



NILES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Niles City School District Trumbull County 309 North Rhodes Ave. Niles, Ohio 44446

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Niles City School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Niles City School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Niles City School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Classroom Facilities Maintenance funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the Government adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

The District is experiencing certain financial difficulties. These conditions and management's plans to address these conditions are described in Note 21. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

Niles City School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Matters – (Continued)

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 8, 2016

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Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Niles City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$383,262, which represents a 3 percent decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues accounted for \$25,387,784 in revenue, or 86 percent of all revenues. Program
 specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted
 for \$4,291,743, or 14 percent of total revenues of \$29,679,527.
- The District had \$30,062,789 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,291,743 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$25,387,784 were not entirely adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the bond retirement debt service fund and the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The general fund had \$24,551,416 in revenues and \$24,257,635 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the general fund balance increased \$321,926 from a deficit balance of \$1,866,017 to a deficit balance of \$1,544,091.
- The bond retirement fund balance increased \$65,315 during the year while the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund balance decreased \$11,685.
- The District implemented GASB 68 during the fiscal year, which resulted in the inclusion of a net pension liability of \$28,616,224. For more information on this liability see Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, the bond retirement fund and the classroom facilities maintenance fund are the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and the change in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund and the classroom facilities maintenance fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year- end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for medical, vision and dental self-insurance.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Net Position and Changes in Net Position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014.

Net Position (Table 1) Governmental Activities

	2015	(Restated) 2014	Increase (Decrease)
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$15,337,037	\$14,835,133	\$501,904
Capital Assets, Net	61,206,314	63,026,326	(1,820,012)
Total Assets	76,543,351	77,861,459	(1,318,108)
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	57,678	70,738	(13,060)
Pension	2,268,958	1,866,486	402,472
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,326,636	1,937,224	389,412
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	3,270,918	3,002,806	268,112
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	1,216,454	1,156,961	59,493
Due in More than One Year:			(= aaa =a=)
Net Pension Liability	28,616,224	34,004,989	(5,388,765)
Other Amounts	21,035,952	21,818,372	(782,420)
Total Liabilities	54,139,548	59,983,128	(5,843,580)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	8,427,715	8,307,967	119,748
Pension	5,178,398	0	5,178,398
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,606,113	8,307,967	5,298,146
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,743,025	41,834,426	(1,091,401)
Restricted	3,984,509	3,991,234	(6,725)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(33,603,208)	(34,318,072)	714,864
Total Net Position	\$11,124,326	\$11,507,588	(\$383,262)

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

During 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement No 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an Amendment of GASB Statement 27", which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all governmental financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB No. 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions manually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. GASB No. 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB No. 68, the net pension liability equals the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the District, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the District as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by state statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly, and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the District. In the event that contributions, investment returns and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, state statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB No. 68, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

As a result of implementing GASB No. 68, the District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$43,646,091 to \$11,507,588.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. At June 30, 2015, the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$11,121,760, of which \$3,981,943 is restricted. This includes \$494,608 restricted for capital projects through the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission (OSFC) project.

At year-end, capital assets represented nearly 78 percent of total assets and deferred outflows of resources. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of the related debt to acquire those assets at June 30, 2015, were \$40,743,025. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$3,984,509, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$33,603,208.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2015 compared to 2014.

Table 2Change in Net Position

Ollar	ige in Net i Osition		
		(Restated)	Increase
	2015	2014	(Decrease)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,543,472	\$1,458,878	\$84,594
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,678,271	2,748,693	(70,422)
Capital Grants and Contributions	70,000	100,000	(30,000)
Total Program Revenues	4,291,743	4,307,571	(15,828)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	7,969,195	8,252,473	(283,278)
Intergovernmental	17,187,158	16,662,962	524,196
Investment Earnings	4,782	7,163	(2,381)
Miscellaneous	226,649	123,896	102,753
Total General Revenues	25,387,784	25,046,494	341,290
Total Revenues	\$29,679,527	\$29,354,065	\$325,462

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

	2 (continued) in Net Position		
		(Restated)	Increase
	2015	2014	(Decrease)
Program Expenses			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$14,405,221	\$14,272,042	\$133,179
Special	3,417,241	3,705,332	(288,091)
Vocational	2,456	19,367	(16,911)
Other	1,042,676	1,117,277	(74,601)
Support Services:			
Pupil	1,222,158	1,295,326	(73,168)
Instructional Staff	589,615	342,033	247,582
Board of Education	64,317	61,566	2,751
Administration	2,298,739	2,774,679	(475,940)
Fiscal	543,977	733,731	(189,754)
Business	82,153	208,296	(126, 143)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,370,791	2,897,602	(526,811)
Pupil Transportation	1,049,675	1,543,731	(494,056)
Central	268,669	294,114	(25,445)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	110,654	487,526	(376,872)
Operation of Food Services	1,128,066	1,128,252	(186)
Extracurricular Activities	476,643	706,035	(229,392)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	989,738	994,427	(4,689)
Total Program Expenses	30,062,789	32,581,336	(2,518,547)
Change in Net Position	(383,262)	(3,227,271)	2,844,009
Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated	11,507,588	14,734,859	(3,227,271)
Net Position End of Year	\$11,124,326	\$11,507,588	(\$383,262)

The information necessary to restate the fiscal year 2014 beginning balances and fiscal year 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB No. 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$1,866,486 computed under GASB No. 27. GASB No. 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB No. 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB No. 68, the fiscal year 2015 statements report pension expense of \$1,386,315.

In order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total fiscal year 2015 GASB 68 program expenses	\$30,062,789
Plus:	
2015 pension expense	(1,386,315)
2015 contractually required contributions	1,999,154
Adjusted 2015 program expenses	\$30,675,628

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$383,262. Total governmental expenses of \$30,062,789 were partially offset by program revenues of \$4,291,743 and general revenues of \$25,387,784. Program revenues supported 14 percent of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 85 percent of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instructional expenses totaled \$18,867,594, or 63 percent of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2015.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of services supported by taxes and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

(Table 3)
Total and Net Cost of Program Services

	20	15	2014		
	Total Cost Net Cost		Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services	
Instruction	\$18,867,594	\$16,598,251	\$19,114,018	\$16,757,572	
Support Services:					
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,811,773	1,444,869	1,637,359	1,410,973	
Board of Education,					
Administration, Fiscal					
and Business	2,989,186	2,791,793	3,778,272	3,561,344	
Operation and Maintenance					
of Plant	2,370,791	2,370,791	2,897,602	2,897,602	
Pupil Transportation	1,049,675	966,777	1,543,731	1,448,338	
Central	268,669	265,069	294,114	290,514	
Extracurricular Activities	476,643	227,309	706,035	455,736	
Operation of Non-					
Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	1,128,066	85,495	1,128,252	83,644	
Other Non-Instructional					
Services	110,654	30,954	487,526	373,615	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	989,738	989,738	994,427	994,427	
Total Expenses	\$30,062,789	\$25,771,046	\$32,581,336	\$28,273,765	

The dependence upon property tax for governmental activities is apparent, 42 percent of instruction activities are supported through property taxes alone. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District's students.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The District's Funds

The District's governmental fund balances reported a combined fund balance of \$2,151,474, which is higher than last year's total of \$1,768,458. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balances as of June 30, 2015 and 2014.

	und Balance ine 30, 2015	and Balance ine 30, 2014	ncrease (ecrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ (1,544,091)	\$ (1,866,017)	\$ 321,926	(17.25) %
Bond Retirement	1,758,402	1,693,087	65,315	3.86 %
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	1,262,598	1,274,283	(11,685)	(0.92) %
Other Governmental	 674,565	 667,105	 7,460	1.12 %
Total	\$ 2,151,474	\$ 1,768,458	\$ 383,016	21.66 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$321,926 from a deficit balance of \$1,866,017 to a deficit balance of \$1,544,091. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to revenues exceeding expenditures within the fund. Overall, revenues increased \$1,503,045 due mostly to an increase in intergovernmental revenues of \$1,458,545 in fiscal year 2015. Instruction expenditures increased during fiscal year 2015 due to step and cost of living increases and the purchase of additional technology, however support services expenditures decreased due to the District's many efforts to reduce operating costs. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2015 Amount	2014 <u>Amount</u>	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Taxes	\$ 6,295,375	\$ 6,489,531	\$ (194,156)	(2.99) %
Earnings on investments	4,258	3,467	791	22.82 %
Intergovernmental	16,863,047	15,404,502	1,458,545	9.47 %
Other revenues	1,388,736	1,150,871	237,865	20.67 %
Total	\$ 24,551,416	\$ 23,048,371	\$ 1,503,045	6.52 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 15,826,182	\$ 15,580,375	\$ 245,807	1.58 %
Support services	7,915,707	6,981,635	934,072	13.38 %
Non-instructional services	17,433	41,755	(24,322)	(58.25) %
Extracurricular activities	289,948	360,270	(70,322)	(19.52) %
Capital outlay	174,104	67,370	106,734	158.43 %
Debt service	34,261		34,261	<u>n/a</u> %
Total	\$ 24,257,635	\$ 23,031,405	\$ 1,226,230	5.32 %

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Bond Retirement Fund

During fiscal year 2015, the bond retirement debt service fund had \$1,859,190 in revenues and \$1,793,875 in expenditures and the fund balance increased \$65,315, to \$1,758,402.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund

The District's classroom facilities maintenance fund had \$281,809 in revenues and \$293,494 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2015, the classroom facilities maintenance fund balance decreased \$11,685, to \$1,262,598.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2015, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$24,023,610 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$24,630,706. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2015 were \$24,552,348. This represents a \$78,358 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$22,632,826 were increased to \$24,323,642 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2015 totaled \$24,150,305, which was \$173,337 lower than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets The School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, amounted to \$61,206,314 (net of accumulated depreciation). The decrease in the School District's capital assets of \$1,820,012 can be attributed to depreciation exceeding capital additions in the current fiscal year.

(Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 Net of Depreciation

	2015	2014
Land	\$655,575	\$655,575
Land Improvements	3,216,937	3,400,998
Buildings and Improvements	54,420,771	56,091,597
Furniture and Fixtures	2,657,760	2,721,012
Vehicles	255,271	157,144
Total	\$61,206,314	\$63,026,326

Trumbull County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$1,820,012 is due to depreciation expense of \$2,236,427 exceeding capital outlays of \$421,886 for fiscal year 2015. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the District had the following long term debt outstanding:

(Table 5) Outstanding Long-Term Obligations

	Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014	
General Obligation Bonds	\$19,626,084	\$20,139,460	
Energy Conservation Notes	659,900	791,900	
OSFC Bond Anticipation Note	250,000	250,000	
Turf Project Note	330,000	440,000	
Capital Lease	128,389	0	
Totals	\$20,994,373	\$21,621,360	

Of this total, \$1,187,844 is due within one year and \$19,806,529 is due in greater than one year. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information.

Current Financial Related Activities

In conclusion, the District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years and the District's system of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future. Said challenges will be met with the full cooperation of the Board of Education, administration and staff.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Ms. Linda Molinaro, Treasurer, Niles City School District, 309 N. Rhodes, Niles, Ohio, 44446.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,841,463
Accounts Receivable	22,396
Intergovernmental Receivable	363,294
Property Taxes Receivable	10,095,579
Inventory Held for Resale	14,305
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	655,575
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	60,550,739
Total Assets	76,543,351
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	57,678
Pension:	
STRS	1,707,967
SERS	560,991
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,326,636
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	34,239
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,944,722
Intergovernmental Payable	648,181
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	81,954
Accrued Interest Payable	83,623
Claims Payable	478,199
Long-Term Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	1,216,454
Due In More Than One Year:	, -, -
Net Pension Liability (See Note 13)	28,616,224
Other Amounts Due in More than One Year	21,035,952
Total Liabilities	54,139,548
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	8,427,715
Pension:	
STRS	4,351,103
SERS	827,295
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,606,113
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,743,025
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	494,608
Debt Service	2,049,196
Other Purposes	1,440,705
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(33,603,208)
Total Net Position	\$11,124,326

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$14,405,221	\$884,731	\$997,394	\$0	(\$12,523,096)
Special	3,417,241	63,623	301,755	0	(3,051,863)
Vocational	2,456	0	0	0	(2,456)
Other	1,042,676	0	21,840	0	(1,020,836)
Support Services:	1,012,010	· ·	_1,010	· ·	(1,020,000)
Pupils	1,222,158	0	50,342	0	(1,171,816)
Instructional Staff	589,615	0	316,562	0	(273,053)
Board of Education	64,317	0	0	0	(64,317)
Administration	2,298,739	1,995	195,398	0	(2,101,346)
Fiscal	543,977	0	0	0	(543,977)
Business	82,153	0	0	0	(82,153)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,370,791	0	0	0	(2,370,791)
Pupil Transportation	1,049,675	82,898	0	0	(966,777)
Central	268,669	02,000	3,600	0	(265,069)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	110,654	75,704	3,996	0	(30,954)
Operation of Food Services	1,128,066	264,089	778,482	0	(85,495)
Extracurricular Activities	476,643	170,432	8,902	70.000	, , ,
	,	110,432	0,902	10,000	(227,309)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	989,738	U	U	U	(989,738)
Total Governmental Activities	\$30,062,789	\$1,543,472	\$2,678,271	\$70,000	(25,771,046)
		General Revenues			
		Property Taxes Levi			
		General Purposes			6,243,046
		Debt Service	,		1,547,304
		Other Purposes			178,845
		Grants and Entitlem	ents not		110,010
		Restricted to Spec			17,187,158
		Investment Earnings	•		4,782
		Miscellaneous	•		226,649
		Miscenaricous			220,040
		Total General Reven	ues		25,387,784
		Change in Net Positi	ion		(383,262)
		Net Position Beginnin	ng of Year - Restated	(See Note 20)	11,507,588
		Net Position End of Y	<i>'ear</i>		\$11,124,326

Trumbull County, Ohio

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

Āssets	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities Maintenance	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$652,269	\$1,748,980	\$1,274,506	\$894,470	\$4,570,225
Accounts Receivable	22.396	Ψ1,140,000	0	0	22.396
Interfund Receivable	66,691	0	0	0	66,691
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	0	363,294	363,294
Property Taxes Receivable	8,065,634	1,803,909	226,036	0	10,095,579
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	14,305	14,305
Total Assets	\$8,806,990	\$3,552,889	\$1,500,542	\$1,272,069	\$15,132,490
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$27,824	\$0	\$3,455	\$2,960	\$34,239
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,677,969	0	1,506	265,247	1,944,722
Intergovernmental Payable	549,954	0	7,994	90,233	648,181
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	71,574	0	0	10,380	81,954
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	66,691	66,691
Total Liabilities	2,327,321	0	12,955	435,511	2,775,787
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes	6,731,343	1,503,693	192,679	0	8,427,715
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,292,417	290,794	32,310	0	1,615,521
Unavailable Revenue - Grants	0	0	0	161,993	161,993
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,023,760	1,794,487	224,989	161,993	10,205,229
Fund Balances					
Restricted	0	1,758,402	1,262,598	837,094	3,858,094
Committed	0	0	0	68,061	68,061
Assigned	121,297	0	0	0	121,297
Unassigned (Deficit)	(1,665,388)	0	0	(230,590)	(1,895,978)
Total Fund Balances	(1,544,091)	1,758,402	1,262,598	674,565	2,151,474
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$8,806,990	\$3,552,889	\$1,500,542	\$1,272,069	\$15,132,490

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$2,151,474
Amounts reported for governmental activit	ies in the	
statement of net position are different be	cause	
Capital assets used in governmental activitie	es are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported i		61,206,314
Other long-term assets are not available to p	pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are rep	= -	
revenue in the funds:		
Delinquent Property Taxes Grants	1,615,521 161,993	
Total		1,777,514
Some liabilities, including net pension oblig	ations, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are no	ot reported in the funds.	
STRS	(23,518,994)	
SERS	(5,097,230)	
Total		(28,616,224)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources a	related to pensions are	
applicable to future periods and, therefore		
Deferred outflows of resources relate	-	
STRS	1,707,967	
SERS	560,991	
Total		2,268,958
D. 1. 1. 1.		
Deferred inflows of resources related STRS	to pensions: (4,351,103)	
SERS	(827,295)	
on to	(021,200)	
Total		(5,178,398)
An internal service fund is used by manager	nent to charge	
the costs of insurance to individual funds.	The assets and	
liabilities of the internal service fund are in		
governmental activities in the statement of	net position.	(206,961)
In the statement of activities, interest is accr	ued on outstanding	
general obligation bonds and notes, where		
funds, an interest expenditure is reported	when due.	(83,623)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payabl	e in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the		
General Obligation Bonds	(18,885,000)	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	(210,000)	
Accretion on Bonds	(531,084)	
Unamortized Premium on Bonds	(228,502)	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	57,678	
Energy Conservation Note OSFC Bond Anticipation Note	(659,900) (250,000)	
Turf Project Note	(330,000)	
Capital Lease	(128,389)	
Compensated Absences	(1,029,531)	
Total		(22,194,728)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$11,124,326

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities Maintenance	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		110111101110111	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		
Property Taxes	\$6,295,375	\$1,512,901	\$184,602	\$0	\$7,992,878
Tuition and Fees	943,729	0	0	6,620	950,349
Interest	4,258	0	0	394	4,652
Charges for Services	0	0	0	264,089	264,089
Extracurricular Activities	62,475	0	0	107,957	170,432
Rentals	75,704	0	0	0	75,704
Contributions and Donations	4,898	70,000	0	8,902	83,800
Intergovernmental	16,863,047	276,289	97,207	2,594,069	19,830,612
Miscellaneous	219,032	0	0	7,617	226,649
Transportation Fees	82,898	0	0	0	82,898
Total Revenues	24,551,416	1,859,190	281,809	2,989,648	29,682,063
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	11,668,969	0	0	960,937	12,629,906
Special	3,141,156	0	0	304,677	3,445,833
Vocational	81	0	0	0	81
Other	1,015,976	0	0	22,112	1,038,088
Support Services:			_		
Pupils	1,229,705	0	0	7,706	1,237,411
Instructional Staff	272,802	0	0	276,773	549,575
Board of Education	62,611	0	0	0	62,611
Administration	2,076,578	0	67,213	191,883	2,335,674
Fiscal Business	530,980	29,109	3,971	0	564,060
	89,631	0	175	0	89,806
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,210,551	0	207,302 0	0	2,417,853
Pupil Transportation Central	1,162,175	0	0	0	1,162,175
	280,674 17,433	0	8,633	35,315	280,674 61,381
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Operation of Food Services	11,433	0	0,033	1,127,086	1,127,086
Extracurricular Activities	289,948	0	0	129,110	419,058
Capital Outlay	174,104	0	6,200	65,224	245,528
Debt Service:	114,104	v	0,200	00,224	240,020
Principal Retirement	34,261	857,000	0	250,000	1,141,261
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0 1,201	907,766	0	0	907,766
-					
Total Expenditures	24,257,635	1,793,875	293,494	3,370,823	29,715,827
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	293,781	65,315	(11,685)	(381,175)	(33,764)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds of Notes	0	0	0	250,000	250,000
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	4,130	4,130
Inception of Capital Lease	162,650	0	0	0	162,650
Transfers In	0	0	0	134,505	134,505
Transfers Out	(134,505)	0	0	0	(134,505)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	28,145	0	0	388,635	416,780
Net Change in Fund Balances	321,926	65,315	(11,685)	7,460	383,016
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(1,866,017)	1,693,087	1,274,283	667,105	1,768,458
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	(\$1,544,091)	\$1,758,402	\$1,262,598	\$674,565	\$2,151,474

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Imounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because		
Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which deprecia exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	tion	
Capital Outlay	421,886	
Current Year Depreciation	(2,236,427)	
Total		(1,814,541)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e.; disposals and sales) is a decrease in net position.	(172.260)	
Assets Disposed Accumulated Depreciation on Disposals	(173,360) 167,889	
Total		(5,471)
tevenues in the statement of activities that do not provide curry financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	(23,683)	
Intergovernmental Grants	21,017	
Total		(2,666)
Other financing sources in the governmental funds increase		
long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. OSFC Bond Anticipation Note Issued	(250,000)	
Inception of Capital Lease	(162,650)	
Total		(412,650)
tepayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		1,141,261
ome expenses reported in the statement of activities do not re the use of current financial resources and therefore are not re as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds & Notes Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds		
Amortization of Bond Premiums Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	29,314 (13,060)	
Total		(81,972)
Sovernmental funds report district pension contributions as ex However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension be earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension Direct pension contributions	nefits	
STRS	1,481,546	
SERS	517,608	
Total		1,999,154
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions STRS SERS	(1,086,556) (299,759)	
Total		(1,386,315)
come expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current fina resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	uncial	
in governmental funds.		66,626
The internal service fund used by management to charge the c insurance to individual funds are not reported in the district- statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and	wide related	
internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net reven		
internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net reven (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(269,704)
(expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1$		(269,704) (\$383,262)

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
_				
Revenues	** ** ***	40.00=.000	** ***	••
Property Taxes	\$6,224,400	\$6,305,839	\$6,305,839	\$0
Tuition and Fees	929,572	941,734	941,734	0
Interest	4,204	4,258	4,258	0
Rentals	64,855	65,704	65,704	0
Intergovernmental	16,645,264	16,941,405	16,863,047	(78,358)
Miscellaneous	73,488	74,450	74,450	0
Transportation Fees	81,827	82,898	82,898	0
Total Revenues	24,023,610	24,416,288	24,337,930	(78,358)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,792,931	11,604,209	11,580,869	23,340
Special	2,959,173	3,181,607	3,175,398	6,209
Vocational	12,984	13,960	103	
	•	•		13,857
Other	990,239	1,064,672	1,015,976	48,696
Support Services:	1 100 515	1 010 500	1 104 000	00.000
Pupils	1,128,717	1,213,560	1,184,630	28,930
Instructional Staff	252,596	271,583	271,293	290
Board of Education	64,913	69,470	69,000	470
Administration	1,858,037	1,997,700	1,981,242	16,458
Fiscal	492,887	529,935	527,504	2,431
Business	87,843	94,446	93,375	1,071
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,147,390	2,308,804	2,286,588	22,216
Pupil Transportation	1,153,761	1,240,485	1,236,198	4,287
Central	267,412	287,513	282,443	5,070
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,761	9,419	9,419	0
Extracurricular Activities	270,024	290,320	290,308	12
Capital Outlay	10,653	11,454	11,454	0
Total Expenditures	22,498,321	24,189,137	24,015,800	173,337
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,525,289	227,151	322,130	94,979
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditure	0	214,418	214,418	0
Transfers Out	(134,505)	(134,505)	(134,505)	0
Halisters Out	(134,505)	(134,505)	(134,505)	U
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(134,505)	79,913	79,913	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,390,784	307,064	402,043	94,979
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	107,770	107,770	107,770	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$1,498,554	\$414,834	\$509,813	\$94,979

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$145,865	\$150,599	\$185,037	\$34,438
Intergovernmental	76,628	79,115	97,207	18,092
morgovorimoma	10,020	10,110	01,201	10,002
Total Revenues	222,493	229,714	282,244	52,530
Expenditures				
Current:				
Support Services:				
Administration	90,308	66,856	66,856	0
Fiscal	5,364	3,971	3,971	0
Business	236	175	175	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	328,035	251,952	251,952	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	11,662	8,633	8,633	0
Capital Outlay	21,883	16,200	16,200	0
Total Expenditures	457,488	347,787	347,787	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(234,995)	(118,073)	(65,543)	52,530
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,267,570	1,267,570	1,267,570	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	35,056	35,056	35,056	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,067,631	\$1,184,553	\$1,237,083	\$52,530

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2015

	Internal Service
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$271,238
- ,	Ψ211,200
Liabilities Claims Payable	478,199
Net Position	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(\$206,961)

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Internal Service
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$4,024,641
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	634,136
Claims	3,660,339
Total Operating Expenses	4,294,475
Operating Loss	(269,834)
Non-Operating Revenues	
Interest	130
Change in Net Position	(269,704)
Net Position Beginning of Year	62,743
Net Position End of Year	(\$206,961)

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Internal Service
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Interfund Services Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Claims	\$4,024,641 (634,136) (3,489,888)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(99,383)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest on Investments	130
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(99,253)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	370,491
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$271,238
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(\$269,834)
Adjustments: Change in Claims Payable	170,451
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$99,383)

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Current Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$294,269	\$28,292
Current Liabilities Due to Students	0	\$28,292
Due to bludelitis		ΨΔΟ,ΔΟΔ
Net Position Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$294,269	

Trumbull County, Ohio

Statement of Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Scholarship
Additions	
Interest	\$78
Contributions and Donations	6,250
Total Additions	6,328
Deductions Scholowships Awarded	24 000
Scholarships Awarded	24,000
Change in Net Position	(17,672)
Net Position Beginning of Year	311,941
Net Position End of Year	\$294,269

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Niles City School District (the "District") operates under a locally-elected five-member Board and provides educational services as mandated by State and/or Federal agencies. The Board controls the District's 6 instructional and support service facilities, which are staffed by 183 certified and 95 classified employees who provide services to students and other community members.

The District is located in Niles, Ohio, in Trumbull County, and includes an area covering eight square miles throughout the City. The District is the 166th largest among the 918 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio in terms of enrollment. The enrollment of the District during fiscal year 2015 was 2,429.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network

The Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) is a jointly governed organization among various school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology, with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment, to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten voting members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and one treasurer from each of the aforementioned counties (non-voting members who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent, or NEOMIN). The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A copy of NEOMIN's financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Education Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

State Support Team Region 5 (the "Team")

The Team is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning, Ashtabula and Columbiana counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development, in which school districts, the business community, higher education and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improving instructional programs.

The Team is governed by a Board made up of nineteen representatives of the participating school districts, the business community, and Youngstown State University whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, 100 DeBartolo Place, Suite 220, Youngstown, Ohio 44512.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

McKinley Memorial Library

The McKinley Memorial Library (the "Library") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Niles City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the McKinley Memorial Library, Cindy Workman, Treasurer/Clerk, 40 North Main Street, Niles, Ohio, 44446.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") has been established through Benefit Management, Inc. as a group purchasing pool. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund accounts for the retirement of serial bonds and short-term loans. All revenue derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the ten-mill limitation which is levied for debt charges on bonds or loans, shall be paid into this fund.

<u>Classroom facilities maintenance fund</u> - This fund was established pursuant to Section 3318.06, Ohio Revised Code, and accounts for property taxes restricted for the maintenance and upkeep of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition of construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one fund or department to other funds or departments of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical/surgical, dental and vision insurance benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: investment trust funds, pension trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust funds are private-purpose trusts which account for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donation. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the statements of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for a deferred charge on refunding and for pension. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheets report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide of statement of net position (see Note 13).

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund, function and object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the first and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any legal level of control.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covering the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts represent the first and final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2015, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2015. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$4,258, which includes \$3,283 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. Inventories for governmental funds are accounted for using the consumption method on both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

H. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. For fiscal year 2015, the District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 years
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable" and "interfund loans payable", or "due from other funds" and "due to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employees for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting For Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, any employee at least 50 years old with at least 10 years of service, or any employee with at least 20 years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2015, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employee who has accumulated the unpaid leave will be paid.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the internal service fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Classifications

The District reports classifications of fund balance based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned - amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts include those approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer. Through the District's purchasing policy, the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Unassigned - residual fund balance within the general fund that is in spendable form that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, unassigned is used to report a deficit balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues generated directly from the primary activity of the internal service fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues or expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as non-operating.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include amounts restricted for food service, non-public schools and community involvement.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Parochial School

Within the District boundaries is the St. Stephens parochial school. Current state legislation provides funding to parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a nonmajor governmental fund for financial reporting purposes.

R. Unamortized Premiums

Premiums on bond issuance are deferred and accreted over the term of the debt and are presented as an addition to the face amount of the debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.

S. Deferred Charge on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on the refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method and is presented as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position.

T. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund balances at June 30, 2015 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major Fund:	Deficit
General Fund	\$1,544,091
Nonmajor Funds:	
Food Service Fund	116,736
Title I Fund	113.854

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The deficit fund balances in these funds are the result of adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
 of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;
- Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one
 hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent
 of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$300 in undeposited cash on hand which is included in the basic financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,894,484. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2015, \$1,896,340 of the District's bank balance of \$1,917,579 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, while \$21,239 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Value	Maturity
STAR Ohio	\$3,269,240	6 months or less

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of cash flow requirements and market conditions in determining the term of an investment, and limiting investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio a AAAm money market rating. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the District's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from the over concentration of assets in a specific type of security, the erosion of market value, or by default. However, the District's investment policy does not place any limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2015:

	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$3,269,240	100.00%

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2015:

Cash and Investments per Note Dis	<u>sclosure</u>	Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position			
Carrying amount of deposits	\$1,894,484	Governmental Activities	\$4,841,463		
Investments	3,269,240	Private Purpose Trust Funds	294,269		
Cash on Hand	300	Agency Fund	28,292		
Total	\$5,164,024		\$5,164,024		

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Advances

Due from and to other funds at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following amounts, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Due from:

Nonmajor Special

Revenue Funds

Due to: General Fund

\$66,691

The purpose of these amounts due from and to other funds is to cover negative cash balances in nonmajor special revenue funds. Effective April 1, 2007, the District may maintain negative cash balances if two criteria are met: (1) the general fund must have available and unencumbered funds to cover the negative amounts; and (2) a reimbursement request must have been submitted by the fiscal year-end. The District has met these two requirements.

This amount will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. Amounts due from and to other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Transfers

The general fund made two transfers totaling \$134,505 to the food service special revenue fund and the building capital projects fund in the amounts of \$89,700 and \$44,805, respectively.

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization. Transfers are also used to close out the funds that are no longer required.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien on December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2015 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015 was \$41,874 in the general fund, \$9,422 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$1,047 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$52,338 in the general fund, \$9,979 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$1,482 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The difference was in timing and collection by the County Auditor.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Seco Half Collec		2015 First Half Collections			
	Amount Percent		Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$226,468,710	95.73 %	\$214,340,560	98.77 %		
Public Utility Personal	10,110,700	4.27	2,671,270	1.23		
Total	\$236,579,410	100.00 %	\$217,011,830	100.00 %		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$54.90		\$56.80			

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Classroom		
		Bond	Facilities	Nonmajor	
Fund Balances	General	Retirement	Maintenance	Governmental	Total
Restricted for:					
Non-Public Schools	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School Supplies	0	0	0	505	505
Technology Improvements	0	0	0	21,914	21,914
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	1,262,598	0	1,262,598
Debt Service Payments	0	1,758,402	0	0	1,758,402
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	749,055	749,055
Other Purposes	0	0	0	65,620	65,620
Total Restricted	0	1,758,402	1,262,598	837,094	3,858,094
Committed to:					
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	68,061	68,061
Assigned to:					
Other Purposes	23,227	0	0	0	23,227
Encumbrances	98,070	0	0	0	98,070
Total Assigned	121,297	0	0	0	121,297
Unassigned (Deficit)	(1,665,388)	0	0	(230,590)	(1,895,978)
Total Fund Balances	(\$1,544,091)	\$1,758,402	\$1,262,598	\$674,565	\$2,151,474

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental Activities	<u>Amount</u>
Property Taxes	\$10,095,579
Accounts	22,396
Intergovernmental	363,294
Total	\$10,481,269

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/14	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/15
Governmental Activities:				0.00,10
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$655,575	\$0	\$0	\$655,575
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	4,051,341	12,853	0	4,064,194
Buildings and improvements	62,558,300	29,203	0	62,587,503
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,418,548	212,680	(4,545)	4,626,683
Vehicles	986,207	167,150	(168,815)	984,542
Total capital assets being depreciated	72,014,396	421,886	(173,360)	72,262,922
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(650,343)	(196,914)	0	(847,257)
Buildings and improvements	(6,466,703)	(1,700,029)	0	(8,166,732)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(1,697,536)	(275,211)	3,824	(1,968,923)
Vehicles	(829,063)	(64,273)	164,065	(729,271)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,643,645)	(2,236,427) *	167,889	(11,712,183)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	62,370,751	(1,814,541)	(5,471)	60,550,739
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$63,026,326	(\$1,814,541)	(\$5,471)	\$61,206,314

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,937,435
Special	776
Support Services:	
Pupil	1,357
Instructional Staff	41,515
Board of Education	1,736
Administration	25,176
Fiscal	301
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	26,058
Pupil Transportation	79,908
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	7,678
Operation of Food Services	57,357
Extracurricular	57,130
Total Depreciation Expense	\$2,236,427

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

Governmental activities:	_	Balance 06/30/14	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>F</u>	Reductions	_	Balance 06/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
General obligation bonds:									
Current interest bonds - Series 2009	\$	16,240,000	\$	-	\$	(260,000)		15,980,000	\$ 300,000
Capital appreciation bonds - Series 2009		120,000		-		-		120,000	-
Accreted interest - Series 2009		344,229		68,845		-		413,074	-
Current interest bonds - Series 2010		3,260,000		-		(355,000)		2,905,000	365,000
Capital appreciation bonds - Series 2010		90,000		-		-		90,000	-
Accreted interest - Series 2010		85,231		32,779				118,010	
Total general obligation bonds		20,139,460		101,624		(615,000)		19,626,084	 665,000
Other long-term obligations:									
Energy conservation notes		791,900		_		(132,000)		659,900	132,000
OSFC bond anticipation note		250,000		250,000		(250,000)		250,000	250,000
Turf project note		440,000				(110,000)		330,000	110,000
Compensated absences		1,096,157		35,031		(101,657)		1,029,531	28,610
Capital Lease		-		162,650		(34,261)		128,389	30,844
Total other long-term obligations		2,578,057		447,681		(627,918)		2,397,820	551,454
Net Pension Liability:									
STRS		28,015,672		_		(4,496,678)		23,518,994	_
SERS		5,989,317		_		(892,087)		5,097,230	_
Total Net Pension Liability		34,004,989		_		(5,388,765)		28,616,224	_
,									
Total long-term obligations	\$	56,722,506	\$	549,305	\$	(6,631,683)	\$	50,640,128	\$ 1,216,454
Add: Unamortized premium on bond issuance - 2009						124,584			
Add: Unamortized premium on bond issuan								103,918	
Total on statement of net position							\$	50,868,630	

General Obligation Bonds: During fiscal year 2009, the District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction of a new high school building and a new elementary school building (the "construction project"). These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The source of payment is derived from a current 1.4 mil bonded debt tax levy for the construction project. In the fund financial statements, the principal and interest payments on these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement debt service fund. In the government-wide financial statements, the principal payments on these bonds are used to reduce the liability.

These bonds represent the amount of the construction project that the District was required to finance, in accordance with the terms of a facilities grant from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). OSFC made quarterly disbursements to the District during the construction project. As of June 30, 2015, the total cost of the construction project is \$54,452,539, of which OSFC will pay \$37,470,722.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

In conjunction with the 6.5 mils which support the bond issuance, the District also passed a 0.5 mil levy in fiscal year 2009 to fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy is reported in the special revenue funds.

This bond issuance is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$9,904,893, current interest term bonds, par value \$8,220,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$120,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% to 5.00%. The interest rates on the current interest term bonds range from 4.875% to 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2017 (10.655%), December 1, 2018 (9.186%), December 1, 2019 (23.634%) and December 1, 2020 (23.225%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital acquisition bonds is \$860,000. A total of \$413,074 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the long-term liabilities on the statement of net position at June 30, 2015. The current interest bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2019 are subject to early redemption at the sole option of the District, at the following redemption prices, plus accrued interest to the redemption date:

Redemption Dates

December 1, 2019 and thereafter

Redemtion Price 100.0% of par

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issuance is December 1, 2036.

Series 2010 Refunding General Obligation Bonds: On July 13, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2010 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2001 school improvement current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded current interest bonds at June 30, 2015, is \$3,535,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$3,445,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$90,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2019 (effective interest rate 17.91%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing each December 1, 2019 is \$450,000. Total accreted interest of \$118,010 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2022.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$122,978. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$926,065 and resulted in an economic gain of \$194,449.

<u>Energy Conservation Notes</u>: During fiscal year 2005, the District issued energy conservation notes in the amount of \$1,979,900. These notes were issued on April 14, 2005, mature on March 15, 2020, and carry an interest rate of 4.35%. These notes are a general obligation of the District and are reported as a component of long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

<u>Ohio School Facilities Commission Bond Anticipation Note</u>: During fiscal year 2015, the District issued a classroom facilities improvement note in the amount of \$250,000. This note was issued in November of 2014, matures in December of 2015, and carries an interest rate of 2.75%. These notes are a general obligation of the District and are reported as a component of long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

<u>Turf Project Notes</u>: During fiscal year 2014, the District issued notes in the amount of \$550,000 for new field turf in the football stadium. These notes were issued on July 16, 2013, mature on May 1, 2018, and carry an interest rate of 3.0%. The District secured \$340,000 in private donations to offset the cost of this project and pay back these notes over their term. These notes are a general obligation of the District and are reported as a component of long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund.

The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

Principal and interest payments to retire the long-term obligations as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2009

Current Interest Bonds, Series 2009

75,925

\$445,020

Fiscal

2021 - 2023

Total

1,325,000

\$2,905,000

Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$300,000	\$740,900	\$1,040,900	\$0	\$0	\$0
2017	325,000	731,120	1,056,120	0	0	0
2018	280,000	720,939	1,000,939	25,000	35,000	60,000
2019	340,000	709,919	1,049,919	30,000	40,000	70,000
2020	70,000	702,469	772,469	35,000	325,000	360,000
2021 - 2025	2,335,000	3,316,314	5,651,314	30,000	340,000	370,000
2026 -2030	4,110,000	2,570,978	6,680,978	0	0	0
2031 - 2035	5,540,000	1,373,216	6,913,216	0	0	0
2036 - 2037	2,680,000	137,500	2,817,500	0	0	0
Total	\$15,980,000	\$11,003,355	\$26,983,355	\$120,000	\$740,000	\$860,000
Fiscal	Current I	nterest Bonds, Sei	ries 2010	Capital Appı	eciation Bonds, S	Series 2010
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$365,000	\$97,469	\$462,469	\$0	\$0	\$0
2017	385,000	86,675	471,675	0	0	0
2018	405,000	73,813	478,813	0	0	0
2019	425,000	59,288	484,288	0	0	0
2020	0	51,850	51,850	90,000	360,000	450,000

1,400,925

\$3,350,020

0

\$90,000

0

\$360,000

0

\$450,000

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Energy Conservation Notes		Turf Project Notes***			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$132,000	\$27,559	\$159,559	\$110,000	\$9,097	\$119,097
2017	132,000	21,739	153,739	110,000	5,770	115,770
2018	132,000	16,034	148,034	110,000	2,482	112,482
2019	132,000	10,292	142,292	0	0	0
2020	131,900	4,555	136,455	0	0	0
Total	\$659,900	\$80,179	\$740,079	\$330,000	\$17,349	\$347,349

*** The District has secured \$340,000 in private donations to offset the cost of this project and pay back these notes over their term.

<u>Legal Debt Margins</u>: The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9 percent of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1 percent of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1 percent of the property valuation of the District.

The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margins has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculations excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2015, are a legal voted debt margin of \$1,597,045 (including available funds of \$1,740,980), a legal unvoted debt margin of \$217,012, and a legal energy conservation debt margin of \$1,510,218.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending on length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to administrators upon termination of employment. Certified teachers do not earn vacation time.

Certified teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of 1.25 days per month.

For certified employees, there is no maximum number of sick leave days that can be accumulated. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25 percent of up to 200 days of the unused accumulated sick leave days, not to exceed 50 days, and \$30 per day shall be paid for all unused accumulated sick leave days in excess of 200 days. For classified employees, there is no maximum number of sick leave days that can be accumulated. Upon retirement, payment is made for 35 percent of up to 200 days of the unused accumulated sick leave days, not to exceed 70 days, and \$50 per day shall be paid for all unused accumulated sick leave days in excess of 200 days.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the District contracted with Harcum-Hylant Agency, Inc. for property, liability and fleet insurance. The insurance coverages are as follows:

Type of Coverage	Coverage
Coverage provided by Harcum-Hylant Agency:	
Building and Personal Property (\$5,000 deductible)	\$93,174,553
Crime:	
Employee Theft (\$1,000 deductible)	50,000
Money and Securities:	
Inside Premises	10,000
Outside Premises	10,000
General Liability (\$2,500 deductible)	
Per occurrence	4,000,000
Total Aggregate per Year	4,000,000
Automobile Liability Combine Single Limits	1,000,000
Non-Owned Liability	1,000,000
Hired Liability	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all employees that work four (4) hours or more per day through Anthem Life Group.

C. Employee Medical Benefits

The District has established an Employee Benefits Self-Insurance internal service fund in order to account for and finance employee benefit plans. Through this fund, medical, dental, vision and prescription drug insurances are offered to employees of the District.

The District pays the following premiums into the fund for coverage:

Insurance Coverage	Family	Single
Medical & Prescription Drug	\$1,501	\$671
Dental	74	19
Vision	20	5
Cobra Charge	2	2
Brokerage Fee	6	6
Total Premium	\$1,603	\$703

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The claims liability of \$478,199 reported in the Employee Benefits Self-Insurance internal service fund at June 30, 2015 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting And Financial Reporting For Risk Financing And Related Insurance Issues", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Claims activity for the current year is as follows:

	Balance at			
	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2014	\$350,000	2,952,175	2,994,427	\$307,748
2015	307,748	3,660,339	3,489,888	478,199

D. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") has been established through Benefit Management, Inc. as a group purchasing pool. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Benefit Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Net Pension Liability

For fiscal year 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" were effective. These GASB pronouncements had an effect on beginning net position as reported at June 30, 2014 (see Note 20). The net pension liability has been disclosed below.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee - on a deferred payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. A liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. School Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District non-teaching employees participate in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org, under Employers/Audit Resources.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or Before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or After August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$517,608 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Of this amount \$82,718 was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

<u>Plan Description</u> - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,481,546 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Of this amount \$228,824 was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Districts proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Districts share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,097,230	\$23,518,994	\$28,616,224
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.10071700%	0.09669263%	
Pension Expense	\$299,759	\$1,086,556	\$1,386,315

At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$43,383	\$226,421	\$269,804
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	517,608	1,481,546	1,999,154
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$560,991	\$1,707,967	\$2,268,958
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$827,295	\$4,351,403	\$5,178,698

\$1,999,154 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2016	(\$195,978)	(\$1,031,246)	(\$1,227,224)
2017	(195,978)	(1,031,246)	(1,227,224)
2018	(195,978)	(1,031,246)	(1,227,224)
2019	(195,978)	(1,031,246)	(1,227,224)
Total	(\$783,912)	(\$4,124,984)	(\$4,908,896)

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.25 Percent

Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation 4.00 Percent to 22 Percent

COLA or Ad hoc COLA 3 Percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.75 Percent Net of Investments Expense, Including Inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	_
Cash	1.00	%	0.00	%
U.S. Stocks	22.50		5.00	
Non-U.S. Stocks	22.50		5.50	
Fixed Income	19.00		1.50	
Private Equity	10.00		10.00	
Real Assets	10.00		5.00	
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	-	7.50	
Total	100.00	%		

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

Current			
1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)	
¢7 979 933	¢ 5 007 230	\$3,267,865	
		1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.75%) (7.75%)	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 Percent
Projected Salary Increases	2.75 Percent at Age 70 to 12.25 Percent at Age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 Percent, Net of Investment Expenses
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	2% Simple Applied as Follows: For Members Retiring Before August
	1, 2013, 2% per Year, For Members Retiring August 1, 2013, or later,
	2% COLA paid on Fifth Anniversary of Retirement Date.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	_
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00	%
International Equity	26.00	7.85	
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75	
Alternatives	14.00	8.00	
Real Estate	10.00	6.75	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00	
Total	100.00 %		

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$33,670,004	\$23,518,994	\$669,263

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

E. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2015, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the District's surcharge obligation was \$51,552.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$28,105, \$27,235 and \$27,617, respectively. For fiscal year 2015, 71 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description – The District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$102,989, and \$104,420 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and the classroom facilities maintenance fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (GAAP basis).
- 4. *Certain funds have legally separate adopted budgets (budget) but are included in the General Fund (GAAP).

*As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund and the public school support fund.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund and classroom facilities maintenance fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

		Classroom Facilities
	General	Maintenance
GAAP Basis	\$321,926	(\$11,685)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(130,886)	435
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	340,256	(16,870)
Net Adjustment for Funds Budgeted as Special Revenue	(30,832)	0
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(98,421)	(37,423)
Budget Basis	\$402,043	(\$65,543)

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings as of June 30, 2015.

C. School District Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTE 17 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	429,777
Qualifying Disbursements	(82,577)
Current year offsets	(532,244)
Total	(\$185,044)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to	
Future Fiscal Years	\$0
Cash balance as of June 30, 2015	\$0

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be report as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Outstanding
Fund Type	Encumbrances
General Fund	\$98,421
Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund	37,423
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	116,422
	\$252,266

NOTE 19 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2015, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", Statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", and Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68."

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

GASB Statement No. 68 improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local government employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB 68 resulted in an overall restatement of beginning net position, as previously reported.

GASB Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The Statement requires the use of carrying values to measure the assets and liabilities in a government merger. It also requires measurements of assets acquired and liabilities assumed to be based upon their acquisition values. This Statement also provides guidance for transfers of operations that do not constitute entire legally separate entities and in which no significant consideration is exchanged. The Statement also provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for disposals of government operations that have been transferred or sold. Disclosures about government combinations and disposals of government operations are required to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 69 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 71 addresses an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The implementation of GASB 71 resulted in an overall restatement of beginning net position, as previously reported.

NOTE 20 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

During fiscal year 2015 the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68. A restatement to beginning net position as previously reported was necessary.

	Governmental Activities
Net Position at June 30, 2014, as Previously Reported	\$43,646,091
Implementation of GASB 68:	
Net Pension Liability - STRS	(28,015,672)
Net Pension Liability - SERS	(5,989,317)
Deferred Outflows - District's Contributions Made	
During Fiscal Year 2014	
STRS	1,458,552
SERS	407,934
Adjusted Net Position at June 30, 2014	\$11,507,588

Trumbull County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 21 – CAPITALIZED LEASE – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In fiscal year 2015, the District entered into capital lease obligation for the purchase of two new school busses. This lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Governmental activities capital assets consisting of vehicles have been capitalized in the amount of \$167,150. This amount represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. During fiscal year 2015, depreciation of \$10,447 was taken on these busses, resulting in a book value of \$156,703.

A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments on the lease in the 2015 fiscal year totaled \$34,261 and \$0, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease obligations and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2016	\$34,261
2017	34,261
2018	34,261
2019	34,261
Total Minimum Lease Payments	137,044
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(8,655)
Present Value of Minimum Lease	\$128,389

NOTE 22 – FINANCIAL CONDITION

In accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3316.031, the Ohio Department of Education declared the District to be in a state of fiscal watch in 2003. The District's year-end deficit balances have been disclosed in Note 3. An entity may be released from fiscal watch if the Department of Education determines that corrective actions have been or are being implemented. The performance audit report provided recommendations to eliminate the conditions that brought about the declaration of fiscal watch. The performance audit report contained the following noteworthy accomplishments made by the District while in fiscal watch:

1) the District's voters approved a 4.65 mill renewal levy, 2) reductions in force, and 3) entered into negotiations to address costly health care provisions. Although these steps made a significant impact on reducing the District's current projected deficit, the District is still projected to reach a deficit of 2.9 million in fiscal year 2017 based on declining revenues from tax valuations and State assistance. A copy of the District's performance audit can be viewed at http://www.auditor.state.oh.us/auditsearch/search.aspx.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.10071700%	0.10071700%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,097,230	\$5,989,317
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$3,026,131	\$3,237,045
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	168.44%	185.02%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.70%	65.52%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.096692630%	0.096692630%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$23,518,994	\$28,015,672
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$10,298,908	\$10,441,985
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	228.36%	268.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	69.30%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	0015	0014	0010
	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$517,608	\$419,422	\$448,007
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$517,608)	(\$419,422)	(\$448,007)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$3,927,223	\$3,026,131	\$3,237,045
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 available upon request.

Trumbull County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,481,546	\$1,338,858	\$1,357,458
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$1,481,546)	(\$1,338,858)	(\$1,357,458)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$10,582,471	\$10,298,908	\$10,441,985
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 available upon request.

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NILES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor	Grant	Federal CFDA	D anatata	Farmer Plane
Program Title	Year	Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) National School Lunch Program	2015	10.555	\$ 55,024	\$ 55,024
Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	2015 2015	10.553 10.555	152,475 559,192	152,475 559,192
Total Nutrition Cluster			711,667	711,667
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			766,691	766,691
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2014 2015	84.010 84.010	196,684 855,337	164,019 901,133
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			1,052,021	1,065,152
Special Education (IDEA) Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	2014 2015	84.027 84.027	113,723 420,978	101,364 438,675
Total Special Education Grants to States			534,701	540,039
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2014 2015	84.367 84.367	49,130 121,327	29,420 124,384
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			170,457	153,804
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,757,179	1,758,995
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$2,523,870	\$2,525,686

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NILES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures, (the Schedule), reports the Niles City School District's, (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Niles City School District Trumbull County 309 North Rhodes Ave. Niles, Ohio 44446

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Niles City School District, Trumbull County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2016 wherein we noted the District is experiencing financial difficulties and the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting* and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 71 *Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.*

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Niles City School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 8, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Niles City School District Trumbull County 309 North Rhodes Ave. Niles, Ohio 44446

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Niles City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Niles City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs..

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Niles City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Niles City School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance
Required By OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 8, 2016

NILES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I (CFDA Number 84.010) and Special Education Program (CFDA Number 84.027)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





NILES CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 5, 2016