



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis – June 30, 2012	11
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds – June 30, 2012	13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities – Cash Basis- June 30, 2012	14
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances – Cash Basis - Governmental Funds – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities- Cash Basis – June 30, 2012	16
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Change in Cash Fund Balance Budget and Actual – (Budget Basis) - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012	17
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund	19
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Cash Basis - Fiduciary Funds – June 30, 2012	20
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Cash Basis – Private Purpose Trust Fund	21
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	45
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures	46
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Governmental Auditing Standards	47
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	49
Schedule of Findings	51
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	53



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bellefontaine City School District Logan County 820 Ludlow Road Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bellefontaine City School District, Logan County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, as discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, we cannot determine at this time.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bellefontaine City School District, Logan County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in cash financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting basis Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Bellefontaine City School District Logan County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the District's financial statements taken as a whole. Management's Discussion & Analysis includes tables of net assets, changes in net assets, governmental activities and long-term debt. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipt and Expenditure (the Schedule) is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. These tables and the Schedule provide additional information, but are not part of the basic financial statements. However these tables and the Schedule are management's responsibility, and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. These tables and the schedule were subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Other than the aforementioned procedures applied to the tables, we applied no procedures to any other information in Management's Discussion & Analysis, and we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 31, 2013

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Bellefontaine City School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets increased \$9,941, mostly due to capital outlay disbursements and receipts as a result of the Ohio School Facilities Commission ("OSFC") project.
- Outstanding debt decreased from \$21,737,543 to \$21,374,923 through principal payments made during the current year.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Bellefontaine City School District as a whole, entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. For fiscal year 2012, the General fund and Classroom Facilities fund are the School District's most significant funds.

Basis of Accounting

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and investments and changes in cash and investments resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipt and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net assets will be cash and investments. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and investments. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2012?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question.

These two statements report the School District's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds include the general fund and the Classroom Facilities fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operation and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Proprietary Fund – The School District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance benefits. Because this service predominately benefits governmental functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2012 compared to 2011.

(Table 1)
Net Assets – Cash Basis

Net A55et5 - Ca5ii Da5i5				
	Governmental Activities			
Assets:	2012	2011		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$33,945,663	\$33,935,722		
Total Assets	\$33,945,663	\$33,935,722		
Net Assets:				
Restricted for:				
Capital Outlay	23,995,268	23,808,825		
Debt Service	688,064	1,259,839		
Other Purposes	1,516,756	1,259,839		
Set Asides		849,921		
Unrestricted	7,745,575	7,034,518		
Total Net Assets	\$33,945,663	\$33,935,722		

Net assets of the governmental activities increased \$9,941, which represents a .03 percent increase from fiscal year 2011. The increase is the result of capital outlay disbursements and receipts as a result of the OSFC building project.

A portion of the School District's net assets, \$26,200,088 or 77.18 percent, represent resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the government-wide unrestricted net assets of \$7,745,575 may be used to meet the School District's ongoing obligations.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2012 as compared to fiscal year 2011.

(Table 2)
Changes in Net Assets – Cash Basis

	Governmental Activities			
Receipts:	2012	2011		
Program Receipts:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,947,078	\$1,989,843		
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	5,570,507	5,276,097		
Capital Grants, Contributions and Interest	8,260,941	8,178,760		
Total Program Receipts	15,778,526	15,984,700		
General Receipts:				
Property Taxes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to	8,075,888	8,129,370		
Specific Programs	12,553,430	13,189,492		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	10,000	44.570.000		
Proceeds of General Obligation Bonds		14,579,923		
Premium on Debt Issuance		963,515		
Interest Earnings	29,626	40,918		
Miscellaneous	103,420	30,849		
Total General Receipts	20,772,364	36,934,067		
Total Receipts	36,550,890	52,918,767		
		(Continued)		

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

(Table 2)
Changes in Net Assets – Cash Basis
(Continued)

•	Government	tal Activities
	2012	2011
Program Disbursements:		
Instruction:		
Regular	12,287,255	12,173,975
Special	3,162,311	3,373,117
Vocational	402,116	392,264
Other		7,000
Support Services:		
Pupils	1,289,118	1,156,069
Instructional Staff	1,597,701	1,484,800
Board of Education	241,588	218,100
Administration	1,616,959	1,626,996
Fiscal	502,549	476,299
Business	187,424	184,127
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,354,872	2,252,424
Pupil Transportation	760,369	804,242
Central	453,786	431,258
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		
Food Service Operations	1,095,820	1,050,753
Community Services	11,204	
Extracurricular Activities	553,734	468,135
Capital Outlay	8,091,328	1,457,540
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement	362,620	14,933,528
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,570,195	1,495,467
Issuance Costs		184,680
Total Program Disbursements	36,540,949	44,170,774
Change in Net Assets	9,941	8,747,993
Net Assets Beginning of year	33,935,722	25,187,729
Net Assets End of Year	\$33,945,663	\$33,935,722

The increase in capital outlay of \$6,633,788 from fiscal year 2011 was due to the OSFC project in progress during fiscal year 2012.

The decrease in principal retirement of \$14,570,908 from fiscal year 2011 was due to the refunding of bonds during the fiscal year 2011.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Governmental Activities

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities – Cash Basis

	Total Costs	of Services	Net Costs of Services	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Program Disbursements:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$12,287,255	\$12,173,975	\$ 9,989,699	\$10,510,891
Special	3,162,311	3,373,117	508,945	(95,556)
Vocational	402,116	392,264	349,085	339,233
Other		7,000		7,000
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,289,118	1,156,069	1,287,015	1,141,306
Instructional Staff	1,597,701	1,484,800	945,222	1,377,065
Board of Education	241,588	218,100	241,588	218,100
Administration	1,616,959	1,626,996	1,616,959	1,522,312
Fiscal	502,549	476,299	430,645	404,458
Business	187,424	184,127	187,424	184,127
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,354,872	2,252,424	2,354,872	2,186,495
Pupil Transportation	760,369	804,242	751,919	804,242
Central	453,786	431,258	453,785	426,258
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,095,820	1,050,753	(190,549)	(186,114)
Community Services	11,204		11,204	(10,394)
Extracurricular Activities	553,734	468,135	342,524	196,497
Capital Outlay	8,091,328	1,457,540	(169,613)	(7,247,158)
Debt Service:			,	,
Principal Retirement	362,620	14,933,528	81,593	14,933,528
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,570,195	1,495,467	1,570,195	1,289,104
Issuance Costs		184,680		184,680
Total	\$36,540,949	\$44,170,774	\$20,762,423	\$28,186,074

The dependence upon tax revenues and general revenue entitlements from the state for governmental activities is apparent. Program revenues only account for 43 percent of all governmental expenses. The community is the largest area of support for the School District students.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$33,596,167, which is higher than the prior year balance of \$33,422,513.

The general fund had total cash receipts of \$21,832,050. The cash disbursements of the general fund totaled \$21,658,115. The general fund's fund balance increased \$173,935 in fiscal year 2012. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to the School District's management reducing expenditures.

The Classroom Facilities Fund had total cash receipts of \$8,252,506 and total cash disbursements of \$8,014,013, for an increase in fund balance of \$238,493 in fiscal year 2012. The increase in fund balance is primarily due to the school project still in progress.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2012, the School District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budget basis receipts were \$21,548,707, representing an increase of \$5,378 from the original estimate of \$21,543,329. Actual receipts of \$21,659,515 were \$110,808 higher than the final budget. Of this increase, most was attributable to an increase in intergovernmental receipts and tuition and fees.

For fiscal year 2012, the general fund final budget basis disbursements were \$22,554,929, which is over the original budgeted disbursements of \$22,209,689. Actual disbursements of \$21,515,168 were \$1,039,761 lower than the final budget. Actual instruction, operation and maintenance of plant, and administration disbursements were significantly under budgeted expectations. This was due to disbursements were fully appropriated and budgeted higher than usual to ensure for any possible increases in costs for maintaining the new building.

Debt Administration

The School District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

(Table 4)
Outstanding Debt, at June 30,

Outstanding Debt, at build 50,				
	Governmental Activities			
	2012 2011			
1993 Bond Issue		\$ 77,620		
2005 Bond Issue	\$ 6,800,000	7,080,000		
2010B Build America Bonds	14,190,000	14,190,000		
2010A Tax Exempt Bonds	384,923	389,923		
Total Debt Obligation	\$21,374,923	\$21,737,543		

For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 8 of the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Current Issues

Property tax revenue estimates are based on historical collection levels. The School District is realizing an annual decrease in its assessed valuation due to the phase out of tangible property taxes. This is reflected in the figures used for the five year forecast. 2013 is the next scheduled sexennial update year for the School District. The School District is located in Logan County.

The biennial State budget House Bill (HB 153) covers the State funding cycle July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2013. The effects of HB 153 are still being analyzed in the education community. According to initial budget projections, school funding will experience an overall decrease in fiscal year 2012-2013 of \$700 million. In addition, a new school funding model will be developed. The Evidence-Based Model (EBM) funding formula from the previous State budget was repealed. While a new formula is being developed, a "bridge" formula will be used to distribute foundation monies to schools.

HB 153 accelerates the phase-out of the Tangible Personal Property (TPP) tax to school districts. Most schools will realize a complete phase-out of the tangible reimbursements during the 2012-2013 budget cycle. Schools were previously told that phase-out would take place through 2018. Prior to the tangible personal property tax being phased out starting in 2005, the School District brought in a little over \$2,000,000 per year in personal tangible taxes. This is a substantial decrease in local funding that schools are faced to deal with.

The School District continues to analyze the long-term effects of HB153 and looks for long-range funding solutions. The Board continues to closely scrutinize expenditures to keep them in line with estimated revenues. Pupil teacher ratios and class sizes will continue to be closely monitored. The result of this analysis will help determine future staffing needs for the School District.

As a result of the decreased State funding and the loss of personal tangible property taxes, the School District has been forced to make budget cuts totaling \$4.85 million since the 2006 fiscal year. The majority of the cuts are personnel related and made through attrition where possible. Along with the budget cuts, both unions agreed to a zero percent increase on the base salary. When implementing the above actions, the School District has been able to stabilize its five-year forecast. Even with the above budget cuts, the School District still finds itself in a deficit spending situation that will need to be addressed.

Additionally, district voters approved a 2.8 mill bond issue at the November 3, 2009 election authorizing the School District to partake in an Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) project. Also approved was the 0.5 mill maintenance fund as required by the OSFC. The total project cost is estimated to be \$35,003,787; with the local share being \$13,651,477 and the State share being \$21,352,310. The project includes building two new school buildings. One building will be an elementary building that will house grades kindergarten through second grade. The other building will be a middle school that will house grades six through eight. Once the new middle school is completed, the current middle school will be used to house grades three through five. All contracts have been let for the project except for loose furnishings. This contract is expected to go out to bid in mid-December 2012. The project has an anticipated completion date of June 2013.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Keith E. Krieger, Treasurer, Bellefontaine City School District, 820 Ludlow Road, Bellefontaine, OH 43311.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$33,945,663
Total Assets	33,945,663
Net Assets: Restricted for: Capital Outlay Debt Service Other Purposes Unrestricted Total Net Assets	23,995,268 688,064 1,516,756 7,745,575 \$33,945,663

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,2012

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes

		Program Cash Receipts		in Net Assets	
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:	* 40.007.055	* 4 000 400	# 4.04 7 .400		(\$0.000.000)
Regular	\$12,287,255	\$1,280,428	\$1,017,128		(\$9,989,699)
Special	3,162,311	21,002	2,632,364		(508,945)
Vocational	402,116		53,031		(349,085)
Support Services:	4 000 440		0.400		(4.007.045)
Pupils	1,289,118		2,103		(1,287,015)
Instructional Staff	1,597,701		652,479		(945,222)
Board of Education	241,588				(241,588)
Administration	1,616,959				(1,616,959)
Fiscal	502,549		71,904		(430,645)
Business	187,424				(187,424)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,354,872				(2,354,872)
Pupil Transportation	760,369		8,450		(751,919)
Central	453,786				(453,786)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	1,095,820	486,782	799,587		190,549
Community Services	11,204				(11,204)
Extracurricular Activities	553,734	158,866	52,344		(342,524)
Capital Outlay	8,091,328			\$8,260,941	169,613
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	362,620		281,117		(81,503)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,570,195				(1,570,195)
Totals	\$36,540,949	\$1,947,078	\$5,570,507	\$8,260,941	(\$20,762,423)
	General Receipts: Property Taxes Le General Purposes	vied for:			6,583,279
	Debt Service				1,204,435
	Capital Outlay				168,923
	Operation and mair	ntenance			119,251
	Grants and Entitlem	nents not Restric	ted to Specific Pro	grams	12,553,430
	Payments in Lieu of	f Taxes	•	•	10,000
	Interest Earnings				29,626
	Miscellaneous				103,420
	Total General Receip	ots			20,772,364
	Change in Net Asset	s			9,941
	Net Assets Beginning	g of Year		-	33,935,722
	Net Assets End of Ye	ear		-	\$33,945,663

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund	Classroom Facilities Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$7,545,164	\$22,461,921	\$3,215,390	\$33,222,475
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agent		373,692		373,692
Total Assets	7,545,164	22,835,613	3,215,390	33,596,167
Fund Balances:				
Restricted		22,835,613	3,364,475	26,200,088
Assigned	580,301			580,301
Unassigned	6,964,863		(149,085)	6,815,778
Total Fund Balances	\$7,545,164	\$22,835,613	\$3,215,390	\$33,596,167

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BLANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVENMENTAL ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$33,596,167
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	349,496
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$33,945,663

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Classroom	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Facilities Fund	Funds	Funds
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$6,583,279		\$1,492,609	\$8,075,888
Intergovernmental	13,789,821	8,097,969	4,040,778	25,928,568
Interest Income	29,505	154,537	8,385	192,427
Tuition and Fees	1,079,115	•	11,300	1,090,415
Extracurricular Activities	55,718		188,457	244,175
Gifts and Donations	55,486		208,652	264,138
Charges for Services	·		486,782	486,782
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	10,000		·	10,000
Rent	125,706			125,706
Miscellaneous	103,420		29,250	132,670
Total Receipts	21,832,050	8,252,506	6,466,213	36,550,769
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,801,242		1,092,587	11,893,829
Special	2,084,541		1,059,389	3,143,930
Vocational	400,354		, ,	400,354
Support Services:	•			,
Pupils	1,259,466		21,357	1,280,823
Instructional Staff	803,675		786,695	1,590,370
Board of Education	222,138		19,450	241,588
Administration	1,552,068		56,432	1,608,500
Fiscal	449,807		51,168	500,975
Business	186,593		,	186,593
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,108,918		234,904	2,343,822
Pupil Transportation	715,908		39,831	755,739
Central	439,979		11,069	451,048
Extracurricular Activities	322,213		231,521	553,734
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	6,180		1,084,283	1,090,463
Community Services	5,033		6,171	11,204
Capital Outlay		8,014,013	77,315	8,091,328
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement			362,620	362,620
Interest and Fiscal Charges			1,570,195	1,570,195
Total Disbursements	21,358,115	8,014,013	6,704,987	36,077,115
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	473,935	238,493	(238,774)	473,654
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances Out	(300,000)			(300,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(300,000)			(300,000)
Total Other Financing Cources (Occo)	(000,000)			(000,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	173,935	238,493	(238,774)	173,654
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	7,371,229	22,597,120	3,454,164	33,422,513
Fund Balances End of Year	\$7,545,164	\$22,835,613	\$3,215,390	\$33,596,167

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$173,654
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Internal service funds charge insurance costs to other funds. The entity-wide statements eliminate governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund charges. Governmental activities report allocated net internal service fund receipts (disbursements).	(163,713)
report allocated fiet internal service fund receipts (disbursements).	(103,713)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$9,941

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBUSREMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$6,589,541	\$6,594,606	\$6,583,279	(\$11,327)
Intergovernmental	13,706,051	13,706,364	13,789,821	83,457
Interest Income	40,000	40,000	29,505	(10,495)
Tuition and Fees	972,737	972,737	1,017,784	45,047
Payments in Lieu of Taxes			10,000	10,000
Rental	135,000	135,000	125,706	(9,294)
Miscellaneous	100,000	100,000	103,420	3,420
Total Receipts	21,543,329	21,548,707	21,659,515	110,808
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	11,634,920	11,863,880	10,997,564	866,316
Special	1,942,481	1,963,903	2,084,541	(120,638)
Vocational	462,256	468,099	397,977	70,122
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,261,499	1,175,439	1,244,816	(69,377)
Instructional Staff	958,453	959,313	798,662	160,651
Board of Education	208,711	250,995	222,138	28,857
Administration	1,605,377	1,598,010	1,542,265	55,745
Fiscal	463,557	468,884	449,807	19,077
Business	192,768	192,950	186,593	6,357
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,224,908	2,226,737	2,108,918	117,819
Pupil Transportation	572,855	656,248	715,908	(59,660)
Central	356,337	379,364	432,638	(53,274)
Extracurricular Activities	317,609	343,149	322,213	20,936
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	2,958	2,958	6,095	(3,137)
Community Services	5,000	5,000	5,033	(33)
Total Disbursements	22,209,689	22,554,929	21,515,168	1,039,761
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(666,360)	(1,006,222)	144,347	1,150,569
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Other Financing Uses	(25,000)	(1,595)		1,595
Transfers Out	(25,000)	(25,000)		25,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(50,000)	(26,595)		26,595
Net Change in Fund Balance	(716,360)	(1,032,817)	144,347	1,177,164
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,236,122	7,236,122	7,236,122	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	43,541	43,541	43,541	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,563,303	\$6,246,846	\$7,424,010	\$1,177,164

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$349,496
Total Assets	349,496
Net Assets:	
Unrestricted	349,496
Total Net Assets	\$349,496

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Receipts:	
Charges for Services	\$3,479,338
Total Operating Receipts	3,479,338
Operating Disbursements:	
Administrative Fees	406,115
Claims	3,537,057
Total Operating Disbursements	3,943,172
Operating Income (Loss)	(463,834)
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):	
Interest	121
Advance In	300,000
Total Non-Operating Receipts(Disbursements)	300,121
Change in Net Assets	(163,713)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	513,209
Net Assets End of Year	\$349,496

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

Private Purpose

	Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$82,616	\$101,525
Total Assets	82,616	101,525
Net Assets: Held in Trust for Scholarships Held for Student Activities	29,069	101,525
Endowments	53,547	
Total Net Assets	\$82,616	\$101,525

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Scholarship
Additions:	***
Gifts and Contributions	\$23,942
Interest	443_
Total Additions	24,385
Deductions:	
Scholarships	6,100
Change in Net Assets	18,285
Net Assets Beginning of Year	64,331
Net Assets End of Year	\$82,616

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Bellefontaine City School District (the "School District") is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the state of Ohio to provide educational services to the students and other community members of the School District. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms by the voters of the School District.

The School District serves an area of approximately 31 square miles in Logan County, including all of the City of Bellefontaine, Ohio, and portions of surrounding townships.

The School District currently operates three elementary schools, one middle school and one comprehensive high school. The School District is staffed by non-certificated employees and certificated employees to provide services to students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District does not have any component units.

The School District is associated with three jointly governed organizations, one joint venture, and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations include the Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, State Support Team Region 6, the Logan County Education Foundation, the Joint Recreation School District (Blue Jacket Park) and the Hunter Consulting Company Worker's Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 10, 11 and 12 to the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.A., these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The FASB has codified its standards and the standards issued prior to November 30, 1989 are included in the codification. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. The School District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

The School District also reports investments as assets, valued at cost basis.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). Differences between disbursements reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements versus budgetary disbursements result from encumbrances outstanding at the beginning and end of the fiscal year.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the School District's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary and fiduciary funds are reported by type.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, receipts or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- Total assets, receipts or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into three categories, governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Classroom Facilities Fund – The Classroom Facilities Fund is used to account for the monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed internally or externally.

2. Proprietary Fund

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net asset, financial position, and cash flows. The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School District has one proprietary fund, an Internal Service Fund. The internal service fund is used to account for the operation of providing health and dental coverage to the employees of the School District. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" receipts and disbursements. The Net Assets of the internal service fund are included with unrestricted net assets on the government-wide statement.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organization, or other governmental units and are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's fiduciary funds include private purpose trust and agency funds. The School District's private purpose trust funds account for endowments and programs that provide college scholarships for students after graduation. Agency funds are custodial in nature (cash equals net assets) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for various student-managed activities.

D. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriation Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control selected by the Board is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Budgetary allocations at the object and function level within all funds are made by the Treasurer.

Advances in and Advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than assigned fund balance (cash basis).

1. Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed disbursements and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for rate determination.

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected receipt of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipt are identified by the School District's Treasurer.

3. Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying a new certificate is not necessary, the annual Appropriation Resolution Report must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of disbursements, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary disbursements of the School District. The Appropriation Resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of disbursements and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of disbursements on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. Disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as a restricted or assigned fund balance for subsequent-year disbursements for governmental funds.

5. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not re-appropriated.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to STAROhio, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. STAROhio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold on June 30, 2012.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2012 were \$29,505, which includes \$1,497 interest assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments". Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the cash management pool are reported as investments.

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets. Depreciation is not recorded on these capital assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Long-term Debt

Cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported as disbursements when paid.

I. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received. Federal and State reimbursement type grants for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as receipts when the grant is received.

J. Inventory

The School District reports disbursements for inventory when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The School District recognizes disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 6 and 7, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

L. Equity Classifications

1. Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in separate components:

- a. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the school district. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. At June 30, 2012, there were no net assets restricted by enabling legislation.
- b. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted."

The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

- a. Non-spendable The non-spendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- **b. Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.
- c. Committed The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.
- e. Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

M. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

During the course of normal operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund through which resources to be expended are recorded as transfers.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as disbursements/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in disbursements/expense in the reimbursed fund.

N. Receipts and Disbursements

1. Program Receipts

In the Statement of Activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the School District's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. The School District has the following program receipts: charges for services and sales, operating and capital grants, contributions and interest.

All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts even if restricted for a specific purpose.

2. Disbursements

Governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above; provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days:
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio):
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
- 8. Under certain circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all uninsured public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$33,431,659 and the bank balance was \$33,891,894. Of the School District's bank balance, \$7,516,329 was covered by federal depository insurance, leaving \$26,375,565 exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent not in the School District's name.

As of June 30, 2012, the School District has \$294 in deposited cash on hand. This amount is included in equity in pooled cash and investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the School District had the following investments:

	Carrying Value	% of Investment Total	Maturities
STAR Ohio	\$158,180	23%	0 – 6 Months
Fifth Third Securities Money Market	539,671	77%	0 – 6 Months
	\$697,851	100%	

C. Interest Rate Risk

The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

E. Credit Risk

The School District's investments at June 30, 2012, in STAROhio and money market funds are all rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. STAROhio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires that no-load money market mutual funds must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and STAR Ohio must maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAROhio as of June 30, 2012, is 53 days.

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount the district may invest in any one issuer, however State statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time. More than 5 percent of the School District's investments are in STAROhio and Money Market Funds. These investments are 23 percent and 77 percent, respectively, of the School District's total investments for the amounts listed above.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011 and are collected in 2012 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phased out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in calendar year 2010. The tax was phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaced the revenue lost by the School District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the School District was fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements are being phased out. On June 30, 2011, House Bill No. 153 was signed into law, which further reduced the amounts of these reimbursements.

The School District receives property taxes from Logan County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second- Half Collections		2012 Fir Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Property	\$255,918,980	97%	\$260,010,690	97%
Tangible Personal Property	317,030			
Public Utility	8,024,460	3%	8,217,900	3%
Total	\$264,260,470	100%	\$268,228,590	100%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$55.33		\$54.73	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Public Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, and vehicles.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are fully insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Health Care Benefits

The School District has established a Self-Insurance Fund in the Internal Service Fund Type to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Self-Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$75,000 per claim per employee. The School District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by this fund and for other risks of loss including annual aggregate stop losses coverage for annual claims paid. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

C. Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Hunter Consulting Company Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

Participation in the Plan is limited to participants that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of the Hunter Consulting Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

D. Self-Insurance

The School District is also self-insured for employee health care benefits. The Self Insurance Fund pays covered claims to service providers, and recovers these costs from Interfund rates that are charged based on claims approved by the claims administrator. A comparison of Self Insurance Fund cash balance and estimated liability as of June 30 follows:

	2012	2011
Cash	\$349,496	\$513,209
Estimated Liabilities	\$359,486	\$390,366

Estimated liabilities are based on fiscal year paid claims multiplied by a computation factor.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio ("SERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and .05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$405,589, \$335,926, and \$358,563, respectively; 66 percent was contributed for 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio ("STRS Ohio"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a publicly-available, stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employer contributions. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's contributions for pension obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$1,598,960, \$1,443,549, and \$1,486,513, respectively; 85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$79,132 made by the School District and \$56,523 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid. As of June 30, 2012, three of the Board of Education members have elected social security.

7. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the financial report of STRS. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for post-employment health care for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$122,997, \$111,042, and \$114,347, respectively; 85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

7. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug plan is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lessor of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2012 was \$99.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$319.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, .55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions assigned to health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$65,549, \$60,652, and \$49,356, respectively; 66 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially required allocation is .75 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$23,952, \$21,618, and \$21,323, respectively; 66 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

8. DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The following is a description of the School District's bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2012:

		Principal			Principal	
	Interest	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	Rates	6/30/2011	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2012	One Year
General Obligation Bonds:						
1993 Bond Issue	2.7-4.4%	\$ 77,620		\$ 77,620		
2005 Bond Issue	5.0-5.5%	7,080,000		280,000	\$ 6,800,000	\$295,000
2010B Build America Bonds	2.0-26.4%	14,190,000			14,190,000	
2010A Tax-Exempt Bonds	5.45-5.9%	389,923		5,000	384,923	55,000
Total Debt Obligation		\$21,737,543		\$362,620	\$21,374,923	\$350,000

1993 Refunding Bond Issue - In December 1993, the School District issued \$4,923,935 in general obligation refunding bonds for the purpose of advance refunding of bonds originally issued in March 1990 that were used for renovating the middle school, furnishing and equipping the same and improving the site thereof, and removing asbestos at various buildings. The refunding bond issue consisted of \$4,000,000 of Current Interest Serial Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.65 to 4.40 percent and \$923,935 of Capital Appreciation Serial Bonds with stated interest rates ranging from 10.3 to 10.4 percent (or the rate that, when applied to the original principal amount, compounded semi-annually results in the maturity amount) for an approximate yield to maturity of 5.1 percent to 5.6 percent. The bonds were retired from the Debt Service Fund and have been repaid in full.

The Current Interest Serial Bonds matured December 1, 2009. The Capital Appreciation Bonds will bear interest, compounded semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 (the "interest Accretion Dates"), from the date of their issuance, but the interest will be payable only at maturity. The Capital Appreciation Bonds began maturing in fiscal year 2005 and matured through fiscal year 2012. The maturity amount of all outstanding capital appreciation bonds totals \$965,000.

The accreted amount for fiscal year 2012 was \$10,783, and the amount of the bonds repaid during fiscal year 2012 including accreted interest was \$475,000.

2005 General Obligation Advance Refunding Bonds - In April 2005, the School District issued \$7,475,000 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of refunding a portion of the 1999 School Improvement Bonds originally issued for the purpose of additions and renovations to the High School. The refunding bond issue consists of \$3,760,000 in serial bonds and \$3,715,000 in term bonds. The serial bonds have interest rates at 5.0 percent and yield rates from 2.45 to 4.22 percent. Term bonds have a 5.5 percent interest rate with final maturities on December 1, 2023 and December 1, 2026. The bonds will be retired from the Debt Service Fund. The source of payment is derived from current 2.70 mill and current 2.60 mill bonded debt facilities tax levies.

The remaining serial bonds mature each year beginning in 2010 through 2019. Bonds maturing on December 1, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 are subject to redemption at the option of the School District, in whole or in part, in such order as the School District shall determine, on any date on or after December 1, 2015, at the redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2023 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1, 2020 and each December 1 thereafter. The remaining principal amount of such Bonds (\$530,000) will mature at stated maturity on December 1, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

8. DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2026 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1, 2024 and 2025. The remaining principal amount of such bonds (\$620,000) will mature at stated maturity on December 1, 2026.

2010 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds - In September 2010, the School District issued \$14,579,923 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing two new school buildings. The bond issue consists of \$205,000 of tax-exempt serial bonds, \$184,923 of tax-exempt capital appreciation bonds and \$14,190,000 in Build America Bonds (BABs). The serial bonds have interest rates at 2.0 percent. The Capital Appreciation Bonds will bear interest, compounded semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 (the "interest Accretion Dates"), from the date of their issuance, but the interest will be payable only at maturity. The Build America Bonds have a 5.45 percent to 5.90 percent. The bonds will be retired from the Debt Service Fund. The source of payment is derived from current 2.80 mill and current 0.5 mill bonded debt tax levies.

The following is a summary of the School District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2005 Bond Issue	2010 Bond Issue – Tax Exempt	2010 Bond Issue BABs	Interest/ Accretion	Total
2013	\$ 295,000	\$55,000		\$1,157,840	\$1,507,840
2014	335,000	60,000		1,140,940	1,535,940
2015	350,000	85,000		1,122,365	1,557,365
2016	345,000	37,105		1,202,035	1,584,140
2017	365,000	34,317		1,212,073	1,611,390
2018 - 2022	2,315,000	103,571		6,035,579	8,454,150
2023 - 2027	2,795,000	9,930	\$ 1,860,000	4,404,732	9,069,662
2028 - 2037			4,785,000	2,847,590	7,632,590
2038 - 2041			3,570,000	431,585	4,001,585
	\$6,800,000	\$384,923	\$14,190,000	\$21,178,197	\$42,553,120

The School District's overall debt margin was \$ 2,714,103 with an un-voted debt margin of \$260,011 at June 30, 2012.

9. SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS

The School District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund receipt amounts, as defined, into various reserves. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Capital Acquisition
Set-Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2011	
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	\$461,570
Prior Year Offset from Bond Proceeds	(461,570)
Total	0
Balance carried forward to FY 2013	0
Set-Aside Restricted Balance June 30, 2012	\$ 0

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

9. SET ASIDE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

The amount presented for Prior Year Offset from Bond Proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvements to \$0. The school district is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods.

10. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Ohio Hi-Point Career Center

The Ohio Hi-Point Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Ohio Hi-Point Career Center, Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, at 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311-9594.

B. State Support Team Region 6

The State Support Team Region 6 ("SST6") is a special education service center, which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives direct Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly-governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SST6 is governed by a board of 52 members made up of the 50 superintendents of the participating School Districts, one non-public school, and Wright State University whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Marlene Graf, Director, at 1045 Dearbaugh, Suite #1, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

C. Logan County Education Foundation

The Logan County Education Foundation was established to secure and distribute contributions from individuals, corporations, and foundations for the benefit of students within the county. The Foundation promotes, sponsors, and encourages the pursuit of excellence in education for students. The Foundation is managed by a Board of Trustees composed of six trustees from each school district. These trustees are nominated by their local school boards including Bellefontaine City School District, Benjamin Logan Local School District, Indian Lake Local School District, and Riverside Local School District. The Executive Board is comprised of the Logan County Educational Service Center Superintendent representing the three local school districts and the Bellefontaine City School District Superintendent representing the city school district. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Eric Tom, who serves as Financial Advisor, 121 South Opera Street, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

11. JOINT VENTURE

The Joint Recreation School District (Blue Jacket Park) - The Joint Recreation School District (JRD) was established June 25, 1984. The JRD is operated by a seven member Board consisting of three representatives from both the Bellefontaine City School District and the City of Bellefontaine.

The remaining member is selected by the six appointed Board members. The JRD operates the Blue Jacket Park which is adjacent to the Bellefontaine City School District and for which the School District owns the land. The operating budget for the JRD is passed by the City of Bellefontaine and is submitted to the JRD Board. To obtain financial information write to the City of Bellefontaine, Jack Reser, who serves as Auditor, at 135 North Detroit Street, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

12. INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

The Hunter Consulting Company Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Hunter Consulting Company Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Hunter Consulting Company as an insurance purchasing pool. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the Plan.

13. CONTINGENCIES

A. Review of Statewide Attendance Data

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

B. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

C. Litigation

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

14. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability

At June 30, 2012, the Vocational Education Enhancement Fund, Miscellaneous State Grants Fund, the Title I Grants Fund and the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund had deficit balances in the amount of \$1,391, \$8,347, \$119,011, \$20,336, respectively. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however; this is done when cash is needed. The deficit fund balance was created at June 30, 2012 as a result of late disbursements from the grant authorities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

14. ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

B. Compliance

Ohio Adm. Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to file annual financial reports, which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For fiscal year 2012, the School District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38, the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

15. INTERFUND BALANCES

During fiscal year 2012, the General Fund made advances to the self - insurance fund, in the amount of \$300,000 to subsidize operations in that fund.

16. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (cash basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the cash basis are that:

- a. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a disbursement; and,
- b. Some funds are included in the general fund (cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the cash basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance				
	General Fund			
Budget Basis	\$144,347			
Funds budgeted elsewhere**	16,103			
Adjustment for encumbrances	13,485			
Cash Basis	\$173,935			

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on the cash basis. This includes the public school support fund and the uniform school supplies fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

17. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2012, the School District had the following outstanding contractual commitments for the OSFC project:

Contract/Vendor	Contracted Amount	Amount Remaining
R.D. Jones Excavating, Inc.	\$1,152,159	\$ 437,805
Bruns Building & Dev. Corp.	1,521,655	1,005,885
C & T Design and Equip. Co.	256,939	113,394
Farnham Equipment Company	932,700	932,700
Ferguson Construction Company	13,453,233	9,211,206
Freytag & Associates, Inc.	116,879	67,375
RJ Martin Electrical Services	1,435,000	1,435,000
Regal Plumbing & Heating	4,429,851	3,700,986
S.A. Comunale Company, Inc.	342,000	342,000
Vaughn Industries, LLC	\$2,636,000	\$2,236,285

18. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	General Fund	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for:				
Capital Improvements		\$22,835,613	\$1,159,655	\$23,995,268
Food Service Operations			805,109	805,109
Race to the Top			8,417	8,471
Student Activities			155,953	155,953
Regular Instruction			1,542	1,542
Improving Teacher Quality			5,857	5,857
Special Instruction			2,584	2,584
Operation and Maintenance of Plant			508,821	508,821
Miscellaneous Grant Project			28,473	28,473
Debt Service			688,064	688,064
Total Restricted		22,835,613	3,364,475	26,200,088
Assigned for:				
Public School Support	\$37,318			37,318
School Supplies	4,511			4,511
Instruction	13,485			13,485
Subsequent years appropriations	524,987			524,987
Total Assigned	580,301			580,301
Unassigned	6,964,863		(149,085)	6,815,778
Total Fund Balance	\$7,545,164	\$22,835,613	\$3,215,390	\$33,596,167

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Nutrition Cluster:					
Noncash Assistance (Food Distribution) National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance	10.555		\$74,709		\$74,709
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$585,969		\$585,969	
Total National School Lunch Program		585,969	74,709	585,969	74,709
School Breakfast Program	10.553	196,219		196,219	
Total Nutrition Cluster		782,188	74,709	782,188	74,709
Total United States Department of Agriculture		782,188	74,709	782,188	74,709
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:					
Special Education Cluster					
Special Education Grants to States ARRA - Special Education Grants to States - Recovery Act	84.027 84.391	587,260 44,222		578,020 24,104	
Total Special Education Cluster	04.391	631,482		602,124	
Title I, Part A Cluster Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	919,322		1,029,697	
ARRA - Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Recovery Act	84.389	29,909		30,452	
Total Title 1, Part A Cluster		949,231		1,060,149	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	810		637	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	6,339		6,347	
Rural Education	84.358	54,390		40,400	
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	7,107		7,107	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	198,918		195,623	
ARRA - Teacher Incentive Grant - Recovery Act	84.385	103,656		125,166	
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) Education State Grants - Recovery Act	84.394			118,862	
ARRA - Race to the Top - Recovery Act	84.395	113,296		106,680	
Education Jobs	84.410	569,866		568,325	
Total U. S. Department of Education		2,635,095		2,831,420	
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$3,417,283	\$74,709	\$3,613,608	\$74,709

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Bellefontaine City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bellefontaine City School District Logan County 820 Ludlow Road Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellefontaine City School District, Logan County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2013, wherein we noted the District uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Bellefontaine City School District Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2012-001.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 31, 2013.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 31, 2013

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bellefontaine City School District Logan County 820 Ludlow Road Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Bellefontaine City School District, Logan County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the Benjamin Logan Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Bellefontaine City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Bellefontaine City School District Logan County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a matter involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 31, 2013.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 31, 2013

BELLEFONTAINE CITY SCHOOL LOGAN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	[∪] nqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I, Part A Cluster– CFDA #84.010 and #84.389
		Improving Teacher Quality – State Grants CFDA #84.367
		State Fiscal Stabilization Fund – Education State Grant – Recovery Act CFDA #84.394
		Special Education Cluster – CFDA #84.027 and #84.391
		Education Jobs Grant – CFDA #84.410
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

Bellefontaine City School District Logan County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2012-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38.

Ohio Adm. Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For fiscal year 2012, the District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38, the District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

The District should prepare the financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles to provide the users with more meaningful financial statements.

OFFICIALS' RESPONSE:

Due to the extra costs associated with preparing and filing a GAAP report, the Board of Education has opted to have the District file financial statements formatted similarly to those prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2012

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2011-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38 & Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(B) - Failed to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP	No	Repeated as Finding Number 2012-001
2011-02	Ohio Rev. Code Section 135.13 – Interim deposits maturing in more than one year	Yes	
2011-03	34 CFR 80.20(b)(7) – significant monthly balances remained in the State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	Yes	
2011-04	34 CFR 80.32 – Failure to perform a physical inventory of equipment at least once every two years	Yes	
2011-05	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Section 1512 (b) and (c) – Failure to report a single payment greater than \$25,000	Yes	





BELLEFONTAINE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LOGAN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 28, 2013