# WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Year Ended June 30, 2015

With Independent Auditors' Report





# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education Washington Court House City School District 306 Highland Ave Washington Court House, OH 43160

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Washington Court House City School District, Fayette County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Washington Court House City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 19, 2016

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education Washington Court House City School District:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Court House City School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Court House City School District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of contributions, as listed in the tables of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2015 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 15, 2015 The discussion and analysis of the Washington Court House City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

- □ In total, the net position of governmental activities increased \$495,315.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$18,178,153 of all revenues and reflect the School District's continued dependence on property taxes and unrestricted State entitlements.
- □ The School District had \$23,725,101 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$6,042,263 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily grants and entitlements and property taxes) of \$18,178,153 were adequate to provide for the remaining cost of these programs.

### Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Washington Court House City School District as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

### **Reporting the School District as a Whole**

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2015?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the

current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has only one kind of activity:

Governmental Activities - All of the School District's educational programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service.

#### **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page nine. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds, which are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

*Governmental Funds* - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

*Fiduciary Funds* - The School District's fiduciary funds include two private purpose trust funds and an agency fund. The School District has established private purpose trust funds to account for college scholarship programs for its students. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2015:

Net Position				
	Government			
	Restated		Increase/	
	2014	2015	(Decrease)	
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$13,542,150	\$14,235,056	\$692,906	
Capital Assets, Net	64,964,344	64,175,922	(788,422)	
Total Assets	78,506,494	78,410,978	(95,516)	
			· · · · ·	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	3,101,530	3,416,257	314,727	
<b>Liabilities</b> Other Liabilities	2,893,987	3,049,548	155,561	
Long-Term Liabilities	51,097,754	46,220,656	(4,877,098)	
Total Liabilities	53,991,741	49,270,204	(4,721,537)	
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1,721,007)	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	3,323,045	7,768,478	4,445,433	
Net Position				
Net Investment in				
Capital Assets	46,432,935	46,171,904	(261,031)	
Restricted	3,561,095	3,302,271	(258,824)	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(25,700,792)	(24,685,622)	1,015,170	
Total Net Position	\$24,293,238	\$24,788,553	\$495,315	

Table 1 Net Position

During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this

financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately

identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$51,406,276 to \$24,293,238.

A decrease occurred within Total Assets when compared to the prior fiscal year. Current and Other Assets increased due to the increase in State funding received by the School District. Capital Assets, Net and Net Investment in Capital Assets decreased due to fiscal year depreciation exceeding fiscal year additions.

Total Liabilities decreased as a result of current year debt service payments as well as the reduction in the net pension liability.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2015.

	Governmental		
	Restated		Increase/
	2014	2015	(Decrease)
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,439,556	\$1,411,833	(\$27,723)
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	4,555,737	4,630,430	74,693
Total Program Revenues	5,995,293	6,042,263	46,970
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	5,452,109	5,140,216	(311,893)
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	15,489	12,635	(2,854)
Grants and Entitlements not			
Restricted to Specific Programs	11,471,948	12,891,032	1,419,084
Contributions and Donations	12,174	9,930	(2,244)
Investment Earnings	12,248	13,514	1,266
Miscellaneous	183,995	110,826	(73,169)
Total General Revenues	17,147,963	18,178,153	1,030,190
Total Revenues	\$23,143,256	\$24,220,416	\$1,077,160
			(continued)

# Table 2Change in Net Position

(continued)

#### Washington Court House City School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

# Table 2 Change in Net Position (continued)

	Governmental			
	Restated		Increase/	
	2014	2015	(Decrease)	
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$10,514,960	\$10,457,727	(\$57,233)	
Special	3,384,344	3,582,021	197,677	
Support Services:				
Pupils	845,466	1,107,560	262,094	
Instructional Staff	1,200,993	1,043,942	(157,051)	
Board of Education	25,990	21,010	(4,980)	
Administration	1,889,089	1,803,615	(85,474)	
Administration - Intergovernmental	102	0	(102)	
Fiscal	600,251	613,631	13,380	
Business	17,079	764	(16,315)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,823,379	1,905,876	82,497	
Pupil Transportation	754,458	730,973	(23,485)	
Central	21,402	24,750	3,348	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,129,836	1,076,312	(53,524)	
Extracurricular Activities	737,240	737,367	127	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	200,886	598,553	397,667	
Issuance Costs	192,025	21,000	(171,025)	
Total Expenses	23,337,500	23,725,101	387,601	
Change in Net Position	(194,244)	495,315	(689,559)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	N/A	24,293,238		
Net Position at End of Year	\$24,293,238	\$24,788,553		

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Thus, the 2015 and 2014 expenses are not comparable.

Program revenues, which are primarily represented by charges for tuition, fees, sales, and extracurricular activities, as well as restricted intergovernmental revenues, accounted for \$6,042,263 of total revenues for fiscal year 2015, an increase of \$46,970. General revenues represent \$18,178,153 of the School District's total revenues and increased \$1,030,190. The increases are primarily the result of the School District receiving more State funding during fiscal year 2015.

As should be expected, Instruction costs represent the largest of the School District's expenses, \$14,039,748 for fiscal year 2015. The Instruction category, however, does not include all activities associated with educating students. Other programs which support the instruction process, including Pupils, Instructional Staff, and Pupil Transportation account for \$2,882,475 of governmental expenses. Maintenance of the School District's facilities also represents a significant expense of \$1,905,876. Therefore, \$18,828,099 of the School District's expenses are related to the primary functions of providing facilities and delivering education.

## The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's most significant funds starts on page 12. Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$23,835,658 and expenditures of \$24,649,698. The net change in fund balance for the General Fund was \$442,195, which is an increase from the net change in fund balance from the prior year. This is a result of School Energy Conservation Improvement bond proceeds being received, and not entirely spent, during the fiscal year.

The Bond Retirement Fund balance decreased \$150,547. This is the result of 2015 debt service requirements increasing over the prior year.

# **General Fund - Budget Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2015, the School District revised its budget as it attempted to deal with unexpected changes in expenditures. The variance in revenues from the original and final budget compared to actual is insignificant. The variance in expenditures from the original and final budget increased by \$1,150,499 and is mostly due to planned capital outlay expenditures of the HB264 Energy Conservation project. The variance between final budgeted expenditures and actual is insignificant.

The General Fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$150,831 under the final budgeted amount.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the School District had \$64,175,922 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), a decrease of \$788,422. This decrease is due to fiscal year depreciation exceeding fiscal year additions.

For further information regarding the School District's capital assets, refer to Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2015, the School District had \$20,504,518 in bonds, accretion, and bond premium outstanding, \$808,690 of which is due within one year. The School District's long-term obligations also include capital lease obligations and compensated absences as well as STRS and SERS net pension liabilities. For further information regarding the School District's long-term obligations, refer to Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Current Issues**

A major challenge facing the School District is the level of funding by the Ohio Department of Education. The future is always uncertain with regards to State funding. The School District was fortunate to receive an increase in State funding for fiscal years 2014 and 2015 but will still need to monitor spending and the need for additional revenue sources in the later years of the current five year forecast. In the meantime, the School District will continue to be good stewards of taxpayer dollars and control expenditures to within our means. Such sound financial management has allowed the School District to not return to the ballot for additional monies since 1996. The School District is proud of this rare accomplishment and will be conservative in assessing our needs for additional taxpayer dollars moving into the future.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Becky Mullins, Treasurer at Washington Court House City School District, 306 Highland Avenue, Washington Court House, Ohio 43160 or e-mail becky.mullins@wchcs.org.

#### Washington Court House City School District

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,707,217
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,655,387
Materials and Supplies Inventory	11,503
Inventory Held for Resale	64,298
Accounts Receivable	18,752
Intergovernmental Receivable	715,409
Property Taxes Receivable	6,049,855
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	12,635
Capital Assets:	
Land	477,521
Construction in Progress	411,073
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	63,287,328
Total Assets	78,410,978
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,516,693
Pension	1,899,564
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,416,257
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	134,335
Contracts Payable	71,453
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,901,663
Intergovernmental Payable	336,249
Accrued Interest Payable	50,401
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	163,647
Claims Payable	391,800
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,160,106
Due in More Than One Year:	24 080 620
Net Pension Liability Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	24,080,639 20,979,911
other Aniounts Due in More Than One Tea	20,777,711
Total Liabilities	49,270,204
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	3,394,351
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	12,635
Pension	4,361,492
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,768,478
Not Desition	
<u>Net Position:</u>	46 171 004
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	46,171,904
Debt Service	1,018,778
Capital Improvements	425,333
Food Service Operations	325,605
School Facilities Maintenance	875,887
District Managed Programs	189,539
Title I Programs	185,373
Title II-A Programs	189,842
Other Purposes	91,914
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(24,685,622)
Total Net Position	\$24,788,553

#### Washington Court House City School District

#### Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes
		Program	Revenues	in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating	
		Services	Grants, Contributions	Governmental
	Expenses	and Sales	and Interest	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$10,457,727	\$832,303	\$86,580	(\$9,538,844)
Special	3,582,021	56,793	3,109,184	(416,044)
Vocational	0	0	794	794
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,107,560	10,475	80,395	(1,016,690)
Instructional Staff	1,043,942	0	323,315	(720,627)
Board of Education	21,010	0	0	(21,010)
Administration	1,803,615	0	75,033	(1,728,582)
Fiscal	613,631	0	0	(613,631)
Business	764	0	0	(764)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,905,876	24,891	0	(1,880,985)
Pupil Transportation	730,973	0	106,301	(624,672)
Central	24,750	0	7,200	(17,550)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,051,347	232,294	776,679	(42,374)
Other	24,965	0	0	(24,965)
Extracurricular Activities	737,367	255,077	64,949	(417,341)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	598,553	0	0	(598,553)
Issuance Costs	21,000	0	0	(21,000)
Total Governmental Activities	\$23,725,101	\$1,411,833	\$4,630,430	(17,682,838)

#### General Revenues:

General Revenues.	
Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	3,699,230
Other Purposes	80,607
Debt Service	1,032,682
Capital Outlay	327,697
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to	
Specific Programs	12,891,032
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	12,635
Contributions and Donations	9,930
Investment Earnings	13,514
Miscellaneous	110,826
Total General Revenues	18,178,153
Change in Net Position	495,315
Net Position at Beginning of Year -	
Restated (See Note 20)	24,293,238
Net Position at End of Year	\$24,788,553

#### Washington Court House City School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2015

		Dond	Other Governmental	Total
	General	Bond Retirement	Funds	Governmental Funds
	General	Ketirement	Funds	Funds
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,973,030	\$1,759,488	\$1,974,699	\$5,707,217
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,655,387	0	0	1,655,387
Receivables:				
Property Taxes	4,301,309	1,267,232	481,314	6,049,855
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	9,001	2,602	1,032	12,635
Accounts	18,452	0	300	18,752
Intergovernmental	18,489	0	696,920	715,409
Interfund	323,559	0	0	323,559
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	64,298	64,298
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	11,503	11,503
Total Assets	\$8,299,227	\$3,029,322	\$3,230,066	\$14,558,615
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$65,055	\$0	\$69,280	\$134,335
Contracts Payable	71,453	0	0	71,453
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,721,169	0	180,494	1,901,663
Intergovernmental Payable	305,766	0	30,483	336,249
Interfund Payable	0	0	323,559	323,559
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	163,647	0	0	163,647
Claims Payable	391,800	0	0	391,800
Total Liabilities	2,718,890	0	603,816	3,322,706
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property Taxes	2,390,911	733,298	270,142	3,394,351
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	9,001	2,602	1,032	12,635
Unavailable Revenues	297,142	79,224	625,217	1,001,583
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,697,054	815,124	896,391	4,408,569
<u>Fund Balances:</u>				
Nonspendable	0	0	11,503	11,503
Restricted	308,927	2,214,198	2,097,314	4,620,439
Assigned	322,692	0	0	322,692
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,251,664	0	(378,958)	1,872,706
Total Fund Balances	2,883,283	2,214,198	1,729,859	6,827,340
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$8,299,227	\$3,029,322	\$3,230,066	\$14,558,615

Washington Court House City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$6,827,340
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of: Land 477,521 Construction in progress 411,073 Other capital assets 79,881,521 Accumulated depreciation (16,594,193)	(4.175.022
Total capital assets         Some of the School District's revenues will be collected after fiscal year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.         Delinquent property taxes       389,172         Intergovernmental       593,922         Accounts       18,489	64,175,922
	1,001,583
Deferred outflows of resources include deferred charges on refundings which do not consume current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,516,693
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension1,899,564Deferred Inflows - Pension(4,361,492)Net Pension Liability(24,080,639)	(26,542,567)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding general obligation bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(50,401)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:(18,769,237)Bonds payable(1,735,281)Bond premium(1,735,281)Capital leases(549,363)Compensated absences(1,086,136)	
Total liabilities	(22,140,017)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$24,788,553

Washington Court House City School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Other General         Other Retirement         Other Governmental Funds         Other Funds         Other Governmental Infegrovernmental         Funds           Intergovernmental Investment Earnings         13,514         0         631         14,145           Newtimet Earnings         13,514         0         631         14,145           Tuition and Pees         889,045         0         0         889,045           Rent         66         0         26,252         26,591           Extractivitual Activities         10,475         0         243,487         22,54,352           Contributions and Donations         5,762         0         60,207         74,960           Customer Sales and Donations         122,414         0         300         122,714           Total Revenues         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,093,903         23,835,658           Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         930,666         14,801           Oral Total         14,801         0         0         14,481           Administration         1,455,057         0         72,599         1,727,566					
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				Other	Total
Exercises         Sint of the second sec		Comment			
Property Taxes         \$3,761,123         \$1,050,018         \$41,51,78         \$5,226,319           Intergovernmental         14,544,188         283,496         2,093,659         16,971,343           Investment Earnings         13,514         0         631         14,145           Tuition and Fees         889,045         0         0         889,045           Contributions and Domations         5,762         0         69,207         74,969           Customer Sales and Services         51         0         243,347         243,355           Necentum Lice of Taxes         9,001         2.002         1,032         12,2,35           Miscellaneous         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,093,903         23,835,658           Expenditures:         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         939,696         3,485,136           Support Services:         Pupils         92,772         0         61,430         1.054,202           Instructional Staff         56,262         0         300,937         12,245,440         0         939,696         3,485,136           Support Services:         Pupil         156,0562         0         0         1,430		General	Ketifellielit	Fullus	Fullds
Intergovermmental         14.594,188         283,496         2,093,659         16,971,343           Investment Examings         13,514         0         631         14,145           Tuition and Fees         889,045         0         0         889,045           Rent         66         0         263,257         254,352           Contributions and Donations         5,762         0         69,207         74,969           Outstomer Subs and Services         51         0         223,494         243,545           Revenue in Lieu of Taxes         9,001         2,602         1,032         122,714           Miscellaneous         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,003,903         23,885,658           Expenditures:         Current:         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         92,969         1,376,116         3,003,903         23,885,658           Expenditures:         11,845,136         Support Services:         92,9772         0         61,430         10,43,17           Special         92,7772         0         61,430         10,54,202         10,237         19,640,665           Administration         1,65,5057	Revenues:				
Intergovermmental         14.594,188         283,496         2,093,659         16,971,343           Investment Examings         13,514         0         631         14,145           Tuition and Fees         889,045         0         0         889,045           Rent         66         0         263,257         254,352           Contributions and Donations         5,762         0         69,207         74,969           Outstomer Subs and Services         51         0         223,494         243,545           Revenue in Lieu of Taxes         9,001         2,602         1,032         122,714           Miscellaneous         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,003,903         23,885,658           Expenditures:         Current:         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         92,969         1,376,116         3,003,903         23,885,658           Expenditures:         11,845,136         Support Services:         92,9772         0         61,430         10,43,17           Special         92,7772         0         61,430         10,54,202         10,237         19,640,665           Administration         1,65,5057		\$3,761,123	\$1,050,018	\$415,178	\$5,226,319
Tution and Fees         889,045         0         0         889,045           Rent         66         0         25,25         26,591           Extracurricular Activities         10,475         0         243,877         254,352           Contributions and Donations         5,762         0         69,207         74,969           Customer States and Services         5         0         243,494         243,454           Revenue in Lieu of Taxes         9,001         2,602         1,032         12,2714           Total Revenues         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,093,903         23,835,658           Expenditures:         0         00         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         939,096         3,485,136           Support Services:         Pupils         927,772         0         61,430         1,054,202           Pupils         927,772         0         61,430         1,054,202         120,237         1,964,066           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         72,596         72,596         72,556           Fiscal         12,063         0         0         747,50         36,088         60,024 </td <td></td> <td>14,594,188</td> <td>283,496</td> <td>2,093,659</td> <td>16,971,343</td>		14,594,188	283,496	2,093,659	16,971,343
Rent $66$ $0$ $225,25$ $65,91$ Extractricular Activities $10,475$ $0$ $243,877$ $254,352$ Contributions and Donations $5,162$ $0$ $69,207$ $74,969$ Customer Sales and Services $51$ $0$ $243,944$ $243,354$ Revenue in Lieu of Taxes $9,001$ $2.602$ $300$ $122,714$ Total Revenues $19,405,639$ $1.336,116$ $3.093,903$ $23.835,658$ Expenditures:         Instruction:         Regular $10.034,665$ $0$ $69,652$ $10.104,317$ Special $2.545,440$ $0$ $939,696$ $3.485,136$ $59,991$ $33,163$ $13.116$ $0.04,402$ Instructional Staff $566,262$ $0$ $300,953$ $867,215$ $0$ $0$ $14,801$ $0$ $0$ $14,801$ $0$ $0$ $14,801$ $0$ $062,068$ $0$ $062,068$ $0$ $062,068$ $0$ $062,068$ $0$ $062,068$ $0$ <td< td=""><td>Investment Earnings</td><td>13,514</td><td>0</td><td>631</td><td>14,145</td></td<>	Investment Earnings	13,514	0	631	14,145
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Tuition and Fees	889,045	0	0	889,045
Contributions and Donations         5.762         0         9.207         7.4.969           Customer Sales and Services         51         0         243.494         243.545           Revenue in Lieu of Taxes         9.001         2.602         1.032         12.2.714           Total Revenues         19.405.639         1.336.116         3.093.903         23.835.658           Expenditures:         10.034.665         0         69.652         10.104.317           Special         2.545.440         0         930.696         3.485.136           Support Services:         Pupils         992.772         0         61.430         1.054.202           Instructional Staff         566.262         0         300.993         867.215           Board of Education         14.801         0         0         14.801           Administration         1.655.057         0         72.509         1.727.566           Fiscal         59.893         33.163         31.16         606.172           Business         0         0         74         74           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1.843.829         0         10.247         1.964.066           Pupil Tinsportation         692.068         0 <td>Rent</td> <td>66</td> <td>0</td> <td>26,525</td> <td>26,591</td>	Rent	66	0	26,525	26,591
$\begin{array}{c c} Customer Sales and Services 51 & 0 & 243,494 & 243,545 \\ Revenue in Lieu of Taxes 9,001 & 2,602 & 1,032 & 12,635 \\ \hline Miscellancous & 122,414 & 0 & 300 & 122,714 \\ \hline Total Revenues & 19,405,639 & 1,336,116 & 3,093,903 & 23,835,658 \\ \hline Expenditures: \\ Current: \\ Instruction: \\ Regular & 10,034,665 & 0 & 69,652 & 10,104,317 \\ Special & 2,545,440 & 0 & 939,696 & 3,485,136 \\ Support Services: \\ Pupils & 992,772 & 0 & 61,430 & 1.054,202 \\ Instructional Staff & 566,22 & 0 & 300,953 & 867,215 \\ Board of Education & 14,801 & 0 & 0 & 14,801 \\ Administration & 1,650,57 & 0 & 72,209 & 1,272,566 \\ Fiscal & 59,939 & 33,163 & 13,116 & 606,172 \\ Business & 0 & 0 & 764 & 764 \\ Operation and Maintenance of Plant & 1,843,829 & 0 & 120,237 & 1,964,066 \\ Pupil Transportation & 692,068 & 0 & 0 & 692,068 \\ Central & 0 & 0 & 975,180 & 975,180 \\ Other & 7,7175 & 0 & 39,608 & 46,783 \\ Extracurricular Activities & 315,806 & 0 & 417,357 & 733,163 \\ Capital Outlar & 7,065,00 & 148,405 & 1,086,034 \\ Interest and Fiscal Charges & 3,115 & 52,300 & 148,405 & 1,086,034 \\ Interest and Fiscal Charges & 1,311 & 52,300 & 19,695 & 543,306 \\ Issuance Costs & 21,000 & 0 & 0 & 21,000 \\ \hline Total Expenditures & (274,805) & (150,547) & (388,688) & (814,040) \\ \hline Other Financing Sources (Uses) & 71,000 & 0 & 218,218 \\ \hline Principal Retirement Interviews & 0 & 0 & 0 & 720,000 \\ Interest and Fiscal Charges & 3,110 & 52,300 & 19,695 & 543,306 \\ Issuance Costs & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Total Expenditures & (274,805) & (150,547) & (388,688) & (814,040) \\ \hline Other Financing Sources (Uses) & 71,000 & 0 & 218,218 \\ Pincipal Retirement Interviews & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers In & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers In & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ Transfers Not & 0 & $	Extracurricular Activities	10,475	0	243,877	254,352
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes         9,001         2,602         1,032         12,2,14           Miscellaneous         122,414         0         300         122,714           Total Revenues         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,093,903         23,835,658           Exemilitures:         Instruction:         Regular         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         939,696         3,485,136         3,485,136           Support Services:         2,545,440         0         939,696         3,485,136           Instructional Staff         566,262         0         300,953         867,215           Board of Education         14,801         0         0         14,4801           Administration         1,655,057         0         72,509         1,727,566           Pupil Transportation         692,068         0         0         692,068         0         0         692,068         0         0         692,068         0         0         674,764           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         1,964,066         Pupil Transportation         692,068         0         0         692,068		,			74,969
Miscellancous         122,414         0         300         122,714           Total Revenues         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,093,903         23,835,658           Expenditures:         Current:         Instruction:         69,652         10,104,317           Regular         2,545,440         0         939,696         3,485,136           Support Services:         91,605         0         00,953         867,215           Pupils         92,772         0         61,430         1,654,202           Instructional Staff         566,262         0         300,953         867,215           Board of Education         14,801         0         0         1,4801           Administration         1,655,057         0         72,509         1,727,566           Fiscal         59,893         33,163         13,116         606,172           Business         0         0         764         764           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         13,163           Capital Outlay         11,073         0         295,577         73,163           Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         11,1073         0         295,577 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>243,545</td></td<>					243,545
Total Revenues         19,405,639         1,336,116         3,093,003         23,835,658           Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         939,0966         3,485,136           Support Services: Pupils         992,772         0         61,430         1.054,202           Instructional Staff         566,262         0         300,953         867,215           Board of Education         14,801         0         0         14,801           Administration         1.655,057         0         72,509         1,727,566           Fiscal         599,893         33,163         13,116         606,172           Business         0         0         764         764           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         1,964,066           Cupit Transportation         692,068         0         471,377         73,163           Other         7,175         0         39,608         46,783           Capital Outlay         411,073         0         295,577         706,650           Debt Service:         Prinicipal Revirement         7,629		,	,	,	
Expenditures: Current:         Instruction:           Instruction:         Regular         10.034.665         0         69.652         10.104.317           Special         2.545.440         0         939.696         3.485.136           Support Services:         Pupils         992.772         0         61.430         1.054.202           Instructional Staff         566.262         0         300.953         867.215           Board of Education         14.801         0         0         14.801           Administration         1.655.057         0         72.509         1,727.566           Fiscal         59.893         33.163         13.116         606.172           Business         0         0         764         764           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1.843.829         0         120.237         1.964.066           Pupil Transportation         692.068         0         0         697.180         0         75.180           Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         0         0         975.180         975.180         975.180           Poid Service:         71.75         0         39.608         46.783         14.425         1.086.034           Inte	Miscellaneous	122,414	0	300	122,714
Current:         Instruction:           Regular         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         939,696         3,485,136           Support Services:         Pupils         922,772         0         61,430         1,054,202           Instructional Staff         566,262         0         300,953         867,215           Board of Education         14,401         0         0         14,401           Administration         1,655,057         0         72,509         1,727,566           Fiscal         59,893         33,163         13,116         606,172           Departion and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         1,964,066           Pupil Transportation         692,068         0         0         692,068           Central         12,663         0         8,412         2,1075           Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         7,175         0         39,608         46,783           Extracurricular Activities         315,806         0         417,357         733,163           Debt Service:         7         7629         930,000         148,405         1,086,034	Total Revenues	19,405,639	1,336,116	3,093,903	23,835,658
Current:         Instruction:           Regular         10,034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         939,696         3,485,136           Support Services:         Pupils         922,772         0         61,430         1,054,202           Instructional Staff         566,262         0         300,953         867,215           Board of Education         14,401         0         0         14,401           Administration         1,655,057         0         72,509         1,727,566           Fiscal         59,893         33,163         13,116         606,172           Departion and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         1,964,066           Pupil Transportation         692,068         0         0         692,068           Central         12,663         0         8,412         2,1075           Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         7,175         0         39,608         46,783           Extracurricular Activities         315,806         0         417,357         733,163           Debt Service:         7         7629         930,000         148,405         1,086,034	Europe diterrore				
Instruction:         Regular         10.034,665         0         69,652         10,104,317           Special         2,545,440         0         939,696         3,485,136           Support Services:         992,772         0         61,430         1,054,202           Instructional Staff         566,262         0         300,953         867,215           Board of Education         14,801         0         0         14,801           Administration         1,655,057         0         72,509         1,727,566           Fiscal         559,893         33,163         13,116         606,172           Business         0         0         764         764           Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         1,964,066           Pupil Transportation         692,068         0         0         692,068         0         692,068           Central         12,663         0         8,412         21,075         0           Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         7,175         0         39,608         46,783           Principal Retirement         7,629         930,000         148,405         1,086,034           Interest and Fisca					
Regular10.034.665069,65210,104,317Special2,545,4400939,0963,485,136Support Services:902,772061,4301,054,202Instructional Staff566,2620300,953867,215Board of Education14,8010014,801Administration1,655,057072,5091,727,566Fiscal559,89333,16313,116606,172Business00764764Operation and Maintenance of Plant1,843,8290120,237Ipopit Tamaportation692,06800Central12,66308,412Pupit Transportation7,175039,608Other7,175039,60846,783Capital Outlay411,0730295,577706,650Det Service:7,629930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695543,506Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Other Financing Sources (User):Transfers In003,000Transfers In003,0003,000Transfers In0003,000Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218Otal Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218Otal Other Financing Sources (Uses)<					
Special $2,545,440$ 0 $939,696$ $3,485,136$ Support Services:Pupils $992,772$ 0 $61,430$ $1,054,202$ Instructional Staff $566,262$ 0 $300,953$ $867,215$ Board of Education $14,801$ 00 $148,011$ Administration $1,655,057$ 0 $72,509$ $1,727,566$ Fiscal $559,893$ $33,163$ $13,116$ $606,172$ Business00 $764$ $764$ Operation and Maintenance of Plant $1,843,829$ 0 $120,237$ Optication of Non-Instructional Services:00 $975,180$ Food Service Operations00 $975,180$ $975,180$ Other $7,175$ 0 $39,608$ $46,783$ Extracurricular Activities $315,806$ 0 $417,357$ $733,163$ Capital Outlay $411,073$ 0 $295,577$ $706,650$ Polt Service: $21,000$ 00 $21,000$ Potal Expenditures $21,000$ 00 $21,000$ Total Expenditures $21,000$ 00 $3,000$ Transfers In00 $3,000$ $3,000$ Transfers In00 $3,000$ $3,000$ Transfers In000 $3,000$ Transfers In000 $3,000$ Transfers In000 $208,549$ Total Expenditures006.669School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued </td <td></td> <td>10 034 665</td> <td>0</td> <td>69 652</td> <td>10 104 317</td>		10 034 665	0	69 652	10 104 317
Support Services: $Pupils$ $992,772$ 0 $61,430$ $1.054,202$ Instructional Staff $566,262$ 0 $300,953$ $867,215$ Board of Education $14,801$ 0         0 $14,801$ Administration $1,655,057$ 0 $72,509$ $1,727,566$ Fiscal $559,893$ $33,163$ $13,116$ $606,172$ Business         0         0 $764$ $764$ Operation and Maintenance of Plant $1,843,829$ 0 $120,237$ $1.964,066$ Pupil Transportation $692,068$ 0         0 $692,068$ 0 $0.692,068$ Central $12,663$ 0 $8,412$ $21,075$ $0.975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $926,577$ $706,650$ Debt Service:         Principal Retirement $7,629$ $930,000$ $148,405$ $1.086,034$ Interest and Fiscal Charges $3111$ $523,500$ $19,695$ $543,5$	0				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	•	2,515,110	0	,0,0	5,105,150
Instructional Staff $566,262$ 0 $300,953$ $867,215$ Board of Education14,8010014,801Administration1,655,0570 $72,509$ Fiscal $559,893$ $33,163$ 13,116 $606,172$ Business00764764Operation and Maintenance of Plant1,843,8290120,237Ippil Transportation $692,068$ 00 $692,068$ Central12,66308,41221,075Operation of Non-Instructional Services:00975,180975,180Food Service Operations00975,180975,180Other7,175039,60846,783Extracurricular Activities315,8060417,357Capital Outlay411,0730295,577706,650Principal Retirement7,629930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695543,506Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Other Hinnerity 19,680,4441,486,6633,482,59124,649,698Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures(274,805)(150,547)(388,688)(814,040)Other Financing Sources (Uses):003,0003,000Transfers In00000208,549Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218935,218Other Financing Sources (Uses) <t< td=""><td></td><td>992 772</td><td>0</td><td>61 430</td><td>1 054 202</td></t<>		992 772	0	61 430	1 054 202
Board of Education14,8010014,801Administration1,655,057072,5091,727,566Fiscal559,89333,16311,116606,172Business00764764Operation and Maintenance of Plant1,843,8290120,237Iperation and Maintenance of Plant1,843,8290120,237Operation of Non-Instructional Services:00692,068Pool Service Operations00975,180Other7,175039,60846,783Extracurricular Activities315,8060417,357Capital Outlay411,0730295,577Debt Service:930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Total Expenditures19,680,4441,486,6633,482,59124,649,698Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures(274,805)(150,547)(388,688)(814,040)Other Financing Sources (Uses):717,0000003,000Transfers In0000020,000Inception of Capital Assets006,6696,669School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued70,000000Inception of Capital Assets00020,000Inception of Capital Lease00208,549208,549Ou	•	,			, ,
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} \mbox{Administration} & 1.655,057 & 0 & 72,509 & 1,727,566 \\ Fiscal & 559,893 & 33,163 & 113,116 & 606,172 \\ \mbox{Business} & 0 & 0 & 764 & 764 \\ \mbox{Operation and Maintenance of Plant} & 1,843,829 & 0 & 120,237 & 1,964,066 \\ \mbox{Pupil Transportation} & 692,068 & 0 & 0 & 692,068 \\ \mbox{Central} & 12,663 & 0 & 8,412 & 21,075 \\ \mbox{Operation of Non-Instructional Services:} & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Food Service Operations} & 0 & 0 & 975,180 & 975,180 \\ \mbox{Other} & 7,175 & 0 & 39,608 & 46,783 \\ \mbox{Extracurricular Activities} & 315,806 & 0 & 417,357 & 733,163 \\ \mbox{Capital Outlay} & 411,073 & 0 & 295,577 & 706,650 \\ \mbox{Deb Service:} & & & & & & \\ \mbox{Principal Retirement} & 7,629 & 930,000 & 148,405 & 1,086,034 \\ \mbox{Interest and Fiscal Charges} & 311 & 523,500 & 19,695 & 543,506 \\ \mbox{Issuance Costs} & & 21,000 & 0 & 0 & 21,000 \\ \mbox{Total Expenditures} & 19,680,444 & 1,486,663 & 3,482,591 & 24,649,698 \\ \mbox{Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures} & (274,805) & (150,547) & (388,688) & (814,040) \\ \mbox{Obser Financing Sources (Uses): \\ \mbox{Transfers Out} & 0 & 0 & 3,000 & 3,000 \\ \mbox{Transfers Out} & 0 & 0 & 0 & (3,000) \\ \mbox{Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 6,6669 & 6,669 \\ \mbox{School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued \\ \mbox{Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)} & 717,000 & 0 & 218,218 & 935,218 \\ \mbox{Net Change in Fund Balances} & 442,195 & (150,547) & (170,470) & 121,178 \\ \mbox{Fund Balances at Beginning of Year} & 2,441,088 & 2,364,745 & 1,900,329 & 6,706,162 \\ \end{tabular}$					
Fiscal       559,893 $33,163$ $13,116$ $606,172$ Business       0       0       764       764         Operation and Maintenance of Plant $1,843,829$ 0 $120,237$ $1,964,066$ Pupil Transportation $692,068$ 0       0 $692,068$ 0       0 $692,068$ Central $12,663$ 0 $8,412$ $21,075$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $75,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $975,180$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $13,377$ $733,163$ $13,175,77$ $733,163$ $13,175,77$ $733,163$ $13,175,777$ $706,650$ Debt Service: $7,175,00$ $39,608,46,783$ $411,073,00$ $295,577,77,706,650$ $1086,034$ $11,886,050,995,543,506$ $1086,034,995,543,506$ $1086,034,995,543,506$ $1086,034,995,543,506$ $1086,034,995,543,506$ $1086,034,995,543,506$ $108,605,33,482,591,24,649,698,688,688,688,688,688,688,688,688,68$		,			· · ·
Business         0         0         764         764           Operation and Maintenance of Plant $1,843,829$ 0 $120,237$ $1,964,066$ Pupil Transportation $692,068$ 0         0 $692,068$ Central $12,663$ 0 $8,412$ $21,075$ Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         0         0 $975,180$ $975,180$ Other $7,175$ 0 $39,608$ $46,783$ Extracurricular Activities $315,806$ 0 $417,357$ $733,163$ Capital Outlay         411,073         0 $295,577$ $706,650$ Debt Service:         Principal Retirement $7,629$ $930,000$ $148,405$ $1,086,034$ Interest and Fiscal Charges $311$ $523,500$ $19,695$ $543,506$ Issuance Costs $21,000$ 0 $0$ $21,000$ <i>Total Expenditures</i> $19,680,444$ $1,486,663$ $3,482,591$ $24,649,698$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(274,805)$ $(150,547)$ $(38,000)$ <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>				,	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant         1,843,829         0         120,237         1,964,066           Pupil Transportation         692,068         0         0         692,068           Central         12,663         0         8,412         21,075           Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         7         0         975,180         975,180           Food Service Operations         0         0         975,180         975,180           Other         7,175         0         39,608         46,783           Extracurricular Activities         315,806         0         417,357         733,163           Capital Outlay         411,073         0         295,577         706,650           Debt Service:         930,000         148,405         1,086,034           Interest and Fiscal Charges         311         523,500         19,695         543,506           Issuance Costs         21,000         0         0         21,000 <i>Ottal Expenditures</i> (274,805)         (150,547)         (388,688)         (814,040)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         Transfers In         0         0         3,000         3,000           Transfers N         0         0		,	· · ·	,	
Pupil Transportation692,06800692,068Central12,66308,41221,075Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations00975,180Other7,175039,60846,783Extracurricular Activities315,8060417,357733,163Capital Outlay411,0730295,577706,650Debt Service:Principal Retirement7,629930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695543,506Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Total Expenditures19,680,4441,486,6633,482,59124,649,698Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures(274,805)(150,547)(388,688)(814,040)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers In Transfers Out003,0003,000Other Financing Sources (Uses): Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218935,218Net Change in Fund Balances442,195(150,547)(170,470)121,178Fund Balances at Beginning of Year2,441,0882,364,7451,900,3296,706,162					
Central12,66308,41221,075Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations00975,180975,180Other7,175039,60846,783Extracurricular Activities315,8060417,357733,163Capital Outlay411,0730295,577706,650Debt Service:930,000148,4051,086,034Principal Retirement7,629930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695543,506Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Total Expenditures(274,805)(150,547)(388,688)(814,040)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out003,0003,000Transfers Out(3,000)00(3,000)00Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets006,6696,669School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued720,00000720,000Inception of Capital Lease00208,549208,549Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218935,218Net Change in Fund Balances442,195(150,547)(170,470)121,178Fund Balances at Beginning of Year2,441,0882,364,7451,900,3296,706,162	-			,	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:         0         0         975,180         975,180           Food Service Operations         0         0         975,180         975,180           Other         7,175         0         39,608         46,783           Capital Outlay         315,806         0         417,357         733,163           Capital Outlay         411,073         0         295,577         706,650           Debt Service:         7,629         930,000         148,405         1,086,034           Interest and Fiscal Charges         311         523,500         19,695         543,506           Issuance Costs         21,000         0         0         21,000           Total Expenditures         19,680,444         1,486,663         3,482,591         24,649,698           Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures         (274,805)         (150,547)         (388,688)         (814,040)           Other Financing Sources (Uses):         7         0         0         3,000         3,000           Transfers Nut         (3,000)         0         0         (3,000)         0         (3,000)           Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets         0         0         0         208,549 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Food Service Operations00975,180975,180Other7,175039,60846,783Extracurricular Activities315,8060417,357733,163Capital Outlay295,577706,650Debt Service:930,000148,4051,086,034Principal Retirement7,629930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695543,506Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Total Expenditures19,680,4441,486,6633,482,59124,649,698Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(274,805)$ $(150,547)$ $(388,688)$ $(814,040)$ Other Financing Sources (Uses):Transfers In003,0003,000Transfers In006,6696,669School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued720,00000208,549000208,549208,549208,549Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218935,218Net Change in Fund Balances442,195 $(150,547)$ $(170,470)$ 121,178Fund Balances at Beginning of Year2,441,0882,364,7451,900,3296,706,162		12,005	0	0,412	21,075
Other7,175039,60846,783Extracurricular Activities315,8060417,357733,163Capital Outlay411,0730295,577706,650Debt Service:7,629930,000148,4051,086,034Interest and Fiscal Charges311523,50019,695543,506Issuance Costs21,0000021,000Total Expenditures19,680,4441,486,6633,482,59124,649,698Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures(274,805)(150,547)(388,688)(814,040)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In003,0003,000Transfers In003,000(3,000)Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets006,6696,669School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued720,00000218,218Otal Other Financing Sources (Uses)717,0000218,218935,218Net Change in Fund Balances442,195(150,547)(170,470)121,178Fund Balances at Beginning of Year2,441,0882,364,7451,900,3296,706,162	•	0	0	975 180	975 180
Extracurricular Activities $315,806$ $0$ $417,357$ $733,163$ Capital Outlay $411,073$ $0$ $295,577$ $706,650$ Debt Service: $7,629$ $930,000$ $148,405$ $1,086,034$ Interest and Fiscal Charges $311$ $523,500$ $19,695$ $543,506$ Issuance Costs $21,000$ $0$ $0$ $21,000$ Total Expenditures $19,680,444$ $1,486,663$ $3,482,591$ $24,649,698$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(274,805)$ $(150,547)$ $(388,688)$ $(814,040)$ <b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b> Transfers In $0$ $0$ $3,000$ $3,000$ Transfers In $0$ $0$ $0$ $(3,000)$ $0$ $(3,000)$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $0$ $0$ $0$ $208,549$ $208,549$ School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued $720,000$ $0$ $208,549$ $208,549$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $717,000$ $0$ $218,218$ $935,218$ Net Change in Fund Balances $442,195$ $(150,547)$ $(170,470)$ $121,178$ Fund Balances at Beginning of Year $2,441,088$ $2,364,745$ $1,900,329$ $6,706,162$	•				
Capital Outlay       411,073       0       295,577       706,650         Debt Service:       7,629       930,000       148,405       1,086,034         Interest and Fiscal Charges       311       523,500       19,695       543,506         Issuance Costs       21,000       0       0       21,000         Total Expenditures       19,680,444       1,486,663       3,482,591       24,649,698         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (274,805)       (150,547)       (388,688)       (814,040)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       7       700,000       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000       3,000         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       720,000         Inception of Capital Lease       0       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162		,		,	,
Debt Service:       Principal Retirement       7,629       930,000       148,405       1,086,034         Interest and Fiscal Charges       311       523,500       19,695       543,506         Issuance Costs       21,000       0       0       21,000         Total Expenditures       19,680,444       1,486,663       3,482,591       24,649,698         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (274,805)       (150,547)       (388,688)       (814,040)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers Out       (3,000)       0       0       (3,000)       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       208,549       208,549         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       717,000       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162					
Principal Retirement $7,629$ $930,000$ $148,405$ $1,086,034$ Interest and Fiscal Charges $311$ $523,500$ $19,695$ $543,506$ Issuance Costs $21,000$ $0$ $0$ $21,000$ Total Expenditures $19,680,444$ $1,486,663$ $3,482,591$ $24,649,698$ Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(274,805)$ $(150,547)$ $(388,688)$ $(814,040)$ <b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b> Transfers In $0$ $0$ $3,000$ $3,000$ Transfers Out $(3,000)$ $0$ $0$ $(3,000)$ Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets $0$ $0$ $6,669$ $6,669$ School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued $720,000$ $0$ $0$ $2208,549$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $717,000$ $0$ $218,218$ $935,218$ Net Change in Fund Balances $442,195$ $(150,547)$ $(170,470)$ $121,178$ Fund Balances at Beginning of Year $2,441,088$ $2,364,745$ $1,900,329$ $6,706,162$		111,075	0	275,577	700,050
Interest and Fiscal Charges       311       523,500       19,695       543,506         Issuance Costs       21,000       0       0       21,000         Total Expenditures       19,680,444       1,486,663       3,482,591       24,649,698         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (274,805)       (150,547)       (388,688)       (814,040)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers Out       0       0       0       6,669       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       720,000         Inception of Capital Lease       0       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162		7 629	930.000	148 405	1 086 034
Issuance Costs       21,000       0       0       21,000         Total Expenditures       19,680,444       1,486,663       3,482,591       24,649,698         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (274,805)       (150,547)       (388,688)       (814,040)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers Out       0       0       0       0       (3,000)       0       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669       6,669       5chool Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       720,000       0       720,000       0       720,000       0       218,218       935,218         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       717,000       0       218,218       935,218       Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162	-				
Total Expenditures       19,680,444       1,486,663       3,482,591       24,649,698         Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (274,805)       (150,547)       (388,688)       (814,040)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       0       0       3,000       3,000       3,000         Transfers In       0       0       3,000       0       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       720,000         Inception of Capital Lease       0       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162	0				
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures       (274,805)       (150,547)       (388,688)       (814,040)         Other Financing Sources (Uses):       Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers Out       0       0       0       0       3,000       3,000         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       208,549       208,549         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       717,000       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162		21,000	<u>0</u>	0	21,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):         0         0         3,000         3,000           Transfers In         0         0         0         3,000         3,000           Transfers Out         (3,000)         0         0         (3,000)         0         0         (3,000)           Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets         0         0         0         6,669         6,669         5chool Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued         720,000         0         0         720,000           Inception of Capital Lease         0         0         0         208,549 </td <td>Total Expenditures</td> <td>19,680,444</td> <td>1,486,663</td> <td>3,482,591</td> <td>24,649,698</td>	Total Expenditures	19,680,444	1,486,663	3,482,591	24,649,698
Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers Out       (3,000)       0       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       720,000         Inception of Capital Lease       0       0       208,549       208,549         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       717,000       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(274,805)	(150,547)	(388,688)	(814,040)
Transfers In       0       0       3,000       3,000         Transfers Out       (3,000)       0       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       0       (3,000)         Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets       0       0       6,669       6,669         School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued       720,000       0       0       720,000         Inception of Capital Lease       0       0       208,549       208,549         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       717,000       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets         0         0         6,669         6,669         6,669         5,669         5,669         5,609         5,609         5,000         0         0         720,000         0         0         720,000         0         0         720,000         0         0         720,000         0         0         720,000         0         0         720,000         0         0         720,000         0	Transfers In	0	0	3,000	3,000
School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued         720,000         0         0         720,000           Inception of Capital Lease         0         0         0         208,549         208,549           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         717,000         0         218,218         935,218           Net Change in Fund Balances         442,195         (150,547)         (170,470)         121,178           Fund Balances at Beginning of Year         2,441,088         2,364,745         1,900,329         6,706,162	Transfers Out	(3,000)	0	0	(3,000)
Inception of Capital Lease         0         0         208,549         208,549           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         717,000         0         218,218         935,218           Net Change in Fund Balances         442,195         (150,547)         (170,470)         121,178           Fund Balances at Beginning of Year         2,441,088         2,364,745         1,900,329         6,706,162	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	6,669	6,669
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       717,000       0       218,218       935,218         Net Change in Fund Balances       442,195       (150,547)       (170,470)       121,178         Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162	School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued	720,000	0	0	720,000
Net Change in Fund Balances         442,195         (150,547)         (170,470)         121,178           Fund Balances at Beginning of Year         2,441,088         2,364,745         1,900,329         6,706,162	Inception of Capital Lease	0	0	208,549	208,549
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year       2,441,088       2,364,745       1,900,329       6,706,162	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	717,000	0	218,218	935,218
	Net Change in Fund Balances	442,195	(150,547)	(170,470)	121,178
Fund Balances at End of Year         \$2,883,283         \$2,214,198         \$1,729,859         \$6,827,340	Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,441,088	2,364,745	1,900,329	6,706,162
	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,883,283	\$2,214,198	\$1,729,859	\$6,827,340

#### Washington Court House City School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However,		
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these		
amounts are:	600.140	
Capital assets additions Construction in progress additions	689,142 411,073	
Depreciation expense	(1,832,168)	
Excess of depreciation expense over capital outlay	(1,032,100)	(731,953)
Governmental funds report only the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds		
are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is		
reported for each sale.		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(6,669) (49,800)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets Gain on early trade-in of capital lease	47,006	
Sum on early rude in or capital lease	47,000	(9,463)
		(-,-50)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the School		
District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are		
reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds.	(0	
Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental	(86,103) 447,260	
Miscellaneous	(23,405)	
misentileous	(23,103)	337,752
Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds		
and thus contribute to the change in fund balances. In the government-wide		
statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds Issued		(720,000)
School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds issued		(720,000)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds. These amounts consist of:		
Increase in accrued interest	(5,526)	
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(79,826)	
Accretion on bonds Amortization of bond premium	(63,494) 93,799	
Amortization of bond premium	93,199	(55,047)
		(
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as		
		1,672,334
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		1,672,334
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the		
deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds,		1,672,334 (1,101,863) (208,549)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability.		(1,101,863)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental		(1,101,863)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net		(1,101,863)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental	930,000	(1,101,863)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:	930,000 156,034	(1,101,863)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Bond payments		(1,101,863)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Bond payments Capital lease payments Total long-term debt repayment		(1,101,863) (208,549)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Bond payments Capital lease payments Total long-term debt repayment		(1,101,863) (208,549)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Bond payments Capital lease payments Total long-term debt repayment Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		(1,101,863) (208,549)
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Bond payments Capital lease payments Total long-term debt repayment Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		(1,101,863) (208,549) 1,086,034
funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities. Some capital assets were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the Statement of Net Position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Bond payments Capital lease payments Total long-term debt repayment Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in		(1,101,863) (208,549)

#### Washington Court House City School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

-	Budgeted Amounts			Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	Oliginar	Tillar	Tetuar	(ivegative)
Property Taxes	\$3,932,990	\$3,932,990	\$3,795,905	(\$137,085)
Intergovernmental	14,605,577	14,605,577	14,594,188	(11,389)
Investment Earnings	12,500	12,500	13,514	1,014
Tuition and Fees	939,963	939,963	891,469	(48,494)
Rent	0	0	66	66
Contributions and Donations	1,000	1,000	625	(375)
Customer Sales and Services	0	0	51	51
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	10,000	10,000	9,001	(999)
Miscellaneous	56,300	56,300	27,762	(28,538)
Total Revenues	19,558,330	19,558,330	19,332,581	(225,749)
<u>Expenditures:</u>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,970,163	10,145,558	9,928,040	217,518
Special	2,380,925	2,390,447	2,445,276	(54,829)
Student Intervention Services	2,000	2,000	0	2,000
Support Services:				
Pupils	765,914	846,535	973,570	(127,035)
Instructional Staff	601,281	613,698	602,950	10,748
Board of Education	18,950	19,159	15,123	4,036
Administration	1,672,849	1,684,121	1,740,388	(56,267)
Fiscal	549,708	571,962	608,835	(36,873)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,880,515	1,975,219	2,007,912	(32,693)
Pupil Transportation Central	693,988	716,160	748,772	(32,612)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	12,300	9,800	19,655	(9,855)
Food Service Operations	0	3,450	4,570	(1.120)
Other	1,200	1,414	4,370	(1,120) 1,241
Extracurricular Activities	333,995	334,764	322,858	11,906
Capital Outlay	21,000	720,000	626,391	93,609
Debt Service:	21,000	720,000	020,371	,007
Cost of Issuance	0	21,000	21,000	0
-	10.004.700	20.055.297	20.075.512	(10.000)
Total Expenditures	18,904,788	20,055,287	20,065,513	(10,226)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	653,542	(496,957)	(732,932)	(235,975)
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds	697,550	697,550	720,000	22,450
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	0	0	60,694	60,694
Transfers Out	(5,000)	(5,000)	(3,000)	2,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	692,550	692,550	777,694	85,144
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,346,092	195,593	44,762	(150,831)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,179,359	1,179,359	1,179,359	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	331,955	331,955	331,955	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,857,406	\$1,706,907	\$1,556,076	(\$150,831)

# Washington Court House City School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

-	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$739,877	\$50,036
<u>Liabilities:</u> Undistributed Monies	0	\$50,036
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$739,877	

# Washington Court House City School District

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust
<u>Additions:</u> Contributions and Donations Investment Earnings	\$37,687 1,047
Miscellaneous Total Additions	<u> </u>
<i>Deductions:</i> Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	53,983
Decrease in Net Position Net Position at Beginning of Year	(14,759) 754,636
Net Position at End of Year	\$739,877

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### **Description of the School District and Reporting Entity**

#### Description of the School District

Washington Court House City School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The heritage of the Washington Court House City Schools began in 1813 when Samuel Loofborrow converted half of his double log cabin at the corner of Hinde and Paint Streets into a subscription school supported by the parents of his pupils.

Numerous one-room schools sprang up throughout the community during the 1800's. By 1856, a site on North Street was purchased and a new two-story eight-room school was built. In 1872, the building was upgraded and shortly thereafter, the system was approved as what was known as a "first grade" school which allowed it to conduct high school level courses.

In 1876, the Washington High School and Fayette County had its first high school graduates when three students, a boy and two girls, received their diplomas after studying Latin, Greek, French, logic, trigonometry, mental and moral philosophy and natural sciences using college textbooks.

The School District owns nine facilities: two elementary buildings (Cherry Hill and Belle Aire), two middle schools (Washington Middle School and historical middle school), one high school (Washington High School), one Educational Service Center (School District office), Gardner Park Sports Complex, High School Athletic Complex, and Liberty Hall.

The School District is located in Fayette County and is staffed by 100 non-certificated employees, and 162 certificated employees who provide services to 2,199 students and other community members.

#### Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Washington Court House City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are presented in Note 16 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations: Miami Valley Educational Computer Association Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

Insurance Purchasing Pool: South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium Ohio School Plan

The financial statements of the Washington Court House City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide statements ordinarily distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. However, the School District has no activities that are classified as business-type.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All funds of the School District fall within two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund</u> - The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund is established to account for and report the accumulation of resources restricted for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations when the School District is obligated for the payment.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has three fiduciary funds; an agency fund, which accounts for student managed activity programs, and two private purpose trust funds, which account for college scholarship programs for students.

#### Measurement Focus

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position.

#### Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### *Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions*

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and revenue in lieu of taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available for advance and grants.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, as well as for pension. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources included property taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, unavailable revenue, and pension. Property taxes and revenue in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (See Note 10).

#### Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

"Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent" represents monies on hand with the fiscal agent for medical insurance cash balances for the self-insurance program which began on July 1, 2007, with the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of investment earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$13,514, which includes \$9,145 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

#### **Inventory**

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of purchased food held for resale and consumable materials and supplies.

### **Capital Assets**

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost which is determined by indexing the current replacement cost back to the fiscal year of acquisition) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in process, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent that payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as an expenditure and liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

#### Nonspendable

The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

#### Restricted

Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

#### Committed

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District's Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District's Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

#### Assigned

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute.

#### Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit fund balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and State grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### **Internal Activity**

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts passed by the Board of Education during the fiscal year, including all supplemental appropriations.

#### **Bond Premiums/Issuance Costs/Compounded Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds**

For governmental activities, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Capital appreciation bonds are accreted each fiscal year for the compounded interest accrued during the fiscal year. Bond premiums and the compounded interest on the capital appreciation bonds are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are reported as Other Financing Sources and issuance costs are reported as expenditures when the debt is issued. Accretion on the capital appreciation bonds are not reported.

#### NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Nonmajor	
		Bond	Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Retirement	Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Materials and Supplies Inventory	\$0	\$0	\$11,503	\$11,503
Restricted for				
Debt Payment	0	2,214,198	0	2,214,198
Food Service Operations	0	0	314,102	314,102
School Facilities Maintenance	0	0	869,743	869,743
District Managed Activities	0	0	189,539	189,539
Miscellaneous Grants	0	0	14,821	14,821
Capital Improvements	308,927	0	709,109	1,018,036
Total Restricted	308,927	2,214,198	2,097,314	4,620,439
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	322,692	0	0	322,692
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,251,664	0	(378,958)	1,872,706
Total Fund Balances	\$2,883,283	\$2,214,198	\$1,729,859	\$6,827,340

# NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2015, the Title VI-B and Title I Special Revenue Funds and the New Building Locally Funded Capital Projects Fund had deficit fund balances of \$78,993, \$62,621, \$237,344, respectively. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

# **NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) is presented for the General Fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Certain funds are accounted for as separate funds internally within legally adopted budgets (budget basis) that do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

<u>v</u>	
GAAP Basis	\$442,195
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	16,330
Expenditure Accruals	199,508
Encumbrances	(669,719)
Perspective Difference	56,448
Budget Basis	\$44,762

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

# NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State Statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

#### <u>NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that, to the extent possible, investments will match anticipated cash flow requirements. No investment shall be made unless the Treasurer, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects it can be held to its maturity. Unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, the School District will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of investment.

*Credit Risk:* The School District's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute which restricts investments to those that are highly rated or issued by United States government sponsored enterprises.

At June 30, 2015, the School District had a balance of \$1,655,387 with the SCOIC, a risk sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool (See Note 16). The balance is held by the claims administrator in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be included in the risk disclosures reported by the School District. Disclosures for the SCOIC as a whole may be obtained from their fiscal agent.

# **NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

# **<u>NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES</u>** (continued)

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected in calendar year 2015 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The Fayette County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all local governments in the County. The Fayette County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2015, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amounts available as an advance at June 30, 2015, were \$2,266,332 and are recognized as revenue: \$1,631,745 in the General Fund, \$454,710 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$179,877 in the Other Governmental Funds. The amounts available as an advance at June 30, 2014, were \$2,318,558 and are recognized as revenue: \$1,666,527 in the General Fund, \$467,220 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$184,811 in the Other Governmental Funds.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second- Half Collections		2015 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$198,677,950	97.56%	\$197,211,990	97.38%
Public Utility Personal	4,977,220	2.44%	5,300,480	2.62%
Total Assessed Value	\$203,655,170	100.00%	\$202,512,470	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$45.15		\$45.15	

#### **<u>NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES</u>** (continued)

#### **Revenue in Lieu of Taxes**

The School District is party to Tax Increment Financing (TIF) agreements. Municipalities, townships, and counties can enter into TIF agreements which lock in real property at its unimproved value for up to 30 years in a defined TIF district. Some TIF agreements also require the TIF government to allocate service payments to school districts and other governments to help offset the property taxes these governments would have received had the improvements to real property not been exempted. The service payments that the School District receives as part of TIF agreements are presented on the financial statements as Revenue in Lieu of Taxes.

#### <u>NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consisted of property taxes, revenue in lieu of taxes, accounts, intergovernmental grants, and interfund. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables except for delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquents that will not be collected within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
General Fund:	
SERS Receivable	\$18,489
Other Governmental Funds:	
Title I	308,245
Special Education, Part B-IDEA	146,028
OFCC - Cultural Facilities Grant	3,650
Race to the Top	16,234
Title II-A, Improving Teacher Quality	185,283
Title VI-B, Rural and Low-Income	35,602
Early Childhood Special Education, IDEA	1,878
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$715,409

# NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance at 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/15
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$477,521	\$0	\$0	\$477,521
Construction in Progress	0	411,073	0	411,073
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	477,521	411,073	0	888,594
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	6,185,481	141,721	(68,450)	6,258,752
Buildings and Improvements	69,313,277	249,006	0	69,562,283
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,756,054	209,208	(248,351)	2,716,911
Vehicles	1,658,356	89,207	(403,988)	1,343,575
Textbooks	870,900	0	(870,900)	0
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	80,784,068	689,142	(1,591,689)	79,881,521
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(4,375,439)	(93,878)	68,450	(4,400,867)
Buildings and Improvements	(8,548,487)	(1,390,235)	0	(9,938,722)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(1,176,364)	(286,553)	191,882	(1,271,035)
Vehicles	(1,326,055)	(61,502)	403,988	(983,569)
Textbooks	(870,900)	0	870,900	0
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,297,245)	(1,832,168) *	1,535,220	(16,594,193)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	64,486,823	(1,143,026)	(56,469)	63,287,328
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$64,964,344	(\$731,953)	(\$56,469)	\$64,175,922

The School District, per policy, will not reporting textbooks. Therefore, the value of the textbooks, as well as the accumulated depreciation, have been removed from the capital asset presentation as these textbooks are over the useful life, fully depreciated, and no longer in use.

#### NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

\* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

\$673,317
260,711
47,886
192,818
6,899
138,337
21,282
133,885
104,189
1,961
112,393
138,490
\$1,832,168

# NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The School District, along with other school districts in Ohio, participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The School District pays this annual premium to Hylant Administrative Services, LLC (See Note 16).

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant decrease in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

The School District pays all elected and appointed officials' bonds by statute.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated on accident history and administrative costs.

### **<u>NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT</u>** (continued)

The School District provides a limited medical, surgical, and prescription drug insurance program for its employees. The School District joined the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 16), on July 1, 2005. As of July 1, 2005, the School District's medical, surgical, and prescription drug was considered traditional premium insurance. Beginning July 1, 2007, medical, surgical, and prescription drug were all considered self-insured programs due to the School District retaining the risk. Claims are paid by the School District to the SCOIC. SCOIC contracts with Employee Benefits Management Corporation (EBMC) to service the claims of SCOIC members. The School District pays monthly medical premiums up to \$1,817 for certified and classified employees for family coverage and up to \$662 for certified and classified employees for single coverage. The premiums paid are used for claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs. The School District had shared risk pool coverage with SCOIC which covered individual claims in excess of \$75,000 up to \$500,000 per employee per year for medical claims. The School District also had a stop loss coverage insurance policy through SCOIC which covered individual claims in excess of \$500,000 per employee per year for medical claims.

The claims liability at June 30, 2015 reported in the General Fund of \$391,800 is based on an estimate provided by an actuary for medical claims. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years, including medical, surgical, and prescription drug, are as follows:

	Balance at	Current		Balance at
	Beginning	Fiscal Year	Claims	End of
	of Fiscal Year	Claims	Payments	Fiscal Year
2014	\$252,872	\$2,426,379	\$2,398,151	\$281,100
2015	281,100	2,553,307	2,442,607	391,800

# **NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

#### <u>NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> (continued)

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

#### Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description –School District non-teaching employees participates in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

#### <u>NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> (continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service: 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-ofliving adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$432,167, \$331,137, and \$290,938, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014, and 2013.

#### **NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (continued)

#### Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB Statement No. 68 reporting purposes.

#### <u>NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> (continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contributions to STRS Ohio was \$1,240,167 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount, \$202,144 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$4,119,506	\$19,961,133	\$24,080,639
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.081398%	0.082065%	
Pension Expense	\$ 216,241	\$ 885,622	\$ 1,101,863

#### **NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (continued)

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$35,061	\$192,169	\$227,230
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	432,167	1,240,167	1,672,334
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$467,228	\$1,432,336	\$1,899,564
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Net difference between projected and	ф <i>сс</i> о со <b>л</b>	¢2, c02, 005	¢4.261.402
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$668,607	\$3,692,885	\$4,361,492

\$1,672,334 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2016	(\$158,387)	(\$875,179)	(\$1,033,566)
2017	(158,387)	(875,179)	(1,033,566)
2018	(158,387)	(875,179)	(1,033,566)
2019	(158,385)	(875,179)	(1,033,564)
Total	(\$633,546)	(\$3,500,716)	(\$4,134,262)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions – SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### **NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

#### <u>NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate – The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,877,312	\$4,119,506	\$2,641,040

#### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

#### NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
· · ·		
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$28,576,538	\$19,961,133	\$12,675,400

#### <u>NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>

#### School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB Statement No. 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015 the School District's surcharge obligation was \$42,036.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$68,923, \$43,874, and \$42,484, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014, and 2013.

#### **NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (continued)

#### **State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio**

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$85,796, and \$86,587, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for all three fiscal years.

# **NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### **Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified employees and administrators earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators up to a maximum of 60 days upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and onefourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 215 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 53 days for teachers and classified employees.

#### **Insurance**

The School District provides medical, surgical, and prescription drug coverage to employees through the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (Note 16).

The School District also provides dental insurance through Delta Dental and offers vision insurance through Vision Plus.

#### **NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS** (continued)

#### **Deferred** Compensation

School District employees may participate in the VOYA Financial Deferred Compensation Plan or Ohio Deferred Compensation. These plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

# NOTE 13 – LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior fiscal years, the School District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment and laptop computers. In fiscal year 2015, the School District entered into a new capital lease for copiers and retired the previous copier leases. The capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

The equipment acquired by lease was initially capitalized in the amount of \$800,729 which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded on the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2015 totaled \$156,034 and were paid from the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund. The District also traded in leased copiers for new ones which resulted in a gain of \$47,006.

The assets acquired through capital leases as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Asset Value	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
Asset: Equipment	\$800,729	(\$237,988)	\$562,741

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total Payments
2016	\$174,389
2017	174,390
2018	174,390
2019	50,743
2020	29,600
Total	603,512
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(54,149)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$549,363

# NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2005 Various Purpose School					
Improvement Bonds:					
Serial Bonds 3.00 to 4.15%	\$570,000	\$0	\$570,000	\$0	\$0
Capital Appreciation Bonds 1.452%	1,020,000	0	0	1,020,000	513,690
2013-2014 Various Purpose School					
Improvement Refunding Bonds:					
Term Bonds 3.50 to 4.00%	2,605,000	0	0	2,605,000	0
Serial Bonds 1.50 to 5.00%	13,370,000	0	360,000	13,010,000	270,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds 2.55 to 3.30%	189,994	0	0	189,994	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	1,160,749	63,494	0	1,224,243	
Premium on Debt Issue	1,829,080	0	93,799	1,735,281	0
2015 School Energy Conservation					
Improvement Serial Bonds 2.51%	0	720,000	0	720,000	25,000
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	23,777,571	0	3,816,438	19,961,133	0
SERS	4,840,478	0	720,972	4,119,506	0
Compensated Absences	1,191,028	116,472	221,364	1,086,136	199,053
Capital Leases	543,854	208,549	203,040	549,363	152,363
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Obligations	\$51,097,754	\$1,108,515	\$5,985,613	\$46,220,656	\$1,160,106

#### 2005 Various Purpose School Improvement General Obligation Bonds

On October 1, 2005, the School District issued \$21,000,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing new classroom facilities. Current interest bonds were issued in an aggregate principal amount of \$19,980,000. Of these bonds, \$4,225,000 are serial bonds and \$15,755,000 are term bonds. The bonds were issued for a 28 year period with final maturity in December 2033.

#### NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### 2013-2014 Various Purpose School Improvement Refunding Bonds

During fiscal year 2014 the School District refunded the 2005 Various Purpose School Improvement General Obligation Bonds in two series. The 2013 series Various School Improvement Refunding Bonds were issued on November 7, 2013 and the 2014 series Various Purpose School Improvement Refunding Bonds were issued on April 15, 2014.

As a result of the refunding, \$16,350,000 of the 2005 Various Purpose School Improvement General Obligation Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for the refunded portion of these bonds have been removed from the School District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2015, \$15,960,300 of the bonds were not matured and unpaid.

The term bonds, issued at \$2,605,000 and maturing on December 1, 2029, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. The mandatory sinking fund redemption is to occur on December 1, 2024 and each December 1 thereafter at 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption according to the following schedule:

Fiscal	
Year	Amount
2025	\$35,000
2026	35,000
2027	35,000
2028	1,185,000
2029	1,180,000
Total	\$2,470,000

Unless otherwise called for redemptions, the remaining \$135,000 principal amount of the bonds due December 1, 2027 and 2029 (\$95,000 and \$40,000, respectively) is to be paid at stated maturity.

The serial bonds issued at \$13,555,000, with maturity dates of December 1, 2013, to December 1, 2033, are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date at the option of the issuer on or after December 1, 2023, at the redemption price of 100 percent.

The capital appreciation bonds, issued at \$189,994, are not subject to prior redemption. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2016, 2017, 2022, 2023, and 2024 with a maturity amount of \$595,000, \$595,000, \$887,200, \$132,200, and \$1,265,113 in the maturing fiscal years, respectively. For fiscal year 2015, the capital appreciation bonds were accreted \$63,494.

#### NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### 2015 School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds

During the fiscal year, the School District issued School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds in the amount of \$720,000. The term bonds, maturing on December 1, 2029, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption. At fiscal year-end, \$308,927 in proceeds remained unspent.

The 2005 and 2013-2014 School Improvement Bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. The 2015 School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds will be retired from the General Fund from realized savings.

The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,615,326 with an energy conservation debt margin of \$1,102,612 and an unvoted debt margin of \$202,512 at June 30, 2015.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Various Purpose School Improvement Refunding Bonds							
					Capital	Capital	
Fiscal Year	Term	Term	Serial	Serial	Appreciation	Appreciation	
Ending	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$0	\$0	\$270,000	\$506,150	\$513,690	\$81,310	\$1,371,150
2017	0	0	270,000	501,450	506,310	88,690	1,366,450
2018	0	0	870,000	492,237	0	0	1,362,237
2019	0	0	890,000	478,363	0	0	1,368,363
2020	0	0	900,000	464,250	0	0	1,364,250
2021-2025	35,000	193,700	2,995,000	1,476,188	189,994	2,094,519	6,984,401
2026-2030	2,570,000	1,035,388	2,175,000	243,687	0	0	6,024,075
2031-2034	0	0	4,640,000	336,200	0	0	4,976,200
Total	\$2,605,000	\$1,229,088	\$13,010,000	\$4,498,525	\$1,209,994	\$2,264,519	\$24,817,126

# NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

School	School Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds				
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Term Bonds Principal	Term Bonds Interest	Total		
2016	\$25,000	\$19,113	\$44,113		
2017	40,000	16,942	56,942		
2018	45,000	15,876	60,876		
2019	45,000	14,746	59,746		
2020	45,000	13,617	58,617		
2021-2025	245,000	50,137	295,137		
2026-2030	275,000	17,759	292,759		
Total	\$720,000	\$148,190	\$868,190		

# **NOTE 15 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

As of June 30, 2015, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

		Receivable
		General
Payable		
Pa	Other Governmental Funds	\$323,559

General Fund advances are made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds. Advancing monies to other funds is necessary due to timing differences in the receiving of grant monies. When the monies are finally received, the grant fund will use these restricted monies to reimburse the General Fund for the initial advance.

Transfers from the General Fund of \$3,000 were made to move unrestricted balances to support programs and projects accounted for in other funds.

# <u>NOTE 16 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE</u> <u>PURCHASING POOL</u>

#### **Jointly Governed Organizations**

#### Miami Valley Educational Computer Association

The Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA) is a jointly governed organization consisting of 24 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports MVECA and shares in a percentage of equity based on the resources provided. MVECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents and treasurers of the members' school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District paid MVECA \$304,303 for services during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Thor Sage, who serves as Director, at 330 E. Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

#### Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), a purchasing council made up of 153 school districts in 23 counties. The purpose of SOEPC is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Any district withdrawing from SOEPC forfeits its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations during the one year period. During the fiscal year, the School District paid \$1,242 to SOEPC for membership. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, OH 45377.

# <u>NOTE 16 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE</u> <u>PURCHASING POOL</u> (continued)

#### **Insurance Purchasing Pool**

#### South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium

The School District is a member of the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC), an insurance purchasing pool. The SCOIC's primary purpose and objective is establishing and carrying out a cost effective cooperative health program for its member organizations. The governing board consists of the superintendent or other designee appointed by each of the members of the SCOIC. Members include the following school districts and governmental entities: Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Berne Union Local School District, Bloom-Carroll Local School District, Canal Winchester Local School District, City of Lancaster, Fairfield County Educational Service Center, Fairfield Union Local School District, Lancaster City School District, Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District, Hocking Valley Community Hospital, New Lexington City School District, Fayette County Memorial Hospital, Walnut Township Local School District, Hocking County Commissioners, and Washington Court House City Schools. The Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District serves as the fiscal agent for the SCOIC.

SCOIC contracts with the Jefferson Health Plan (formerly, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA)), for internal pool and stop loss coverage. The SCOIC members are considered self-insured and pay a monthly premium to SCOIC that is actuarially calculated based on the participants' actual claims experience which are utilized for the payment of claims within the claims servicing pool up to the self-insurance deductible limit; and for this portion of the plan, all plan participants retain their own risk. An additional fee is paid for participation in the internal pool that is based on the claims of the internal pool in aggregate and is not based on individual claims experience. In the event of a deficiency in the internal pool, participants would be charged a higher rate for participation, and in the event of a surplus, the internal pool pays dividends to the participants. SCOIC members participate in the shared risk pool through the Jefferson Health Plan for individual claims from \$75,000 to \$500,000. SCOIC members are then covered under stop loss coverage for claims over \$500,000. In the event that the School District would withdraw from SCOIC, the School District would be required to give a 180 day notice prior to the end of their three year contract, be responsible for all run-out claims, and would have no rights to share in any surplus funds of SCOIC. To obtain financial information for the SCOIC, write to the fiscal agent, Liberty Union-Thurston Local School District, 600 Washington Street, Baltimore, Ohio 43105.

# <u>NOTE 16 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE</u> <u>PURCHASING POOL</u> (continued)

#### Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the OSP to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a 13 member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers. The OSP has an agreement with Hylant Administrative Services, LLC to provide underwriting, claims management, risk management, accounting, system support services, sales and marketing for the OSP. The Hylant Administrative Services, LLC also coordinates reinsurance brokerage services for the OSP.

# NOTE 17 – SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisitions
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$0
Current Fiscal Year Set-aside Requirement	393,665
Current Fiscal Year Offsets	(7,261)
Qualifying Disbursements	(386,404)
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$0
Required Set-aside Balances Carried	
Forward to Fiscal Year 2016	\$0

Although the School District had offsets and qualifying expenditures for capital acquisitions that exceeded the set-aside requirements, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years and therefore are not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

#### **NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES**

# **Grants**

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015.

# **Litigation**

The School District is currently not party to any civil legal proceedings.

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school district, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the school district; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

# <u>NOTE 19 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS</u>

# **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

	Amount
General Fund	\$669,719
Other Governmental Funds	289,228

# <u>NOTE 20 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF NET</u> <u>POSITION</u>

For fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." GASB Statement No. 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported at June 30, 2014:

	Amount
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$51,406,276
Adjustments:	
Net Pension Liability	(\$28,618,049)
Deferred Outflows - Payments Subsequent to	
Measurement Date	1,505,011
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$24,293,238

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available. This page intentionally left blank.

# Required Supplementary Information

#### Washington Court House City School District

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.081398%	0.081398%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,119,506	\$4,840,478
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$2,389,156	\$2,102,153
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	172.43%	230.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.70%	65.52%
(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.		

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

# Washington Court House City School District

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.082065%	0.082065%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$19,961,133	\$23,777,571
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$9,029,800	\$8,658,723
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	221.06%	274.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	69.30%
(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.		

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Washington Court House City School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$432,167	\$331,137	\$290,938	\$301,268
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(432,167)	(331,137)	(290,938)	(301,268)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$3,278,961	\$2,389,156	\$2,102,153	\$2,239,911
Contribution as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.18%		13.84%	13.45%

_	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	\$294,000	\$370,356	\$224,118	\$198,618	\$244,704	\$311,759
_	(294,000)	(370,356)	(224,118)	(198,618)	(244,704)	(311,759)
_	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$2,338,902	\$2,735,273	\$2,277,622	\$2,022,587	\$2,291,236	\$2,946,682
	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

Washington Court House City School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,240,167	\$1,173,874	\$1,125,634	\$1,156,985
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,240,167)	(1,173,874)	(1,125,634)	(1,156,985)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$8,858,336	\$9,029,800	\$8,658,723	\$8,899,885
Contribution as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

_	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	\$1,290,114	\$1,215,706	\$1,182,302	\$1,074,340	\$1,165,162	\$1,189,043
_	(1,290,114)	(1,215,706)	(1,182,302)	(1,074,340)	(1,165,162)	(1,189,043)
=	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$9,923,954	\$9,351,585	\$9,094,631	\$8,264,154	\$8,962,785	\$9,146,485

Washington Court House City School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Pass-Through Entity	Federal CFDA	Federal	Federal
Federal Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Revenues	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture: (Passed through Ohio Department of Education)				
Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	n/a	10.555	\$ 32,505	32,505
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	006-0000 006-0000	10.553 10.555	171,874 530,879	171,874 530,879
Cash Assistance Subtotal			702,753	702,753
Nutrition Cluster Total			735,258	735,258
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			735,258	735,258
U.S. Department of Education: (Passed through Ohio Department of Education)				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	572-9214 572-9215	84.010 84.010	112,078 404,952 517,030	153,007 <u>460,656</u> 613,663
Special Education Cluster:			017,000	010,000
Special Education - Grants to States	516-9214	84.027	66,626	75,486
Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	516-9215 587-9215	84.027 84.173	339,133 4,500	389,294 7,313
	567-9215	04.175	410,259	472,093
Rural Education	599-9215	84.358	18,778	31,530
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	590-9214 590-9215	84.367 84.367	7,400 12,117 19,517	17,632 16,981 34,613
Race to the Top:				
ARRA - RttT Mini Grant Expand Value	506-9205	84.395	5,282	17,539
ARRA - Race to the Top FY 2014	506-9214	84.395	34,737	32,506
ARRA - Race to the Top FY 2015	506-9215	84.395	<u>16,703</u> 56,722	<u>20,680</u> 70,725
			50,722	10,125
(Passed through Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development)				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	524-9214	84.048	400	-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	524-9215	84.048	4,000	549
			4,400	549
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,026,706	1,223,173
Total Federal Awards			\$ 1,761,964	1,958,431

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE C - NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education Washington Court House City School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Court House City School District ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2015, wherein we noted the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 68 and 71.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 15, 2015



#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education Washington Court House City School District:

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Washington Court House City School District's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

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#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a network of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio December 15, 2015

Washington Court House City School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued : Internal control over financial reporting:	unmodified
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified not</li> </ul>	none
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(les) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	none
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	none
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:	
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>	none
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	
not considered to be material weaknesses?	none
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	unmodified
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 510(a) of Circular A-133?	none
Identification of major programs:	
Nutrition Cluster:	
CFDA 10.553 – School Breakfast Program	
CFDA 10.555 – National School Lunch Program	
	****
Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

#### None

#### Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

# Section IV – Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FAYETTE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

CERTIFIED MARCH 17, 2016

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