

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments <u>www.bhscpas.com</u>

NORTH BALTIMORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WOOD COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2014



Board of Education North Baltimore Local School District 201 South Main Street North Baltimore, Ohio 45872

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the North Baltimore Local School District, Wood County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The North Baltimore Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 8, 2015



Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

North Baltimore Local School District Wood County 201 South Main Street North Baltimore, Ohio 45872-1364

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Baltimore Local School District, Wood County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Members of the Board of Education North Baltimore Local School District Wood County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Baltimore Local School District, Wood County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2014, the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 65, *Items Previously Recorded as Assets and Liabilities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and the *Required budgetary comparison schedule* for the General fund, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Members of the Board of Education North Baltimore Local School District Wood County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2014, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Han & Scherer, CPAs

Worthington, Ohio December 5, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis provides key information from management highlighting the overall financial performance of the North Baltimore Local School District for the year ended June 30, 2014. This is meant to be an easily readable summary of the most important financial information regarding the accompanying basic financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Major financial highlights for fiscal year 2014 are listed below:

- ✓ The assets of the School District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end by \$19,045,785. Of this amount, \$3,251,924 is unrestricted.
- ✓ In total, net position decreased by \$525,127.
- ✓ The School District had \$10,287,246 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$870,441 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenue of \$8,891,678, made up primarily of property and income taxes, and State Foundation payments, provided the majority of funding for these programs.
- ✓ The General Fund balance increased by \$360,452 from \$3,472,428 at June 30, 2013 to \$3,832,880 at June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the three reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Unaudited

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, support services, administration, operation and maintenance of plant, and extracurricular activities. The School District has no business-type activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The School District accounts for its activities using many individual funds. The most significant funds are reported in separate columns in the governmental fund financial statements. These statements provide detailed information about the individual major funds — unlike the government-wide financial statements, which report on the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. Also, the School District may establish separate funds to show that it is meeting legal requirements for using grants or other money.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A. Net position at year-end

The following table presents a condensed summary of the School District's overall financial position at June 30, 2014 and 2013:

| | FY2014 | Restated FY2013 |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| Assets: | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 10,784,833 | 10,501,770 |
| Capital assets, net | 24,042,080 | 25,104,771 |
| Total assets | 34,826,913 | 35,606,541 |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Long-term liabilities | 11,535,572 | 11,838,675 |
| Other liabilities | 889,282 | 926,892 |
| Total liabilities | 12,424,854 | 12,765,567 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 3,356,274 | 3,270,062 |
| Net position: | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted: | 13,430,332 | 14,041,349 |
| For capital purposes | 1,406,284 | 1,579,280 |
| Other purposes | 534,044 | 436,892 |
| Debt service | 423,201 | 509,046 |
| Unrestricted | 3,251,924 | 3,004,345 |
| Total net position | \$ 19,045,785 | 19,570,912 |

The largest portion of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and related debt to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Total assets decreased about \$780,000 during fiscal year 2014. Capital assets decreased \$1.1 million due to depreciation expense exceeding capital additions. The decrease in total liabilities of approximately \$341,000 was primarily due to making scheduled bond payments.

The balance of unrestricted net position of \$3,251,924 may be used to meet the School District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

B. Governmental Activities during fiscal year 2014

The following table presents a condensed summary of the School District's activities during fiscal year 2014 and 2013 and the resulting change in net position:

| | FY2014 | FY2013 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| Revenues: | | |
| Program revenues: | | |
| Charges for services and sales | \$ 322,845 | 351,699 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 547,596 | 575,807 |
| Total program revenues | 870,441 | 927,506 |
| General revenues: | | |
| Property and income taxes | 3,739,613 | 3,937,781 |
| Grants and entitlements | 4,608,244 | 4,222,026 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | 424,366 | 413,736 |
| Investment earnings | 1,067 | 5,166 |
| Miscellaneous | 118,388 | 156,044 |
| Total general revenues | 8,891,678 | 8,734,753 |
| Total revenues | 9,762,119 | 9,662,259 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Instruction | 5,862,503 | 5,709,019 |
| Support services: | | |
| Pupil | 546,954 | 258,614 |
| Instructional staff | 443,758 | 578,671 |
| Board of Education | 135,381 | 162,568 |
| Administration | 515,998 | 494,910 |
| Fiscal | 329,448 | 336,921 |
| Operation and maintenance of plant | 1,135,170 | 939,294 |
| Pupil transportation | 322,851 | 286,189 |
| Extracurricular activities | 273,645 | 296,553 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 423,406 | 445,910 |
| Food services | 298,132 | 277,579 |
| Total expenses | 10,287,246 | 9,786,228 |
| Change in net position | (525,127) | (123,969) |
| Beginning net position | 19,570,912 | 19,694,881 |
| Ending net position | \$ 19,045,785 | 19,570,912 |

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Unaudited

Of the total governmental activities revenues of \$9,762,119, 9% (\$870,441) is from program revenue. This means that the government relies on general revenues to fund the majority of the cost of services provided to the citizens. Of those general revenues, \$3,739,613 (42%) comes from property and income taxes and \$4,608,244 (52%) is from state funding. The School District's operations are reliant upon its property tax levy and the state's foundation program.

The School District's total revenue increased by only 1% during fiscal year 2014. Expenses increased by approximately \$501,000, or 5%. Special instruction expenses increased due to increased special education charges from the Wood County Educational Service Center. Operation and maintenance of plant expenses increased due to increased repair and utility costs.

Governmental Activities

The following table presents the total cost of each of the government's primary services, and the comparative net cost after deducting the revenues generated by each function. Approximately 8% of the cost of the general government programs was recouped in program revenues. Instruction costs were \$5,862,503 but program revenue contributed to fund 8% of those costs. Thus, general revenues of \$5,398,840 were needed to support of remainder of the instruction costs.

Governmental Activities

| | Total Cost of Services | Program Revenue | Revenues as a % of Total Costs | Net Cost of Services |
|---|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Interest and fiscal charges | \$ 5,862,503 3,429,560 571,777 423,406 | 463,663 79,601 327,177 | 8% 2% 57% 0% | 5,398,840 3,349,959 244,600 423,406 |
| Total | \$ 10,287,246 | 870,441 | <u>8</u> % | 9,416,805 |

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Governmental funds

The School District has two major governmental funds: the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. Assets of these two funds comprise \$8,806,502 (81%) of the total \$10,865,167 governmental funds assets.

General Fund. Fund balance at June 30, 2014 was \$3,832,880, with an unassigned fund balance of \$3,400,242. The fund balance increased by \$360,452. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 44% of current-year general fund expenditures.

The School District experienced an increase in revenues of approximately \$233,000 due to an increase in school foundation funding. The State includes pre-school funding within the foundation settlements instead of sending it to the educational service centers, as had been done in prior years.

The School District also experienced an increase in expenditures of approximately \$400,000 primarily due to increased special education expenditures and repair and utility costs previously discussed.

Debt Service Fund. This fund is used to accumulate resources to retire the School District's school improvement bonds. All required bond payments were made as scheduled during the current fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The schedule comparing the School District's original and final budgets and actual results is included in the required supplementary information. The School District made only minor revisions between its original and final budgets during the fiscal year. The actual revenues came in 9% higher than budgeted, while actual expenditures were under budget by 6% due to conservative budgeting. Actual revenues came in higher due to receiving additional school foundation funding for pre-school activities.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. At June 30, 2014, the School District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment and vehicles. The decrease in the net capital assets was due to depreciation expense exceeding capital asset additions. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for more detail.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

| | FY2014 | FY2013 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|
| | | |
| Land | \$ 1,070,024 | 1,070,024 |
| Land improvements | 747,711 | 816,605 |
| Buildings and improvements | 21,071,599 | 21,805,096 |
| Equipment and furniture | 998,886 | 1,219,363 |
| Vehicles | 32,355 | 44,668 |
| Library books and materials | 121,505 | 149,015 |
| Total | \$ 24,042,080 | 25,104,771 |

Debt

During the year, the School District made its regularly scheduled payments on its Series 2009 classroom facilities improvement bonds. As of June 30, 2014, the School District's obligations for these bonds was \$10,244,680, which are payable over the next twenty-four years.

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for more detail.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

There are many changes happening in the area of school finance and the poor economic climate itself: the cost of the No Child Left Behind Act, the depleting inventory tax, property devaluations, the unconstitutional state foundation formula, ADM counts, open-enrollment polices, community and charter schools options and the possible developments in growth to the town of North Baltimore, such as the CSX's Northwest Ohio Intermodal Rail Yard that was opened in 2010 to create a national gateway connecting the Mid-Atlantic region to the Midwest and beyond, to mention a few areas.

In March 2012, the School District's voters passed a 5-year 1% earned income tax renewal levy. The School District received approximately \$727,000 (cash basis) in fiscal year 2014.

The School District passed a 2 mill renewal Permanent Improvement Levy for a continuing period on the November 2007 Ballot. The 8 mill Five-Year Renewal Operating Levy passed in March 2008 and was renewed as a Continuing Levy in May 2013. An 8.9 mill Continuing Replacement Levy was passed in May 2010 that helped keep the School District in a positive cash flow. If results occur as projected or get worse, the School District will need to look at passing new monies in Fiscal Year 2016 or gain new revenue in other ways or by making additional cuts. Finally, the School District passed a \$157,000 Ten-Year Renewal Emergency Levy in May 2011.

On May 5, 2010, the voters passed a 7.57 mill bond issue for the purpose of building a new middle school/high school, an athletic field house, and renovating Powell Elementary. This represents the School District's share of the project with the State contributing approximately \$12.5 million. A .25% income tax was also passed to pay for the School District's share of the OSFC project. Powell Elementary was opened to students during the 2010-2011 school year, the new middle school/high school was opened for the 2012-2013 school year and the athletic field house was dedicated on November 19, 2012.

REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer's office at the North Baltimore Local School District, 201 South Main Street, North Baltimore, Ohio 45872-1364.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

| | Governmental Activities |
|--|-------------------------|
| Assets: | |
| Equity in pooled cash and investments | \$ 6,397,206 |
| Receivables: | |
| Taxes | 3,838,891 |
| Intergovernmental | 540,345 |
| Supplies inventory | 8,391 |
| Nondepreciable capital assets | 1,070,024 |
| Depreciable capital assets, net | 22,972,056 |
| Total assets | 34,826,913 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable | 51,377 |
| Accrued wages and benefits | 634,441 |
| Intergovernmental payable | 107,791 |
| Accrued interest payable | 95,673 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | |
| Due within one year | 505,492 |
| Due in more than one year | 11,030,080 |
| Total liabilities | 12,424,854 |
| | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | |
| Taxes levied for next fiscal year | 2,928,274 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes for next fiscal year | 428,000 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 3,356,274 |
| Net Position: | |
| | 12 420 222 |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: | 13,430,332 |
| | 1 406 204 |
| Capital projects Other purposes | 1,406,284 534,044 |
| Debt service | 423,201 |
| Unrestricted | 3,251,924 |
| Offications | 0,201,324 |
| Total net position | \$ 19,045,785 |

Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

| Tiscal Teal Effect suffe 50, 2014 | | | | Program | | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| | | | | Charges for Services | | perating rants and | Governmental |
| | | Expenses | | and Sales | Contributions | | Activities |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | | | |
| Regular | \$ | 3,857,888 | \$ | 162,248 | \$ | - | \$ (3,695,640) |
| Special education | | 1,352,634 | | - | | 266,615 | (1,086,019) |
| Other | | 651,981 | | - | | 34,800 | (617,181) |
| Support services: | | | | | | | |
| Pupil | | 546,954 | | - | | 13,632 | (533,322) |
| Instructional staff | | 443,758 | | - | | 45,508 | (398, 250) |
| Board of Education | | 135,381 | | - | | - | (135,381) |
| Administration | | 515,998 | | - | | - | (515,998) |
| Fiscal | | 329,448 | | - | - | | (329,448) |
| Operation and maintenance of plant | | 1,135,170 | | - | | 20,461 | (1,114,709) |
| Pupil transportation | | 322,851 | | - | | - | (322,851) |
| Non-instructional services: | | | | | | | |
| Extracurricular activities | | 273,645 | | 53,311 | | - | (220,334) |
| Food service | | 298,132 | | 107,286 | | 166,580 | (24,266) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 423,406 | | | | <u>-</u> | (423,406) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 10,287,246 | \$ | 322,845 | \$ | 547,596 | (9,416,805) |
| Ge | ner | al Revenues: | | | | | |
| Pr | oper | ty taxes, levied | d for | general purpo | ses | | 2,235,137 |
| | | ty taxes, levied | | | | | 539,175 |
| | | ty taxes, levied | | | S | | 54,822 |
| Income taxes | | | | | | | |
| Gr | ants | and entitleme | nts n | ot restricted to | spec | ific programs | 4,608,244 |
| | Payment in lieu of taxes | | | | | | |
| Inv | Investment earnings | | | | | | |
| Mi | Miscellaneous | | | | | | |
| To | tal g | | 8,891,678 | | | | |
| Ch | ang | e in net positio | n | | | | (525,127) |
| Ne | t po | sition beginnin | g of y | /ear, restated | | | 19,570,912 |
| Ne | t po | sition end of ye | ear | | | | \$ 19,045,785 |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

| | | General | | Debt Service | Go | Other overnmental Funds | Go | Total vernmental Funds |
|---|----|-----------|----|-----------------|----|-------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Equity in pooled cash | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| and investments | \$ | 3,995,371 | \$ | 567,906 | \$ | 1,833,929 | \$ | 6,397,206 |
| Receivables: | | 0.000.540 | | 7.40.070 | | 404000 | | 0.000.004 |
| Taxes | | 2,986,513 | | 748,378 | | 104,000 | | 3,838,891 |
| Intergovernmental | | 428,000 | | - | | 112,345 | | 540,345 |
| Materials and supplies inventory Interfund receivable | | 80,334 | | - | | 8,391 | | 8,391 80,334 |
| | Φ. | | Φ. | 4 240 204 | Φ. | 0.050.005 | Φ. | |
| Total assets | \$ | 7,490,218 | \$ | 1,316,284 | \$ | 2,058,665 | Ф | 10,865,167 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 40,317 | \$ | - | \$ | 11,060 | \$ | 51,377 |
| Accrued wages and benefits | | 602,267 | | - | | 32,174 | | 634,441 |
| Intergovernmental payable | | 104,417 | | - | | 3,374 | | 107,791 |
| Interfund payable | | - | | - | | 80,334 | | 80,334 |
| Compensated absences payable | | 67,350 | | | | | | 67,350 |
| Total liabilities | | 814,351 | | - | | 126,942 | | 941,293 |
| | | | _ | | | | | <u>.</u> |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes levied for next fiscal year | | 2,274,849 | | 567,681 | | 85,744 | | 2,928,274 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes for next fiscal year | | 428,000 | | - | | - | | 428,000 |
| Unavailable revenue | | 140,138 | | 34,905 | | 116,106 | | 291,149 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 2,842,987 | _ | 602,586 | | 201,850 | | 3,647,423 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | _ | | 8,391 | | 8,391 |
| Restricted | | _ | | 713,698 | | 1,815,831 | | 2,529,529 |
| Assigned | | 432,638 | | 7 10,000 | | 1,010,001 | | 432,638 |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | | 3,400,242 | | _ | | (94,349) | | 3,305,893 |
| Total fund balances | _ | 3,832,880 | _ | 713,698 | | 1,729,873 | | 6,276,451 |
| . Otal land Malanood | _ | 3,002,000 | - | 5,555 | - | .,0,0,0 | - | -,, 101 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows | | | | | | | | |
| of resources and fund balances | \$ | 7,490,218 | \$ | 1,316,284 | \$ | 2,058,665 | \$ 1 | 10,865,167 |

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2014

| Total Governmental Fund Balances | | \$ 6,276,451 |
|--|------------|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net are different because: | position | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resoutherefore are not reported in the funds. | urces and | 24,042,080 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | 291,149 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Bonds payable | 10,474,409 | |
| Premium on bond issue | 367,068 | |
| Accrued interest payable | 95,673 | |
| Compensated absences | 626,745 | |
| Total | | (11,563,895) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$ 19,045,785 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

| Revenues: General Service Funds Funds Taxos \$ 2,925,497 \$ 694,044 \$ 116,341 \$ 3,735,882 Tution and fees 162,248 0 62,248 Interest 699 368 1,067 Charges for services 1 3,331 53,311 Extracurricular activities 4,483,500 103,450 508,914 5,093,684 Payment in fleu of taxos 4,483,500 103,450 508,914 5,093,684 Payment in fleu of taxos 4,2336 0 3,654 4,043 Cortirbutions and donations 4,333 1 17,990 110,341 Other local revenues 9,2361 797,494 807,854 9,698,412 Expenditures: Current: Instruction 1,075,712 2 26,929,89 Special education 1,075,712 2 26,92,90 Special education 1,075,712 2 26,92,90 Other instructional staff 220,147 3 | | | | | Debt | Go | Other vernmental | Go | Total vernmental |
|---|---------------------------------------|----|-------------|----|----------|----|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Taxes | | | General | | | 00 | | 00 | |
| Tuition and fees 162,248 | Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Tuition and fees 162,248 | Taxes | \$ | 2.925.497 | \$ | 694.044 | \$ | 116.341 | \$ | 3.735.882 |
| Interest | Tuition and fees | * | | * | - | * | - | * | |
| Charges for services | | | • | | _ | | 368 | | • |
| Extracurricular activities | | | - | | _ | | | | • |
| Intergovernmental 4,483,500 103,450 508,914 5,095,864 Payment in lieu of taxes 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 424,366 | S . | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes 424,366 - - 424,366 Contributions and donations 4,335 - 3,654 8,047 Other local revenues 8,093,064 797,494 807,854 9,698,412 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 2,948,414 - 20,576 2,968,990 Special education 1,075,712 - 276,922 1,352,634 Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: - - 13,145 560,099 Support services: - - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - - 135,381 Administration 508,283 - - 506,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 | | | 4.483.500 | | 103.450 | | | | |
| Contributions and donations Other local revenues 4,393 at 92,361 at 17,980 at 110,341 3,654 at 17,980 at 110,341 8,047 other local revenues 110,341 at 17,980 at 110,341 Total revenues 8,093,064 at 797,494 at 797,494 807,854 at 9,698,412 Expenditures: Current: Current: Regular 2,948,414 at 2 20,576 at 2,968,990 | 8 | | | | - | | - | | |
| Other local revenues 92,361 - 17,980 110,341 Total revenues 8,093,064 797,494 807,854 9,698,412 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8 8 8 9 9 9 2968,990 9 2968,990 596,890 9 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 638,383 5099 191,075 12 4 1,952,694 131,145 560,099 190,099 190,099 190,099 190,099 190,099 190,099 113,145 560,099 190,099 190,009 190 | | | , | | _ | | 3.654 | | • |
| Page | | | | | _ | | | | |
| Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 2,948,414 - 20,576 2,968,990 Special education 1,075,712 - 276,922 1,352,634 Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: Pupil 546,954 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - 135,381 Administration 508,283 - 1558,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 86,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - 66,343 277,418 Community service 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service 2 - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay 2 - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: Principal 3 - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - 5 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | | | 797.494 | | | | |
| Current: Instruction: Regular 2,948,414 - 20,576 2,968,990 Special education 1,075,712 - 276,922 1,352,634 Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: | | | · · · · · · | | , | - | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> |
| Instruction: Regular | Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Regular 2,948,414 - 20,576 2,968,990 Special education 1,075,712 - 276,922 1,352,634 Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: - - 35,389 638,836 Support services: - - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 135,381 - - 135,381 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - - - 508,283 - <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Special education 1,075,712 - 276,922 1,352,634 Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: 35,389 638,836 Pupil 546,954 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - - 508,283 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: - - - - - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Instruction:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | Instruction: | | | | | | | | |
| Special education 1,075,712 - 276,922 1,352,634 Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: 35,389 638,836 Pupil 546,954 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - - 508,283 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: 310,538 - - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: 2 - - - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: 2 - - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - | Regular | | 2,948,414 | | - | | 20,576 | | 2,968,990 |
| Other instruction 603,447 - 35,389 638,836 Support services: 3 546,954 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - - 135,381 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: - - 310,538 Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Det Service: - - 429,701 - 429,701 | <u> </u> | | 1,075,712 | | - | | 276,922 | | 1,352,634 |
| Support services: Pupil 546,954 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 135,381 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 283,941 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: Principal - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Cotal other financing sources (uses): 7,858 - 7,858 Transfers out 7,858 - 7,858 Transfers out 7,858 - 7,858 Transfers out 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): 7,858 - 7,858 - | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | - | | | | |
| Pupil Instructional staff 546,954 - 13,145 560,099 Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - - 508,283 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: 2 - - 310,538 Community service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - 366,437 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 366,437 - 386,437 | Support services: | | • | | | | , | | , |
| Instructional staff 220,147 - 41,559 261,706 Board of Education 135,381 - - 135,381 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services - - 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services - - - 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services - - - - 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services - | | | 546.954 | | _ | | 13.145 | | 560.099 |
| Board of Education 135,381 - - 135,381 Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 310,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: Strate-organization - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: Strate-organization - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: - - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges 7,724,754 826,093 | | | • | | _ | | , | | • |
| Administration 508,283 - - 508,283 Fiscal 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: Service: - - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 366,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - - 7,858 - | | | • | | _ | | - | | • |
| Fiscal Operation and maintenance of plant Operation and maintenance of plant Operation and maintenance of plant 846,543 318,260 9,955 1,233 329,448 Operation and maintenance of plant Operation Operation 846,543 - 32,056 878,599 Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: Principal - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): - - 7,858 7,858 < | | | • | | _ | | _ | | |
| Operation and maintenance of plant Pupil transportation 846,543 310,538 - 32,056 310,538 878,599 20 310,538 Non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service - 7,000 7,000 7,000 Food service - 283,941 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - 248,419 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: Principal Principal Principal Interest and fiscal charges - 429,701 - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 386,437 - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (7,858) - 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - 7,858 | | | • | | 9.955 | | 1.233 | | • |
| Pupil transportation 310,538 - - 310,538 Non-instructional services: 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - - 248,419 248,419 Interest and fiscal charges - - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (7,858) - - 7,858 - Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) | 1 10 0 0 11 | | • | | - | | | | , |
| Non-instructional services: Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service - 7,000 7,000 Food service - 83,941 283,941 Capital outlay - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: | | | • | | _ | | - | | • |
| Extracurricular activities 211,075 - 66,343 277,418 Community service 7,000 7,000 Food service 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: 248,419 248,419 Principal Interest and fiscal charges 429,701 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges 386,437 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) 7,858 - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) 7,858 7,858 Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | 0.0,000 | | | | | | 0.0,000 |
| Community service - - 7,000 7,000 Food service - - 283,941 283,941 Capital outlay - - 248,419 248,419 Debt Service: - - 249,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | 211.075 | | _ | | 66.343 | | 277.418 |
| Food service | | | , o . o | | _ | | • | | |
| Capital outlay Debt Service: - - 248,419 248,419 Principal Interest and fiscal charges - 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers in - - 7,858 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | _ | | _ | | | | • |
| Debt Service: 429,701 - 429,701 Interest and fiscal charges - 386,437 - 386,437 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | _ | | _ | | | | • |
| Principal Interest and fiscal charges - 429,701 - 429,701 Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - 7,858 - Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | ' | | | | | | , | | , |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | _ | | 429.701 | | _ | | 429.701 |
| Total expenditures 7,724,754 826,093 1,026,583 9,577,430 Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | _ | | | | _ | | • |
| Excess of revenues over/ (under) expenditures 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 Total other financing sources (uses): (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | 7.724.754 | | | | 1.026.583 | - | |
| Other financing sources (uses): 368,310 (28,599) (218,729) 120,982 Other financing sources (uses): - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | Total experiatores | | 1,121,101 | | 020,000 | - | 1,020,000 | | 0,011,100 |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | Excess of revenues over/ | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in Transfers out - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | (under) expenditures | | 368,310 | | (28,599) | | (218,729) | | 120,982 |
| Transfers in Transfers out - - 7,858 7,858 Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Transfers out (7,858) - - (7,858) Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | • , , | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses): (7,858) - 7,858 - Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | Transfers in | | - | | - | | 7,858 | | |
| Net change in fund balance 360,452 (28,599) (210,871) 120,982 Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | Transfers out | | (7,858) | | | | | | (7,858) |
| Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | Total other financing sources (uses): | | (7,858) | | _ | | 7,858 | | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year 3,472,428 742,297 1,940,744 6,155,469 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund balance, end of year \$\\\\\$3,832,880 \\\\\\\$713,698 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | Fund balance, beginning of year | | 3,472,428 | | 742,297 | | 1,940,744 | | |
| | Fund balance, end of year | \$ | 3,832,880 | \$ | 713,698 | \$ | 1,729,873 | \$ | 6,276,451 |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

| Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds | | \$ | 120,982 |
|---|----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | es | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. | | | |
| Capital additions | 28,696 | | |
| Depreciation expense | (1,091,387) | | (1,062,691) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current finan current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | cial | | 63,707 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compen absences do not require the use of current financial resources and the are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | | (39,857) |
| Principal paid on long-term debt is recorded as an expenditure on the further financial statements and recorded as a reduction of the long-term liabilithe government-wide statements. Premium amortization is not recorded fund financial statements, but is recorded as a reduction of the long-term in the government-wide financial statements. | lity in ed on the | | 451,674 |
| In the statement of activites, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. | whereas | | 850 |
| Net accretion on capital appreciation bonds is recorded each year as in in the statement of activities. | terest | - | (59,792) |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$ <u>.</u> | (525,127) |

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

| | Agency Funds |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Equity in pooled cash and investments | \$ 26,144 |
| Total assets | 26,144 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Due to student groups | 26,144 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 26,144 |

1. REPORTING ENTITY

North Baltimore Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected atlarge for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services to approximately 790 students and community members as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations and two are insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative, the Ohio Schools Council, the Ohio School Boards Association and Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Wood County Schools Benefit Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The School District has no business-type activities.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to accumulate resources to retire the School District's school improvement bonds.

Fiduciary Funds report on net position and changes in net position. The School District's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only agency fund is used to account for student activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Basis of Accounting - continued

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the governmental funds. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, student fees, and grants.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange transactions. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving value in return, include property and income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property and income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Basis of Accounting - continued

Deferred Inflows of Resources. In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Receivables for property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes represent amounts that are measurable as of June 30, 2014, but are intended to finance 2015 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund financial statements and represents receivables that will not be collected within the available period (sixty days after fiscal year-end).

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool and individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the basic financial statements. The School District allocates interest earnings according to State statutes.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). Investments are reported at their fair value, which is based on quoted market prices and changes in the fair value are reported in the operating statement. At June 30, 2014, the fair value of investments approximates cost. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories consist of donated food, purchased food, and school supplies held for resale and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when used.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The School District defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date received. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are reported as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Land improvements | 10 - 20 years |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Building and improvements | 20 - 40 years |
| Equipment and furniture | 5 - 20 years |
| Vehicles | 8 years |
| Library books and materials | 7 years |

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, a liability is recorded only for the portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources with the exception of compensated absences as noted above.

Interfund Transactions

On fund financials, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in the governmental funds. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of activities.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in a spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The School District did not have any committed fund balances at year end.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Fund Balance – continued

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided those amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies are permitted to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the
 market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed
 the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to
 market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts; and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, if training requirements are met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements*, and amended by GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's custodial credit risk policy requires that deposits be collateralized as required by ORC Chapter 135. At fiscal year-end, none of the School District's bank balance of \$4,901,048 was exposed to custodial credit risk since it was collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name. ORC Chapter 135 authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

The School District's investment in STAROhio is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The fair value of the School District's investment in STAROhio is \$1,574,909 at June 30, 2014.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates and according to State law, the School District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk. STAROhio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. STAROhio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service. The School District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. All of the School District's investments were in STAROhio.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

4. PROPERTY TAXES – continued

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013 on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Wood and Hancock Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014 are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2014 for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 is levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 were \$354,173 in the General Fund, \$91,454 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$14,495 in Other Governmental Funds.

4. PROPERTY TAXES – continued

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

| | 2013 Second- | | 2014 First- | |
|--|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
| | Half Collections | | Half Collections | |
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| Agricultural/Residential | | | | |
| and Other Real Estate | \$ 67,309,370 | 92.93% | 78,154,980 | 93.63% |
| Public Utility | 5,117,550 | 7.07% | 5,318,180 | 6.37% |
| Total Assessed Value | \$ 72,426,920 | 100.00% | 83,473,160 | 100.00% |
| Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation | \$56.30 | | \$56.95 | |

5. INCOME TAXES

As approved by voters in May 2007 and renewed in March 2012, the School District levies a 1% school income tax on earned income of residents of the School District, continuing for a five-year period ending December 2017. An additional .25% income tax was approved by the voters on May 5, 2010 for the purpose of paying the School District's share of the OSFC project. The taxes are collected by the State Department of Taxation in the same manner as the state income tax. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the School District recorded income tax revenue of \$910,479 in the entity-wide financials and a receivable as of June 30, 2014 of \$334,261.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents, vehicles and general liability insurance. There was no decline in the level of coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of reduced premiums for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP and the participant either receives money from or is required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund".

This arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District also participates in the Wood County Schools Benefit Plan, a group insurance purchasing pool (Note 15), in order to provide dental, life, medical, and disability benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries. The Plan provides insurance policies in whole or in part through one or more group insurance policies.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

| | Balance | A dditions | Dianagala | Balance |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| Governmental Activities | 7/1/13 | Additions | Disposals | 6/30/14 |
| | | | | |
| Nondepreciable: | | | | |
| Land \$ | 1,070,024 | - | - | 1,070,024 |
| Depreciable: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 1,141,006 | - | - | 1,141,006 |
| Buildings and improvements | 25,561,503 | - | - | 25,561,503 |
| Vehicles | 419,785 | - | - | 419,785 |
| Equipment and furniture | 1,863,637 | 28,696 | - | 1,892,333 |
| Library books and materials | 765,895 | - | - | 765,895 |
| Subtotal | 29,751,826 | 28,696 | - | 29,780,522 |
| Totals at historical cost | 30,821,850 | 28,696 | - | 30,850,546 |
| | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | : | | | |
| Land improvements | 324,401 | 68,894 | - | 393,295 |
| Buildings and improvements | 3,756,407 | 733,497 | - | 4,489,904 |
| Vehicles | 375,117 | 12,313 | - | 387,430 |
| Equipment and furniture | 644,274 | 249,173 | - | 893,447 |
| Library books and materials | 616,880 | 27,510 | _ | 644,390 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | 1,091,387 | | 6,808,466 |
| | 2,1 11,110 | .,, | | |
| Capital assets, net \$ | 25,104,771 | (1,062,691) | | 24,042,080 |

7. CAPITAL ASSETS – continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

| \$ 849,041 |
|-----------------|
| |
| 182,052 |
| 7,715 |
| 17,348 |
| 12,313 |
| 14,191 |
| 8,727 |
| \$ 1,091,387 |
| \$ \$ |

8. PENSION PLANS

School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 13.10%. The remaining 0.90% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The School District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were approximately \$139,000, \$137,000, and \$131,000, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

8. PENSION PLANS – continued

State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a state-wide, cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed by the School District. STRS Ohio provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS Ohio issued a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

8. PENSION PLANS – continued

DC Plan Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For Combined Plan Benefits, member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

8. PENSION PLANS – continued

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 11% for members and 14% for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were 11% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers. The School District's required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were approximately \$436,000, \$427,000, and \$430,000, respectively; 84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100% for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. The unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2014 is recorded as a liability.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by state statute.

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan; a self-directed Defined Contribution Plan and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan. Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fee, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. The School District's contributions to STRS Ohio allocated to post-employment health care for the years June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were approximately \$31,000 for each year; 84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100% for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – continued

SERS administers two postemployment benefit plans:

Medicare B Plan - The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially required allocation was 0.76%. The School District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$8,000, \$7,000, and \$7,000, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Health Care Plan - ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the health care allocation was 0.14%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – continued

For fiscal year 2014, the minimum compensation level was established at \$20,250. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were approximately \$1,000, \$5,000, and \$5,000, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators annually and upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. All employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month and sick leave may be accumulated up to 265 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for 26% of accrued, but unused sick leave.

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2014 were as follows:

| | Principal | | | Principal | Amounts |
|--|------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|----------|
| | Outstanding | | | Outstanding | Due in |
| | 7/1/13 | Additions | Reductions | 6/30/14 | One Year |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| 2009 Classroom Facilities Improvement Bonds: | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 1,800,000 | - | (95,000) | 1,705,000 | 105,000 |
| Capital appreciation bonds | 17,471 | - | (3,470) | 14,001 | 2,649 |
| Accretion on CAB's | 34,451 | 18,735 | (6,530) | 46,656 | - |
| 2009A School Facilities Improvement Bonds: | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | 7,290,000 | - | (200,000) | 7,090,000 | 200,000 |
| Capital appreciation bonds | 57,338 | - | (16,231) | 41,107 | 11,284 |
| Accretion on CAB's | 86,836 | 51,353 | (23,769) | 114,420 | - |
| 2009B School Facilities Improvement Bonds: | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | 1,450,000 | - | (115,000) | 1,335,000 | 115,000 |
| Capital appreciation bonds | 59,572 | - | - | 59,572 | - |
| Accretion on CAB's | 48,650 | 20,003 | - | 68,653 | - |
| Premium on bond issues | 389,041 | - | (21,973) | 367,068 | - |
| Compensated absences | 605,316 | 110,811 | (22,032) | 694,095 | 71,559 |
| Total | \$ 11,838,675 | 200,902 | (504,005) | 11,535,572 | 505,492 |

On October 28, 2009, the School District issued \$1,994,992 in Series 2009 classroom facilities improvement bonds to finance a portion of the School District's share of constructing a new middle/high school building and renovating an existing elementary school building. The projects were undertaken in cooperation with the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) under the State of Ohio Classroom Facilities Assistance Program, where the OSFC agreed to pay approximately 59% of the project costs. The bonds were issued with interest rates between 1.67% to 4.81% and a final maturity at September 30, 2025.

Also on October 28, 2009, the School District issued \$7,985,212 in Series 2009A school facilities improvement bonds to pay for the costs of certain locally funded initiatives, including site acquisition for the new middle/high school building and building improvements for additional classroom space and facilities. The bonds were issued with interest rates between 1.29% to 5.25% and a final maturity at September 30, 2037.

On December 9, 2009, the School District issued \$1,669,572 in Series 2009B school facilities improvement bonds used to retire bond anticipation notes which had been used for renovating Powell Elementary School. The bonds were issued with interest rates between 2.00% to 4.10% and a final maturity at December 1, 2025.

11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – continued

All general obligation debt is supported by the full faith and credit of the School District. The bonds will be retired from the Debt Service Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, with the General Fund being the most significant fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds, inclusive of interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds in the interest column, at June 30, 2014 are:

| Fiscal Year | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Ending June 30, | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| 2015 | \$ 433,933 | 380,439 | 814,372 |
| 2016 | 452,002 | 379,907 | 831,909 |
| 2017 | 459,441 | 374,369 | 833,810 |
| 2018 | 384,734 | 462,426 | 847,160 |
| 2019 | 383,114 | 464,051 | 847,165 |
| 2020-2024 | 2,776,456 | 1,537,866 | 4,314,322 |
| 2025-2029 | 1,925,000 | 1,080,697 | 3,005,697 |
| 2030-2034 | 1,715,000 | 668,031 | 2,383,031 |
| 2035-2038 | 1,715,000 | 176,625 | 1,891,625 |
| Total | \$ 10,244,680 | 5,524,411 | 15,769,091 |

The School District has been designated as an "approved special needs school district" by the Ohio Superintendent of Public Instruction. As a result, any portion of the otherwise non-exempt debt authorized by the School District's voters at an election on May 5, 2009 in excess of the 9% limitation is exempted from that limitation pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 133.06(D)(2).

12. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

| | | Other | | Total | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Debt 0 | | Governmental | Governmental | |
| Fund Balances | General | Service | Funds | Funds | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | |
| Inventory | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 8,391 | \$ 8,391 | |
| Destricted for | | | | | |
| Restricted for | | | F7 700 | F7 700 | |
| Food Service Operations | - | - | 57,732 | 57,732 | |
| Local Grant Programs | - | - | 70,426 | 70,426 | |
| Classroom Maintenance | - | - | 267,141 | 267,141 | |
| Athletics | - | - | 18,009 | 18,009 | |
| Debt Service Payments | - | 713,698 | - | 713,698 | |
| Capital Improvements | | | 1,402,523 | 1,402,523 | |
| Total Restricted | - | 713,698 | 1,815,831 | 2,529,529 | |
| Assigned to | | | | | |
| Public School Support | 27,951 | - | - | 27,951 | |
| Budget Resource | 272,508 | - | - | 272,508 | |
| Encumbrances | 132,179 | | | 132,179 | |
| Total Assigned | 432,638 | - | - | 432,638 | |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | 3,400,242 | | (94,349) | 3,305,893 | |
| Total Fund Balance | \$3,832,880 | \$713,698 | \$ 1,729,873 | \$ 6,276,451 | |

At June 30, 2014, the following funds had a deficit fund balance:

| Race-to-the-Top | \$ 5,565 |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Special Education | 39,253 |
| Title I | 43,771 |
| Improving Teacher Quality | 5,760 |

The deficit fund balances were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

13. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following interfund receivables/payables and transfers in/out:

| | _ | Interf | und | Transfers | | |
|--------------------------|----|------------|---------|-----------|-------|--|
| | Ī | Receivable | Payable | In | Out | |
| General Fund | \$ | 80,334 | - | - | 7,858 | |
| Other Governmental Funds | | | 80,334 | 7,858 | | |
| | \$ | 80,334 | 80,334 | 7,858 | 7,858 | |

The interfund loans were made to provide operating capital. Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Northwest Ohio Area Computer Services Cooperative (NOACSC)

NOACSC is a jointly governed organization among forty-nine educational entities, primarily school districts located in the Ohio counties of Paulding, Van Wert, Mercer, Putnam, Allen, Hancock, Auglaize, Hardin and Wood. The general membership of the NOACSC consists of a representative from each member school and a representative from the fiscal agent. NOACSC is governed by a Governing Assembly of twelve elected members, two from each of the original six counties of Paulding, Van Wert, Mercer, Putnam, Allen and Hancock. NOACSC was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. The duties and obligations of the organization and members participating is set forth in a written agreement covering the program. Each of the participating educational entities support NOACSC based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package(s) utilized. The degree of control exercised by any participant is limited to representation on the Governing Assembly but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Financial information for NOACSC can be obtained from their administrative offices at 645 South Main Street, Lima, Ohio 45804.

14. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - continued

Ohio Schools Council (OSC)

OSC is a consortium of 199 school districts, educational service centers, joint vocational districts and Development Disabilities boards in 34 northern Ohio counties. OSC exists for the purpose of obtaining top quality products and services at the most competitive price through cooperative purchasing. OSC offers group purchasing programs in the areas of electricity, natural gas, insurance, commodities, and a host of other goods and services. Formed in 1986 under Ohio Revised Code Section 167 as a regional council of governments by 53 school districts, OSC is managed by a governing board of nine superintendents from member districts.

15. INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association and Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Program

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association and Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Wood County Schools Benefit Plan

The Wood County Schools Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of six local school districts, three city or exempted village school districts, one vocational school district, and an educational service center. The Plan is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical, dental, and other benefits to the employees of the participating entities. Each participating entity's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee, which advises the Trustee, Huntington Bank, concerning aspects of the Plan.

Each entity decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Plan is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of monthly premiums. Financial information may be obtained from Huntington Bank, Dena Best, 236 South Main Street, Findlay, Ohio 45840.

16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Federal and State Funding

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2014, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as a defendant.

Encumbrances

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. The School District's outstanding encumbrance amounts at June 30, 2014 were:

| General Fund | \$ | 161,154 |
|--------------------------|----|---------|
| Other Governmental Funds | _ | 164,754 |
| | \$ | 325,908 |

17. REQUIRED SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State Statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on the statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

| | | Capital Improvements |
|--|----------|--------------------------------|
| Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2013 Current year set-aside requirement Current year offsets Total | \$ \$ | - 117,758 (117,758) - |
| Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2014 | \$ | _ |

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set aside amount for capital improvements to below zero. However, the excess qualifying disbursements of the capital improvement set-aside may not be used to reduce the capital improvement set aside requirement for future years.

18. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT

The School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*, and GASB Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees*. GASB Statement No. 65 reclassifies certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or recognizes certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses/expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues). GASB Statement No. 66 resolves conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting and thereby enhance the usefulness of the financial reports. GASB Statement No. 70 provides consistent reporting and disclosure requirements by those governments that extend nonexchange financial guarantees and by those governments that receive nonexchange financial guarantees.

18. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT – continued

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 66 and No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 had the following effect on beginning net position in the government-wide financial statements:

| | Governmental Activities |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Net Position at June 30, 2013 Recognition of bond issue costs as outflows | \$ 19,959,953 (389,041) |
| Restated Net Position at June 30, 2013 | \$ 19,570,912 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

| riscal real Effueu Julie 30, 2014 | | Original | Final | | Variance With Final |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| | | Budget | Budget | Actual | Budget |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 2,919,528 | 2,919,528 | 2,962,590 | 43,062 |
| Tuition and fees | | 157,641 | 157,641 | 154,814 | (2,827) |
| Interest | | 901 | 901 | 699 | (202) |
| Intergovernmental | | 3,878,498 | 3,878,498 | 4,483,501 | 605,003 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | 396,070 | 396,070 | 424,366 | 28,296 |
| Other local revenues | | 38,198 | 38,198 | 45,025 | 6,827 |
| Total revenues | | 7,390,836 | 7,390,836 | 8,070,995 | 680,159 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | |
| Regular | | 2,900,534 | 2,900,534 | 2,951,058 | (50,524) |
| Special education | | 1,124,754 | 1,269,754 | 1,094,929 | 174,825 |
| Other instruction | | 909,543 | 909,543 | 601,174 | 308,369 |
| Support services: | | | | | |
| Pupil | | 473,065 | 473,065 | 525,185 | (52,120) |
| Instructional staff | | 187,770 | 187,770 | 217,750 | (29,980) |
| Board of Education | | 213,431 | 213,431 | 168,607 | 44,824 |
| Administration | | 526,848 | 526,848 | 499,788 | 27,060 |
| Fiscal | | 330,227 | 330,227 | 326,863 | 3,364 |
| Operation and maintenance of plant | | 961,393 | 961,393 | 899,960 | 61,433 |
| Pupil transportation | | 325,598 | 325,598 | 333,926 | (8,328) |
| Non-instructional services: | | | | | (40.00=) |
| Extracurricular activities | | 166,361 | 166,361 | 177,188 | (10,827) |
| Total expenditures | | 8,119,524 | 8,264,524 | 7,796,428 | 468,096 |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditu | ıres | (728,688) | (873,688) | 274,567 | 1,148,255 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 9,991 | 9,991 | 43,260 | 33,269 |
| Transfers out | | (25,510) | (25,510) | (51,118) | (25,608) |
| Other sources | | 9,962 | 9,962 | 30,075 | (20,113) |
| Total other financing sources (uses): | | (5,557) | (5,557) | 22,217 | (12,452) |
| Net change in fund balance | | (734,245) | (879,245) | 296,784 | 1,135,803 |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | 3,398,425 | 3,398,425 | 3,398,425 | |
| Prior year encumbrances appropriated | | 190,965 | 190,965 | 190,965 | |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | 2,855,145 | 2,710,145 | 3,886,174 | |
| | | | | | |

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note A Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

Certain funds accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP statements and the budgetary basis schedule:

| Net change in fund balance - GAAP Basis | \$ General 360,452 |
|---|---|
| Increase / (decrease): Due to inclusion of Public School Support Fund Due to revenues Due to expenditures Due to other sources (uses) Due to encumbrances | (10,946) (11,123) 89,480 30,075 (161,154) |
| Net change in fund balance - Budget Basis | \$ 296,784 |

NORTH BALTIMORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, WOOD COUNTY Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

| Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title | Pass Through Entity Number | Federal CFDA Number | Receipt | s | Non-Cash Receipts | Disbursements | Non-Cash Disbursements |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-----|----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| United States Department of Agriculture | | | | | | | |
| Passed through the Ohio Department of Education | | | | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | | | |
| School Breakfast Program | 3L70 | 10.553 | \$ 18, | 173 | \$ - | \$ 18,173 | \$ - |
| National School Lunch Program | 3L60 | 10.555 | 129, | 149 | 18,453 | 129,149 | 18,453 |
| Total United States Department of Agriculture | | | 147, | 322 | 18,453 | 147,322 | 18,453 |
| Passed through the Ohio Department of Education | | | | | | | |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA): | | | | | | | |
| Special Education - Grants to States | 3M20 | 84.027 | 144, | 617 | - | 183,870 | - |
| Title I, Part A Cluster: | | | | | | | |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 3M00 | 84.010 | 132, | 157 | - | 144,824 | - |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants | 3Y60 | 84.367 | 26. | 583 | _ | 29,458 | - |
| State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, ARRA | 3FD0 | 84.395 | 22, | 316 | - | 19,649 | - |
| Total United States Department of Education | | | 325, | 673 | - | 377,801 | |
| Total Federal Financial Assistance | | | \$ 472, | 995 | \$ 18,453 | \$ 525,123 | \$ 18,453 |

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments <u>www.bhscpas.com</u>

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

North Baltimore Local School District Wood County 201 South Main Street North Baltimore, Ohio 45872-1364

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Baltimore Local School District, Wood County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2014, wherein we noted the School District adopted the provisions of *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* Statement No. 65.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Members of the Board of Education North Baltimore Local School District Wood County Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Ham & Schern, CPAs

Worthington, Ohio December 5, 2014



Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments <u>www.bhscpas.com</u>

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

North Baltimore Local School District Wood County 201 South Main Street North Baltimore, Ohio 45872-1364

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the North Baltimore Local School District's (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the North Baltimore Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the North Baltimore Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Members of the Board of Education
North Baltimore Local School District
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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs

Worthington, Ohio December 5, 2014

Schedule of Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section §.505 For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

| (d)(1)(i) | Type of Financial Statement Opinion | Unmodified | | |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|
| (d)(1)(ii) | Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No | | |
| (d)(1)(ii) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No | | |
| (d)(1)(iii) | Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? | No | | |
| (d)(1)(iv) | Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? | No | | |
| (d)(1)(iv) | Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? | No | | |
| (d)(1)(v) | Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion | Unmodified | | |
| (d)(1)(vi) | Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)? | No | | |
| (d)(1)(vii) | Major Programs (list): | Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies; CFDA #84.010 Child Nutrition Cluster: | | |
| | | School Breakfast Program; CFDA #10.553 | | |
| | | National School Lunch Program: CFDA #10.555 | | |
| (d)(1)(viii) | Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs | Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all other | | |
| (d)(1)(ix) | Low Risk Auditee? | No | | |

Schedule of Findings

OMB Circular A-133 Section §.505

(Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None Noted

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None Noted

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | | | Not Corrected, Partially |
|----------|---|------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Corrected; Significantly |
| | | | Different Corrective |
| Finding | | Fully | Action Taken; or Finding |
| Number | Finding Summary | Corrected? | No Longer Valid; Explain |
| 2013-001 | Material Weakness – Financial Statement | Yes | |
| | Presentation | | |





NORTH BALTIMORE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WOOD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 21, 2015