SPRINGBORO COMMUNITY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WARREN COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS





Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education Springboro Community City School District 1685 South Main Street Springboro, OH 45066

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Springboro Community City School District, Warren County, prepared by J.L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Springboro Community City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 8, 2015

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT AND MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Springboro Community City School District 1685 South Main Street Springboro, OH 45066

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Springboro Community City School District (District), Warren County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Education Springboro Community City School District Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4-10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Board of Education Springboro Community City School District Independent Auditor's Report

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 22, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

J.L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC. Chillicothe, Ohio

December 22, 2014

The discussion and analysis of the Springboro Community City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2014 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities decreased \$1,319,712.
- General revenues accounted for \$45,990,934 in revenue or 87% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,066,160 or 13% of total revenues of \$53,057,094.
- The School District had \$54,376,806 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$7,066,160 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales and grants and contributions.
- All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$54,165,652 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$58,379,108.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Springboro Community City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2014?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Springboro Community City School District, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

• In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, most of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, and extracurricular activities. However, the School District's Fiduciary Funds are not included within these two statements.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The School District's fiduciary funds are agency funds which are used to maintain financial activity of the School District's Student Managed Activities, and private purpose trust funds which are used to maintain the financial activity of the School District's Scholarship Funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Unaudited

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2014 compared to 2013.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$46,751,512	\$49,694,209
Capital Assets, Net	77,871,809	80,053,337
Total Assets	124,623,321	129,747,546
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Unamortized Deferred Amount on Refunding	0	213,715
Liabilities		
Long-term Liabilities	84,340,557	90,048,330
Current and Other Liabilities	6,230,528	5,764,849
Total Liabilities	90,571,085	95,813,179
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	30,817,381	29,593,515
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(3,150,773)	(5,781,715)
Restricted	3,523,827	5,020,245
Unrestricted	2,861,801	5,316,037
Total Net Position	\$3,234,855	\$4,554,567

The changes in net position are primarily due to the following factors. Current and other assets have decreased primarily due to decreases in taxes receivable and equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents decreased due primarily to expenditures exceeding revenues for the current fiscal year. Taxes receivable decreased as a result of decreased estimates by the School District due to the approval of a renewal levy at a lower rate in the prior year. Capital assets, net have decreased primarily due to depreciation expense of approximately \$3.89 million which was partially offset by additions of \$1.86 million. Current and other liabilities have increased primarily due to increases in accounts payable and accrued wages and benefits payable. Deferred inflows of resources increased as a result of the decrease in amounts available for advance. Long term liabilities decreased approximately \$5.7 million primarily due to payments on long term debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 as compared to 2013.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Revenues	2014	2015
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$3,917,474	\$3,604,286
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,148,686	2,187,052
Total Program Revenues	7,066,160	5,791,338
General Revenues		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Property Taxes	30,100,398	34,737,187
Grants, Entitlements and Contributions Not Restricted	15,133,843	14,438,043
Gifts and Donations Not Restricted	48,902	30,890
Investment Earnings	66,041	20,514
Miscellaneous	641,750	692,250
Total General Revenues	45,990,934	49,918,884
Total Revenues	53,057,094	55,710,222
Program Expenses		
Instruction:		
Regular	22,646,386	23,610,057
Special	6,668,770	4,133,630
Other	732,572	582,059
Support Services:		
Pupils	2,706,788	2,339,062
Instructional Staff	1,807,189	3,390,317
Board of Education	270,457	239,248
Administration	2,346,346	3,270,478
Fiscal	1,017,705	770,803
Business	176,324	205,835
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,329,622	4,819,483
Pupil Transportation	3,154,426	3,136,508
Central	433,417	272,037
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,213,613	1,330,779
Extracurricular Activities	2,013,899	1,762,415
Issuance Costs and Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,859,292	4,070,624
Total Expenses	54,376,806	53,933,335
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(1,319,712)	1,776,887
Net Position at Beginning of Year	4,554,567	2,777,680
Net Position at End of Year	\$3,234,855	\$4,554,567

Governmental Activities

Charges for services and sales comprised 7.4 percent of revenue for governmental activities, while operating grants and contributions comprised 5.9 percent of revenue for governmental activities of the School District for fiscal year 2014. Property tax revenue comprised 56.7 percent of revenue for governmental activities. Grants and Entitlements, not restricted for specific programs, comprised 28.5 percent of revenue for governmental activities. Property tax revenue decreased due to a full year of collections at the lower tax levy rate. Grants, entitlements, and contributions not restricted for specific programs increased due to increases in foundation receipts. Operating grants and contributions increased as a result additional special education foundation receipts received during the current fiscal year.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, instruction is emphasized. Regular Instruction comprised 41.6 percent of governmental program expenses. Regular instruction decreased as a result of retirees in the prior year being replaced with lower salaried employees. Administration decreased from the prior year as a result of the local Educational Service Center. Special instruction increased, while instructional staff and administration decreased as a result of State coding changes in addition to the School District no longer paying pre-school through the local Educational Service Center.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements .

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2014	2014	2013	2013
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$22,646,386	\$21,754,967	\$23,610,057	\$22,752,949
Special	6,668,770	4,569,992	4,133,630	3,060,648
Other	732,572	700,255	582,059	552,470
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,706,788	2,474,889	2,339,062	2,169,774
Instructional Staff	1,807,189	1,679,753	3,390,317	3,226,893
Board of Education	270,457	258,797	239,248	229,737
Administration	2,346,346	2,212,034	3,270,478	3,110,912
Fiscal	1,017,705	976,482	770,803	742,302
Business	176,324	168,750	205,835	197,685
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,329,622	5,141,757	4,819,483	4,647,562
Pupil Transportation	3,154,426	3,024,773	3,136,508	3,019,940
Central	433,417	414,661	272,037	261,250
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,213,613	(271,036)	1,330,779	(212,645)
Extracurricular Activities	2,013,899	378,081	1,762,415	342,773
Issuance Costs and Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,859,292	3,826,491	4,070,624	4,039,747
Total	\$54,376,806	\$47,310,646	\$53,933,335	\$48,141,997

Table 3 Governmental Activities

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District has two major funds; the General Fund and the Bond Retirement. The General Fund had revenues and other financing sources in the amount of \$44,213,520, and expenditures and other financing uses in the amount of \$47,002,191. The General Fund's balance decreased \$2,788,671. This change in fund balance is due primarily to a decrease in tax revenues received during the fiscal year. The Bond Retirement Fund had \$5,909,558 in revenues and \$7,458,882 in expenditures resulting in a \$1,549,324 decrease in fund balance, which resulted from an increase in principal and interest payments from the prior year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2014, the School District amended its General Fund budget.

For the General Fund, original budget basis revenue was \$39,184,969, below final estimates of \$44,325,203. Of this \$5,140,234 difference, most was due to more property tax and intergovernmental revenues being budgeted. Original appropriations were \$1,007,500 more than final budgeted appropriations due to decreases in various areas across the School District. The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$10,512,839.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the School District had \$77,871,809 invested in land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and books. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2014 balances compared to 2013.

Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2014	2013*				
Land & Land Improvements	\$4,087,063	\$4,178,709				
Buildings & Improvements	69,690,856	71,774,455				
Furniture and Equipment	3,092,706	2,941,891				
Vehicles	1,001,184	1,158,282				
Totals	\$77,871,809	\$80,053,337				

* Certain amounts were reclassified between asset class. These reclassifications had no effect on net position.

The change in capital assets is due to current year additions, deletions, and current year depreciation. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2014, the School District had general obligation bonds and premiums outstanding of \$67,503,716. The bonds were issued for school construction and the purchase of buses. The District also had loans outstanding and capital leases payable of \$13,518,866 issued for various capital acquisition purposes. For additional information regarding debt, see Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Terrah J. Floyd, CFO, at Springboro Community City School District, 1685 South Main Street, Springboro, Ohio 45066.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Accrued Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable	\$ 14,176,097 3,947 2,465
Intergovernmental Receivable	327,294
Property Taxes Receivable	31,817,333
Restricted Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	96,355
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	328,021
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,421,691
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	76,450,118
Total Assets	124,623,321
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	459,363
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	4,485,860
Accrued Interest Payable	248,970
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	8,961
Intergovernmental Payable	1,027,374
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	2 400 806
Due In More Than One Year	3,400,806
Due in More Than One Tean	80,939,751
Total Liabilities	90,571,085
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	30,817,381
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(3,150,773)
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	431,954
Debt Service	2,110,111
Food Service	500,462
District Managed Activities	341,379
Title VI-B Other Burnesses	74,560
Other Purposes Unrestricted	65,361 2,861,801
Uniestricieu	2,001,001
Total Net Position	\$ 3,234,855

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Progr	am Rev	venues	F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			C	harges for		erating Grants		. 1
	Expenses		Expenses and Sales			and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities		1						
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	22,646,386	\$	886,354	\$	5,065	\$	(21,754,967)
Special		6,668,770		265,924		1,832,854		(4,569,992)
Other		732,572		31,770		547		(700,255)
Support Services:		0 504 500		104 204		107 515		(2.454.000)
Pupils		2,706,788		104,384		127,515		(2,474,889)
Instructional Staff		1,807,189		64,100		63,336		(1,679,753)
Board of Education Administration		270,457		11,660 96,936		- 272 76		(258,797) (2,212,034)
Fiscal		2,346,346 1,017,705		90,930 41,223		37,376		(2,212,034) (976,482)
Business		176,324		7,574		-		(970,482) (168,750)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		5,329,622		183,488		4,377		(5,141,757)
Pupil Transportation		3,154,426		128,572		1,081		(3,024,773)
Central		433,417		18,756		-		(414,661)
Operation of Non-Instructional		155,117		10,700				(111,001)
Services		1,213,613		1,014,360		470,289		271,036
Extracurricular Activities		2,013,899		1,029,572		606,246		(378,081)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		3,859,292		32,801		-		(3,826,491)
Totals	\$	54,376,806	\$	3,917,474	\$	3,148,686		(47,310,646)
	Prop G D	eral Revenues erty Taxes Levi eneral Purposes ebt Service nts, Entitlements			not			25,065,993 5,034,405
		estricted to Spec			not			15,133,843
		s and Donations			pecific	Programs		48,902
		stment Earning				8		66,041
		cellaneous						641,750
	Tota	l General Rever	nues					45,990,934
	Cha	nge in Net Posit	tion					(1,319,712)
	Net	Position Beginn	ing o	f Year				4,554,567
	Net	Position End of	Year				\$	3,234,855

Springboro Community City School District, Ohio Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

Assets:	General		General		General		F	Bond Retirement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,955,408	\$	1,931,747	\$	1,288,942	\$	14,176,097				
Receivables:	Ψ	10,955,100	Ψ	1,991,717	ψ	1,200,712	Ψ	1,170,097				
Interest		3,947		-		-		3,947				
Accounts		292		-		2,173		2,465				
Property Taxes		26,389,261		5,428,072		-		31,817,333				
Interfund		6,087		-		-		6,087				
Intergovernmental		220,994		-		106,300		327,294				
Restricted Assets:												
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		96,355		-		-		96,355				
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents		-		-		328,021		328,021				
Total Assets	\$	37,672,344	\$	7,359,819	\$	1,725,436	\$	46,757,599				
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities												
Accounts Payable	\$	391,852	\$	-	\$	67,511	\$	459,363				
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		4,407,779		-		78,081		4,485,860				
Interfund Payable		-		-		6,087		6,087				
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		8,961		-		-		8,961				
Intergovernmental Payable		996,333		-		31,041		1,027,374				
Total Liabilities		5,804,925				182,720		5,987,645				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations		25,567,673		5,249,708		-		30,817,381				
Unavailable Revenue - Grants		-		-		463		463				
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Taxes		105,261		23,072		-		128,333				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		25,672,934		5,272,780		463		30,946,177				
Fund Balances:												
Restricted		96,355		2,087,039		1,546,422		3,729,816				
Assigned		302,205		-		-		302,205				
Unassigned		5,795,925		-		(4,169)		5,791,756				
Total Fund Balances		6,194,485		2,087,039		1,542,253		9,823,777				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	37,672,344	\$	7,359,819	\$	1,725,436	\$	46,757,599				

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2014

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	9,823,777
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		77,871,809
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Intergovernmental Property Taxes 128,2 Total	463 333	128,796
Accrued Interest Payable related to long-term obligations is not reported in the funds.		(248,970)
Long-Term Liabilities, including bonds, premiums, the employee severance plan, the long-term portion of compensated absences, capital leases and loans payable are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences (2,167,9	982)	
Employee Severance Plan (1,149,9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
General Obligation Bonds Payable - 2013 (845,0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Premium on General Obligation Bonds - 2013 (16,9	· ·	
Capital Lease Obligations (13,153,8	· ·	
School Improvement Bonds - 1996 and 1991 (16,420,0)00)	
School Improvement Bonds Payable - 2005 (285,0)00)	
School Improvement Refunding Bonds - 2007 (45,315,0)00)	
Premium on Bonds Payable - 2007 (4,621,7	721)	
Loans Payable (365,0)00)	
Total		(84,340,557)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$3,234,855

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 General		Bond Retirement	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 25,422,452	\$	5,107,533	\$ -	\$	30,529,985
Intergovernmental	15,984,326		736,586	1,353,410		18,074,322
Investment Earnings	68,108		-	425		68,533
Customer Sales and Services	1,736		-	1,008,497		1,010,233
Tuition and Fees	730,250		-	-		730,250
Rent	1,012,446		-	17,875		1,030,321
Extracurricular Activities	141,632		-	1,005,038		1,146,670
Gifts and Donations	48,902		-	208,612		257,514
Miscellaneous	 494,504		65,439	 81,807		641,750
Total Revenues	 43,904,356		5,909,558	 3,675,664		53,489,578
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	20,624,460		-	12,111		20,636,571
Special	6,160,952		-	588,958		6,749,910
Other	732,572		-	-		732,572
Support Services:						
Pupils	2,427,563		-	304,879		2,732,442
Instructional Staff	1,491,343		-	151,430		1,642,773
Board of Education	268,866		-	-		268,866
Administration	2,299,457		-	89,364		2,388,821
Fiscal	945,376		65,266	-		1,010,642
Business	179,029		-	-		179,029
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,216,328		-	10,465		4,226,793
Pupil Transportation	3,028,270		-	2,584		3,030,854
Central	440,767		-	-		440,767
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	11,076		-	1,138,616		1,149,692
Extracurricular Activities	405,402		-	1,443,253		1,848,655
Capital Outlay	1,674,018		-	176,375		1,850,393
Debt Service:	072 460		4 1 (5 0 0 0			5 129 460
Principal	973,469		4,165,000	-		5,138,469
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 756,333		3,228,616	 -	·	3,984,949
Total Expenditures	 46,635,281		7,458,882	 3,918,035		58,012,198
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,730,925)		(1,549,324)	 (242,371)		(4,522,620)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	-		-	366,910		366,910
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	46,664		-	-		46,664
Inception of Capital Lease	262,500		-	-		262,500
Transfers Out	 (366,910)		-	 -		(366,910)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (57,746)		-	 366,910		309,164
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,788,671)		(1,549,324)	124,539		(4,213,456)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 8,983,156		3,636,363	 1,417,714		14,037,233
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 6,194,485	\$	2,087,039	\$ 1,542,253	\$	9,823,777

Springboro Community City School District, Ohio Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (4,	213,456)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital asset additions in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	1,860,892 (3,893,579)	(2,	032,687)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the proceed from the sale of capital assest and the loss on the disposal of assets. Proceed from the Sale of Capital Assets Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets Total	(46,664) (102,177)	(148,841)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Interest Intergovernmental Total	(429,587) (2,492) (405)	(4	432,484)
The amortization of premium from the issuance of debt is recorded as a reduction of liability in the statement of net position, but does not result in an expenditure in the governmental funds.			325,674
Deferred amounts on refunding are included as expenditures in the funds, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.		(213,715)
Repayment of bond and loan principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net position and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		4,4	437,000
Repayment of capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net position and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		,	701,469
Proceeds from the inception of capital lease in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that are reported as other financing sources are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.		(262,500)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in Compensated Absences Decrease in Employee Severance Plan Decrease in Interest Payable	(114,803) 620,933 13,698		
Total		:	519,828
Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,	319,712)

Springboro Community City School District, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 23,938,201	\$ 27,435,275	\$ 27,435,275	\$ -
Intergovernmental	13,980,868	15,605,838	15,605,838	Ψ -
Investment Earnings	28,939	57,666	57,666	_
Tuition and Fees	197,908	219,867	220,077	210
Rent	106,778	120,899	120,899	
Extracurricular Activities		344	344	-
Gifts and Donations	515	2,188	2,188	-
Customer Sales and Services	1,930	925	925	-
Miscellaneous	738,601	156,763	157,034	271
Total Revenues	38,993,740	43,599,765	43,600,246	481
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	21,388,476	20,508,828	20,100,673	408,155
Special	4,614,620	5,866,794	5,787,688	79,106
Other	595,000	768,542	762,369	6,173
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,433,601	2,425,654	2,379,814	45,840
Instructional Staff	3,620,131	1,875,600	1,789,985	85,615
Board of Education	453,916	350,651	278,553	72,098
Administration	2,482,908	2,456,923	2,335,226	121,697
Fiscal	824,021	969,786	950,712	19,074
Business	234,428	209,369	193,180	16,189
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,482,155	4,837,811	4,434,740	403,071
Pupil Transportation	3,805,717	3,758,481	3,548,327	210,154
Central	327,777	369,388	341,425	27,963
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,973	10,494	9,941	553
Extracurricular Activities	180,133	154,076	123,850	30,226
Capital Outlay	1,499,889	951,297	944,669	6,628
Debt Service:	22(000	271.000	271.000	
Principal	226,000	371,000	371,000	-
Interest Total Expenditures	<u>161,389</u> 47,339,134	<u> </u>	<u>164,337</u> 44,516,489	1,532,542
-		,		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,345,394)	(2,449,266)	(916,243)	1,533,023
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES:				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	136,070	554,386	554,393	7
Proceed from Sale of Assets	25,886	46,664	46,664	-
Advances In	29,273	124,388	124,388	-
Transfers Out	(175,000)	(366,910)	(366,910)	-
Other Financing Uses	(5,000)	(95,693)	-	95,693
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	11,229	262,835	358,535	95,700
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,334,165)	(2,186,431)	(557,708)	1,628,723
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	9,876,228	9,876,228	9,876,228	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,194,319	1,194,319	1,194,319	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,736,382	\$ 8,884,116	\$ 10,512,839	\$ 1,628,723
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Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 74,894	\$ 164,418
LIABILITIES: Undistributed Monies		\$ 164,418
NET POSITION: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$ 74,894	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS:		
Interest	\$ 119	
Gifts and Contributions	 5,620	
Total Additions	5,739	
DEDUCTIONS:		
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	 8,250	
Change in Net Position	(2,511)	
Net Position Beginning of Year	77,405	
	· · · · ·	
Net Position End of Year	\$ 74,894	

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Springboro Community City School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1990 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 44.7 square miles. It is located in Warren County, and includes the City of Springboro and Clearcreek Township and a small portion of Franklin Township. It is staffed by 231 non-certificated employees, 18 administrative employees, and 328 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 5,930 students and other community members. The School District currently operates 6 instructional buildings, 1 administrative building, and 1 garage.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Springboro Community City School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes.

The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with three jointly governed organizations. These organizations are the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), the Warren County Career Center, and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council.

Southwestern Ohio Computer Association - The School District is a participating member of the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA). SWOCA provides data services needed by the participating school districts. D. Russell Lee Vocational School serves as the fiscal agent. This is a jointly governed organization and the School District's participation is discussed in Note 16 to the Basic Financial Statements.

Warren County Career Center - The School District became a member of a cooperative agreement to establish the Warren County Career Center to provide for the vocational and special education needs of the students. The School District is not involved in the budgeting or management of the Warren County Career Center. A board member appointed by the School District's school board members serves as a member of the Warren County Career Center Board of Education. This is a jointly governed organization and the School District's participation is discussed in Note 16 to the Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council - The School District is a participating member of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (the "Council"). The Council's purpose is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. The Montgomery County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent. This is a jointly governed organization and the School District's participation is discussed in Note 16 to the Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The funds used by this School District can be classified using two categories, governmental and fiduciary. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District functions or activities.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund is a fund provided for the retirement of serial bonds and short term loans. All revenue derived from general or special levies, either within or exceeding the ten-mill limitation, which is levied for debt charges on bonds or loans, shall be paid into this fund. The primary source of revenue for this fund is property tax levies.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose and capital projects of the School District.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds which account for student managed activities and private purpose trust funds which are used to account for the financial activity of the School District's Scholarship Funds.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, tuition, grants and fees.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditures/expenses) until then. The School District did not recorded a deferred outflow of resources as of June 30, 2014. The School District reports a deferred inflow of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. For the School District these amounts consist of taxes and grants which are not collected in the available period. The difference between deferred inflows on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet is due to delinquent property taxes and grants not received during the available period. These were reported as revenues on the Statement of Activities and not recorded as deferred inflows on the Statement of Net Position.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet and the statement of net position.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to STAROhio, U.S. Government Agency notes, and money market accounts.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The School District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during fiscal year 2014. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund, the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and the Private Purpose Trust Funds during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$68,108, \$425, and \$119, respectively.

For purposes of presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

F. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	10 - 40 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	3 - 15 years
Books	5 years

G. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The entire sick leave benefit and vacation liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements. On the governmental fund financial statements, sick leave benefits are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are reported as "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who will receive the payment is paid.

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

I. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the statement of activities.

J. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in the spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education. The School District Board of Education allows the Treasurer to assign amounts for various purchase orders.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between asset, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets; consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes represents balances in special revenue funds for grants received which are restricted as to their use by grantors.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$3,523,827 in restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level without resolution by the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year. As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a restriction, commitment or assignment of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

N. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the General Fund include amounts required by state statute to be set aside for budget stabilization. See Note 14 for additional information regarding set-asides and the budget stabilization reserve.

The School District maintains cash and cash equivalents in several accounts to account for proceeds from several capital leases. These monies are restricted for capital improvements to School District facilities and these amounts are reported as "Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents" on the financial statements.

O. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary basis) rather than as a restriction, commitment or assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis); and
- 4. Funds treated as General Fund equivalents on the GAAP basis are not included on the budget basis.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statement for the General Fund.

GAAP Basis	\$ (2,788,671)
Revenue Accruals	1,748,044
Expenditure Accruals	799,689
Prospective Difference:	
Activity of Funds Reclassified for	
GAAP Reporting Purposes	(46,792)
Encumbrances	(269,978)
Budgetary Basis	\$ (557,708)

Net Change in Fund Balance

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current fiveyear period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or securities issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim money as provided in Section 135.08 of the Revised Code;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, and to which notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation; the notes mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase; and
- 9. Bankers' acceptances of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation to which both the obligations are eligible for purchase by the federal reserve system and the obligations mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency of instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2014, the School District's bank balance of \$7,310,642 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

As of June 30, 2014, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

		Weighted Average
	Carrying/Fair	Maturity
	Value	(Years)
STAR Ohio	\$ 33,054	< 1 year
Fifth Third Money Market	5,136,304	< 1 year
First American Treasury Money Market	2,897	< 1 year
Federal Home Loan Bank	305,351	< 1 year
US Treasury Note	160,069	< 1 year
Federal Home Loan Mort. Corp.	300,366	< 1 year
Federal Farm Credit Bank	310,136	< 1 year
Federal Home Loan Bank	169,493	1 - 2 years
Federal Home Loan Mort. Corp.	614,201	1 - 2 years
Federal National Mtg Assoc.	908,352	1 - 2 years
Federal Home Loan Bank	100,011	3 - 5 years
Federal National Mtg Assoc.	146,904	3 - 5 years
Total Investments	\$ 8,187,138	

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages it exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to meet cash flow requirements. The policy stipulates that generally investments should not exceed one year unless matched to specific cash flow requirements. The School District has complied with this requirement.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Fifth Third Money Market was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. U.S. Government Securities and the U.S. Treasury note were rated Aaa by Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The First American Treasury Money Market was not rated.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The School District has invested 0.4% in STAR Ohio, 62.7% in Fifth Third Money Market, less than .1% in First American Treasury Money Market, and 34.8% in U.S. Government Securities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the School District or at least registered in the name of the School District.

The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2014 represents collections of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2014 represents collections of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

	2013 Seco Half Collec		2014 First Half Collections		
	Amount Percent		Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$829,350,990	91.98%	\$840,645,460	92.06%	
Public Utility Personal	72,301,530	8.02%	72,531,280	92.00% 7.94%	
Total	\$901,652,520	100.00%	\$913,176,740	100.00%	
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$60.36		\$58.79		

The School District receives property taxes from Warren and Montgomery Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real, personal property, and public utility taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the delayed settlement of personal property tax and the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014, was \$871,619 and is recognized as revenue: \$716,327 in the General Fund and \$155,292 in the Bond Retirement Fund. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis they are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014, consisted of property taxes, interfund, accounts, interest, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
General Fund	\$220,994
Other Non-major Governmental Funds:	
Auxilliary Services	24,797
Title VI-B	74,563
Title I	6,915
Improving Teacher Quality	25
Total Other Non-major Governmental Funds	106,300
Total All Funds	\$327,294

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Ending Balance 06/30/13*	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 06/30/14
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,421,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,421,691
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,421,691	-	-	1,421,691
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	6,246,800	215,345	-	6,462,145
Buildings and Improvements	101,715,765	610,634	(152,031)	102,174,368
Furniture and Equipment	16,321,069	1,027,413	(57,304)	17,291,178
Vehicles	5,188,702	7,500	-	5,196,202
Books	2,761,789			2,761,789
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	132,234,125	1,860,892	(209,335)	133,885,682
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(3,489,782)	(306,991)	-	(3,796,773)
Buildings and Improvements	(29,941,310)	(2,545,992)	3,790	(32,483,512)
Furniture and Equipment	(13,379,178)	(875,998)	56,704	(14,198,472)
Vehicles	(4,030,420)	(164,598)	-	(4,195,018)
Books	(2,761,789)			(2,761,789)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(53,602,479)	(3,893,579)	60,494	(57,435,564)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	78,631,646	(2,032,687)	(148,841)	76,450,118
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 80,053,337	\$ (2,032,687)	\$ (148,841)	\$ 77,871,809

* Certain amounts were reclassified between asset class. These reclassifications had no effect on the net position.

Depreciation expense was charged to government functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 2,095,550
Special	13,047
Support Services:	
Pupils	28,643
Instructional Staff	194,424
Board of Education	1,591
Administration	31,673
Fiscal	1,902
Business	1,673
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,099,873
Pupil Transportation	187,462
Central	923
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	78,114
Extracurricular Activities	158,704
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,893,579

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2014, the School District contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance Company for property insurance with a \$152,369,559 aggregate limit and a \$1,000 deductible and inland marine of \$100,000 limit and a \$500 deductible. Professional liability is protected with a per occurrence limit of \$1,000,000 and a \$2,000,000 aggregate limit with a \$10,000 deductible under a commercial umbrella policy.

The School District's vehicles are covered by the Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, and it holds a \$500 comprehensive deductible and \$500 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability. Vehicles are also covered under the commercial umbrella policy.

The Cincinnati Insurance Company maintains a \$50,000 public official bond for the Treasurer and Business Manager and a \$10,000 blanket bond for other employees.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on claim history and administrative costs.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant changes in coverage from the prior year.

The School District provides medical/surgical insurance through Anthem, dental insurance through Dental Care Plus and vision insurance through Faye Med, commercial insurance companies.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time, with the exception of the Superintendent, Treasurer, Director of Educational Services, and Director of Support Services. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 275 days for certified and 270 for classified employees. Upon retirement and after being employed in the District for ten years, payment is made for twenty-five percent of the employee's accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of sixty-eight and three-fourth days.

B. Retirement Incentive

In fiscal year 2013, the School District adopted a one-time early severance incentive package (ESP). Participation was available to teachers and administrators who had ten or more years of service with the School District or will be eligible to retire with full or reduced benefits under the State Teachers Retirement System or School Employees Retirement System as of June 30, 2013.

Eligible employees electing to participate in the Plan who will have twenty-nine (29) years and less than thirty (30) years or thirty-four (34) years and less than thirty-five (35) years of service as of June 30, 2013 may retire from the School District effective June 30, 2014 rather than June 30, 2013. Eligible classified employees electing to participate in the plan who have twenty-nine (29) years and less than thirty (30) years of service as of June 30, 2013 may retire from the School District effective June 30, 2014 rather than June 30, 2013.

Employees electing the ESP shall receive \$40,000, plus an amount equal to his/her applicable contractual severance pay. Classified employees electing the ESP shall receive \$100% of his/her 2012-2013 base salary (not to exceed \$20,000) plus an amount equal to his/her contractual severance pay.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Payments are being made as follows:

Group 1 – Employees electing the package who are eligible to retire with full or reduced benefits under the State Teachers Retirement System effective on his or her exit date – Participants will receive the total package benefit over 5 years, divided into 60 equal monthly payments made to the participant's selected post-employment 403(b) account. Group 1 participants cannot opt to receive cash rather than post-employment 403(b) deposits.

Group 2 – Employees electing the package but are not eligible to retire under the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System effective on his or her exit date – Participants will have the total package benefit paid to them over eight years, divided into 96 equal monthly payments. Payments will be subject to withholding for all applicable Medicare, federal, state, and local taxes. Benefits will begin on a date between October 15 and October 30 following the employee's exit date and will be paid on or about the 15^{th} of each month thereafter until all payments are completed.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2014, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 13.10 percent. The remaining 0.90 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Fund. The School District's contributions to SERS which were allocated for pension and death benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$876,266, \$985,743, and \$915,061, respectively; 74 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. \$226,960 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2014 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Options – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$2,592,541, \$2,548,735, and \$2,465,400, respectively; 83% has been contributed for the fiscal year 2014 and 100% for the fiscal year 2013 and 2012. \$436,963 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2014 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Copies of STRS Ohio's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Effective July 1, 2014, plan members will be required to contribute 12% of their annual covered salaries.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2014, one member of the Board of Education had elected Social Security.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan and a combined plan which is a hybrid of the defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the School District, these amounts equaled \$198,302, \$196,621, and \$185,313 for fiscal years 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, which were equal to the required allocation for each year.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50 if they participated in one of the SERS' health care plans.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2014, 2013, and 2012, the actuarially required allocations were 0.76, 0.74 percent, and 0.75 percent. For the School District, contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$54,535, \$60,829, and \$58,911, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e).

Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, the health care allocations were 0.14 percent, 0.16 percent, and 0.55 percent, respectively. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the minimum compensation level was established at \$20,250. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2014, 2013, and 2012 fiscal years equaled \$115,173, \$113,463, and \$127,770, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. It is also posted on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year consisted of the following:

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/13	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/14	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities School Improvement Bond					
1996 and 1991 Refunding 3.5-6%	\$ 17,755,000	\$ -	\$ 1,335,000	\$ 16,420,000	\$ 1,400,000
School Improvement Bond					
2005 Bonds 2% - 5.125%	3,115,000	-	2,830,000	285,000	285,000
Premium	64,663	-	64,663	-	-
School Improvement Bond					
2007 Refunding Bonds 4%-5.25%	45,315,000	-	-	45,315,000	-
Premium	4,878,483	-	256,762	4,621,721	-
School Bus Acquisition Bond					
2013 Bonds 1.5%-2%	995,000	-	150,000	845,000	205,000
Premium	21,244	-	4,249	16,995	-
Capital Funding Loan Payable	487,000	-	122,000	365,000	122,000
Capital Leases Payable	13,592,835	262,500	701,469	13,153,866	707,358
Employee Severance Plan	1,770,926	202,160	823,093	1,149,993	675,877
Compensated Absences	2,053,179	3,141,065	3,026,262	2,167,982	5,571
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 90,048,330	\$ 3,605,725	\$ 9,313,498	\$ 84,340,557	\$ 3,400,806

Springboro High School Addition General Obligation Bonds - On February 7, 1996, the School District issued \$32,664,632 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing a new high school building and to refund a 1991 School Improvement bond issuance. \$6,535,000 were issued as serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.50% to 4.40%, and maturity dates of December 1, 1996 to December 1, 2003. \$25,045,000 are term bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.10% to 6.00%, and maturity dates of December 1, 2011, 2016, and 2023. The bonds are being retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

Springboro Capital Funding Loan - In 2002, Springboro Community City School District borrowed \$1,829,000 from the Ohio School Boards Association School Expanded Asset Pooled Financing Program, for the purpose of HVAC improvements throughout the School District. The loan is for a fifteen year period with final maturity at June 2017. The debt is being retired from the General Fund.

Springboro School Improvement General Obligation Bonds – In July 15, 2004, Springboro Community City School District issued \$61,500,000 in General Obligation Bonds to replace the Bond Anticipation notes issued in the previous fiscal year. The balance above includes a premium received and accreted debt. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. Of the \$61,165,000, \$31,210,000 are serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0-5.125% and will mature in 2025. \$10,360,000, \$4,570,000, and \$9,025,000 are term bonds with interest rates of 5.00%, 4.75%, and 5.00% respectively. The maturity of these term bonds are 2027, 2029, and 2032 respectively. \$335,000 of the total was capital appreciation bonds. \$175,000 of these capital appreciation bonds had an interest rate of 36.26% and matured in fiscal year 2011. \$160,000 of the capital appreciation bonds had an interest rate of 36.22% and matured in fiscal year 2012.

NOTE 12 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Springboro School Improvement General Obligation Bonds – In March 2007, Springboro Community City School District issued \$46,020,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds to partially refund part of the School District's outstanding debt. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. Of the \$46,020,000, \$32,665,000 are serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.0-5.25% and will mature in 2030. \$2,415,000, \$5,000,000, and \$5,940,000 are term bonds with interest rates of 5.25%. The maturity of these term bonds are 2024, 2031, and 2033 respectively. The refunding resulted in a difference between the net carrying amount of the debt and the acquisition price. This difference, due to the implementation of GASB's Statement No. 63 and Statement No. 65 was recorded as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position. This deferred outflow was fully amortized during fiscal year 2014.

Springboro School Bus Acquisition Bonds – In March 2013, Springboro Community City School District issued \$995,000 in General Obligation Bonds to fund the purchase of school buses. The bonds were issued for five years with the final payment in December 2017. This debt is being retired from the General Fund.

Compensated absences and payments for the Employee Severance Plan will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid, with the General Fund being the most significant. Capital lease obligations are being paid from the General Fund.

In prior years, the School District defeased School Improvement General Obligation Bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2014, was \$21,407,946, with an unvoted debt margin of \$913,177.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the School Improvement Bonds, OASBO Loans, and School Bus Acquisition Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Scho	School Improvement Bonds		(OASBO Loans		
Fiscal Year Ending							
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2015	\$1,685,000	\$3,099,941	\$4,784,941	\$122,000	\$16,498	\$138,498	
2016	2,010,000	3,011,236	5,021,236	122,000	10,354	132,354	
2017	2,430,000	2,909,989	5,339,989	121,000	6,099	127,099	
2018	2,900,000	2,781,113	5,681,113	-	-	-	
2019	3,425,000	2,626,031	6,051,031	-	-	-	
2020-2024	19,475,000	10,116,969	29,591,969	-	-	-	
2025-2029	19,155,000	5,296,069	24,451,069	-	-	-	
2030-2033	10,940,000	1,204,875	12,144,875	-	-	-	
	\$62,020,000	\$31,046,223	\$93,066,223	\$365,000	\$32,951	\$397,951	
		Sal	nool Bus Acquisitio	n Donda			
	Fiscal Year Ending		iooi Bus Acquisitio	II DUIIUS			

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$205,000	\$11,650	\$216,650
2016	210,000	8,025	218,025
2017	215,000	4,838	219,838
2018	215,000	1,613	216,613
	\$845,000	\$26,126	\$871,126

NOTE 13 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables

As of June 30, 2014 receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund	Interfun	d Receivable	Interfund Payable	
General Fund (Major Fund)	\$	\$ 6,087		-
Non-major Governmental Funds:				
Auxiliary Services		-		1,918
Education Management Information System		-		403
Title V		-		3,766
Total Non-major Governmental Funds		-		6,087
Total All Funds	\$	6,087	\$	6,087

The General Fund periodically provides advances to grant funds to provide temporary resources to such funds until grant monies are received at which time the advances are repaid.

B. Transfers

The General Fund transferred \$366,910 to the Non-major Athletic Special Revenue Fund to cover unforeseen expenses.

NOTE 14 – SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the School District was no longer required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside, with the exception of monies received from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which must be retained for budget stabilization or spent for specified purposes.

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition and budget stabilization reserve. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Maintenance Reserve	Budget Stabilization Reserve
Set Aside Reserve Cash Balance 07/01/2013	\$0	\$96,355
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	980,527	0
Qualifying Expenditures	(1,766,451)	0
Total	(\$785,924)	\$96,355
Set Aside Reserve Cash Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$0	\$96,355

The School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero in the Capital Maintenance Reserve. The carryover amount in the Capital Maintenance Reserve is limited to the balance of the offsets attributed to bond or tax levy proceeds. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$54,101,629 at June 30, 2014.

NOTE 15 – CAPITALIZED LEASES – LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During previous years, the School District entered into capitalized leases for the purchase of buses, modular classrooms, computers, copiers and to construct a new central office. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Springboro Refunding/Land Lease-Purchase Agreement – In October 2003 Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,064,000 to purchase land for the School District and to refinance part of the 2001 school bus purchase loan. The agreement is for 28 years with a final maturity in 2032. The debt is being paid from the General Fund.

Springboro Refunding/Lease-Purchase Agreement – In June 2004 Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$988,000 to refinance a capital lease and part of the school bus purchase loan. The agreement is for 28 years with a final maturity in 2034. The debt is being paid from the General Fund.

School Bus Lease - During 2005 Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$206,310 to purchase four school buses. The agreement is for 10 years with a final maturity in 2014. The debt is being paid from the General Fund.

Copier Lease - During 2010 Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$240,842 to purchase copiers. The agreement is for 60 months, to be paid monthly, with a final maturity in 2015. The debt is being paid from the General Fund.

School Bus Lease – During 2006 Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,234,670 to purchase school buses. The agreement is paid yearly, with a final maturity in 2017. The debt is being paid from the General Fund.

Healthcare Complex Lease – During fiscal year 2008 the Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$6,139,000 for the acquisition, construction, equipping and renovation for School District Facilities including a multi-use building containing locker room, weight room and medical services facilities. The agreement is for 24 years with a final maturity in 2030. The debt is being paid from the General Fund. The School District has entered into a sub-lease agreement during fiscal year 2008 with Miami Valley Hospital, whereby the School District is sub-leasing approximately 25,500 rentable square feet of the facility they have constructed. The terms of the agreement are for a multi-year period with payments beginning on November 15, 2008 and concluding on November 15, 2030. The total payments to be received over the life of the sub-lease agreement are \$16,954,809. These sub-lease payments are pledged to pay off the capital lease that the School District entered into during fiscal year 2008 to construct the facilities.

Stadium/Sign Lease –During fiscal year 2008 Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$5,624,000 for the purpose of constructing a football/track stadium and the signage for this facility. The agreement is for 24 years with a final maturity in 2030. The debt is being paid from the General Fund. The School District has entered into a naming rights agreement during fiscal year 2008 with Miami Valley Hospital, whereby the School District is providing certain sponsorship and marketing rights to Miami Valley Hospital related to the rebuilt and upgraded high school football and track facility. The terms of the agreement are for a multi-year period with payments beginning on November 15, 2008 and concluding on November 15, 2023. The total payments to be received over the life of the agreement are \$3,177,581. These payments are pledged to pay off the capital lease that the School District entered into during fiscal year 2008 to construct the facilities.

NOTE 15 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (Continued)

Computer Lease – During fiscal year 2014, Springboro Community City School District entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$262,500 to purchase computers. The agreement is to be paid yearly, with a final maturity in fiscal year 2016. The debt is being paid from the General Fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

	Minimum Lease
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Payment
2015	\$1,367,743
2016	1,349,883
2017	1,274,072
2018	1,292,532
2019	1,174,365
2020-2024	5,901,182
2025-2029	4,827,443
2030-2034	2,173,357
Total	19,360,577
Less: Administrative Fees and Interest	(6,206,711)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$13,153,866

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Southwestern Ohio Computer Association- The School District is a participant in the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA) which is a computer consortium. SWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Warren, Butler, and Preble Counties and Loveland City Schools. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The governing board of SWOCA consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent. Financial information can be obtained from Michael Crumley, Executive Director, at 3607 Hamilton-Middletown Road, Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

Warren County Career Center- The Warren County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board, consisting of one representative from the participating school district's elected board, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Accordingly, the Warren County Career Center is not part of the School District and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. The School District gave no financial contributions during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Karen Royer, Treasurer, at 3525 SR48 North, Lebanon, Ohio 45036.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council - The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC). The Montgomery County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the group. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts by the Fiscal Agent. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2014, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The School District is currently not party to any legal proceedings.

NOTE 18 – ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2014, the Education Management Information Systems and Title V special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$403 and \$3,766. The deficits in these funds are due to adjustments for accrued liabilities and the timing of grant awards. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when expenditures are incurred.

NOTE 19 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		No		Total
		Bond Governmenta		Governmental
Fund Balances	General	Retirement	Funds	Funds
Restricted for				
Food Service Operations	\$0	\$0	\$627,569	\$627,569
Athletics	0	0	341,379	341,379
Title VI-B	0	0	74,560	74,560
Other Purposes	0	0	70,960	70,960
Budget Stabilization	96,355	0	0	96,355
Capital Improvements	0	0	431,954	431,954
Debt Services Payments	0	2,087,039	0	2,087,039
Total Restricted	96,355	2,087,039	1,546,422	3,729,816
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	302,205	0	0	302,205
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,795,925	0	(4,169)	5,791,756
Total Fund Balances	\$6,194,485	\$2,087,039	\$1,542,253	\$9,823,777

NOTE 20 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2014, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections – 2012 – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62," GASB Statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations," and GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees."

Statement No. 66 resolves conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

This Statement amends Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of an entity's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. As a result, governments should base their decisions about fund type classification on the nature of the activity to be reported, as required in Statement 54 and Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

This Statement also amends Statement 62 by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (1) operating lease payments that vary from a straight-line basis, (2) the difference between the initial investment (purchase price) and the principal amount of a purchased loan or group of loans, and (3) servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold when the stated service fee rate differs significantly from a current (normal) servicing fee rate. These changes clarify how to apply Statement No. 13, Accounting for Operating Leases with Scheduled Rent Increases, and result in guidance that is consistent with the requirements in Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, respectively.

Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, and transfers of operations.

Statement No. 70 improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive non exchange financial guarantees. This statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee.

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 66, 69, and 70 had no effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2014, the School District entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of copiers. The lease is in the amount of \$407,109 and has a 1.99% interest rate. The final payment is July 2019.

In July 2014, the School District entered into a contract with Westside Paving and Excavation in the amount of \$504,570. The purpose of the contract is for asphalt improvement work at Clearcreek Elementary.

In July 2014, the School District entered into a contract commitment with AH Sturgill Roofing in the amount of \$494,400. The purpose of the contract was to replace the roof at Clearcreek Elementary.

In October 2014, the School District entered into a certificate of participation in the amount of \$4,935,000. The certificate of participation has an interest rate ranging from 2% to 4% with the final payment due December 1, 2034. The purpose of the certificate of participation is to implement energy conservation measures throughout the School District.

SPRINGBORO COMMUNITY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Cash Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Cash Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster: School Lunch Program	LL-P4 2012	10.555	\$189.003	\$60.070	\$189,003	\$60.070
Total Nutrition Cluster	LL-F4 2012	10.555	189,003	60,070	189,003	60,070
			10,005		10,000	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			189,003	60,070	189,003	60,070
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Tussea Intough Onto Department of Education.						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	C1-S1 2012	84.010	148,907	0	146,346	0
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SF 2012	84.027	904,084	0	894,468	0
Early Childhood Special Education		84.173	24,361 928,445	0	23,363 917,831	0
Total Special Education Cluster			928,445	0	917,851	0
Improving Teacher Quality Grants	TR-S1 2012	84.367	85,106	0	73,668	0
Race to the Top - Stimulus		84.395	6,300	0	6,300	0
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,168,758	0	1,144,145	0
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$1,357,761	\$60,070	\$1,333,148	\$60,070

Note 1 - Noncash Federal Financial Assistance

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District received commodities inventory. Program regulations do not require the Government to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received. Donated commodities are used first, and the ending inventory consists of purchased commodities. At June 30, 2014, the District had no significant food commodities inventory.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

The District prepares its Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.



Independent Accountant's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Springboro Community City School District 1685 South Main Street Springboro, OH 45066

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Springboro Community City School District (the District), Warren County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of supporting our opinions or the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Board of Education Springboro Community City School District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

J. L. Uhrig and Associates, Inc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC. Chillicothe, Ohio

December 22, 2014



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Springboro Community City School District 1685 South Main Street Springboro, OH 45066

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Springboro Community City School District (the District), Warren County, compliance with the types of applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material affect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the District's major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material aspects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings for the year ended June 30, 2014.



Springboro Community City School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable For Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Springboro Community City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program, in to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

J. L. Uhrig and Associates. Inc.

J. L. UHRIG AND ASSOCIATES, INC. Chillicothe, Ohio

December 22, 2014

SPRINGBORO COMMUNITY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

1.	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
2.	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
3.	Were there any other significant internal control deficiency reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
4.	Was there any material noncompliance reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
5.	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
6.	Were there any other significant internal control deficiency reported for major federal programs?	No
7.	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
8.	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
9.	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #84.027, #84.173 Special Education Cluster
10.	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: All Other Programs
11.	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

There are no findings to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings related to Federal Awards to be reported.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

SPRINGBORO COMMUNITY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WARREN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 21, 2015

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