REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Cash Basis Financial Statements:
Government-Wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis13
Statement of Activities - Cash Basis 14
Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund17
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - Fire District Fund
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Cash Basis - Fiduciary Fund 19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Cash Basis - Fiduciary Fund
Notes to the Financial Statements
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Plain Township Franklin County 45 Second Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plain Township, Franklin County, Ohio (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plain Township, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in cash financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Fire District funds thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 15, 2011, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Plain Township Franklin County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any other assurance.

are your

Dave Yost Auditor of State

July 15, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

The management's discussion and analysis of Plain Township's (the "Township") financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2010 within the limitations of the Township's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

- For 2010, the total net assets of the Township increased \$980,540 or 17.54%.
- For 2010, general cash receipts accounted for \$6,309,066 or 87.14% of total governmental activities cash receipts, program specific cash receipts accounted for \$930,751 or 12.86% of total governmental activities.
- For 2010, the Township had \$6,259,277 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$930,751 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes) of \$6,309,066 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Township's major funds are the General Fund, the Fire District Fund and the Capital Equipment Fire Fund. The General Fund, one of the Township's major funds, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$1,535,300 in 2010. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the General Fund, totaled \$930,123 in 2010. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$605,177 from 2009 to 2010.
- The Fire District Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$4,829,789 in 2010. The Fire District Fund had cash disbursements and other financing uses of \$4,332,075 in 2010. The Fire District Fund balance increased \$497,714 from 2009 to 2010.
- The Capital Equipment Fire Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$293,978 in 2010. The Capital Equipment Fire Fund had cash disbursements of \$630,464 in 2010. The Capital Equipment Fire Fund balance decreased \$336,486 from 2009 to 2010.

Using this Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This cash basis annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole Township, presenting an aggregate view of the Township's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Township's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Township, there are three major governmental funds. The General Fund, the Fire District Fund and the Capital Equipment Fire Fund are the Township's major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Township as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" These statements include only net assets using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the Township's net assets and changes in those assets on a cash basis. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Township as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the Township has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Township's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio, availability of federal and State funding, facility conditions, mandated federal and State programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis, the governmental activities include the Township's programs and services, including police and fire protection, road and bridge maintenance and repair, and ambulance services. The Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township are classified as governmental or fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Township's major funds. The Township uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Township's most significant funds. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund the Fire District Fund and the Capital Equipment Fire Fund. The analysis of the Township's major governmental funds begins on page 10.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds

All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the Township's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various Township programs. Since the Township is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net assets and fund cash balances or changes in net assets and changes in fund balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. However, differences will be apparent when comparing gross receipts and disbursements on the fund financial statements to the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis due to transfers between governmental funds being eliminated for reporting in the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

The Township's budgetary process accounts for transactions on the budgetary basis of accounting. The difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the cash basis of accounting is that encumbrances at year-end are recorded as a disbursement on the budgetary basis of accounting whereas on the cash basis, the disbursement is only recorded when cash is paid. The budgetary statements for the General Fund and the Fire District Fund are presented to demonstrate the Township's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs. A private-purpose trust fund is the Township's only fiduciary fund type. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 and 20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-39 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis provides the perspective of the Township as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Township's net assets at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

		Net Assets Governmental Activities					
	2010	2009					
<u>Assets</u> Equity in pooled cash and							
investments	\$ 6,571,062	<u>\$ 5,590,522</u>					
Total assets	6,571,062	5,590,522					
Net Assets							
Restricted	4,735,438	4,360,075					
Unrestricted	1,835,624	1,230,447					
Total net cash assets	\$ 6,571,062	\$ 5,590,522					

For 2010, net assets of the Township increased \$980,540 or 17.54%. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash assets of \$1,835,624 at December 31, 2010 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

The table below shows the changes in net assets for years 2010 and 2009.

Change in Net Cash Assets

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009
Cash Receipts:		
Program cash receipts:	¢ 700 707	* 7 00.000
Charges for services and sales	\$ 730,767	\$ 760,380
Operating grants and contributions	117,769	113,149
Capital grants and contributions	82,215	285,496
Total program cash receipts	930,751	1,159,025
General cash receipts:		
Property and other taxes	4,982,678	5,048,511
Unrestricted grants	724,183	711,715
Investment earnings	55,927	25,169
Sale of Asset	483,578	-
Other	62,700	81,103
Total general cash receipts	6,309,066	5,866,498
Total cash receipts	7,239,817	7,025,523
Cash Disbursements:		
Current:		
General government	705,670	727,956
Public safety	4,236,490	3,926,314
Public works Health	129,020	180,119 112,537
Conservation and recreation	115,289 301,219	367,537
Miscellaneous	501,219	69,315
Capital outlay	630,464	561,063
Debt service:	000,404	001,000
Principal retirement	75,000	70,000
Interest and fiscal charges	66,125	67,875
Tatal and Walking and a fa	0.050.077	0.000 740
Total cash disbursements	6,259,277	6,082,716
Change in net assets	980,540	942,807
Net assets at beginning of year	5,590,522	4,647,715
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 6,571,062</u>	\$ 5,590,522

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

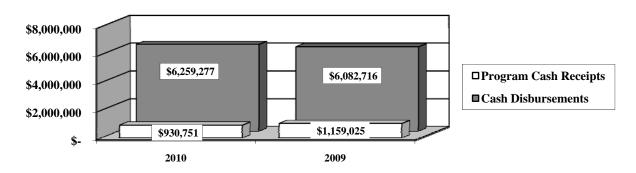
Governmental cash assets increased by \$980,540 in 2010 from 2009. This is primarily due to the sale of a 34-acre tract of land, increasing sale of assets in 2010 to \$483,578.

General government represents activities related to the governing body as well as activities that directly support Township programs. In 2010, general government cash disbursements totaled \$705,670 or 11.27% of total governmental cash disbursements. General government programs were supported by \$20,936 in direct charges to users for services.

In 2010, the public safety programs accounted for \$4,236,490 or 67.68% of total governmental cash disbursements. These operations are primarily supported through taxes.

The Statement of Activities - Cash Basis shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following graph shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2010 and 2009. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities - Program Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



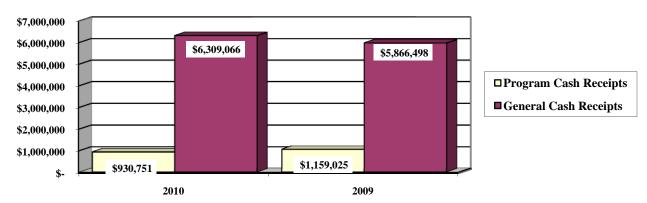
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities Total Cost of Net Cost of Total Cost of Net Cost of Services Services Services Services <u>2009</u> 2010 2010 2009 Cash disbursements: Current: General government \$ 705,670 \$ 684,734 \$ 727,956 \$ 704,460 Public safety 4,236,490 3,847,203 3,926,314 3,514,616 Public works 129,020 11,251 180,119 66,970 Health 115,289 71,952 112,537 42,637 Conservation and recreation 301,219 (58, 203)367,537 6,916 Miscellaneous 69.315 15.874 Capital outlay 630,464 630,464 561,063 434,343 Debt service: Principal retirement 75,000 75,000 70,000 70,000 Interest and fiscal charges 66,125 66,125 67,875 67,875 Total 6,259,277 \$ 5,328,526 6,082,716 \$ 4,923,691 \$ \$

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent with 85.13% and 80.95% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The graph below presents the Township's governmental receipts for 2010 and 2009.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The Township's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

At December 31, 2010, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,571,062, which is \$980,540 more than the 2009 total of \$5,590,522. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	 Fund Balance December 31, 2010		nd Balance mber 31, 2009	Increase/ (Decrease)		
Major Funds:						
General	\$ 1,833,594	\$	1,228,417	\$	605,177	
Fire District	2,992,761		2,495,047		497,714	
Capital Equipment Fire	139,936		476,422		(336,486)	
Nonmajor funds	 1,604,771		1,390,636		214,135	
Total	\$ 6,571,062	\$	5,590,522	\$	980,540	

General Fund

The General Fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$1,535,300 in 2010. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the General Fund totaled \$930,123 in 2010. The General Fund's balance increased \$605,177 from 2009 to 2010.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the General Fund.

	2010 Amount	2009 Amount	Increase/ (Decrease)
Cash Receipts:			
Taxes	\$ 722,376	\$ 738,575	\$ (16,199)
Intergovernmental	243,815	221,927	21,888
License, permits and fees	20,936	23,496	(2,560)
Interest	53,476	22,746	30,730
Other	11,119	11,612	(493)
Total	\$ 1,051,722	<u>\$ 1,018,356</u>	<u>\$ 33,366</u>

Interest cash receipts increased due to the maturity of the Township's CD's in 2010. Intergovernmental income increased due to an increase in estate tax settlements received by the Township in 2010.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the General Fund.

	 2010 Amount		2009 Amount		ncrease/ Jecrease)
Cash Disbursements					
General government	\$ 705,670	\$	727,956	\$	(22,286)
Public safety	29,415		50,634		(21,219)
Health	53,913		54,876		(963)
Capital outlay	 -		4,246		(4,246)
Total	\$ 788,998	\$	837,712	\$	(48,714)

General government decreased due to decreased spending by the Township, while public safety decreased due to fewer repair expenses made by the fire department.

Fire District Fund

The Fire District Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$4,829,789 in 2010. The Fire District Fund had cash disbursements and other financing uses of \$4,332,075 in 2010. The Fire District Fund balance increased \$497,714 from 2009 to 2010, as a result of continuing collections on the 2.5 mil fire levy passed in 2008.

Capital Equipment Fire Fund

The Capital Equipment Fire Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$293,978 in 2010. The Capital Equipment Fire Fund had cash disbursements of \$630,464 in 2010. The Capital Equipment Fire Fund balance decreased \$336,486 from 2009 to 2010, primarily due to a decrease in intergovernmental revenue resulting from not receiving matches for the FEMA grant, that were received in 2009.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For 2010, final budget basis receipts and other financing sources of \$1,508,690 were \$502,570 more than original budget receipts and other financing sources of \$1,006,120. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$1,535,300 were greater than final budget basis receipts and other financing sources by \$26,610. The final budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$1,295,004 were \$36,000 greater than original budget disbursements and other financing uses of \$1,259,004. Actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$1,259,004. Actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses of \$325,338.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The Township had capital outlay disbursements of \$630,464 and \$561,063 during 2010 and 2009, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

Debt Administration

The Township had the following debt outstanding at December 31, 2010 or 2009:

	-	overnmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009		
Current Interest Bonds - Swimming Pool Capital Appreciation Bonds - Swimming Pool	\$	1,530,000 213,736	\$	1,605,000 205,682	
Total long-term obligations	\$	1,743,736	\$	1,810,682	

Current Financial Related Activities

The following economic factors were taken into consideration in preparing the budget for 2011:

Plain Township is located in Franklin County in central Ohio. Unemployment in Franklin County typically is slightly below the State and national levels.

State funding is uncertain due to budgetary shortfalls at the State level. Local government revenue funds will be cut by an estimated 10% in the State budget. These funds represent 7% of the Township's General Fund revenues in 2010. Sales and property tax revenues are expected to remain consistent as well as expenditures for 2011. We monitor the real estate tax delinquency information provided by Franklin County for potential revenue shortfall. The voters approved a 2.5mil fire levy for collection in 2008 and payment in 2009 collections; we expect this to meet the projected financial needs of the Plain Township Fire Department for the next 5 years.

These economic factors were considered in preparing the Township's budget for 2010. The Township has continued to practice conservative budgetary practices in order to preserve a positive financial position in future years.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact John Brandt, Fiscal Officer, Plain Township, 45 Second Street, New Albany, Ohio, 43054.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 6,571,062
Total assets	 6,571,062
Net cash assets:	
Restricted for:	
Public Safety	2,992,761
Public Works	688,229
Health and Human Services.	72,069
Street Maintenance and Construction	580,540
Conservation and Recreation.	197,948
Capital Projects	203,891
Unrestricted	 1,835,624
Total net assets	\$ 6,571,062

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

					Program	ı Cash Receipts			Dis Cash C	let (Cash bursements) Receipts and hanges in let Assets
		Cash	Ch	arges for	Oper	ating Grants	Capital Grants		Governmental	
	Dis	bursements	Servic	es and Sales	and C	ontributions	and C	ontributions	Activities	
Governmental activities: Current:										
General government	\$	705,670	\$	20,936	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(684,734)
Public Safety		4,236,490		307,072		-		82,215		(3,847,203)
Public Works		129,020		-		117,769		-		(11,251)
Health		115,289		43,337		-		-		(71,952)
Conservation and Recreation		301,219		359,422		-		-		58,203
Capital Outlay		630,464		-		-		-		(630,464)
Principal Retirement		75,000		-		-		-		(75,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		66,125		-		-		-		(66,125)
Total governmental activities	\$	6,259,277	\$	730,767	\$	117,769	\$	82,215		(5,328,526)

General revenues:

General revenues:	
Property and other taxes levied for:	
General purposes	722,376
Public Safety - Fire District	3,928,743
Road and Bridge Improvements	164,705
Capital Projects - Fire Equipment	166,854
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	724,183
Investment receipts	55,927
Sale of Asset	483,578
Miscellaneous	62,700
Total general receipts	6,309,066
Change in net assets	980,540
Net assets at beginning of year	5,590,522
Net assets at end of year	\$ 6,571,062

STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		Fire General District		Capital Equipment Fire		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:										_																										
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,833,594	\$	2,992,761	\$	139,936	\$	1,604,771	\$	6,571,062																										
Total assets	\$	1,833,594	\$	2,992,761	\$	139,936	\$	1,604,771	\$	6,571,062																										
Fund balances:																																				
Reserved for encumbrances		39,543		48,804		54,911		52,895		196,153																										
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:																																				
General fund.		1,794,051		-		-		-		1,794,051																										
Special revenue funds		-		2,943,957		-		1,485,891		4,429,848																										
Permanent fund		-		-		-		63,955		63,955																										
Capital projects funds		-		-		85,025		2,030		87,055																										
Total fund balances	\$	1,833,594	\$	2,992,761	\$	139,936	\$	1,604,771	\$	6,571,062																										

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		General	Fire District	E	Capital Equipment Fire	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash Receipts:									
Taxes	\$	722,376	\$ 3,928,743	\$	166,854	\$	164,705	\$	4,982,678
Intergovernmental		243,815	461,832		-		212,510		918,157
Charges for services.		-	307,072		-		383,009		690,081
License, permits, and fees		20,936	-		-		19,750		40,686
Interest.		53,476	-		2,124		6,337		61,937
Miscellaneous		11,119	 49,927		-		1,654		62,700
Total cash receipts		1,051,722	 4,747,574		168,978		787,965		6,756,239
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		705,670	-		-		-		705,670
Public Safety		29,415	4,207,075		-		-		4,236,490
Public Works.		-	-		-		129,020		129,020
Health		53,913	-		-		61,376		115,289
Conservation and Recreation		-	-		-		301,219		301,219
Capital outlay		-	-		630,464		-		630,464
Debt service:									
Principal retirement.		-	-		-		75,000		75,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-		66,125		66,125
Total cash disbursements		788,998	 4,207,075		630,464		632,740		6,259,277
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts									
over (under) cash disbursements		262,724	 540,499		(461,486)		155,225		496,962
Other financing sources (uses):									
Sale of Asset		483,578	-		-		-		483,578
Transfers in		-	82,215		125,000		171,125		378,340
Transfers (out).		(141,125)	(125,000)		-		(112,215)		(378,340)
Total other financing receipts (disbursements)		342,453	 (42,785)		125,000		58,910		483,578
Net change in fund balances		605,177	497,714		(336,486)		214,135		980,540
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,228,417	 2,495,047		476,422		1,390,636		5,590,522
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,833,594	\$ 2,992,761	\$	139,936	\$	1,604,771	\$	6,571,062

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Original Final		(Negative)
Receipts:				,
Taxes	\$ 473,39	\$ 709,856	\$ 722,376	\$ 12,520
Intergovernmental.	159,778	3 239,589	243,815	4,226
License, permits, and fees	13,720) 20,573	20,936	363
Interest	35,044	52,549	53,476	927
Miscellaneous		- 2,545	11,119	8,574
Total receipts	681,933	3 1,025,112	1,051,722	26,610
Disbursements:				
Current:				
General government	827,750	878,750	745,213	133,537
Public Safety	125,500) 130,500	29,415	101,085
Health	134,329	134,329	53,913	80,416
Conservation and Recreation	29,300	9,300	-	9,300
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Total disbursements	1,117,879	9 1,153,879	828,541	325,338
Excess (deficiency) of receipts				
over (under) disbursements.	(435,946	6) (128,767) 223,181	351,948
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of Asset	324,187	483,578	483,578	-
Transfers out.	(141,125	5) (141,125) (141,125)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	183,062	342,453	342,453	
Net change in fund balance	(252,884	4) 213,686	565,634	351,948
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,204,388	3 1,204,388	1,204,388	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	24,029	9 24,029	24,029	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 975,533	3 \$ 1,442,103	\$ 1,794,051	\$ 351,948

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
-	 Original		Final	 Actual	(N	legative)
Receipts:						
Taxes	\$ 4,181,689	\$	3,949,981	\$ 3,928,743	\$	(21,238)
Intergovernmental.	491,566		464,329	461,832		(2,497)
Charges for Services	326,842		308,732	307,072		(1,660)
Miscellaneous	 53,141		50,197	 49,927		(270)
Total receipts	5,053,238		4,773,239	 4,747,574		(25,665)
Disbursements:						
Current:						
Public Safety	4,536,133		4,536,133	4,255,879		280,254
Total disbursements	 4,536,133		4,536,133	 4,255,879		280,254
Excess of receipts						
over disbursements.	 517,105		237,106	 491,695		254,589
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	87,508		82,659	82,215		(444)
Transfers out.	(125,000)		(125,000)	(125,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (37,492)		(42,341)	 (42,785)		(444)
Net change in fund balance	479,613		194,765	448,910		254,145
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,486,045		2,486,045	2,486,045		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	9,002		9,002	9,002		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,974,660	\$	2,689,812	\$ 2,943,957	\$	254,145

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Private-Purpose		
		Frust	
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and investments	\$	3,209	
Total assets	\$	3,209	
Net Assets:			
Held in trust for other purposes.		3,209	
Total net assets.	\$	3,209	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	te-Purpose Trust
Net assets at beginning of year	\$ 3,209
Net assets at end of year	\$ 3,209

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWNSHIP

The Plain Township, Franklin County, Ohio (the "Township") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees.

The Township provides the following services: fire protection, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance and emergency medical services as well as general governmental services. The Township contracts with Mifflin Township through its Metropolitan Emergency Communication Consortium (MECC) for emergency dispatching services. The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.D., these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in the financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Township's Basic Financial Statements (BFS) include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the Township is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the Township appoints a voting majority of an organization's Governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the Township. The Township may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected Governing Board that is fiscally dependent on the Township. The Township also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Township are such that exclusion would cause the Township's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Township has no component units.

The following organizations are described due to their significant relationship to the Township:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

New Albany - Plain Local Joint Park District

The New Albany Plain-Local Joint Park District (the "Park District") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating entities as follows: (1) The Village of New Albany; (2) Plain Township; and (3) The New Albany-Plain Local School District. The Park District possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

Rocky Fork-Blacklick Accord

The Rocky Fork-Blacklick Accord is an initiative of the Village of New Albany, the City of Columbus, and Plain Township to establish long-range planning guidelines to manage future growth and development in the planning area.

JOINT VENTURE

New Albany Performing Arts Center

In 2004, the Township entered into a joint operating agreement with New Albany-Plain Local School District (the "District"), the Village of New Albany (the "Village") and the New Albany Community Foundation (the "Foundation") for the operations of the New Albany Performing Arts Center (the "Center"). The Center was constructed through a joint collaboration between the Village, District and Township. Each of these entities owns a portion of the Center, as tenants in common, equal to their financial contribution of the construction. The Village, District and Township committed amounts not to exceed \$5 million, \$5 million and \$3 million, respectively, to supplement the construction of the Center. The Village made the \$3 million dollar contribution to the Center on behalf of the Township from an area tax increment financing agreement. The Foundation has committed to use its best efforts to raise approximately \$2.3 million to be applied to an endowment for the purpose of subsidizing the operation of the Center. The Center will serve both school and community needs, including music, theater, dance and ballet.

The Center is operated by a six member Board of Trustees (the "Board") consisting of two members appointed by the District, two members appointed by the Village, one member appointed by the Township and one member appointed by the Foundation. The Township does not appoint a voting majority of the Board.

The Township has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the operation of the Center other than it must pay a portion of the Director's salary. The Board approves the operating budget of the Center. Complete financial statements for the Center may be obtained from the Treasurer of the New Albany-Plain Local School District at 99 West Main Street, 2nd Floor, New Albany, OH 43054.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductible. This organization is discussed in Note 9.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and a Statement of Activities - Cash Basis, and a fund financial statement which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities - Cash Basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

C. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into three categories, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The Township has no proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the Township's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial activities of the Township except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial activities of the fire operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Capital Equipment Fire Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial activities related to the purchase of fire equipment.

Other governmental funds of the Township are used to account for grants and other receipts whose use is restricted to a particular purpose and for receipts and disbursements used for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Township's own programs. The Township has one private-purpose trust fund used for grave site maintenance in the Township cemetery. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The Township does not maintain any agency funds.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraphs.

D. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received, but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the amended certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The amended certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the object level for all funds. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2010, investments were limited to federal agency securities and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2010.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2010 were \$53,476 which includes \$37,890 assigned from other Township funds.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. In addition to these disbursements, the Township also contributes the entire employee share. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits; these amounts are the required amounts and are not necessarily the amounts that are paid.

K. Long-term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay disbursement is reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

L. Net Cash Assets

Net cash assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Township first applies restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balance which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing receipts (disbursements) in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2010.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the Township has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets", GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", and GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies".

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Township.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Township.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Township.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Township into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Township has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 and 2 above, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Township by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Fiscal Officer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2010, the carrying amount of all Township deposits was \$726,614. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk</u> <u>Disclosures</u>", as of December 31, 2010, \$211,974 of the Township's bank balance of \$728,813 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$516,839 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Township. The Township has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Township to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

			Investment Maturities						
Investment type	Balance at Carrying Value	Balance at Fair Value	6 months or less	7 to 12 months	13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	Greater than 24 months		
Star Ohio FFCB FHLB	\$ 1,157,275 500,000 4,190,382	\$ 1,157,275 502,960 4,165,198	\$ 1,157,275 	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	\$- 502,960 4,165,198		
Total	\$ 5,847,657	\$ 5,825,433	<u>\$ 1,157,275</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 4,668,158		

As of December 31, 2010, the Township had the following investments and maturities:

The weighted average maturity of investments is 3.36 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Township's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: Star Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating. The Township's investments in federal agency securities were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Township's name. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statue that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Fiscal Officer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Township places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Township at December 31, 2010:

Investment type	<u>Ca</u>	arring Value	<u>% of Total</u>
STAR Ohio	\$	1,157,275	19.79
FFCB		500,000	8.55
FHLB		4,190,382	71.66
Total	\$	5,847,657	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis as of December 31, 2010:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	726,614
Investments		5,847,657
Total	\$	6,574,271
Cash and investments per statement of net assets		
Governmental activities	\$	6,571,062
Private purpose trust		3,209
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,574,271

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Township. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2010 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2009, are levied after October 1, 2010, and are collected in 2011 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Beginning in calendar year 2009 tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property tax collections in calendar year 2010 represent delinquent collections.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the Township due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar year 2010, the Township was fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected.

The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2010 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	-	2010
Real property tax Public utility tangible personal property	\$	633,206,730 15,941,700
Total assessed valuation	\$	649,148,430

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2010 are summarized as follows:

	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2009	Pr	oceeds	P	ayments	Dec	Balance ember 31, 2010
Description								
Current Interest Bonds - Pool (1.50-3.00%)	\$	1,605,000	\$	-	\$	(75,000)	\$	1,530,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Pool (13.054%)		205,682		8,054		-		213,736
Total	\$	1,810,682	\$	8,054	\$	(75,000)	\$	1,743,736

The Swimming Pool Notes were originally issued April 15, 2002 to construct, furnish, and equip the pool and to landscape and improve the site thereof. The Swimming Pool Notes were rolled over in 2003 and in January 2004, the Current Interest and Capital Appreciation Pool Bonds were issued which retired the 2003 notes. The original value of the Capital Appreciation Bonds was \$69,998; however, they have been presented above to include their accreted value. Increases in accreted value for each year are presented in the proceeds column.

General obligation bonds and notes are direct obligations of the Township for which its full faith, credit and resources, are pledged and are payable from tax levies on all taxable property in the Township.

The principal and interest requirements to retire the debt obligations outstanding at December 31, 2010, are as follows:

Year Ending	<u>(</u>	Current Interest Bonds		Capital Appreciation Bon			<u>Bonds</u>	
December 31,	<u>_</u> P	rincipal	-	Interest	<u>_P</u>	rincipal	Intere	<u>est</u>
2011	\$	75,000	\$	64,063	\$	-	\$	-
2012		-		61,813		26,338	53,0	662
2013		-		61,813		23,208	56,	792
2014		-		61,813		20,452	59,	568
2015		80,000		61,813		-		-
2016 - 2020		440,000		259,975		-		-
2021 - 2025		545,000		158,380		-		-
2026 - 2028		390,000		35,560		-		-
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,530,000	\$	765,230	\$	69,998	\$170,	022

Under the cash basis of accounting, debt obligations at year end are not reported on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five vears at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement (generally sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and township police) and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2010, member and contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Plan. The 2010 member contribution rates were 10.00% for members in State and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed 10.5% and 11.1%, respectively. The Township's contribution rate for 2010 was 14.00%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety, for whom the Township's contribution was 17.87% of covered payroll.

The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Traditional Plan for 2010 was 8.50% from January 1 through February 28, 2010 and 9.00% from March 1 through December 31, 2010. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Combined Plan for 2010 was 9.27% from January 1 through February 28, 2010 and 9.77% from March 1 through December 31, 2010. For those plan members in law enforcement and public safety pension contributions were 12.37% from January 1 through February 28, 2010 and 12.87% from March 1 through December 31, 2010. The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$38,029, \$68,638, and \$58,342, respectively; 84.16% has been contributed for 2010 and 100% has been contributed for 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2010 were \$11,388 made by the City and \$8,134 made by the plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while the Township is required to contribute 19.50% and 24.00% for police officers and firefighters, respectively. Contribution rates are established by State statute. For 2010, the portion of the Township's contributions to fund pension obligations was 12.75% for police officers and 17.25% for firefighters. The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to OP&F firefighters were \$363,809 for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$356,105 for the year ended December 31, 2009, and \$330,292 for the year ended December 31, 2008. The full amount has been contributed for 2009 and 2008. 69.13% has been contributed for firefighters for 2010.

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2010, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll (17.87% for public safety and law enforcement). Each year the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan for 2010 was 5.50% from January 1 through February 28, 2010 and 5.00% from March 1 through December 31, 2010. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for 2010 was 4.73% from January 1 through February 28, 2010 and 4.23% from March 1 through December 31, 2010.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The Township's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$21,680, \$49,353, and \$58,342, respectively; 84.16% has been contributed for 2010 and 100% has been contributed for 2009 and 2008.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates for state and local employers increased on January 1 of each year from 2006 to 2008. Rates for law and public safety employers increased over a six year period beginning on January 1, 2006, with a final rate increase on January 1, 2011. These rate increases allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The Township contributes to the OP&F Pension Fund sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-employment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan into the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that the pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Township's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment healthcare benefits for firefighters were \$142,360 for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$139,345 for the year ended December 31, 2009, and \$129,245 for the year ended December 31, 2008. The full amount has been contributed for 2009 and 2008. 69.13% has been contributed for firefighters for 2010.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim, including loss adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Townships can elect additional coverage, from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000, from the General Reinsurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP covers OTARMA losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000.

Property Coverage

OTARMA retains property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$10,000 on any specific loss. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500,000,000 per occurrence. APEEP's Guarantee Fund pays losses and loss adjustment expenses exceeding operating contributions.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

	Limits of	
Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
	U	
Real Property	\$4,897,100	\$1,000
Personal Property	249,200	1,000
Newly Acquired Buildings	2,000,000	1,000
Newly Constructed Buildings	2,000,000	1,000
Personal Property at Newly		
Acquired Leased Locations	1,000,000	1,000
Vehicles	250,000	N/A
Miscellaneous Property	3,000,000	N/A
Electronic Data Processing		
Equipment	100,000	N/A
Dishonesty Securities	25,000	250
Boiler and Equipment		
Breakdown Protection	5,146,300	2,500

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and report the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2009 and 2008 (the latest information available):

Casualty Coverage	2009	2008
Assets	\$ 38,982,088	\$ 40,737,740
Liabilities	(12,880,766)	(12,981,818)
Retained earnings	<u>\$ 26,101,322</u>	<u>\$ 27,755,922</u>

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, liabilities above include approximately \$12.0 million and \$12.1 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.5 million and \$10.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$25,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA		
2009	\$25,500	
2010	29,532	

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The Township is currently not party to any pending litigation.

B. Grants

The Township receives significant financial assistance from numerous Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual funds included herein or on the overall financial position of the Township at December 31, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfer from General Fund to:	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 141,125
Transfer from Fire District Fund to: Capital Equipment Fire Fund	125,000
Transfer from nonmajor governmental fund to:	
Fire District Fund Nonmajor governmental fund	82,215 30,000
Total transfers	\$ 378,340

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Plain Township Franklin County 45 Second Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plain Township, Franklin County, Ohio (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 15, 2011, wherein we noted the Township uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Township's control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Plain Township Franklin County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We did note a certain matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated July 15, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

are yout

Dave Yost Auditor of State

July 15, 2011



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

PLAIN TOWNSHIP

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 23, 2011

> 88 East Broad Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us