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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Clark-Shawnee Local School District Clark County 3680 Selma Road Springfield, Ohio 45502

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clark-Shawnee Local School District, Clark County, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clark-Shawnee Local School District, Clark County, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Clark-Shawnee Local School District Clark County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards expenditure schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This statements was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 21, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of Clark-Shawnee Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets for governmental activities increased \$899,268 which represents a 5.7 percent increase from 2009.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,930,809 in revenue or 78 percent of governmental revenues.
 Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants, contributions and interest accounted for \$5,120,206 or 22 percent of governmental revenues of \$23,051,015.
- The School District had \$22,151,747 in governmental expenses; only \$5,120,206 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues for governmental activities (primarily taxes and entitlements) of \$17,930,809 also contributed to these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$19,402,163 in revenues and \$18,566,151 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased \$871,989 from 2009. In March 2008, the School District voters approved a new five year, 2.7 mill emergency operating levy. This increase in property tax revenue, contributed to the increase in fund balance.

Using this Generally Accepted Accounting Principles Report (GAAP)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Clark-Shawnee Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Clark-Shawnee Local School District, the General Fund is the most significant fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility condition, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District reports governmental activities where most of the School District's programs and services are reported including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities. The School District does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2010 compared to fiscal year 2009:

	Governmental Activities		
	2009 2010		
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$14,379,129	\$14,948,511	
Capital Assets	13,116,121	13,466,160	
Total Assets	27,495,250	28,414,671	
Liabilities:			
Long-Term Liabilities	1,503,797	1,464,170	
Other Liabilities	10,104,473	10,164,253	
Total Liabilities	11,608,270	11,628,423	
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	13,023,980	13,416,903	
Restricted	1,294,108	804,548	
Unrestricted	1,568,892	2,564,797	
Total Net Assets	\$15,886,980	\$16,786,248	

Total assets increased due to an increase in property taxes receivable due to a late June personal property settlement. Accounts receivable increased as the School District had a receivable at year-end for monies it anticipated receiving for reimbursement of its legal expenses. Capital assets increased as the School District completed the Possum sewer connection and the Rockway sewer project.

During fiscal year 2010, the School District paid off its Rockway HP lease a year early.

Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by grants or legal requirements, of the School District increased by \$995,905. In March 2008, the School District voters approved a new five year, 2.7 mill emergency operating levy. This increase in property tax revenue, contributed to the increase in net assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for governmental activities for fiscal year 2009 and 2010.

Table 2 Change in Net Assets

			Percent
	2009	2010	Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$3,465,002	\$3,079,308	(11.13%)
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,422,254	2,040,898	43.50%
Capital Grants and Contributions	21,811		(100.00%)
Total Program Revenues	4,909,067	5,120,206	4.30%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	9,190,773	10,102,389	9.92%
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted	7,380,072	7,741,545	4.90%
All Other	142,208	86,875	(38.91%)
Total General Revenues	16,713,053	17,930,809	7.29%
Total Revenues	21,622,120	23,051,015	6.61%
Program Expenses:			
Instruction	12,423,152	13,503,671	8.70%
Support Services:			
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,437,382	1,324,358	(7.86%)
Board of Education, Administration,			
Fiscal and Business	2,194,366	2,292,587	4.48%
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,949,892	2,109,116	8.17%
Pupil Transportation	1,086,968	1,051,337	(3.28%)
Central	71,134	77,789	9.36%
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	948,524	946,858	(0.18%)
Extracurricular Activities	790,749	842,403	6.53%
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,545	3,628	42.55%
Total Expenses	20,904,712	22,151,747	5.97%
Increase in Net Assets	\$ 717,408	\$ 899,268	25.35%

Governmental Activities

During fiscal year 2010, the School District did not receive school bus allocation monies. This contributed to the reduction in capital grants and contributions.

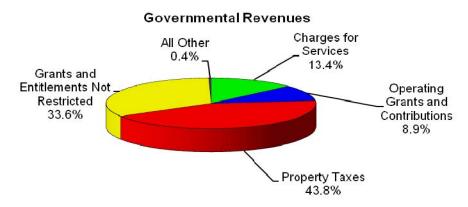
As stated previously, in March 2008, the School District voters approved a new five year, 2.7 mill emergency operating levy, resulting in an increase in property tax revenue.

Lower interest revenue contributed to the decrease in all other revenue.

Expenses were closely monitored during fiscal year 2010. Growth in instruction expenses is the result of staff receiving automatic increases due to years of experience as well as added college coursework and negotiated cost of living increases.

The Administrative Building and Shawnee High School hooked into the southwest interceptor in 2008. Possum hooked up in 2010. Payments began to the city in the amount of 1% of payroll for each building which has tapped in for sewer service. This contributed to the increase in operation and maintenance of plant.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

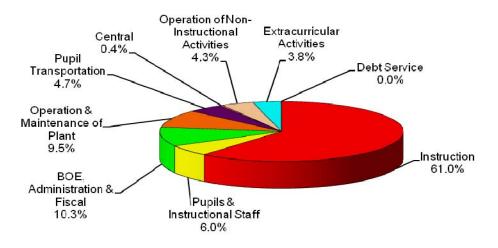


The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for the School District operations. Property taxes made up 43.8 percent of revenues for governmental activities for the Clark-Shawnee Local School District for fiscal year 2010.

The School District continues to collect emergency levy monies in the amount of \$1,300,000 on a levy that was renewed by the voters in 2007. As the board of education and administration realized other factors (i.e. inflationary increases to fringe benefits, gasoline prices and normal increases to salaries) would not allow the School District to continue to operate at the current level without an increase in funding. The board requested an additional emergency levy in March 2008 which would generate \$720,000 for general operating School District costs for calendar years 2009 thru 2013 and it is hoped that barring a catastrophic event the School District should remain in the black until one of the emergency levies expire. As emergency levies are dollar bases, this levy will generate the same property tax revenue each year.

The voters also renewed a 1.9 mill permanent improvement levy in 2007 which generates approximately \$502,165 in property tax revenue per year. These monies are funding large improvements to the five school buildings. This money was used to connect the school buildings to the southwest interceptor as per the agreement between the City of Springfield, Springfield City Schools and Clark-Shawnee Local Schools. This levy also expires in 2012.

Governmental Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Instruction comprises 61percent of district expenses. Support services expenses make up 30.9 percent of the expenses.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3				
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of
	2009	Services 2009	2010	Services 2010
Instruction	\$12,423,152	(\$ 8,941,909)	\$13,503,671	(\$9,889,178)
Support Services:				
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,437,382	(1,369,648)	1,324,358	(1,244,819)
Board of Education, Administration,				
Fiscal and Business	2,194,366	(2,180,557)	2,292,587	(2,206,614)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,949,892	(1,910,680)	2,109,116	(2,049,919)
Pupil Transportation	1,086,968	(1,050,610)	1,051,337	(1,042,769)
Central	71,134	(56,134)	77,789	(45,235)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	948,524	1,276	946,858	(26,748)
Extracurricular Activities	790,749	(484,838)	842,403	(522,631)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,545	(2,545)	3,628	(3,628)
Total Expenses	\$20,904,712	(\$15,995,645)	\$22,151,747	(\$17,031,541)

Instruction expenses include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil.

Pupils and instructional staff include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of teaching to pupils.

Board of education, administration, fiscal and business includes expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the district.

Operation and maintenance of plant activities involve keeping the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition.

Central includes expenses related to planning, research, development and evaluation of support services, as well as the reporting of this information internally and to the public.

Pupil transportation includes activities involved with the conveyance of students to and from school, as well as to and from school activities, as provided by state law.

Operation of non-instructional services includes the preparation, delivery, and servicing of lunches, snacks and other incidental meals to students and school staff in connection with school activities along with after-school activities.

Extracurricular activities includes expense related to student activities provided by the School District which are designed to provide opportunities for pupils to participate in school events, public events, or a combination of these for the purposes of motivation, enjoyment and skill improvement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Interest and fiscal charges involves the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the School District.

The dependence upon tax revenues is apparent. Over 73 percent of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; for all activities general revenue support is 76.9 percent. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the Clark-Shawnee Local School District.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$22,896,727 and expenditures of \$22,533,470. The net change in fund balance for the year was significant in the General Fund as fund balance increased \$871,989. An emergency levy approved in March 2008 contributed to the increase in fund balance in the General Fund. The Permanent Improvement Fund's fund balance decreased \$398,767 as a result of sewer connection projects being completed in fiscal year 2010.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the School District amended its General Fund budget numerous times, which resulted in appropriations decreasing \$377,986, a 2 percent decrease. The School District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue was \$19,505,566, which was the same as the original.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the School District had \$13,466,160 invested in governmental land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles.

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2010 balances compared to fiscal year 2009.

Table 4
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) at June 30,

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	2009			
Land	\$ 641,10	3 \$ 641,103		
Buildings and Improvements	9,856,352	2 10,202,341		
Furniture and Equipment	1,527,589	1,610,412		
Vehicles	1,091,077	7 1,012,304		
Totals	\$13,116,12	\$13,466,160		

Overall capital assets increased \$350,039 from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010. The primary increases to capital assets were for connecting school buildings to the City of Springfield sewer system. For more information on capital assets, see Note 8 of the Basic Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Debt Administration

The School District paid off its last energy conservation loan in fiscal year 2005.

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the School District had four capital leases to purchase copiers, computers and a postage machine. The amount outstanding on the leases at fiscal year-end was \$49,257.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$31,903,226, the energy conservation debt margin was \$3,190,323 and the un-voted debt margin was \$354,480 at June 30, 2010.

For more information on the School District's debt, see Note 15 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

The Clark-Shawnee Local School District continues to keep a watchful eye on the finances of the School District. If not for the acceptance of open enrollment students, the School District would be required to make major cuts to programming. The School District is proud of its community support of the public schools. As a testament to the support of this community, the residents of the School District voted in a new emergency levy in March, 2008. Although the elementary/middle school buildings are extremely old, the School District is able to support their growing needs with permanent improvement monies. The five-year permanent improvement will generate \$502,165 from 2008 through 2012 and will be used for major improvement and renovations to the buildings. The first five-year Emergency Levy, renewed in 2007, will be used through the General Fund for day-to-day expenditures including salaries, fringe benefits, utilities, supplies, and equipment. The newest emergency levy which was passed in March, 2008 is intended to assist the School District in keeping up with inflation.

This School District's administration continues to focus their efforts on improving curriculum delivery through the CSLDS Teacher Leadership and Principal Leadership programs. During the 2009-10 school year the School District achieved an "Excellent with Distinction" rating through the Ohio Department of Education. Additional initiatives through the Future Jobs Grant will allow implementation of engineering curriculum at the middle school with "Gateway to Technology" and at the high school level with "Project Lead the Way". Additional funding through the Springfield Foundation is being sought to strengthen Language Arts at the middle school level. The central office administration, in cooperation with students, parents and teachers are revisiting the School District's Continuous Improvement Plan. Emphasis will be placed on evaluating the status of our buildings to ensure that they will meet the needs of the 21st century technology plan.

In comparison to other school districts in the state, the School District would not be considered a school district suffering with low wealth. This wealth factor, used by the State, is the result of dividing the total value of buildings, land, inventory, and equipment used for production by the student enrollment. Therefore, the School District has not anticipated any meaningful growth in State revenue. The School District continues to see a decline in the personal tangible property base. Of great concern is that 15 percent of the School District's wealth came from business and industry, and the erosion plan could be compromised as the state's general fund continues to fail under pressure.

In conclusion, the Clark-Shawnee Local School District continues to be committed to financial as well as educational excellence. In addition, the School District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls are well regarded. The School District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Thomas Faulkner, Treasurer at Clark-Shawnee Local School District, 3680 Selma Road, Springfield, Ohio 45502 or email at thomas.faulkner@cslocal.org.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,568,752
Accounts Receivable	110,605
Intergovernmental Receivable	303,121
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	43,722
Prepaid Items	7,510
Property Taxes Receivable	10,909,801
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
With Fiscal Agents	5,000
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	12,825,057
Land	641,103
Total Assets	28,414,671
Liabilities:	24.222
Accounts Payable	81,983
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,873,414
Intergovernmental Payable	532,132
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	141,628
Deferred Revenue	7,500,686
Vacation Leave Payable	29,410
Matured Bond Payable	5,000
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	159,150
Due In More Than One Year	1,305,020
Total Liabilities	11,628,423
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	13,416,903
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	735,689
Other Purposes	47,589
Bus Purchases	21,270
Unrestricted	2,564,797
Total Net Assets	\$16,786,248

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net (Expense) Revenue amd Changes

		Program Revenues		In Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants Contributions and Interest	Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$10,381,061	\$1,996,325	\$352,147	(\$8,032,589)
Special	2,555,078	40,302	1,167,287	(1,347,489)
Vocational	204,960	•	38,537	(166,423)
Adult/Continuing	17,481			(17,481)
Other	345,091		19,895	(325,196)
Support Services:	,		,	, , ,
Pupils	708,159			(708,159)
Instructional Staff	616,199		79,539	(536,660)
Board of Education	126,754	74,273		(52,481)
Administration	1,688,499	4,081	7,619	(1,676,799)
Fiscal	461,871			(461,871)
Business	15,463			(15,463)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,109,116	59,197		(2,049,919)
Pupil Transportation	1,051,337	6,564	2,004	(1,042,769)
Central	77,789		32,554	(45,235)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	946,858	583,138	336,972	(26,748)
Extracurricular Activities	842,403	315,428	4,344	(522,631)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,628			(3,628)
Total	\$22,151,747	\$3,079,308	\$2,040,898	(17,031,541)
	General Revenue Property Taxes I General Purpose Capital Outlay Grants and Entit	Levied for:	ted to	9,626,762 475,627
	Specific Program			7,741,545
	· -		o Specific Programs	500
	Investment Earn		o oposiiio i rogiaiiio	18,547
	Miscellaneous	90		67,828
	Total General Rev	renues		17,930,809
	Change in Net Ass	sets		899,268
	Net Assets Beginn	ning of Year - Resta	ted (Note20)	15,886,980
	Net Assets End of	Year		\$16,786,248

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Comount	Permanent	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Assets:	General	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$2,590,981	\$615,804	\$340,697	\$3,547,482
Receivables:	Ψ2,000,001	ψ010,004	ψ0+0,007	ψο,στι,τοΣ
Property Taxes	10,395,379	514,422		10,909,801
Accounts	110,198	011,122	407	110,605
Intergovernmental	233,496		69,625	303,121
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	35,816		7,906	43,722
Prepaid Items	5,406		2,104	7,510
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-,		, -	,
With Fiscal Agents			5,000	5,000
Restricted Asset:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,270			21,270
Total Assets	13,392,546	1,130,226	425,739	14,948,511
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	57,174	1,125	23,684	81,983
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	141,628	1,120	20,001	141,628
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,694,863		178,551	1,873,414
Intergovernmental Payable	475,402		56,730	532,132
Deferred Revenue	8,497,720	401,151	40,812	8,939,683
Matured Bond Payable	-, - ,	, ,	5,000	5,000
Total Liabilities	10,866,787	402,276	304,777	11,573,840
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for Encumbrances	118,270	312,197	21,829	452,296
Reserved for Property Taxes	2,369,910	120,014	,	2,489,924
Reserved for School Bus Purchases	21,270			21,270
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	16,309			16,309
Special Revenue Funds			99,133	99,133
Capital Projects Funds		295,739		295,739
Total Fund Balances	2,525,759	727,950	120,962	3,374,671
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$13,392,546	\$1,130,226	\$425,739	\$14,948,511

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2010

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$3,374,671
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land	\$641,103	
Building and Improvements	14,125,038	
Furniture and Equipment	2,842,248	
Vehicles	1,982,878	
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,125,107)	13,466,160
Total Capital Assets		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Property Taxes Receivable	1,146,653	
Accounts Receivable	407	
Intergovernmental Receivable	291,937	1,438,997
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Capital Leases Payable	(49,257)	
Vacation Leave Payable	(29,410)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,414,913)	(1,493,580)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$16,786,248

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	# 0 F 04 04 7	A 400 000		00.074.050
Property Taxes	\$9,501,847	\$469,203		\$9,971,050
Tuition and Fees	2,054,827		*	2,054,827
Interest	15,132	3,415	\$335	18,882
Intergovernmental	7,662,915	130,025	1,968,849	9,761,789
Extracurricular Activities			315,428	315,428
Charges for Services	7,645		601,599	609,244
Gifts and Donations		500	4,344	4,844
Rent	9,659			9,659
Miscellaneous	150,138		866	151,004
Total Revenues	19,402,163	603,143	2,891,421	22,896,727
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:	40.040.404		077 000	40,400,000
Regular	10,048,494		377,829	10,426,323
Special	1,411,707		1,153,332	2,565,039
Vocational	204,233			204,233
Adult/Continuing	17,481			17,481
Other	323,061		22,030	345,091
Support Services:				
Pupils	731,031			731,031
Instructional Staff	539,548		76,293	615,841
Board of Education	126,754			126,754
Administration	1,636,026		10,419	1,646,445
Fiscal	456,938	7,336		464,274
Business	15,463			15,463
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,495,409	184,387	19,061	1,698,857
Pupil Transportation	960,382			960,382
Central	43,073		34,716	77,789
Operation of Non-Instructional Services			942,742	942,742
Extracurricular Activities	509,396		328,987	838,383
Capital Outlay	643	810,187		810,830
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	42,884			42,884
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,628			3,628
Total Expenditures	18,566,151	1,001,910	2,965,409	22,533,470
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	836,012	(398,767)	(73,988)	363,257
Other Financing Sources:				
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	5,500			5,500
Insurance Recoveries	30,477			30,477
Total Other Financing Sources	35,977			35,977
Net Change in Fund Balances	871,989	(398,767)	(73,988)	399,234
Fund Balances at Beginning Of Year	1,653,770	1,126,717	194,950	2,975,437
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,525,759	\$727,950	\$120,962	\$3,374,671

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$399,234
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital Outlay	\$1,055,540	
Depreciation Expense	(633,252)	
Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense	(000,202)	422,288
270000 0. Capital Calley 010. 20prosidion 27p0.100		,
The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital assets account on the statement of net assets and is offset against the proceeds from the		
sale of capital assets resulting in a loss on disposal of capital assets		
on the statement of activities.		
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(72,249)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of: Capital Lease Payments		42,884
Some revenues that will not be collected for several months		
after the School District's fiscal year-end are not		
considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the		
governmental funds. Deferred revenues decreased by this		
amount this year. Property Taxes	131,339	
Tuition and Fees	(5,753)	
Intergovernmental Grants	(7,275)	
intergerential erante	(1,210)	118,311
		,
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and therefore		
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These		
activities consist of:		
Increase in Compensated Absences	(3,257)	
Increase in Vacation Leave Payable	(7,943)	(4.4.555)
Change in Not Assets of Covernmental Astivities	_	(11,200)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$899,268

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCA	L YEAR END	DED JUNE 30, 2010
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Revenues: Revenues: Final Actual (Negative) Property Taxes \$9,277,084 \$9,277,084 \$8,654,783 (\$622,301) Tuition and Fees 2,202,574 2,202,574 2,054,827 (147,747) Interest 22,2187 22,187 20,699 (1,488) Intergovenmental 7,963,614 7,983,614 7,429,419 (534,195) Charges for Services 8,194 8,194 7,645 (549) Rent 10,354 10,354 9,659 (698) Miscellaneous 21,559 21,559 20,113 (1,446) Total Revenues 19,505,566 19,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing <th></th> <th>Budgeted</th> <th>Amounts</th> <th></th> <th>Variance With Final Budget Positive</th>		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
Property Taxes		Original	Final	Actual	
Tuition and Fees	Revenues:				,
Interest 1,2,187 22,187 20,699 (1,488) Intergovernmental 7,963,614 7,963,614 7,429,419 (534,195) Charges for Services 8,194 8,194 7,645 (649) Rent 10,354 10,354 9,659 (695) Miscellaneous 21,559 21,559 20,113 (1,446) Total Revenues 19,505,566 19,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Total Revenues 19,505,566 19,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Total Revenues 19,505,566 19,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Total Revenues 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 10,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 643 643 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 643 6	Property Taxes	\$9,277,084	\$9,277,084	\$8,654,783	(\$622,301)
Intergovermental	Tuition and Fees	2,202,574	2,202,574	2,054,827	(147,747)
Charges for Services 8,194 8,194 7,645 (549) Rent 10,354 10,354 9,659 (695) Miscellaneous 21,559 21,559 20,113 (1,446) Total Revenues 19,505,566 19,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 30,442 Adult/Continuing 30,000 320,061 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,411 133,417 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355	Interest	22,187	22,187	20,699	(1,488)
Rent 10,354 10,354 9,659 (695) Miscellaneous 21,559 21,559 20,113 (1,446) Total Revenues 19,505,566 19,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,500 1,580,777 <td>Intergovernmental</td> <td>7,963,614</td> <td>7,963,614</td> <td>7,429,419</td> <td>(534,195)</td>	Intergovernmental	7,963,614	7,963,614	7,429,419	(534,195)
Miscellaneous 21,559 21,559 20,113 (1,46) Total Revenues 19,505,566 18,505,566 18,197,145 (1,308,421) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 71,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 82 Support Services: Pujls 699,478 719,678 71,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,338 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 <	Charges for Services		8,194	7,645	(549)
Total Revenues	Rent	10,354	10,354	9,659	(695)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110				20,113	
Current: Instruction: Regular	Total Revenues	19,505,566	19,505,566	18,197,145	(1,308,421)
Instruction: Regular	Expenditures:				
Regular 10,267,399 10,078,098 10,054,718 23,380 Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,589,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,					
Special 1,376,093 1,485,729 1,485,670 59 Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services: The control of t					
Vocational 205,877 212,195 207,653 4,542 Adult/Continuing 30,000 17,481 17,481 0 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101	_				•
Adult/Continuing Other 30,000 17,481 17,481 Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	•				
Other 350,000 323,061 323,061 Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 0 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 643 Total Expenditures 160,076 573,583 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>4,542</td>		•	•	•	4,542
Support Services: Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 44 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): <	_			•	
Pupils 699,478 719,678 717,834 1,844 Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892 Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 44 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 <t< td=""><td></td><td>350,000</td><td>323,061</td><td>323,061</td><td></td></t<>		350,000	323,061	323,061	
Instructional Staff 564,996 568,148 567,256 892		000 170	710.070	7.7.004	
Board of Education 135,141 133,417 133,417 Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds fro	•	•		•	
Administration 1,659,355 1,652,041 1,651,388 653 Fiscal 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>892</td>		•		•	892
Fiscal Business 506,119 501,529 500,207 1,322 Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>050</td></td<>			•		050
Business 16,000 16,979 16,979 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,779,592 1,599,342 1,580,777 18,565 Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970)		•	•		1,322
Pupil Transportation 1,135,681 1,084,366 1,000,628 83,738 Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 A3,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 489,978 489,978 643 643 643 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 8 8 9 8 8 8 9 8 8 134,995 8 134,995 8 134,995 9 8 134,995 9 9 8 15,7456 9 <t< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>10 EGE</td></t<>		•	•	•	10 EGE
Central 38,598 43,518 43,518 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110					•
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 11,560 5,780 5,780 Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) 60,456 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110					03,730
Extracurricular Activities 564,101 489,978 489,978 Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110			•	•	
Capital Outlay 5,500 643 643 Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	·		•	•	
Total Expenditures 19,345,490 18,931,983 18,796,988 134,995 Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110			•		
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures 160,076 573,583 (599,843) (1,173,426) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110					134 995
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Total Experiatores	10,040,400	10,551,505	10,730,300	104,555
Refund of Prior Year Expenditure 275,000 275,000 332,456 57,456 Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	160,076	573,583	(599,843)	(1,173,426)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 2,500 2,500 5,500 3,000 Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Refund of Prior Year Receipts (5,000) (40,521) (40,521) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Refund of Prior Year Expenditure	275,000	275,000	332,456	57,456
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 236,979 297,435 60,456 Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,500	2,500	5,500	3,000
Net Change in Fund Balances 432,576 810,562 (302,408) (1,112,970) Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(5,000)	(40,521)	(40,521)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 2,475,110 2,475,110 2,475,110	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	272,500	236,979	297,435	60,456
	Net Change in Fund Balances	432,576	810,562	(302,408)	(1,112,970)
	Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,475,110	2,475,110	2,475,110	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Fund Balance at End of Year \$3,176,843 \$3,554,829 \$2,441,859 (\$1,112,970)					(\$1,112,970)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and		
Cash Equivalents	\$71,529	\$51,371
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		\$2,597
Due to Students		48,774
Total Liabilities		\$51,371
Net Assets:		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$71,529	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust
	Scholarship
Additions:	
Interest	\$343
Miscellaneous	7,436
Total Additions	7,779
Deductions: Scholarships Awarded	19,000
Change in Net Assets	(11,221)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	82,750
Net Assets End of Year	\$71,529

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Clark-Shawnee Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1858 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. It was formerly named Springfield Local School District. The School District serves an area of approximately 36 square miles. It is located in Clark County, and includes all of Springfield Township. It is staffed by 107 non-certificated employees and 159 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 2,326 students and other community members. The School District currently operates one kindergarten building, three elementary/middle schools (1-8) and a high school (9-12).

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Clark-Shawnee Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District. The following activities are also included within the reporting entity:

Parochial Schools - Within the School District boundaries, Risen Christ Lutheran and Twin Oaks School are operated as private schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial school. This activity is reflected as a government activity for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. The School District is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the School District, are accessible to the School District and are significant in amount to the School District. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in four jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are discussed in Note 16 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Clark County Family and Children First Council Springfield-Clark Career Technology Center

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Insurance Purchasing Pools:
Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers'
Compensation Group Rating Plan
Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Clark-Shawnee Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The government-wide financial statements distinguish between those activities that are governmental and those that are business-type. The School District, however, has no activities which are reported as business-type.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District divides its funds into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund - The permanent improvement capital projects fund accounts for a voted property tax levy to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program. This fund typically includes those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

1. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement on Net Assets. The Statement of Activities accounts for increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, tuition, and student fees.

2. Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements from other governments received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

3. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

The School District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The balance in this account is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" and represents deposits.

During fiscal year 2010, the School District invested in Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market Fund and repurchase agreements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments are reported at fair value which for mutual funds is based on current share price. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$15,132, which includes \$3,764 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are reported as cash equivalents.

F. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and purchased and donated food held for resale.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

H. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include unexpended revenues restricted for the purchase of school buses.

I. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-100 years
Furniture and Equipment	10-20 years
Vehicles	18 years

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after fifteen years of service with the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) or the School Employees Retirement System (SERS).

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, and school bus purchases.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include activities for food service operations, music and athletic programs, debt service, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. None of the restricted net assets were restricted by enabling legislation.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and are eliminated on the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level within each fund and function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year which matched actual expenditures plus encumbrances at fiscal year-end.

3. FUND DEFICIT

The Lunchroom, EMIS, Fiscal Stabilization, and Title I special revenue funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2010, of \$20,977, \$6, \$1,086 and \$3,334. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance		
	General	
GAAP Basis	\$871,989	
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(903,039)	
Net Adjustment for Expenditure		
Accruals	(113,100)	
Prepaid Items	12,138	
Encumbrances	(170,396)	
Budget Basis	(\$302,408)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive monies are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts including but not limited to passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution in security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$2,440,313 and the bank balance was \$2,524,320. \$255,037 of the School District's deposits was insured by federal depository insurance. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2010, \$2,269,283 of the School District's bank balance of \$2,524,320 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

B. Investments

At June 30, 2010, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Fair Value
Repurchase Agreement	1 day	\$1,006,320
Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market Mutual Fund	48 days	250,019
Total		\$1,256,339

Interest Rate Risk - The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Credit Risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. The Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market Fund was rated AAAm by S&P.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limits on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the School District's investments are in the following:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investment	Percent
Repurchase Agreement	80%
Fifth Third Institutional Government Money Market Mutual Fund	20%

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name. The School District has no investment policy dealing with custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statue which prohibit payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

The School District's \$1,006,320 investment in repurchase agreements is exposed to credit risk due to the underlying securities are held by the investment's counterparty or its trust department or agent, not in the School District's name.

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District.

Real property tax receipts received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied against local inter-change telephone companies in the prior calendar year on assessed values as of December 31, of that calendar year, at tax rates determined in the preceding year. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The percentages for telecommunications are 5 percent for 2010 and zero percent for 2011.

Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year proceeding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same date as real property taxes described previously.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The School District receives property taxes from Clark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010, was \$2,369,910 in the general fund and \$120,014 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009, was \$1,920,250 in the general fund and \$97,031 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Second-		2010 First-		
	Half Colle	ctions	Half Colle	ections	
	Amount Percent		Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$338,548,530	96.78%	\$343,226,207	96.83%	
Public Utility Personal	10,616,820	3.03	10,925,690	3.08	
Tangible Personal Property	656,780	0.19	328,390	0.09	
Total	\$349,822,130	100.00%	\$354,480,287	100.00%	
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	\$39.53	\$39.45			

7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of property taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full and will be received within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

Intergovernmental Receivable	Amounts
Governmental Activities:	
Excess costs from State	\$233,496
Auxilliary Services	3,424
Ohio Performance Assessment	12,000
Special Education IDEA ARRA	25,134
Title I	17,260
Title VIA Drug Free	4,533
Title IIA	7,274
Total	\$303,121

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2010
Governmental Assets:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 641,103			\$641,103
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	13,408,434	\$ 741,584	(\$24,980)	14,125,038
Furniture and Equipment	2,781,259	277,807	(216,818)	2,842,248
Vehicles	2,033,326	36,149	(86,597)	1,982,878
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	18,223,019	1,055,540	(328,395)	18,950,164
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		-		·
Buildings and Improvements	(3,552,082)	(371,864)	1,249	(3,922,697)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,253,670)	(156, 252)	178,086	(1,231,836)
Vehicles	(942,249)	(105,136)	76,811	(970,574)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,748,001)	(633,252)	256,146	(6,125,107)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	12,475,018	422,288	(72,249)	12,825,057
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$13,116,121	\$422,288	(\$72,249)	\$13,466,160

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 80,789
Special	1,389
Vocational	39
Support Services:	
Pupils	407
Instructional Staff	2,134
Administration	15,328
Fiscal	1,595
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	412,458
Transportation	90,194
Operation of Non-Instructional	
Services	4,427
Extracurricular Activities	24,492
	\$633,252

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the School District contracted with Arthur Gallagher Risk Management Services Inc. through the Southwestern Ohio Purchasing Council for liability, property, crime, and fleet insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Coverage provided is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$300,000,000
Boiler and Machinery (\$2,500 deductible)	50,000,000
Crime Insurance	500,000
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
General Liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Total per year	3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2010, the School District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), a workers' compensation insurance purchasing pool (Note 16). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Hunter Consulting provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rating among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicate B Fund and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2010, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.78% of annual covered salary. The remaining 1.26% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$333,929, \$155,502, and \$216,075 respectively; 50.36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$1,272,900, \$1,231,082, and \$1,264,824 respectively; 83.33 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$30,120 made by the School District and \$21,514 made by the plan members.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan

Medicare Part B Plan – The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999, Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2010 was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$353.60 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$19,920, \$12,830, and \$15,569 respectively; 50.36 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Health Care Plan – ORC 3309.375 and 2209.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the health care allocation is .46 percent. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS covered payroll for health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$58,658, \$117,791, and \$144,855 respectively; 10.32 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on the SERS' at www.ohsers.org under employers/audit resources.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$97,915, \$94,699, and \$97,294, respectively; 83.33 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

12. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Vacation leave must be used by each employee prior to the end of their contract year; any remaining balance at that time is forfeited. Unused vacation time, earned within a contract year, is paid to classified employees and administrators upon retirement. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 258 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for twenty-six percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 67 days for all employees.

B. Insurance Benefits

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Assurant Insurance Company. Medical/surgical benefits are provided through Anthem through the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (See Note 16).

13. CAPITAL LEASE- LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The School District entered into capital leases for the acquisition of computers, copiers and a postage machine. The terms of these agreements provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Principal payments in fiscal year 2010 totaled \$42,884.

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the statement of net assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$140,557 which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation on these assets at June 30, 2010, was \$22,238 and the carrying value was \$118,319. Present value minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2011	\$25,648
2012	18,273
2013	6,782
Total	50,703
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,446)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$49,257

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

14. SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2010, the School District had contractual purchase commitments as follows:

	Contract		Remaining
Vendor	Amount	Expended	Balance
Poggemeyer Design Group Inc	\$ 25,000	\$4,147	\$ 20,853
Lavan's Excavating, Inc.	278,394		278,394
	\$303,394	\$4,147	\$299,247

15. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2010 were as follows:

	Restated Amount Outstanding 6/30/2009	Additions	Deletions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2010	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Leases			(\$42,884)	\$ 49,257	\$ 24,564
Compensated Absences	\$1,411,656	\$137,843	(134,586)	1,414,913	134,586
Compensated Absences	\$1,503,797	\$137,843	(\$177,470)	\$1,464,170	\$159,150

Capital leases will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service, latchkey, Title I and Fiscal Stabilization special revenue funds.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$31,903,226, the energy conservation debt margin was \$3,190,323 and the un-voted debt margin was \$354,480 at June 30, 2010.

16. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

A. Jointly Governed Organizations

Miami Valley Educational Computer Association - The School District is a participant in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA) which is a computer consortium. MVECA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene, Madison and Highland Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of MVECA consists of six representatives from the member districts elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus one representative from the fiscal agent and the executive director. The School District paid MVECA \$63,112 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Dean Reineke, Executive Director, at MVECA at 330 Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council -The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of 126 school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

16. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the general fund. During fiscal year 2010, the School District paid \$243,599 to the SOEPC, primarily for medical benefits (See Note 16b). To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, at 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, OH 45377.

Clark County Family and Children First Council - The Clark County Family and Children First Council (FCFC) is a voluntary association established with the purpose to coordinate and integrate those services within Clark County which are available for families and to establish a comprehensive, coordinated, multi-disciplinary, interagency system for the delivery of such services in order to more effectively meet the needs of families and children.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of representatives of each of the members of the Council, and representatives of those additional entities required to be represented on the Council pursuant to Section 121.37 of the Ohio Revised Code. The school districts in Clark County must appoint a superintendent of one of the schools to represent them on the eighteen member Board. Currently, the superintendent of the Clark County Educational Service Center serves as this representative. All members are obligated to pay all dues as established by the Council to aid the financing of the operations and programs of the Council. The Clark Shawnee School District did not have any payments to the FCFC during fiscal year 2010. Any member withdrawing from the Council must give one hundred eighty days written notice to the Council after formal action of the member's governing board. To obtain financial information, write to the Clark County Family and Children First Council, Charles Patterson, who serves as Treasurer, at 1345 Lagonda Avenue, Springfield, Ohio 45505.

Springfield-Clark Career Technology Center - The Springfield-Clark Career Technology Center (CTC) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one or two representatives from each of the eight participating school districts' and educational service center's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. One member is appointed from the following: Tecumseh Local School District, Greenon Local School District, Northeastern Local School District, Northwestern Local School District, Southeastern Local School District, Clark-Shawnee Local School District, and the Clark County Educational Service Center. Two members are appointed from the Springfield City School District. The School District did not make any financial contributions to the CTC during fiscal year 2010. To obtain financial information, write to the Springfield-Clark Career Technology Center, Pam Mustovich, who serves as Treasurer, 1901 Selma Road, Springfield, Ohio 45505-4239.

B. Insurance Purchasing Pools

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an nine member committee consisting of the Chairperson, a representative from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, and eight other members elected by a majority vote of all member school districts. The Chief administrator of GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each fiscal year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

16. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS (Continued)

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan – The School District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP). The MBP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member committee consisting of various EPC representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or treasurer from each participating school district serves on the general assembly. Each fiscal year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the MBP to cover the costs of administering the program.

17. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years. Based upon legislative changes, this is the only money still required to be set aside for this purpose.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and instructional materials and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks and Instructional Material	Capital Acquisitions
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2009	(\$496,173)	
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	376,410	\$376,410
Qualifying Disbursements	(177,180)	(148,363)
Current Year Offsets		(534,588)
Totals	(\$296,943)	(\$306,541)
Set-aside Balances Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	(\$296,943)	\$ 0

The School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the capital acquisitions amounts below zero. This extra amount of offsets may be used to reduce the set-aside requirements in future fiscal years.

18. CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

19. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2010, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies". GASB Statement No. 58 provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The implementation of this statement did not result in any changes to the financial statements.

20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The School District restated beginning balance of capital leases. The School District inadvertently carried a balance on a lease at 6/30/09 which had been paid off before that fiscal year end. Long-term liabilities were reduced \$8,774, from \$1,512,571 to \$1,503,797. It also affected net assets of governmental activities by increasing net assets from \$15,878,206 to \$15,886,980.

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education) Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Donation)					
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$49,541		\$49,541
Cash Assistance					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$25,606		\$25,606	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	253,214		253,214	
Total Cash Assistance		278,820		278,820	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster:		278,820	49,541	278,820	49,541
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		278,820	49,541	278,820	49,541
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)					
Title I, Part A Cluster:	94.010	361,473		358,091	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.010 84.389	99,216		93,600	
Total Title I, Part A Cluster	04.505	460,689		451,691	
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	401,535		401,535	
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States , Recovery Act	84.391	207,792		197,087	
Total Special Education Grants to States	000.	609,327		598,622	
(Passed through Clark County Educational Service Center)					
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	11,732		11,732	
ARRA - Special Education Preschool Grants, Recovery Act	84.392	16,254		16,254	
Total Special Education Preschool Grants		27,986		27,986	
Total Special Education Cluster:		637,313		626,608	
(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education)					
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants	84.186	2,470		2,470	
Jarvis Gifted and Talented Students Education Grant Program	84.206	500		500	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	3,178		2,378	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	108,829		108,600	
ARRA - Education for Homeless Children and Youth, Recovery Act	84.387	1,079		878	
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	342,267		314,267	
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,556,325		1,507,392	
Total			¢40 E44		\$40 E44
I Ulai		\$1,835,145	\$49,541	\$1,786,212	\$49,541

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Clark-Shawnee Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food versus food commodities it receives from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value.

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Clark-Shawnee Local School District Clark County 3680 Selma Road Springfield, Ohio 45502

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clark-Shawnee Local School District, Clark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Clark-Shawnee Local School District
Clark County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 21, 2011

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Clark-Shawnee Local School District Clark County 3680 Selma Road Springfield, Ohio 45502

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Clark-Shawnee Local School District, Clark County, (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Clark-Shawnee Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Clark-Shawnee Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Clark-Shawnee Local School District
Clark county
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a matter involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 21, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and others within the District. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 21, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(ii) Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iii) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iii) Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.399 Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173		I	
weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iii) Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(iv) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iii) Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States, CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(ii)	weaknesses reported at the financial	No
noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(ii)	internal control reported at the financial	No
weaknesses reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: • Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 • ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: • Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 • ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 • Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(iii)	noncompliance at the financial statement	No
internal control reported for major federal programs? (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(iv)	weaknesses reported for major federal	No
Opinion (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(iv)	internal control reported for major federal	No
\$.510(a)? (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Title I, Part A Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173	(d)(1)(v)		Unqualified
 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173 	(d)(1)(vi)		No
Preschool Grants, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.392 ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) Education State Grants, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.394	(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA # 84.010 ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.389 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States CFDA # 84.027 ARRA - Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA # 84.391 Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.173 ARRA - Special Education Preschool Grants CFDA # 84.392 ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) Education State Grants,
(d)(1)(viii) Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000
(d)(d)(iv) Low Biol: Auditor?	(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Clark-Shawnee Local School District Clark county Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS	S

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



CLARK-SHAWNEE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

CLARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 24, 2011