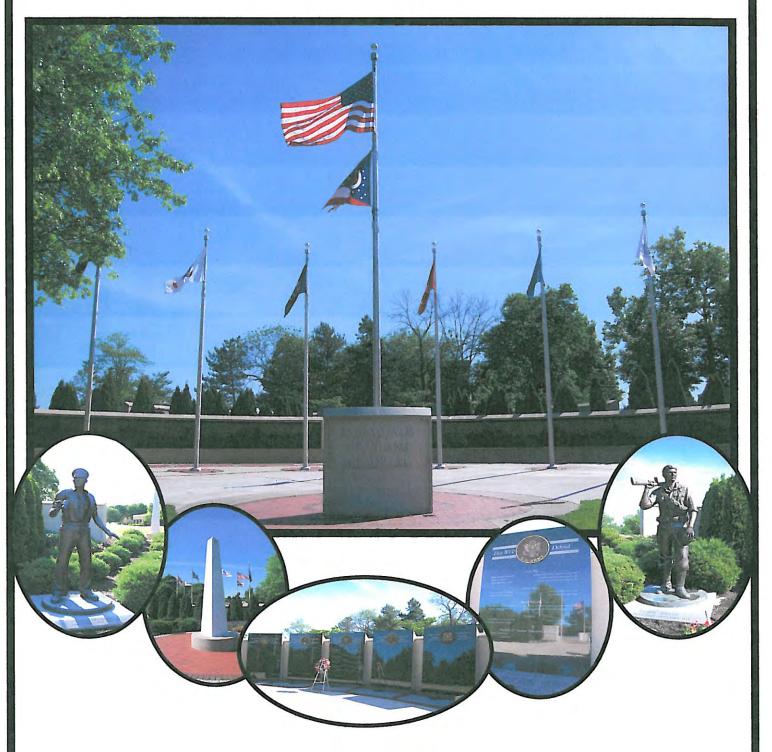
City of Springdale, Ohio

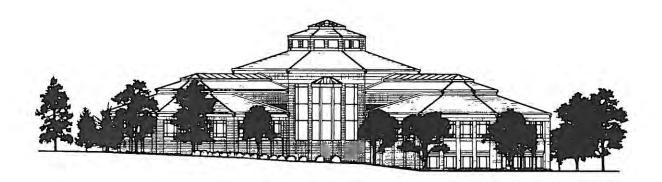


Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



Prepared By:

Jeffrey T. Williams Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner



On The Cover

Springdale Veterans Memorial

The City of Springdale Veterans Memorial is a place of honor and remembrance for Springdale's veterans. Construction began in late 2007 and was completed in the fall of 2008. A dedication of the memorial was held on Veterans' Day, November 11, 2008.

The Veterans Memorial is located on the northeast corner of Springfield Pike and Lawnview Avenue, among the most visible venues in the City for such a tribute. Those visiting the site move through a series of architectural elements designed to raise awareness and engender a sense of respect and honor. The memorial includes a public plaza which features an arch of flagpoles displaying the various service flags, anchored by a pole with the American flag.

Memorial pavestones from donors are a part of the walkways. Non-veteran names can be placed in the outside walkway leading to two curved stone walls with an illuminated cascade of water over them. A portal opening in the stone walls guide visitors into a garden at the heart of the memorial.

In the garden's center are life-sized bronze statues of a soldier and a sailor that emphasize the individual and personal sacrifice given by so many veterans. A wall of limestone surrounds the area, offering a quiet place for contemplation and respect. The focal point of the garden is five memorial stones honoring each military service branch, accompanied by engraved stones of the names of Springdale residents killed in the line of duty.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Springdale

DOYLE H. WEBSTER Mayor

DERRICK PARHAM City Administrator KATHY McNEAR Clerk of Council / Finance Director

June 19, 2014

Honorable Doyle H. Webster, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Springdale City of Springdale, Ohio 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

Dear Mayor Webster, Members of City Council, and Citizens:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Springdale, Ohio, for the year-ended December 31, 2013, is hereby submitted. While there is no legal requirement for the preparation of this report, it represents a commitment by the City to conform to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City of Springdale's activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." GASB Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using governmental financial information. This report represents and reflects the City's financial operations and condition to the City's residents, its elected officials, management personnel, financial institutions, City bondholders, rating agencies and all other interested parties.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections as follows:

- 1. <u>Introductory Section</u> includes this letter of transmittal, which addresses the organization, accomplishments, and the operational structure of the City; a list of the principal officials and administrative personnel, and the City's organizational table.
- 2. <u>Financial Section</u> includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, basic financial statements and notes, which provide an overview of the City's financial position and operating results, and the combining financial statements of nonmajor funds and other schedules that provide detailed information relative to the basic financial statements.

3. <u>Statistical Section</u> – presents social and economic data, financial trend information, and data relative to the fiscal capacity of the City.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

THE CITY OF SPRINGDALE

The City of Springdale is an Ohio community located in northern Hamilton County, approximately twenty miles from downtown Cincinnati. The City is 5.08 square miles and serves a residential population of 11,223 and an estimated daytime population ranging from 55,000 to 60,000. The City maintains a highly developed commercial and industrial community, as well as stable residential neighborhoods.

The area was settled in the early 1800's and was incorporated as a Village in December of 1959 and became a City in February of 1971. The City is a home rule municipal corporation operating under its own charter, initially adopted on November 3, 1964, and last amended in November of 2009.

The City operates under a non-partisan Council/Mayor form of government. Under this system, seven council members, who are the policy makers (three elected at-large and four elected by districts), serve four-year terms. The Mayor is the chief executive and administrative officer of the City and is elected at-large to a four-year term. The Mayor appoints the City Administrator and all executive department directors, with the exception of the Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner, who is appointed by the Clerk of Council/Finance Director with the confirmation of City Council. The Clerk of Council/Finance Director is the chief fiscal officer of the City and is elected at-large to a four-year term.

The City was the recipient of the following awards in 2013:

- * Tree-City USA Award (the City has received this award for the past twenty-two years),
- * The Police Department received:
 - * Platinum Level Traffic Safety Award issued by the AAA Association,
 - * The Gold Member Agency Award as part of the Hamilton County OVI Task Force, and
 - * A second re-accreditation through the Commission on Accreditation for Law
 - Enforcement Agencies,
- * The Health Department received the Healthy Ohio, Healthy Community Award Gold level, issued by the Ohio Department of Health,
- * The Parks and Recreation Department received the Ohio Parks and Recreation Association (OPRA) Annual Award of Excellence, 1st place, in the Health and Wellness category for its Teen-Fit program, and
- * The Parks and Recreation Department was recognized by the Miami Valley Risk Management Association for maintaining a zero-loss record.

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; parks and recreation; planning and zoning; sanitation services; construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; and general administrative services. Following is a brief summary of the City departments:

Administration Department - responsible for providing support to all elected officials, information to the public and leadership and administrative support to City employees in executing the policies of Council and the laws of the City through effective communication, fiscal management, human resource management, and risk management.

Economic Development Department - responsible for contributing to the economic health and vitality of all segments of the City's commercial, industrial, and retail business sectors.

Police Department - responsible for interacting with the community and promoting public safety and providing service through crime prevention, proactive and responsive patrols, investigations, and support service.

Fire Department - responsible for preserving life and property by maintaining a corps of professional, properly trained and fully equipped personnel capable of providing fire prevention, fire suppression and rescue, and emergency medical services.

Building Department - responsible for ensuring a safe and sanitary environment for the community through enforcing City and State laws relating to new and existing construction and land use regulation. The Building Official enforces the provisions of the City code, issues zoning and plan reviews, and issues permits for new construction, modifications, and repairs.

Finance Department - responsible for financial management of the City's funds by recording receipts and expenditures, maintaining accurate financial records, investing inactive funds, and issuing the year-end financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Tax Department - responsible for enforcing the City tax code by collecting the City earnings tax, assisting taxpayers in the preparation of tax returns, issuing tax refunds, and maintaining accurate taxpayer records.

Parks and Recreation Department - responsible for providing year-round leisure activities and providing well maintained facilities for City citizens of all ages and interests, and maintaining the City Community Center, playgrounds, and parks.

Health Department - responsible for protecting and promoting the health and well-being of the people who live and work in the City through effective health policy that promotes disease prevention and community health education.

Public Works Department - responsible for providing a safe, effective, aesthetically pleasing physical environment through street maintenance and improvement, public building, grounds and facilities maintenance, vehicle and equipment maintenance, and environmental services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

The estimated daytime population of the City ranges from 55,000 to 60,000, representing the workforce and those who visit the numerous retail and other establishments. At year-end 2013 there were approximately 900 businesses and organizations located in the City limits. Also at year-end, there were 17 businesses located in Springdale that employed greater than 300 employees. Springdale also has

approximately 30 restaurants and 18 theatre screens. The 2013 unemployment rate for the Greater Cincinnati area was 7.8%.

The Tri-County Mall and over ten other shopping centers and retail establishments, collectively total more than 4.4 million square feet and comprise the largest concentration of retail development in Hamilton County. Springdale has approximately 2.2 million square feet of office space (1.45 million represents Class A office space), representing more than 12% of all office space in the suburban Greater Cincinnati area. Retail sales in Springdale total over \$900,000,000 annually.

Springdale is fortunate to have the following local and national businesses included as part of the corporate citizenry, First Financial Bank, General Electric Aviation, Cincom Systems, The Sheakley Group, Ampac, Macy's, Sears Roebuck and Company, Humana, Cincinnati Bell Technology Solutions, Northrup Gruman, Costco, Maple Knoll Community, Sugar Creek Packing, John Morrell, Kroger and Avon.

Springdale's manufacturing businesses include the John Morrell Company (meat packing), the Ampac Company (plastic bag manufacturing), and the Kroger Company (ice cream manufacturing). Springdale also has many retail and restaurant businesses including Sears Roebuck and Company, Macy's, Dave and Busters, Costco, Lowes, Best Buy, Target, Sam's Wholesale, Outback Steakhouse, BJ's Restaurant and Brewhouse, and TGI Fridays, among others. Currently there are five hotels/motels operating in the City, representing approximately 275 rooms.

The local economy can be broken down into four major use sectors; office, retail, service/governmental, and industrial. These sectors contributed approximately \$700 million in payroll in 2013, broken down as follows:

*	Office:	54% of payroll generation
*	Service/Governmental:	19% of payroll generation
*	Retail:	18% of payroll generation
*	Industrial:	9% of payroll generation

The recent trend in payroll generation, from 2008 to 2010, has been negative with a reduction of approximately \$70 million, or 11%. This reduction in payroll is associated with three major factors:

- * Loss of 500,000 square feet of office use, representing 1,500 employees and payroll generation of approximately \$75 million,
- * Loss of 400,000 square feet of retail use, representing 600 employees and payroll of approximately \$12 million, and
- * Loss of service and industrial use, representing 500 employees and payroll of approximately \$16 million.

In contrast, 2011 to 2013 showed a significant upswing in payroll generation by 5.5%, or approximately \$107 million. This occurred as a result of:

- * The attraction of twenty-five new retail businesses representing 616 new jobs in 673,000 square feet of retail space including Morris Furniture, Home Emporium, Front Room Furniture, Full Throttle Go-Karting, Woodcraft, Burlington Coat, and Sky Zone, and
- * The attraction of five major office businesses representing 1,815 new jobs in 357,000 square feet of office space including First Financial Bank, Cincinnati Bell Technology Solutions, Sugar Creek Packing, College Source, Humana Right Source, and Retirement Systems Inc.

Future Economic Outlook

The outlook for 2014 is positive primarily because of:

- * Humana Right Source, which has occupied the Executive Centre One Office Building, with 1,100 employees in the facility during 2013 and beyond,
- * The redevelopment of three of Springdale's premier shopping centers, the Tri-County Towne Center, Cassinelli Square, and the Tri-county Mall, and
- * The redevelopment of the Avon property as a mixed use development.

Beyond 2013 the economy of the City will continue to be dominated by office use and grow modestly to pre-recession levels. It is particularly important to apply innovative redevelopment efforts to existing properties such as the Avon facility and the Tri-County Mall, and use the limited amount of developable land judiciously.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Major Project for 2013

* State Route 4 South, Urban Paving Project: This project resurfaced State Route 4 from Sharon Road to Cameron Road. The final construction cost of this project was \$254,141 with approximately 50% covered by State grant. The project was completed in 2013.

Future Projects

- * West Kemper Road Improvements Project: This project will run from just east of Springfield Pike to the Lawnview Avenue intersection. It will involve the total removal and replacement of pavement on West Kemper Road just east of Walnut Street and continuing for approximately 950 linear feet; the repairing and resurfacing of the balance of West Kemper Road; full curb replacement; sidewalk replacement on the south side of the road between Walnut Street and Hickory Street; and a major upgrade of the existing storm sewer system. The estimated construction cost for this project is \$1,170,000. Outside grant funding has been approved at approximately 65% from State and local sources. The project is scheduled for 2014.
- * Boggs Lane Repair Project: This project will include resurfacing the existing asphalt street, some pavement repair, total curb and gutter replacement, and new pavement markings. Also, several catch basins are scheduled to be replaced. The estimated construction cost for this project is \$308,000. Outside grant funding is estimated at 69% from State sources. The project is scheduled for 2015.
 - * Jake Sweeny Way Reconstruction: This project involves the total replacement of Jake Sweeny Way, as well as replacement of storm sewer pipe, catch basins, and manholes. The estimated construction cost for this project is \$704,000. Outside grant funding is estimated at 69% from State sources. The project is scheduled for 2015.
 - * Ross Park Vehicle Bridge Replacement: The ford over the creek at the entrance to Ross Park was built in the 1960's and is in need of replacement. This project will replace the low ford with a bridge, thus eliminating the extreme dip in the entrance drive. Also as part of this project the Ross Park parking lot will be resurfaced. The estimated construction cost for this project is \$475,000. In the past, the City has not been successful in obtaining outside funding. The project is scheduled for 2016.

*

Crescentville Road - Chesterdale Road Improvements: This joint road improvement project between the City of Springdale, Butler County, and the City of Sharonville will address major rutting and storm sewer issues at and near the intersection of Chesterdale and Crescentville Roads. The estimated construction cost for the City of Springdale's portion is \$400,000. The project is scheduled for 2017.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control Framework and Policies

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met through evaluation of the following criteria: (1) The cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits required involves estimates and judgments by management. Based on these internal controls, the City provides a sound accounting system for safeguarding the City's assets through the recording and reporting of financial transactions according to guidelines of Federal law, Ohio Revised Code, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and City ordinance.

Budgetary Controls

In addition to the above, the City maintains budgetary internal controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget by City Council. The activity of all funds is included in the annual appropriation budget. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system to maintain budgetary control. The control is maintained through the encumbering of estimated purchases through the use of formal approved purchase orders. City Council receives a monthly report of amounts in the City's bank accounts reconciled to the amounts on the City's internal records. Also, Council receives a monthly report comparing budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING - 2012

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Springdale, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year-ended December 31, 2012. This was the thirteenth consecutive year that the government received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statute requires that an annual audit be performed by the Auditor of State or by an independent certified public accountant approved by the Auditor of State. The Office of the Auditor of State has performed the City audit for the year-ended December 31, 2013. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's "Government Auditing Standards" were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' report on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in a separately issued audit report.

Acknowledgements

The timely preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year-ended December 31, 2013 was made possible by the dedicated service of Kathy McNear, Clerk of Council/Finance Director, finance department staff, Martha Holden and Cynthia Miller, as well as other City departments. We express our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. Also, we would like to thank the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a dedicated and responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Derrick Parham

City Administrator

Kathy McNear

Clerk of Council/Finance Director

Jeffrey T. Williams Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Name	Title	Term of Office	Salary
Doyle H. Webster	Mayor	12/01/11-11/30/15	\$25,000
Thomas Vanover	President	12/01/13-11/30/17	8,475
Lawrence Hawkins III	Vise-President	12/01/13-11/30/17	7,875
Marjorie Harlow	Member	12/01/03-11/30/17	7,875
Robert Diehl	Member	12/01/13-11/30/17	7,875
Holly Emerson	Member	12/01/13-11/30/17	7,875
James Squires	Member	12/01/11-11/30/15	7,875
Edward Knox	Member	12/01/11-11/30/15	7,875
Kathy McNear (1)	Clerk of Council/ Finance Director	12/01/11-11/30/15	16,800

ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

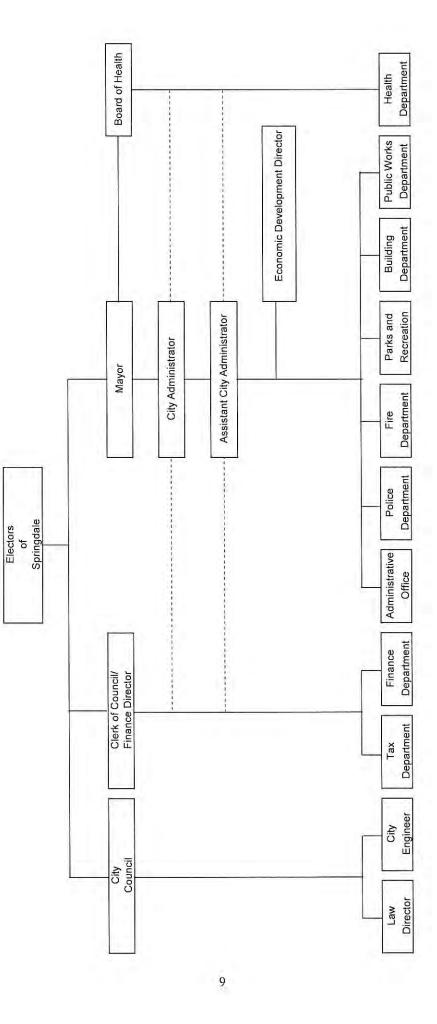
Derrick Parham, City Administrator Jerry Thamann, Assistant City Administrator Jeff Tulloch, Economic Development Director

Jeff Agricola, Superintendent of Public Works Greg Karle, Parks and Recreation Director Michael Mathis, Chief of Police William McErlane, Building Official Cammie Mitrione, Health Commissioner Michael Hoffman, Fire Chief Jeffrey Williams, Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner (1) Jeffrey Forbes, Law Director Don Shvegzda, City Engineer Mark Piepmeier, City Prosecutor Donald White, City Magistrate

(1) Surety bond is held with the Western Surety Company in the amount of \$25,000. The bond is renewed annually.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE

ORGANIZATIONAL TABLE





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Springdale Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

hay R. Engr

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Springdale Hamilton County 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

To the City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springdale, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springdale, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

City of Springdale Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 19, 2014

The City of Springdale discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year-ended December 31, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- * The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2013 by \$47,975,387 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,003,670 (governmental unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- * The City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,022,567. Of this amount, \$6,133,938 represents the general fund unassigned fund balance available for spending on behalf of its citizens.
- * During 2013, the City reduced long-term general obligation debt by \$400,000.
- * During 2013, the City maintained a bond credit rating of Aa3, as issued by Moody's Investors Services in 2002.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are presented so the reader can understand the City's financial position as a whole and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting a longer-term view of those activities. The fund financial statements look at the City's most significant, or major, funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These reports provide information that will help the reader to determine if the City is financially better or worse as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and the change in that position. This change in net position informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of City capital assets will also need to be evaluated. In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City reports government activities, where most of the City's services are reported, including police, fire, public works, administration, and all other departments.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's services and activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at yearend that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City has one agency fund to report within the fiduciary fund category. Agency funds are reported on a full accrual basis and only present a statement of assets and liabilities.

Based on restrictions on the use of monies, the City has established separate funds which account for the services provided to residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The major funds are the general fund, capital improvements fund, and the northwest business district tax increment financing fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As stated earlier, the statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2013 as compared to 2012:

Table 1	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
Assets	0.0000000	and the second
Current and other assets	\$12,998,745	\$13,752,519
Capital assets, net	42,454,377	43,710,904
Total assets	55,453,122	57,463,423
Liabilities		
Current and other liabilities	1,215,952	1,515,169
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	741,466	771,245
Due in more than one year	3,938,817	4,521,992
Total liabilities	5,896,235	6,808,406
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property tax	937,500	950,000
Payments in lieu of tax	644,000	580,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,581,500	1,530,000
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	38,533,392	39,189,433
Restricted	1,438,325	1,650,575
Unrestricted	8,003,670	8,285,009
Total net position	\$47,975,387	\$49,125,017

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased \$1,149,630 from 2012 to 2013. Notable changes include current and other assets, capital assets, net, and long-term liabilities - due in more than a year.

The notable change in current and other assets is equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, which reflects a decrease of \$589,075. This decrease is due to lower revenues and higher expenses for 2013. The lower revenues are mostly the result of less capital grant activity (intergovernmental) in 2013 as compared to 2012. The higher expenses are mostly from the security of persons and property, transportation, and general government categories. Capital assets, net, decreased \$1,256,527. This decrease is due to the recording of depreciation expense, which for 2013 was greater than capital asset additions. The notable change in long-term liabilities - due in more than one year, is from general obligation bond principal being reduced \$400,000 based on payments made in accordance with the bond amortization schedule.

The financial position of the City was not improved from 2012 to 2013. This is based on the decrease in unrestricted net position in the amount of \$281,339.

Table 2 provides a summary of the change in net position for 2013 as compared to 2012.

Table 2	Governmenta	l Activities
	2013	2012
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,189,754	\$1,183,314
Operating grants and contributions	201,802	57,091
Capital grants and contributions	116,928	1,243,668
Total program revenues	1,508,484	2,484,073
General revenues:		
Municipal income taxes	13,028,396	12,974,628
Property and other taxes	1,196,576	1,264,751
Payments in lieu of taxes	634,654	588,089
Special assessments	187,509	185,007
Grants and entitlements not restricted	1,652,715	1,718,217
Investment earnings	7,939	14,263
Other	685,881	388,835
Total general revenues	17,393,670	17,133,790
Total revenues	18,902,154	19,617,863
Program Expenses		
Governmental activities:		2 3 2 2 2 2 2
Security of persons and property	9,044,012	8,355,590
Public health services	356,082	325,784
Leisure time activities	1,710,927	1,694,907
Community environment	608,190	547,371
Transportation	3,604,730	3,289,348
General government	4,541,366	4,200,749
Interest and fiscal charges	186,477	247,217
Total expenses	20,051,784	18,660,966
Change in net position	(1,149,630)	956,897
Beginning net position	49,125,017	48,168,120
Ending net position	\$47,975,387	\$49,125,017

Governmental activities, total revenues, decreased \$715,709 from 2012 to 2013, and total expenses increased \$1,390,818 from 2012 to 2013. Significant changes in revenues and expenses are addressed below:

Capital Grants and Contributions Revenue

Capital grants and contributions revenue decreased \$1,126,740 from 2012 to 2013. This is due to a decrease of capital grant activity associated with road improvements and other capital projects in 2013. At the end of 2012, certain ongoing projects were in the completion stage, and therefore a smaller amount of grant inflows were applicable to these projects in 2013. Capital project activities that were near completion at the end of 2012 included the Traffic Signal System Upgrade project, the State Route 747/I-275 Ramp Improvement project, and the Merchant Street Repairs and Improvements project.

Security of Persons and Property Expense

Security of persons and property expense increased \$688,422 from 2012 to 2013. This expense category represents the activity of the police and fire departments. The cash basis expenditures for the police and fire departments in the general fund were \$8,520,562 in 2012 and \$8,876,962 in 2013 (increase of \$356,400). This change is due to overall activity in the departments and not specific to any one line item. Also in 2013, the fire department recorded grant activity in the amount of \$136,058 which was not applicable in 2012.

Transportation Expense

Transportation expense increased \$315,382 from 2012 to 2013. The increase is primarily due to amounts expended in the capital improvements fund that did not meet the criteria of a capital asset for financial statement presentation purposes and were therefore recorded as transportation expense.

General Government Expense

General government expense increased \$340,617 from 2012 to 2013. The is due to increased overall expense activity noted per the Mayors' Office, economic development, contractual services, and general administration functions of general government and not specific to any one line item.

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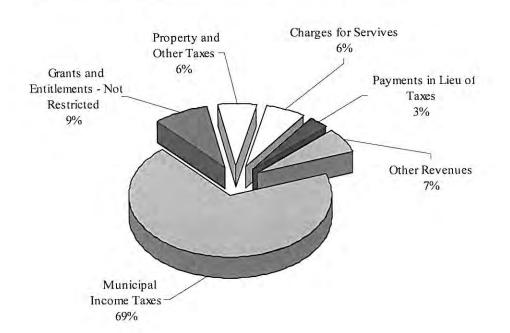
Table 3 below shows 2013 percentages of revenues and expenses:

<u>Table 3</u>	\$	%
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$1,189,754	6%
Operating grants and contributions	201,802	1%
Capital grants and contributions	116,928	1%
Total program revenues	1,508,484	8%
General revenues:		
Municipal income taxes	13,028,396	69%
Property and other taxes	1,196,576	6%
Payments in lieu of taxes	634,654	3%
Special assessments	187,509	1%
Grants and entitlements not restricted	1,652,715	9%
Investment earnings	7,939	
Other	685,881	4%
Total general revenues	17,393,670	92%
Total revenues	\$18,902,154	100%
Program Expenses		
Governmental activities: Security of persons and property	\$9,044,012	45%
Public health services	356,082	2%
Leisure time activities	1,710,927	8%
Community environment	608,190	3%
Transportation	3,604,730	18%
General government	4,541,366	23%
Interest and fiscal charges	186,477	1%
Total expenses	\$20,051,784	100%

The largest sources of revenue are the municipal income taxes, grants and entitlements not restricted, property and other taxes, and charges for services. Municipal income taxes are received from business withholdings, business net profit tax returns, resident tax returns, and penalty and interest. Grants and entitlements not restricted is received from the State and County as local government funds, estate tax, homestead and rollback entitlement, gasoline tax, and license tax. Property and other taxes are from real estate tax settlement payments received from Hamilton County as well as other locally levied taxes, such as cinema admissions and transient occupancy. Charges for services are mostly from paramedic services, fines and forfeitures related to Mayor's Court, and membership fees to the community center.

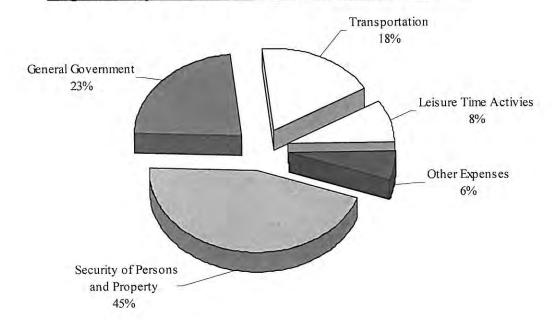
The largest sources of expense are security of persons and property, general government, and transportation. Security of persons and property represent operational activity for the police and fire departments, general government represents administration as well as the tax and finance departments, and transportation represents the public works department as well as certain expenditures of a capital nature that did not meet the criteria of a capital asset.

Following are graphs showing the percentages of revenue and expense for 2013:



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The focus of City governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. See the table of contents regarding the fund financial statements.

At year-end 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,022,567. Of this amount, \$5,641,043 represents unassigned fund balance, which includes a negative fund balance of \$492,895 from the Tri-County Mall TIF fund and the residential recycling fund. The remaining fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, and assigned to indicate amounts not available for new spending due to allocations to liquidate encumbrances, reflect year-end inventory and prepaid items, and to account for long-term advances, health and liability insurance, capital improvements, debt service, operating grants, law enforcement, and road maintenance. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$18,981,476 and expenditures of \$19,394,963, leaving a deficiency of revenues over expenditures of \$413,487.

Following is an analysis of fund balance for the major funds.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City and at year-end 2013 the total fund balance was \$7,542,638. This represents a decrease of \$241,340 from 2012. General fund revenues increased \$503,159 over 2012. This is primarily due to increased earnings tax over 2012 (an increase of \$392,295) and an increase of other revenue over 2012 (an increase of \$272,957). General fund expenditures increased \$1,103,243 over 2012. This is primarily due to increased operational expenditures in the police, fire, and administration departments.

Capital Improvements Fund

At year-end 2013, the total fund balance for the capital improvements fund was \$475,321, which represents an increase of \$231,770 from 2012. This is the result of less capital improvement activity in 2013.

Northwest Business District Tax Increment (TIF) Fund

At year-end 2013, the total fund balance for the northwest business district TIF fund was \$214,274, which represents an increase of \$36,661 from 2012. In 2013, fund activity was consistent with 2012, therefore, fund balance had a very small change.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and the City Charter. All City funds are subject to the formal budgetary process. The most significant fund is the general fund, which is formally adopted at the departmental level (personal services and other expenditures). The budget is based on accounting for transactions on a cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrance basis. Month-end financial reports, which compare budgeted projections to actual results, are presented to administration and City Council on a monthly basis to review and measure the effectiveness of budgetary controls. For 2013, there were two amendments to the City budget passed by City Council.

Comparison of Original Budget to Final Budget

For 2013, the original budgeted revenues for the general fund were approximately \$16.1 million and the final budgeted revenues were approximately \$17.2 million. The increase is primarily the result of receiving a greater amount in estate tax revenue (intergovernmental), earnings tax revenue, and other revenue than originally budgeted. Also, the general fund original budget for 2013 expenditures, including transfer and advance activity, was approximately \$19.1 million and the final budgeted expenditures remained at approximately \$19.1 million.

Comparison of Final Budget to Actual Results

For 2013, the actual revenues for the general fund were approximately \$17.4 million and final budgeted revenues were approximately \$17.2 million. Also, the 2013 actual expenditures, including transfer and advance activity were approximately \$17.9 million as compared to the final budgeted expenditures of approximately \$19.1 million. This difference is the result of actual expenditures being less than final budgeted expenditures for the functions of security of persons and property (police and fire departments) and leisure time activities (parks and recreation departments) and not applicable to any specific reason within those functions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

Table 4	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
Land	\$1,944,739	\$1,944,739
Real estate held for development	442,910	442,910
Construction in progress	185,006	1,121,669
Building	13,049,372	13,390,443
Improvements other than building	830,496	877,781
Machinery and equipment	431,048	266,641
Furniture and fixtures	17,491	19,444
Vehicles	1,094,605	1,072,431
Infrastructure:		
Sewers	151,912	114,839
Roads	18,491,541	19,171,437
Right of way	279,752	279,752
Traffic control	1,450,922	685,391
Streetscape	1,731,732	1,819,551
Pedestrian traffic	269,351	224,224
Parks	1,553,900	1,619,652
TIF area public improvements	529,600	660,000
Total capital assets	\$42,454,377	\$43,710,904

Additional information concerning the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

As of December 31, 2013, the City had outstanding debt of \$3,920,985 in bonds and capital leases, with \$599,509 due within one year.

(Dutstanding Debt at De	cember 31
Table 5	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
General obligation bonds	\$1,500,000	\$1,900,000
TIF revenue bonds	2,307,240	2,387,909
Capital leases	113,745	233,562
Total debt	\$3,920,985	\$4,521,471

The general obligation bonds are the Community Center Expansion Bonds – Series 2012. Issued in 2012, these bonds retired the Series 2002 bonds through a current refunding. The Series 2002 bonds were issued for the renovation of the City's Community Center facility. For the Series 2012 bonds, payments are made twice a year (two interest payments and one principal payment) from City funds.

The TIF revenue bonds are the Northwest Business District Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Phase I Revenue Bonds. The bonds were issued in 2000 to retire notes issued for the construction of infrastructure and a man-made lake in the Northwest Business District (Pictoria Island) TIF area. TIF revenue bond payments are made monthly (each payment incorporates interest and principal). Bond payments are made from service payments received in lieu of taxes and shortfall payments from the property developers.

In 2013, the City retired a portion of lease agreements categorized as capital leases. At year-end 2013, the City has three leases categorized as capital leases. Payments for these leases were made from the general fund, the street construction, maintenance and repair fund, and the capital improvements fund.

Under the current City Charter, the City's 2013 general obligation bonded debt was subject to a legal limitation of \$32,736,836, based on 10.5 percent of the total assessed value of real and personal property located within the City.

Additional information concerning the City's debt can be found in Notes 10 and 11 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Budget Procedure

The City's budget procedure is a very detailed process. From May to June of the current year, the tax budget is prepared and approved by City Council for submission to the County in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. This budget procedure forecasts fund balances at the end of the next fiscal year based on information available in May and June of the current year. The tax budget is prepared jointly between the finance and administration departments.

From October to November of the current year, the City five-year budget is prepared. This process starts with the budgeted current year figures and attempts to revise these figures (if applicable) for the remainder of the year. Then predictions are made for the next five years based on economic factors and assumptions provided by administration. The five-year budget takes a long-term look at the direction of

the City. Each department director prepares the budgeted expenditures that relate to the applicable department. The finance department prepares the budgeted revenues. The City Administrator then reviews all figures in detail, and amendments are made as necessary.

From November to December of the current year the one-year budget is prepared. This document becomes the basis for the appropriation/estimated revenue ordinance passed for the next fiscal year. Each department director prepares the budgeted expenditures that relate to the applicable department and the finance department prepares the budgeted revenues. The City Administrator then reviews all figures before the budget is final. At or near the first day of the fiscal year, the budget appropriations/estimated revenues ordinance is passed by City Council.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, investors and elected officials with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money received. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Jeffrey T. Williams, Finance Officer/Tax Commissioner, 11700 Springfield Pike, Springdale, Ohio 45246, (513) 346-5700, or e-mail at jwilliams@springdale.org.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$5,844,836
Cash in segregated account	29,219
Receivables (net):	
Taxes	5,160,667
Payments in lieu of taxes	644,000
Special assessments	183,342
Accounts	270,221
Intergovernmental	520,307
Prepaid items	21,700
Inventory	287,485
Restricted assets:	
Funds on deposit for unclaimed monies	16,907
Funds on deposit for performance bonds and	
plan review fees	20,061
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,852,407
Depreciable capital assets, net	39,601,970
Total assets	55,453,122
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	229,760
Contracts payable	27,091
Accrued wages and benefits payable	593,396
Accrued workers compensation payable	221,952
Accrued interest payable	1,513
Intergovernmental payable	51,372
Undistributed monies payable	22,406
Unclaimed monies payable	16,907
Claims payable	51,555
Long-term liabilities:	01,000
Due within one year	741,466
Due in more than one year	3,938,817
Total liabilities	5,896,235
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property tax	937,500
Payments in lieu of tax	644,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,581,500
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	38,533,392
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	907,494
Street construction, maintenance and repair	377,041
Other purposes	153,790
Unrestricted	8,003,670
Total net position	\$47,975,387
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:		- Outrices	Contributions	Contributions	
Security of persons and property	\$9,044,012	\$777,168	\$177,513	\$0	(\$8,089,331)
Public health services	356,082	58,140	5,250	0	(292,692)
Leisure time activities	1,710,927	133,533	0	0	(1,577,394)
Community environment	608,190	88,206	19,039	0	(500,945)
Transportation	3,604,730	4,845	0	116,928	(3,482,957)
General government	4,541,366	127,862	0	0	(4,413,504)
Interest and fiscal charges	186,477	0	0	0	(186,477)
Total governmental activities	\$20,051,784	\$1,189,754	\$201,802	\$116,928	(18,543,300)
	General revenues: Municipal incom				13,028,396
	Property and other				1,196,576
	Payments in lieu	Contract of the second se			634,654
	Special assessme				187,509
			ed to specific prog	rams	1,652,715
	Investment earning	ngs			7,939
	Other revenues				685,881
	Total general re	evenues			17,393,670
	Change in net p	osition			(1,149,630)
	Net position - b	eginning			49,125,017
		nding			\$47,975,387

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Northwest Business TIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$4,838,452	\$532,731	\$227,380	\$246,273	\$5,844,836
Cash in segregated account	29,219	0	0	0	29,219
Receivables (net):					
Taxes	5,160,667	0	0	0	5,160,667
Payments in lieu of taxes	0	0	644,000	0	644,000
Special assessments	0	0	183,342	0	183,342
Accounts	259,964	10,257	0	0	270,221
Intergovernmental	198,866	27,091	0	294,350	520,307
Interfund loan receivable	6,925	0	0	0	6,925
Prepaid items	17,682	0	0	4,018	21,700
Inventory	287,485	0	0	0	287,485
Advances to other funds	492,378	0	Ő	0	492,378
Restricted assets:	472,576	U	0	U	472,570
Funds on deposit for unclaimed monies	16,907	0	0	0	16,907
Funds on deposit for performance bonds	10,507	U	0	U	10,707
and plan review fees	20,061	0	0	0	20,061
	20,001			·	
Total assets =	\$11,328,606	\$570,079	\$1,054,722	\$544,641	\$13,498,048
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$193,086	\$33,556	\$1,100	\$2,018	\$229,760
Contracts payable	0	27,091	0	0	27,091
Accrued wages and benefits payable	588,975	0	0	4,421	593,396
Accrued workers compensation payable	221,952	0	0	0	221,952
Intergovernmental payable	39,366	0	12,006	0	51,372
Interfund loan payable	0	0	0	6,925	6,925
Undistributed monies payable	22,406	0	0	0,725	22,406
Unclaimed monies payable	16,907	0	0	0	16,907
Claims payable	51,555	0	0	0	51,555
Advances from other funds	0	0	0	492,378	492,378
Advances from other runds	<u> </u>	·		492,378	492,378
Total liabilities	1,134,247	60,647	13,106	505,742	1,713,742
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Municipal income tax	1,293,805	0	0	0	1,293,805
Property tax	983,674	0	0	0	983,674
Payments in lieu of tax	0	0	644,000	0	644,000
Intergovernmental revenue	151,961	23,854	0	248,565	424,380
Special assessments	0	0	183,342	0	183,342
Other revenue	222,281	10,257	0	0	232,538
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,651,721	34,111	827,342	248,565	3,761,739
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	797,545	0	0	0	797,545
Restricted	191,545	475,321	208,806	283,229	967,356
Assigned	611,155	475,521	5,468	203,229	616,623
Unassigned	6,133,938	0	0	(492,895)	5,641,043
Total fund balances (deficit)	7,542,638	475,321	214,274	(209,666)	8,022,567
	1,042,000	475,521	214,274	(203,000)	0,044,007
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	B11 000 70-	0000.000	01 0C1 70-	6-11-11	din 400.040
and fund balances	\$11,328,606	\$570,079	\$1,054,722	\$544,641	\$13,498,048

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total governmental fund balances	\$8,022,567
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	42,454,377
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	-,,
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	2,180,239
Some liabilities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	(759,298)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(3,920,985)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(1,513)
Net position of governmental activities	\$47,975,387

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Northwest Business TIF Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Municipal income taxes	\$13,064,120	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,064,120
Property and other taxes	1,196,487	0	0	0	1,196,487
Payments in lieu of taxes	0	0	668,004	0	668,004
Special assessments	3,956	0	186,211	0	190,167
Intergovernmental	1,132,633	138,327	0	748,216	2,019,176
Charges for services	493,352	0	0	0	493,352
Fines and forfeitures	244,460	0	0	3,520	247,980
Fees, licenses and permits	390,908	0	0	8,433	399,341
Interest	7,630	0	309	0	7,939
Other	500,105	2,747	170,000	22,058	694,910
Total revenues	17,033,651	141,074	1,024,524	782,227	18,981,476
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property	8,582,119	0	0	186,553	8,768,672
Public health services	340,843	0	0	14,925	355,768
Leisure time activities	1,417,538	0	0	7,511	1,425,049
Community environment	550,565	0	0	43,245	593,810
Transportation	1,135,490	0	0	297,819	1,433,309
General government	3,486,561	0	749,666	0	4,236,227
Capital outlay	311,707	862,672	0	620,000	1,794,379
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	8,437	45,015	80,669	466,365	600,486
Interest and fiscal charges	442	1,617	157,528	27,676	187,263
Total expenditures	15,833,702	909,304	987,863	1,664,094	19,394,963
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,199,949	(768,230)	36,661	(881,867)	(413,487)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers-in	0	1,000,000	0	441,289	1,441,289
Transfers-out	(1,441,289)	0	0	0	(1,441,289)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,441,289)	1,000,000	0	441,289	0
Net change in fund balances	(241,340)	231,770	36,661	(440,578)	(413,487)
Beginning fund balances	7,783,978	243,551	177,613	230,912	8,436,054
Ending fund balances (deficit)	\$7,542,638	\$475,321	\$214,274	(\$209,666)	\$8,022,567

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		(\$413,487)	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:			
Capital asset additions, not being depreciated Capital asset additions, being depreciated Depreciation expense	125,253 1,712,180 (1,996,814)	(159,381)	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, disposal) is to decrease net capital assets:			
Capital asset deletions, not being depreciated Capital asset deletions, being depreciated Accumulated depreciation Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,061,916) (538,234) 503,004 (35,230)	(1,132,376)	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(79,322)	
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		600,486	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		33,664	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as accrued interest do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The net effect is reported.) -	786	
Change in net position of governmental activities	_	(\$1,149,630)	
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements			

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues: Municipal income taxes	¢17 160 404	¢12 275 494	\$13,321,894	\$46,410
	\$13,168,484	\$13,275,484		
Property and other taxes	1,202,000	1,202,000	1,238,959	36,959
Special assessments	2,000	2,000	3,956	1,956
Intergovernmental	536,300	1,286,300	1,202,540	(83,760)
Charges for services	431,000	481,000	506,231	25,231
Fines and forfeitures	245,000	245,000	237,639	(7,361)
Fees, licenses and permits	357,100	357,100	390,908	33,808
Interest	14,000	14,000	7,630	(6,370)
Other	186,600	386,600	527,302	140,702
Total revenues	16,142,484	17,249,484	17,437,059	187,575
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property	9,152,010	9,072,010	8,697,432	374,578
Public health services	356,449	362,449	343,345	19,104
Leisure time activities	1,661,214	1,621,214	1,430,584	190,630
Community environment	592,032	622,032	570,954	51,078
Transportation	1,242,757	1,262,757	1,128,820	133,937
General government	3,965,540	4,174,477	3,914,118	260,359
Capital outlay	377,000	537,000	404,520	132,480
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	8,437	8,437	8,437	0
Interest	442	442	442	0
Total expenditures	17,355,881	17,660,818	16,498,652	1,162,166
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,213,397)	(411,334)	938,407	1,349,741
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers-in	4,955	4,955	4,955	0
Transfers-out	(1,793,289)	(1,441,289)	(1,441,289)	0
Advances-in	2,862	2,862	2,862	0
Advances-out	(1,862)	(6,925)	(6,925)	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,787,334)	(1,440,397)	(1,440,397)	0
Net change in fund balance	(3,000,731)	(1,851,731)	(501,990)	1,349,741
Beginning fund balance	5,120,061	5,120,061	5,120,061	0
Prior year encumbrances	79,553	79,553	79,553	0
Ending fund balance	\$2,198,883	\$3,347,883	\$4,697,624	\$1,349,741

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2013

Agency
\$130
\$130
\$130
\$130

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

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The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City of Springdale, Ohio, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

1. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*", in that the financial statements include all the funds and activity of the primary government. The primary government consists of all the organizations, activities, and functions that are not legally separate from the City. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City would consider an organization to be a component unit if:

- 1. The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's body; and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on the City; or
- 2. The organization is fiscally dependent upon the City; or
- 3. The nature of the relationship between the City and the organization is such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial statements misleading.

Based on above, potential component units were considered for inclusion, the City has no component units.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the City at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, but interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to assist financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The City's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City utilizes governmental funds and a fiduciary fund.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The City maintains records showing revenues, expenditures, and encumbrances to assure legal and accounting compliance and to assure that budgetary authority is not exceeded. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its residents. Municipal income tax, general tax revenues, as well as other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the City are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> – This capital projects fund is used to account for various capital projects financed by governmental funds and to account for capital grants obtained from outside sources.

<u>Northwest Business District Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund</u> - This capital projects fund is used to account for the activity regarding the Northwest Business District TIF Project, including the issuance and payment of debt, as well as public improvements.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources that are generally restricted to a particular purpose.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a trustee or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other units of government. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: agency funds, pension trust funds, investment trust funds, and private purpose trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City's fiduciary fund consists only of an agency fund that accounts for the collection and payments associated with the Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessments on building permits.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the source (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Government fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Accounting basis determines when transactions and economic events are reflected in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City received value without directly giving equal value in return, include income tax, admissions tax, occupancy tax, property tax, payments in lieu of taxes, special assessments, cable franchise fees, state levied taxes, grants, and entitlements. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state-levied taxes, grants, and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available (either in-part or in-full) at year-end: income tax, admissions tax, transient occupancy tax, certain reimbursements, certain charges for services, estate tax, joint economic development district tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax), license and permit fees, and grants.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet each report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The following transactions recorded a receivable and deferred inflows of resources (either in-part or in-full) at year-end: municipal income tax, transient occupancy tax, property and other taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, and miscellaneous.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgets and the Budgetary Process

The budgetary process, prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter, entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. This includes the preparation of the tax budget, a certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation/estimated receipts ordinance, all of which are prepared on the non-GAAP budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation/estimated receipts ordinance may be amended by councilmanic action throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The City adopts a budget and approves appropriations for all funds. The legal level of budgetary control is defined as the level at which City Council must approve any over-expenditure of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts. City Council must approve any increase or decrease in appropriations and estimated receipts. The legal level of budgetary control for the general fund is at the departmental level (personal services and all other expenditures) and all other funds are at the fund level (personal services and all other expenditures). Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of detailed line item budgets. For 2013, all appropriations were approved as required and all funds and departments completed the year within the legally authorized appropriations.

A tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1, and as part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must prepare

its annual budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation ordinance.

On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is received or actual receipts exceed current estimated receipts. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect as final budget the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources.

<u>Appropriations</u> - A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period from January 1 to March 31. The annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance may be supplemented during the year by councilmanic action, as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the modified accrual basis, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported within assigned fund balance.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

<u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u> – While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual (presented for the general fund) is presented on a budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- * Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP),
- * Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP),
- * Year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than assigned fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

	Net Change in Fund Balance - General Fund
GAAP Basis	(\$241,340)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	18,375
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(114,553)
2012 prepaid items for 2013	14,098
2013 prepaid items for 2014	(17,682)
Encumbrances	(160,888)
Budget basis	(\$501,990)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is pooled and invested short-term for cash management purposes. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. The City reports cash in segregated account, which represents the year-end balance of Mayor's Court activity.

The City's investment and depository policy is based on the Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 135, and includes the following objectives and general guidelines:

- * Preservation of capital and protection of principal while earning investment interest,
- * Investments are to remain liquid to meet reasonable anticipated operating requirements,
- * Investment instruments shall be purchased for the safety of capital as well as the income to be derived and never for speculation, and
- * Manage bank account relations to secure adequate services while minimizing costs.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectable.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments made to vendors for services that will benefit subsequent periods are recorded as prepaid items. On government-wide and fund financial statements, prepaid items are presented based on the consumption method, whereas an asset is recognized at year-end for the value of the prepayment remaining and the expense/expenditures are reflected in the year in which services are consumed. On the fund financial statements, prepaid items are equally offset as nonspenable fund balance, which indicates that the prepaid items do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented based on the consumption method at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption,

Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. Governmental capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. For purposes of financial reporting, only capital assets valued at \$5,000 or more are reported. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received, if valued at \$5,000 or more. The City's infrastructure consists of sewer lines, streets, traffic signals, sidewalks, parks, and construction in progress. Improvements are capitalized if value is added and the life of the asset is materially extended; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except land, real estate held for development, right of way easements (infrastructure), and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	15 - 60 years
Improvements other than building	10 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	15 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years
Infrastructure	15-100 years

Interest Income

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to the Ohio Revised Code and City Ordinance. The Ohio Revised Code requires interest to be credited to the general fund, however, the City passes legislation allowing interest to be allocated to the applicable funds based on the principal balance. Total interest revenue during 2013 was \$7,939. Total interest credited to the general fund during 2013 was \$7,630, which includes \$188 assigned from other funds.

Payments In Lieu Of Taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes represent service payments received from the Hamilton County Auditor in lieu of property taxes, based on the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Service Agreement, for the purpose of making Northwest Business District Tax Increment Financing - Phase I bond payments and other applicable expenditures.

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent amounts received from the Hamilton County Auditor based on the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Service Agreement. As part of the Pictoria Island Service Agreement, Phase II, long term bonds were issued by the Greater Cincinnati Port Authority (Port). Phase II of the agreement covers an office tower as well as the adjacent parking garage. The special assessments were levied based on lost service payments as a result of the parking garage becoming a public purpose parcel and therefore the TIF value was decreased to \$0. The special assessments were levied on the tenants of the office tower to make up the shortfall in service payments. When the special assessments are received from the County Auditor at settlement, the amount is then remitted to the Port bond trustee in accordance with the Service Agreement. Special assessments were also collected as a result of unpaid amounts owed by residents for grass cutting services performed. Billings are sent to the resident owners. If payment is not received within 30 days, a special assessment is levied on property taxes through the Hamilton County Auditor's Office. On the statement of activities, special assessments at December 31, 2013 are \$187,509.

Restricted Assets

The statement of net position and the balance sheet, general fund, report amounts that are restricted for a specific use. These are amounts on deposit for unclaimed monies, performance bonds and plan review fees.

Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements balance sheet, long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to other funds/advances from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. Also on the fund financial statements balance sheet, short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable/interfund loan payable". These amounts are also eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Accumulated vacation leave must be used by year-end.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at fiscal year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's personnel manual. At year-end 2013, a compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements as long-term liabilities.

For governmental funds, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. In prior years, the liability for compensated absences has been liquidated from the general fund, street construction, maintenance and repair fund, and the state highway fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. The City has not reported a compensated absences liability in the fund financial statements at year-end 2013.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Contractually required pension contributions are fully recognized in the fund financial statements when due.

Net Position

On the statement of net position, net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted for other purposes is comprised of net position restricted for non-capital grants and other applicable special revenue funds. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Of the City's \$1,438,325 restricted net position, \$0 is restricted for enabling legislation.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes advances to/from other funds.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinance).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party (such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary) to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by an ordinance of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance may be redirected for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue: therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City had no amounts reported as committed fund balance at December 31, 2013.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or the Finance Director, by policy as needed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as transfers, and are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the statement of activities, but the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. On the fund financial statements, long-term outstanding interfund loans are reported as "Advances to other funds" and "Advances from other funds". Advances to/from other funds are classified as nonspendable fund balance, which indicates they are not in spendable form even though they are a component of net current assets. The short-term outstanding interfund loans are reported as "Interfund loan receivable" and "Interfund loan payable". Interfund loan receivable/payable are classified as assigned fund balance. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are as follows:

Fund Balance	General Fund	Capital Improve- ments Fund	Northwest Business TIF Fund	Nonmajor Govern- mental Funds	Total
Nonspenable:	£400.078	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$492,378
Advances to other funds	\$492,378				
Prepaid items	17,682	0	0	0	17,682
Inventory	287,485	0_	0	0	287,485
Total nonspendable	797,545	0	0	0	797,545
Restricted for:					and the
Capital improvements	0	475,321	0	0	475,321
Debt service	0	0	208,806	447	209,253
Operating grants	0	0	0	44,772	44,772
Road maintenance	0	0	0	182,713	182,713
Law enforcement	0	0	0	42,869	42,869
Leisure time activities	0	0	0	8,028	8,028
Community environment	0	0	0	4,400	4,400
Total restricted	0	475,321	208,806	283,229	967,356
Assigned to:					50.545
Health insurance	58,114	0	0	0	58,114
Liability insurance	412,914	0	0	0	412,914
Other purposes	140,127	0	5,468	0	145,595
Total assigned	611,155	0	5,468	0	616,623
Unassigned	6,133,938	0	0	(492,895)	5,641,043
Total fund balance	\$7,542,638	\$475,321	\$214,274	(\$209,666)	\$8,022,567

4. FUND DEFICITS

The capital projects, Tri-County Mall tax increment financing fund, and the special revenue, residential recycling fund, at December 31, 2013 included fund deficits of \$492,378 and \$517, respectively. These are due to the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting which are greater than expenditures recorded on the cash basis. The general fund is liable for fund deficits and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund has an equity interest in this account. Monies of substantially all funds of the City are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts and in short-term investments. The provisions of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) and City Ordinance govern the investment and deposit of City monies. In accordance with these provisions, only banks located in Ohio and domestic building and loan associations are eligible to hold public deposits.

Ohio law requires the classification of funds held by the City into the following category:

Interim funds – those funds not needed for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. The City's investment policy allows interim funds to be invested in the following:

- * Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest thereon;
- * Bonds, notes, debentures or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency, or the export-import bank of Washington;
- * The Clerk of Council/Finance Director may enter into a repurchase agreement with any eligible institution mentioned in the ORC Section 135.03 and confirmed by Council, under the terms of which agreement the Clerk of Council/Finance Director purchases for the City, and such institution agrees unconditionally to repurchase any of the securities listed (in the investment policy) that will mature or are redeemable within five (5) years from the date of purchase;
- * Certificates of deposit of eligible depositories, which may provide (and if so, shall be shown on its face) that the amount of such deposit is payable upon written notice a specified period before the date of the repayment maturity;
- * Insured deposit amounts in eligible depositories paying interest at a rate greater than the interest rate paid on the City's active deposits; and
- * Star Ohio, an investment pool managed by the Treasurer of the State.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the City or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities the face value of which is at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the bank balance of \$6,105,907, \$1,029,796 was covered by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount, \$5,076,111 was covered by provided collateral and not subject to custodial credit risk. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money have been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements would potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The City has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the City or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposite being secured.

Investments

The City had no items classified as investments at December 31, 2013.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that an investment's value will change as interest rates change. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk, but as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by changing interest rates, the City attempts, to the extent possible, to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a debtor's non-payment of debt. The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk. The City limits their investments to those authorized by the City investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the City or at least registered in the name of the City. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

6. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end consist primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues, payments in lieu of taxes, special assessments, grants, and accounts.

Property taxes

The assessed valuation of property within the City subject to the levy of ad valorem taxes includes real property and public utility tangible personal property. The City's property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Auditor and are remitted to the City on a periodic basis. The full tax rate for all City operations for the year-ended December 31, 2013 was \$3.08 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility tangible personal property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property – 2012 Assessed Valuation	\$315,474,370
Public Utility Tangible Personal Property - 2012 Assessed Valuation	10,590,730
Total	\$326,065,100

Property taxes receivable represent real property taxes, public utility property taxes, and outstanding delinquencies, which are measurable as of December 31, 2013. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, the City recognizes property taxes as deferred inflows of resources since the first settlement date is more than thirty-one days after year-end and does not meet the availability criteria for recognition of revenue and because the taxes are not intended to finance current operations.

Real property taxes collected in any calendar year are generally levied on assessed values as of January 1 of the preceding year according to the following calendar:

Lien date	January 1, 2012
Levy date - first half	December 31, 2012
First installment payment due	January 31, 2013
Levy date - second half	March 31, 2013
Second installment payment due	June 20, 2013

Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at no more than 35% of appraised market value. The laws of the State of Ohio require that all property be revalued every six years and any time the County Auditor finds that true or taxable value thereof has changed, and in the third calendar year following the year in which a sexennial reappraisal is completed as ordered by the State Commissioner of Tax Equalization. Real property last experienced a sex-tennial reappraisal during 2011 with the results affecting collections beginning in 2012.

Public utilities property taxes collected in any calendar year are those levied on assessed values as of December 31 of the preceding year. Certain tangible personal property of public utilities is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Real property of public utilities is currently assessed at 35% of true value. Property taxes on public utilities are subject to the same calendar as real property taxes, which are described above.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County. The County Auditor remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected as advances and at settlement twice a year. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of year-end for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at year-end, nor were they levied to finance current year operations. The receivable is offset by deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position and the balance sheet, with the exception of delinquencies, which are presented as property tax revenue.

Income Taxes

In 2013, the City levied a municipal income tax of 1.5% on substantially all earnings (qualified wages and other personal service compensation) of its residents working both in and out of the City and to earnings of nonresidents working within the City. In conjunction with a mandadory filing requirement, the City allows a credit for applicable income taxes paid to other governments up to 100% of the City's tax rate.

The municipal income tax also applies to net income of business conducted in the City. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City on a quarterly basis. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are encouraged to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

Income tax proceeds are used to provide for general municipal operations, maintenance, new equipment, extension and enlargement of municipal services and facilities, permanent improvements of the City, and the discharge of principal and interest of obligations for permanent improvements.

Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the principle items of intergovernmental receivables is as follows:

Local government	\$129,000
Gasoline tax	198,500
License tax	79,000
Homestead/rollback	31,000
Grants	43,941
Other	38,866
Total	\$520,307

7. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Loan Receivable/Payable

Interfund loan asset and liability balances reflected by fund at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Interfund Loan Receivable	Interfund Loan Payable	Amount
General fund	Grants fund	\$6,925

The special revenue, grants fund is a non-major fund. Interfund loans were the result of cash flow needs within the fund.

Advances To/From Other Funds

A previous year's interfund loan was made from the general fund to the capital projects fund Tri-County Mall tax increment financing fund. This loan was made regarding the East Kemper Road at Tri-County Mall Road Improvements project and will be repaid to the general fund when service payments are received. At the time, it was believed the interfund loan would be repaid within a year, but since has been determined this should be shown as long-term advances on the fund financial statements. Following is a schedule of advances to/from other funds:

Advances To Other Funds	Advances From Other Funds	Amount
General fund	Capital projects, Tri-County Mall TIF fund	\$492,378

The capital projects, Tri-County Mall TIF fund, is a nonmajor fund.

Transfers In/Transfers Out

In 2013, the City had the following interfund transfers:

Transfer-Out Fund	Transfer-In Fund	Amount
General fund	Capital projects, community center debt fund	\$425,289
General fund	Special revenue, residential recycling fund	16,000
		441,289
General fund	Capital projects, capital improvements fund	1,000,000
		\$1,441,289

The capital projects, community center debt fund, and the special revenue, residential recycling fund are nonmajor funds. The capital projects, capital improvements fund is a major fund. All transfer activity was the result of cash flow needs within the fund.

On the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, budget and actual, general fund, \$4,955 was transferred in from the unclaimed money fund. On the GAAP basis, the activity in the unclaimed money fund is reflected in the general fund. Therefore, this transfer was eliminated on the GAAP basis statements.

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity is summarized below:

Governmental Activities	Balance 1/1/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/13
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,944,739	\$0	\$0	\$1,944,739
Real estate held for development	442,910	0	0	442,910
Infrastructure – right of way	279,752	0	0	279,752
Construction in progress	1,121,669	125,253	(1,061,916)	185,006
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,789,070	125,253	(1,061,916)	2,852,407
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	19,781,607	20,524	(18,020)	19,784,111
Improvements other than building	2,523,354	47,644	(26,405)	2,544,593
Machinery and equipment	1,578,343	238,627	(91,458)	1,725,512
Furniture and fixtures	36,582	0	0	36,582
Vehicles	3,684,238	212,810	(334,457)	3,562,591
Infrastructure	53,587,202	1,192,575	(67,894)	54,711,883
Total capital assets being depreciated	81,191,326	1,712,180	(538,234)	82,365,272
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(6,391,164)	(348,981)	5,406	(6,734,739)
Improvements other than building	(1,645,573)	(93,609)	25,085	(1,714,097)
Machinery and equipment	(1,311,702)	(69,647)	86,885	(1,294,464)
Furniture and fixtures	(17,138)	(1,953)	0	(19,091)
Vehicles	(2,611,807)	(173,913)	317,734	(2,467,986)
Infrastructure	(29,292,108)	(1,308,711)	67,894	(30,532,925)
Total accumulated depreciation	(41,269,492)	(1,996,814)	503,004	(42,763,302)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	39,921,834	(284,634)	(35,230)	39,601,970
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$43,710,904	(\$159,381)	(\$1,097,146)	\$42,454,377

In 2013, depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Security of persons and property	\$230,115
Leisure time activities	241,667
Community environment	2,853
Transportation	1,270,366
General government	251,813
	\$1,996,814
	and the second sec

9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation Leave

Full-time City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon years of service. Those employees under union contract are compensated at year-end for any unused vacation if requested by the employee. Vacation leave balances are not carried over to the next year.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

Full-time City employees earn sick leave at the rate of ten hours per month, provided that in each month, one hundred hours were worked. Sick leave balances at year-end are carried over to the next year. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 1,600 hours. Employees are compensated at year-end for sick leave balances over 1,600 (paid out at one-half the hours over 1,600). At retirement, an employee (or the employee's estate in the case of an employee's death) is paid for the accumulated sick leave hours as follows:

Hours of Sick Leave		Conversion Rate
1 to 400		No conversion
	401 to 800	3 to 1 conversion
	801 to 1,200	2 to 1 conversion
	1,201 to 1,600	1 to 1 conversion

Compensatory Time

Compensatory time can only be accumulated by full-time employees for hours worked in excess of their regular schedule. Compensatory hours are compensated at a rate of one and one-half times the employees regular pay rate. Compensatory time balances at year-end are carried over to the next year. For non-union employees, the maximum balance of compensatory time to be accumulated at any given time is sixty-eight hours. Employees of the fire department under union contract can accrue and use up to a balance of seventy-two hours in a calendar year. Employees of the police department under union contract can accrue and use up to a balance of one hundred hours in a calendar year.

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A schedule of changes in bonds and other long-term obligations of the City during the current year is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 1-1-13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12-31-13	Amount Due Within A Year
General obligation bonds:					
Community center expansion bonds – Series 2012	\$1,900,000	\$0	(\$400,000)	\$1,500,000	\$400,000
Total general obligation bonds	1,900,000	0	(400,000)	1,500,000	400,000
Tax increment financing phase I revenue bonds	2,387,909	0	(80,669)	2,307,240	85,764
Capital leases	233,562	0	(119,817)	113,745	113,745
Compensated absences	771,766	837,577	(850,045)	759,298	141,957
Total governmental activities	\$5,293,237	\$837,577	(\$1,450,531)	\$4,680,283	\$741,466

Community Center Expansion General Obligation Bonds - Series 2012

The City issued \$1,900,000 of Community Center Expansion General Obligation Bonds – Series 2012 dated October 25, 2012. The bonds were issued for the purpose of retiring Series 2002 bonds through a current refunding private placement. The 2002 bonds were issued for the purpose of paying the cost of constructing, furnishing and equipping additions and renovations to the Municipal Community Center, and paying related costs, under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio and the Uniform Public Securities Law of the Ohio Revised Code and by virtue of ordinances duly adopted by Council. The bonds bear interest at the rate of 1.21% and mature on December 1, 2017. For the fiscal year 2013, principal or interest payments were made in the amount of \$400,000 and \$25,289 respectively.

Tax Increment Financing, Pictoria Island - Phase I Revenue Bonds

The City issued \$3,040,000 of Pictoria Island Phase I Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Revenue Bonds dated September 14, 2000. The bonds retired notes that were issued for the construction of infrastructure and a man-made lake in the Northwest Business District (Pictoria Island) TIF area. The bonds mature September 1, 2029 and bear interest at the rate of 6.70%. The City has pledged future service payments (payments in lieu of taxes) received from the owners of the property under the TIF agreement to repay the bond principal and interest. The service payments are based on the incremental value of improvements made to the property under the agreement. If at any time a shortfall exists in the fund making the bond payments, the developers of the property are liable for the shortfall amount. The service payments, and anticipated shortfall payments, are projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,744,884 payable through September 2029. For fiscal year 2013, principal and interest payments made and total service payments and shortfall received were \$238,197 and \$251,908, respectively. The liability at

December 31, 2013 for the TIF – Phase 1 Revenue Bonds Payable is \$2,307,240 and is presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at year-end are as follows:

Year-Ending December 31	General Obligation Bonds		TIF Reven	ue Bonds
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$400,000	\$18,150	\$85,764	\$152,434
2015	400,000	13,310	91,690	146,508
2016	400,000	8,470	98,025	140,173
2017	300,000	3,630	104,798	133,400
2018	0	0	112,039	126,159
2019-2023	0	0	687,586	503,403
2024-2028	0	0	960,310	230,680
2029	0	0	167,028	4,887
Total	\$1,500,000	\$43,560	\$2,307,240	\$1,437,644

Under the current City Charter, the City's 2013 general obligation bonded debt was subject to a legal limitation of \$32,736,836, based on 10.5 percent of the total assessed value of real and public utility tangible personal property located within the City.

Tax Increment Financing, Pictoria Island - Phase II

As part of the Pictoria Island Service Agreement, Phase II, long term bonds were issued by the Greater Cincinnati Port Authority (Port). Phase II of the agreement covers an office tower as well as the adjacent parking garage. Under the service agreement, when the Phase II service payments are received from Hamilton County at settlement, the amounts are remitted to the Port bond trustee. The City has no other responsibility regarding the issuance of the bonds.

11. LEASES

The City's lease obligations that meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases", have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under capital lease, and the present value of the minimum lease payments:

Year Ending December 31	
2014	\$115,769
Total minimum lease payments	115,769
Less: amount representing interest	(2,024)
Present value of minimum lease	\$113,745

The leased assets have been capitalized for the amount of the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease. \$349,853 represents the amount of capital assets under capital lease obligation at December 31, 2013. In 2013, \$8,437 was paid from the general fund as principal retirement, \$45,015 was paid from the capital improvements fund as principal retirement, and \$66,365 was paid from the street construction, maintenance and repair fund as principal retirement. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service in the fund financial statements and on the budgetary basis.

12. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Substantially all City employees, other than full-time fire and police personnel, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

The Traditional Pension Plan - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

The Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The Combined Plan - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS at 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan. The 2013 member contribution rates were 10% of covered payroll for members in state and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed 12% and 12.6%, respectively. Effective January 1, 2014, the member contribution rates for public safety and law enforcement members increased to 12% and 13%, respectively.

The 2013 employer contribution rate for state and local employers was 14% of covered payroll. The law enforcement and public safety division employer contribution rate was 18.10% of covered payroll. The City's contributions (employer share) to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$536,713, \$526,463, \$520,157, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

All full-time police officers and firefighters participate in the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

From January 1, 2013 thru July 1, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10% of the their annual covered salary. From July 2, 2013 thru December 31, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2013, employers were required to contribute 19.5% and 24.0% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions (employer share) to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$963,294, \$914,274, and \$898,883, respectively, or 53% of the required contributions for 2013, 57% of the required contributions for 2012 and 62% of the required contributions for 2011.

13. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan - a cost sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan - a defined contribution plan; and the Combined plan - a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits other than Pension".

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide the OPEB Plan to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend the OPEB Plan is provided in Chapter 145 of the ORC. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <u>https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml</u>, by writing to OPERS at 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care coverage through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care coverage. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14% of covered payroll and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the ORC. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The OPERS' Post Employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1% during calendar year 2013. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1% during calendar year 2013. Effective January 1, 2014, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was raised to 2% for both plans, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependants and the coverage selected.

The rates stated above are the contractually required contribution rates for OPERS. The employer contributions actually made by the City to fund post-employment benefits for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$38,321, \$150,410, and \$148,609, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions.

Changes to the heath care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by the OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits other than Pension".

The ORC allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the ORC. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. The report is also available on

OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The ORC provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The ORC states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 Trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an IRS Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the ORC to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 4.69% of covered payroll from January 1, 2013 thru May 31, 2013 and 2.85% of covered payroll from June 1, 2013 thru December 31, 2013. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Of the City's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, \$164,186, \$573,250, and \$563,599, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.

14. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Deferred Compensation Plan

City employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan ("Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary, payroll deduction basis. Under the Plan, employees can defer up to \$11,000 annually until a future time (usually after retirement). The deferred amounts as well as any income earned related to the deferral are not subject to federal or state income tax until actually received by the employee. The Plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the Plan, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Plan agreement states that the City and the Plan have no liability for losses under the Plan with the exception of fraud or wrongful taking. The Deferred Compensation Plan assets are placed in trust for the sole benefit of employees or other beneficiaries. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code, Section 457, Deferred Compensation Plans", these amounts are not reflected on the City's financial statements.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

Property Insurance Program

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance. Effective June 1, 1991, the City joined the Miami Valley Risk Management Association (MVRMA), a property and casualty pooling arrangement. MVRMA's deductible is \$2,500 per community per occurrence. MVRMA retains responsibility for the payment of claims within specified self-insured retention limits prior to the application of coverage provided by excess reinsurance contracts. MVRMA's per-occurrence retention limit for property was \$250,000 with the exception of boiler and machinery for which there was a \$10,000 to \$350,000 per-occurrence retention limit. General liability had a per-occurrence retention limit of \$10,000,000 in 2013. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Workers Compensation Program

The City pays the state Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Health and Dental Insurance Program

Health insurance coverage is offered to employees through a self-funded insurance plan. Under this program, coverage is provided for up to \$100,000 per covered person. The plan is offered to local governments state-wide through the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA) located in Steubenville, Ohio, and administered by United Healthcare of Ohio. The City joined this plan effective August 1, 2010. The City accounts for this activity in the general fund (premium payments are made on a monthly basis).

Premium payments are made based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay claims and actual amounts needed to pay fixed costs (premiums for stop-loss coverage, medical conversion, and administrative fees and services). OME-RESA's independent advisor has determined that \$47,926 is a good and sufficient provision for incurred but not reported health claims as of December 31, 2013. This amount is non-discounted and is based on historical claims experience.

Also, the City provides a self-funded dental plan with coverage ranging from 50 percent to 100 percent depending on the type of dental services performed. A third party administrator (Dental Care Plus) reviews all claims which then are paid by the City. There is a monthly charge for employees enrolled in the dental plan. The liability for incurred but not reported dental claims as of December 31, 2013 is \$3,629.

The total health and dental claims liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims.

Following are reconciliations of the changes in aggregate liabilities for claims payable for the past two years for the health and dental insurance programs:

Health Insurance	2013	2012
Claims payable, beginning of the year	\$181,281	\$705,508
Claims incurred during the year	966,737	430,461
Claim payments during the year	(1,100,092)	(954,688)
Claims payable, end of year	\$47,926	\$181,281
Dental Insurance	2013	2012
Claims payable, beginning of the year	\$3,931	\$7,516
Claims incurred during the year	91,025	104,390
Claim payments during the year	(91,327)	(107,975)
Claims payable, end of year	\$3,629	\$3,931

The total liability for claims payable at December 31, 2013 is \$51,555.

16. JOINT VENTURES

Miami Valley Risk Management Association

The cities and other entity of Beavercreek, Bellbrook, Blue Ash, Centerville, Englewood, Indian Hill, Kettering, Madeira, Mason, Miamisburg, Montgomery, Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), Piqua, Sidney, Springdale, Tipp City, Troy, Vandalia, West Carrollton, Wilmington, and Wyoming, have entered a joint venture for the purpose of providing various types of insurance coverage. This association is organized as an Ohio not-for-profit corporation operating under the name of Miami Valley Risk Management Association (MVRMA). The association exists for the public purpose of enabling its member political subdivisions to obtain insurance coverage, provide methods for paying claims, and provide a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance pool. In addition to the self-insurance pool, the Association provides risk management services, loss prevention programs, and various other educational materials.

MVRMA was incorporated December 1, 1988 under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code and is governed by a twenty-one member Board of Trustees, consisting of a trustee appointed by each of the member subdivisions with each trustee having a single vote. The Board of Trustees elects the officers of the corporation, and is responsible for its own financial matters including budgeting. The City exercises no significant influence over the Board of Trustees and there is no liability on the part of the City for MVRMA's fiscal matters. MVRMA issues a stand-alone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 4625 Presidential Way, Kettering, Ohio, 45429 or by calling (937) 438-8878.

MVRMA maintains excess reinsurance contracts with insurance carriers who provide various limits of coverage over MVRMA's self-insured retention limits. For the year-ended December 31, 2013, MVRMA purchased the following types of insurance/reinsurance in excess of its self-insurance retention:

General liability	\$10,000,000 per occurrence
Automobile liability	10,000,000 per occurrence
Public officials liability	10,000,000 per occurrence and annual aggregate
Property (excluding flood and earthquake)	1,000,000,000 per occurrence
Property – flood and earthquake	25,000,000 per occurrence and annual aggregate
Boiler and machinery	100,000,000 per occurrence
Cyber coverage	100,000 per occurrence
Pollution liability	100,000 pollution condition, 750,000 underground storage tank

MVRMA has established a Shock Loss Fund (SLF) to replace the aggregate stop-loss policy. Each year a moving target equal to the annual loss fund is established. MVRMA members will fund approximately 15% of that amount annually with the expectation that over a period of time, the balance of the SLF will be equivalent to the current year's annual loss fund. Contributions to the SLF will be recorded with separate accounting designed to preserve each member municipality's percentage ownership. Each member's SLF balance will be reviewed annually in conjunction with MVRMA's preliminary budget process. Any member whose balance is equivalent to its upcoming annual loss fund contribution will not be required to make an additional deposit. Unless otherwise waived by the MVRMA Board, any member whose balance falls below its targeted amount, will be required to contribute the amount needed to reach the targeted amount or 15% of the annual loss year contribution, whichever is less.

There was no joint venture debt at December 31, 2013. MVRMA was created to enable its members to share risk, and it is reasonably possible that MVRMA, Inc. may make additional assessments to the City. The pool contribution factors at December 31, 2013 are: Beavercreek - 5.8%, Bellbrook - 1.2%, Blue Ash - 6.87%, Centerville - 4.49%, Englewood - 3.41%, Indian Hill - 3.36%, Kettering - 11.80%, Maderia - 1.89%, Mason - 6.65%, Miamisburg - 8.22%, Montgomery - 3.08%, NAWA - .30%, Piqua - 6.1%, Sidney - 6.71%, Springdale - 3.95%, Tipp City - 2.78%, Troy - 7.09%, Vandalia - 4.67%, West Carolton - 3.21%, Wilmington - 5.67%, Wyoming - 2.75%.

Total assets	\$19,242,277	
Total liabilities	\$6,439,173	
Total net position	12,803,104	
Total liabilities and net position	\$19,242,277	
Total operating revenues	\$4,171,048	
Total non-operating revenues	262,787	
Total revenue	4,433,835 3,999,565	
Total expenses		
Change in net position	434,270	
Beginning net position	12,368,834 \$12,803,104	
Ending net position		

A summary of audited financial information for MVRMA as of December 31, 2012, the latest information available, is presented below:

Joint Economic Development District

In 2009, a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) was created between West Chester Township, the City of Fairfield, and the City of Springdale. The purpose of the JEDD is to encourage economic development and job creation for the designated JEDD district. The JEDD district is comprised of 43 acres located at the northwest corner of Union Center Boulevard and Cincinnati-Dayton Road in West Chester Township, Ohio.

A 1% income tax was enacted effective September 15, 2009 covering the JEDD district. The income tax is administered by the City of Fairfield. The City of Springdale is involved based on the loss of income tax revenue due to a portion of Springdale's largest employer leaving Springdale and locating to the JEDD District.

The City of Springdale receives funding under the JEDD for a total of 10 years, at 7% of the net distribution. The City began receiving JEDD distributions in January of 2010. The amounts received from the JEDD are recorded to the general fund as intergovernmental revenue. A total of \$107,838 was recorded as revenue in 2013. The distribution of funds under the JEDD is as follows:

Distribution of Gross Tax:

5% Service fee for collection to the City of Fairfield 2% Escrow account for payment of refunds

93% Net Distribution

<u>Net Distribution:</u> 83% West Chester Township 10% City of Fairfield 7% City of Springdale

17. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2013, the City had the following construction commitment with respect to capital improvement projects:

		Amount	Remaining
	Contract	Paid at	Construction
Project	Amount	12/31/13	Commitment
State Route 4, South, Urban Paving Project	\$264,731	\$237,640	\$27,091

The State Route 4, South, Urban Paving project is administered by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT), except for the City's local obligation. The City records transactions as ODOT makes on-behalf-of-payments to the contractor. ODOT has encumbered these transactions on their internal financial system, therefore, no amounts are encumbered by the City at year-end.

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City's attorney is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of actual or potential claims against the City and other actual or potential legal proceedings will not materially affect the financial condition of the City. Therefore, the financial statements do not present estimated claims from legal proceedings.



Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - To account for that portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of streets within the City. Ninety-two and one-half percent of gasoline and auto license taxes are allocated to this fund.

State Highway Fund - To account for that portion of the state gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City. Seven and one-half percent of gasoline and auto license taxes are allocated to this fund.

Grants Fund - To account for grants obtained from outside agencies for other than capital purposes.

Drug Law Enforcement Fund - To account for mandatory fines collected for drug agencies.

Law Enforcement Fund – To account for proceeds from the confiscation of contraband.

Law Enforcement Training Fund - To account for proceeds from the State of Ohio under the law enforcement continuing professional training program and shall be used for paying the cost of continuing education.

Driving Under the Influence Fund – To account for fines imposed on DUI offenders. Under state law disbursements may be made from this fund for law enforcement purposes related to informing the public of laws governing the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Residential Recycling Incentive Fund – To account for payments received from the Hamilton County Solid Waste Management District incentive funds and expenditures made for solid waste management activities.

Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund – To account for the vehicle immobilization fee received by the State and make expenditures for law enforcement purposes relating to the costs incurred in enforcing Ohio Revised Code Section 4503.233.

Parks and Urban Forestry Fund – To account for the cost of purchasing and planting municipal street trees.

Adult Sports Fund – To account for the fees collected and the costs incurred for adults who participate in league sports at the City Community Center.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Tri-County Mall Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund - To account for the activity related to the Tri-County Mall TIF Project.

Community Center Debt Fund – To account for the outstanding debt payments related to the Community Center Expansion project.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:		hans	An Grass
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$245,826	\$447	\$246,273
Intergovernmental	294,350	0	294,350
Prepaid items	4,018	0	4,018
Total assets	\$544,194	\$447	\$544,641
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$2,018	\$0	\$2,018
Accrued wages and benefits payable	4,421	0	4,421
Interfund loan payable	6,925	0	6,925
Advances from other funds	0	492,378	492,378
Total liabilities	13,364	492,378	505,742
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Intergovernmental revenue	248,565	0	248,565
Total deferred inflows of resources	248,565	0	248,565
Fund balances:			
Restricted	282,782	447	283,229
Unassigned (deficit)	(517)	(492,378)	(492,895)
Total fund balance (deficit)	282,265	(491,931)	(209,666)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$544,194	\$447	\$544,641

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:		b o	0010 016
Intergovernmental	\$748,216	\$0	\$748,216
Fines and forfeitures	3,520	0	3,520
Fees, licenses and permits	8,433	0	8,433
Other	22,058	00	22,058
Total revenues	782,227	0	782,227
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Security of persons and property	186,553	0	186,553
Public health services	14,925	0	14,925
Leisure time activities	7,511	0	7,511
Community environment	43,245	0	43,245
Transportation	297,819	0	297,819
Capital outlay	620,000	0	620,000
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	66,365	400,000	466,365
Interest and fiscal charges	2,387	25,289	27,676
Total expenditures	1,238,805	425,289	1,664,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(456,578)	(425,289)	(881,867)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers-in	16,000	425,289	441,289
Total other financing sources	16,000	425,289	441,289
Net change in fund balances	(440,578)	0	(440,578)
Beginning fund balance (deficit)	722,843	(491,931)	230,912
Ending fund balance (deficit)	\$282,265	(\$491,931)	(\$209,666)

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	State Highway Fund	Grants Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund	Law Enforcement Fund
Assets:		015 000	A 10 050		PA 475
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$124,462	\$17,903	\$48,272	\$16,218	\$4,465
Intergovernmental	257,000	20,500	13,015	0	0
Prepaid items	0	0	2,409	0	1,609
Total assets	\$381,462	\$38,403	\$63,696	\$16,218	\$6,074
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Accrued wages and benefits payable	4,421	0	0	0	0
Interfund loan payable	0	0	6,925	0	0
Total liabilities	4,421	0	6,925	0	0
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Intergovernmental revenue	215,588	17,143	11,999	0	0
Total deferred inflows of resources	215,588	17,143	11,999	0	0
Fund balances:					
Restricted	161,453	21,260	44,772	16,218	6,074
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0
Total fund balances (deficit)	161,453	21,260	44,772	16,218	6,074
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of revenues					
and fund balances	\$381,462	\$38,403	\$63,696	\$16,218	\$6,074

Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Adult Sports Fund	Parks and Urban Forestry Fund	Vehicle Immobilization Fce Fund	Residential Recycling Fund	Driving Under the Influence Fund	Law Enforcement Training Fund
\$245,826	\$8,028	\$4,400	\$2,299	\$1,501	\$17,209	\$1,069
294,350	0	0	0	3,835	0	0
4,018	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$544,194	\$8,028	\$4,400	\$2,299	\$5,336	\$17,209	\$1,069
\$2,018	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,018	\$0	\$0
4,421	0	0	0	0	0	0
6,925	0	0	0	0	0	0
13,364	0	0	0	2,018	0	0
248,565	0	0	0	3,835	0	0
248,565	0	0	0	3,835	0	0
282,782	8,028	4,400	2,299	0	17,209	1,069
(517	0	0	0	(517)	0	0
282,265	8,028	4,400	2,299	(517)	17,209	1,069
\$544,194	\$8,028	\$4,400	\$2,299	\$5,336	\$17,209	\$1,069

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund	State Highway Fund	Grants Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund	Law Enforcement Fund
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$522,690	\$42,380	\$175,369	\$0	\$0
Fines and forfeitures Fees, licenses and permits	0	0	0 0	0	2,300
Other	0 0	0 0		0 0	0
Other		0	22,058	0	0
Total revenues	522,690	42.380	197,427	0	2,300
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of persons and property	0	0	178,683	1,977	3,141
Public health services	0	0	14,925	0	0
Leisure time activities	0	0	0	0	0
Community environment	0	0	19,040	0	0
Transportation	259,003	38,816	0	0	0
Capital outlay	620,000	0	0	0	0
Debt service:	22.42-				
Principal retirement	66,365	0	0	0	0
Interest and fiscal charges	2,387	0	0	0	0
Total expenditures	947,755	38,816	212,648	1,977	3,141
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(425,065)	3,564	(15,221)	(1,977)	(841
Other financing sources:					
Transfers-in	0	0	0	0	0
Total other financing sources	0	0	0	0	0
Net change in fund balances	(425,065)	3,564	(15,221)	(1,977)	(841
Beginning fund balances (deficit)	586,518	17,696	59,993		6,915
Ending fund balances (deficit)	\$161,453	\$21,260	\$44,772	\$16,218	\$6,074

Law Enforcement Training Fund	Driving Under the Influence Fund	Residential Recycling Fund	Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund	Parks and Urban Forestry Fund	Adult Sports Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$0	\$0	\$7,777	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$748,216
0	1,220	0	0	0	0	3,520
0	0	0	0	0	8,433	8,433
0	0	0	0	0	0	22,058
0	1,220	7,777	0	0	8,433	782,227
2,066	686	0	0	0	0	186,553
0	0	0	0	0	0	14,925
0	0	0	0	0	7,511	7,511
0	0	24,205	0	0	0	43,245
0	0	0	.0	0	0	297,819
0	0	0	0	0	0	620,000
0	0	0	0	0	0	66,365
0	0	0	0	0	0	2,387
2,066	686	24,205	0	0	7,511	1,238,805
(2,066)	534	(16,428)	0	0	922	(456,578)
0	0	16,000	0_	0	0_	16,000
0	0	16,000	0_	0	0	16,000
(2,066)	534	(428)	0	0	922	(440,578)
3,135	16,675	(89)	2,299	4,400	7,106	722,843
\$1,069	\$17,209	(\$517)	\$2,299	\$4,400	\$8,028	\$282,265

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Tri-County Mall TIF Fund	Community Center Debt Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$0	\$447	\$447
Total assets	\$0	\$447	\$447
Liabilities:			
Advances from other funds	\$492,378	\$0	\$492,378
Total liabilities	492,378	0	492,378
Fund balance:			
Restricted	0	447	447
Unassigned (deficit)	(492,378)	0	(492,378)
Total fund balance (deficit)	(492,378)	447	(491,931)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$0	\$447	\$447

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Tri-County Mall TIF Fund	Community Center Debt Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures:			
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	0	400,000	400,000
Interest and fiscal charges	0	25,289	25,289
Total expenditures	0	425,289	425,289
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	0	(425,289)	(425,289)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers-in	0	425,289	425,289
Total other financing sources	0	425,289	425,289
Net change in fund balance	0	0	0
Beginning fund balance (deficit)	(492,378)	447	(491,931)
Ending fund balance (deficit)	(\$492,378)	\$447	(\$491,931)

		General F	Sund	**
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$13,168,484	\$13,275,484	E12 221 804	\$46,410
Municipal income taxes		1,202,000	\$13,321,894 1.238,959	36,959
Property and other taxes	1,202,000 2,000	2,000	3,956	1,956
Special assessments Intergovernmental		1,286,300	1,202,540	(83,760)
Charges for services	536,300 431,000	481,000	506,231	25,231
Fines and forfeitures	245.000	245,000	237,639	(7,361)
 Consistent of the provide of the second s		357,100	390,908	33,808
Fees, licenses and permits	357,100	14,000		
Interest Other	14,000 186,600	386,600	7,630 527,302	(6,370) 140,702
one	180,000		527,502	140,702
Total revenues	16,142,484	17,249,484	17,437,059	187,575
Expenditures:				
Police department				
Personal services	4,792,170	4,742,170	4,668,248	73,922
Other	755,427	805,427	696,117	109,310
Total police department	5,547,597	5,547,597	5,364,365	183,232
Fire department:				
Personal services	3,322,263	3,242,263	3,104,208	138,055
Other	463,070	543,070	413,337	129,733
Total fire department	3,785,333	3,785,333	3,517,545	267,788
Health department				
Personal services	322,215	322,215	313,297	8,918
Other	35,234	41,234	30,048	11,186
Total health department	357,449	363,449	343,345	20,104
Parks and recreation department:				
Personal services	1,231,772	1,191,772	1,070,610	121,162
Other	514,922	554,922	447,224	107,698
Total parks and recreation department	1,746,694	1,746,694	1,517,834	228,860
Building department				
Personal services	535,156	535,156	503,491	31,665
Other	63,298	93,298	72,897	20,401
Total building department	598,454	628,454	576,388	52,066
Public works department:				
Personal services	795,248	815,248	757,643	57,605
Other	512,129	512,129	426,105	86,024
Total public works department	1,307,377	1,327,377	1,183,748	143,629
Finance department:				
Personal services	233,022	238,022	229,840	8,182
Other	83,853	103,853	89,179	14,674
Total finance department	316,875	341,875	319,019	22,856

		General Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget				
Tax department:								
Personal services	410,672	400,672	360,173	40,499				
Other	457,529	467,529	428,284	39,245				
Total tax department	868,201	868,201	788,457	79,744				
Administration department:								
Personal services	890,253	910,253	877,651	32,602				
Other	1,937,648	2,141,585	2,010,300	131,285				
Total administration department	2,827,901	3,051,838	2,887,951	163,887				
Total expenditures	17,355,881	17,660,818	16,498,652	1,162,166				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,213,397)	(411,334)	938,407	1,349,74				
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers-in	4,955	4,955	4,955	10				
Transfers-out	(1,793,289)	(1,441,289)	(1,441,289)	19				
Advances-in	2,862	2,862	2,862					
Advances-out	(1,862)	(6,925)	(6,925)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,787,334)	(1,440,397)	(1,440,397)					
Net change in fund balance	(3,000,731)	(1,851,731)	(501,990)	1,349,741				
Beginning fund balance	5,120,061	5,120,061	5,120,061					
Prior years encumbrances	79,553	79,553	79,553					
Ending fund balance	\$2,198,883	\$3,347,883	\$4,697,624	\$1,349,74				

	Capital Improvements Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues	\$582,825	\$234,825	\$198,476	(\$36,349)		
Expenditures: Other	2,250,114	1,250,114	1,147,641	102,473		
Total expenditures	2,250,114	1,250,114	1,147,641	102,473		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,667,289)	(1,015,289)	(949,165)	66,124		
Other financing sources: Transfers-in	1,352,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	0		
Total other financing sources	1,352,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	0		
Net change in fund balance	(315,289)	(15,289)	50,835	66,124		
Beginning fund balance	101,502	101,502	101,502	0		
Prior year encumbrances	296,123	296,123	296,123	0		
Ending fund balance	\$82,336	\$382,336	\$448,460	\$66,124		

	Northwest Business District TIF Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues	\$907,954	\$1,024,554	\$1,024,524	(\$30)		
Expenditures: Other	890,488	990,488	986,695	3,793		
Total expenditures	890,488	990,488	986,695	3,793		
Net change in fund balance	17,466	34,066	37,829	3,763		
Beginning fund balance	189,551	189,551	189,551	0		
Ending fund balance	\$207,017	\$223,617	\$227,380	\$3,763		

	Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$498,000	\$515,000	\$520,248	\$5,248
Expenditures:				
Personal services	125,000	135,000	107,662	27,338
Other	838,480	918,480	904,651	13,829
Total expenditures	963,480	1,053,480	1,012,313	41,167
Net change in fund balance	(465,480)	(538,480)	(492,065)	46,415
Beginning fund balance	540,802	540,802	540,802	0
Prior year encumbrances	12,028	12,028	12,028	<u>0</u>
Ending fund balance	\$87,350	\$14,350	\$60,765	\$46,415

	State Highway Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$42,182	\$2,182
Expenditures:				
Personal services	40,000	40,000	38,816	1,184
Total expenditures	40,000	40,000	38,816	1,184
Net change in fund balance	0	0	3,366	3,366
Beginning fund balance	14,538	14,538	14,538	0
Ending fund balance	\$14,538	\$14,538	\$17,904	\$3,366

	Grants Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$53,950	\$197,887	\$196,411	(\$1,476)
Expenditures:				
Personal services	25,000	45,000	37,528	7,472
Other	36,349	190,349	173,182	17,167
Total expenditures	61,349	235,349	210,710	24,639
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,399)	(37,462)	(14,299)	23,163
Other financing sources (uses):				
Advance-in	1,862	6,925	6,925	0
Advance-out	(2,862)	(2,862)	(2,862)	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,000)	4,063	4,063	0
Net change in fund balance	(8,399)	(33,399)	(10,236)	23,163
Beginning fund balance	53,975	53,975	53,975	0
Prior year encumbrances	4,533	4,533	4,533	0
Ending fund balance	\$50,109	\$25,109	\$48,272	\$23,163

	Drug Law Enforcement Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$0	\$5,000	\$5,062	\$62	
Expenditures: Other	12,394	12,394	1,239	11,155	
Total expenditures	12,394	12,394	1,239	11,155	
Net change in fund balance	(12,394)	(7,394)	3,823	11,217	
Beginning fund balance	11,595	11,595	11,595	0	
Prior year encumbrances	800	800	800	0	
Ending fund balance	\$1	\$5,001	\$16,218	\$11,217	

	Law Enforcement Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$2,300	\$2,300	
Expenditures: Other	8,997	8,997	6,832	2,165	
Total expenditures	8,997	8,997	6,832	2,165	
Net change in fund balance	(8,997)	(8,997)	(4,532)	4,465	
Beginning fund balance	8,997	8,997	8,997	0	
Ending fund balance	\$0	\$0	\$4,465	\$4,465	

	Law Enforcement Training Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Expenditures: Other	3,135	3,135	2,066	1,069	
Total expenditures	3,135	3,135	2,066	1,069	
Net change in fund balance	(3,135)	(3,135)	(2,066)	1,069	
Beginning fund balance	3,135	3,135	3,135	0	
Ending fund balance	\$0	\$0	\$1,069	\$1,069	

	Driving Under the Influence Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$1,499	\$1,499	
Expenditures:					
Other	16,020	16,020	686	15,334	
Total expenditures	16,020	16,020	686	15,334	
Net change in fund balance	(16,020)	(16,020)	813	16,833	
Beginning fund balance	16,396	16,396	16,396	0	
Ending fund balance	\$376	\$376	\$17,209	\$16,833	

	R	esidential Recyc	ling Incentive Fu	nd
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$9,200	\$9,200	\$7,777	(\$1,423)
Expenditures:				
Other	25,000	25,000	24,199	801
Total expenditures	25,000	25,000	24,199	801
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(15,800)	(15,800)	(16,422)	(622)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers-in	16,000	16,000	16,000	0
Total other financing sources	16,000	16,000	16,000	0
Net change in fund balance	200	200	(422)	(622)
Beginning fund balance	1,923	1,923	1,923	0
Ending fund balance	\$2,123	\$2,123	\$1,501	(\$622)

	Vehicle Immobilization Fee Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures: Other	2,299	2,299	0	2,299
Total expenditures	2,299	2,299	0	2,299
Net change in fund balance	(2,299)	(2,299)	0	2,299
Beginning fund balance	2,299	2,299	2,299	0
Ending fund balance	\$0	\$0	\$2,299	\$2,299

	Parks and Urban Forestry Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Expenditures: Other	4,400	4,400	0	4,400	
Total expenditures	4,400	4,400	0	4,400	
Net change in fund balance	(4,400)	(4,400)	0	4,400	
Beginning fund balance	4,400	4,400	4,400	0	
Ending fund balance	\$0	\$0	\$4,400	\$4,400	

	Adult Sports Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$7,500	\$7,500	\$8,433	\$933	
Expenditures: Other	9,150	9,150	7,511	1,639	
Total expenditures	9,150	9,150	7,511	1,639	
Net change in fund balance	(1,650)	(1,650)	922	2,572	
Beginning fund balance	7,106	7,106	7,106	0	
Ending fund balance	\$5,456	\$5,456	\$8,028	\$2,572	

	Tri-County Mall TIF Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Expenditures	0	0	0	0	
Net change in fund balance	0	0	0	0	
Beginning fund balance	0	0	0	0	
Ending fund balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	

This fund was included in the budgeting process, all activity was budgeted at \$0.

		Community Cen	ter Debt Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures				
Other	425,289	425,289	425,289	0
Total expenditures	425,289	425,289	425,289	0
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(425,289)	(425,289)	(425,289)	0
Other financing sources: Transfers-in	425,289	425,289	425,289	0
Total other financing sources	425,289	425,289	425,289	0
Net change in fund balance	0	0	0	0
Beginning fund balance	447	447	447	0
Ending fund balance	\$447	\$447	\$447	\$0

AGENCY FUND

An agency fund is used to account for assets held by the City in the capacity of an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The City had the following agency fund at year-end 2013:

<u>Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessment Fund</u> - To account for the collection of the Ohio Board of Building Standards Assessment on building permits in the amount of 3%. The amounts collected are remitted to the state on a monthly basis.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

OHIO BOARD OF BUILDING STANDARDS ASSESSMENT FUND

	Balance 1-1-13	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12-31-13
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$101	\$2,311	(\$2,282)	\$130
Total assets	\$101	\$2,311	(\$2,282)	\$130
Liabilities:				
OBBS assessment payable	\$101	\$2,311	(\$2,282)	\$130
Total liabilities	\$101	\$2,311	(\$2,282)	\$130



STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the City of Springdale's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a basis for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGES
Financial Trends	92 - 99
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	100 - 105
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	106 - 110
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	111 - 112
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating information	113 - 117
These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 during fiscal year 2003. Fiscal year 2006 was the City's first year implementation of the GASB Statement No. 44 statistical tables.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO

2013		2012	2011(1)	2010(1)	2009 (1)	2008	2007 (1)	2006	2005	2004
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets \$38,533,392		\$39,189,433	\$39,179,133	\$40,153,924	\$39,758,751	\$38,409,204	\$37,384,095	\$31,627,778	\$30,253,167	\$33,757,865
Restricted for Capital protects 907,	907,494	686,213	196'126	807,915	1,233,445	1,493,138	426,277	405,459	500,209	634,709
on. maintenance and repair (2)	377,041	794,548	577,658	437,259	296,822	304,504	310,226	0	0	0
	153,790	169.814	173,051	143,200	218,237	343,119	145,191	478,039	466,818	247,618
Unrestricted 8,003,670	,670	8,285,009	7,280,317	6,592,820	8,142,658	8,024,198	9.721.624	10,137,553	9,350,967	9,569,466
Total economical activities net position \$47,975.	387	\$47,975,387 \$49,125,017	\$48,168,120	\$48,135,118	549,649,913	\$48,574,163	\$47,987,413	\$42,648,829	\$40,571,161	\$44,209,658

(1) - restated from originally reported.
 (2) - for years 2006 and prior, this was not presented separately.

Note - The figures above reflect the primary government

Source City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(13,055,446) 78,055 0 0 ,780,450 18,270,015 585,253 60,608 152,927 12,247 5,032 99.358 7,498 0 0 0 0 5,214,569 271,193 898,820 2,698,600 4,113,591 \$7,530,755 4,654,747 435,450 2005 (16,953,429) 1,000 0 0 1,000 88,080 100,312 21,294 29,049 0 7,925,224 291,719 624,188 54.279 204,824 \$7,736,040 24,878,653 6.328 6,689,584 4,040,086 105.286 ,982,092 550,008 9,856,646 422.062 2006 307,216 379,544 198,392 35,043 22,117 0 00 56,770 10,076 ,978,570 4,335,811 (15,785,146) 701,787 4,005 00,732 0 20,120,957 180,271 \$8,012,932 2,122,880 665,349 5,878,925 48,048 2,754,111 2007 (18,927,785) 350,211 569,724 334,096 20,454,427 57,306 4,669 151,263 225,827 1,526,642 2,404,303 6,009,237 960'69 5,690 105,075 74,859 24,374 0 0 0 0 \$8,621,133 2,165,723 13,481 635,002 2008 Fiscal Year (16,938,103) 329,233 318,455 20,683,951 47,140 0 0 3,745,848 \$8,456,664 ,966,513 636,329 3,042,133 5,934,624 610°15 0 16,801 0 0 60,417 3,780 106,800 105,998 2,472,788 188.263 586,782 2009 (17,452,786) 5,403,997 697,507 19,850,414 23,195 \$8,810,920 374,701 2,405,106 300,536 63,992 0 0 C 0 0 2,397,628 \$57,647 63,643 5,190 115,973 1,137,457 697,654 166,211 99,775 24.538 2010 (16,213,073) 281,867 88,541 325,822 17,398,677 25,716 36,380 29,713 0 0 1,185,604 \$8,302,605 ,680,816 29,350 0 496,284 2.316.491 3,994,792 571,589 63,923 143,706 76.933 4,600 115,153 2011 (16,176,893) 694,907 247,217 18,660,966 2,484,073 325,784 3,289,348 4,200,749 18,285 0 0 0 1,243,668 \$8,355,590 547,371 5,060 26,669 C 778,009 60,606 141,918 79.397 118,324 12,137 2012 (18,543,300) 608,190 186,477 4,541,366 20,051,784 19.039 0 0 \$9,044,012 356,082 1,710,927 3,604,730 777,168 58,140 33,533 88,206 4,845 27,862 177,513 5,250 0 0 C 116,928 1,508,484 2013 Total governmental activities Operating grants and contributions. Security of persons and property Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Community environment Community environment Interest and fiscal charges Community environment Leisure time activities Public health services Leisure time activities Public health services Leisure time activities Governmental activities: Governmental activitues: General government General government Leisure time activities Public health services Basic utility services Charges for services General government Transportation **Transportation** Transportation Transportation Program revenues: Nct expense Expenses:

4,170 8,039

0 0 0

295,960

,561,162

429,532 351,761 2,966,044 429,712

3,493,078

16.255,325

237,012

\$6,787,024

2004

6,238

141,294

0 35,493 0

0

00

4,332,571

4,823,765

(11,431,560)

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Page 2

275,000 888,758 11,902 69,224 891,194 16,807,250 \$5,375,690 10,683,944 1,883,142 2,379,086 2004 615,809 228,536 317,532 \$6,829,169 14.328,990 1,719,428 0 2,668,820 5,500 0 19,884,615 2005 549,867 \$4,376,142 15,882,753 39,000 52,297 445,524 0 1,627,413 712,138 2,020,579 21,329,571 2006 822,556 293,925 13,495 531,424 239,267 21,123,730 0 2,547,912 \$5,338,584 14,911,874 1,763,277 2007 \$586,750 813,210 19,514,535 0 447,775 190,659 13,924,066 1,615,652 217,836 2,305,337 C 2008 Fiscal Year 17,940,879 \$1,002,776 430,108 439,322 682,506 30,041 0 12,903,475 C 1,533,906 1,921,521 2009 (\$1,147,414) 16,305,372 0 359,032 108,135 23,728 567,508 0 11,720,803 1,520,103 2,006,063 2010 156,600 16,246,075 16.504 0 \$33.002 12,092,698 1,125,767 1,873,767 400,816 579,923 2011 17,133,790 1,264,751 0 588,089 185,007 14,263 \$956,897 ,718,217 388,835 12,974,628 2012 17,393,670 (\$1,149,630) 187,509 1,652,715 7.939 13,028,396 634,654 0 685,881 0 1,196,576 2013 Grants and entitlements - not restricted General revenues and other changes Total general revenues Payments in lieu of taxes Property and other taxes Municipal income taxes Governmental activities Governmental activities: Special assessments Investment earnings in net position. Change in net position: Other revenues Contributions Special item

Note - The above figures reflect the primary government Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

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CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Page 3

nditures, subsequent years shows \$0: nined that transactions should be reflected as community environment expense 1,486 from 2005-2006 due to the following ase in payroll expenses per hiring of Public Works Assistant Superintendent. ase in expense accruals at year-end 2006 that were not applicable for capital inclusion related to road projects. 35,975 from 2006-2007 due to the following ase in expense accruals at year-end 2007 that were not applicable for capital inclusion related to road projects. 1,899 from 2005-2006 due to the following: 06 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by ort of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments by the City were expensed to the Port Authority. The amount expensed was \$2,420,229. or years, parcels of commercial property and a parcel of residential property purchased and held for sale. In 2006, the properties were sold, and as a result is on sale was incurred in the amount of \$1,847,662. 77,721 from 2006-2007 due to the following wo situations described directly above were not applicable for 2007. A TIF nent was made to the Port Authority in 2007, but was a much smaller amount. 09,205 from 2010-2011 due to the following: ctober of 2010, City changed from self-insured health insurance program to joining healt ance pool. Prior claim expenses were recorded as general government. Under the current ram, premiums are allocated to all City departments
Asse in payroll expenses per hiring of Public Works Assistant Superintendent. Asse in expense accruals at year-end 2006 that were not applicable for capital inclusion related to road projects. 35,975 from 2006-2007 due to the following ase in expense accruals at year-end 2007 that were not applicable for capital inclusion related to road projects. 1,899 from 2005-2006 due to the following: 06 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by ort of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments by the City were expensed to the Port Authority. The amount expensed was \$2,420,229. or years, parcels of commercial property and a parcel of residential property purchased and held for sale. In 2006, the properties were sold, and as a result is on sale was incurred in the amount of \$1,847,662. 77,721 from 2006-2007 due to the following wo situations described directly above were not applicable for 2007. A TIF nent was made to the Port Authority in 2007, but was a much smaller amount. 09,205 from 2010-2011 due to the following: ctober of 2010, City changed from self-insured health insurance program to joining heal ance pool. Prior claim expenses were recorded as general government. Under the current
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wo situations described directly above were not applicable for 2007. A TIF nent was made to the Port Authority in 2007, but was a much smaller amount. 09,205 from 2010-2011 due to the following: ctober of 2010, City changed from self-insured health insurance program to joining heal ance pool. Prior claim expenses were recorded as general government. Under the curren
ctober of 2010, City changed from self-insured health insurance program to joining heal ance pool. Prior claim expenses were recorded as general government. Under the curren
,263 from 2007-2008 due to the following: gnition at year end 2008 regarding F.E.M.A grant reimbursement received in 2009
75,993 from 2005-2006 due to the following: case in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.
711,014 from 2006-2007 due to the following ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
752,743 from 2007-2008 due to the following ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.
46,961 from 2008-2009 due to the following: ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects.
048,916 from 2010-2011 due to the following: eral decrease in capital related projects
An an and a local and a second a
55,127 from 2011-2012 due to the following: ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
ease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GASB 54 LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

1.2	Fiscal Year						
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009		
General fund:							
Nonspendable	\$797,545	\$852,609	\$822,942	\$736,668	\$761,361		
Assigned	611,155	524,316	658,193	761,575	1,044,782		
Unassigned	6,133,938	6,407,053	5,562,965	4,552,787	5,763,841		
Total general fund	7,542,638	7,783,978	7,044,100	6,051,030	7,569,984		
All other governmental funds:							
Restricted	967,356	1,140.069	1,389,495	1,041,045	809,552		
Committed	0	0	0	5,618	3,347		
Assigned	5,468	4,474	3,335	0	0		
Unassigned	(492,895)	(492,467)	(493,685)	(464,673)	(519,136)		
Total all other governmental funds	479,929	652,076	899,145	581,990	293,763		
Total governmental funds	\$8,022,567	\$8,436,054	\$7,943,245	\$6,633,020	\$7,863,747		

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

Note - In 2010, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 2004 TO 2008

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	
General fund:						
Reserved	\$355,177	\$445,239	\$361,580	\$391,429	\$693,491	
Unreserved, designated	1,018,149	1,158,419	982,601	370,498	827,470	
Unreserved, undesignated	5,982,500	6,333,372	6,760,794	5,864,970	3,916,729	
Total general fund	7,355,826	7,937,030	8,104,975	6,626,897	5,437,690	
All other governmental funds:						
Reserved	1,031,609	709,099	1,316,668	128,994	646,907	
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special revenue funds	238,687	197,787	259,959	171,206	147,469	
Capital projects funds (deficit)	(545,758)	(1,183,421)	(962,847)	(86,627)	87,951	
Total all other governmental funds	724,538	(276,535)	613,780	213,573	882,327	
Total governmental funds	\$8,080,364	\$7,660,495	\$8,718,755	\$6,840,470	\$6,320,017	

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Revenues		and the second		01000000	010 000 110	014 461 250	\$14 A04 184	105 870 415	S14 566 459	S11 180 495
Municipal income taxes	\$13,064,120	\$12,671,825	\$12,058,356	511,557,740	678'080'518	000,104,416	1 010 010	120,010,010	511 289 1	566 102 1
Property and other taxes	1,196,487	1,291.654	1,245,380	502, 895, 1 220, 625	202 1151	700,610,1	100,000	022 508	L11 601	702.767
Payments to lieu of taxes	668,004	575,096	995,955	750,965	00C'700	017,610	10 776	0	0	0
Special assessments	190,167	159,692	211, PUI	100012	4 666 460	009 301 2	5 076 769	F61 676 8	6821970	7 255.039
Intergovernmental	2,019,176	3,044,584	dac,0/0,2	600,41C,6	CC0 775	01919C	300.654	363 065	797.525	313,901
Charges for services	493,352	CC1,CPC	064°605	130 130	330 888	373 985	359.820	315,589	274,318	218,577
Fines and forfeitures	247,980	247,040	292,404	100,102	212 006	301 356	518 593	450.932	419,479	362,885
Fees, licenses and permits	399,341	702,102	001/01+	000,000	CPU UE	190.659	531 474	549.867	228,536	69.224
Interest	7,939	14,263	FUC,01	071.67	152	515	30105	35 598	5.500	11.902
Contributions	0	0	4,400	0	101	215	286.423	390,310	338,692	260,576
Other	694,910	844,015	640'674	200,000						
Total revenues	18,981,476	19,294,017	17,508,651	19,041,454	21,810,224	21,807,484	24,134,783	29,757,395	25,374.243	22,077,359
Evennditures										
Current Contents									and the second	
surrain Security of persons and property	8,768,672	8,166,456	7,978,954	8,518,865	8,017,532	8,130,860	7,611,391	7,360,010	7,062,613	6,444,052
Public health services	355,768	325,675	325,481	368,056	324,026	329,263	297,746	304,679	264,326	212,212
Leisure time activities	1,425,049	1,372,690	1,372,776	1,543,884	1,664,188	1,817,404	1,789,681	861,196,1	000,046,1	901,702,1
Community environment	593,810	540,791	495,347	682.047	634,854	526,000	11+*c/0	076,640	0	196 125
Basic utility services	0	0	0	0	0 107 204 1	1 470 504	1 590 785	3 549 015	1.349.958	1.259.781
Transportation	1,433,309	1,199,094	1,231,140	1,432,936	447.024.1	100 LOV 3	SC8 105 5	100 015 1	3 941 265	3 281 585
General government	4,236,227	3,954,504	3,743,571	5,115,314	767 151 5	<i></i>	070,100,0	rec.'ntc'1	CD751 L2 10	
Capital outlay	1,794,379	2,570,843	436,755	1,848,077	3,440,393	2,628,467	6,574,381	7,200,735	8,874,766	6.238,427
Debt service	the best		upt set	UOV 144	160 676	181 691	695 783	712,823	704,333	701,097
Principal retrement	600,486	342.276	4/0,499	291.522	309.391	325,032	371,819	415,185	428,315	420,110
Interest and liscal charges	607') 01	coc'oct	1015111							
Total expenditures	19,394,963	18,980,834	16,333,426	20,272,181	22,033,696	21,447,197	25,207,825	29,261,166	24,865,954	20,614,301
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(413,487)	313,183	1,175,225	(1,230,727)	(223,472)	360,287	(1,073,042)	496,229	508,289	1,463.058
Other financine sources (uses)										
Inception of capital lease	0	200,000	135,000	0	6,855	24,599	0 0	12,362	9,163	04,011
Face value of refunding bonds	0	1,900,000	0	0	0 0	0 0	.			o c
Retirement from refunding bonds	0	(000'006'1)	0	0 0		290 VL	14 787	209 675 1	C	
Proceeds from the sale of assets	0	0	0	0 000 100	965 400	087 579 5	4 125 400	4 005 993	3.978.485	1,625,644
Transfers-In	1,441,289	(037,500,1	(763,800)	(1,080,400)	(865,400)	(2,973,780)	(4,125,400)	(4,005,993)	(3.978,485)	(1,625,644)
		ALC:N.		¢	2025	69 65	C87 b1	1 385 057	9 163	64.011
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	200,000	000,551	A	1100					
Speetal Item	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	275,000
Net change in fund balances	(413,487)	513,183	1,310,225	(1,230.727)	(216,617)	419,869	(1,058,260)	1,881,286	517,452	1,802,069
Beemning (und balance (restated)	8,436,054	7,922,871	6,612,646	7,843,373	8,059,990	7,640,121	8,698,381	6,817,095	6,299,643	4,497,574
Ending fund balance	\$8,022,567	\$8,436,054	\$7,922,871	\$6,612,646	S7,843,373	\$8,059,990	\$7,640,121	\$8,698,381	\$6,817,095	\$6,299,643
Debt service as a percentage of momental extenditures	4%	5%	5%	4%	4%	4%	6%	5%	7%	8%

Source City of Springdale, Finance Department

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Page 2

Municipal income taxes	Increase of \$3,385,964 from 2004-2005 due to the following
	- voted increase in the earnings tax rate from 1% to 1 5% effective July 1, 2004
	Increase of \$1,511,862 from 2005-2006 due to the following
	- increase in overall earnings tax revenues as a result of the increase of the earnings tax rate
	Decrease of \$1,674,137 from 2006-2007 due to the following
	- larger year-end accruals for 2006 as compared to 2007
	Decrease of \$1,380,529 from 2008-2009 due to the following
	- larger year-end accruals for 2008 as compared to 2009
	Decrease of \$1,523,089 from 2009-2010 due to the following
	Smaller amounts received in 2010 based on the general economy and businesses closing
Internet strength internet	Decrease of \$1,025,408 from 2012 to 2013
Intergovernmental	- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
	Decrease of \$3,922,425 from 2006-2007 due to the following
	- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
	Decrease of \$1,921,140 from 2007-2008 due to the following
	- decrease in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
	Increase of \$1,560,831 from 2008-2009 due to the following
	- increase in the amount of grant funding received for road projects
	Decrease of \$1,449,267 from 2010-2011 due to the following
	- decrease in the amount of road project capital grants
xpenditures	Increase of \$2,199.057 from 2005-2006 due to the following
Transportation	 - increase in payroll expenditures per hiring of Public Works Assistant Superintendent. - increase in accruals at year-end 2006 for road construction projects
	Decrease of \$1,949,230 from 2006-2007 due to the following
	- decrease in accruals at year-end 2006 for road construction projects
General government	Increase of \$3,629,728 from 2005-2006 due to the following
General government	 - in 2006 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by the Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments held by the City were paid to the Port Authority. The amount paid was \$2,420,229
	Decrease of \$1,979,165 from 2006-2007 due to the following
	- in 2006 as part of the Pictoria Island TIF phase II bond issue closing (bonds issued by the Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority), the surplus service payments held by the City were paid to the Port Authority In 2007 the amount paid was a smaller amount.
	Decrease of \$1,371,743 from 2010-2011 due to the following
	 In October of 2010, City changed from self-insured health insurance program to joining health insurance pool Prior claim expenditures were recorded as general government. Under the curren program, premiums are allocated to all City departments.
Capital Outlay	Decrease of \$3,945,914 from 2007-2008 due to the following.
and the state of	- decrease in road improvement projects in 2008
	Decrease of \$3,945,914 from 2009-2010 due to the following
	- decrease in road improvement projects in 2010
	Decrease of \$1,411,322 from 2010-2011 due to the following
	- decrease in road improvement projects in 2011
	Increase of \$2,134,088 from 2011-2012 due to the following
	- Increase in road improvement projects in 2012
	The second states and the second by data as a second second second second second second second second second s

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL VEARS

	Real Property	operty	Public Utility - Personal	/ - Personal	Tangible Personal Property	al Property	Total	al	Assessed	100
Tax Ycar/ Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Value as a Percent of Actual Value	Total Direct Rate
2003/2004	\$402,402,890	\$1,149,722,543	\$6,920,450	\$6,920,450	S89,565,420	\$358,261,680	\$498,888,760	S1,514,904,673	32.93%	3.08
2004/2005	397,960,080	1,137,028,800	8,239,230	8,239,230	88,825,590	355,302,360	495,024,900	1,500,570,390	32.99%	3.08
2005/2006	433,234,010	1,237,811,457	7,980,030	7,980,030	89,553,900	358,215,600	530,767,940	1,604,007,087	33 09%	3.08
2006/2007	428,485,490	1,224,244,257	7,602,980	7,602,980	64,267,110	257,068,440	500,355,580	1,488,915,677	33.61%	3.08
2007/2008	433,739,770	1,239,256,486	6,607,440	6,607,440	46,206,990	184,827,960	486,554,200	1,430,691,886	34 01%	3.08
2008/2009	423,920,790	1,211,202,257	7,279,450	7,279,450	583,050	2,332,200	431,783,290	1,220,813,907	35.37%	3.08
2009/2010	365,922,290	1,045,492,257	8,598,540	8,598,540	2,497,350	9,989,400	377,018,180	1,064,080,197	35.43%	3.08
2010/2011	328,657,460	939,021,314	9,301,190	9,301,190	0	0	337,958,650	948,322,504	35.64%	3.08
2011/2012	325,063,190	928,751,971	9,583,800	9,583,800	0	Ø	334,646,990	938,335,771	35 66%	3,08
2012/2013	315,474,370	901,355,343	10,590,730	10,590,730	0	0	326,065,100	911,946,073	35.75%	3.08

Source - Hamilton County Auditor

property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Auditor and are remitted to the City on a periodic basis. The direct tax rate for all City operations for the years ended as noted above was \$3.08 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at no more than 35% of appraised market value. The laws of the State of Ohio require that all property be revalued every six The assessed valuation of property within the City is subject to the levy of ad valorem taxes and meludes real property and public utilities property (and langible personal property prior to 2011). The City's years, and at any time the County Auditor finds that true or taxable value thereof has changed, and in the third calendar year following the year in which a sevenual reappraisal is completed as ordered by the State Commissioner of Tax Equalization

public utilities is currently assessed at 100% of its true value. Real property of public utilities is currently assessed at 35% of true value. Property taxes on public utilities are subject to the same calendar as Public utilities real and langible personal property taxes collected in any calendar year are those levied on assessed values as of December 31 of the preceding year. Certain tangible personal property of real property taxes, which are described above.

The receivable is therefore offset by deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The receivable is also offset by uncarned revenue in the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at year-end, nor were they levied to finance current year operations. receivable represent real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of year-end for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes delinquencies, which are presented as property tax revenue.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS	(Per S1,000 of Assessed Valuation)	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
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	Direct Rate		danse o			
Tax Year/ Collection Year	City of Springdale	Hamilton County	Princeton City School District	Winton Woods School District	Great Oaks Joint Vocational School	Total Full Rate
2003/2004	3.08	21.51	49.03	70.08	2.70	76.32
2004/2005	3,08	21.06	49.03	78.03	2.70	75.87
2005/2006	3,08	20.81	49.03	78.03	2.70	75.62
2006/2007	3,08	20.18	49.03	78.03	2.70	74.99
2007/2008	3.08	20,56	49,03	78.03	2.70	75.37
2008/2009	3.08	20.63	48,99	78.03	2.70	75 40
2009/2010	3.08	20.48	48.99	85.93	2.70	76.25
2010/2011	3.08	19.45	50,48	86.03	2.70	77.74
2011/2012	3.08	19.03	50.83	87.32	2.70	77.67
2012/2013	3.08	19.03	61.28	87.41	2.70	88.12

Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor.

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Values Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by the majority vote of the City residents. The components of the Total Full Rate are City of Springdale, Hamilton County, Princeton City School District, and Great Oaks Joint Vocational School.

The City has no debt service millage. All millage is for operating purposes.

Overlapping rates are those of the local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City-

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO	ROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	
U	PROPER		

Delinquent Total Levy Tax Levy
\$313,482 \$1,850,846 \$1,468,355
332,387 1,868,451 1,476,075
183,797 1,730,210 1,475,484
175,198 1,670,938 1,443,253
103,772 1,525,713 1.374,382
139,648 1,482,755
102,650 1,421,897
104,512 1,264,009
95,359 1,135,190
72,230 1,108,472

Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2004

	Fisca	al Year 20	13
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Tri-County Mall LLC	\$16,863,330	1	5%
Duke Energy Ohio Inc.	10,436,190	2	3%
WOP Mallard Lakes LLC	6,779,860	3	2%
Springdale-Kemper Association	6,625,810	4	2%
Jubilee Springdale LLC	4,696,280	5	1%
Wood Stone Springdale LLC	4,532,500	6	1%
Kir Tri-County 018 LLC	4,325,020	7	1%
Gilhart, Charles C. Jr. Inc.	4,296,510	8	1%
NAI Entertainment Holdings LLC	4,229,230	9	1%
Costco Wholesale Corporation	3,746,520	10	1%
All Others	259,533,850	+	82%
Total assessed valuation	\$326,065,100		80%

	Fisca	il Year 20	004
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Concordia Properties LLC	\$57,028,880	1	11%
G & I Executive Centre LLC	16,450,000	2	3%
Springdale-Kemper Association	7,695,640	3	2%
Avon Capital Corporation	7,187,780	4	2%
Kir Tri-County 018 LLC	7,105,030	5	1%
Duke Realty	7,023,110	6	1%
Kimco 420 Inc.	6,972,160	7	1%
National Amusement Incorporated	5,571,320	8	1%
Vinyard Community Church	5,274,690	9	1%
Lazarus Real Estate Incorporated	5,192,360	10	1%
All others	373,387,790	5÷	74%
Total assessed valuation	\$498,888,760		100%

Source: Hamilton County Auditor

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO GENERAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Year	Municipal Income Taxes	Property and Other Taxes	Total
2004	\$10,683,944	\$1,883,142	\$12,567,086
2005	14,328,990	1,719,428	16,048,418
2006	15,882,753	1,627,413	17,510,166
2007	14,911,874	1,763,277	16,675,151
2008	13,924,066	1,615,652	15,539,718
2009	12,903,475	1,533,906	14,437,381
2010	11,720,803	1,520,103	13,240,906
2011	12,092,698	1,125,767	13,218,465
2012	12,974,628	1,264,751	14,239,379
2013	13,028,396	1,196,576	14,224,972

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO INCOME TAX REVENUE BY PAYER TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Budget (Cash) Basis of Accounting)

	dty/ Total	% 100%	6 100%	% 100%	6 100%	6 100%	6 100%	6 100%	% 100%	Vo 100%	100%
	Penalty/ Interest	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	%0	%0
>	Individual	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	4%	5%	5%
	Business	11%	18%	22%	20%	17%	14%	13%	13%	14%	15%
	Withholding	83%	17%	73%	75%	78%	81%	81%	82%	81%	80%
	Total	\$9,549,347	14,239,850	15,677,237	15,671,700	14,884,825	13,678,901	11,994,298	12,485,560	12,967,117	13 321 894
	Penalty/ Interest	\$68,451	106,919	96,326	96,878	120,197	112,316	86.217	68,937	61,137	52,126
	Individuals	\$437,379	648,207	598,308	611,839	616,552	610,370	566.677	587,499	590,629	617 888
	Business	S1,089,399	2,533,670	3,513,412	3,161,780	2,602,265	1,875,776	1,570,397	1,631,364	1,836,242	150 000 1
	Withholding	\$7,954,118	10,951,054	11,469,191	11,801,203	11,545,811	11,080,439	9,771,007	10,197,760	10,479,109	10 660 949
	Tax Rate (1)	1.5%	1.5%	1 5%	1.5%	1 5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1,5%	1 50%
	Fiscal Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	5106

Source. City of Springdale, Tax Department

(1) - Effective July 1, 2004, City electors voted to increase the City income tax rate from 1% to 1 5%.

Note: The City is prohibited by statute from presenting information regarding individual taxpayers.

TO TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME AND DEBT PER CAPITA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Year	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes	TIF Revenue Bonds	Ohio Police/Fire Pension Loan	Capital Leases	Total Debt	Estimated Personal Income (1)	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita
2004	\$5,786,905	\$1,500,000	\$2,871,098	\$13,462	\$93,443	\$10,264,908	\$124.347,280	8%	1,006
2005	5,160,692	1,250,000	2,823,830	13,238	65,765	9,313,525	147,145.333	6%	920
2006	4,534,479	625,000	2,773,494	13,004	35,873	7,981,850	147,732,533	5%	162
2007	3,910,408	0	2,719,468	12,760	14,360	6,656,996	155,278,067	4%	640
2008	3,509,336	0	2.661,709	0	27,787	6,198,832	162,961,333	4%	597
2009	3,108,264	0	2.599,959	0	26,766	5,734,989	159,929,333	4%	552
2010	2,707,192	0	2,533,942	0	21,305	5,262,439	117,792,933	4%	469
2011	2,306,120	0	2,463,364	0	150,384	4,919,868	126,908,667	4%	438
2012	1,900,000	0	2,387,909	0	233,562	4,521,471	134,876,978	3%	403
2013	1,500,000	0	2,307,240	0	113,745	3,920,985	135,485,933	3%	349

City of Springdale, finance department Source:

Obtained from the Springdale tax department - total residential tax liability (1):

Calculated as estimated personal income divided by total debt

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in notes 10 and 11 to the basic financial statements. (2); Note:

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population (A)	Estimated Actual Value (B)	Net General Bonded Debt (C)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2004	10,206	\$1,514,904,673	\$5,786,905	0.38%	\$567
2005	10,118	1,500,570,390	5,160,692	0.34%	510
2006	10,085	1,604,007,087	4,534,479	0.28%	450
2007	10,408	1,488,915,677	3,910,408	0.26%	376
2008	10,384	1,430,691,886	3,509,336	0.25%	338
2009	10,384	1,220,813,907	3,108,264	0.25%	299
2010	11,223	1,064,080,197	2,707,192	0.25%	241
2011	11,223	948,322,504	2,306,120	0.24%	205
2012	11,223	938,335,771	1,900,000	0.20%	169
2013	11,223	911,946,073	1,500,000	0.16%	134

For the ten year period presented, there was no balance in a general obligation bond retirement fund.

(A) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau population estimates, obtained through Hamilton County.

- (B) Source: Hamilton County, Ohio: County Auditor.
- (C) Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	General Governmental Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2004	\$620,000	\$221,164	\$841,164	\$13,439,455	6.26%
2005	620,000	231,183	851,183	15,206,598	5.60%
2006	620,000	183,120	803,120	16,440,230	4.89%
2007	620,000	163,980	783,980	16,899,870	4,64%
2008	400,000	143,400	543,400	17,618,657	3.08%
2009	400,000	130,400	530,400	17,274,957	3.07%
2010	400,000	117,400	517,400	17,071,878	3.03%
2011	400,000	103,800	503,800	14,642,758	3.44%
2012	400,000	89,600	489,600	15,388,379	3.18%
2013	400,000	25,289	425,289	17,072,507	2.49%

(1): Includes general and special revenue funds.

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage (1) Applicable to City of Springdale	Amount Applicable to City of Springdale
Direct:			
City of Springdale	\$3,920,985	100%	\$3,920,985
Overlapping:			
Hamilton County	64,345,000	1.84%	1,183,948
Princeton City School District	188,739,930	22.23%	41,956,886
Great Oaks Joint Vocational School	14,695,000	1.88%	276,266
Subtotal			43,417,100
			\$47,338,085

(1) - The overlap percentage was calculated based on assessed valuation.

Information above obtained from the Springdale Finance Department and the Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Total assessed property value (1)	\$326,065,100	\$334,646,990	\$337,958,650	\$377,018,180	\$431,783,290	\$486,554,200	\$\$00,355,580	\$\$30,767,940	\$495,024,900	\$498,888,760
Total debt limit (10 5% of assessed value)	\$34,236,836	\$35,137,934	\$35,485,658	\$39,586,909	\$45,337,245	\$51,088,191	\$\$2,537,336	\$55,730,634	\$51,977,615	\$52,383,320
Total net debt applicable to limit General obligation bonds (2) General obligation notes	1,500,000	000'006'1	2,306,120 0	2,707,192 0	3,108,264	3,509,336 0	3,910,408	4,534,479 625,000	5,160,905 1,250,000	5,786,905
Legal debt limit margin	\$32,736,836	\$33,237,934	\$33,179,538	\$36,879,717	\$42,228,981	\$47,578,855	\$48,626,928	\$50,571,155	\$45,566,710	\$45,096,415
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of total debt limit	4%6	5%	6%	7%	7%	2%	9%L	9%6	12%	14%
Total unvoted debt limit (5.5% of assessed value)	\$17,933,581	\$18,405,584	\$18,587,726	\$20,736,000	\$23,748,081	\$26,760,481	\$27,519,557	\$29,192,237	\$27,226,370	\$27,438,882
Total net debt applicable to hmit General obligation bonds (2) General obligation notes	000,000,1	0 000'006 [*] 1	2,306,120 0	2.707.192 0	3,108,264	3,509,336 0	3,910,408	4,534,479 625,000	5,160,905 1,250,000	5,786,905
Legal debt hmt matgin	\$16,433,581	\$16,505,584	\$16,281,606	\$18,028,808	\$20,639,817	\$23,251,145	\$23,609,149	\$24,032,758	\$20,815,465	\$20,151,977
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of total debt limit	8%6	10%	12%	13%	13%	13%	14%	18%	24%	27%

110

Source City of Springdale, Finance Department (1) - Obtained from Hamilton County, Ohio Auditor's Office (2) - amount includes bond premium, if applicable Direct dobt limitation is based on Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code. The total dobt limit should not exceed 10.5% of assessed property value. The total unvoted dobt limit should not exceed 5.5% of assessed property value. Revenue bonds and notes related to Pictoria Island Tax Increment Financing is not considered in the computation of legal dobt margin. Note

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Area - Square Miles (A)	Population (B)	Estimated Personal Income (C)	Per Capita Personal Income (D)	Median Age (B)	School Enrollment (E)	Unemployment Rate (F)
2004	5.08	10,206	\$124,347,280	12,184	39	849	5.20%
2005	5.08	10,118	147,145,333	14,543	39	862	5.70%
2006	5.08	10,085	147,732,533	14,649	39	480	5.00%
2007	5.08	10,408	155,278,067	14,919	39	796	5,00%
2008	5.08	10,384	162,961,333	15,694	39	808	5.60%
2009	5,08	10,384	159,929,333	15,402	39	758	8.90%
2010	5.08	11,223	117,792,933	10,496	39	815	9.40%
2011	5.08	11,223	126,908,667	11,308	39	824	8.60%
2012	5.08	11,223	134,876,978	12,018	39	830	7.00%
2013	5.08	11,223	135,485,933	12,072	39	862	7.80%

(A) Obtained from the Springdale Public Works department.

(B). Obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau.

(C) Obtained from the Springdale Tax Department - total residential tax liability.

(D) Calculated as estimated personal income (C) divided by population (B)

(E): Source: Princeton City School District.

(F): Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, rates are for Hamilton County, which approximates City of Springdale.

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2004

Employer	2013 - Number of Employees (A)	Percent of Total
Humana Pharmacy Inc.	1,041	4%
One Source Employee Management	650	2%
John Morrell and Company	624	2%
ORC International Inc.	512	2%
CM Temporary Services Inc.	499	2%
First Financial Bank	467	2%
Macy's Retail Holdings Inc.	446	1%
General Electric	439	1%
CDI Corporation	423	1%
Avon Products Inc.	399	1%
All Others	24,236	82%
Total employment within the City	29,736	100%
	·	

Employer	2004 - Number of Employees (A)	Percent of Total
Avon Products, Inc.	1,613	4%
John Morrell and Company	1,060	2%
Adecco USA, Inc.	969	2%
General Electric	916	2%
M. R. Temporary Services	872	2%
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	688	2%
Lifesphere	678	2%
Rich's Department Stores	583	1%
Direct Personnel Solutions	565	1%
All others	35,992	82%
Total employment within the City	43,936	100%

Source: City of Springdale, Tax Department.

(A) - Based on the number of W-2's received for the prior year's employment activity, Includes both full-time and part-time employees. CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT AS OF YEAR-END LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Relating polymeral by controls of the control of from at florency 10 16 10 13 <th1< th=""><th></th><th>2013</th><th>2012</th><th>2011</th><th>2010</th><th>2009</th><th>2008</th><th>2007</th><th>2006</th><th>2005</th><th>2004</th></th1<>		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
1 1	Full-time positions at December 31	011	106	104	114	123	127	127	123	111	117
endy 1 <td>Security of Persons and Property</td> <td></td>	Security of Persons and Property										
any 1	Police Department:	G	÷			-			4	-	
etay 31 34 31 34 31 35 3 etay 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 i 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 i 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 iii 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 iii 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td>Police Chief</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- 0</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Police Chief				- 0		-				
any 31 34 31 34 31 34 31 34 31 34 31 34	Police Captain					36	37	36	36	33	
enay 5 5 5 5 5 5 i 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 i 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 dis 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 dis 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 dis 1	Sworn Others	10	-1 -	1 Tr	n -	- -	ì –	-	1	1	
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$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fire Chief		T		-						
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 4	Assistant Fire Chief	7	0	-	2	L.	1	A.		a /	
iffic 1 1 1 1 1 ictary 1 1	Fire Captain	m	ŝ	m	m	ε	ń	m	m	'n	
dic $ 1 $ $ 2 $ $ 2 $ $ 2 $ $ 5 $ $ 1 $ relative $ 1 $ <	Fire Inspector	1	L.	7	1	0	÷	0	1	1	
dic 14 12 12 15 11	Firefighter	4	4	4	4	দ	4	4	4	5	
ef 1 1 1 1 ef 1 1 1 1 ef 1 1 1 1 islant 1 1 1 1 islant 1 1 1 1 bepartment: 1 1 1 1 bepartment: 1 1 1 1 n Director 2 2 3 3 ager 3 3 3 3 infer 1 1 1 1 infer 2 2 2 2 infer 1 1 1 1	Errofichtars/Dammadic	21	12	12	15	16	15	16	15	12	
er 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Administrative Secretary	-	-	1	1	1	I	4	4	1	
er 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1											
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Public Ilealth Services										
er 1 1 1 1 istant 1 1 1 1 istant 1 1 1 1 1 cepartment: 1 1 1 1 1 1 n Director 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 <td>Health Department:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Þ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Health Department:				Þ			-	-		
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Health Commissioner	-	-	•	÷ •					4 -	
Interface the stant of the stan	Health Nurse	-									
stant 1 1 1 1 Department: 1 1 1 1 n Director 1 1 1 1 n Director 2 2 3 ager 3 3 3 mer 1 1 1 1 n inter 1 1 1 1 stant 1 1 0 0 stant 1 1 1 1	Sanitarian	-	-	-		-		+			
Department: 1 1 1 In Director 2 2 3 ager 2 2 3 ager 3 3 3 ager 1 1 1 ager 1 1 1 ager 1 1 1 ager 1 1 0 stant 1 1 1 affector 1 1 1 affector 2 2 2 inspector 1 1 1	Administrative Assistant	1		-	-	-	-			-	
artment: Director 1 1 1 1 Director 2 2 3 or 1 1 1 1 1 er 3 3 3 3 3 3 or 1 1 1 1 06 ant 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 pector 2 2 2 pector 1 1 1 1 1	Leisure Time Activities										
Director 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Parks and Recreation Department:							1		÷	
Director 2 2 3 cr 1 1 1 cr 3 3 3 er 1 1 0 ant 1 1 0 ant 1 1 1 pector 2 2 2 r 1 1 1	Parks and Recreation Director	I	1	1	-	-	- ,	- ,	- ,	- r	
er 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Assistant Recreation Director	2	5	m	3	r.	n.		ń -	4 -	
er 3 3 3 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Fitness Center Manager	C	1	-	1	-	-			-	
er 1 0 0 ant 1 1 06 0 1 1 1 1 06 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Parks Maintenance	3	'n	'n	3	4	Ś	4	40	ব	
ant 1 1 1 06 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 pector 2 2 2 2 pector 1 1 1 1	Recreation Programmer	-	0	0	-	-		R		<i>ц</i> .,	
Custodian 1	Administrative Assistant	e	E.	0.6	9'0	5	1	1	-	-	
Community Environment Building Department Building Department Building Peperty Inspector 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 <td>Custodian</td> <td>Ŧ</td> <td>¢</td> <td>-</td> <td>I</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Custodian	Ŧ	¢	-	I		-	-	-		
Building Department: 1 2 1 1 1 1	Community Environment										
Building Official 1 2 <th2< th=""> 1 1</th2<>	Building Department:			1	2	ľ					
Building/Property Inspector 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Building Official	÷.,	г	-	- '	(- 1	• •	- (
Property Inspector	Building/Property Inspector	2	5	C1	2	2			4 •	4 -	
	Property Inspector	-	-	4	2	5	2			•••	

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT AS OF YEAR END LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS PAGE 2

Transportation Public Works Department Director of Public Works										
Transportation Public Works Department Director of Public Works	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Public Works Department Director of Public Works										
Director of Public Works					1		-	1	2	
	-	-	-	-	-	- 2				
Assistant Director of Public Works	1	Ŧ		-	0	0	-	-	C	
Public Works Inspector	4	-	1	1	0	-	I	-	1	
Anabaria	6		1	2	2	1	2	2	2	
	1 1-			1	10	12	12	10	н	
Maintenance worker Administrative Assistant	0	00	0	0	0	I	1	1	2	
General Government										
Administration Department.								2		
City Administrator	4	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	
Assistant City Administrator		-	T.	1	4	Ŧ	26	2		
Economic Development Director	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	Ţ	7	
Senior Administrative Assistant	1	-	04	0.4	÷	÷	2	2	I	
Technical Services Administrator	(L)	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Administrative Assistant	0	0	0	0	0		T	-	A	
	-		÷	F	ł	9	1	1	-	
Custodian	-	-	-	1		-	A	1		
Finance Department	50	50	50	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Filiance Ontreat tax Commissioned Account Clerk	2	5	12	2	2	5	2	61	2	
Tax Department.		20	20	50	50	05	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Finance Officer/ Lax Commissioner	0	ς Έ	n m	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Administrative Secretary	1	0	Ŧ	-	1	-	-	-	-	
Total Eull Time Positions	110	106	104	114	123	127	127	123	117	117

Source: City of Springdale, Finance Department

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Security of Persons and Property 1 Police Department 13,189 Number of statons 13,189 Total partol calls for services 1,3753 - Auto accidents 1,755 - Auto accidents 796 - Traffic incidents 796 - Offense report 2,654 Mayor's court cases, heard 2,654 Fire Department 850 Fire responses 2,077 Fire losses 2,071	1 13,530 13,530 13,530 1868 1868 1868 1,868 1,561 4 2,102 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 13,795 11,620 11,165 2,898 1,397 2,822	1						
s (EMS) responses So	<u>к</u> – с с	1 13,795 1,620 1,165 1,165 1,398 1,397 2,822	1						
to services for services and a services (EMS) responses the set and a services (EMS) responses (So So S	<u> </u>	1 13,795 1,620 1,165 2,888 1,397 2,822			1				
for services In the services of the services (and senses heard services (EMS) responses (al services (al services (EMS) responses (al services (al services (EMS) responses (al services (al service	<u>к</u> т - с с	13,795 1,620 1,165 2,898 1,397 2,822		T. M.					15.00
cnis dents oot ses heard ns cal services (EMS) responses cal services (EMS) responses S6		1,620 1,165 2,898 1,397 2,822	13,954	14,496	14,826	14,117	957°C1	7/5.51	846.01
ents dents ses heard us ses heard as services (EMS) responses cal services (EMS) responses S6	- 0 (1,165 2,898 1,597 2,822	2,052	2,307	2,518	2,267	2,197	F76'I	1.948
dents tort ses heard ns cal services (EMS) responses S6	- 0 0	2,898 1,397 2,822	862	889	1,113	1,314	1,180	1,343	1,425
oot ses heard us cal services (EMS) responses S6		1,397 2,822	844	816	1.165	541	419	269	273
ses heard us cal services (EMS) responses S6		2,822	1,300	1,802	1.817	1_723	2,361	2,421	2,605
ns cal scrvtces (EMS) responses			2,912	4,032	4,265	3,886	4,089	3,533	3,148
ns cal services (EMS) responses									
cal services (EMS) responses		-	1	-	-	-	-	A .	
cal services (EMS) responses		760	770	663	986	532	515	863	806
		1,706	1,957	1,889	1,967	1,968	2,056	2,142	1,816
Datts: Hadda Sambar	0 \$87,285	\$153,100	\$240,200	S109,400	\$168,830	S229,490	\$121,985	\$132,450	\$169,335
Health Department									
Number of health denotment food instructions	479	329	397	390	376	463	556	819	486
	0 0	0	0	85	16	127	132	127	12
Home health care visits (1)	0 92	72	67	65	220	291	263	366	444
Leisure Time Activities									
Parks and Recreation Department						, a	9	¥	
Number of parks		9	0	0	0	0	001	0	1001
		001	100	001	001	3115	239 6	201 4	F80 1
		C08,1	0161	4114	211.6	511,2 010104	C0017	C116 106	5117 783
Community center membership dollars (cash basis) \$103,012 Active member fitness center visits 35,800	2 \$107,706 0 42,751	39,812	40,124	44,453	162'05	52,453	53,787	50,662	51,621
Community Environment									
Building Department									
Total number of permits issued 587		566	710	682	658	652	056	280	088
ssued		334	428	505	368	266	018	C/ 5	007
Value of residential permits issued \$1,373,911	\$1,448	\$1,537,673	S1.942,286	\$2,780,380	S1,998,921	S1.324.170	516,050,007	876,808,92	000'710'15
ted		232	282	177	290	380	745	105	775
\$11,358	S11,464,	\$11,123,570	\$13,452,349	\$4,486.595	\$15,409,775	\$31,133,543	529,386,840	84C,161,122	110,082,912
Number of building inspections 954	5	823	1,372	1,163	1,923	2,016		205.2	0071
Number of certificates of occupancy issued 139	89 82	75	33	73	124	63	12	7/	

CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OHIO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Transportation Delite World Decontract					Fiscal Year					
Transportation Boths World Decontract	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Nubio Variation and allocation										
r douc works nepartment										
Chipper man hours	1,920	2,398	2,582	3,021	2,696	4,283	2,938	2,615	2,475	2,56
Debris removal requests (3)	38	44	44	49	95	160	194	225	255	27
Cubic yards of mulch delivered to residents	1250	061	775	620	600	1,288	1,788	1,476	1,098	1,926
Tons of salt used	1244	248	734	1,206	1,298	1,625	1,332	683	1,186	1,29
Snow and ice control callouts	11	1	12	19	II	14	Π	12	61	
General Government										
Finance Department										
Average number of business days to post receipts	35	27	3.0	3.2	28	38	43	51	4 1	5.2
Average number of business days to pay invoices	6.6	62	53	60	50	60	8.0	82	94	C,
Number of non-payroll checks written	2,971	2,960	2,762	2,914	3,364	3,500	3,961	4,018	3,706	3,386
Number of payroll checks written	1,254	1,199	1,208	1,396	1,629	1,606	1,886	1,979	2,210	2,3
Number of payroll direct deposits issued	4,178	3,993	4,017	4,146	4,234	4,298	4,175	3ª779	NA	Z
Tax Department										
Number of business accounts at year-end	2,468	2,637	2,796	2,798	2,785	2,915	2,971	2,879	2,910	2,857
Number of resident accounts al year-end	4,556	4,728	4,691	4,620	4,634	4,373	4,530	4,365	3,894	3,887
Current year no-file % (at due date):										
Business returns	32%	23%	22%	37%	37%	43%	42%	44%	51%	33
Resident returns	43%	33%a	32%	35%	35%	29%	33%	29%	25%	29
Average days to process and mail tax refund	37.	43	42	27	26	25	35	32	31	
Tax accounts assigned to mayor's court	169	163	173	192	183	207	121	157	152	196
Tax department overtune hours worked	132	76	47	54	243	297	260	277	386	286

City of Springdale, departmental annual reports, information available from year 2000 forward 2002-2003 reflects number of residents visited, 2004-2011 reflects total number of visits Program discontinued in 2010

2009 was first year a fee was charged for debris removal services

Information not available Source (1) 2 (2) 3 NA 1 CITY OF SPRINGDALE, OIHO CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
General Government										
Square footage - municipal building	33,620	33,620	33,620	33.620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620	33,620
Administrative vehicles	0	0	0	0	-		Ĩ	1	в	
Security of Persons and Property										
Police Department										
Number of stations	-	1	-	-			-	-	-	
Square footage - police building	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500
Number of police cruisers	25	30	27	27	25	23	24	24	26	25
Number of other police vehicles	10	6	6	8	6	6	6	6	8	80
Fire Department										
Number of stations	1		2	-	4	1	-	I	-	
Square footage - fire building	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800	16,800
Number of fire vehicles	9	9	S	5	4	4	4	4	4	5
Number of EMS vehicles	m	4	4	Þ	5	S	4	4	F	
Number of other vehicles	'n	4	4	4	5	S.	5	4	ю	
Public Health Services										
Health Department				ľ		2				
Number of health vehicles	r.	÷	e	-	•	-	-		-	
Leisure Time Activities										
Parks and Recreation Department	000 01	000 01	OUD LE	000 12	000 12	000 CE	72 000	000 62	72 000	000 CL
Square footage - community center	,2,000	000.27	12,000	12,000	3	12,000	2000-21	9	9	
Number of parks	0	0 -			•					
Number of tennis courts	4	4	T	ग	1,	J .	T ~	r .		
Number of baseball diamonds	9	9	9	9	0	0	0 (0 (0 1	
Number of soccer fields	m	ŝ	m	ω	m	m	n) i	'n	n ·	η ·
Number of work vehicles	9	6	9	9	Q	9	9	4	ব	
Community Environment										
Building Department							3	4		
Number of vehicles	4	4	4	4	m	FQ.	'n	ņ	n	5
Transportation										
Public Works Department	A LAND	00.000			007.01	00/01	10,000	10.201	10 690	10 690
Square Footage - office and garage	19,680	19,680	19,680	19,080	19,080	19,080	000'61	19,000	12,000	000'61
Number of work vehicles	15	15	51	2	cl .	<u>c</u> ,	4	<u>0</u> 1	ŋ -	2
Number of other vehicles	1	2	14	2	7	7	7	1	-	

Source: City of Springdale, finance department NA: Information not available

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

CITY OF SPRINGDALE HAMILTON COUNTY

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	Under Separate Cover
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Springdale Hamilton County 11700 Springfield Pike Springdale, Ohio 45246

To the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springdale, Hamilton County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Springdale Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

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Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 19, 2014



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

CITY OF SPRINGDALE

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 12, 2014

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