



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	
General Fund	19
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Fund	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	25
Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	53
Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	55
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	57
Schedule of Findings	
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	60

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Buckeye Joint Vocational School District Tuscarawas County 545 University Drive, NE New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Joint Vocational School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Joint Vocational School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 2, 2013, on our consideration of the Career Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

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Buckeye Joint Vocational School District Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the Table of Contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 2, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Buckeye Joint Vocational School District (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,915,370 which represents an 8.31% increase from 2011.
- General revenues accounted for \$11,865,709 in revenue or 77.77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,392,577 or 22.23% of total revenues of \$15,258,286.
- The District had \$13,342,916 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,392,577 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$11,865,709 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the building fund. The general fund had \$12,281,547 in revenues and \$11,932,403 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2012, the general fund's fund balance increased \$349,144 from a balance of \$12,639,079 to \$12,988,223.
- The building fund had \$461,100 in revenues and \$576,532 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2012, the building fund's fund balance decreased \$115,432 from \$4,573,217 to \$4,457,785.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the building fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the building fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for employee benefits self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 23 and 24. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-52 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2012 and 2011.

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
Assets	¢ 05 7/2 417	¢ 24.420.120
Current and other assets	\$ 25,766,417	\$ 24,430,120
Capital assets, net	5,032,211	4,710,339
Total assets	30,798,628	29,140,459
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	5,270,342	5,441,372
Long-term liabilities	550,178	636,349
Total liabilities	5,820,520	6,077,721
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,892,161	4,521,332
Restricted	6,046,909	6,170,128
Unrestricted	14,039,038	12,371,278
Total net assets	\$ 24,978,108	\$ 23,062,738

Net Assets

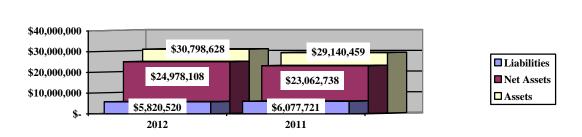
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,978,108. Of this total, \$14,039,038 is unrestricted in use.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

At year-end, capital assets represented 16.34% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The District had \$4,892,161 invested in capital assets, net of related debt at June 30, 2012. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$6,046,909, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$14,039,038 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2012 and 2011.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012		Governmental Activities 2011	
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,561,	,212	\$	1,674,654
Operating grants and contributions	1,831,	,365		1,773,866
General revenues:				
Property taxes	4,577,	,764		4,676,954
Grants and entitlements	6,894,	,931		7,226,837
Investment earnings	94,	,284		70,285
Other	298,	,730		10,907
Total revenues	15,258,	,286		15,433,503

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	1,155,579	1,225,142
Special	499,695	599,085
Vocational	5,351,377	6,042,545
Adult/continuing	1,327,969	1,595,664
Support services:		
Pupil	815,220	887,772
Instructional staff	679,149	658,315
Board of education	169,173	150,068
Administration	801,623	697,785
Fiscal	433,531	404,622
Operations and maintenance	1,432,147	1,560,370
Pupil transportation	12,266	11,242
Central	188,992	173,513
Operations of non-instructional services	-	2,114
Food service operations	450,926	436,539
Extracurricular activities	16,982	13,171
Interest and fiscal charges	8,287	26,071
Total expenses	13,342,916	14,484,018
Change in net assets	1,915,370	949,485
Net assets at beginning of year	23,062,738	22,113,253
Net assets at end of year	\$ 24,978,108	\$ 23,062,738

Governmental Activities

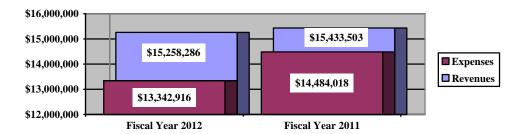
Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,915,370. Total governmental expenses of \$13,342,916 were offset by program revenues of \$3,392,577 and general revenues of \$11,865,709. Program revenues supported 25.43% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 75.19% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,334,620 or 62.46% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2012 and 2011.



Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

	Governmental	Activities		
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services	Services	Services	Services
	2012	2012	2011	2011
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 1,155,579	\$ 1,110,060	\$ 1,225,142	\$ 1,190,429
Special	499,695	455,003	599,085	541,306
Vocational	5,351,377	4,441,940	6,042,545	3,772,606
Adult/continuing	1,327,969	(21,876)	1,595,664	1,446,985
Support services:				
Pupil	815,220	635,749	887,772	683,329
Instructional staff	679,149	499,736	658,315	522,469
Board of education	169,173	169,173	150,068	150,068
Administration	801,623	801,623	697,785	697,681
Fiscal	433,531	429,085	404,622	400,938
Operations and maintenance	1,432,147	1,428,009	1,560,370	1,554,200
Pupil transportation	12,266	12,266	11,242	2,692
Central	188,992	(1,394)	173,513	6,173
Operations of non-instructional services	-	-	2,114	2,114
Food service operations	450,926	(18,703)	436,539	34,649
Extracurricular activities	16,982	1,381	13,171	3,788
Interest and fiscal charges	8,287	8,287	26,071	26,071
Total expenses	\$ 13,342,916	\$ 9,950,339	\$ 14,484,018	\$ 11,035,498

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 71.81% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 74.57%. The District's taxpayers and State funding are the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2012 and 2011.

\$20,000,000 \$15,000,000 \$10,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$-Fiscal Year 2012 Fiscal Year 2011

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,790,960, which is higher than last year's total of \$18,547,368. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase	Percentage
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	(decrease)	Change
General	\$ 12,988,223	\$12,639,079	\$ 349,144	2.76 %
Building	4,457,785	4,573,217	(115,432)	(2.52) %
Other Governmental	1,344,952	1,335,072	<u>9,880</u>	0.74 %
Total	\$ 18,790,960	\$18,547,368	<u>\$ 243,592</u>	1.31 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance remained relatively stable, with an increase in fund balance of \$349,144 or 2.76%. The increase in other revenues was for revenue related to the District's operating lease of oil and gas rights on District owned land. Instruction and support service expenditures remained relatively consistent with 2012 experiencing primarily anticipated salary/wage increases. The District was able to hold salary and wage increases to a minimum due to attrition. The decrease in capital outlay was a result of the District entering into a capital lease agreement in fiscal year 2011 for copier equipment. The District did not have any new capital leases in fiscal year 2012.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2012 Amount	2011 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				<u>_</u>
Taxes	\$ 4,200,335	\$ 4,275,374	\$ (75,039)	(1.76) %
Earnings on investments	78,762	68,620	10,142	14.78 %
Charges for services	231,603	212,639	18,964	8.92 %
Classroom materials and fees	55,321	51,088	4,233	8.29 %
Intergovernmental	7,401,195	7,689,220	(288,025)	(3.75) %
Other revenues	314,331	20,290	294,041	1,449.19 %
Total	\$ 12,281,547	\$ 12,317,231	<u>\$ (35,684)</u>	(0.29) %
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 7,783,976	\$ 7,615,860	\$ 168,116	2.21 %
Support services	4,024,201	3,972,326	51,875	1.31 %
Operation of non-instructional services	-	2,114	(2,114)	(100.00) %
Capital outlay	-	101,063	(101,063)	100.00 %
Extracurricular activities	16,982	13,171	3,811	28.93 %
Debt service	57,244	69,400	(12,156)	(17.52) %
Total	\$ 11,882,403	\$ 11,773,934	\$ 108,469	0.92 %

Building Fund

The building fund had \$461,100 in revenues and \$576,532 in expenditures. Expenditures in the building fund increased \$315,259 due to the completion of a chiller project during fiscal year 2012. The building fund's fund balance decreased \$115,432 from \$4,573,217 to \$4,457,785 during fiscal year 2012.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2012, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,822,700 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,034,700. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2012 were \$12,081,865. This represents a \$47,165 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$12,895,055 were left the same in the final appropriated budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$12,020,873, which was \$874,182 less than the final budget appropriations, due to controls on spending.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the District had \$5,032,211 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to 2011:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2012	2011	
Land	\$ 582,550	\$ 582,550	
Land improvements	13,083	16,297	
Building and improvements	2,448,792	2,077,441	
Furniture and equipment	1,909,639	1,975,346	
Vehicles	78,147	58,705	
Total	\$ 5,032,211	\$ 4,710,339	

The overall increase in capital assets of \$321,872 is due to capital outlays of \$902,403 exceeding depreciation expense of \$562,652 and disposals of \$17,879 (net of accumulated depreciation) in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$140,050 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$48,957 is due within one year and \$91,093 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the outstanding debt at year end.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011	
Capital lease obligations	<u>\$ 140,050</u>	\$ 189,007	
Total	\$ 140,050	\$ 189,007	

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's long-term obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast.

The financial future of the District is not without its challenges. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist as the District must rely heavily on local property taxes to fund its operations. External challenges continue to evolve as the State of Ohio determines the outcome of the Ohio Supreme Court case dealing with the unconstitutionality of the State's educational funding system.

Although the District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support for the District is quite strong. Both of our levies have been renewed by an overwhelming margin. The District expects to have a positive general fund balance through 2016. We have tried to communicate to the public the service that our District provides to the community. We have a very strong adult education program that services many of our community members. The District has a strong public relations campaign that explains to the public what we are trying to do.

Externally, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March, 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational funding system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Since 1997, the State has directed its additional financial support toward Career District's with little property tax wealth. In May of 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court again, ruled that, while the State had made some progress, the current funding system for schools is far too dependent on property taxes, which are inherently not "equitable" nor "adequate". The court directed the Governor and the legislature to address the fundamental issue creating the inequities. In December, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion that Ohio's current school funding system is unconstitutional. However, the Supreme Court also relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed the "...Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..."

The District does not anticipate any meaningful growth in the State revenue. The District's state revenue is currently calculated based upon the previous year. There will be no increase in revenue from the state through fiscal year 2013. Enrollment has remained steady, or increased slightly, for the past several years, and is anticipated to remain the same.

As a result of the challenges mentioned above, it is imperative that the District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show that the District is accountable for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Carla Cooper, Treasurer, Buckeye Joint Vocational School, 545 University Drive NE, New Philadelphia, OH 44663, or email at ccooper@buckeyecareercenter.org.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	 vernmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,173,650
Cash with fiscal agent	1,256,492
Receivables:	
Property taxes	4,904,489
Accounts	187,807
Accrued interest	15,273
Intergovernmental	105,415
Prepayments	10,011
Materials and supplies inventory.	113,280
Capital assets:	,
Land	582,550
Depreciable capital assets, net.	4,449,661
Capital assets, net	 5,032,211
	 -,
Total assets	 30,798,628
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	52,107
Accrued wages and benefits	935,094
Pension obligation payable.	122,017
Intergovernmental payable	34,744
Unearned revenue	4,004,900
Accrued vacation payable	97,733
Claims payable.	23,747
Long-term liabilities:	20,717
Due within one year.	65,114
Due in more than one year.	485,064
	 100,001
Total liabilities	 5,820,520
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt.	4,892,161
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	4,483,944
Federally funded programs	16,774
Adult education	1,546,191
Unrestricted	 14,039,038
Total net assets	\$ 24,978,108

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Program	Revenu	es	R	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	_		harges for		rating Grants	G	overnmental
	 Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 1,155,579	\$	-	\$	45,519	\$	(1,110,060)
Special	499,695		-		44,692		(455,003)
Vocational	5,351,377		286,924		622,513		(4,441,940)
Adult/continuing	1,327,969		964,787		385,058		21,876
Support services:							
Pupil	815,220		-		179,471		(635,749)
Instructional staff	679,149		77,785		101,628		(499,736)
Board of education	169,173		-		-		(169,173)
Administration	801,623		-		-		(801,623)
Fiscal	433,531		-		4,446		(429,085)
Operations and maintenance	1,432,147		-		4,138		(1,428,009)
Pupil transportation.	12,266		-		-		(12,266)
Central	188,992		-		190,386		1,394
Operation of non-instructional					,		y
services:							
Food service operations	450,926		216,115		253,514		18,703
Extracurricular activities.	16,982		15,601				(1,381)
Interest and fiscal charges	8,287		-		-		(8,287)
Totals	\$ 13,342,916	\$	1,561,212	\$	1,831,365		(9,950,339)

General Revenues:

o chief an and children.	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	4,192,755
Capital outlay	385,009
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	6,894,931
Investment earnings	94,284
Miscellaneous	 298,730
Total general revenues	 11,865,709
Change in net assets	1,915,370
Net assets at beginning of year	 23,062,738
Net assets at end of year	\$ 24,978,108

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. S 13,291,199 S 4,409,989 S 1,472,462 S 19,173,650 Receivables: Property taxes. 4,476,330 428,159 - 4,904,489 Accrued interest. 15,273 - 187,807 187,807 Interfund loans 118,949 - - 105,415 105,415 Preparymental. - - 382 10,011 118,949 - 118,949 Total assets - - - 382 10,011 118,949 Accounts payable \$ 18,019,265 \$ 4,838,148 \$ 1,71,461 \$ 24,628,874 Liabilities: - - - - 16,157 - 16,157 Accounts payable - 16,157 - - 118,949 118,949 Interfund loans payable . 0,427 - 4,400,320 253,946 Uneared revenue . . . </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>General</th> <th></th> <th>Building</th> <th>Go</th> <th>Other vernmental Funds</th> <th>G</th> <th>Total overnmental Funds</th>			General		Building	Go	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
and cash equivalents. \$ 13,291,199 \$ 4,409,989 \$ 1,472,462 \$ 19,173,650 Receivables: Property taxes. 4,476,330 428,159 - 4,904,489 Accounds 15,273 - - 15,273 - 15,273 Interfund loans 118,949 - - 118,949 Intergovernmental - 9,629 - 382 10,011 Materials and supplies inventory 107,885 5 13,211,2280 5 24,628,874 Accounts payable \$ 41,815 \$ 2,576 \$ 7,716 \$ 52,107 Accounts payable 16,157 - - 118,949 118,949 118,949 Intergovernmental payable 3,0427 - 4,317 34,744 Unearned revenue 2,653,272 251,628 - 4,004,900 Deferred revenue 2,871,55 2,6159 240,632 553,946 Pension obligation payable 107,885 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>									
Receivables: 4,476,330 428,159 - 4,904,489 Property taxes. 15,273 - 187,807 Accounts 118,949 - 118,949 Intergovernmental. - 105,415 105,415 Propayments. 9,629 - 382 10,011 Materials and supplies inventory 107,885 - 5,395 113,280 Total assets \$ 18,019,265 \$ 4,838,148 \$ 1,771,461 \$ 24,628,874 Liabilities: - - - 16,157 - - 16,157 Accourde wages and benefits. \$ 897,680 - 37,414 935,094 Compensated absences payable. - - 118,949 118,949 118,949 Intergovernmental payable. - - 118,949 118,949 18,949 Intergovernmental payable. - - 16,157 - - 16,157 Intergovernmental payable. - - 118,949 18,949 18,949 18,949 18,949 <td< td=""><td></td><td>¢</td><td>12 201 100</td><td>٩</td><td>1 100 000</td><td>¢</td><td>1 472 462</td><td>¢</td><td>10 170 (50</td></td<>		¢	12 201 100	٩	1 100 000	¢	1 472 462	¢	10 170 (50
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-	\$	13,291,199	\$	4,409,989	\$	1,472,462	\$	19,173,650
Accounts187,807187,807Accrued interest			4 476 330		428 159		_		4 904 489
Accrued interest15,273-15,273Interfund loans118,949-118,949Intergovernmental.9,62938210,011Materials and supplies inventory107,8855,395113,280Total assets\$189,199\$4,838,148\$1,771,461\$24,628,874Liabilities:Accounts payable\$41,815\$2,576\$7,716\$52,107Accured wages and benefits.897,680-37,414935,094935,09416,15716,157Compensated absences payable16,157118,949118,949118,949118,949118,949Interfund loans payable.3,0427-4,31734,74410,44,900104,536-1,7,481122,017Total liabilities.5,031,042380,363426,5095,837,914122,017101,885-2,043-2,043Fund Balances:9,629-38210,01110,018-2,043-2,043-2,043Nonspendable:113,2701,392,2971,392,2971,392,2971,392,29736,475-2,9,572-2,9,572Student instruction29,57229,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572-29,572 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-,+70,550</td><td></td><td>-20,157</td><td></td><td>187 807</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			-,+70,550		-20,157		187 807		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			15.273		-		-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					-		-		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			- ,		-		105,415		
Materials and supplies inventory107,885-5,395113,280Total assets\$ 18,019,265\$ 4,838,148\$ 1,771,461\$ 24,628,874Liabilities:Accounts payable\$ 41,815\$ 2,576\$ 7,716\$ 52,107Accrued wages and benefits897,680-37,414935,094Compensated absences payable16,15716,157Interfrund loans payable118,949118,949Intergovernmental payable30,427-4,31734,744Unearned revenue287,15526,159240,632553,946Pension obligation payable104,536-17,481122,017Total liabilities5,031,042380,363426,5095,837,914Fund Balances:9,629-38210,011Materials and supplies inventory107,885-2,043Prepaids2,043Capital improvements1,392,297Asigned:29,572Student instruction29,57229,572Student instruction29,57229,572Student instruction771,374771,374Uniform school supplies113,577-113,577Subsequent appropriations1,799,538Unasigned (deficit)10,028,230-(53,122)Orat land balances12,988,2234,457,7851,344,952I			9,629		-				
Liabilities: Accounts payable\$ 41,815\$ 2,576\$ 7,716\$ 52,107Accrued wages and benefits $897,680$ - $37,414$ $935,094$ Compensated absences payable $16,157$ $16,157$ Interfund loans payable $30,427$ - $4,317$ $34,744$ Unearned revenue $3,653,272$ $351,628$ - $4,004,900$ Deferred revenue $287,155$ $26,159$ $240,632$ $553,946$ Pension obligation payable $104,536$ - $17,481$ $122,017$ Total liabilities $5,031,042$ $380,363$ $426,509$ $5,837,914$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable:9,629- 382 $10,011$ Unclaimed monies2,043-2,043-2,043Restricted: Capital improvements $1,392,297$ $1,392,297$ $1,392,297$ Student instruction29,572-29,572- $29,572$ Student and staff support $36,475$ - $36,475$ - $36,475$ Vocational education $771,374$ - $771,374$ $771,374$ Uniform school supplies $113,577$ - $113,577$ $53,929$ Subsequent appropriations $1,799,538$ - $1,799,538$ $13,249,922$ Total liabilities $10,028,230$ - $(53,122)$ $9,975,108$			107,885		-		5,395		113,280
Accounts payable\$41,815\$2,576\$7,716\$52,107Accrued wages and benefits897,680-37,414935,094Compensated absences payable16,15716,157Intergovernmental payableIntergovernmental payableIntergovernmental payableIntergovernmental payable<	Total assets	\$	18,019,265	\$	4,838,148	\$	1,771,461	\$	24,628,874
Accrued wages and benefits. $897,680$. $37,414$ $935,094$ Compensated absences payable $16,157$ $16,157$ Interfund loans payable $30,427$. $4,317$ $34,744$ Unearned revenue $3,653,272$ $351,628$. $4,004,900$ Deferred revenue $287,155$ $26,159$ $240,632$ $553,946$ Pension obligation payable $104,536$. $17,481$ $122,017$ Total liabilities $5,031,042$ $380,363$ $426,509$ $5,837,914$ Fund Balances:Nonspendable:. $9,629$. 382 $10,011$ Unclaimed monies $2,043$ $2,043$ Restricted: $4,457,785$. $4,457,785$.Capital inprovementsStudent instruction. $29,572$ Student instructionNorigned:Student and staff supportMaterials and supplies<	Liabilities:								
Accrued wages and benefits. $897,680$. $37,414$ $935,094$ Compensated absences payable $16,157$ $16,157$ Interfund loans payable $30,427$. $4,317$ $34,744$ Unearned revenue $3,653,272$ $351,628$. $4,004,900$ Deferred revenue $287,155$ $26,159$ $240,632$ $553,946$ Pension obligation payable $104,536$. $17,481$ $122,017$ Total liabilities $5,031,042$ $380,363$ $426,509$ $5,837,914$ Fund Balances:Nonspendable:. $9,629$. 382 $10,011$ Unclaimed monies $2,043$ $2,043$ Restricted: $4,457,785$. $4,457,785$.Capital inprovementsStudent instruction. $29,572$ Student instructionNorigned:Student and staff supportMaterials and supplies<	Accounts payable	\$	41,815	\$	2,576	\$	7,716	\$	52,107
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			897,680		-		37,414		935,094
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Compensated absences payable		16,157		-		-		16,157
Unearned revenue $3,653,272$ $351,628$ $ 4,004,900$ Deferred revenue $287,155$ $26,159$ $240,632$ $553,946$ Pension obligation payable $104,536$ $ 17,481$ $122,017$ Total liabilities $5,031,042$ $380,363$ $426,509$ $5,837,914$ Fund Balances:Materials and supplies inventory $107,885$ $ 5,395$ $113,280$ Prepaids $9,629$ $ 382$ $10,011$ Unclaimed monies $2,043$ $ 2,043$ Restricted: $ 1,392,297$ $1,392,297$ Capital improvements $ 4,457,785$ $ 4,457,785$ Adult education $ 29,572$ $ 29,572$ Student instruction $29,572$ $ 29,572$ Student instruction $771,374$ $ 771,374$ $-$ Uniform school supplies $89,900$ $ 89,900$ Capital improvements $113,577$ $ 113,577$ $-$ Nuisequent appropriations $1,799,538$ $ 1,799,538$ $-$ Unassigned (deficit) $10,028,230$ $ (53,122)$ $9,975,108$ Total fund balances $12,988,223$ $4,457,785$ $1,344,952$ $18,790,960$	Interfund loans payable		-		-		118,949		118,949
Deferred revenue287,15526,159240,632553,946Pension obligation payable104,536-17,481122,017Total liabilities $5,031,042$ 380,363426,509 $5,837,914$ Fund Balances:Materials and supplies inventory107,885- $5,395$ 113,280Prepaids9,629-38210,011Unclaimed monies2,0432,043Restricted:-4,457,785-4,457,785Capital improvements1,392,2971,392,297Assigned:1,392,2971,392,297Student instruction29,572-29,57229,572Student and staff support36,475-36,475Vocational education771,374-771,374Uniform school supplies89,900-89,900Capital improvements113,577-113,577Subsequent appropriations1,799,538-1,799,538Unassigned (deficit)10,028,230-(53,122)Total fund balances12,988,2234,457,7851,344,952Total fund balances12,988,2234,457,7851,344,952			30,427		-		4,317		34,744
Pension obligation payable $104,536$ $ 17,481$ $122,017$ Total liabilities $5,031,042$ $380,363$ $426,509$ $5,837,914$ Fund Balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory $107,885$ $ 5,395$ $113,280$ Prepaids $9,629$ $ 382$ $10,011$ Unclaimed monies $2,043$ $ 2,043$ Restricted: $ 4,457,785$ $ 4,457,785$ Adult education $ 4,457,785$ $ 29,572$ Assigned: $ 29,572$ $ 29,572$ Student instruction $29,572$ $ 29,572$ Student and staff support $36,475$ $ 36,475$ Vocational education $771,374$ $ 771,374$ Uniform school supplies $89,900$ $ 89,900$ Capital improvements $113,577$ $ 113,577$ Subsequent appropriations $1,799,538$ $ 1,799,538$ Unassigned (deficit) $10,028,230$ $ (53,122)$ Portal fund balances $12,988,223$ $4,457,785$ $1,344,952$ Total fund balances $12,988,223$ $4,457,785$ $1,344,952$	Unearned revenue		3,653,272		351,628		-		4,004,900
Total liabilities. 5,031,042 380,363 426,509 5,837,914 Fund Balances: Nonspendable: 107,885 5,395 113,280 Materials and supplies inventory 107,885 - 5,395 113,280 Prepaids 9,629 - 382 10,011 Unclaimed monies 2,043 - 2,043 Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 29,572 - - 29,572 Student instruction 29,572 - - 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - - 71,374 - 13,577 Vocational education 113,577 - - 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - - 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 13,44,952 18,790,960			,		26,159		,		,
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory 107,885 - 5,395 113,280 Prepaids 9,629 - 382 10,011 Unclaimed monies 2,043 - 2,043 Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Capital improvements - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 29,572 - - 29,572 Student instruction 29,572 - - 29,572 Student and staff support 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960							17,481		122,017
Nonspendable: 107,885 5,395 113,280 Materials and supplies inventory 9,629 382 10,011 Unclaimed monies 2,043 - 2,043 Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 29,572 - 29,572 Student instruction 29,572 - 29,572 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	Total liabilities.		5,031,042		380,363		426,509		5,837,914
Materials and supplies inventory 107,885 - 5,395 113,280 Prepaids 9,629 - 382 10,011 Unclaimed monies 2,043 - 2,043 Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Student instruction 29,572 - - 29,572 Student and staff support 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - - 771,374 Uniform school supplies 89,900 - - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960									
Prepaids 9,629 - 382 10,011 Unclaimed monies 2,043 - - 2,043 Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 29,572 - - 29,572 Student instruction 29,572 - - 29,572 - - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - - 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies 89,900 - - 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - - 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	-								
Unclaimed monies 2,043 - - 2,043 Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 29,572 - - 29,572 Student instruction 29,572 - - 29,572 - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - - 771,374 - 771,374 113,577 Vocational education 113,577 - 113,577 113,577 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - - 1,799,538 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960			,		-		,		,
Restricted: - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Student instruction 29,572 - - 29,572 Student and staff support. 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education. 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies. 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit). 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	•		· · ·		-		382		
Capital improvements - 4,457,785 - 4,457,785 Adult education - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Assigned: - - 1,392,297 1,392,297 Student instruction 29,572 - - 29,572 Student and staff support. 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education. 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies. 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit). 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960			2,043		-		-		2,043
Adult education1,392,2971,392,297Assigned:Student instruction29,57229,572Student and staff support.36,475-36,47536,475Vocational education.771,374-771,374Uniform school supplies.89,900-89,900Capital improvements113,577-113,577Subsequent appropriations1,799,538-1,799,538Unassigned (deficit).10,028,230-(53,122)Total fund balances12,988,2234,457,7851,344,95218,790,960					4 457 705				4 457 705
Assigned: 29,572 - - 29,572 Student instruction 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960			-		4,457,785		-		
Student instruction 29,572 - 29,572 Student and staff support. 36,475 - 36,475 Vocational education. 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies. 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit). 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960			-		-		1,392,297		1,392,297
Vocational education. 771,374 - 771,374 Uniform school supplies. 89,900 - 89,900 Capital improvements 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit). 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	-		29,572		-		-		29,572
Uniform school supplies. 89,900 - - 89,900 Capital improvements. 113,577 - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations. 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit). 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	Student and staff support		36,475		-		-		36,475
Capital improvements 113,577 - - 113,577 Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	Vocational education.		771,374		-		-		771,374
Subsequent appropriations 1,799,538 - 1,799,538 Unassigned (deficit) 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960	Uniform school supplies		89,900		-		-		89,900
Unassigned (deficit). 10,028,230 - (53,122) 9,975,108 Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960					-		-		
Total fund balances 12,988,223 4,457,785 1,344,952 18,790,960					-		-		
	Unassigned (deficit)		10,028,230		-		(53,122)		9,975,108
Total liabilities and fund balances	Total fund balances		12,988,223		4,457,785		1,344,952		18,790,960
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	18,019,265	\$	4,838,148	\$	1,771,461	\$	24,628,874

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 18,790,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		5,032,211
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 307,489	
Accounts receivable	187,807	
Accrued interest receivable	5,825	
Intergovernmental receivable	 52,825	
Total		553,946
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities on the statement of net assets.		1,232,745
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital lease obligations	(140,050)	
Sick leave obligation	(393,971)	
Accrued vacation payable	(97,733)	
Total	 ((631,754)
		 <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 24,978,108

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		0		
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 4,200,335	\$ 387,393	\$ -	\$ 4,587,728
Tuition	-	-	967,822	967,822
Earnings on investments	78,762	4,384	-	83,146
Charges for services	-	-	216,115	216,115
Classroom materials and fees	55,321	-	4,054	59,375
Contract services	231,603	-	-	231,603
Other local revenues	314,331	-	11,135	325,466
Intergovernmental - state	7,401,195	69,323	277,705	7,748,223
Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	1,013,847	1,013,847
Total revenues	12,281,547	461,100	2,490,678	15,233,325
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	1 202 297		45 106	1 229 570
Regular.	1,293,386	-	45,186	1,338,572
Special	616,764	-	44,530	661,294
Vocational	5,873,826	-	46,611	5,920,437
Adult/continuing	-	-	1,361,253	1,361,253
Pupil	721,439	-	182,059	903,498
Instructional staff	500,608	-	172,444	673,052
Board of education	169,173	-	-	169,173
Administration	801,442	-	-	801,442
Fiscal	401,497	10,108	4,206	415,811
Operations and maintenance	1,428,365	7,500	4,138	1,440,003
Pupil transportation	1,677	-	-	1,677
Central	-	-	188,992	188,992
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations.	-	-	481,379	481,379
Extracurricular activities	16,982	-	-	16,982
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	558,924	-	558,924
Debt service:				
Principal retirement.	48,957	-	-	48,957
Interest and fiscal charges	8,287	-	-	8,287
Total expenditures	11,882,403	576,532	2,530,798	14,989,733
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures.	399,144	(115,432)	(40,120)	243,592
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	50,000	50,000
Transfers (out)	(50,000)			(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)		50,000	
Net change in fund balances	349,144	(115,432)	9,880	243,592
Fund balances at beginning of year	12,639,079	4,573,217	1,335,072	18,547,368
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 12,988,223	\$ 4,457,785	\$ 1,344,952	\$ 18,790,960

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 243,592
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. 	339,751
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.	(17,879)
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	1,232,745
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.(9,964)Property taxes(9,964)Tuition59,561Earnings on investments1,528Intergovernmental(35,774)Total1	15,351
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.	48,957
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as sick leave obligation and accrued vacation payable, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Sick leave obligation 40,039 Accrued vacation payable 12,814 Total	 52,853
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,915,370

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues:	 <u> </u>			 		
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 4,064,990	\$	4,123,700	\$ 4,130,471	\$	6,771
Earnings on investments	100,675		86,000	86,477		477
Other local revenues	72,341		298,000	298,730		730
Intergovernmental - intermediate	652		-	-		-
Intergovernmental - state	7,399,942		7,377,000	7,401,195		24,195
Total revenues	 11,638,600		11,884,700	 11,916,873		32,173
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	1,354,939		1,354,939	1,312,140		42,799
Special	635,240		635,240	624,818		10,422
Vocational	6,125,661		6,125,661	5,739,385		386,276
Support services:						
Pupil	743,879		743,879	738,368		5,511
Instructional staff	573,220		573,220	520,138		53,082
Board of education	202,002		202,002	165,333		36,669
Administration	870,183		870,183	823,657		46,526
Fiscal	421,760		421,760	409,355		12,405
Operations and maintenance	1,646,871		1,646,871	1,477,087		169,784
Pupil transportation	7,000		7,000	1,677		5,323
Operation of non-instructional services	3,000		3,000	-		3,000
Extracurricular activities	 10,900		10,900	 3,465		7,435
Total expenditures	 12,594,655		12,594,655	 11,815,423		779,232
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	 (956,055)		(709,955)	 101,450		811,405
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-		-	1,650		1,650
Transfers (out).	(50,400)		(50,400)	(50,000)		400
Advances in	150,000		150,000	163,342		13,342
Advances (out)	(250,000)		(250,000)	(155,450)		94,550
Sale of capital assets	 34,100		-	 -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (116,300)		(150,400)	 (40,458)		109,942
Net change in fund balance	(1,072,355)		(860,355)	60,992		921,347
Fund balance at beginning of year	12,993,836		12,993,836	12,993,836		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 48,855		48,855	 48,855		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 11,970,336	\$	12,182,336	\$ 13,103,683	\$	921,347

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Assets:			
Current assets:	¢	1 256 402	
Cash with fiscal agent	\$	1,256,492	
Total assets		1,256,492	
Liabilities:			
Claims payable		23,747	
Total liabilities		23,747	
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		1,232,745	
Total net assets	\$	1,232,745	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:	\$	2 255 140	
Sales/charges for services	\$	$\frac{2,255,149}{2,255,149}$	
Operating expenses:			
Purchased services		102,794	
Claims		929,220	
Total operating expenses		1,032,014	
Operating income		1,223,135	
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue		9,610	
Total nonoperating revenues		9,610	
Change in net assets		1,232,745	
Net assets at beginning of year		-	
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,232,745	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$	2,255,149		
Cash payments for contractual services		(102,794)		
Cash payments for claims		(905,473)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,246,882		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received		9,610		
Net cash provided by investing activities		9,610		
Net increase in cash with fiscal agent		1,256,492		
Cash with fiscal agent at beginning of year		-		
Cash with fiscal agent at end of year	\$	1,256,492		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	1,223,135		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in claims payable.		23,747		
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	\$	1,246,882		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust				
	Sch	olarship	Agency		
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$	85,328	\$	49,717	
Receivables:					
Accrued interest.		321		-	
Total assets.		85,649	\$	49,717	
Liabilities:					
Due to students.		-	\$	49,717	
Total liabilities		-	\$	49,717	
Net assets:					
Held in trust for scholarships		85,649			
Total net assets	\$	85,649			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Private I Tru		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions:			
Interest	\$	644	
Total additions.		644	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		2,000	
Change in net assets		(1,356)	
Net assets at beginning of year		87,005	
Net assets at end of year	\$	85,649	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

The Buckeye Joint Vocational School District (the "District") is defined by Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code and is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school. The District encompasses eleven members spread throughout Carroll, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Holmes, Stark, Tuscarawas and Wayne counties.

The District operates under an eleven member board representing Dover, New Philadelphia, Carrollton, Garaway, East Holmes, Strasburg, Conotton Valley, Claymont, Newcomerstown, Indian Valley and Tuscarawas Valley School Districts. Each Board member is elected to their home District and then appointed to the District's Board. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines. The District employs 83 certified employees, 12 administrators and 26 non-certified employees who provide services to 3,832 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. When applying GASB Statement No. 14, management has considered all potential component units.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the debt, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA)

The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. OME-RESA has eleven participating counties consisting of Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, Monroe, Muskingum, Noble and Tuscarawas Counties. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating Districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. OME-RESA provides financial accounting services, educational management information, and cooperative purchasing to member Districts. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as fiscal agent and receives funding from the State Department of Education. The District paid \$57,804 to OME-RESA during fiscal year 2012 for services. To obtain financial information write to the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Services Agency

The District is a participant with many other school districts in an insurance purchasing pool to operate the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA). OME-RESA was formed for the purpose of providing insurance. OME-RESA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board.

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. serves as the sales and marketing representative which established agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency Inc., 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43205.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Building fund</u> - The building capital projects fund accounts for tax revenues that are used for any updates or major building renovations.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical/surgical, dental and vision benefits to employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for donated monies restricted to provide college scholarship assistance to a graduate of the District. The District's agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds reflect resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund includes claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2012 are recorded as deferred revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget

Tuscarawas County has waived the requirement of the formal tax budget. The county budget commission requires tax levy fund information and summary data for all funds to be submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by April 1st of each year, for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuring year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding fiscal year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2012.

Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate of estimated resources saying no new certificate of estimated resources is necessary, the annual appropriations resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriations resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total at the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The budget figures which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and federal agency securities. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allocated to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$78,762, which included \$21,958 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the statement of net assets, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

All capital assets of the District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental
Activities
Estimated Lives
20 years
25 - 50 years
5 - 20 years
8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees that will meet the eligibility limits within the next four years are expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2012 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>*Restricted*</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the employee self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activities of the fund, including claims and administrative expenses. Revenues and expenses not reported as operating are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2012.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "<u>OPEB Measurements by</u> <u>Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans</u>", and GASB Statement No. 64, "<u>Derivative</u> <u>Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions - an Amendment of GASB</u> <u>Statement No. 53</u>".

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 64 clarifies the circumstances in which a hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficits:

<u>Nonmajor funds</u>	Deficit
Food service	\$ 13,204
Adult education	6,002
Vocational education	28,139

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statute classifies monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed 180 days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instrument rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the finance institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2012 was \$1,256,492. This amount is not included in the "deposits" or "investments" reported below.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$11,630,642. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2012, \$10,866,478 of the District's bank balance of \$11,811,217 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$944,739 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than
Investment type	Fair Value	less	months	months	months	24 months
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,000,059	\$ 1,000,059	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
FHLMC	1,899,460	-	-	-	-	1,899,460
FFCB	2,000,065	-	-	-	-	2,000,065
FHLB	1,523,807	-	-	-	-	1,523,807
FNMA	1,254,662					1,254,662
Total	\$ 7,678,053	\$ 1,000,059	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,677,994

The weighted average maturity of investments is 2.92 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments, except for the STAR Ohio, were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2012:

Investment type	I	Fair Value	<u>% to Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$	1,000,059	13.02
FHLMC		1,899,460	24.74
FFCB FHLB		2,000,065 1,523,807	26.05 19.85
FNMA		1,254,662	16.34
Total	\$	7,678,053	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

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C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 11,630,642
Investments	7,678,053
Cash with fiscal agent	1,256,492
Total	\$ 20,565,187
Cash and investments per statement of	net assets
Governmental activities	\$ 20,430,142
Private-purpose trust fund	85,328
Agency fund	49,717
Total	\$ 20,565,187

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2012, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$ 118,949</u>

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2012 are reported on the statement of net assets.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

Transfers from general fund to:	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 50,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Tuscarawas, Carroll, Harrison, Stark, Holmes, Wayne, Coshocton and Guernsey Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$541,728 in the general fund and \$50,372 in the building fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2011 was \$471,864 in the general fund and \$46,618 in the building fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second Half Collections		2012 Firs Half Collect	
	Amount Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 2,303,712,350	95.09	\$2,308,735,650	94.77
Public utility personal	117,013,640	4.83	127,382,050	5.23
Tangible personal property	1,955,840	0.08		
Total	\$ 2,422,681,830	100.00	\$2,436,117,700	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$2.80		\$2.80	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	
T	

Taxes	\$ 4,904,489
Accounts	187,807
Intergovernmental	105,415
Accrued interest	 15,273
Total receivables	\$ 5,212,984

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/11	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/12
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 582,550	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 582,550
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	582,550			582,550
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	840,256	-	-	840,256
Buildings and improvements	11,488,569	516,193	-	12,004,762
Furniture and equipment	6,272,726	341,974	(139,884)	6,474,816
Vehicles	441,865	44,236	(3,000)	483,101
Total capital assets, being depreciated	19,043,416	902,403	(142,884)	19,802,935
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(823,959)	(3,214)	-	(827,173)
Buildings and improvements	(9,411,128)	(144,842)	-	(9,555,970)
Furniture and equipment	(4,297,380)	(389,802)	122,005	(4,565,177)
Vehicles	(383,160)	(24,794)	3,000	(404,954)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,915,627)	(562,652)	125,005	(15,353,274)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,710,339	\$ 339,751	<u>\$ (17,879)</u>	\$ 5,032,211

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 22,327
Vocational	498,438
Adult/continuing education	11,953
Support Services:	
Instructional staff	2,900
Administration	4,998
Operations and maintenance	9,256
Pupil transportation	10,589
Food service operations	 2,191
Total depreciation expense	\$ 562,652

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE - LESSEE AND LESSOR DISCLOSURE

- **A.** The District is the lessor of oil and gas rights on certain land parcels owned by the District to the Sound Energy Company and Greenwood Resources, LLC. The lease agreements are from February 22, 2012 through February 21, 2017. The District received ten dollars at the execution of the lease and will receive one-eighth of the net revenue realized by the lessee for all oil and gas. The District received \$230,422 in oil and gas lease revenue in the general fund during fiscal year 2012.
- **B.** The District is the lessee of a horse barn and five to six horses from the New Beginning Stables to be used for the Equine Management Education Program during school hours for the 2012 school year. Annual lease payments are \$9,900.

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In a previous year, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "<u>Accounting for Leases</u>", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$249,431. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2012 was \$134,177, leaving a current book value of \$115,254. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2012 totaled \$48,957 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2013	\$ 57,244
2014	57,244
2015	21,867
2016	12,797
Total minimum lease payment	149,152
Less: amount representing interest	(9,102)
Total	<u>\$ 140,050</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance 6/30/11	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/12	Amounts Due in <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities: Sick leave Capital lease obligation	\$ 447,342 189,007	\$ 32,783	\$ (69,997) (48,957)	\$ 410,128 140,050	\$ 16,157 48,957
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 636,349	\$ 32,783	<u>\$ (118,954)</u>	\$ 550,178	<u>\$ 65,114</u>

Sick leave will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund, adult education fund, adult basic education fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2012, are a voted debt margin of \$207,786,209 and an unvoted debt margin of \$2,308,736.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance Company for property and general liability insurance. Indiana Insurance Company also covers commercial property, crime, inland marine, and boiler and machinery with a blanket \$268,085,154 insured value and a \$1,000 deductible.

Professional liability is provided by the Ohio School Plan with \$3,000,000 single occurrence and a \$5,000,000 aggregate limit and no deductible. Vehicles are covered by Indiana Insurance Company with comprehensive coverage and a \$250 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating Districts is calculated as on experience and a common premium rate is applied to all Districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the group rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to Districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and administrators earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending on the length of service. Vacation days are credited to the classified employees on September 1 of each year. Vacation cannot be carried forward. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave can be accumulated to a maximum of 207 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for 28 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 58 days severance pay at the daily rate of the employee.

B. Employee Group Medical/Surgical, Dental and Vision Insurance

Medical/surgical, dental and vision insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The District is a member of a claims servicing pool, consisting of various school districts within the State, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the District's behalf. The claims liability of \$23,747 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2012 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims.

Changes in claims activity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Balan <u>Beginning</u>		 rrent Year Claims	_1	Claim Payments		lance at l of Year
2012	\$	-	\$ 929,220	\$	(905,473)	\$	23,747

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Klais & Co. and Fort Dearborn Life in the amount of \$50,000.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under "*Employers/Audit Resources*".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$223,358, \$212,085 and \$187,905, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$830,414, \$780,359 and \$760,841, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$2,383 made by the District and \$1,702 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2012, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 (latest information available) was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$33,067, \$51,410 and \$27,768, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$13,190, \$13,648 and \$11,174, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$63,878, \$60,028 and \$58,526, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and adult education fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	60,992
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		62,142
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		198,015
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(9,542)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(3,324)
Adjustment for encumbrances		40,861
GAAP basis	\$	349,144

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund, the public school support fund, the uniform school supplies fund and the special trust fund.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants and ADM

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Maintenance/ <u>Acquisition</u>		
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	-	
Current year set-aside requirement		149,438	
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-	
Current year qualifying expenditures		-	
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-	
Current year offsets		(452,962)	
Waiver granted by ODE		-	
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		-	
Total	\$	(303,524)	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2013	\$	-	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-	

Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the setaside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ye	Year-End		
Fund Type	Encu	Encumbrances		
General fund	\$	40,800		
Adult education		40,218		
Building		25,387		
Total	\$	106,405		
Total	Ψ	100,405		

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	PASS THROUGH ENTITY NUMBER	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	RECEIPTS	NON-CASH RECEIPTS	EXPENDITURES	NON-CASH EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Program): National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance:	N/A	10.555		\$33,781		\$33,781
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	N/A N/A	10.553 10.555	\$38,668 157,625		\$38,668 157,625	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture-Child Nutrition Cluster			196,293	33,781	196,293	33,781
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Grant:						
Federal Pell Grant Program	N/A	84.063	265,115		265,115	
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	051656-ABS1-2011 051656-ABS1-2012	84.002	21,442 203,764 225,206		12,572 216,604 229,176	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	051656-20C1-2011 051656-20C1-2012	84.048	87,784 413,920 501,704		40,873 448,618 489,491	
Improving Teacher Quality	051656-TRS1-2011 051656-TRS1-2012	84.367	815 2,127 2,942		0 <u>4,138</u> 4,138	
Total Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			729,852		722,805	
Total			\$1,191,260	\$33,781	\$1,184,213	\$33,781

The notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Buckeye Joint Vocational School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and expenditures. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION DISTRIBUTION

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Buckeye Joint Vocational School District Tuscarawas County 545 University Drive, NE New Philadelphia, Ohio 44621

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buckeye Joint Vocational School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 2, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to Buckeye Joint Vocational School District's management in a separate letter dated January 2, 2013.

 101 Central Plaza South, 700 Chase Tower, Canton, Ohio 44702-1509

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 www.ohioauditor.gov

Buckeye Joint Vocational School District Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to Buckeye Joint Vocational School District's management in a separate letter dated January 2, 2013.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 2, 2013



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Buckeye Joint Vocational School District Tuscarawas County 545 University Drive, NE New Philadelphia, Ohio 44663

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Buckeye Joint Vocational School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Buckeye Joint Vocational School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, Buckeye Joint Vocational School District, Tuscarawas County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Buckeye Joint Vocational School District Tuscarawas County Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 2, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #84.063 – Federal Pel Grant Program CFDA #84.048 – Career and Technical Education – Basic Grants to States
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2011-001	Adult Education Receivables and Financial Reporting – The District failed to properly capture accounts receivable for the Adult Education Department.	No	Significant corrections. Not fully corrected. See Management Letter.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BUCKEYE JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JANUARY 24, 2013

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