JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Joseph Badger Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 9, 2013



JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Accountants' Report

Joseph Badger Local School District Trumbull County 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Joseph Badger Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Joseph Badger Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2012, on our consideration of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Accountants' Report Joseph Badger Local School District Page Three

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Joseph Badger Local School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 27, 2012

Julian & Sube the!

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Joseph Badger Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- □ Net assets of governmental activities decreased in fiscal year 2012 from annual depreciation of capital assets offset by the continued principal payments on outstanding debt obligations.
- □ Governmental activities reflected an overall decrease in revenues from fiscal year 2011 from a decrease in property taxes combined with less grant revenue being received as federal award programs concluded.
- □ Total program expenses for fiscal year 2012 decreased from the previous fiscal year, largely due to decreases in regular instruction due to employees retiring within the School District and being replaced with entry level personnel.
- □ On April 19, 2012 the School District advance refunded a portion of the 2003 general obligation bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The School District decreased its total debt service payments by \$453,557 as a result of the advance refunding.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Joseph Badger Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Joseph Badger Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund are by far the most significant funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District's activities are classified as governmental and business-type. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds The Board of Education charges students a fee for school lunches. The money collected locally combined with State and Federal reimbursements, is intended to defray all expenses necessary to operate the food service program. Each month the Board reviews food service fund projections to judge how much negative impact will be placed on the general fund. The School District also added a preschool program during fiscal year 2009 where tuition is paid for children to attend. Additionally, the School District operates a dental fund designed to defray unforeseen

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

healthcare expenses. It is the School District's belief that these funds provide additional stability to the five year forecast. Proprietary funds utilize the same form of accounting as business-type activities, therefore these statements match those found in the district-wide statements.

The School District as a Trustee

The School District is a trustee or fiduciary for two funds. One of these funds holds and invests the principal amount and provides the earnings in the form of a scholarship for graduating seniors. The other fund accounts for money collected for student activities. There is no School District related activity occurring within these funds.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2012 compared to fiscal year 2011:

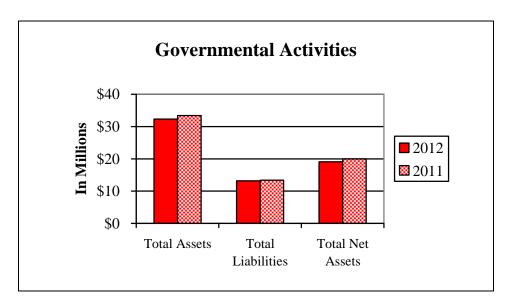
Table 1
Net Assets

	Governmental Activties		Business-Typ	e Activities	Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$7,509,283	\$7,540,679	\$83,708	\$55,610	\$7,592,991	\$7,596,289
Capital Assets, Net	24,779,891	25,858,868	168,390	184,790	24,948,281	26,043,658
Total Assets	32,289,174	33,399,547	252,098	240,400	32,541,272	33,639,947
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities	4,278,539	4,485,084	27,797	23,910	4,306,336	4,508,994
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	693,525	656,092	6,849	6,595	700,374	662,687
Due in More Than One Year	8,196,337	8,266,504	4,768	2,305	8,201,105	8,268,809
Total Liabilities	13,168,401	13,407,680	39,414	32,810	13,207,815	13,440,490
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	17,071,623	18,007,736	168,390	184,790	17,240,013	18,192,526
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects	448,448	491,603	0	0	448,448	491,603
Debt Service	532,090	73,565	0	0	532,090	73,565
Set Asides	33,356	219,754	0	0	33,356	219,754
Other Purposes	93,148	61,132	0	0	93,148	61,132
Unrestricted	942,108	1,138,077	44,294	22,800	986,402	1,160,877
Total Net Assets	\$19,120,773	\$19,991,867	\$212,684	\$207,590	\$19,333,457	\$20,199,457

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Graph 1
Net Assets
(In Millions)

	2012	2011
Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$32.3 13.2	\$33.4 13.4
Total Net Assets	\$19.1	\$20.0



Total assets for the School District decreased in large part from annual depreciation in capital assets.

Total liabilities decreased from the prior fiscal year from decreases in contracts and the continued pay down of debt.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all activities is general revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is the grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Joseph Badger proactively seeks out federal and State funding sources in the forms of grants to ensure that programs of the School District are properly funded. The remaining source of revenue lies in program revenues which are restricted in use to a specific program.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net assets for the current fiscal year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for the current fiscal year. Table 2 shows total revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for the fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Joseph Badger Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

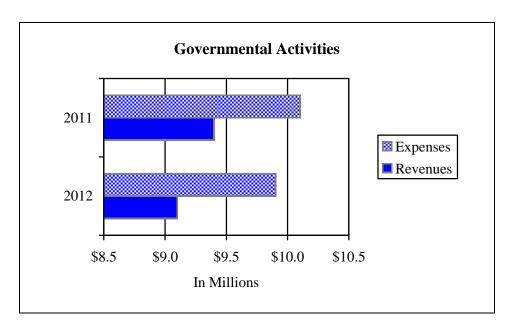
Table 2 Program Revenues and Expenses

	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities		Total			
-		2011	Business-Type			
-	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Program revenues						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$418,392	\$326,450	\$208,877	\$205,182	\$627,269	\$531,632
Operating Grants and Contributions	654,826	916,129	238,554	205,411	893,380	1,121,540
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	8,919	0	0	0	8,919
-				,		
Total Program Revenues	1,073,218	1,251,498	447,431	410,593	1,520,649	1,662,091
General revenues						
Property Taxes	3,378,848	3,387,878	0	0	3,378,848	3,387,878
Grants and Entitlements not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	4,599,396	4,704,469	0	0	4,599,396	4,704,469
Investment Earnings	5,979	9,415	0	0	5,979	9,415
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	4,921	0	0	0	4,921	0
Miscellaneous	768	68,812	0	0	768	68,812
Total General Revenues	7,989,912	8,170,574	0	0	7,989,912	8,170,574
Total Revenues	9,063,130	9,422,072	447,431	410,593	9,510,561	9,832,665
Program Expenses						
Instruction:						
Regular	4,567,162	5,000,184	0	0	4,567,162	5,000,184
Special	748,381	659,239	0	0	748,381	659,239
Vocational	48,457	72,572	0	0	48,457	72,572
Student Intervention Services	80,989	53,835	0	0	80,989	53,835
Support Services:	,	,				ŕ
Pupil	408,182	373,496	0	0	408,182	373,496
Instructional Staff	89,150	81,904	0	0	89,150	81,904
Board of Education	48,482	84,813	0	0	48,482	84,813
Administration	703,266	687,770	0	0	703,266	687,770
Fiscal	345,436	333,426	0	0	345,436	333,426
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	775,672	801,559	0	0	775,672	801,559
Pupil Transportation	851,474	797,995	0	0	851,474	797,995
Central	127,289	148,387	0	0	127,289	148,387
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	416,284	458,094	0	0	416,284	458,094
Extracurricular Activities	260,480	273,269	0	0	260,480	273,269
Interest and Fiscal Charges	463,520	317,946	0	0	463,520	317,946
Food Service	0	0	416.031	383,974	416,031	383,974
Pre-Kindergarten	0	0	26,306	29,425	26,306	29,425
Total Program Expenses	9,934,224	10,144,489	442,337	413,399	10,376,561	10,557,888
Change in Net Assets	(871,094)	(722,417)	5,094	(2,806)	(866,000)	(725,223)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	19,991,867	20,714,284	207,590	210,396	20,199,457	20,924,680
Net Assets End of Year	\$19,120,773	\$19,991,867	\$212,684	\$207,590	\$19,333,457	\$20,199,457

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Graph 2
Governmental Revenues and Expenses
(In Millions)

	2012	2011
Revenues	\$9.1	\$9.4
Expenses	9.9	10.1



Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay less than \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Instruction expenses comprise the largest portion of all program expenses for the School District. These expenses pay for teacher salary and benefits which increase at set levels every year through negotiated agreements.

Interest and fiscal charges increased from the prior fiscal year which is the result of the School District's continued payments on outstanding debt obligations approved by the residents of the School District to fund capital projects.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3

Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	2012		2011	
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program Expenses				
Instruction	\$5,444,989	\$4,661,730	\$5,785,830	\$4,797,626
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	497,332	470,905	455,400	435,575
Board of Education, Administration,				
and Fiscal	1,097,184	1,048,575	1,106,009	1,068,418
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	775,672	716,979	801,559	739,659
Pupil Transportation	851,474	817,066	797,995	775,581
Central	127,289	116,927	148,387	132,485
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	416,284	397,611	458,094	428,015
Extracurricular Activities	260,480	167,693	273,269	197,686
Interest and Fiscal Charges	463,520	463,520	317,946	317,946
Total	\$9,934,224	\$8,861,006	\$10,144,489	\$8,892,991

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent as they account for 89.20 percent of the total cost of services in fiscal year 2012. This amount was 87.66 percent in 2011. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for Joseph Badger Local School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds begins on page 18. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund had an increase in fund balance due mainly to reductions in regular instruction expenditures. The bond retirement fund also had an increase in fund balance due to the continuation of receiving property tax and grant revenues which are partially offset by the continuation of the payment of debt obligations.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2012, the School District amended its general fund by a small percentage. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenses but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue was lower than the original budget estimate. The change was attributed to decreases in estimates for revenues due to the overall poor economy. The School District's unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$2,360,260.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal 2012 balances compared to fiscal 2011:

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
	<u>. </u>					
Land	\$528,682	\$528,682	\$0	\$0	\$528,682	\$528,682
Land Improvements	3,091,943	3,304,500	0	0	3,091,943	3,304,500
Buildings and Improvements	19,899,100	20,659,261	0	0	19,899,100	20,659,261
Furniture and Equipment	802,639	884,376	168,390	184,790	971,029	1,069,166
Vehicles	400,940	409,191	0	0	400,940	409,191
Textbooks	56,587	72,858	0	0	56,587	72,858
Total Capital Assets	\$24,779,891	\$25,858,868	\$168,390	\$184,790	\$24,948,281	\$26,043,658
•						

For fiscal year 2012, capital assets decreased due to depreciation exceeding additions of a 2013 Thomas bus and textbooks to capital assets. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2012 the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding. Table 5 summarizes the outstanding debt.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Fiscal Year End
Governmental Activities

	2012	2011
2003 New School Construction		
Serial Bonds	\$665,000	\$3,250,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	99,993	99,993
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	455,748	55,641
Term Bonds	0	4,605,000
Unamortized Premium	68,275	273,101
2012 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds		
Serial Bonds	6,550,000	0
Term Bonds	300,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	24,997	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	4,801	0
Unamortized Accounting Loss	(527,065)	0
Unamortized Premium	646,893	0
Total	\$8,288,642	\$8,283,735

The School District's overall legal debt margin increased to \$2.51 million. See Note 14 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's long-term obligations.

School District Outlook

The State of Ohio continues to place pressure on the resources of local districts through funding cuts. Moving to a single new building resulted in operational efficiencies that offset future revenue cuts from the State.

The School District is determined to do all that it can to remain solvent and to avoid passing a new levy. The School District currently has two emergency levies. This levy position is precarious because these levies require voter approval at the end of their five and ten year life and also because the dollar amount is fixed and does not compensate for inflation. The Board has discussed several alternative tax strategies.

We are dependent on outside factors for our future success. The Ohio School Funding Formula provides most of the revenue for Joseph Badger Local Schools. While a substantial increase in the State's financial efforts would be justified and welcomed, our five year forecasts do not take this possibility into account.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The health care insurance consortium to which Joseph Badger belongs has a reasonable cash balance. Health care costs containment has become a large issue for the future. Management negotiated a contract that will require employee contributions, increased office co-pays, increased drug co-pays and higher deductibles. Additionally, employees were required to have their spouses take single coverage if they were eligible at a reasonable cost of below \$100 per month. This ensures that the claims of spouses stay with the responsible employer.

Joseph Badger Local School District has ten teachers approaching retirement. Often if a senior teacher retires, they are replaced at a much lower cost. This will have a positive effect on School District finances.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information please contact Gregory Sciola, Treasurer at Joseph Badger Local School District, 7110 St. Rt. 7, Kinsman, Ohio 44428 or call (330) 876-2812 or e-mail Gregory.Sciola@Neomin.org.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental	Business-Type	_ ,
America	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets Equity in Parallel Cook and Cook Equipolants	\$2.442.6 27	\$77.55 <i>(</i>	¢2 521 192
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,443,627 0	\$77,556	\$3,521,183
Accounts Receivable		6,152 0	6,152
Intergovernmental Receivable	28,474	0	28,474
Accrued Interest Receivable	2,243 3,915,114	0	2,243 3,915,114
Property Taxes Receivable	, ,	-	, ,
Deferred Charges	119,825	0	119,825
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	528,682	0	528,682
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	24,251,209	168,390	24,419,599
Total Assets	32,289,174	252,098	32,541,272
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	20,971	5,865	26,836
Accrued Wages and Benefits	595,526	17,449	612,975
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	22,376	937	23,313
Intergovernmental Payable	121,626	3,546	125,172
Deferred Revenue	3,492,254	0	3,492,254
Accrued Interest Payable	20,489	0	20,489
Claims Payable	5,297	0	5,297
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	693,525	6,849	700,374
Due In More Than One Year	8,196,337	4,768	8,201,105
Total Liabilities	13,168,401	39,414	13,207,815
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	17,071,623	168,390	17,240,013
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	448,448	0	448,448
Debt Service	532,090	0	532,090
Set Asides	33,356	0	33,356
Other Purposes	93,148	0	93,148
Unrestricted	942,108	44,294	986,402
Total Net Assets	\$19,120,773	\$212,684	\$19,333,457



Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	_	Program Revenues			
_	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Governmental Activities					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$4,567,162	\$147,387	\$273,449		
Special	748,381	19,280	337,351		
Vocational	48,457	2,159	0		
Student Intervention Services	80,989	3,633	0		
Support Services:					
Pupil	408,182	17,724	0		
Instructional Staff	89,150	3,723	4,980		
Board of Education	48,482	2,175	0		
Administration	703,266	31,477	0		
Fiscal	345,436	14,957	0		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	775,672	31,789	26,904		
Pupil Transportation	851,474	34,408	0		
Central	127,289	4,962	5,400		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	416,284	18,673	0		
Extracurricular Activities	260,480	86,045	6,742		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	463,520	0	0		
Total Governmental Activities	9,934,224	418,392	654,826		
Business-Type Activities					
Food Service	416,031	176,314	238,554		
Pre-Kindergarten	26,306	32,563	0		
Total Business-Type Activities	442,337	208,877	238,554		
Totals	\$10,376,561	\$627,269	\$893,380		

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service

Capital Outlay

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted

to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
(\$4,146,326)	\$0	(\$4,146,326)
(391,750)	0	(391,750)
(46,298)	0	(46,298)
(77,356)	0	(77,356)
(390,458)	0	(390,458)
(80,447)	0	(80,447)
(46,307)	0	(46,307)
(671,789)	0	(671,789)
(330,479)	0	(330,479)
(716,979)	0	(716,979)
(817,066)	0	(817,066)
(116,927)	0	(116,927)
(397,611)	0	(397,611)
(167,693)	0	(167,693)
(463,520)	0	(463,520)
(8,861,006)	0	(8,861,006)
	(4.4.50)	4.450
0	(1,163)	(1,163)
0	6,257	6,257
0	5,094	5,094
(8,861,006)	5,094	(8,855,912)
2,786,997	0	2,786,997
549,502	0	549,502
42,349	0	42,349
4,599,396	0	4,599,396
5,979	0	5,979
4,921	0	4,921
768	0	768
7,989,912	0	7,989,912
(871,094)	5,094	(866,000)
19,991,867	207,590	20,199,457
\$19,120,773	\$212,684	\$19,333,457

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$2,358,730	\$483,498	\$533,145	\$3,375,373
Restricted Assets:		,		, , ,
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	36,774	0	0	36,774
Property Taxes Receivable	3,224,116	639,439	51,559	3,915,114
Accrued Interest Receivable	2,243	0	0	2,243
Intergovernmental Receivable	5,834	0	22,640	28,474
Total Assets	\$5,627,697	\$1,122,937	\$607,344	\$7,357,978
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$20,493	\$0	\$478	\$20,971
Accrued Wages and Benefits	576,141	0	19,385	595,526
Intergovernmental Payable	117,241	0	4,385	121,626
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	22,376	0	0	22,376
Deferred Revenue	3,211,361	636,908	73,995	3,922,264
Total Liabilities	3,947,612	636,908	98,243	4,682,763
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	3,418	0	0	3,418
Restricted	33,356	486,029	526,608	1,045,993
Assigned	34,139	0	0	34,139
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,609,172	0	(17,507)	1,591,665
Total Fund Balances	1,680,085	486,029	509,101	2,675,215
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$5,627,697	\$1,122,937	\$607,344	\$7,357,978

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$2,675,215	
Amounts reported for governmental activities i net assets are different because	n the statement of	
Capital assets used in governmental activities ar resources and therefore are not reported in the		24,779,891
Other long-term assets are not available to pay f expenditures and therefore are deferred in the Property Taxes	-	
Intergovernmental	22,640	
Total		430,010
An internal service fund is used by management costs of dental insurance to individual funds. of the internal service fund are included in go activities in the statement of net assets.	The assets and liabilities	26,183
In the statement of activities, bond issuance cost the term of the bonds, whereas in government issuance expenditure is reported when bonds	tal funds, a bond	119,825
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	on outstanding	(20,489)
Long-term liabilities payable are not due and pa current period and therefore are not reported in Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds	*	
Total		(8,889,862)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$19,120,773

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
_				
Revenues	** ***	0.510.001		***
Property Taxes	\$2,808,535	\$549,321	\$43,394	\$3,401,250
Intergovernmental	4,477,950	121,446	622,944	5,222,340
Interest	5,243	0	736	5,979
Tuition and Fees	332,737	0	0	332,737
Extracurricular Activities	30,709	0	48,217	78,926
Contributions and Donations	2,500	0	6,742	9,242
Charges for Services	6,729	0	0	6,729
Miscellaneous	768	0	0	768
Total Revenues	7,665,171	670,767	722,033	9,057,971
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,335,642	0	272,188	3,607,830
Special	415,277	0	317,804	733,081
Vocational	46,976	0	0	46,976
Student Intervention Services	80,989	0	0	80,989
Support Services:	,	_	-	,
Pupil	394,580	0	13,064	407,644
Instructional Staff	87,271	0	3,859	91,130
Board of Education	48,482	0	0	48,482
Administration	692,687	0	0	692,687
Fiscal	333,540	10,947	867	345,354
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	720,892	0	50,638	771,530
Pupil Transportation	763,459	0	0	763,459
Central	110,614	0	5,400	116,014
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	416,284	0	0	416,284
Extracurricular Activities	172,649	0	57,481	230,130
Capital Outlay	11,011	0	42,727	53,738
Debt Service:	,	_	,	22,,23
Principal Retirement	0	315,000	0	315,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	164,943	0	164,943
Bond Issuance Costs	0	121,873	0	121,873
Total Expenditures	7,630,353	612,763	764,028	9,007,144
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	34,818	58,004	(41,995)	50,827
Excess of Revenues Over (Onacr) Experimines	54,610	30,004	(41,773)	30,027
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	4,921	0	0	4,921
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	6,874,997	0	6,874,997
Premium on Refunding Bonds Issued	0	657,951	0	657,951
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	(7,411,075)	0	(7,411,075)
Transfers In	0	0	4,770	4,770
Transfers Out	(4,770)	0	0	(4,770)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	151	121,873	4,770	126,794
Net Change in Fund Balances	34,969	179,877	(37,225)	177,621
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,645,116	306,152	546,326	2,497,594
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,680,085	\$486,029	\$509,101	\$2,675,215

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Government	al Funds	\$177,621
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendi the cost of those assets is allocated over their estin This is the amount by which depreciation exceede Capital Outlay Depreciation	nated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Total		(1,078,977)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not pro- resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Property Taxes Intergovernmental		
Total		238
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of ne		7,726,075
In the statement of activities, bond issuance costs are whereas in governmental funds, a bond issuance e	•	121,873
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities resources and therefore are not reported as expend Accrued Interest on Bonds Amortization of Issuance Costs Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Accounting Loss Bond Accretion		
Total		(298,577)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resource are not reported as expenditures in governmental f	es and therefore	37,641
Other financing sources in the governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of no Proceeds of Refunding Bonds Premium on Refunding Bonds	et assets. (6,874,997) (657,951)	
Total		(7,532,948)
The internal service fund used by management to charare not reported in the district-wide statements of and related internal service fund revenues are elim	activities. Governmental fund expenditures ninated. The net revenue (expense) of the	-
internal service fund is allocated among the gover	nmental activities.	(24,040)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		(\$871,094)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$2,861,633	\$2,810,569	\$2,810,569	\$0	
Intergovernmental	4,557,452	4,476,127	4,476,127	0	
Interest	6,579	6,462	6,462	0	
Tuition and Fees	338,782	332,737	332,737	0	
Contributions and Donations	2,545	2,500	2,500	0	
Charges for Services	6,993	6,868	6,868	0	
Miscellaneous	327	804	804	0	
Total Revenues	7,774,311	7,636,067	7,636,067	0	
Expenditures Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,565,907	3,435,942	3,435,942	0	
Special	390,676	408,434	408,434	0	
Vocational	57,655	50,489	50,489	0	
Student Intervention Services	44,547	80,989	80,989	0	
Support Services:	,	00,202	00,707	v	
Pupil	388,735	392,968	392,968	0	
Instructional Staff	86,243	86,741	86,741	0	
Board of Education	48,042	49,391	49,391	0	
Administration	700,478	693,924	693,924	0	
Fiscal	327,415	335,415	335,415	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	728,552	713,645	713,645	0	
Pupil Transportation	725,816	762,968	762,968	0	
Central	118,669	110,592	110,592	0	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	405,500	416,284	416,284	0	
Extracurricular Activities	181,545	158,762	158,762	0	
Capital Outlay	0	11,011	11,011	0	
Total Expenditures	7,769,780	7,707,555	7,707,555	0	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,531	(71,488)	(71,488)	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	4,921	4,921	4,921	0	
Advances In	81,568	81,568	81,568	0	
Transfers Out	0	(4,770)	(4,770)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	86,489	81,719	81,719	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	91,020	10,231	10,231	0	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,344,674	2,344,674	2,344,674	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	5,355	5,355	5,355	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,441,049	\$2,360,260	\$2,360,260	\$0	

Statement of Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activity Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activity Internal Service Fund
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$77,556	\$31,480
Accounts Receivable	6,152	0
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	168,390	0
Total Assets	252,098	31,480
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	5,865	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits	17,449	0
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	937	0
Intergovernmental Payable	3,546	0
Claims Payable	0	5,297
Total Current Liabilities	27,797	5,297
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year	6,849	0
Due In More Than One Year	4,768	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	11,617	0
Total Liabilities	39,414	5,297
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets	168,390	0
Unrestricted	44,294	26,183
Total Net Assets	\$212,684	\$26,183

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business-Typ	Governmental		
	Food Service	Pre - Kindergarten	Total Enterprise Funds	Activity Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$176,314	\$32,563	\$208,877	\$72,131
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	119,237	26,049	145,286	0
Fringe Benefits	66,656	0	66,656	0
Purchased Services	9,540	0	9,540	23,564
Materials and Supplies	203,997	257	204,254	0
Claims	0	0	0	72,607
Depreciation	16,400	0	16,400	0
Other	201	0	201	0
Total Operating Expenses	416,031	26,306	442,337	96,171
Operating Income (Loss)	(239,717)	6,257	(233,460)	(24,040)
Non-Operating Revenue				
Operating Grants	238,554	0	238,554	0
Change in Net Assets	(1,163)	6,257	5,094	(24,040)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	207,590	0	207,590	50,223
Net Assets End of Year	\$206,427	\$6,257	\$212,684	\$26,183

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental
	Total		Total	Activity
		Pre -	Enterprise	Internal Service
	Food Service	Kindergarten	Funds	Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash Received from Customers	\$174,152	\$32,563	\$206,715	\$0
Cash Received from Interfund Services	0	0	0	72,131
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(119,292)	(26,049)	(145,341)	0
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(65,862)	0	(65,862)	0
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(207,672)	(257)	(207,929)	(23,564)
Cash Payments for Claims	0	0	0	(72,804)
Other Cash Payments	(201)	0	(201)	0
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(218,875)	6,257	(212,618)	(24,237)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Operating Grants Received	238,554	0	238,554	0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	19,679	6,257	25,936	(24,237)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	51,620	0	51,620	55,717
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$71,299	\$6,257	\$77,556	\$31,480
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$239,717)	\$6,257	(\$233,460)	(\$24,040)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation	16,400	0	16,400	0
Increase in Accounts Receivable	(2,162)	0	(2,162)	0
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	5,865	0	5,865	0
Accrued Wages	(1,752)	0	(1,752)	0
Compensated Absences Payable	2,717	0	2,717	0
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	(238)	0	(238)	0
Intergovernmental Payable	12	0	12	0
Claims Payable	0	0	0	(197)
Total Adjustments	20,842	0	20,842	(197)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(\$218,875)	\$6,257	(\$212,618)	(\$24,237)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$24,908	\$18,940
Liabilities Due to Students	0	\$18,940
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$24,908	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	
Additions		
Gifts and Contributions	\$13	
Interest	8	
Total Additions	21	
Deductions	1 000	
Scholarships Awarded	1,000	
Change in Net Assets	(979)	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	25,887	
Net Assets End of Year	\$24,908	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Joseph Badger Local School District (the School District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by the State and federal agencies. This Board of Education controls the School District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by thirty-two classified employees, fifty-two certified full-time teaching personnel, and five administrators who provide services to 952 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and three public entity risk pools and is associated with a related organization. These organizations are presented in Notes 18, 19 and 20 to the financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Trumbull County Career and Technical Center Northeast Ohio Management Information Network Trumbull Student Assistance Consortium Region 12 Professional Development Center

Public Entity Risk Pools:

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority

Related Organization:

Kinsman Public Library

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The School District has elected not to apply FASB Statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and enterprise funds. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges).

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the School District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund – The bond retirement fund accounts for and reports property tax revenues that are restricted for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise Fund Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The School District accounts for two enterprise funds. One for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the School District. The other for the financial transactions related to the pre-kindergarten program which began in fiscal year 2009.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District utilizes an internal service fund to account for the operation of the School District's self insurance program for employee dental benefits.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund which accounts for college scholarship donations for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student managed activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, interest, tuition, and student fees.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level within each fund and function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that were in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education. Prior to June 30, the Board requested and received an amended certificate in which estimated revenue matches actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year. Prior to year end the Board of Education adopted appropriations which match actual expenditures plus encumbrances.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the School District is pooled for investment purposes. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's net asset value per share, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$5,243, which includes \$1,045 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund are money required by State statute to be set-aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization and for unclaimed funds. See Note 16 for additional information regarding set-asides.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of twenty-five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	50 years	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	50 years	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years	5-20 years
Vehicles	10 years	N/A
Textbooks	5 years	N/A

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after ten years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave will be paid.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include grants and resources restricted for public school support and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Balance Reserves

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by the highest level formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for food service, pre-kindergarten and self insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs that are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as non-operating.

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs for underwriting fees and bond insurance for the school improvement general obligation bonds are being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds on the government-wide statements. The straight-line method of amortization is not materially different from the effective-interest method. On the governmental fund financial statements bond issuance costs are recognized when the debt is issued.

As permitted by State statute, the School District paid bond issuance costs from the bond proceeds and therefore does not consider that portion of the debt to be capital-related debt. That portion of the debt was offset against the unamortized bond issuance costs which were included in the determination of unrestricted net assets. Reporting both within the same element of net assets prevents one classification from being overstated while another is understated by the same amount.

Gain/Loss on Refunding

On the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt, the gain/loss on refunding, is being amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred amount is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method.

Bond Premiums

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

			Other	
		Bond	Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Retirement	Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Unclaimed Monies	\$3,418	\$0	\$0	\$3,418
Restricted for				
Set-Asides	33,356	0	0	33,356
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	60,865	60,865
Athletics	0	0	17,389	17,389
Debt Service Payments	0	486,029	0	486,029
Capital Improvements	0	0	448,354	448,354
Total Restricted	33,356	486,029	526,608	1,045,993
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	34,139	0	0	34,139
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,609,172	0	(17,507)	1,591,665
Total Fund Balances	\$1,680,085	\$486,029	\$509,101	\$2,675,215

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the public school support fund are classified to general fund for GAAP Reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$34,969
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,605
Advances In	81,568
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(89,833)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources	
under expenditures:	
Public School Support	(16,749)
Encumbrances	(1,329)
Budget Basis	\$10,231

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active deposits must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the School District had investments in STAR Ohio with a fair value of \$1,989,538 and a maturity of 52.5 days.

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 6 – Accountability

At June 30, 2012, the education jobs and the title I special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$1,073 and \$16,434, respectively. These funds' deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$12,755 in the general fund, \$200 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund, \$2,530 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$4 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$14,789 in the general fund, \$215 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund, \$2,750 in the bond retirement debt service fund and \$50 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Secon	nd	2012 Firs	t
	Half Collecti	ons	Half Collecti	ions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residental				
and Other Real Estate	\$109,868,380	96.72 %	\$110,713,300	96.58 %
Public Utility Personal	3,614,150	3.18	3,915,100	3.42
Tangible Personal Property	109,260	0.10	0	0.00
Total	\$113,591,790	100.00 %	\$114,628,400	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$40.80		\$40.40	

Note 8 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/11	Additions	Deductions	06/30/12
Governmental Activities			_	_
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$528,682	\$0	\$0	\$528,682
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	4,260,070	0	0	4,260,070
Buildings and Improvements	24,071,333	0	0	24,071,333
Furniture and Equipment	1,295,020	0	0	1,295,020
Vehicles	1,083,599	76,162	(95,170)	1,064,591
Textbooks	666,659	13,334	(12,000)	667,993
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$31,376,681	\$89,496	(\$107,170)	\$31,359,007
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(955,570)	(212,557)	0	(1,168,127)
Buildings and Improvements	(3,412,072)	(760,161)	0	(4,172,233)
Furniture and Equipment	(410,644)	(81,737)	0	(492,381)
Vehicles	(674,408)	(84,413)	95,170	(663,651)
Textbooks	(593,801)	(29,605)	12,000	(611,406)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,046,495)	(1,168,473) *	107,170	(7,107,798)
Total Assets being Depreciated, Net	25,330,186	(1,078,977)	0	24,251,209
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$25,858,868	(\$1,078,977)	\$0	\$24,779,891

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Balance 06/30/11	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/12
Business-Type Activity Furniture and Equipment	\$256,261	\$0	\$0	\$256,261
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(71,471)	(16,400)	0	(87,871)
Buisness-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$184,790	(\$16,400)	\$0	\$168,390

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,020,972
Special	756
Vocational	320
Support Services:	
Pupil	2,285
Administration	1,557
Fiscal	182
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	16,363
Pupil Transportation	84,413
Central	11,275
Extracurricular Activities	30,350
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,168,473

Note 9 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of taxes, intergovernmental, tuition, accrued interest, and rentals. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables, except property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Intergovernmental receivables consist of federal grant money in the title I special revenue fund in the amount of \$22,640 and \$5,834 in the general fund from the School Employees Retirement System.

Note 10 - Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 12.70 percent. The remaining 1.30 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Medicare B and Health Care funds. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$124,432, \$115,156 and \$125,023, respectively. For fiscal year 2012, 98.00 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon the recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The School District's required contributions to STRS Ohio for the DB Plan and for the defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan were \$490,314 and \$45 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, \$494,138 and \$0 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, and \$499,724 and \$492 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. For fiscal year 2012, 82.72 percent has been contributed for the DB plan and 82.72 percent has been contributed for the Combined Plan, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Contributions made to STRS Ohio for the DC Plan and for fiscal year 2012 were \$10,205 made by the School District and \$7,290 made by the plan members. In addition, member contributions of \$32 were made for fiscal year 2012 for the defined contribution portion of the Combined Plan.

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2012, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages.

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans administrated by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by SERS based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For fiscal year 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for fiscal year 2012, this amount was \$35,800. During fiscal year 2012, the School District paid \$14,443 in surcharge.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$19,832, \$28,437 and \$23,694, respectively. For fiscal year 2012, 98.00 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$7,348, \$7,411 and \$7,435 respectively. For fiscal year 2012, 98.00 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$37,716, \$38,011 and \$38,440 respectively. For fiscal year 2012, 82.72 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. A percentage of unused sick time is paid at retirement. All employees who are eligible to retire receive a severance benefit upon retirement limited to twenty-five percent of accumulated sick leave. For classified employees the maximum pay out is limited to eighty days. For certified employees and certain administrators, the maximum payout is determined by their individual contracts. Only employees with 10 years of service or more, with the School District, are paid for unused sick leave at termination or resignation.

Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium at a cost of \$.105 per \$1,000 for the first \$50,000 and a rate that varies by age for amounts in excess of the first \$50,000. The coverage provided follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Amount of			Amount of
Class	Class Description	Coverage	Class	Class Description	Coverage
I	Full Time Certified	\$50,000	VI	Classified Cafeteria Aide	\$12,500
II	Full Time Classified	25,000	VII	Half Day Custodial	12,500
III	Part Time Classified	25,000	VIII	Building Secretaries	25,000
IV	Treasurer	100,000	IX	Administrators	50,000
V	Half Day Classified	12,500	X	Superintendent	100,000

Note 13 – Interfund Transfers

The general fund transferred \$4,770 to the athletic special revenue fund to help fund athletic events.

Note 14 - Long-Term Obligations

Original issue amounts and interest rates of the School District's debt issues were as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Year of Maturity
2003 New School Construction			
Capital Appreciation Bonds	3.70%	\$99,993	2015-2017
Serial Bonds	2.00-3.90%	5,295,000	2022-2026
Term Bonds	3.70%	4,605,000	2034
2012 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds			
Term Bonds	1.00-1.30%	300,000	2014-2017
Capital Appreciation Bonds	67.815%	24,997	2018-2019
Serial Bonds	1.00-3.30%	6,550,000	2032

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2012 were as follows:

	Dolomoo			Balance	Amounts Due in
	Balance 6/30/11	Additions	Deductions	6/30/12	One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2003 New School Construction					
Serial Bonds	\$3,250,000	\$0	\$2,585,000	\$665,000	\$330,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	99,993	0	0	99,993	0
Accretion on Bonds	55,641	400,107	0	455,748	0
Term Bonds	4,605,000	0	4,605,000	0	0
Unamortized Premium	273,101	0	204,826	68,275	0
Total 2003 New School Construction Bonds	8,283,735	400,107	7,394,826	1,289,016	330,000
2012 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds					
Serial Bonds	\$0	\$6,550,000	\$0	\$6,550,000	\$145,000
Term Bonds	0	300,000	0	300,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	0	24,997	0	24,997	0
Accretion	0	4,801	0	4,801	0
Unamortized Accounting Loss	0	(536,075)	(9,010)	(527,065)	0
Unamortized Premium	0	657,951	11,058	646,893	0
Total 2012 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds	0	7,001,674	2,048	6,999,626	145,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	8,283,735	7,401,781	7,396,874	8,288,642	475,000
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Compensated Absences	638,861	303,451	341,092	601,220	218,525
Total Long-Term Liabilties	\$8,922,596	\$7,705,232	\$7,737,966	\$8,889,862	\$693,525
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$8,900	\$9,312	\$6,595	\$11,617	\$6,849

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service enterprise fund.

On June 24, 2003, Joseph Badger Local School District issued \$9,999,993 in voted general obligation bonds, which included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds in the amounts of \$5,295,000, \$4,605,000 and \$99,993, respectively. As of June 30, 2012, the full amount of the term bonds and the majority of the serial bonds remaining outstanding were retired by the School District through an advance refunding. The general obligation bonds were issued to fund the construction of the new pre-kindergarten through grade twelve building. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2031. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The maturity amount of outstanding 2003 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012 is \$1,050,000. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$950,007, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2017. The accretion recorded for 2012 was \$400,107, for a total outstanding capital appreciation bond liability of \$555,741 at June 30, 2012.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The serial bonds will mature on December 1, 2012 and 2013, in the amounts of \$330,000 and \$335,000, respectively.

On April 19, 2012, the School District issued \$6,874,997 in general obligation refunding bonds which included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amount of \$6,550,000, \$300,000 and \$24,997, respectively. The general obligation refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the 2003 new school construction bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2031. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

The maturity amount of outstanding 2012 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012 is \$850,000. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$825,003, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2019. The accretion recorded for 2012 was \$4,801, for a total outstanding capital appreciation bond liability of \$29,798 at June 30, 2012.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2014 and 2016 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Issue		
Year	\$150,000	\$150,000	
2014	\$75,000	\$0	
2016	0	75,000	
Total	\$75,000	\$75,000	
Stated Maturity	12/1/2014	12/1/2016	

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$75,000 and \$75,000) will mature at the stated maturity.

The refunding bonds were sold at a premium of \$657,951. Net proceeds of \$7,411,075 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded portion of the various bonds. As a result, \$6,875,000 of these bonds is considered defeased and the liability for the refund portion of these bonds has been removed from the School District's financial statements.

The School District decreased its total debt service payments by \$453,557 as a result of the advance refunding. The School District also incurred an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$77,336.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

An analysis of the refunding issue follows:

	2003 Various Purpose Construction Bonds
Outstanding at June 30, 2011 Amortization of Premium on Refunded Portion Amount Refunded	\$8,283,735 (191,171) (6,875,000)
Non-Refunded Portion Accretion on Non-Refunded Portion Amortization of Premium on Non-Refunded Portion Principal Payment on Non-Refunded Portion	1,217,564 400,107 (13,655) (315,000)
Outstanding Principal at June 30, 2012	\$1,289,016

The School District's overall debt margin was \$2,511,412 with an unvoted debt margin of \$114,628 at June 30, 2012. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

	Serial Bonds		Term Bonds		Capital Appreciation Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013	\$475,000	\$500,781	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2014	335,000	442,024	75,000	181,620	0	0
2015	0	0	75,000	180,870	39,652	310,348
2016	0	0	75,000	180,007	32,945	317,055
2017	0	0	75,000	179,032	27,396	322,604
2018-2022	1,305,000	852,767	0	0	24,997	825,003
2023-2027	2,370,000	604,675	0	0	0	0
2028-2032	2,730,000	227,462	0	0	0	0
Total	\$7,215,000	\$2,627,709	\$300,000	\$721,529	\$124,990	\$1,775,010

Note 15 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the School District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverage provided by SORSA is as follows:

General Liability

Bodily Injury, Personal Injury, Products/Completed Operations	\$12,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Employee Benefits Liability	12,000,000
Medical Payments (\$5,000 per accident)	
General Liability Annual Aggregate	14,000,000
Educators' Legal Liability - Errors and Omissions (\$5,000 deductil	ble)1,000,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Automobile Liability	50,000
Owned/Leased Vehicles includes Hired/Non-owned (no deductible)	
Uninsured Motorists (no deductible)	50,000
Automobile Physical Damage (\$1,000 deductible)	Actual Value
Property Insurance Limit (Replacement Cost with \$1,000 deductible)	36,479,323
Crime, Forgery, Computer Fraud, Theft, Disappearance, Destruction	100,000
Earthquake and Flood (\$100,000 deductible)	2,000,000
Unintentional Errors and Omissions	1,000,000
other property damage included (\$1,000 deductible)	Various

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Employee Health Benefits

The School District has contracted with Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. The Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

The School District elected to provide dental coverage benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan provides a dental plan with a \$75 family and \$25 single deductible. A third-party administrator, Self Funded Plans Inc., located in Cleveland, Ohio, reviews all dental claims which are then paid by the School District. The School District pays into the self-insurance internal service fund \$70.90 per family coverage and \$19.78 per single coverage per month for dental plan. The premiums are paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and are based on historical cost information.

The claims liability estimated by the third party administrator to be \$5,297 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2012 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which required that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. The change in the fund's claims liability amount for 2012 was:

	Balance at	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2011	\$5,979	\$84,506	\$84,991	\$5,494
2012	5,494	72,607	72,804	5,297

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the School District participated in the Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Note 16 - Set-Aside Calculations

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. At June 30, 2012, only the unspent portion of certain workers' compensation refunds continues to be set aside.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by the State statute.

	Capital	Budget
	Improvements	Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$0	\$33,356
Prior Year Carryover	(7,954,993)	0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	169,819	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(123,920)	0
Totals	(\$7,909,094)	\$33,356
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future		
Fiscal Years	(\$7,639,990)	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$0	\$33,356

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for capital acquisition set-asides. The negative balance being carried forward represents the still outstanding balance on the School District's Ohio Schools Facilities Commission bonds. The total reserve balance for the set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$33,356.

Note 17 - Contingencies

Grants

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Litigation

No litigation is pending at this time for the Joseph Badger Local School District.

Note 18 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Trumbull County Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull County Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a board consisting of one representative from each of the fifteen participating school districts. The board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. Joseph Badger Local School District students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the board. During fiscal year 2012, no monies were paid to the Career and Technical Center. Financial information can be obtained from the Trumbull County Career and Technical Center, Treasurer, at 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

The Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge. The School District paid \$18,123 to NEOMIN during fiscal year 2012.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members, the Trumbull and Ashtabula superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a principal and treasurer (non-voting members who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN). The School District was represented on the Governing Board by the Superintendent during fiscal year 2012. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, at 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Trumbull Student Assistance Consortium (TSAC)

The Trumbull Student Assistance Consortium (TSAC) is a jointly governed organization among sixteen school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of aiding each participating district in establishing an effective comprehensive alcohol, tobacco and other drug prevention/intervention program that will help make schools drug free.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

TSAC is governed by an executive management council made up of five superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, at 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Region 12 Professional Development Center (Center)

The Region 12 Professional Development Center (Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning, and Columbiana Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development, in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvement in instructional programs.

The center is governed by a board made up of nineteen representatives of the participating school districts, the business community, and Youngstown State University, whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, at 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Note 19 – Public Entity Risk Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Shared Risk Pools

The School District participates in the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium. It is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenue are generated from charges for services.

The School District also participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), a risk sharing pool with over 65 members. SORSA is a 100 percent member-owned, non-profit insurance risk pool owned and governed by the school district members. SORSA is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of representatives of school districts that participate in the program.

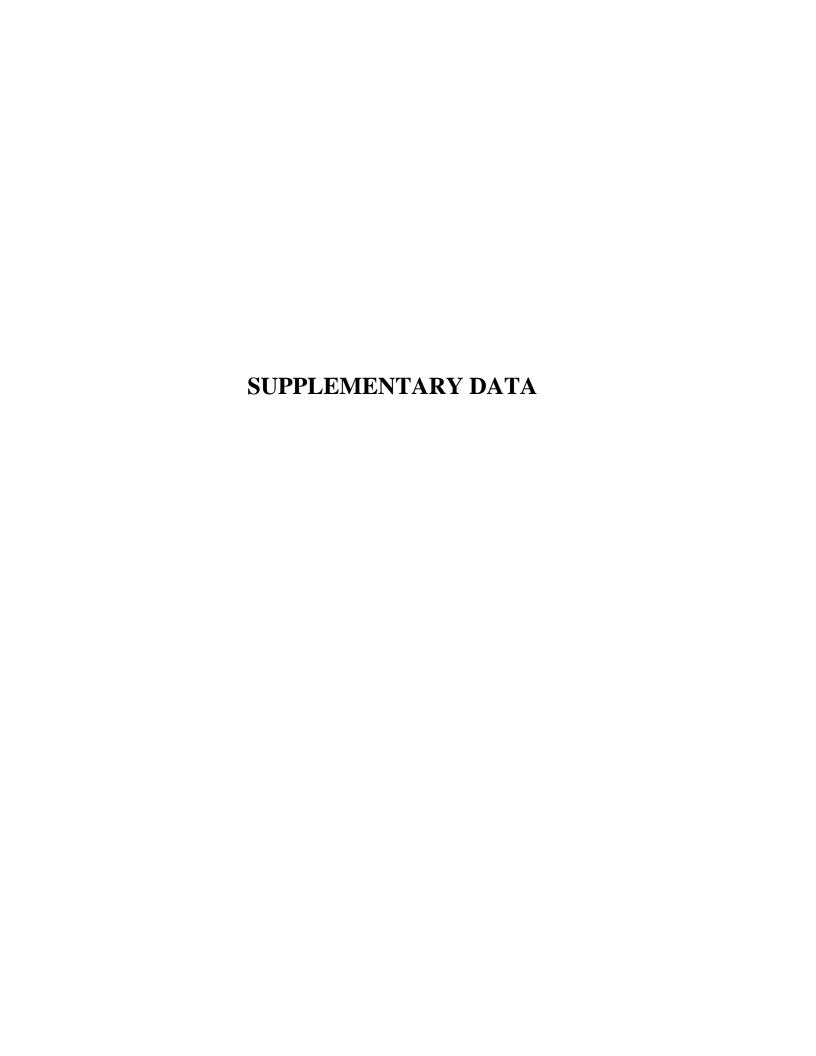
SORSA has agreements with several separate organizations whereby each provides certain administrative, executive, accounting, marketing, underwriting, claim settlement, legal counsel and other services to SORSA and its members. Pursuant to participation agreements with SORSA, each member school district agrees to

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

pay all funding rates associated with the coverage elected. This coverage includes comprehensive general liability, property insurance and automobile liability insurance. To obtain a copy of the SORSA financial statements, write SORSA Executive Director at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

Note 20 - Related Organization

The Kinsman Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Joseph Badger Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fire personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Kinsman Public Library, Martha L. Huscroft, Clerk/Treasurer, at 6420 Church Street, Kinsman, Ohio 44428.



JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
(C)(D) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2012	\$ 55,420	\$ 55,420
$(\mathbf{D})(\mathbf{E})$ National School Lunch Program - Food Donation $(\mathbf{C})(\mathbf{D})$ National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2012 2012	24,697 156,270	24,697 156,270
Total National School Lunch Program			180,967	180,967
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			236,387	236,387
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			236,387	236,387
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2012	134,577	128,314
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
(F) Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2012	180,134	180,134
(F) ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2011	81,568	<u>-</u>
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			261,702	180,134
Educational Technology State Grants	84.318	2012	1,120	1,120
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2012	42,887	42,887
ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395A	2012	350	350
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	2012	231,572	231,572
Total U.S. Department of Education			672,208	584,377
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 908,595	\$ 820,764

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F)
- OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2012.

 This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

 Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. Included as part of "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs.

 The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value. Included as part of "Special Education Cluster (IDEA)" in determining major programs.



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Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards*

Joseph Badger Local School District Trumbull County 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Joseph Badger Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that material financial statement misstatements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. We consider finding 2012-JBLSD-001 to be a significant deficiency. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Joseph Badger Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Joseph Badger Local School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Joseph Badger Local School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Joseph Badger Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Joseph Badger Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 27, 2012

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Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133

Joseph Badger Local School District Trumbull County 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Joseph Badger Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Joseph Badger Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2012. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses identifies the Joseph Badger Local School District's major federal program. The Joseph Badger Local School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the Joseph Badger Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Joseph Badger Local School District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Joseph Badger Local School District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Joseph Badger Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The Joseph Badger Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Joseph Badger Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Joseph Badger Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

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November 27, 2012

JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material No noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(<i>d</i>)(1)(<i>iv</i>)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No	
	Major Program (listed):	Education Jobs Fund (CFDA #84.410)	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS Finding Number 2012-JBLSD-001

Significant Deficiency - Audit Adjustments

A critical part of financial reporting is to maintain internal controls to help ensure the proper reporting of financial statement amounts.

We identified misstatements in the financial statements that were not initially identified by the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control. The District had the following audit adjustments necessary to properly record activity in 2012:

Bond Retirement Major Fund and Governmental Activities

On April 19, 2012, the District issued \$6,874,997 in general obligation refunding bonds, which were not posted to the District's financial statements. These general obligation refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the 2003 new school construction bonds. Audit adjustments were necessary to post the related issuance and refunding transactions and balances to the District's financial statements.

The adjustments have been recorded by the District.

Proper posting of District activities is a crucial part of the District's financial statements as potential users may rely on the statements to make decisions that could have an impact on the District.

We recommend the District review its current controls over financial reporting and develop additional policies, procedures and controls to help ensure more accurate posting and reporting.

Client Response: The District will attempt to properly post all transactions in the future. The Treasurer will consult with Local Government Services when unusual/or infrequent transactions occur.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Joseph Badger Local School District Trumbull County 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Joseph Badger Local School District has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on November 16, 2011 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 27, 2012

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JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 22, 2013