

### Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments <u>www.bhscpas.com</u>

## VILLAGE OF WEST ELKTON PREBLE COUNTY

**REGULAR AUDIT** 

For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 Fiscal Years Audited Under GAGAS: 2012 and 2011

bhs Circleville Piketon Wheelersburg Worthington



Village Council Village of West Elkton PO Box 180 West Elkton, Ohio 45070

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of West Elkton, Preble County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of West Elkton is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

October 24, 2013



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### Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Village of West Elkton Preble County PO Box 180 West Elkton, Ohio 45070

To the Village Council:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of the Village of West Elkton, Preble County, (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Village of West Elkton Preble County Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

#### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of the Village of West Elkton, Preble County, as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permits, described in Note 1.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 8 to the financial statements, during 2011, the Village adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2013, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Harr & Schern, CPAs

Piketon, Ohio August 29, 2013

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Local Taxes	\$ 1,996	\$ 2,030	\$ -	\$ 4,026
Income Tax	19,724	-	-	19,724
Intergovernmental	17,622	202,336	-	219,958
Charges for Services	800	-	-	800
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	75	-	-	75
Earnings on Investments	34	1 24	-	58
Miscellaneous	6,538	3,824		10,362
Total Cash Receipts	46,789	208,214	<u> </u>	255,003
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons & Property	2,320	5,346	-	7,666
Leisure Time Activities		- 12	-	12
Transportation		- 6,173	-	6,173
General Government	33,588	30	-	33,618
Capital Outlay		173,181	. <del></del>	173,181
Total Cash Disbursements	35,908	184,742	. <u> </u>	220,650
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	10,881	23,472	-	34,353
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	49,945	40,370	334	90,649
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted		- 63,842	334	64,176
Unassigned	60,826	<u> </u>		60,826
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 60,820	\$ 63,842	\$ 334	\$ 125,002

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Governmental Fund Types			
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Local Taxes	\$ 2,559		\$ -	\$ 6,644
Income Tax	21,079		-	21,079
Intergovernmental	23,005	,	-	61,240
Charges for Services	2,560		-	2,560
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	4,346		-	4,346
Earnings on Investments	44		-	336
Miscellaneous	601	4,944		5,545
Total Cash Receipts	54,194	47,556		101,750
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons & Property	5,304	· ·	-	9,121
Leisure Time Activities	-	600	-	600
Transportation	-	18,605	-	18,605
General Government	35,793	-	-	35,793
Capital Outlay		23,313		23,313
Total Cash Disbursements	41,097	46,335		87,432
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	13,097	1,221	-	14,318
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	36,848	39,149	334	76,331
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	-	40,370	334	40,704
Unassigned	49,945			49,945
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 49,945	\$ 40,370	\$ 334	\$ 90,649

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Ager	ncy Fund
Non-Operating Cash Receipts: Other Non-Operating Cash Receipts	\$	3,071
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts		3,071
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements: Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		5,978
Total Other Non-Operating Cash Disbursements		5,978
Net Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		(2,907)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		2,907
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	_

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of West Elkton, Preble County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government and maintenance of roads. The Village provided police services during 2011 only. The Village contracts with West Elkton-Gratis Township Joint Fire District to receive fire protection services and the Village of Gratis to provide emergency medical services.

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP) public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

PEP is a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments, which provides property and casualty coverage for its members.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

#### C. Cash Deposits

The Village's funds are pooled in a checking account at a local commercial bank.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

<u>State Grant Fund</u> – This fund receives grant monies to assist in the restoration of streets and sidewalks throughout the Village.

#### 3. Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Projects fund:

<u>Rural Development Sewer Fund</u> – This fund receives proceeds of bank loans, Ohio Water Development Authority Loan Proceeds, and Ohio Public Works monies for the construction of a wastewater treatment plant.

#### 4. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Village's own programs.

Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Village disburses these funds as directed by the individual, organization or other government. The Village's agency fund accounts for the activities of the Village's Mayor's Court, which was dissolved during 2011.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Budgetary Process (continued)

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2012 and 2011 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

#### 1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

#### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

#### 3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

#### 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

#### 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Fund Balance (continued)

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

#### 2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

2012

	2012	2011
Demand deposits	\$125,002	\$90,649
Total deposits	\$125,002	\$90,649

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

#### 3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011 follows:

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	_
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$38,150	\$46,789	\$8,639
Special Revenue	14,105	208,214	194,109
Total	\$52,255	\$255,003	\$202,748

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$85,585	\$35,908	\$49,677
Special Revenue	25,635	184,742	(159,107)
Total	\$111,220	\$220,650	(\$109,430)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

2011 Budgeted 18. Hetdal Recorpts				
	Budgeted	Actual	_	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$48,375	\$54,194	\$5,819	
Special Revenue	266,315	47,556	(218,759)	
Total	\$314,690	\$101,750	(\$212,940)	

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$84,095	\$41,097	\$42,998
Special Revenue	45,985	46,335	(350)
Total	\$130,080	\$87,432	\$42,648

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceed appropriation authority in 2012 and 2011in the Special Revenue Funds.

#### 4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 5. Local Income Tax

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village's Tax Administrator either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 6. Retirement Systems

The Village's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2012 and 2011, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2012.

#### 7. Risk Management

The Government is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees. The Government insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Government belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formerly known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.), functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by ARPCO. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

#### Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2012, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$150,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Assets	\$34,389,569	\$33,362,404
Liabilities	(14,208,353)	(14,187,273)
Net Position	\$20,181,216	\$19,175,131

At December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$13.1 million and \$13.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$12.6 million and \$12.1 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 466 and 455 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2012, the Government's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$1,500.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 7. Risk Management (Continued)

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP		
<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	
\$1,801	\$4,331	

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

#### 8. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding of any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

#### 9. Fiscal Emergency

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code, Section 228.03, the Village was declared to be in fiscal emergency, effective September 16, 2004. AOS Local Government Services was designated as the Village's fiscal advisor.

As part of Management's Plan to emerge from fiscal emergency the Village Council imposed an income tax, see Note 5.

#### 10. Subsequent Event

Effective May 28, 2013, the Auditor of State terminated the existence of the Financial Planning and Supervision Commission and its role in the operation of the Village of West Elkton. At the time of termination of the Commission, an effective financial accounting and reporting system had not been fully implemented. Section 118.27(A)(2) of the Revised Code requires the Auditor of State to monitor the progress of the implementation and exercise authority under this section and Chapter 117 of the Revised Code to secure full implementation within two years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

#### 11. Fund Balances

The Village implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for general, special revenue and capital projects funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
December 31, 2012				
Restricted for				
Street Construction &				
Maintenance	\$ -	\$46,697	\$334	\$47,031
Highways	-	6,381	-	6,381
EMS	-	5,979	-	5,979
Parks/Recreation	-	123	-	123
Law Enformcement	-	4,451	-	4,451
Fire		211		211
Total Restricted		63,842	334	64,176
Unassigned	60,826			60,826
Total Fund Balances	\$60,826	\$63,842	\$334	\$125,002
December 31, 2011				
Restricted for				
Street Construction &				
Maintenance	\$ -	\$24,910	\$334	\$25,244
Highways	-	5,557	-	5,557
EMS	-	5,562	-	5,562
Parks/Recreation	-	135	-	135
Law Enformcement	-	3,037	-	3,037
Fire		1,169		1,169
Total Restricted	_	40,370	334	40,704
Unassigned	49,945			49,945
Total Fund Balances	\$49,945	\$40,370	\$334	\$90,649



### Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments www.bhscpas.com

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Village of West Elkton Preble County PO Box 180 West Elkton, Ohio 45070

To the Village Council:

bhs

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Village of West Elkton, Preble County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2013, wherein we noted the Village followed accounting and financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, described in Note 1 and implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under Government Auditing Standards which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2012-001.

Circleville Piketon Wheelersburg Worthington

Village of West Elkton Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

#### **Entity's Response to Findings**

The Village's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

This report only describes the scope of our internal control testing and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Balestra, Ham & Schern, CPAs

Piketon, Ohio August 29, 2013

#### DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2012-001

#### **Material Noncompliance**

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) states that no subdivision or taxing authority is to expend money unless it has been appropriated. The Village had expenses in excess of appropriations in the State Grants fund of \$173,181 in 2012.

Disbursements in excess of appropriations could lead to negative fund balances.

The Village should implement controls over budgetary monitoring to ensure that all expenditures are properly appropriated prior to disbursement.

**Client Response:** The Village acknowledges the issue and is working toward correcting the errors.

#### VILLAGE OF WEST ELKTON PREBLE COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2010-001	ORC Section 149.351 – Disposal of public records.	Yes	
2010-002	ORC Section 2743.70 – Disbursement of Mayor's Court collections	Yes	
2010-003	ORC 1905.21 – Mayor's Court Docket	Yes	
2010-004	Mayor's Court Reconciliations	Yes	



#### **VILLAGE OF WEST ELKTON**

#### **PREBLE COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 7, 2013**