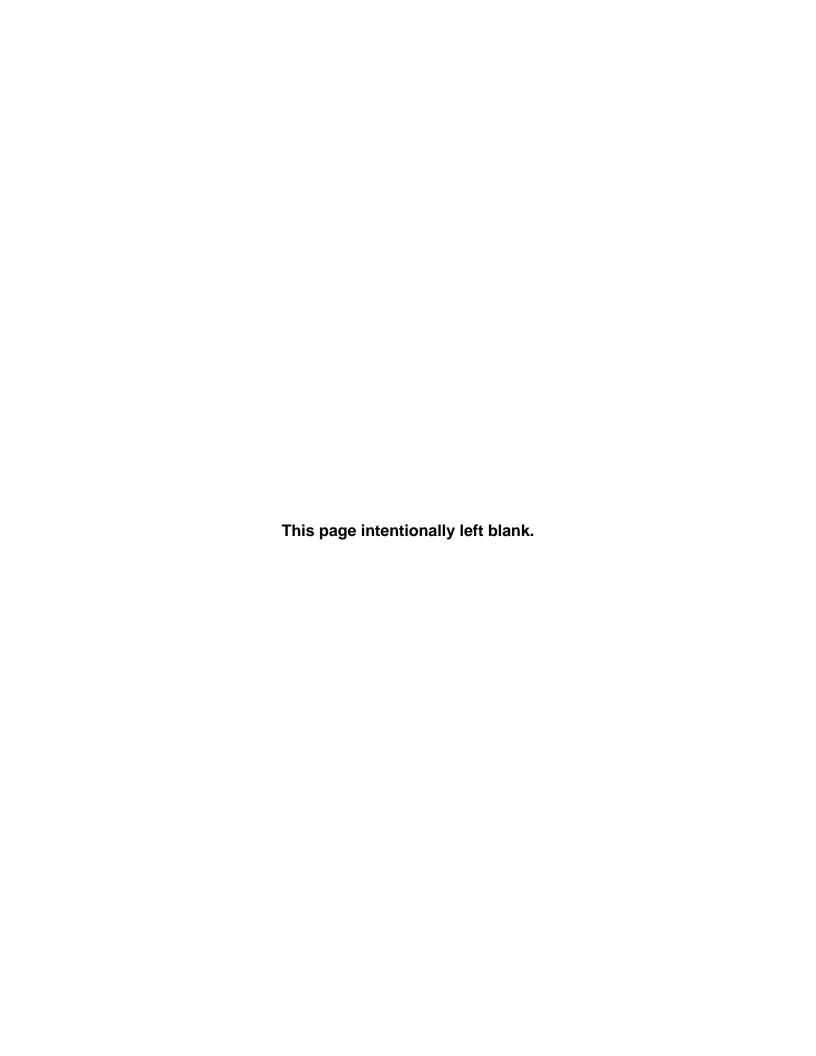




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Burgoon Sandusky County 2580 Zilphia Street P.O. Box 56 Burgoon, Ohio 43407-0056

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of the Village of Burgoon, Sandusky County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

Village of Burgoon Sandusky County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of the Village of Burgoon, Sandusky County, Ohio as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permit, described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during 2011 the Village of Burgoon adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2013, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 9, 2013

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$18,315	\$1,583	\$19,898
Intergovernmental	11,212	6,588	17,800
Fines, Licenses and Permits	796		796
Earnings on Investments	74	74	148
Total Cash Receipts	30,397	8,245	38,642
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:	0.004		0.004
Security of Persons and Property Leisure Time Activities	2,931		2,931
Basic Utility Services	3,494 6,270		3,494 6,270
Transportation	0,270	26,575	26,575
General Government	13,524	20,373	13,524
Conoral Covernment	10,021		10,021
Total Cash Disbursements	26,219	26,575	52,794
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	4,178	(18,330)	(14,152)
Other Financing Receipts			
Other Financing Sources	10		10
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	4,188	(18,330)	(14,142)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	31,675	76,057	107,732
Fund Cash Balances, December 31			
Restricted		57,727	57,727
Assigned	29,198		29,198
Unassigned	6,665		6,665
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$35,863	\$57,727	\$93,590

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Proprietary Fund Type
Operating Cook Receipted	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$54,866 1,887
Total Operating Cash Receipts	56,753
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials	1,142 14,928 98
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	16,168
Operating Income	40,585
Non-Operating Disbursements Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(8,475) (21,892)
Total Non-Operating Disbursements	(30,367)
Income before Transfers	10,218_
Transfers In Transfers Out	38,790 (38,790)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	10,218
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	127,122
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$137,340

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$18,064	\$1,531	\$19,595
Intergovernmental	20,088	7,460	27,548
Fines, Licenses and Permits	1,392		1,392
Earnings on Investments	56	53	109
Total Cash Receipts	39,600	9,044	48,644
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:	0.464		0.404
Security of Persons and Property	3,424		3,424
Leisure Time Activities	9,359		9,359
Basic Utility Services	6,000	1,725	6,000
Transportation General Government	20,356	1,725	1,725 21,735
General Government	20,330	1,379	21,733
Total Cash Disbursements	39,139	3,104	42,243
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements	461	5,940	6,401
Other Financing Disbursements			
Other Financing Uses	(13)		(13)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	448	5,940	6,388
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	31,227	70,117	101,344
Fund Cash Balances, December 31			
Restricted		76,057	76,057
Assigned	22,354		22,354
Unassigned	9,321		9,321
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$31,675	\$76,057	\$107,732

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Proprietary Fund Type
Operating Cash Receipts:	Enterprise
Charges for Services	\$53,225
Operating Cash Disbursements: Contractual Services	21,435
Operating Income	31,790
Non-Operating Disbursements Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(7,566) (22,862)
Total Non-Operating Disbursements	(30,428)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	1,362
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	125,760
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$127,122

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Burgoon, Sandusky County, Ohio (the Village), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities, park operations, fire protection, and police services. The Village contracts with the Sandusky County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property. The Village contracts with Bettsville Volunteer fire department to receive fire protection services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash that is restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Fund

This fund accounts for and report the proceeds of a specific revenue sources that is restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

3. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Sewer Operating Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

<u>Sewer Reserve Fund</u> - This fund receives transfers from the Sewer fund to reserve funds for maintenance and repairs for the sewer.

<u>Sewer Sinking Fund</u> - This fund receives transfers from the Sewer fund to pay principle and interest on the Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds.

D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and re-appropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2012 and 2011 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

E. Fund Balance

In 2011, the Village implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", which had no effect on fund balances. Under GASB 54 fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2012	2011
Demand deposits	\$230,930	\$234,854

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011 follows:

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$46,321	\$30,407	(\$15,914)
Special Revenue	6,500	8,245	1,745
Enterprise	54,000	95,543	41,543
Total	\$106,821	\$134,195	\$27,374

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$68,675	\$26,219	\$42,456
Special Revenue	71,000	26,575	44,425
Enterprise	59,450	85,325	(25,875)
Total	\$199,125	\$138,119	\$61,006

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$20,909	\$39,600	\$18,691
Special Revenue	9,000	9,044	44
Enterprise	46,000	53,225	7,225
Total	\$75,909	\$101,869	\$25,960

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Authority	Expenditures	Variance
\$60,324	\$39,152	\$21,172
65,000	3,104	61,896
169,486	51,863	117,623
\$294,810	\$94,119	\$200,691
	Authority \$60,324 65,000 169,486	Authority Expenditures \$60,324 \$39,152 65,000 3,104 169,486 51,863

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

4. Property Tax (Continued)

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Sewage System Mortgage Revenue Bonds	\$510,500	4.25%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan #4579	55,097	1%
Total	\$565,597	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan #4579 relates to a sewer system construction project the Ohio Environment Protection Agency mandated. The OWDA approved \$65,722 in loans to the Village for this project. The Village will repay the loans in semiannual installments of \$1,270.50, including interest, over 30 years. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The United States Department of Agriculture Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds relate to a wastewater treatment system project. The USDA approved \$535,000 in bonds to the Village for this project. The Village will repay the bonds in annual installments over 39 years. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover the bond requirements.

The sanitary sewer revenue bond covenant requires the Village to establish and fund a sewer reserve fund, a sewer sinking fund, and sewer surplus fund. The balance in the sewer reserve fund at December 31, 2012 is \$19,163. The balance in the sewer sinking fund at December 31, 2012 is \$29,346.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Mortgage Revenue Bonds	OWDA Loan
2013	\$27,758	\$2,541
2014	27,882	2,541
2015	27,789	2,541
2016	27,812	2,541
2017	27,812	2,541
2018-2022	139,069	12,706
2023-2027	139,109	12,706
2028-2032	139,089	12,706
2033-2037	139,115	11,435
2038-2042	139,064	
2043-2047	111,282	
Total	\$945,781	\$62,258

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011 (Continued)

6. Retirement System

The Village's officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2012 and 2011, OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2012.

7. Risk Management

Commercial Insurance

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Automobile liability; and
- Excess/Umbrella liability.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Burgoon Sandusky County 2580 Zilphia Street P.O. Box 56 Burgoon, Ohio 43407-0056

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Village of Burgoon, Sandusky County, Ohio (the Village), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2013 wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provision Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permit, and wherein the Village adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 in 2011.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2012-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

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Village of Burgoon Sandusky County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Response to Findings

The Village's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 9, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2012-001

Material Weakness

Financial Reporting

The Village's management is responsible for the fair presentation of the financial statements. Errors were noted in the financial statements resulting in five audit adjustments and one unadjusted difference ranging in amounts from \$600 to \$4,971. The adjustments were as follows:

- During 2012, intergovernmental revenue in the General Fund was misposted as tax revenue in the amount of \$4,971.
- During 2012, intergovernmental revenue was misposted to the General Fund instead of the Street,
 Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund in the amount of \$1,113.
- During 2011, intergovernmental revenue General Fund was misposted as tax revenue in the amount of \$3,912.
- During 2011, Intergovernmental Revenue was misposted to the General Fund instead of the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund in the amount of \$2,091.

The accompanying financial statements and accounting records have been adjusted to correct these and other errors.

To ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the statements are complete and accurate, the Village should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the statements and notes by the Fiscal Officer and Council to identify and correct errors and misclassifications.

Officials' Response:

We acknowledge errors were made and will properly post these transactions in the future.

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2010-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) – for failure to certify the availability of funds.	Yes	
2010-002	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38(A) – for failure to pass an Annual Appropriation Measure	No	Not corrected and repeated in Management Letter.
2010-003	Material Weakness/Noncompliance – Village Ordinance 2007/3 and Sanitary Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds Agreement for failure to create sinking fund and reserve fund related to bonds.	Yes	





VILLAGE OF BURGOON

SANDUSKY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 24, 2013