | 1,946,511 |  | 1,317,066 |  | 629,445 |
| Municipal court clerk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | 622,453 |  | 622,453 |  | 233,516 |  | 388,937 |
| Materials and supplies | 61,000 |  | 61,000 |  | 30,025 |  | 30,975 |
| Contractual services | 825,600 |  | 825,600 |  | 714,502 |  | 111,098 |
| Total municipal court clerk | 1,509,053 |  | 1,509,053 |  | 978,043 |  | 531,010 |
| Total general government | 2,954,189 |  | 3,455,564 |  | 2,295,109 |  | 1,160,455 |
| Debt service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease | - |  | 260,000 |  | 260,000 |  | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | - |  | 14,700 |  | 14,700 |  | - |
| Total debt service | - |  | 274,700 |  | 274,700 |  | - |
| Total expenditures | 2,954,189 |  | 3,730,264 |  | 2,569,809 |  | 1,160,455 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 304,437 |  | $(471,638)$ |  | $(302,929)$ |  | 168,709 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers in | 41,374 |  | 41,374 |  | 41,374 |  | - |
| Operating transfers out | $(274,700)$ |  | $(27,955)$ |  | $(27,955)$ |  | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | $(233,326)$ |  | 13,419 |  | 13,419 |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances | 71,111 |  | $(458,219)$ |  | $(289,510)$ |  | 168,709 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 2,427,770 |  | 2,427,770 |  | 2,427,770 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances | 19,440 |  | 19,440 |  | 19,440 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year \$ | 2,518,321 | \$ | 1,988,991 | \$ | 2,157,700 | \$ | 168,709 |

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Columbus Community Relations
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Housing/ Business Tax Incentives
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  | \$ | $\frac{125,000}{125,000}$ | \$ |  |  | $\$ \quad(29,750)$ |
| Licenses and permits |  | 125,000 |  |  |  | 95,250 |  |  |
| Total revenues |  | 125,000 |  |  |  | 95,250 |  |  |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economic development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | - |  | 80,908 |  | 26,271 |  | 54,637 |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 1,600 |  | 1,500 |  | 100 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 1,500 |  | - |  | 1,500 |
| Total economic development |  | - |  | 84,008 |  | 27,771 |  | 56,237 |
| Total development |  | - |  | 84,008 |  | 27,771 |  | 56,237 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 84,008 |  | 27,771 |  | 56,237 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 125,000 |  | 40,992 |  | 67,479 |  | 26,487 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 125,000 |  | 40,992 |  | 67,479 |  | 26,487 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 411,781 |  | 411,781 |  | 411,781 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 536,781 | \$ | 452,773 | \$ | 479,260 | \$ | 26,487 |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Hester Dysart Paramedic Education Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 975 | \$ | $(4,025)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 975 |  | $(4,025)$ |

Current
Public safety
Fire
Contractual services
Total fire
Total public safety
Total expenditures

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures

5,000
$(5,000) \quad(5,652)$
(652)

Other financing sources (uses)

Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year
Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance at end of year

| 5,000 | $(5,000)$ | $(5,652)$ | $(652)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 117,701 | 117,701 | 117,701 | - |
|  | - |  |  |
|  | $-122,701$ |  |  |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Hotel-Motel Tax
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original | Final |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 22,500,000 | \$ 22,500,000 | \$ 21,331,715 | \$ (1,168,285) |
| Total revenues |  | 22,500,000 | 22,500,000 | 21,331,715 | $(1,168,285)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development director |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | 2,373,000 | 4,258,166 | 4,208,551 | 49,615 |
| Total development director |  | 2,373,000 | 4,258,166 | 4,208,551 | 49,615 |
| Housing - - - - - $-258,1005$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | - | 56,196 | 51,000 | 5,196 |
| Total housing |  | - | 56,196 | 51,000 | 5,196 |
| Total development |  | 2,373,000 | 4,314,362 | 4,259,551 | 54,811 |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |
| City council |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | - | 195,000 | 195,000 | - |
| Total city council |  | - | 195,000 | 195,000 | - |
| Finance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | - | 17,058,471 | 17,058,471 | - |
| Total finance |  | - | 17,058,471 | 17,058,471 | - |
| Total general government |  | - | 17,058,471 | 17,058,471 | - |
| Total expenditures |  | 2,373,000 | 21,567,833 | 21,513,022 | 54,811 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 20,127,000 | 932,167 | $(181,307)$ | $(1,113,474)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 20,127,000 | 932,167 | $(181,307)$ | $(1,113,474)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 179,671 | 179,671 | 179,671 | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 58,667 | 58,667 | 58,667 | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 20,365,338 | \$ 1,170,505 | \$ 57,031 | \$ $\overline{\underline{(1,113,474)}}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Private Leisure Assistance for Youth
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 295 | \$ | 295 | \$ | 87,694 | \$ | 87,399 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 79,705 |  | 79,705 |  | 82,087 |  | 2,382 |
| Total revenues |  | 80,000 |  | 80,000 |  | 169,781 |  | 89,781 |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 1,500 |  | 1,214 |  | 286 |
| Other |  | - |  | 81,765 |  | 81,306 |  | 459 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 83,265 |  | 82,520 |  | 745 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 83,265 |  | 82,520 |  | 745 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 83,265 |  | 82,520 |  | 745 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 80,000 |  | $(3,265)$ |  | 87,261 |  | 90,526 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 80,000 |  | $(3,265)$ |  | 87,261 |  | 90,526 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 760,785 |  | 760,785 |  | 760,785 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 840,785 | \$ | 757,520 | \$ | 848,046 | \$ | 90,526 |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Tree Replacement
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 40,000 \\ \hline 40,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| Miscellaneous |  | 40,000 |  |  |  | 34,196 |  | $(5,804)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 40,000 |  |  |  | 34,196 |  | $(5,804)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 35,465 |  | 29,365 |  | 6,100 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 35,465 |  | 29,365 |  | 6,100 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 35,465 |  | 29,365 |  | 6,100 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 35,465 |  | 29,365 |  | 6,100 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 40,000 |  | 4,535 |  | 4,831 |  | 296 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 40,000 |  | 4,535 |  | 4,831 |  | 296 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 35,465 |  | 35,465 |  | 35,465 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 75,465 | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | 40,296 | \$ | 296 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Gatrell Arts and Vocational Rehabilitation

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Neighborhood Economic Development
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

## Columbus J EDD Revenue

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shared revenue | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 164,036 | \$ | $(35,964)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 200,000 |  | 200,000 |  | 164,036 |  | $(35,964)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 200,000 |  | 200,000 |  | 164,036 |  | $(35,964)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 429,130 |  | 429,130 |  | 429,130 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 629,130 | \$ | 629,130 | \$ | 593,166 | \$ | $\underline{(35,964)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actua
Development Services
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Licenses and permits | \$ | 21,978,450 | \$ | 21,978,450 | \$ | 19,384,802 | \$ | $(2,593,648)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 21,550 |  | 21,550 |  | 14,895 |  | $(6,655)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 22,000,000 |  | 22,000,000 |  | 19,399,697 |  | (2,600,303) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Building and zoning services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 15,369,131 |  | 15,369,131 |  | 14,746,512 |  | 622,619 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 148,971 |  | 118,971 |  | 96,897 |  | 22,074 |
| Contractual services |  | 3,414,166 |  | 3,449,766 |  | 3,039,107 |  | 410,659 |
| Other |  | 47,600 |  | 42,000 |  | 15,765 |  | 26,235 |
| Capital outlay |  | 235,000 |  | 592,985 |  | 577,732 |  | 15,253 |
| Total building and zoning services |  | 19,214,868 |  | 19,572,853 |  | 18,476,013 |  | 1,096,840 |
| Total development |  | 19,214,868 |  | 19,572,853 |  | 18,476,013 |  | 1,096,840 |
| Total expenditures |  | 19,214,868 |  | 19,572,853 |  | 18,476,013 |  | 1,096,840 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 2,785,132 |  | 2,427,147 |  | 923,684 |  | $(1,503,463)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 2,785,132 |  | 2,427,147 |  | 923,684 |  | $(1,503,463)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 11,716,849 |  | 11,716,849 |  | 11,716,849 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 47,214 |  | 47,214 |  | 47,214 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 14,549,195 | \$ | 14,191,210 | \$ | 12,687,747 | \$ | (1,503,463) |

# City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and <br> Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual <br> Private Construction Inspection <br> Budget Basis <br> Year ended December 31, 2016 

Exhibit B-26

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 3,222,000 | \$ | 3,222,000 | \$ | 2,776,099 | \$ | $(445,901)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 278,000 |  | 278,000 |  | 277,144 |  | (856) |
| Total revenues |  | 3,500,000 |  | 3,500,000 |  | 3,053,243 |  | $(446,757)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service director |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 30,531 |  | 30,531 |  | 20,421 |  | 10,110 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 283 |  | 283 |  | - |  | 283 |
| Contractual services |  | 560 |  | 680 |  | - |  | 680 |
| Other |  | 120 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total service director |  | 31,494 |  | 31,494 |  | 20,421 |  | 11,073 |
| Transportation design/constr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 2,611,600 |  | 2,611,600 |  | 2,354,064 |  | 257,536 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 29,574 |  | 22,900 |  | 11,597 |  | 11,303 |
| Contractual services |  | 274,467 |  | 281,641 |  | 257,135 |  | 24,506 |
| Other |  | 1,000 |  | 500 |  | - |  | 500 |
| Capital outlay |  | 215,000 |  | 215,000 |  | 150,722 |  | 64,278 |
| Total transportation design/constr |  | 3,131,641 |  | 3,131,641 |  | 2,773,518 |  | 358,123 |
| Total public service |  | 3,163,135 |  | 3,163,135 |  | 2,793,939 |  | 369,196 |
| Total expenditures |  | 3,163,135 |  | 3,163,135 |  | 2,793,939 |  | 369,196 |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 336,865 |  | 336,865 |  | 259,304 |  | $(77,561)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 2,210,316 |  | 2,210,316 |  | 2,210,316 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 4,093 |  | 4,093 |  | 4,093 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 2,551,274 | \$ | 2,551,274 | \$ | 2,473,713 | \$ | $\underline{(77,561)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Urban Development Action Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Community Development Act
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 19,335 | \$ | 19,335 | \$ | 19,335 | \$ | - |
| Grants and subsidies |  | 9,440,620 |  | 13,440,620 |  | 5,331,603 |  | $(8,109,017)$ |
| Charges for services |  | 59,200 |  | 59,200 |  | 59,200 |  | - |
| Miscellaneous |  | 452,092 |  | 452,092 |  | 452,092 |  | - |
| Total revenues |  | 9,971,247 |  | 13,971,247 |  | 5,862,230 |  | $(8,109,017)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 445,708 |  | 445,708 |  | 402,883 |  | 42,825 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 2,980 |  | 2,980 |  | 1,716 |  | 1,264 |
| Contractual services |  | 117,429 |  | 117,429 |  | 93,638 |  | 23,791 |
| Other |  | 16,561 |  | 16,561 |  | 16,561 |  | - |
| Total Finance |  | 582,678 |  | 582,678 |  | 514,798 |  | 67,880 |
| Neighborhoods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 140,000 |  | 140,000 |  | 138,975 |  | 1,025 |
| Total neighborhoods |  | 140,000 |  | 140,000 |  | 138,975 |  | 1,025 |
| Total general government |  | 722,678 |  | 722,678 |  | 653,773 |  | 68,905 |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development director |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 771,897 |  | 771,897 |  | 568,847 |  | 203,050 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 2,000 |  | 2,000 |  | 2,000 |  | - |
| Contractual services |  | 227,000 |  | 227,000 |  | 205,645 |  | 21,355 |
| Total development director |  | 1,000,897 |  | 1,000,897 |  | 776,492 |  | 224,405 |
| Economic development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 674,203 |  | 674,203 |  | 645,921 |  | 28,282 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 2,250 |  | 2,250 |  | - |  | 2,250 |
| Contractual services |  | 661,503 |  | 661,503 |  | 657,703 |  | 3,800 |
| Total economic development |  | 1,337,956 |  | 1,337,956 |  | 1,303,624 |  | 34,332 |
| Code enforcement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 935,719 |  | 935,719 |  | 841,719 |  | 94,000 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 11,532 |  | 11,532 |  | 4,000 |  | 7,532 |
| Contractual services |  | 160,468 |  | 160,468 |  | 160,468 |  | - |
| Total code enforcement |  | 1,107,719 |  | 1,107,719 |  | 1,006,187 |  | 101,532 |
| Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 1,224,296 |  | 1,224,296 |  | 1,038,806 |  | 185,490 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 23,000 |  | 23,000 |  | 8,171 |  | 14,829 |
| Contractual services |  | 2,084,808 |  | 2,084,808 |  | 985,783 |  | 1,099,025 |
| Other |  | 1,300 |  | 1,300 |  | 1,300 |  | - |
| Total housing |  | 3,333,404 |  | 3,333,404 |  | 2,034,060 |  | 1,299,344 |
| Total development |  | 6,779,976 |  | 6,779,976 |  | 5,120,363 |  | 1,659,613 |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Community Development Act
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Licenses and permits | \$ | 3,916,795 | \$ | 4,323,233 | \$ | 2,805,009 | \$ | $(1,518,224)$ |
| Fines \& forfeitures |  | 35,000 |  | 35,000 |  | 35,059 |  | 59 |
| Charges for services |  | 4,479,000 |  | 4,479,000 |  | 4,479,499 |  | 499 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,295 |  | 295 |
| Total revenues |  | 8,435,795 |  | 8,842,233 |  | 7,324,862 |  | (1,517,371) |
| Expenditures $-\frac{8,82,233 \cdots \cdots}{}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 22,020,215 |  | 22,134,895 |  | 21,909,558 |  | 225,337 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 969,536 |  | 910,688 |  | 874,052 |  | 36,636 |
| Contractual services |  | 7,582,915 |  | 7,520,833 |  | 7,471,952 |  | 48,881 |
| Other |  | 3,750 |  | 10,000 |  | 7,052 |  | 2,948 |
| Total health |  | 30,576,416 |  | 30,576,416 |  | 30,262,614 |  | 313,802 |
| Total health |  | 30,576,416 |  | 30,576,416 |  | 30,262,614 |  | 313,802 |
| Total expenditures |  | 30,576,416 |  | 30,576,416 |  | 30,262,614 |  | 313,802 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | $(22,140,621)$ |  | $(21,734,183)$ |  | (22,937,752) |  | $(1,203,569)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers in |  | 23,564,205 |  | 23,157,767 |  | 23,157,767 |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 1,423,584 |  | 1,423,584 |  | 220,015 |  | $(1,203,569)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 120,853 |  | 120,853 |  | 120,853 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 29,568 |  | 29,568 |  | 29,568 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 1,574,005 | \$ | 1,574,005 | \$ | 370,436 | \$ | $\underline{(1,203,569)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Health Department Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 2,000 | \$ | 2,000 | \$ | 2,260 | \$ | 260 |
| Grants and subsidies |  | 24,127,000 |  | 37,127,000 |  | 19,948,678 |  | $(17,178,322)$ |
| Charges for service |  | 763,000 |  | 763,000 |  | 763,381 |  | 381 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 2,000 |  | 2,000 |  | 2,357 |  | 357 |
| Total revenues |  | 24,894,000 |  | 37,894,000 |  | 20,716,676 |  | (17,177,324) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 23,848,904 |  | 23,848,904 |  | 14,401,513 |  | 9,447,391 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 1,565,872 |  | 1,565,872 |  | 734,223 |  | 831,649 |
| Contractual services |  | 8,132,118 |  | 8,132,118 |  | 6,032,651 |  | 2,099,467 |
| Other |  | 73,878 |  | 73,878 |  | 1,060 |  | 72,818 |
| Capital outlay |  | 80,778 |  | 80,778 |  | 28,271 |  | 52,507 |
| Total health |  | 33,701,550 |  | 33,701,550 |  | 21,197,718 |  | 12,503,832 |
| Total health |  | 33,701,550 |  | 33,701,550 |  | 21,197,718 |  | 12,503,832 |
| Total expenditures |  | 33,701,550 |  | 33,701,550 |  | 21,197,718 |  | 12,503,832 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | $(8,807,550)$ |  | 4,192,450 |  | $(481,042)$ |  | $(4,673,492)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers in |  | 1,106,000 |  | 1,106,000 |  | 1,106,000 |  | - |
| Operating transfers out |  | $(1,237,094)$ |  | $(1,237,094)$ |  | $(1,237,094)$ |  | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) |  | $(131,094)$ |  | $(131,094)$ |  | $(131,094)$ |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | $(8,938,644)$ |  | 4,061,356 |  | $(612,136)$ |  | $(4,673,492)$ |
| Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year |  | $(3,676,711)$ |  | $(3,676,711)$ |  | $(3,676,711)$ |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 355,892 |  | 355,892 |  | 355,892 |  | -- |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year |  | \$ $\underline{\underline{(12,259,463)}}$ | \$ | 740,537 | \$ | $\underline{(3,932,955)}$ | \$ | $(4,673,492)$ |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

County Auto License
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Street Construction Maintenance \& Repair
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- <br> Positive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Licenses and permits | \$ | 2,184,000 | \$ | 2,184,000 | \$ | 2,184,213 | \$ | 213 |
| Investment earnings |  | 170,000 |  | 170,000 |  | 170,502 |  | 502 |
| Charges for services |  | 12,449,000 |  | 12,449,000 |  | 12,449,670 |  | 670 |
| Shared revenues |  | 41,131,000 |  | 41,131,000 |  | 36,194,620 |  | $(4,936,380)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 66,000 |  | 66,000 |  | 66,532 |  | 532 |
| Total revenues |  | 56,000,000 |  | 56,000,000 |  | 51,065,537 |  | $(4,934,463)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service director |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 2,919,709 |  | 2,916,157 |  | 2,715,961 |  | 200,196 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 4,300 |  | 4,300 |  | 4,207 |  | 93 |
| Contractual services |  | 178,802 |  | 182,854 |  | 178,967 |  | 3,887 |
| Other |  | 500 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total service director |  | 3,103,311 |  | 3,103,311 |  | 2,899,135 |  | 204,176 |
| Infrastructure management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 17,168,747 |  | 17,168,747 |  | 15,862,292 |  | 1,306,455 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 867,000 |  | 432,000 |  | 302,508 |  | 129,492 |
| Contractual services |  | 12,439,062 |  | 12,882,062 |  | 10,880,652 |  | 2,001,410 |
| Other |  | 83,000 |  | 75,000 |  | 70,000 |  | 5,000 |
| Capital outlay |  | 500,000 |  | 500,000 |  | 498,975 |  | 1,025 |
| Total infrastructure management |  | 31,057,809 |  | 31,057,809 |  | 27,614,427 |  | 3,443,382 |
| Transportation design/constr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 4,565,231 |  | 4,565,231 |  | 4,127,962 |  | 437,269 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 9,700 |  | 9,700 |  | 3,396 |  | 6,304 |
| Contractual services |  | 768,450 |  | 768,950 |  | 702,016 |  | 66,934 |
| Other |  | 4,000 |  | 3,500 |  | - |  | 3,500 |
| Total transportation design/constr |  | 5,347,381 |  | 5,347,381 |  | 4,833,374 |  | 514,007 |
| Traffic management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 10,402,002 |  | 10,302,002 |  | 9,423,666 |  | 878,336 |
| Materials and supplies |  | 367,500 |  | 257,500 |  | 229,439 |  | 28,061 |
| Contractual services |  | 1,390,182 |  | 1,502,182 |  | 1,317,623 |  | 184,559 |
| Other |  | 2,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | - |
| Capital outlay |  | 145,000 |  | 145,000 |  | 67,436 |  | 77,564 |
| Total traffic management |  | 12,306,684 |  | 12,306,684 |  | 11,138,164 |  | 1,168,520 |
| Total public service |  | 51,815,185 |  | 51,815,185 |  | 46,485,100 |  | 5,330,085 |
| Total expenditures |  | 51,815,185 |  | 51,815,185 |  | 46,485,100 |  | 5,330,085 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 4,184,815 |  | 4,184,815 |  | 4,580,437 |  | 395,622 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 4,184,815 |  | 4,184,815 |  | 4,580,437 |  | 395,622 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 17,061,773 |  | 17,061,773 |  | 17,061,773 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 495,545 |  | 495,545 |  | 495,545 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 21,742,133 | \$ | 21,742,133 | \$ | 22,137,755 | \$ | 395,622 |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original | Final |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous \$ | 4,066,000 | \$ 4,066,000 | \$ 3,554,610 | \$ |
| Total revenues | 4,066,000 | 4,066,000 | 3,554,610 | (511,390) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Public service |  |  |  |  |
| Infrastructure management |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies | - | 3,270,000 | 2,879,971 | 390,029 |
| Total infrastructure management | - | 3,270,000 | 2,879,971 | 390,029 |
| Traffic management |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies | - | 325,000 | 294,465 | 30,535 |
| Total traffic management | - | 325,000 | 294,465 | 30,535 |
| Total public service | - | 3,595,000 | 3,174,436 | 420,564 |
| Total expenditures | - | 3,595,000 | 3,174,436 | 420,564 |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |
| over expenditures | 4,066,000 | 471,000 | 380,174 | $(90,826)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in fund balances | 4,066,000 | 471,000 | 380,174 | $(90,826)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 579,195 | 579,195 | 579,195 | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances | 177,877 | 177,877 | 177,877 | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | 4,823,072 | \$ 1,228,072 | \$ 1,137,246 | \$ $(90,826)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
City Parking Meter Contribution
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 800,000 | \$ | 800,000 | \$ |  | \$ | $(800,000)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 800,000 |  | 800,000 |  | - |  | $(800,000)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 800,000 |  | 800,000 |  | - |  | $(800,000)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 800,000 |  | 800,000 |  | - |  | $(800,000)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 1,400,000 |  | 1,400,000 |  | 1,400,000 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 2,200,000 | \$ | 2,200,000 | \$ | 1,400,000 | \$ | (800,000) |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Parking Meter Program Fund
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## Expenditures

Current
Public service
Traffic management Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services Other
Capital outlay
Total traffic management Total public service Total expenditures

Excess of revenues over expenditures

Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance at end of year

| 1,144,184 | 1,144,184 | 1,126,025 | 18,159 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 88,364 | 88,364 | 56,238 | 32,126 |
| 1,762,840 | 1,762,840 | 1,742,762 | 20,078 |
| 11,144 | 11,144 | 9,971 | 1,173 |
| 18,000 | 18,000 | 17,309 | 691 |
| 3,024,532 | 3,024,532 | 2,952,305 | 72,227 |
| 3,024,532 | 3,024,532 | 2,952,305 | 72,227 |
| 3,024,532 | 3,024,532 | 2,952,305 | 72,227 |
| 175,468 | 175,468 | 139,021 | $(36,447)$ |
| - | - | - | - |
| 175,468 | 175,468 | 139,021 | $(36,447)$ |
| 1,439,290 | 1,439,290 | 1,439,290 | - |
| 8,901 | 8,901 | 8,901 | - |
| 1,623,659 | 1,623,659 | 1,587,212 | $(36,447)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
E-911 Fund
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Treasury I nvestment Earnings
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City auditor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other |  | - |  | 1,436,381 |  | 1,436,381 |  | - |
| Total city auditor |  | - |  | 1,436,381 |  | 1,436,381 |  | - |
| Total general government |  | - |  | 1,436,381 |  | 1,436,381 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 1,436,381 |  | 1,436,381 |  | - |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | - |  | $(1,436,381)$ |  | $(1,436,381)$ |  | - |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | - |  | $(1,436,381)$ |  | $(1,436,381)$ |  | - |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 1,436,381 |  | 1,436,381 |  | 1,436,381 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 1,436,381 | \$ |  | \$ | $\square$ | \$ | - |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Casino Fund
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original | Final |  | Actual <br> Amounts | Positive <br> (Negative) |
| $19,165,000$ | $\$$ | $19,165,000$ | $\$$ | $4,128,420$ |


| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development director |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contract Services |  | - | 2,838,833 | 2,838,833 | - |
| Total development director |  | - | 2,838,833 | 2,838,833 | - |
| Total development |  | - | 2,838,833 | 2,838,833 | - |
| Total expenditures |  | - | 2,838,833 | 2,838,833 | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | Excess of revenues | 19,165,000 | 16,326,167 | 1,289,587 | $(15,036,580)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers out |  | - | $(1,289,587)$ | $(1,289,587)$ | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 19,165,000 | 15,036,580 | - | $(15,036,580)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | - | - | - | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - | - | - | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 19,165,000 | 15,036,580 | - | $(15,036,580)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

## Westside Community Fund

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Final | Actual <br> Amounts | Positive <br> (Negative) |

\$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Expenditures

Excess of revenues over expenditures

Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year
Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance at end of year


## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

## Recreation and Parks Grants

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grants and subsidies | \$ | 2,000,000 | \$ | 9,000,000 | \$ | 2,212,037 | \$ | $(6,787,963)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 2,000,000 |  | 2,000,000 |  | 2,618,933 |  | 618,933 |
| Total revenues |  | 4,000,000 |  | 11,000,000 |  | 4,830,970 |  | (6,169,030) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | - |  | 1,722,418 |  | 1,673,104 |  | 49,314 |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 76,854 |  | 59,484 |  | 17,370 |
| Contractual services |  | 14,819 |  | 2,619,774 |  | 2,619,774 |  | - |
| Capital outlay |  | - |  | 3,537,011 |  | 3,399,117 |  | 137,894 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | 14,819 |  | 7,956,057 |  | 7,751,479 |  | 204,578 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | 14,819 |  | 7,956,057 |  | 7,751,479 |  | 204,578 |
| Total expenditures |  | 14,819 |  | 7,956,057 |  | 7,751,479 |  | 204,578 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 3,985,181 |  | 3,043,943 |  | $(2,920,509)$ |  | $(5,964,452)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfer in |  | - |  | - |  | 2,964 |  | 2,964 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | 2,964 |  | 2,964 |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 3,985,181 |  | 3,043,943 |  | $(2,917,545)$ |  | $(5,961,488)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 98,813 |  | 98,813 |  | 98,813 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 4,083,994 | \$ | 3,142,756 | \$ | $\underline{(2,818,732)}$ |  | $\underline{(5,961,488)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Recreation and Parks Operations
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Licenses and permits | \$ | 1,228,000 | \$ | 1,228,000 | \$ | 1,228,446 | \$ | 446 |
| Charges for services |  | 8,504,263 |  | 9,202,469 |  | 8,304,534 |  | $(897,935)$ |
| Miscellaneous |  | 670,000 |  | 670,000 |  | 670,985 |  | 985 |
| Total revenues |  | 10,402,263 |  | 11,100,469 |  | 10,203,965 |  | $(896,504)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services |  | 34,439,496 |  | 34,325,842 |  | 34,325,842 |  | - |
| Materials and supplies |  | 4,253,446 |  | 1,982,093 |  | 1,972,570 |  | 9,523 |
| Contractual services |  | 9,074,746 |  | 11,845,846 |  | 11,845,846 |  | - |
| Other |  | 125,976 |  | 105,015 |  | 105,015 |  | - |
| Capital outlay |  | 150,000 |  | 139,488 |  | 139,488 |  | - |
| Total recreation and parks |  | 48,043,664 |  | 48,398,284 |  | 48,388,761 |  | 9,523 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | 48,043,664 |  | 48,398,284 |  | 48,388,761 |  | 9,523 |
| Total expenditures |  | 48,043,664 |  | 48,398,284 |  | 48,388,761 |  | 9,523 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | $(37,641,401)$ |  | $(37,297,815)$ |  | $(38,184,796)$ |  | $(886,981)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers in |  | 38,597,737 |  | 37,899,531 |  | 37,899,531 |  | - |
| Operating transfers out |  | - |  | $(185,453)$ |  | $(185,453)$ |  | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) |  | 38,597,737 |  | 37,714,078 |  | 37,714,078 |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 956,336 |  | 416,263 |  | $(470,718)$ |  | $(886,981)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 236,011 |  | 236,011 |  | 236,011 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 358,513 |  | 358,513 |  | 358,513 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 1,550,860 | \$ | 1,010,787 | \$ | 123,806 |  | (886,981) |

# City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and <br> Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual <br> Recreation \& Parks Grants (COAAA) <br> Budget Basis <br> Year ended December 31, 2016 



# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Reynolds Crossing Special Assessment
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual DPU Small Business Education and Training Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Mined Assets
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | iginal |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 25,000 | \$ | 25,000 | \$ | - | \$ | $(25,000)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | - |  | $(25,000)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| over expenditures |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | - |  | $(25,000)$ |

Other financing sources (uses)

Net change in fund balances

| 25,000 | 25,000 | - | $(25,000)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,501,000 | 1,501,000 | 1,501,000 |  |
| - | - | - | - |
| \$ 1,526,000 | 1,526,000 | 1,501,000 | $(25,000)$ |

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Private Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016
Variance with
Final Budget-

| Budgeted Amounts |  | Actual <br> Amounts | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive (Negative) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original | Final |  |  |
| 700,000 | \$ 3,200,000 | \$ 1,651,846 | \$ $(1,548,154)$ |
| 700,000 | 3,200,000 | 1,651,846 | $(1,548,154)$ |

## Expenditures <br> Current <br> General government

Mayor's office
Personal services
Materials and supplies Contractual services
Total mayor's office
Technology
Contractual services
Total technology
Total general government
Public safety
Police
Contractual services
Total police
Fire
Materials \& supplies
Contractual services
Total fire
Total public safety
Public service
Refuse
Materials and supplies
Total refuse
Total public service
Health
Health
Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services
Total health
Total health
Recreation and parks
Recreation and parks
Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services
Total recreation and parks
Total recreation and parks
Total expenditures
Excess of revenues
over expenditures
Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year
Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance at end of year


| 9,000 | 9,000 | 9,000 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,000 | 1,000 | - | 1,000 |
| 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | - |
| 13,000 | 13,000 | 12,000 | 1,000 |
| 13,000 | 13,000 | 12,000 | 1,000 |
| 2,804,238 | 2,804,238 | 980,813 | 1,823,425 |
| $(2,104,238)$ | 395,762 | 671,033 | 275,271 |



## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Urban Site Acquisition Loan Fund
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 104,788 | \$ | 104,788 |
| Miscellaneous |  | - |  | - |  | 1,543 |  | 1,543 |
| Total revenues |  |  |  | - |  | 106,331 |  | 106,331 |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | 106,331 |  | 106,331 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | - |  | - |  | 106,331 |  | 106,331 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 67,167 |  | 67,167 |  | 67,167 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 7,320 |  | 7,320 |  | 7,320 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 74,487 | \$ | 74,487 | \$ | 180,818 |  | 106,331 |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Exhibit B-49
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Property Management
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 6,000 | \$ | 6,000 | \$ | 6,200 | \$ | 200 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 1,994,000 |  | 1,994,000 |  | 1,638,991 |  | $(355,009)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 2,000,000 |  | 2,000,000 |  | 1,645,191 |  | $(354,809)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Facilities management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | - |  | 25,000 |
| Contractual services |  | 1,410,354 |  | 1,410,354 |  | 1,390,694 |  | 19,660 |
| Total facilities management |  | 1,435,354 |  | 1,435,354 |  | 1,390,694 |  | 44,660 |
| Total general government |  | 1,435,354 |  | 1,435,354 |  | 1,390,694 |  | 44,660 |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation and parks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 92,000 |  | 54,152 |  | 37,848 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 190,000 |  | 100,581 |  | 89,419 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 282,000 |  | 154,733 |  | 127,267 |
| Total recreation and parks |  | - |  | 282,000 |  | 154,733 |  | 127,267 |
| Total expenditures |  | 1,435,354 |  | 1,717,354 |  | 1,545,427 |  | 171,927 |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 564,646 |  | 282,646 |  | 99,764 |  | $(182,882)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 957,738 |  | 957,738 |  | 957,738 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 47,220 |  | 47,220 |  | 47,220 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 1,569,604 | \$ | 1,287,604 | \$ | 1,104,722 | \$ | $\underline{(182,882)}$ |

# City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and <br> Year ended December 31, 2016 

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income taxes \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 352 | \$ | 352 |
| Licenses and permits | 32,000 |  | 32,000 |  | 32,656 |  | 656 |
| Fines \& forfeitures | 411,000 |  | 411,000 |  | 411,759 |  | 759 |
| Charges for services | 1,698,000 |  | 1,698,000 |  | 748,864 |  | $(949,136)$ |
| Miscellaneous | 59,000 |  | 59,000 |  | 59,544 |  | 544 |
| Total revenues | 2,200,000 |  | 2,200,000 |  | 1,253,175 |  | $(946,825)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City auditor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services | - |  | 22 |  | 22 |  | - |
| Total city auditor | - |  | 22 |  | 22 |  | - |
| City attorney |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services | - |  | 900,000 |  | 900,000 |  | - |
| Total city attorney | - |  | 900,000 |  | 900,000 |  | - |
| Municipal court clerk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services | 255,000 |  | 255,000 |  | 247,421 |  | 7,579 |
| Total municipal court clerk | 255,000 |  | 255,000 |  | 247,421 |  | 7,579 |
| Total general government | 255,000 |  | 1,155,022 |  | 1,147,443 |  | 7,579 |
| Public service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Traffic management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual services | - |  | 170,152 |  | 170,152 |  | - |
| Total traffic management | - |  | 170,152 |  | 170,152 |  | - |
| Total public service | - |  | 170,152 |  | 170,152 |  | - |
| Total expenditures | 255,000 |  | 1,325,174 |  | 1,317,595 |  | 7,579 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances | 1,945,000 |  | 874,826 |  | $(64,420)$ |  | $(939,246)$ |
| Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year | $(591,369)$ |  | $(591,369)$ |  | $(591,369)$ |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances | 42,377 |  | 42,377 |  | 42,377 |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year \$ | 1,396,008 | \$ | 325,834 | \$ | $(613,412)$ | \$ | $\underline{(939,246)}$ |

Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | - | \$ | $(10,000)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 10,000 |  | 10,000 |  | - |  | $(10,000)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 10,000 |  | 10,000 |  | - |  | $(10,000)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 10,000 |  | 10,000 |  | - |  | $(10,000)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 24,534 |  | 24,534 |  | 24,534 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 1,630 |  | 1,630 |  | 1,630 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 36,164 | \$ | 36,164 | \$ | 26,164 | \$ | $\underline{(10,000)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Environmental Fund

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | 72,226 | \$ | $(2,774)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 75,000 |  | 75,000 |  | 72,226 |  | (2,774) |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City attorney |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 10,016 |  | 9,016 |  | 1,000 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 93,380 |  | 93,251 |  | 129 |
| Total city attorney |  | - |  | 103,396 |  | 102,267 |  | 1,129 |
| Total general government |  | - |  | 103,396 |  | 102,267 |  | 1,129 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 103,396 |  | 102,267 |  | 1,129 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |  | 75,000 |  | $(28,396)$ |  | $(30,041)$ |  | $(1,645)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 75,000 |  | $(28,396)$ |  | $(30,041)$ |  | $(1,645)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 87,914 |  | 87,914 |  | 87,914 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | 3,682 |  | 3,682 |  | 3,682 |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 166,596 | \$ | 63,200 | \$ | 61,555 | \$ | $\underline{(1,645)}$ |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Citywide Training Entrepreneurial
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Police Continuing Professional Training
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 151,000 | \$ | 151,000 | \$ | 151,120 | \$ | 120 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 49,000 |  | 49,000 |  | 407,880 |  | 358,880 |
| Total revenues |  | 200,000 |  | 200,000 |  | 559,000 |  | 359,000 |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials and supplies |  | - |  | 19,400 |  | 11,645 |  | 7,755 |
| Contractual services |  | - |  | 159,500 |  | 102,636 |  | 56,864 |
| Capital outlay |  | - |  | 8,000 |  | 7,595 |  | 405 |
| Total police |  | - |  | 186,900 |  | 121,876 |  | 65,024 |
| Total public safety |  | - |  | 186,900 |  | 121,876 |  | 65,024 |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 186,900 |  | 121,876 |  | 65,024 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 200,000 |  | 13,100 |  | 437,124 |  | 424,024 |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 200,000 |  | 13,100 |  | 437,124 |  | 424,024 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 92,236 |  | 92,236 |  | 92,236 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 292,236 | \$ | 105,336 | \$ | 529,360 | \$ | 424,024 |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Easton TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final Budget- <br> Positive <br> (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 30,000 | \$ | 30,000 | \$ | 30,349 | \$ | 349 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 6,970,000 |  | 6,970,000 |  | 5,722,310 |  | $(1,247,690)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 7,000,000 |  | 7,000,000 |  | 5,752,659 |  | $(1,247,341)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease |  | - |  | 2,170,000 |  | 2,170,000 |  |  |
| Interest and fiscal charges |  | - |  | 453,295 |  | 453,295 |  | - |
| Total debt service |  | - |  | 2,623,295 |  | 2,623,295 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 2,623,295 |  | 2,623,295 |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 7,000,000 |  | 4,376,705 |  | 3,129,364 |  | (1,247,341) |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers out |  | - |  | $(4,111,737)$ |  | $(4,111,737)$ |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 7,000,000 |  | 264,968 |  | $(982,373)$ |  | (1,247,341) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 3,664,718 |  | 3,664,718 |  | 3,664,718 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 10,664,718 | \$ | 3,929,686 | \$ | 2,682,345 | \$ | $\underline{(1,247,341)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Polaris TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 33,000 | \$ | 33,000 | \$ | 33,650 | \$ | 650 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 3,967,000 |  | 3,967,000 |  | 3,274,138 |  | $(692,862)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 4,000,000 |  | 4,000,000 |  | 3,307,788 |  | $(692,212)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease |  | - |  | 1,440,000 |  | 1,440,000 |  | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges |  | - |  | 606,998 |  | 606,998 |  |  |
| Total debt service |  | - |  | 2,046,998 |  | 2,046,998 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 2,046,998 |  | 2,046,998 |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 4,000,000 |  | 1,953,002 |  | 1,260,790 |  | $(692,212)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 4,000,000 |  | 1,433,002 |  | 740,790 |  | $(692,212)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 2,587,874 |  | 2,587,874 |  | 2,587,874 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 6,587,874 | \$ | 4,020,876 | \$ | 3,328,664 | \$ | (692,212) |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Tuttle Crossing TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | riginal |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 750,000 | \$ | 750,000 | \$ | 580,135 | \$ | $(169,865)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 750,000 |  | 750,000 |  | 580,135 |  | $(169,865)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating transfers out |  | - |  | $(580,135)$ |  | $(580,135)$ |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 750,000 |  | 169,865 |  | - |  | $(169,865)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 750,000 | \$ | 169,865 | \$ | - | \$ | $\underline{(169,865)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Exhibit B-58 Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

## Nationwide Pen Site TIF

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Nationwide Off Sites TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Gateway - OSU TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Brewery District TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Waggoner Road TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 29,000 | \$ | 29,000 | \$ | 29,883 | \$ | 883 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 571,000 |  | 571,000 |  | 485,397 |  | $(85,603)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 600,000 |  | 600,000 |  | 515,280 |  | $(84,720)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 600,000 |  | 600,000 |  | 515,280 |  | $(84,720)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 3,214,620 |  | 3,214,620 |  | 3,214,620 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 3,814,620 | \$ | 3,814,620 | \$ | 3,729,900 | \$ | $\underline{(84,720)}$ |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Recreation Debt Service
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Rocky Fork TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


Lucent TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
East Broad Dominion TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original | Final | Actual | Positive |

Revenues
Miscellaneous
Total revenues
Expenditures
Excess of revenues
$\quad$ over expenditures
Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year
Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance at end of year


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Waggoner M/I TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016
Variance with
Budgeted Amounts
Final Budget-
Actual Positive
Original Final Amounts (Negative)

## Revenues

Miscellaneous
Total revenues
Expenditures
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures

Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year
Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year $\$ \underline{\underline{2,134,157}} \$ \underline{\underline{2,134,157}} \$ \underline{\underline{2,122,149}} \$ \underline{(12,008)}$

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

## Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

East Broad Commercial TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Actual | Positive |


| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 280,344 | \$ | $(19,656)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 300,000 |  | 300,000 |  | 280,344 |  | $(19,656)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 300,000 |  | 300,000 |  | 280,344 |  | $(19,656)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 2,255,920 |  | 2,255,920 |  | 2,255,920 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 2,555,920 | \$ | 2,555,920 | \$ | 2,536,264 | \$ | $(19,656)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Lucent Commercial TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Final | Actual | Positive |


| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 261,797 | \$ | $(38,203)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 300,000 |  | 300,000 |  | 261,797 |  | $(38,203)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 300,000 |  | 300,000 |  | 261,797 |  | $(38,203)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 1,371,090 |  | 1,371,090 |  | 1,371,090 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 1,671,090 | \$ | 1,671,090 | \$ | 1,632,887 | \$ | $(38,203)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Brewery District II TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original | Final | Actual | Positive |


| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total revenues | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 154,343 | \$ | $(45,657)$ |
|  |  | 200,000 |  | 200,000 |  | 154,343 |  | $(45,657)$ |
| Expenditures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Excess of revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other financing sources (uses) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 200,000 |  | 200,000 |  | 154,343 |  | $(45,657)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 784,786 |  | 784,786 |  | 784,786 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 984,786 | \$ | 984,786 | \$ | 939,129 | \$ | $(45,657)$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Grange Urban Redevelopment TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016
Variance with
Budgeted Amounts
Final Budget-
Actual
Positive
Original Final Amounts (Negative)

## Revenues

Miscellaneous
Total revenues

$\$$| 450,000 |
| :--- |
| 450,000 | \(\begin{aligned} \& 450,000 <br>

\& 450,000 <br>
\& \end{aligned}\)

## Expenditures

Development
Development director Other
Total development director
Total development
Total expenditures
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures
Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Gowdy Field TIF
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Year ended December 31, 2016

| Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Variance with <br> Final Budget- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original | Final | Actual | Positive |

## Revenues

Miscellaneous
Total revenues
Expenditures
Current
Development
Development director Other
Total development director Total development

Total expenditures
Excess of revenues
over expenditures
Other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balances
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year
 $\qquad$

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Hayden Run South TIF

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual <br> Amounts |  | Variance with Final BudgetPositive (Negative) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | 3,000,000 | \$ | 3,000,000 | \$ | 1,776,530 | \$ | $(1,223,470)$ |
| Total revenues |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 1,776,530 |  | $(1,223,470)$ |
| Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease |  | - |  | 395,000 |  | 395,000 |  | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges |  | - |  | 147,998 |  | 147,998 |  |  |
| Total debt service |  | - |  | 542,998 |  | 542,998 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | - |  | 542,998 |  | 542,998 |  | - |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures |  | 3,000,000 |  | 2,457,002 |  | 1,233,532 |  | $(1,223,470)$ |
| Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out |  | - |  | $(1,456,000)$ |  | $(1,456,000)$ |  | - |
| Net change in fund balances |  | 3,000,000 |  | 1,001,002 |  | $(222,468)$ |  | $(1,223,470)$ |
| Fund balance at beginning of year |  | 5,611,008 |  | 5,611,008 |  | 5,611,008 |  | - |
| Lapsed encumbrances |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Fund balance (deficit) at end of year | \$ | 8,611,008 | \$ | 6,612,010 | \$ | 5,388,540 | \$ | $\underline{(1,223,470)}$ |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Grange II Urban Redevelopment
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

## Columbus Downtown TIF

Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Capitol South
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2016


## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The title of the funds indicates the type of service provided. The Internal Service Funds are:

- Employee Benefits
- Worker's Compensation
- Fleet Management
- Information Services
- Mail, Print, Term Contracts
- Construction I nspection
- Land Acquisition

| Employee <br> Benefits | Worker's Compensation | Fleet <br> Management | Information Services | Mail, Print, Term Contracts | Construction Inspection | Land Acquisition | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 13,852 | \$ 32,558 | \$ 5,200 | \$ 7,024 | \$ 324 | \$ 143 | \$ 612 | \$ 59,713 |
| - |  | - | 12 | - | 1 | - | 13 |
| - | - | 68 | 129 | 4 | 315 | 44 | 560 |
| - | 467 | - | - | - | - | - | 467 |
| - | - | 880 | - | - | - | - | 880 |
| - | 22,362 | - | - | - | - | - | 22,362 |
| 13,852 | 55,387 | 6,148 | 7,165 | 328 | 459 | 656 | 83,995 |
| - | - | 14,413 | 9,826 | - | - | - | 24,239 |
| - | - | 1,667 | - | - | - | - | 1,667 |
| - | - | 33,433 | 15,211 | 74 | 392 | 7 | 49,117 |
| - | - | 49,513 | 25,037 | 74 | 392 | 7 | 75,023 |
| 13,852 | 55,387 | 55,661 | 32,202 | 402 | 851 | 663 | 159,018 |
| 931 | - | 4,016 | 5,335 | 125 | 2,184 | 259 | 12,850 |
| 1,896 | 477 | 891 | 847 | 15 | 9 | - | 4,135 |
| - | 842 | - | - | - | - | - | 842 |
| - | - | 214 | 145 | 92 | - | - | 451 |
| - | - | 505 | 347 | - | - | - | 852 |
| 103 | - | 375 | 738 | 18 | 246 | 32 | 1,512 |
| 94 | - | 614 | 1,009 | 26 | 404 | 19 | 2,166 |
| 14,550 | 8,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 22,550 |
| - | - | 4,750 | 5,929 | - | - | - | 10,679 |
| 16,643 | 9,319 | 7,349 | 9,015 | 151 | 659 | 51 | 43,187 |
| - | - | 34 | 733 | - | - | - | 767 |
| - | 25,878 | - | - | - | - | - | 25,878 |
| 2,468 | - | 8,969 | 14,274 | 244 | 6,589 | 646 | 33,190 |
|  | - | 33,763 | 22,520 | - |  | - | 56,283 |
| 2,468 | 25,878 | 42,766 | 37,527 | 244 | 6,589 | 646 | 116,118 |
| 19,111 | 35,197 | 50,115 | 46,542 | 395 | 7,248 | 697 | 159,305 |
| 67 | - | 244 | 387 | 9 | 158 | 19 | 884 |

[^2]City of Columbus, Ohio Combining Statement of Net Position
Internal Service Funds
December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LI ABI LITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Governments
Funds
Accrued interest payable
Accrued wages and benefits
Accrued vacation and sick leave
Claims and judgments
Current portion of:
Bonds, notes and loans payable LI ABI LITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Governments
Funds
Accrued interest payable
Accrued wages and benefits
Accued vacation and sick leave
Claims and judgments
Current portion of:
Bonds, notes and loans payable LI ABI LITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Governments
Funds
Accrued interest payable
Accrued wages and benefits
Accued vacation and sick leave
Claims and judgments
Current portion of:
Bonds, notes and loans payable LI ABI LITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Governments
Funds
Accrued interest payable
Accrued wages and benefits
Accued vacation and sick leave
Claims and judgments
Current portion of:
Bonds, notes and loans payable LI ABI LITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Governments
Funds
Accrued interest payable
Accrued wages and benefits
Accued vacation and sick leave
Claims and judgments
Current portion of:
Bonds, notes and loans payable LI ABI LITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other:
Governments
Funds
Accrued interest payable
Accrued wages and benefits
Accued vacation and sick leave
Claims and judgments
Current portion of:
Bonds, notes and loans payable
Total current liabilities
Payable from restricted assets:
Non-current liabilities:
Payable from restricted ass
\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { reciation } \\
& \text { Total non-current assets } \\
& \text { Total assets }
\end{aligned}
$$
\]

Claims and judgments
Net Pension Liability
Bonds and loans payable, net
Total non-current liabilities
DEFERRED INFLOWS
NET POSITION
Net investment in capital assets
Total net position





For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands)


> REVENUES
Charges for services
Total operating revenues
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services
Materials and supplies
Contractual services
$\stackrel{\grave{\omega}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}}$

NON-OPERATI NG REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense
Other, net
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in
Change in net position Total net position - beginning
Total net position - ending
City of Columbus, Ohio Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (amounts expressed in thousands)
 | ' ' $\mid$ $\stackrel{2}{6}$ ' ' $\mid$ '| © ©









| Employee Benefits |  | City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (amounts expressed in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  | Mail, Print, Term Contracts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Worker's Compensation |  | Fleet <br> Management |  | Information Services |  |  |  |
|  | 178,817 | \$ | 9,564 | \$ | 29,976 | \$ | 33,089 | \$ | 1,807 |
|  | $(2,792)$ |  | - |  | $(11,053)$ |  | $(16,506)$ |  | (470) |
|  | $(181,535)$ |  | $(54,307)$ |  | $(14,113)$ |  | $(12,011)$ |  | $(1,119)$ |
|  | 2,369 |  | 1,955 |  | 864 |  | 12 |  | 1 |
|  | - |  | - |  | (20) |  | - |  | - |
|  | $(3,141)$ |  | $(42,788)$ |  | 5,654 |  | 4,584 |  | 219 |
|  | - |  | - |  | 298 |  | 1,531 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | (19) |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 279 |  | 1,531 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | $(1,092)$ |  | $(2,124)$ |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 1,000 |  | 5,545 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | 830 |  | , |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | 289 |  | 207 |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | $(3,476)$ |  | $(5,165)$ |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | $(1,051)$ |  | , |  |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | $(1,271)$ |  | (974) |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | $(4,771)$ |  | $(2,511)$ |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | $(3,141)$ |  | $(42,788)$ |  | 1,162 |  | 3,604 |  | 219 |
|  | 16,993 |  | 75,346 |  | 18,451 |  | 13,246 |  | 105 |
| \$ | 13,852 | \$ | 32,558 | \$ | 19,613 | \$ | 16,850 | \$ | 324 |

 $\stackrel{\square}{\lambda}$


OPERATI NG ACTI VITI ES: Ouasi external operating receipts Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers Other receipts
Other payments
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities NONCAPITAL FI NANCI NG ACTI VITIES
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital Net cash provided (used) by noncapita
financing activities
CAPITAL FINANCI NG ACTI
Purchases of property, plant, and equipment
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes
Refunding bonds issued
Premium on bonds issued
Principal payments on bonds and notes Payment to refunded bond escrow agent
Interest paid on bonds and notes
Net cash provided (used) by capital
financing activities
I NVESTI NG ACTI VI TI ES:
nterest received on investments
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (includes restricted cash)

| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |







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$\infty$
0
0
0
$\cdots$
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| $\infty$ |
| :---: |
|  |
|  |


Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net

Net cash provided (used) by operating
City of Columbus, Ohio Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
(amounts expressed in thousands) (amounts expressed in thous

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds

Agency funds - used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Assets held for other funds or governments include payroll taxes and other employee withholdings and income taxes and utility charges collected by the City on behalf of other governments. Their titles are descriptive of their nature. They are:

- Payroll Deposit
- Garnishments
- Unclaimed money
- Taxes to remit
- Short North SID
- Capital Crossroads SID
- Morse Road SID
- Discovery District SID
- University District SID
- Health Deposit
- Construction Insp. Deposit
- City Auditor's Deposit
- City Attorney's Deposit
- Safety Agency Deposit
- Police Property Room Deposit
- BCI Background Checks
- Suburb Utility Surcharges
- Utilities
- Prairie - Obetz JEDZ
- JEDD - Prairie Township
- JEDD - N. Pickaway County
- Suburb Income Tax
- City Treasurer's Deposit
- Recreation Deposit
- Development Deposit
- Convention Facility Tax
- Service Department Deposit



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Statistical Section

## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Statistical Section

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. These tables are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section.

## Contents

## Financial Trends

Tables
1-7
These schedules contain trend information to help understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.

## Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

## Demographic and Economic Information

20-34
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

## Operating Information

35-38
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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Table 1

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 890,192 | 923,560 | 949,656 | 1,018,020 | 1,054,461 | 1,087,998 | 1,173,017 | 1,213,876 | 1,274,746 | 1,385,099 |
|  | 233,837 | 203,516 | 83,202 | 60,578 | 100,771 | 111,178 | 89,447 | 131,440 | 149,396 | 161,416 |
|  | 121,636 | 74,292 | 191,480 | 260,382 | 281,504 | 254,759 | 273,830 | $(554,557)$ | $(537,078)$ | $(598,686)$ |
|  | 1,245,665 | 1,201,368 | 1,224,338 | 1,338,980 | 1,436,736 | 1,453,935 | 1,536,294 | 790,759 | 887,064 | 947,829 |
|  | 747,677 | 836,035 | 810,936 | 857,893 | 895,782 | 923,776 | 1,006,596 | 1,079,071 | 1,149,321 | 1,221,133 |
|  | 579 | 1,911 | 2,756 | 2,885 | 2,641 | 2,644 | 2,564 | 1,422 | 1,341 | 1,443 |
|  | 197,056 | 190,555 | 276,688 | 289,865 | 317,657 | 385,646 | 395,137 | 350,054 | 346,475 | 385,303 |
|  | 945,312 | 1,028,501 | 1,090,380 | 1,150,643 | 1,216,080 | 1,312,066 | 1,404,297 | 1,430,547 | 1,497,137 | 1,607,879 |
|  | 1,637,869 | 1,759,595 | 1,760,592 | 1,875,913 | 1,950,243 | 2,011,774 | 2,179,613 | 2,292,947 | 2,424,067 | 2,606,232 |
|  | 234,416 | 205,427 | 85,958 | 63,463 | 103,412 | 113,822 | 92,011 | 132,862 | 150,737 | 162,859 |
|  | 318,692 | 264,847 | 468,168 | 550,247 | 599,161 | 640,405 | 668,967 | $(204,503)$ | $(190,603)$ | $(213,383)$ |
|  | 2,190,977 | 2,229,869 | 2,314,718 | 2,489,623 | 2,652,816 | 2,766,001 | 2,940,591 | 2,221,306 | 2,384,201 | 2,555,708 |

[^3]
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| City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| \$ 109,698 | 121,522 | 111,804 | 125,973 | 126,946 | 101,167 | 135,294 | 144,771 | 155,396 | 179,207 |
| 144,046 | 158,841 | 138,954 | 148,277 | 150,037 | 157,133 | 172,363 | 171,408 | 175,361 | 178,409 |
| 449,574 | 496,838 | 462,805 | 502,977 | 516,021 | 525,198 | 543,893 | 552,321 | 572,506 | 618,014 |
| 66,727 | 74,913 | 67,540 | 70,284 | 109,966 | 99,109 | 101,490 | 82,349 | 87,663 | 95,117 |
| 45,599 | 45,528 | 40,295 | 41,190 | 42,667 | 41,785 | 44,688 | 49,545 | 51,780 | 55,236 |
| 101,823 | 108,159 | 110,689 | 127,054 | 132,801 | 123,540 | 135,850 | 130,290 | 125,783 | 143,661 |
| 43,109 | 43,352 | 39,029 | 39,440 | 40,895 | 43,808 | 43,895 | 43,579 | 45,452 | 36,624 |
| 960,576 | 1,049,153 | 971,116 | 1,055,195 | 1,119,333 | 1,091,740 | 1,177,473 | 1,174,263 | 1,213,941 | 1,306,268 |



## Expenses

 Business-type activities: Sanitary Sewer Storm Sewer
Electricity
Total business-type activities expense
$\sim^{T}$ Total primary government expenses
Program Revenue Governmental activities: General government
Public service
Public safety
Development
Health
Operating grants and contributions
Capital grants and contributions
Total governmental activities program revenue

## Business-type activities:

> Total business-type activities program revenue Total primary government program revenue

Table 3 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

| 2016 |
| ---: |
|  |
| 840,355 |
| 44,233 |
| 117,452 |
| 7,096 |
| 40,721 |
| 71,711 |
| 106,768 |
| 24,254 |
| 31,152 |
| 58,995 |
| $1,342,737$ |


 $(187,018)$
 $\begin{array}{r}649,694 \\ 52,567 \\ 157,614 \\ 3,993 \\ 28,504 \\ 88,778 \\ 85,068 \\ 25,438 \\ 21,241 \\ 42,164 \\ \hline 1,155,061\end{array}$








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名守 \begin{tabular}{rr}
105,466 \& 116,315 <br>
101,363 \& 107,643 <br>
436,945 \& 476,365 <br>
64,481 \& 71,253 <br>
45,418 \& 44,783 <br>
93,952 \& 99,291 <br>
127,650 \& 183,336 <br>
\& <br>
\& - <br>
94,263 \& 90,112 <br>
43,754 \& 44,060 <br>
\hline $1,113,292$ \& $1,233,158$ <br>
\hline

 

105,466 \& 116,315 <br>
101,363 \& 107,643 <br>
436,945 \& 476,365 <br>
64,481 \& 71,253 <br>
45,418 \& 44,783 <br>
93,952 \& 99,291 <br>
127,650 \& 183,336 <br>
\& <br>
\& - <br>
94,263 \& 90,112 <br>
43,754 \& 44,060 <br>
\hline $1,113,292$ \& $1,233,158$ <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} $(129,288)$


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N
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N $(108,001)$

REVENUES REVENUES
Income taxes
Property taxes Property taxes
Grants and subs Investment income Licenses and permits Shared revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeits
Payments in lieu of Miscellaneous EXPENDITURES Current：
General government Public service Public safety Development Health Recreation and parks
Capital outlay Debt service：
Principal retirement－current refunding Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease Interest and fiscal charges Recreation and parks
Capital outlay Total expenditures over expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES（USES） Transfers in Proceeds from bonds and long－term notes gent Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Redemption of refunded bonds Premium on bond issuance
Redemption of refunded notes Total other financing sources（uses）
Net change in fund balance
Fund balances－beginning of year Fund balances－beginning of year
Fundances－reclassified／restated Fund balances－end of year Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$
${ }^{2}$ Debt service included in the calculation of debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures includes principal retirement and interest and fiscal charges．Principal retirement on current refunding has been excluded as it represents a one time expenditure．Noncapital expenditures is total expenditures less the capital outlay expenditure capitalized for the related fiscal year．

| 2016 |
| ---: |
| 630,266 |
| 44,233 |
| 6,625 |
| 14,759 |
| 27,980 |
| 63,365 |
| 18,889 |
| 6,927 |
| 813,044 |



 $\stackrel{\sim}{\infty}$



$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \\
& \vdots \\
& \vdots \\
& 0 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
(3,590) \\
137,338
\end{array}
$$ $\stackrel{\sim}{n}$













 Changes in Fund Balance, General Fund (Бu!qunoכวe ృo s!seq ןепıכгe pə!!!pow) (amounts expressed in thousands)
Last Ten Fiscal Years




\$

${ }^{1}$ On a budgetary basis, the majority of the expenditure amount above is included in transfers out, as amount is transferred to the related special revenue operating fund. For GAAP
reporting purposes, the amount was reclassified to expenditures.
Total other financing sources (uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year

## Other financing sources (uses)

Tipping fees
Helicopters
Other sources
Other uses

## Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures



| $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & \circ \\ 0 & \bar{N} \\ \end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\underset{\sim}{\operatorname{Hi}} \dot{\sim}$ |  |
|  |  | $\overrightarrow{-1} \hat{\cdots}$ |
|  | $\underset{\sim}{m}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\overrightarrow{-}}$ |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\infty} \text { 웅 }$ |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


City of Columbus, Ohio
(dollar amounts expressed in thousands)













|  | Budget (Cash) Basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | GAAP (Modified Accrual) Basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Full Accrual |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | General Fund |  | Debt Service Funds |  | Other Governmental Funds |  | Total |  | \% Increase <br> (Decrease) | General Fund |  | Debt Service Funds |  | Other Governmental Funds |  | Total |  | \% Increase (Decrease) | Governmental <br> Activities |  | \% Increase <br> (Decrease) |
| 2007 | \$ | 391,177 | \$ | 130,392 | \$ | 284 | \$ | 521,853 | 3.94\% | \$ | 391,575 | \$ | 130,525 | \$ | 284 | \$ | 522,384 | 4.39\% | \$ | 518,033 | 4.39\% |
| 2008 |  | 389,117 |  | 129,706 |  | 278 |  | 519,101 | -0.53\% |  | 386,596 |  | 128,865 |  | 278 |  | 515,739 | -1.27\% |  | 511,454 | -1.27\% |
| 2009 |  | 385,893 |  | 128,631 |  | 153 |  | 514,677 | -0.85\% |  | 395,262 |  | 131,755 |  | 153 |  | 527,170 | 2.22\% |  | 522,809 | 2.22\% |
| 2010 |  | 478,007 |  | 159,336 |  | 37 |  | 637,380 | 23.84\% |  | 487,243 |  | 162,414 |  | 37 |  | 649,694 | 23.24\% |  | 658,571 | 25.97\% |
| 2011 |  | 508,234 |  | 169,411 |  | 23 |  | 677,668 | 6.32\% |  | 502,391 |  | 167,464 |  | 23 |  | 669,878 | 3.11\% |  | 679,878 | 3.24\% |
| 2012 |  | 536,478 |  | 178,826 |  | 13 |  | 715,317 | 5.56\% |  | 519,624 |  | 173,208 |  | 13 |  | 692,845 | 3.43\% |  | 697,845 | 2.64\% |
| 2013 |  | 560,436 |  | 186,812 |  | 8 |  | 747,256 | 4.47\% |  | 560,653 |  | 186,884 |  | 8 |  | 747,545 | 7.89\% |  | 757,546 | 8.56\% |
| 2014 |  | 578,645 |  | 192,882 |  | 5 |  | 771,532 | 3.25\% |  | 578,552 |  | 192,850 |  | 5 |  | 771,407 | 3.19\% |  | 771,407 | 1.83\% |
| 2015 |  | 602,241 |  | 200,747 |  | 3 |  | 802,991 | 4.08\% |  | 606,281 |  | 202,094 |  | 3 |  | 808,378 | 4.79\% |  | 813,378 | 5.44\% |
| 2016 |  | 629,935 |  | 209,979 |  | - |  | 839,914 | 4.60\% |  | 630,266 |  | 210,089 |  | - |  | 840,355 | 3.96\% |  | 846,355 | 4.05\% |
| ource | ity | Columb | us, | io, City | ud |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9
Percent of
outstanding
delinquent
taxes to
tax levy






Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands, except \%)

| Real Property |  |  | Personal Property |  | Public Utilities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Assessed value | Estimated actual value | Assessed value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimated } \\ & \text { actual } \\ & \text { value (2) } \end{aligned}$ | Assessed value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estimated } \\ & \text { actual } \\ & \text { value (2) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | Franklin County (1) |  |  |  |
| \$ | 15,020,514 | 42,915,754 | 412,124 | 1,648,496 | 302,062 | 863,034 |
|  | 15,239,324 | 43,540,926 | 45,123 | 451,203 | 313,187 | 894,820 |
|  | 15,277,133 | 43,648,951 | 22,561 | 451,220 | 327,406 | 935,446 |
|  | 15,159,257 | 43,312,162 | - | - | 358,064 | 1,023,040 |
|  | 14,021,356 | 40,061,014 | - |  | 358,682 | 1,024,806 |
|  | 13,840,473 | 39,544,209 | - |  | 383,935 | 1,096,957 |
|  | 13,858,278 | 39,595,080 |  |  | 416,684 | 1,190,526 |
|  | 13,650,517 | 39,001,477 | - | - | 431,892 | 1,233,977 |
|  | 13,714,055 | 39,183,014 | - |  | 483,199 | 1,380,569 |
| 13,951,324 |  | 39,860,926 | - | - | 514,811 | 1,470,888 |
|  |  |  | Fairfield County (1) |  |  |  |
| \$ | 131,398 | 375,422 | - | - | 3,003 | 8,581 |
|  |  |  | Delaware County (1) |  |  |  |
|  | 259,412 | 741,176 |  |  | 7,023 | 20,066 |



(1) The City of Columbus entered Fairfield County in 1975 and Delaware County in 1991. Because the vast majority
of property within the City lies within Franklin County, the above table demonstrates a ten year history of that
property within Franklin County, but only current year data for Fairfield and Delaware Counties.
(2) Estimated actual values for Personal Property and Public Utilities have been calculated by the respective county auditors.
Sources: Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware County Auditors.
Table 11

Library

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\begin{gathered}
\overline{\mathrm{o}} \\
\stackrel{5}{6}
\end{gathered}
$$


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1) The effective rate is determined by multiplying the total rate by a composite reduction factor which is determined annually by the State Tax Commissioner to adjust for changes in the value of the property tax base.
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Per \$ 1,000 of Assessed Valuation) City of Columbus, Ohio | Effective Rate (1) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Class 1 | Class 2 |
| Res/Agr | $\underline{\text { All other }}$ |

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Per $\$ 1,000$ of Assessed Valuation)

## 

 |  | Fairfield County (2) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 |
|  | Delaware County (2) |  |
| 1.50 | 0.30 | 0.30 |

## o

|  | City |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | General | Police | Fire | Total |  |
| Rate | Fund | Pensions | Pensions | City | County |


99.65
66.58
ぶ
100.56
100.41

 City of Columbus, Ohio
Principal Property Taxpayers
December 31, 2016 City of Columbus, Ohio
Principal Property Taxpayers
December 31, 2016
\% of total

| © |
| :--- |

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Public Utilities

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. Ohio Power Company } \\
& \text { 2. Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc. } \\
& \text { 3. AEP Ohio Transmission } \\
& \text { 4. American Electric Power } \\
& \text { Real Estate }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 1. Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company

2. GLP Capital LP
3. Huntington Center
4. LSREF3 Bravo Ohio LLC
5. Battelle Memorial Institute
6. Easton Village Apartments, LLC
[^4]Total Principal Property Taxpayers All Others

(1) Amounts include City of Columbus in Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware Counties.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years



Responsibility for the billing and collection of special assessments is, under Ohio Law, vested with the County Auditor's office.

All special assessment type debt is general obligation debt of the City.
(1) Includes weed cutting charges, demolitions, community development charges, special improvements districts, sanitary sewer improvements, and curbs/sidewalks.

Annual Charges and Rate I ncreases for the Average Columbus Resident/ User of Water Last Ten Fiscal Years

|  | Water |  |  | Sanitary Sewers |  |  | Storm Sewers |  |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  | Annual charge | \% <br> increase |  | Annual charge | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { increase } \end{gathered}$ |  | Annual charge | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { increase } \end{gathered}$ |  | Annual charge | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { increase } \end{gathered}$ | ten year \% increase |
| 2008 | \$ | 292.83 | 18.0 | \$ | 442.20 | 10.0 | \$ | 45.95 | 5.0 | \$ | 780.98 | 12.5 | 82.5 |
| 2009 |  | 317.70 | 8.5 |  | 468.60 | 6.0 |  | 50.08 | 9.0 |  | 836.38 | 7.1 | 93.8 |
| 2010 |  | 344.64 | 8.5 |  | 478.32 | 2.0 |  | 54.08 | 9.0 |  | 877.04 | 4.9 | 100.0 |
| 2011 |  | 370.49 | 7.5 |  | 507.02 | 6.0 |  | 54.08 | - |  | 931.59 | 6.2 | 110.8 |
| 2012 |  | 400.13 | 8.0 |  | 522.23 | 3.0 |  | 53.00 | (2.0) |  | 975.36 | 4.7 | 119.3 |
| 2013 |  | 416.14 | 4.0 |  | 527.45 | 1.0 |  | 53.00 | - |  | 996.59 | 2.2 | 113.4 |
| 2014 |  | 416.14 | - |  | 538.00 | 2.0 |  | 53.53 | 1.0 |  | 1,007.67 | 1.1 | 99.3 |
| 2015 |  | 428.62 | 3.0 |  | 554.14 | 3.0 |  | 54.07 | 1.0 |  | 1,036.83 | 2.9 | 89.2 |
| 2016 |  | 445.76 | 4.0 |  | 570.76 | 3.0 |  | 54.61 | 1.0 |  | 1,071.13 | 3.3 | 77.5 |
| 2017 |  | 459.13 | 3.0 |  | 587.88 | 3.0 |  | 55.16 | 1.0 |  | 1,102.17 | 2.9 | 58.8 |

Source: City of Columbus, Department of Public Utilities

## Statement of Legal Debt Margins

As of December 31, 2016

| Line |  | Total debt limit 10.5\% |  | Total unvoted debt limit 5.5\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Total assessed property value in: |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Franklin County | \$ | 14,466,135 |  | 14,466,135 |
| 3 | Fairfield County |  | 134,401 |  | 134,401 |
| 4 | Delaware County |  | 266,435 |  | 266,435 |
| 5 | Total (lines 2 through 4) | \$ | 14,866,971 |  | 14,866,971 |
| 6 | Debt limit $10.5 \%$ \& $5.5 \%$ of assessed value ( x line 5) | \$ | 1,561,032 |  | 817,683 |
| 7 | Total Outstanding Bond and Note Debt |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Bonds \& Long-Term Notes | \$ | 4,273,387 |  | 2,083,367 |
| 9 | Non-Enterprise Long-Term Notes- TIF |  | 9,556 |  | 9,556 |
| 10 | Short-Term Note |  | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |
| 11 | Total (lines 8 through 10) |  | 4,294,743 |  | 2,104,723 |
| 12 | Exemptions: |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | G.O. Assessment Bonds (Non-Enterprise) |  | - |  | - |
| 14 | G.O. Limited Enterprise Revenue Supported Debt- Unvoted |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Water Bonds |  | 6,652 |  | 6,652 |
| 16 | Sanitary Sewer Bonds |  | 18,261 |  | 18,261 |
| 17 | Sanitary Sewer Assessment Notes |  | - |  | - |
| 18 | Storm Sewer Bonds |  | 15,921 |  | 15,921 |
| 19 | Electric Bonds |  | 131 |  | 131 |
| 20 | Electric Assessment Notes |  | - |  | - |
| 21 | Garage Notes |  | 11,800 |  | 11,800 |
| 22 | Total (lines 13 through 21) |  | 52,765 |  | 52,765 |
| 23 | G.O. Unlimited Enterprise Revenue Supported Debt- Voted |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Water Bonds |  | 649,585 |  |  |
| 25 | Water Note |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Sanitary Sewer Bonds |  | 456,380 |  |  |
| 27 | Storm Sewer Bonds |  | 93,984 |  |  |
| 28 | Electric Bonds |  | 6,060 |  |  |
| 29 | Total (lines 24 through 28) |  | 1,206,009 |  |  |
| 30 | G.O. Other- |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Income Tax Pledged- Limited (unvoted) |  | 293,190 |  | 293,190 |
| 32 | Loan- State Capital Improvement Fund \& SIB |  | 15,896 |  | 15,896 |
| 33 | OP\&F Pension Bonds |  | 3,585 |  | 3,585 |
| 34 | Total (lines 31 through 33) |  | 312,671 |  | 312,671 |
| 35 | Revenue Bonds and Other |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Water Bonds |  | - |  | - |
| 37 | Water OWDA/EPA Loans |  | 144,844 |  | 144,844 |
| 38 | Sanitary Sewer- Bonds |  | 407,215 |  | 407,215 |
| 39 | Sanitary Sewer OWDA/EPA Loans |  | 881,125 |  | 881,125 |
| 40 | Component Unit- RiverSouth |  | 76,440 |  | 76,440 |
| 41 | Non-Enterprise -TIF Notes |  | 9,556 |  | 9,556 |
| 42 | Total (lines 36 through 41) |  | 1,519,180 |  | 1,519,180 |
| 43 | Total Exemptions (lines 22, 29, 34, and 42) |  | 3,090,625 |  | 1,884,616 |
| 44 | Net Debt (line 11 less line 43) |  | 1,204,118 |  | 220,107 |
|  | Debt Service Fund Balances Re: Non-Enterprise G.O. Bonds |  | 192,568 |  | 192,568 |
| 45 | Net Debt subject to $10.5 \%$ and 5.5\% limitation (line 44 minus line 44a) |  | 1,011,550 |  | 27,539 |
| 46 | Total Legal Debt Margin (line 6 minus line 45) | \$ | 549,482 | \$ | 790,144 |
| 47 | Percent of Net Debt to Assessed Value (line 45 / line 5) |  | 6.80\% |  | 0.19\% |
| 48 | Percent of Legal Debt Limit |  | 10.50\% |  | 5.50\% |
| 49 | Percent of Legal Debt Margin (line 46 / line 5) |  | 3.70\% |  | 5.31\% |

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor


 U.S. Bureau of Census for 2010; Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission for other years. Beginning in 2017, MORPC adjusted their methodology to include international migration estimates
to closer align with annual census estimates. Similar methodology was used to update estimates back to 2011 to reflect consistency in growth. (2) Provided by Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware County Auditors.
(3) General Obligation Debt includes long-term notes.
(4) General Obligation Debt excludes short term parking garage notes (\$11.800 million in 2016).
(5) Per capita calculations have been made on total bonded debt as resources restricted for debt service are not restricted solely for the repayment of principal of debt.
(6) Total personal income for Columbus MSA per Table 25.
Percent of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for
General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands, except \% )

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

## Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

In addition to the City, other political subdivisions have the power to issue bonds and to levy taxes or cause taxes to be levied on taxable real property in the City. The estimated outstanding bonded indebtedness at 12/31/2016 of such political subdivisions is as follows:

|  | Estimated | Percentage | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Political subdivision | Principal <br> of State of Ohio | $\underline{\text { outstanding }}$ | applicable |$\quad$| Amount applicable |
| :---: |
| to Columbus |$\quad$ to Columbus

Direct*
City of Columbus $\quad \$ \quad 1,588,409,750$
Total direct debt

100.00 \%


Overlapping**
Delaware County
Fairfield County
Franklin County
Blendon Township
Clinton Township
Franklin Township
Jefferson Township
Mifflin Township
Prairie Township
Columbus City School District
Dublin City School District
Gahanna-Jefferson City School District
Hilliard City School District

Hilliard City School District
Reynoldsburg City School District
South-Western City School District Upper Arlington City School District Westerville City School District Worthington City School District Canal Winchester Local School District Groveport Madison Local School District Hamilton Local School District Licking Heights Local School District New Albany-Plain Local School District Olentangy Local School District Pickerington Local School District C-TEC JVSD
Eastland-Fairfield Career JVSD
Tolles Career \& Technical Center JVSD
New Albany-Plain Local Park District
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio Total overlapping debt

Total direct and overlapping debt

| $50,933,747$ |
| ---: |
| $20,020,504$ |
| $212,975,000$ |
| $10,785,000$ |
| $3,061,900$ |
| 627,500 |
| 627,500 |
| 825,000 |
| $9,680,000$ |
| $370,083,891$ |
| $126,335,939$ |
| $6,680,805$ |
| $117,820,435$ |
| $121,585,862$ |
| $169,695,000$ |
| $16,144,927$ |
| $59,270,000$ |
| $60,109,739$ |
| $51,410,680$ |
| $37,221,244$ |
| $17,912,269$ |
| $48,454,640$ |
| $91,560,045$ |
| $370,169,906$ |
| $99,194,908$ |
| $18,785,000$ |
| $1,750,000$ |
| 710,000 |
| $4,894,476$ |
| $90,965,000$ |
| $2,190,290,917$ |
| $3,77,700,667$ |
| $\$$ |


| 3.60 | $1,833,615$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3.62 | 724,742 |
| 53.29 | $113,494,378$ |
| 0.34 | 36,669 |
| 9.69 | 296,698 |
| 28.23 | 177,143 |
| 1.72 | 10,793 |
| 0.13 | 1,073 |
| 0.80 | 77,440 |
| 98.09 | $363,015,289$ |
| 26.67 | $33,693,795$ |
| 10.48 | 700,148 |
| 42.52 | $50,097,249$ |
| 6.60 | $8,024,667$ |
| 37.15 | $63,041,693$ |
| 1.24 | 200,197 |
| 21.91 | $12,986,057$ |
| 58.41 | $35,110,099$ |
| 21.75 | $11,181,823$ |
| 42.19 | $15,703,643$ |
| 34.55 | $6,188,689$ |
| 29.12 | $14,109,991$ |
| 26.35 | $24,126,072$ |
| 7.23 | $26,763,284$ |
| 12.14 | $12,042,262$ |
| 3.78 | 710,073 |
| 14.33 | 250,775 |
| 26.66 | 189,286 |
| 26.13 | $1,278,927$ |
| 52.21 | $47,492,827$ |
|  | $843,559,397$ |
|  | $2,431,969,147$ |
|  | $\$$ |

[^5]
\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { City of Columbus, Ohio } \\
\text { Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Revenue Bond Coverage }{ }^{1} \\
\text { Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds }^{2} \\
2008 \text { through } 2016 \\
\text { (in thousands, except coverages) }
\end{gathered}
$$
\]



[^6]${ }^{2}$ The Series 2008A bonds were refunded by Series 2014 in December, 2014, and Series 2015 in December, 2015.
Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Business I ndicators (1) <br> Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Year | Square Mile Area City of Columbus Year End | Air Passengers (000) | Scheduled Airline Freight (000 lbs.) (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | 226.9 | 7,719 | 13,528 |
| 2008 | 227.1 | 6,910 | 14,365 |
| 2009 | 227.1 | 6,233 | 10,372 |
| 2010 | 227.2 | 6,366 | 9,645 |
| 2011 | 227.4 | 6,379 | 9,456 |
| 2012 | 227.9 | 6,350 | 10,606 |
| 2013 | 228.0 | 6,237 | 10,845 |
| 2014 | 228.1 | 6,356 | 10,910 |
| 2015 | 228.4 | 6,796 | 11,384 |
| 2016 | 224.5 (3) | 7,324 | 10,147 |
| Year | Active Gas Meters | Telephone Access Lines | New Car Sales |
| 2007 | 464,499 | 557,440 | 34,782 |
| 2008 | 462,816 | 490,528 | 30,712 |
| 2009 | 463,793 | 429,620 | 24,056 |
| 2010 | 465,120 | 377,082 | 25,993 |
| 2011 | 464,604 | 333,717 | 28,852 |
| 2012 | 459,552 | 293,284 | 32,778 |
| 2013 | 441,285 | 250,355 | 34,395 |
| 2014 | 444,923 | 210,490 | 35,330 |
| 2015 | 448,279 | 179,894 | 34,913 |
| 2016 | 429,515 | 154,547 | 32,393 |


|  |  | All Vehicle Registrations |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | New Truck Sales |  | Franklin County <br> Columbus, Ohio <br> (Includes Columbus) |
| 2007 | 27,526 |  | 697,429 |

(1) Franklin County data unless otherwise indicated.
(2) Includes cargo, freight and mail. Data representative of Columbus Regional Airport Authority - Port Columbus only.
(3) 2016 data reflects reduction of 4.049 square miles derived from refined calculations utilizing regional GIS data.

Sources: Columbus Area Chamber of Commerce, Research Department; Columbia Gas of Ohio; AT\&T; Columbus Regional Airport Authority; The Polk Company, Government Relations; and the State of Ohio, Bureau of Motor Vehicles.

City of Columbus, Ohio

## Growth in Land Area

## Selected Years

| Year | Square miles annexed (1) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Square } \\ \text { miles at } \\ \text { December } 31 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | - | 39.977 |
| 1955 | 14.429 | 54.406 |
| 1960 | 36.804 | 91.210 |
| 1965 | 13.490 | 104.700 |
| 1970 | 39.194 | 143.894 |
| 1975 | 29.316 | 173.210 |
| 1980 | 9.902 | 183.112 |
| 1985 | 4.204 | 187.316 |
| 1990 | 8.712 | 196.028 |
| 1995 | 8.251 | 204.279 |
| 1996 | 1.953 | 209.218 (2) |
| 1997 | 2.797 | 212.015 |
| 1998 | 1.520 | 213.535 |
| 1999 | 1.141 | 214.676 |
| 2000 | 1.957 | 216.633 |
| 2001 | 1.921 | 218.554 |
| 2002 | 2.678 | 221.232 |
| 2003 | 1.229 | 222.461 |
| 2004 | 1.689 | 224.150 |
| 2005 | 1.700 | 225.850 |
| 2006 | 0.932 | 226.782 |
| 2007 | 0.173 | 226.955 |
| 2008 | 0.157 | 227.112 |
| 2009 | 0.030 | 227.142 |
| 2010 | 0.054 | 227.196 |
| 2011 | 0.227 | 227.423 |
| 2012 | 0.479 | 227.902 |
| 2013 | 0.068 | 227.970 |
| 2014 | 0.092 | 228.062 |
| 2015 | 0.338 | 228.400 |
| 2016 | 0.149 | 224.500 (3) |

(1) Net of de-annexations.
(2) 1996 includes 2.986 square miles resulting from refined remeasurements of City area.
(3) 2016 data reflects reduction of 4.049 square miles derived from refined calculations utilizing regional GIS data.

Source: City of Columbus, Department of Public Service, Division of Infrastructure Management, Maps Section.

| City of Columbus, Ohio <br> Largest Employers in the Greater Columbus Area <br> Ranked by Number of Full-time Employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016 |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| Rank Name of Employer | FTEs | \% to Total | Rank | Name of Employer | FTEs |  | \% to Total |
| 1. Ohio State University | 29,601 | 2.86\% |  | State of Ohio | 26,239 |  | N.A. |
| 2. State of Ohio | 23,680 | 2.29\% |  | Ohio State University | 20,345 |  | N.A. |
| 3. JPMorgan Chase \& Co. | 18,700 | 1.81\% |  | JPMorgan Chase \& Co. | 14,469 |  | N.A. |
| 4. OhioHealth | 15,417 | 1.49\% |  | Nationwide | 11,768 |  | N.A. |
| 5. Nationwide Mutual Insurance Co. | 13,570 | 1.31\% |  | Federal Government/United States Postal Service | 10,726 | (1) | N.A. |
| 6. Kroger Co. | 10,713 | 1.03\% |  | OhioHealth | 9,336 |  | N.A. |
| 7. Honda North America, Inc. | 10,701 | 1.03\% |  | City of Columbus | 8,227 |  | N.A. |
| 8. Nationwide Children's Hospital | 9,262 | 0.89\% |  | Honda of America Mfg., Inc. | 8,000 |  | N.A. |
| 9. Mount Carmel Health System | 8,840 | 0.85\% | 9. | Columbus City School District | 7,181 |  | N.A. |
| 10. City of Columbus | 8,616 | 0.83\% | 10. | Franklin County | 6,055 |  | N.A. |
| 11. Columbus City Schools | 7,825 | 0.76\% | 11. | Mount Carmel Health | 5,750 |  | N.A. |
| 12. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. | 7,572 | 0.73\% | 12a. | Huntington Bancshares, Inc. | 4,800 |  | N.A. |
| 13. L Brands, Inc. | 7,456 | 0.72\% | 12b. | Limited Brands | 4,800 |  | N.A. |
| 14. Franklin County | 6,499 | 0.63\% | 14. | American Electric Power Company, Inc. | 4,221 |  | N.A. |
| 15. Huntington Bancshares, Inc. | 5,614 | 0.54\% | 15. | Kroger Co. | 3,982 |  | N.A. |
| 16. Cardinal Health, Inc. | 5,058 | 0.49\% | 16. | Nationwide Children's Hospital | 3,618 |  | N.A. |
| 17. Group Management Services, Inc. | 4,246 | 0.41\% | 17. | AT\&T Ohio | 3,000 |  | N.A. |
| 18. Giant Eagle, Inc. | 3,876 | 0.37\% | 18. | Cardinal Health, Inc. | 2,700 |  | N.A. |
| 19. Alliance Data | 3,817 | 0.37\% | 19. | Medco Health Solutions, Inc. | 2,470 |  | N.A. |
| 20. American Electric Power Company, Inc. | 3,733 | 0.36\% | 20. | Battelle | 2,420 |  | N.A. |
| 21. Abercrombie \& Fitch Co. | 3,529 | 0.34\% | 21. | South-Western City Schools | 2,353 |  | N.A. |
| 22. U.S. Postal Service | 3,250 | 0.31\% | 22. | State Farm Insurance | 2,000 |  | N.A. |
| 23. UPS | 3,130 | 0.30\% | 23. | Emerson Network Power/Liebert Corp. | 1,920 |  | N.A. |
| 24. PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. | 3,000 | 0.29\% | 24. | United Parcel Service | 1,915 |  | N.A. |
| 25. Covelli Enterprises/Panera Bread | 2,750 | 0.27\% | 25. | Alliance Data | 1,900 |  | N.A. |

## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Estimated Civilian Labor Force

 and Annual Average Unemployment RatesLast Ten Fiscal Years

| Year | (Labor Force in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  | U.S. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Labor force (2) | Unemployment rate (3) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Labor } \\ \text { force (2) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Unemployment rate (3) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Labor } \\ \text { force (2) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Unemployment rate (3) | Unemployment rate (3) |
| 2007 | 618.2 | 4.7 | 958.1 | 4.7 | 5,976.5 | 5.6 | 4.6 |
| 2008 | 626.0 | 5.5 | 969.3 | 5.5 | 5,986.4 | 6.6 | 5.8 |
| 2009 | 629.8 | 8.3 | 973.2 | 8.4 | 5,970.2 | 10.2 | 9.3 |
| 2010 | 627.1 | 8.5 | 966.6 | 8.6 | 5,897.6 | 10.1 | 9.6 |
| 2011 | 622.9 | 7.6 | 959.4 | 7.6 | 5,861.9 | 8.8 | 8.9 |
| 2012 | 619.8 | 6.2 | 961.2 | 6.2 | 5,782.0 | 7.2 | 8.1 |
| 2013 | 629.8 | 6.2 | 976.1 | 6.2 | 5,742.0 | 7.2 | 7.4 |
| 2014 | 636.3 | 4.5 | 983.4 | 4.6 | 5,737.0 | 5.6 | 6.2 |
| 2015 | 651.6 | 4.0 | 1,036.1 | 4.1 | 5,725.0 | 4.9 | 5.3 |
| 2016 | 663.4 | 4.0 | 1,053.2 | 4.1 | 5,754.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 |

(1) The Columbus M.S.A. includes Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Pickaway, and Union counties.
(2) Civilian labor force is the estimated number of persons 16 years of age and over, employed and unemployed, distributed by place of residence.
(3) The unemployment rate is equal to the estimate of unemployed persons divided by the estimated civilian labor force.

Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Bureau of Labor Market Information (preliminary data that is subject to change).


City of Columbus, Ohio
Estimated Per Capita Income ${ }^{(1)}$
Last Ten Fiscal Years


N.A. = Information not available.
(1) 2007-2014 total personal income and per capita income figures were changed in the 2016 CAFR to reflect revised estimates issued by the Bureau

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Division of Regional Measurement, Bureau of Economic Analysis



Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Employment (1)
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment in Selected Industries (2)
Annual Average Data for Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands, except percent)
Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Employment (1)



| $\stackrel{\sim}{\mathrm{O}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m \\ & \stackrel{y}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\underset{\sim}{r}}$ | $\stackrel{\stackrel{N}{\underset{N}{N}}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N' } \\ & \text { סे } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \\ & \stackrel{\square}{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\dot{q}}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\dot{\sim}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{M}{N}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\mathrm{L}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \mathbf{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\stackrel{\infty}{n}}$ | $\stackrel{m}{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{N}{0} \\ \text { N } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M్ } \\ & \text { ס్̀ } \end{aligned}$ | ペ̣ | $\stackrel{i}{\mathrm{Y}}$ |  | $\underset{\infty}{\underset{\infty}{\underset{\infty}{+}}}$ | $\stackrel{0}{\infty}$ | 우 | $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\infty}$ | $\dot{\text { ®i }}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{+}$ | $\vec{G}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { m } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { O} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{m}{\underset{\sim}{7}}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \underset{\sim}{\circ} & \stackrel{0}{\sim} \end{array}$ |



| 잉 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\mathcal{H}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\bullet}{N} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\stackrel{\forall}{\mathscr{F}}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\stackrel{-}{8}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ \underset{\sim}{n} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { กั่ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \underset{\sim}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \infty & \underset{\sim}{\dot{\sim}} \\ \underset{\sim}{\infty} & \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| oin | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { + } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \dot{\sigma} \end{aligned}$ | 둘 | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\infty}{1} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\llcorner }{N}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \dot{\sigma} \end{aligned}$ | ت뭉 | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{O}{-1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{7}{7} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & { }_{\infty}^{\infty} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{N} \underset{\sim}{\infty}$ |


Total
Manufacturing:
Durable Goods
Nondurable Goods
Nonmanufacturing:
Construction
Transportation and Public Utilities
Wholesale Trade
Retail Trade
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate
Services
Government:
Federal Government
State Government
Local Government

[^7]Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Labor Market Information Bureau

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Table 27

## School Enrollment Trends in Franklin County Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Year | The Ohio State University | Columbus State Community College | Other Colleges/ Universities (1) | Total Colleges/ Universities | Columbus Public Schools (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | 52,568 | 23,057 | 19,652 | 95,277 | 55,072 |
| 2008 | 53,715 | 24,483 | 20,045 | 98,243 | 53,420 |
| 2009 | 55,014 | 28,539 | 19,877 | 103,430 | 52,961 |
| 2010 | 56,064 | 30,513 | 20,345 | 106,922 | 51,096 |
| 2011 | 56,867 | 30,921 | 19,305 | 107,093 | 50,809 |
| 2012 | 56,387 | 25,970 | 16,561 | 98,918 | 50,630 |
| 2013 | 57,466 | 25,360 | 17,896 | 100,722 | 50,722 |
| 2014 | 58,322 | 24,539 | 17,160 | 100,021 | 50,870 |
| 2015 | 58,663 | 26,227 | 16,217 | 101,107 | 50,419 |
| 2016 | 59,482 | 27,303 | 15,942 | 102,727 | 49,212 |

(1) Includes Capital University, Columbus College of Art \& Design, Franklin University, Ohio Dominican University, Otterbein University, and Mt. Carmel College of Nursing.

DeVry Institute of Technology, Fall 2016 enrollment was approximately 1,140 students.
(2) The Columbus City School District is a political subdivision under Ohio law, separate and distinct from the City of Columbus and contains current information.

For 2016, the Catholic Diocese of Columbus operates 30 elementary and secondary schools in Franklin County with approximately 11,906 students.

For 2016, the most recent year available, there were 15 other public school districts that lie partially or wholly in Franklin County. Enrollment in these districts, for Franklin County only, is estimated at 122,263. In addition, the 127 nonpublic schools located in Franklin County have a 2016 estimated enrollment of 48,205 exclusive of the Catholic Diocese of Columbus (noted above).

Sources: Columbus Public Schools; Catholic Diocese of Columbus; Ohio Department of Education; Ohio Board of Regents; The Ohio State University; Columbus State Community College; Association of Independent Colleges and Universities of Ohio.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

City of Columbus and
Franklin County, Ohio
Land Area
December 31, 2016

| Jurisdiction | Square Miles |
| :---: | :---: |
| Columbus.............................................................. | 224.5 (1) |
| Less portion outside of Franklin County.................. | (5.1) (2) |
| Other incorporated areas in Franklin County |  |
| excluding Columbus.......................................... | 144.4 (2) |
| Unincorporated Townships within |  |
| Franklin County............................................... | 180.1 (2) |
| Total approximate area of Franklin County | 543.9 |

Sources: (1) City of Columbus, Department of Public Service, Division of Infrastructure Management City Map Room
(2) Franklin County Engineer
Source: Franklin County Auditor

## City of Columbus, Ohio Exempted Real Property <br> Exeme City of Columbus in the Last Ten Fiscal Years <br> (in thousands)


property within Columbus City School District, a separate and distinct public entity located within the City of Columbus. Comparative data is not available for years prior to 2015.

Salaries of Principal Officials December 31, 2016

| Title | Annual Salary |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2016{ }^{(2)}$ |  | $2017{ }^{(1)}$ |  |
| Mayor | \$ | 177,306 | \$ | 181,738 |
| President of City Council |  | 64,999 |  | 66,786 |
| Member of Council |  | 54,031 |  | 55,517 |
| City Attorney |  | 172,750 |  | 177,500 |
| City Auditor |  | 172,750 |  | 177,500 |
| City Clerk |  | 125,016 |  | 125,861 |
| City Treasurer |  | 126,779 |  | 131,019 |
| Department Heads/Directors: |  |  |  |  |
| Civil Service Executive Secretary |  | 146,462 |  | 147,451 |
| Health Commissioner |  | 205,485 |  | 206,877 |
| Recreation and Parks |  | 143,237 |  | 144,206 |
| Public Safety |  | 158,600 |  | 161,595 |
| Public Service |  | 160,680 |  | 164,694 |
| Development |  | 164,022 |  | 165,131 |
| Equal Business Opportunity |  | 135,141 |  | 164,278 |
| Human Resources |  | 146,462 |  | 147,451 |
| Technology |  | 164,507 |  | 153,317 |
| Utilities |  | 170,680 |  | 171,080 |
| Finance |  | 153,795 |  | 153,795 |
| Building Services |  | 151,522 |  | 157,435 |
| Education |  | 152,805 |  | 153,837 |
| Neighborhoods |  | N/A |  | 132,496 |

(1) Hourly rate at January, 2017 annualized X 2,080 hours
(2) 2016 Salaries represent actual wages paid

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

## Surety Bond Coverage December 31, 2016

| Position | Coverage |  | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City Treasurer | Fidelity Bonds | \$ | 10,000,000 (1) |
| Deputy Treasurer | Fidelity Bonds | \$ | 10,000,000 (1) |
| Police through the rank of Sergeant | Honesty Blanket Position Bond | \$ | 100,000 (2) |
| All other employees and elected or appointed officials including all officially appointed members of City |  |  |  |
| Boards and/or Commissions | Faithful Performance Blanket Bond | \$ | 1,000,000 (3) |

(1) Fidelity bonds are provided by Liberty Mutual and expire on 1/1/20.
(2) The Honesty Blanket Position Bond is provided by Liberty Mutual and expires on $1 / 1 / 20$.
(3) The Faithful Performance Blanket Bond is provided by Liberty Mutual and expires on 1/1/20.

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Claims Against the City Resulting in Litigation, Last Ten Years (dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

(1) Cases filed and cases closed include those cases not seeking monetary damages.
(2) Cases filed in 2007 for $\$ 221.959$ million include $\$ 200.0$ million of claims filed by 1 pro se claimant.
(3) Cases filed in 2010 for $\$ 221.188$ million include $\$ 100.0$ million of claims filed by 1 pro se claimant.
(4) This figure includes a jury verdict of $\$ 11.6$ million, settled and paid in the amount of $\$ 10.0$ million.
(5) Cases filed in 2013 for $\$ 162.965$ million include a pro se complaint in which Plaintiff requests $\$ 125.0$ million.

Source: Columbus City Attorney's Office

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Table 33

## Comparison of Building Permits I ssued Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Year | New Construction |  | Alterations \& Additions |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Permits issued | Valuation (in thousands) | Permits issued | Valuation (in thousands) | Permits issued | Valuation (in thousands) |
| 2007 | 1,690 | \$ 722,921 | 3,306 | \$ 844,679 | 4,996 | \$ 1,567,600 |
| 2008 | 1,146 | 988,105 | 7,656 | 1,090,042 | 8,802 | 2,078,147 |
| 2009 | 1,241 | 730,350 | 14,684 | 469,139 | 15,925 | 1,199,489 |
| 2010 | 1,129 | 356,652 | 13,348 | 386,481 | 14,477 | 743,133 |
| 2011 | 953 | 413,253 | 10,989 | 353,507 | 11,942 | 766,760 |
| 2012 | 1,145 | 619,068 | 12,187 | 533,307 | 13,332 | 1,152,375 |
| 2013 | 1,373 | 1,235,762 | 11,055 | 546,327 | 12,428 | 1,782,089 |
| 2014 | 1,255 | 693,027 | 10,537 | 1,218,118 | 11,792 | 1,911,145 |
| 2015 | 1,327 | 1,011,830 | 10,488 | 773,904 | 11,815 | 1,785,734 |
| 2016 | 1,069 | 1,063,881 | 10,650 | 793,628 | 11,719 | 1,857,509 |

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, Department of Building and Zoning Services

City of Columbus, Ohio

## Average Cost of Housing Construction

 Last Ten Fiscal Years| Year | Single-family average structure $\qquad$ | \% Change from previous year | \% Change <br> from 2006 | Multi-family average unit cost | \% Change from previous year | \% Change <br> from 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | \$ 162,267 | (3.9) | (3.9) | \$ 64,154 | (32.3) | (32.3) |
| 2008 | 169,173 | 4.3 | 0.2 | 66,408 | 3.5 | (29.9) |
| 2009 | 162,488 | (4.0) | (3.8) | 62,250 | (6.3) | (34.3) |
| 2010 | 164,096 | 1.0 | (2.8) | 47,754 | (23.3) | (49.6) |
| 2011 | 161,642 | (1.5) | (4.3) | 47,831 | 0.2 | (49.5) |
| 2012 | 163,737 | 1.3 | (3.0) | 82,494 | 72.5 | (13.0) |
| 2013 | 173,992 | 6.3 | 3.1 | 59,884 | (27.4) | (36.8) |
| 2014 | 180,111 | 3.5 | 6.7 | 87,234 | 45.7 | (8.0) |
| 2015 | 185,055 | 2.7 | 9.6 | 92,824 | 6.4 | (2.1) |
| 2016 | 200,986 | 8.6 | 19.0 | 113,978 | 22.8 | 20.2 |

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, Department of Building and Zoning Services
Number of Employees (Full Time and Part Time) as of December 31,

| 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,245 | 1,221 | 1,173 | 1,171 | 1,184 | 1,186 | 1,210 | 1,213 | 1,253 | 1,301 |
| 804 | 781 | 704 | 718 | 717 | 725 | 752 | 745 | 729 | 713 |
| 3,935 | 3,893 | 3,769 | 3,823 | 3,833 | 3,843 | 3,892 | 3,920 | 3,889 | 3,902 |
| 338 | 324 | 269 | 282 | 289 | 294 | 299 | 313 | 328 | 320 |
| 458 | 430 | 391 | 400 | 402 | 411 | 441 | 460 | 454 | 465 |
| 722 | 703 | 648 | 723 | 761 | 776 | 818 | 875 | 908 | 996 |
| 7,502 | 7,352 | 6,954 | 7,117 | 7,186 | 7,235 | 7,412 | 7,526 | 7,561 | 7,697 |
| 465 | 577 | 563 | 560 | 549 | 553 | 544 | 537 | 566 | 557 |
| 576 | 536 | 533 | 529 | 518 | 517 | 520 | 511 | 505 | 499 |
| 104 | 23 | 33 | 29 | 27 | 26 | 29 | 30 | 34 | 33 |
| 93 | 101 | 96 | 89 | 94 | 78 | 91 | 102 | 106 | 97 |
| 1,238 | 1,237 | 1,225 | 1,207 | 1,188 | 1,174 | 1,184 | 1,180 | 1,211 | 1,186 |
| 8,740 | 8,589 | 8,179 | 8,324 | 8,374 | 8,409 | 8,596 | 8,706 | 8,772 | 8,883 |

Source: City of Columbus, City Auditor.
Table 36

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 Covered under State Retirement Systems
Last Ten Fiscal Years

City of Columbus, Ohio
Number of City Employees (Full Time and Part Time as of December 31)


Payrolls subject to OPERS
Payrolls subject to $\mathrm{OP} \& \mathrm{~F}$
Payrolls not subject to
pension benefit calculation
Total
Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor
Operating Indicators by Functions/Programs












 General Government
\$ Building maintenance expenditure per facility square
foot (GF only), not including utility costs
\% Quarterly Average Employee turnover rate
\% Annual Employee turnover rate
\$ Monthly employee medical benefit cost per covered life
\# Workers Compensation allowed claims per 1,000 employees
\% information technology problems resolved within time standards
Public Service
\% pothole repair service requests closed within 3 days
\% traffic sign repair service requests closed within 14 days
\$ refuse collection operating expenditures per household served
\# households served per refuse collector
\# of 90 gallon container "needs service" requests per 10,000
collection opportunities
\# 300 gallon container "needs service" requests per 10,000
collection opportunities
\# multi-family container "needs service" requests per 10,000
collection opportunities
\% waste diverted from landfill


[^8]
































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Development
\# jobs created or retained through economic development
incentives
\$ private investment leveraged per dollar of public investment and incentives \% non-emergency code enforcement requests responded to within ten business days
within two business days
\# homes rehabbed or repaired

Source: City of Columbus, Department of Finance and Management
Note: Certain prior year information has been restated for consistency.

> Health
> \% licensed food facilities in compliance with public health standards \# food safety inspections completed per inspector

> Columbus Public Health per 100,000 residents
> \# patients treated for primary, secondary and early-latent syphilis \# patients treated for primary, seculosis patients per 100,000 County residents \# vital statistics transactions
> \# vital statistics transactions per worker
> \% of women in Franklin County WIC program who
> \# of children receiving d
> \# of children receiving dental sealants

## Recreation \& Parks

\# maintained park acres per 1,000 residents
\# recreation center program participants
\# swimming pool program participants
\# golf rounds played
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City of Columbus, Ohio
Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years
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Public Service
Highways and Streets
Streets (miles)
Streetlights
Traffic Signals
City Fleet (public service)
Refuse
Other
Public Safety
Police
Headquarters
Heliport
Training Academy
Substations

Fire
Headquarters
Training Academy
Fire Stations
City Fleet (public safety)
Fire
Police
Recreation and parks
Parks Acreage
Parks
Playgrounds
Swimming Pools
Tennis Courts
Community/ Senior Centers
Athletic Complexes
Specialized Facilities
Shelter Houses
Golf Courses
Reservoirs
Water
Water Mains (miles)
Maximum Daily Capacity
(millions of gallons)
Sewer
Sanitary Sewers (miles)
Storm Sewers (miles)
Maximum Daily Capacity
(millions of gallons)
(

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

In the spirit of full disclosure and in compliance with the above Rule, the City is pleased to disclose the following regarding its outstanding obligations.

## Description of Material Events:

1. There were no delinquencies of principal and/or interest payments.
2. There were no non-payment related defaults.
3. There were no unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties.
4. There were no unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties.
5. There were no substitutions of credit or liquidity providers.
6. There have been no adverse tax opinions affecting the tax-exempt status of any of the City's outstanding obligations.
7. There have been no modifications to rights of the holders of the City's obligations.
8. Bonds called are included in the defeasances that follow (9).

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information<br>Securities and Exchange Commission Rule<br>15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

9. March $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ Current Refunding: On March 7,2016 , the City sold $\$ 27.695$ million of various purpose general obligation refunding bonds to currently refund $\$ 34.065$ million of outstanding Series 2005A Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, 2009E Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds and Series 2010C Build America Bonds, all of which were currently callable and redeemed on March 7, 2016. See Note G of this report for more information.

|  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Water |  | Sanitary |  | Total |  |
| Refunded (old) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | \$ | 19,771 | 11,667 | 2,627 | \$ | 34,065 |
| Interest* |  | 9,774 | 5,343 | 1,063 |  | 16,180 |
| Total refunded |  | 29,545 | 17,010 | 3,690 |  | 50,245 |
| Refunding (new) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 16,160 | 9,380 | 2,155 |  | 27,695 |
| Interest |  | 10,658 | 5,746 | 1,124 |  | 17,528 |
| Total refunding |  | 26,818 | 15,126 | 3,279 |  | 45,223 |
| Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 2,727 | 1,884 | 411 | \$ | 5,022 |
| Economic gain - present value of adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plus: refunding bonds issued |  | 16,160 | 9,380 | 2,155 |  | 27,695 |
| Plus: premium received |  | 3,431 | 2,196 | 460 |  | 6,087 |
| Less: payment to Escrow Agent |  | $(20,030)$ | $(11,803)$ | $(2,656)$ |  | $(34,489)$ |
| Less: costs of issuance |  | (110) | (64) | (15) |  | (189) |
| Net present value savings | \$ | 1,528 | 1,190 | 274 | \$ | 2,992 |
| Present value rate - true interest cost of new |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5.55\% | 4.00\% | 4.00\% |  | 4.00\% |
| Interest rate borne by old bonds |  | to | to | to |  | to |
|  |  | 5.92\% | 5.92\% | 5.92\% |  | 5.92\% |

[^9]
# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information<br>Securities and Exchange Commission Rule<br>15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

March 2016 Advance Refunding: On March 7, 2016, the City sold $\$ 179.270$ million of various purpose general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund $\$ 185.725$ million of outstanding bonds issued in 2006, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013. See Note $G$ of this report for more information.

Business-type activities - Enterprise

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Internal Service | Water | Sanitary Sewer | Electricity | Storm <br> Sewer | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount paid to escrow agent | \$ | 129,983 | 1,051 | 60,041 | 31,709 | 1,222 | 5,330 | \$229,336 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old bonds outstanding |  | 105,690 | 960 | 47,965 | 25,905 | 985 | 4,220 | 185,725 |
| Unamortized bond premium |  | 10,600 | 19 | 2,412 | 1,179 | 109 | 58 | 14,377 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds |  | 116,290 | 979 | 50,377 | 27,084 | 1,094 | 4,278 | 200,102 |
| Deferred amount on refunding | \$ | 13,693 | 72 | 9,664 | 4,625 | 128 | 1,052 | \$ 29,234 |

Business-type activities - Enterprise

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Internal Service | Water | Sanitary <br> Sewer | Electricity | Storm <br> Sewer | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refunded (old) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | \$ | 105,690 | 960 | 47,965 | 25,905 | 985 | 4,220 | \$185,725 |
| Interest |  | 50,619 | 412 | 23,490 | 12,452 | 466 | 2,111 | 89,550 |
| Total refunded |  | 156,309 | 1,372 | 71,455 | 38,357 | 1,451 | 6,331 | 275,275 |
| Refunding (new) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 102,595 | 830 | 46,250 | 24,505 | 965 | 4,125 | 179,270 |
| Interest |  | 46,338 | 407 | 22,663 | 12,013 | 449 | 2,025 | 83,895 |
| Total refunding |  | 148,933 | 1,237 | 68,913 | 36,518 | 1,414 | 6,150 | 263,165 |
| Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt serv | \$ | 7,376 | 135 | 2,542 | 1,839 | 37 | 181 | \$ 12,110 |
| Economic gain - present value of adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plus: refunding bonds issued |  | 102,595 | 830 | 46,250 | 24,505 | 965 | 4,125 | 179,270 |
| Plus: premium received |  | 27,183 | 220 | 13,706 | 7,132 | 276 | 1,224 | 49,741 |
| Less: payment to Escrow Agent |  | $(129,983)$ | $(1,051)$ | $(60,041)$ | $(31,709)$ | $(1,222)$ | $(5,330)$ | $(229,336)$ |
| Less: costs of issuance |  | (701) | (6) | (315) | (167) | (7) | (28) | $(1,224)$ |
| Net present value savings | \$ | 5,637 | 101 | 1,944 | 1,345 | 45 | 151 | \$ 9,223 |
| Present value rate - true interest cost of new |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bonds |  | 1.94\% | 1.94\% | 1.94\% | 1.94\% | 1.94\% | 1.94\% | 1.94\% |
|  |  | 3.25\% | 3.50\% |  | 3.50\% |  |  | 3.25\% |
| Interest rate borne by old bonds |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { to } \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { to } \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | 5.00\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { to } \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { to } \\ 5.00 \% \end{gathered}$ |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information<br>Securities and Exchange Commission Rule<br>15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

November 2016 Advance Refunding: On November 16, 2016, the City sold $\$ 89.220$ million of various purpose general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund $\$ 91.035$ million of outstanding bonds issued in 2013 and 2014. See Note G of this report for more information.

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-type activities - Enterprise |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Water | Sanitary <br> Sewer | Storm <br> Sewer | Electricity |  |
| Amount paid to escrow agent | \$ | 45,093 | 38,389 | 23,244 | 5,800 | 667 | 113,193 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Old bonds outstanding |  | 36,265 | 30,875 | 18,695 | 4,665 | 535 | 91,035 |
| Unamortized bond premium |  | 3,969 | 5,247 | 2,640 | 781 | 59 | 12,696 |
| Net carrying amount of old bonds |  | 40,234 | 36,122 | 21,335 | 5,446 | 594 | 103,731 |
| Deferred amount on refunding | \$ | 4,859 | 2,267 | 1,909 | 354 | 73 | 9,462 |


|  |  | mental <br> ities | Water | Sanitary Sewer | Storm <br> Sewer | Electricity | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refunded (old) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | \$ | 36,265 | 30,875 | 18,695 | 4,665 | 535 | 91,035 |
| Interest |  | 20,354 | 17,650 | 10,643 | 2,666 | 295 | 51,608 |
| Total refunded |  | 56,619 | 48,525 | 29,338 | 7,331 | 830 | 142,643 |
| Refunding (new) bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 35,550 | 30,250 | 18,310 | 4,580 | 530 | 89,220 |
| Interest |  | 18,856 | 16,207 | 9,788 | 2,453 | 279 | 47,583 |
| Total refunding |  | 54,406 | 46,457 | 28,098 | 7,033 | 809 | 136,803 |
| Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt service | \$ | 2,213 | 2,068 | 1,240 | 298 | 21 | 5,840 |
| Economic gain - present value of adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| reduction in aggregate debt servic |  | 1,700 | 1,619 | 967 | 232 | 16 | 4,534 |
| Plus: refunding bonds issued |  | 35,550 | 30,250 | 18,310 | 4,580 | 530 | 89,220 |
| Plus: premium received |  | 9,835 | 8,365 | 5,069 | 1,267 | 146 | 24,682 |
| Less: payment to Escrow Agent |  | $(45,093)$ | $(38,389)$ | $(23,244)$ | $(5,800)$ | (667) | $(113,193)$ |
| Less: costs of issuance |  | (245) | (208) | (126) | (32) | (3) | (614) |
| Net present value savings | \$ | 1,747 | 1,637 | 976 | 247 | 22 | 4,629 |
| Present value rate - true interest cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of new bonds |  | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% | 2.16\% |
| Interest rate borne by old bonds |  | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% |

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

10. The City did not release, substitute, or sell any property (the City has not secured any of its obligations with any of its property) securing repayment of obligations.
11. Ratings of the City's bonds and any changes occurring since the City's 2015 CAFR are as follows.

| Bond Description | Moody's Investor Services |  | Standard and Poor's |  | Fitch Ratings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Prior Rating | Current Rating | Prior Rating | Current Rating | Prior Rating | rrent Rating |
| General Obligation Bonds - Fixed Rate 2006 Sanitary Sewer System | Aaa | Aaa | AAA | AAA | AAA | AAA |
| Adjustable Rate General Obligation Bonds | Aaa/VMIG1 | Aaa/VMIG1 | AAA/A-1+ | AAA/A-1+ | AAA/F1+ | AAA/F1+ |
| 2008 Sanitary Sewer System Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds (Series 2008B) | Aa1/VMIG1 | Aa1/VMIG1 | AA+/A-1+ | AA+/A-1+ | AA/F1+ | AA/F1+ |
| 2014 Sanitary Sewer System Fixed Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds | Aa1 | Aa1 | AA+ | AA+ | AA | AA |
| 2015 Sanitary Sewer System Fixed Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds | Aa1 | Aa1 | AA+ | AA+ |  | ated) |

12. The City did not enter into bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or any other similar event.
13. There was no consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the City or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the City, other than in the ordinary course of business.
14. There was no appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change in the name of a trustee.
15. The City will continue to provide all the necessary information, contained below under "Continuing Disclosure Undertaking", on an annual basis as is required by the Rule.

## Continuing Disclosure Undertaking:

The following provides the Annual Information and/or indicates where in this report the Annual Information may be obtained.
(1.) Debt Summary - Outstanding Bonds and Notes - see Note G contained in this report.
(2.) Debt Summary - Overlapping Debt - see Table 18 contained in this report.

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

## Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

## (3.) Debt Summary - Historical Debt Information

At December 31 of each of the last ten years outstanding bonds and notes are shown in the following table.

| Year | Bonds and <br> long-term notes* | (in thousands) <br> Short-term <br> notes | $\underline{\text { Total }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 | $\$ 2,542,268$ | $\$ 510$ | $2,542,778$ <br> 2008 |
| 2009 | $2,935,991$ | 24,339 | $2,860,330$ |
| 2010 | $3,236,330$ | 37,936 | $2,977,437$ |
| 2011 | $3,319,873$ | 24,931 | $3,261,261$ |
| 2012 | $3,685,865$ | 25,136 | $3,345,009$ |
| 2013 | $3,773,939$ | 22,350 | $3,708,215$ |
| 2014 | $3,869,722$ | 19,800 | $3,793,739$ |
| 2015 | $3,929,898$ | 18,100 | $3,887,822$ |
| 2016 | $4,282,943$ | 49,570 | $3,979,468$ |
|  |  | 11,800 | $4,294,743$ |

*Beginning in 2012, the Component Unit lease revenue bonds are included in the City's bonds and long-term notes.
Adjustments were made to prior years to properly disclose the short-term notes outstanding.
(4.) Summary of Financial Information - Summary of Certain Financial Statements for General Fund and Debt Service Funds - see respective financial statements contained in this report.
(5.) Water System - Largest Customers Invoiced - see table below.

Water System Ten Largest Customers (Based Upon 2016 Sales)

| Customer Account | Total Charges <br> (in thousands) | \% of Total <br> Water <br> Charges |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Ohio State University | $\$ 3,513$ <br> Anheuser Busch Inc. | $1.88 \%$ |
| Franklin County Sanitary Engineer | 2,032 | 1.08 |
| Abbott Laboratories | 1,331 | 0.71 |
| Ohio Health Corp | 866 | 0.46 |
| MARS Petcare US | 586 | 0.31 |
| 7UP Columbus | 586 | 0.31 |
| LSREF 3 Bravo | 566 | 0.30 |
| Lifestyle Communities | 472 | 0.25 |
| Columbus Metropolitan Housing Authority | 426 | 0.23 |
| Total | $\underline{368}$ | $\underline{0.20}$ |
|  | $\underline{\$ 10,746}$ | $\underline{5.73 \%}$ |

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Water

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)
Compliance Information
Securities and Exchange Commission Rule
15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)
(6.) Water System - Water Enterprise Fund - see respective financial statements contained in this report.
(7.) Water System - Outstanding Debt - see respective financial statements and Note G contained in this report.
(8.) Sanitary Sewer System - Largest Customers I nvoiced - see table below.

Sanitary Sewer Enterprise - Ten Largest Customers Invoiced
(Based upon 2016 Sales)

| Customer Account | Total Charges <br> (in thousands) | \% of Total <br> Sanitary Sewer <br> Charges |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Ohio State University | $\$ 6,385$ | $2.68 \%$ |
| Anheuser Busch Inc. | 2,665 | 1.12 |
| Abbott Laboratories | 2,229 | 0.94 |
| Franklin County Sanitary Engineer | 1,502 | 0.63 |
| MARS Petcare US | 1,008 | 0.42 |
| 7UP Columbus | 959 | 0.40 |
| Ohio Health Corp. | 829 | 0.35 |
| Tri Tech Laboratories Inc. | 810 | 0.34 |
| Lifestyle Communities | 710 | 0.30 |
| LSREF 3 Bravo | $\underline{696}$ | $\underline{0.29}$ |
| Total | $\underline{\$ 17,793}$ | $\underline{\underline{7.47 \%}}$ |

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage
(9.) Sanitary Sewer System - Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Fund - see respective financial statements contained in this report.
(10.) Sanitary Sewer System - Delinquencies - see table below.

Percentage of Total Water and Sewer Accounts Past Due ${ }^{(1)}$

| Days Past Due | $\underline{2012}$ | $\underline{2013}$ | $\underline{2014}$ | $\underline{2015^{(2)}}$ | $\underline{2016^{(2)}}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-30$ | $50 \%$ | $54 \%^{(3)}$ | $56 \%^{(3)}$ | $11 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| $31-60$ | 15 | 14 | 12 | 2 | 6 |
| $61-90$ | 14 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 1 |
| $91+$ | 21 | 25 | 23 | 4 | 3 |

(1) As of December 31 .
(2) 2015-2016 reporting differs from prior year 2012-2014. A new reporting system was developed in 2015. 2015 figures are based on total active accounts that are delinquent per category.
(3) With respect to years 2012-2014, not all accounts in the "0-30 Days Past Due" category are delinquent. Only those accounts unpaid beyond 28 days are technically past due; however, the software, used by the City's Department of Technology to create such reports, was not able to make this distinction until 2015.

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule<br>15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

(11.) Sanitary Sewer System - Five Year History of Account Types- see table below.

| Year | Residential <br> Accounts |  <br> Industrial <br> Accounts |  | Billable <br> Total Accounts | Wastewater <br> Accounts (ccf) | Average Usage <br> Per Account <br> ccf/Acct. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2012 | $\underline{\text { Acc }}$ | 247,933 | 22,935 | 270,868 | $42,071,372.11$ | 155.32 |
| 2013 | 250,412 | 20,929 | 271,341 | $40,064,865.18$ | 147.66 |  |
| 2014 | 250,966 | 20,981 | 271,947 | $40,811,836.95$ | 150.07 |  |
| 2015 | 252,042 | 20,391 | 272,433 | $41,096,552.48$ | 150.85 |  |
| 2016 | 255,935 | 17,033 | 272,968 | $41,013,618.69$ | 150.25 |  |

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage
(12.) Sanitary Sewer System - Five Year History of Customers

|  | Fiscal Year ended December 31 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 1 2}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 1 3}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 1 4}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 1 5}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 1 6}}$ |
| City of Columbus | 201,583 | 201,678 | 201,754 | 201,742 | 201,919 |
| Suburban Accounts | 69,285 | 69,663 | 70,193 | 70,691 | 71,049 |
| Total Accounts | 270,868 | 271,341 | 271,947 | 272,433 | 272,968 |

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage
(13.) Sanitary Sewer System - Annual Metered Billing Quantities (ccf)

Set forth in the table below is information on the annual metered billing quantities, in thousands of cubic feet of water used, for the City and its 23 suburban municipal accounts*. The Division of Sewerage and Drainage within the City's Department of Utilities bills customers based upon water usage.

Fiscal Year ended December 31

|  | $\underline{\underline{2012}}{ }^{* *}$ | $\underline{2013}$ | $\underline{2014}$ | $\underline{2015}$ | $\underline{2016}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City of Columbus | $31,802,557.95$ | $31,051,089.90$ | $30,218,582.05$ | $30,141,803.54$ | $30,156,616.54$ |
| Suburban Accounts* | $10,268,814.16$ | $9,013,775.28$ | $10,593,254.90$ | $10,954,748.94$ | $10,857,002.15$ |
| Total ccf | $42,071,372.11$ | $40,064,865.18$ | $40,811,836.95$ | $41,096,552.48$ | $41,013,618.69$ |

*Suburban accounts do not include individual accounts within each suburban master meter community.
${ }^{* *}$ The fluctuation in the annual metered billing quantities is attributed to changes in precipitation amounts and conservation efforts of customers.

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)
Compliance Information
Securities and Exchange Commission Rule
15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)
(14.) Sanitary Sewer System - Average Daily Amount of the I nvestment Portfolio - see table below.

| Calendar Year | Amount |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 2012 | $\$ 1,477,315,424.21$ |
| 2013 | $1,620,243,485.92$ |
| 2014 | $1,681,777,725.61$ |
| 2015 | $1,596,925,632.13$ |
| 2016 | $1,639,941.394 .50$ |

(15.) Sanitary Sewer- Rate History - see Table 14 contained in this report.
(16.) Sanitary Sewer- Revenue Bond Coverage - see Table 19 contained in this report.
(17.) Storm Sewer System - Largest Customers I nvoiced - see table below.

Storm Sewer Enterprise - Ten Largest Customers Invoiced
(Based upon 2016 Sales)

| Customer Account | Total Charges <br> (in thousands) | \% of Total <br> Storm Sewer <br> Charges |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Ohio State University | $\$ 638$ | $1.58 \%$ |
| Consolidated Stores | 194 | 0.48 |
| Ohio Expo Center | 191 | 0.47 |
| Columbus International Air Center | 167 | 0.41 |
| Lifestyle Communities | 164 | 0.41 |
| Columbus Regional Airport Authority | 153 | 0.38 |
| JC Penny Co. Inc. | 123 | 0.31 |
| Columbus Business Park | 123 | 0.30 |
| Lifestyle Communities (2) | 115 | 0.29 |
| JP Morgan Chase Bank | $\underline{112}$ | $\underline{0.28}$ |
| Total | $\$ \underline{1,980}$ | $\underline{4.91 \%}$ |

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage
(18.) Storm System - Storm Enterprise Fund - see respective financial statements contained in this report.

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

(19.) Electricity System - Largest Customers Invoiced - see table below.

Electricity Enterprise - Ten Largest Customers I nvoiced
(Based upon 2016 Sales)

| Customer Account | Total Charges (in thousands) | \% of Total Electric Charges |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City of Columbus - Div. of Sewers and Drains | \$ 7,897 | 9.69\% |
| City of Columbus - Division of Water | 6,927 | 8.50 |
| State of Ohio | 4,574 | 5.61 |
| Columbus State Community College | 2,166 | 2.66 |
| Shelly Material | 2,131 | 2.62 |
| City of Columbus - Facilities Management | 2,061 | 2.53 |
| Columbus Board of Education | 2,008 | 2.46 |
| Franklin County | 2,001 | 2.46 |
| City of Columbus - Recreation \& Parks | 1,711 | 2.10 |
| Scioto Downs | 1,449 | $\underline{1.78}$ |
| Total | \$ 32,925 | 40.41\% |

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Electricity
(20.) Electricity System - Electricity Enterprise Fund - see respective financial statements contained in this report.
(21.) Electricity System - Rate Determination - see section entitled "Electricity" contained in the MD\&A and on Table 7 in this report.
(22.) Certain Municipal Income Tax Matter - Income Tax Rates

The City's income tax continues to be its primary source of revenue. The tax applies to all wages, salaries, commissions and other compensation paid by employers and/or the net proceeds from the operation of a business, profession or other enterprise activity. The initial tax rate of $.5 \%$, collected in 1948, was increased to $1 \%$ in 1956, $1.5 \%$ in 1971, to $2.0 \%$ in 1983 and to the rate of $2.5 \%$ effective October 1, 2009. Income tax rates of cities and villages within the State of Ohio are limited to a maximum of $1 \%$, unless specifically approved by a majority of the resident voters of the respective city or village.
(23.) Certain Municipal Income Tax Matters - Historical City Income Tax Revenues - see Table 8 contained in this report.
(24.) Certain Property Tax Matters - Assessed Value of Taxable Property - see Table 10 contained in this report.
(25.) Certain Property Tax Matters - Tax Rates - see Table 11 contained in this report.
(26.) Certain Property Tax Matters - Principal Taxpayers - see Table 12 contained in this report.

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Table 39 (continued)

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

(27.) Certain Property Tax Matters - Ad Valorem Taxes Levied and Collected - see Table 9 contained in this report.
(28.) Debt Summary - Projected Additional Debt

To be eligible for capital improvements funding (i.e., from issuance of debt), an asset must have a useful life of at least five years and be considered non-operational. Some examples of capital improvements projects include the purchase of major equipment items, street lighting, street improvements, land acquisition for recreational needs, building construction, and facility rehabilitation. The City's proposed capital improvements program (CIP), for the period 2017 through 2022, provides for approximately $\$ 2.8$ billion in funding (funding to be determined) for various capital improvements for all City divisions. A copy of the current CIP may be obtained by contacting the Department of Finance and Management, City Hall, 90 West Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.
(29.) Sanitary Sewer - Capital Improvement Plan

Capital Improvement Plan
Uses and Sources of Funds
(in thousands of dollars)

|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uses of Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sewage Treatment Plant Improve | ments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jackson Pike WWTP | \$ 25,995 | 14,287 | 2,295 | 2,295 | 400 | 400 | \$ | 45,672 |
| Southerly WWTP | 108,616 | 16,597 | 8,636 | 400 | 400 | 400 |  | 135,049 |
| Other Projects | 25,806 | 22,460 | 16,023 | 11,845 | 8,292 | 8,334 |  | 92,760 |
| Subtotal | 160,417 | 53,344 | 26,954 | 14,540 | 9,092 | 9,134 |  | 273,481 |
| Collection System Improvements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interceptors/Subtrunks | 36,634 | 56,524 | 47,300 | 100,400 | 7,000 | 190,000 |  | 437,858 |
| Blueprint Columbus | 14,323 | 57,885 | 80,407 | 103,810 | 90,310 | 86,310 |  | 433,045 |
| Other Projects | 28,989 | 37,290 | 45,540 | 39,000 | 28,600 | 28,600 |  | 208,019 |
| Subtotal | 79,946 | 151,699 | 173,247 | 243,210 | 125,910 | 304,910 |  | 1,078,922 |
| Total | \$240,363 | \$ 205,043 | \$ 200,201 | \$257,750 | \$ 135,002 | \$ 314,044 |  | 352,403 |
| Sources of Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WPCLF/OWDA Loans | \$ 160,420 | \$ 121,846 | \$ 117,021 | \$ 169,595 | \$ 60,000 | \$ 243,000 | \$ | 871,882 |
| Bond Money | 79,943 | 83,197 | 83,180 | 88,155 | 75,002 | 71,044 |  | 480,521 |
| Total | \$ 240,363 | \$ 205,043 | \$ 200,201 | \$ 257,750 | 135,00 | \$ 314,0 |  | 52,40 |

Funds above are included in the Capital Improvement Plan; if available, funding will come from WPCLF/OWDA
Source: The Division, Proposed 2017-2022 Capital Improvement Plan
(30.) Voluntary Disclosure Notice

The Water System Unlimited Tax Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2014, as described in the 2014 and 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports of the City of Columbus, was refunded on October 5, 2016 with the proceeds of two OWDA Fresh Water Market Loans. These loans are special obligations payable from revenues of the water system. The City will complete the projects with OWDA loan proceeds.

# City of Columbus, Ohio 

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Columbus, Ohio will be made available to citizens in the community; city, state and federal officials, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks, rating agencies, and to any person or organization requesting it. The report will also be distributed via the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system and to the Ohio Municipal Advisory Council. This report is also available on the City's website. The Internet address is: http://www.columbus.gov.

## Single Audit

 SectionSuite 100

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards 

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian, City Auditor City of Columbus, Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2017.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Columbus, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Columbus, Ohio's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.


April 7, 2017

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; <br> Report on Internal Control Over Compliance <br> Independent Auditor's Report 

To the Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian, City Auditor
City of Columbus, Ohio

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Columbus, Ohio's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 3I, 2016. The City of Columbus, Ohio's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Columbus, Ohio's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Columbus, Ohio's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Columbus, Ohio's compliance.

GLOBAL ALLIANCE OF
INDEPENDENT FIRMS

To the Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian, City Auditor
City of Columbus, Ohio

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Columbus, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 3I, 2016.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Columbus, Ohio is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Columbus, Ohio's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

April 7, 2017
City of Columbus, Ohio
 14.191
14.191 Total Entitlement \& Small Cities Cluster 14.218 Entitlement \& Small Cities Cluster 14.218
Entitlement \& Small Cities Cluster 14.218 Ens \& Small Cities Cluster Total ${ }^{14.218}$ Total



$\square$

14.231
14.231

Int \& Small Cities Cluster Total

14.241 Total
14.241
14.246
14.246





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16.575

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16.588

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { G251600 } & 13 \text {-JAG-9000 } \\ \text { G331400 } & 13 \text {-JAG-1000 }\end{array}$

City of Columbus, Ohio
City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Period Ended December 31, 2016




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Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205
 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205
Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205 Highway Planning \& Const Cluster 20.205




# Highway Plan \& Const Cluster Total 

Highway Safety Cluster 20.600


듛 20.616 Total Highway Safety Cluster 20.616 Highway Safety Cluster Total

| Pass Through Agency | Grant Title | Grant No | Grant ID |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Franklin Co Commissioners | FY 14 Justice Assist Grant (JAG) | G331500 | 14-JAG-1000 |
| Franklin Co Commissioners | JAG Internet Crimes Against Children | G331107 | 2010--DJ-HX-0074 | Franklin Co Em Mgmt \& Homeland FY15 Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) OH Office of Criminal Justice Serv 2015 JAG Cyber Crime

2014 DNA Capacity Enhance. \& Backlog Red G331509 2015-DN-BX-0073
G331511 2015-PC-NFS-7805 U.S. Dept of Justice 2015 DNA Capacity Enhance. \& Backlog Red
OH Office of Criminal Justice Serv 2015 Forensic Science Imp
Federal Forfeitures
2016 Smart City Challenge $\quad$ G591600 DTFH6116H00007
G591610 DTFH6116H00013


| G501409 | PREV-31174-02 |
| :--- | :--- |
| G501438 | SC-2015-25-000000481 |
| G501544 | SC-2016-25-000000410 |
| G331507 | STEP-2016-25-00470 |
| G501634 | SC-2017-25-00-00-00576-00 |
|  |  |
| G501623 |  |
| G331506 | IDEP-2016-25-00360 |


| Grantor Agency |
| :--- |
| US Dept of Justice |

US Dept of Justice
US Dept of Justice US Dept of Justice US Dept of Justice
US Dept of Justice
US Dept of Justice
US Dept of Justice
US Dept of Justice
US Dept of J ustice Total US Dept of Transportation
2016 Safe Routes to School
$\begin{array}{ll}2016 \text { Safe Routes to School } & \text { G501620 } \\ \text { 2016-2017 Paving the Way-92241 } & \text { G591509 }\end{array}$
Alum Crk Dr/ Febris-Refugee (PID 85017) Columbus Traffic Signal Ph. B-13034 G598008 Cota Sidewalks Ph 2 PID95553
 Gender Rd @ Refugee Rd PID 90241
Georgesville @ Holt (PID 94913) Goodale St Bike Imps PID 83346 Hard Road Phase A 17585 Lazelle Rd Phase A 95606 Lazelle Rd Phase B 90406
azelle Rd Phase C 95607 Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons 97656 SR 161 Corridor Study
FY2014 Ohio Buckles Buckeyes
 2014-15 Safe Communities
2015-16 Safe Communities 2016 Selective Traffic Enforcement 2016-17 SAFE COMMUNITIES
2016 Ohio Buckles Buckeyes Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation
Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation
Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation Ohio Dept of Transportation
Ohio Dept of Health
 Ohio Dept of Public Safety Ohio Dept of Public Safety

[^10]US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation US Dept of Transportation
City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Period Ended December 31, 2016

| Grantor Agency | Pass Through Agency | Grant Title | Grant No | Grant ID | Cluster CFDA | Total Provided to Subrecipients | Expenditures |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| US Dept of Transportation | Ohio Dept of Public Safety | 2016 OVI Task Force | G331508 | OVITF-2016-25-00405 | 20.608 | - | 138,724 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 20.608 Total | - | 138,724 |
| US Dept of Transp Total |  |  |  |  |  | - | 23,788,288 |
| Env Protection Agency | O.W.D.A. | Non-ARRA Federal Loan Assistance-Water |  |  | Drinking Water State Revolving Cluster 66.468 | - | 1,089,384 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 66.468 Total | - | 1,089,384 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Drinking Water St Rev Cluster Total | $\bullet$ | 1,089,384 |
| Env Protection Agency | O.W.D.A. | Non-ARRA Federal Loan Assistance-Sewers |  |  | Clean Water State Revolving Cluster 66.458 | - | 18,077,298 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 66.458 Total | - | 18,077,298 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Clean Water St Rev Cluster Total | - | 18,077,298 |
| Env Prot Agency Total |  |  |  |  |  | - | 19,166,682 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Title IIID - Disease Prevention \& Health | G518318 |  | 93.043 | - | 80,893 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.043 Total | - | 80,893 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Title IIIB - Supportive Services | G518301 | 88-06 | Aging Cluster 93.044 | 1,662,731 | 2,220,909 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.044 Total | 1,662,731 | 2,220,909 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Title IIIA Administration | G518324 |  | Aging Cluster 93.045 | - | 1,129,283 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Title IIIC - Nutrition Services | G518303 |  | Aging Cluster 93.045 | 2,691,570 | 2,016,930 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.045 Total | 2,691,570 | 3,146,213 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Nutrition Services Incentive Program | G518303 |  | Aging Cluster 93.053 | - | 974,862 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.053 Total | - | 974,862 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Aging Cluster Total | 4,354,301 | 6,341,984 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Title IIIE - Caregiver Support | G518307 | 88-06 | 93.052 | 493,299 | 618,070 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.052 Total | 493,299 | 618,070 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | Medicare Imp for Patients AOA | G519203 | 1YOCMS030365/01 | 93.071 | - | 32,724 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.071 Total | - | 32,724 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Franklin County Board of Health | 2015 FCPH Ebola Planning | G501521 | 02520012EB0116 | 93.074 | - | 54,871 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015 Ebola Traveler Monitoring | G501536 | U90TP000541 | 93.074 | - | 209,346 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015-16 COTS Coalition | G501546 |  | 93.074 | - | 2,794 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015-16 Public Health Emergency Prep | G501530 | 02520012PH0716 | 93.074 | 372,250 | 760,082 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016-17 Public Health Emergency Prep | G501628 | 02520012PH0817 | 93.074 | - | 146,974 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.074 Total | 372,250 | 1,174,067 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015-16 Reproductive Health \& Wellness | G501531 | 02520011RH0516 | 93.217 | - | 91,775 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016-17 Reproductive Health \& Wellness | G501626 |  | 93.217 | - | 417,124 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.217 Total | - | 508,899 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015 Immunization Action Plan (IAP) | G501509 | 02520012IM0815 | 93.268 | - | 3,917 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016 Immunization Action Plan (IAP) | G501605 | 02520012IM0916 | 93.268 | - | 424,336 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.268 Total | - | 428,253 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015 ODH Tobacco Control | G501545 | U58 DP005979-01 | 93.305 | - | 25,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.305 Total | - | 25,000 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | All Other Misc Revenue | 2015 Plan4Health Grant | G501520 |  | 93.328 | - | 44,348 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.328 Total | - | 44,348 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Nat'l Assoc. of Co \& City Health | 2015 NACCHO HIA Connect Cols Plan | G501548 |  | 93.424 | - | 14,734 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.424 Total | - | 14,734 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Franklin Co Jobs \& Family Serv | 2016 TANF Title XX TANF Services | G511604 | 25-16-1509 | TANF Cluster 93.558 | - | 65,755 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.558 Total | - | 65,755 |
|  |  |  |  |  | TANF Cluster Total | - | 65,755 |
| US Health \& Human Serv |  | Home Energy Assistance Program | G518020 | HEAP-06 | 93.568 | 30,400 | 40,333 |

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Period Ended December 31, 2016

| Grantor Agency | Pass Through Agency | Grant Title | Grant No | Grant ID | Cluster CFDA | Total Provided <br> to Subrecipients | Expenditures |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.568 Total | 30,400 |  | 40,333 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | Creating Healthy Communities 2016 | G501601 | 02520014CC0715 | 93.758 | - |  | 118,041 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.758 Total | - |  | 118,041 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Aging | PASSPORT | G518139 |  | Medicaid Cluster 93.778 | - |  | 58,317,734 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.778 Total | - |  | 58,317,734 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Medicaid Cluster Total | - |  | 58,317,734 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | U.S. Dept of Health \& Human Serv | 2015 HIV Care Program Part A | G501519 | H89HA25698-03 | 93.914 | - |  | 2,442,871 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | U.S. Dept of Health \& Human Serv | 2016 HIV Care Program Part A | G501622 | H89HA25698 | 93.914 | - |  | 2,793,339 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.914 Total | - |  | 5,236,210 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | U.S. Dept of Health \& Human Serv | 2014 Healthy Start-Perinatal Health | G501440 | H49MC00028-14-00 | 93.926 | - |  | 522 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | U.S. Dept of Health \& Human Serv | 2015 Healthy Start-Perinatal Health | G501552 | H49MC00028-12-00 | 93.926 | 40,750 |  | 962,801 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | U.S. Dept of Health \& Human Serv | 2016-17 Healthy Start - Perinatal | G501702 |  | 93.926 | - |  | 128,314 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.926 Total | 40,750 |  | 1,091,637 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015 HIV Prevention | G501506 | 02520012HP0815 | 93.940 | 31,491 |  | 82,724 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016 HIV Prevention | G501600 | 02520012HP0916 | 93.940 | 209,905 |  | 986,702 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.940 Total | 241,396 |  | 1,069,426 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Franklin Co A.D.A.M.H. | 2015 HIV/AOD Program | G501524 | H5055 and H5056 | 93.959 | - |  | 19,524 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Franklin Co A.D.A.M.H. | 2015 Women's Recovery | G501522 | H5215 \& H5216 | 93.959 | - |  | 32,967 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Franklin Co A.D.A.M.H. | 2016 HIV/AOD Program | G501612 | H5056 and H5057 | 93.959 | - |  | 45,892 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Franklin Co A.D.A.M.H. | 2016 Women's Recovery | G501610 | H5216 \& H5217 | 93.959 | - |  | 89,912 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.959 Total | - |  | 188,295 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015 STD Control | G501507 | 02520012ST0715 | 93.977 | - |  | 5,999 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016 STD Control | G501602 | 02520012ST0816 | 93.977 | - |  | 231,103 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.977 Total | - |  | 237,102 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | Creating Healthy Communities 2015 | G501505 | 02520014CC0615 | 93.991 | - |  | 3,453 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.991 Total | - |  | 3,453 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2014 Dental Sealant Program | G501418 | 02520011DS0414 | 93.994 | - |  | 176,458 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015 Dental Sealant Program | G501508 | 02520011DS0515 | 93.994 | - |  | 177,805 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2015-16 Child \& Family Health Serv | G501540 | 02520011MC0916 | 93.994 | - |  | 642,640 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016 Dental Sealant Program | G501604 | 02520011 | 93.994 | - |  | 50,252 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016 Healthy Homes Awareness | G501627 | B04NC29357-01-01 | 93.994 | - |  | 1,000 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016-17 Maternal and Child Health | G501636 | 02520011MP0117 | 93.994 | - |  | 78,839 |
| US Health \& Human Serv | Ohio Dept of Health | 2016-17 Ohio Infant Mortality Reduction | G501635 | 02520011OM0117 | 93.994 | - |  | 68,298 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 93.994 Total | - |  | 1,195,292 |
| US Dept of HHS Total |  |  |  |  |  | 5,532,396 |  | 76,832,250 |
| Grand Total |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 9,082,868 | \$ | 143,520,576 |

# CI TY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO 

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures<br>of Federal Awards<br>December 31, 2016

## Note A-General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the City). The City's reporting entity is defined in Note A to the City's basic financial statements.

The basis for determining when federal awards are expended is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. In addition, expenditures reported on the Schedule are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to re-imbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.
The City has not elected to use the 10-precent de minimus indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## Note B-Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule is presented using the cash basis of accounting in which expenditures are recognized when paid.

## Note C-Schedule References

1. Grant No represents the City's Microsoft Dynamics Accounting System classification structure and is used for internal purposes only.
2. Grant ID represents the pass through agency's grant identification number.
3. The PASSPORT program is funded by both federal and state Medicaid. The amount presented is the federal portion only.

## City of Columbus, Ohio

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2016 

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

## Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified?

- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?


Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? $\qquad$ Yes $\quad \mathrm{X}$ N

## Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? $\qquad$ Yes $\quad \mathrm{X}$ No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? $\qquad$ Yes X None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516 (a)?


Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers
10.557
14.239
20.205
66.458
93.044, 93.045, 93.053
93.778

Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children
Home Investment Partnerships Program
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster
Aging Cluster
Medicaid Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$3,000,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?
X Yes $\qquad$ No

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2016

## Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

None
Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings
None

## City of Columbus, Ohio

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## Dave Host • Auditor of State

## CITY OF COLUMBUS

FRANKLIN COUNTY

## CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

## Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU
CERTIFIED
JUNE 22, 2017


[^0]:    *Exclusive of TIF Notes of $\$ 9.556$ million, and RiverSouth Lease Revenue Bonds of $\$ 76.440$ million (see Note Q for RiverSouth future debt service schedule).

[^1]:    City of Columbus, Ohio
    Combining Balance Sheet
    Nonmajor Governmental Fun
    Nonmajor Governmental Funds
    December 31, 2016
    (amounts expressed in thousands)

[^2]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^3]:    2014 and 2015 Unrestricted net position has been restated to reflect the City's proportionate share of the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's restatement of their
    Collective Net Pension Liability for 2014 and 2015 .

[^4]:    9. Scioto Downs
    10. Anheuser Busch
    11. Anheuser Busch commercial
[^5]:    * Source: City of Columbus Auditor's Office; represents all governmental activities debt outstanding at 12/31/2016.
    ${ }^{* *}$ Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

[^6]:    The Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2008A\&B require two coverage tests. The rate covenant tests determine if the City is required to increase user
    rates or engage an independent engineer to assist in determining adequate rates. The City has exceeded all coverage requirements.

[^7]:    (1) Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Delaware, Franklin, Fairfield, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Pickaway, and Union counties. (2) Nonagricultural employment excludes farm workers, proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and domestic workers. N.A. = Information not available.

[^8]:    Public Safety Pubic Safety
    \# civilian fire deaths per 100,000 residents
    \# fires per 1,000 residents
    \% fire incidents responded to within 8 minutes of call
    \% emergency medical responses within 8 minutes of call
    \% structure fires contained to room of origin
    \# violent crimes reported per 100,000 residents per month
    \# property crimes reported per 100,000 residents per month
    \% violent crime reports cleared by arrest per month
    \% property crime reports cleared by arrest per month

[^9]:    *Assumes that all future RZEDB aand BAB direct pay subsidies will continue to be reduced at the present rate of $6.8 \%$

[^10]:    

    US Dept of Transportation
    US Dept of Transportation

