

## Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments <u>www.bhscpas.com</u>

#### EASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BROWN COUNTY

#### SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2012



## Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Education Eastern Local School District 11479 US 62 Winchester, Ohio 45697

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Eastern Local School District, Brown County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Eastern Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 5, 2013

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#### EASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BROWN COUNTY

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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### Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.



Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments www.bhscpas.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Members of the Board of Education Eastern Local School District 11479 US 62 Winchester, Ohio 45697

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eastern Local School District, Brown County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eastern Local School District, Brown County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012 and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2012 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

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Members of the Board of Education Eastern Local School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Balestra, Har & Schern, CPAs

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 9, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Eastern Local School District's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2012 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$4,435,804.
- General revenues accounted for \$11,456,328 in revenue or 79% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$2,971,348, or 21% of total revenues of \$14,427,676.
- The School District had \$15,253,572 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,971,348 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions.
- The School District has three major funds: the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Fund, and the Classroom Facilities Fund. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$15,492,235 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$18,234,716. The most significant change in fund balance was in the Classroom Facilities Fund.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Eastern Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2012?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

#### **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 7. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Fund, and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

*Governmental Funds* Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

*Fiduciary Funds* The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which is used to account for student-managed activities. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

#### THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2012 compared to 2011.

#### Table 1 Net Assets

	Govern 2012	nmental Activities 2011
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,787,4	461 \$ 12,116,645
Capital Assets, Net	44,966,	099 46,429,097
Total Assets	53,753,	560 58,545,742
Liabilities		
Long-term Liabilities	8,746,	555 9,262,727
Current and Other Liabilities	4,823,	631 4,663,837
Total Liabilities	13,570,	186 13,926,564
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	37,091,	099 38,144,097
Restricted	2,483,4	6,196,562
Unrestricted	608,	786 278,519
Total Net Assets	\$ 40,183,	374 \$ 44,619,178

Current and other assets decreased \$3,329,184. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease to cash on hand due to monies spent for the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) project. Capital assets decreased as a result of current year depreciation and deletions which were partially offset by current year additions. Long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to principal payments on outstanding debt. Current and other liabilities increased due to an increase in unearned revenue which was partially offset by an decrease in retainage payable.

#### Eastern Local School District, Brown County Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

#### Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
Revenues	2012	2011
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	1,094,678	\$ 1,035,436
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,876,670	2,266,559
T otal Program Revenues	2,971,348	3,301,995
General Revenues	2,971,940	5,501,995
Property Taxes	3,641,791	4,075,387
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	51,360	53,380
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted to Specific Programs	7,620,206	7,338,385
Grants and Entitlements, Not Restricted for Classroom Facilities	25,697	7,558,585
Investment Earnings	17,508 21,018	6,301 19,538
Gifts and Donations, Not Restricted to Specific Programs Miscellaneous	78,748	,
		80,021
Total General Revenues	11,456,328	12,360,129
Total Revenues	14,427,676	15,662,124
Program Expenses		
Instruction:	6 144 700	5 720 076
Regular	6,144,788	5,739,976
Special	1,407,486	1,552,107
Vocational	111,943	178,744
Other	1,263,430	1,113,149
Support Services:		
Pupils	389,131	376,812
Instructional Staff	1,017,372	898,064
Board of Education	30,762	23,896
Administration	1,002,652	1,040,721
Fiscal	432,840	425,922
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,051,438	1,330,472
Pupil Transportation	1,162,929	1,058,259
Central	36,540	36,076
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	609,854	592,912
Extra curricular Activities	210,799	198,258
Interest and Fiscal Charges	381,608	401,967
Total Expenses	15,253,572	14,967,335
Special Item - Loss on Demolition of School Building	(3,609,908)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(4,435,804)	694,789
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	44,619,178	43,924,389
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 40,183,374	\$ 44,619,178

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs increased primarily due to increased foundation receipts which was partially offset by a decrease in the phasing out tangible personal property state reimbursements. Grants and entitlements restricted for classroom facilities decreased due to decreased activity on the OSFC project. Property taxes decreased primarily due to less revenue available for advance in the current year than in the prior year. Operating grants and contributions decreased due to decreases in the IDEA B, State Fiscal Stabilization, and Title I programs, which were partially offset by an increase in Education Jobs receipts. Regular instruction was increased due to an increase in Education Jobs which were offset by State Fiscal Stabilization program receipts. Special instruction decreased due to decreases in IDEA B and State Fiscal Stabilization program receipts. Other instruction increased primarily due to increased tuition costs to other schools. Operation and maintenance of plant decreased primarily due to decreased OSFC expenditures.

#### **Governmental Activities**

General revenues of \$11,456,328 provide 79% of total revenues. Of this total, property taxes make up 32% and grants and entitlements make up 67% of total general revenues.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, instruction is emphasized. Regular instruction comprised 40% of governmental program expenses with special instruction comprising 9% of governmental expenses.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted State entitlements, property taxes, and other general revenues.

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2012	2012	2011	2011
Instruction	\$ 8,927,647	\$ 7,519,064	\$ 8,583,976	\$ 6,789,737
Support Services	5,123,664	4,538,849	5,190,222	4,646,369
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	609,854	(137,716)	592,912	(152,969)
Extracurricular Activities	210,799	52,510	198,258	51,916
Interest and Fiscal Charges	381,608	309,517	401,967	330,287
Total	\$15,253,572	\$ 12,282,224	\$ 14,967,335	\$ 11,665,340

#### Table 3 Governmental Activities

#### THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund had \$11,286,440 in revenues and other financing sources and \$10,962,297 in expenditures resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$324,143. The increase is due to receipts being greater than expenditures. The Bond Retirement Fund had \$761,160 in revenues and \$820,875 in expenditures resulting in a decrease of fund balance of \$59,715. The Classroom Facilities Fund had \$482,852 in revenues and \$3,476,898 in expenditures and other financing uses resulting in a fund balance decrease of \$2,994,046. This decrease is due primarily to expenditures made of monies received in the prior year for the OSFC construction project.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

During the course of fiscal year 2012, the School District did not amend its General Fund budget. Actual total revenues and other financing sources were \$325,301 above the final budget of \$11,183,720. The variance is primarily due to higher than anticipated intergovernmental revenue. Actual total expenditures and other financing uses were \$551,813 below the final budget of \$11,729,566. The variance is due primarily to a decrease in budgeted expenditures for regular instruction and pupil transportation as a result of conservative budgeting by the School District. The General Fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$1,787,649; \$877,114 above the final budgeted amount.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the School District had \$44,966,099 invested in its capital assets. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 10 to the basic financial statements. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to 2011.

#### Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						
	2012	2011					
Land	\$ 271,526	\$ 271,526					
Construction in Progress	-	9,858,175					
Land Improvements	10,114	13,976					
Buildings and Improvements	41,691,511	33,935,448					
Furniture and Equipment	2,771,497	2,172,085					
Vehicles	221,451	177,887					
Totals	\$ 44,966,099	\$ 46,429,097					

Changes in capital assets from the prior year primarily resulted from current year additions which were partially offset by depreciation and deletions.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2012, the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding (including premiums) of \$8,019,565. The bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing, remodeling, reconstructing and adding to school buildings. For additional information on debt, see Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Eastern Local School District, Brown County** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kevin Kendall, Treasurer at Eastern Local School District, P.O. Box 500, Sardinia, Ohio 45171.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	3,863,624	
Accrued Interest Receivable		573	
Accounts Receivable		3,475	
Intergovernmental Receivable		629,342	
Taxes Receivable		4,205,430	
Unamortized Financing Costs		85,017	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		271,526	
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		44,694,573	
Total Assets		53,753,560	
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		17,264	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		1,035,625	
Contracts Payable		23,528	
Intergovernmental Payable		311,073	
Accrued Interest Payable		31,324	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		27,858	
Unearned Revenue		3,376,959	
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year		608,769	
Due in More Than One Year		8,137,786	
Total Liabilities		13,570,186	
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		37,091,099	
Restricted for Debt Service		1,050,367	
Restricted for Capital Outlay		890,494	
Restricted for Classroom Facilities Maintenance		328,734	
Restricted for Other Purposes		213,894	
Unrestricted		608,786	
Total Net Assets	\$	40,183,374	

# **Eastern Local School District, Brown County** Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Progra		
	Expenses	Charges for       Services and     Operating Grants       Sales     and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:	¢ (144.700	¢ 295.420	¢ 4(1.040	¢ (5.200.211)
Regular	\$ 6,144,788	\$ 285,429	\$ 461,048	\$ (5,398,311)
Special Vocational	1,407,486	59,747	389,659	(958,080)
Other	111,943	7,244	-	(104,699)
	1,263,430	75,115	130,341	(1,057,974)
Support Services:	290 121	26 457		(2(2(74)))
Pupils Instructional Staff	389,131	26,457	-	(362,674)
	1,017,372	56,360	118,343	(842,669)
Board of Education Administration	30,762	1,400	2	(29,360)
Fiscal	1,002,652	68,559	6,100	(934,093)
	432,840	27,194	· · · · · ·	(399,546)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,051,438	55,180	99,582	(896,676)
Pupil Transportation Central	1,162,929	68,788	54,359	(1,039,782)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	36,540	2,491	479,081	(34,049)
*	609,854	268,489		137,716
Extracurricular Activities	210,799	92,225	66,064 72,001	(52,510)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	381,608		72,091	(309,517)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 15,253,572	\$ 1,094,678	\$ 1,876,670	(12,282,224)
	General Revenues:			
	Property Taxes Le			
	General Purpos	es		2,804,668
	Building Maint	enance		50,954
	Debt Service			645,351
	Permanent Imp			140,818
	Grants and Entitle	ments not Restricted	to Specific Programs	7,620,206
		ns not Restricted to		21,018
			Classroom Facilities	25,697
	Investment Earnin	0		17,508
	Payments in Lieu	of Taxes		51,360
	Miscellaneous			78,748
	Total General Rever	nues		11,456,328
	Special Item:			
	Loss on Demolition	of School Building		(3,609,908)
	Change in Net Asset	ts		(4,435,804)
	Net Assets Beginnin	g of Year		44,619,178
	Net Assets End of Ye	ear		\$ 40,183,374

## Eastern Local School District, Brown County Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	 General	R	Bond Retirment	-	lassroom Facilities	All Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Accrued Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable	\$ 1,858,916 2,365 127,144 46,950 3,331,135	\$	894,106 - - 695,146	\$	316,069 573 479,382	\$ 794,533 1,110 103,010 179,149	\$	3,863,624 573 3,475 127,144 629,342 4,205,430
Total Assets	\$ 5,366,510	\$	1,589,252	\$	796,024	\$ 1,077,802	\$	8,829,588
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Contracts Payable Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable Deferred Revenue	\$ 13,793 851,379 256,197 27,858 2,946,153	\$	601,678	\$	23,528 100,000 - 397,642	\$ 3,471 184,246 27,144 54,876 	\$	17,264 1,035,625 23,528 127,144 311,073 27,858 4,108,457
Total Liabilities	 4,095,380		601,678		521,170	 432,721		5,650,949
FUND BALANCES: Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	 - 11,191 282,979 976,960		987,574 - -		274,854	 732,226		1,994,654 11,191 282,979 889,815
Total Fund Balances	 1,271,130		987,574		274,854	 645,081		3,178,639
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,366,510	\$	1,589,252	\$	796,024	\$ 1,077,802	\$	8,829,588

#### Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 3,178,639
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		44,966,099
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Unamortized Financing Costs	85,017	
Taxes	333,856	
Intergovernmental	397,642	
Total		816,515
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, unamortized bond premium,		
accrued interest, and the long-term portion of compensated absences		
and early retirement incentive, are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences	(676,517)	
Early Retirement Incentive	(50,473)	
General Obligation Bonds	(7,875,000)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(31,324)	
Unamortized Bond Premium	(144,565)	
Total		 (8,777,879)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 40,183,374

**Eastern Local School District, Brown County** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General	BondClassroomRetirementFacilities		All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Property Taxes	\$ 2,793,654	\$ 642,118	\$ -	\$ 191,412	\$ 3,627,184
Intergovernmental	7,596,262	110,462	477,459	2,096,852	10,281,035
Interest	11,191	-	5,393	924	17,508
Tuition and Fees	727,711	-	-	-	727,711
Rent	15,141	-	-	-	15,141
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	83,435	83,435
Gifts and Donations	21,018	-	-	-	21,018
Customer Sales and Services	-	-	-	268,391	268,391
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	40,174	8,580	-	2,606	51,360
Miscellaneous	71,085			7,663	78,748
Total Revenues	11,276,236	761,160	482,852	2,651,283	15,171,531
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,171,685	-	198,636	653,058	5,023,379
Special	916,562	-	45,999	503,141	1,465,702
Vocational	106,275	-	-	-	106,275
Other	1,101,949	-	-	161,481	1,263,430
Support Services:					
Pupils	381,466	-	-	-	381,466
Instructional Staff	836,766	-	28,849	155,409	1,021,024
Board of Education	20,535	-	-	9,576	30,111
Administration	1,006,515	-	-	1,664	1,008,179
Fiscal	398,520	24,424	-	8,344	431,288
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	838,172	-	-	227,276	1,065,448
Pupil Transportation	1,016,607	-	-	112,354	1,128,961
Central	36,540	-	-	-	36,540
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,443	-	-	590,932	592,375
Extracurricular Activities	128,952	-	-	81,847	210,799
Capital Outlay	310	-	2,895,414	469,564	3,365,288
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	410,000	-	-	410,000
Interest		386,451			386,451
Total Expenditures	10,962,297	820,875	3,168,898	2,974,646	17,926,716
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	313,939	(59,715)	(2,686,046)	(323,363)	(2,755,185)
Other Financing Sources and Uses:					
Transfers In	-		-	308,000	308,000
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	10,204	-	-	2,500	12,704
Transfers Out			(308,000)		(308,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	10,204		(308,000)	310,500	12,704
Net Change in Fund Balances	324,143	(59,715)	(2,994,046)	(12,863)	(2,742,481)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year -					
As Restated	946,987	1,047,289	3,268,900	657,944	5,921,120
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,271,130	\$ 987,574	\$ 274,854	\$ 645,081	\$ 3,178,639

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (2,742,481)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	3,365,288 (1,205,674)	2,159,614
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. These are the amount of the losses on the disposal of capital assets. Loss on Demolition of School Building Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Total	(3,609,908) (12,704)	(3,622,612)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental Total	14,607 (758,462)	(743,855)
The amortization of premium from the sale of bonds is recorded as a reduction of liability in the statement of net assets, but does not result in an expenditure in the governmental funds.		7,485
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		410,000
The amortization of debt issuance costs are reported in the statement of activities, but are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(4,402)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in Compensated Absences Decrease in Early Retirement Incentive Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable Total	63,277 35,410 1,760	 100,447
Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ (4,435,804)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 11,183 11,729	,	11,183,720 11,729,566	\$	11,509,021 11,177,753	\$	325,301 551,813
Net Change in Fund Balance	(54:	5,846)	(545,846)		331,268		877,114
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,420	5,815	1,426,815		1,426,815		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2	9,566	29,566		29,566		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 91	0,535 \$	910,535	\$	1,787,649	\$	877,114

#### Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2012

	Agency Fund			
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	43,644		
LIABILITIES: Undistributed Monies	\$	43,644		

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Eastern Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1957 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 75 square miles. It is located in Brown County and includes the Villages of Macon and Russellville and various townships within the County. It is staffed by 65 non-certified and 82 certified employees providing education to 1,328 students and other community members.

#### **Reporting Entity**

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Eastern Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

Entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District. These entities include the Boosters Club, Parent Teacher Organizations, and Alumni Associations.

The School District is associated with three organizations, one of which is defined as a jointly governed organization and two as insurance purchasing pools of which one is also a public entity shared risk pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), the Cincinnati USA Regional Chamber Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), and the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium. The Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium is made up of a public entity shared risk pool and an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are presented in Notes 12, 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of the Eastern Local School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The School District's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific School District functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The funds of the School District fall within two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

#### **Bond Retirement Fund**

The Bond Retirement Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of financial resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of general long-term debt. The major source of revenue for this fund is tax levy proceeds.

#### **Classroom Facilities Fund**

The Classroom Facilities Fund is a fund provided to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities. The main source of revenue for the Classroom Facilities is grant monies received from the Ohio School Facilities Commission.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which is used to account for student-managed activities.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### **Measurement Focus**

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 5) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

#### Deferred/Unearned Revenue

Deferred/unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred/unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt and capital lease obligations, which is recorded when due, (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2012.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, the School District's investments were limited to funds invested in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), Federal Home Mortgage Corporation Bank Bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds, and money market funds. All investments other than STAR Ohio are reported at market value.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund, Classroom Facilities Fund and all other governmental funds during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$11,191, \$5,393 and \$924, respectively.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be pooled cash and investments and are reported as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. The School District does not capitalize interest for capital asset purchases. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5-20 years
Building and Improvements	30-40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5 years

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

#### **Extraordinary and Special Items**

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the School District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The School District had no extraordinary items. The School District reported one special item for the demolition of the old school building which resulted in a significant loss on the disposal of this capital asset.

#### Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes represent balances in special revenue funds for grants whose use is restricted by grant agreements.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$2,483,489 in restricted net assets, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in the spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

*Committed* The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

*Assigned* Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget (budgetary basis) and actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restriction, commitment, or assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Some funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

#### NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$324,143
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	261,567
Expenditure Accruals	(220,989)
Perspective Difference:	
Activity of Funds Reclassified for	
GAAP Reporting Purposes	(12,710)
Encumbrances	(20,743)
Budget Basis	\$331,268

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 5. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim money as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised Code;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
- 9. Linked deposits as authorized by ordinance adopted pursuant to section 135.80 of the Revised Code;
- 10. Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, and to which notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation; the notes mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase; and
- 11. Bankers' acceptances of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation to which obligations both the following apply: obligations are eligible for purchase by the federal reserve system and the obligations mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of the purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual amounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateralization of public funds.

As of June 30, 2012, the School District's bank balance of \$2,218,489 is either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institutions public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

Investments: As of June 30, 2012, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment						
Fair			Maturites (in years)			
Value		Less than 1		Two to Five		
\$	656,416	\$	656,416	\$ -		
	11,633		11,633	-		
	602,028		-	602,028		
	601,710		-	601,710		
\$	1,871,787	\$	668,049	\$ 1,203,738		
	\$	Value \$ 656,416 11,633 602,028 601,710	Value         Lo           \$ 656,416         \$           11,633         602,028           601,710	Fair         Maturites           Value         Less than 1           \$ 656,416         \$ 656,416           11,633         11,633           602,028         -           601,710         -		

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages it exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At year end, the School District's investments were limited to STAR Ohio, Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds, and Money Market Funds. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market, Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds and Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The School District's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond allowing investments as authorized in the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy allows investments as authorized in the Ohio Revised Code. The School District has invested less than 1.0% in Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market, 32.2% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds, 32.1% in Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds, and 35.1% in STAR Ohio.

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the School District or at least registered in the name of the School District. Of the School District's investment in money market funds, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the School District's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

#### NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected in 2012 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2012 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2012 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2009 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the value as of December 31, 2011. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30, if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

		2011 Second- Half Collections			2012 First- Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent	A	mount	Percent		
Agricultural/Residential								
and Other Real Estate	\$	153,552,790	92.16%	\$ 152	2,504,790	92.39%		
Public Utility		12,931,770	7.76%	12	2,558,810	7.61%		
Tangible Personal Property		138,190	0.08%		-	0.00%		
Total Assessed Value	\$	166,622,750	100.00%	\$ 165	5,063,600	100.00%		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	39.20		\$	39.20			

The School District receives property taxes from Adams, Brown and Highland Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012 are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

#### NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding, the late settlement of personal property taxes and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the delayed settlement of personal property tax and the amounts available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012, was \$384,982 in the General Fund and \$109,633 in all other governmental funds.

#### NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of property taxes, accounts, accrued interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable conditions of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the intergovernmental receivables follows at June 30, 2012:

	Amounts	
Major Funds:		
General	\$	46,950
Classroom Facilities		479,382
T otal Major Funds		526,332
Non-Major Funds:		
Special Education, IDEA Part B		40,436
Title I		60,391
Improving Teacher Quality, Title II-A		2,183
Title II-D		-
Total Non-Major Funds		103,010
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	\$	629,342

#### NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan for general liability insurance with a \$3,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Property is protected by the Ohio School Plan in the amount of \$39,521,212. The School District's vehicles are covered by the Ohio School Plan and hold a \$1,000 deductible for buses and \$250 for all other autos for collision with a \$3,000,000 limit on any accident. Violence coverage is provided by the Ohio School Plan with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence and aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction of coverage from the prior year.

#### **NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

For fiscal year 2012, the School District participated in the Cincinnati USA Regional Chamber Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 13). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District participates in the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium (the Consortium), a public entity shared risk pool (Note 14) consisting of nine districts. The School District is responsible for providing a current listing of enrolled employees and for providing timely pro-rata payments of premiums to the Consortium for employee health coverage and benefits. The Consortium is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination from the Consortium, for any reason, the terminated member assumes and is responsible for the payment of any delinquent contributions.

#### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2012, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.70 percent. The remaining 1.30 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Fund. The School District's contributions to SERS which were allocated for pension and death benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$262,713, \$248,876, and \$307,818, respectively; 60 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. \$104,775 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2012 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

#### **State Teachers Retirement System**

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

**Plan Options** - New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

**DB Plan Benefits** – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

**DC Plan Benefits** – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

#### <u>NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> (Continued)

#### A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

**Combined Plan Benefits** – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$642,792, \$634,485, and \$671,012, respectively; 83 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. \$109,835 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2012 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771 or by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

#### **NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (Continued)

#### **B.** Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2012, no members of the Board of Education had elected Social Security.

#### C. Postemployment Benefits

#### **State Teachers Retirement System**

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan; and a combined plan which is a hybrid of the defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to Section 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the School District, these amounts equaled \$46,194, \$50,152, and \$51,719, and for fiscal years 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

#### School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) administers two post employment benefit plans.

#### Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2012 was \$99.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$319.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2012, 2011, and 2010, the actuarially required allocations were 0.75, 0.76 percent, and 0.76 percent. For the School District, contributions for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$17,042, \$16,579, and \$15,201, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

## NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### C. Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, the health care allocations were 0.55 percent, 1.43 percent, and 0.46 percent, respectively. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2012, 2011, and 2010 fiscal years equaled \$48,613, \$58,603, and \$37,570, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

#### **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month for a total of 15 days of sick leave for each year under contract. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 220 days for teachers and classified personnel. Administrators with a 242 day contract may accumulate up to a maximum of 286 days, with a 222 day contract may accumulate up to a maximum of 264 days, and with a 202 day contract may accumulate up to 242 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the maximum allowable accumulation for teachers, administrators, and classified personnel.

#### **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS** (Continued)

#### **B.** Other Employee Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Lincoln National Life. Dental insurance is provided by the School District to all employees through Dental Care Plus. Vision insurance is provided by the School District to all employees through Vision Service Plan.

#### C. Early Retirement Incentive

The School District offers an Early Retirement Incentive (Super-Severance) program to all certified employees. The employee must retire in the first year they become eligible. For these employees, they must give written notice to the Superintendent by April 1<sup>st</sup> of the year he/she becomes eligible for "full retirement".

During fiscal year 2006, the Board approved an incentive which states that if the employee retires, the Board will give them a five year contract and continue to pay all of their benefits. The employee will be placed on step three of their salary schedule. They will be frozen at step three. The employee is eligible for base increases, but they are not eligible for step increases or bonuses such as the personal day or attendance bonus. During March of 2009 the incentive was amended and expired as of June 30, 2011.

#### **D.** Severance Payout Obligation

There were several employees who took advantage of the incentive noted in the second paragraph of C. above in prior years. The School district is making their severance payouts over a five year period accordingly. This is reported as a long term obligation in Note 11.

#### NOTE 10 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2012
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 271,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 271,526
Construction in Progress	9,858,175	-	(9,858,175)	-
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	10,129,701	-	(9,858,175)	271,526
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	308,955	-	-	308,955
Buildings and Improvements	38,740,701	12,204,671	(5,644,874)	45,300,498
Furniture and Equipment	4,071,580	932,932	(782,747)	4,221,765
Vehicles	1,452,808	85,860	-	1,538,668
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	44,574,044	13,223,463	(6,427,621)	51,369,886
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(294,979)	(3,862)	-	(298,841)
Buildings and Improvements	(4,805,253)	(922,321)	2,118,587	(3,608,987)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,899,495)	(237,195)	686,422	(1,450,268)
Vehicles	(1,274,921)	(42,296)	-	(1,317,217)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,274,648)	(1,205,674)	2,805,009	(6,675,313)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	36,299,396	12,017,789	(3,622,612)	44,694,573
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 46,429,097	\$12,017,789	\$(13,480,787)	\$ 44,966,099

#### NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,120,627
Special	2,248
Vocational	5,668
Support Services:	
Pupils	1,005
Instructional Staff	8,857
Board of Education	651
Administration	1,460
Fiscal	1,136
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,714
Pupil Transportation	41,435
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	14,873
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,205,674

#### **NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the fiscal year 2012 were as follows:

		Principal Outstanding 06/30/11		Outstanding		Additions	Deductions		Principal Outstanding 06/30/12		Due Within One Year	
School Construction/Remodeling Bonds 1995 6.25%	\$	1,840,000	\$	-	\$	210,000	\$	1,630,000	\$	225,000		
Classroom Facilities General Obligation Bonds 2006 4% - 4.75% Premium		6,445,000 152,050		-		200,000 7,485		6,245,000 144,565		200,000		
Compensated Absences Severance Payout Obligation		739,794 85,883		702,812		766,089 35,410		676,517 50,473		162,794 20,975		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,262,727	\$	702,812	\$	1,218,984	\$	8,746,555	\$	608,769		

On March 1, 1995, the School District issued \$3,340,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing, remodeling, reconstructing and adding to school buildings. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period with final maturity in 2018. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

On October 23, 2006, the School District issued \$7,165,000 in general obligation classroom facilities bonds for the purpose of retiring the \$7,165,000 bond anticipation notes which were used for the purpose of school improvement. The bonds consisted of \$3,100,000 in serial bonds and \$4,065,000 in term bonds. The serial bonds were issued for a fourteen year period with final maturity in 2021. The term bonds were issued with maturities beginning in 2020 and a final maturity in 2031. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

All general obligation debt is supported by the full faith and credit of the School District. Compensated absences and the Severance Payout Obligation will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid with the General Fund being the most significant fund.

#### NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

. . .

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$7,123,145 with an unvoted debt margin of \$166,646 at June 30, 2012. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	425,000	364,855	789,855
2014	460,000	341,868	801,868
2015	485,000	317,287	802,287
2016	520,000	291,056	811,056
2017	540,000	263,274	803,274
2018-2022	1,675,000	1,025,135	2,700,135
2023-2027	1,670,000	696,612	2,366,612
2028-2032	2,100,000	258,875	2,358,875
Totals	\$ 7,875,000	\$ 3,558,962	\$ 11,433,962

#### **NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION**

#### South Central Ohio Computer Association

The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Pickaway, Gallia, Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers plus the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$94,336 for all services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Vern Riffe Career and Technology Center, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

#### NOTE 13 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

#### Cincinnati USA Regional Chamber Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Cincinnati USA Regional Chamber Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP, an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP.

#### NOTE 14 - PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK POOL

#### Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium

The Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium, a public entity shared risk and insurance purchasing pool, currently operates to provide health insurance (insurance purchasing pool) and dental coverage (public entity shared risk pool) to enrolled employees of the consortium members and to eligible dependents of those enrolled employees. Six Brown County school districts (Eastern, Fayetteville-Perry, Georgetown, Ripley-Union-Lewis-Huntington, Southern Hills Joint Vocational and Western Brown Schools) and two Highland County school districts (Lynchburg-Clay and Bright Schools) have entered into an agreement with the Brown County Educational Service Center to form the Brown County Schools Benefits Consortium. The overall objectives of the consortium are to formulate and administer a program of health and dental insurance for the benefit of the consortium members' employees and their dependents. The consortium contracts with Humana to provide medical insurance directly to consortium member employees. The School District pays premiums to the consortium based on employee membership. For dental coverage the consortium acts as a public entity shared risk pool. Each member district pays dental premiums based on the consortium estimates of future claims. If the member district's dental claims exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment; on the other hand, if the School District's claims are low, it will not receive a refund. Dental coverage is administered through a third party administrator, Dental Care Plus. Participating member districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs associated with the administering of the Consortium. To obtain financial information write to Brown County Educational Service Center at 325 West State St., Georgetown, Ohio 45121.

#### NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	1	oital isition
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of		
June 30, 2011	\$	-
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	2	225,950
Current Year Offsets	(2	225,950)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward		
to Future Years	\$	-
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of		
June 30, 2012	\$	-

Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook reserve requirement was eliminated; therefore, no balance or other information is presented.

#### NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero in the Capital Acquisition Reserve. The carryover amount in the Capital Acquisition Reserve is limited to the balance of the offsets attributed to bond or tax levy proceeds. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$7,089,465 at June 30, 2012.

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### **Grants**

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

#### <u>Litigation</u>

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

#### NOTE 17 – ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2012, the Other State Grants, Education Jobs, IDEA Part-B, Title II-D, and Improving Teacher Quality Special Revenue Funds had fund balance deficits of \$27,145, \$50,951, \$8,303, \$277, and \$469, respectively which were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

#### NOTE 18 – COMMITMENTS

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance on the balance sheet. As of June 30, 2012, the School District's significant commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	Outstanding Balance

Classroom Facilities Fund \$248,071

#### NOTE 19 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF BALANCES

For fiscal year 2012, the School District did not receive State Fiscal Stabilization monies. Accruals made in the prior year were then paid out of the General Fund. A prior period adjustment was posted to reflect this since in the prior year certain payroll accruals were erroneously recorded in the State Fiscal Stabilization Fund.

The implementation of this prior period adjustment resulted in the following restatement of the School District's financial statements:

	Bond	Classroom	All Other	
General	Retirement	Facilities	Governmental	Total
\$1,005,482	\$1,047,289	\$3,268,900	\$599,449	\$5,921,120
(58,495)	0	0	58,495	0
\$946,987	\$1,047,289	\$3,268,900	\$657,944	\$5,921,120
	\$1,005,482 (58,495)	General         Retirement           \$1,005,482         \$1,047,289           (58,495)         0	General         Retirement         Facilities           \$1,005,482         \$1,047,289         \$3,268,900           (58,495)         0         0	General         Retirement         Facilities         Governmental           \$1,005,482         \$1,047,289         \$3,268,900         \$599,449           (58,495)         0         0         58,495

#### NOTE 20 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for					
Athletics	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$48,691	\$48,691
Classroom Facility and Maintenance	0	0		319,655	319,655
Other Purposes	0	0	0	151,983	151,983
Capital Projects	0	0	0	211,897	211,897
Capital Improvements	0	0	274,854	0	274,854
Debt Services Payments	0	987,574	0	0	987,574
Total Restricted	0	987,574	274,854	732,226	1,994,654
Committed to					
Retirement Severance Benefits	11,191	0	0	0	11,191
Assigned to					
Other Purposes	282,979	0	0	0	282,979
Unassigned (Deficit)	976,960	0	0	(87,145)	889,815
Total Fund Balances	\$1,271,130	\$987,574	\$274,854	\$645,081	\$3,178,639

#### **NOTE 21 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

#### Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2012, were as follows:

	Transfer From	Transfer To
Major Fund:		
Classroom Facilities	\$308,000	\$0
Non Major Funds:		
Locally Funded Initiative	0	308,000
Total Non Major Fund	308,000	\$308,000
Total All Funds	\$308,000	\$308,000

The transfer from the Classroom Facilities Fund to the Locally Funded Initiative Fund was approved by the Ohio School Facilities Commission during fiscal year 2012 to reimburse the Locally Funded Initiative Fund for a Geo-Thermal project which originally had not been approved as an eligible cost from the Classroom Facilities Fund.

#### Interfund Advances

As of June 30, 2012, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Ir	nterfund	Interfund		
Fund	R	eceivable	Payables		
Major Funds:					
General Fund	\$	127,144	\$	-	
<b>Classroom Facilities</b>		-		100,000	
Non-Major Fund:					
Misc State Grants				27,144	
Total Non-Major Fund		-		27,144	
Total All Funds	\$	127,144	\$	127,144	

During the year, the Center's General Fund made advances to several different funds in anticipation of intergovernmental revenue. These advances are expected to be repaid in fiscal year 2013.

#### <u>NOTE 22 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

South Central Ohio Computer Association Council of Governments – Effective July 1, 2012, the School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association Council of Governments (SCOCACoG) which is a computer consortium formerly known as South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA). SCOCACoG is a council of governments providing computer services to its members of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pickaway, Gallia, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton, and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

*Eastern Local School District, Brown County* Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Non-Cash Receipts Receipts		Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements	
United States Department of Agriculture	_						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education							
Nutrition Cluster:							
School Breakfast Program	3L70	10.553	\$ 69,487	\$-	\$ 69,487	\$-	
National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	268,782	46,760	268,782	46,760	
Total United States Department of Agriculture			338,269	46,760	338,269	46,760	
United States Department of Education	_						
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education							
Special Education Cluster:	21/20	94.027	254 442		255 564		
Special Education - Grants to States ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	3M20 3DJ0	84.027 84.391	254,443 19.698	-	255,564 21,384	-	
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	5050	04.591	19,098	-	21,504		
Total Special Education Cluster			274,141	-	276,948	-	
Title I, Part A Cluster:							
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	358,756	-	359,940	-	
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3DK0	84.389	3,419	-	4,532	-	
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			362,175	-	364,472	-	
Education Jobs Fund	3ET0	84.410	404,376	-	404,376	-	
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	3Y20	84.287	200,000	-	199,055	-	
Education Technology State Grants	3S20	84.318	2,591	-	2,591	-	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	3Y60	84.367	104,215	-	100,187	-	
Total United States Department of Education			1,347,498	-	1,347,629	<u> </u>	
Corporation for National and Community Service							
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education	-						
Learn and Serve America - School and Community Based Programs	3780	94.004	-	-	3,464	-	
Total Corporation for National and Community Service				-	3,464		
United States Environmental Protection Agency							
Passed through the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency	-						
State Clean Diesel Grant Program	N/A	66.040	19,026	-	19,026	-	
Total United States Environmental Protection Agency			19,026	-	19,026		
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,704,793	\$ 46,760	\$ 1,708,388	\$ 46,760	

See Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures and Receipts of Federal Awards

#### EASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BROWN COUNTY

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

#### NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTIONS**

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This nonmonetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.



## Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments www.bhscpas.com

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board of Education Eastern Local School District 11479 US 62 Winchester, Ohio 45697

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eastern Local School District, Brown County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Wheelersburg

Members of the Board of Education Eastern Local School District Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Har & Schern, CPAs

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 9, 2012



## Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments www.bhscpas.com

#### Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board of Education Eastern Local School District 11479 US 62 Winchester, Ohio 45697

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Eastern Local School District, Brown County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Eastern Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Eastern Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

bhs	Circleville	Ironton	Piketon	Wheelersburg	Worthington
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Members of the Board of Education Eastern Local School District Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance compliance with a federal program c

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Han & Schern, CPAs

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 9, 2012

#### Eastern Local School District Brown County, Ohio

#### Schedule of Findings *OMB Circular A-133 Section §.505* For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### **1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant internal control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program; CFDA #10.553 National School Lunch Program; CFDA #10.555 Education Jobs Fund; CFDA #84.410
		Improving Teacher Quality State Grants; CFDA #84.367
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all other
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

#### Eastern Local School District Brown County, Ohio

Schedule of Findings *OMB Circular A-133 Section §.505* For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None Noted

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None Noted



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

#### EASTERN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **BROWN COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 19, 2013

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