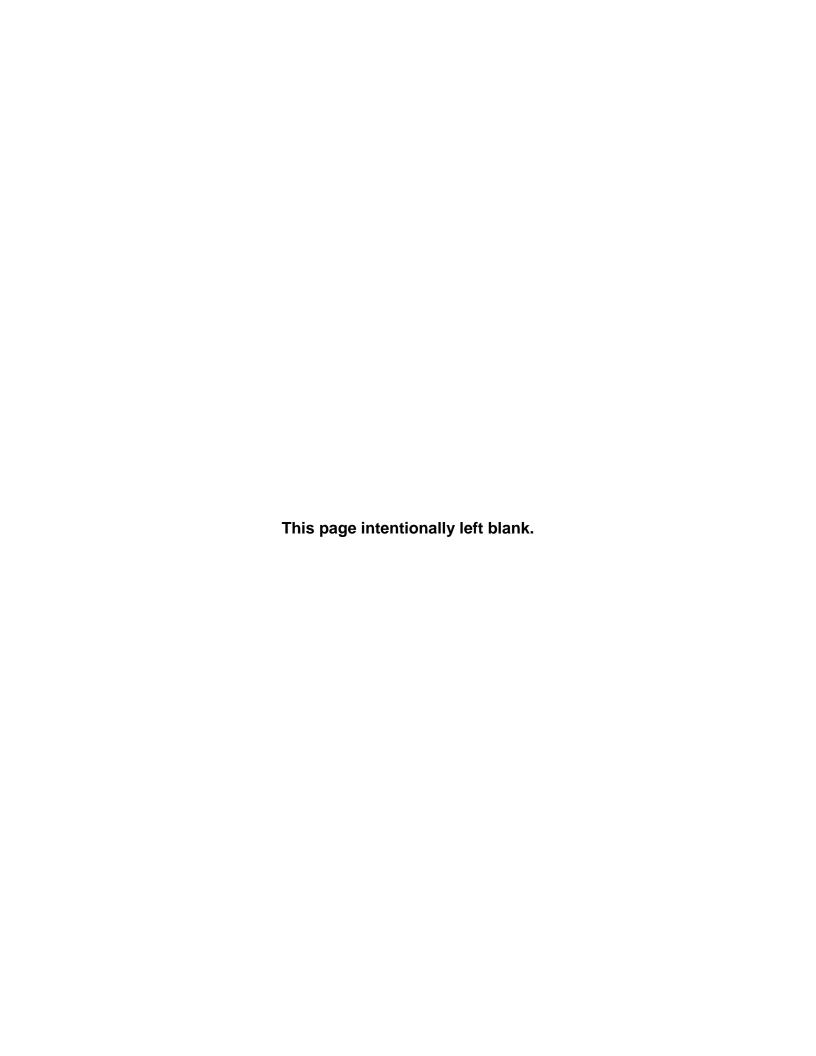




VILLAGE OF SOUTH ZANESVILLE MUSKINGUM COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE P.	<u>AGE</u>
Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	1





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Village of South Zanesville Muskingum County 24 East Main Street Zanesville, Ohio 43701

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, with which the Village Council and Mayor, and the management of the Village of South Zanesville, Muskingum County, Ohio (the Village), have agreed, solely to assist the Council and Mayor in evaluating receipts, disbursements and balances recorded in their cash-basis accounting records for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, including Mayor's Court receipts, disbursements and balances, and certain compliance requirements related to these transactions and balances. Management is responsible for recording transactions; and management, the Mayor, and/or the Council are responsible for complying with the compliance requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' attestation standards and applicable attestation engagement standards included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of the procedures is solely the responsibility of the parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

This report only describes exceptions exceeding \$10.

Cash and Investments

- 1. We tested the mathematical accuracy of the December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 bank reconciliations. We found no exceptions.
- 2. We agreed the January 1, 2013 beginning fund balances recorded in the Fund Ledger Report to the December 31, 2012 balances from documentation in the prior year audit working papers. We found no exceptions. We also agreed the January 1, 2014 beginning fund balances recorded in the Fund Ledger Report to the December 31, 2013 balances in the Fund Ledger Report. We found no exceptions.
- 3. We agreed the totals per the bank reconciliations to the total of the December 31, 2014 and 2013 fund cash balances reported in the Fund Ledger Reports. The amounts agreed.
- 4. We confirmed the December 31, 2014 bank account balances with the Village's financial institution. We found no exceptions. We also agreed the confirmed balances to the amounts appearing in the December 31, 2014 bank reconciliation without exception.
- 5. We selected five reconciling debits (such as outstanding checks) haphazardly from the December 31, 2014 bank reconciliation:
 - We traced each debit to the subsequent January bank statement bank statement. We found no exceptions.
 - b. We traced the amounts and dates to the check register, to determine the debits were dated prior to December 31. We noted no exceptions.

Cash and Investments (Continued)

- We tested interbank account transfers occurring in December of 2014 and 2013 to determine if they were properly recorded in the accounting records and on each bank statement. We found no exceptions.
- 7. We tested investments held at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 to determine that they:
 - a. Were of a type authorized by Ohio Rev. Code §§ 135.13, 135.14 or 135.144. We found no exceptions.
 - b. Mature within the prescribed time limits noted in Ohio Rev. Code §§ 135.13 or 135.14. We noted no exceptions.

Property Taxes and Intergovernmental Cash Receipts

- 1. We selected a property tax receipt from one *Statement of Semiannual Apportionment of Taxes* (the Statement) for 2014 and one from 2013:
 - a. We traced the gross receipts from the *Statement* to the amount recorded in the Receipt Register Report. The amounts agreed.
 - b. We determined whether the receipt was allocated to the proper funds as required by Ohio Rev. Code §§ 5705.05-.06 and 5705.10. We found no exceptions.
 - c. We determined whether the receipt was recorded in the proper year. The receipt was recorded in the proper year.
- 2. We scanned the Receipt Register Report to determine whether it included two real estate tax receipts for 2014 and 2013. We noted the Receipts Register Report included the proper number of tax receipts for each year.
- 3. We selected five receipts from the State Distribution Transaction Lists (DTL) from 2014 and five from 2013. We also selected five receipts from the County Auditor's Detail Expense Report from 2014 and five from 2013.
 - a. We compared the amount from the above reports to the amount recorded in the Receipt Register Report. The amounts agreed.
 - b. We determined whether these receipts were allocated to the proper fund(s). We found no exceptions.
 - c. We determined whether the receipts were recorded in the proper year. We found no exceptions.

Income Tax Receipts

- 1. We selected five income tax returns filed during 2014 and five from 2013.
 - a. We compared the payment amount recorded on the tax return to the amount recorded on the receipt stub. The amounts agreed.
 - b. We compared the receipt stub total from step a. to the amount recorded as income tax receipts in the Receipt Register Report for that date. The amounts agreed.
- 2. We determined whether the receipts were recorded in the year received. We found no exceptions.
- 3. We selected all income tax refunds from 2014.
 - a. We compared the refund paid from Payment Register Detail Report to the refund amount requested in the tax return. The amounts agreed.
 - b. We noted each of the refunds were approved by the Fiscal Officer.

Income Tax Receipts (Continued)

c. We noted the refunds were paid from the General Fund as is required.

Water and Sewer Fund

- 1. We haphazardly selected 10 Water and Sewer Fund collection cash receipts from the year ended December 31, 2014 and 10 Water and Sewer Fund collection cash receipts from the year ended 2013 recorded in the Receipt Detail Report and determined whether the:
 - a. Receipt amount per the Receipt Detail Report agreed to the amount recorded to the credit of the customer's account in the CMI A/R History Report. The amounts agreed.
 - b. Amount charged for the related billing period:
 - i. Agreed with the debit to accounts receivable in the CMI A/R History Report for the billing period. We found no exceptions.
 - ii. Complied with rates in force during the audit period multiplied by the consumption amount recorded for the billing period, plus any applicable late penalties, plus unpaid prior billings. We found no exceptions.
 - c. Receipt was posted to the proper fund(s), and was recorded in the year received. We found no exceptions.
- 2. We read the Accounts Receivable Overdue Report (Shutoff List):
 - a. We noted this report listed \$18,046 and \$15,730 of accounts receivable as of December 5, 2014 and December 6, 2013, respectively.
 - b. Of the total receivables reported in the preceding step, \$3,666 and \$3,591 were recorded as more than 90 days delinquent, respectively.
- 3. We read the Utility Bill Adjustment Journal Consolidated Report:
 - a. We noted this report listed a total of \$3,340 and \$2,043 non-cash receipts adjustments for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
 - b. We selected five non-cash adjustments from 2014 and five non-cash adjustments from 2013, and noted that the Village Administrator approved each adjustment.

Debt

1. From the prior audit documentation, we noted the following bonds and loans outstanding as of December 31, 2012. These amounts agreed to the Villages January 1, 2013 balances on the summary we used in step 3.

Issue	Principal outstanding as of December 31, 2012:	
OPWC Water Meter Upgrade	\$135,500	
OWDA Sewer Line Upgrade	45,619	
Construction Bonds	61,002	
Municipal Building Refunding Bonds	517,500	
Fire Truck Bonds	257,440	

 We inquired of management, and scanned the Receipt Register Report and Payment Register Detail Report for evidence of debt issued during 2014 or 2013 or debt payment activity during 2014 or 2013. All debt noted agreed to the summary we used in step 3.

Debt (Continued)

- 3. We obtained a summary of bonded and note debt activity for 2014 and 2013 and agreed principal and interest payments from the related debt amortization schedules or financial institution invoices to the General, Water Operating, Sewer Operating, Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair, Other Debt Service and Fire Department Fund payments reported in the Payment Register Detail Report. We also compared the date the debt service payments were due to the date the Village made the payments. We found no exceptions.
- 4. We agreed the amount of debt proceeds from the debt documents to amounts recorded in the General Fund per the Receipt Register Report. The Village failed to record the proceeds of bonds issued in a bond fund (i.e., Capital Projects Fund) as required by Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.09(E). In addition, for 2014, the associated activity was not posted to the accounting system. The proceeds of \$12,500 were used to purchase a police cruiser and pay associated issuance costs. The proceeds were paid directly to the vendors and the Village did not record these transactions on their accounting system. The Village should record transactions made onbehalf of the Village as a memo receipt and expenditure to the accounting system when they occur. The Village should also establish a capital projects fund when bonds are issued.
- 5. For new debt issued during 2014 and 2013, we inspected the debt legislation, noting the Village must use the proceeds to purchase police cruisers. We scanned the Payment Register Detail Report and noted the Village purchased a police cruiser in April of 2014 and July of 2013.

Payroll Cash Disbursements

- 1. We haphazardly selected one payroll check for five employees from 2014 and one payroll check for five employees from 2013 from the Employee Report and:
 - a. We compared the hours and pay rate, or salary recorded in the Employee Report to supporting documentation (timecard, legislatively or statutorily-approved rate or salary).
 We found no exceptions.
 - b. We determined whether the fund and account code to which the check was posted were reasonable based on the employees' duties as documented in the Employee Report. We also determined whether the payment was posted to the proper year. We found no exceptions.
- 2. We scanned the last remittance of tax and retirement withholdings for the year ended December 31, 2014 to determine whether remittances were timely paid, and if the amounts paid agreed to the amounts withheld, plus the employer's share where applicable, during the final withholding period during 2014. We noted the following:

Withholding (plus employer share, where applicable)	Date Due	Date Paid	Amount Due	Amount Paid
Federal income taxes & Medicare	1/31/15	12/31/14	\$4,758	\$4,758

State income taxes	1/31/15	12/31/14	\$917	\$917
Village of South Zanesville	1/31/15	12/31/14	\$557	\$557
income taxes				
City of Zanesville income	1/31/15	12/31/14	\$23	\$23
taxes				
OPERS retirement	1/30/15	12/31/14	\$4,881	\$4,881
OP&F retirement	1/31/15	12/31/14	\$2,722	\$2,722

Non-Payroll Cash Disbursements

We haphazardly selected ten disbursements from the Payment Register Detail Report for the year ended December 31, 2014 and ten from the year ended 2013 and determined whether:

- a. The disbursements were for a proper public purpose. We found no exceptions.
- b. The check number, date, payee name and amount recorded on the returned, canceled check agreed to the check number, date, payee name and amount recorded in the Payment Register Detail Report and to the names and amounts on the supporting invoices. We found no exceptions.
- c. The payment was posted to a fund consistent with the restricted purpose for which the fund's cash can be used. We found no exceptions.
- d. We found six instances where the Fiscal Officer's certification date was after the vendor invoice date and there was also no evidence that a *Then and Now Certificate* was issued. Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D) requires certifying at the time of a commitment, which should be on or before the invoice date, unless a *Then and Now Certificate* is used. Because we did not test all disbursements requiring certification, our report provides no assurance whether or not additional similar errors occurred. The Fiscal Officer should certify all disbursements requiring certification or issue a *Then and Now Certificate* as required by Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D).

Mayor's Court Transactions and Cash Balances

- 1. We tested the mathematical accuracy of the December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 bank reconciliations. We found no exceptions.
- 2. We compared the reconciled cash totals as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 to the Mayor's Court Fund balance reported in the Mayor's Court Cash Book. The balances agreed.
- 3. We agreed the totals per the bank reconciliations to the total of December 31, 2013 listing of unpaid distributions as of each December 31. The amounts agreed.
- 4. We confirmed the December 31, 2014 bank account balance with the Mayor's Court financial institution. We found no exceptions. We also agreed the confirmed balance to the amounts appearing in the December 31, 2014 bank reconciliation without exception.
- 5. We haphazardly selected five cases from the court cash book and agreed the payee and amount posted to the:
 - a. Duplicate receipt book.
 - b. Docket, including comparing the total fine paid to the judgment issued by the judge (i.e. mayor)
 - c. Case file.

The amounts recorded in the cash book, receipts book, docket and case file agreed.

- 6. From the cash book, we haphazardly selected one month from the year ended December 31, 2014 and one month from the year ended 2013 and determined whether:
 - a. The monthly sum of fines and costs collected for those months agreed to the amounts reported as remitted to the Village, State or other applicable government in the following month. We found no exceptions.
 - b. The totals remitted for these two months per the cash book agreed to the returned canceled checks. The check number, date, payee name and amount recorded on the returned, canceled check agreed to the check number, date, payee name and amount recorded in the cash book.

Compliance – Budgetary

- 1. We compared the total estimated receipts from the Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources required by Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(1), to the amounts recorded in the Revenue Status Report for the General, Sewer Operating and Refuse Collection Funds for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. The amounts on the Amended Certificate agreed to the amounts recorded in the accounting system, except for the General Fund for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the Sewer Operating Fund for the year ended December 31, 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Revenue Status Report recorded budgeted (i.e., amended certified) resources for the General Fund of \$492,802. However, the final Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources reflected \$494,627. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Revenue Status Report recorded budgeted (i.e. amended certified) resources for the General Fund of \$519,247. However, the final Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources reflected \$518,402. In addition, the Revenue Status Report recorded budgeted (i.e., amended certified) resources for the Sewer Operating Fund of \$340,210. However, the final Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources reflected \$393,697. The Fiscal Officer should periodically compare amounts recorded in the Revenue Status Report to amounts recorded on the Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources to assure they agree. If the amounts do not agree, the Council may be using inaccurate information for budgeting and to monitor spending.
- 2. We scanned the appropriation measures adopted for 2014 and 2013 to determine whether, for the General, Sewer Operating and Refuse Collection Funds, the Council appropriated separately for "each office, department, and division, and within each, the amount appropriated for personal services," as is required by Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38(C). We found no exceptions.
- 3. We compared total appropriations required by Ohio Rev. Code §§ 5705.38 and 5705.40, to the amounts recorded in the Appropriation Status Report for 2014 and 2013 for the General, Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair and the Refuse Collection Funds. The amounts on the appropriation resolutions agreed to the amounts recorded in the Appropriation Status Report.
- 4. Ohio Rev. Code §§ 5705.36(A)(5) and 5705.39 prohibits appropriations from exceeding the certified resources. We compared total appropriations to total certified resources for the General, State Highway and Fire Department Funds for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. We noted no funds for which appropriations exceeded certified resources.
- 5. Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits expenditures (disbursements plus certified commitments) from exceeding appropriations. We compared total expenditures to total appropriations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 for the General, Water Operating and Sewer Operating Funds, as recorded in the Appropriation Status Report. We noted no funds for which expenditures exceeded appropriations.
- 6. Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.09 requires establishing separate funds to segregate externally-restricted resources. We scanned the Receipt Register Report for evidence of new restricted receipts requiring a new fund during December 31, 2014 and 2013. We also inquired of management regarding whether the Village received new restricted receipts. The Village established the Federal Grant Fund and State Grant Fund during 2013 to segregate Federal Emergency Management Agency receipts and disbursements, in compliance with § 5705.09. As previously noted, the Village failed to record bond proceeds during 2014 and recorded bond proceeds in the General Fund during 2013 rather than a capital projects fund as required by Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.09(E).

Compliance - Budgetary (Continued)

- 7. We scanned the 2014 and 2013 Revenue Status Reports and Appropriation Status Reports for evidence of interfund transfers exceeding \$10,000 which Ohio Rev. Code §§ 5705.14 .16 restrict. We found no evidence of transfers these Sections prohibit, or for which § 5705.16 would require approval by the Tax Commissioner and Court of Common Pleas.
- 8. We inquired of management and scanned the Appropriation Status Reports to determine whether the Village elected to establish reserve accounts permitted by Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.13. We noted the Village did not establish these reserves.
- 9. We scanned the Cash Summary by Fund Report for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 for negative cash fund balance. Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(I) provides that money paid into a fund must be used for the purposes for which such fund is established. As a result, a negative fund cash balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another. We noted no funds having a negative cash fund balance.

Compliance – Contracts & Expenditures

We inquired of management and scanned the Payment Register Detail Report for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 to determine if the Village proceeded by force account (i.e., used its own employees) to maintain or repair roads (cost of project exceeding \$30,000) or to construct or reconstruct Village roads (cost of project \$30,000/per mile) for which Ohio Rev. Code §§ 117.16(A) and 723.52 requires the Village engineer, or officer having a different title but the duties and functions of an engineer, to complete a force account project assessment form (i.e., cost estimate). We identified no projects requiring the completion of the force account assessment form.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on the Village's receipts, disbursements, balances and compliance with certain laws and regulations. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, those charged with governance and others within the Village, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

October 22, 2015





VILLAGE OF SOUTH ZANESVILLE

MUSKINGUM COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 5, 2015