# CITY OF NEW ALBANY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

#### SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2013



City Council City of New Albany 99 W. Main Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of New Albany, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of New Albany is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 6, 2014

## CITY OF NEW ALBANY FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

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## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

City of New Albany Franklin County 99 W. Main Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Albany, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of New Albany's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City of New Albany's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City of New Albany's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City of New Albany's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Members of Council and Mayor City of New Albany

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City of New Albany's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2013-CONA-001, 2013-CONA-002 and 2013-CONA-003.

#### City of New Albany's Response to Findings

Julian & Sube the

The City of New Albany's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City of New Albany's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City of New Albany's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of New Albany's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. June 25, 2014

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## CITY OF NEW ALBANY FRANKLIN COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2013

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2013-CONA-001

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 in part requires that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed estimated resources.

At December 31, 2013, the total appropriations exceeded the total estimated resources in the following funds:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>A</u> p	propriations	Resources		Excess	
Major Governmental Funds						
Economic Opportunity Fund	\$	8,790,076	\$ 8,661,576	\$	128,500	
Debt Service Fund		8,517,553	2,807,905		5,709,648	
Bond Improvement Fund		12,566,488	11,709,114		857,374	
Non Major Capital Project Fund						
OPWC Main Street Improvement Funds		391,120	350,670		40,450	

With appropriations exceeding estimated resources, the City is appropriating monies that are either not in the Treasury, process of collection or have been properly certified to the Budget Commission then a fund deficit could occur.

We recommend that the City comply with the Ohio Revised Code monitoring appropriations so they do not exceed estimated revenue. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continued basis and amending estimated resources or appropriations as necessary.

## <u>Client Response:</u> THIS RESPONSE ALSO APPLIES TO 2013-CONA-002 AND 2013-CONA-003 (All citations are interrelated and stem from the same single mistake in submission.

New Albany City Council approved all 2013 appropriation amendments and the Finance Director updated the Certificate of Estimated Resources throughout the year in conjunction with these amendments and actual receipts. Unfortunately, the last Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources (certificate) was submitted to the Budget Commission on 7/29/2013 (002). Although our compliance efforts fell short, the discrepancies are purely a result of forgetting to share our final certificate with the Budget Commission. All compliance efforts were completed internally without fail. Our appropriations did not exceed available resources (001) nor did our actual receipts exceed the final certificate of estimated resources (002). We are able to provide supporting evidence of these statements based on internal documents. In the future, we will make certain that we copy the Budget Commission on every update of our certificate. Our original intent was not to overburden them, but we cannot afford to worry about this in the future. It is also important to note that our expenditures matched available resources in all funds.

## CITY OF NEW ALBANY FRANKLIN COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2013

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2013-CONA-002

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 in part, requires subdivisions to request increased amended certificates of estimated resources if the legislative authority intends to appropriate and expend excess revenue.

Throughout the fiscal year the City had appropriations exceeding estimated resources. Thus, the City did not request enough amended certificates throughout the year or by fiscal year end upon notice of increased or decreased resources in order to equal or exceed appropriations.

The City is not properly certifying its most current estimated resources to the appropriate authorities and thus causing appropriations to exceed estimated resources.

We recommend that the City review its available resources versus its appropriations throughout the year and file amended certificates when necessary. This will facilitate the City's appropriation process.

## <u>Client Response:</u> THIS RESPONSE ALSO APPLIES TO 2013-CONA-001 AND 2013-CONA-003 (All citations are interrelated and stem from the same single mistake in submission.

New Albany City Council approved all 2013 appropriation amendments and the Finance Director updated the Certificate of Estimated Resources throughout the year in conjunction with these amendments and actual receipts. Unfortunately, the last Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources (certificate) was submitted to the Budget Commission on 7/29/2013 (002). Although our compliance efforts fell short, the discrepancies are purely a result of forgetting to share our final certificate with the Budget Commission. All compliance efforts were completed internally without fail. Our appropriations did not exceed available resources (001) nor did our actual receipts exceed the final certificate of estimated resources (002). We are able to provide supporting evidence of these statements based on internal documents. In the future, we will make certain that we copy the Budget Commission on every update of our certificate. Our original intent was not to overburden them, but we cannot afford to worry about this in the future. It is also important to note that our expenditures matched available resources in all funds.

Finding Number	2013-CONA-003
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Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36(A)(4) states that upon a determination by the Fiscal Officer of a subdivision that the revenue to be collected by the subdivision will be less than the amount included in an official certificate and that the amount of the deficiency will reduce available resources below the level of current appropriations, the fiscal officer shall certify the amount of the deficiency to the commission and the commission shall certify an amended certificate reflecting the deficiency.

At year end, the City had appropriations that were greater than actual resources, which consist of actual revenues, beginning fund balance and prior year encumbrances appropriated, in the following funds:

## CITY OF NEW ALBANY FRANKLIN COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2013

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2013-CONA-003 - (Continued)

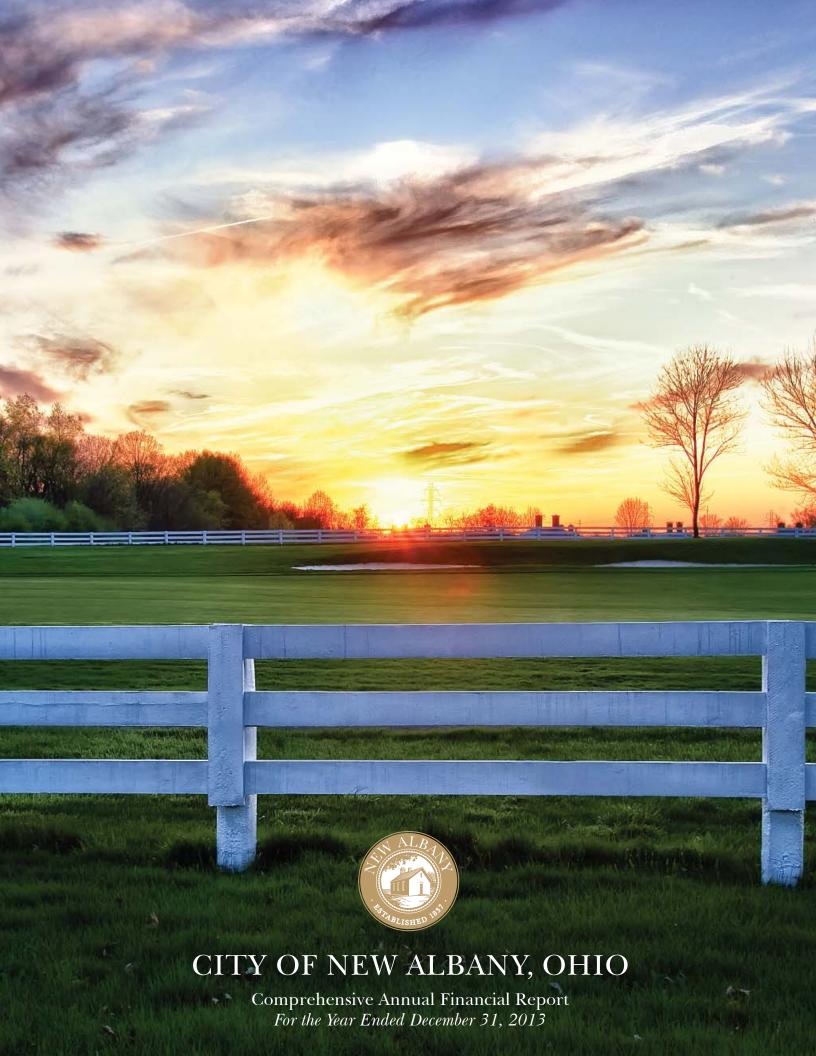
		Actual			
<u>Funds</u>	_	Resources	A	opropriations	Excess
Major Governmental Funds					
Economic Opportunity Fund	\$	7,691,357	\$	8,790,076	\$ 1,098,719
Bond Improvement Fund		12,445,085		12,566,488	121,403
Nonmajor Capital Project Fund					
OPWC Main Street Improvement Fund		350,669		391,120	40,451

By appropriating more funds than actual resources, the City is at risk of spending more money than is available. This may result in negative fund balances.

We recommend the City monitor appropriations in comparison to actual resources and obtain decreased amended appropriations as needed. Further guidance may be found in Auditor of State bulletin 97-010.

## <u>Client Response:</u> THIS RESPONSE ALSO APPLIES TO 2013-CONA-001 AND 2013-CONA-002 (All citations are interrelated and stem from the same single mistake in submission.

New Albany City Council approved all 2013 appropriation amendments and the Finance Director updated the Certificate of Estimated Resources throughout the year in conjunction with these amendments and actual receipts. Unfortunately, the last Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources (certificate) was submitted to the Budget Commission on 7/29/2013 (002). Although our compliance efforts fell short, the discrepancies are purely a result of forgetting to share our final certificate with the Budget Commission. All compliance efforts were completed internally without fail. Our appropriations did not exceed available resources (001) nor did our actual receipts exceed the final certificate of estimated resources (002). We are able to provide supporting evidence of these statements based on internal documents. In the future, we will make certain that we copy the Budget Commission on every update of our certificate. Our original intent was not to overburden them, but we cannot afford to worry about this in the future. It is also important to note that our expenditures matched available resources in all funds.





# City of New Albany, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

**Finance Department** 



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## CITY OF NEW ALBANY, OHIO 2013 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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June 25, 2014

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council And Citizens of the City of New Albany New Albany, Ohio

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of New Albany, Ohio (the "City") is hereby presented. This CAFR reports the City's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. This official report has been developed to accurately detail the status of the City finances for review by New Albany residents, elected officials, investment banks and underwriters as well as all other interested parties. The report is presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments" (GASB Statement No. 34). It is intended to provide all pertinent and necessary information that may be required by the citizens of New Albany to review the fiscal condition of the community.

City management is responsible for the accuracy of the data, the completeness and fairness of the presentation, and for all disclosure. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of New Albany's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of management's knowledge, the financial and other data contained in this report fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City. All necessary disclosures to enable the citizens and other readers to understand the City's financial activities are included in this report.

The City is required by state law to have an annual audit performed by either the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) or by an Independent Auditor operating under the auspices of the AOS. For fiscal year 2013, the City has engaged the independent accounting firm of Julian & Grube, Inc. to audit the City's financial records. The City continues to receive an unmodified opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Profile of the Government**

#### **Basic Information**

The City of New Albany is located in central Ohio, approximately 15 miles northeast of the state capital, Columbus, and is located in both Franklin and Licking Counties. The City covers an area of approximately 12.15 square miles, and has a current estimated



population of 8,255<sup>[1]</sup>residents. Founded in Figure 1 - 2013 City Council 1837 and incorporated in 1856, the City

operates under a home rule charter form of government, which was originally adopted on November 3, 1992. The voters adopted the current charter on November 5, 2009. The form of government provided by the Charter is known as 'Mayor-Council-Manager'. In this form of government, an appointed City Manager manages the day-to-day operations of the municipality. The elected



Figure 2 -Scenic City Streets & Paths

Mayor presides over Council meetings and the local municipal court, but has no veto authority over legislation adopted by Council. All officials are elected at large to four-year terms beginning on January 1 after their election. There is a President Pro-Tempore of Council who serves in the absence of the Mayor, as well as five additional Council members. This position rotates between the other six members of Council on an annual basis.

The City Manager serves as the chief administrative and law officer of the City and is appointed by Council. The City has a Department of Law, Department of Finance and other departments as Council may deem appropriate to create. The City Manager appoints the Law Director and the Director of Finance, subject to the consent and approval of Council. The Director of Finance, as the head of the Department of Finance, serves as the City's chief financial officer.

<sup>[1]</sup> Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC) population estimates

The City provides a range of municipal services mandated by statute or charter, including police protection, street maintenance, planning, zoning and other general government services. Health services are contracted with, and provided by, the Franklin County Board of Health.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget no later than the close of the preceding fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control processes. The budget is prepared by fund, program/department and object for all funds excluding agency funds. Projections of revenues and expenditures are developed for agency funds, but are not included in the permanent budget adopted by City Council. Budgetary transfers may be made within the lowest level of budgetary control without requiring Council authorization.

#### **Budget Process & Methodology**

#### Budget Process & Schedule

Ohio law requires the City of New Albany by mid-July of each year to prepare an estimate of resources available for expenditure in the following year. This estimate of resources is known as the *Tax Budget*. The annual budget development process begins with the development and submission of the Tax Budget to the Franklin and Licking County Budget Commissions. The separate Commissions review the Tax Budget, approve it and generate a *Certificate of Estimated Resources*. This certificate serves as the basis of available funds for the development of the expenditure budget.

The City of New Albany Charter requires that the City Manager, in consultation with the Finance Director, develop revenue and expenditure estimates and present a proposed budget to City Council for their consideration at the first regularly scheduled Council meeting in November prior to the beginning of the next fiscal year.

#### Basis of Budgeting

A jurisdiction's 'basis of budgeting' refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts. The City's budget basis is a cash-encumbrance basis, wherein transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed, or when a commitment has been recorded as an encumbrance against an applicable appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent that they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Fund balances are shown as unencumbered cash balances. This basis is used for all interim financial statements during the year.

#### **Budgetary Control**

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) §5705.38(c) requires each municipality to present their annual operating budget to their legislative authority, at minimum, at the level of fund, department, and within department, identifying personal services and other expenditures. The City adopts its annual budget in the format of fund, function to categories such as salary and related, contractual services and general operating. Fund is the individual fund number and description established by the authority to separate and control expenditures of specific monies. While all governmental funds are included in the annual appropriation ordinance, agency and fiduciary funds are not included. Program/Department represents groupings of functionally similar tasks performed by the jurisdiction and is the local equivalent of the ORC-required department. There are nine major programs/departments identified by the City Director of Finance and include the following:

- General Government
- Police
- Public Service
- Community Development
- Finance & Legal

- Council
- Parks & Lands
- Debt Service
- Transfers & Advances

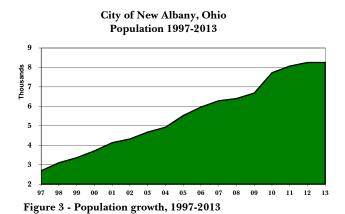
The final ORC required component is *Object*. The object code is the lowest level of control provided for in the appropriation legislation. The current format provides the level of detail required by the ORC while not unduly restricting the ability of the Director of Finance to manage the budget without submitting numerous supplemental appropriations to provide for minor budget transfers. In this budget structure, similar types of account numbers are grouped together into higher-level summary accounts. These summary groups include:

- Salary & Related Costs
- Contractual Services
- General Operating
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service
- Transfers & Advances

Amendments to authorized appropriations at the legal level of control may be made periodically as changing circumstances dictate. These will be recommended to City Council by either the City Manager or the Director of Finance along with the rationale supporting the requests. Such budget amendments must be formally approved by ordinance of Council.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

New Albany continues to implement the balanced growth principles outlined in the strategic land use and economic development plans. As the national economy continued to climb out of the recent recession, the City attracted businesses that fit within the established core clusters and rely upon existing technology infrastructure for success. New Albany officially obtained classification as a City in April 2011. The Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission estimates that the City's current population is now estimated to be 8,255 people, and represents a population growth rate of 207% since 1997. The investments in public infrastructure since 2009 positioned the community favorably for several out-of-state projects specific to mission critical and data center facilities. The existing companies continue to rebound and grow with respect to employee base and net profits. As the City continues to grow and develop, it is imperative that it provide



careful planning and analysis in order to balance the demands placed by continued residential growth with the need for a stabilized funding source.

The City's primary ownrevenue source is income tax. Income taxes are paid in three different vehicles. First is local residents living within the community. Local businesses also contribute via withholding

taxes of non-resident employees and net profits. Residents voted in May 2003 to approve an increase in the City's income tax rate from 1.0% of taxable earnings with a 50% credit for local income taxes paid to neighboring jurisdictions, to 2.0% with 100% credit (up to 2%). Combined with the tax rate increase, the City's income tax base has grown dramatically in the same time period due to the establishment of the business campus and related economic opportunity zones (EOZ). These EOZ's have allowed New Albany to attract a number of large, revenue-generating corporations and businesses into the City.

The City is projecting 1-2% growth in general fund revenue for 2014 related primarily to growth in the business park. Conversely, budgeting and utilization of outside funding sources should reduce general fund expenditures 2-3%

New Albany is poised for continued growth. Strategically located along the recently improved and expanded State Route 161, New Albany is within 3 minutes of the I-270 outer belt in the northeast quadrant of the greater Columbus metropolitan area. All of the major transportation amenities are a short distance away: 15 minutes from Port Columbus International Airport and 20 minutes from downtown Columbus.

#### **Residential Activity**

The City's Strategic Land Use Plan estimates that the population of the City at build out will be 18-22,000 residents. According to the 2010 Census, the official population of New Albany is 7,724. The housing market remains strong despite the recent economic downturn. The City issued building permits for the construction of 129 new homes in 2013 and 82 new homes in 2012. The maximum



density of residential development in the City is maintained at 1.17 units per acre. [1] The average family size in New Albany is 3.4 members and the median age is 37.9 years. [2] The median value for a single family residential home is \$463,200 and the median household income is \$161,314. [3] Approximately 76% of the population over the age of 25 has earned a Bachelor's Degree or higher. [4]

Figure 4 - Example of Residential Architecture

In 2013, the ten residential New Albany Tax Increment Financing Districts generated more than \$1.75 million for City infrastructure projects. Examples of some of the items funded by the TIFs include leisure trail connections and debt service on the McCoy Center for the Performing Arts bonds.

#### **Commercial Activity**

The City has created economic clusters within the Business Park, and implemented a target market strategy to attract businesses to those specific clusters. The campuses have been defined as follows: Information & Technology, Medical, Corporate Office and International Beauty. To date, over 8.5 million square feet of commercial development was completed, under construction or approved in the business park. Since 2009, in the midst of one of the nation's largest economic downturns, New Albany created 5,996 new jobs with 3,659 of those jobs new to the state of Ohio. This economic activity represents \$892 million in private investment and 3.8 million square feet of new construction.

<sup>[1]</sup> New Albany Community Development department

<sup>[2]</sup>Federal 2010 decennial census

<sup>[3]</sup> Ibid

<sup>[4]</sup> Ibid

#### **Information & Technology Cluster**

Eleven projects have been completed within the Information & Technology Cluster which account for approximately 1,200,000 square feet of construction, at a private investment cost of \$573,700,000 and which have created approximately 4,497 jobs. The completed projects include mission critical/data center facilities for American Electric Power, Motorists Mutual Insurance Group, Nationwide Mutual Insurance, TJX Companies, PCM, Inc., and Discover Financial Services. Regional operations centers include Aetna, Discover Financial Services and I-Qor. Compass Data Centers is currently under construction. In November 2014, American Electric Power will begin construction on their new 195,000 square foot Transmissions Operations Facility. This represents \$39 million of the total investment and will create 636 new jobs.

<u>Corporate Office Cluster.</u> This cluster is comprised of single site developments for international corporate headquarters and operations centers for Fortune 200 companies.



Figure 5 - Aerial View of Business Campus

Eleven projects have been completed within the Corporate Office and Operations Centers which account for approximately 4,370,000 square feet of construction, at a private investment cost of \$262,500,000 and which have created approximately 5,381 jobs. The completed projects included facilities Bob for **Evans** Corporate Headquarters, Brickman Group Operations Center, Mission Essentials

Operations Center and Headquarters, Commercial Vehicle Group International Headquarters, Tween Brands International Headquarters, Abercrombie & Fitch International Headquarters and The Limited, e-Cycle and TS24.

#### Medical Campus

Courtyard Marriott continued construction on a new 125,000 square foot business class hotel in the medical campus at the Shoppes and Offices at Smiths Mill. The new medical office building (MOB II) announced a surgery center tenant and dermatology practice.

#### Personal Care, Health & Beauty Campus

International Beauty Campus. Fourteen projects have been announced, under construction or completed within the International Beauty Campus. These projects account for approximately 2,570,000 square feet of construction, at a private

investment cost of \$340,100,000 which and have created approximately 2,342 jobs. The cluster is primarily designed as a vertical supply chain. completed projects included facilities for Accel Corporate Headquarters, VeePak of Ohio, KDC/Tri-Tech Laboratory, Axium Anomatic Corporation, Plastics.



Sonoco Plastics, Jeyes, Alene Candles, Magnanni Office and

Figure 6 – Aerial View of Personal Care, Health & Beauty Campus

Distribution Center, and Exhibit Pro Headquarters. In 2014, the City announced the first Ohio production and research facility for California based Bocchi Laboratories. L Brands also announced construction of a new corporate headquarters and distribution center for Bath & Body Works.

#### Village Center

The City continues to progress through several of the ten major catalytic projects identified in the Village Center Implementation Strategy adopted in 2010. The plan focuses on attracting people and economic vitality to the heart of the community. The first project, the Heit Center, a collaborative health and wellness center built in partnership with Ohio State University and Nationwide Children's Hospital, is currently under construction.

#### Innovate New Albany

In 2011, the New Albany TechStart program evolved into Innovate New Albany. The cornerstone of this dynamic program includes a new business incubator and "graduate suites". The incubator finished 2013 with 18 companies, including seven virtual tenants, resulting in 31 full-time jobs created in the City. Four incubator companies graduated to the suites creating 34 new jobs in the city. The City's relationship with TechColumbus continued to fund entrepreneurs in the City and the region through \$291,000 in venture capital, \$533,000 from TechColumbus grants, \$1,000,000 in Third Frontier funding, \$544,000 in Ohio Tech Angel Funds, \$431,000 in additional angel investments and \$241,000 in federal grants and or loans.

#### Incentives

As a result of the partnerships between the City and the New Albany-Plain Local School District, the Johnstown Monroe School District and the Licking Heights Local School District, the City has been able to offer a competitive real property tax abatement package that provides for up to fifteen (15) years of real property tax abatement for up to 100% of the increase in the property's assessed value. Since 1998, this partnership has generated approximately \$27.4 million in revenues for the local school districts.

#### **Quality of Life**

Thoughtful, innovative planning is reflected in everything from our pedestrian-friendly Village Center to our nationally-ranked school system located within a 200-acre learning campus, our community wellness facility and our world class performing arts center.



As the residential and corporate base grows in the community, the demand for amenities and services grows as well. The Courtyard by

Figure 7 – Jeanne B. McCoy Community Center for the Arts

Marriott opened a new 125,000 square foot business class hotel at the US 62 interchange – the midpoint of the business park. A second hotel of similar size, The Hampton Inn, started construction in the same retail zoned area - the Shoppes and Offices at Smiths Mill. By the end of 2014, additional service oriented amenities, i.e. a gas station, fast food, additional daycare, will be under construction.

The New Albany Business Park is designed to protect and preserve many of the area's natural features and open spaces. Each site is connected to the 27-mile leisure trail system.

This balanced atmosphere provides employees with quality of life choices and contributes to the overall health and productivity of the business. From housing and education to culture and leisure, master planning with attention to the details that define quality of life has led to New Albany's ranking among the nation's best in *Town & Country* magazine and central Ohio's best in *Columbus Monthly*.

#### **Financial Policies**

The City of New Albany has a responsibility to its citizens to carefully account for public funds, manage municipal finances wisely, and to plan for the provision of services desired by the public. Sound financial policies are necessary to carry out that responsibility. To that end, the New Albany City Council adopted in August 2007 a *Statement of Financial Policies* which covered many aspects of long-term planning. This policy statement provides a summary of significant financial and budgetary policies required by state law, the City charter, City ordinances, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and administrative practices.

The policies are designed to: (1) provide conceptual standards for financial decision-making; (2) enhance consistency in financial decisions; and (3) establish parameters for the Administration and Finance Department to use in directing the day-to-day financial affairs of the City. The scope of the policies includes budgeting, financial reporting, auditing, internal controls, asset management, risk management, capital improvement program, debt management and financial performance targets.

#### **Long-Term Planning**

As previously discussed, the City adopted by Resolution the *Statement of Financial Policies*. Included in this policy statement were the following mandates to better manage the long-term planning process of the City as part of the annual budget process: (1) the development of a 5-year pro-forma financial statement (including unencumbered and available fund balance) is required; (2) the development and maintenance of a 5-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) document, which shall include descriptions of the proposed projects, justifications (i.e., cost savings, productivity improvements, or other basis), and the projects funding requirements, and sources of funds is also required; and (3) designated fund balance targets which are expressed as a percentage of the prior year expenditures.

For the 2014 budget, the City Finance Department complied with all of the requirements above. In addition to developing the 2014 operating budget, a 5year pro-forma plan was presented to Council as well as a 5-year CIP document. For 2014, the approved budget estimates that the general fund will have an unencumbered and available fund balance of \$9.84 million, which is 80.2% of the proposed budget and compares very favorably to the target of 40-45%. As recommended by the Administration and adopted by City Council, the City has in recent years maintained a fund balance that is between 40-45% of annual operating expenditures. This reserve serves as a 'safety net' to protect the City against any significant loss in revenues or unanticipated major expenditures. This GFOArecommended practice is one which many municipalities are unable to achieve or find extremely difficult to accomplish. The City's recent success in achieving maintained or improved bond ratings by the ratings agencies (S&P, Moody's) was due in large part to fiscal discipline, and policies such as this. Our current projections would indicate that the City is projected to maintain this level of reserve through at least fiscal year-end 2018.

#### **Major Initiatives & Accomplishments**

- The City significantly expanded the eastern area of its business park when it completed the construction of nearly \$9 million in roadway and utility infrastructure improvements. These improvements enabled the City to make available approximately 500 acres for commercial development. In 2013, ten companies opened in the park and four more committed to locate in 2014/2015. The total commitments are projected to add 2,342 jobs to the area economy when they are fully operational.
- The City will complete an initiative dubbed 'Healthy New Albany' in late 2014. The concept seeks to create a holistic approach to the long-term health and wellness of its residents and corporate citizens that is evaluated through a series of metrics. The initiative is anticipated to result in a partnership with an area hospital system, and will also include supportive retail elements. The concept is likely to result in the construction of public and private buildings in the Village Center. The development will seek to attract additional retail amenities and generate more economic activity in the Village Center.
- The City completed the process of updating the Strategic Plan. Adopted in 2013, the comprehensive guide to economic viability through planning and sustainable principles also includes a comprehensive thoroughfare component.
- The City completed several capital improvement projects in 2013 including construction of leisure trail connections and a pedestrian bridge along Thompson Road. In addition to an investment of 1.1M in the Street Improvement Program, the City was able to bury power lines in the Village Center.

- The City also entered into an extended agreement with the Columbus Metro Parks to expand park and recreation amenities as well as construction of a dog park.
- In 2014, the City plans to make major improvements to the business park. Projects include construction of a second water tower, widening of Beech Road, a connector road between Forrest and Zarley, facilities improvements, additional leisure trail connections, and a roundabout at Market and Main Streets.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

#### Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of New Albany for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. This was the ninth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgement

The presentation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedication and effort of the entire Finance Department staff. I would like to express my appreciation to those directly involved with this report and to the entire staff for their efficient service throughout the year.

Sincerely,

Chad Fuller

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### City of New Albany Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

#### City of New Albany, Ohio Elected & Appointed Officials As of December 31, 2013

#### **Elected Officials**

Mayor Nancy I. Ferguson (2015)

President Pro-Tem Edward J. Fellows (2013)

Council Members Colleen H. Briscoe (2013)

Dr. Glyde A. Marsh (2013)

Stephen G. Pleasnick (2015)

Sloan T. Spalding (2013)

Michael Mott (2015)

#### **Appointed Officials:**

City Manager Joseph F. Stefanov

Deputy Administrator Debra K. Mecozzi

Director of Finance Chad E. Fuller

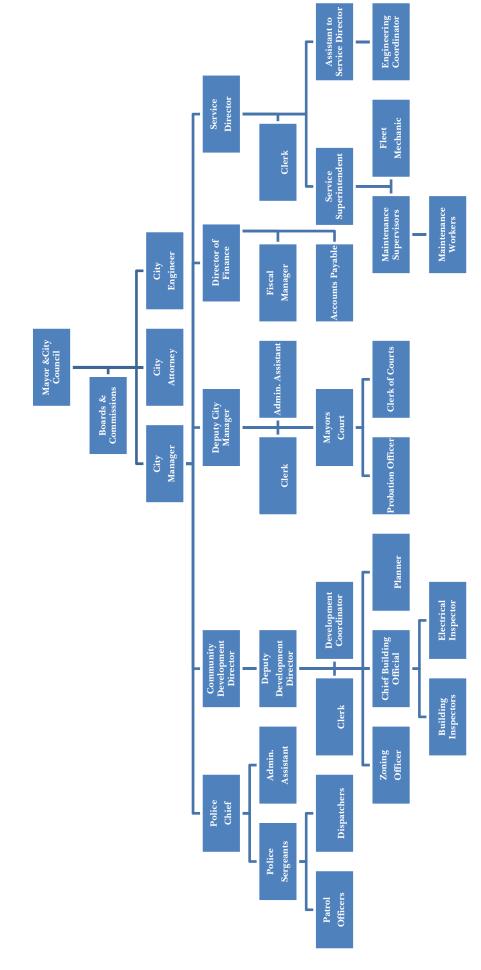
City Attorney Mitchell H. Banchefsky

Development Director Jennifer A. Chrysler

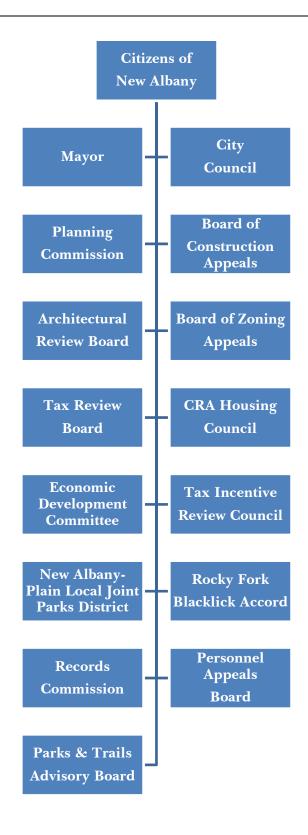
Public Service Director Mark A. Nemec

Chief of Police Greg Jones

City of New Albany, Ohio Organizational Chart



# City of New Albany, Ohio Boards & Commissions





## FINANCIAL SECTION



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

#### Independent Auditor's Report

City of New Albany Franklin County 99 W. Main Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Albany, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of New Albany's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City of New Albany's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City of New Albany's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Independent Auditor's Report City of New Albany

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Albany, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund and major special revenue fund: Economic Opportunity thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City of New Albany's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Independent Auditor's Report City of New Albany

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2014, on our consideration of the City of New Albany's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of New Albany's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Ehre!

June 25, 2014

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of New Albany (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- The total net position of the City increased \$8,799,150 or 8.34%.
- General revenues accounted for \$27,757,243 or 80.03% of total governmental activities revenue.
   Program specific revenues including charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$6,923,202 or 19.97% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The City had \$25,881,295 in expenses related to governmental activities.
- The City had four major funds consisting of the general fund, Economic Opportunity fund, the debt service fund and the bond improvement fund.
- The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$15,566,444 in 2013. The expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$12,584,535 in 2013. The net increase in fund balance for the general fund was \$2,981,909 or 28.56%.
- The Economic Opportunity fund had revenues and expenditures of \$8,135,289 in 2013.
- The debt service fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$8,641,009 in 2013. Expenditures and other financing uses in the debt service fund totaled \$8,481,187 in 2013. The net increase in fund balance for the debt service fund was \$159,822 or 51.91%.
- The bond improvement fund had (\$19,078) in revenues and \$4,078,495 in expenditures and other financing uses. The next decrease in fund balance of the bond improvement fund was \$4,665,355.
- General fund actual revenues and other financing sources at year-end were \$2,495,358 higher than the final budgeted amount. Budgeted revenues increased by \$11,613 from the original estimate to the final budget.
- Final general fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$2,950,013 less than the final appropriations. The City's general fund final appropriations were increased by \$3,194,849 from original budgeted appropriations.

## Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

## Reporting the City as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has either improved or diminished. The causes of the change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs, as well as various other factors.

Governmental activities - Most of the City's programs and services are reported here, including police, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and income taxes, special assessments, and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

The City's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 19 and 20 of this report.

## Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. The analysis of the City's major governmental funds begins on page 11.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

## **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. It is therefore useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major and non-major funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund, Economic Opportunity fund, debt service fund and bond improvement fund. Information for the major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet, as well as in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-31 of this report.

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 32 of this report.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 35-80 of this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2013 and 2012.

	Net Position				
	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012			
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 53,833,785	\$ 40,292,178			
Capital assets, net	112,762,794	104,631,127			
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 166,596,579	\$ 144,923,305			
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>	\$ 877,710	\$ 809,863			
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Other liabilities	\$ 17,555,382	\$ 2,995,819			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	31,670,705	33,185,795			
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$ 49,226,087	\$ 36,181,614			
<b>Deferred intflows of resources</b>	\$ 3,892,419	\$ 3,994,921			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 88,135,689	\$ 83,392,013			
Restricted	7,873,583	8,284,639			
Unrestricted	18,346,511	13,879,981			
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 114,355,783	<b>\$ 105,556,633</b>			

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2013, the City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$114,355,783, and had increased by \$8,799,150 or 8.34% from December 31, 2012.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's net position. At year-end, capital assets represented 67.69% of total assets. Capital assets include land, easements and rights of way, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, software, vehicles and infrastructure. Net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2013, was \$88,135,689. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$7,873,583, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted balance is \$18,346,511.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The following table depicts the changes in net position for 2013 and 2012.

	Change in Net Position				
Revenues	G	overnmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012		
Program revenues:					
Charges for service	\$	1,558,180	\$ 1,344,072		
Operating grants and contributions		2,219,572	2,199,837		
Capital grants and contributions		3,145,450	1,831,925		
<b>Total Program Revenues</b>	<u>\$</u>	6,923,202	\$ 5,375,834		
General revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	968,446	\$ 920,505		
Income taxes		21,798,677	22,260,412		
Unrestricted grants and entitlements		1,320,817	1,015,806		
Investment earnings		68,054	81,720		
Decrease in fair value of investments		(237,498)	-		
Payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT)		3,405,878	2,669,472		
Miscellaneous		432,869	150,144		
<b>Total General Revenues</b>	\$	27,757,243	\$ 27,098,059		
General government	\$	5,093,974	\$ 4,863,778		
Security of persons and property		2,971,016	3,090,324		
Transportation		6,114,547	5,752,363		
Community environment		1,799,280	1,709,447		
Economic development		8,738,687	9,000,124		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,163,791	1,364,906		
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$	25,881,295	\$ 25,780,942		
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	\$	8,799,150	\$ 6,692,951		
Net position at beginning of year		105,556,633	98,863,682		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	114,355,783	\$ 105,556,633		

# **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities net position increased by \$8,799,150 during 2013.

Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police department, had expenses of \$2,971,016 which accounted for 11.48% of the total expenses of the City. These expenses were partially funded by \$114,643 in direct charges to users of the services. General government expenses totaled \$5,093,974 which was partially funded by \$903,113 in direct charges to users of the services. Economic development expenses totaled \$8,738,687 which accounted for 33.76% of the total expenses of the City. The decrease in economic development expense is due mainly to a decrease in income tax receipts which decreased revenue sharing payments to the New Albany-Plain Local School District, Licking Heights Local School District and the New Albany Community Authority.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

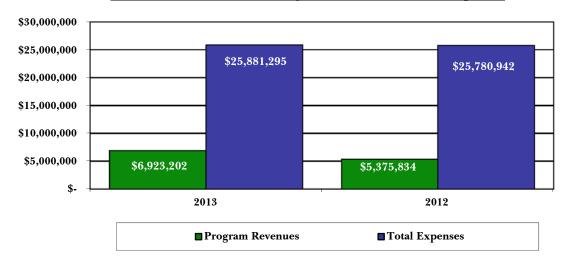
Transportation expenses totaled \$6,114,547 which accounted for 23.63% of total expenses of the City.

The state and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$2,219,572 in operating grants and contributions. The City had \$3,145,450 in capital grants and contributions, primarily from capital assets built by developers and donated to the City and Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) grants. These revenues are restricted to a particular program or purpose.

General revenues totaled \$27,757,243 and amounted to 80.04% of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property and income tax revenue of \$21,798,677. The other primary source of general revenues is payments in lieu of taxes which totaled \$3,405,878.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. The City is dependent upon property and income taxes as well as unrestricted grants and entitlements to support governmental activities, including security of persons and property and general government expenditures.

# Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



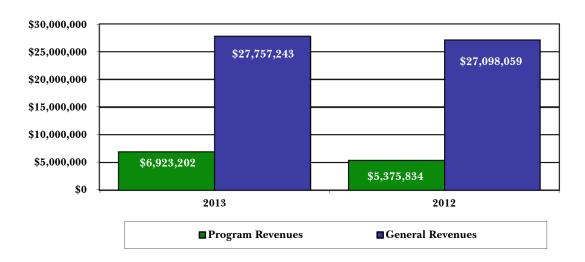
### **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services 2013		_	Net Cost of Services 2013		Total Cost of Services 2012		Net Cost of Services 2012
<b>Program Expenses:</b>								
General government	\$	5,093,974	\$	4,137,246	\$	4,863,778	\$	4,007,315
Security of persons and property		2,971,016		2,832,961		3,090,324		2,925,894
Transportation		6,114,547		2,485,468		5,752,363		3,469,513
Community environment		1,799,280		1,306,758		1,709,447		1,294,326
Economic development		8,738,687		7,073,657		9,000,124		7,434,694
Interest and fiscal charges		1,163,791		1,122,003		1,364,906		1,273,366
<b>Total Expenses</b>	\$	25,881,295	\$	18,958,093	\$	25,780,942	\$	20,405,108

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The City is dependent on general revenues, including taxes, to support most of the City's expenses including general government services, security of persons and property, community environment, economic development and interest and fiscal charges. Approximately 73.25% of the City's expenditures are supported through taxes and other general revenues. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, capital contributions of infrastructure are program revenues offsetting transportation program expenses which ultimately support the maintenance of the infrastructure.

# **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



## Financial Analysis of the Governments' Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The City's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on pages 22 and 23) reported a combined fund balance of \$25,728,037 which is \$500,244 lower than last year's total of \$26,228,281.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 for all major and non-major governmental funds.

	Bala	Fund ances (Deficit) 12/31/13	Fund Balances 12/31/12	% Increase (Decrease)
Revenues				
General	\$	13,422,508	\$ 10,440,599	28.56%
Economic Opportunity		-	-	0.00%
Debt service		467,727	307,905	51.91%
Bond improvement		(4,095,055)	570,300	-818.05%
Other nonmajor governmental funds		15,932,857	 14,909,477	6.86%
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	25,728,037	\$ 26,228,281	- <u>1.91</u> %

## General Fund

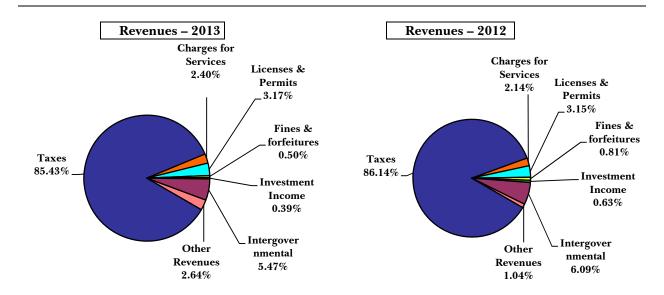
The City's general fund balance increased by \$2,981,909 during 2013.

Revenue in the general fund increased 17.89% during 2013. Tax revenue represents 85.42% of all general fund revenue. Tax revenue increased by \$1,916,888 or 16.91% due primarily to a number of new businesses commencing operations in the City during 2013, as well as a slight improvement in the general economy. Charges for services increased \$91,002 or 32.36% due mainly to an increase in plat and plan review fees. Licenses and permits increased \$77,401 or 18.65% due to an increase in building permits. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$47,494 or 5.92% due primarily to an increase in estate tax revenue. Other revenues increased due to an increase in reimbursements.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	2013	2012	Percent
	Amount	Amount	<b>Change</b>
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 13,255,083	\$ 11,338,195	16.91%
Charges for services	372,185	281,183	32.36%
Licenses, permits and fees	492,522	415,121	18.65%
Fines and forfeitures	78,022	107,143	-27.18%
Intergovernmental	849,509	802,015	5.92%
Investment income	60,525	82,492	-26.63%
Other	410,266	136,888	199.71%
<b>Total Revenues - General Fund</b>	\$ 15,518,112	<u>\$ 13,163,037</u>	<u>17.89</u> %

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

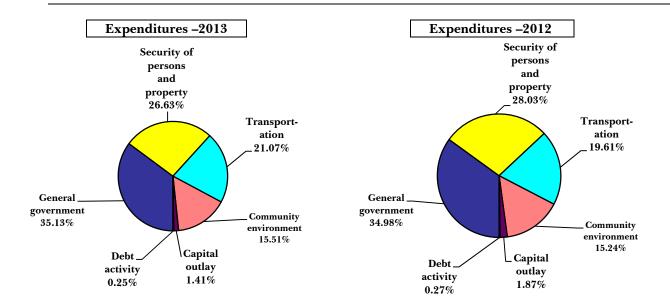


Overall expenditures of the general fund decreased only slightly by \$30,771. Security of persons and property decreased due to a decrease in contractual services. Transportation expenditures increased due to an increase in salaries and related expenditures. Capital outlay decreased due to a decrease in vehicle purchases during the year out of the general fund.

The table and charts that follow assist in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund:

	2013 Amount			2012 Amount	Percent Change	
Expenditures			_			
General government	\$	3,646,516	\$	3,641,358	0.14%	
Security of persons and property		2,763,902		2,918,259	-5.29%	
Transportation		2,186,885		2,041,081	7.14%	
Community environment		1,609,931		1,586,083	1.50%	
Capital outlay		146,220		195,177	-25.08%	
Debt activity		25,638	_	27,905	- <u>8.12</u> %	
Total Expenditures - General Fund	\$	10,379,092	\$	10,409,863	-0.30%	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013



## **EconomicOpportunityFund**

The City's Economic Opportunity fund receives income tax revenue pledged to the New Albany Community Authority, the New Albany-Plain Local School District, Johnstown-Monroe Local School District, the Licking Height Local School District and the City of Columbus. The Economic Opportunity fund had \$8,135,289 in revenues and expenditures during 2013.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$8,641,009 in 2013. Expenditures and other financing uses in the debt service fund totaled \$8,481,187 in 2013. The net increase in fund balance for the debt service fund was \$159,822 or 51.91%. The primary activities of the debt service fund during the year were the refunding of the Series 2010 B bonds as well as transfers in from other funds for debt service payments.

#### **Bond Improvement Fund**

The bond improvement fund had (\$19,078) in revenues and \$4,646,277 in expenditures and other financing uses. The fund balance of the bond improvement fund decreased \$4,665,355 to a deficit of \$4,095,055. This deficit is due to the recording of bond anticipation notes as a fund liability. The notes are being used to fund the Healthy New Albany building project.

#### 2013 Budgetary Highlights

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Budgetary information is presented for the general fund. In the general fund, the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$12,914,083 were increased to \$12,925,696 in the final budget. Original budgeted appropriations and other financing uses of \$13,346,439 were increased to \$16,541,288 in the final budget. The most significant increases were in the areas of transfers out and advances out. Transfers out increased due to transfers made to various capital projects funds. Advances out increased due to an increase in advances to capital projects so projects could be started during 2013.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

At the end of 2013, the City had \$112,762,794 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, easements and right of ways, buildings and improvements, equipment, software, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. The following table shows December 31, 2013 balances compared to December 31, 2012 (see note 10 to the basic financial statements):

# Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

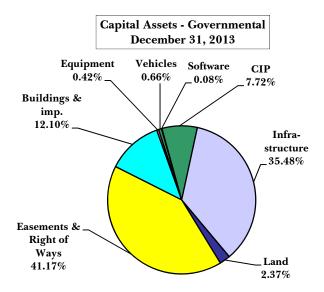
	Governmental Activities				
		2013	2012		
Land	\$	2,677,925	\$	2,677,925	
Easements and right of ways		46,423,349		45,614,859	
Construction-in-progress		8,702,550		2,071,303	
Buildings and improvements		13,639,637		13,988,100	
Equipment		469,448		542,723	
Software		95,805		61,708	
Vehicles		745,755		626,062	
Infrastructure		40,008,325		39,048,447	
Total Capital Assets - Governmental	\$	112,762,794	\$	104,631,127	

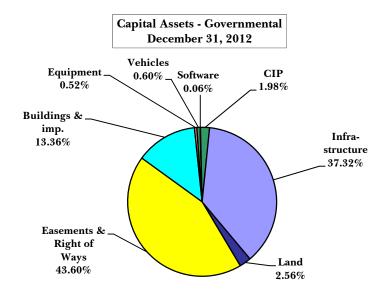
Capital assets increased \$8,131,667 during 2013. This is due to \$11,709,654 in additions exceeding depreciation expense of \$3,560,763 and \$17,224 in disposals (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital asset additions include:

- \$2,568,633 in capital contributions received from various sources for easements, rights of way and infrastructure.
- The City completed the 2012 Street Maintenance Program as well as the Central College Leisure Trail
- The City continued to work on the Main Street and High Street Improvements and began working on the Healthy New Albany project.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental capital assets by category for 2013 and 2012.





## **Debt Administration**

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2013 and 2012 (see note 13 to the basic financial statements).

	2013	2012
Series 2003 General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ 315,000
Series 2007 Capital facilities bonds	7,630,000	8,020,000
Series 2010 A various purpose bonds	3,085,000	3,810,000
Series 2010 B infrastructure improvement bonds	-	4,820,000
Series 2012 refunding bonds	10,270,000	10,455,000
Series 2013 refunding bonds	4,400,000	-
Capital lease obligation payable	84,201	131,875
OWDA loans	1,282,400	1,478,993
OPWC loans	2,496,790	1,892,493
Total long-term obligations	\$ 29,248,391	\$ 30,923,361

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

A comparison of the long-term obligations of 2013 and 2012 by category is depicted in the following chart:

# Long-term obligations \$35 Millions \$30 \$25 \$20 \$15 \$10 \$5 \$-2013 2012 ■ Bonds □OPWC Loans ■OWDA loans Leases

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

New Albany is a robust community that balances residential, commercial and green space uses to create an exceptional quality of life for residential and corporate citizens. New Albany officially obtained classification as a City in April 2011. There are a number of factors behind New Albany's success, but one of the most significant reasons is that New Albany is a 'master-planned' community. This process requires the City to create and manage long-term plans for land use, infrastructure and economic growth and development.

The economic outlook for the City of New Albany is very positive. The primary driver is the success of the business park in terms of attracting businesses like Bob Evans who opened their new corporate headquarters in 2013 and will establish roots within our community. This success has led to the robust growth in income tax collections. Recently, we received commitments from AEP to locate their transmission group next to their mission critical site in New Albany. Bath and Body works decided to move their corporate headquarters to New Albany to leverage the supply chain vertical created within the International Beauty Park. As a supplier, Bocchi International decided to make to make a strategic investment in New Albany. These projects alone represent 4,350 jobs and 277,000,000 in payroll. New Albany also has strong prospects in the pipeline and is supported by a growing Columbus metropolitan economy and an improved US economy.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

# **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Chad Fuller, Director of Finance, City of New Albany, 99 W. Main Street, P.O. Box 188, New Albany, Ohio 43054 or email finance@newalbanyohio.org.



# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Primary Government	Component Unit New Albany		
ACCETE	Governmental Activities	Community Improvement Corporation		
ASSETS  Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments  Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 35,835,156 119,244	\$ 160,250		
Cash in segregated accounts	134,506	-		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Income taxes	6,270,560	-		
Property and other taxes	955,074	-		
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,970,673	-		
Accounts	60,751	37,015		
Accrued interest	43,427	-		
Due from other governments Notes	1,190,081	-		
Due from external parties	1,300,000 18,447	-		
Materials and supplies inventory	167,610	-		
Prepayments	80,890	170,425		
Equity interest in the performing arts center	4,687,366	-		
Capital assets:  Non-depreciable capital assets	57,803,824	_		
Depreciable capital assets, net	54,958,970	149,263		
Total capital assets, net	112,762,794	149,263		
Total Assets	\$ 166,596,579	\$ 516,953		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	\$ 877,710	\$ -		
<b>Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources</b>	\$ 877,710	\$ -		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 792,392	\$ 635		
Contracts payable	1,102,718	-		
Retainage payable	527,481	-		
Accrued wages and benefits payable	114,799	-		
Due to other governments	3,138,986	-		
Accrued interest payable	129,006	-		
Notes payable	11,750,000	-		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,766,256	-		
Due in more than one year	28,904,449	<u> </u>		
Total Liabilities <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>	\$ 49,226,087	\$ 635		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year	\$ 932,177 2,960,242	\$ - -		
<b>Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources</b>	\$ 3,892,419	\$ -		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	\$ 88,135,689	\$ 149,263		
•	ψ 00,133,003	Ψ 149,203		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	455,912	-		
Street construction and maintenance	946,187	-		
Safety programs	126,058	-		
Economic development	1,789,059	-		
Tax increment financing	4,545,347	-		
Other purposes	11,020	-		
Unrestricted	18,346,511	367,055		
Total Net Position	\$ 114,355,783	\$ 516,318		

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net Revenue

	Charges for Operating Capital Services Grants and Grants and Expenses and Sales Contributions Contributions				(Expense) And Change in Net Position Primary Government  Governmental Activities	Component Unit New Albany Community Improvement Corporation		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government	\$ 5,093,974	\$ 903,113	\$ 27,551	\$ 26,064	\$ (4,137,246)	\$ -		
Security of persons and property	2,971,016	114,643	23,412	¥ 20,004 -	(2,832,961)	Ψ -		
Transportation	6,114,547	47,902	461,791	3,119,386	(2,485,468)	-		
Community environment	1,799,280	492,522	-	-	(1,306,758)	-		
Economic development	8,738,687	-	1,665,030	-	(7,073,657)	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,163,791		41,788		(1,122,003)			
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$ 25,881,295	\$ 1,558,180	\$ 2,219,572	\$ 3,145,450	\$ (18,958,093)	\$ -		
COMPONENT UNIT  New Albany Community  Improvement Corporation	\$ 660,089	\$ 231,383	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (328,706)		
		General revenue Property taxes General fur	levied for:		\$ 968,446	\$ -		
		Income taxes le	vied for:					
		General fur			11,927,766	-		
		Special reve			7,997,014	-		
		Capital pro	jects		1,873,897	-		
			ntitlements not re	estricted				
		to specific p			1,320,817	-		
		Investment e	arnings air value of invest	monte	68,054 (237,498)	-		
		Payments in l		inents	3,405,878	-		
		Miscellaneou			432,869	364		
		Total Gener	al Revenues		\$ 27,757,243	\$ 364		
		CHANGE IN N	NET POSITION		8,799,150	(328,342)		
		Net position at	beginning of year	r	105,556,633	844,660		
		NET POS	SITION AT END	OF YEAR	\$ 114,355,783	\$ 516,318		



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## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		General		Economic pportunity Fund		Debt Service Fund	In	Bond provement
ASSETS		General		Tunu		Tunu		iprovement
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$	10,557,633	\$	717,352	\$	467,727	\$	9,080,933
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		-		-
Cash in segregated accounts		134,506		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Income taxes		3,500,578		2,222,804		-		-
Property and other taxes		955,074		-		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-
Accounts		60,047		-		-		-
Accrued interest		13,690		-		-		11,778
Advances to other funds		159,416		-		-		-
Due from other governments		887,354		-		-		-
Notes Due from external parties		18,447		-		-		-
•								
Materials and supplies inventory Prepayments		167,610 73,388		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	16,527,743	\$	2,940,156	\$	467,727	\$	9,092,711
LIABILITIES	db.	0=0.115	45		ф		45	
Accounts payable	\$	273,115	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1.000.101
Contracts payable		-		-		-		1,068,161
Retainage payable Accrued wages and benefits payable		114,799		-		-		310,407
Advances from other funds		114,733		_				_
Due to other governments		198,830		2,124,266		_		_
Accrued interest payable		-		-		_		55,443
Notes payable		-		-		-		11,750,000
Total Liabilities	\$	586,744	\$	2,124,266	\$		\$	13,184,011
DECERDED INELOWS OF DECOLIDERS								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	\$	932,177	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	Ψ	22,897	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Accrued interest not available		4,364		_		_		3,755
Miscellaneous revenue not available		565		_		_		- ,,,
Income tax revenue not available		1,284,902		815,890		-		-
Other nonexchange transactions not available		273,586		-		-		-
Delinquent PILOTs not available		-		-		-		-
PILOTs levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		-
<b>Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources</b>	\$	2,518,491	\$	815,890	\$	-	\$	3,755
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable	\$	242,766	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		515,274		-		467,727		-
Unassigned (deficit)		12,664,468						(4,095,055)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	13,422,508	\$		\$	467,727	\$	(4,095,055)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Of Resources And Fund Balances	\$	16,527,743	\$	2,940,156	\$	467,727	\$	9,092,711

	Other	Total		
G	overnmental	Governmental		
	Funds		Funds	
\$	15,011,511	\$	35,835,156	
	119,244		119,244	
	-		134,506	
	547,178		6,270,560	
	317,170		955,074	
	2,970,673		2,970,673	
	704		60,751	
	17,959		43,427	
	-		159,416	
	302,727		1,190,081	
	1,300,000		1,300,000	
	1,300,000		18,447	
			10,117	
	-		167,610	
	7,502		80,890	
\$	20,277,498	\$	49,305,835	
45	×10.055	45	<b>=</b> 00.000	
\$	519,277	\$	792,392	
	34,557		1,102,718	
	217,074		527,481	
	-		114,799	
	159,416		159,416	
	-		2,323,096	
	-		55,443	
_	-	_	11,750,000	
\$	930,324	\$	16,825,345	
\$		\$	932,177	
Ψ	_	Ψ	22,897	
	5,723		13,842	
	3,723		565	
	200,844		2,301,636	
	237,077		510,663	
	10,431		10,431	
	2,960,242		2,960,242	
\$	3,414,317	\$	6,752,453	
Ψ	3,111,317	Ψ	0,732,433	
\$	7,502	\$	250,268	
п	7,441,850	ır	7,441,850	
	5,551,172		5,551,172	
	3,175,832		4,158,833	
	(243,499)		8,325,914	
	( - ))		y <del>y===</del>	
\$	15,932,857	\$	25,728,037	
ø	90 955 400	φ	40 005 005	
\$	20,277,498	\$	49,305,835	

# 

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>		\$ 25,728,037
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		112,762,794
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the fund	le.	
Income taxes receivable	\$ 2,301,636	
Property and other taxes receivable	22,897	
Payment in lieu of taxes receivable	10,431	
Accounts receivable	565	
Due from other governments	510,663	
Accrued interest receivable	13,842	
Total		2,860,034
The equity interest in the performing arts center is not a financial		
resource and therefore is not reported in funds.		4,687,366
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(73,563)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.		877,710
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized		
in the funds.		(1,181,133)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(25,385,000)	
OWDA loans	(1,282,400)	
OPWC loans	(2,496,790)	
Compensated absences	(1,241,181)	
Capital leases payable	(84,201)	
Intergovernmental payable	(815,890)	
Total		 (31,305,462)
Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$ 114,355,783



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# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		General		Economic Opportunity Fund		Debt Service Fund	In	Bond nprovement
REVENUES								
Income taxes	\$	12,284,619	\$	8,135,289	\$	-	\$	-
Property and other taxes		970,464		-		-		-
Charges for services		372,185		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		492,522		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		78,022		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		849,509		-		41,788		-
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-
Investment income		60,525		-		10,686		33,678
Rental income		40,242		-		-		-
Contributions and donations		5,865		-		-		-
Decrease in fair value of investments		(78,485)		-		-		(52,756)
Other		442,644		-		-		-
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	15,518,112	\$	8,135,289	\$	52,474	\$	(19,078)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	3,646,516	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Security of persons and property		2,763,902		-		-		-
Transportation		2,186,885		-		-		-
Community environment		1,609,931		-		-		-
Economic development		=		8,135,289		-		-
Capital outlay		146,220		-		-		4,023,052
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		23,331		_		2,401,028		-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,307		-		1,048,849		55,443
Bond issuance costs		· -		-		89,982		· -
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	\$	10,379,092	\$	8,135,289	\$	3,539,859	\$	4,078,495
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		5,139,020				(3,487,385)		(4,097,573)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)								
Bond issuance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,885,000	\$	-
Premium on bond issuance	"	_	"	_	"	150,350	"	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		-		(4,941,328)		_
Capital lease transaction		36,719		-		-		_
Transfers in		11,613		_		3,553,185		_
Transfers out		(2,205,443)		_		-		(567,782)
OPWC loans issued		(2,200,110)		_		_		(007,702)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	\$	(2,157,111)	\$	-	\$	3,647,207	\$	(567,782)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	2,981,909	\$	-	\$	159,822	\$	(4,665,355)
Fund balances at beginning of year		10,440,599		-		307,905		570,300
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	13,422,508	\$	-	\$	467,727	\$	(4,095,055)
			_			-		

Co	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	Funds		Funds
\$	1,908,118	\$	22,328,026
"	-		970,464
	498,450		870,635
	70,800		563,322
	5,394		83,416
	1,142,695		2,033,992
	3,497,160		3,497,160
	85,629		190,518
	-		40,242
	1,677,222		1,683,087
	(106,257)		(237,498)
	40,800		483,444
\$	8,820,011	\$	32,506,808
ďΓ	000 700	dt.	4 5 45 070
\$	898,762	\$	4,545,278
	19,582 65,900		2,783,484
	65,900		2,252,785 1,609,931
	741 679		8,876,962
	741,673		0,070,902
	5,923,396		10,092,668
	61,062		2,485,421
	3,415		1,110,014
			89,982
\$	7,713,790	\$	33,846,525
	1,106,221		(1,339,717)
\$	-	\$	4,885,000
	-		150,350
	-		(4,941,328)
	-		36,719
	2,125,391		5,690,189
	(2,916,964)		(5,690,189)
	708,732		708,732
\$	(82,841)	\$	839,473
\$	1,023,380	\$	(500,244)
	14,909,477		26,228,281
\$	15,932,857	\$	25,728,037

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net Change In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (500,244)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Current year depreciation  Total	\$ 9,141,021 (3,560,763)	5,580,258
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving		
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. The City received \$2,568,633 in capital contributions and had (\$17,224) in disposals, net of accumulated		
depreciation.		2,551,409
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Income taxes Delinquent property taxes Fines and forfeitures Payment in lieu of taxes Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Other	\$ (529,349) (2,018) 565 (91,282) 242,265 (5,402)	
Total	 (9,775)	(394,996)
The equity interest in the performing arts center does not provide current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.		(106,229)
Proceeds of bonds, loans and capital leases are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase the liabilities on the statement of net position.  Bonds  OPWC loans Capital leases	\$ (4,885,000) (708,732) (36,719)	(F C00 4F1)
Total		(5,630,451)
Repayment of bonds, loans and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Bonds OWDA loans OPWC loans Capital leases	\$ 2,100,000 196,593 104,435 84,393	0.407.101
Total		2,485,421
Premiums on general obligation bonds are recognized as other financing sources in the governmental funds, however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement		
of activities.		(150,350)

Continued

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Payments to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.  Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year:  Bonds refunded  Deferred charges on refundings  Total	\$ 4,820,000 121,328	4,941,328
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.  Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Total	\$ 16,453 (53,481) 73,233	36,205
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated absences Intergovernmental payable  Total	\$ (151,476) 138,275	(13,201)
Change In Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$ 8,799,150

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

## **GENERAL FUND**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2013

Budge						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		Negative)	
\$	9,525,779	\$	9,525,779	\$	11,725,868	\$	2,200,089	
	961,501		961,501		941,493		(20,008)	
	252,140		252,140		369,750		117,610	
	352,500		352,500		500,263		147,763	
	104,500		104,500		78,733		(25,767)	
	169,540		169,540		376,019		206,479	
	75,000		75,000		55,550		(19,450)	
	25,000		25,000		36,842		11,842	
	-		-		5,865		5,865	
	97,000		97,000		446,138		349,138	
\$	11,562,960	\$	11,562,960	\$	14,536,521	\$	2,973,561	
\$	4.440.787	\$	4.650.366	\$	4.052.937	\$	597,429	
47		#		#	, ,	44	261,566	
							200,084	
	1,909,054		2,001,775		1,773,043		228,732	
	186,413		176,413		120,545		55,868	
\$	11,995,316	\$	12,380,165	\$	11,036,486	\$	1,343,679	
	(432,356)		(817,205)		3,500,035		4,317,240	
\$	-	\$	11,613	\$	493,413	\$	481,800	
	(1,351,123)						1,606,334	
							(960,003)	
	-						-	
\$	-	\$	(2,798,387)	\$	(1,670,256)	\$	1,128,131	
\$	(432,356)	\$	(3,615,592)	\$	1,829,779	\$	5,445,371	
	7,568,663		7,568,663		7,568,663		-	
							_	
\$	7,575,267	\$	4,392,031	\$	9,837,402	\$	5,445,371	
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 9,525,779 961,501 252,140 352,500 104,500 169,540 75,000 25,000  \$ 11,562,960  \$ 4,440,787 3,099,887 2,359,175 1,909,054 186,413 \$ 11,995,316  (432,356)  \$ (432,356)  \$ (432,356)  \$ 7,568,663 438,960	Original         \$ 9,525,779 961,501 252,140 352,500 104,500 169,540 75,000 25,000         \$ 10,562,960 \$         \$ 11,562,960 \$         \$ 4,440,787 3,099,887 2,359,175 1,909,054 186,413 \$         \$ 11,995,316 \$         \$ (432,356) \$         \$ (7,568,663 438,960 \$	\$ 9,525,779 \$ 9,525,779 961,501 961,501 252,140 252,140 352,500 352,500 104,500 104,500 169,540 75,000 25,000 25,000  97,000 97,000 \$ 11,562,960 \$ 11,562,960  \$ 4,440,787 \$ 4,650,366 3,099,887 3,153,949 2,359,175 2,397,662 1,909,054 2,001,775  186,413 176,413 \$ 11,995,316 \$ 12,380,165  (432,356) (817,205)  \$ - \$ 11,613 (1,351,123) 1,351,123 (3,811,123) 1,351,123 (350,000) \$ - \$ (2,798,387)  \$ (432,356) \$ (3,615,592)  7,568,663 438,960 7,568,663 438,960	Original         Final           \$ 9,525,779         \$ 9,525,779         \$ 961,501           252,140         252,140         252,140           352,500         352,500         104,500           104,500         104,500         169,540           75,000         75,000         25,000           25,000         25,000         97,000           \$ 11,562,960         \$ 11,562,960         \$           \$ 4,440,787         \$ 4,650,366         \$           3,099,887         3,153,949         2,359,175         2,397,662           1,909,054         2,001,775         186,413         176,413         \$           \$ 11,995,316         \$ 12,380,165         \$           (432,356)         (817,205)         \$           \$ (1,351,123)         (3,811,123)         1,351,123           1,351,123         1,351,123         (350,000)           \$ -         \$ (2,798,387)         \$           \$ (432,356)         \$ (3,615,592)         \$           7,568,663         7,568,663         438,960	Original         Final         Actual           \$ 9,525,779         \$ 9,525,779         \$ 11,725,868           961,501         961,501         941,493           252,140         252,140         369,750           352,500         352,500         500,263           104,500         104,500         78,733           169,540         169,540         376,019           75,000         75,000         55,550           25,000         25,000         36,842           -         -         5,865           97,000         97,000         446,138           \$ 11,562,960         \$ 11,562,960         \$ 14,536,521           \$ 4,440,787         \$ 4,650,366         \$ 4,052,937           3,099,887         3,153,949         2,892,383           2,359,175         2,397,662         2,197,578           1,909,054         2,001,775         1,773,043           186,413         176,413         120,545           \$ 11,995,316         \$ 12,380,165         \$ 11,036,486           (432,356)         (817,205)         3,500,035           \$ -         \$ 1,613         \$ 493,413           (1,351,123)         (3,811,123)         (2,204,789) <t< td=""><td>Budgeted Amounts         Final         Actual         Griginal           \$ 9,525,779         \$ 9,525,779         \$ 11,725,868         \$ 961,501           \$ 961,501         961,501         941,493         252,140         369,750           \$ 352,500         352,500         500,263         104,500         78,733         169,540         376,019         75,000         75,000         55,550         25,000         25,000         36,842         2         2         5,865         97,000         97,000         446,138         446,138         446,138         446,138         11,562,960         \$ 14,536,521         \$           \$ 4,440,787         \$ 4,650,366         \$ 4,052,937         \$ 3,099,887         3,153,949         2,892,383         2,359,175         2,397,662         2,197,578         1,773,043         186,413         176,413         120,545         \$ 11,995,316         \$ 12,380,165         \$ 11,036,486         \$           \$ 11,995,316         \$ 12,380,165         \$ 11,036,486         \$         \$           \$ -         \$ 11,613         \$ 493,413         \$ (3,204,789)         1,351,123         1,351,123         391,120         350,000)         \$ (2,204,789)         1,351,123         391,120         350,000)         \$ (2,798,387)         \$ (1,670,256)</td></t<>	Budgeted Amounts         Final         Actual         Griginal           \$ 9,525,779         \$ 9,525,779         \$ 11,725,868         \$ 961,501           \$ 961,501         961,501         941,493         252,140         369,750           \$ 352,500         352,500         500,263         104,500         78,733         169,540         376,019         75,000         75,000         55,550         25,000         25,000         36,842         2         2         5,865         97,000         97,000         446,138         446,138         446,138         446,138         11,562,960         \$ 14,536,521         \$           \$ 4,440,787         \$ 4,650,366         \$ 4,052,937         \$ 3,099,887         3,153,949         2,892,383         2,359,175         2,397,662         2,197,578         1,773,043         186,413         176,413         120,545         \$ 11,995,316         \$ 12,380,165         \$ 11,036,486         \$           \$ 11,995,316         \$ 12,380,165         \$ 11,036,486         \$         \$           \$ -         \$ 11,613         \$ 493,413         \$ (3,204,789)         1,351,123         1,351,123         391,120         350,000)         \$ (2,204,789)         1,351,123         391,120         350,000)         \$ (2,798,387)         \$ (1,670,256)	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

# ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								_
Income taxes	\$	8,487,826	\$	8,661,576	\$	7,691,357	\$	(970,219)
Total Revenues	\$	8,487,826	\$	8,661,576	\$	7,691,357	\$	(970,219)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Economic development	\$	8,487,826	\$	8,790,076	\$	6,974,005	\$	1,816,071
Total Expenditures	\$	8,487,826	\$	8,790,076	\$	6,974,005	\$	1,816,071
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	(128,500)	\$	717,352	\$	845,852
Fund balances at beginning of year								
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$	(128,500)	\$	717,352	\$	845,852

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

ACCOUNTS	 Agency		
ASSETS  Equity in pooled cash,     cash equivalents and investments Cash in segregated accounts	\$ 2,013,154 10,369		
Total Assets	\$ 2,023,523		
LIABILITIES Deposits held and due to others Due to external parties	\$ 2,005,076 18,447		
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,023,523		

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# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY**

The City of New Albany (the "City") is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio and operates subject to the provisions of the Ohio Constitution, the City charter, and various sections of the Ohio Revised Code. The City is located in the northeast section of Franklin County, Ohio, in the Columbus metropolitan area and encompasses approximately twelve square miles.

The City was founded in 1837 and incorporated as a village in 1856. The City operates under a charter that was approved by the voters on November 3, 2009 and became effective on January 1, 2010. The City is organized as a Mayor-Council-Manager form of government.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City's BFS include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's Governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the City. The City may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected Governing Board, a Governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City has one component unit.

The New Albany Community Improvement Corporation - The New Albany Community Improvement Corporation (the "CIC") was formed pursuant to Ordinance O-15-2006 passed April 4, 2006 and incorporated as a corporation not-for-profit under Title XVII, Chapters 1702 and 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose to advance, encourage, and promote industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the City of New Albany. The CIC has been designated as the City of New Albany's agent for industrial and commercial distributions and research and development. membership of the CIC includes nine members: four City representatives (the Mayor or permanent designee, the Council President or permanent designee, the City Manager and the Director of Development) and five members appointed by a majority of the City Council. The CIC is also dependent on the City for financial support and is able to impose its will on the CIC and is therefore presented as a component unit of the City. The CIC began operations on April 17, 2009. Financial statements can be obtained from the Director of Finance, New Albany Community Improvement Corporation, 99 West Main Street, New Albany, Ohio 43054, and further disclosures for the discretely presented component unit can be found in Note 25.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

To provide necessary services to its citizens, the City is divided into various departments including police, street maintenance, parks and recreation, public service and planning, and zoning. The operation of each of these departments is directly controlled by the City, through the budgetary process and therefore is included as a part of the reporting entity.

The following organizations are described due to their significant relationship to the City:

# JOINT VENTURE WITH AN EQUITY INTEREST

# New Albany Performing Arts Center

During 2004, the City entered into a joint operating agreement with New Albany-Plain Local School District (the "district"), Plain Township (the "township") and the New Albany Community Foundation (the "foundation") for the operations of the New Albany Performing Arts Center (the "Center"). The Center was constructed through a joint collaboration between the City, district and township. Each of these entities owns a portion of the Center, as tenants in common, equal to their financial contribution of the construction. The City, district and township each committed \$5 million, \$5 million and \$3 million, respectively, to supplement the construction of the Center. The City made the \$3 million contribution to the Center on behalf of the township in exchange for tax revenues from three area tax increment financing agreements. The foundation contributed \$2,311,377 to be applied to an endowment for the purpose of subsidizing the operation of the Center.

The Center serves both school and community needs, including music, theater, dance and ballet. The Center is governed by a Board that is comprised of three members appointed by the City, three members appointed by the township, three members appointed by the foundation, and the Center Governing Board as appointed shall appoint an additional three members subject to the ratification and appointment by a majority of owners.

The Center became fully operational in June 2008. The original joint operating agreement was amended in February 2008. The amended agreement provides the district, the City and the township with an ongoing equity interest in the Center. The equity interest in the Center is calculated based upon the proportionate share of the City's contribution to the total contributions to construct the Center times the book value of the Center. At December 31, 2013, the City's equity interest in the Center was \$4,687,366. Any further capital contributions will increase the City's equity in the Center.

Financial information for the Center may be obtained from the Treasurer of the New Albany-Plain Local School District at 55 North High Street, New Albany, OH 43054.

# JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS:

## New Albany - Plain Local Joint Park District

The New Albany Plain-Local Joint Park District (the "Park District") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating entities as follows: (1) the City of New Albany; (2) Plain Township; (3) the New Albany-Plain Local School District. The Park District possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>West Licking Joint Fire District</u> - The West Licking Joint Fire District, a jointly governed organization, is a political subdivision governed by a Board of Trustees which possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority. The Board of Trustees consists of one representative from each of the participating governments; the City of Pataskala, the Village of Kirkersville, City of New Albany, Harrison Township, Etna Township, City of Reynoldsburg and Jersey Township. The City made no contributions during 2013 for the operation of the West Licking Joint Fire District.

#### Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA)

In 1971, 38 municipalities joined together to organize a Regional Council of Governments (RCOG) under the authority of Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code to administer tax collection and enforcement concerns facing the cities and villages. The purpose of the RCOG is to foster cooperation between the municipalities through sharing facilities for their common benefit. This includes the establishment of a central collection facility for the purpose of administering the income tax laws of the various municipal corporations who are members of the RCOG and for the purpose of collecting income taxes on behalf of each member municipality, doing all things allowed by law to accomplish such purpose. The first official act of the RCOG was to form the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA). Today RITA serves as the income tax collection agency for 185 municipalities throughout the State of Ohio. During 2013, the City paid \$409,859 in income tax collection fees to RITA.

Each member municipality appoints its own delegate to the RCOG, including electing members to the RITA Board of Trustees. Regardless of the population or tax collections of member municipalities, each member of the RCOG has an equal say in the operations of RITA.

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements is applicable to the primary government. Information relative to the component unit is presented in Note 25.

## B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's BFS consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The City does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Economic opportunity fund</u> - The economic opportunity fund accounts for income taxes that are restricted for and pledged to the New Albany Community Authority, the New Albany-Plain Local School District, the Licking Heights School District and the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District for public infrastructure improvements. This fund consists of three distinct economic opportunity zones. These zones are the Oak Grove, Central College and Blacklick sub areas.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - To account for monies assigned for the purpose of retiring principal and interest on debt.

<u>Bond Improvement Fund</u> - To account for revenues from bond and note issuances that are restricted for various capital improvement expenditures within the City, including the construction of various facilities and infrastructure improvements.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets plus deferred outflows equal liabilities plus deferred inflows) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. The City's agency funds include a Mayor's Court fund, builder's escrow fund and several other intergovernmental funds for deposits held by the City and due to other governments, entities or individuals.

#### D. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement method, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds. The agency funds do not report a measurement focus, as they do not report operations.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions** - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 7). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, fees and special assessments.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources** - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2013, but which were levied to finance year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Income taxes, payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at December 31, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

*Expenses/Expenditures* - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### F. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. For all funds, Council appropriations are made by function and within each department: salary and related, contractual services, general operating, capital outlay, debt service, and transfers/advances. This is known as the legal level of budgetary control. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the City Council at the legal level of control. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted; however, only governmental funds are legally required to be reported.

*Tax Budget* - A tax budget of estimated revenue and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

**Estimated Resources** - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. On or about December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources.

The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered cash balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if the Director of Finance determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that the estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2013.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Appropriations - According to the City charter, the City Manager, in consultation with the Director of Finance, is to submit a proposed operating budget to the City Council for their consideration no later than the first scheduled meeting in November. An appropriation ordinance to control expenditures must be passed on or before December 21 of each year for the ensuing fiscal year. In the event that Council is unable or unwilling to adopt both the operating budget and appropriation ordinance as submitted or amended by December 21, both are deemed to have been adopted finally by Council as submitted by the Manager.

The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the legal level of budgetary control. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The appropriations at the legal level of control for a fund may only be modified during the year by an ordinance of Council. The amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the original and final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications legally enacted by Council.

**Lapsing of Appropriations** - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbrances are carried forward and are not reappropriated as part of the subsequent year appropriations.

#### G. Cash and Investments

Cash balances of the City's funds are pooled and invested in investments maturing within five years in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments".

During 2013, investments were limited to Farm Federal Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, U.S. Treasury notes, a U.S. Government money market account, municipal bonds, negotiable certificates of deposit and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts are reported at cost.

The City has invested funds in STAR Ohio during 2013. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2013.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. During 2013, interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to \$60,525 which includes \$6,217 assigned from other City funds.

For purpose of presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are considered to be investments.

An analysis of the City's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

## H. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

### I. Capital Assets

These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City chose not to retroactively report infrastructure in accordance with Phase III implementation of GASB 34. The City's infrastructure consists of curbs, sidewalks, and streets constructed or improved after 2003.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, easements and right of ways and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. During 2013, the City maintained the capital asset thresholds as noted below. Capital assets within a class can have different thresholds depending on the asset category within the class.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>
Land	N/A	\$0
Easements & right of ways	N/A	<b>\$</b> 0
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years	\$10,000
Equipment	3 - 20 years	\$5,000 - \$10,000
Software	3 years	\$5,000
Vehicles	6 - 15 years	\$25,000
Infrastructure	15 - 50 years	\$15,000 - \$25,000

### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the City consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and the employee.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at December 31 by all employees.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

## K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

### L. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond December 31, 2013, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which it was consumed. At year end, because payments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, a nonspendable fund balance is recorded by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

#### M. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund balances are classified as "advances to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

## N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the BFS. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of activities.

#### O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable in the general fund.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies (resolutions) of City Council, which includes giving the Finance Director the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# P. Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Unamortized Accounting Gain or Loss/Bond Issuance Costs

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straightline method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the governmental fund financial statements and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 13.

Bond issuance costs are expensed when they occur.

#### Q. Estimates

The preparation of the BFS in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the BFS and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purpose consists of the Mayor's Court computer fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2013.

#### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

## A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>" and GASB Statement No. 66, "<u>Technical Corrections-2012</u>".

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)**

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 66 improves accounting and financial reporting by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements; GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" and GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements". The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balance at December 31, 2013 included the following individual fund deficit:

## Major governmental fund

Bond improvement fund

### Nonmajor governmental fund

OPWC High Street improvements fund

243,499

**Deficit** \$ 4,095,055

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at yearend. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance in the bond improvement fund resulted from recording notes payable as a fund liability rather than as an other financing source and the deficit fund balance in the OWPC High Street improvements fund resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

### C. Compliance

- i. The City had appropriations over estimated resources at December 31, 2013 in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.36 and 5705.39.
- ii. The City had appropriations in excess of actual resources in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 (A) (4).

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories: active, inactive and interim.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories as defined by the City's investment policy. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Interim deposits are deposits in interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. High grade commercial paper for a period not to exceed 180 days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the City's interim monies available for investment; and,
- 8. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 180 days and in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the City's interim monies available for investment.

The City may also invest any monies not required to be used for a period of six months or more in the following:

- 1. Bonds and other obligations guaranteed by the United States;
- 2. Discount notes of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA);
- 3. Bonds of the State of Ohio; and,
- 4. Bonds of any municipal corporation, City, county, township, or other political subdivision of Ohio, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Finance Director or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on hand: At year end, the City had \$200 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the City as part of "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments".

Cash with fiscal agent: At year end, the City had \$119,244 held with Franklin County for permissive tax. The data regarding insurance and collateralization can be obtained from the Franklin County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2013. This amount is not included in the City's depository balance below.

Cash in segregated accounts: At year end, \$144,875 was on deposit for Mayor's Court and Health Reimbursement and Flexible Spending Accounts (HRA/FSA). This amount is included in the total amount of deposits reported below and is reported on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts".

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$6,008,299. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2013, \$7,073,428 of the City's bank balance of \$7,323,428 was exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institution's trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### **B.** Investments

As of December 31, 2013, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment 1	Maturities	
Investment type	<u>Fair Value</u>	6 months or less	13 to 18 19 to 2 months months	•	<del></del>
FFCB	\$ 5,685,630	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$ 5,685,6	5,685,630
FHLB	3,462,935	-	- 1,001	1,260 2,461,6	3,462,935
FHLMC	3,693,280	-	-	- 3,693,2	3,693,280
FNMA	5,288,658	-	-	- 5,288,6	5,288,658
Municipal bonds - Ohio State	341,142	341,142	-	-	- 341,142
U.S. Treasury Notes	2,721,708	-	751,553	- 1,970,1	55 2,721,708
Negotiable CD's	2,998,320	2,998,320	-	-	- 2,998,320
U.S. Government money market	769,912	769,912	-	-	- 769,912
STAR Ohio	7,023,101	7,023,101	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- 7,023,101
Total	\$ 31,984,686	\$ 11,132,475 \$	751,553 \$ 1,001	1,260 \$ 19,099,3	98 \$ 31,984,686

The weighted average of maturity of investments is 2.48 years.

*Interest Rate Risk:* The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase.

The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and the U.S. government money market fund are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Director of Finance or qualified trustee.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard ratings service. The U.S. Treasury notes and the federal agency securities carry a rating of AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody, respectively. The municipal bonds - Ohio State carry a rating of AA+ and AA1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody, respectively. The U.S. Governmental money market, the Western Asset Institutional Government Money Market Fund, carries a rating of AAAm and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody, respectively. The City has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2013:

<u>Investment type</u>	_1	Fair Value	% of Total
FFCB	\$	5,685,630	17.77
FHLB		3,462,935	10.83
FHLMC		3,693,280	11.55
FNMA		5,288,658	16.53
Municipal bonds - Ohio State		341,142	1.07
U.S. Treasury notes		2,721,708	8.51
Negoitable CD's		2,998,320	9.37
U.S. Government money market		769,912	2.41
STAR Ohio		7,023,101	21.96
Total	\$	31,984,686	100.00

#### C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013:

Cash and investments per note	dh	C 000 000
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	6,008,299
Investments		31,984,686
Cash with fiscal agent		119,244
Cash on hand		200
Total	\$	38,112,429
Cash and investments per statement of		90,000,000
Governmental activities	of net position \$	36,088,906
		36,088,906 2,023,523

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

### A. Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

•		Transfers from					
	-		Bond		lonmajor	Nonmajor	
Transfers to	Genera <u>Fund</u>		mprovement <u>Fund</u>		Special <u>Revenue</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$	- \$	-	\$	11,613	\$ -	\$ 11,613
Debt Service Fund	704,	789	567,782		1,834,874	445,740	3,553,185
Nonmajor Special Revenue		354	-		-	-	354
Nonmajor Capital Projects	1,500,	300				624,737	 2,125,037
	\$ 2,205,	443	567,782	\$	1,846,487	\$ 1,070,477	\$ 5,690,189

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfer of \$11,613 from the FEMA fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) to general fund was to reimburse the general fund for expenditures incurred during the prior year. The \$624,737 transfers from multiple nonmajor capital improvements funds to the capital improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) were residual equity transfers for completed projects.

All transfers made from the special revenue and capital projects funds to the debt service fund were made to provide funding for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

#### **B.** Due to/from External Parties

Due to/from external parties at December 31, 2013, consisted of the following as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>A</u> 1	mount
General fund	Agency fund	\$	18,447

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) goods and services are provided, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments are made. All balances are due within one year.

#### C. Advances to/Advances from Other Funds

Interfund balances at December 31, 2013 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts advances to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u> </u>	Mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$	159,416

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances related to due to/due from other funds at December 31, 2013 are reported on the statement of net position.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2013 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2012, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of New Albany. The County Treasurer periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources unearned revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2013 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is a deferred inflow of resources.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$1.94 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

### **Real property**

Residential/agricultural/

Commercial/industrial/mineral \$ 527,831,000

**Public utility** 

Personal \_\_\_\_\_3,761,000

Total assessed value \$531,592,000

#### **NOTE 7 - LOCAL INCOME TAX**

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.0% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation; on net profits earned within the City; and residents whose income was earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% for any income tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

## **NOTE 7 - LOCAL INCOME TAX - (Continued)**

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees' compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. Income tax revenue has been reported as revenue in the general fund, economic opportunity major fund, capital improvement major fund, and a nonmajor capital projects fund to the extent that it was measurable and available to finance current operations at December 31. Income tax revenue for 2013 was \$22,328,026 on the modified accrual statements.

### **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2013, consisted of income taxes, real and other taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest, notes and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. All intergovernmental receivables have been classified as "due from other governments" on the BFS. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2013.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental	activities:

Total	\$ 12,790,566
Notes receivable	1,300,000
Due from other governments	1,190,081
Accrued interest	43,427
Accounts	60,751
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,970,673
Real and other taxes	955,074
Income taxes	\$ 6,270,560

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the BFS. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year, with the exception of the notes receivable which will be collected by 2022.

#### **NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE**

The City loaned Waters Edge at New Albany, LLC. \$300,000. The note is an interest free loan and due on January 17, 2018. The note receivable is recorded in the economic development fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The City loaned Bob Evans Farms \$1,000,000 during 2012. The note is an interest free loan and is due on August 27, 2022. The note receivable is recorded in the economic development fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

## NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	12/31/12	Additions	<b>Disposals</b>	12/31/13
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,677,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,677,925
Easements and right of ways	45,614,859	808,490	-	46,423,349
Construction in progress	2,071,303	8,824,583	(2,193,336)	8,702,550
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	\$ 50,364,087	\$ 9,633,073	<b>\$</b> (2,193,336)	\$ 57,803,824
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	16,084,109	-	-	16,084,109
Equipment	1,427,905	36,719	(41,337)	1,423,287
Software	74,050	70,537	-	144,587
Vehicles	1,430,987	204,782	-	1,635,769
Infrastructure	53,791,000	3,957,879		57,748,879
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	\$ 72,808,051	\$ 4,269,917	\$ (41,337)	\$ 77,036,631
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,096,009)	(348,463)	-	(2,444,472)
Equipment	(885,182)	(92,770)	24,113	(953,839)
Software	(12,342)	(36,440)	-	(48,782)
Vehicles	(804,925)	(85,089)	-	(890,014)
Infrastructure	(14,742,553)	(2,998,001)		(17,740,554)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ (18,541,011)</u>	\$ (3,560,763)	\$ 24,113	<b>\$</b> (22,077,661)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	<b>\$ 54,267,040</b>	\$ 709,154	\$ (17,224)	\$ 54,958,970
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	<u>\$104,631,127</u>	<u>\$ 10,342,227</u>	<u>\$ (2,210,560)</u>	<u>\$ 112,762,794</u>

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

### **Governmental activities:**

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u> </u>	3,560,763
Community environment		35,106
Transportation	2	2,894,281
Security of persons and property		164,470
General government	\$	466,906

#### NOTE 11 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In the current fiscal year and in prior years, the City entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of a sewer jet vacuum, a street sweeper, bucket truck, sewer truck, copier equipment and a tandem axle truck.

The terms of the lease agreements provide an option to purchase the equipment. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the general fund, water and sanitary sewer improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and street construction maintenance and repair fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) in the fund financial statements. Capital assets, acquired by lease, have been capitalized in the amount of \$420,681, including \$299,578 in vehicles and \$121,103 in equipment. This amount is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded. Accumulated depreciation on the vehicles and equipment totaled \$74,887 and \$57,154, respectively, leaving current book values of \$224,691 and \$63,949, respectively. Principal payments in 2013 totaled \$23,331 in the general fund, \$31,097 in the water and sanitary sewer improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$29,965 in the street construction maintenance and repair fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012:

Year Ending	Equipment
December 31,	& Vehicles
2014	\$ 57,699
2015	12,723
2016	10,147
2017	9,300
Total minimum lease payments	89,869
Less: amount representing interest	(5,668)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 84,201</u>

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and type of employment. Earned, unused vacation time is paid upon length of service and type of employees earn sick leave at different rates depending upon length of service and type of employment. Sick leave is accrued continuously by an employee during his or her employment with the City with no limit on the balance the employee can carry. Upon separation of employment, an employee can be paid hour for hour for the first 120 hours of accumulated, unused sick leave and one third of the remaining hours of accumulated, unused sick leave. As of December 31, 2013, the liability for unpaid compensated absences was \$1,241,181 for the entire City, which is reported as a fund liability and/or on the government-wide financial statements as applicable. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund.

### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** The maturity date, interest rate, and original issue amount for the City's long-term obligations are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue Amount
General obligation bonds:			
Series 2003 Capital Improvement	2033	4.99%	\$13,460,000
Series 2007 Capital Facilities	2027	4.00 - 5.00%	9,005,000
Series 2010A Various Purpose	2018	2.00 - 3.50%	5,850,000
Series 2010B Infrastructure Improvement	2029	4.00 - 6.00%	4,820,000
Series 2012 Refunding	2030	2.00 - 5.00%	10,620,000
Series 2013 Refunding	2024	0.20 - 4.00%	4,885,000
Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loans:			
2977 Bevelhymer/Cedarbrook Waterlines	2015	6.72%	614,938
3189 Central College/Kitzmiller Waterlines	2020	6.13%	701,331
2163 Elevated Storage Tanks	2020	5.77%	1,933,380
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans:			
CT06G Thompson/Harlem Rd.	2026	0%	98,000
CT66G Intersection Improvements for SR161	2024	0%	338,006
CT110 Main St. Improvements	2038	0%	178,242
CC09P High St. Improvements	Open	0%	683,112
CC18L US62/CC	2032	0%	1,013,783
CT671 High St./Main St.	2029	0%	567,622

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

# NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

**B.** During 2013, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance 12/31/12	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/13	Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Series 2003 Capital Improvement	\$ 315,000	\$ -	\$ (315,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2007 Capital Facilities	8,020,000	-	(390,000)	7,630,000	410,000
Series 2010A Various Purpose	3,810,000	-	(725,000)	3,085,000	745,000
Series 2010B Infrastructure Improvement	4,820,000	-	(4,820,000)	-	-
Series 2012 Refunding	10,455,000	-	(185,000)	10,270,000	520,000
Series 2013 Refunding		4,885,000	(485,000)	4,400,000	385,000
Total - bonds	27,420,000	4,885,000	(6,920,000)	25,385,000	2,060,000
OWDA Loans:					
OWDA Loan 2977					
Bevelhymer/Cedarbrook					
Waterlines	126,436	-	(48,292)	78,144	51,537
OWDA Loan 3189					
Central College/Kitzmiller					
Waterlines	364,313	-	(39,588)	324,725	42,051
OWDA Loan 2163					
Elevated Storage Tanks	988,244	<u> </u>	(108,713)	879,531	115,077
<b>Total OWDA Loans</b>	1,478,993	. <u> </u>	(196,593)	1,282,400	208,665
OPWC Loans:					
CTO6G					
Thompson/Harlem Rd.	66,150	-	(4,900)	61,250	4,900
CT66G					
Intersection Improvements					
for SR 161	202,804	-	(16,900)	185,904	16,900
CT110 - Main St. Improvements	152,622	25,620	(3,565)	174,677	7,130
CC09P High St. Improvements	-	683,112	-	683,112	-
CC18L US62/CC	988,438	-	(50,689)	937,749	50,689
CT67I - High St./Main St.	482,479		(28,381)	454,098	28,381
<b>Total OPWC Loans</b>	1,892,493	708,732	(104,435)	2,496,790	108,000
<b>Total Loans</b>	3,371,486	708,732	(301,028)	3,779,190	316,665

(Continued)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

	Balance 12/31/12	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/13	Due in One Year	
Other long-term obligations:						
Compensated absences	\$ 1,158,418	\$ 393,22	25 \$ (310,462)	) \$ 1,241,181	\$ 335,427	
Capital lease obligation	131,875	36,71	(84,393)	84,201	54,164	
Total other long-term obligations	1,290,293	429,94	(394,855)	1,325,382	389,591	
Total governmental activities						
and long-term obligations	\$ 32,081,779	\$ 6,023,67	<b>16 \$ (7,615,883)</b>	30,489,572	\$ 2,766,256	
	Add: Unamo	rtized Premiu	ım	1,181,133		
Т	otal on Statement	of Net Positi	on	\$ 31,670,705		

Compensated absences reported in the "long-term liabilities" account will be paid from the general fund. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund, the street construction, maintenance and repair fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the water and sanitary sewer improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On January 26, 2010, the City issued \$5,850,000 in Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds (Series 2010A) and \$4,820,000 in Infrastructure Improvement Bonds (Series 2010B). During 2013, the Series 2010B bonds were refunded by the Series 2013 Refunding Bonds. A portion of the Series 2010 A Bonds were issued to advance refund the callable portion (\$2,255,000) of the Series 1999 Municipal Building General Obligation Bonds and a portion (\$1,500,000) of the Series 2009 Bond Anticipation Notes. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The refunded bonds in the amount of \$2,255,000 were subject to an optional 101% redemption prior to the refunding; therefore no balance is outstanding as of December 31, 2013.

The reacquisition price of the Series 2010A bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$73,370. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the Series 2010A issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$43,962 and resulted in an economic gain of \$41,369.

On July 31, 2012, the City issued \$10,620,000 in Refunding Bonds (Series 2012). The bonds were issued to refund \$10,740,000 of the Series 2003 general obligation bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds at December 31, 2013 was \$10,740,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$776,641. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2030. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$3,270,674 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,134,672.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The December 31, 2013 balance of the Series 2007 Capital Facilities bonds (\$7,630,000), the related unamortized premium on the Series 2007 Capital Facilities bonds (\$12,304) and the OWDA loans (\$1,282,400) are not included in the City's calculation of net investment in capital assets, as the capital assets acquired by these debt obligations are not recorded on the City's financial statements. The Series 2007 bonds were issued to refinance bond anticipation notes previously issued to construct the Performing Arts Center, and the OWDA loans were used to acquire infrastructure assets that are no longer in possession of the City.

On October 1, 2013, the City issued \$4,885,000 in Refunding Bonds (Series 2013). The bonds were issued to refund \$4,820,000 of the Series 2010B general obligation bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds at December 31, 2013 was \$4,820,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$121,328. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which has a final maturity date of December 1, 2024. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$1,186,913 and resulted in an economic gain of \$595,099.

### C. Legal Debt Margin

Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2013, the City's total voted debt margin was \$56,284,887.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

## **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

**D.** The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation debt, as well as OWDA and OPWC Loans payable. OPWC loan CC09P is currently "open" meaning that final disbursements have not been made from the OPWC; therefore, future debt services requirements have not been finalized and are not presented in the schedule of future debt services below.

## General Obligation Debt:

Year Ending		 eries 2007 ital Facilities	2010A Various Purpose								
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2014	\$ 410,000	\$ 340,787	\$ 750,787	\$	745,000	\$	87,812	\$	832,812		
2015	425,000	324,388	749,388		760,000		71,050		831,050		
2016	440,000	306,856	746,856		780,000		50,150		830,150		
2017	460,000	288,705	748,705		500,000		26,750		526,750		
2018	480,000	269,156	749,156		300,000		10,500		310,500		
2019 - 2023	2,730,000	1,006,020	3,736,020		-		-		-		
2024 - 2027	 2,685,000	 325,325	 3,010,325		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$ 7,630,000	\$ 2,861,237	\$ 10,491,237	\$	3,085,000	\$	246,262	\$	3,331,262		

Year Ending		eries 2012 Refunding		Series 2013 Refunding							
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2014	\$ 520,000	\$ 342,862	\$ 862,862	\$	385,000	\$	111,288	\$	496,288		
2015	525,000	332,463	857,463		395,000		103,587		498,587		
2016	530,000	321,962	851,962		400,000		95,688		495,688		
2017	550,000	311,362	861,362		410,000		89,687		499,687		
2018	560,000	300,362	860,362		415,000		83,537		498,537		
2019 - 2023	3,010,000	1,290,336	4,300,336		2,220,000		262,401		2,482,401		
2024 - 2028	3,555,000	749,815	4,304,815		175,000		7,000		182,000		
2029 - 2030	1,020,000	 53,625	 1,073,625								
Total	\$ 10,270,000	\$ 3,702,787	\$ 13,972,787	\$	4,400,000	\$	753,188	\$	5,153,188		

Year Ending	Total General Obligation Bonds												
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total										
2014	\$ 2,060,000	\$ 882,749	\$ 2,942,749										
2015	2,105,000	831,488	2,936,488										
2016	2,150,000	774,656	2,924,656										
2017	1,920,000	716,504	2,636,504										
2018	1,755,000	663,555	2,418,555										
2019 - 2023	7,960,000	2,558,757	10,518,757										
2024 - 2028	6,415,000	1,082,140	7,497,140										
2029 - 2030	1,020,000	53,625	1,073,625										
Total	\$ 25,385,000	\$ 7,563,474	\$ 32,948,474										

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

# NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

## OWDA Debt:

		O	WDA	Loan #29		OWDA Loan #3189							
Year Ending	B	evelhymer	/Ceda	rbrook Wa	terli	nes	Central College/Kitzmiller Waterlines						
December 31	Principal		Interest		Total		<b>Principal</b>		Interest		<u>Total</u>		
2014	\$	51,537	\$	5,251	\$	56,788	\$	42,051	\$	19,271	\$	61,322	
2015		26,607		1,788		28,395		44,668		16,654		61,322	
2016		-		-		-		47,448		13,874		61,322	
2017		-		-		-		50,401		10,921		61,322	
2018		-		-		-		53,538		7,784		61,322	
2019 - 2020		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		86,619		5,363		91,982	
Total	\$	78,144	\$	7,039	\$	85,183	\$	324,725	\$	73,867	\$	398,592	

OWDA Loan #2163							Total						
<b>Year Ending</b>		Ele	vate	d Storage T	ank	S	All OWDA Loans						
December 31	_	<u>Principal</u>	_	Interest	_	Total	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	
2014	\$	115,077	\$	49,113	\$	164,190	\$	208,665	\$	73,635	\$	282,300	
2015		121,813		42,377		164,190		193,088		60,819		253,907	
2016		128,943		35,247		164,190		176,391		49,121		225,512	
2017		136,490		27,700		164,190		186,891		38,621		225,512	
2018		144,479		19,710		164,189		198,017		27,494		225,511	
2019 - 2020		232,729		13,556		246,285		319,348		18,919		338,267	
Total	\$	879,531	\$	187,703	\$	1,067,234	\$	1,282,400	\$	268,609	\$	1,551,009	

## OPWC Debt:

Year Ending	 -	 C Loan #CT0 son/Harlem R	• •			0.	6G for S	6G for SR 161	
December 31	Principal	Interest		Total	]	Principal	Interest		Total
2014	\$ 4,900	\$ -	\$	4,900	\$	16,900	\$ _	\$	16,900
2015	4,900	-		4,900		16,900	-		16,900
2016	4,900	-		4,900		16,900	-		16,900
2017	4,900	-		4,900		16,900	-		16,900
2018	4,900	-		4,900		16,900	-		16,900
2019 - 2023	24,500	-		24,500		84,502	-		84,502
2024 - 2026	12,250	-		12,250		16,902			16,902
Total	\$ 61,250	\$ -	\$	61,250	\$	185,904	\$ -	\$	185,904

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

Year Ending	_	C Loan #CT6	OPWC Loan #CC18L US 62/CC											
December 31		Principal	High Street/Main Street Interest Total					Principal Interest				Total		
2014	\$	28,381	\$	-	\$	28,381	\$	50,689	\$	_	\$	50,689		
2015		28,381		-		28,381		50,689		-		50,689		
2016		28,381		-		28,381		50,689		-		50,689		
2017		28,381		-		28,381		50,689		-		50,689		
2018		28,381		-		28,381		50,689		-		50,689		
2019 - 2023		141,905		-		141,905		253,446		-		253,446		
2024 - 2028		141,905		-		141,905		253,446		-		253,446		
2029 - 2032		28,383		-		28,383		177,412				177,412		
Total	\$	454,098	\$	-	\$	454,098	\$	937,749	\$	-	\$	937,749		

OPWC Loan #CT110								Total						
<b>Year Ending</b>		Hi	gh S	treet Improv	emer	nts	Alll OPWC Loans							
December 31		Principal		Interest		Total Princ				Interest	Total			
2014	\$	7,130	\$	_	\$	7,130	\$	108,000	\$	-	\$	108,000		
2015		7,130		-		7,130		108,000		-		108,000		
2016		7,130		-		7,130		108,000		-		108,000		
2017		7,130		-		7,130		108,000		-		108,000		
2018		7,130		-		7,130		108,000		-		108,000		
2019 - 2023		35,650		-		35,650		540,003		-		540,003		
2024 - 2028		35,650		-		35,650		460,153		-		460,153		
2029 - 2033		35,650		-		35,650		241,445		-		241,445		
2034 - 2038		32,077		_		32,077		32,077		-		32,077		
Total	\$	174,677	\$	-	\$	174,677	\$	1,813,678	\$	-	\$	1,813,678		

## **NOTE 14 - NOTES PAYABLE**

Changes in the City's note activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2012	Issued	Retired	12/31/2013
Governmental fund notes				
Bond anticipation notes - Series 2013	\$ -	\$ 7,600,000	\$ -	\$ 7,600,000
Bond anticipation notes - Series 2013B		4,150,000		4,150,000
<b>Total Governmental Fund Notes</b>	\$ -	\$ 11,750,000	\$ -	\$ 11,750,000

All notes were backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The note liability is reflected in the fund which received the proceeds. The notes were issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing and will be refinanced until such bonds are issued. At December 31, 2013, there were \$7,750,005 in unspent proceeds.

On August 1, 2013, the City issued Series 2013 bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$7,600,000 to help construct a health and wellness center. The notes bear an interest rate of 1.00% and mature on July 31, 2014.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 14 - NOTES PAYABLE - (Continued)**

On August 1, 2013, the City issued Series 2013 bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$4,150,000 to help construct a health and wellness center. The notes bear an interest rate of 1.375% and mature on July 31, 2014.

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

## A. Risk Pool Membership

The City belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss, except OPRM retains 41.5% (50.00% effective November 1, 2012, 41.5% through October 31, 2011 and 40.00% through October 31, 2010) of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 767 and 765 members as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2012 and 2011 (the latest information available).

	2012	2011
Assets	\$13,100,381	\$12,501,280
Liabilities	(6,687,193)	(5,328,761)
Members' Equity	\$6,413,188	\$7,172,519

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

#### B. Health, Dental, Vision and Life Insurance

On August 1, 2008, the City joined the Central Ohio Health Care Consortium (COHCC), a risk-sharing pool, which provides employee health care benefits for all full-time employees who wish to participate in the plan. The COHCC consists of nine political subdivisions that pool risk for basic hospital, surgical and prescription drug coverage. The COHCC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of one director appointed by each member municipality. The Board elects a chairman, vice-chairman, secretary and treasurer. The Board is responsible for its own financial matters and the COHCC maintains its own books of account. Budgeting and financing of the COHCC are subject to the approval of the Board. The City pays monthly contributions to the COHCC, which are used to purchase excess loss insurance for the COHCC to pay current claims and related claim settlement expenses and to establish and maintain sufficient reserves. The monthly contribution is determined for each member in accordance with the number of covered officers and employees, and the prior loss experience of the respective member group. The members' contributions represent 115 percent of the expected costs of the COHCC, which will allow the COHCC to establish excess reserves for future operations. The funds are maintained in a bank trust account established for the sole purpose and benefit of the COHCC's operations. Financial information for the COHCC can be obtained from Matthew Peoples, President, COHCC, 36 S. High Street, Canal Winchester, Ohio 43110.

The COHCC has entered into an agreement for individual and aggregate excess loss coverage with a commercial insurance carrier. The individual excess loss coverage has been structured to indemnify the COHCC for medical claims paid to an individual in excess of \$175,000, with an individual lifetime maximum of \$2,000,000. The aggregate excess loss coverage has been structured to indemnify the COHCC for aggregate claims paid in excess of \$12,978,197, to a maximum of \$1,000,000 annually. In the event that the losses of the consortium in any year exceeds amounts paid to the COHCC, together with all stop-loss, reinsurance and other coverage then in effect, then the payment of all uncovered losses shall revert to and be the sole obligation of the political subdivision against which the claim was made. No such loss has occurred in the past four years.

The City currently has no specified percentage share of the COHCC. The only time at which a percentage share would be calculated occurs if the COHCC votes to terminate ongoing operations. After a vote to terminate the COHCC, the Board would wind-up the COHCC's business as quickly as practicable, but in any event would complete this process no later than twelve months after the termination date. During such period, the COHCC would continue to pay all claims and expenses until the COHCC's funds are exhausted. After payment of all claims and expenses, or upon the termination of the aforesaid twelve month period, any remaining surplus funds held by the COHCC would be paid to the members of the COHCC who are members as of the termination date. The Board would determine the manner in which such surplus funds would be distributed, and would consider the percentage relationship which each member's contributions to the COHCC for the prior three calendar years of the COHCC bore to all members' contributions to the COHCC for that same period. The City's payment for health insurance coverage to COHCC in 2013 was \$1,035,889.

Dental, vision and life insurance benefits are also provided. The family and single rates are not gender and age sensitive, and are the same for each class of employees.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

### C. Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The City pays the state workers' compensation system a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

### **NOTE 16 - PENSION PLANS**

### A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml">https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml</a>, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. The 2013 member contribution rates were 10.00% for members. The City's contribution rate for 2013 was 14.00% of covered payroll.

The City's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Traditional Plan for 2013 was 13.00%. The City's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Combined Plan for 2013 was 13.00%. The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$402,381, \$296,211, and \$286,320, respectively; 91.14% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. The remaining 2013 pension liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2013 were \$5,746 made by the City and \$4,105 made by the plan members.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 16 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by visiting the website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a>.

Funding Policy - From January 1, 2013 through July 1, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary. From July 2, 2013 through December 31, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2013, the City was required to contribute 19.50% and 24.00% for police officers and firefighters, respectively. Contribution rates are established by State statute.

For 2013, the portion of the City's contributions to fund pension obligations was 14.81% for January 1, 2013 through May 31, 2013 and 16.65% for June 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013 for police officers. The City's required contributions for pension obligations to OP&F for police officers was \$211,905 for the year ended December 31, 2013, \$163,067 for the year ended December 31, 2012, and \$156,631, for the year ended December 31, 2011. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. 91.67% has been contributed for police for 2013. The remaining 2013 pension liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

#### **NOTE 17 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS**

## A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml">https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml</a>, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 17 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2013, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll. Each year the OPERS' Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan for 2013 was 1.00%. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Combined Plan for 2013 was 1.00%.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The City's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$30,939, \$126,552, and \$123,652, respectively; 91.14% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. The remaining 2013 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under State Bill 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

#### B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the OP&F Pension Fund sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-employment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### NOTE 17 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by visiting the website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a>.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts, one account is for health care benefits under an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust and the other account is for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan into the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 4.69% of covered payroll from January 1, 2013 through May 31, 2013 and 2.85% of covered payroll from June 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that the pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment healthcare benefits for police officers was \$49,735 for the year ended December 31, 2013, \$86,330 for the year ended December 31, 2012, and \$82,922, for the year ended December 31, 2011. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. 91.67% has been contributed for police for 2013. The remaining 2013 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)**

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and economic opportunity fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

		<b>Economic</b>		
	General	Opportunity		
	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Fund</b>		
Budget basis	\$ 1,829,779	\$ 717,352		
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	981,453	443,932		
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(120,873)	(1,161,284)		
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(486,855)	-		
Funds budgeted elsewhere	138	-		
Adjustment for encumbrances	778,267			
GAAP basis	\$ 2,981,909	<u>\$ -</u>		

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the unclaimed monies fund.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

### **NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund balance	Fund balance General		Debt Service Fund	Bond Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:							
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 167,61	0 \$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,610	
Prepaids	73,38		_	_	7,502	80,890	
Unclaimed monies	1,76	8	-	-	-	1,768	
Total nonspendable	242,76	6			7,502	250,268	
Restricted:							
Tax uncremental financing		-	-	-	4,401,156	4,401,156	
Capital projects		-	-	-	273,915	273,915	
Economic development		-	-	-	1,783,966	1,783,966	
Street construction and maint		-	-	-	840,642	840,642	
Safety programs		-	-	-	131,151	131,151	
Other purposes					11,020	11,020	
Total restricted		<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	7,441,850	7,441,850	
Committed:							
Capital projects					5,551,172	5,551,172	
Total committed		<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>		5,551,172	5,551,172	
Assigned:							
General government	392,89	4	-	-	-	392,894	
Security of persons and property	11,53		-	-	-	11,531	
Transportation	36,35		-	-	-	36,358	
Community environment	63,44		-	-	-	63,447	
Capital outlay	11,04	4	-	-	-	11,044	
Debt service		-	467,727	-	-	467,727	
Capital projects					3,175,832	3,175,832	
Total assigned	515,27	4	467,727	<del>-</del>	3,175,832	4,158,833	
Unassigned (deficit)	12,664,46	8	<u>-</u>	(4,095,055)	(243,499)	8,325,914	
Total fund balances	\$ 13,422,50	8 9	\$ 467,727	\$ (4,095,055)	\$ 15,932,857	\$ 25,728,037	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

E J	Year-End <u>Encumbrances</u>		
<u>Fund</u>			
General fund	\$ 515,	274	
Bond improvement fund	7,817,	631	
Other governmental	2,861,	837	
	\$ 11,194,	742	

#### **NOTE 21 - PLEDGED REVENUES**

#### A. Allocation of Pledged Revenues

On July 2, 1996, the City adopted Resolution 13-96 establishing the New Albany Central College Economic Opportunity Zone (the "EOZ"). Income tax revenue received by the City each year from this zone is applied as follows: (1) administrative costs of the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA); (2) thirty percent of the balance to be deposited with the New Albany Community Authority (the "Authority"); and (3) the remaining balance to be shared equally with the New Albany - Plain Local School District .

On July 7, 1998, the City adopted Resolution R-30-98 expanding the New Albany EOZ and establishing the Oak Grove EOZ. Income tax revenue received by the City each year from this expanded EOZ is applied as follows: (1) administrative costs of the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA); (2) thirty percent of the balance to be deposited with the Authority; and (3) the remaining balance to be shared equally with the New Albany-Plain Local School District or the Licking Heights Local School District.

On March 2, 1999, the City adopted Resolution R-17-99 establishing the Blacklick EOZ. Within the Blacklick EOZ, the City established Phase I and Phase II subaccounts. Income tax revenue received by the City each year from the Phase I of the Blacklick EOZ is applied as follows: (1) administrative costs of the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA); (2) fifty percent of the balance to be deposited with the Authority; (3) an amount to the Plain Township Fire Department, in each of the years 2001 through 2005, as is mutually agreeable to the City and the Plain Township Fire Department; and (4) the remaining balance to be shared equally with the New Albany-Plain Local School District to the extent of real property tax payments which the New Albany-Plain Local School District would have received had the City not issued the tax exemption. Income tax revenue received by the City each year from Phase II of the Blacklick EOZ is applied as follows: (1) administrative costs of the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA); (2) thirty percent of the balance to be deposited with the Authority; and (3) the remaining balance to be shared equally with the New Albany-Plain Local School District to the extent of real property tax payments which the District would have received had the City not issued the tax exemption.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 21 - PLEDGED REVENUES - (Continued)**

### B. New Albany Community Authority

The income tax revenue pledged to the Authority is used for the repayment of Multipurpose Infrastructure Improvement Bonds, Series C (the "bonds"). These bonds were used for public infrastructure construction and improvements in the EOZ's.

In January 2004, the Authority refunded the Multi-purpose Infrastructure Improvement Bonds, Series B, using the proceeds of the Series C Bonds. In May 2011, the bonds were again refunded with a combination of \$5,900,000 in ten year fixed rate bonds and a \$2,000,000 13 month notes plus \$800,000 in cash. The bonds have a net interest rate of 3.45% and are schedule to retire in December 2021. The note was issued with a 1.2% interest rate and matured June 1, 2012. On May 31, 2012, the Authority issued \$2,000,000 in Series 2012 D notes to retire the aforementioned notes from 2011. The Series 2012D notes carried an interest rate of 1.00% and matured on May 31, 2013. On May 31, 2013, the Authority issued \$1,750,000 in Series 2013 notes to retire the aforementioned notes from 2012. The Series 2013 notes carry an interest rate of 1.25% and mature on June 1, 2014. The amount of principal outstanding on the bonds and notes at December 31, 2013 were \$4,865,000 and \$1,750,000, respectively.

The City has agreed to pledge these income tax revenues to the Authority for so long as any Authority Bonds are issued and outstanding. The Authority agrees to pledge such revenues to pay the principal of and interest and redemption premium on the Authority Bonds and any other costs, including, but not limited to, administrative, credit enhancement, trustee or other costs, related to the issuance of those Authority Bonds or the periodic payment of principal of and interest and redemption premiums on those Authority Bonds.

During 2013, the total amount of pledged revenues paid to the Authority was \$3,834,022 or 18.07% of total income tax receipts, and interest payments on bonds and notes were \$214,300.

### C. New Albany - Plain Local School District

The income tax revenue pledged to the New Albany-Plain Local School District is used to pay the cost associated with construction of administrative facilities and for the mutual use of the City and the New Albany-Plain Local School District for the purchase and improvement of land that is mutually beneficial to the City and the New Albany-Plain Local School District and for any other purposes that are mutually beneficial to the City and the New Albany-Plain Local School District.

The New Albany-Plain Local School District agreements are to stay in effect until the real property tax exemptions granted for individual projects expire or until terminated by mutual agreement of the parties. During 2013, the total amount of pledged revenues paid to the New Albany-Plain Local School District was \$2,689,648, or 12.68% of total income tax receipts.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### **NOTE 21 - PLEDGED REVENUES - (Continued)**

#### D. Licking Heights Local School District

The income tax revenue pledged to the Licking Heights Local School District from a parcel of land in the Oak Grove EOZ is used to pay the cost associated with construction of administrative facilities and for the mutual use of the City and the Licking Heights Local School District for the purchase and improvement of land that is mutually beneficial to the City and the Licking Heights Local School District, and for any other purposes that are mutually beneficial to the City and the Licking Heights Local School District.

Licking Heights Local School District agreements are to stay in effect until the real property tax exemptions granted for individual projects expire or until terminated by mutual agreement of the parties. During 2013, the total amount of pledged revenues paid to the Licking Heights Local School District was \$104,144, or 0.49% of total income tax receipts.

#### E. Johnstown-Monroe Local School District

The income tax revenue pledged to the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District from a parcel of land in the Oak Grove EOZ II is used to pay the cost associated with construction of administrative facilities and for the mutual use of the City and the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District for the purchase and improvement of land that is mutually beneficial to the City and the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District, and for any other purposes that are mutually beneficial to the City and the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District.

Johnstown-Monroe Local School District agreements are to stay in effect until the real property tax exemptions granted for individual projects expire or until terminated by mutual agreement of the parties. During 2013, the total amount of pledged revenues paid to the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District was \$134,595, or 0.63% of total income tax receipts.

#### F. City of Columbus

The income tax revenue pledged to the City of Columbus from a parcel of land in the Oak Grove EOZ II is used as an income tax sharing agreement to promote economic development in Central Ohio.

During 2013, the total amount of pledged revenues paid to the City of Columbus was \$64,861, or 0.31% of total income tax receipts.

#### NOTE 22 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established 16 Tax Increment Financing Districts (TIFs). A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owners of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as a "payment in lieu of taxes" or PILOTS, as though the TIF had not been established. These PILOTS are then dedicated to the payment for various public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 22 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS - (Continued)

Payment in lieu of taxes revenue was \$3,497,160 on the modified accrual basis of accounting in 2013 and is accounted for in twelve special revenue funds. Corresponding capital assets are accounted for in the City's infrastructure.

TIFs have a longevity of the shorter period of 30 years or until the public improvements are paid for. The property tax exemption then ceases; payment in lieu of taxes cease, and property taxes then apply to the increased property values.

#### **NOTE 23 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. In the opinion of management, however, any such disallowed claims would not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2013.

#### B. Litigation

The City is currently not involved in litigation for which the City's legal counsel anticipates a loss

#### **NOTE 24 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS**

At December 31, 2013, the City had the following outstanding contractual commitments:

<u>Vendor</u>	 Contract Amount	 nount Paid t 12/31/13	_0	Amount utstanding
American Pavements	\$ 220,852	\$ 220,852	\$	-
Columbus Asphalt Paving	1,232,700	995,609		237,091
Complete General	2,740,650	2,114,033		626,617
Daimler	11,592,972	2,635,147		8,957,825
Shelly & Sands	1,325,427	1,325,427		-
Shelly Company	928,173	838,361		89,812
Strauser Paving	 916,853	 867,909		48,944
<b>Total Contractual Commitments</b>	\$ 18,957,627	\$ 8,997,338	\$	9,960,289

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 25 - NEW ALBANY COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION

The New Albany Community Improvement Corporation (the "CIC") was formed pursuant to Ordinance O-15-2006 passed April 4, 2006 and incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation under Title XVII, Chapters 1702 and 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose to advance, encourage, and promote industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the City of New Albany (the "City"). The CIC has been designated as the City's agent for industrial and commercial distributions and research development.

The Board of Trustees is to be comprised of nine members. The following four elected or appointed officials of the City of New Albany ("City representatives") constitute four of the members of the Board of Trustees: Mayor (or appointed permanent designee), Council President Pro Tempore (or permanent designee), City Manager and the Director of Development. The City representatives hold office for as long as they hold their position at the City. In addition to the four City representatives, there are five members appointed by a majority vote of City Council ("Trustees at Large"). Three of the Trustees at Large will serve a term of three years. The two remaining Trustees at Large will serve a term of two years.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The basic financial statements of the CIC have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The CIC's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the CIC are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP.

#### B. Federal Income Tax

The New Albany Community Improvement Corporation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all cash in the CIC's checking account is considered to be cash and cash equivalents. All monies received by the CIC are deposited in a demand deposit account.

#### D. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The CIC's capital assets consist of equipment which is recorded at cost. The CIC maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; however, the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

The CIC's equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five years.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 25 - NEW ALBANY COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

#### E. Accrued Liabilities

The CIC has recognized certain expenses due, but unpaid as of December 31, 2013. These expenses are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

#### F. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the statement of net position. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### G. Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The CIC has no restricted net position.

#### H. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### I. Deposits

At December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of the CIC's deposits was \$160,250. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2013, the entire bank balance of \$165,527 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposits and investments of funds held by the not-for-profit corporation.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 25 - NEW ALBANY COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance			<b>Balance</b>
	12/31/12	Additions	<b>Deductions</b>	12/31/13
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Equipment	\$ 1,316,860	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,316,860
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,316,860			1,316,860
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Equipment	(882,558)	(285,039)	<u> </u>	(1,167,597)
Total accumulated depreciation	(882,558)	(285,039)		(1,167,597)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 434,302	<u>\$ (285,039)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<b>\$</b> 149,263

#### K. Litigation

The CIC is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### L. Contributions from City of New Albany

The CIC received \$100,000 in contributions from the City during the year.

#### M. Risk Management

The CIC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For 2013, the CIC had property and casualty insurance through Westfield Insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

#### N. Accounts Receivable

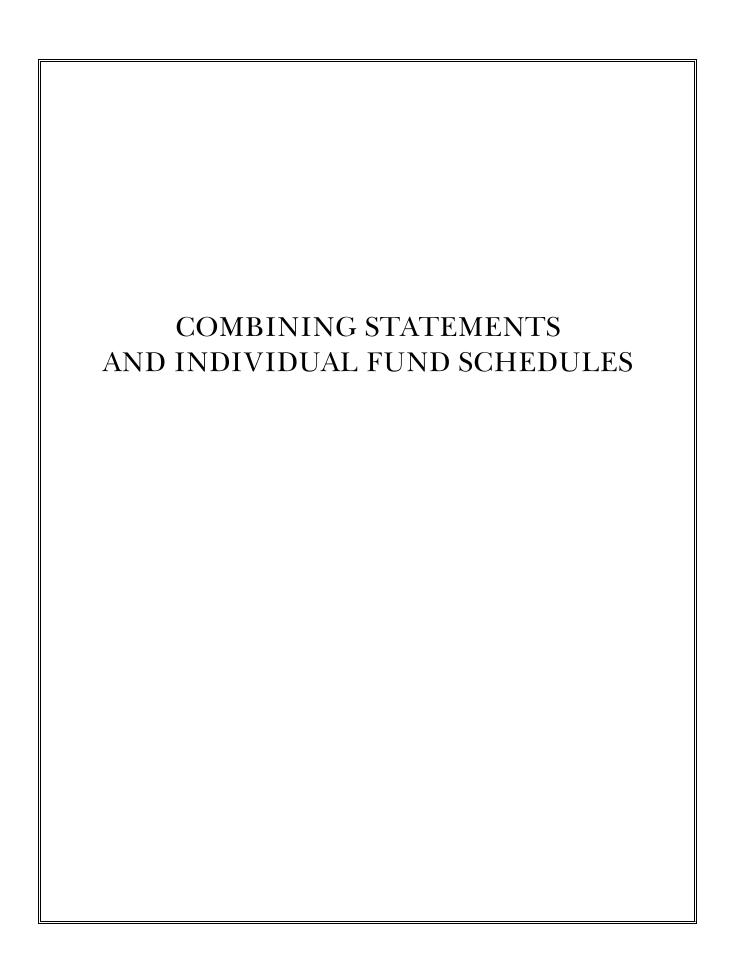
The CIC is the lessee of space in a building located at 8000 Walton Parkway, New Albany. As the lessee, the CIC entered into an operating lease in January 2011 and makes monthly payments of \$4,480 and \$5,739. The lease is effective until July 31, 2017. The CIC subleases office space in the building to start-up businesses in the City. As a lessor, the CIC charges rent and internet subscription fees to tenants. The CIC also receives a quarterly revenue sharing with Bluemile, Inc. There was \$37,015 in accounts receivable as of December 31, 2013.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 25 - NEW ALBANY COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION - (Continued)

#### O. Agreement With TechColumbus

On July 15, 2012, the CIC entered into an agreement with TechColumbus, a non-profit organization of technology based companies, higher education and research organizations and local governments in the Central Ohio region. TechColumbus will help the City facilitate entrepreneurship and improve the chances of establishing successful technology enterprises. TechColumbus agrees to provide the following: service territory definition, staffing, "deal flow" stimulation; access to entrepreneurial assistance programs and TechColumbus relationships; access to funding/capital and budget. During 2013, the CIC paid \$100,000 to TechColumbus for services.



#### MAJOR FUNDS

#### General Fund

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

#### **Economic Opportunity Fund**

The economic opportunity fund accounts for financial resources that are restricted for and pledged to the New Albany Community Authority, the New Albany-Plain Local School District, the Licking Heights School District and the Johnstown-Monroe Local School District for public infrastructure improvements. This fund consists of three distinct economic opportunity zones. These zones are the Oak Grove, Central College and Blacklick sub areas.

#### Debt Service Fund

To account for monies assigned for the purpose of retiring principal and interest on debt.

#### **Bond Improvement Fund**

To account for revenues from bond issuances that are restricted for various capital improvement expenditures within the City, including the construction of various facilities and infrastructure improvements.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **GENERAL FUND**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

								riance with
		Budgeted	l Amo					Positive
PENENTING		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
REVENUES	dh.	0 505 770	ф	0 505 770	Ф	11 707 000	ф	0.000.000
Income taxes	\$	9,525,779	\$	9,525,779	\$	11,725,868	\$	2,200,089
Property and other taxes		961,501		961,501		941,493		(20,008)
Charges for services		252,140		252,140		369,750		117,610
Licenses and permits		352,500		352,500		500,263		147,763
Fines and forfeitures		104,500		104,500		78,733		(25,767)
Intergovernmental		169,540		169,540		376,019		206,479
Investment income		75,000		75,000		55,550		(19,450)
Rental income		25,000		25,000		36,842		11,842
Contributions and donations		-		-		5,865		5,865
Other		97,000	Φ.	97,000	_	446,138	Φ.	349,138
Total Revenues	\$	11,562,960	\$	11,562,960	\$	14,536,521	\$	2,973,561
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Current:								
General Government								
City Manager's Office								
Salary and related	\$	676,282	\$	675,282	\$	588,994	\$	86,288
Contractual services		184,217		184,217		91,142		93,075
General operating		266,482		246,982		171,965		75,017
<b>Total City Manager's Office</b>	\$	1,126,981	\$	1,106,481	\$	852,101	\$	254,380
Finance Department								
Salary and related	\$	370,146	\$	383,533	\$	352,669	\$	30,864
Contractual services		273,785		403,885	-	386,342		17,543
General operating		53,559		35,916		25,281		10,635
Total Finance Department	\$	697,490	\$	823,334	\$	764,292	\$	59,042
City Council								
Salary and related	\$	190,283	\$	193,906	\$	183,196	\$	10,710
Contractual services	П	2,000	П	13,000	П	9,995	7	3,005
General operating		167,104		166,104		143,498		22,606
Total City Council	\$	359,387	\$	373,010	\$	336,689	\$	36,321
Mayor's Court						_		
Mayor's Court	ф	100 477	ው	150 177	di-	147 659	ø	10 595
Salary and related	\$	128,477	\$	158,177	\$	147,652	\$	10,525
Contractual services		75,431		89,681		69,712		19,969
General operating	<u> </u>	47,251	•	33,001	•	20,251	φ.	12,750
Total Mayor's Court	\$	251,159	\$	280,859	\$	237,615	\$	43,244
City Engineer								
Contractual services	\$	478,170	\$	478,170	<u>\$</u>	457,884	\$	20,286
Total City Engineer	\$	478,170	\$	478,170	\$	457,884	\$	20,286
City Attorney								
Contractual services	\$	411,716	\$	437,716	\$	429,851	\$	7,865
<b>Total City Attorney</b>	\$	411,716	\$	437,716	\$	429,851	\$	7,865
, ,		,-		- ,-				-, -

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## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

							Fin	iance with al Budget
		Budgeted	l Amo					Positive
1 1 0 D :11:		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Lands & Buildings	<b>#</b>	200 764	Ф	204 764	Ф	991 156	¢	69 600
General operating  Total Lands & Buildings	<u>\$</u>	399,764 399,764	<u>\$</u> \$	394,764 <b>394,764</b>	<u>\$</u> \$	331,156 331,156	<u>\$</u>	63,608 63,608
Total Lands & Buildings	φ	399,704	φ	394,704	φ	331,130	<b>.</b>	03,008
IT Administration								
Contractual services	\$	212,277	\$	212,277	\$	160,594	\$	51,683
<b>Total IT Administration</b>	\$	212,277	\$	212,277	\$	160,594	\$	51,683
		_		_			'	
Other Charges	ф	100.050	ф	100.050	ф	117 010	•	10.001
Salary and related	\$	132,250	\$	132,250	\$	115,619	\$	16,631
Contractual services		146,480		123,882		97,354		26,528
General operating		225,113		287,623		269,782		17,841
<b>Total Other Charges</b>	\$	503,843	\$	543,755	\$	482,755	\$	61,000
<b>Total General Government</b>	\$	4,440,787	\$	4,650,366	\$	4,052,937	\$	597,429
Security of Persons & Property								
Police								
Salary and related	\$	2,678,964	\$	2,708,743	\$	2,548,081	\$	160,662
Contractual services		89,141		88,081		82,324		5,757
General operating		198,755		216,598		132,014		84,584
Total Police	\$	2,966,860	\$	3,013,422	\$	2,762,419	\$	251,003
Lands & Buildings								
General operating	\$	133,027	\$	140,527	\$	129,964	\$	10,563
Total Lands & Buildings	\$	133,027	\$	140,527	\$	129,964	\$	10,563
<b>Total Security of Persons &amp; Property</b>	\$	3,099,887	\$	3,153,949	\$	2,892,383	\$	261,566
Transportation								
Public Service								
Salary and related	\$	1,672,054	\$	1,770,989	\$	1,712,561	\$	58,428
Contractual services	Ψ	99,454	Ψ	31,402	Ψ	24,936	Ψ	6,466
General operating		464,673		472,277		354,189		118,088
Total Public Services	\$	2,236,181	\$	2,274,668	\$	2,091,686	\$	182,982
Total Tublic Scrvices	Ψ	2,230,101	Ψ	2,271,000	Ψ	2,031,000	Ψ	104,304
Lands & Buildings								
General Operating	\$	122,994	\$	122,994	\$	105,892		17,102
Total Lands & Buildings	\$	122,994	\$	122,994	\$	105,892	\$	17,102
<b>Total Transportation</b>	\$	2,359,175	\$	2,397,662	\$	2,197,578	\$	200,084

Continued

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(	Negative)
Community Environment						
Community Development						
Salary and related	\$ 1,135,880	\$	1,195,808	\$ 1,066,128	\$	129,680
Contractual services	175,756		205,756	178,278		27,478
General operating	597,418		600,211	528,637		71,574
<b>Total Community Development</b>	\$ 1,909,054	\$	2,001,775	\$ 1,773,043	\$	228,732
<b>Total Community Environment</b>	\$ 1,909,054	\$	2,001,775	\$ 1,773,043	\$	228,732
Capital Outlay						
General Government	\$ 62,012	\$	62,012	\$ 15,237	\$	46,775
Security of Persons & Property	6,242		4,242	4,242	·	· •
Community Environment	58,159		58,159	58,159		-
Transportation	60,000		52,000	42,907		9,093
Total Capital Outlay	\$ 186,413	\$	176,413	\$ 120,545	\$	55,868
Total Expenditures	\$ 11,995,316	\$	12,380,165	\$ 11,036,486	\$	1,343,679
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$ (432,356)	\$	(817,205)	\$ 3,500,035	\$	4,317,240
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$ -	\$	11,613	\$ 493,413	\$	481,800
Transfers out	(1,351,123)		(3,811,123)	(2,204,789)		1,606,334
Advances in	1,351,123		1,351,123	391,120		(960,003)
Advances out	-		(350,000)	(350,000)		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	\$ -	\$	(2,798,387)	\$ (1,670,256)	\$	1,128,131
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (432,356)	\$	(3,615,592)	\$ 1,829,779	\$	5,445,371
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	7,568,663		7,568,663	7,568,663		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 438,960		438,960	438,960		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 7,575,267	\$	4,392,031	\$ 9,837,402	\$	5,445,371

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FUND

		Budgeted	l Amo			A 1	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Income taxes  Total Revenues	\$ <b>\$</b>	8,487,826 <b>8,487,826</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	8,661,576 <b>8,661,576</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	7,691,357 <b>7,691,357</b>	\$	(970,219) (970,219)
EXPENDITURES								
Economic Development								
General operating	\$	8,487,826	\$	8,790,076	\$	6,974,005	\$	1,816,071
Total Expenditures	\$	8,487,826	\$	8,790,076	\$	6,974,005	\$	1,816,071
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	(128,500)	\$	717,352	\$	845,852
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		<u>-</u>						-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	(128,500)	\$	717,352	\$	845,852

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 41,788	\$	-	\$	41,788	\$	41,788
Investment income	10,686		-		10,686		10,686
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 52,474	\$	-	\$	52,474	\$	52,474
EXPENDITURES							
<u>Debt Service</u>							
Principal retirement	\$ 1,345,634	\$	2,401,028	\$	2,401,028	\$	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,354,366		1,085,215		1,048,850		36,365
Bond issuance costs	 		89,982		89,982		-
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,700,000	\$	3,576,225	\$	3,539,860	\$	36,365
Excess of expenditures							
over revenues	\$ (2,647,526)	\$	(3,576,225)	\$	(3,487,386)	\$	88,839
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)							
Transfer in	\$ 2,955,431	\$	2,500,000	\$	3,553,186	\$	(1,053,186)
Bond issuance	-		-		4,885,000		4,885,000
Premium on bond issuance	-		-		150,350		150,350
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		(4,941,328)		(4,941,328)		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	\$ 2,955,431	\$	(2,441,328)	\$	3,647,208	\$	3,982,164
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 307,905	\$	(6,017,553)	\$	159,822	\$	6,177,375
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 307,905		307,905		307,905		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF							
YEAR	\$ 615,810	\$	(5,709,648)	\$	467,727	\$	6,177,375

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### BOND IMPROVEMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amo				Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
						07.000		27.22
Investment income	\$	57,025	\$	-	\$	25,960	\$	25,960
Total Revenues	\$	57,025	\$	-	\$ 25,960		\$	25,960
EXPENDITURES								
<b>General Government</b>								
Capital outlay	\$	11,168,430	\$	11,918,430	\$	11,616,029	\$	302,401
<b>Total General Government</b>	\$	11,168,430	\$	11,918,430	\$	11,616,029	\$	302,401
Debt Service								
Bond issuance costs	\$	120,000	\$	80,011	\$	80,011	\$	_
Total Debt Service	\$	120,000	\$	80,011	\$			-
Total Expenditures	\$	11,288,430	\$	11,998,441	\$	11,696,040	\$	302,401
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(11,231,405)		(11,998,441)		(11,670,080)		328,361
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)								
Sale of notes	\$	11,120,000	\$	11,120,000	\$	11,750,000	\$	630,000
Premiums on bonds	Т	500,000	П	-	11	80,011	7	80,011
Transfers out		, -		(568,047)		(567,782)		265
<b>Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>	\$	11,620,000	\$	10,551,953	\$	11,262,229	\$	710,276
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	388,595	\$	(1,446,488)	\$	(407,851)	\$	1,038,637
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		420,684		420,684		420,684		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		168,430		168,430		168,430		-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF								
YEAR	\$	977,709	\$	(857,374)	\$ 181,263		\$	1,038,637

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents	\$	6,279,058	\$	8,732,453	\$	15,011,511	
and investments Cash with fiscal agent		119,244		-		119,244	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):							
Income taxes		-		547,178		547,178	
Payment in lieu of taxes		2,970,673		_		2,970,673	
Accounts		354		350		704	
Accrued interest		6,998		10,961		17,959	
Due from other governments		302,727		-		302,727	
Notes		1,300,000		-		1,300,000	
Prepayments				7,502		7,502	
Total Assets	\$	10,979,054	\$	9,298,444	\$	20,277,498	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	519,277	\$	_	\$	519,277	
Contracts payable	Ψ	-	Ψ	34,557	Ψ	34,557	
Retainage payable		81,864		135,210		217,074	
Advance from other funds		=		159,416		159,416	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$	601,141	\$	329,183	\$	930,324	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Accrued interest not available	\$	2,228	\$	3,495	\$	5,723	
Income tax revenue not available		-		200,844		200,844	
Other nonexchange transactions not available		237,077		-		237,077	
Delinquent PILOTS not available		10,431		-		10,431	
PILOTs levied for next fiscal year		2,960,242				2,960,242	
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	3,209,978	\$	204,339	\$	3,414,317	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	7,502	\$	7,502	
Restricted		7,167,935		273,915		7,441,850	
Committed		-		5,551,172		5,551,172	
Assigned		-		3,175,832		3,175,832	
Unassigned (deficit)				(243,499)		(243,499)	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	7,167,935	\$	8,764,922	\$	15,932,857	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources & Fund Balance	¢	10.070.054	ø	0.900.444	¢	90 977 400	
Resources of Fully Dalatice	\$	10,979,054	\$	9,298,444	\$	20,277,498	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor oital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Income taxes Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Payment in lieu of taxes Investment income Contributions and donations Decrease in fair value of investments Other	\$ 35,206 5,394 697,569 3,497,160 34,777 1,671,222 (42,578)	\$ 1,908,118 463,244 70,800 - 445,126 - 50,852 6,000 (63,679) 40,800	\$	1,908,118 498,450 70,800 5,394 1,142,695 3,497,160 85,629 1,677,222 (106,257) 40,800	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 5,898,750	\$ 2,921,261	\$	8,820,011	
EXPENDITURES  Current: General government Security of persons and property Transportation Economic development	\$ 898,762 19,582 65,900 741,673	\$ - - - -	\$	898,762 19,582 65,900 741,673	
Capital outlay	2,198,643	3,724,753		5,923,396	
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges  Total Expenditures	\$ 29,965 2,134 <b>3,956,659</b>	\$ 31,097 1,281 <b>3,757,131</b>	\$	61,062 3,415 7,713,790	
Excess (deficency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,942,091	\$ (835,870)	\$	1,106,221	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)  Transfers in Transfers out OPWC loans issued	\$ 354 (1,846,487)	\$ 2,125,037 (1,070,477) 708,732	\$	2,125,391 (2,916,964) 708,732	
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	\$ (1,846,133)	\$ 1,763,292	\$	(82,841)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 <b>95,958</b> 7,071,977	 <b>927,422</b> 7,837,500		1,023,380	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 7,167,935	\$ 8,764,922	\$	15,932,857	

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

#### Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund Fund

The street fund is required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for the portion of the State gasoline and motor vehicle registration fees that are restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

#### American Recovery & Reinvestment Act Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the American Recovery & Reinvestment Act (ARRA) established by the federal government that are restricted for ARRA purposes.

#### Blacklick TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted to the Blacklick Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Mayor's Court Computer Fund

To account for revenues collected by the courts that are restricted for computer maintenance of the courts.

#### Alcohol Education Fund

To account for revenues generated from fines that are restricted for alcohol related educational programs.

#### Village Center TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Village Center Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Windsor TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Windsor Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Law Enforcement and Education Fund

To account for grant monies received from DUI arrests that are restricted for enforcement and education and for DUI housing reimbursements pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 4511.191.

#### FEMA Grant Fund

To account for the federal portion of grant monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency through the State of Ohio Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance Disaster Recovery Grant Program.

#### Safety Town Fund

To account for revenues generated from charges for services and donations collected for expenses that are restricted for Safety Town traffic safety program for children.

#### **DUI Grant Fund**

To account for the State grant monies received relating to DUI arrests that are restricted for safety programs.

#### State Highway Fund

To account for revenues generated from state highway, gasoline and motor vehicle taxes that are restricted for transportation programs.

#### Permissive Tax Fund

To account for revenues generated from permissive motor vehicle license taxes that are restricted for transporation programs.

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - (continued)

#### Economic Development Fund

To account for financial resources received from the New Albany Community Authority that are restricted for miscellaneous projects throughout the City.

#### K-9 Patrol Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the formation of the K-9 patrol unit for the police department.

#### Drug Use Prevention Program Grant Fund

To account for grant monies received from the State of Ohio which is restricted to be used on preventing drug use in the City.

#### Wentworth Crossing TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Wentworth Crossing Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Hawksmoor TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Hawksmoor Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### **Enclave TIF Fund**

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Enclave Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Saunton TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Saunton Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Richmond Square TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted the Richmond Square Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Tidewater I TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Tidewater I Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Ealy Crossing TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Ealy Crossing Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Upper Clarenton TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Upper Clarenton Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### **Balfour Green TIF Fund**

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Balfour Green Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Oak Grove TIF Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures collected and disbursed that are restricted for the Oak Grove Tax Incremental Financing agreement.

#### Alcohol Indigent Fund

To account for revenues generated from fines imposed by the Mayor's Court for DUI arrests that are restricted for DUI enforcement training for police officers and other traffic safety programs.

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - (continued)

The following fund is included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but has a separate legally adopted budget (budget basis):

#### **Unclaimed Monies Fund**

To account for resources that are unclaimed monies that have not been distributed. The fund balance of this fund is nonspendable.

#### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital project funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The following is a description of all capital project funds:

#### Capital Improvement Fund

To account for municipal income tax revenues that are committed for various capital improvement expenditures within the City.

#### Park Improvement Fund

To account for income tax revenue and other revenues that are committed for the improvement of the City's parks and recreation areas.

#### Water and Sanitary Sewer Improvement Fund

To account for revenues that are committed for the improvement of water and storm sewer lines within the City.

#### Clean Ohio Grant Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with projects related to a grant received from the State of Ohio that are restricted to help preserve green space and farmland, improve outdoor recreation and revitalize blighted neighborhoods by cleaning up and redeveloping polluted properties.

#### Capital Asset Fund

To account for transfers that are assigned for infrastructure improvements including road improvements and paving.

#### Leisure Trail Improvement Fund

To account for monies received that are committed to improve leisure trails within the City.

#### OPWC 62/605 Improvement Fund

To account for monies that are restricted for the State Route 62/605 construction project.

#### OPWC Smiths Mill/Central College Fund

To account for monies that are restricted for the Smiths Mill construction project.

#### OPWC US 62 Central College Fund

To account for monies that are restricted for the US 62/Central College Rd. construction project.

#### Capital Equipment Replacement Fund

To account for monies transfers that have been assigned to purchase new City equipment.

#### OPWC Main Street Improvement Fund

To account for monies that are committed for the Main Street construction project.

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds - (continued)

#### Oak Grove II Infrastructure Fund

To account for income tax associated with the Oak Grove II economic opportunity zone that is restricted for the infrastructure improvements.

#### OPWC High Street Improvements Fund

To account for monies that are restricted for the Hight Street Improvements construction project.



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#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	:	SCM&R Fund	Blacklick TIF Fund	Mayor's Court Computer Fund		Alcohol ducation Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$	434,413	\$ 495,266	\$ 10,740	\$	11,075
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Payment in lieu of taxes Accounts Accrued interest		- - 563	476,274 - 642	280		- - -
Due from other governments Notes		152,427	 -	 - -		25 
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	587,403	\$ 972,182	\$ 11,020	\$	11,100
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$	6,742	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$	- -
Total Liabilities	\$	6,742	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Accrued interest not available Nonexchange transactions not available Delinquent PILOTS not available PILOTs levied for next fiscal year	\$	179 96,393 - -	\$ 204 - - 476,274	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	96,572	\$ 476,478	\$ 	\$	
FUND BALANCES;						
Restricted	\$	484,089	\$ 495,704	\$ 11,020	\$	11,100
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	484,089	\$ 495,704	\$ 11,020	\$	11,100
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources & Fund Balance	\$	587,403	\$ 972,182	\$ 11,020	\$	11,100

	Village Center TIF Fund		Windsor TIF Fund	and	nforcement Education Fund	Safety Town Fund		I Grant Fund
\$	2,307,549	\$	943,471	\$	3,653	\$	86,181	\$ 675
	-		-		-		-	-
	703,034		983,559		-		-	-
	2,993		1,224		-		-	-
	2,557		69,106		- -		- -	 - -
\$	3,016,133	\$	1,997,360	\$	3,653	\$	86,181	\$ 675
\$	254,951	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$ -
	81,864		-		-			 
\$	336,815	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$ -
\$	954	\$	390	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	2,557 1,628		69,106		-		-	-
	701,406		983,559		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>
\$	706,545	\$	1,053,055	\$		\$		\$ 
<u>\$</u>	1,972,773	<u>\$</u>	944,305	\$ \$	3,653	<u>\$</u> \$	86,180	\$ 675
<u> </u>	1,972,773	<u> </u>	944,305	<b>.</b>	3,653	<u> </u>	86,180	\$ 675
\$	3,016,133	\$	1,997,360	\$	3,653	\$	86,181	\$ 675

Continued

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS		State Highway Fund		Permissive Tax Fund		Economic evelopment Fund	K-9 Patrol Fund	
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents	\$	114,030	\$	113,487	\$	741,549	\$	75
and investments Cash with fiscal agent		119,244		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Payment in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-
Accounts Accrued interest		- 148		- 147		-		-
Due from other governments		13,422		5,048		-		-
Notes					_	1,300,000	-	
	\$	246,844	\$	118,682	\$	2,041,549	\$	75
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	257,583	\$	-
Retainage payable	\$		\$		\$	257,583	\$	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Accrued interest not available	\$	47	\$	47	\$	-	\$	-
Nonexchange transactions not available Delinquent PILOTS		8,879		-		-		-
PILOTs levied for next fiscal year		-						
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	8,926	\$	47	\$		\$	
FUND BALANCES;								
Restricted	\$	237,918	\$	118,635	\$	1,783,966	\$	75
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	237,918	\$	118,635	\$	1,783,966	\$	75
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources & Fund Balance	\$	246,844	\$	118,682	\$	2,041,549	\$	75
		¬,		,		1,11-1-		

24,375	ф	Wentworth Crossing TIF Fund		Hawksmoor Enclave Saunton TIF Fund TIF Fund				Sq.	uare TIF Fund	
	\$	38,096	\$	27,060	\$	21,024	\$	82,977	\$	66,326
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		27,889		50,345		27,267		53,378		30,577
-		49		35		27		108		86
<u>-</u>		1,998		4,729		2,615		5,354		2,907
24,375	\$	68,032	\$	82,169	\$	50,933	\$	141,817	\$	99,896
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	\$	15	\$	11	\$	8	\$	35	\$	27
-		1,998		4,729 -		2,615		5,354 -		2,907
		27,889		50,345		27,267		53,378		30,577
	\$	29,902	\$	55,085	\$	29,890	\$	58,767	\$	33,511
94 375	\$	38 13 <u>0</u>	\$	97 084	\$	91 043	\$	88 050	\$	66,385
24,375	\$	38,130	\$	27,084	\$	21,043	\$	83,050	<b>\$</b>	66,385
24.375	\$	68.039	\$	82.169	\$	50.933	\$	141.817	\$	99,896
	- - - - - - 24,375	- \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 24,375 \$ 24,375 \$	24,375 \$ 68,032  - \$	24,375 \$ 68,032 \$  - \$ - \$  - \$ - \$  - \$ - \$  - \$ 15 \$  - \$ 1,998  \$ 27,889  - \$ 29,902 \$  24,375 \$ 38,130 \$  24,375 \$ 38,130 \$	-       49       35         1,998       4,729         -       1,998       4,729         -       \$       -         -       \$       -         -       \$       -         -       \$       -         -       \$       15         1,998       4,729         -       27,889       50,345         -       \$       29,902       \$         55,085	-       49       35         1,998       4,729         -       \$       4,729         -       \$       -         -       \$       -         -       \$       -         -       \$       -         -       \$       15         1,998       4,729         -       27,889       50,345         -       \$       29,902         \$       55,085       \$         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$	-       49       35       27         1,998       4,729       2,615         -       -       -       -         24,375       \$ 68,032       \$ 82,169       \$ 50,933         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       15       \$       11       \$       8         -       \$       1,998       4,729       2,615       2,615       -       -       27,267         -       \$       27,889       50,345       27,267       -       \$       29,890         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$       21,043         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$       21,043	-       49       35       27         1,998       4,729       2,615         -       \$       2,615         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       1.5       \$         -       \$       1.998       4,729       2,615         -       \$       27,889       50,345       27,267         -       \$       29,902       \$       55,085       \$       29,890       \$         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$       21,043       \$         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$       21,043       \$	-       49       35       27       108         1,998       4,729       2,615       5,354         -       -       -       -       -         24,375       \$ 68,032       \$ 82,169       \$ 50,933       \$ 141,817         -       \$       -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -         -       \$       1.5       \$       11       \$       8       \$       35         -       \$       1.998       4,729       2,615       5,354         -       \$       27,889       50,345       27,267       53,378         -       \$       29,902       \$       55,085       \$       29,890       \$       58,767	-       49       35       27       108         1,998       4,729       2,615       5,354         -       -       -       -       -         -       \$       68,032       \$ 82,169       \$ 50,933       \$ 141,817       \$         -       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$       -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       1.5       \$       11       \$       8       \$       35       \$         -       \$       1.998       4,729       2,615       5,354       -       -       -       27,267       53,378       -         -       \$       29,902       \$       55,085       \$       29,890       \$       58,767       \$         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$       21,043       \$       83,050       \$         24,375       \$       38,130       \$       27,084       \$       21,043       \$       83,050       \$

Continued

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Tidewater I TIF Fund		Ealy Crossing TIF Fund		Upper Clarenton TIF Fund		Balfour Green TIF Fund	
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments  Cash with fiscal agent	\$	95,418	\$	98,020	\$	249,807	\$	28,405
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Payment in lieu of taxes Accounts		72,231		89,025		256,751		14,664
Accrued interest		124		127		324		37
Due from other governments Notes		9,131		7,229		24,465		1,174
	\$	176,904	\$	194,401	\$	531,347	\$	44,280
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Retainage payable				-		-		-
	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Accrued interest not available Nonexchange transactions not available Delinquent PILOTS	\$	40 9,131	\$	40 7,229	\$	103 24,465	\$	12 1,174
PILOTs levied for next fiscal year		72,231		89,025		256,751		14,664
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	81,402	\$	96,294	\$	281,319	\$	15,850
FUND BALANCES;								
Restricted	\$	95,502	\$	98,107	\$	250,028	\$	28,430
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	95,502	\$	98,107	\$	250,028	\$	28,430
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources & Fund Balance	\$	176,904	\$	194,401	\$	531,347	\$	44,280

Totals	Alcohol Indigent Fund	Oak Grove TIF Fund	
6,279,058	\$ 5,019	\$ 280,367	\$
119,244	-	-	
2,970,673 354	- 74	185,679	
6,998	74	364	
302,727	-	540	
1,300,000	 	 	
10,979,054	\$ 5,093	\$ 466,950	\$
519,277	\$ -	\$ -	\$
81,864			
601,141	\$ 	\$ 	\$
2,228	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 116	\$
237,077	-	540	
10,431	-	8,803	
2,960,242	 	 176,876	
3,209,978	\$ 	\$ 186,335	\$
7,167,935	\$ 5,093	\$ 280,615	\$
7,167,935	\$ 5,093	\$ 280,615	\$
10,979,054	\$ 5,093	\$ 466,950	\$

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		SCM&R Fund	Rec Rein	nerican overy & ivestment ct Fund	]	Blacklick TIF Fund	Co	Iayor's Court omputer Fund
REVENUES								
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,695
Intergovernmental Payment in lieu of taxes		326,263		-		- 642,407		-
Investment income		3,652		-		2,489		-
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-
Decrease in fair value of investments		(3,831)				(3,362)		
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	326,084	\$		\$	641,534	\$	3,695
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government Security of persons and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,500	\$	600
Transportation		1,311		_		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		475,225		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		29,965 2,134		-		-		-
· ·								-
Total Expenditures	\$	508,635	\$		\$	3,500	\$	600
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(182,551)		-		638,034		3,095
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfer in	\$	_	\$	354	\$	_	\$	_
Transfer out	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(393,162)	Ψ'	-
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)		-		354		(393,162)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(182,551)	\$	354	\$	244,872	\$	3,095
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	•	Ψ	•
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		666,640		(354)		250,832		7,925
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	484,089	\$		\$	495,704	\$	11,020

Edu	cohol cation Fund		Village Center TIF Fund	w	indsor TIF Fund	Enfo and	Law orcement Education Fund	FE	MA Grant Fund		ety Town Fund
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,206
	850		5,690		112,064		-		-		-
	-		880,704		1,004,383		-		-		-
	-		16,748		5,445		-		-		-
	-		(19,880)		(7,113)		-		-		6,192
\$	850	\$	883,262	\$	1,114,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,398
dh.		db.	451 504	db.	150 540	db.				ф	
\$	474	\$	471,524	\$	170,542	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,624
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		1,450,173		250,000		-		-		23,245
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	474	\$	1,921,697	\$	420,542	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	40,869
'											,
	376		(1,038,435)		694,237				<u> </u>		529
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
			-		(547,637)				(11,613)		-
					(547,637)				(11,613)		-
\$	376	\$	(1,038,435)	\$	146,600	\$	-	\$	(11,613)	\$	529
	10,724		3,011,208		797,705		3,653		11,613		85,651
\$	11,100	\$	1,972,773	\$	944,305	\$	3,653	\$		\$	86,180

Continued

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	DUI Grant Fund		State Highway Fund		Permissive Tax Fund		Economic Development Fund	
REVENUES						-		_
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		1,417		64,111		63,161		-
Payment in lieu of taxes Investment income		-		- 737		691		-
Contributions and donations		-		131		091		1,665,030
Decrease in fair value of investments		-		(861)		(878)		1,003,030
Total Revenues	\$	1,417	\$	63,987	\$	62,974	\$	1,665,030
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Security of persons and property		1,484		-		-		-
Transportation		-		9,589		55,000		-
Economic development		-		-		-		741,673
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges					-		-	
Total Expenditures	\$	1,484	\$	9,589	\$	55,000	\$	741,673
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(67)		54,398		7,974		923,357
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)								
Transfer in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Transfer out	т							(565,030)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>		-						(565,030)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(67)	\$	54,398	\$	7,974	\$	358,327
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		742		183,520		110,661		1,425,639
					-	,	-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	675	\$	237,918	\$	118,635	\$	1,783,966
			-					

Drug Use -9 Patrol Prevention Fund Program Grant		Wentworth Crossing TIF Fund		Hawksmoor TIF Fund		Enclave IF Fund	Saunton TIF Fund		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
- - -		16,343		2,739 18,844 274	9,112 60,256 162		5,111 28,409 167		8,805 54,335 422
-		- -		(283)	(190)		(179)		(602)
\$ -	\$	16,343	\$	21,574	\$ 69,340	\$	33,508	\$	62,960
\$ -	\$	-	\$	13,781	\$ 14,706	\$	9,475	\$	24,390
-		- -		-	-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
\$ -	\$	-	\$	13,781	\$ 14,706	\$	9,475	\$	24,390
 		16,343		7,793	54,634		24,033		38,570
\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ (44,045)	\$	(30,000)	\$	(15,000)
 					 (44,045)		(30,000)		(15,000)
\$ -	\$	16,343	\$	7,793	\$ 10,589	\$	(5,967)	\$	23,570
 75		8,032		30,337	16,495		27,010		59,480
\$ 75	\$	24,375	\$	38,130	\$ 27,084	\$	21,043	\$	83,050

Continued

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		ichmond Juare TIF Fund	dewater I IF Fund		y Crossing IF Fund	Upper larenton IF Fund
REVENUES						
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Payment in lieu of taxes Investment income Contributions and donations	\$	5,844 40,530 584	\$ 17,479 114,633 462	\$	13,895 84,305 586	\$ 43,672 248,303 1,209
Decrease in fair value of investments		(590)	(608)		(769)	(1,683)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	46,368	\$ 131,966	\$	98,017	\$ 291,501
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	#	24 420	 40 500	45		 22.22
General government Security of persons and property	\$	61,430	\$ 16,735	\$	46,377	\$ 62,367
Transportation		-	-		-	-
Economic development		-	-		-	-
Capital outlay		-	-		-	-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-	-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u> _	 <u>-</u> _			 
Total Expenditures	\$	61,430	\$ 16,735	\$	46,377	\$ 62,367
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,062)	 115,231		51,640	 229,134
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES//LISES						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfer in	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _
Transfer out		(15,000)	 (50,000)		(50,000)	 (100,000)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>		(15,000)	 (50,000)		(50,000)	 (100,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(30,062)	\$ 65,231	\$	1,640	\$ 129,134
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		96,447	 30,271		96,467	 120,894
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT END						
OF YEAR	\$	66,385	\$ 95,502	\$	98,107	\$ 250,028

	Balfour reen TIF Fund	G	Oak rove TIF Fund	In	lcohol digent Fund		Totals
\$		\$		\$		\$	35,206
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	849	φ	5,394
	1,863		_		-		697,569
	13,854		306,197		_		3,497,160
	143		1,006		-		34,777
	-		-		-		1,671,222
	(161)		(1,588)				(42,578)
\$	15,699	\$	305,615	\$	849	\$	5,898,750
\$	3,335	\$	-	\$	-	\$	898,762
	-		-		-		19,582
	-		-		-		65,900
	-		-		-		741,673
	-		-		-		2,198,643
	-		-		-		29,965
	-		<u> </u>				2,134
\$	3,335	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	3,956,659
-	12,364		305,615		849		1,942,091
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	354
	-		(25,000)		_		(1,846,487)
			(25,000)		<u> </u>		(1,846,133)
\$	12,364	\$	280,615	\$	849	\$	95,958
	16,066				4,244		7,071,977
\$	28,430	\$	280,615	\$	5,093	\$	7,167,935

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	291,480	\$	310,739	\$	321,765	\$	11,026
Investment income		7,000		7,000		3,587		(3,413)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	298,480	\$	317,739	\$	325,352	\$	7,613
EXPENDITURES								
<u>Transportation</u>								
General operating	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	6,569	\$	13,431
Capital outlay		258,954		658,954		640,375		18,579
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	\$	278,954	\$	678,954	\$	646,944	\$	32,010
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	19,526	\$	(361,215)	\$	(321, 592)	\$	39,623
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		589,793		589,793		589,793		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		26,854		26,854		26,854		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	636,173	\$	255,432	\$	295,055	\$	39,623

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BLACKLICK TIF FUND

#### BLACKLICK IIF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							<u> </u>
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	543,929	\$	395,062	\$ 642,407	\$	247,345
Investment income		1,600		1,600	2,180		580
Total Revenues	\$	545,529	\$	396,662	\$ 644,587	\$	247,925
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
General operating	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$ 3,500	\$	-
Total Expenditures	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$ 3,500	\$	-
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		542,029		393,162	 641,087		247,925
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	\$	(393,162)	\$	(393,162)	\$ (393,162)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(393,162)	\$	(393,162)	\$ (393,162)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	148,867	\$	-	\$ 247,925	\$	247,925
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		250,147		250,147	 250,147		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	399,014	\$	250,147	\$ 498,072	\$	247,925

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	3,930	\$	2,085	\$	3,715	\$	1,630
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	3,930	\$	2,085	\$	3,715	\$	1,630
EXPENDITURES								
General government Contractual services	\$	2,344	\$	2,344	\$	859	\$	1,485
Total Expenditures	\$	2,344	\$	2,344	\$	<b>859</b>	\$	1,485
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,586	\$	(259)	\$	2,856	\$	3,115
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		7,366 259		7,366 259		7,366 259		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	9,211	\$	7,366	\$	10,481	\$	3,115

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALCOHOL EDUCATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
REVENUES							<u>, ,                                  </u>
Fines and forfeitures	\$	941	\$	4,000	\$ 850	\$	(3,150)
Total Revenues	\$	941	\$	4,000	\$ 850	\$	(3,150)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Security of persons and property							
Contractual services	\$	4,000	\$	6,000	\$ -	\$	6,000
General operating				6,000	474		5,526
Total Expenditures	\$	4,000	\$	12,000	\$ 474	\$	11,526
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,059)	\$	(8,000)	\$ 376	\$	8,376
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,699		10,699	 10,699		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	7,640	\$	2,699	\$ 11,075	\$	8,376

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) VILLAGE CENTER TIF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES	-	Original		<u>гиан</u>	-	Actual		(egative)
	ф		ф		45	<b>×</b> 200		
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,690	\$	5,690
Payment in lieu of taxes		966,506		969,258		880,704		(88,554)
Investment income	•	-	Φ.	-	Φ.	16,294	ф.	16,294
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	966,506	\$	969,258	\$	902,688	\$	(66,570)
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
General operating	\$	145,000	\$	167,912	\$	167,912	\$	-
Contractual services		658,437		658,437		648,697		9,740
Capital outlay		2,762,909		2,762,909		2,719,007		43,902
Total Expenditures	\$	3,566,346	\$	3,589,258	\$	3,535,616	\$	53,642
Excess of expenditures								
over revenues		(2,599,840)		(2,620,000)		(2,632,928)		(12,928)
							-	
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	50,000
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	•	\$	50,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(2,649,840)	\$	(2,670,000)	\$	(2,632,928)	\$	37,072
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,541,848		2,541,848		2,541,848		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		521,346		521,346		521,346		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	413,354	\$	393,194	\$	430,266	\$	37,072

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WINDSOR TIF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	Vegative)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	112,064	\$	12,064	
Payment in lieu of taxes		922,082		860,000		1,004,383		144,383	
Investment income		6,000		6,000		5,023		(977)	
Total Revenues	\$	1,028,082	\$	966,000	\$	1,121,470	\$	155,470	
EXPENDITURES									
General government									
Contractual services	\$	13,250	\$	208,757	\$	170,542	\$	38,215	
General operating		195,507		250,000		250,000		-	
Total Expenditures	\$	208,757	\$	458,757	\$	420,542	\$	38,215	
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures		819,325		507,243		700,928		193,685	
•									
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers out	\$	(547,638)	\$	(547,638)	\$	(547,637)	\$	1	
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(547,638)	\$	(547,638)	\$	(547,637)	\$	1	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	271,687	\$	(40,395)	\$	153,291	\$	193,686	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		795,525		795,525	-	795,525		-	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,067,212	\$	755,130	\$	948,816	\$	193,686	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### LAW ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				ı	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>			-			<i>5</i> /
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,390	\$	1,834	\$	-	\$	(1,834)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	2,390	\$	1,834	\$	-	\$	(1,834)
EXPENDITURES								
Security of persons and property								
Contractual services	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	-	\$	1,500
General operating		1,500		1,500		-		1,500
Total Expenditures	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	-	\$	3,000
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(610)		(1,166)		_		1,166
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Sale of assets	\$	-	\$	550	\$	-	\$	(550)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	\$	-	\$	550	\$	-	\$	(550)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(610)	\$	(616)	\$	-	\$	616
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,653		3,653		3,653		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	3,043	\$	3,037	\$	3,653	\$	616

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **FEMA GRANT FUND**

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Final 1	ce with Budget itive
	Orig	ginal		Final	 Actual	(Neg	ative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	11,613	\$ 11,613	\$	-
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	-	\$	11,613	\$ 11,613	\$	-
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures				11,613	 11,613		
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(11,613)	\$ (11,613)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	-	\$	(11,613)	\$ (11,613)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					 		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SAFETY TOWN FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES		Jiiginui				71Ctuui		egunve
Charges for services	\$	26,356	\$	25,900	\$	35,206	\$	9,306
Donations		11,000		11,000		6,192		(4,808)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	37,356	\$	36,900	\$	41,398	\$	4,498
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Security of persons and property								
Contractual services	\$	10,030	\$	9,430	\$	8,872	\$	558
General operating		31,000		31,600		11,519		20,081
Capital outlay		40,000		40,000		23,245		16,755
Total Expenditures	\$	81,030	\$	81,030	\$	43,636	\$	37,394
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(43,674)	\$	(44,130)	\$	(2,238)	\$	41,892
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		85,799		85,799		85,799		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		30		30		30		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	42,155	\$	41,699	\$	83,591	\$	41,892

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **DUI GRANT FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				į.	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								-5
Intergovernmental	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,159	\$	(341)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,159	\$	(341)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Security of persons and property								
Salary and related	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	1,484	\$	1,016
Total Expenditures	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	1,484	\$	1,016
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	675	\$	675
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		_						
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	675	\$	675

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE HIGHWAY FUND

	Budgeted	l Amou	ınts		Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES	 			 		_
Intergovernmental	\$ 197,773	\$	199,300	\$ 26,908	\$	(172,392)
Investment income	1,790		1,790	686		(1,104)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 199,563	\$	201,090	\$ 27,594	\$	(173,496)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>						
<u>Transportation</u>						
General operating	\$ 10,031	\$	21,952	\$ 9,589	\$	12,363
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,031	\$	21,952	\$ 9,589	\$	12,363
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 189,532	\$	179,138	\$ 18,005	\$	(161,133)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	96,640		96,640	96,640		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 31		31	 31		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 286,203	\$	275,809	\$ 114,676	\$	(161,133)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PERMISSIVE TAX FUND

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Fina	ance with I Budget ositive
	(	Original		Final	 Actual	(No	egative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	61,970	\$	61,000	\$ 62,904	\$	1,904
Investment income		1,200		1,200	646		(554)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	63,170	\$	62,200	\$ 63,550	\$	1,350
EXPENDITURES							
<u>Transportation</u>							
General operating	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	\$ 55,000	\$	-
Total Expenditures	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	\$ 55,000	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	8,170	\$	7,200	\$ 8,550	\$	1,350
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		105,580		105,580	 105,580		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	113,750	\$	112,780	\$ 114,130	\$	1,350

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES		Originar		1111111		Actual		rtegutive)
Contributions	\$	1,565,430	\$	2,554,030	\$	1,665,030	\$	(889,000)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	1,565,430	\$	2,554,030	\$	1,665,030	\$	(889,000)
EXPENDITURES				_				
Economic development								
General operating	\$	590,000	\$	590,000	\$	368,565	\$	221,435
Capital outlay		7,992		1,591,898		392,683		1,199,215
Total Expenditures	\$	597,992	\$	2,181,898	\$	761,248	\$	1,420,650
Excess of revenues over expenditures		967,438		372,132		903,782		531,650
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(565,030)	\$	(565,030)	\$	-
Total Other Financing Uses	\$	-	\$	(565,030)	\$	(565,030)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	967,438	\$	(192,898)	\$	338,752	\$	531,650
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		185,050		185,050		185,050		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		7,992		7,992		7,992		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,160,480	\$	144	\$	531,794	\$	531,650

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) K-9 PATROL FUND

		Budgeted	l Amounts	s				ce with Budget itive
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Ac	tual	(Neg	ative)
REVENUES								
Contributions	\$	50	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	50	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	50	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		75		75		75		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	125	\$	75	\$	75	\$	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### DRUG USE PREVENTION PROGRAM GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES		711511141		1 11101		- Ictuui		egutive)
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	8,032	\$	16,343	\$	8,311
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	-	\$	8,032	\$	16,343	\$	8,311
EXPENDITURES Security of persons and property					_			
Salary and related	\$	8,032	\$	8,032	\$		\$	8,032
Total Expenditures	\$	8,032	\$	8,032	\$	-	\$	8,032
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(8,032)	\$	-	\$	16,343	\$	16,343
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		8,032		8,032		8,032		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$	8,032	\$	24,375	\$	16,343

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WENTWORTH CROSSING TIF FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original			Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	2,300	\$	2,300	\$ 2,739	\$	439
Payment in lieu of taxes		17,139		17,100	18,844		1,744
Investment income		490		490	256		(234)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	19,929	\$	19,890	\$ 21,839	\$	1,949
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Contractual services	\$	4,000	\$	5,327	\$ 4,611	\$	716
Capital outlay		21,772		21,772	21,772		-
Total Expenditures	\$	25,772	\$	27,099	\$ 26,383	\$	716
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(5,843)	\$	(7,209)	\$ (4,544)	\$	2,665
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		8,482		8,482	8,482		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		21,772		21,772	 21,772		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	24,411	\$	23,045	\$ 25,710	\$	2,665

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HAWKSMOOR TIF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Fina P	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	8,600	\$	8,600	\$	9,112	\$	512	
Payment in lieu of taxes		55,144		55,000		60,256		5,256	
Investment income		834		834		147		(687)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	64,578	\$	64,434	\$	69,515	\$	5,081	
EXPENDITURES									
General government									
General operating	\$	13,200	\$	14,706	\$	14,706	\$	-	
Total Expenditures	\$	13,200	\$	14,706	\$	14,706	\$		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		51,378		49,728		54,809		5,081	
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers out	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(44,045)	\$	5,955	
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(44,045)	\$	5,955	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,378	\$	(272)	\$	10,764	\$	11,036	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		16,449		16,449		16,449			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	17,827	\$	16,177	\$	27,213	\$	11,036	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **ENCLAVE TIF FUND**

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts Final	Actual	Fina P	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	 Original		rinai	 Actual		egative)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,200	\$	5,200	\$ 5,111	\$	(89)	
Payment in lieu of taxes	34,878		30,000	28,409		(1,591)	
Investment income	 870		870	162		(708)	
Total Revenues	\$ 40,948	\$	36,070	\$ 33,682	\$	(2,388)	
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Contractual services	\$ -	\$	2,500	\$ 2,500	\$	-	
General operating	8,200		8,200	7,117		1,083	
Total Expenditures	\$ 8,200	\$	10,700	\$ 9,617	\$	1,083	
Excess revenues							
over expenditures	 32,748		25,370	 24,065		(1,305)	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	\$ (30,000)	\$	(30,000)	\$ (30,000)	\$	-	
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$ (30,000)	\$	(30,000)	\$ (30,000)	\$	•	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,748	\$	(4,630)	\$ (5,935)	\$	(1,305)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 26,936		26,936	26,936		<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 29,684	\$	22,306	\$ 21,001	\$	(1,305)	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SAUNTON TIF FUND

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Fina P	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	
REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		111111		71Ctuu1		eganve	
Intergovernmental	\$	5.700	\$	5,700	\$	8.805	\$	3,105	
Payment in lieu of taxes	₩	42.813	Ψ	42,802	Ψ	54.335	Ψ	11,533	
Investment income		550		550		380		(170)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	49,063	\$	49,052	\$	63,520	\$	14,468	
EXPENDITURES									
General government									
Contractual services	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	_	
General operating		10,000		13,390		13,390		-	
Total Expenditures	\$	10,000	\$	38,390	\$	38,390	\$	-	
Excess revenues									
over expenditures		39,063		10,662		25,130		14,468	
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers out	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	_	
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	24,063	\$	(4,338)	\$	10,130	\$	14,468	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		59,317		59,317		59,317			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	83,380	\$	54,979	\$	69,447	\$	14,468	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RICHMOND SQUARE TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		311511111				71ctuu1		<u>Surve</u>
Intergovernmental	\$	5.000	\$	5,000	\$	5.844	\$	844
Payment in lieu of taxes	"	41,096	"	40,500	"	40,530	·	30
Investment income		1,200		1,200		575		(625)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	47,296	\$	46,700	\$	46,949	\$	249
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
Contractual services	\$	-	\$	57,500	\$	57,500	\$	-
General operating		9,500		9,831		9,830		1
Total Expenditures	\$	9,500	\$	67,331	\$	67,330	\$	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		37,796		(20,631)		(20,381)		250
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	(15,000)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	22,796	\$	(35,631)	\$	(35,381)	\$	250
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		96,183		96,183		96,183		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	118,979	\$	60,552	\$	60,802	\$	250

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TIDEWATER I TIF FUND

		Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final		Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget esitive gative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>						<i>5</i> /
 Intergovernmental	\$	17.000	\$	17.000	\$	17,479	\$	479
Payment in lieu of taxes	"	115,394	"	115,000	"	114,633		(367)
Investment income		950		950		394		(556)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	133,344	\$	132,950	\$	132,506	\$	(444)
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
Contractual services	\$	-	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	
General operating		5,500		16,735		16,735		-
Total Expenditures	\$	5,500	\$	51,735	\$	51,735	\$	-
Excess revenues								
over expenditures		127,844		81,215		80,771		(444)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	_
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	77,844	\$	31,215	\$	30,771	\$	(444)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		30,188		30,188		30,188		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	108,032	\$	61,403	\$	60,959	\$	(444)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### EALY CROSSING TIF FUND

		Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final		Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>		111111		71Ctuu1		eganve
Intergovernmental	\$	9.100	\$	9,100	\$	13,895	\$	4,795
Payment in lieu of taxes	47	66,722	4	66,000	4	84,305	Ψ	18,305
Investment income		1,100		1,100		549		(551)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	76,922	\$	76,200	\$	98,749	\$	22,549
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
Contractual services	\$	-	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$	_
General operating		15,500		20,865		20,865		-
Total Expenditures	\$	15,500	\$	56,865	\$	56,865	\$	•
Excess revenues								
over expenditures		61,422		19,335		41,884		22,549
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	•
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	11,422	\$	(30,665)	\$	(8,116)	\$	22,549
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		96,203		96,203		96,203		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	107,625	\$	65,538	\$	88,087	\$	22,549

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UPPER CLARENTON TIF FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Variance with

**Final Budget** Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Original (Negative) Final Actual **REVENUES** Intergovernmental 6,672 \$ 37,000 \$ 37,000 \$ 43,672 \$ Payment in lieu of taxes 245,483 245,000 248,303 3,303 Investment income 1,600 1,600 1,050 (550)**Total Revenues** 284,083 \$ 283,600 \$ 293,025 \$ 9,425 \$ **EXPENDITURES** General government \$ \$ \$ Contractual services \$ 125,000 125,000 General operating 58,500 62,367 62,367 **Total Expenditures** \$ 58,500 187,367 \$ 187,367 \$ \$ Excess revenues over expenditures 225,583 96,233 105,658 9,425

(100,000)

(100,000)

125,583

120,564

246,147

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

(100,000)

(100,000)

(3,767)

120,564

116,797

\$

\$

\$

\$

(100,000)

(100,000)

120,564

126,222

5,658

\$

\$

\$

9,425

9,425

**OTHER FINANCING USES** 

**Total Other Financing Uses** 

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE

FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR

Fund Balance at Beginning of Year

Transfers out

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BALFOUR GREEN TIF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$ 1,863	\$	(137)
Payment in lieu of taxes		18,496		18,000	13,854		(4,146)
Investment income		200		200	118		(82)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	20,696	\$	20,200	\$ 15,835	\$	(4,365)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
General government							
Contractual services	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000	\$	-
General operating		4,500		4,500	3,335		1,165
Total Expenditures	\$	4,500	\$	9,500	\$ 8,335	\$	1,165
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	16,196	\$	10,700	\$ 7,500	\$	(3,200)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		16,066		16,066	 16,066		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	32,262	\$	26,766	\$ 23,566	\$	(3,200)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OAK GROVE TIF FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
DAYANA		Original		Final		Actual	<u> </u>	Vegative)
REVENUES								
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	35,000	\$	140,000	\$	306,197	\$	166,197
Investment income						758		758
Total Revenues	\$	35,000	\$	140,000	\$	306,955	\$	166,955
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
General government								
Contractual services	\$	-	\$	3,000	\$	-	\$	3,000
Capital outlay		35,000		25,000		25,000		-
Total Expenditures	\$	35,000	\$	28,000	\$	25,000	\$	3,000
Excess revenues								
over expenditures		-		112,000		281,955		169,955
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(25,000)	\$	(25,000)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	-	\$	(25,000)	\$	(25,000)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	87,000	\$	256,955	\$	169,955
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		_		_				-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$	87,000	\$	256,955	\$	169,955

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ALCOHOL INDIGENT FUND

	<u>_</u>	Budgeted riginal		its Final		Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES	Ф	070	Ф.	000	Ф.	005	Ф	٥٢
Fines and forfeitures	\$	878	\$	800	\$	835	\$	35
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	878	\$	800	\$	835	\$	35
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	878	\$	800	\$	835	\$	35
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	ī	4,184		4,184		4,184	ī	-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	5,062	\$	4,984	\$	5,019	\$	35

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNCLAIMED MONIES FUND

	 Budgeted riginal	nts Final	 Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES					
Other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138	\$	138
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138	\$	138
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138	\$	138
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 1,630	 1,630	 1,630		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,630	\$ 1,630	\$ 1,768	\$	138



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### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS_		Capital aprovement Fund	Im	Park provement Fund	Sa	Water and nitary Sewer nprovement Fund	Ca	Capital Asset Fund	
· <del></del>									
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	1,632,663	\$	200,146	\$	3,288,439	\$	1,632,958	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):									
Income taxes		398,249		79,648		-		-	
Accounts		350		-		-		-	
Accrued interest Prepayments		2,118		260		4,265		2,118	
Total Assets	\$	2,033,380	\$	280,054	\$	3,292,704	\$	1,635,076	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Contracts payable	\$	32,500	\$	-	\$	1,435	\$	-	
Retainage payable		-		-		-		-	
Advances from other funds									
Total Liabilities	\$	32,500	\$		\$	1,435	\$	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Accrued interest not available	\$	676	\$	83	\$	1,360	\$	675	
Income tax revenue not available		146,179		29,235		-			
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	146,855	\$	29,318	\$	1,360	\$	675	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted Committed		1,854,025		250,736		3,289,909		-	
Assigned		1,054,025		250,750		3,269,909		1,634,401	
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-	
<b>Total Fund Balances (Deficit)</b>	\$	1,854,025	\$	250,736	\$	3,289,909	\$	1,634,401	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources & Fund Balance	\$	2,033,380	\$	280,054	\$	3,292,704	\$	1,635,076	

Leisure Trail Improvement Fund		Capital Equipment Replacement Fund		k Grove II rastructure Fund	C High Street provement Fund	Total		
\$	156,364	\$	1,540,070	\$ 230,064	\$ 51,749	\$	8,732,453	
	-		-	69,281	-		547,178 350	
	203		1,997 7,502	-	-		10,961 7,502	
\$	156,567	\$	1,549,569	\$ 299,345	\$ 51,749	\$	9,298,444	
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - -	\$ 622 135,210 159,416	\$	34,557 135,210 159,416	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 295,248	\$	329,183	
\$	65 -	\$	636	\$ 25,430	\$ - -	\$	3,495 200,844	
\$	65	\$	636	\$ 25,430	\$ 	\$	204,339	
\$	- - 156,502 - -	\$	7,502 - - 1,541,431 -	\$ 273,915 - -	\$ - - - (243,499)	\$	7,502 273,915 5,551,172 3,175,832 (243,499)	
\$	156,502	\$	1,548,933	\$ 273,915	\$ (243,499)	\$	8,764,922	
\$	156,567	\$	1,549,569	\$ 299,345	\$ 51,749	\$	9,298,444	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Capital Improvement Fund		Im	Park Improvement Fund		Water and Sanitary Sewer Improvement Fund		Clean Ohio Grant Fund	
\$	1,396,018	\$	279,202	\$	-	\$	-	
			-		408,507		-	
	47,552		23,248		-		-	
	12 462		1 2 4 9		10.557		-	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,346		19,557		-	
	,		(1.455)		(25.619)		-	
	40,800		-		-		-	
\$	1,491,276	\$	302,343	\$	402,445	\$	-	
\$	1,858,448	\$	169,102	\$	108,248	\$	-	
			•					
	_		_		31 097		_	
	_		_				_	
\$	1,858,448	\$	169,102	\$	140,626	\$	-	
\$	(367,172)	\$	133,241	\$	261,819	\$		
\$	625,037	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	(301,500)		(26,125)		(118,115)		(5,222)	
	-		<u>-</u>					
\$	323,537	\$	(26,125)	\$	(118,115)	\$	(5,222)	
\$	(43,635)	\$	107,116	\$	143,704	\$	(5,222)	
	1,897,660		143,620		3,146,205		5,222	
\$	1,854,025	\$	250,736	\$	3,289,909	\$		
	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 1,858,448  \$ 1,858,448  \$ (367,172)  \$ 625,037 (301,500)  \$ 323,537  \$ (43,635)  1,897,660	Improvement Fund	Improvement Fund         Improvement Fund           \$ 1,396,018         \$ 279,202           350         -           47,552         23,248           13,463         1,348           6,000         -           (12,907)         (1,455)           40,800         -           \$ 1,491,276         \$ 302,343           \$ 1,858,448         \$ 169,102           \$ (367,172)         \$ 133,241           \$ 625,037         \$ (26,125)           - (301,500)         (26,125)           - (301,500)         (26,125)           \$ (43,635)         \$ 107,116           1,897,660         143,620	Capital Improvement Fund       Park Improvement Fund       Sai Improvement Fund         \$ 1,396,018       \$ 279,202       \$ 350         47,552       23,248	Improvement Fund         Improvement Fund         Improvement Fund           \$ 1,396,018         \$ 279,202         \$ - 408,507           47,552         23,248         10,557           6,000         1,557         6,000	Capital Improvement Fund         Park Improvement Fund         Sanitary Sewer Improvement Fund         Clear Cle	

Capital Asset Fund		Leisure Trail Improvement Fund		OPWC 62/605 Improvement Fund		C Smith's Mill- stral College Fund	WC US 62- stral College Fund	Capital Equipment Replacement Fund		
\$	- - -	\$	54,387 -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	
	10,040		806	-		-	-		5,638	
	(12,879)		(1,142)	-		-	-		(9,677)	
\$	(2,839)	\$	54,051	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(4,039)	
\$	-	\$	13,072	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	376,792	
	-		-	-		-	-		-	
\$		\$	13,072	\$ -	\$		\$	\$	376,792	
\$	(2,839)	\$	40,979	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$	(380,831)	
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - (13,482) -	\$	(473,534) -	\$ - (132,499) -	\$	1,500,000	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ (13,482)	\$	(473,534)	\$ (132,499)	\$	1,500,000	
\$	(2,839)	\$	40,979	\$ (13,482)	\$	(473,534)	\$ (132,499)	\$	1,119,169	
	1,637,240		115,523	 13,482		473,534	132,499		429,764	
\$	1,634,401	\$	156,502	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	1,548,933	

Continued

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	OPWC Main Street Improvement Fund		Oak Grove II Infrastructure Fund		OPWC ligh Street provememt Fund	Total
REVENUES			 			 
Income taxes Charges for services Licenses and permits	\$	- - -	\$ 232,898	\$	- - -	\$ 1,908,118 463,244 70,800
Intergovernmental Investment income		171,253	-		273,873	445,126 50,852
Donations Decrease in fair value of investments Other		- - -	- - -		- - -	6,000 (63,679) 40,800
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	171,253	\$ 232,898	\$	273,873	\$ 2,921,261
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Capital outlay	\$	3,964	\$ 1,800	\$	1,193,327	\$ 3,724,753
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		- -	<u>-</u>		- -	 31,097 1,281
Total Expenditures	\$	3,964	\$ 1,800	\$	1,193,327	\$ 3,757,131
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	167,289	\$ 231,098	\$	(919,454)	\$ (835,870)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)						
Transfers in Transfers out OPWC loans	\$	- 25,620	\$ - - -	\$	- - 683,112	\$ 2,125,037 (1,070,477) 708,732
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	\$	25,620	\$ -	\$	683,112	\$ 1,763,292
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	192,909	\$ 231,098	\$	(236,342)	\$ 927,422
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		(192,909)	 42,817		(7,157)	 7,837,500
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 273,915	\$	(243,499)	\$ 8,764,922

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted A			l Amounts Final		Actual		iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
REVENUES	-							
Income taxes	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,332,235	\$	332,235
Licenses and permits		27,000		10,000		47,552		37,552
Investment income		19,000		19,000		12,873		(6,127)
Donations		-		-		6,000		6,000
Other		745,597				40,800		40,800
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	1,791,597	\$	1,029,000	\$	1,439,460	\$	410,460
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	Ф		ф	90.010	Ф	00.419	ф	15 505
General operating	\$	9 907 971	\$	38,210	\$	22,413	\$	15,797
Capital outlay <b>Total Expenditures</b>	\$	2,295,871 2,295,871	\$	3,071,348 3,109,558	\$	2,682,639 2,705,052	\$	388,709 404,506
Total Expenditures	<b>.</b>	2,293,671	<b>.</b>	3,109,336	φ	2,703,032	<b>.</b>	404,300
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(504,274)		(2,080,558)		(1,265,592)		814,966
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	680,000	\$	680,000	\$	624,736	\$	(55,264)
Advance in		350,000		350,000		350,000	·	-
Transfers out		(301,500)		(301,500)		(301,500)		-
Advance out		-		(350,000)		(350,000)		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	\$	728,500	\$	378,500	\$	323,236	\$	(55,264)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	224,226	\$	(1,702,058)	\$	(942,356)	\$	759,702
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		870,102		870,102		870,102		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,175,871		1,175,871		1,175,871		-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,270,199	\$	343,915	\$	1,103,617	\$	759,702

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Variance with

		Budgeted Original	Amou	Amounts Final		Actual		al Budget Positive (egative)
REVENUES		Originar		1 mai		Actual		cgative)
Income taxes	\$	215,385	\$	220,000	\$	266,447	\$	46,447
Licenses and permits	"	-	"	-	"	23,248		23,248
Investment income		1,958		2,000		1,246		(754)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	217,343	\$	222,000	\$	290,941	\$	68,941
EXPENDITURES								
<b>General Government</b>								
General operating	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	4,496	\$	504
Capital outlay		227,271		257,271		256,988		283
Total Expenditures	\$	227,271	\$	262,271	\$	261,484	\$	787
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(9,928)		(40,271)		29,457		69,728
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	(26,125)	\$	(26,125)	\$	(26,125)	\$	-
Total Other Financing Uses	\$	(26,125)	\$	(26,125)	\$	(26,125)	\$	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(36,053)	\$	(66,396)	\$	3,332	\$	69,728
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		66,976		66,976		66,976		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		77,271		77,271		77,271		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	108,194	\$	77,851	\$	147,579	\$	69,728

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

### WATER AND SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENT FUND

	 Budgeted					Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual		(N	legative)
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 599,795	\$	200,000	\$	408,507	\$	208,507
Investment income	29,990		10,000		18,280		8,280
Other	59,979		20,000		-		(20,000)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 689,764	\$	230,000	\$	426,787	\$	196,787
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Contractual services	\$ 117,615	\$	117,615	\$	117,615	\$	-
Capital outlay	 60,600		110,830		52,379		58,451
Total Expenditures	\$ 178,215	\$	228,445	\$	169,994	\$	58,451
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 511,549		1,555		256,793		255,238
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	\$ (118,115)	\$	(118,115)	\$	(118,115)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$ (118,115)	\$	(118,115)	\$	(118,115)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 393,434	\$	(116,560)	\$	138,678	\$	255,238
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,027,876		3,027,876		3,027,876		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 117,615		117,615		117,615		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,538,925	\$	3,028,931	\$	3,284,169	\$	255,238

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CLEAN OHIO GRANT FUND

		Budgeted	l Amoui	nts			Final 1	ce with Budget itive
	О	riginal		Final	1	Actual	(Neg	ative)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(5,221)	\$	(5,221)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$	-	\$	(5,221)	\$	(5,221)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	(5,221)	\$	(5,221)	\$	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,221		5,221		5,221		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	5,221	\$		\$		\$	-

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **CAPITAL ASSET FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		Original			- IICCUUI		(= (= <b>g</b> )	
Investment income	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	9,441	\$	(8,559)
Total revenues	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	9,441	\$	(8,559)
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		18,000		18,000		9,441		(8,559)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	\$	699,429	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total other financing sources	\$	699,429	\$	•	\$	•	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	717,429	\$	18,000	\$	9,441	\$	(8,559)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,632,767		1,632,767		1,632,767		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,350,196	\$	1,650,767	\$	1,642,208	\$	(8,559)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LEISURE TRAIL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
DEVENIUE		Original	<u>Final</u>		Actual		(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	27,502	\$	48,500	\$	54,387	\$	5,887
Investment income		1,500		1,500		728		(772)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	29,002	\$	50,000	\$	55,115	\$	5,115
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Capital outlay	\$	127,840	\$	127,840	\$	35,477	\$	92,363
Total expenditures	\$	127,840	\$	127,840	\$	35,477	\$	92,363
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(98,838)	\$	(77,840)	\$	19,638	\$	97,478
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		87,367		87,367		87,367		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		27,840		27,840		27,840		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	16,369	\$	37,367	\$	134,845	\$	97,478

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OPWC 62/605 IMPROVEMENT FUND

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual	Variand Final I Posi (Nega	Budget tive
OTHER FINANCING USES				 _		
Transfers out	\$ -	\$	(13,482)	\$ (13,482)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	\$ -	\$	(13,482)	\$ (13,482)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	(13,482)	\$ (13,482)	\$	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 13,482		13,482	 13,482		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 13,482	\$		\$ -	\$	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OPWC SMITH'S MILL-CENTRAL COLLEGE FUND

	 Budgeted Original	Amoi	ınts Final	Actual	Varian Final I Posi (Neg	Budget tive
OTHER FINANCING USES	<u> </u>					
Transfers out	\$ -	\$	(473,533)	\$ (473,533)	\$	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	\$ -	\$	(473,533)	\$ (473,533)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	(473,533)	\$ (473,533)	\$	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 473,533		473,533	 473,533		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 473,533	\$	-	\$ <u> </u>	\$	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### OPWC US 62-CENTRAL COLLEGE FUND

	 Budgeted	l Amoı	ints Final		Actual	Final l Pos	ce with Budget itive
REVENUES	 Original	-	rinai	-	Actual	(Neg	ative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 385,797	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total Revenues	\$ 385,797	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
General Government							
Capital outlay	\$ 9,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 376,797		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Advance out	\$ -	\$	(132,500)	\$	(132,500)	\$	-
Transfers out	-		(131,800)		(131,800)		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	\$ -	\$	(264,300)	\$	(264,300)	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 376,797	\$	(264,300)	\$	(264,300)	\$	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	255,300 9,000		255,300 9,000		255,300 9,000		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 641,097	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### CAPITAL EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

	 Budgeted	Amou			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
DEVENIUM	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$ 10,000	\$	1,500	\$ 4,499	\$	2,999
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 10,000	\$	1,500	\$ 4,499	\$	2,999
EXPENDITURES						
<b>General Government</b>						
Capital outlay	\$ 395,009	\$	398,010	\$ 389,767	\$	8,243
Total Expenditures	\$ 395,009	\$	398,010	\$ 389,767	\$	8,243
Excess of expenditures over revenues	 (385,009)		(396,510)	 (385,268)		11,242
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	\$ 696,502	\$	-	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,500,000
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	\$ 696,502	\$	-	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,500,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 311,493	\$	(396,510)	\$ 1,114,732	\$	1,511,242
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	215,581		215,581	215,581		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 213,009		213,009	 213,009		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 740,083	\$	32,080	\$ 1,543,322	\$	1,511,242

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### OPWC MAIN STREET IMPROVEMENTS FUND

		Dudustad	<b>A</b>	4			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	_	Budgeted Original	Amou	Final		Actual		egative)
REVENUES		original	-	1 mai	-	Actual	(11	egative
Other	\$	74,868	\$	171,254	\$	171,253	\$	(1)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	74,868	\$	171,254	\$	171,253	\$	(1)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Capital outlay	\$	199,925	\$	-	\$	(40,451)	\$	40,451
Total Expenditures	\$	199,925	\$	-	\$	(40,451)	\$	40,451
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(125,057)		171,254		211,704		40,450
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)								
Advance out	\$	-	\$	(391,120)	\$	(391,120)	\$	-
OPWC Loans		25,620		25,620		25,620		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>	\$	25,620	\$	(365,500)	\$	(365,500)	\$	•
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(99,437)	\$	(194,246)	\$	(153,796)	\$	40,450
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		150,745		150,745		150,745		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,051		3,051		3,051		-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	54,359	\$	(40,450)	\$	-	\$	40,450

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### OAK GROVE II INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

	 Budgeted Original	l Amou	nts Final	Actual	Fin	iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	 			 	'	
Income taxes	\$ 18,921	\$	-	\$ 200,339	\$	200,339
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 18,921	\$	-	\$ 200,339	\$	200,339
EXPENDITURES						
<b>General Government</b>						
General operating	 -		1,800	 1,800		
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$	1,800	\$ 1,800	\$	•
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 18,921	\$	(1,800)	\$ 198,539	\$	200,339
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 31,525		31,525	 31,525		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 50,446	\$	29,725	\$ 230,064	\$	200,339

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### OPWC HIGH STREET IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Budgeted	Amo				Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	<u> </u>	legative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 427,888	\$	295,265	\$	273,873	\$	(21,392)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 427,888	\$	295,265	\$	273,873	\$	(21,392)
EXPENDITURES							
General Government							
Capital outlay	\$ 1,254,733	\$	1,111,000	\$	1,109,244	\$	1,756
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,254,733	\$	1,111,000	\$	1,109,244	\$	1,756
Excess of expenditures over revenues	 (826,845)		(815,735)	(835,371)			(19,636)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)							
Advance out	\$ (11,110)	\$	(11,110)	\$	-	\$	11,110
OPWC loan proceeds	683,112		683,112		683,112		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>	\$ 672,002	\$	672,002	\$	683,112	\$	11,110
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (154,843)	\$	(143,733)	\$	(152,259)	\$	(8,526)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,526		8,526		8,526		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 143,733		143,733		143,733		•
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$ (2,584)	\$	8,526	\$	_	\$	(8,526)

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the city in a trustee capacity, or as an agency for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. The following are the city's fiduciary fund types:

#### **Agency Funds**

Agency funds are custodial in nature, and thus, do not recognize revenues or expenditures, only changes in assets and liabilities. The city has the following agency funds:

**Columbus Agency Fund** 

**Subdivision Development Fund** 

**Builder's Escrow Fund** 

**Board of Building Standards** 

Mayor's Court

**Columbus Annexation Fund** 

**Hotel Excise Tax** 

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

COLUMBUS AGENCY FUND	Balance 1/1/2013	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Balance 12/31/2013		
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$ 792,606	\$	488,063	\$	397,754	\$	882,915	
Total Assets	\$ 792,606	\$	488,063	\$	397,754	\$	882,915	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Deposits held and due to others	\$ 792,606	\$	488,063	\$	397,754	\$	882,915	
Total Liabilities	\$ 792,606	\$	488,063	\$	397,754	\$	882,915	
SUBDIVISION DEVELOPMENT FUND								
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$ 355,080	\$	411,979	\$	258,016	\$	509,043	
Total Assets	\$ 355,080	\$	411,979	\$	258,016	\$	509,043	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Deposits held and due to others	\$ 355,080	\$	411,979	\$	258,016	\$	509,043	
Total Liabilities	\$ 355,080	\$	411,979	\$	258,016	\$	509,043	
BUILDER'S ESCROW FUND								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$ 554,598	\$	523,763	\$	482,084	\$	596,277	
Total Assets	\$ 554,598	\$	523,763	\$	482,084	\$	596,277	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Deposits held and due to others	\$ 554,598	\$	523,763	\$	482,084	\$	596,277	
Total Liabilities	\$ 554,598	\$	523,763	\$	482,084	\$	596,277	
BOARD OF BUILDING STANDARDS								
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$ 6,253	\$	8,565	\$	8,346	\$	6,472	
Total Assets	\$ 6,253	\$	8,565	\$	8,346	\$	6,472	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Deposits held and due to others	\$ 6,253	\$	8,565	\$	8,346	\$	6,472	
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,253	\$	8,565	\$	8,346	\$	6,472	

- - continued

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Balance			Dadaadaaa		Balance	
MAYOR'S COURT		1/1/2013		Additions	F	Reductions	1	2/31/2013
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash in segregated accounts	\$	10,369	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,369
Total Assets	\$	10,369	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,369
LIABILITIES								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	10,369	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,369
Total Liabilities	\$	10,369	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,369
COLUMBUS ANNEXATION FUND								
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$	-	\$	18,032	\$	18,032	\$	-
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	18,032	\$	18,032	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	_	\$	18,032	\$	18,032	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	18,032	\$	18,032	\$	-
HOTEL EXCISE TAX								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$	-	\$	48,447	\$	30,000	\$	18,447
Total Assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$	48,447	\$	30,000	\$	18,447
LIABILITIES								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	_
Due to external parties		-		18,447		_	·	18,447
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	48,447	\$	30,000	\$	18,447
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	\$	1,708,537	\$	1,498,849	\$	1,194,232	\$	2,013,154
Cash in segregated accounts		10,369		-		-		10,369
Total Assets	\$	1,718,906	\$	1,498,849	\$	1,194,232	\$	2,023,523
LIABILITIES	<del></del>							
Deposits held and due to others	\$	1,718,906	\$	1,480,402	\$	1,194,232	\$	2,005,076
Due to external parties	•	· · ·		18,447		-		18,447
Total Liabilities	\$	1,718,906	\$	1,498,849	\$	1,194,232	\$	2,023,523
	==							



### STATISTICAL SECTION

### STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the City of New Albany's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	160-167
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and income tax.	168-178
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	179-182
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	183-185
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	186-191

Sources: Sources are noted on the individual schedules. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

#### Fiscal Year

	2013	2012	2011 (b)		2010 (a)
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 88,135,689	\$ 83,392,013	\$ 81,037,962	\$	77,058,888
Restricted	7,873,583	8,284,639	7,648,831		4,351,832
Unrestricted	 18,346,511	 13,879,981	10,176,889	_	8,710,090
<b>Total Governmental Activities Net Position</b>	\$ 114,355,783	\$ 105,556,633	\$ 98,863,682	\$	90,120,810

<sup>(</sup>a) The Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position at December 31, 2010 have been restated to conform to 2011's presentation.

<sup>(</sup>b) The Net Position at December 31, 2011 has been restated to conform to 2012's presentation.

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>
\$	72,042,720	\$ 68,138,137	\$	63,767,427	\$ 59,602,564	\$ 13,913,512	\$	4,902,025
"	11,592,000	9,549,416	"	12,217,654	6,614,047	5,593,375	"	13,226,524
	467,908	 3,481,711		(3,312,908)	 (5,341,321)	 2,332,172		(5,363,130)
\$	84,102,628	\$ 81,169,264	\$	72,672,173	\$ 60,875,290	\$ 21,839,059	\$	12,765,419

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	l Y	ear		
PROGRAM REVENUES		<u>2013</u>		2012		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
General government	\$	903,113	\$		\$	1,627,439	\$	892,544
Security of persons and property		114,643		135,899		140,908		115,702
Transportation		47,902		-		-		-
Community environment		492,522		415,121		588,124		424,924
Operating Grants & Contributions:								
General government		27,551		63,411		59,004		120,297
Security of persons and property		23,412		28,531		18,762		19,870
Transportation		461,791		450,925		427,863		761,777
Leisure time activity		-		-		-		-
Economic development		1,665,030		1,565,430		2,435,156		1,362,906
Interest and fiscal charges		41,788		91,540		91,540		-
Capital Grants & Contributions:								
General government		26,064		-		-		-
Transportation	_	3,119,386	_	1,831,925	_	4,714,744	_	5,212,969
<b>Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues</b>	\$	6,923,202	\$	5,375,834	\$	10,103,540	\$	8,910,989
PROGRAM EXPENSES								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	5,093,974	\$	4,863,778	\$	4,637,155	\$	4,437,821
Security of persons and property		2,971,016		3,090,324		2,902,235		2,805,378
Public health services		-		-		-		-
Transportation		6,114,547		5,752,363		4,982,575		4,294,250
Community environment		1,799,280		1,709,447		1,458,911		1,372,652
Leisure time activity		-		-		-		-
Economic development		8,738,687		9,000,124		9,848,593		5,541,224
Interest and fiscal charges		1,163,791		1,364,906	_	1,514,924		1,505,189
<b>Total Governmental Activities Expenses</b>	\$	25,881,295	\$	25,780,942	\$	25,344,393	\$	19,956,514
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$	(18,958,093)	\$	(20,405,108)	\$	(15,240,853)	\$	(11,045,525)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	968,446	\$	920,505	\$	962,333	\$	992,799
Income taxes	П	21,798,677	П	22,260,412		20,726,898	П	13,301,482
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs		1,320,817		1,015,806		721,998		486,595
Investment earnings		68,054		81,720		95,165		132,082
Decrease in fair value of investments		(237,498)		01,720		55,105		132,082
Payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT)		3,405,878		2,669,472		1,611,069		2,053,877
Miscellaneous		432,869		150,144		201,441		96,872
	•		ф.		Φ.		ф Ф	
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	27,757,243	<u> </u>	27,098,059	Þ	24,318,904	Þ	17,063,707
Special Items:					_		_	
Contribution of equity interest in performing arts center	\$		\$	<del>-</del>	\$		\$	
<b>Total Primary Government Change in Net Position</b>	\$	8,799,150	\$	6,692,951	<u>\$</u>	9,078,051	\$	6,018,182

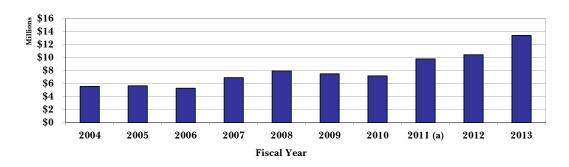
	<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>
\$	543,297 110,961 - 177,697	\$	476,921 116,059 - 251,810	\$	845,223 113,263 - 405,506	\$	924,613 144,484 - 489,406	\$	1,141,102 111,469 38,144 462,886	\$	1,196,148 106,268 5,000 388,313
	50,402 13,329 450,263 - 2,250,000		205,055 20,830 292,086 1,315 990,886		46,168 - 251,189 - 4,174,362		67,587 293,731 - -		6,427 311,822 12,736		294,986 - - 8,407
	4,023,696		- 2,101,854		- 1,811,250		36,679,713		14,901,968		- 6,395,947
\$	7,619,645	\$	4,456,816	\$	7,646,961	\$	38,599,534	\$	16,986,554	\$	8,395,069
\$ \$	4,222,923 2,964,600 - 3,939,853 1,452,216 - 8,463,271 1,306,892 <b>22,349,755</b> (14,730,110)	\$ \$ S	3,860,168 2,848,328 - 3,758,501 1,474,946 14,763 12,873,950 1,282,215 <b>26,112,871</b> ( <b>21,656,055</b> )	\$ \$ \$	3,869,801 2,487,326 1,413 2,917,171 974,009 27,752 10,554,529 1,252,227 22,084,228 (14,437,267)	\$ \$	3,212,776 3,033,408 90,562 2,630,025 968,588 6,371 7,369,090 1,243,060 18,553,880 20,045,654	\$ \$ \$	3,307,782 2,521,196 78,053 2,107,148 8,705,116 14,127 7,961,170 969,181 <b>25,663,773</b> (8,677,219)	\$ <b>\$</b>	2,268,897 2,049,174 71,340 1,362,349 421,899 9,914 5,786,667 956,680 12,926,920 (4,531,851)
\$	999,687 14,032,458 414,668 205,723 - 1,694,367 316,571	\$	956,335 20,626,619 588,752 406,533 - 2,092,914 170,531	\$	959,705 19,101,206 484,214 978,234 - 1,380,092 198,927	\$	943,465 16,422,003 387,579 742,673 - 249,666 245,191	\$	779,007 15,227,623 435,904 556,217 - 15,876 736,252	\$	746,233 13,341,411 218,124 276,738 - 67,113 85,891
\$	17,663,474	\$	24,841,684	\$	23,102,378	\$	18,990,577	\$	17,750,879	\$	14,735,510
\$		\$	5,311,462	\$	- 0 007 111	\$	- 90 096 991	\$	0.072.550	\$	10 202 676
\$	2,933,364	\$	8,497,091	\$	8,665,111	\$	<u> </u>	\$	9,073,660	Þ	10,203,659

### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

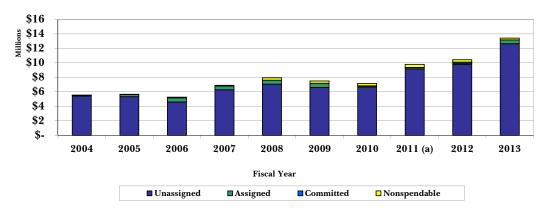
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2013	2012	2011 (a)		2010
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$	242,766	\$ 320,681	\$ 400,810	\$	332,173
Committed		-	164,069	31,124		-
Assigned		515,274	163,823	174,156		167,268
Unassigned	_	12,664,468	 9,792,026	 9,193,577		6,684,522
Total General Fund	\$	13,422,508	\$ 10,440,599	\$ 9,799,667	\$	7,183,963
All Other Governmental Funds						
Nonspendable	\$	7,502	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Restricted		7,441,850	8,310,185	7,989,860		11,727,360
Committed		5,551,172	5,303,008	4,763,805		3,163,327
Assigned		3,643,559	2,374,909	1,110,466		1,303,381
Unassigned (deficit)	_	(4,338,554)	 (200,420)	 (354)	_	(196,965)
<b>Total All Other Governmental Funds</b>	\$	12,305,529	\$ 15,787,682	\$ 13,863,777	\$	15,997,103
<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>	\$	25,728,037	\$ 26,228,281	\$ 23,663,444	\$	23,181,066

#### **Unassigned General Fund Balance**



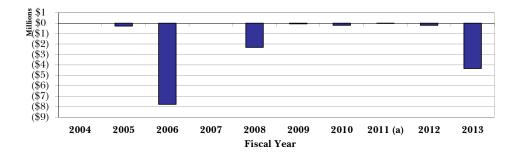
#### General Fund Balance - by Category



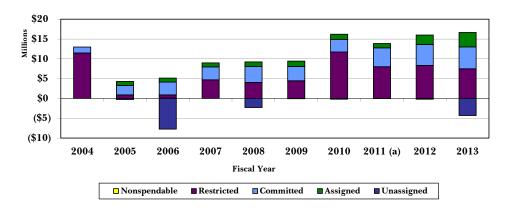
 $(a)\ The\ City\ implemented\ GASB\ 54\ in\ 2011.\ \ The\ prior\ years\ (2004-2010)\ have\ been\ restated\ to\ reflect\ the\ change.$ 

<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
\$ 306,740	\$ 342,582	\$ 86,506	\$ 103,130	\$ 36,511	\$ 36,275
 563,700 6,636,081	 541,197 7,073,561	 541,458 6,291,947	 559,172 4,621,473	 288,545 5,347,399	 108,145 5,421,291
\$ 7,506,521	\$ 7,957,340	\$ 6,919,911	\$ 5,283,775	\$ 5,672,455	\$ 5,565,711
\$ 4,431,330 3,658,718 1,314,071 (66,441)	\$ 4,051,338 3,964,172 1,199,082 (2,319,573)	\$ 4,695,061 3,266,677 1,006,593	\$ 73,576 813,925 3,241,090 1,004,782 (7,772,461)	\$ 900,235 2,358,561 1,000,000 (270,421)	\$ 11,466,182 1,500,406
\$ 9,337,678	\$ 6,895,019	\$ 8,968,331	\$ (2,639,088)	\$ 3,988,375	\$ 12,966,588
\$ 16,844,199	\$ 14,852,359	\$ 15,888,242	\$ 2,644,687	\$ 9,660,830	\$ 18,532,299

#### **Unassigned All Other Governmental Funds Balance**



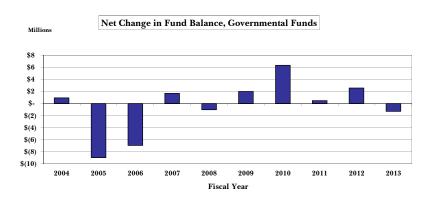
#### All Other Governmental Fund Balance - by Category



### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2012	2011	2010
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 22,328,026	\$ 19,852,224	\$ 20,868,803	\$ 14,971,416
Property and other taxes	970,464	928,082	963,499	997,635
Charges for services	870,635	776,932	1,581,893	849,701
Licenses and permits	563,322	452,441	651,885	481,931
Fines and forfeitures	83,416	114,699	122,693	101,538
Intergovernmental	2,033,992	2,505,184	2,791,511	2,116,941
Payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT)	3,497,160	3,007,172	2,526,093	2,492,531
Investment income	190,518	243,264	275,395	428,345
Rental income	40,242	-	-	-
Contributions	1,665,030	1,576,900	2,435,156	1,362,906
Donations	18,057	5,200	9,004	15,670
Decrease in fair value of investments	(237,498)	-	-	-
Other	483,444	 138,987	232,430	96,872
Total Revenues	\$ 32,506,808	\$ 29,601,085	\$ 32,458,362	\$ 23,915,486
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	\$ 4,545,278	\$ 4,430,567	\$ 4,175,224	\$ 4,051,604
Security of persons and property	2,783,484	2,950,474	2,719,451	2,641,623
Public health and welfare	-	-	_	_
Transportation	2,252,785	2,112,402	1,977,020	2,068,177
Community environment	1,609,931	1,586,083	1,331,037	1,257,363
Leisure time activity	· · · -	_		-
Economic development	8,876,962	8,403,000	9,491,552	6,694,225
Capital outlay	10,880,569	4,825,975	9,072,269	4,991,654
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	2,485,421	1,897,034	1,800,263	1,750,793
Interest and fiscal charges	1,110,014	1,254,359	1,477,516	1,482,514
Bond/note issuance costs	89,982	139,796		232,340
Total Expenditures	\$ 34,634,426	\$ 27,599,690	\$ 32,044,332	\$ 25,170,293
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (2,127,618)	\$ 2,001,395	\$ 414,030	\$ (1,254,807)
Out Et al. C. (III.)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
OPWC loans issued	\$ 708,732	\$ 413,459	\$ -	\$ 491,872
Sale of capital assets	-	6,013	15,576	1,350
Notes issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on notes issued	-	-	-	-
Sale of bonds	4,885,000	10,620,000	-	10,670,000
Premium on sale of bonds	150,350	1,040,611	-	106,822
Capital lease transaction	36,719	-	52,772	150,000
Premium on notes sold	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(4,941,328)	(11, 516, 641)	-	(3,828,370)
Transfers in	5,690,189	5,082,674	3,294,719	6,965,194
Transfers out	(5,690,189)	 (5,082,674)	(3,294,719)	(6,965,194)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	\$ 839,473	\$ 563,442	\$ 68,348	\$ 7,591,674
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,288,145)	\$ 2,564,837	\$ 482,378	\$ 6,336,867
Capital Expenditures	\$ 9,141,021	\$ 3,772,157	\$ 8,429,492	\$ 5,304,698
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	14.10%	13.23%	13.88%	16.28%



	2009		<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>
\$	15,102,579 1,002,166 517,239 216,921 97,795	\$	20,582,260 964,890 430,168 305,918 126,290	\$	17,999,279 959,705 330,332 927,484 114,856	\$	16,591,706 926,298 331,749 1,089,115 127,003	\$	15,910,715 771,284 583,027 1,067,310 103,264	\$	11,466,513 743,761 506,908 1,082,342 106,479
	1,475,869 2,263,441 336,564		2,130,638 2,571,734 848,527		751,473 1,670,879 983,593		789,176 249,666 773,549		1,834,620 15,876 518,831		1,173,663 67,113 282,135
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	2,250,000 52,552		990,886 25,950		4,174,362 26,180		7,916		19,163		-
	316,571		170,596		172,747		237,275		736,232	_	365,891
\$	23,631,697	\$	29,147,857	\$	28,110,890	\$	21,123,453	\$	21,560,322	\$	15,794,805
\$	3,644,457 2,523,877	\$	3,344,652 2,510,353	\$	3,586,121 2,282,785	\$	2,877,300 2,113,240	\$	2,666,895 2,019,923	\$	1,950,445 1,751,971
	1,800,074		1,699,562		1,413 1,657,236		90,562 1,318,907		78,053 1,144,549		71,340 932,141
	1,232,703		1,250,721		988,135		928,787		8,676,147		423,634
	-		2,816		27,752		6,371		14,127		9,914
	8,903,863		13,018,082		9,874,999		7,677,382		8,088,188		4,984,761
	3,673,305		6,750,553		3,846,693		11,158,873		6,295,668		3,294,312
	902,558		934,615		692,642		670,049		625,495		556,357
	1,277,724		1,275,185		1,219,495		1,273,968		1,123,493		960,074
	29,812				100 750		36,022		_		
Φ.		_		_	192,758	_	30,044	_		_	
\$	23,988,373	\$	30,786,539	\$	24,370,029	\$	28,151,461	\$	30,732,538	\$	14,934,949
\$	(356,676)	\$	30,786,539 (1,638,682)	\$		\$ \$		<b>\$</b>	30,732,538 (9,172,216)	\$ \$	14,934,949 859,856
		_		_	24,370,029		28,151,461	_			
		_		_	24,370,029		28,151,461	_			
\$	(356,676) 261,074 11,715 1,860,000	\$	(1,638,682)	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008)	\$	(9,172,216)	\$	
\$	(356,676) 261,074 11,715	\$	(1,638,682)	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861 345,595	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008)	\$	(9,172,216)	\$	
\$	(356,676) 261,074 11,715 1,860,000	\$	(1,638,682)	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008)	\$	(9,172,216)	\$	
\$	(356,676) 261,074 11,715 1,860,000	\$	(1,638,682)	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861 345,595 - - 9,005,000	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008) 38,833 - - -	\$	(9,172,216) 79,292	\$	859,856 - - - - - - - 8,128
\$	(356,676) 261,074 11,715 1,860,000 24,812	\$	319,615 - - -	\$	345,595 - 9,005,000 17,977	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008)	\$	(9,172,216) 79,292	\$	859,856
\$	(356,676) 261,074 11,715 1,860,000 24,812	\$	319,615 - - -	\$	345,595 - 9,005,000 17,977	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008) 38,833 - - -	\$	(9,172,216) 79,292	\$	859,856 - - - - - - - 8,128
\$	(356,676)  261,074 11,715 1,860,000 24,812	\$	(1,638,682) 319,615 283,184	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861  345,595 9,005,000 17,977 134,122	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008) 38,833 - - - - 58,004	\$	(9,172,216)  79,292 49,017 87,466	\$	859,856
\$	(356,676)  261,074 11,715 1,860,000 24,812 - 190,915 - 6,949,580	\$	(1,638,682) 319,615 283,184 - 3,490,654	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861  345,595 - 9,005,000 17,977 134,122 - 2,686,000	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008) 38,833 - - - - - 58,004 - 2,452,496	\$	79,292 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	859,856 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
\$	(356,676)  261,074 11,715 1,860,000 24,812 - 190,915 - 6,949,580 (6,949,580)	\$	(1,638,682) 319,615 283,184 - 3,490,654 (3,490,654)	\$	24,370,029 3,740,861  345,595 9,005,000 17,977 134,122 - 2,686,000 (2,686,000)	\$	28,151,461 (7,028,008) 38,833 - - - - 58,004 - 2,452,496 (2,452,496)	\$	(9,172,216)  79,292  49,017 87,466 - 1,708,000 (1,708,000)	\$	859,856
\$ \$	(356,676)  261,074 11,715 1,860,000 24,812 - 190,915 - 6,949,580 (6,949,580) 2,348,516	\$ \$	(1,638,682) 319,615	\$ \$	3,740,861  345,595  9,005,000 17,977 134,122  2,686,000 (2,686,000) 9,502,694	\$ \$	28,151,461 (7,028,008) 38,833 	\$ \$	(9,172,216)  79,292  49,017 87,466 - 1,708,000 (1,708,000) 215,775	\$ \$	859,856

# CITY OF NEW ALBANY, OHIO GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting - \$000's omitted)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	I	Property Tax	Income <u>Tax</u>	Mo	otor Vehicle <u>Tax</u>	Gasoline <u>Tax</u>	Total Tax Revenues
2013	\$	970.5	\$ 22,328.0	\$	56.5	\$ 297.4	\$ 23,652.4
2012		928.1	19,852.2		57.3	280.5	21,118.1
2011		963.5	20,868.8		48.5	266.0	22,146.8
2010		997.6	14,971.4		50.8	248.9	16,268.7
2009		1,002.2	15,102.5		98.8	206.1	16,409.6
2008		964.9	20,582.2		87.2	186.3	21,820.6
2007		959.7	17,999.3		98.8	185.2	19,243.0
2006		926.3	16,591.7		82.2	198.3	17,798.5
2005		771.3	15,910.7		78.8	181.9	16,942.7
2004		743.8	11,466.5		101.7	179.7	12,491.7

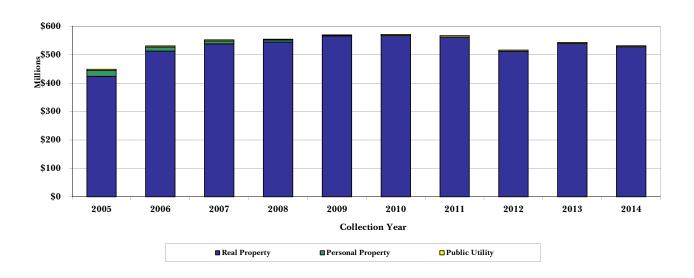
## ASSESSED VALUATION & ESTIMATED TRUE VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (\$000's omitted)

		Real P	roperty	Personal	Property	Public	Utility		TOTAL	
Tax Year	Collection Year	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Assessed	Estimated Actual	Average Effective Millage
2004	2005	\$423,677	\$1,210,506	\$20,640	\$82,560	\$4,276	\$12,217	\$448,593	\$1,305,283	\$1.9400
2005	2006	\$512,801	\$1,465,146	\$13,845	\$55,381	\$4,095	\$11,701	\$530,741	\$1,532,228	\$1.9400
2006	2007	\$538,167	\$1,537,620	\$10,382	\$43,259	\$3,877	\$11,078	\$552,426	\$1,591,957	\$1.9400
2007	2008	\$544,396	\$1,555,417	\$7,078	\$30,774	\$3,108	\$8,880	\$554,582	\$1,595,071	\$1.9400
2008	2009	\$566,242	\$1,617,834	\$377	\$1,639	\$3,243	\$9,266	\$569,862	\$1,628,739	\$1.9400
2009	2010	\$567,322	\$1,620,921	\$189	\$820	\$3,884	\$11,097	\$571,395	\$1,632,838	\$1.9400
2010	2011	\$562,540	\$1,607,256	\$0	\$0	\$4,093	\$11,695	\$566,633	\$1,618,951	\$1.9400
2011	2012	\$512,547	\$1,464,420	\$0	\$0	\$3,475	\$9,928	\$516,022	\$1,474,348	\$1.9400
2012	2013	\$539,531	\$1,541,518	\$0	\$0	\$3,551	\$10,144	\$543,082	\$1,551,662	\$1.9400
2013	2014	\$527,831	\$1,508,090	\$0	\$0	\$3,761	\$10,745	\$531,592	\$1,518,835	\$1.9400

 $\underline{\textbf{Note:}} \ \ \textbf{Assessed values only include taxable property and do not include any TIF'd or otherwise tax-exempt property.}$ 

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

#### Assessed Valuations by Property Type Collection Years 2005 - 2014



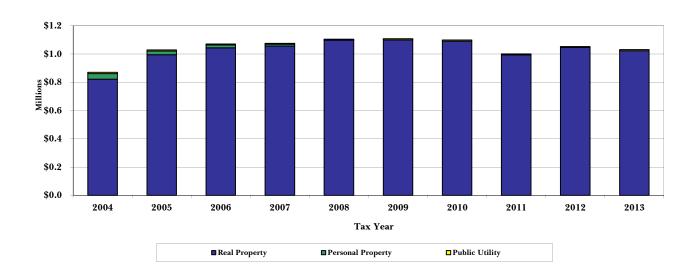
### ESTIMATED ASSESSED TAXES & AVERAGE EFFECTIVE RATES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real Pi	operty	Personal	Property	Public	Utility	TOT	ΓAL
Tax Year	Estimated Assessed Taxes	Average Effective Millage	Estimated Assessed Taxes	Average Effective Millage	Estimated Assessed Taxes	Average Effective Millage	Estimated Assessed Taxes	Average Effective Millage
2004	\$821,934	\$1.9400	\$40,041	\$1.9400	\$8,296	\$1.9401	\$870,271	\$1.9400
2005	\$994,834	\$1.9400	\$26,860	\$1.9400	\$7,945	\$1.9400	\$1,029,639	\$1.9400
2006	\$1,044,044	\$1.9400	\$20,141	\$1.9400	\$7,522	\$1.9400	\$1,071,707	\$1.9400
2007	\$1,056,128	\$1.9400	\$13,731	\$1.9400	\$6,029	\$1.9397	\$1,075,888	\$1.9400
2008	\$1,098,510	\$1.9400	\$732	\$1.9411	\$6,292	\$1.9401	\$1,105,534	\$1.9400
2009	\$1,100,605	\$1.9400	\$366	\$1.9400	\$7,535	\$1.9400	\$1,108,506	\$1.9400
2010	\$1,091,327	\$1.9400	\$0	\$0.0000	\$7,941	\$1.9401	\$1,099,268	\$1.9400
2011	\$994,341	\$1.9400	\$0	\$0.0000	\$6,741	\$1.9400	\$1,001,082	\$1.9400
2012	\$1,046,691	\$1.9400	\$0	\$0.0000	\$6,888	\$1.9400	\$1,053,579	\$1.9400
2013	\$1,023,993	\$1.9400	\$0	\$0.0000	\$7,296	\$1.9400	\$1,031,289	\$1.9400

Notes: Estimated taxes do not include any estimates of prior-year delinquent tax payments, state tax rollbacks or homestead credits provided to the taxpayer.

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

#### Estimated Assessed Taxes by Property Type Tax Years 2004 - 2013

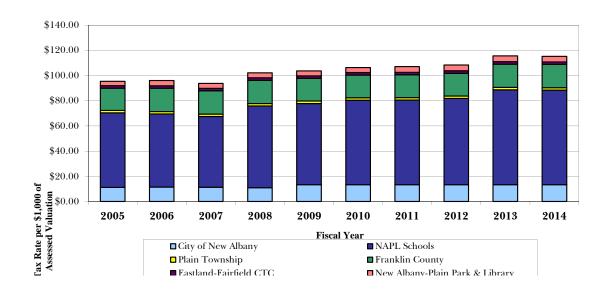


# PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS RATES EXPRESSED PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN YEARS FRANKLIN COUNTY

Tax Year	Collection Year	City of New Albany	Plain Local New Albany Schools	Plain Township	Franklin County
2004	2005	\$1.94	\$59.19	\$11.17	\$17.64
2005	2006	\$1.94	\$58.10	\$11.42	\$18.44
2006	2007	\$1.94	\$56.16	\$11.32	\$18.44
2007	2008	\$1.94	\$64.88	\$10.90	\$18.49
2008	2009	\$1.94	\$64.40	\$13.40	\$18.02
2009	2010	\$1.94	\$66.95	\$13.40	\$18.07
2010	2011	\$1.94	\$67.15	\$13.40	\$18.07
2011	2012	\$1.94	\$68.36	\$13.40	\$18.07
2012	2013	\$1.94	\$75.20	\$13.40	\$18.47
2013	2014	\$1.94	\$74.99	\$13.40	\$18.47

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

Assessed Property Tax Rates - By Entity Collection Years 2005 - 2014



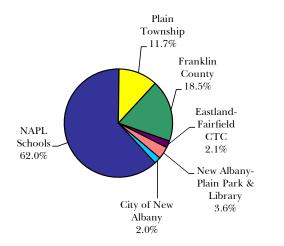
Eastland- Fairfield Career & Technical Center	New Albany- Plain Park Dist & Public Library	TOTAL
\$2.00	\$3.47	\$95.41
\$2.00	\$4.07	\$95.97
\$2.00	\$3.92	\$93.78
\$2.00	\$3.89	\$102.10
\$2.00	\$3.89	\$103.65
\$2.00	\$3.89	\$106.25
\$2.00	\$4.49	\$107.05
\$2.00	\$4.59	\$108.36
\$2.00	\$4.59	\$115.60
\$2.00	\$4.39	\$115.19

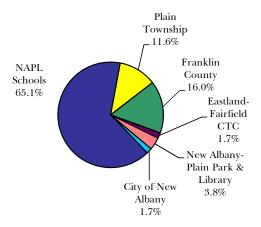
Res/Agr Effective Rate	Com/Ind Effective Rate
\$70.6765	\$71.3471
\$65.7155	\$67.9800
\$75.4105	\$76.9168
\$75.0319	\$76.3908
\$78.6469	\$78.0674
\$83.0425	\$82.0914
\$85.5829	\$84.2778
\$89.6269	\$85.9356
\$97.5931	\$93.1322
\$97.2596	\$93.8084

2005 - 2014 Property Tax Breakdown

#### 2005 Collection Year

#### 2014 Collection Year



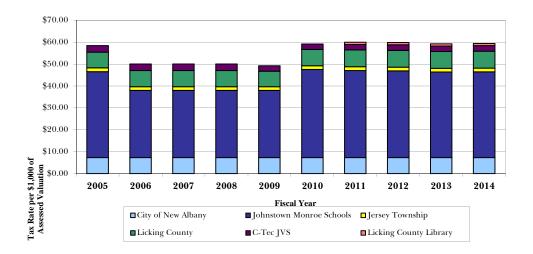


# PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS RATES EXPRESSED PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN YEARS LICKING COUNTY

Tax Year	Collection Year	City of New Albany	Johnstown Monroe Local Schools	Jersey Township	Licking County
2004	2005	\$1.70	\$39.30	\$7.30	\$7.20
2005	2006	\$1.70	\$30.70	\$7.30	\$7.40
2006	2007	\$1.70	\$30.70	\$7.30	\$7.40
2007	2008	\$1.70	\$30.70	\$7.30	\$7.40
2008	2009	\$1.70	\$30.70	\$7.30	\$7.10
2009	2010	\$1.70	\$40.30	\$7.30	\$7.40
2010	2011	\$1.70	\$39.80	\$7.30	\$7.70
2011	2012	\$1.70	\$39.60	\$7.30	\$7.70
2012	2013	\$1.70	\$39.10	\$7.30	\$7.70
2013	2014	\$1.70	\$39.20	\$7.30	\$7.70

Source: Licking County, Ohio; County Auditor

Assessed Property Tax Rates - By Entity Collection Years 2005 - 2014



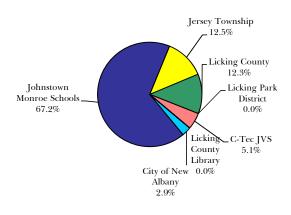
Licking Park District	C-Tec Vocational School	Licking County Library	TOTAL
\$0.00	\$3.00	\$0.00	\$58.50
\$0.00	\$3.00	\$0.00	\$50.10
\$0.00	\$3.00	\$0.00	\$50.10
\$0.00	\$3.00	\$0.00	\$50.10
\$0.00	\$2.50	\$0.00	\$49.30
\$0.00	\$2.50	\$0.00	\$59.20
\$0.00	\$2.52	\$1.00	\$60.02
\$0.00	\$2.54	\$1.00	\$59.84
\$0.00	\$2.48	\$1.00	\$59.28
\$0.25	\$2.56	\$1.00	\$59.71

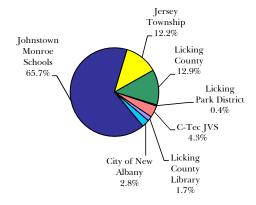
Res/Agr Effective Rate	Com/Ind Effective Rate
\$36.7486	\$40.6492
\$35.4074	\$34.9547
\$35.7226	\$35.3430
\$35.8805	\$35.5779
\$34.9968	\$34.8569
\$44.9563	\$44.7679
\$45.7783	\$45.6862
\$46.1972	\$46.7286
\$45.9754	\$46.9475
\$46.1967	\$47.1684

2005 - 2014 Property Tax Breakdown

#### 2005 Collection Year

### 2014 Collection Year





### TOP PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND SEVEN YEARS AGO $^{(2)}$

		2013			2006			
Taxpayer Name	Rank	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation		
		Public Utili	ties					
Ohio Power Company	1	\$2,315,740	0.44%	1	\$2,278,730	0.40%		
		Real Esta	<u>te</u>					
Leslie H. Wexner	1	18,453,170	3.47%	2	20,187,470	3.54%		
New Albany Company LLC	2	13,932,610	2.62%	3	14,257,890	2.50%		
Abercrombie & Fitch	3	9,047,470	1.70%	5	4,266,390	0.75%		
Whitebarn Organics LLC	4	8,011,710	1.51%					
New Albany Company	5	8,011,710	1.51%	1	40,077,160	7.03%		
Nationwide Mutual	6	7,430,710	1.40%					
Discover Financial	7	5,682,570	1.07%	8	2,442,090	0.43%		
Tween Brands Service Co.	8	3,996,270	0.75%	6	3,500,000	0.61%		
New Albany Portfolio LLC	9	3,671,970	0.69%					
Smith Mill Ventures LLC	10	2,907,000	0.55%					
M/I Homes of Central Ohio				4	4,823,720	0.85%		
HHD & B LLC				6	3,500,000	0.61%		
Tidwater Associate LLC				9	2,201,400	0.39%		
Robert Rahal				10	2,076,520	0.36%		
		Tangible Personal	Property (1)					
Abercrombie & Fitch				1	4,247,043	0.75%		
Discover Financial Services, Inc.				2	2,212,956	0.39%		
Fifth Third Bank				3	837,848	0.15%		
The New Albany Company LLC				4	569,674	0.10%		
MP Totalcare Supply Inc.				5	474,390	0.08%		
Leasenet Group LLC				6	341,894	0.06%		
Too Brands Inc.				7	330,873	0.06%		
Kroger Company				8	297,333	0.05%		
ALL OTHER TAXPAYERS		448,131,270	84.30%	_	460,938,619	80.89%		
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION		\$531,592,200	100.00%	=	\$569,862,000	100.00%		

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  HB66 phased-out the Tangible Personal Property Tax. These figures are for reference purposes only due to the phase-out of the tax.

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

<sup>(2)</sup> Information prior to 2006 was unavailable for all tax types.

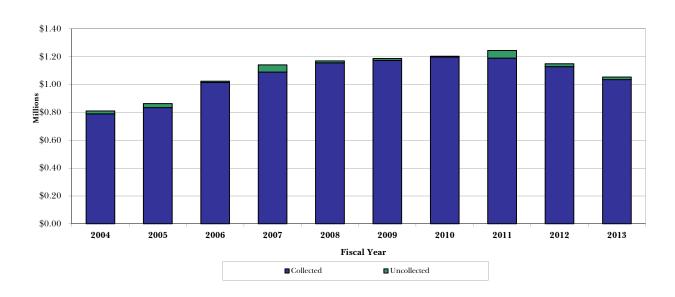
### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	Collection Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Collection	Delinquent Collection (1)	Total Tax Collections	Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Total Current Collections to Tax Levy (2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2003	2004	\$ 806,561	\$ 789,613	\$ 21,813	\$ 811,426	\$ 24,638	97.90%	3.05%
2004	2005	\$ 880,567	\$ 834,617	\$ 20,619	\$ 855,236	\$ 32,361	94.78%	3.68%
2005	2006	\$ 1,053,820	\$ 1,014,582	\$ 19,912	\$ 1,034,494	\$ 21,741	96.28%	2.06%
2006	2007	\$ 1,137,330	\$ 1,089,051	\$ 23,816	\$ 1,112,867	\$ 49,528	95.76%	4.35%
2007	2008	\$ 1,185,147	\$ 1,155,615	\$ 23,056	\$ 1,178,671	\$ 40,973	97.51%	3.46%
2008	2009	\$ 1,184,010	\$ 1,172,816	\$ 16,230	\$ 1,189,046	\$ 38,494	99.05%	3.25%
2009	2010	\$ 1,206,922	\$ 1,197,508	\$ 10,381	\$ 1,207,889	\$ 33,458	99.22%	2.77%
2010	2011	\$ 1,199,998	\$ 1,188,832	\$ 57,027	\$ 1,245,859	\$ 32,492	99.07%	2.71%
2011	2012	\$ 1,129,220	\$ 1,128,382	\$ 28,245	\$ 1,156,627	\$ 24,915	99.93%	2.21%
2012	2013	\$ 1,158,771	\$ 1,034,866	\$ 20,654	\$ 1,055,520	\$ 22,897	89.31%	1.98%
Ten Year A	verage	\$ 1,094,235	\$ 1,060,588	\$ 24,175	\$ 1,084,763	\$ 32,150	96.93%	2.94%

**Note:** Annual property tax rates can be found on pages 170-173.

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

Property Tax Levies - Collected vs Delinquent Collection Years 2004 - 2013



<sup>(1)</sup> Represents collection of delinquent prior period taxes during the indicated collection year. Information provided from County was not available by tax levy year.

The City will continue to work with the County to get the information on delinquent property tax collections by year in the future.

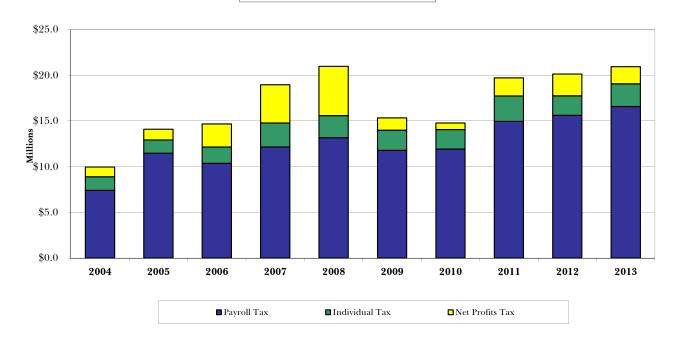
 $<sup>\</sup>overset{(2)}{\text{Total could exceed 100\% due to the current year collection of delinquent prior period taxes during the indicated collection year. }$ 

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

(Cash Basis)

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Payroll Tax	Individual Tax	Net Profits Tax	Total Tax Collections	Total Government- Wide Revenues	Total Income Taxes as % of Total Government Revenues
2004	2.0%	\$ 7,403,441	\$ 1,484,759	\$ 1,080,664	\$ 9,968,864	\$ 27,843,146	35.80%
2005	2.0%	\$ 11,472,781	\$ 1,455,864	\$ 1,166,959	\$ 14,095,604	\$ 25,205,036	55.92%
2006	2.0%	\$ 10,365,067	\$ 1,789,748	\$ 2,516,410	\$ 14,671,225	\$ 33,712,715	43.52%
2007	2.0%	\$ 12,157,879	\$ 2,613,287	\$ 4,194,971	\$ 18,966,137	\$ 32,307,374	58.71%
2008	2.0%	\$ 13,158,192	\$ 2,422,356	\$ 5,390,502	\$ 20,971,050	\$ 42,426,504	49.43%
2009	2.0%	\$ 11,790,625	\$ 2,189,927	\$ 1,353,457	\$ 15,334,009	\$ 36,294,465	42.25%
2010	2.0%	\$ 11,922,567	\$ 2,127,422	\$ 728,628	\$ 14,778,617	\$ 46,636,052	31.69%
2011	2.0%	\$ 14,957,182	\$ 2,780,611	\$ 1,966,758	\$ 19,704,551	\$ 38,405,104	51.31%
2012	2.0%	\$ 15,608,330	\$ 2,139,813	\$ 2,376,117	\$ 20,124,260	\$ 32,473,893	61.97%
2013	2.0%	\$ 16,572,297	\$ 2,482,271	\$ 1,880,068	\$ 20,934,636	\$ 34,680,445	60.36%
Ten Year	Average	\$ 12,540,836	\$ 2,148,606	\$ 2,265,453	\$ 16,954,895	\$ 34,998,473	48.44%

Government-Wide Income Tax Revenues by Type Collection Years 2004 - 2013



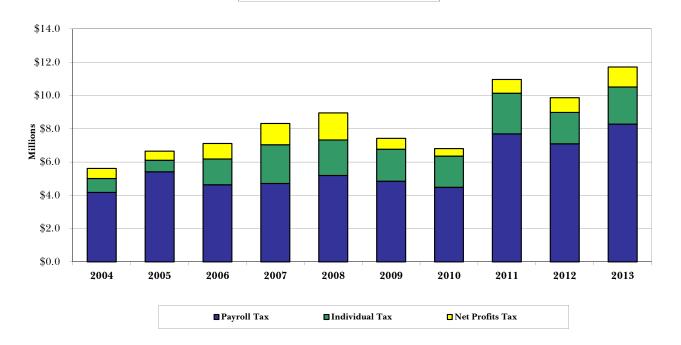
Source: Regional Income Tax Agency & City financial reports

### GENERAL FUND INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

(Cash Basis)

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Payroll Tax	Individual Tax	Net Profits Tax	Total Tax Collections	Total General Fund Revenues	Taxes as % of Total General Fund
2004	2.0%	\$ 4,168,462	\$ 835,984	\$ 608,461	\$ 5,612,907	\$ 7,948,898	70.61%
2005	2.0%	\$ 5,412,093	\$ 686,780	\$ 550,493	\$ 6,649,366	\$ 9,329,960	71.27%
2006	2.0%	\$ 4,629,294	\$ 1,552,661	\$ 932,458	\$ 7,114,413	\$ 9,807,268	72.54%
2007	2.0%	\$ 4,705,952	\$ 2,325,286	\$ 1,283,693	\$ 8,314,931	\$ 11,552,472	71.98%
2008	2.0%	\$ 5,190,887	\$ 2,131,674	\$ 1,622,743	\$ 8,945,304	\$ 11,696,690	76.48%
2009	2.0%	\$ 4,842,163	\$ 1,927,135	\$ 646,994	\$ 7,416,292	\$ 9,949,508	74.54%
2010	2.0%	\$ 4,481,098	\$ 1,868,664	\$ 450,462	\$ 6,800,224	\$ 9,952,223	68.33%
2011	2.0%	\$ 7,689,079	\$ 2,446,937	\$ 823,178	\$10,959,194	\$ 15,978,225	68.59%
2012	2.0%	\$ 7,093,299	\$ 1,883,036	\$ 886,266	\$ 9,862,601	\$ 14,680,779	67.18%
2013	2.0%	\$ 8,278,125	\$ 2,228,978	\$ 1,203,603	\$11,710,706	\$ 15,518,112	75.46%
Ten Year	Average	\$ 5,649,045	\$ 1,788,713	\$ 900,835	\$ 8,338,594	\$ 11,641,414	71.63%

General Fund Income Tax Revenues by Type Collection Years 2004 - 2013



Source: Regional Income Tax Agency & City financial reports

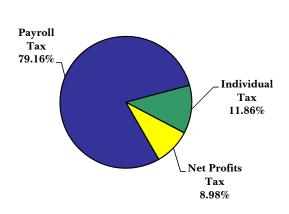
#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Cash Basis)

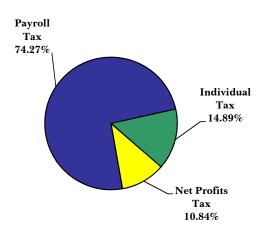
	Fiscal Yea	ar 2013	Fiscal Year 2004		
Payroll Tax	\$ 16,572,297	79.16%	\$ 7,403,441	74.28%	
Individual Tax	2,482,271	11.86%	1,484,759	14.89%	
Net Profits Tax	1,880,068	8.98%	1,080,664	10.84%	
<b>Total Income Tax Collections</b>	\$ 20,934,636	100.00%	\$ 9,968,864	100.00%	

2013 - 2004 Income Tax Breakdown by Tax Type

Fiscal Year 2013

Fiscal Year 2004





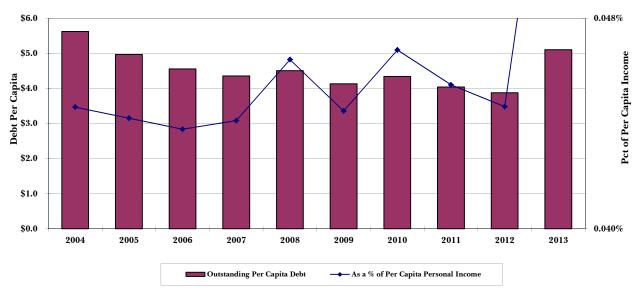
## RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS (\$000's omitted)

Fiscal Year	Limited Tax General Obligation Debt	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Notes	Capital Leases	OPWC/ OWDA Loans	Total Debt	Percent of Per Capita Income	Total Debt Per Capita	% of Personal Income
2013	\$ 26,566.0	\$ -	\$ 11,750.0	\$ 84.2	\$ 3,779.2	\$ 42,179.4	0.059%	\$5,109.56	7.122%
2012	\$ 28,524.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 131.9	\$ 3,371.5	\$ 32,027.4	0.045%	\$3,879.76	5.408%
2011	\$ 29,137.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268.2	\$ 3,218.8	\$ 32,624.7	0.045%	\$4,043.71	5.637%
2010	\$ 30,510.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 376.6	\$ 2,686.9	\$ 33,574.2	0.047%	\$4,346.74	6.059%
2009	\$ 20,780.8	\$ 2,255.0	\$ 1,860.0	\$ 378.2	\$ 2,363.2	\$ 27,637.2	0.044%	\$4,134.82	6.655%
2008	\$ 21,151.7	\$ 2,455.0	\$ 2,360.0	\$ 313.9	\$ 2,569.2	\$ 28,849.8	0.046%	\$4,508.48	7.256%
2007	\$ 21,487.6	\$ 2,655.0	\$ -	\$ 135.7	\$ 3,130.0	\$ 27,408.3	0.044%	\$4,359.52	7.017%
2006	\$ 12,715.0	\$ 2,840.0	\$ 8,606.0	\$ 70.6	\$ 2,973.1	\$ 27,204.7	0.044%	\$4,560.71	7.340%
2005	\$ 12,965.0	\$ 3,015.0	\$ 8,236.0	\$ 114.4	\$ 3,135.5	\$ 27,465.9	0.044%	\$4,972.10	8.003%
2004	\$ 13,215.0	\$ 3,190.0	\$ 8,000.0	\$ 106.0	\$ 3,216.1	\$ 27,727.1	0.045%	\$5,627.57	9.058%

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Total Outstanding Debt Ratio Analysis 2004 - 2013

Thousands



### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

	General	Bonded Del	bt Outstandi	ng (\$000)	Percent of	Outstanding
Fiscal Year	Mortgage Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Notes	Total	Actual Taxable Property Value	Debt Per Capita
					1	1
2013	\$ 26,566.0	\$ -	\$ 11,750.0	\$ 38,316.0	7.21%	\$4,641.55
2012	\$ 28,524.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,524.0	5.25%	\$3,455.36
2011	\$ 29,137.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,137.7	5.65%	\$3,611.51
2010	\$ 30,510.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,510.7	5.38%	\$3,950.12
2009	\$ 20,780.8	\$ 2,255.0	\$ 1,860.0	\$ 24,895.8	4.36%	\$3,724.69
2008	\$ 21,151.7	\$ 2,455.0	\$ 2,360.0	\$ 25,966.7	4.56%	\$4,057.93
2007	\$ 21,487.6	\$ 2,655.0	\$ -	\$ 24,142.6	4.35%	\$3,840.08
2006	\$ 12,715.0	\$ 2,840.0	\$ 8,606.0	\$ 24,161.0	4.37%	\$4,050.46
2005	\$ 12,965.0	\$ 3,015.0	\$ 8,236.0	\$ 24,216.0	4.56%	\$4,383.78
2004	\$ 13,215.0	\$ 3,190.0	\$ 8,000.0	\$ 24,405.0	5.44%	\$4,953.32

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Total General Bonded Debt Outstanding 2004 - 2013 Ratio Analysis

\$6.0 8.0% 7.0% \$5.0 6.0% Debt Per Capita \$3.0 \$2.0 3.0% \$2.0 2.0% \$1.0 1.0% \$0.0 0.0% 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2010 2011 2012 2013 2009 ■ Bond Debt per Capita → As a % of Total City Valuation

Source: City financial reports

Thousands

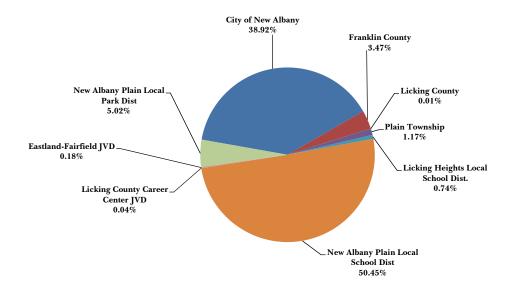
#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT As of December 31, 2013

(\$000's omitted)

Governmental Unit	Assessed Valuation	Total Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City
<u>Direct</u>				
City of New Albany	\$531,592.2	\$42,179.4	100.00%	\$42,179.4
Overlapping				
Franklin County	\$26,160,709.2	\$189,405.0	1.98%	\$3,757.6
Licking County	\$3,803,193.2	3,190.0	0.33%	10.6
Plain Township	\$606,113.8	1,475.4	85.63%	1,263.4
Licking Heights Local School Dist.	\$502,272.4	50,794.1	1.57%	797.5
New Albany Plain Local School Dist	\$831,774.9	87,686.0	62.37%	54,688.1
Licking County Career Center JVD	\$3,926,787.6	21,925.0	0.22%	48.2
Eastland-Fairfield JVD	\$7,282,981.0	2,800.0	7.13%	199.5
New Albany Plain Local Park Dist	\$838,958.6	8,799.5	61.86%	<u>5,443.6</u>
Total Overlapping D	ebt	\$366,075.0		\$66,208.5
Total Direct & Overlappi	ing Debt	\$408,254.4		\$108,387.9

<sup>(1)</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

#### Direct & Overlapping General Obligation Debt



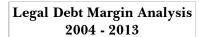
Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

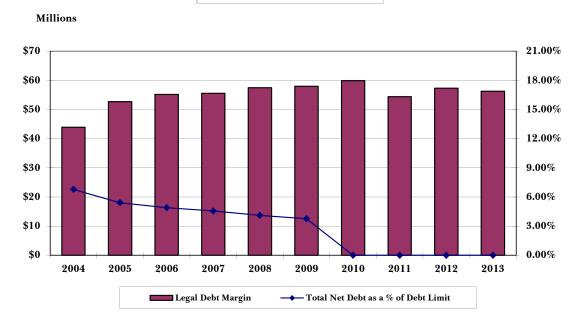
### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Voted Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Debt Service Available Balance	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$ 55,817,160 \$ 57,023,592 \$ 54,182,268 \$ 59,496,437 \$ 59,976,648 \$ 59,795,986 \$ 58,231,054 \$ 58,004,759	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,255,000 \$ 2,455,000 \$ 2,655,000 \$ 2,840,000	\$ 467,727 \$ 307,905 \$ 193,864 \$ 399,744 \$ 248,991 \$ 139,978 \$ 6,593 \$ 4,782	\$ 56,284,887 \$ 57,331,497 \$ 54,376,132 \$ 59,896,181 \$ 57,970,639 \$ 57,480,964 \$ 55,582,647 \$ 55,169,541	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 3.76% 4.11% 4.56% 4.90%
2005 2004	\$ 55,727,857 \$ 47,102,312	\$ 3,015,000 \$ 3,190,000	\$ - \$ -	\$ 52,712,857 \$ 43,912,312	5.41% 6.77%

<u>Note:</u> Debt limit is calculated as assessed valuation multiplied by 10.5%. All GO debt issued since 1999 has a pledge clause that would exclude it from inclusion in the 'Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit'.

<u>Note:</u> HB66 began the phase-out of Tangible Personal Property Tax in the next three years. To reflect this phase-out, the assessed valuation listed above has been reduced for TPP by 50% of the 2006 Assessed Valuation.





### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Per Capita Income	Total Personal Income (thousands)	Median Age	School Enrollment <sup>(4)</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>(5)</sup>				
2013	$8,\!255$ $^{(2)}$	\$71,740 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 592,213.7	37.9 <sup>(1)</sup>	4,656	5.5%				
2012	8,255 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$71,740 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 592,213.7	37.9 <sup>(1)</sup>	4,426	5.3%				
2011	8,068 (2)	\$71,740 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 578,798.3	$37.9^{(1)}$	4,426	6.3%				
2010	$7,724^{(1)}$	\$71,740 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 554,119.8	$37.9^{(1)}$	4,324	7.6%				
2009	6,684 (2)	\$62,131 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 415,283.6	$37.6^{(2)}$	4,101	6.1%				
2008	6,399 (2)	\$62,131 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 397,576.3	$37.6^{(2)}$	3,929	4.7%				
2007	$6,\!287^{\ (2)}$	\$62,131 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 390,617.6	$37.6^{(2)}$	3,436	4.4%				
2006	$5,965$ $^{(2)}$	\$62,131 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 370,611.4	$37.6^{(2)}$	3,209	4.8%				
2005	5,524 (2)	\$62,131 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 343,211.6	$37.6^{(2)}$	2,851	4.3%				
2004	$4,927^{(2)}$	\$62,131 (3)	\$ 306,119.4	$37.6^{(2)}$	2,567	4.9%				
	OTHER MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION (6)									

Date of Incorporation 1856

Form of Government Mayor/Council/Administrator

Population (2) 8,255 (2)

Area in square miles 12.15

#### **Facilities & Services**

Miles of streets	89.3
Number of street lights	1,064
Number of signalized intersections	19

#### Sources:

- (1) Federal 2010 decennial census
- (2) Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC) population estimates
- (3) Federal 2000 decennial census
- (4) New Albany Plain Local Schools
- (5) Ohio Job & Family Services, Labor Market Information department. Rates are for Franklin County.
- (6) City departments

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND SEVEN YEARS AGO

	2	2013	2006		
Employer	Rank	Percent of Total Withholding Taxes Paid	Rank	Percent of Total Withholding Taxes Paid	
Abercrombie & Fitch Companies	1	41.57%	1	38.40%	
Discover Financial Services	2	10.93%	2	12.40%	
Tween Brands	3	6.21%	3	11.27%	
Ascena Retail Group, Inc.	4	6.20%			
Aetna Life Insurance	5	5.43%	4	7.47%	
New Albany-Plain Local Schools	6	3.88%	5	4.05%	
Limited Stores, LLC.	7	3.12%			
American Electric Power Serv. Corp.	8	2.07%			
USB Financial Services, Inc.	9	1.83%			
Mouth Carmel Health System	10	1.67%			
Commercial Vehicle Group			7	1.76%	
New Albany Surgical Hospital			6	1.97%	
MP Totalcare Supply			8	1.29%	
JPMorgan Trust Company			9	1.00%	
Liberty Mutual Insurance Co.			10	0.93%	
Total of Top Ten <sup>*</sup>		82.91%		80.54%	
<b>Total Withholdings - All Employers</b>		\$ 16,572,297		\$ 10,365,067	

 $<sup>^{</sup>st}$  Percentage presented is only for the top 10 employers in each respective year.

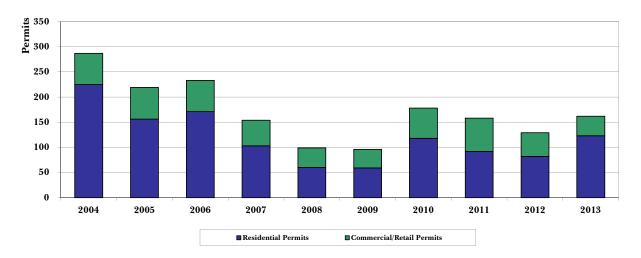
Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) records.

Information for current year and six years ago was the most recent information available.

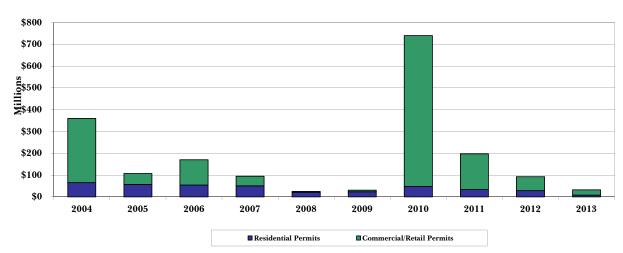
### CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal		Residential			Commercial/R	etail		Total	
Year	Permits	Total Value	Avg Value	Permits	Total Value	Avg Value	Permits	Total Value	Avg Value
				1					
2013	123	\$7,849,939	\$63,821	39	\$24,540,000	\$629,231	162	\$32,389,939	\$199,938
2012	82	\$28,566,720	\$348,375	47	\$64,001,053	\$1,361,725	129	\$92,567,773	\$717,580
2011	92	\$33,562,866	\$364,814	66	\$164,078,842	\$2,486,043	158	\$197,641,708	\$1,250,897
2010	118	\$47,394,320	\$401,647	60	\$693,399,500	\$11,556,658	178	\$740,793,820	\$4,161,763
2009	59	\$23,220,583	\$393,569	37	\$7,313,000	\$197,649	96	\$30,533,583	\$318,058
2008	60	\$21,351,047	\$355,851	39	\$3,518,000	\$90,205	99	\$24,869,047	\$251,202
2007	103	\$50,375,658	\$489,084	51	\$44,313,058	\$868,883	154	\$94,688,716	\$614,862
2006	171	\$54,441,127	\$318,369	62	\$115,927,465	\$1,869,798	233	\$170,368,592	\$731,196
2005	156	\$57,286,718	\$367,223	63	\$50,117,171	\$795,511	219	\$107,403,889	\$490,429
2004	225	\$65,342,856	\$290,413	62	\$294,460,671	\$4,749,366	287	\$359,803,527	\$1,253,671

### Number of Building Permits Issued 2004 - 2013



### Total Value of Building Permits Issued 2004 - 2013

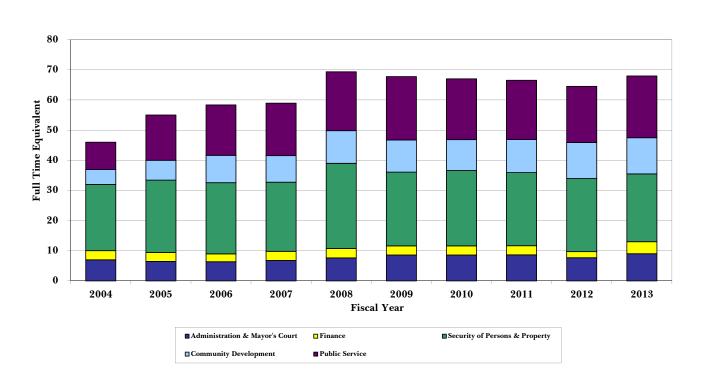


# FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

<b>Function/Program</b>	2013	2012	2011	2010
General government	13.000	9.668	11.668	11.600
Administration	7.000	6.014	7.014	6.976
Finance	4.000	2.015	3.015	3.021
Mayor's Court	2.000	1.639	1.639	1.603
Community Development	12.000	11.961	10.961	10.230
Building & Zoning	6.000	6.081	5.081	5.279
Planning & Development	6.000	5.880	5.880	4.951
Security of persons & property	22.500	24.261	24.261	25.003
Police	17.000	18.559	18.559	18.913
Communications/Civilians	5.500	5.702	5.702	6.090
Public Service	20.500	18.633	19.633	20.205
Total Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)	68.000	64.523	66.523	67.038

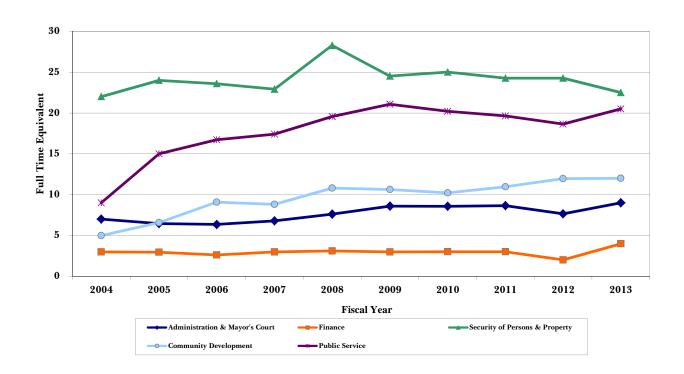
Source: City payroll systems

#### Full-Time Equivalent Employees By Function 2004 - 2013



2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
11.591	10.727	9.800	8.974	9.425	10.000
7.001	5.943	5.260	4.784	4.762	5.000
2.996	3.108	3.002	2.621	2.958	3.000
1.594	1.676	1.538	1.569	1.705	2.000
10.627	10.811	8.810	9.091	6.583	5.000
5.689	5.599	3.904	5.654	4.955	-
4.938	5.212	4.906	3.437	1.628	5.000
24.511	28.281	22.912	23.586	23.996	22.000
18.682	19.606	16.973	17.229	18.128	14.000
5.829	8.675	5.939	6.357	5.868	8.000
21.061	19.559	17.416	16.714	15.000	9.000
67.790	69.378	58.938	58.365	55.004	46.000

Full-Time Equivalent Employees By Function 2004 - 2013



### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Police					
Physical arrests	206	231	222	181	
Traffic citations	1,581	1,431	1,830	1,651	
Mayor's Court					
Traffic Cases	845	949	1,118	1,194	
Criminal Cases	27	46	67	34	
Service					
Street resurfacing (miles)	11.300	15.500	1.710	3.950	
Potholes repaired	368	498	561	325	
Building & Zoning					
Residental permits issued	123	82	92	118	
Commercial permits issued	39	47	66	60	
Board & Commission applications	93	57	96	80	
Finance					
Checks issued	2,989	2,215	2,192	2,152	
Invoices processed	n/a	4,306	6,719	6,562	
Average vouchers per check	n/a	1.94	3.07	3.05	
Purchase orders issued	1,531	1,359	1,372	1,637	
School District					
Total student enrollment	4,656	4,426	4,426	4,324	
Total staff	592	573	583	595	
Total certified staff	360	350	360	351	
Avg certified staff/pupil ratio	12.933	12.646	12.294	12.319	
Library					
Collection size	110,970	85,889	93,386	92,751	
Circulation volume	900,043	891,082	880,868	872,277	
Visitors to Library	368,568	442,121	424,653	365,786	

**Source**: City Departments

New Albany Plain Local School Treasurer's Office Columbus Public Library, New Albany Branch

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
265	358	401	413	331	470
1,512	1,959	2,099	2,464	1,738	2,105
1,102	1,567	1,228	1,847	1,398	1,518
38	60	45	89	88	151
6.830	1.750	1.080	0.000	0.000	2.530
165	520	200	200	100	150
59	60	103	171	156	225
37	39	51	62	63	62
87	109	126	92	NA	NA
1,630	2,615	2,099	2,234	2,196	1,947
7,718	7,067	5,952	5,308	5,246	4,474
4.73	2.70	2.84	2.38	2.39	2.30
1,791	1,708	1,759	1,253	1,192	1,172
	2.000	2.122	2.222	2.27	0.505
4,101	3,929	3,436	3,209	2,851	2,567
538	544	522	462	418	391
322	322	311	277	253	233
12.736	12.202	11.048	11.585	11.269	11.017
98,259	94,191	105,575	116,664	117,589	107,207
969,944	979,920	935,378	868,032	784,162	706,147
413,903	459,347	419,537	433,330	397,245	276,548
415,505	133,311	113,337	433,330	331,473	410,540

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	
Cruisers/Patrol Vehicles	8	9	8	8	
Sanitation/Service					
Staff vehicles	3	3	3	3	
Dump trucks/plow vehicles	9	8	8	7	
Pick-up trucks & other vehicles	13	12	12	11	
Other Public Works					
Streets & alleys (miles)	89.3	59.07	58.58	56.04	
Streets & alleys (lane miles)	214.4	185.5	185.5	165.3	
Streetlights	1064	1084	1074	1064	
Bridges	19	19	19	18	
Signalized intersections	19	18	18	18	
Parks & Recreation					
Number of parks	3	3	3	3	
Park acreage	206.1	206.1	202.5	202.5	
Shelter houses	2	2	2	2	
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	
Tennis courts	7	7	7	7	
Lighted baseball/softball fields	4	4	4	4	
Water					
Water mains (miles)	78.9	62.14	59.8	59	
Fire hydrants	1065	1060	982	951	
Sanitary/Storm Sewer System					
Miles of sanitary sewers	62.20	61.20	59.90	59.50	
Miles of storm sewers	62.6	67	67	64.3	
Treatment plants (provided by City of Columbus)	0	0	0	0	

**Source**: City Departments

E.P. Ferris & Associates, City Engineer New Albany Plain Local Joint Park District

2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
1	1	1	1	1	1
7	12	12	11	11	11
3	4	4	4	3	2
7	6	6	6	5	5
11	8	8	5	4	3
55.08	53.91	52.07	51.09	47.39	40.47
157.5	155.8	154.1	151.4	138.3	136.1
1064	1053	1021	998	898	874
18	16	16	16	16	14
13	12	12	11	9	8
3	3	3	3	3	2
202.5	202.5	200	200	145	80
2	2	2	2	2	1
2	2	2	2 7	2	2
7	7	7	7	7	2
4	4	4	4	0	0
59	58.5	57.85	57.04	53.45	47.69
951	940	918	891	805	787
59.40	58.90	58.7	58.02	54.64	48.85
64	62.3	60.53	59.56	54.7	46.24
0	0	0	0	0	0



### END OF REPORT



#### **CITY OF NEW ALBANY**

#### **FRANKLIN COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 19, 2014