



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BERKSHIRE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT GEAUGA COUNTY

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County 14259 Claridon Troy Road, Box 364 Burton, Ohio 44021

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berkshire Local School District, Geauga County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2016, wherein we noted the District restated its Governmental Activities' net position and General Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund and Other Governmental Funds' fund balances due to a merger with Ledgemont Local School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

are Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 9, 2016



Karah Johnson – 2nd grade Burton Elementary

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

> Berkshire Local School District Burton, Ohio

Berkshire Local School District Burton, Ohio

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Kayla Crandall – 5th grade Ledgemont Elementary

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Prepared by Beth A. McCaffrey Treasurer



Autumn Blair – 3rd grade Burton Elementary

Introductory Section

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14259 CLARIDON-TROY ROAD P.O. BOX 364 BURTON OH 44021

PHONE: 440-834-3380 FAX: 440-834-2058

September 9, 2016

Board of Education Members Berkshire Local School District

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Berkshire Local School District (the "School District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This CAFR enables the School District to comply with Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis, and Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 which requires school districts reporting on a GAAP basis to file an annual report with the Auditor of State within 150 days of the fiscal year end.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Under Ohio law, regular audits are required to be performed on all financial related operations of the School District. These audits may be done by either the State Auditor's Office or, if the State Auditor permits, an independent public accounting firm. For fiscal year 2016, the School District was audited by the Auditor of State's Office. Their unmodified opinion is included in the financial section of this CAFR.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The School District

The Berkshire Local School District is located in eastern Geauga County and encompasses seventy (70) square miles which includes Burton Village and the Townships of Burton, Claridon and Troy. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government. This Board manages the School District's three instructional/support facilities staffed by 57.5 non-certificated employees, 94 certificated full time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees to provide services to 1,224 students and other community members.

The School District was established in June 1967 and is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under these provisions, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. Statutorily, the School District operates under standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 of the Ohio Revised Code to provide services mandated by State and Federal agencies.

On January 27, 2015, the Geauga County Educational Service Center passed a resolution which merged the territory of the Ledgemont Local School District with the Berkshire Local School District effective July 1, 2015.

The Berkshire Local School District provides a comprehensive array of educational programs and services to students in two buildings:

- <u>Berkshire Junior Senior High School</u> built in 1936, with additions in 1973 and 2002, houses 480 students from grades 7 through 12.
- <u>Burton Elementary School</u> built in 1959, with an addition in 1962, and modular addition in 2009, houses 426 students from grades kindergarten through 6.
- <u>Ledgemont Elementary School</u> built in 1981 houses students from grades kindergarten through 6.

The Burton Elementary School and Ledgemont Elementary School provides general and special education services to children ranging from kindergarten through the sixth grade. The Berkshire Junior High/High School provides general, special education and vocational education services to students ranging from the seventh grade through the twelfth grade. Course offerings, supplemented by extra-curricular opportunities, provide students with the skills necessary to pursue post-high school educational and career goals.

The School District's cost-per-pupil is consistently among the lowest for Geauga County school districts. The results of achievement, competency and proficiency testing continue to substantiate the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process in the School District.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Berkshire Local School District's financial planning and control. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund. Transfers between funds, however, need special approval from the Board.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The Berkshire Local School District is noteworthy for a variety of reasons. It is rural and includes part of the second largest Amish population in Ohio, yet it is an easy commute to Cleveland, a major metropolitan center. The population contains a relatively high number of senior citizens, testimony to the fact that the region is a safe, desirable place to live. Property values have remained steady despite the unpredictable economy. Several businesses are located in the area such as Great Lakes Cheese Company, Excel Polymers, LLC, Troy Manufacturing, Burton Floral and Garden, Preston Superstore, and TRC Manufacturing.

Many smaller run service businesses are located throughout the School District community. Adding to a strong small business base are construction, remodeling, plumbing, landscaping, door service, concrete, paving, hardware, coin-operated laundromat, and water softener businesses owned by people of the community. Professional service businesses such as insurance, attorneys' offices, credit union, banks, and accountants also contribute to the local economy. Many of these have been around for more than twenty years. Kent State Geauga Campus has begun an expansion project to bring more class offerings to the area. Currently they offer associates degrees in arts and sciences, accounting technology, business management technology, and computer technology along with baccalaureate degrees in business management technology and general studies. The commercial base, though growing and changing, is still rather small compared to more densely populated areas and neighboring school districts.

The high school and Burton Elementary building are located in Burton Village, known for its historical atmosphere – a place where history lives. Around the center of town and in the surrounding area are many

specialty shops that add to the charm of the Village and to the local economy. These include All Matters, Inc., A.H., Christiansons, Beaches and Dreams Travel, Buckeye Chocolate Company, Burton County Village Antiques, Coffee Corners Antiques, John's Photography, Little Pond Graphic Productions, White House Chocolates, Sweetbriar Suri Alpaca Farm, and Sunrise Farm Market. After a day of unique shopping, one can take in a good meal at Tom and Jerry's, Burton Family Restaurant, or J.C's Restaurant; all are within walking distance of the square and the shops. One can end the day at the Red Maple Inn or the Goodwin Bed and Breakfast.

Burton is host to Century Village. This museum is open year round sharing a part of history with over twenty historically accurate buildings on sixty-five acres, 20,000 museum artifacts that depict a Western Reserve Village from 1798 to 1900 and a working farm with a sugar bush maintained for making maple syrup. Many events and festivals are held bringing in thousands of visitors to the area each year including music festivals, Civil War reenactments and the Apple Butter Festival. The Great Geauga County Fair, the oldest fair in Ohio, is held Labor Day weekend and shares the country atmosphere with over 100,000 visitors each year. Many events are real crowd pleasers such as the rooster flying contest hosted by Dick Goddard, cow milking, the demolition derby, and the battle of the fire departments. Two large antique fairs are held on the fairgrounds every May and September, as are other events throughout the year bringing in many visitors to the area and adding to the local economy.

Ledgemont Elementary is located in Thompson Township which is birthplace of Charles Martin Hall, the inventor of the commercial method of producing aluminum. Thompson is also home to Thompson Drag Raceway. The raceway was one of the first dragstrips in the nation, and the first dragstrip in Ohio. Famous drivers such as Don Garlits and T.V. Tommy Ivo received their start into the racing business at Thompson.

School District Local Funding

The funding structure of public education in Ohio is such that school districts receive very little revenue growth as a result of inflationary increases in their tax base. This is a result of House Bill 920 which mandates that any increases in assessed real property values as a result of reappraisal result in a corresponding decrease in millage rate. This keeps the tax receipts the same as when the levy was first placed on the ballot. As a result, school districts throughout Ohio must place operating funding levies on the ballot at regular intervals to keep pace with inflation and added programming.

School District management will carefully control expenses during the coming years to continue to assure tax levy revenues are adequate and well spent. A one percent tax levy on earned income was approved by voters in May of 2007, with collection beginning in 2008. This levy replaced a .75 percent income tax on all income. Because of cuts in State funding, reduced revenues from the phasing out of the tangible personal property tax and increased costs in health care, bus fuel, and utilities, the School District was forced to return to the ballot for additional operating revenues. The earned income tax levy was the best option for the School District as it has a history of not passing operating levies. The option to change the current income tax levy to an earned income tax levy was just allowed in 2006 and the Board took advantage of this option to continue needed funding for the School District.

During fiscal year 2016, the School District maintained a restrictive budget and monitored costs to end the fiscal year with a conservative balance. The School District has continued to closely monitor expenditures as a result of declining revenue and anticipated revenue losses in the coming years. Various cost cutting measures including sharing transportation arrangements with other nearby districts when feasible. These efforts were made to attempt to keep ahead of the rising cost of utilities and fuel and building maintenance repairs. The School District is striving to maintain a quality education for its students within a tight budget.

Long-Term Planning

Annually, the School District prepares a five-year financial forecast in accordance with State law. The financial forecast is the foundation for the School District's operations and is used as a financial planning tool to assist the School District in determining its ability to meet certain financial obligations and plan future funding needs. The forecast shows revenues and expenditures for the general operating fund for the past three fiscal years and projects revenues and expenditures for the ensuing five-year period. Through a collaborative process, the administration assists the Board of Education in determining and prioritizing the needs of the School District.

Major Initiatives

Strategic Planning/Long-term Financial Goals

For the future of the School District, the Board needs to evaluate the current and future revenue sources and expenditures and the needs of our facilities, and review curriculum and staffing needs at all levels. The Board is currently exploring the possibility of collaboration efforts with Kent State University, Newbury Local Schools and Cardinal Local Schools. The Board wants to make sure the needs of the School District are met with the lowest financial impact on the community.

To offset declining enrollment, the School District expanded their open enrollment policy in 2012 to include students at the Kindergarten through sixth grade levels. For fiscal year 2016, an additional one hundred twenty six students open enrolled to the School District. The School District will continue the expanded open enrollment policy in the 2016/2017 school year.

No Child Left Behind Compliance

Unfunded federal mandates require additional extensive diagnostic and achievement testing of students. Berkshire Local School District has complied with such requirements. As such testing is introduced at various grade levels, the School District is working with the assessment instruments provided by the State of Ohio. In addition, Berkshire Local School District teachers are being measured by the No Child Left Behind standard of "highly qualified" in relationship to their teaching assignments.

Federal Projects

The School District files applications for federal funds electronically utilizing the Consolidated Local Plan. This allows the director to coordinate the application to the goals of the Continuous Improvement Plan. The School District continues to apply for all federal funds for which the School District is eligible. This includes the Title IIA Grant allowing for professional development opportunities for teachers and the Title I Reading Recovery program to improve the reading for eligible students at the elementary school. Student readiness for advancement in each grade has been the primary focus of these services.

Educational Programs and Facilities Improvements

One of the most successful programs instituted in the last ten years is the all day every day kindergarten program. The benefits of this program have moved the Board to consider other options for cost saving measures instead of reverting back to the half-day program. Given the lack of pre-schools in the area, all day programs for kindergarten become even more important.

During the 2016 school year, the School District's curriculum included a wide range of electives and comprehensive courses of study in college preparatory, liberal arts and vocational programs. Advanced placement courses are offered at the high school in Biology, Calculus and Chemistry. The high school

offers over 180 courses on the main campus with over 50 additional vocational offerings at Auburn Career Center.

The School District regularly assesses the needs of the buildings and what facility improvements are needed for that school year. Minor repairs and updates have been made during the current year while looking to the major needs and planning for those projects in the near future. The Facilities Committee has spent much time reviewing the needs, prioritizing them and planning a schedule of completion.

Awards

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Berkshire Local School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The publication of this report is a significant step toward elevating the professional standards for Berkshire Local School District's financial reporting. We believe it enhances the School District's accountability to the residents and provides all interested parties with a broad historical perspective of the Berkshire Local School District's financial and demographic information. The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the Treasurer's Office staff, Jaime Berman and Bonnie Makowski. Assistance from the Geauga County Auditor's staff and outside agencies made possible the fair presentation of statistical data.

Special appreciation is expressed to the Local Government Services' section of the State Auditor Dave Yost's office for assistance in the planning, designing and reviewing of this financial report.

Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education for their support for this project and their continued commitment to providing quality education for the students in our community.

Respectfully submitted,

Betha Mcaffry

Beth A. McCaffrey Treasurer

Doughs & Delong.

Douglas Delong Superintendent

Principal Officials June 30, 2016

Board of Education

Kimberly BrownPresider	ent
John Manfredi	
James Boyd	ber
Barbara Raikes	ber
Bryan Wadsworth	ber

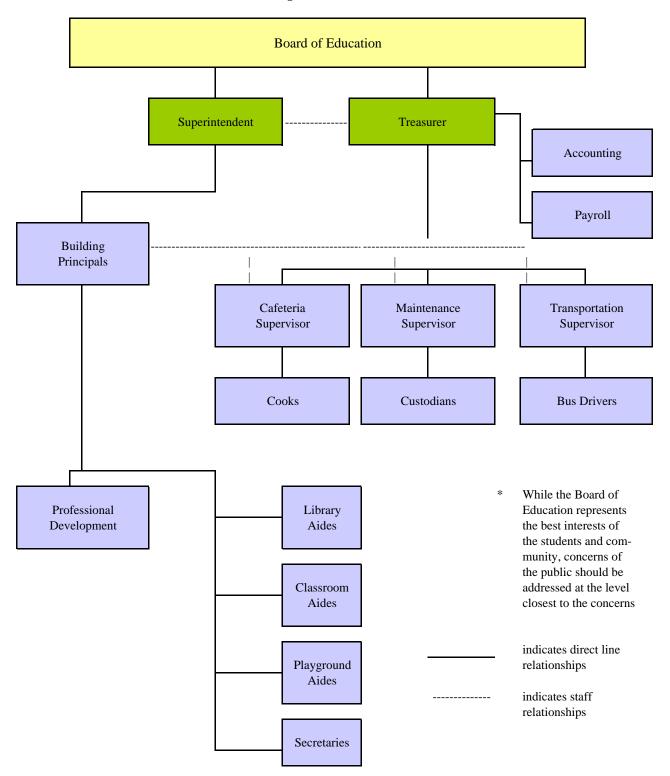
Treasurer

Mrs. Beth A. McCaffrey

Superintendent

Mr. Douglas Delong

Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Berkshire Local School District Ohio

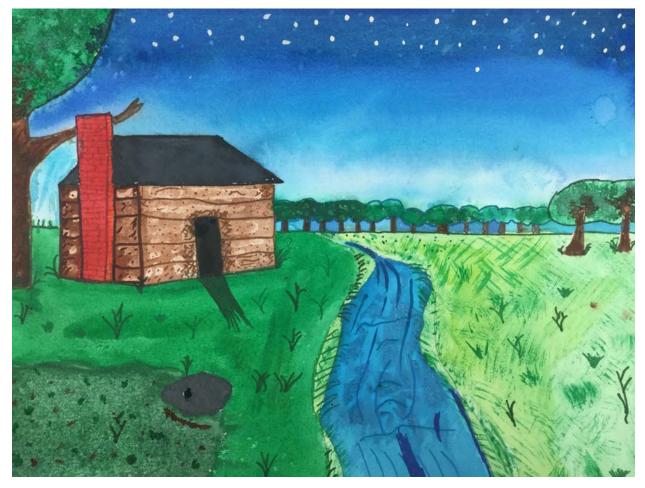
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Appy R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

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Johnathan Kumher – 12th grade Berkshire High School

Financial Section



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County 14259 Claridon Troy Road, Box 364 Burton, Ohio 44021

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berkshire Local School District, Geauga County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berkshire Local School District, Geauga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2016, the District restated its Governmental Activities' net position and General Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund and Other Governmental Funds' fund balances due to a merger with Ledgemont Local School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 9, 2016

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Berkshire Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of Berkshire Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2016 are as follows:

- Total net position of governmental activities increased \$144,362 which represents a 1.16 percent increase from fiscal year 2015.
- Total revenues of \$18,451,694 were comprised of general revenues in the amount of \$15,935,652 or 86.36 percent and program specific revenues from charges for services, grants and contributions in the amount of \$2,516,042 or 13.64 percent.
- The School District leased two new buses in fiscal year 2016, through the general fund. District wide improvements included repairs to asphalt and roofs throughout the District. These purchases were made through the permanent improvement levy.
- The District reported a restatement to net position and fund balance due to a merger with Ledgemont Local School District. See Note 3 for details.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Berkshire Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Berkshire Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2016?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This

basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The School District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District's internal service fund accounts for dental and prescription claims self-insurance. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2016 compared to 2015:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

Table 1

Net Position Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	9,872,134	\$10,531,325	(\$659,191)
Capital Assets, net	4,170,444	4,472,153	(301,709)
Total Assets	14,042,578	15,003,478	(960,900)
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	2,184,965	1,259,261	925,704
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	1,645,941	1,401,821	(244,120)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	447,617	345,865	(101,752)
Due In More Than One Year			
Other Amounts	991,754	1,020,194	28,440
Net Pension Liability	20,235,819	17,637,985	(2,597,834)
Total Liabilities	23,321,131	20,405,865	(2,915,266)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	3,852,520	5,148,982	1,296,462
Pension	1,381,766	3,180,128	1,798,362
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,234,286	8,329,110	3,094,824
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,815,837	4,096,104	(280,267)
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	63,347	77,674	(14,327)
Set Asides	39,468	39,468	0
Other Purposes	85,022	287,352	(202,330)
Unrestricted	(16,331,548)	(16,972,834)	641,286
Total Net Position	(\$12,327,874)	(\$12,472,236)	\$144,362

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2016 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions

Berkshire Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 requires the net pension liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the School District has increased as evidenced by the increase in net position. Management continues to diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's revenues in an effort to maintain the durations between its levy requests.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for the current year. Table 2 shows total revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

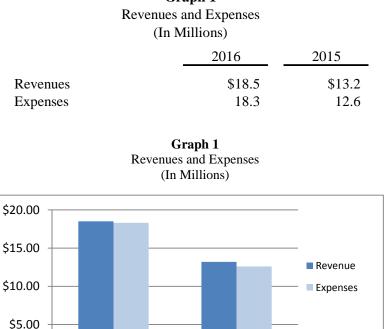
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

Table 2Governmental Activities

	2016	2015	Change
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,409,209	\$879,164	\$530,045
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,106,833	1,153,678	(46,845)
Total Program Revenues	2,516,042	2,032,842	483,200
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	6,379,339	4,997,029	1,382,310
Income Taxes	3,086,088	1,969,869	1,116,219
Grants and Entitlements	6,437,569	4,135,157	2,302,412
Investments, Earnings	10,051	5,463	4,588
Unrestricted Contributions	0	840	(840)
Miscellaneous	22,605	47,723	(25,118)
Total General Revenues	15,935,652	11,156,081	4,779,571
Total Revenues	18,451,694	13,188,923	5,262,771
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,715,698	5,559,328	(3,156,370)
Special	2,428,165	1,503,851	(924,314)
Vocational	73,049	4,181	(68,868)
Student Intervention	91,144	107,764	16,620
Support Services	91,111	107,701	10,020
Pupil	770,575	665,385	(105,190)
Instructional Staff	428,670	327,824	(100,846)
Board of Education	140,276	92,855	(47,421)
Administration	1,364,413	1,079,853	(284,560)
Fiscal	519,363	426,786	(92,577)
Business	4,868	2,270	(2,598)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,635,605	1,179,273	(456,332)
Pupil Transportation	1,295,324	943,414	(351,910)
Operation of Community Services	20,956	438	(20,518)
Operation of Food Services	324,091	250,013	(74,078)
Extracurricular Activities	485,217	411,667	(73,550)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,918	7,576	(2,342)
Total Program Expenses	18,307,332	12,562,478	(5,744,854)
Change in Net Position	144,362	626,445	(482,083)
Net Position Beginning of Year *	(12,472,236)	(9,559,596)	(2,912,640)
Net Position End of Year	(\$12,327,874)	(\$8,933,151)	(\$3,394,723)

* 2016 restated for merger with Ledgemont Local Schools effective July 1, 2015. The 2015 column represents the Berkshire Local School District only without any restatement. See Note 3 for additional details on the restatement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited



Graph 1

Governmental Activities

\$0.00

2016

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

2015

Thus school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. The decrease in property tax revenue was due to the collection of delinquencies in the prior year.

Berkshire Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

In May 2007, the community approved a one percent income tax levy on all earned income within the School District effective for the 2008 collections. This replaced the .75 percent income tax levy on all income within the School District.

Overall revenues decreased during fiscal year 2016 due to lower property tax collections and operating grants and contributions.

The School District actively pursues grants and controls expenses while still maintaining the high academic standards the residents expect of the School District.

Parents continue to have the opportunity to pay for the student's lunch online. Each student uses his/her personal identification number, that accesses his/her account, when visiting the cafeteria.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

The negative amounts indicated in Table 3 should not be construed as something bad; they are merely indicative of whether a particular function of government relies on general revenues for financing or is a net contributor of resources to the School District. Clearly, the four communities that comprise the School District are, by far, the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Berkshire Local School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

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Tota	Table 3 and Net Cost of F	Program Services		
	Governmental A	Activities		
	20	16	20	15
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service
Instruction:				
Regular	\$8,715,698	(\$6,865,766)	\$5,559,328	(\$4,110,869)
Special	2,428,165	(2,151,747)	1,503,851	(1,310,391)
Vocational	73,049	(73,049)	4,181	(4,181)
Student Intervention	91,144	(91,144)	107,764	(107,764)
Support Services:				
Pupil	770,575	(770,575)	665,385	(636,667)
Instructional Staff	428,670	(389,823)	327,824	(278,868)
Board of Education	140,276	(140,276)	92,855	(92,855)
Administration	1,364,413	(1,359,013)	1,079,853	(1,076,253)
Fiscal	519,363	(519,363)	426,786	(426,786)
Business	4,868	(4,868)	2,270	(2,270)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,635,605	(1,635,605)	1,179,273	(1,179,273)
Pupil Transportation	1,295,324	(1,295,324)	943,414	(943,414)
Operation of Community Services	20,956	387	438	(438)
Operation of Food Services	324,091	(71,434)	250,013	(110,111)
Extracurricular Activities	485,217	(413,772)	411,667	(241,920)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,918	(9,918)	7,576	(7,576)
Total	\$18,307,332	(\$15,791,290)	\$12,562,478	(\$10,529,636)

The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 18. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$17,970,704 and expenditures of \$17,986,611. The general fund decrease in fund balance is mainly due to the addition of Ledgemont Local Schools. The permanent improvement fund balance increased due to the sale capital assets. The School District has developed a five year plan of improvements and continues to stay within revenue projections. As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, property and income taxes from the communities that comprise the School District are the largest revenue source, accounting for 50 percent of total governmental revenue.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2016, the School District amended its general fund budget several times. The School District uses a site-based budgeting system designed to tightly control total site budgets, but provide flexibility for site management.

Berkshire Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Unaudited

The School District is continuing to see an increase in the required services for our special education students. Additional physical and occupational therapy services were needed for students this year and we saw an increase in our special education students needing services. There were no individually significant events that caused this variance. The School District ended the fiscal year \$263,191 lower than budgeted. This is due in large part to the School District's continued commitment to provide a quality education while still controlling the costs of a quality education.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal 2016 balances compared to 2015:

Table 4Capital Assets at June 30(Net of Depreciation)Governmental Activities

	2016	2015
Land	\$110,281	\$132,910
Land Improvements	74,111	89,000
Building and Improvements	2,778,129	3,050,574
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	419,641	468,848
Vehicles	788,282	730,821
Total Capital Assets	\$4,170,444	\$4,472,153

The School District purchased two new buses and repaired roofs at Burton Elementary and Ledgemont Elementary during fiscal year 2016. This increase was offset by the annual depreciation. Ohio law requires school districts to set aside three percent of certain revenues for capital improvements. For fiscal year 2016, this amounted to \$225,685. See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School District's capital assets and Note 23 for additional information regarding required set-asides.

Debt

The School District had no bonded debt in fiscal year 2016. The School District initiated capital leases in the amount of \$163,380 during the fiscal year. The outstanding capital lease balance as of the end of fiscal year 2016 was \$354,607. See Note 18 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding long-term obligations.

School District Outlook

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist as the School District must rely heavily on local property taxes and earned income tax to fund its operations. External challenges continue to evolve as the State's educational funding system is generating zero to minimal growth in funding operations. As the preceding information shows, the School District is heavily reliant on local property taxpayers.

Management must continue to diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's financial forecast. Additional revenues must not be treated as a windfall to expand programs but as an opportunity to extend the time horizon of the life of the levies.

The School District has committed itself to financial and educational excellence for many years to come. The School District has received the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting since 2000. Due to budget constraints during fiscal year 2009, the School District decided to forgo publishing a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for one year and only publish the required Basic Financial Statements. The School District received the GFOA award for its report for fiscal year 2015 and has submitted this report to GFOA for consideration.

In conclusion, the Berkshire Local School District is in a period posing both significant challenges and opportunities. Management is committed to working with all stakeholders to craft solutions that will most effectively use the available resources to continue to provide an excellent education to the students of the School District.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Beth A. McCaffrey, in the Treasurer's Office, at Berkshire Local School District, 14259 Claridon Troy Road, P.O Box 364, Burton, Ohio 44021. <u>beth.mccaffrey@berkshireschools.org</u>

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Assets	#2 124 500
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,136,700
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	39,468
Accounts Receivable	37,940
Intergovernmental Receivable	105,970
Prepaid Items	2,050
Inventory Held for Resale	1,441
Materials and Supplies Inventory	990
Income Taxes Receivable	1,451,811
Property Taxes Receivable	5,095,764
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	110,281
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	4,060,163
Total Assets	14,042,578
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	2,184,965
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	158,686
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,078,567
Intergovernmental Payable	346,948
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	22,973
Claims Payable	38,767
Long-Term Liabilities:	20,101
Due Within One Year	447,617
Due In More Than One Year	991,754
Net Pension Liability (See Note 15)	20,235,819
Total Liabilities	23,321,131
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	3.852.520
Pension	1,381,766
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,234,286
Net Position	
	2 815 827
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	3,815,837
	62 217
Capital Projects Set Asides	63,347 39,468
	85,022
Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)	
Uniestitued (Dencit)	(16,331,548)
Total Net Position	(\$12,327,874)

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Reve	enues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$8,715,698	\$1,205,491	\$644,441	(\$6,865,766)
Special	2,428,165	0	276,418	(2,151,747)
Vocational	73,049	0	0	(73,049)
Student Intervention	91,144	0	0	(91,144)
Support Services:	, -,			(* - , · ·)
Pupil	770,575	0	0	(770,575)
Instructional Staff	428,670	0	38,847	(389,823)
Board of Education	140,276	0	0	(140,276)
Administration	1,364,413	0	5,400	(1,359,013)
Fiscal	519,363	0	0	(519,363)
Business	4,868	0	0	(4,868)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,635,605	0	0	(1,635,605)
Pupil Transportation	1,295,324	0	0	(1,295,324)
Operation of Community Services	20,956	21,343	0	387
Operation of Food Services	324,091	113,430	139,227	(71,434)
Extracurricular Activities	485,217	68,945	2,500	(413,772)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,918	0	0	(9,918)
Totals	\$18,307,332	\$1,409,209	\$1,106,833	(15,791,290)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Levied for:		
		General Purposes		6,131,597
		Capital Outlay		247,742
		Income Taxes Levied for General		3,086,088
		Grants and Entitlements not Restr	ricted to	
		Specific Programs		6,437,569
		Investment Earnings		10,051
		Miscellaneous		22,605
		Total General Revenues		15,935,652
		Change in Net Position		144,362
		Net Position, Beginning of Year	Restated See Note 3	(12,472,236)
		Net Position, End of Year		(\$12,327,874)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$2,982,076	\$34,556	\$83,015	\$3,099,647
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	39,468	0	0	39,468
Accounts Receivable	37,940	0	0	37,940
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	105,970	105,970
Prepaid Items	2,050	0	0	2,050
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	1,441	1,441
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	990	990
Income Taxes Receivable	1,451,811	0	0	1,451,811
Property Taxes Receivable	4,848,022	247,742	0	5,095,764
Total Assets	\$9,361,367	\$282,298	\$191,416	\$9,835,081
Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$115,043	\$18,136	\$25,507	\$158,686
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,022,292	0	56,275	1,078,567
Intergovernmental Payable	343,734	0	3,214	346,948
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	18,885	0	4,088	22,973
Total Liabilities	1,499,954	18,136	89,084	1,607,174
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	3,651,705	200,815	0	3,852,520
Unavailable Revenue	949,870	24,027	0	973,897
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,601,575	224,842	0	4,826,417
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable	4,196	0	990	5,186
Restricted	39,468	39,320	101,342	180,130
Committed	209,272	0	0	209,272
Assigned	61,783	0	0	61,783
Unassigned	2,945,119	0	0	2,945,119
Total Fund Balances	3,259,838	39,320	102,332	3,401,490
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$9,361,367	\$282,298	\$191,416	\$9,835,081

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2016

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Income Taxes	\$2,959,776	\$0	\$0	\$2,959,776
Property Taxes	5,764,253	260,408	0	6,024,661
Intergovernmental	6,388,084	43,985	1,038,770	7,470,839
Interest	10,051	0	0	10,051
Tuition and Fees	1,205,491	0	0	1,205,491
Extracurricular Activities	8,620	0	60,000	68,620
Contributions and Donations	59,724	0	13,839	73,563
Charges for Services	0	0	134,773	134,773
Rentals	0	0	325	325
Miscellaneous	22,605	0	0	22,605
Total Revenues	16,418,604	304,393	1,247,707	17,970,704
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	7,766,074	2,703	601,731	8,370,508
Special	2,132,646	0	314,320	2,446,966
Vocational	70,317	0	1,413	71,730
Student Intervention	99,474	0	0	99,474
Support Services:				
Pupil	770,045	0	0	770,045
Instructional Staff	362,751	0	49,789	412,540
Board of Education	140,276	0	0	140,276
Administration	1,277,425	0	5,400	1,282,825
Fiscal	497,749	4,831	0	502,580
Business	4,868	0	0	4,868
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,204,269	376,635	2,459	1,583,363
Pupil Transportation	1,244,543	0	0	1,244,543
Operation of Community Services	0	0	20,956	20,956
Operation of Food Services	0	0	322,279	322,279
Extracurricular Activities	383,669	0	85,913	469,582
Capital Outlay	81,381	10,955	0	92,336
Debt Service:	01,501	10,955	0	,550
Principal Retirement	141,822	0	0	141,822
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,955	963	0	9,918
interest and Fiscal Charges	6,955	903	0	9,910
Total Expenditures	16,186,264	396,087	1,404,260	17,986,611
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	232,340	(91,694)	(156,553)	(15,907)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	104,591	0	104,591
Inception of Capital Lease	163,380	0	0	163,380
Transfers In	0	0	95,000	95,000
Transfers Out	(420,000)	0	0	(420,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(256,620)	104,591	95,000	(57,029)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(24,280)	12,897	(61,553)	(72,936)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3)	3,284,118	26,423	163,885	3,474,426
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,259,838	\$39,320	\$102,332	\$3,401,490

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(\$72,936)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Outlay Depreciation (285,093)	
Total	(27,129)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.	(274,580)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.Property Taxes354,678Income Taxes126,312	
Total	480,990
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows	1,149,308
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities	(1,023,077)
Other financing sources, such as inception of capital leases, in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities	(163,380)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	141,822
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(51,754)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal	
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	(14,903)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$144,362

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted 2	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
_	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	¢2,002,024	\$2.054.525	\$2.054.727	\$ 0
Income Taxes	\$2,893,024	\$2,954,737	\$2,954,737	\$0
Property Taxes	6,261,105	6,459,920	6,443,121	(16,799)
Intergovernmental	4,964,426	6,641,210	6,388,084	(253,126)
Interest	0	9,000	10,051	1,051
Tuition and Fees	711,987	1,254,844	1,156,252	(98,592)
Extracurricular Activities	14,000	12,767	12,947	180
Contributions and Donations	37,500	59,724	5,500	(54,224)
Miscellaneous	0	22,171	22,605	434
Total Revenues	14,882,042	17,414,373	16,993,297	(421,076)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,936,459	7,635,607	7,540,436	95,171
Special	1,865,488	2,155,366	2,141,768	13,598
Vocational	67,050	59,897	59,897	0
Student Intervention Services	112,850	99,365	98,958	407
Support Services:				
Pupil	566,537	786,382	777,588	8,794
Instructional Staff	262,381	355,659	354,525	1,134
Board of Education	69,993	152,463	144,859	7,604
Administration	1,209,881	1,291,393	1,283,961	7,432
Fiscal	444,980	522,555	517,878	4,677
Business	0	4,868	4,868	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	847,093	1,216,025	1,212,790	3,235
Pupil Transportation	891,992	1,238,149	1,222,330	15,819
Extracurricular Activities	308,825	354,427	354,417	10
Capital Outlay	4,000	68,778	68,778	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	43,000	43,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	1,668	1,668	0
Total Expenditures	13,587,529	15,985,602	15,827,721	157,881
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,294,513	1,428,771	1,165,576	(263,195)
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(486,334)	(569,709)	(569,705)	4
Net Change in Fund Balance	808,179	859,062	595,871	(263,191)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,846,708	1,846,708	1,846,708	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	70,704	70,704	70,704	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,725,591	\$2,776,474	\$2,513,283	(\$263,191)

Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund June 30, 2016

	Insurance
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$37,053
Liabilities Claims Payable	38,767
Net Position Unrestricted (Deficit)	(\$1,714)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$115,005
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	1,382
Claims	453,526
Total Operating Expenses	454,908
Loss Before Transfers	(339,903)
Transfers In	325,000
Change in Net Position	(14,903)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	13,189
Net Position (Deficit), End of Year	(\$1,714)

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Insurance
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$115,005
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,382)
Cash Payments for Claims	(454,816)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(341,193)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers In	325,000
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(16,193)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	53,246
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$37,053
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(\$339,903)
Adjustments:	
Decrease in Claims Payable	(1,290)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$341,193)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

_

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarships	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$45,151	\$54,457
Liabilities		
Due to Students	0	\$46,750
Undistributed Monies	0	7,707
Total Liabilities	0	\$54,457
Net Position		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	45,151	
Total Net Position	\$45,151	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust
	Scholarships
Additions	
Gifts and Contributions	\$6,002
Deductions Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	5,000
Change in Net Position	1,002
Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3)	44,149
Net Position End of Year	\$45,151

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Berkshire Local School District (the "School District") operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the School District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by 57.5 non-certified employees, 94 certified full time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees to provide services to 1,224 students and other community members.

The School District was established in 1967 and is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District serves an area of approximately 120 square miles. It is located in Geauga County, including all of Burton Village, Burton, Claridon, Montville, Thompson and Troy Townships, Ohio. It currently operates four instructional buildings and one administrative building.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Berkshire Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with three jointly governed organizations, one related organization and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Auburn Career Center, the Lake Geauga Computer Association, the Ohio Schools Council Association, the Burton Public Library and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 20, 21 and 22 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund The permanent improvement fund accounts for and reports property taxes restricted for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self insurance fund that accounts for dental and prescription claims of School District employees.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has a private purpose trust fund that accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student and elementary activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenditures) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition

of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2016, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and income taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 15)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which

the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2016, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2016, there were no limitation or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2016 amounted to \$10,051 which includes \$480 assigned from other funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or the laws of other governments. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts for unclaimed monies and amounts required by State statute to be set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 23 for additional information regarding set-asides.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2016, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food held for resale and materials and supplies held for consumption.

I. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from

expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by back-trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The capitalization threshold is two thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	
	Activities	
Description	Estimated Lives	
Land Improvements	20 years	
Buildings and Improvements	21 - 50 years	
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 25 years	
Vehicles	8 - 15 years	

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payments in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees with five years of service with the School District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund(s) from which the employees who have resigned or retired will be paid.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee

contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year.

M. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues and expenses in the internal service fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by State statute. The Board of

Education has assigned fund balance for uniform school supplies, rotary, public school support, and the school improvement model.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes included resources which will be used for athletics, special education, and classroom facilities maintenance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2016, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments," GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants," and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73."

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies-in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment-the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the framework for selecting those principles. The implementation of this GASB pronouncement did not result in any changes to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance and also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for governments that participate in those pools. The School Districts participates in STAR Ohio which implemented GASB Statement No. 79 for the fiscal year 2016. The School District incorporated the corresponding GASB 79 guidance into their fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there is not effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. These changes were incorporated in the School District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

On July 1, 2015, Ledgemont Local School District merged with Berkshire Local School District. Due to financial difficulties, Ledgemont Local School District ceased to exist as of July 1, 2015, and operations of Ledgemont Local School District were absorbed into Berkshire Local School District. As a result of the merger, all assets and liabilities of Ledgemont Local School District, other than those discussed below, belong to Berkshire Local School District as of that date.

Ohio Revised Code Section 3311.241 provides that if a school district meets certain qualifications and is dissolving, the indebtedness owed to the State solvency assistance fund by the dissolving school district shall be cancelled. These qualifications were met by Ledgemont Local School District; therefore the notes payable related to the solvency assistance advance is not considered a liability of the merged Berkshire Local School District. Certain capital assets of Ledgemont Local School District were considered impaired by Berkshire Local School District and therefore the values of those assets have been reduced. The effect of the merger and the above mentioned adjustments on net position and fund balance is as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Berkshire LSD at 6/30/15	Ledgemont LSD at 6/30/15	Adjustments at 7/1/15	Merged Berkshire LSD at 7/1/15
Assets	at 0/30/13	at 0/30/13	at 7/1/15	at // 1/ 15
Current and Other Assets	\$7,634,150	\$2,897,175	\$0	\$10,531,325
Capital Assets, Net	3,593,605	1,054,510	(175,962)	4,472,153
Total Assets	11,227,755	3,951,685	(175,962)	15,003,478
		0,501,000	(1/0,002)	10,000,110
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension	930,802	328,459	0	1,259,261
				,,
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	1,326,559	3,005,427	(2,930,165)	1,401,821
Long-Term Liabilities				
Due Within One Year	345,865	0	0	345,865
Due in More Than One Year				
Other Amounts	844,007	176,187	0	1,020,194
Net Pension Liability	12,671,110	4,966,875	0	17,637,985
Total Liabilities	15,187,541	8,148,489	(2,930,165)	20,405,865
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	3,615,720	1,533,262	0	5,148,982
Pension	2,288,447	891,681	0	3,180,128
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,904,167	2,424,943	0	8,329,110
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,260,556	1,011,510	(175,962)	4,096,104
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	77,674	0	0	77,674
Set Asides	39,468	0	0	39,468
Other Purposes	124,233	163,119	0	287,352
Unrestricted	(12,435,082)	(7,467,917)	2,930,165	(16,972,834)
Total Net Position	(\$8,933,151)	(\$6,293,288)	\$2,754,203	(\$12,472,236)

		Permanent	Other	
		Improvement	Governmental	
	General Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Fund Balance at June 30, 2015:				
Berkshire LSD	\$2,102,759	\$70,128	\$122,600	\$2,295,487
Ledgemont LSD	(1,738,802)	(43,705)	31,281	(1,751,226)
Adjustments:				
Current Liabilities	2,920,161	0	10,004	2,930,165
Total Adjusted Fund Balance at July 1, 2015	\$3,284,118	\$26,423	\$163,885	\$3,474,426
Adjusted Fund Balance at June 30, 2015:				
Nonspendable	\$1,807	\$0	\$1,167	\$2,974
Restricted	41,614	26,423	156,295	224,332
Committed	184,943	0	7,077	192,020
Assigned	34,368	0	0	34,368
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,021,386	0	(654)	3,020,732
Total Adjusted Fund Balance at July 1, 2015	\$3,284,118	\$26,423	\$163,885	\$3,474,426

Prior to the merger, Berkshire Local School District did not have any private purpose trust funds. Due to the merger, Berkshire is now reporting a private purpose trust fund with a beginning net position of \$44,149. The merger increased the beginning balance of agency funds from \$44,174 to \$58,025. The merger also increased the beginning budgetary fund balance of the general fund from \$1,434,267 to \$1,846,708.

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting its financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies fund, special rotary, public school support, school improvement model, unclaimed funds and termination benefit funds are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

Net Change in I and Datanee	
GAAP Basis	(\$24,280)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	154,462
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	674,853
Perspective Difference:	
Uniform School Supplies	21,772
Special Rotary	(436)
Public School Support	4,571
Encumbrances	(235,071)
Budget Basis	\$595,871

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, \$2,725,901 of the School District's bank balance of \$3,275,671 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposite being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the School District's only investment was in STAR Ohio which is measured at net asset value per share.

Credit Risk Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represents collections of calendar year 2015 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2016 were levied after April 1, 2015, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values for real property are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2016 represents collections of calendar year 2015 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 become a lien December 31, 2014, were levied after April 1, 2015 and are collected in 2016 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Geauga County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2016, are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2016 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations are reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2016 was \$609,400 in the general fund and \$22,900 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015, was \$1,243,600 in the general fund and \$42,800 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The difference was in the timing and collection by the County Auditor.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2016 taxes were collected are:

	2015 Second Half Collections		2016 First Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$329,825,810	96.87 %	\$329,458,280	96.45 %
Public Utility Personal	10,654,590	3.13	12,121,320	3.55
Total	\$340,480,400	100.00 %	\$341,579,600	100.00 %
Full tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$52.30		\$52.30	

Note 7 - Accountability

At June 30, 2016, the insurance internal service fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1,714. Management is currently analyzing the insurance fund's operations to determine appropriate steps to alleviate the deficit.

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. At June 30, 2016, Title I, Title IIA and Straight A special revenue funds had intergovernmental receivables of \$80,121, \$23,990 and \$1,859, respectively.

Note 9 - Income Tax

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the earned income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2008, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

Note 10 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Balances	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Inventory	\$0	\$0	\$990	\$990
Prepaid Items	2,050	0	0	2,050
Unclaimed Funds	2,146	0	0	2,146
Total Nonspendable	4,196		990	5,186
Restricted for				
Construction and Renovation	39,468	0	0	39,468
Food Service Operations	0	0	9,666	9,666
Other Grants	0	0	7,005	7,005
Athletic and Music	0	0	25,175	25,175
Title I	0	0	41,984	41,984
Class Size Reduction	0	0	5,669	5,669
Straight A	0	0	2	2
Latchkey	0	0	8,800	8,800
Leighton	0	0	3,041	3,041
Permanent Improvements	0	39,320	0	39,320
Total Restricted	39,468	39,320	101,342	180,130
Committed to				
Employee Retirements	209,272	0	0	209,272
Total Committed	209,272	0	0	209,272
Assigned to				
Uniform School Supplies	36,665	0	0	36,665
Rotary - assigned to community services	2,047	0	0	2,047
Public School Support	23,046	0	0	23,046
School Improvement Model	25	0	0	25
Total Assigned	61,783	0	0	61,783
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,945,119	0	0	2,945,119
Total Fund Balances	\$3,259,838	\$39,320	\$102,332	\$3,401,490

Note 11 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2016.

B. School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for fiscal year 2015, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2016 Foundation funding for the school

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

district; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this may result in either a receivable to or a liability of the School District.

C. Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

Note 12 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$132,910	\$0	(\$22,629)	\$110,281
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	778,532	0	0	778,532
Buildings and Improvements	10,306,131	84,584	(1,927,478)	8,463,237
Furniture and Fixtures	1,569,662	0	0	1,569,662
Vehicles	1,603,883	173,380	(257,908)	1,519,355
Total at Historical Cost	14,258,208	257,964	(2,185,386)	12,330,786
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(689,532)	(14,889)	0	(704,421)
Buildings and Improvements	(7,255,557)	(105,077)	1,675,526	(5,685,108)
Furniture and Fixtures	(1,100,814)	(49,207)	0	(1,150,021)
Vehicles	(873,062)	(115,920)	257,909	(731,073)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,918,965)	(285,093) *	1,933,435	(8,270,623)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net				
of Accumulated Depreciation	4,339,243	(27,129)	(251,951)	4,060,163
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$4,472,153	(\$27,129)	(\$274,580)	\$4,170,444

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$128,403
Special	1,027
Support Services:	
Pupil	11
Administration	7,067
Fiscal	111
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	16,792
Pupil Transportation	124,438
Operation of Food Services	843
Extracurricular Activities	6,401
Total Depreciation Expense	\$285,093

Note 13 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the School District participated in the Ohio Schools Council insurance program which contracted with Ohio Casualty. Ohio Casualty acts as the carrier and the coverage provided is as follows:

Type of Coverage	Amount
Building and Contents - replacement cost	\$36,707,959
Crime Insurance	50,000
Theft	75,000
Automobile Liability	6,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	n/a
Total per year	8,000,000
Commercial Umbrella	8,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the School District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 22). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Other Employee Benefits

The School District has elected to provide dental and prescription coverage benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. A third party administrator, Guardian Insurance, located in Cleveland, Ohio, reviews all dental claims which are then paid by the School District. A specific excess loss coverage (stop-loss) insurance policy covers claims in excess of \$125,000 per employee, per year.

The claims liability of \$38,767 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2016 is based on an estimate by the third party administrator and on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Management's expectation is the claims liabilities will be paid within one year. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for 2015 and 2016 were:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Beginning	Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2015	\$15,668	\$439,516	\$415,127	\$40,057
2016	40,057	453,526	454,816	38,767

Note 14 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 325 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 75 days.

B. Life / Medical Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Guardian. The School District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through Medical Mutual.

Note 15 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions

to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No allocation was made to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$260,836 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$17,301 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 11 percent of the 12 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and 1 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled

only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, plan members were required to contribute 13 percent of their annual covered salary. Effective July 1, 2016, the statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent to 14 percent. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2016 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$888,472 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount \$187,582 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date	0.07221500%	0.05748864%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Current Measurement Date	0.07041020%	0.05868257%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00180480%	0.00119393%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability Pension Expense	\$4,017,674 \$228,383	\$16,218,145 \$794,694	\$20,235,819 \$1,023,077

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$64,692	\$739,343	\$804,035
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	231,622	231,622
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	260,836	888,472	1,149,308
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$325,528	\$1,859,437	\$2,184,965
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$133,119 82,257	\$1,166,390	\$1,299,509 82,257
and proportionate share of contributions	02,237	0	02,237
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$215,376	\$1,166,390	\$1,381,766

\$1,149,308 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

SERS	STRS	Total
(\$74,622)	(\$205,310)	(\$279,932)
(74,622)	(205,310)	(279,932)
(74,929)	(205,310)	(280,239)
73,489	420,505	493,994
(\$150,684)	(\$195,425)	(\$346,109)
	(\$74,622) (74,622) (74,929) 73,489	(\$74,622) (\$205,310) (74,622) (205,310) (74,929) (205,310) 73,489 420,505

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2015, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected real return premiums for each asset class.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,571,070	\$4,017,674	\$2,709,587

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops best estimates for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Nominal Rate of Return *
Domostic Equity	21.00 %	8.00 0/
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.5 percent.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund be

service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$22,528,228	\$16,218,145	\$10,882,031

Note 16 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2016, no allocation of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, prorated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2016, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2016, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$34,459. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$0, \$9,973, and \$1,598, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30. 2015, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, one percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$0, \$0 and \$44,755, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Note 17 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year or soon thereafter were as follows:

General Fund	\$235,071
Other Governmental Funds	44,089
Total	\$279,160

Note 18 - Long Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Principal Outstanding 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/2016	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	\$13,983,227	\$2,234,919	\$0	\$16,218,146	\$ 0
SERS	3,654,758	362,915	0	4,017,673	0
Total Net Pension Liability	17,637,985	2,597,834	0	20,235,819	0
Capital Leases	333,049	163,380	141,822	354,607	141,070
Compensated Absences	1,033,010	417,045	365,291	1,084,764	306,547
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$19,004,044	\$3,178,259	\$507,113	\$21,675,190	\$447,617

Note 19 – Fund Obligation

In 2010 the School District issued \$200,000 in tax anticipation notes for the purpose of replacing the boiler in the elementary school. The coupon interest rate is 3.88 percent and the notes matured on December 1, 2015. During fiscal year 2016, the principal and interest payments to retire the tax anticipation note were \$43,000 in principal \$1,668 in interest. Capital leases will be paid from the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The compensated absences payable will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue funds. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. For additional information related to the pension liability see Note 15.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$29,651,245 with an unvoted debt margin of \$329,458 at June 30, 2016.

Note 20 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Auburn Career Center

The Auburn Career Center is a joint vocational school district which is a jointly governed organization among eleven School Districts. Each participating school district appoints one member to the Auburn Career Center's Board of Education. The students of each participating school district may attend classes offered at the vocational facility. Each participant's control over the operation of the Auburn Career Center is limited to its representation on the Board. Continued existence of the Auburn Career Center is not dependent on the School District's continued participation. Financial information can be obtained from the Auburn Career Center, 8140 Auburn Road, Painesville, Ohio 44077.

B. Lake Geauga Computer Association

The Lake Geauga Computer Association (the "LGCA") is a jointly governed organization that was formed for the purpose of providing computer services for accounting, grading, scheduling, EMIS and other applications to its eighteen member school districts. Each of the districts supports LGCA based upon a per pupil charge. The executive committee (governing board) consists of the superintendents and treasurers of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the governing board. LGCA's continued existence is not dependent on the School District's continued participation. During fiscal year 2016, the School District paid \$59,255 to LGCA. Financial

information can be obtained from the Lake Geauga Computer Association, 8221 Auburn Road, Painesville, Ohio 44077.

C. Ohio Schools Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 126 school districts. The jointly governed organization was created by school districts for the purpose of saving money through volume purchases. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. Each school district member's superintendent serves as a representative of the Assembly. The Assembly elects five of the Council's Board members and the remaining four are representatives of the Greater Cleveland School Superintendents' Association. The Council operates under a nine-member Board of Directors (the Board). The Board is the policy making authority of the Council. The Board meets monthly September to June. The Board appoints an Executive Director who is responsible for receiving and disbursing funds, investing available funds, preparing financial reports for the Board and Assembly and carrying out such other responsibilities as designated by the Board. In fiscal year 2015, the School District paid \$3,190 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6373 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The School District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the School District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Compass Energy has been selected as the supplier and program manager. There are currently 151 participants in the program including the Berkshire School District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

Note 21 - Related Organization

Burton Public Library The Burton Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Berkshire Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Burton Public Library, Rebecca Herrick Clerk/Treasurer, PO Box 427, Burton, Ohio 44021.

Note 22 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool. The Executive Director of the OASBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 23 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end

Berkshire Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. The School District plans to use these monies for construction and renovation.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Budget Stabilization Reserve	Capital Improvements Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$39,468	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	0	225,685
Qualifying Disbursements	0	(700,423)
Totals	\$39,468	(\$474,738)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward		
to Future Fiscal Years	\$39,468	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$39,468	\$0

The School District has qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-asides. The extra amount in the capital acquisition set-aside may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years. The total reserve balance for the two set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$39,468.

Note 24 – Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Transfers From	
Transfers To	General	
Other Governmental Funds	\$95,000	
Internal Service Fund:		
Self Insurance	325,000	
Total Transfers	\$420,000	

The transfer from the general fund to the Other Governmental Funds (food service and athletics and music special revenue funds) were used to pay for operations of the food service department and the athletics and music program. The transfer from the general fund to the self insurance fund was used to pay health and dental insurance claims.

Note 25 – Leases

During fiscal year 2016, the School District entered into a capital lease for school buses and in the amount of \$163,380 at an interest rate of 2.859 percent. In prior years the School District entered into capital leases for furniture and fixtures and school buses. The assets acquired through the capital leases were capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time the lease was entered into.

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
Asset:	
Furniture and Fixtures	\$79,809
Vehicles	726,768
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(149,248)
Total	\$657,329

The lease provides for minimum, annual lease payments as follows:

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities
2017	\$150,775
2018	119,610
2019	68,943
2020	34,544
Total Minimum Lease Payments	373,872
Less amount representing Interest	(19,265)
Present value of minimum Lease Payment	\$354,607

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2015 (2)	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.07041020%	0.04853100%	0.04853100%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$4,017,674	\$2,456,125	\$2,885,983
School District's Covered Payroll	\$2,100,581	\$1,430,917	\$1,292,878
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	191.26%	171.65%	223.22%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

(2) Includes information for Ledgemont Local School. Ledgemont's 2014 proportion of the net pension liability was 0.023684 percent and the proportionate share of the NPL was \$1,198,633.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2015 (2)	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05868257%	0.04199643%	0.04199643%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$16,218,145	\$10,214,985	\$12,168,024
School District's Covered Payroll	\$5,833,423	\$4,261,443	\$4,615,200
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Payroll	278.02%	239.71%	263.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

(2) Includes information for Ledgemont Local School. Ledgemont's 2014 proportion of the net pension liability was 0.01549221 percent and the proportionate share of the NPL was \$3,768,242.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$260,836	\$276,857	\$198,387	\$178,934
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(260,836)	(\$276,857)	(\$198,387)	(178,934)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$1,863,114	\$2,100,581	\$1,430,917	\$1,292,878
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered - Payroll	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%

(1) Includes information for Ledgemont Local School.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$189,898	\$182,255	\$192,434	\$147,205	\$138,327	\$149,791
(189,898)	(182,255)	(192,434)	(147,205)	(138,327)	(149,791)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,411,882	\$1,449,924	\$1,421,228	\$1,495,985	\$1,408,624	\$1,402,537
13.45%	12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$888,472	\$816,679	\$553,988	\$599,976
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(888,472)	(816,679)	(553,988)	(599,976)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll	\$6,346,229	\$5,833,423	\$4,261,443	\$4,615,200
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered - Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

(1) Includes information for Ledgemont Local School.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$657,680	\$639,654	\$643,094	\$573,936	\$609,378	\$574,938	\$581,144
(657,680)	(639,654)	(643,094)	(573,936)	(609,378)	(574,938)	(581,144)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$5,059,077	\$4,920,415	\$4,946,877	\$4,414,892	\$4,687,523	\$4,422,600	\$4,470,338
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Food Service Fund This fund accounts for and reports charges for services restricted for the food service operations of the School District.

Other Grants Fund This fund accounts for and reports for monies restricted to promote community involvement and to support activities between the school and the community.

Athletics and Music Fund This fund accounts for and reports for gate receipts and other revenues from athletic events restricted for all costs (except supplemental coaching contracts) of the School District's athletic program and transportation of the band to and from athletic events.

ONEnet Fund This fund accounts for and reports for State monies restricted to assist teachers in improving their technology skills.

Title VI-B Fund This fund accounts for and reports for Federal monies restricted to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

Title I Fund This fund accounts for and reports for Federal monies restricted to assist the School District in meeting the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Title IIA Fund This fund accounts for and reports for Federal monies restricted to improve teacher and principal quality.

Straight A Fund This fund accounts for State monies restricted to promote science and technology in education.

Latchkey Fund This fund accounts for and reports charges for services restricted for the latchkey operations of the School District.

Classroom Facilities Fund This fund accounts for and reports monies restricted for improving classrooms.

Leighton Fund The fund accounts for and reports monies used in the purchase of technology for the students as well as enhancements to the library at Ledgemont Elementary.

Uniform School Supplies Fund The fund accounts for and reports for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the School District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Special Rotary The fund accounts for and reports for various rotary funds assigned for scholarships and other programs. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Public School Support Fund The fund accounts for and reports for school site sales revenue and expenditures for field trips, assemblies, and other activity costs. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

School Improvement Model Fund The fund accounts for and reports for State monies used for improving student achievement on proficiency tests. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Unclaimed Funds Fund The fund accounts for and reports for checks written by the district that have not been presented for payment. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Termination Benefit Fund The fund accounts for and reports for transfers from the general fund to pay future termination benefits of school district employees. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Food Service	Other Grants	Athletics and Music
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and			
Cash Equivalents	\$35,692	\$7,636	\$27,609
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	0
Inventory Held for Resale	1,441	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	990	0	0
Total Assets	\$38,123	\$7,636	\$27,609
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$1,182	\$631	\$2,434
Accrued Wages and Benefits	19,750	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	2,447	0	0
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	4,088	0	0
Total Liabilities	27,467	631	2,434
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	990	0	0
Restricted	9,666	7,005	25,175
Total Fund Balances	10,656	7,005	25,175
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$38,123	\$7,636	\$27,609

Title I	Title IIA	_Straight A_	Latchkey	Leighton	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,037	\$3,041	\$83,015
80,121	23,990	1,859	0	0	105,970
0	0	0	0	0	1,441
0	0	0	0	0	990
\$80,121	\$23,990	\$1,859	\$9,037	\$3,041	\$191,416
\$1,082	\$18,321	\$1,857	\$0	\$0	\$25,507
36,525	0	0	0	0	56,275
530	0	0	237	0	3,214
0	0	0	0	0	4,088
38,137	18,321	1,857	237	0	89,084
0	0	0	0	0	990
41,984	5,669	0	8,800	3,041	101,342
41,704	5,009	Z	0,000	3,041	101,342
41,984	5,669	2	8,800	3,041	102,332
\$80,121	\$23,990	\$1,859	\$9,037	\$3,041	\$191,416

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

n	Food Service	Other Grants	Athletics and Music	ONEnet	Title VI-B
Revenues	\$124 007	\$0	\$0	\$5.400	\$276 419
Intergovernmental Extracurricular Activities	\$134,227 0	\$0 0	50 60,000	\$5,400 0	\$276,418 0
Contributions and Donations	5,000	6,339	2,500	0	0
Charges for Services	113,430	0,559	2,500	0	0
Rentals	0	0	325	0	0
Tontais		0	525	0	
Total Revenues	252,657	6,339	62,825	5,400	276,418
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	0	13,076	0	0	0
Special	0	0	0	0	276,183
Vocational	0	1,413	0	0	0
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff	0	0	0	0	0
Administration	0	0	0	5,400	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	0	0	0	0	0
Operation of Community Services	0	0	0	0	0
Operation of Food Services	322,279	0	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	85,913	0	0
Total Expenditures	322,279	14,489	85,913	5,400	276,183
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(69,622)	(8,150)	(23,088)	0	235
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	70,000	0	25,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	378	(8,150)	1,912	0	235
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	10,278	15,155	23,263	0	(235)
Fund Balances End of Year	\$10,656	\$7,005	\$25,175	\$0	\$0

Title I	Title IIA	Straight A	Latchkey	Classroom Facilities	Leighton	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$264,501	\$38,847	\$319,377	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,038,770
0	0	0	0	0	0	60,000
0	0	0	0	0	0	13,839
0	0	0	21,343	0	0	134,773
0	0	0	0	0	0	325
264,501	38,847	319,377	21,343	0	0	1,247,707
249,061 38,137 0	0 0 0	339,594 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	601,731 314,320 1,413
0	49,789	0	0	0	0	49,789
0	0	0	0	0	0	5,400
0	0	0	0	2,459	0	2,459
883	453	0	19,620	0	0	20,956
0	0	0	0	0	0	322,279
0	0	0	0	0	0	85,913
288,081	50,242	339,594	19,620	2,459	0	1,404,260
(23,580)	(11,395)	(20,217)	1,723	(2,459)	0	(156,553)
0	0	0	0	0	0	95,000
(23,580)	(11,395)	(20,217)	1,723	(2,459)	0	(61,553)
65,564	17,064	20,219	7,077	2,459	3,041	163,885
\$41,984	\$5,669	\$2	\$8,800	\$0	\$3,041	\$102,332

Combining Statements - Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and change in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private Purpose Trust

Scholarship Trust Fund This fund accounts for and reports monies held in trust to benefit the students in the form of college scholarships.

Agency Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results or operations. A description of the School District's agency funds follows:

Student Activities Fund This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Elementary Fund This fund accounts for purchases of supplies on behalf of employees of the School District.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Beginning Balance 7/1/15	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance 6/30/16
Student Activities				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$56,145	\$47,520	\$50,513	\$53,152
Liabilities				
Due to Students	\$49,743	\$47,520	\$50,513	\$46,750
Undistributed Monies	6,402	0	0	6,402
Total Liabilities	\$56,145	\$47,520	\$50,513	\$53,152
<i>Elementary</i> Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$1,880	\$3,970	\$4,545	\$1,305
Liabilities				
Undistributed Monies	\$1,880	\$3,970	\$4,545	\$1,305
<i>Total - All Agency Funds</i> Assets				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$58,025	\$51,490	\$55,058	\$54,457
Liabilities				
Due to Students	\$49,743	\$47,520	\$50,513	\$46,750
Undistributed Monies	8,282	3,970	4,545	\$ 4 0,790 7,707
				.,,
Total Liabilities	\$58,025	\$51,490	\$55,058	\$54,457

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Income Taxes	\$2,893,024	\$2,954,737	\$2,954,737	\$0
Property Taxes	6,261,105	6,459,920	6,443,121	(16,799)
Intergovernmental	4,964,426	6,641,210	6,388,084	(253,126)
Interest	0	9,000	10,051	1,051
Tuition and Fees	711,987	1,254,844	1,156,252	(98,592)
Extracurricular Activities	14,000	12,767	12,947	180
Contributions and Donations	37,500	59,724	5,500	(54,224)
Miscellaneous	0	22,171	22,605	434
Total Revenues	14,882,042	17,414,373	16,993,297	(421,076)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular:				
Salaries and Wages	3,943,478	3,983,400	3,934,287	49,113
Fringe Benefits	1,373,200	1,372,756	1,364,105	8,651
Purchased Services	1,462,587	2,004,855	2,004,855	0
Materials and Supplies	129,194	245,500	208,093	37,407
Capital Outlay	28,000	29,096	29,096	0
Total Regular	6,936,459	7,635,607	7,540,436	95,171
Special:				
Salaries and Wages	380,000	477,888	476,672	1,216
Fringe Benefits	112,805	96,321	96,031	290
Purchased Services	1,356,183	1,559,382	1,547,463	11,919
Materials and Supplies	16,500	21,775	21,602	173
Total Special	1,865,488	2,155,366	2,141,768	13,598
Vocational:				
Salaries and Wages	55,000	47,738	47,738	0
Fringe Benefits	8,050	6,488	6,488	0
Materials and Supplies	4,000	1,222	1,222	0
Capital Outlay - New		4,449	4,449	0
Total Vocational	67,050	59,897	59,897	0
Student Intervention Services:				
Salaries and Wages	59,000	58,523	58,523	0
Fringe Benefits	53,850	40,842	40,435	407
Total Student Intervention Services	112,850	99,365	98,958	407
Total Instruction	\$8,981,847	\$9,950,235	\$9,841,059	\$109,176
		_		

(continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Support Services:				
Pupil:				
Salaries and Wages	\$374,500	\$399,334	\$398,929	\$405
Fringe Benefits	174,757	204,310	202,559	1,751
Purchased Services	10,780	173,866	170,407	3,459
Materials and Supplies	6,500	8,872	5,693	3,179
Total Pupil	566,537	786,382	777,588	8,794
Instructional Staff:				
Salaries and Wages	164,200	126,990	126,126	864
Fringe Benefits	29,267	18,112	18,039	73
Purchased Services	43,414	167,051	167,051	0
Materials and Supplies	25,500	43,506	43,309	197
Total Instructional Staff	262,381	355,659	354,525	1,134
Board of Education:				
Salaries and Wages	12,000	12,000	11,935	65
Fringe Benefits	1,025	2,921	2,921	0
Purchased Services	24,012	105,280	105,280	0
Materials and Supplies	300	1,031	931	100
Capital Outlay	6,500	7,084	7,084	0
Other	26,156	24,147	16,708	7,439
Total Board of Education	69,993	152,463	144,859	7,604
Administration:				
Salaries and Wages	560,000	657,970	657,913	57
Fringe Benefits	219,350	254,117	248,937	5,180
Purchased Services	67,290	27,024	24,968	2,056
Materials and Supplies	6,441	6,317	6,277	40
Other	356,800	345,965	345,866	99
Total Administration	1,209,881	1,291,393	1,283,961	7,432
Fiscal:				
Salaries and Wages	172,000	175,025	174,648	377
Fringe Benefits	84,425	84,091	79,825	4,266
Purchased Services	30,056	12,055	12,055	0
Materials and Supplies	5,499	4,222	4,222	0
Capital Outlay	2,000	544	544	0
Other	151,000	246,618	246,584	34
Total Fiscal	\$444,980	\$522,555	\$517,878	\$4,677

(continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Business:				
Other	\$0	\$4,868	\$4,868	\$0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:				
Salaries and Wages	314,545	467,996	466,446	1,550
Fringe Benefits	123,580	187,490	185,994	1,496
Purchased Services	370,096	509,827	509,638	189
Materials and Supplies	38,872	50,712	50,712	0
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	847,093	1,216,025	1,212,790	3,235
Pupil Transportation:				
Salaries and Wages	424,010	563,022	549,822	13,200
Fringe Benefits	200,600	266,267	264,345	1,922
Purchased Services	108,708	148,346	148,336	10
Materials and Supplies	123,878	99,131	98,444	687
Capital Outlay	34,796	161,383	161,383	0
Total Pupil Transportation	891,992	1,238,149	1,222,330	15,819
Total Support Services	4,292,857	5,567,494	5,518,799	48,695
Extracurricular Activities:				
Academic and Subject Oriented Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	21,000	28,974	28,974	0
Fringe Benefits	6,000	5,929	5,929	0
Total Academic and Subject Oriented Activities	27,000	34,903	34,903	0
Sports Oriented Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	236,000	266,085	266,085	0
Fringe Benefits	36,325	42,944	42,934	10
Total Sports Oriented Activities	\$272,325	\$309,029	\$309,019	\$10

(continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	\$8,200	\$9,200	\$9,200	\$0
Fringe Benefits	1,300	1,295	1,295	0
Total School and Public Service				
Co-Curricular Activities	9,500	10,495	10,495	0
Total Extracurricular Activities	308,825	354,427	354,417	10
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	4,000	68,778	68,778	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	43,000	43,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	1,668	1,668	0
Total Debt Service	0	44,668	44,668	0
Total Expenditures	13,587,529	15,985,602	15,827,721	157,881
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	1,294,513	1,428,771	1,165,576	(263,195)
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(486,334)	(569,709)	(569,705)	4
Net Change in Fund Balance	808,179	859,062	595,871	(263,191)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,846,708	1,846,708	1,846,708	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	70,704	70,704	70,704	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,725,591	\$2,776,474	\$2,513,283	(\$263,191)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Permanent Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$235,640	\$235,640	\$0
Intergovernmental	43,985	43,985	0
Total Revenues	279,625	279,625	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular:			
Materials and Supplies	2,720	2,719	1
Support Services:			
Fiscal:			
Other	4,831	4,831	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:			
Purchased Services	401,645	401,645	0
Capital Outlay	5,462	5,462	0
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	407,107	407,107	0
Capital Outlay:			
Architecture and Engineering Services	14,698	14,698	0
Building Acquisition and Construction Services	3,140	3,140	0
Total Capital Outlay	17,838	17,838	0
Total Expenditures	432,496	432,495	1
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(152,871)	(152,870)	1
Other Financing Sources			
Sale of Capital Assets	104,591	104,591	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(48,280)	(48,279)	1
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	27,326	27,326	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	38,883	38,883	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$17,929	\$17,930	\$1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Food Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$136,442	\$142,677	\$6,235
Contributions and Donations	5,000	5,000	\$0,255 0
Charges for Services	105,351	113,430	8,079
Total Revenues	246,793	261,107	14,314
Expenditures			
Current:			
Operation of Food Services:			
Salaries and Wages	151,739	151,739	0
Fringe Benefits	67,003	65,333	1,670
Purchased Services	1,983	1,983	0
Materials and Supplies	93,619	93,343	276
Capital Outlay	4,919	4,792	127
Total Expenditures	319,263	317,190	2,073
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(72,470)	(56,083)	16,387
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	70,000	70,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,470)	13,917	16,387
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	20,589	20,589	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$18,119	\$34,506	\$16,387

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Other Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$6,371	\$6,339	(\$32)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Intstruction:			
Regular:			
Purchased Services	5,339	5,036	303
Materials and Supplies	15,049	9,120	5,929
Total Regular	20,388	14,156	6,232
Vocational:			
Materials and Supplies	1,032	782	250
Total Expenditures	21,420	14,938	6,179
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,049)	(8,599)	6,147
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	15,157	15,157	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$108	\$6,558	\$6,450

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Athletics and Music Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Extracurricular Activities	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$0
Contributions and Donations	3,259	2,500	(759)
Rentals	325	325	0
Total Revenues	63,584	62,825	(759)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Extracurricular Activities:			
Sports Oriented Activities:			
Salaries and Wages	3,348	3,348	0
Fringe Benefits	519	519	0
Purchased Services	25,286	23,407	1,879
Other	61,006	61,006	0
Total Expenditures	90,159	88,280	1,879
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(26,575)	(25,455)	1,120
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	25,000	25,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,575)	(455)	1,120
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	24,940	24,940	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	697	697	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$24,062	\$25,182	\$1,120

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual ONEnet Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$5,400	\$5,400	\$0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Administration:			
Purchased Services	5,400	5,400	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Title VI-B Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$276,418	\$276,418	\$0
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Special:			
Purchased Services	276,418	276,418	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Title I Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$339,646	\$244,148	(\$95,498)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular:			
Salaries and Wages	298,871	233,778	65,093
Fringe Benefits	20,013	15,046	4,967
Purchased Services	10,962	0	10,962
Materials and Supplies	13,259	12,395	864
Total Instruction	343,105	261,219	81,886
Support Services:			
Pupil:			
Salaries and Wages	6,100	0	6,100
Fringe Benefits	942	0	942
Materials and Supplies	250	0	250
Total Pupil	7,292	0	7,292
Instructional Staff:			
Purchased Services	2,000	0	2,000
Total Support Services	9,292	0	9,292
Operation of Community Services:			
Fringe Benefits	907	883	24
Materials and Supplies	443	0	443
Total Operation of Community Services	1,350	883	467
Total Expenditures	353,747	262,102	91,645
Net Change in Fund Balance	(14,101)	(17,954)	3,853
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,930	5,930	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	10,944	10,944	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$2,773	(\$1,080)	\$3,853

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Title IIA Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$72,504	\$34,309	(\$38,195)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Instructional Staff:			
Salaries and Wages	7,500	7,183	317
Fringe Benefits	1,200	1,200	0
Purchased Services	58,992	43,848	15,144
Materials and Supplies	2,000	0	2,000
Total Support Services	69,692	52,231	17,461
Operation of Non-Instructional Shared Services:			
Community Services			
Materials and Supplies	453	453	0
Total Expenditures	70,145	52,684	17,461
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,359	(18,375)	20,734
Fund Deficit Beginning of Year	(2,360)	(2,360)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,412	2,412	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$2,411	(\$18,323)	\$20,734

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Straight A Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$320,018	\$317,518	(\$2,500)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular:			
Salaries and Wages	641	0	641
Purchased Services	17,424	17,424	0
Materials and Supplies	20,219	20,219	0
Capital Outlay	318,422	318,420	2
Total Expenditures	356,706	356,063	643
Net Change in Fund Balance	(36,688)	(38,545)	(1,857)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	20,219	20,219	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	16,469	16,469	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$0	(\$1,857)	(\$1,857)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Latchkey Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$28,289	\$21,343	(\$6,946)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Operation of Non Instructional Activities:			
Community Services Activities:			
Salaries and Wages	11,836	10,936	900
Fringe Benefits	1,900	1,672	228
Purchased Services	4,721	2,453	2,268
Other	5,000	5,000	0
Total Expenditures	23,457	20,061	3,396
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,832	1,282	(3,550)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,755	7,755	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$12,587	\$9,037	(\$3,550)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Classroom Facilities Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$2,459	\$0	(\$2,459)
Expenditures Current: Operation and Maintenance of Plant:			
Capital Outlay	2,459	2,459	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	(2,459)	(2,459)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,459	2,459	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,459	\$0	(\$2,459)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Leighton Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Miscellaneous	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,041	3,041	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,041	\$3,041	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Uniform School Supplies Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Tuition and Fees	\$59,443	\$60,824	\$1,381
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular:			
Materials and Supplies	45,500	39,052	6,448
Net Change in Fund Balance	13,943	21,772	7,829
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	14,875	14,875	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$28,818	\$36,647	\$7,829

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Special Rotary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$6,632	\$7,003	\$371
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular:			
Materials and Supplies	7,917	7,439	478
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,285)	(436)	849
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,483	1,483	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$198	\$1,047	\$849

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Public School Support Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$51,096	\$39,319	(\$11,777)
Expenditures Current: Extracurricular Activities: Academic and Subject Oriented Activities:			
Materials and Supplies	49,850	34,748	15,102
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,246	4,571	3,325
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	17,980	17,980	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$19,226	\$22,551	\$3,325

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual School Improvement Model Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	25	25	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$25	\$25	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Unclaimed Funds Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Miscellaneous	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,146	2,146	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,146	\$2,146	\$0

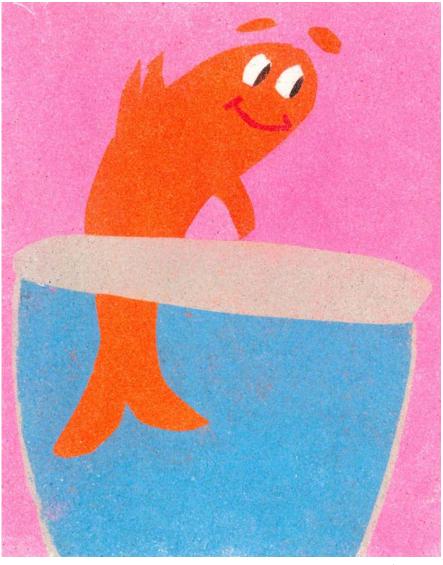
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Termination Benefit Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures Current: Instruction:			
Regular: Salaries and Wages	104,910	104,910	0
Support Services: Operation and Maintenance of Plant: Salaries and Wages	10,466	10,466	0
Total Expenditures	115,376	115,376	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(115,376)	(115,376)	0
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	139,705	139,705	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	24,329	24,329	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	184,943	184,943	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$209,272	\$209,272	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Self Insurance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$112,608	\$115,005	\$2,397
Expenses			
Purchased Services	1,382	1,382	0
Claims	467,618	454,816	12,802
Total Expenses	469,000	456,198	12,802
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses Before Transfers	(356,392)	(341,193)	15,199
Transfers In	325,000	325,000	0
Net Change in Fund Equity	(31,392)	(16,193)	15,199
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	53,246	53,246	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$21,854	\$37,053	\$15,199

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Sierra Berman – 5th grade Ledgemont Elementary



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Statistical Section

This part of the Berkshire Local School District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages(s)
<i>Financial Trends</i>	
<i>Revenue Capacity</i>	
<i>Debt Capacity</i>	ol
<i>Economic and Demographic Information</i> These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understant the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	
<i>Operating Information</i> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	W

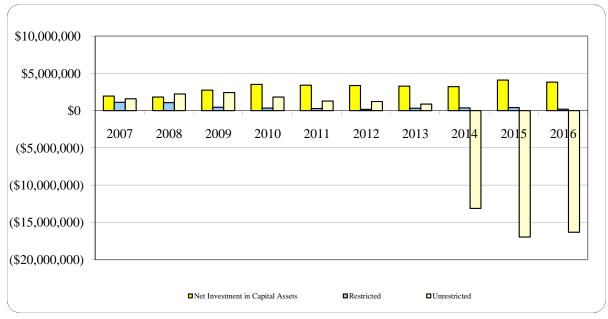
Note: On July 1, 2015, Ledgemont Local School District merged with Berkshire Local School District. Ledgemont Local School District ceased to exist as of July 1, 2015, and operation of Ledgemont Local School District were absorbed into Berkshire Local School District.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2015 (2)	2014 (1)	2013
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$3,815,837	\$4,096,104	\$3,206,253	\$3,271,163
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	63,347	77,674	247,599	215,983
Set Asides	39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468
Other Purposes	85,022	287,352	64,040	69,685
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(16,331,548)	(16,972,834)	(13,116,956)	868,893
Total Net Position	(\$12,327,874)	(\$12,472,236)	(\$9,559,596)	\$4,465,192

(1) GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015 and does not impact net position prior to fiscal year 2014 (2) 2015 reflects the restated balances for the merger. The merger with Ledgemont Schools was effective for fiscal year 2016.



See S1 for additional details.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$3,357,657	\$3,404,650	\$3,518,243	\$2,742,560	\$1,818,772	\$1,940,269
88,576	203,064	193,702	357,068	953,421	922,955
39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468
33,293	31,163	102,983	51,841	74,824	151,441
1,221,331	1,283,319	1,812,478	2,409,771	2,235,701	1,592,209
\$4,740,325	\$4,961,664	\$5,666,874	\$5,600,708	\$5,122,186	\$4,646,342

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

-	2016 (1)	2015	2014	2013	2012
Expenses					
Regular Instruction	\$8,715,698	\$5,559,328	\$5,060,982	\$5,243,207	\$5,181,808
Special Instruction	2,428,165	1,503,851	1,556,460	1,547,813	1,512,004
Vocational Instruction	73,049	4,181	33,765	83,075	78,326
Student Intervention	91,144	107,764	90,120	138,647	165,196
Pupil Support	770,575	665,385	603,317	450,373	654,119
Instructional Staff Support	428,670	327,824	293,308	330,797	324,804
Board of Education	140,276	92,855	76,731	82,509	83,794
Administration	1,364,413	1,079,853	1,182,343	1,238,897	1,177,718
Fiscal	519,363	426,786	429,912	401,819	329,361
Business	4,868	2,270	2,904	1,359	21,999
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,635,605	1,179,273	1,036,171	1,056,199	1,037,957
Pupil Transportation	1,295,324	943,414	875,550	788,278	720,683
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	19,649	0
Operation of Community Services	20,956	438	955	7,300	0
Operation of Food Services	324,091	250,013	264,347	239,814	251,258
Extracurricular Activities	485,217	411,667	369,113	369,669	349,327
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,918	7,576	5,329	2,455	447
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,576	5,525	2,133	
Total Expenses	18,307,332	12,562,478	11,881,307	12,001,860	11,888,801
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services and Sales					
Regular Instruction	1,205,491	633,047	622,268	500,468	387,610
Special Instruction	0	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	0	0	0	0	0
Operation of Community Services	21,343	0	0	0	0
Operation of Food Services	113,430	77,260	86,291	105,066	124,989
Extracurricular Activities	68,945	168,857	178,498	152,660	181,616
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,106,833	1,153,678	647,311	621,700	719,791
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	0	0	0	0
Total Program Revenues	2,516,042	2,032,842	1,534,368	1,379,894	1,414,006
Net Expense	(15,791,290)	(10,529,636)	(10,346,939)	(10,621,966)	(10,474,795)
General Revenues					
Property Taxes Levied for:					
General Purposes	6,131,597	4,765,063	4,306,253	4,112,813	4,131,819
Capital Outlay	247,742	231,966	228,635	216,669	217,922
Income Taxes Levied for:					
General Purposes	3,086,088	1,969,869	2,009,045	1,932,690	1,548,753
Grants and Entitlements not					
Restricted to Specific Programs	6,437,569	4,135,157	4,023,930	4,037,322	4,325,044
Unrestricted Contributions	0	840	3,680	0	0
Investment Earnings	10,051	5,463	5,439	4,079	6,285
investment Lannings					0
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	0
	0 22,605	0 47,723	0 48,801	43,260	23,633
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets					

(1) The merger with Ledgemont Local Schools was effective for fiscal year 2016. See S1 for additional details

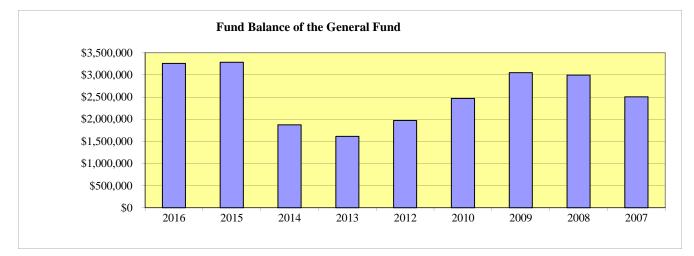
2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
** · * * * * *	* + * * * * * *	A	*****	* • • • * • • • •
\$5,126,717	\$4,830,346	\$5,062,708	\$4,800,546	\$4,495,206
1,807,617	1,529,679	1,271,151	1,263,407	1,326,200
75,058	76,125	78,115	58,924	60,671
191,649	339,048	12,776	0	0
698,939	600,884	602,816	619,086	614,007
475,608	455,767	442,628	485,694	423,189
50,980	41,679	87,962	54,834	36,959
1,227,358	1,113,593	1,142,152	1,002,491	1,102,186
438,902	382,159	406,222	334,840	348,188
30,680	28,687	38,727	32,706	28,018
1,194,648	878,611	938,412	1,048,609	1,136,704
1,143,081	791,630	762,715	982,780	693,519
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
320,036	264,105	302,888	311,629	270,350
365,520	382,735	405,456	446,431	391,545
0	0	403,430	440,431	0
0	0	0	0	0
12 146 702	11 715 049	11 554 709	11 441 077	10 026 742
13,146,793	11,715,048	11,554,728	11,441,977	10,926,742
36,308	220,598	185,794	197,407	467,384
361,691	0	28,265	0	0
0	0	0	5,314	0
0	0	0	0	0
138,066	153,133	174,575	184,448	190,268
211,908	185,985	201,972	246,908	151,692
1,060,395	959,797	522,346	642,954	608,524
0	0	10,013	30,062	0
		<u> </u>	·	
1,808,368	1,519,513	1,122,965	1,307,093	1,417,868
(11,338,425)	(10,195,535)	(10,431,763)	(10,134,884)	(9,508,874)
4,165,046	3,841,219	4,338,549	4,304,017	4,766,622
219,675	198,446	226,907	226,907	249,327
1,626,657	1,536,729	1,656,813	1,710,748	1,501,823
4,571,888	4,650,889	4,620,371	4,234,744	4,221,620
0	0	0	0	0
9,820	13,083	52,667	124,954	176,711
0	0	0	0	365,160
40,129	19,758	14,978	9,358	8,550
10,633,215	10,260,124	10,910,285	10,610,728	11,289,813
(\$705,210)	\$64,589	\$478,522	\$475,844	\$1,780,939

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2015 (1)	2014	2013	2012
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$4,196	\$1,807	\$2,139	\$2,139	\$2,017
Restricted	39,468	41,614	41,614	41,614	41,614
Committed	209,272	184,943	193,585	260,558	105,012
Assigned	61,783	34,368	13,089	590,741	1,137,370
Unassigned	2,945,119	3,021,386	1,619,679	715,436	682,425
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved (Deficit)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total General Fund	3,259,838	3,284,118	1,870,106	1,610,488	1,968,438
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	990	1,167	1,139	1,531	7,101
Restricted	140,662	182,718	195,681	188,645	131,448
Committed	0	7,077	0	0	0
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	(654)	0	0	0
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, Undesignated,					
Reported in:					
Special Revenue Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Debt Service Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capital Projects Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total All Other Governmental Funds	141,652	190,308	196,820	190,176	138,549
Total Governmental Funds	\$3,401,490	\$3,474,426	\$2,066,926	\$1,800,664	\$2,106,987

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in fiscal year 2011.



(1) 2015 reflects the restated balances for the merger. The merger with Ledgemont Local Schools was effective for fiscal year 2016 See S1 for additional details.

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$2,029	\$1,824	N/A	N/A	N/A
41,045	41,045	N/A	N/A	N/A
182,726	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
888,474	13,884	N/A	N/A	N/A
954,849	2,412,958	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	\$975,989	\$695,341	\$1,017,180
N/A	N/A	2,074,377	2,300,013	1,486,945
				ii
2,069,123	2,469,711	3,050,366	2,995,354	2,504,125
8,211	5,288	N/A	N/A	N/A
258,673	313,009	N/A	N/A	N/A
0	0	0	0	0
(425)	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	148,174	151,933	121,426
N/A	N/A	71,375	51,585	57,547
N/A	N/A	0	0	0
N/A	N/A	206,166	804,933	815,411
266,459	318,297	425,715	1,008,451	994,384
\$2,335,582	\$2,788,008	\$3,476,081	\$4,003,805	\$3,498,509

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016 (1)	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenues					
Income Taxes	\$2,959,776	\$1,850,476	\$2,162,468	\$1,735,507	\$1,548,753
Property Taxes	6,024,661	4,979,118	4,526,039	4,373,428	4,353,798
Intergovernmental	7,470,839	5,247,227	4,636,804	4,628,000	5,007,888
Interest	10,051	5,463	5,439	4,079	6,285
Tuition and Fees	1,205,491	631,147	620,668	498,588	387,610
Extracurricular Activities	68,620	168,337	178,498	152,660	179,916
Contributions and Donations	73,563	42,448	38,117	31,022	36,947
Charges for Services	134,773	77,260	86,291	105,066	124,989
Rentals	325	2,420	1,600	1,880	1,700
Miscellaneous	22,605	47,723	48,801	43,260	23,633
Total Revenues	17,970,704	13,051,619	12,304,725	11,573,490	11,671,519
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	8,370,508	5,555,306	4,963,720	5,041,132	5,000,387
Special	2,446,966	1,491,056	1,548,503	1,521,958	1,489,364
Vocational	71,730	1,309	46,237	79,538	75,001
Student Intervention	99,474	102,829	90,120	138,647	165,196
Support Services:					
Pupil	770,045	650,946	575,935	433,058	699,224
Instructional Staff	412,540	315,514	293,572	287,340	320,881
Board of Education	140,276	92,855	76,731	82,509	83,794
Administration	1,282,825	1,115,288	1,206,405	1,205,689	1,132,616
Fiscal	502,580	444,049	422,157	392,099	325,331
Business	4,868	2,270	2,904	1,359	21,999
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,583,363	1,148,761	1,010,435	948,417	1,001,524
Pupil Transportation	1,244,543	969,397	879,380	832,991	688,329
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	4,132	0
Operation of Community Services	20,956	221,849	955	7,300	0
Operation of Food Services	322,279	438	242,935	233,496	243,726
Extracurricular Activities	469,582	433,111	367,952	368,545	376,503
Capital Outlay	92,336	50,153	168,236	115,458	49,839
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	141,822	108,657	103,106	55,314	26,603
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,918	7,576	5,329	2,455	447
Total Expenditures	17,986,611	12,711,364	12,004,612	11,751,437	11,700,764
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(15,907)	340,255	300,113	(177,947)	(29,245)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	104,591	0	0	0	0
Inception of Capital Lease	163,380	163,306	241,149	146,624	75,650
Transfers In	95,000	95,000	65,000	75,000	11,000
Transfers Out	(420,000)	(370,000)	(340,000)	(350,000)	(286,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(57,029)	(111,694)	(33,851)	(128,376)	(199,350)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(\$72,936)	\$228,561	\$266,262	(\$306,323)	(\$228,595)
Debt Service as a Percentage of					
Noncapital Expenditures	0.86%	0.94%	0.93%	0.50%	0.23%

(1) The merger with Ledgemont Local Schools was effective for fiscal year 2016. See S1 for additional details.

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$1,626,657	\$1,544,686	\$1,680,604	\$1,605,512	\$1,501,823
4,349,320	4,059,441	4,560,815	4,425,741	5,155,342
5,610,908	5,581,373	5,125,435	4,874,439	4,759,998
9,820	13,083	52,667	124,954	176,711
397,999	220,598	214,059	197,099	221,754
209,908	183,351	197,688	246,908	309,758
21,375	29,313	27,295	33,321	70,146
138,066	153,133 2,634	174,681 4,178	184,756 5,314	270,045
2,000 40,129	19,758	4,178	9,358	7,787 8,550
12,406,182	11,807,370	12,052,400	11,707,402	12,481,914
4,920,559	4,598,101	4,910,346	4,551,570	4,359,350
1,799,284	1,560,754	1,248,295	1,270,129	1,329,869
71,458	70,925	67,117	63,351	59,507
191,649	339,048	12,776	0	0
642,890	587,278	585,437	596,768	610,225
453,246	444,152	413,989	466,354	433,541
50,980	41,679	87,962	54,834	36,959
1,195,284	1,084,482	1,103,077	1,027,474	1,067,488
432,910	376,220	403,219	332,881	371,725
30,680	28,687	38,727	32,706	28,018
1,148,327	963,066	1,103,255	958,097	967,069
1,018,781	854,523	749,980	753,843	768,513
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
279,864	244,249	270,217	294,331	262,839
364,396	381,611	403,839	445,806	390,948
8,300	622,245	921,888	223,962	369,621
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
12,608,608	12,197,020	12,320,124	11,072,106	11,055,672
(202,426)	(389,650)	(267,724)	635,296	1,426,242
0	0	0	0	271.054
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	371,254 0
0	116,600	165,444	0	30,808
(250,000)	(416,600)	(425,444)	(130,000)	(30,808)
(250,000)	(300,000)	(260,000)	(130,000)	371,254
(\$452,426)	(\$689,650)	(\$527,724)	\$505,296	\$1,797,496
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

-		Real I	Estate		Tangible P	ersonal
-		Assessed Value				
Collection Year	Residential/ Agricultural	Commercial/ Industrial	Total	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value
2016 (1)	\$291,026,460	\$38,431,820	\$329,458,280	\$941,309,371	\$0	\$0
2015 (1)	290,484,840	39,172,430	329,657,270	941,877,914	0	0
2015	194,401,510	32,752,300	227,153,810	649,010,886	0	0
2014	188,228,330	30,728,180	218,956,510	625,590,029	0	0
2013	187,539,730	26,214,110	213,753,840	610,725,257	0	0
2012	187,328,640	25,339,290	212,667,930	607,622,657	0	0
2011	189,075,680	24,497,110	213,572,790	610,207,971	0	0
2010	189,031,680	24,417,430	213,449,110	609,854,600	0	0
2009	187,824,100	23,853,220	211,677,320	604,792,343	0	0
2008	185,639,640	23,379,720	209,019,360	597,198,171	4,807,680	76,922,880
2007	183,710,490	22,453,650	206,164,140	589,040,400	9,765,500	78,124,000

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of a true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax was phased out beginning in 2006.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed that year. For the real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in 2006 collection year, the 10 percent rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated.

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

 Includes the assessed valuation of both Berkshire Local Schools and Ledgemont Local Schools. See S1 for further details.

Public Utilit	y Personal	Tot	al			
Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Total Tax Rate Mills	Weighted Average Tax Rate
\$12,121,320	\$13,774,227	\$341,579,600	\$955,083,599	35.76%	\$52.30	\$22.33
10,654,590	12,107,489	340,311,860	953,985,403	35.65	52.30	33.28
7,110,920	8,080,591	234,264,730	657,091,477	35.65	52.30	23.68
6,777,210	7,701,375	225,733,720	633,291,404	35.64	52.30	23.02
6,152,350	6,991,307	219,906,190	617,716,564	35.60	52.30	22.31
5,573,190	6,333,170	218,241,120	613,955,828	35.55	52.30	22.03
7,110,920	8,080,591	220,683,710	618,288,562	35.66	52.30	22.41
5,284,160	6,004,727	218,733,270	615,859,327	35.52	52.30	21.93
4,965,770	5,642,920	216,643,090	610,435,263	35.49	52.30	21.68
5,279,450	5,999,375	219,106,490	680,120,426	32.22	52.30	22.64
6,276,010	7,131,830	222,205,650	674,296,230	32.95	52.30	23.45

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Unvoted Millage					
Operating	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000
Voted Millage - by levy					
1976 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	7.7934	7.7817	7.8684	7.8567	7.8404
Commercial/Industrial	7.4873	7.3641	7.3617	7.3287	7.3184
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000
1977 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates	1 4020	1 4007	1 5074	1 5051	1 5020
Residential/Agricultural	1.4930	1.4907	1.5074	1.5051	1.5020
Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	1.4344 5.0000	1.4107 5.0000	1.4103 5.0000	1.4040 5.0000	1.4020 5.0000
	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
1983 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates	2 0021	2 0001	2 0272	2.0242	2 0 2 0 0
Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial	2.0031 2.5754	2.0001 2.5330	2.0372 2.5322	2.0342 2.5208	2.0300 2.5173
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000
	1.7000	117000	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000
1985 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural	1.9178	1.9150	1.9505	1.9476	1.9436
Commercial/Industrial	2.4658	2.4252	2.4244	2.4136	2.4102
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000
1988 Operating - continuing Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial	2.3161 2.8078	2.3126 2.7616	2.3588 2.7607	2.3553 2.7483	2.3504 2.7445
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
2008 Permanent Improvements - 5 years (1) Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	1.0061	1.0046	1.0333	1.0318	1.0296
Commercial/Industrial	1.4200	1.3966	1.3962	1.3899	1.3880
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000
Total Effective Voted Millage by type of property					
Residential/Agricultural	16.5296	16.5047	16.7556	16.7307	16.6960
Commercial/Industrial	18.1907	17.8912	17.8854	17.8053	17.7804
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000
Total Effective Millage by type of property					
Residential/Agricultural	21.0296	21.0047	21.2556	21.2307	21.1960
Commercial/Industrial	22.6907	22.3912	22.3854	22.3053	22.2804
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000
Total Weighted Average Tax Rate	22.3261	23.6807	23.0172	22.3091	22.0288
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District					
Auburn Joint Vocational School District Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000
Commercial/Industrial	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000

\$4.5000 \$4.50 7.7734 7.75 7.5105 7.49 26.1000 26.10 1.4891 1.48 1.4388 1.43	579 7.757 948 7.501	2 7.7505 8 7.4899	
7.5105 7.49 26.1000 26.10 1.4891 1.48 1.4388 1.43	948 7.501	8 7.4899	7.4844
7.5105 7.49 26.1000 26.10 1.4891 1.48 1.4388 1.43	948 7.501	8 7.4899	7.4844
26.1000 26.10 1.4891 1.48 1.4388 1.43			
1.4388 1.43			20.1000
			1.4841
			1.4338
5.0000 5.00	000 5.000	0 5.0000	5.0000
2.0126 2.00			2.0118
2.5834 2.57			2.5744
4.7000 4.70	000 4.700	0 4.7000	4.7000
1.9269 1.92	231 1.922	9 1.9251	1.9262
2.4734 2.46	583 2.470	6 2.4667	2.4648
4.5000 4.50	000 4.500	0 4.5000	4.5000
2.3304 2.32	256 2.325	4 2.3289	2.3306
2.8165 2.81	106 2.813	2 2.8088	2.8067
5.0000 5.00	000 5.000	0 5.0000	5.0000
1.0208 1.01	188 1.018	7 1.0225	1.0244
1.4244 1.42			1.4195
2.5000 2.50)00 2.500	0 2.5000	2.5000
16.5531 16.52	202 16.518	7 16.5225	16.5243
18.2469 18.20	18.226	0 18.1971	18.1836
47.8000 47.80	000 47.800	0 47.8000	47.8000
21.0531 21.02			21.0243
			22.6836
			23.4498
1.4244 1.42 2.5000 2.50 16.5531 16.52 18.2469 18.20 47.8000 47.80	214 1.422 200 2.500 202 16.518 088 18.226 000 47.800 202 21.018 088 22.726 000 52.300	8 1.4205 0 2.5000 7 16.5225 0 18.1971 0 47.8000 7 21.0225 0 22.6971 0 52.3000	1.4 2.5 16.5 18.1 47.8 21.0 22.6 52.3

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (continued)

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District					
Ashtabula County Tech and Career Center Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial	\$2.4324 2.7518 4.1100	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Tangible/Public Utility Personal					
Burton Public Library Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	1.6554 1.7000 1.7000	1.6528 1.7000 1.7000	1.2000 1.1762 1.2000	1.2000 1.1710 1.2000	1.2000 1.1693 1.2000
Village of Burton Unvoted Millage Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	8.2113 9.1217 9.7500	8.2119 9.1217 9.7500	8.2157 9.1119 9.7500	8.1969 9.0709 9.7500	8.1914 9.0348 9.7500
Township of Burton Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	5.9254 6.4381 7.2500	5.9276 6.3277 7.2500	5.9921 6.3367 7.2500	5.1969 6.0709 6.7500	5.2561 5.5043 6.3500
Township of Claridon Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	7.5000 7.3069 9.1500	7.4788 7.3062 9.1500	7.5704 7.3096 9.1500	7.5605 7.3061 9.1500	6.5040 6.2763 9.4000
Township of Montville Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	7.7197 7.9899 10.4000	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Township of Thompson Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	10.0202 10.4612 12.5000	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Township of Troy Voted Millage Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial Tangible/Public Utility Personal	9.1950 8.2865 12.5000	8.0596 7.2467 11.0000	8.3376 7.2395 11.0000	8.3363 7.2395 11.0000	8.3172 7.2392 11.0000
Geauga County Voted Millage Effective Millage Rates Residential/Agricultural Commercial/Industrial	14.0525 13.2506 15.6000	11.4711 12.1414 13.4000	11.8028 12.4790 14.1000	11.9850 12.7460 15.1000	11.9674 12.5853 15.1000

(1) This is renewed every five years and was last renewed in 2013.

(2) The merger with Ledgemont Local Schools was effective for July 1, 2015, therefore,

tax rates will not be effective until January 1, 2016

The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year

Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

Real property tax rates for voted levies are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional revenue.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners with the School District.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$1.1980	\$1.1956	\$1.1955	\$0.7926	\$0.7941
1.2000	1.1989	1.2000	0.8905	0.8898
1.2000	1.2000	1.2000	1.0000	1.0000
8.1231	8.1174	8.1172	8.1326	8.1302
9.3172	9.3172	9.3172	9.3407	9.3440
9.7500	9.7500	9.7500	9.7500	9.7500
5.9389	5.9316	5.9289	5.9351	5.9387
6.3130	6.3107	6.3099	6.3099	6.3070
7.2500	7.2500	7.2500	7.2500	7.2500
6.5222	6.5171	6.5153	6.5245	6.5348
6.2885 9.4000	6.2884 9.4000	6.2874 9.4000	6.2874 9.4000	6.2873 9.4000
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
9.3918	9.3722	9.3777	9.4210	9.4284
8.4271	8.3976	8.4153	8.3713	8.3613
12.5000	12.5000	12.5000	12.5000	12.5000
11.6097	11.2064	10.9011	10.8584	10.875
12.4348	12.0948	11.5893	11.4913	11.503
15.1000	15.1000	15.1000	15.1000	15.1000

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)

Last Ten Years

Collection Year (2)	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (3)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy
2015	\$5,213,614	\$4,883,579	93.67	\$135,421	\$5,019,000	96.27%
2014	5,199,872	5,139,730	98.84	142,551	5,282,281	101.58
2013	4,895,103	4,825,539	98.58	141,557	4,967,096	101.47
2012	4,847,757	4,729,795	97.57	117,245	4,847,040	99.99
2011	4,822,787	4,764,641	98.79	121,788	4,886,429	101.32
2010	4,805,662	4,712,631	98.06	208,062	4,920,693	102.39
2009	4,830,649	4,729,877	97.91	205,453	4,935,330	102.17
2008	5,041,199	4,888,884	96.98	229,328	5,118,212	101.53
2007	5,329,712	5,108,242	95.84	161,485	5,269,727	98.87
2006	5,768,910	5,328,272	92.36	190,742	5,519,014	95.67

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

- (1) Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental revenue.
- (2) The 2016 information cannot be presented because all collections have not been made by June 30, 2016.
- (3) The County does not maintain delinquency information by tax year.

Note: We considered modifying the stat table presentation for the subsequent adjustments; however, our current (or the County's) computer system does not provide the information in the manner needed for the modified presentation. Delinquencies are tracked by the date the parcel is first certified delinquent and penalties and interest are applied to the total delinquent balance. We are looking at options to improve the presentation.

Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax 2016 and 2007

	20	016
		Percent of
	Assessed	Real Property
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Great Lakes Cheese Company, Inc	\$5,105,070	2.25 %
Saint Gobain Ceramics & Plastics Inc	2,058,490	0.91
Sidley Robert W Inc.	1,848,990	0.81
Thistle Lane Real Properties LLC	1,580,010	0.70
Excel Polymers LLC	1,292,350	0.57
Luxenburg Properties BH	1,265,450	0.56
Troy Oaks Homes and Residential Club	1,216,990	0.54
John & James Masternick Trustees	1,083,930	0.48
Bridge Creek Properties	818,970	0.36
Preston Real Estate	772,300	0.34
Middlefield Milk LLC	683,010	0.30
Totals	\$17,725,560	7.80 %
Total Real Estate Tax Assessed Valuation	\$329,458,280	

	20	07
		Percent of
	Assessed	Real Property
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
	¢4.014.220	1.05 0/
Great Lakes Cheese Company, Inc	\$4,014,330	1.95 %
Thistle Lane Real Properties LLC	1,642,380	0.80
City of Akron	1,560,420	0.76
Excel Polymers LLC	1,237,750	0.60
John J. Masternick	1,089,280	0.53
Troy Oaks Homes and Residential Club	1,071,500	0.52
Luxenburg Properties BH	1,015,020	0.49
Preston Real Estate	623,440	0.30
Steven Rajki, Junior	599,450	0.29
Grandview Golf Club	583,420	0.28
Tripak Enterprise	570,650	0.27
Totals	\$14,007,640	6.79 %
Total Real Estate Tax Assessed Valuation	\$206,164,140	

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

Principal Taxpayers Public Utilities Tax 2016 and 2007

	20)16
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Public Utility Assessed Value
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	\$8,249,250	68.06 %
American Transmission Systems Inc	1,333,680	11.00
East Ohio Gas Company	863,570	7.12
Ohio Edison	323,080	2.67
Orwell Natural Gas Company	184,560	1.52
Total	\$10,954,140	90.37 %
Total Public Utilities Assessed Valuation	\$12,121,320	

	20	07
		Percent of
	Assessed	Public Utility
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	\$4,309,740	68.27 %
Ohio Bell Telephone Company	645,200	10.28
American Transmission Systems Inc	374,600	5.97
East Ohio Gas Company	320,480	5.11
Alltel Ohio	158,890	2.53
Total	\$5,808,910	92.56 %
Total Public Utilities Assessed Valuation	\$6,276,010	

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (1)

Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Tax Rate (2)	Total Tax Collected (3)	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes from Direct Payments	Percentage of Taxes from Direct Payments
2016	1.00 %	\$3,086,088	\$1,725,506	55.91 %	\$1,360,582	44.09 %
2015	1.00	1,969,869	1,105,924	56.14	863,985	43.86
2014	1.00	2,009,045	1,063,409	52.93	945,636	47.07
2013	1.00	1,932,690	779,138	40.31	1,153,552	59.69
2012	1.00	1,548,753	761,923	49.20	786,830	50.80
2011	1.00	1,626,657	910,880	58.81	670,020	41.19
2010	1.00	1,536,729	910,880	59.27	625,910	40.73
2009	1.00	1,656,813	932,045	56.26	724,690	43.74
2008	1.00	1,710,748	721,954	45.80	927,225	54.20
2007	0.75	1,501,823	687,835	45.80	813,988	54.20

(1) Income tax is only collected on the income of residents and on estates.

(2) The School District's income tax rate may only be increased by a majority vote of the School District's residents.

(3) Total tax collected is on a full accrual basis. The merger with Ledgemont Local Schools was effective for fiscal year 2016. See S1 for additional details.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to School District (1)	Amount of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct:			
Capital Leases	\$354,607	100.00%	\$354,607
Overlapping:			
Geauga County			
General Obligation Bonds	260,000	7.52%	19,552
Special Assessment Bonds	438,811	7.52%	32,999
General Obligation Notes	9,108,661	7.52%	684,971
Total Overlapping	9,807,472	7.52%	737,522
Total	\$10,162,079		\$1,092,129

Source: Office of the Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision. The valuations used were for the 2015 collection year. This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value, Ratio of General Debt to Personal Income and Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

		-	General Bonded Debt		
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value (2)	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Bonded Debt per Capita
2016	12,903	\$955,083,599	\$0	0.00	\$0.00
2015	8,647	657,091,477	0	0.00	0.00
2014	8,647	633,291,404	0	0.00	0.00
2013	8,647	617,716,564	0	0.00	0.00
2012	8,647	613,955,828	0	0.00	0.00
2011	8,647	618,288,562	0	0.00	0.00
2010	8,647	615,859,327	0	0.00	0.00
2009	8,647	610,435,263	0	0.00	0.00
2008	8,647	680,120,426	0	0.00	0.00
2007	8,647	674,296,230	0	0.00	0.00

Source: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population (a) 2000 Federal Census, 2006-2009 (b) 2010 Federal Census, 2010-2015

(2) Geauga County Auditor

(3) The personal income can be found on S26

	General Debt						
Capital Leases	Total Debt	Ratio of General Debt to Personal Income (3)	General Debt per Capita				
\$354,607	\$354,607	0.87	\$27.48				
333,049	333,049	1.18	38.52				
278,400	278,400	0.98	32.20				
140,357	140,357	0.50	16.23				
49,047	49,047	0.17	5.67				
0	0	0.00	0.00				
0	0	0.00	0.00				
0	0	0.00	0.00				
0	0	0.00	0.00				
0	0	0.00	0.00				

 $Computation \ of \ Legal \ Debt \ Margin$

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assessed Valuation (1)	\$329,458,280	\$227,153,810	\$218,956,510	\$213,753,840
Debt Limit - 9% of Assessed Value (2)	\$29,651,245	\$20,443,843	\$19,706,086	\$19,237,846
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit General Obligation Bonds Less Amount Available in Debt Service	0 0	0 0	0 0	0
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	0	0	0	0
Legal Debt Margin	\$29,651,245	\$20,443,843	\$19,706,086	\$19,237,846
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Unvoted Debt Limit10% of Assessed Value (2)	\$329,458	\$227,154	\$218,957	\$213,754
Amount of Debt Applicable	0	0	0	0
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$329,458	\$227,154	\$218,957	\$213,754
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Source: Geauga County Auditor and School District Financial Records

 Beginning in fiscal year 2006, HB530 changed the assessed valuation utilized in the legal debt margin calculation to excluded tangible personal property as well as railroad and telephone tangible property.

(2) Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$212,667,930	\$213,572,790	\$213,449,110	\$211,677,320	\$209,019,360	\$206,164,140
\$19,140,114	\$19,221,551	\$19,210,420	\$19,050,959	\$18,811,742	\$18,554,773
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$19,140,114	\$19,221,551	\$19,210,420	\$19,050,959	\$18,811,742	\$18,554,773
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
\$212,668	\$213,573	\$213,449	\$211,677	\$209,019	\$206,164
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$212,668	\$213,573	\$213,449	\$211,677	\$209,019	\$206,164
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (1)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)
2016	1,455	\$40,658,520	\$27,944	\$60,200
2015	1,455	40,658,520	27,944	60,200
2014	1,455	40,658,520	27,944	60,200
2013	1,455	40,658,520	27,944	60,200
2012	1,455	40,658,520	27,944	60,200
2011	1,455	40,658,520	27,944	60,200
2010	1,455	40,658,520	27,944	60,200
2009	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830
2008	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830
2007	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830

Source 2000 & 2010 U.S. Census Geauga County

(1) Information presented is for the Village of Burton. Information for the Townships of Burton, Troy and Claridon was not available.

Median Age (1)	Median Value of Residential Property (1)	Geauga County Unemployment Rate	Total Assessed Property Value
37.50	\$135,100	4.1 %	\$341,579,600
37.50	135,100	5.6	234,264,730
37.50	135,100	5.6	225,733,720
37.50	135,100	5.6	219,906,190
37.50	135,100	7.5	218,241,120
37.50	135,100	7.5	220,683,710
37.50	135,100	7.5	218,733,270
37.50	135,100	7.5	216,643,090
37.50	135,100	5.8	219,106,490
37.50	135,100	4.9	222,205,650

Principal Employers December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2007

Employer	City	Nature of Business or Activity	Employees
Great Lakes Cheese Company	Troy	Cheese Packaging and Distribution	632
Hexpol Compounding/Burton Rubber Processing	Burton	Manufacturing	241
Berkshire Local School District	Burton	Education	159
Burton Health Care	Burton	Long-term Health Care and Rehabilitation	142
Preston Superstore	Burton	Automobile Sales	150
Duramax	Troy	Manufacturing	89
ARMS Trucking	Burton	Trucking	n/a
3FG Supply, Incorporated	Burton	Wholesale Distributor - Greenhouse	43
Ronyak Paving	Burton	Paving	50
Froy Manufacturing	Troy	Manufacturing	41
Fotal			1,547

	Decemb	per 31, 2007	
Employer	City	Nature of Business or Activity	Employees
Great Lakes Cheese Company	Troy	Cheese Packaging and Distribution	577
Excel Polymers, LLC	Burton	Manufacturing	210
Berkshire Local School District	Burton	Education	138
BFG Supply, Incorporated	Burton	Wholesale Distributor - Greenhouse	132
Burton Health Care	Burton	Long-term Health Care and Rehabilitation	132
Duramax	Troy	Manufacturing	84
Preston Superstore	Burton	Automobile Sales	80
Ronyak Paving	Burton	Paving	58
Troy Manufacturing	Troy	Manufacturing	26
ARMS Trucking	Burton	Trucking	11
Total			1,448
Total Employment within the School District			n/a

Source: Village of Burton and the Townships of Burton and Troy, Ohio.

n/a - Information not available.

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Building Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Burton Elementary School					
Constructed in 1959					
Total Building Square Footage	41,645	41,645	41,645	41,645	41,645
Enrollment Grades PS-6	425	426	454	474	491
Student Capacity	640	640	640	640	640
Regular Instruction Classrooms	23	23	23	23	23
Regular Instruction Teachers	30	30	29	29	29
Special Instruction Classrooms	4	4	4	4	4
Special Instruction Teachers	6	5	5	5	5
Ledgemont Elementary School Constructed in 1924					
Total Building Square Footage	48,050	0	0	0	0
Enrollment Grades 1-6	48,050	0	0	0	0
Student Capacity	739	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Classrooms	27	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Teachers	16	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Classrooms	1	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Teachers	0.5	0	0	0	0
Troy Elementary School					
Constructed in 1924					
Total Building Square Footage	0	0	0	0	0
Enrollment Grades 1-6	0	0	0	0	0
Student Capacity	0	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Classrooms	0	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Teachers	0	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Classrooms	0	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Teachers	0	0	0	0	0
Junior High/High School					
Constructed in 1936					
Total Building Square Footage	95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485
Enrollment Grades 7-12	604	480	495	517	548
Student Capacity	760	760	760	760	760
Regular Instruction Classrooms	32	32	32	32	32
Regular Instruction Teachers	34	27	27	27	28
Special Instruction Classrooms	5	5	5	5	5
Special Instruction Teachers	8	6	6	6	5

Source: School District Records

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
41,645	41,645	41,645	29,549	29,549
507	508	495	363	408
640	640	640	450	450
23	23	16	30	23
23	23	21	30	24
4	4	4	3	2
8	8	8	3	2
0	0	0	0	0
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0	0	1	1	1
			_	
95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485
576	569	629	619	690
760	760	760	760	760
32	32	32	32	32
30	30	30	30	31 4
5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	4
3	3	3	3	4

Berkshire Local School District Per Pupil Cost

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Expenditures	Enrollment	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	Percentage of Enrollment
2016	\$17,986,611	1,224	\$14,695	4.52 %	94	13.0	340	27.8%
2015	12,711,364	906	14,030	9.84	70	12.9	212	23.4
2014	12,004,612	949	12,650	6.26	69	13.8	212	22.3
2013	11,751,437	991	11,858	5.03	69	14.4	220	20.7
2012	11,700,764	1,039	11,262	(3.38)	69	15.1	227	21.8
2011	12,608,608	1,083	11,642	0.03	72	15.0	242	22.3
2010	12,197,020	1,077	11,325	(3.21)	73	14.8	155	14.4
2009	12,320,124	1,124	10,961	11.78	73	15.4	144	12.8
2008	11,072,106	1,145	9,670	8.32	75	15.3	131	11.4
2007	11,055,672	1,247	8,866	2.81	75	16.6	54	4.3

Source: School District Records (Modified Accrual Basis)

Attendance and Graduation Rates

Last Ten School Years

Fiscal Year	Berkshire Attendance Rate	State Average	Berkshire Graduation Rate	State Average
2016	95.20%	N/A	94.10%	83.00%
2015	95.00	N/A	94.10	83.00
2014	95.00	94.30	94.10	83.00
2013	95.00	94.30	93.80	83.00
2012	94.40	94.30	95.90	83.00
2011	94.00	94.00	95.20	83.00
2010	94.30	94.30	95.20	83.00
2009	94.40	94.30	95.20	90.00
2008	94.60	93.00	94.20	90.00
2007	94.10	93.00	94.00	90.00

Source: Ohio Department of Education Local Report Cards

School District Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Regular Instruction					
Elementary Classroom Teachers	44.00	30.50	29.50	29.00	29.00
High School Classroom Teachers	32.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	25.00
Special Instruction					
Elementary Classroom Teachers	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Gifted Education Teachers	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
High School Classroom Teachers	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Vocational Instruction					
High School Classroom Teachers	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Pupil Support Services					
Guidance Counselors	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Librarians	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Psychologists	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Speech and Language Pathologists	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Nurse	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Aides	6.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	5.00
Administration					
Elementary	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
High School	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Central Office	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Secretarial	8.00	6.50	6.50	7.50	7.50
Technology	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fiscal Services					
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Clerks	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Operation of Plant					
Custodians	10.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Maintenance	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Pupil Transportation					
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Bus Drivers	15.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Bus Aides	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Van Drivers	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Food Service Program					
Elementary Cooks	3.50	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00
High School Cooks	6.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Totals	158.50	122.00	121.00	122.50	124.50

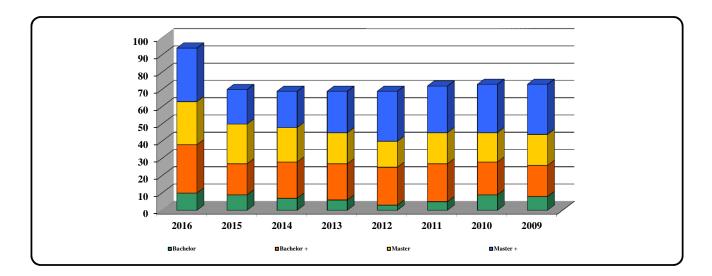
Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee at fiscal year end.

Source: School District Records

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Berkshire Local School District Full-Time Equivalent School District Teachers by Education Last Ten Fiscal Years

Degree	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Bachelor's Degree	10	9	7	6	3	5	9	8	8	5
Bachelor + 15	1	1	4	4	4	7	4	3	3	2
Bachelor + 150	27	17	17	17	18	15	15	15	15	19
Master's Degree	25	23	20	18	15	18	17	18	20	22
Master + 15	18	13	10	10	12	13	12	11	11	13
Master + 30	13	7	11	14	17	14	16	18	18	14
Total	94	70	69	69	69	72	73	73	75	75

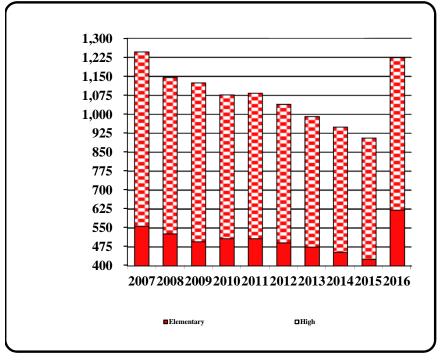


Source: School District Records

Enrollment Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Elementary	Junior/High	
Year	Schools	School	Total
2016	620	604	1,224
2015	426	480	906
2014	454	495	949
2013	474	517	991
2012	491	548	1,039
2011	507	576	1,083
2010	508	569	1,077
2009	495	629	1,124
2008	526	619	1,145
2007	557	690	1,247

Source: School District Records



Elementary grade change from K-6 to K-5 Middle School grade change from 7,8 to 6,7,8

SAT Composite Scores Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Year	Number of Senior Test Takers	Berkshire Verbal	Ohio Verbal	National Verbal
2016	1	595	535	487
2015	7	602	555	498
2014	13	570	496	496
2013	6	722	543	496
2012	6	560	489	489
2011	4	480	501	501
2010	4	510	537	502
2009	6	560	526	502
2008	n/a	n/a	534	502
2007	119	573	536	502

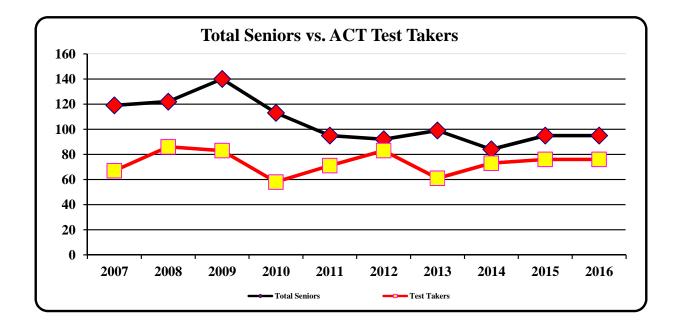
Source: High School Guidance Office, Berkshire Local School District n/a - Berkshire Local School District SAT information was not available

Berkshire	Ohio	National
Math	Math	Math
615	562	513
622	562	513
565	514	514
763	552	514
528	514	514
520	516	516
520	546	515
530	533	515
n/a	544	515
568	542	515

ACT Composite Scores

Last Ten School Years

School Year	Number of Test Takers	Number of Seniors	Percent of Seniors	Berkshire Composite	Ohio Composite	National Composite
2016	46	112	41.07 %	21.0	22.0	21.0
2015	76	95	80.00	23.6	22.0	21.0
2014	73	84	86.90	21.9	22.0	21.0
2013	61	99	61.62	21.3	21.8	21.1
2012	83	92	90.22	22.5	21.8	21.1
2011	71	95	74.74	22.0	21.8	21.0
2010	58	113	51.33	21.7	21.7	21.1
2009	83	140	59.29	22.6	21.7	21.1
2008	86	122	70.49	22.6	21.7	21.1
2007	67	119	56.30	22.4	21.6	21.2



Source: High School Guidance Office, Berkshire Local School District

Average Number of Students per Teacher
Last Ten School Years

Fiscal Year	Berkshire Average	State Average
2016	13.0	N/A
2015	12.9	N/A
2014	13.8	18.47
2013	14.4	18.47
2012	14.4	19.1
2011	15.0	19.1
2010	14.8	19.1
2009	15.4	19.1
2008	15.3	18.6
2007	16.6	19.6

Source: Ohio Department of Education, EMIS Reports

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BERKSHIRE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

GEAUGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 13, 2016

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov