AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



Board of Education Western Reserve Local School District 3765 State Route 20 Collins, Ohio 44826

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Western Reserve Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 29, 2013



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	14
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	19
Statement of Net Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds	20
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund	21
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	22-50
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	51
Notes to the Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	52
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	53-54
Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	55-56
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	57
Status of Prior Citations and Recommendations	58

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Western Reserve Local School District Collins, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2012, on our consideration of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

December 13, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Western Reserve Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$661,766 which represents a 4.09% decrease from 2011.
- General revenues accounted for \$10,426,742 in revenue or 80.84% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,471,195 or 19.16% of total revenues of \$12,897,937.
- The District had \$13,559,703 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,471,195 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$10,426,742 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$11,331,975 in revenues and other financing sources and \$11,577,107 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2012, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$245,132 from a balance of \$1,144,185 to a balance of \$899,053.
- The bond retirement fund had \$311,834 in revenues and \$268,836 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2012, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$42,998 from a balance of \$401,442 to a balance of \$444,440.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and bond retirement fund are by far the most significant funds and only funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual basis of accounting*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-50 of this report.

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The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

	Net Assets			
	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2012	2011		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 5,765,140	\$ 5,897,860		
Capital assets, net	16,493,809	17,120,699		
Total assets	22,258,949	23,018,559		
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	3,671,181	3,573,761		
Long-term liabilities	3,085,027	3,280,291		
Total liabilities	6,756,208	6,854,052		
Net Assets				
Invested in capital				
assets, net of related debt	14,078,919	14,491,378		
Restricted	782,639	897,778		
Unrestricted	641,183	775,351		
Total net assets	\$ 15,502,741	\$ 16,164,507		

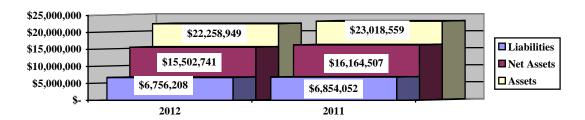
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$15,502,741.

At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 74.10% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2012 was \$14,078,919. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities. A portion of the District's net assets, \$782,639, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below shows the assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities		
	2012	2011		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,218,380	\$ 1,119,562		
Operating grants and contributions	1,252,815	2,352,913		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,585,746	2,670,268		
School district income tax	1,887,459	1,665,263		
Grants and entitlements	5,882,972	5,890,813		
Investment earnings	9,168	15,316		
Other	61,397	86,781		
Total revenues	12,897,937	13,800,916		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:	ф. 5 001 7 05	Ф. 5015.422		
Regular	\$ 5,891,705	\$ 5,915,432		
Special	1,453,975	1,606,666		
Vocational	204,932	202,152		
Other	260,833	296,055		
Support services:				
Pupil	227,613	249,057		
Instructional staff	796,848	695,470		
Board of education	82,531	143,557		
Administration	948,136	904,842		
Fiscal	478,326	465,629		
Business	38,862	28,840		
Operations and maintenance	1,129,367	987,938		
Pupil transportation	693,705	801,518		
Central	38,769	26,462		
Operation of non-instructional services				
Other non-instructional services	203,895	302,721		
Food service operations	503,785	497,994		
Extracurricular activities	521,380	491,152		
Interest and fiscal charges	85,041	49,473		
Total expenses	13,559,703	13,664,958		
Change in net assets	(661,766)	135,958		
Net assets at beginning of year	16,164,507	16,028,549		
Net assets at end of year	\$ 15,502,741	\$ 16,164,507		

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$661,766. Total governmental expenses of \$13,559,703 were offset by program revenues of \$2,471,195 and general revenues of \$10,426,742. Program revenues supported 18.22% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property and income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.29% of total governmental revenue.

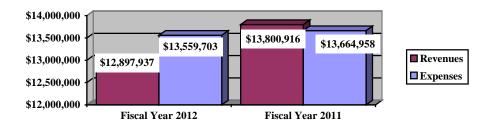
The decrease in operating grants and contributions is due to a decrease in federal grant fund revenue such as Education Jobs, IDEA Part B, Education Stabilization and Title I Disadvantaged Children. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funds were received in fiscal year 2011 and were not available again in fiscal year 2012.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$7,811,445 or 57.61% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

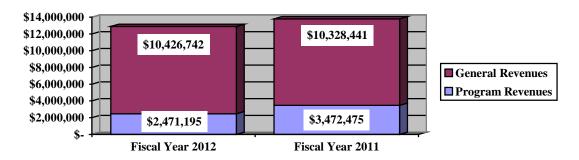
	Т	otal Cost of Services	N	Net Cost of Services	Т	Cotal Cost of Services	N	Net Cost of Services
		2012	_	2012	_	2011		2011
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,891,705	\$	5,077,824	\$	5,915,432	\$	4,695,534
Special		1,453,975		615,002		1,606,666		533,037
Vocational		204,932		145,759		202,152		144,482
Other		260,833		260,833		296,055		296,055
Support services:								
Pupil		227,613		223,274		249,057		244,837
Instructional staff		796,848		796,848		695,470		695,470
Board of education		82,531		82,531		143,557		143,557
Administration		948,136		902,857		904,842		856,724
Fiscal		478,326		478,326		465,629		439,109
Business		38,862		14,848		28,840		1,854
Operations and maintenance		1,129,367		1,116,495		987,938		694,967
Pupil transportation		693,705		668,569		801,518		778,371
Central		38,769		38,769		26,462		26,462
Operation of non-instructional services								
Other non-instructional services		203,895		203,895		302,721		302,721
Food service operations		503,785		68,018		497,994		25,873
Extracurricular activities		521,380		309,619		491,152		263,957
Interest and fiscal charges		85,041		85,041		49,473		49,473
Total expenses	\$	13,559,703	\$	11,088,508	<u>\$</u>	13,664,958	\$	10,192,483

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 78.08% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 81.78%. The District's taxpayers along with the State foundation revenues, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,676,916 which is lower than last year's balance of \$2,016,541. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2012			nd Balance ne 30, 2011	Increase/ (Decrease)	
General Bond retirement Other governmental	\$	899,053 444,440 333,423	\$	1,144,185 401,442 470,914	\$	(245,132) 42,998 (137,491)
Total	\$	1,676,916	\$	2,016,541	<u>\$</u>	(339,625)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$245,132. The following table shows the changes in revenues and expenditures in the general fund from 2012 and 2011.

	2012	2011	Increase	Percentage
n.	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues	ф. 40440 2 7	ф. 4 004 04 7	Ф. 40.100	1.05.0/
Taxes	\$ 4,044,035	\$ 4,001,845	\$ 42,190	1.05 %
Tuition	728,420	585,591	142,829	24.39 %
Earnings on investments	6,976	13,698	(6,722)	(49.07) %
Intergovernmental	6,394,319	6,360,673	33,646	0.53 %
Other revenues	82,225	180,333	(98,108)	(54.40) %
m . 1	Φ 11 255 075	Ф 11 14 2 140	Φ 112.025	1.02.0/
Total	\$ 11,255,975	\$ 11,142,140	\$ 113,835	1.02 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 6,827,275	\$ 6,461,958	\$ 365,317	5.65 %
Support services	4,178,111	3,734,960	443,151	11.86 %
Non-instructional services	203,895	302,721	(98,826)	(32.65) %
Extracurricular activities	264,468	273,203	(8,735)	(3.20) %
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,761	5,462	(3,701)	(67.76) %
Capital outlay	76,000	-	76,000	100.00 %
Debt service	25,597	31,992	(6,395)	(19.99) %
Total	\$ 11,577,107	\$ 10,810,296	\$ 766,811	7.09 %

Overall revenues increased \$113,835 or 1.02%. The tuition revenue increase of \$142,829 or 24.39% can be attributed to an increase in open enrollment revenue from the prior fiscal year. Although the decrease in earnings on investments was 49.07% the amount of \$6,722 is immaterial to the total amount of revenues. Expenditures of the general fund increased \$766,811 or 7.09%. The increase in instruction expenditures can be attributed to an increase in regular expenditures relating to salaries and wages due as a result of additional staffing from the prior year. The increase in support services can be attributed to an increase in costs of operations and maintenance during the year. This increase can be attributed to the increase in costs relating to the everyday upkeep of the school facilities from the prior year. The capital outlay expenditure in 2012 relates to a new capital lease the District entered into during the fiscal year for a bus.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$311,834 in revenues and \$268,836 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2012, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$42,998 from a balance of \$401,442 to a balance of \$444,440.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,191,442. The actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2012 were \$11,147,506 which represents a \$43,936 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures) were \$11,877,940 and remained the same for final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$11,645,242 which is \$232,698 less than the final appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2012, the District had \$16,493,809 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information. The following table shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to 2011:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011			
Land	\$ 292,868	\$ 292,868			
Land improvements	184,777	216,555			
Building and improvements	15,112,150	15,615,532			
Furniture and equipment	537,895	629,597			
Vehicles	366,119	366,147			
Total	\$ 16,493,809	\$ 17,120,699			

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$626,890 is due to depreciation expense of \$708,920 and disposals of \$41,365 (net of accumulated depreciation) exceeding capital outlays of \$123,395 in the fiscal year.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$2,436,231 in general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$194,321 is due within one year and \$2,241,910 is due within greater than one year. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2011		
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,355,000	\$ 2,545,000		
Accreted interest	21,337	7,280		
Capital lease	<u>59,894</u>	9,304		
Total	\$ 2,436,231	\$ 2,561,584		

At June 30, 2012, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,476,820 and an unvoted debt margin of \$126,526.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

Western Reserve Schools have continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and the school community throughout the economic adversities faced at the local, state, and national levels.

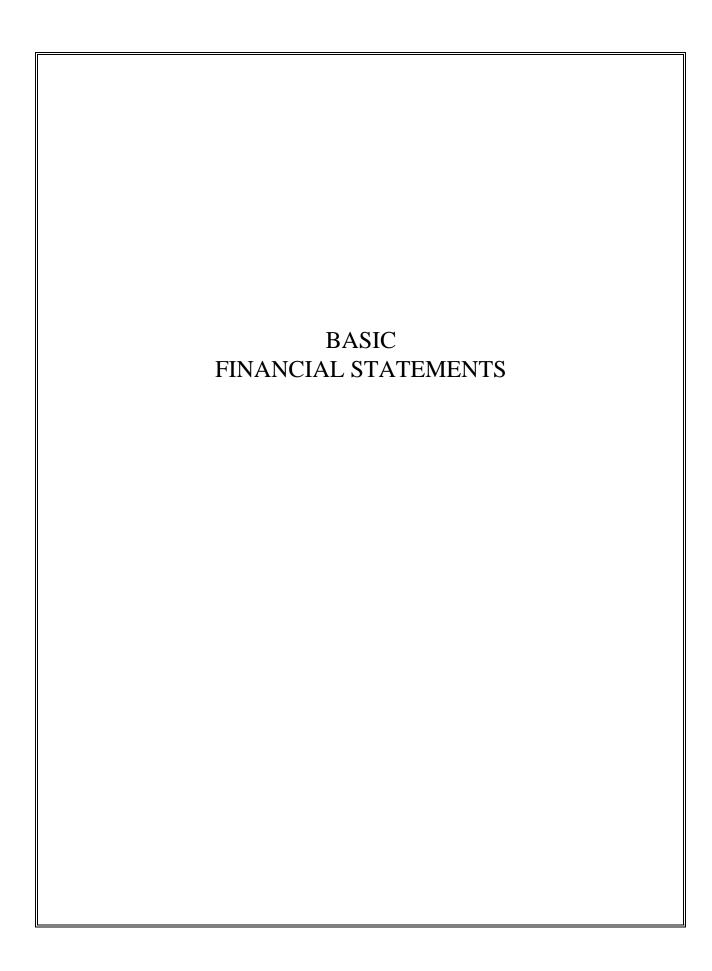
The District has carefully managed its General Fund budget in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from District residents. The District is committed to living within its financial means and will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, prudently operating within its five-year financial plan.

The State of Ohio has greatly reduced funding programs to local school districts, including ours. Effective with the fiscal year 2012 school year, general fund revenue provided by the State through tax reimbursement and the foundation formula have been reduced in excess of \$433,000 annually. The State of Ohio is currently working through the funding formula for fiscal year 2013 and there is not expected by this District to be a source of increased revenue.

As a result, all of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative that the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the community's desired needs over the next several years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Brett Robson, Treasurer, Western Reserve Local School District, 3765 U.S. 20 East, Collins, Ohio 44826.



$\begin{array}{c} {\bf WESTERN\ RESERVE\ LOCAL\ SCHOOL\ DISTRICT}\\ {\bf HURON\ COUNTY,\ OHIO} \end{array}$

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,013,565		
Receivables:				
Property taxes		2,895,613		
Income taxes		738,389		
Accounts		10,605		
Accrued interest		2,886		
Intergovernmental		2,127		
Prepayments		26,739		
Materials and supplies inventory		6,197		
Unamortized bond issuance costs		69,019		
		09,019		
Capital assets:		202.050		
Land		292,868		
Depreciable capital assets, net		16,200,941		
Capital assets, net		16,493,809		
Total assets		22,258,949		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		208,472		
Accrued wages and benefits		851,678		
Pension obligation payable		226,547		
Intergovernmental payable		96,042		
Unearned revenue		2,282,956		
		5,486		
Accrued interest payable		3,400		
Long-term liabilities:		200 205		
Due within one year		209,385		
Due in more than one year		2,875,642		
Total liabilities		6,756,208		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		14,078,919		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		181,281		
Classroom facilities maintenance		46,472		
Debt service		463,551		
State funded programs		1,719		
Federally funded programs		8,231		
Student activities		69,849		
		11,536		
Other purposes		,		
Unrestricted		641,183		
Total net assets	\$	15,502,741		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net (Expense)

				Program	Reven	ues	R	evenue and Changes in Net Assets
				harges for		rating Grants	G	overnmental
		Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:	Φ.	5 001 505	Φ.	746 100	Φ.	6T 602	Φ.	(5.055.00A)
Regular	\$	5,891,705	\$	746,188	\$	67,693	\$	(5,077,824)
Special		1,453,975		-		838,973		(615,002)
Vocational		204,932		-		59,173		(145,759)
Other		260,833		-		-		(260,833)
Support services:								
Pupil		227,613		-		4,339		(223,274)
Instructional staff		796,848		-		-		(796,848)
Board of education		82,531		-		-		(82,531)
Administration		948,136		45,279		-		(902,857)
Fiscal		478,326		-		-		(478,326)
Business		38,862		24,014		-		(14,848)
Operations and maintenance		1,129,367		12,872		-		(1,116,495)
Pupil transportation		693,705		-		25,136		(668,569)
Central		38,769		-		-		(38,769)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:								
Other non-instructional services		203,895		-		-		(203,895)
Food service operations		503,785		178,266		257,501		(68,018)
Extracurricular activities		521,380		211,761		-		(309,619)
Interest and fiscal charges		85,041						(85,041)
Total governmental activities	\$	13,559,703	\$	1,218,380	\$	1,252,815		(11,088,508)
			Pro	eral Revenues:	ied for:			
								2,266,759
								45,931
								273,056
				nool district inc ants and entitle				1,887,459
			to	specific progra	ams			5,882,972
			Inv	estment earnin	gs			9,168
			Mi	scellaneous				61,397
			Tota	l general revent	ies			10,426,742
			Char	ige in net assets				(661,766)
			Net a	assets at begin	ning of	year		16,164,507
			Net a	assets at end of	f year .		\$	15,502,741

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

		General	Bond Retirement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	1,225,060	\$	404,617	\$	383,888	\$	2,013,565
Receivables:								
Property taxes		2,547,359		298,297		49,957		2,895,613
Income taxes		738,389		-		-		738,389
Accounts		10,605		-		-		10,605
Accrued interest		2,886		-		-		2,886
Intergovernmental		1,109		-		1,018		2,127
Prepayments		26,739		-		-		26,739
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		6,197		6,197
Total assets	\$	4,552,147	\$	702,914	\$	441,060	\$	5,696,121
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	180,888	\$	_	\$	27,584	\$	208,472
Accrued wages and benefits	Ψ	829,579	Ψ	_	Ψ	22,099	Ψ	851,678
Pension obligation payable		219,239		_		7,308		226,547
Intergovernmental payable		88,596		_		7,446		96,042
Deferred revenue		324,756		24,597		4,157		353,510
Unearned revenue.		2,010,036		233,877		39,043		2,282,956
			-					
Total liabilities		3,653,094		258,474		107,637	-	4,019,205
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		6,197		6,197
Prepaids		26,739		-		-		26,739
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		444,440		-		444,440
Capital improvements		-		-		181,281		181,281
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		44,875		44,875
Food service operations		-		-		21,386		21,386
Targeted academic assistance		-		-		7,213		7,213
Extracurricular		-		-		69,849		69,849
Other purposes		4,734		-		2,737		7,471
Assigned:								
Student instruction		115,249		-		-		115,249
Subsequent year appropriations		233,401		-		-		233,401
Public school support		24,365		-		-		24,365
Other purposes		1,732		-		-		1,732
Unassigned (deficit)		492,833				(115)		492,718
Total fund balances		899,053		444,440		333,423		1,676,916
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,552,147	\$	702,914	\$	441,060	\$	5,696,121

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,676,916
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		16,493,809
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable	\$ 233,413	
Income taxes receivable	116,302	
Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable	2,686 1,109	
Total		353,510
Unamortized deferred charges are not recognized in the funds.		107,749
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(176.764)
in the runds.		(176,764)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		69,019
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(5,486)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable	(579,781)	
General obligation current interest bonds	(2,320,000)	
General obligation capital appreciation bonds	(35,000)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(21,337)	
Capital lease obligation payable	(59,894)	
Total		 (3,016,012)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 15,502,741

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 2,272,878	\$ 270,002	\$ 45,397	\$ 2,588,277	
Income taxes	1,771,157	-	-	1,771,157	
Tuition	728,420	-	-	728,420	
Earnings on investments	6,976	-	2,262	9,238	
Charges for services	-	-	178,266	178,266	
Extracurricular	45,339	-	211,551	256,890	
Classroom materials and fees	24,014	-	-	24,014	
Rental income	12,872	-	-	12,872	
Contributions and donations	-	-	150	150	
Other local revenues	79,165	-	-	79,165	
Intergovernmental - intermediate	49,515	-	-	49,515	
Intergovernmental - state	6,265,639	41,832	64,244	6,371,715	
Intergovernmental - federal			713,105	713,105	
Total revenues	11,255,975	311,834	1,214,975	12,782,784	
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	5,395,363	-	115,410	5,510,773	
Special	999,106	-	421,378	1,420,484	
Vocational	173,020	-	3,998	177,018	
Other	259,786	-	-	259,786	
Support services:					
Pupil	216,537	-	6,393	222,930	
Instructional staff	788,693	-	-	788,693	
Board of education	82,531	-	-	82,531	
Administration	931,661	-	-	931,661	
Fiscal	472,940	7,705	1,287	481,932	
Business	37,883	-	-	37,883	
Operations and maintenance	920,395	-	109,892	1,030,287	
Pupil transportation	703,478	-	-	703,478	
Central	23,993	-	-	23,993	
Other non-instructional services	203,895	-	-	203,895	
Food service operations	-	-	469,319	469,319	
Extracurricular activities	264,468	-	224,789	489,257	
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,761	-	-	1,761	
Capital outlay	76,000	-	-	76,000	
Principal retirement	25,410	190,000	-	215,410	
Interest and fiscal charges	187	71,131		71,318	
Total expenditures	11,577,107	268,836	1,352,466	13,198,409	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(321,132)	42,998	(137,491)	(415,625)	
Other financing sources:					
Capital lease transaction	76,000			76,000	
Total other financing sources:	76,000			76,000	
Net change in fund balances	(245,132)	42,998	(137,491)	(339,625)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,144,185	401,442	470,914	2,016,541	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 899,053	\$ 444,440	\$ 333,423	\$ 1,676,916	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period accordingly. Capital asset additions \$ 123,395	,525) ,365)
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period accordingly.	,
	,
Current year depreciation (708,920) Total (585,5	,365)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to	,303)
decrease net assets. (41,3	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property taxes (2,531)	
Income taxes 116,302	
Accrued interest 273	
Intergovernmental1,109 Total115,1	,153
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the	
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term	
liabilities on the statement of net assets. 215,4	,410
Proceeds of capital lease transactions are recorded as an other financing source	
in the funds, however, on the statement of activities, they are not reported	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,000)
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due.	
In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the	
interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The following items	
resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:	
Decrease in accrued interest payable 332	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds (14,057)	
Amortization of bond issuance costs (6,000)	
Amortization of bond premiums 15,372	
Amortization of deferred charges (9,370)	500
Total (13,7)	,723)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as	
compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in	
	,909
Change in net assets of governmental activities \$ (661,7	,766)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		Vegative)
Revenues:		Original				1100001		(egutive)
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	2,283,280	\$	2,283,280	\$	2,263,575	\$	(19,705)
Income taxes		1,655,328		1,655,328		1,747,211		91,883
Tuition		580,000		580,000		728,420		148,420
Earnings on investments		22,500		22,500		25,757		3,257
Extracurricular		100		100		60		(40)
Other local revenues		94,300		94,300		66,274		(28,026)
Intergovernmental - intermediate		45,000		45,000		49,515		4,515
Intergovernmental - state		6,502,434		6,502,434		6,262,640		(239,794)
Total revenues		11,182,942		11,182,942		11,143,452		(39,490)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		5,569,795		5,554,088		5,469,512		84,576
Special		1,193,650		1,138,545		1,136,895		1,650
Vocational		172,780		172,930		171,034		1,896
Other		270,550		255,980		254,210		1,770
Support services:								
Pupil		234,255		221,230		218,384		2,846
Instructional staff		669,695		798,875		796,238		2,637
Board of education		101,200		93,080		92,894		186
Administration		887,595		932,260		919,787		12,473
Fiscal		435,220		435,385		432,737		2,648
Business		4,000		5,175		5,166		9
Operations and maintenance		1,037,445		1,001,651		976,829		24,822
Pupil transportation		722,140		711,361		672,812		38,549
Central		26,500		21,500		19,786		1,714
Operation of non-instructional services		225,000		203,900		203,895		5
Extracurricular activities		270,615		269,270		264,727		4,543
Facilities acquisition and construction		7,500		1,950		1,761		189
Total expenditures		11,827,940		11,817,180		11,636,667		180,513
Excess of expenditures over								
revenues		(644,998)		(634,238)		(493,215)		141,023
Other financing sources (uses):								
		9 000		8,000		1 769		(6.222)
Refund of prior year's expenditures		8,000		,		1,768		(6,232) 52,185
Transfers (out)		(50,000)		(60,760)		(8,575)		
Sale of capital assets		500		500		2,286		1,786
Total other financing sources (uses)		(41,500)		(52,260)		(4,521)	-	47,739
Net change in fund balance		(686,498)		(686,498)		(497,736)		188,762
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,344,242		1,344,242		1,344,242		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		111,145		111,145		111,145		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	768,889	\$	768,889	\$	957,651	\$	188,762

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	57,979	\$	59,044
Investments	-	18,302		-
Total assets		76,281	\$	59,044
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	5,524
Due to students		-		53,520
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$	59,044
Net assets:				
Held in trust for scholarships		76,281		
Total net assets	\$	76,281		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sch	cholarship	
Additions:			
Interest	\$	3,485	
Gifts and contributions		2,163	
Total additions		5,648	
Deductions:			
Scholarships awarded		6,151	
Change in net assets		(503)	
Net assets at beginning of year		76,784	
Net assets at end of year	\$	76,281	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Western Reserve Local School District (the "District") is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected five-member Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to the residents of the District.

The District employs 54 non-certified, 84 certified employees and 9 administrative employees to provide services to approximately 1,282 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is a jointly governed organization, which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees and a representative from the fiscal agent. During the fiscal year, the District paid NOECA \$36,892 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Betty Schwiefert, who serves as Controller, 2900 S. Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of school districts representing multiple counties (Crawford, Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca and Wood). This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through Bay Area are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the districts is an administrative charge if they purchase something through the Council. The District paid \$123,480 to the Bay Area Council of Governments in 2012. The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of the superintendent of each school district. The Board of Directors consists of 1 elected representative from each county, and the superintendent of the fiscal agent and 2 non-voting members (administrator and fiscal officer).

Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as fiscal officer, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio, 44870.

North Point Purchasing Cooperative

The North Point Purchasing Cooperative (the "Cooperative") is composed of 15 school districts in four counties. The purpose of the Cooperative is to obtain competitive prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the Cooperative; currently there are no fees assessed to the members. There are nine Directors elected from the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the Cooperative forfeits its claim to any and all Cooperative assets. Sixty days notice is necessary prior to withdrawal from the group; during this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. To obtain further information regarding the Cooperative, contact the North Point Purchasing Cooperative, Matt Bauer, who serves as Administrator, at 2900 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (Association) is a public entity risk pool. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by writing to Betty Schwiefert, who serves as fiscal officer, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of restricted resources and payment of general obligation bond and note principal, interest and related costs.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2012 are recorded as deferred revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2012 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Huron County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2012.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Board adopted appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures for the general fund.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2012; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, shares of common stock (see below) and a money market mutual fund. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund and the private-purpose trust fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$6,976, which includes \$1,576 assigned from other District funds.

While common stock is not an allowable investment according to Ohio Statute, the District has been endowed with a gift of stock to its private-purpose trust fund. No public funds were used to acquire the stock. At June 30, 2012, the common stock value was \$18,302. The amount of common stock available for expenditure is reported in net assets available in trust for scholarships on the statement of fiduciary net assets.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On the fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost and expensed when purchased and cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 25 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2012, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees at least age fifty with at least ten years of service or any age with at least twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2012 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted by the food service operations fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financials statements, reported prepayments is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

N. Unamortized Bond Issuance Cost/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

As permitted by the State statute, the District paid bond issuance costs from the bond proceeds and therefore does not consider that portion of the debt to be capital-related debt. That portion of the debt was offset against the unamortized bond issuance costs which were included in the determination of unrestricted net assets. Reporting both within the same element of net assets prevents one classification from being overstated while another is understated by the same amount.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 10.A.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of Education has \$275,000 of fund balance in the general fund to be used for budget stabilization. The Board has these funds to cover emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The budget stabilization arrangement may be removed by action of the Board of Education at any time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2012.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", and GASB Statement No. 64, "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53".

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 64 clarifies the circumstances in which a hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor funds Deficit
Improving teacher quality \$ 115

The general fund is liable for any deficits in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$16 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,528,658. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2012, \$1,425,470 of the District's bank balance of \$1,752,294 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$326,824 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As permitted by Ohio Revised Code, the District's deposits are collateralized by a pool of eligible securities deposited with Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System, in the name of the depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all public deposits held by the depository. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities						
		6 n	nonths or		7 to 12		19 to 24	Gr	eater than
Fa	air Value		less		months		months	24	4 months
\$	15,638	\$	15,638	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	2,664		2,664		-		-		-
	301,284		-		-		-		301,284
	300,630		_		99,685		101,608		99,337
\$	620,216	\$	18,302	\$	99,685	\$	101,608	\$	400,621
		2,664 301,284 300,630	Fair Value \$ 15,638 \$ 2,664 301,284 300,630	\$ 15,638 \$ 15,638 2,664 2,664 301,284 - 300,630 -	Fair Value less \$ 15,638 \$ 15,638 2,664 2,664 301,284 - 300,630 -	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months \$ 15,638 \$ 15,638 \$ - 2,664 2,664 - 301,284 - - 300,630 - 99,685	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months \$ 15,638 \$ 15,638 \$ - \$ 2,664 2,664 - \$ 301,284	Fair Value less months months \$ 15,638 \$ 15,638 \$ - \$ - 2,664 2,664 - - 301,284 - - - 300,630 - 99,685 101,608	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months 19 to 24 months Gr months 22 months 24 months 22 months 24 months 22 months 24 months 25 months 25 months 26 months 26 months 27 months 27 months 27 months 27 months 28 months 27 months 28 months 27 months 28 months 29 months 29 months 29 months 29 months 20 mon

The weighted average maturity of investments is 3.32 years.

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The District has no investment policy dealing with interest rate risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Credit Risk: The District's investment in common stock was rated A+ by Standard and Poor's. The District's investments in FNMA securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investors Services, respectively. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2012:

<u>Investment type</u>	F	air Value	% of Total
Donated stock	\$	15,638	2.52
Money market mutual fund		2,664	0.43
FNMA Negotiable CD		301,284 300,630	48.58 48.47
Total	\$	620,216	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,528,658
Investments	620,216
Cash on hand	 16
Total	\$ 2,148,890
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,013,565
Private-purpose trust funds	76,281
Agency funds	 59,044
Total	\$ 2,148,890

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Huron and Erie Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$332,664 in the general fund, \$39,823 in the bond retirement fund and \$6,757 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$323,361 in the general fund, \$38,921 in the bond retirement fund and \$6,525 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Seco			2012 First			
	Half Collect		Half Collec				
Agricultural/residential	Amount	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Percent			
and other real estate	\$ 120,025,270	97.33	\$ 122,953,530	97.18			
Public utility personal	3,287,760	2.67	3,572,910	2.82			
Total	\$ 123,313,030	100.00	\$ 126,526,440	100.00			
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$34.05		\$34.05				

NOTE 6 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The voters of the District have passed 2 income tax levies. The first income tax levy was passed in May of 1990 and established a 3/4% income tax effective January 1, 1991, for an indefinite period of time. The second income tax levy was passed in March of 1996 and established an additional 1/2% income tax effective January 1, 1998 for an indefinite period of time. School district income tax revenue received by the general fund during fiscal year 2012 was \$1,771,157.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of taxes, accrued interest and intergovernmental. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 2,895,613
Income taxes	738,389
Accounts	10,605
Accrued interest	2,886
Intergovernmental	2,127
Total	\$ 3,649,620

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/11	Additions Deductions		Balance 06/30/12
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 292,868	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 292,868
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	292,868			292,868
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	685,285	-	-	685,285
Buildings and improvements	22,416,615	-	-	22,416,615
Furniture and equipment	4,548,001	44,995	(186,132)	4,406,864
Vehicles	1,041,887	78,400	(51,900)	1,068,387
Total capital assets, being depreciated	28,691,788	123,395	(238,032)	28,577,151
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(468,730)	(31,778)	-	(500,508)
Buildings and improvements	(6,801,083)	(503,382)	-	(7,304,465)
Furniture and equipment	(3,918,404)	(99,075)	148,510	(3,868,969)
Vehicles	(675,740)	(74,685)	48,157	(702,268)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,863,957)	(708,920)	196,667	(12,376,210)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,120,699	\$ (585,525)	\$ (41,365)	\$ 16,493,809

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 389,167
Special	34,636
Vocational	27,544
Support services:	
Pupil	346
Instructional staff	17,421
Administration	29,721
Fiscal	572
Business	979
Operations and maintenance	29,322
Pupil transportation	74,685
Central	14,776
Extracurricular activities	32,123
Food service operations	57,628
Total depreciation expense	\$ 708,920

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2012, the District entered into a capital lease for the acquisition of a bus. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. The capital lease transaction was accounted for as capital outlay expenditure and other financing source in the general fund. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance of governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

The bus has been capitalized in the amount of \$76,000. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2012, was \$3,700, leaving a current book value of \$72,300. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2012 totaled \$16,106 in the general fund. In addition to the bus capital lease, the District also made a \$9,304 principal payment as the final payment on a copier capital lease entered into in a prior fiscal year. The copier capital lease was fully retired by June 30, 2012.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u>A</u>	mount
2013	\$	16,106
2014		16,105
2015		16,106
2016		16,105
Total minimum lease payments		64,422
Less: amount representing interest		(4,528)
Total	\$	59,894

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2012, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

oonganons.	Balance Outstanding 06/30/11	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/12	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds:					
Series 2010, current interest bonds Series 2010, capital appreciation bonds Series 2010, accreted interest	\$ 2,510,000 35,000 7,280	\$ - - 14,057	\$ (190,000)	\$ 2,320,000 35,000 21,337	\$ 180,000 - -
Total general obligation bonds	2,552,280	14,057	(190,000)	2,376,337	180,000
Other Obligations: Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Total other obligations	643,690 9,304 652,994	44,958 76,000 120,958	(108,867) (25,410) (134,277)	579,781 59,894 639,675	15,064 14,321 29,385
Total	\$ 3,205,274	\$ 135,015	\$ (324,277)	3,016,012	\$ 209,385
Less: deferred charge on refunding Add: unamortized premium				(107,749) 176,764	
Total on statement of net assets				\$ 3,085,027	

Series 2010 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On October 7, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2010 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the Series 2001 current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets. The balance of the refunded current interest bonds at June 30, 2012, is \$2,320,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$2,540,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$35,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2016 (effective interest rate 17.07%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds maturing each December 1, 2016 is \$205,000. Total accreted interest of \$21,337 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2012.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$124,146. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		General Obligation Current Interest Bonds			General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bond				onds		
Ending June 30	Pri	ncipal]	Interest	 Total	P	rincipal	_]	Interest		Total
2013	\$	180,000	\$	67,431	\$ 247,431	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2014		180,000		63,831	243,831		-		-		-
2015		185,000		60,181	245,181		-		-		-
2016		190,000		56,431	246,431		-		-		-
2017		-		224,532	224,532		35,000		170,000		205,000
2018 - 2022	1,	095,000		193,584	1,288,584		-		-		-
2023 - 2024		490,000		19,800	 509,800	_				_	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 2,	320,000	\$	685,790	\$ 3,005,790	\$	35,000	\$	170,000	\$	205,000

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2012, are a voted debt margin of \$9,476,820 (including available funds of \$444,440) and an unvoted debt margin of \$126,526.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences and Retirement Incentive

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Non-certified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending on the length of service, and cannot be carried forward. Administrators with 260 day contracts earn twenty days of vacation per year and may carry up to ten days forward (balance never to exceed 30 days). Administrators with less than 260 day contracts are not afforded any vacation time.

Non-Certified Employees

Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to non-certified employees upon termination of employment. Non-certified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave can be accumulated to a maximum of 240 days.

Non-certified employees must have eight or more years of service with the state and/or any political subdivision, three of which must be with the District. Payment is made for 25 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 60 days severance pay at the daily rate of the employee. A non-certified employee with twenty-five or more years of service in the District will be paid for 50 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 120 days.

Certified Employees

Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to certified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Certified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave can be accumulated to a maximum of 248 days.

Certified employees must have eight or more years of service with the state and/or any political subdivision, four of which must be with the District. Payment is made for 25 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 62 days severance pay at the daily rate of the employee. Certified employees who submit a formal letter of retirement resignation prior to April 1, in their first year of eligibility, will receive a one-time cash payment of \$10,000 in addition to the severance payment the employee is entitled to.

One employee took advantage of the retirement incentive in fiscal year 2012. No liability has been recorded for the retirement incentive payments since no payments were made during the fiscal year.

B. Health Benefits

The District joined together with other area school districts to form the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, a public entity risk management and employee health benefits program for 14 member school districts (See Note 2.A.). The District pays a monthly premium to the pool for health, life and dental insurance, including prescription coverage. The agreement for formation of the pool provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and the pool will purchase stop-loss insurance policies through commercial companies to cover claims in excess of \$200,000 for any employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

In the event of withdrawal, the District shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the District has contracted with Ohio Casualty to provide general liability, fleet, building and contents coverage.

The District had the following coverages in effect for fiscal year 2012:

	Limits of	
<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:		
Each occurrence	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -
Aggregate	2,000,000	-
Fleet:		
Comprehensive	1,000,000	1,000
Collision	1,000,000	1,000
Building and contents	39,589,092	2,500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal year 2011.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$163,364, \$151,711 and \$162,769, respectively; 58.48 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$666,872, \$664,744 and \$665,147, respectively; 83.13 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$14,284 made by the District and \$10,203 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2012, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2012 was \$99.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$319.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$26,979, \$44,737 and \$29,995, respectively; 58.48 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$9,647, \$9,763 and \$9,680, respectively; 58.48 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$51,298, \$51,134 and \$51,165, respectively; 83.13 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported on fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (497,736)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	40,231
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(100,910)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	80,521
Funds budgeted elsewhere	3,323
Adjustment for encumbrances	229,439
GAAP basis	\$ (245,132)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the other grants fund and the public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants and ADM

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data; however, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		214,787
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(44,204)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		-
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		(170,583)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2013	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	_

NOTE 18 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District's private-purpose trust funds consist of donor restricted endowments and realized and unrealized appreciation on investments and is reflected as held in trust for scholarships. State law permits the District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicates that the interest should be used to provide scholarships each year.

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End	
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances	
General fund	\$	114,680
Nonmajor governmental funds		65,413
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	180,093

WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed through the State Department of Education					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 22,597	\$ 0	\$ 22,597	\$ 0
National School Lunch Program - See Note 2	10.555	199,436	29,800		29,800
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		222,033	29,800	222,033	29,800
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		222,033	29,800	222,033	29,800
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education					
Title I Cluster					
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies,					
Part A, ESEA - FY 11	84.010	0	0	9,820	0
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies,				-,	•
Part A, ESEA - FY 12	84.010	141,941	0	130,065	0
ARRA - Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies,	0010	1.1,5.1	v	150,000	· ·
Part A, ESEA, Recovery Act - FY 11	84.389	0	0	3,819	0
Total Title I Cluster	01.50)	141,941	0		
Total Title I Cluster		171,771		143,704	
Special Education - Grants to States, IDEA, Part B - FY 12	84.027	274,922	0	274,922	0
•				·	
ARRA-Education Technology State Grants, Recovery Act-FY 11	84.386	0	0	142	0
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, Title II-A - FY 12	84.367	41,604	0	41,604	0
	0.4.44.0				
Education Jobs Fund - FY 12	84.410	9,297	0		0
Total U.S. Department of Education		467,764	0	469,669	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		<u>\$ 689,797</u>	\$ 29,800	\$ 691,702	\$ 29,800

See accompanying notes to Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Western Reserve Local School District and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2: NONCASH SUPPORT

The District receives noncash support in the form of food subsidies from the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), CFDA 10.555. The value of the food subsidies is determined by using the fair market value of the food items as quoted by local food suppliers.

NOTE 3: **INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. During fiscal year 2012, the District had no ODE authorized transfers.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Western Reserve Local School District Collins, Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio, in a separate letter dated December 13, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the District's Audit Committee, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

December 13, 2012

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Western Reserve Local School District Collins, Ohio

Compliance

We have audited the Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditors' Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Western Reserve Local School District, Ohio's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the District's Audit Committee, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

December 13, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 & §.505 JUNE 30, 2012

1.	SUMMARY	OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS	
	2012(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
	2012(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	? No
	2012(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
	2012(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
	2012(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesse reported for major federal programs?	es No
	2012(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
	2012(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
	2012(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under .510?	No
	2012(vii)	Major Programs (list):	
		Special Education - Grants to States, IDEA, Par Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Breakfast Program - CFDA National School Lunch Program - CFDA #1	A #10.553
	2012(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Program	Type A: \$300,000 or more Type B: All others less than \$300,000
	2012(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS None

WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY, OHIO STATUS OF PRIOR CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Not Corrected,
			Partially Corrected;
			Significantly Different
Finding		Fully	Corrective Action Taken;
Number	Finding Summary	Corrected?	or Finding No Longer Valid;
2011-001	Incorrect Recording of Capital Assets and	Yes	Corrective action taken.
	Sick and Vacation Leave Balances		
2011-002	Cash Management - A review of the District's SFSF Fund balances and subsequent monthly expenditures revealed instances in which monies were not expended in a timely manner (i.e., 30 days). Average fund balance of the SFSF Fund for the fiscal year was \$31,369.	Yes	Corrective action taken.



WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 12, 2013