CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



Members of Council City of Warrensville Heights 4301 Warrensville Center Road Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Warrensville Heights is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

September 28, 2016



CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS **CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of City Council City of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2016, wherein we noted the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, and restated its net position at December 31, 2014 for governmental activities. In addition, the City restated its net position at December 31, 2014 for governmental activities due to an error in special assessments.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that we considered a material weakness as item **2015-001**.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Response to Finding

The City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

James L. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

June 21, 2016

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2015

Finding Number 2015-001 - Material Weakness - Special Assessment Receivable

Condition/Criteria

The City understated the amount it was reporting for special assessment receivable. The following fund was restated:

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

\$ 2,094,975

This restatement had no effect on fund balance. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$2,094,975.

Cause/Effect

The calculation of the special assessment receivable was understated.

Recommendation

To enhance controls over the accurate recording of special assessment receivable and financial statement reporting, we recommend that the City perform a more thorough review of special assessments certified to the County, and any associated debt be reviewed for inclusion.

City's Response

The City will implement the recommendation regarding recording of special assessment receivable.

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

The prior issued audit report, as of December 31, 2014, included material noncompliance citations.

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?
2014-001	Appropriations Exceeded Estimated Resources	Partially corrected. Repeated as a management comment.
2014-002	Expenditures Plus Encumbrances Exceeded Appropriations	Yes

Management letter recommendations have been corrected, repeated, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.



Warrensville Heights Ohio





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2015

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Issued by the Department of Finance

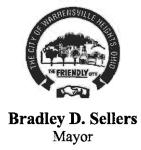
Rubin K. Moultrie, CPA Finance Director

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4301 Warrensville Center Road Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128 (216) 587-6500

Rubin K. Moultrie, CPA
Finance Director

July 14, 2016

Honorable Members of City Council and Citizens of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Warrensville Heights for the year end of December 31, 2015. This report enables the City to comply with the Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis. It is also in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38, which requires the cities that are reporting on a GAAP basis to file unaudited basic financial statements with the Auditor of State within 150 days after fiscal year end. This report is submitted to satisfy that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of the information contained within this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for this purpose. The cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, therefore, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Ohio Auditor of State, Dave Yost, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Warrensville Heights' financial statements for the year end of December 31, 2015. The *Independent Auditor's Report* is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal, and should be read in conjunction with it as a document of reference.

The City and Form of Government

The City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio is located in the southeast portion of Cuyahoga County, eight miles from downtown Cleveland. The City was incorporated as a village in 1927, and became a city in 1960. The City has 13,542 residents (10.4% less than 2000 data) according to the 2010 data from the United States Census Bureau.

The City is in the Cleveland Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area, which is comprised of the six counties of Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain and Medina. The City is also in the Cleveland-Akron-Lorain Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area which is the 11th most populous in the country.

The City operates under, and is governed by, it's Charter which was adopted in 1958 by its voters, and was last amended in 2010. The City is also subject to certain general laws applicable to all Ohio cities. Under the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all local self-government and police powers to the



extent that none are in conflict with applicable general laws. The Charter provides for a mayor-council form of government.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven member Council. Formerly, the seven Council members were elected-at-large every two years, and served staggered terms so that no more than four members of Council would be elected at any biennial election. At the municipal election in November 2002, the electors of the City voted to amend the City Charter to require the election of members of Council by specified wards for terms of four years. Thus, at the municipal election in November, 2003, the voters of the City elected seven members of Council by wards—each to serve for a term of four years.

The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees; and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to the City's services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal purposes. The Council President is elected by a majority of the Council for a one-year term. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments. The Council may establish divisions of those departments and additional departments.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor who is elected by the voters for a four-year term and serves in a part-time capacity. The Mayor also serves as the City's Safety Director. The Mayor presides over all Council meetings, and may veto any legislation passed by Council. A two-third vote of all members of Council is required to override a veto.

The Mayor appoints, subject to the approval of Council, the directors of the City's departments, the Chiefs of Police and Fire, as well as police and fire personnel after competitive civil service examinations. Additionally, the Mayor appoints members to a number of boards and commissions; and in accordance with civil service requirements, may remove all appointed officials and employees - except Council officers and employees.

The City provides basic services to its residents including police and fire protection, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, rubbish collection, and general administrative services. Warrensville Heights residents receive water services from the City of Cleveland and sewer services from the Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District and the City of Bedford Heights. The City is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC) and participates in a program for natural gas and electricity for further benefits to the residents.

In addition to the basic services, the City makes available to its resident recreational activities through the YMCA of Greater Cleveland. The City constructed the 40,000 square foot facility in 2012 and engaged the services of the YMCA to manage and operate the facility as a branch for a period of twenty years. The annual membership fees are discounted for the residential and business communities of the City of Warrensville Heights.

The Bedford Municipal Court provides judicial services for the City of Warrensville Heights. The jurisdiction of the court, as established by the Ohio Revised Code, handles cases from fourteen different municipalities.

The annual operating budgets serve as the basis for the City's financial planning and control. The City's Charter requires the Mayor, with the assistance of the Finance Director, to submit a draft of the following year's proposed budget not less than forty-five days (November 16) prior to the end of each fiscal year. The Finance Director is responsible for preparing the budget based upon information submitted by each department director. Council is required to adopt either an annual budget for the ensuing year or a temporary budget covering the first ninety days of the ensuing year, by no later than December 31 of the current year. If a temporary budget is adopted, a permanent budget must be adopted by no later than the

ninetieth (90) day of the budget year, normally March 31. In recent years, Council has adopted an annual budget prior to December 31 of the preceding year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, and category (personal services and all other expenditures). Council must authorize transfers between departments and between categories within departments and transfers or advances of moneys between funds. Operating budgets expire on December 31. Budget-to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City is an inner-ring suburb of the City of Cleveland. Primarily a residential community of beautifully maintained neighborhoods, as well as a thriving and robust business community. The City is home to one of the most technologically advanced hospitals in Northeast Ohio, South Pointe Hospital, a Cleveland Clinic affiliate that provides quality health care to Warrensville Heights' residents as well as the neighboring communities.

The following industries are vital to the City's financial condition and contribute to the stable economic condition of the City: Sherwin-Williams Automotive Finishes Corporation's Research and Development facility and training center; Heinen's Incorporated, a retail food chain, headquarters and warehouse facility; Henkel Corporation manufactures and markets a broad range of high-performance adhesives, sealants and coatings; and Marcus Thomas, a leading advertising firm, has its headquarters in our friendly City. Harvard Park features Cleveland Marriott East and numerous retail businesses and high-end restaurants. The top ten employers have over 4,200 employees working in the City. (A list of the ten largest employers is featured in the Statistical section.)

The City has consistently enjoyed the benefits of a strong commercial employment base that has provided for a consistent level of withholding tax collection. On a cash basis, the City income tax revenues grew 17.43% during a five-year period from 2011 to 2015. The City's income collection accounted for over 81.54% of the General Fund revenues. The growth in the income tax revenue helped offset the decline in other revenue sources.

In 2015, CarMax, the nation's largest retailer of used cars, finished construction of a 40,000 square foot store. The store has room for approximately300 vehicles on its lot at any given time and has created almost 50 permanent jobs. This opening is the company's fifth CarMax location in the state and first in the Cleveland area.

In 2015, Tim Lally Chevrolet started construction on a 70,000 square foot building to serve as a new car dealership and general offices. The total estimated project cost during the construction period is approximately \$ 14,000,000 and will generate 150 new jobs. The City entered into a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) agreement with LBMK Properties LLC to assist with financing the project.

Xecligent, the City's new commercial real estate tracking software, is designed to provide the City with an inventory of occupied and vacant commercial buildings, tenant information, commercial buildings available for sales and lease and the lease rates. This software will be utilized by the Economic Development and Income Tax Departments.

The City in collaboration with Cuyahoga County, Ohio office of Emergency Management has implemented a ReadyNotify Emergency alert System. The City provides its residents and visitors with emergency community notifications in the event of emergency situations or during other situations that may warrant community notification, such as during major or prolonged weather events. These notifications are meant to provide information that is critical to the safety and well being of the City's residents and visitors. Notifications are provided via a telephone notification system that will dial each telephone number in our system within the affected area and provide the person who answers with any pertinent information regarding the emergency. This system is part of the City's larger vision to develop a state-of-art emergency management program.

The City continues to make significant progress in its efforts to strengthen its economic base and community development. Each day approximately 14,000 people come to work in Warrensville Heights and are responsible for 81.54% of the City's revenue through income tax. Property tax revenues collected in 2015 represented 1.78% of the City's total revenues.

Major Initiatives

As part of its Strategic Investment and Master Plan, the City identified three areas of the City for residential development. Each development targeted certain segment of the population. The City's portion of public infrastructure construction activities for two major projects, Emery Woods and Cinema Park was financed by the issuance of General Obligation notes in anticipation of the levy and collection of special assessments. The Cinema Park Project went through a foreclosure proceeding process and is now controlled by a new ownership group and developer. The City offers tax abatement on all three residential developments. The General Obligation notes and bonds outstanding for Emery Woods and Cinema Park are \$860,000 and \$2,450,000, respectively.

The Cinema Park Housing Development which was reinvigorated in 2014 has completely sold all available lots. Because of the crash in the housing market in 2008, the project had been placed on hold. The project consists of ninety-seven (97) single-family homes on the 21-acre site of the former Miles Drive-In Theatre and added an additional \$15 to \$20 million to the City's total residential property value. The price of the home ranged from \$175,000 to \$255,000. The City is participating in this project by 75% tax abatement for 15 years. The City also issued notes and bonds in anticipation of the levy and collection of special assessments to pay the cost of the infrastructure improvements at the development.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Northfield Road Corridor was clearly identified as one area most in need of improvement in the City's Master Plan which recommended improvements particularly between Clarkwood Parkway and Emery Road. The City purchased two buildings on the corridor that had remained vacant over several years. The buildings were once home to a new and used auto dealership and sits on approximately 5.7 acres. The building is scheduled for demolition and the land will be used for future development.

The City established its first Community Reinvestment Agreement (CRA) in June 1994, under State law. It has since created two additional CRAs to include more land within the boundaries of the City. This program offers real property tax abatement for construction and expansion of commercial facilities located within a designated area. The City has been able to recruit new commercial companies and retain existing ones as a result of the CRA program. Abatement has been granted up to 50% over 15 years. The City shares a percentage of the increased payroll withholding taxes through the abatement period with the Warrensville Heights City School District. This program requires the approval of the City Council and Warrensville Heights Tax Incentive Review Council. Currently, ten companies receive a tax abatement under Community Reinvestment Agreements.

Additionally, the City receives a modest amount of additional revenue as a member of a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) with the cities of Cleveland, Beachwood and Orange Village. The City received approximately \$881,177 of income tax revenues in the District in 2015. This was a 11.03% increase from the previous year.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Award—The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a 'Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting' to the City of Warrensville Heights for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year end of December 31, 2014.

The criteria established to be awarded a 'Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting', a government unit must publish a reader friendly and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report which satisfies all program standards. Such a report must also conform to generally accepted accounting principles, and must satisfy all applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity.

The Award is valid for only one year. We believe that our report for the year end of December 31, 2015 continues to meet the standards of the Award. Therefore, we are submitting it to GFOA at this time.

Acknowledgments This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) was prepared by the Finance Department with the efficient and dedicated services of its entire staff. Sincere gratitude goes to City Council for their enthusiastic support and their granting of funds for this project. Appreciation is also expressed to all City Hall Department Heads for their cooperation and assistance.

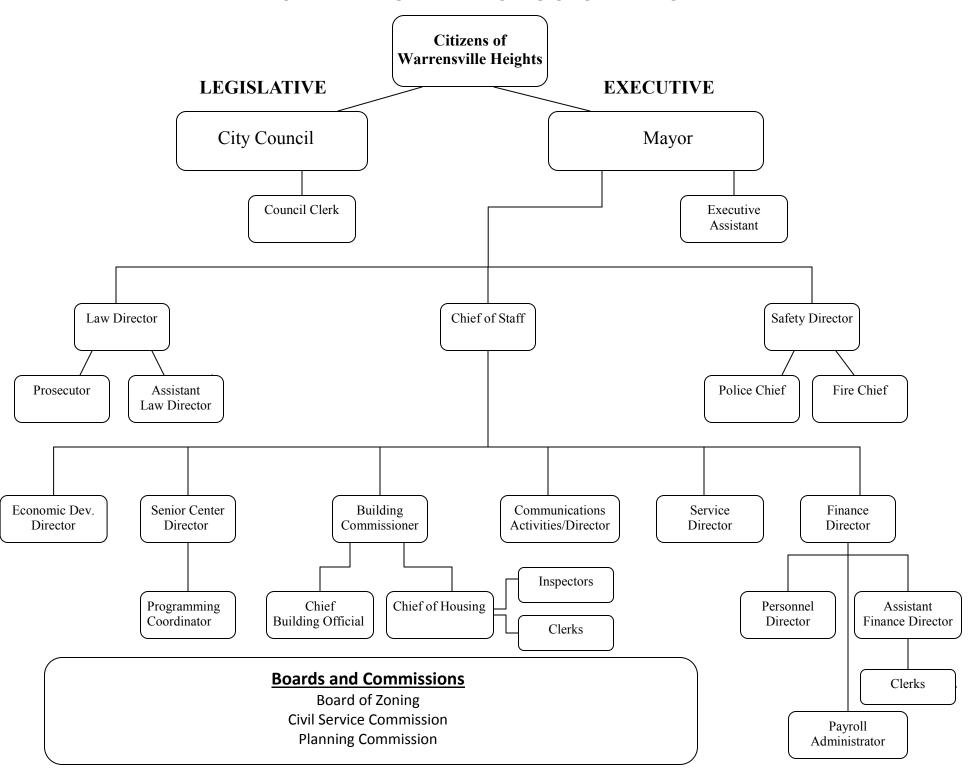
Respectfully submitted

Bradley D. Sellers

Mayor

Rubin Moultrie
Director of Finance

CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS ELECTED AND APPOINTED CITY OFFICIALS

HONORABLE MAYOR BRADLEY D. SELLERS

CITY COUNCIL

Dorise Hagwood, Ward 1

Andrea Mitchell, Ward 2

Elona C. White, Ward 3

Walter Stewart, Ward 4

Matthew Howard, Ward 5

Stanley Anderson, Ward 6

Kimberly Hodge-Edwards, Ward 7

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Barbara L. Walker, Chief of Staff

Teresa Beasley, Director of Law

Rubin K. Moultrie, Director of Finance

Ted Sims, Director of Service

Wesley Haynes, Chief of Police

Herbert Waugh, Chief of Fire

Kelli Wilson, Personnel Director

Pequita Hansberry, Economic Development Director

Ashley Gowens, Community Activities Director

James McReynolds, Building Commissioner

Jennifer Lastery, Director of Civic and Senior Center

GPD Associates, City Engineer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

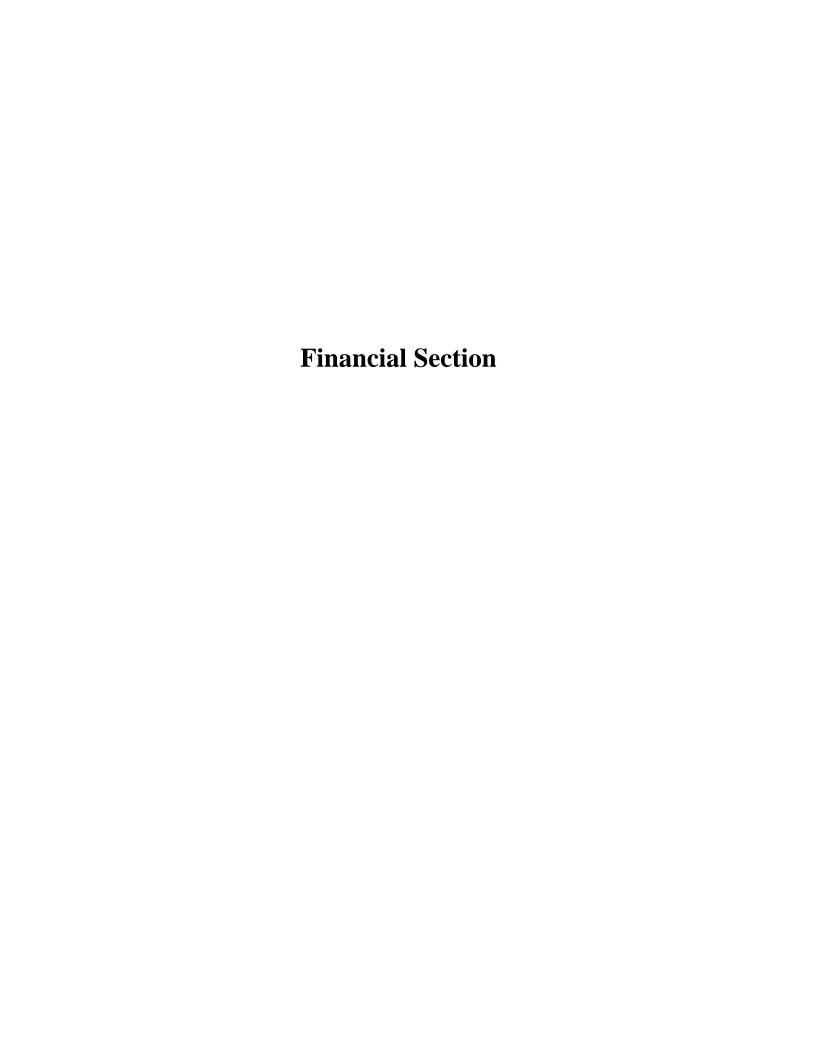
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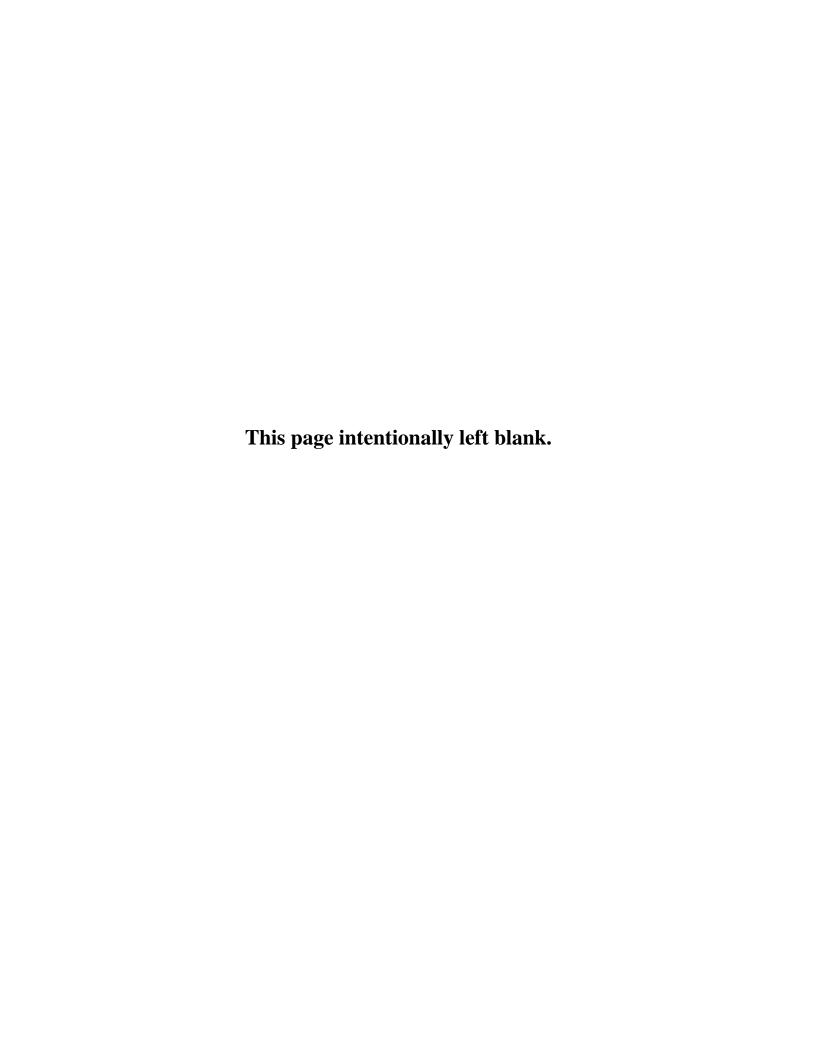
City of Warrensville Heights Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO





JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

Certified Public Accountants 5240 East 98th Street Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

(216) 475 - 6136

Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of City Council City of Warrensville Heights Warrensville Heights, Ohio The Honorable Dave Yost Auditor of State State of Ohio

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warrensville Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, and restated its net position at December 31, 2014 for governmental activities. In addition, the City restated its net position at December 31, 2014 for governmental activities due to an error in special assessments. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Net Pension Liabilities and Pension Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

June 21, 2016

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

The discussion and analysis of the City of Warrensville Heights' (the City) financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to consider information presented here in conjunction with the additional information contained in the transmittal letter, as well as the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of the City exceeded assets and deferred outflows at December 31, 2015 by \$1,388,783.
- For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of these statements resulted in the restatement of net position as of December 31, 2014 for the governmental activities. See Note 3 for additional information regarding the restatement.
- Total assets increased by \$671,283 and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$780,043 in 2015. The largest increase was cash and cash equivalents of \$778,239. This increase was offset by a decrease in income tax receivable of \$162,815. The increase in deferred outflows of resources was related to the pensions.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$809,374 and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$38,594 in 2015. The main fluctuations in liabilities related to a decrease in accounts payable (down \$347,719), long-term debt other than the net pension liability (down \$867,636), and the net pension liability (up \$811,786).
- Net position in total increased by \$2,222,106 during 2015. This represents an increase of 61.54 percent from 2014. The main reason for the increase in net position is due to the City's implementation of GASB 68 in 2015.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the City of Warrensville Heights as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at our specific financial condition.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole City. They provide both an aggregate view of the City's finances in addition to a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

The City as a Whole

Statement of net position and the statement of activities

The statement of net position presents information, excluding fiduciary funds, on all the City of Warrensville Heights' assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This change is important because it serves as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or diminishing.

However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base, change in the tax law, and the condition of capital assets should also be considered.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, all of the City's activities are reported as governmental activities, which include all of the City's services including police, fire, administration, and all other departments. The City does not operate any business-type activities and has no component units. Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting methods used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are divided into the following categories:

- Assets
- Deferred outflows of resources
- Liabilities
- Deferred inflows of resources
- Net position (Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources minus Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources)
- Program revenues and expenses
- General revenues
- Net position beginning of year and year-end

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 18. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City has established many funds that account for the multitude of services, facilities, and infrastructure provided to our residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. In the case of the City of Warrensville Heights, the major governmental funds are the General Fund and General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

Governmental Funds

The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of resources available at the end of the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

All City activities are reported in the governmental funds focusing on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The City's funds are reported using the accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that are expected to be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's operations and the basic services it provides. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds.

Government-wide Financial Analysis - The City as a Whole

As noted earlier, the statement of net position looks at the City as a whole and can be used as an indicator of the City's financial position. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2015 compared to 2014.

Table 1 – Net Position

	_	Governmental Activities		
				Restated
	_	2015		2014
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$	17,390,068	\$	16,564,746
Capital assets	_	24,393,689	_	24,547,728
Total assets	-	41,783,757	-	41,112,474
Deferred Outflows	-	2,181,574	_	1,401,531
Liabilities:				
Other liabilities		2,395,881		3,149,405
Long term liabilities:				
Due within one year		4,174,414		2,527,377
Due in more than one year		21,949,313		24,463,986
Net pension liability	-	15,611,466	_	14,799,680
Total liabilities	=	44,131,074	-	44,940,448
Deferred Inflows	-	1,223,040	-	1,184,446
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		(413,445)		(1,660,356)
Restricted		5,471,987		3,108,427
Unrestricted	-	(6,447,325)	_	(5,058,960)
Total net position	\$ _	(1,388,783)	\$ _	(3,610,889)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

During 2015, the City adopted GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27, which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and the net pension asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the City proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the Statement of Net Position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

In accordance with GASB 68, the City's statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the City is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2014. Additionally, the City restated the net position at December 21, 2014 for recording a special assessment receivable related to the special assessment bonds issued in 2013. Overall the restatement decreased net position at December 31, 2014 from \$7,692,285 to \$(3,610,889).

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its restricted funds available to pay down the City's debt. At December 31, 2015, total net position had a balance of \$(1,388,783).

Total assets increased by \$671,283 from 2014 to 2015. Of that increase, the most significant changes were in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, which increased by \$778,239.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by \$770,780 in 2015. This decrease is primarily due to the repayment of the City's outstanding debt and other long-term liabilities in the current year.

Table 2 shows the change in net position for the year ended December 31, 2015 compared to 2014.

Table 2 – Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities			
		2015		Restated 2014
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	1,325,274	\$	1,486,364
Operating grants and contributions		692,610		498,613
Capital grants and contributions		581,923		2,670,483
Total program revenues		2,599,807		4,655,460
General Revenues:				
Property and other local taxes		1,514,123		1,334,867
Municipal income taxes		16,576,878		16,169,998
Grants and entitlements		679,693		659,957
Interest income		14,054		6,872
All other revenues		171,522		231,000
Total general revenues		18,956,270		18,402,694
Total revenues	,	21,556,077	,	23,058,154

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Table 2 – Statement of Activities (continued)

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014		
Program expenses:				
Security of persons and property:				
Police and others	5,421,417	5,163,481		
Fire	3,925,081	3,603,854		
Public health services	53,085	65,183		
Leisure time activities	495,965	697,906		
Community development	961,571	873,757		
Basic utility services	1,527,105	1,173,154		
Transportation	2,004,180	2,637,135		
General government	4,164,107	2,411,281		
Interest and fiscal charges	781,460	876,751		
Total program expenses	19,333,971	17,502,502		
Change in net position	2,222,106	5,555,652		
Net position, beginning of year, restated	(3,610,889)	n/a		
Net position, end of year	\$(1,388,783)	\$(3,610,889)		

Prior year data presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis have been reclassified in order to be comparative and provide an understanding of the changes in financial position and operations. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2014 data in order to conform to the 2015 presentation.

Effects of GASB 68

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$1,401,531 in the governmental activities computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$1,564,547 in the governmental activities. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

	Governmental	
		Activities
Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$	19,333,971
Pension expense under GASB 68		(1,564,547)
2015 Contractually required contribution		1,474,960
Adjusted 2015 program expenses		19,244,384
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27		17,502,502
Increase in program expenses not related to pension	\$	1,741,882

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

Several revenue sources mainly fund the governmental activities with the City municipal income tax being the largest contributor. Under the accrual basis of accounting, the City's municipal income tax accounted for \$16,576,878 or 76.90 percent of total revenues. The electorates of the City voted to change the municipal income tax rate from 2.00 percent to 2.60 percent on May 5, 2009, which took effect on July 1, 2009.

Property and other local taxes of \$1,514,123 accounted for 7.02 percent of total revenues. Charges for services of \$1,325,274 accounted for 6.15 percent of total revenue. All other revenue sources of \$2,139,802 accounted for the remaining 9.93 percent of the City's 2015 revenue. The City monitors its sources of revenue very closely for fluctuations throughout the year, especially municipal income taxes.

Security of persons and property, including the police and fire departments, accounted for program expenses of \$9,346,498, which is 48.3 percent of total City expenses for 2015. The general government expenses accounted for \$4,164,107, or 21.5 percent of total expenses. The transportation expenses, primarily the service department, accounted for \$2,004,180, or 10.36 percent of total expenses.

The police and fire departments continue to provide the public with informative programs in a professional manner. The departments will continue to look for ways to expand our services and develop new public education programs for the community.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's major funds starts on page 18. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had revenues of \$21,627,213 and expenditures of \$22,086,830 (not including other financing sources and uses). The most significant fund is the General Fund with a fund balance at year-end of \$8,143,573. In 2015, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$1,074,168. This increase is primarily due to increases in municipal income taxes.

The City's other major fund is the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund. The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund is used to pay the City's outstanding general obligation debt and also accounts for property tax and special assessment revenues which help to make it a major fund. The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund's fund balance increased by \$170,464 from 2014, with a deficit fund balance of \$530,924 at December 31, 2015. This increase in fund balance is mainly due to the repayment of short-term notes payable in the current year.

The combined fund balance for all of the City's funds had a balance of \$9,034,177. On a cash basis, short-term note proceeds appear as fund revenues, but on a modified accrual basis the short-term notes appear as a liability.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. An annual appropriation budget is legally required to be prepared for all funds of the City other than agency funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

City Council is provided with a detailed line item budget for all departments and after a discussion at a Finance Committee meeting, which is open to the public, the budget is adopted by City Council at a regularly held City Council meeting at the object level for all other funds. The Finance Director has been authorized to allocate appropriations within the object level within each fund.

The General Fund supports many of our major activities including the police department, fire department, and most legislative and executive activities. The General Fund is monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or overspending by individual departments.

Both the original revenue and expenditure budget is designed to be very conservative, requiring additional spending requests to be approved by City Council throughout the year. During the course of 2015, the City amended its General Fund budget in response to departmental needs. The original budgeted revenue, excluding other financing sources and uses, amounted to \$17,799,700 and the final budgeted revenue amount was \$19,704,331, for an increase of \$1,904,631. The increase was due mainly to an increase in municipal income taxes. Actual revenues, excluding other financing sources and uses, of \$19,305,351 were \$398,980 less than the final budgeted revenues. This increase is mainly due to less property and municipal income taxes received than budgeted.

The final budgeted expenditure amount, excluding other financing sources and uses, exceeded the original budget by \$1,189,300. Actual expenditures of \$16,627,419 were \$1,420,981 lower than the final budgeted expenditures. This variance can be attributed to the City's efforts to control costs in the current economic environment.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2015, the City had \$24,393,689 invested in land, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, and infrastructure. Table 3 shows 2015 balances of capital assets as compared to 2014.

Table 3 – Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	_	2015	2014		
Land	\$	3,641,382	\$	3,232,200	
Construction in progress		-		330,010	
Buildings		12,406,833		12,290,008	
Land improvements		201,200		220,471	
Machinery and equipment		183,004		195,988	
Furniture and fixtures		41,622		44,370	
Vehicles		754,827		867,856	
Infrastructure:					
Roads		4,269,993		4,377,389	
Sanitary sewers		978,426		1,012,789	
Waterlines		865,004		892,988	
Storm sewers	_	1,051,398	_	1,083,659	
Total capital assets	\$ _	24,393,689	\$ _	24,547,728	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Capital assets decreased by \$154,039 in 2015. The main reason was the expense of a construction in progress project that did not result in a capital asset as originally thought. The largest addition related to the City's purchase of the Northfield Road Bass building in 2015.

The City Engineer maintains a comprehensive listing of all the roads, sanitary sewers, waterlines, and storm sewers within the City. Each spring, this inventory is updated with current conditions and recommendations made for repair or replacement. The City has taken an aggressive approach in pursuing funding to assist in the financing of infrastructure projects. See Notes 2 and 11 of the basic financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

Long-Term Obligations

At December 31, 2015, the City had \$41,735,193 in outstanding long-term obligations, of which debt obligations primarily consisted of \$11,605,465 in certificates of participation and \$11,081,062 in various purpose general obligation bonds. Table 4 summarizes the long-term obligations outstanding.

Table 4 – Outstanding Long-Term Obligations at December 31

	_	Governmental Activities		
	_	2015		2014
General obligation bonds	\$	11,081,062	\$	11,845,623
Certificates of participation		11,605,465		11,708,443
Land installment loan		368,459		-
Compensated absences		2,231,921		2,156,986
Claims payable		49,139		51,268
Tap in fee agreement payable		26,667		40,000
Community reinvestment agreement payable		155,407		310,025
Capital leases		605,607		879,018
Net pension liability	_	15,611,466		14,799,680
Total outstanding				
long-term obligations	\$ _	41,735,193	\$	41,791,043

The City issued certificates of participation in 2015 to retire the certificates of participation issued in the prior year for the City's Community Center improvements.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$12,322,177 with an unvoted legal debt margin of \$1,177,777 on December 31, 2015. For more information about the City's long-term obligations and short-term note activity, see Notes 12, 13, 14 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Current Financial Related Activities

The City continues to struggle with economic issues that are affecting many communities throughout the State of Ohio and the nation. Even though the municipal income tax revenues have continuously increased since 2009, there have been significant reductions in State and Local Government Fund revenues. The City continues to evaluate potential cost savings measures while addressing the needs of the community. Expenditures are being closely monitored monthly at the department level as well as the Mayoral level. The Mayor encouraged the Directors to operate their departments at a level that will continue City services at a high level. The City has committed itself to financial excellence. This is evident in the City receiving the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting every year since 2003.

Contacting the City of Warrensville Heights' Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director Rubin Moultrie, at the City of Warrensville Heights, 4301 Warrensville Center Road, Warrensville Heights, Ohio 44128, (216) 587-1135, or e-mail to lreid@cityofwarrensville.com.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	¢ 0.010.062
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,018,963
Accounts receivable	607,118
Municipal income taxes receivable	3,639,872
Property and other taxes receivable	1,523,847
Special assessments receivable	2,777,757
Intergovernmental receivable	571,243
Accrued interest receivable	1,377
Materials and supplies inventory	187,110
Prepaid items	62,781
Nondepreciable capital assets	3,641,382
Depreciable capital assets, net	20,752,307
Total assets	41,783,757
Deferred outflows of resources:	0.101.57.1
Pension	2,181,574
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and contracts payable	274,272
Accrued wages	161,646
Intergovernmental payable	297,639
Matured compensated absences	80,333
Accrued interest payable	66,991
Notes payable	1,515,000
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	4,174,414
Due in more than one year	21,949,313
Net pension liability	<u>15,611,466</u>
Total liabilities	44,131,074
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes	1,165,196
Pension	57,844
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,223,040
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	(413,445)
Restricted for:	(113,113)
Capital projects	643,180
Streets	394,833
Police	41,910
Fire	42,567
Building levy	23,996
Debt service	3,747,337
Other purposes	578,164
Unrestricted	(6,447,325)
Total net position	\$ (1,388,783)
Total liet position	$\varphi = (1,300,703)$

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

					Net (Expense) Revenue and
			Program Revenu		Changes in Net
			Operating	Capital	Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
	<u>Expenses</u>	Services	Contributions	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities
Governmental activities:					
Security of persons and pro					
Police and others	\$ 5,421,417			\$ -	\$ (5,332,246)
Fire	3,925,081	419,462	40,000	-	(3,465,619)
Public health services	53,085	-	-	-	(53,085)
Leisure time activities	495,965	63,865	-	-	(432,100)
Community development	961,571	19,714	146,180	559	(795,118)
Basic utility services	1,527,105	68	-	-	(1,527,037)
Transportation	2,004,180	-	489,380	-	(1,514,800)
General government	4,164,107	750,044	-	581,364	(2,832,699)
Interest and fiscal charges	781,460				(781,460)
Total governmental					
activities	\$ <u>19,333,971</u>	\$1,325,274	\$ 692,610	\$581,923	(16,734,164)
	General revenu	ies:			
	Property and	other local taxes	levied for:		
	General pu	irposes			687,313
	Debt servi	•			335,894
	Other purp	ooses			490,916
		come taxes levie	d for:		
	General pu				16,576,878
			estricted to specific	programs	679,693
	Interest inco		1	1 0	14,054
	All other rev	enues			171,522
		ral revenues			18,956,270
	Change in net p	position			2,222,106
	Net position –	beginning of year	r, restated		(3,610,889)
	Net position –	end of year			\$(1,388,783)

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

December 31, 2015

Assets:	-	General Fund	-	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Materials and supplies inventory Accounts receivable Interfund receivable Intergovernmental receivable Prepaid items Accrued interest receivable Municipal income taxes receivable Property and other taxes receivable Special assessments receivable Total assets	\$	5,456,488 187,110 607,118 122,149 254,110 62,781 1,377 3,639,872 461,362 - 10,792,367	\$ \$ =	933,422 - - 47,063 - - - 436,144 2,777,757 4,194,386	\$ 1,629,053 - 270,070 - 626,341 - 2,525,464	\$ \$ =	8,018,963 187,110 607,118 122,149 571,243 62,781 1,377 3,639,872 1,523,847 2,777,757 17,512,217
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances:							
Liabilities: Accounts payable and contracts payable Accrued wages Intergovernmental payable Matured compensated absences Accrued interest payable Interfund payable Notes payable Total liabilities	\$	166,088 161,646 297,639 80,333 - - - - - - 705,706	\$	- - - 874 46,954 1,416,518 1,464,346	\$ 108,184 - - - - 75,195 98,482 281,861	\$	274,272 161,646 297,639 80,333 874 122,149 1,515,000 2,451,913
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		353,229 1,589,859 1,943,088	-	333,104 2,927,860 3,260,964	478,863 343,212 822,075	-	1,165,196 4,860,931 6,026,127
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances (deficit) Total liabilities, deferred		372,040 - 1,735,968 6,035,565 8,143,573	- -	- - - - (530,924) (530,924)	1,365,745 194,996 - (139,213) 1,421,528	- -	372,040 1,365,745 194,996 1,735,968 5,365,428 9,034,177
inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	10,792,367	\$ _	4,194,386	\$ 2,525,464	\$ =	17,512,217

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

December	31.	2015

December 31, 2013		
Total governmental fund balances		\$ 9,034,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		24,393,689
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Property and other taxes Municipal income taxes Intergovernmental Special assessments Charges for services Total	\$ 358,651 846,850 406,335 2,777,757 471,338	4,860,931
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(66,117)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds Certificates of participation Accrued compensated absences Claims payable Tap in fee agreement payable Community reinvestment agreement payable Land installment loan payable Capital leases Total	(11,081,062) (11,605,465) (2,231,921) (49,139) (26,667) (155,407) (368,459) (605,607)	(26,123,727)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows / outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred Outflows Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflows	2,181,574 (15,611,466) (57,844)	
Total		(13,487,736)
Net position of governmental activities		\$(1,388,783)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	-	General Fund		General Obligation Bond Retirement	<u>-</u>	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(-	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	355,350	\$	343,456	\$	497,739	\$	1,196,545
Municipal income taxes		16,689,455		-		-		16,689,455
Other local taxes		336,281		55,841		7,178		399,300
Intergovernmental		542,288		35,610		733,931		1,311,829
Interest income		13,730		-		324		14,054
Licenses and permits		603,691		-		-		603,691
Fines and forfeitures		124,004		-		14,790		138,794
Charges for services		560,818		-		42,391		603,209
Special assessments		-		520,889		-		520,889
All other revenues	-	137,207		11,238	_	1,002	-	149,447
Total revenues	-	19,362,824		967,034	-	1,297,355	-	21,627,213
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property:								
Police and others		4,908,699		_		444,812		5,353,511
Fire		3,577,205				197,694		3,774,899
Public health services		53,085		_		177,074		53,085
Leisure time activities		444,831		_		660		445,491
Community development		595,789		_		407,074		1,002,863
Basic utility service		1,485,708		_		-		1,485,708
Transportation		1,206,657		_		1,014,357		2,221,014
General government		4,152,852		_		42,139		4,194,991
Capital outlay		-		_		105,879		105,879
Debt service:						100,079		100,079
Principal retirement		81,541		2,540,000		_		2,621,541
Interest and fiscal charges		-		826,797		1,051		827,848
Total expenditures	-	16,506,367		3,366,797	_	2,213,666	_	22,086,830
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		2,856,457		(2,399,763)		(916,311)		(459,617)
· · · · · ·	=	<u> </u>			_		_	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of debt		450,000		1,700,000		-		2,150,000
Premium on issuance of debt		-		16,745		-		16,745
Transfers – in		-		1,000,000		1,378,807		2,378,807
Transfers – out	-	(2,232,289)		(146,518)			_	(2,378,807)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	-	(1,782,289)		2,570,227	_	1,378,807	-	2,166,745
Net change in fund balances		1,074,168		170,464		462,496		1,707,128
Fund balances (deficit) –								
beginning of year	_	7,069,405		(701,388)	_	959,032	_	7,327,049
Fund balances (deficit) –								
end of year	\$_	8,143,573	\$	(530,924)	\$_	1,421,528	\$_	9,034,177
ond or your	Ψ_	0,1-10,010	Ψ	(550,724)	Ψ =	1,721,320	Ψ =	/,UJT,1//

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year	Ended [December	31.	2015

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds

\$ 1,707,128

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

Capital outlay	\$ 661,344
Depreciation	<u>(811,330</u>)
Total	(149,986)

In the statement of activities, only the loss on the disposal of property and equipment are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposal increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the property and equipment.

(4,053)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property and other taxes	(18,703)
Municipal income taxes	(175,596)
Intergovernmental	57,802
Special assessments	22,960
Charges for services	2,401
Total	(111,136)

Other financing sources in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Certificates of participation issued	(1,700,000)
Premium on debt issuance	(16,745)
Community reinvestment agreement payable	(155,407)
Land installment loan issuance	(450,000)
Total	(2,322,152)

Repayment of bond, note, loan and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

2,894,952

(Continued)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on bonds	2,104
Amortization of premiums	44,284
Total	46,388

Some expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Claims payable	2,129
Tap in fee agreement payable	13,333
Community reinvestment agreement payable	310,025
Compensated absences	(74,935)
Total	250,552

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.

1,474,960

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.

(1,564,547)

Change in net position of governmental activities

2,222,106

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Bı	ıdget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 387,246	\$ 387,246	\$ 355,350	\$ (31,896)
Municipal income taxes	15,337,397	17,009,988	16,676,640	(333,348)
Other local taxes	268,920	298,991	294,619	(4,372)
Intergovernmental	492,334	547,389	539,384	(8,005)
Charges for services	513,299	570,698	562,353	(8,345)
Licenses and permits	550,803	612,396	603,441	(8,955)
Fines and forfeitures	113,187	125,844	124,004	(1,840)
Interest income	11,275	12,536	12,353	(183)
All other revenues	125,239	139,243	137,207	(2,036)
Total revenues	17,799,700	19,704,331	19,305,351	(398,980)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property:				
Police and other	4,896,673	5,138,173	4,919,461	218,712
Fire	3,546,700	3,691,700	3,616,313	75,387
Public health services	53,000	53,100	53,085	15
Leisure time activities	532,982	542,982	453,906	89,076
Community development	636,282	636,782	599,341	37,441
Basic utility services	1,491,684	1,491,684	1,490,762	922
Transportation	1,207,630	1,529,630	1,459,473	70,157
General government	4,494,149	4,882,808	3,953,537	929,271
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement		81,541	81,541	
Total expenditures	16,859,100	18,048,400	16,627,419	1,420,981
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	940,600	1,655,931	2,677,932	1,022,001
Other financing (uses):	(1.552.000)	(2.255.200)	(2 222 200)	22 000
Transfers – out	(1,573,000)	(2,255,289)	(2,232,289)	23,000
Net change in fund balance	(632,400)	(599,358)	445,643	1,045,001
Fund balance – beginning of year	4,530,395	4,530,395	4,530,395	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	238,213	238,213	238,213	<u> </u>
Fund balance – end of year	\$ <u>4,136,208</u>	\$ <u>4,169,250</u>	\$ <u>5,214,251</u>	\$1,045,001

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2015

	-	Agency Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	396,701
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$_	396,701

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1: Description of the City and Reporting Entity

The City of Warrensville Heights (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio which operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for a Mayor-Council form of government, was adopted May 6, 1958. Legislative authority is vested in a seven member City Council. City Council members are elected for a four year term. The Mayor is elected for a four year term and serves as the City's chief executive and administrative officer.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repair, and general administrative services. The City's departments include a public safety department, a public service department, a street maintenance department, a parks and recreation department, a planning and zoning department, and a staff to provide support (i.e., payroll processing, accounts payable, and revenue collection) to the service providers. The operations of each of these activities and entities are directly controlled by the City Council through the budgetary process.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or 3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

The City is associated with four jointly governed organizations. These organizations are the First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Governments, the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC), Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government, and Valley Enforcement Regional Council of Government. These organizations are presented in Note 20 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type; the City, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City's funds are classified as either governmental or fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund – The General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund accounts for property tax collections and special assessments revenue which are used to pay the voted general obligation refunding bonds and special assessment bonds principal, interest, and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's agency funds are for holding deposits from contractors, for collecting Senior Civic Center rental deposits and for payroll clearing and medical self-insurance.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statement for the fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include municipal income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from municipal income taxes is recognized in the year in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: municipal income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees), fines and forfeitures, interest, grants, and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements that report financial position may include a section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has deferred outflows of resources for pension reported in the Statements of Net Position and the amount in the proprietary funds is also reported in the fund financial statements. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 17.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue and amounts for the pension. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2015, but which were levied to finance year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, municipal income taxes, special assessments, and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 17.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

During the year, the City's investments were limited to STAR Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2015.

Following the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City as well as Ohio statutes, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest is distributed to the General Fund, the Bureau of Justice Grant, and the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant special revenue funds. Interest income credited to the General Fund during 2015 amounted to \$13,730.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2015, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

H. Capital Assets

The City's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the governmental-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of infrastructure by back-trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using the appropriate price level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Capital Assets (continued)

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	50 years
Land improvements	30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Vehicles	3 to 15 years
Infrastructure	75 years

The City's infrastructure consists of roads, sanitary sewers, waterlines, storm sewers, and includes infrastructure acquired prior to December 31, 1980.

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds for services provided or goods received and from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund loans which do not represent available expendable resources should have an equal offset which would be included in nonspendable fund balance unless the proceeds from their collection are restricted, committed, or assigned. Interfund balance amounts between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and are probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after five years of service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Payables, Accrued Liabilities, and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not spendable in form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City Council's resolutions).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Fund Balance (continued)

Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts would represent intended uses established by City Council.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In the other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

N. Internal Activity

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Bond Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued.

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

S. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount City Council may appropriate. The appropriations ordinance is City Council's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by City Council. The legal level of control has been established by City Council at the object level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original and final appropriations were enacted by City Council.

The appropriation ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by City Council during the year.

Note 3: Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position

A. Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure.

B. Restatement of Net Position

During 2015, the implementation of GASB Statement's No. 68 and No. 71 resulted in the restatement of the beginning net position of the governmental activities.

In addition, the City recorded a special assessment receivable associated with the issuance of special assessment debt in 2014, as it was excluded from the financial reporting at December 31, 2014.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 3: Changes in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Net Position (continued)

B. Restatement of Net Position

The implementation of GASB Statement's No. 68 and No. 71 and the recording of the special assessment receivable had the following effect on the net position:

	Go	overnmental
		Activities
Net position at December 31, 2014,		
as previously stated	\$	7,692,285
Implementation of GASB Statement's		
No. 68 and No. 71:		
Deferred outflow – payments		
subsequent to measurement date		1,401,531
Net pension liability		(14,799,680)
Special assessment receivable		2,094,975
Restated net position		
at December 31, 2014	\$ _	(3,610,889)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the City made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

Note 4: Accountability

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2015:

Major Funds: General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund \$	530,924
Nonmajor Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Street Lighting	3,105
Community Development and Building Grant	23,375
Grass Refuse	129
Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation	
Safety Intervention	13,331
2007 Nature Works Grant	19,589
Capital Projects Funds:	
Land Acquisition	79,684

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 4: Accountability (continued)

The deficits in the nonmajor special revenue and capital project funds are caused by the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit in the major fund is the result of the issuance of anticipation notes which are used to finance projects until bonds are issued. Once the notes are retired or the bonds are issued, the deficits will be eliminated.

Note 5: Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget (non-GAAP budgetary basis) and actual for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary) rather than as a part of restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances (GAAP).
- 4. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budgetary statements, but which are reported on the operating statements prepared using GAAP.
- 5. Advances-in and Advances-out are operating transactions (budgetary) as opposed to balance sheet transaction (GAAP).
- 6. Some funds that could be included in the General Fund (GAAP), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budgetary).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5: Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis for the General Fund are as follows:

Net Change in F	Fund Balance	
GAAP basis	\$	1,074,168
Increase (decrease) due to:		
Revenue accruals		(507,473)
Expenditure accruals		120,626
Outstanding encumbrances		(241,678)
Budgetary basis	\$	445,643

Note 6: Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			General			
			Obligation		Other	Total
		General	Bond	(Governmental	Governmental
	_	Fund	Retirement	_	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	62,781	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 62,781
Inventories		187,110	-		-	187,110
Interfund balances		122,149		_		122,149
Total nonspendable	_	372,040	<u> </u>	_		372,040
Restricted for:						
Fire pension		_	-		4,610	4,610
Police pension		_	-		4,167	4,167
Police and fire services		-	-		28,546	28,546
Dare grant		-	-		63,985	63,985
Other law enforcement		-	-		88,726	88,726
FEMA grant		-	-		30,521	30,521
Homeland security grant		-	-		1,999	1,999
Sidewalk replacement		-	-		7,104	7,104
Civic Center Park						
restoration grant		-	-		38,808	38,808
2008 great grant		-	-		29,342	29,342
Streets and highways		-	-		708,775	708,775
Building levy		-	-		3,492	3,492
Other purposes				_	355,670	355,670
Total restricted				_	1,365,745	1,365,745

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 6: Fund Balances (continued)

	_	General Fund		General Obligation Bond Retirement	(Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Committed to:						1.10.1.61	1.40.4.51
CRA monitoring fees		-		-		149,161	149,161
Economic development		-		-		28,150	28,150
Occupancy program	_		_		_	17,685	17,685
Total committed	_		_		-	194,996	194,996
Assigned to:							
Purchases on order		185,313		-		-	185,313
Year 2016 appropriations		1,550,655	_		_		1,550,655
Total assigned	_	1,735,968	_		_		1,735,968
Unassigned (deficit)		6,035,565	_	(530,924)	-	(139,213)	5,365,428
Total fund balances	\$ _	8,143,573	\$ _	(530,924)	\$ _	1,421,528	\$ 9,034,177

Note 7: Deposits and Investments

The City follows State statute and classifies held monies into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the City treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 7: Deposits and Investments (continued)

Interim monies held by the City can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations.; and
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds of the State of Ohio;
- 2. Bond of any municipal corporation, village, county, township or other political subdivision of this state, as to which there is not of principal, interest, or coupon; and,
- 3. Obligations of the City.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$683,778 and the bank balance was \$1,407,806. Of the City's bank balance \$809,130 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance Company (FDIC) and \$598,676 was uninsured. At year-end, the City had \$600 in cash on hand.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 7: Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the City or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of December 31, 2015, the City had the following investment:

		Investment Maturities
		(in years)
	Fair Value	Less than one
STAROhio	\$ <u>7,731,286</u>	\$

Interest Rate Risk – The City has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily.

Credit Risk – STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Securities backed by a federal government agency or instrumentality are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following is the City's allocation as of December 31, 2015:

	i ciccinage of
Investment Issuer	<u>Investments</u>
STAROhio	100%

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 8: Receivables

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2015 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections for 2014 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2015 for tangible personal property, except for public utility property, are for prior year unpaid tangible personal property taxes.

Real property taxes (other than public utility property) are levied after October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of the appraised market value, and reappraisal of all property is required every six years with a triennial update. The last reappraisal was completed for tax year 2013 affecting collections beginning in 2014.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, the payment is due December 31, if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Taxes not paid become delinquent after December 31 of the year in which payable. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected during the calendar year were levied in the preceding calendar year based on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date.

Real and public utility property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 30. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer collects property tax on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer periodically remits to the taxing districts their portions of the taxes collected.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2015, was \$9.70 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2015 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

<u>Category</u>	_	Assessed Value
Real Property	\$	214,733,440
Public Property		8,154,550
Total	\$	222,887,990

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 8: Receivables (continued)

A. Property Taxes (continued)

Property taxes receivable represents real and tangible personal property taxes and public utility taxes which are measurable as of December 31, 2015 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the General Fund, the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, the Police Salary and Equipment, the Fire Salary and Equipment, the Street Lighting, the Building Levy, the Fire Pension and the Police Pension special revenue funds, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred inflows of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2015 operations and the collections of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred inflows of resources.

B. Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.60 percent on income earned within the City. Residents of the City who work and pay taxes in another community receive a fifty percent credit of their Warrensville Heights City income tax. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Central Collection Agency (CCA) at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay estimated tax quarterly and file a return annually. Taxes collected by CCA in one month are remitted to the City on the tenth of the following month. Municipal income tax revenue is credited entirely to the General Fund.

C. Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amounts
Local government funds	\$ 261,713
Gasoline tax and auto registration fees	244,045
Homestead and rollback	57,267
Public utility reimbursement	1,551
Permissive tax	2,382
Miscellaneous grants	4,285
Total	\$ 571,243

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 9: Interfund Transfers

The transfers among City funds were made to provide additional resources for current operations and for the payment of debt. The General Fund made the following transfers during the year ended December 31, 2015:

		Transfers from				
		General Obligation				
		General Bond Retirement				
Transfers to		Fund		Fund		Total
General Obligation Bond						
Retirement Fund	\$	1,000,000	\$	-	\$	1,000,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	1,232,289		146,518		1,378,807
	\$ ₌	2,232,289	\$	146,518	\$	2,378,807

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; distribute unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. The City had no transfers that either do not occur on a regular basis or were inconsistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

Note 10: Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at December 31, 2015, consist of the following interfund receivable and payables:

		Interfund Receivable	
Interfund Payable			
·	_	General	
Major Governmental Funds:			
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund	\$	46,954	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Bureau of Justice Grant		148	
Community Development Block Grant		27,919	
COPS Grant		21,566	
2007 NatureWorks Grant		19,589	
Town Center Project Fund		5,973	
Total	\$ _	122,149	

The loans to the other major and other governmental funds from the General Fund were made to cover expenditures until reimbursements are received. All of the loans will be repaid in subsequent periods.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 11: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balances <u>12/31/2014</u>	Additions	Disposals	Balances <u>12/31/2015</u>
Governmental activities:				
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 3,232,200	\$ 409,182	\$ -	\$ 3,641,382
Construction in progress	330,010		(330,010)	
Total nondepreciable assets	3,562,210	409,182	(330,010)	3,641,382
Depreciable assets:				
Land improvements	698,004	-	-	698,004
Buildings	14,545,352	422,818	-	14,968,170
Machinery and equipment	2,161,541	70,395	(4,943)	2,226,993
Furniture and fixtures	92,708	-	-	92,708
Vehicles	5,588,818	88,959	-	5,677,777
Infrastructure:				
Roads	8,120,754	-	-	8,120,754
Sanitary sewers	2,583,416	-	-	2,583,416
Waterlines	2,162,689	-	-	2,162,689
Storm sewers	2,426,227			2,426,227
Total depreciable assets	38,379,509	582,172	(4,943)	38,956,738
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(2,255,344)	(305,993)	-	(2,561,337)
Land improvements	(477,533)	(19,271)	-	(496,804)
Machinery and equipment	(1,965,553)	(79,326)	890	(2,043,989)
Furniture and fixtures	(48,338)	(2,748)	-	(51,086)
Vehicles	(4,720,962)	(201,988)	-	(4,922,950)
Infrastructure:				
Roads	(3,743,365)	(107,396)	-	(3,850,761)
Sanitary sewers	(1,570,627)	(34,363)	-	(1,604,990)
Waterlines	(1,269,701)	(27,984)	-	(1,297,685)
Storm sewers	(1,342,568)	(32,261)		(1,374,829)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,393,991)	(811,330)	890	(18,204,431)
Total depreciable assets, net	20,985,518	(229,158)	(4,053)	20,752,307
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>24,547,728</u>	\$180,024	\$(334,063)	\$ <u>24,393,689</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 11: Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Security of persons and property	\$	167,116
Leisure time activities		230,441
Transportation		72,650
General government		339,653
Community development	<u>-</u>	1,470
Total depreciation expense	\$	811,330

Note 12: Long-Term Obligations

Original issuance amounts and interest rates of the City's debt issues are as follows:

			Original	Year	
Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Issue		of Maturity	
General obligation bonds:					
2013 Various purpose	2.00% - 3.125%	\$	9,055,000	2032	
improvement refunding bonds 2013 Various purpose	2.00% - 3.123%	Ф	9,033,000	2032	
improvement refunding bonds	2.00% - 4.00%		1,725,000	2029	
Unamortized Premium	n/a		304,219	2032	
2014 Cinema Park			•		
improvement bonds	1.500% - 4.00%		2,095,000	2030	
Unamortized Premium	n/a		142,163	2030	
Certificates of participation:					
2013 Certificates of participation	3.125%-4.50%		9,800,000	2037	
2014 Certificates of participation	2.375%		1,800,000	2015	
2015 Certificates of participation	2.500%		1,700,000	2016	
Unamortized premiums	n/a		154,021	2013-2037	
Loan payable:					
Land installment loan	4.500%		450,000	2019	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 12: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Restated Balance 12/31/2014		Additions		Reductions	Balance 12/31/2015		Amount Due in One Year
Governmental activities:								
General obligation bonds:								
Various purpose bonds	7.010.000	Φ		Φ	(625 000)	7 105 000	Ф	620 000
series 2013-1 \$ Various purpose bonds	7,810,000	\$	-	\$	(625,000) \$	7,185,000	\$	620,000
series 2013-2	1,535,000		_		(110,000)	1,425,000		110,000
Cinema Park improvement	1,555,000				(110,000)	1,423,000		110,000
Bonds series 2014	2,095,000		_		(5,000)	2,090,000		5,000
Unamortized premium	405,623		-		(24,561)	381,062		-
1								
Total general								
obligation bonds	11,845,623				(764,561)	11,081,062		735,000
Certificates of participation:								
2013 Certificates of participation			-		-	9,800,000		-
2014 Certificates of participation			-		(1,800,000)	1 700 000		-
2015 Certificates of participation			1,700,000		- (10.722)	1,700,000		1,700,000
Unamortized premium Total certificates of	108,443		16,745		(19,723)	105,465		
	11,708,443		1 716 745		(1,819,723)	11 605 465		1,700,000
participation	11,/08,445		1,716,745		(1,819,723)	11,605,465	•	1,700,000
Loan payable:								
Land installment loan payable	_		450,000		(81,541)	368,459		86,027
Zano mountaino romi payaore			,		(61,6.1)		•	00,027
Other long-term obligations:								
Compensated absences	2,156,986		1,195,632		(1,120,697)	2,231,921		1,230,777
Claims payable	51,268		-		(2,129)	49,139		23,357
Tap in fee agreement payable	40,000		-		(13,333)	26,667		13,333
Community reinvestment								
agreement payable	310,025		155,407		(310,025)	155,407		155,407
Capital leases	879,018		-		(273,411)	605,607		230,513
Net pension liability	14,799,680		811,786			<u>15,611,466</u>		
Total other long-term						40 400 505		
obligations	18,236,977		2,162,825		(1,719,595)	18,680,207		1,653,387
Total governmental activities \$	41,791,043	\$	4,329,570	\$	(4,385,420) \$	41,735,193	\$	4,174,414

The voted general obligation and special assessment refunding bonds for various purpose improvements and the street improvement general obligation bonds will be paid with property tax revenue and special assessment revenue from the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The City issued \$1,700,000 in certificates of participation (COPs) in 2015 to retire \$1,800,000 in COPs issued on December 16, 2014 at 2.375 percent. These COPs were issued to provide funds for constructing, furnishing and equipping the City's Community Center.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 12: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The City has a liability to the City of Bedford Heights for \$40,000 related to tap in fees received and earned in 2014 and prior on water lines owned by the City of Bedford Heights. The cities have agreed for the City of Warrensville Heights to pay the City of Bedford Heights in three annual payments of \$13,333 starting January 30, 2015. The City will use General Fund resources to repay this liability.

The City has a community reinvestment agreement with the Warrensville City School District (School District) which is a revenue sharing program between the two entities. The City will use General Fund resources to repay this liability.

Compensated absences, claims payable, and capital leases (see Notes 14 and 16 for additional detail on capital leases and claims payable) will be paid from the General Fund.

As of December 31, 2015, the City's overall legal debt margin was \$12,322,177 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$1,177,777.

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year ending							
December 31,	General (Obligation	Certificates of Participation				
	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest			
2016	\$ 735,000	\$ 312,488	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 419,163			
2017	770,000	297,263	-	376,663			
2018	560,000	281,288	100,000	376,663			
2019	710,000	268,938	365,000	372,663			
2020	730,000	252,126	380,000	358,063			
2021-2025	3,500,000	959,457	2,115,000	1,572,519			
2026-2030	3,115,000	401,731	2,480,000	1,205,575			
2031-2035	580,000	27,031	2,980,000	701,881			
2036-2040			1,380,000	93,825			
Total	\$ <u>10,700,000</u>	\$2,800,322	\$ <u>11,500,000</u>	\$ <u>5,477,015</u>			

Governmental Activities

Year ending			
December 31,	Loar	Payal	ble
	Principa	<u>l</u>	Interest
2016	\$ 86,0	27 \$	15,142
2017	89,9	64	11,205
2018	94,0	81	7,088
2019	98,3	87	2,783
Total	\$ 368,4	59 \$	36,218

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 13: Note Debt

In 2015, the City issued \$1,220,000 in various improvement bond anticipation notes on August 12, 2015 at 2.125 percent and maturing August 11, 2016.

The City also issued a \$245,000 real property acquisition note on September 10, 2015 at 1.09 percent and maturing on September 9, 2016 and a \$50,000 real property acquisition note on October 29, 2015 at 1.10 percent and maturing on October 28, 2016.

		Balance			Balance
Types/Issues	_	12/31/2014	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2015
2014 Bond anticipation notes	\$	1,560,000	\$ -	\$ (1,560,000) \$	-
2014 Real property acquisition note,					
Series 2014-2		70,000	-	(70,000)	-
2014 Real property acquisition note,					
Series 2014-3		145,000	-	(145,000)	-
2015 Bond anticipation note,					
Series 2015-1		-	1,220,000	-	1,220,000
2015 Real property acquisition note,					
Series 2015-2		-	245,000	-	245,000
2015 Real property acquisition note,					
Series 2015-3			50,000		50,000
Total governmental funds	\$	1,775,000	\$ <u>1,515,000</u>	\$ <u>(1,775,000</u>) \$	1,515,000

All the notes are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and mature within one year. The note liability is reflected in the funds which received the proceeds. As of December 31, 2015, all of the short-term note proceeds have been expended. The notes will be paid off from the debt service funds.

Note 14: Leases

Capital Leases

The City has entered into several lease agreements for various vehicles, machinery and equipment. These lease obligations meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 13, *Accounting for Leases*, and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The machinery, equipment, and vehicles have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,239,446, the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 14: Leases (continued)

Capital Leases (continued)

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		overnmental Activities
Asset:		
Machinery and equipment	\$	334,268
Vehicles	<u></u>	905,178
Total historical cost		1,239,446
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u></u>	(449,690)
Total book value as of December 31, 2015	\$	789,756

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and present value of the minimum lease payments is as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2016	\$ 249,223
2017	219,547
2018	71,625
2019	43,857
2020	43,857
2021-2025	 21,928
Total Minimum lease payments	650,037
Less: Amount representing interest	 (44,430)
Present value of minimum lease	\$ 605,607

Capital lease payments have been presented as part of the General Fund's program expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and principal payments reduce liabilities rather than being an expense on the statement of activities.

Note 15: Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is party to legal proceedings. The City management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 15: Contingencies (continued)

B. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2015.

Note 16: Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During 2015, the City contracted with U.S. Specialty Insurance Company for various types of insurance as follows:

Company	Coverage	Amount			
U.S. Specialty Ins. Company	General Liability (per Occurrence/Aggregate)	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000			
	Fire Damage Liability	50,000			
	Premises Medical Payments (per Person)	10,000			
	Employee Benefits Liability				
	(per Occurrence/Aggregate)	1,000,000/3,000,000			
	Ohio Stop Gap	1,000,000			
	Automobile Liability and Physical Damage Coverage:				
	Combined Bodily Injury and Property Damage	1,000,000			
	Medical Payments	5,000			
	Law Enforcement Liability				
	(per Occurrence/Aggregate)	1,000,000/1,000,000			
	Public Officials Liability (per Occurrence/Aggregate)	1,000,000/1,000,000			
	Crime:				
	Forgery and Alteration	250,000			
	Computer Fraud	250,000			
	Theft, Disappearance and Destruction	25,000			
	Employee Dishonesty	500,000			
	Flood	500,000			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 16: Risk Management (continued)

A. Property and Liability (continued)

Earthquake	500,000
Electronic Data Processing Systems	309,920
Property (Building and Contents) Coverage	26,544,841
Inland Marine Coverage	2,298,505
Umbrella Liability	5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The City participates in the State Workers' Compensation retrospective rating and payment plan. This plan involves the payment of a minimum premium for administrative services and stop-loss coverage plus the actual claims cost for injured employees. The balance of claims payable at December 31, 2015, represents an estimate of the liability for unpaid claims costs provided by Bureau of Workers' Compensation. The claims liability for the Workers' Compensation retrospective rating and payment system at December 31, 2015, was \$49,139. All of the claims are paid from the General Fund.

The claims liability reported at December 31, 2015 for workers' compensation is based on the requirements of Governmental Standards Board Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for the years 2011 through 2015 are as follows:

	Beginning			End
	of Year	<u>Claims</u>	Payments	of year
2011	232,611	-	44,339	188,272
2012	188,272	-	112,337	75,935
2013	75,935	13,823	1,930	87,828
2014	87,828	-	36,560	51,268
2015	51,268	_	2,129	49,139

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the Statement of Net Position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

A. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the

State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in accrued wages and benefits on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

B. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

B. Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) (continued)

	State
	and Local
2015 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
2015 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	12.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0 %
Total Employer	<u>14.0 %</u>
Employee	10.0 %

The City's 2015 contribution rate was 14 percent of earnable salary. In fiscal year 2015, the City's contractually required contribution was \$424,013 for 2015. Of this amount, \$42,529 is reported as accrued wages and benefits at December 31, 2015.

C. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - the City's full-time police and fire participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

C. Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) (continued)

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>Police</u>	<u>Firefighter</u>
2015 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		_
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee:		
January 1, 2015 through July 1, 2015	11.50 %	11.50%
July 2, 2015 through December 31, 2015	12.25 %	12.25 %
2015 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	<u> </u>	0.05 %
Total Employer	<u>19.50 %</u>	<u>24.00 %</u>
Employee:		
January 1, 2015 through July 1, 2015	11.50 %	11.50 %
July 2, 2015 through December 31, 2015	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. In fiscal year 2015, the City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$1,050,947 for 2015. Of this amount, \$76,538 is reported as accrued wages and benefits at December 31, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2014, to December 31, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	_	OPERS Traditional	OP&F	Total
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,292,564	\$ 12,318,902	\$ 15,611,466
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.02729900%	0.23779750%	
Pension expense	\$	361,565	\$ 1,202,982	\$ 1,564,547

At December 31, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	OPERS Traditional	OP&F	<u>Total</u>			
Deferred outflow of resources							
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	424,013	\$ 1,050,947	\$ 1,474,960			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan							
investments		175,681	530,933	706,614			
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	599,694	\$ 1,581,880	\$ 2,181,574			
Deferred inflow of resources							
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	57,844	\$ 	\$ 57,844			
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$	57,844		\$ 57,844			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$1,474,960 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS		
	Traditional	Traditional OP&F	
Fiscal Year Ending December 31:			
2016	17,231	132,734	149,965
2017	17,231	132,734	149,965
2018	39,455	132,734	172,189
2019	43,920	132,731	176,651
\$	117,837 \$	530,933 \$	648,770

E. Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	OPERS	OPERS
	<u>Traditional Plan</u>	Combined Plan
Wage Inflation	3.75 percent	3.75 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.25 to 10.05 percent	4.25 to 8.05 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	8 percent	8 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 6.95 percent for 2014.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2014 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.31%
Domestic Equities	19.90	5.84
Real Estate	10.00	4.25
Private Equity	10.00	9.25
International Equities	19.10	7.40
Other Investments	18.00	4.59
Total	100.00	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS (continued)

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
		(7%)	_	(8%)	_	(9%)
City's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability – Traditional	\$	6,057,375	\$	3,292,564	\$	963,928

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2014, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2014, are presented below:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Payroll Increases Inflation Assumptions Cost of Living Adjustments January 1, 2014
Entry Age Normal
8.25 percent
4.25 percent to 11 percent
3.75 percent
3.25 percent
2.60 percent and 3.00 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F (continued)

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2014 are summarized below:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00%	(0.25)%
Domestic Equity	16.00	4.47
Non-US Equity	16.00	4.47
Core Fixed Income	20.00	1.62
Global Inflation Protected	20.00	1.33
High Yield	15.00	3.39
Real Estate	12.00	3.93
Private Markets	8.00	6.98
Timber	5.00	4.92
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	7.03
Total	120.00%	

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 17: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F (continued)

Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

		1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase
	_	(7.25%)		(8.25%)	(9.25%)
City's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$	17,038,905	\$	12,318,902	\$ 8,322,494

Note 18: Post-Employment Benefits

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trusts, which fund multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2014 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 18: Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (continued)

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2015, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

OPERS maintains three health care trusts. The two cost-sharing, multiple-employer trusts, the 401(h) Health Care Trust and the 115 Health Care Trust, work together to provide health care funding to eligible retirees of the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. The third trust is a Voluntary Employee's Beneficiary Association (VEBA) that provides funding for a Retiree Medical Account for Member-Directed Plan members. Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2015. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2016 remained at 2.0% for both plans. The Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited to the VEBA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2015 was 4.5%.

The City's contributions for health care for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$76,054, \$67,697, and \$32,690, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2014 and 2013. For 2015, 92.0 percent has been contributed, with the remainder being reported as a liability in the accrued wages and benefits.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 18: Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (continued)

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 E. Town St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2015 thru December 31, 2015. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F which was allocated to fund postemployment health care benefits for police and firefighters was \$14,043 and \$12,382 for the year ended December 31, 2015, \$12,757 and \$11,089 for the year ended December 31, 2014, and \$90,699 and \$80,298 for the year ended December 31, 2013. The full amount has been contributed for 2014 and 2013. For 2015, 93.3 percent for police and 93.2 percent for firefighters has been contributed, with the remainder being reported as a liability within the accrued wages and benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 19: Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. All City employees earn vacation ranging from two to six weeks based upon length of service.

General administration employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement earn sick leave of 120 hours annually, without limit on the amount they can accumulate. General administration employees may carry forward a maximum of 336 hours of vacation leave unless the employee's department head certifies to the Mayor that the employee has exceeded the maximum vacation hours allowed as a result of the employee's inability to use vacation leave due to staffing requirements. Upon separation from the City, a maximum of 25 percent of accumulated sick leave up to 240 hours and up to 336 hours of vacation leave shall be paid.

Fire department employees earn 168 hours of sick leave annually and may carry forward an unlimited amount. Upon separation from the City, fire department employees will be paid for 37.5 percent of their accumulated sick balance up to 1,080 hours and up to 120 hours of vacation leave shall be paid. The maximum amount of vacation leave that may be carried forward annually is 120 hours.

Police officers earn 120 hours of sick leave per year and may carry forward an unlimited amount of sick leave annually. However, only 480 hours of vacation time may be carried forward annually. Police officers separating from employment will be paid for any unused vacation balance with a maximum of 480 hours. Police officers with at least ten years of continuous City service will be paid 30 percent of their accumulated sick leave balance upon separation from the City, with a maximum of 400 hours.

Police dispatchers earn 120 hours of sick leave annually and may carry forward an unlimited amount; the maximum amount of vacation leave that may be carried forward is 336 hours. Upon separation from employment, dispatchers may be paid for all accumulated vacation leave up to 336 hours; however they are only paid for accumulated sick leave at 30 percent of total or a maximum of 232 hours if separation is by retirement and with at least ten years of continuous service with the City.

Note 20: Jointly Governed Organizations

First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Governments – The City is a member of the First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Government ("Council"). The Council is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Council is currently comprised of 18 communities. The Council was formed to foster cooperation between municipalities in matters of mutual concern including but not limited to, initiation and support of policies and practices which protect, maintain and redevelop mature communities and other matters which affect health, safety, welfare, education, economic conditions, and regional development.

The Council is governed by an Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives then elect the Governing Board made up of a Chair, Vice Chair, and other members elected in annual elections. The Governing Board oversees and manages the Council. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the Assembly and on the Governing Board.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 20: Jointly Governed Organizations (continued)

During 2015, the City contributed \$1,500 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting First Suburbs Consortium of Northeast Ohio Council of Governments, 40 Severance Circle, Cleveland Heights, Ohio 44118.

Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council – The City is a member of the Northeast Ohio Public Energy Council (NOPEC). NOPEC is a regional council of governments formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. NOPEC was formed to serve as a vehicle for communities wishing to proceed jointly with an aggregation program for the purchase of energy. NOPEC is currently comprised of 134 members in 174 communities in 10 counties who have been authorized by ballot to purchase energy on behalf of their citizens. The intent of NOPEC is to provide energy at the lowest possible rates while at the same time ensuring stability in prices by entering into long-term contracts with suppliers to provide energy to the citizens of its member communities.

NOPEC is governed by a General Assembly made up of one representative from each member community. The representatives from each county then elect one person to serve on the eight-member NOPEC Board of Directors. The Board of Directors oversees and manages the operation of the aggregation program. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation in the General Assembly and on the Board of Directors. The City of Warrensville Heights did not contribute to NOPEC during 2015. Financial information can be obtained by contacting NOPEC, 31320 Solon Rd, Suite 20, Solon, Ohio 44139.

Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government – The Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government operates the Chagrin/Southeast HazMat Response Team. The team was formed in 1990 to assist local fire departments in responding to incidents involving industrial chemicals. The Council of Government has established two subsidiary organizations, the West Shore Hazardous Materials Committee which provides hazardous material protection and assistance, and the West Shore Enforcement Bureau which provides extra assistance to cities in the form of a Swat Team. During 2015, the City contributed \$3,500 to the organization. The Chagrin/Southeast Council of Government financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Finance Director of the Village of Glenwillow, 29555 Pettibone Road, Glenwillow, Ohio 44139.

Valley Enforcement Regional Council of Government – The City is a member of Valley Enforcement Regional Council of Government ("VERCOG"), a jointly governed organization. VERCOG is a regional council of government formed under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. VERCOG was formed to continue to foster cooperation among political subdivisions through sharing of facilities for their common benefit. It includes the supervision and control of the Valley Enforcement Group ("VEG"), which has been a mutual aid organization providing the mutual interchange and sharing of police personnel and police equipment. VERCOG is comprised of communities located within the Chagrin Valley which exercise law enforcement authority under Ohio law and whose law enforcement agency consists of four or more full-time, sworn law enforcement officers. VERCOG is authorized to acquire and own police equipment and other property, to be used by all participating members, and may do any other thing permitted by law to accomplish its general purposes. During 2015, the City paid \$7,000 to VERCOG. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the City of Pepper Pike, 28000 Shaker Boulevard, Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 21: Other Significant Commitments

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

	<u>Encumbrances</u>
General Fund	\$ 241,678
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	48,181
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 289,859

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Pension Employee Retirement System – Traditional Plan

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014			2013
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.027299%		0.027299%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,292,564	\$	3,218,196
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,375,286	\$	3,507,774
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		97.55%		91.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.45%		86.36%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension - Police

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	_	2014	_	2013
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.1145327%		0.1145327%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	5,933,271	\$	5,578,102
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,523,995	\$	3,063,847
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		235.07%		182.06%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		72.20%		73.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension - Fire

Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	_	2014	-	2013
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.1232648%		0.1232648%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,385,631	\$	6,003,382
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,199,738	\$	2,607,969
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		290.29%		230.19%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		72.20%		73.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City Contributions Ohio Public Employee Retirement System – Traditional Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually-required contribution	\$	424,013	\$ 405,034	\$ 456,011	\$ 435,847	\$ 319,933
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	-	(424,013)	(405,034)	(456,011)	(435,847)	(319,933)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City covered-employee payroll	\$	3,533,438	\$ 3,375,286	\$ 3,507,774	\$ 4,358,466	\$ 3,199,331
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.00%	12.00%	13.00%	10.00%	10.00%
	-	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually-required contribution	\$	282,804	\$ 300,504	\$ 260,850	\$ 321,186	\$ 349,322
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	-	(282,804)	(300,504)	(260,850)	(321,186)	(349,322)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City covered-employee payroll	\$	3,142,269	\$ 3,535,343	\$ 3,726,434	\$ 3,846,540	\$ 3,796,979
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.00%	8.50%	7.00%	8.35%	9.20%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund - Police

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually-required contribution	\$	511,259	\$ 479,559	\$ 486,641	\$ 332,201	\$ 315,146
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution		(511,259)	(479,559)	(486,641)	(332,201)	(315,146)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City covered-employee payroll	\$	2,690,836	\$ 2,523,995	\$ 3,063,847	\$ 2,605,498	\$ 2,471,733
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		19.00%	19.00%	15.88%	12.75%	12.75%
		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually-required contribution	\$	318,591	\$ 324,726	\$ 352,420	\$ 281,844	\$ 271,040
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	-	(318,591)	(324,726)	(352,420)	(281,844)	(271,040)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
City covered-employee payroll	\$	2,498,753	\$ 2,546,871	\$ 2,764,078	\$ 2,210,541	\$ 2,306,723
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	12.75%	11.75%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund - Fire

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	2015		2014	2013	2012		2011
Contractually-required contribution	\$	539,688	\$	516,938	\$ 531,591	\$ 399,714	\$	403,288
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	-	(539,688)		(516,938)	(531,591)	(399,714)		(403,288)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
City covered-employee payroll	\$	2,296,546	\$	2,199,738	\$ 2,607,969	\$ 2,317,183	\$	2,337,901
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		19.00%		19.00%	15.88%	12.75%		12.75%
	-	2010		2009	2008	2007		2006
Contractually-required contribution	\$	250 172	ф					
	Ψ	358,172	\$	406,236	\$ 382,312	\$ 377,505	\$	335,121
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	Ψ -	(358,172)	5	406,236 (406,236)	\$ 382,312	\$ 377,505 (377,505)	\$	335,121 (335,121)
	-	,	•	,	(382,312)	(377,505)	\$,
contractually-required contribution	-	(358,172)	\$		\$ (382,312)	\$ (377,505)	\$ \$ \$	(335,121)

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. A description of the City's special revenue funds follows:

Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund

The Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund accounts for ninety-two and one half percent (92.5%) of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for street maintenance and repair.

State Highway Fund

The State Highway Fund accounts for seven and one half percent (7.5%) of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of state highways within the City.

Police Salary and Equipment Fund

The Police Salary and Equipment Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied for the payment of salaries and for the purchase of equipment in the police department.

Fire Salary and Equipment Fund

The Fire Salary and Equipment Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied for the payment of salaries and for the purchase of equipment in the fire department.

Street Lighting Fund

The Street Lighting Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied to provide street lighting within the City.

Building Levy Fund

The Building Levy Fund accounts for property tax revenue levied for the payment of repairs to City owned buildings.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

The Law Enforcement Trust Fund accounts for confiscated monies from criminals that are restricted, by state statute, for expenditures that would enhance the police department.

Bureau of Justice Grant Fund

The Bureau of Justice Grant Fund accounts for monies to be expended for safety equipment in the police department.

Fire Pension Fund

The Fire Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of property taxes levied for the payment of employer's pension contributions.

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of property taxes levied for the payment of employer's pension contributions.

DARE Grant Fund

The DARE Grant Fund accounts for grant monies received which are used to educate the public regarding drug abuse and drug abuse prevention.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Community Development Block Grant Fund

The Community Development Block Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the federal government and City matching funds and expenditures as prescribed under the Community Development Block Grant Program.

Juvenile Diversion Program Fund

The Juvenile Diversion Program Fund accounts for monies received from Cuyahoga County to be used to establish or expand community policing programs.

Fire Department Child Safety Grant Fund

The Fire Department Child Safety Grant Fund accounts for monies to be used for fire safety programs for children.

EMS Training and Equipment Grant Fund

The EMS Training and Equipment Grant Fund accounts for monies used for the purchase of computers in the fire department.

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

The Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund accounts for monies used for the purchase of equipment in the police department.

Sidewalk Replacement Fund

The Sidewalk Replacement Fund accounts for monies received from the Cuyahoga County Community Development department for the inspection and improvement of sidewalks within the City. There was no budgetary information for 2015.

COPS Grant Fund

The COPS Grant Fund accounts for monies from the federal government to be used for the purchase of equipment, computer software, and other costs associated with police mobile computing.

FEMA Grant Fund

The FEMA Grant Fund accounts for monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency to be expended on personal protective equipment for use by the fire department.

Cleveland Browns Foundation Fund

The Cleveland Browns Foundation Fund accounts for monies to be used for youth crime prevention programs.

CRA Monitoring Fee Fund

The CRA Monitoring Fee Fund accounts for monies received from companies that have a Community Reinvestment Agreement with the City. Funds are to be used exclusively for the purpose of complying with Section 3735.671 (D) of the Ohio Revised Code.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

The Cleveland Foundation Fund

The Cleveland Foundation Fund accounts for monies received from the Cleveland Foundation to be used for a summer and after school family based prevention program within the City.

Economic Development Stimulus Incentive Grant Fund

The Economic Development Stimulus Incentive Grant Fund accounts for monies received from building permits issued to developers of the Emery Woods Housing Project.

Grass Refuse Fund

The Grass Refuse Fund accounts for monies received from a special assessment to be used for various expenses incurred by the City for upkeep on unkempt lots and/or lawns.

Homeland Security Grant Fund

The Homeland Security Grant Fund accounts for federal grant monies received to provide overtime payments to the service department employees participating in emergency preparedness.

Civic Center Park Restoration Grant Fund

The Civic Center Park Restoration Grant Fund accounts for local grant monies used for the assessment, consultation, and implementation of sewer and drainage requirements; sidewalk repairs, and reconstruction; provision of recreation facilities; and rehabilitation of community housing and code enforcement.

Neighborhood Street Light Fund

The Neighborhood Street Light Fund accounts for funds received from the Cuyahoga County to be used for the neighborhood street light program. No budgetary information for 2015. No balance sheet is shown due to no activity in 2015.

G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund

The G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund accounts for federal grant monies used to implement gang-prevention education activities and programming for elementary school students.

Fire Reporting Grant Fund

The Fire Reporting Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Ohio's Fire Marshall's office to be used towards computers, printers, and accessories to assist in the department's fire reporting requirements, and provide fire protection to the citizens for the community.

2007 NatureWorks Grant Fund

The NatureWorks Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources and City's matching funds. The fund expends funds in compliance with the NatureWorks Local Grant Program State/Local Project Agreement, which includes: new playground equipment and various other improvements at the Green Road Civic Center and Park. There was no budgetary information for 2015.

2008 G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund

The G.R.E.A.T. Grant Fund accounts for federal grant monies used to implement gang prevention education activities and programming for elementary school students. The 2008 grant is a subsequent grant to the 2007 G.R.E.A.T. Grant.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Residential Demolition Fund

The Residential Demolition Fund accounts for monies to be used for asbestos remediation and demolition of properties deemed blighted by the City.

Master Plan Grant Fund

The Master Plan Grant Fund accounts for revenues received from the Cuyahoga County Department of Development to be used for maintaining the City's master plan which is a plan to create and maintain a quality way of life for the City's residents and businesses in both the immediate and longer-term future. There was no budgetary information for 2015.

Warrensville Heights Occupancy Program Fund

The Warrensville Heights Occupancy Program Fund accounts for fees received to be used for compliance monitoring of companies participating in the program.

EMS Computer Grant Fund

The EMS Computer Grant Fund accounts for monies from the state to be used for the purchase of equipment, computer software, and other costs associated with EMS mobile computing.

Cuyahoga County Municipal Grant Fund

The Cuyahoga County Municipal Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Cuyahoga County Municipal Grant Program to be used for the resurfacing at Miles Landing. No balance sheet is shown due to no activity in 2015.

Continuing Professional Training Program Fund

The Continuing Professional Training Program Fund accounts for funds received from the State of Ohio Continuing Professional Training Program to be used for law enforcement continuing professional training.

Ohio Bureau Workers Compensation Intervention Grant

The Ohio Bureau Workers Compensation Intervention Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers Compensation to be used for capital outlay equipment.

Community Recycling Grant Fund

The Community Recycling Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Cuyahoga County Solid Waste District to be used for community recycling programs. No balance sheet is shown due to no activity in 2015.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital project funds are established to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. A description of the City's capital project funds follows:

Street Improvement Fund

The Street Improvement Fund accounts for grant monies and note proceeds used for the improvement of streets and curbs within the City. There was no budgetary information in 2015.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Building Repair and Improvement Fund

The Building Repair and Improvement Fund accounts for resources to be used for improving and refurbishing City owned buildings. There was no budgetary information for 2015. No balance sheet is shown due to no activity in 2015.

Information Technology System Fund

The Information Technology System Fund accounts for resources to be used for purchasing computer hardware, application software, network telephone systems and other technology system upgrades. There was no budgetary information for 2015.

Land Acquisition Fund

The Land Acquisition Fund accounts for resources set aside for future economic growth and development.

Emery Woods Project Fund

The Emery Woods Project Fund accounts for note proceeds used to pay for the costs of constructing a new development in the City which will consist of new houses.

Generators Fund

The Generator Fund accounts for monies received from a note issuance to be used for the purchase and installation of a generator at City Hall.

City Hall Boiler Replacement Fund

The City Hall Boiler Replacement Fund accounts for monies received from a NOPEC "Powering Our Communities" grant that will be used to replace the City Hall's boiler. There was no budgetary information for 2015.

Cinema Park Fund

The Cinema Park Fund accounts for note proceeds used to pay for the costs of the infrastructure improvements at a housing development project.

Town Center Project Fund

The Town Center Project Fund accounts for note proceeds used to pay for the costs of constructing projects within the City's Town Center project.

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2015

	_	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	-	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:	Φ.	0=0.4=0	Φ.		Φ.	4 500 0 70		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$,	\$	658,575	\$	1,629,053		
Intergovernmental receivable		270,070		-		270,070		
Property and other taxes receivable	_	626,341	-			626,341		
Total assets	\$ _	1,866,889	\$	658,575	\$	2,525,464		
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund bal Liabilities:	ances	::						
Accounts payable	\$	98,762	\$	9,422	\$	108,184		
Interfund payable		69,222		5,973		75,195		
Notes payable		-		98,482		98,482		
Total liabilities		167,984	-	113,877		281,861		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes		478,863		-		478,863		
Unearned revenues		343,212	_			343,212		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	822,075	-			822,075		
Fund balances:								
Restricted		741,363		624,382		1,365,745		
Committed		194,996		-		194,996		
Unassigned		(59,529)	_	(79,684)		(139,213)		
Total fund balances	_	876,830	-	544,698		1,421,528		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$ _	1,866,889	\$	658,575	\$	<u>2,525,464</u>		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2015

	<u>-</u>	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	_	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	497,739	\$	-	\$,
Other local taxes		7,178		-	7,178
Intergovernmental		733,931		-	733,931
Interest income		324		-	324
Fines and forfeitures		14,790		-	14,790
Charges for services		42,391		-	42,391
All other revenues	-	236	-	766	1,002
Total revenues	-	1,296,589	-	766	1,297,355
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property:					
Police and others		444,812		-	444,812
Fire		197,694		-	197,694
Community development		407,074		-	407,074
Leisure time activity		660		-	660
Transportation		582,856		431,501	1,014,357
General government		42,139		-	42,139
Capital outlay		-		105,879	105,879
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	1,051	1,051
Total expenditures	-	1,675,235	-	538,431	2,213,666
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(378,646)		(537,665)	(916,311)
Other financing sources:					
Transfer – in		457,289		921,518	1,378,807
	-		-		<u></u>
Net change in fund balances		78,643		383,853	462,496
Fund balances – beginning of year	-	798,187	-	160,845	959,032
Fund balances – end of year	\$	876,830	\$	544,698	\$ 1,421,528

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

December 31, 2015

Assets:		Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair		State Highway	_	Police Salary and Equipment		Fire Salary and Equipment
Equity in pooled cash	Φ	07.026	Ф	6.205	Ф	10.705	Φ	14761
and cash equivalents	\$	87,026	\$	6,395	\$	13,785	\$	14,761
Intergovernmental receivable		232,830		13,597		3,306 106,419		2,987 106,419
Property and other taxes receivable Total assets	\$	319,856	\$	19,992	\$	123,510	\$	124,167
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Interfund payable Total liabilities	\$	20 - 20	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes		_		-		81,600		81,600
Unearned revenues		163,669		8,422		28,125		27,806
Total deferred inflows of resources		163,669		8,422		109,725		109,406
Fund balances:								
Restricted		156,167		11,570		13,785		14,761
Committed		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total fund balances (deficits)		156,167		11,570		13,785		14,761
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	319,856	\$	19,992	\$	123,510	\$	124,167

-	Street <u>Lighting</u>	Building Levy	Law Enforcement Trust	Bureau of Justice Grant	-	Fire Pension	Police Pension	-	DARE Grant
\$ \$	37,638 \$ 8,903 207,538 254,079 \$	4,954 2,787 75,115 82,856	31,470 - - 31,470	11,423 - - 11,423	· -	4,610 2,989 65,425 73,024	4,167 2,671 65,425 72,263	\$ \$	63,985 - - 63,985
\$	40,743 \$	1,462 - 1,462	\$ - - -	\$ - 148 148	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ -	- - -
	158,331 58,110 216,441	57,398 20,504 77,902	- - -	- - -	-	49,967 18,447 68,414	49,967 18,129 68,096	-	- - -
-	(3,105) (3,105)	3,492 - - 3,492	31,470 - - 31,470	11,275	-	4,610 - - 4,610	4,167 - - 4,167	-	63,985 - - 63,985
\$	<u>254,079</u> \$	82,856	\$ 31,470	\$ 11,423	\$	73,024	\$ 72,263	\$ _	63,985

(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

December 31, 2015

	Community Development Block Grant	Juvenile Diversion Program	Fire Department Child Safety Grant	ı	EMS Training and Equipment Grant	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$ 4,544	\$ 10,121	\$ 808	\$	1,482	
Intergovernmental receivable	-	-	-		-	
Property and other taxes receivable						
Total assets	\$ 4,544	\$ 10,121	\$ 808	\$	1,482	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Interfund payable	27,919					
Total liabilities	27,919					
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes	-	-	-		-	
Unearned revenues	_					
Total deferred inflows of resources						
Fund balances:						
Restricted	-	10,121	808		1,482	
Committed	-	_	-		-	
Unassigned	(23,375)	_				
Total fund balances (deficits)	(23,375)	10,121	808		1,482	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 4,544	\$ 10,121	\$ 808	\$	1,482	

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Sidewalk Replacement		COPS Grant	FEMA Grant	Cleveland Browns Foundation	CRA Monitoring Fee	The Cleveland Foundation	
\$ 21	\$ 7,104	\$	26,574	\$	30,521	\$ 568	\$ 149,161 -	\$ 4,819
\$ 21	\$ 7,104	\$	26,574	\$	30,521	\$ 568	\$ 149,161	\$ 4,819
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<u>-</u>	-	-	21,566 21,566		<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>		-
- - -	- - -	-	- - -	•	- - -	- - -		- - -
21	7,104	_	5,008		30,521	568	- 149,161	4,819
21	7,104	-	5,008		30,521	568	149,161	4,819
\$ 21	\$ 7,104	\$	26,574	\$	30,521	\$ 568	\$ 149,161	\$ 4,819
								(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

December 31, 2015

	Γ	Economic Development Stimulus centive Grant	_	Grass Refuse	Homeland Security <u>Grant</u>			Civic Center Park Restoration Grant	
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash								• • • • • •	
and cash equivalents	\$	28,150	\$	3,077	\$	1,999	\$	38,808	
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		-		-	
Property and other taxes receivable Total assets	φ –	28,150	\$	3,077	\$	1,999	\$	38,808	
Total assets	\$ _	28,130	ф ⁼	3,077	Þ	1,999	Ф	30,000	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resource and fund balances: Liabilities:	s								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	3,206	9	5 -	\$	_	
Interfund payable		-	·	-		_	·	-	
Total liabilities	_		_	3,206					
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Property taxes		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues	_		_		_				
Total deferred inflows of resources	_								
Fund balances:									
Restricted		-		-		1,999		38,808	
Committed		28,150		-		-		-	
Unassigned	_		_	(129)	_				
Total fund balances (deficits)	_	28,150	_	(129)	-	1,999		38,808	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	of								
resources and fund balances	\$ _	28,150	\$ _	3,077	\$	1,999	\$	38,808	

G.R.E.A.T. Grant	Fire Reporting Grant	2007 NatureWorks <u>Grant</u>	2008 G.R.E.A.T. Grant		Residential Demolition	Master Plan Grant
\$ 3,668	\$ 188	\$ - -	\$ 29,342	9	\$ 261,031	\$ 25,353
\$ 3,668	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 29,342	9	261,031	\$ 25,353
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 19,589 19,589	\$ - - -		\$ - 	\$ - - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -
3,668	188 - - - 188	(19,589) (19,589)	29,342 - - 29,342		261,031 - - 261,031	25,353 - - 25,353
\$ 3,668	\$ 188	\$ 	\$ 29,342	9	\$261,031	\$ 25,353

(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

December 31, 2015

		Varrensville Heights Occupancy <u>Program</u>		EMS Computer Grant		Prof	ntinuing Tessional
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and							
cash equivalents	\$	17,685	\$	3,000		\$	2,240
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-			-
Property and other taxes receivable	_	-				4	-
Total assets	\$ _	17,685	\$	3,000		\$	2,240
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$		_
Interfund payable	_	_	_	_	_		_
Total liabilities	_	-		-			
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property taxes		_		_			_
Unearned revenues		_		_			_
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	_		_			-
Fund balances:							
Restricted		_		3,000			2,240
Committed		17,685		5,000			2,240
Unassigned		-		_			_
Total fund balances (deficits)	_	17,685	•	3,000			2,240
(/	_	,000	•	2,200			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$ _	17,685	\$	3,000	\$		2,240

	Ohio BWC Safety Intervention	Nonmajor Special Revenue
	Grant	Funds
\$	40,000	\$ 970,478
	-	270,070 626,341
\$	40,000	\$ <u>1,866,889</u>
\$	53,331	\$ 98,762 69,222 167,984
	- - -	478,863 343,212 822,075
\$	(13,331) (13,331) 40,000	741,363 194,996 (59,529) 876,830 \$
Ψ	10,000	\$ <u>1,000,007</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

	Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair	State <u>Highway</u>	Police Salary and Equipment	Fire Salary and Equipment
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,014	\$ 80,014
Other local taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	453,076	36,304	6,612	5,975
Interest income	272	52	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
All other revenue				
Total revenues	453,348	36,356	86,626	85,989
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property:				
Police and others	-	_	83,700	-
Fire	_	_	_	76,000
Community development	_	_	_	· -
Leisure time activities	_	_	_	-
Transportation	449,107	42,347	_	-
General government	_	-	_	_
Total expenditures	449,107	42,347	83,700	76,000
Excess of revenues				
under expenditures	4,241	(5,991)	2,926	9,989
Other financing Sources:				
Transfers-in				
Net change in fund balances	4,241	(5,991)	2,926	9,989
Fund balances (deficits) – beginning of year	151,926	17,561	10,859	4,772
Fund balances (deficits) – end of year	\$ 156,167	\$ S <u>11,570</u>	\$ 13,785	\$ 14,761

	Street Lighting	Building Levy	I _	Law Enforcement Trust	-	Bureau of Justice Grant	-	Fire Pension		Police Pension	-	DARE Grant
\$	161,756	\$ 72,911	\$	_	\$	_	\$	51,522	\$	51,522	\$	_
	4,486	· -		-		-		1,346		1,346		_
	17,805	3,184		-		2,270		5,977		5,340		8,000
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	_		-	-	-		_	-	-	-
	184,047	76,095			-	2,270		58,845	_	58,208	-	8,000
	220 077			49.022						65.000		
	238,877	-		48,022		-		65,000		65,000		-
	-	1,462		-		-		65,000		-		-
	-	1,402		-		_		_		_		_
	_	91,402		_		_		_		_		_
	_	4,624		_		_		_		_		_
•	238,877	97,488	-	48,022	•	_	•	65,000	_	65,000	-	_
-	(54,830)	(21,393)		(48,022)		2,270	•	(6,155)	_	(6,792)	-	8,000
			_		-				_		-	
	(54,830)	(21,393)		(48,022)		2,270		(6,155)		(6,792)		8,000
	51,725	24,885	_	79,492	-	9,005		10,765	_	10,959	_	55,985
\$	(3,105)	\$3,492	\$_	31,470	\$	11,275	\$	4,610	\$_	4,167	\$	63,985

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

	Dev	mmunity relopment ock Grant		Juvenile Diversion Program		Fire Department Child Safety Grant		EMS Training and Equipment Grant
Revenues:	ф		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other local taxes		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		3,640		-		-
Interest income		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
All other revenue				236				
Total revenues				3,876				
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property:								
Police and others		_		7,838		_		_
Fire		_		-		_		3,363
Community development		27,939		_		_		-
Leisure time activities		27,555		_		_		_
Transportation		_		_		_		_
General government		_		_				_
Total expenditures		27,939		7,838				3,363
Total expellentures	-	21,939		7,030				5,505
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(27,939)		(3,962)		-		(3,363)
Other financing Sources: Transfers-in								
Net change in fund balances		(27,939)		(3,962)		-		(3,363)
Fund balances (deficits) – beginning of year		4,564		14,083		808		4,845
Fund balances (deficits) – end of year	\$	(23,375)	\$	10,121	\$	808	\$	1,482

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant		ewalk acement	-	COPS Grant	-	FEMA Grant		Cleveland Browns Foundation	_	CRA Monitoring Fee	The Cleveland Foundation
\$ _	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
-		-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-		14700	-
-		-		-		-		-		14,790	-
-		-		-		-		-		22,725	-
		 _	-		-		-		-	37,515	
_		_		1,375		_		-		_	-
-		-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-		- 27 515	-
-	-		-	1,375	-		-		-	37,515 37,515	-
			-	1,373	-		-		_	37,313	
-		-		(1,375)		-		-		-	-
-			-		-		-		_	<u>-</u>	
-		-		(1,375)		-		-		-	-
21		7,104	-	6,383	-	30,521	-	568	=	149,161	4,819
\$ 21	\$	7,104	\$	5,008	\$	30,521	\$	568	\$ _	149,161	\$ 4,819

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

	Dev St	onomic elopment imulus tive Grant	_	Grass Refuse		Homeland Security Grant		Civic Center Park Restoration Grant	Ne	eighborhood Street Light
Revenues:	ф		ф		ф		ф		Ф	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other local taxes		-		-		-		-		- 550
Intergovernmental Interest income		-		-		-		-		559
		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		16.666		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		16,666		-		-		-
All other revenue			-	16.666					-	<u>-</u>
Total revenues			-	16,666					-	559
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Security of persons and property:										
Police and others										
Fire		_		_		_		_		_
Community development		_		39,095		_		_		_
Leisure time activities		_		37,073		_		_		_
Transportation				_		_		_		_
General government		_		_		_		_		_
Total expenditures	-		-	39,095					-	
Total expenditures			-	37,073					-	
Excess of revenues										
under expenditures		_		(22,429)		_		_		559
under expenditures		_		(22,42))		_		_		337
Other financing sources:										
Transfers – in		_		_		_		_		_
Transfers in			-						-	
Net change in fund balances		_		(22,429)		_		_		559
The change in fame calances				(==, :=>)						
Fund balances (deficits) –										
beginning of year		28,150		22,300		1,999		38,808		(559)
		,	_	<u>,</u>		<u> </u>			_	
Fund balances (deficits) – end of year	\$	28,150	\$ _	(129)	\$	1,999	\$	38,808	\$ =	

G.R.E.A.T. Grant	Fire Reporti Grant		2007 NatureWorks <u>Grant</u>		2008 G.R.E.A.T. Grant		esidential emolition	_	Master Plan Grant
\$ -	\$	- 5	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
	-					_		-	
		_				_		-	
- - - - - -		- - - - -	- - - - - -		- - - - - -	_	- - - - - -	-	- - - - - -
-		-	-		-		-		-
							261,000	-	
-		-	-		-		261,000		-
3,668		<u>188</u>	(19,589)	•	29,342	_	31	_	25,353
\$ 3,668	\$	<u>188</u> S	\$ (19,589)	\$	29,342	\$	261,031	\$ _	25,353

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

	Warrensville Heights Occupancy <u>Program</u>		_	EMS Computer Grant	Cuyahoga County Municipal Grant Program		Continuing Professional Training	
Revenues:	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Other local taxes		-		-		-	-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		142,949	2,240	
Interest income		-		-		-	-	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	-	
Charges for services		3,000		-		-	-	
All other revenue	_	- 2 000	_	<u> </u>	_	1 12 0 10	- 2 2 40	
Total revenues	_	3,000	_	<u> </u>		142,949	2,240	
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property:								
Police and others		-		-		-	-	
Fire		-		-		-	-	
Community development		-		-		337,395	-	
Leisure time activities		_		-		_	-	
Transportation		_		_		_	-	
General government		_		-		_	-	
Total expenditures	_	-	_	_		337,395		
•	_							
Excess of revenues								
under expenditures		3,000		-		(194,446)	2,240	
Other financing sources: Transfers – in	_		_			194,446		
Net change in fund balances		3,000		-		-	2,240	
Fund balances (deficits) – beginning of year	_	14,685	_	3,000	_			
Fund balances (deficits) – end of year	\$ ₌	17,685	\$ _	3,000	\$		\$	

Ohio BWC Safety Intervention Grant		Community Recycling Grant	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$ - 40,000 - - - - - 40,000	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 497,739 7,178 733,931 324 14,790 42,391 236 1,296,589		
53,331	-	1,183 660 - - 1,843	444,812 197,694 407,074 660 582,856 42,139 1,675,235		
(13,331)		(1,843) 1,843	(378,646) 457,289		
(13,331)	_	-	78,643		
	-	<u> </u>	798,187		
\$ (13,331)	9	S	\$ 876,830		

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

December 31, 2015

	<u>In</u>	Street nprovement		Information Technology System	_	Land Acquisition	_	Emery Woods Project
Assets:		-		•		-		· ·
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	549,951	\$_	305	\$	18,798	\$	59,312
Total assets	\$_	549,951	\$_	305	\$	18,798	\$	59,312
Liabilities and fund balances:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	8,913	\$	-	\$	-	\$	509
Interfund payable		-		-		-		-
Notes payable						98,482		
Total liabilities	_	8,913	_			98,482		509
Fund balances:								
Restricted		541,038		305		-		58,803
Unassigned		<u> </u>				(79,684)		<u> </u>
Total fund balances								
(deficits)		541,038		305		(79,684)		58,803
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	549,951	\$ _	305	\$	18,798	\$	59,312

	Generators		City Hall Boiler Replacement		Cinema Park	-	Town Center Project Fund		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ \$	10,666 10,666	\$ \$	950 950	\$	1,821 1,821	\$ <u> </u>	16,772 16,772	\$ \$	658,575 658,575
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	5,973 - 5,973	\$	9,422 5,973 98,482 113,877
	10,666		950	•	1,821	-	10,799		624,382 (79,684)
\$	10,666 10,666	\$	950 950	\$	1,821 1,821	\$	10,799 16,772	\$	544,698 658,575

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

	Street Improvement	Building Repair and Improvement	Information Technology System	Land Acquisition	Emery Woods Project
Revenues: All other revenues	\$	\$340	\$	\$\$	<u> </u>
Expenditures: Current: Transportation Capital outlay Debt Service:	416,762	- -	- -	- 97,298	6,781 -
Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	416,762			1,051 98,349	6,781
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(416,762)	340		(98,349)	(6,781)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	775,000			146,518	
Net change in fund balances	358,238	340	-	48,169	(6,781)
Fund balances (deficits) beginning of year	182,800	(340)	305	(127,853)	65,584
Fund balances (deficits) end of year	\$541,038	\$	\$305	\$(79,684) \$	58,803

Generators	City Hall Boiler <u>Replacement</u>	Cinema Park	Town Center Project Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ 	\$	\$426	\$	\$ 766
- -	- -	7,958 -	- 8,581	431,501 105,879
<u> </u>		7,958	8,581	1,051 538,431
-	-	(7,532)	(8,581)	(537,665)
			<u> </u>	921,518
-	-	(7,532)	(8,581)	383,853
10,666	950	9,353	19,380	160,845
\$ 10,666	\$950	\$1,821	\$10,799	\$544,698

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds

December 31, 2015

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental units. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of operations.

Developers' Deposits Fund

The Developers Deposits Fund accounts for deposits from contractors, held by the City, to insure compliance with various City ordinances regarding development within the City.

Senior Civic Center Rental Fund

The Senior Civic Center Rental Fund accounts for monies received as security deposit for rental of the civic and senior center.

Payroll Clearing Fund

The Payroll Clearing Fund accounts for payroll deductions collected for other governmental units or entities.

Self-Insurance Fund

The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for payroll deductions collected for health care self-insurance.

Tax Incentive Fund

The Tax Incentive Fund accounts for tax incentive activity related to the economic development of the City.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds

December 31, 2015

Developers' Deposits Fund	Beginning Balance 12/31/2014	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 12/31/2015
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$44,753	\$221,204	\$131,470	\$134,487
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$44,753	\$221,204	\$131,470	\$134,487
Senior Civic Center Rental Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$330	\$	\$1,450	\$1,180
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$330	\$	\$1,450_	\$1,180
Payroll Clearing Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$175,138	\$13,398	\$	\$ <u>188,536</u>
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$175,138	\$13,398	\$	\$ <u>188,536</u>
Self-Insurance Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$10,031	\$ 62,467	\$	\$72,498
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$10,031	\$ 62,467	\$	\$72,498
Tax Incentive Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$361,634	\$ <u>361,634</u>	\$
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$	\$361,634	\$361,634	\$
Total All Agency Funds Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$230,252	\$661,003	\$ <u>494,554</u>	\$396,701
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$ <u>230,252</u>	\$661,003	\$ <u>494,554</u>	\$396,701

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non – GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund

		dget			Variance with Final Budget Positive
_	<u>Original</u>		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 387,246	\$	387,246	\$ 355,350	\$ ` ' '
Municipal income taxes	15,337,397		17,009,988	16,676,640	(333,348)
Other local taxes	268,920		298,991	294,619	(4,372)
Intergovernmental	492,334		547,389	539,384	(8,005)
Charges for Services	513,299		570,698	562,353	(8,345)
Licenses and permits	550,803		612,396	603,441	(8,955)
Fines and forfeitures	113,187		125,844	124,004	(1,840)
Interest	11,275		12,536	12,353	(183)
All other revenues	125,239		139,243	137,207	(2,036)
Total revenues	17,799,700		19,704,331	19,305,351	(398,980)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property:					
Police department:					
Personal services	4,202,756		4,444,256	4,435,804	8,452
Materials and supplies	358,981		358,981	276,887	82,094
Contractual services	304,936		304,936	199,564	105,372
Capital outlay	30,000		30,000	7,206	22,794
Total police department	4,896,673		5,138,173	4,919,461	218,712
Fire department:					
Personal services	3,213,417		3,398,417	3,375,472	22,945
Materials and supplies	244,889		244,889	211,139	33,750
Contractual services	83,394		43,394	26,982	16,412
Capital outlay	5,000		5,000	2,720	2,280
Total fire department	3,546,700		3,691,700	3,616,313	75,387
Total security of persons and property	8,443,373		8,829,873	8,535,774	294,099
	6,443,373		0,047,073	0,333,774	294,099
Public health services:					
Professional services:					
Contractual services	53,000		53,100	53,085	15
Leisure time activities:					
Community activities:					
Personal services	64,614		64,614	60,570	4,044
Materials and supplies	175,644		185,644	149,548	36,096
Contractual services	9,193		9,193	<u>951</u>	8,242
Total community activities	249,451		259,451	211,069	48,382
					Continued

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund

	Ru	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Civic center:				
Personal services	229,131	229,131	195,109	34,022
Materials and supplies	54,400	54,400	47,728	6,672
Total civic center	283,531	283,531	242,837	40,694
Total leisure time activities	532,982	542,982	453,906	89,076
Community development: Economic development:				
Personal services	92,561	92,561	91,015	1,546
Materials and supplies	7,442	7,942	4,679	3,263
Contractual services	280	280	277	3
Total economic development	100,283	100,783	95,971	4,812
Building department:				
Personal services	477,099	477,099	473,902	3,197
Materials and supplies	40,900	40,900	18,000	22,900
Contractual services	15,000	15,000	11,468	3,532
Capital Outlay	3,000	3,000		3,000
Total building department	535,999	<u>535,999</u>	503,370	32,629
Total community development	636,282	636,782	599,341	37,441
Basic utility services: Solid waste:				
Personal services	1,352,846	1,352,846	1,352,846	-
Contractual services	138,838	138,838	137,916	922
Total basic utility services	1,491,684	1,491,684	1,490,762	922
Transportation: Service department:				
Personal services	369,468	645,468	629,462	16,006
Materials and supplies	775,125	800,125	769,165	30,960
Contractual services	63,037	63,037	52,293	10,744
Capital Outlay	<u> </u>	21,000	8,553	12,447
Total Transportation	1,207,630	1,529,630	1,459,473	70,157
				Continued

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund (continued)

				Continued Variance with Final Budget
	Budg	get		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General government:				
City council:				
Personal services	179,942	185,342	185,159	183
Materials and supplies	148,627	148,627	95,922	52,705
Contractual services	4,000	4,000	3,645	355
Total city council	332,569	337,969	<u>284,726</u>	53,243
Mayor:				
Personal services	318,481	321,981	320,905	1,076
Materials and supplies	36,030	36,030	30,193	5,837
Contractual services	541	541	532	9
Total mayor	355,052	358,552	351,630	6,922
Finance department:				
Personal services	368,745	373,245	369,944	3,301
Materials and supplies	11,365	11,365	6,804	4,561
Total finance department	380,110	384,610	376,748	7,862
Municipal income tax:				
Personal services	34,939	38,939	38,415	524
Materials and supplies	1,200	1,200	733	467
Contractual services	1,070,000	1,097,500	431,983	665,517
Total municipal income tax	1,106,139	1,137,639	471,131	666,508
Legal:				
Personal services	81,919	88,419	83,339	5,080
Materials and supplies	12,860	12,860	3,215	9,645
Contractual services	174,000	221,500	207,225	14,275
Total legal	268,779	322,779	293,779	29,000
Human resources:				
Personal services	104,812	104,812	104,458	354
Materials and supplies	19,600	19,600	1,402	18,198
Contractual services	6,935	6,935	6,049	886
Total human resources	131,347	131,347	111,909	19,438
				Continued

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund (continued)

	Bud	get		Continued Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Board commissions:				<u>(110gaarto)</u>
Personal services	12,184	17,184	13,445	3,739
Materials and supplies	3,100	3,100	<u>273</u>	2,827
Total boards and commissions	15,284	20,284	13,718	6,566
Engineering:				
Contractual services	60,000	60,000	30,129	29,871
Election:				
Contractual services	40,000	40,000		40,000
Information technology:				
Contractual services	248,413	273,413	250,226	23,187
Lands and buildings:				
Materials and supplies	333,032	452,032	437,466	14,566
Contractual services	165,919	295,919	279,918	16,001
Capital outlay		10,000	<u>278</u>	9,722
Total lands and buildings	498,951	<u>757,951</u>	717,662	40,289
Other government:				
Personal services	57,964	69,264	68,547	717
Materials and supplies	65,400	90,400	86,814	3,586
Contractual services	934,141	898,600	896,518	2,082
Total other government	1,057,505	1,058,264	1,051,879	6,385
Total general government	4,494,149	4,882,808	3,953,537	929,271
Debt Service				
Principal retirement		81,541	81,541	
Total expenditures	16,859,100	18,048,400	16,627,419	1,420,981
cess of revenues over				
under) expenditures	940,600	1,655,931	2,677,932	1,002,001

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund (continued)

				Continued Variance with
	Buc	dget		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers – out	(1,573,000)	(2,255,289)	(2,232,289)	23,000
Net change in fund balance	(632,400)	(599,358)	445,643	1,045,001
Fund balance – beginning of year	4,530,395	4,530,395	4,530,395	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	238,213	238,213	238,213	<u> </u>
Fund balance – end of year \$	4,136,210	\$ <u>4,169,250</u>	\$ 5,214,251	\$1,045,001

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

		Buo	dget				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	_	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:		-					-	
Property taxes	\$	380,826	\$	380,826	\$ 343,456	\$	(37,370)	
Other local taxes		75,966		56,437	55,841		(596)	
Intergovernmental		48,444		35,990	35,610		(380)	
Special assessments		708,614		526,446	520,889		(5,557)	
All other revenues		11,238		11,238	12,414		1,176	
Total revenues	_	1,225,088		1,010,937	968,210	•	(42,727)	
Expenditures:								
Debt Service:								
Principal		4,095,000		4,335,900	4,315,000		20,900	
Interest and fiscal charges		817,124		837,124	824,695		12,429	
Total expenditures	_	4,912,124		5,173,024	5,139,695		33,329	
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(3,687,036)		(4,162,087)	(4,171,485)		(9,398)	
Other financing sources (uses):		2 2 4 2 6 6 6		4 677 000	2 116 510		(1.550.450)	
Issuance of Debt		3,342,666		4,675,990	3,116,518		(1,559,472)	
Transfers – in	_	901,073		901,073	1,000,000		98,927	
Total other financing sources		4,243,739		5,577,063	4,116,518		(1,460,545)	
Net change in fund balance		556,706		1,414,976	(54,967)		(1,469,943)	
Fund balance – beginning of the year	_	988,389		988,389	988,389			
Fund balance – end of year	\$ _	1,545,092	\$	2,403,365	\$ 933,422	\$	(1,469,943)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Street Construction, Maintenance, and Repair Fund

		dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
<i>T</i>	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	4.50.500	A 450 500	.	.
Intergovernmental	\$ 459,729	\$ 459,729	\$ 461,219	\$ 1,490
Interest income	<u>271</u>	<u> 271</u>	272	<u> </u>
Total revenues	460,000	460,000	461,491	1,491
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation:				
Personal services	282,797	237,797	175,000	62,797
Materials and supplies	142,063	187,063	182,245	4,818
Utility services	62,032	62,032	61,960	72
Contractual services	40,937	40,937	37,568	3,369
Total expenditures	527,829	527,829	456,773	71,056
Net change in fund balance	(67,829)	(67,829)	4,718	72,547
Fund balance – beginning of year	51,640	51,640	51,640	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	29,829	29,829	29,829	
Fund balance (deficit) – end of year	\$13,640	\$13,640	\$86,187	\$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – State Highway Fund

		Dudget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	0::	Budget			. 1		
To the state of th	<u>Origina</u>	<u> </u>	Final	A	ctual	-	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 25,9	64 \$	25,965	\$	37,396	\$	11,431
Interest income		<u> 36</u>	35		52	-	17
Total revenues	26,0	<u>00</u>	26,000		37,448	-	11,448
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation:							
Personal services	45,0	00	45,000		40,800		4,200
Vehicle repairs	1,5	43	1,543		1,547		(4)
Materials and supplies	•	54	454		-		454
Total expenditures	46,9		46,997		42,347	-	4,650
Net change in fund balance	(20,9	97)	(20,997)		(4,899)		16,098
Fund balance – beginning of year	9,2	97	9,297		9,297		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,9	<u>97</u>	1,997		1,997	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$(9,7	03) \$_	(9,703)	\$	6,395	\$	16,098

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Police Salary and Equipment Fund

		Ru	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original Original	uget	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	_		_		_			
Property taxes	\$	80,959	\$	80,959	\$	80,014	\$	(945)
Intergovernmental		6,612	_	6,612		6,612	-	
Total revenues	_	87,571	_	87,571	_	86,626	-	(945)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property:								
Police and others:								
Personal services	_	83,700	-	83,700	_	83,700	-	
Net change in fund balance		3,871		3,871		2,926		(945)
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	10,859	_	10,859	_	10,859	-	<u> </u>
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	14,730	\$ _	14,730	\$ _	13,785	\$	(945)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Fire Salary and Equipment Fund

	D.,	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	ugei	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	 	_		_		-	(= & /
Property taxes	\$ 80,959	\$	80,959	\$	80,014	\$	(945)
Intergovernmental	 6,612	_	6,612	_	5,975	_	(637)
Total revenues	 87,571	_	87,571	_	85,989	-	(1,582)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property: Fire:							
Personal services	 83,700	_	83,700	_	76,000	-	7,700
Net change in fund balance	3,871		3,871		9,989		6,118
Fund balance – beginning of year	 4,772	_	4,772	_	4,772	.=	<u> </u>
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 8,643	\$ _	8,643	\$_	14,761	\$	6,118

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Street Lighting Fund

		Buc	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	_						•	
Property taxes	\$	157,438	\$	157,438	\$	161,756	\$	4,318
Other local taxes		4,366		4,366		4,486		120
Intergovernmental	_	17,330	_	17,330	_	17,805	_	475
Total revenues	_	179,134	_	179,134	-	184,047	-	4,913
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development:								
Contractual services	_	250,000	_	260,000	-	239,776	-	20,224
Net change in fund balance		(70,866)		(80,866)		(55,729)		25,137
Fund balance – beginning of the year	_	86,985	_	86,985	_	86,985	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	16,119	\$_	6,119	\$	31,256	\$	25,137

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Building Levy Fund

		Duz	last				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-		lget	T' 1		1	
_	_	<u>Original</u>	_	Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	58,131	\$	58,131	\$	72,911	\$ 14,780
Intergovernmental		4,443	_	4,443	_	5,573	1,130
Total revenues	_	62,574	_	62,574	_	78,484	15,910
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government:							
Materials and supplies		129,326		129,326		114,152	15,174
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000		4,624	376
Total expenditures	_	134,326	_	134,326	-	118,776	15,550
Total expenditures		134,320	_	134,320	-	110,770	13,330
Net change in fund balance		(71,752)		(71,752)		(40,292)	31,460
Fund balance – beginning of year		(2,343)		(2,343)		(2,343)	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	l _	29,326	_	29,326	_	29,326	
Fund balance (deficit) – end of year	\$_	(44,769)	\$ _	(44,769)	\$ _	(13,309)	\$ 31,460

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Law Enforcement Trust Fund

		Buc	dget				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$ (5,000)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property:								
Police:								
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		4,022	5,978	
Contractual	_	45,000		45,000		44,000	1,000	
Total expenditures	-	55,000	_	55,000		48,022	6,978	
Net change in fund balance		(50,000)		(50,000)		(48,022)	1,978	
Fund balance – beginning of year	=	79,492	_	79,492	_	79,492	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	29,492	\$_	29,492	\$_	31,470	\$ 1,978	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Bureau of Justice Grant Fund

	Bu	dget			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original	_	Final	Actual	(]	Negative)
Revenues:	 			 		
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 2,270	\$	(2,730)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property:						
Police:						
Personal service	 5,000		5,000	 		5,000
Net change in fund balance	-		-	2,270		2,270
Fund balance – beginning of year	 9,153		9,153	 9,153		
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 9,153	\$	9,153	\$ 11,423	\$	2,270

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Fire Pension Fund

	_	Bu Original	dget	Einal		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues:	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	•	(Negative)
	\$	51,381	\$	51,381	\$	51,522	\$	141
Property taxes	Ф	•	Ф	•	Ф	•	Ф	
Other local taxes		1,055		1,055		1,346		291
Intergovernmental	_	4,687	_	4,687	_	5,977		1,290
Total revenues	_	57,123	_	57,123	-	58,845	-	1,722
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property: Fire:								
Personal services		65,000		65,000		65,000		
r ersonar services	_	03,000	_	03,000	-	05,000		
Net change in fund balance		(7,877)		(7,877)		(6,155)		1,722
Fund balance – beginning of year		10,765	_	10,765	_	10,765		
F 11 1 1 6	Ф	2 000	Ф	2.000	Ф	4.610	ф	1 700
Fund balance – end of year	\$	2,888	\$ _	2,888	\$ _	4,610	\$	1,722

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Police Pension Fund

			dget				,	Variance with Final Budget Positive
_	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	50,562	\$	50,562	\$	51,522	\$	960
Other local taxes		1,321		1,321		1,346		25
Intergovernmental		5,240		5,240		5,340		100
Total revenues	_	57,123	_	57,123	_	58,208		1,085
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property: Police:								
Personal services	_	65,000	_	65,000	-	65,000		
Net change in fund balance		(7,877)		(7,877)		(6,792)		1,085
Fund balance – beginning of year		10,959	_	10,959	_	10,959		
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	3,082	\$_	3,082	\$ _	4,167	\$	1,085

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – DARE Grant Fund

		Bu	dget				ariance with inal Budget Positive
	(<u>Original</u>		Final	_	Actual	 (Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	8,000	\$ (17,000)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of persons and property:							
Police:							
Personal services		25,000		25,000			 25,000
Net change in fund balance		-		-		8,000	8,000
Fund balance – beginning of year		55,985		55,985	_	55,985	
Fund balance – end of year	\$	55,985	\$	55,985	\$	63,985	\$ 8,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Community Development Block Grant Fund

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Community development:				-
Contractual services	31,000	32,000	30,739	1,261
Net change in fund balance	(31,000)	(32,000)	(30,739)	1,261
Fund balance – beginning of year	32,483	32,483	32,483	
Fund balance – end of year	\$1,483	\$483_	\$1,744	\$1,261

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Juvenile Diversion Program Fund

		Ru	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	uget	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental	Ф	2,662	Ф	2,662	Ф	4,540	Ф	1,878
All other revenues		138	_	2,800	_	236	-	(2,564)
Total revenues		2,800	_	5,462	_	4,776	-	(686)
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property: Police and others: Personal services		7,800		7,800		7,144		656
Materials and supplies		2,800	_	2,800	_	694	-	2,106
Total expenditures		10,600	_	10,600	_	7,838	-	2,762
Net change in fund balance		(7,800)		(5,138)		(3,062)		2,076
Fund balance – beginning of year		13,183	_	13,183	_	13,183	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$	5,383	\$ _	8,045	\$ _	10,121	\$	2,076

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Fire Department Child Safety Grant Fund

	_	Bue Original	dget	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:								•
Current: Security of persons and property: Fire:								
Materials and supplies	\$_	808	\$_	808	\$_		\$	808
Net change in fund balance		(808)		(808)		-		808
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	808	_	808	=	808	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_		\$_		\$_	808	\$	808

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – EMS Training and Equipment Grant Fund

	Buc	dget				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: All other revenues	 2,000	_	2,000	_		(2,000)
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property: Fire:						
Capital outlay	\$ 6,225	\$_	6,225	\$_	3,363	\$ 2,862
Net change in fund balance	(4,225)		(4,225)		(3,363)	862
Fund balance – beginning of year	 4,845	_	4,845	_	4,845	
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 620	\$_	620	\$_	1,482	\$ <u>862</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

	_	Bu Original	dget	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:							_	
Current: Security of persons and property: Police and others:								
Materials and supplies	\$_	21	\$_	21	\$_		\$_	21
Net change in fund balance		(21)		(21)		-		21
Fund balance – beginning of year	\$_	21	\$_	21	\$_	21	\$_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_		\$_		\$ _	21	\$_	21

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – COPS Grant

	-	Buo Original	lget _	Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of persons and property: Police and others:								
Materials and supplies	\$_	6,382	\$_	6,382	\$_	1,375	\$	5,007
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	_	(21,566)	_	(21,566)	_		-	21,566
Net change in fund balance		(27,948)		(27,948)		(1,375)		26,573
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	27,949	_	27,949	_	27,949	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	1	\$_	1	\$ _	26,574	\$	26,573

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – FEMA Grant

	 <u>Buo</u> Original	dget	Final		Actual		Tariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				_			<u> </u>
All other revenue	\$ 10	\$	10	\$_		\$_	(10)
Other financing (uses): Transfers out	 (30,531)	_	(30,531)	_		_	30,531
Net change in fund balance	(30,521)		(30,521)		-		30,521
Fund balance – beginning of year	 30,521	_	30,521	_	30,521	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 	\$		\$_	30,521	\$_	30,521

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Cleveland Browns Foundation Fund

		dget			1		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 <u>riginal</u>	_	Final	-	Actual	-	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	\$ (567)	\$_	(567)	\$_		\$_	567
Net change in fund balance	(567)		(567)		-		567
Fund balance – beginning of year	 568	_	568	_	568	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 1	\$ _	1	\$ _	568	\$ _	567

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – CRA Monitoring Fee Fund

	_		dget	Einal		A atual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
Revenues:	_	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual	(Negative)
	\$	3,029	\$	3,029	\$	22,725	\$	19,696
Charges for service	Ф	,	Ф	,	Ф	*	Ф	•
Fines and forfeitures	_	1,971		1,971 5,000		14,790		12,819
Total revenues		5,000		5,000		37,515		32,515
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								
Contractual services		45,000		45,000		37,515		7,485
Contractual services		12,000		13,000		37,313		7,103
Net change in fund balance		(40,000)		(40,000)		-		40,000
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	149,161	_	149,161	_	149,161	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$	109,161	\$	109,161	\$	149,161	\$	40,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – The Cleveland Foundation Fund

	_	Buo Original	dget	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current:			_		_	_		
Security of persons & property:								
Materials and supplies	\$_	4,818	\$_	4,818	\$_		\$_	4,818
Net change in fund balance		(4,818)		(4,818)		-		4,818
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	4,819	_	4,819	_	4,819	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	1	\$_	1	\$_	4,819	\$_	4,818

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Economic Development Stimulus Incentive Grant Fund

		Buo Original	dget_	Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current:								
Community development: Materials and supplies	\$_	28,150	\$_	28,150	\$_		\$_	28,150
Net change in fund balance		(28,150)		(28,150)		-		28,150
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	28,150	_	28,150	_	28,150	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_		\$_		\$_	28,150	\$_	28,150

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Grass Refuse Fund

	=	Bud Original	lget_	Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$_	45,000	\$_	45,000	\$_	16,666	\$_	(28,334)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development:								
Contractual services	-	47,800	_	65,600	_	51,546	_	14,054
Net change in fund balance		(2,800)		(20,600)		(34,880)		(14,280)
Fund balance – beginning of year		9,500		9,500		9,500		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	l <u> </u>	12,800	_	12,800	_	12,800	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	19,500	\$ _	1,700	\$ _	(12,580)	\$_	(14,280)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Department of Homeland Security Fund

	_		dget	E:1		A - 4 1		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Expenditures: Current:	_	Original	_	<u>Final</u>	-	Actual	· -	(Negative)
Security of persons & property: Police and others: Personal services	\$_	1,999	\$_	1,999	\$_		\$ _	1,999
Net change in fund balance		(1,999)		(1,999)		-		1,999
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	1,999	_	1,999	_	1,999	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_		\$_		\$_	1,999	\$_	1,999

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Civic Center Park Restoration Fund

		Buc	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	\$_	(38,808)	\$_	(38,808)	\$_		\$_	38,808
Net change in fund balance		(38,808)		(38,808)		-		38,808
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	38,808	_	38,808	_	38,808	_	-
Fund balance – end of year	\$		\$_		\$_	38,808	\$_	38,808

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – G.R.E.A.T Grant Fund

	_	Buo Original	lget	Final		Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons & property: Police and others:			_		-			
Materials and supplies	\$_	3,668	\$_	3,668	\$_		\$_	3,668
Net change in fund balance		(3,668)		(3,668)		-		3,668
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	3,668	_	3,668	_	3,668	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_		\$_		\$_	3,668	\$	3,668

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Fire Reporting Grant Programs

	_	Bue Original	dget	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons & property: Fire:	_	.	_		_		-	
Materials and supplies	\$_	188	\$_	188	\$_		\$_	188
Net change in fund balance		(188)		(188)		-		188
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	188	_	188	_	188	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$_		\$_		\$_	188	\$_	188

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – 2008 G.R.E.A.T Grant Fund

		Buc	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – out	\$_	(29,342)	\$_	(29,342)	\$_		\$_	29,342
Net change in fund balance		(29,342)		(29,342)		-		29,342
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	29,342	_	29,342	_	29,342	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	29,342	\$	29,342

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Residential Demolition Fund

Expenditures:	 Buo Original	lget _	Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Current:							
Community development: Materials and supplies Contractual services Total expenditures	\$ 30	\$ _	30 261,000 261,030	\$ _	- - -	\$ _	30 261,000 261,030
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers- in	 	_	261,000	_	261,000	_	
Net change in fund balance	(30)		(30)		261,000		261,030
Fund balance – beginning of year	 31	_	31	_	31	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 1	\$_	1	\$_	261,031	\$ _	261,030

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Warrensville Heights Occupancy Program Fund

	_	Bud Original	lget_	Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$_		\$_		\$_	3,000	\$	3,000
Expenditures: Current: Community development:								
Contractual services:	_	10,000	_	10,000	_		-	10,000
Net change in fund balance		(10,000)		(10,000)		3,000		13,000
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	14,685	_	14,685	_	14,685		
Fund balance – end of year	\$_	4,685	\$_	4,685	\$_	17,685	\$	13,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – EMS Computer Grant Fund

	_	Buo Original	dget	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current:	_	Originar	_	1 mai	-	Hettuar	-	(Ivegative)
Security of persons & property: Fire:								
Materials and Supplies	\$_	1,600	\$_	1,600	\$_		\$_	1,600
Net change in fund balance		(1,600)		(1,600)		-		1,600
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	3,000	_	3,000	_	3,000	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$ _	1,400	\$ _	1,400	\$ _	3,000	\$	1,600

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Cuyahoga County Municipal Grant Fund

			dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Or</u>	<u>iginal</u>	_	Final	_	Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$ _	149,904	\$	142,949	\$_	(6,955)
Expenditures: Current:								
Community development: Contractual services			_	344,350	_	337,395	_	6,955
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	_	(194,446)		(194,446)	_	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers- in				194,446		194,446	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance – beginning of year			_				_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$		\$ _		\$		\$	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Continuing Professional Training Program Fund

		Bu	ıdget				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	O	riginal _	_	Final	 Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,240	\$ 2,240	\$		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				2,240	 2,240	-		
Net change in fund balance		-		2,240	2,240		-	
Fund balance – beginning of year					 			
Fund balance – end of year	\$		\$	2,240	\$ 2,240	\$		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Ohio Bureau Workers Compensation Intervention Grant Fund

	-	Buc Original	lget _	Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$_	53,333	\$ 40,000	\$	(13,333)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property: Fire: Capital outlay	-		_	53,333	 53,333		<u>-</u>	
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	-		_		 (13,333)		(13,333)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-	(13,333)		(13,333)	
Fund balance – beginning of year	-		_		 			
Fund balance – end of year	\$		\$ _		\$ (13,333)	\$	(13,333)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Community Recycling Grant Fund

		Bu	ıdget			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Or	iginal		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development:				• • • •				
Contractual services	\$		\$	3,800	\$ 1,843	\$ _	1,957	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				(3,800)	 (1,843)	_	1,957	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers- in				3,800	 1,843		(1,957)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-		-	
Fund balance – beginning of year					 	_	-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Street Improvement Fund

	Ru	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures: Current:				
Transportation:				
Contractual services	\$ <u>1,090,665</u>	\$ <u>1,090,665</u>	\$ 737,859	\$ 352,806
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,090,665)	(1,090,665)	(737,859)	352,806
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – in	580,000	580,000	775,000	195,000
Net change in fund balance	(510,665)	(510,665)	37,141	547,806
Fund balance – beginning of year	(27,855)	(27,855)	(27,855)	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	540,665	540,665	540,665	
Fund balance (deficit) – end of year	\$2,145	\$	\$549,951	\$547,806

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Land Acquisition Fund

	Ru	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures: Current:				
Capital outlay:				
Contractual services	\$33,827	\$ 129,522	\$ <u>113,582</u>	\$15,940
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(33,827)	(129,522)	(113,582)	15,940
Other financing sources: Note proceeds	3,000	100,000	98,482	(1,518)
Net change in fund balance	(30,827)	(29,522)	(15,100)	14,422
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	d 10,705	10,705	10,705	-
Fund balance – beginning of year	20,299	20,299	20,299	
Fund balance – end of year	\$177	\$1,482	\$15,904	\$14,422

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Emery Woods Project Fund

	-	Buo Original	Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	_				_			
All other revenues	\$	4,300	\$	4,300	\$	-	\$	(4,300)
Expenditures: Current: Capital outlay:								
Contractual services	-	67,395	_	67,395	-	6,272		61,123
Net change in fund balance		(63,095)		(63,095)		(6,272)		56,823
Fund balance – beginning of year		63,189		63,189		63,189		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	_	2,395	_	2,395	-	2,395		
Fund balance – end of year	\$	2,489	\$ _	2,489	\$ _	59,312	\$	56,823

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Generators Fund

								Variance with Final Budget	
	Budget						Positive		
	_(<u>Original</u>		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers – out	\$	(10,666)	\$_	(10,666)	\$_		\$_	10,666	
Net change in fund balance		(10,666)		(10,666)		-		10,666	
Fund balance – beginning of year	_	10,666	_	10,666	_	10,666	_		
Fund balance – end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,666	\$	10,666	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Cinema Park Fund

	_		dget		1	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues:		<u>Original</u>	_	Final	 <u>Actual</u>	_	(Negative)	
All other revenues	\$	4,000	\$_	4,000	\$ 426	\$_	(3,574)	
Expenditures: Current: Transportation:								
Contractual services	_	9,800	_	9,800	 7,958	_	5,227	
Net change in fund balance		(5,800)		(5,800)	(7,532)		1,653	
Fund balance – beginning of year		9,353		9,353	9,353		-	
Fund balance – end of year	\$	3,553	\$_	3,553	\$ 1,821	\$_	1,653	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Town Center Project Fund

	Bud Original	dget_	Final	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures: Capital outlay:							-
Contractual services	\$ 	\$_	20,000	\$_	8,581	\$_	11,419
Net change in fund balance	-		(20,000)		(8,581)		11,419
Fund balance – beginning of year	 25,353	_	25,353	_	25,353	_	
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 25,353	\$	5,353	\$_	16,772	\$_	11,419

Statistical Section

Statistical Section

December 31, 2015

This part of City of Warrensville Heights's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	154-159
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	160-165
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	166-170
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	171-172
Operating Information These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	173-177

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net position by Component – Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years												Table 1
		2015	2014 (2)	2013	2012		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets(1)	\$	(413,445) \$	(1,660,356) \$	(2,719,265) \$	4,741,934	\$	(1,396,664) \$	(1,790,978) \$	(2,121,770) \$	(2,136,804) \$	(777,382) \$	(614,457
Restricted for:	-	(1-2,112) +	(-,,, +	(=,,,=,,=,,, +	1,1 12,2 2	-	(-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,	(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(=,===,===)	(,===) +	(02.1,12.1
Capital projects		643,180	306,185	229,630	200,257		133,539	135,117	857,341	490,388	-	-
Streets		394,833	409,723	632,092	616,951		477,528	451,898	555,791	500,392	535,939	552,258
Police		41,910	39,637	122,122	100,840		130,420	123,898	96,712	91,134	114,889	224,613
Fire		42,567	33,550	166,035	129,579		147,844	89,282	76,928	108,076	90,273	80,301
Building levy		23,996	45,891	126,547	203,745		183,607	130,156	58,305	147,560	-	-
Debt service		3,747,337	1,675,502	1,296,384	1,136,956		1,553,049	799,916	359,660	507,624	442,118	-
Other purposes		578,164	597,939	612,974	469,722		430,731	377,815	400,742	315,479	296,327	189,078
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6,447,325)	(5,058,960)	3,661,396	(2,676,263)		1,119,275	799,973	(1,491,137)	(438,790)	(185,216)	(9,958)
Total governmental	ф	(1.200.702)	(2 (10 000)	4 127 015 · Φ	4 000 701	Ф	2.770.220	1 117 077 . Ф	(1.207.420)	(41.4.0.41)	71 C 0 4 0	421.025
activities net position	\$	(1,388,783) \$	(3,610,889) \$	<u>4,127,915</u> \$	4,923,721	\$	<u>2,779,329</u> \$	<u>1,117,077</u> \$	(1,207,428) \$	<u>(414,941</u>) \$ _	<u>516,948</u> \$	421,835

Notes:

^{(1) –} Item reported as Invested in capital assets, net of related debt through December 31, 2013.

^{(2) –} Restated, see details of restatement at Note 3.

Change in net position – Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years Table 2

	2015	2014 (1)	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Program revenues:	2013	2014 (1)	2013		2011	2010	2007	2000	2007	
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Security of persons and property:										
Police and others \$	72.121	\$ 102.818 \$	84.406	\$ 117.895	\$ 599.807	\$ 204.229	\$ 212.881	\$ 255,246	\$ 361.456	\$ 313.492
Fire	419,462	485,032	494,087	291,371	453,935	392,027	363,966	315,518	267.729	211.625
Public health services	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	3,857	3,057
Leisure time activities	63,865	58,434	55,235	16,793	18,912	21,341	28,409	31,273	20,764	15,816
Community development	19,714	21,991	25,210	20,937	18,387	138,768		28,383	64,823	51,681
Basic utility services	68	60	520	220	50	-			4,327	69,129
Transportation	-	_	-	_	1,518	780	4,031	941	252,906	103,251
General government	750,044	818,026	420,821	749,238	373,205	228,995	285,557	348,619	193,833	182,754
Subtotal –										
charges for services	1,325,274	1,486,361	1,080,279	1,196,454	1,465,814	986,140	913,993	979,980	1,169,695	950,805
Operating grants and contributions:								·		
Security of persons and property:										
Police and others	17,050	12,080	19,962	24,253	204,041	323,149	17,337	160,050	24,799	62,244
Fire	40,000	-	530,135	806,566	403,087	-	-	3,000	8,399	2,500
Public health services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,112
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community development	146,180	3,680	5,643	2,790	37,833	33,917	-	-	290,475	388,722
Transportation	489,380	482,853	482,840	476,258	469,914	495,784	481,369	516,508	736,232	598,391
General government			<u> </u>	25,353			49,740	28,250	23,278	5,600
Subtotal - operating grants										
and contributions	692,610	498,613	1,038,580	1,335,220	1,114,875	852,850	548,446	707,808	1,083,183	1,059,569
Capital grants and contributions:										
Security of persons and property:										
Police and others	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000	-	15,033	-
Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public health services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leisure time activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,409	-	-	-
Community development	559	165,260	-	-	33,766	69,100	269,416	578,433	-	-
Basic utility services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	384,163
General government	581,364	2,670,483	137,309	270,779	262,014	287,175	278,796	76,060	324,478	
Subtotal - capital grants										
and contributions	581,923	2,835,743	137,309	270,779	295,780	356,275	770,621	654,493	339,511	384,163
Total governmental activity		4.000.700	2.256.150	2 002 172	2.076.460	2 105 255	2 222 2 5	2.242.531	2.502.200	2 204 525
program revenues	2,599,807	4,820,720	2,256,168	2,802,453	2,876,469	2,195,265	2,233,060	2,342,281	2,592,389	2,394,537

Notes:

(1) — Restated, see details of restatement at Note 3.

(continued)

Change in net position – Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years Table 2

	2015	2014 (1)	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
Security of persons and pro	operty:									
Police and others	5,421,417	5,163,481	4,734,068	4,905,321	5,372,668	4,780,991	5,097,249	6,024,849	5,138,945	5,708,747
Fire	3,925,081	3,603,854	4,062,419	3,677,433	3,626,904	3,471,641	4,140,298	3,685,852	3,806,397	3,543,673
Public health services	53,085	65,183	52,001	52,001	55,903	27,952	55,903	54,833	54,834	65,802
Leisure time activities	495,965	697,906	664,913	291,803	266,661	227,379	302,387	326,782	295,210	329,692
Community development	961,571	873,757	528,141	470,806	882,581	1,087,614	953,234	1,256,777	1,122,810	1,091,122
Basic utility services	1,527,105	1,173,154	1,298,203	1,201,675	1,024,141	1,136,196	1,562,976	1,772,473	1,489,299	1,358,581
Transportation	2,004,180	2,637,135	2,429,523	1,680,189	1,697,499	2,052,226	1,773,859	2,209,178	1,966,685	2,308,721
General government	4,164,107	2,411,281	4,364,751	4,745,370	3,730,870	3,156,023	2,907,654	3,078,419	2,755,794	3,233,323
Interest and fiscal charges	781,460	876,751	1,606,014	534,465	<u>849,47</u> 2	543,135	565,318	627,851	704,801	549,714
Total governmental										
activities expense	19,333,971	17,502,502	19,740,033	17,559,063	<u>17,506,69</u> 9	16,483,157	17,358,878	19,037,014	17,334,775	18,189,375
N . () /										
Net (expense)/revenue		(14 0 17 0 14)	(1= 100 0 15)		44.400.000	(4.4.00-000)	(17.107.010)	(1 1		(4.7.70.4.000)
governmental activities	(16,734,164)	(12,847,042)	<u>(17,483,865</u>)	<u>(14,756,610</u>)	(14,630,230)	(14,287,892)	(15,125,818)	(16,694,733)	(14,742,386)	(15,794,838)
General revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Property and other local ta	xes levied for:									
General purposes	687,313	560,635	597,335	681.322	611.674	801.710	664,309	1.053,510	1.028.599	1.236.022
Debt service	335,894	317,748	387,121	539,409	661,791	406,829	573,336	662,896	724,197	553,998
Other purposes	490,916	456,484	516,621	658,505	662,777	598,037	610,702	711.090	783,059	712,565
Municipal income taxes le		,	,	,	,		,	,		,,
General purposes	16.576.878	16,169,998	14,526,593	14.228.423	13.185.755	13.158.561	10.857.890	11.735.849	10.658.860	10,625,219
Grants and entitlements no	ot restricted to	-,,	,,	, -, -	-,,	-,,	.,,	,,.	-,,	-,,-
specific programs	679,693	659,957	306,927	586,783	1,091,130	1,478,918	1,514,445	1,418,423	1,430,120	1,073,104
Interest income	14.054	6,872	7,879	26,502	7,054	1,742	2,137	40,642	166,362	173,564
Gain on sale of capital asso	,	-	-		-	-,	_,	-	354	-
All other revenues	171,522	231.000	345,583	180,058	72.301	166,600	110.512	140,434	45,948	59,474
Total general revenue		18,402,694	16,688,059	16,901,002	16,292,482	16,612,397	14,333,331	15,762,844	14,837,499	14,433,946
Change in net position:										
Governmental activities	\$ 2,222,106	\$ 5,555,652	\$ (795,806)	\$ 2,144,392	\$ <u>1,662,252</u>	\$ 2,324,505	\$ (792,487)	\$ <u>(931,889</u>) \$	\$ 95,113	\$ (1,360,892)

Notes:

^{(1) —} Restated, see details of restatement at Note 3.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years											Table 3
		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General fund	_		·	<u> </u>							
Nonspendable	\$	372,040	\$ 240,079	\$ 224,285	\$ 346,317	\$ 373,140	\$ 395,282	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -
Assigned		1,735,968	165,860	144,018	40,900	600,805	49,993	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		6,035,565	6,663,466	4,926,154	4,859,616	2,871,394	2,222,634	-	-	-	-
Reserved		-	-	-	-	-	-	48,312	52,875	68,891	92,809
Unreserved	_	<u> </u>						221,247	600,550	577,945	1,073,732
Total general fund	-	8,143,573	7,069,405	5,294,457	5,246,833	3,845,339	2,667,909	269,559	653,425	646,836	1,166,541
All other governmental fun-	ds										
Restricted		1,365,745	925,964	1,253,835	2,204,901	4,394,852	3,159,390	-	-	-	-
Committed		194,996	214,296	159,588	168,120	232,940	194,003	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)		(670,137)	(882,616)	(3,089,735)	(88,578)	(5,650,602)	(5,687,816)	-	-	-	-
Reserved		-	-	-	-	-	-	3,747	29,442	8,980	28,436
Unreserved, undesignate	d, rep	orted in:									
Special revenue funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	755,159	441,210	566,702	698,309
Debt service funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	257,832	(22,889)	66,393	69,298
Capital project funds Total all other	-							(5,455,083)	(4,442,972)	(2,727,398)	(2,217,021)
governmental fun	nds _	890,604	257,644	(1,676,312)	2,284,443	(1,022,810)	(2,334,423)	(4,438,345)	(3,995,209)	(2,085,323)	(1,420,978)
Total governmental funds	\$	9,034,177	\$ <u>7,327,049</u>	\$3,618,145	\$7,531,276	\$2,822,529	\$333,486	\$ <u>(4,168,786)</u>	\$ <u>(3,341,784</u>) \$	(1,438,487)	\$ (254,437)

Note: In 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54. As a result, the 2010 fund balances were reclassified to reflect the effects of GASB Statement No. 54.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years														Table 4
		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		2009		2008	2007	_	2006
Revenues														
Property and other														
local taxes	\$, ,	\$ 1,707,323	\$ 1,920,190	\$ 1,669,752	\$ 1,824,328	\$ 1,711,860	\$	1,799,439	\$	2,377,955	\$ 2,326,090	\$	2,444,893
Municipal income taxes		16,689,455	15,872,496	14,233,365	14,165,018	13,326,443	12,829,743		11,099,006		11,934,424	10,739,288		10,568,048
Intergovernmental		1,311,829	1,266,054	1,628,155	2,084,485	2,261,416	2,179,335		2,424,082		2,208,652	2,321,745		2,211,419
Interest income		14,054	6,872	7,879	26,502	7,054	1,742		2,137		40,642	166,362		173,564
Licenses and permits		603,691	812,181	351,843	256,690	385,966	267,270		265,502		362,746	356,550		430,681
Fines and forfeitures		138,794	170,812	221,822	586,020	597,017	192,370		209,213		246,287	296,926		283,167
Rentals		-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Charges for services		603,209	498,852	458,069	490,120	433,371	352,805		425,150		514,392	295,782		334,341
Special assessments		520,889	341,708	107,969	184,610	222,362	242,138		690,621		446,947	382,781		475,297
All other revenues		149,447	233,527	352,009	55,646	210,301	280,201		126,450		213,860	45,948		59,474
Total revenues		21,627,213	20,909,825	19,281,301	19,518,843	19,268,258	18,057,464		17,041,600		18,345,905	16,931,472		16,980,884
Expenditures														
Current:														
Security of persons and pro	ope	rty:												
Police and others		5,353,511	5,177,961	4,652,818	4,909,799	5,454,369	4,762,219		4,968,400		5,826,037	5,048,633		4,809,157
Fire		3,774,899	3,552,650	4,000,675	3,726,203	4,063,276	3,406,521		4,049,393		3,726,265	3,510,938		3,200,162
Public health services		53,085	53,085	52,001	52,001	55,903	27,952		55,903		54,392	54,392		50,615
Leisure time activities		445,491	470,772	437,558	276,706	227,370	178,910		288,646		301,870	278,762		261,904
Community development		1,002,863	736,622	506,859	488,755	882,581	1,091,745		949,103		1,267,359	1,153,715		918,719
Basic utility services		1,485,708	1,186,403	1,274,543	1,186,379	995,680	1,025,838		1,310,451		1,677,865	1,427,767		1,144,734
Transportation		2,221,014	2,809,577	2,705,284	2,290,622	1,739,710	1,777,858		1,889,374		1,593,785	2,130,634		1,812,967
General government		4,194,991	3,536,088	3,808,277	3,470,257	3,264,306	2,785,533		2,779,632		2,947,051	2,619,985		2,726,545
Capital outlay		105,879	358,256	318,538	3,611,711	7,233,855	1,218,367		392,590		760,435	1,552,707		2,404,728
Debt service:														
Principal retirement		2,621,541	2,625,000	28,977,060	20,605,060	4,030,000	450,000		938,478		730,000	899,393		970,136
Interest and fiscal charges		827,848	934,422	1,161,616	894,883	491,367	461,207		525,906		610,612	755,494		598,501
Bond issuance costs				584,403	44,227	86,600								
Total expenditures		22,086,830	21,440,836	48,479,632	41,556,603	28,525,017	17,186,150		18,147,876		19,495,671	19,432,420		18,898,168
Excess of revenues over														
(under) expenditures		(459,617)	(531,011)	(29,198,331)	(22,037,760)	(9,256,759)	871,314	•	(1,106,276)	•	(1,149,766)	(2,500,948)		(1,917,284)

(continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Last Ten Years Table 4 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets 1.960 1.673 705,826 Inception of capital lease 187,290 318,538 305,000 27,898 203,314 30,469 198,225 10,680 Certificates of participation issued 1,700,000 1,800,000 11,700,000 11,717,000 11,200,000 Bond anticipation notes issued 2,610,000 10,895,060 Land acquisition notes issued 100,000 Land installment notes issued 450,000 Refunding notes issued 8,680,060 12,495,060 8,892,000 8,818,000 9,602,000 6,580,000 General obligation bonds issued 2,095,000 10,070,000 -Premium on debt issuance 16,745 157,625 486,662 83,308 94,976 Current refunding (8,935,060)(8,892,000)(8,818,000)(9,602,000)(8,485,000)(9,120,000)2,378,807 1,989,457 1,385,857 533,756 Transfers – in 6,756,346 1,617,682 173,704 130,640 506,397 1,479,263 Transfers - out (1.989.457)(533.756)(173,704)(130.640)(506.397)(1,479,263)(2,378,807)(1,385,857)(6,756,346)(1,617,682)Total other financing 4,239,915 25,285,200 3,630,958 279,274 sources (uses) 2,166,745 26,746,507 11,745,802 (753,531)1,316,898 (2,529,320)Net change in fund balances \$ __1,707,128 \$ 3,708,904 \$ (3,913,131) \$ 4,708,747 \$ 2,489,043 4,502,272 (827,002)(1,903,297)(1,184,050)(4,446,604)Debt service as a percentage of Noncapital expenditures 16.10% 17.58% 62.85% 55.83% 22.38% 5.65% 8.31% 7.00% 9.47% 9.39%

Assessed Valuations and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years Table 5

			Real Property		-	Tangible Perso		
	Asses	sec	d Value		-	Public 1		
C 11	D 11 (11/		G : 1	Estimated		. 1	E	Estimated
Collection	Residential/		Commercial	Actual		Assessed		Actual
Year	Agricultural		Industrial/PU	Value	-	Value		Value
2015	\$ 79,884,880	\$	134,848,560	\$ 613,524,114	\$	8,154,550 \$	ı	9,266,534
2014	80,172,290		141,778,880	614,167,742		7,924,770		9,266,534
2013	80,562,990		138,384,370	625,563,886		6,897,690		7,838,284
2012	114,113,300		148,000,100	748,895,429		6,363,060		7,230,750
2011	115,140,720		146,856,870	748,564,543		6,107,320		6,940,136
2010	115,592,130		137,838,050	724,086,229		5,816,510		6,609,670
2009	121,729,160		136,218,930	736,994,543		5,346,390		6,075,443
2008	121,100,670		136,965,560	737,332,086		5,098,070		5,793,261
2007	121,171,620		143,841,240	757,179,600		747,885		5,983,080
2006	121,805,680		139,133,100	745,539,371		2,792,947		14,895,716

Real property is reappraised every six years with a state mandated update of the current market in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35% of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25% of true value for railroad property to 88% for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25% for machinery and equipment and 23% for inventories. The general business tangible personal property tax started being phased out beginning in 2006. For collection year 2007, both types of general business tangible personal property were assessed at 12.5%. The percentage will be 6.25% for 2008, and zero for subsequent collection years.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, 2 1/2% and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10% rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated.

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

Assessed Valuations and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property

<u>Last Ten Years</u> Table 5

_	Tangible Pers	onal Property Business		Total		
-	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$	-	\$ - \$	222,887,990	\$ 622,790,648	35.78%	9.70
	-	-	229,873,940	623,434,276	36.87	9.70
	-	-	225,845,050	633,402,170	35.66	9.70
	-	-	268,476,460	756,126,179	35.51	9.70
	-	-	268,104,910	755,504,679	35.49	9.70
	-	-	259,246,690	730,695,899	35.48	9.70
	12,215,192	-	275,509,672	743,069,986	37.08	9.70
	24,039,677	384,634,832	287,203,977	1,127,760,179	25.47	9.70
	13,016,219	104,129,752	278,776,964	867,292,432	32.14	13.20
	28,901,882	154,143,371	292,633,609	914,578,458	32.00	13.20

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Last Ten Years Table 6

Collection	-	General	* '				Total		Warrensville Heights School	I	Orange City School	Cuyahoga		Special (2) Taxing		Total	
Year		Fund	_	Funds	_	Service	_	Levy	-	District	•	District	County	_	Districts	-	Tax Levy
2015	\$	3.60	\$	4.10	\$	2.00	\$	9.70	\$	91.70	\$	91.20	\$ 14.05	\$	9.38	\$	216.03
2014		3.60		4.10		2.00		9.70		91.80		91.10	14.05		8.48		215.13
2013		3.60		4.10		2.00		9.70		89.00		91.10	13.22		7.58		210.60
2012		2.90		4.10		2.70		9.70		89.00		91.10	13.22		7.58		210.60
2011		3.40		3.60		2.70		9.70		89.00		91.10	13.22		7.58		210.60
2010		3.60		4.10		2.00		9.70		89.50		86.10	13.32		7.58		206.20
2009		3.60		4.10		2.00		9.70		90.10		86.00	13.32		7.28		206.40
2008		3.30		4.10		2.30		9.70		90.10		86.00	13.32		7.28		206.40
2007		6.80		4.10		2.30		13.20		90.10		86.10	13.42		6.78		209.60
2006		6.80		4.10		2.30		13.20		89.60		86.10	13.52		6.78		209.20

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office
(1) Policy Levy, Fire Levy, Street Lighting, Building Levy, Fire Pension, and Police Pension special revenue funds
(2) Cleveland Metro Parks, Cuyahoga County Library, Cuyahoga Community College and Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority

City of Warrensville Heights

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Years Table 7

Collection Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	(Percent of Current Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	T Co	ercent of otal Tax llections to Fax Levy	Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	 Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2015	\$ 2,061,817	\$ 1,393,725		67.60%	\$ 132,815	\$ 1,526,540		74.04%	\$ 358,650	27.93%
2014	2,264,718	1,352,331		59.71	153,636	1,505,968		66.50	447,462	19.76
2013	2,455,753	1,220,594		49.70	395,845	1,616,438		65.82	662,824	26.99
2012	1,671,028	1,291,783		77.31	139,276	1,431,059		85.64	950,335	56.87
2011	1,683,572	1,473,818		87.54	114,013	1,587,831		94.31	840,918	49.95
2010	1,690,295	1,487,774		88.02	111,273	1,599,047		94.60	692,722	40.98
2009	1,709,587	1,528,821		89.43	103,153	1,631,974		95.46	634,288	37.10
2008	2,242,841	2,007,496		89.51	158,913	2,166,409		96.59	584,743	26.07
2007	2,144,001	1,915,149		89.33	110,223	2,025,372		94.47	433,791	20.23
2006	2,199,723	3,465,835		157.56	196,497	3,662,332		166.49	327,207	14.87

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office
(1) State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.
Note: The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

<u>2015 and 2006</u> Table 8

		201	2015			
	F	Real Property	Real Property			
Name of Taxpayer	Asses	ssed Valuation	Assessed Valuation			
JP JLP Harvard Park, LLC	\$	12,313,070	5.73%			
Cleveland East Hotel		9,265,550	4.32%			
GB Azi, LLC		2,783,690	1.30%			
JES Development		2,716,280	1.26%			
Progressive Interchange		2,919,105	1.36%			
Highland Business Park		2,426,935	1.13%			
Warrensville Heights Properties		2,262,225	1.05%			
LLG Carmax Auto Superstores		2,207,205	1.03%			
Sherwin-Williams		3,039,995	1.42%			
Hemmingway at Richmond, LLC		1,890,105	0.88%			
Total	\$	41,824,160	19.48%			
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	214,733,440				

]	Real Property	Percentage of Real
Name of Taxpayer	Asse	ssed Valuation (1)	Assessed Valuation
Cleveland East Hotel	\$	11,063,920	4.24%
Merida health System		7,039,620	2.70%
Highlands Multi Family, LTD		6,052,670	2.32%
Alltel Ohio Limited Partnership		5,822,910	2.23%
Clarkwood Apartments, LTD		4,952,390	1.90%
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.		4,210,100	1.61%
Sherwin-Williams Automotive		3,480,540	1.33%
Cuyahoga Community College		3,052,600	1.17%
Granada Apartments		2,896,960	1.11%
Heinens, Inc.		2,547,870	0.98%
Total	\$	51,119,580	19.59%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	260,938,780	

2006

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

City of Warrensville Heights

Income Tax Revenue Base Collections

Last Ten Years Table 9

Tax Year (1)	Tax Rate (2)	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes from Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes from <u>Individuals</u>	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2015	2.60%	\$ 15,968,752	\$ 12,401,242	77.66%	\$ 2,187,643	13.70%	\$ 1,379,866	8.64%
2014	2.60	15,103,264	11,854,771	78.49	1,926,434	12.76	1,322,058	8.75
2013	2.60	13,696,569	11,364,475	82.97	1,324,053	9.67	1,008,041	7.36
2012	2.60	13,398,636	10,805,480	80.65	1,230,748	9.18	1,360,394	10.17
2011	2.60	13,185,755	11,020,654	83.58	995,525	7.55	1,169,576	8.87
2010	2.60	13,158,561	10,405,766	79.08	1,199,094	9.11	1,553,701	11.81
2009	2.60	10,857,890	8,551,674	78.76	993,497	9.15	1,312,719	12.09
2008	2.00	11,735,849	9,257,333	78.88	1,065,149	9.08	1,413,367	12.04
2007	2.00	10,658,860	8,229,196	77.21	1,075,261	10.09	1,354,403	12.71
2006	2.00	10,625,219	8,567,114	80.63	1,100,773	10.36	957,332	9.01

⁽¹⁾ Effective July 1, 2009, the City's Electors voted to increase the City's income tax rate from 2.00% to 2.60%.(2) The City is statutorily prohibited from presenting individual taxpayers.

City of Warrensville Heights

Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Total Personal Income and Debt per Capita

Last Ten Years Table 10

			(Gove	ernmental Acti	viti	es					
Fiscal Year (1)	<u>.</u>	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	-	C.O.P.s		Long-term Notes	 Capital Leases	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	_	Per Capita
2015	\$	11,081,062	\$ -	\$	11,605,465	\$	-	\$ 605,607	\$ 23,292,134	8.45%	\$	1,720
2014		11,845,623	-		11,708,443		-	879,018	24,433,084	9.10		1,232
2013		10,358,021	-		11,833,077		-	992,469	23,183,567	9.08		1,712
2012		-	-		11,730,214		14,581,781	877,710	27,189,705	10.32		2,008
2011		658,572	55,000		11,215,829		8,680,060	720,684	21,330,145	8.10		1,575
2010		1,054,608	117,533		-		12,495,060	181,011	13,848,212	5.26		1,023
2009		1,437,037	173,673		-		8,892,000	339,394	10,842,104	3.86		718
2008		2,110,162	229,117		-		8,818,000	334,558	11,491,837	4.09		761
2007		2,758,983	298,865		-		9,602,000	499,401	13,159,249	4.68		871
2006		3,378,500	362,917		-		8,485,000	505,569	12,731,986	4.53		843

Note: Population and Personal Income data are presented on page 178.

Last Ten Years

Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property and Bonded Debt Per Capita

Estimated Net Ratio of Net Bonded Actual Value General Resources General Debt to Estimated Bonded of Taxable Obligation Available for Bonded Actual Value of Debt Per Year Population Property __Debt (3)__ Repayment Debt **Taxable Property** Capita 2015 13,542 b \$ 662,790,648 \$ 24,727,839 \$ 933,420 \$ 23,794,419 3.59% \$ 1,757.08 2014 13,542 b 623,434,276 23,554,066 23,554,066 3.78 1,739.33 2013 13,542 b 643,145,906 22,191,098 22,191,098 3.45 1,638.69

1,136,956

812,585

152,856

257,832

69,298

10,593,258

11,061,816

901,752

1,179,205

2,110,162

2,758,983

3,309,202

1.64

1.46

0.12

0.16

0.19

0.32

0.36

11,730,214

11,874,401

1,054,608

1,437,037

2,110,162

2,758,983

3,378,500

Table 11

782.25

816.85

66.59

78.05

139.66

182.61

219.02

Sources:

2012

2011

2010

2009

2008

2007

2006

13,542 b

13,542 b

13,542 b

a

a

15,109

15,109

15,109

15,109 a

645,271,571

755,504,679

730,695,899

743,069,986

867,292,432

914,578,458

1,127,760,179

⁽¹⁾ U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population

⁽a) 2000 Federal Census

⁽b) 2010 Federal Census

⁽²⁾ Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

⁽³⁾ Includes all general obligation bonded debt with the exception of Special Assessment debt.

Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Years Table 12

<u> </u>										10010 12
Total assessed property value \$	2015 222,887,990	\$\frac{2014}{229,873,940}\$	\$\frac{2013}{225,845,050}\$	\$\frac{2012}{268,476,460}\$	\$\frac{2011}{268,104,910}\$	\$\frac{2010}{259,246,690}\$	2009 \$ 275,509,672	\$\frac{2008}{287,203,977}\$	\$\frac{2007}{278,776,964}\$	2006 \$ 292,633,609
Debt limit – 10 1/2 % of assessed valuation \$	23,403,239	\$ 24,136,764	\$ 23,713,730	\$ 28,190,028	\$ 28,151,016	\$ 27,220,902	\$ 28,928,516	\$ 30,156,418	\$ 29,271,581	\$ 30,726,529
Debt outstanding: General obligation bonds Special assessment bonds Certificates of participation Real property acquisition no Bond anticipation notes Total gross indebtedness	11,081,062 - 11,605,465 tes - 1,515,000 24,201,527	11,845,623 - 11,708,443 215,000 1,560,000 25,329,066	10,358,021 - 11,833,077 100,000 3,655,000 25,946,098	11,730,885 - 14,565,060 26,295,945	658,572 55,000 11,215,829 - 14,387,060 26,316,461	1,054,608 117,533 - - - 18,153,560 19,325,701	1,437,037 173,673 - 14,889,000 16,499,710	2,110,162 229,117 - 14,323,000 16,662,279	2,758,983 298,865 - 12,726,000 15,783,848	3,378,500 362,917 - - 12,479,000 16,220,417
Less: Notes issued in anticipation of municipal income taxes Bonds and notes issued in anticipation of the levy or	(1,515,000)		(3,755,000)	(9,170,060)	(8,935,060)	(9,118,560)	(9,192,000)	(8,654,500)	(7,976,000)	(9,218,000)
collection of special asses (excluding city's portion) Certificates of participation General obligation bond reti	(11,605,465)	(11,708,443)	(11,833,077)	(5,241,000) (11,730,885)	(/ / /	(5,442,533)	(5,870,673)	(5,897,617)	(4,037,500)	(2,825,215)
fund balance Total net debt applicabl debt limit		11,845,623	10,358,021	154,000	(812,585) (4,013)	(152,856) 4,611,752	(257,832) 1,179,205	2,110,162	3,770,348	(69,298) 4,107,904
Legal debt margin within 10 1/2% limitations \$	12,322,177	\$ <u>12,291,141</u>	\$ <u>13,355,709</u>	\$ _28,036,028	\$ <u>28,155,029</u>	\$ <u>22,609,150</u>	\$ <u>27,749,311</u>	\$ <u>28,046,256</u>	\$ _25,501,233	\$ <u>26,618,625</u>
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	52.65%	50.92%	56.32%	99.45%	100.01%	83.06%	95.92%	93.00%	87.12%	86.63%

(Continued)

Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Years Table 12

5.1.1.1.1.2.2.2.2	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Debt limitation -5.5% of Assessed unvoted value \$	12,258,839	\$ 12,643,067	\$ 12,421,478	\$ 14,766,205 \$	5 14,745,770	\$ 14,258,568	\$ 15,153,032	\$ 15,796,219	\$ 15,332,733	\$ 16,094,848
Total gross indebtedness	24,201,527	25,329,066	25,946,098	26,295,945	26,316,461	19,325,701	16,499,710	16,662,279	15,783,848	16,220,417
Less: Notes issued in anticipation of municipal income taxes Bonds and notes issued in anticipation of the levy or	•	llection (1,775,000)	(3,755,000)	(9,170,060)	(8,935,060)	(9,118,560)	(9,192,000)	(8,654,500)	(7,976,000)	(9,218,000)
collection of special assess (excluding city's portion) Certificates of participation General obligation bond	(11,605,465)	- (11,708,443)	- (11,833,077)	(5,241,000) (11,730,885)	(5,357,000) (11,215,829)	(5,442,533)	(5,870,673)	(5,897,617)	(4,037,500)	(2,825,215)
retirement fund balance Net debt within 5 1/2%				-	(812,585)	(152,856)	(257,832)			(69,298)
limitations	11,081,062	11,845,623	10,358,021	154,000	(4,013)	4,611,752	1,179,205	2,110,162	3,770,348	4,107,904
Unvoted legal debt margin with 5 1/2% limitations \$		\$ <u>797,444</u>	\$ <u>2,063,457</u>	\$ <u>14,612,205</u> \$	<u>14,749,783</u>	\$ <u>9,646,816</u>	\$ <u>13,973,827</u>	\$ <u>13,686,057</u>	\$ <u>11,562,385</u>	\$ <u>11,986,944</u>
Unvoted legal debt margin as a percentage of the unvoted debt limitation	9.61%	6.31%	16.61%	98.96%	100.03%	67.66%	92.22%	86.64%	75.41%	74.48%

Source: City Financial Records

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

2015 Table 13

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City(1)		Amount Applicable to City of Warrensville Heights
Direct debt:	-			_
City of Warrensville Heights				
General obligation bonds	\$ 11,081,062	100.00%	\$	11,081,062
Certificates of participation	11,605,465	100.00%		11,605,465
Capital leases	605,607	100.00%		605,607
Total direct debt	23,292,134		-	23,292,134
Overlapping debt:				
Warrensville Heights City	12,291,750	100.00%		12,291,750
Warrensville Heights City School District	13,860,559	55.08%		7,634,993
Orange City School District	17,444,560	0.69%		119,915
Cuyahoga County	243,900,000	0.77%		1,882,014
Regional Transit Authority (RTA)	88,715,000	0.77%		684,555
Total overlapping debt	376,211,869		-	22,613,227
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 399,504,003		\$	45,418,834

Source: Cuyahoga County, Ohio; County Fiscal Office

⁽¹⁾ Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

Principal Employers

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

Table 14

<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Employment</u>
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	1,443	10.21%
Heinen's Inc.	451	3.20%
One Source Employee Management	439	3.10%
University Hospital Health System	416	2.90%
Sherwin - Williams Co.	399	2.80%
Progressive Interchange Healthcare Inc.	344	2.40%
Warrensville Heights Board of Education	268	1.90%
Physician Medical Transport	235	1.70%
GMRI/Olive Garden	195	1.40%
Henkel Corp.	179	1.2%
Total	4,369	30.81%
Total Employment within the City	14,134	

2006

Employer	Employees	Employment
Meridia South Pointe Hospital	1,300	9.79%
Warrensville Heights Board of Education	350	2.63
Sherwin-Williams Co.	347	2.61
Heinen's, Inc.	290	2.18
Henkel Corporation	209	1.59
City of Warrensville Heights	170	1.28
Lubriquip	130	0.98
Mortgage Information Services	130	0.98
Marcus Thomas	81	0.61
United Health Homecare Service	80	0.60
Cleveland East Hotel (Marriot) LLC	75	0.56
Total	3,162	23.81%
Total Employment within the City	13,283	

Source: (1) City of Cleveland Central Collection Agency

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years Table 15

Year	Population	Total Personal Income(4)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)		School Enrollment (2)	Cuyahoga County, Ohio Unemployment Rate (3)	Total Assessed Property Value
2015	13,542 b	\$ 275,728,662	\$ 20,361 b	\$ 35,143	39.6 b	17.6%	b	1416	4.0%	\$ 222,887,990
2014	13,542 b	268,551,402	19,831 b	35,461 b	39.6 b	15.4	b	1,432	6.9	229,873,940
2013	13,542 b	255,293,784	18,852 b	35,926 b	39.2 b	15.5	b	1,657	7.0	225,845,060
2012	13,542 b	263,432,526	19,453 b	36,461 b	39.2 b	14.40	b	1,700	6.6	268,476,460
2011	13,542 b	263,432,526	19,453 b	36,461 b	39.2 b	14.40	b	1,956	8.0	268,104,910
2010	13,542 b	263,432,526	19,453 b	36,461 b	39.2 b	14.40	b	2,145	8.9	259,246,690
2009	15,109 a	281,193,599	18,611 a	37,204 a	37.7 a	16.40	a	2,273	8.9	275,509,672
2008	15,109 a	281,193,599	18,611 a	37,204 a	37.7 a	16.40	a	2,321	7.1	287,203,977
2007	15,109 a	281,193,599	18,611 a	37,204 a	37.7 a	16.40	a	2,536	6.1	278,776,964
2006	15,109 a	281,193,599	18,611 a	37,204 a	37.7 a	16.40	a	2,700	5.7	292,633,609

Sources: (1) U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population

- (a) 2000 Federal Census
- (b) 2010 Federal Census

- (3) U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (4) Total Personal Income is calculated by multiplying Population times Personal Income per Capita

⁽²⁾ Ohio Department of Education for Warrensville Heights City School District

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Years															Table 16
<u> </u>	2015	2014	 2013	 2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	2006
Security of persons and property:															
Police and others:															
Total calls for services	19,245	15,842	15,514	14,470		14,012		15,312		15,918		15,918		15,492	13,24
Number of traffic citations															
issued	1,483	1,809	1,951	1,765		1,698		2,138		1,965		1,965		1,935	2,13
Number of parking citations															
issued	1,919	811	768	762		820		1,114		1,580		1,580		1,900	1,63
Number of criminal arrests	783	670	642	593		639		589		867		867		1,027	89
Number of accident reports															
completed	1,154	1,018	725	763		744		731		763		763		784	683
Part 1 offenses															
(major offenses)	7	568	560	554		575		546		633		633		614	53:
DUI arrests	112	24	12	17		12		9		17		17		21	10
Prisoners	-	40	43	76		142		117		1,000		1,000		965	89
Prisoner meal costs \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	149	\$	437	\$	15,706	\$	15,706	\$	29,816	\$ 18,55
Motor vehicle accidents	1,154	1,018	725	763		744		731		763		763		784	683
Property damage accidents	630	725	680	684		651		640		665		665		682	598
Fatalities from motor vehicle															
accidents	-	1	-	-		-		1		1		1		1	
Gasoline costs of fleet \$	-	\$ 51,591	\$ 59,474	\$ 28,211	\$	60,000	\$	36,539	\$	89,170	\$	89,170	\$	53,701	\$ 74,76
Community diversion															
program youths	15	14	16	18		21		23		40		40		25	25
Community diversion program	m – commu	nity													
service hours	425	385	478	490		470		640		728		728		806	49
Fire:															
EMS calls	2,227	2,037	1,950	1,899		1,902		1,678		1,869		1,869		1,991	1,77
Ambulance billing															
collections (net) \$	403,302	,	411,455	\$ 353,520	\$	353,557	\$	380,413	\$	378,967	\$	378,967	\$	205,810	
Fire calls	668	498	509	519		360		94		807		807		316	27
Fires with loss	3	14	12	41		23		16		46		46		37	2
Fires with losses exceeding \$		6	7	12		13		9		9		9		16	4
Fire losses \$	96,430		672,300	\$ 580,000	\$	514,850	\$	613,250	\$	590,100	\$	590,100	\$	883,920	
Fire safety inspections	211	85	83	49		192		247		257		257		265	25
Number of times mutual aid g															
to fire and EMS	19	27	14	4		44		44		44		44		75	7:
Number of times mutual aid r	received														
for fire and EMS	56	38	18	19		90		105		12		12		12	14

(continued)

City of Warrensville Heights

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Years										Table 16
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Basic utility services:								<u> </u>		
Refuse disposal per year										
(in tons)	3,051	4,070	4,051	3,987	4,708	4,209	4,450	4,450	4,862	5,912
Refuse disposal costs per year										
(calendar year) \$	161,650	\$ 153,703	\$ 189,566	\$ 147,021 \$	164,043 \$	163,936 \$	169,966 \$	169,966 \$	231,743 \$	236,377
Annual recycling tonnage (exc	luding leaf,									
and compost items)	75.62	88	112	107	n/a	868	777	777	733	696
Percentage of waste										
recycled	2.16%	2.13%	2.75%	2.61%	n/a	23.00%	15.21%	15.21%	13.57%	10.53%
Transportation:										
Street repair (curbs, aprons, be	rms,									
asphalt) (hours)	877	1,950	2,116	520	320	824	803	803	905	812
Guardrail repair (hours)	2	5	10	60	16	132	144	144	120	180
Paint striping (hours)	256	150	200	150	40	205	326	326	366	324
Street sweeper (hours)	317	350	400	625	112	726	805	805	841	880
Cold patch (hours)	344	620	800	725	392	824	872	872	883	808
Snow and ice removal										
overtime hours	3,265	1,800	1,500	2,145	2,456	-	-	-	-	-
Landscaping stump-chipper										
service (hours)	1,789	800	754	50	32	826	799	799	847	804
Holiday lights setup (hours)	261	200	196	86	80	88	96	96	88	76
Sign department (hours)	180	220	200	60	40	263	316	316	294	304
Number of trees planted										
per year	5	10	5	-	-	3	10	10	26	6
Tons of snow melting salt										
purchased (Nov - Mar)	4,525	7,000	7,000	5,600	4,835	4,991	7,100	7,100	5,391	3,413
Cost of salt purchased \$	295,216	\$ 161,313	\$ 230,388	\$ 190,512 \$	220,444 \$	230,055 \$	180,461 \$	180,461 \$	177,783 \$	104,967
General government: Council and clerk: Number of ordinances										
passed	165	139	134	188	104	114	155	155	171	178
Number of resolutions										
Passed	66	23	30	50	60	59	51	51	64	57

(continued)

City of Warrensville Heights

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Years									Table 16
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Finance department:									
Number of checks/vouchers									
issued 2,887	2,736	2,621	2,407	2,452	2,369	3,087	3,087	3,145	3,075
Amount of checks written \$ 7,076,524	\$ 5,348,674 \$		\$ 10,442,701		\$ 6,535,315			\$ 12,106,582	
General Fund interest earnings for fiscal	, -,,	.,, -	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,-	,,		, , , -	, .,,
year (cash basis) \$ 12,3553	\$ 6,639 \$	7,878	\$ 8,476	\$ 7,054	\$ 1,742	\$ 40,625	\$ 40,625	\$ 156,973	\$ 173,560
Number of receipts issued 4,795	3,869	3,427	3,502	3,300	3,466	3,267	3,267	3,806	4,098
Number of budget adjustments									
issued 6	6	50	30	16	61	10	10	82	162
Agency ratings - Moody's									
financial services A-1	A-1	A-1	A-1	A-1	A-1	A-3	A-3	A-3	A-3
Health insurance costs vs. general fund									
expenditures (cash basis) 10.09%	9.10%	9.40%	8.56%	8.61%	11.70%	9.74%	9.74%	10.80%	9.71%
General Fund receipts									
(cash basis) \$ 19,584,225	\$17,984,776 \$	16,516,049	\$ 15,559,787	\$ 15,748,605	\$ 15,908,238	\$ 15,259,941	\$ 15,259,941	\$ 14,178,286	\$ 14,224,242
General Fund expenditures	Φ1 6 555 0 2 5 Φ	15 015 101	Ф. 14716011	Φ 14.000.241	Ф 14 600 004	Φ 15.764.070	ф. 15.764.07 2	Φ 14.417.710	Ф 12.01 с 002
(cash basis) \$ 18,480,253	\$16,555,825 \$	15,815,121	\$ 14,716,911	\$ 14,899,241	\$ 14,680,884	\$ 15,764,972	\$ 15,764,972	\$ 14,415,510	\$ 13,916,892
General Fund cash balances \$ 5.396.290	\$ 4,291,087 \$	3,089,881	¢ 2011044	¢ 1.720.995	\$ 786,116	¢	\$ -	\$ 259.541	\$ 694,777
balances \$ 5,396,290	\$ 4,291,087 \$	3,069,661	\$ 2,911,044	\$ 1,739,885	\$ 780,110	5 -	\$ -	\$ 259,541	\$ 094,777
Building department indicators:									
Construction permits issued 932	667	282	609	647	631	631	631	213	820
Estimated value of									
construction \$ 25,462,710	\$86,106,191 \$	41,779,964	\$ 4,515,733 \$	14,970,841\$	8,335,467 \$	11,450,970\$	11,450,970\$	11,625,337\$	13,677,990\$
Number of plumbing and electrical									
permits issued 301	126	243	206	193	202	258	258	693	601
Amount of revenue generated	A -12011 A			h 100.000					
from permits \$ 593,877	\$ 613,841 \$	427,684	\$ 222,617	\$ 422,070	\$ 186,986	\$ 237,736	\$ 237,736	\$ 313,340	\$ 238,583
Number of contract registrations	255	202	240	400	246	25.4	254	700	454
issued 259	255	282	249	408	346	354	354	700	454
Number of rental inspections	1 206	718	662	572	833	544	544	414	662
performed 2,018	1,206	/18	002	372	833	344	344	414	002
Number of point of sale inspections 203	102	717	662	1,831	1,234	192	192	403	600
inspections 205	102	/1/	002	1,031	1,234	192	192	403	000

Source: Information for operating indicators was obtained from the various departments within the City.

City of Warrensville Heights

Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Years Table 17

	2015	2014	2012	2012	2011	2010	2000	2000	2007	2007
Cit	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Security of persons and property: Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage of building	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,840
Vehicles	33	29	29	29	29	32	36	32	32	26
Fire:					_,	5 -		<i>5</i> -	32	
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Square footage of building	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460	13,460
Vehicles	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12
Leisure time activities:										
Recreation:										
Number of parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
YMCA Square footage	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Community Center:										
Square footage of building	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation:										
Public works:										
Square footage of building	43,360	43,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360	41,360
Vehicles	40	40	40	37	37	40	40	39	39	37
Streets (miles)	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
General government:										
Square footage occupied	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515	25,515
Administrative vehicles	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Inspection vehicles	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6

Source: City's capital asset records

Full-Time Equivalent City Governmental Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Security of persons and property:	2013	2011	2013	2012	2011	2010	2007	2000	2007	2000
Police	31.00	29.00	33.00	33.00	33.00	33.00	36.00	36.00	36.00	36.00
Police – auxiliary/guards	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.00
Police – dispatchers/office/other		8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Police – jailers	1.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
Police – animal wardens	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fire	28.00	27.00	29.00	31.00	32.00	28.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Fire – secretary – other	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Leisure time activities:										
Senior and civic center	5.00	5.00	5.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Community liaison	0.50	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.50	1.00
Community development:										
Building	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00
Economic development	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Transportation:										
Service	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	27.00	30.00	38.00	41.00	41.00	39.00
General government:										
Council	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Executive administration	5.50	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Finance	5.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Municipal income tax	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.50
Human resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Planning	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Civil service	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Community activities	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00						
Totals	143.00	137.50	142.00	146.50	145.00	148.50	168.00	172.50	172.50	170.00

Source City Payroll Department Payroll Register **Method:** Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee at year-end.





CITY OF WARRENSVILLE HEIGHTS

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 11, 2016