BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

of the

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

for the

Year Ended March 31, 2011

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Board of Directors Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority 406 West Plum Street Georgetown, Ohio 45121

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority, Brown County, prepared by Jones, Cochenour & Co., for the audit period April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

October 24, 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority Georgetown, Ohio

Regional Inspector General of Audit Department of Housing and Urban Development

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of March 31, 2011, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund activities for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 11, 2011, on our consideration of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 3 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required

much more than an accounting firm

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the Authority taken as a whole. The FDS schedules and cost certifications are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing the reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Jones, Corheron & Co.

Jones, Cochenour & Co. August 11, 2011

Unaudited

It is a privilege to present for you the financial picture of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority. The Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's (the "Authority") management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify the single enterprise fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The revenue decreased by \$14,490 (4.2%) during 2011, and was \$330,147 and \$344,637 for 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- The total expenses decreased by \$6,274 (1.8%). Total expenses were \$343,979 and \$350,253 for 2011 and 2010, respectively.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The focus is on the Authority as a single enterprise fund. This format will allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or Authority to Authority) and enhance the Authority's accountability.

MD&A ~ Management's Discussion and Analysis ~

Basic Financial Statements ~ Statement of Net Assets ~ ~ Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets ~ ~ Statement of Cash Flows ~ ~ Notes to Basic Financial Statements ~

Unaudited

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all business type programs are consolidated into one single enterprise fund for the Authority.

These statements include a <u>Statement of Net Assets</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equals "Net Assets", formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity, and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Assets (the "<u>Unrestricted</u> Net Assets") is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Assets (formerly equity) are reported in three broad categories (as applicable):

<u>Net Assets, Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u>: This component of Net Assets consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u>: This component of Net Assets consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u>: Consists of Net Assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt", or "Restricted Net Assets". This account resembles the old operating reserves account.

The basic financial statements also include a <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses and Changes in Net Assets</u> (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income, and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets is the "Change in Net Assets", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, a <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> is included, which discloses net cash provided by, or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and from capital and related financing activities.

The Authority's programs that are consolidated into a single enterprise fund are as follows:

<u>Project Total (Low-rent Public Housing & Capital Fund)</u> – Under the Projects Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidy to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of adjusted gross household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for the Authority's physical and management improvements. Funds are allocated by a formula allocation and based on size and age of the Authority's units.

<u>Capital Fund Formula Stimulus Grant</u> – The Authority received funding through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) as part of the Capital Fund Program. These funds were for physical improvements of the Authority's properties.

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority subsidizes rents to independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that requires the participant to pay a rent based on a percentage of their adjusted gross household income, typically 30%, and the

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Housing Authority subsidizes the balance.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets compared to prior year.

TABLE 1 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	2011		 2010
Current and other assets	\$	53,957	\$ 17,484
Capital assets		1,185,458	1,235,461
TOTAL ASSETS		1,239,415	 1,252,945
Current liabilities		13,257	12,955
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,257	 12,955
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,185,458	1,235,461
Restricted net assets		16,653	1,009
Unrestricted net assets		24,047	 3,520
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	1,226,158	\$ 1,239,990

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:

Current assets increased due to more cash on hand at the end of the year. This year the Authority tried to cut costs to have at least two months of cash in the bank at the end of the year.

Capital assets decreased due to additional depreciation. There were no additions or disposals during the fiscal year.

Net assets decreased due to depreciation expenses outweighing the cash on hand. Even though the Authority ended the year with an increase in cash, the depreciation expenses for the year were greater.

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TABLE 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

Revenues			
Operating subsidies and grants	\$	299,338	\$ 316,736
Tenant revenue - rents and other		29,919	26,396
Interest income/other revenues		890	1,505
TOTAL	REVENUE	330,147	 344,637
Expenses			
Administration		56,141	100,371
Utilities		16,896	18,743
Insurance		2,232	3,001
Maintenance		66,650	38,542
General/PILOT		1,396	644
Bad debt		442	201
Housing assistance payments		150,219	140,985
Depreciation		50,003	47,766
TOTAL F	XPENSES	343,979	 350,253
NET (DI	ECREASE) \$	(13,832)	\$ (5,616)

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS:

Revenues decreased due a cut in funding from HUD. Expenses decreased due to the Authority making necessary cuts as a result of the HUD funding cuts.

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CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of year end, the Authority had \$1,185,458 invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease of \$50,003 from the end of last fiscal year.

TABLE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

		 2011	 2010
Land and land rights		\$ 1,049	\$ 1,049
Buildings		1,844,443	1,844,443
Equipment - dwellings		25,303	25,303
Accumulated depreciation		(685,337)	(635,334)
	TOTAL	\$ 1,185,458	\$ 1,235,461

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets.

TABLE 4CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS

BEGINNING BALANCE		\$ 1,235,461
Depreciation		 (50,003)
	ENDING BALANCE	\$ 1,185,458

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of March 31, 2011, the Authority had no debt.

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ECONOMIC FACTORS

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

• Due to the economic depression in Brown County, foreclosures and unemployment rate are rising, and making our waiting list increase at a rapid pace. The current HAP Tenants are losing their jobs thus making our HAP expense increase.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

If you have any questions regarding this report, you may contact Shelly Spiller, Executive Director of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority at (937) 378-6041.

Respectfully submitted,

Shelly Spiller Executive Director

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND MARCH 31, 2011

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 23,159
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		16,653
Accounts receivable - net of allowance		1,145
Prepaid expenses		13,000
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	53,957
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Land		1,049
Other capital assets - net		1,184,409
	TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	1,185,458
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,239,415
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Accounts payable		3,582
Intergovernmental payable		1,977
Tenant security deposits		7,660
Deferred revenue		38
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,257
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt		1,185,458
Restricted net assets		16,653
Unrestricted net assets		24,047
	TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,226,158

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BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE **ENTERPRISE FUND** Year Ended March 31, 2011

OPERATING REVENUES			
HUD operating grants		\$	299,338
Tenant revenue Other revenue			29,919 852
Other revenue			052
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		330,109
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Administrative			56,141
Utilities			16,896
Insurance			2,232
Maintenance			66,650
General/PILOT			1,396
Bad debt			442
Housing assistance payments Depreciation			150,219
Depreciation		<u> </u>	50,003
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		343,979
	OPERATING (LOSS)		(13,870)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE			
Interest income			38
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(13,832)
NET ASSETS BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,239,990
	NET ASSETS END OF YEAR	\$	1,226,158

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended March 31, 2011

Cash received from HUD\$301,588Cash received from tenants30,123Cash payments for housing assistance payments(150,219)Cash payments for other operating expenses(156,868)NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Investment earnings24,624CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment earnings38CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS24,662CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING15,150CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING39,812RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating (loss)\$(Increase) decrease in: Receivables - net of allowance\$Receivables - net of allowance1,189Prepaid expenses Intergovernmental payables(1,567) 1,333Tenant security deposits498Deferred revenueNET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIESNET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES38	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
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NET CASH PROVIDED BY	* *		
	NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	24,624

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Authority was created under the Ohio Revised Code, Section 3735.27 for the purpose of engaging in the development, acquisition and administrative activities of the low-income housing program and other programs with similar objectives. The Authority contracts with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low and moderate income persons with safe and sanitary housing through subsidies provided by HUD. The Authority depends on the subsidies from HUD to operate.

The financial statements of the Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority (the "Authority") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provision of GASB Statement 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the Authority is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the Authority by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity.

It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's government body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organizations.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the Authority over which the Authority is financially accountable.

The following are the various programs which are included in the single enterprise fund:

<u>Project Total (Low-rent Public Housing & Capital Fund)</u> – Under the Projects Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUS provides Operating Subsidy to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of adjusted gross household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for the Authority's physical and management improvements. Funds are allocated by a formula allocation and based on size and age of the Authority's units.

<u>Capital Fund Formula Stimulus Grant</u> – The Authority received funding through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) as part of the Capital Fund Program. These funds were for physical improvements of the Authority's properties.

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORTING ENTITY - CONTINUED

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority subsidizes rents to independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that requires the participant to pay a rent based on a percentage of their adjusted gross household income, typically 30%, and the Housing Authority subsidizes the balance.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Authority's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

Fund Accounting

The Authority uses the proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations for its programs. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Authority uses the proprietary category for its programs.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Authority's ongoing activities, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Authority follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued after November 30, 1989, that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Accounting and Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions

Nonexchange transactions occur when the Public Housing Authority (PHA) receives (or gives) value without directly giving equal value in return. GASB 33 identifies four classes of nonexchange transactions as follows:

- Derived tax revenues: result from assessments imposed on exchange transactions (i.e., income taxes, sales taxes and other assessments on earnings or consumption).
- Imposed nonexchange revenues: result from assessments imposed on nongovernmental entities, including individuals, other than assessments on exchange transactions (i.e. property taxes and fines).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- Government-mandated nonexchange transactions: occur when a government at one level provides resources to a government at another level and requires the recipient to use the resources for a specific purpose (i.e., federal programs that state or local governments are mandated to perform).
- > Voluntary nonexchange transactions: result from legislative or contractual agreements, other than exchanges, entered into willingly by the parties to the agreement (i.e., certain grants and private donations).

PHA grants and subsidies will be defined as a government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions.

GASB 33 establishes two distinct standards depending upon the kind of stipulation imposed by the provider.

- Time requirements specify (a) the period when resources are required to be used or when use may begin (for example, operating or capital grants for a specific period) or (b) that the resources are required to be maintained intact in perpetuity or until a specified date or event has occurred (for example, permanent endowments, term endowments, and similar agreements). Time requirements affect the timing of recognition of nonexchange transactions.
- Purpose restrictions specify the purpose for which resources are required to be used. (i.e. capital grants used for the purchase of capital assets). Purpose restrictions do not affect when a nonexchange transaction is recognized. However, PHAs that receive resources with purpose restrictions should report resulting net assets, equity, or fund balance as restricted.

The PHA will recognize assets (liabilities) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met or resources received whichever is first. Eligibility requirements established by the provider may stipulate the qualifying characteristics of recipients, time requirements, allowable costs, and other contingencies.

The PHA will recognize revenues (expenses) when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. For transactions that have a time requirement for the beginning of the following period, PHAs should record resources received prior to that period as deferred revenue and the provider of those resources would record an advance.

The PHA receives government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, which do not specify time requirements. Upon award, the entire subsidy should be recognized as a receivable and revenue in the period when applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. Amounts in excess of FDIC insurance limits are fully collateralized.

The cash overdraft in the Housing Choice Voucher program as shown on the FDS was netted with total cash for financial statement purposes. The effect is a \$14,015 decrease in total cash and current liabilities on the financial statement.

Investments

The provisions of the HUD Regulations restrict investments. Interest income earned in fiscal year ended March 31, 2011 for both programs totaled \$38.

Receivables – Net of Allowance

Bad debts are provided on the allowance method based on management's evaluation of the collectibility of outstanding tenant receivable balances at the end of the year. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$0 at March 31, 2011.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. The capitalization policy of the Authority is to depreciate all non-expendable personal property having a useful life of more than one year and purchase price of \$500 or more per unit. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and improvements	15 – 40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 – 7 years
Vehicles	5 years

Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged directly to expense as they are incurred. Expenditures determined to represent additions or betterments are capitalized.

Due From/To Other Programs

On the basic financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from the short-term inter-program loans classified as due to/due from other programs on the FDS are eliminated.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets – net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are recorded as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either by internal or external restrictions.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the proprietary fund. For the Authority, operating revenues are tenant rent charges, operating subsidy from HUD and other miscellaneous revenue.

Operating expenses are those expenses that are expended directly for the primary activities of the proprietary fund. For the Authority, these expenses are administrative, utilities, maintenance, PILOT, insurance, depreciation, bad debt and housing assistance payments.

Capital Grant

This represents grants provided by HUD that the Authority spends on capital assets.

Budgetary Accounting

The Authority is required by contractual agreements to adopt annual, appropriated operating budgets for all its Enterprise Funds receiving federal expenditure awards. All budgets are prepared on a HUD basis, which is materially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The Board of Commissioners adopts the budget through passage of a budget resolution.

Prepaid Expenses

This represents the amounts paid for the Administration on the Voucher Program prepaid for the fiscal year 2012.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawn on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS- CONTINUED

Inactive deposits are public deposits identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit account including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies, which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of Authority deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by collateral held by the Authority or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

At fiscal year end March 31, 2011, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits totaled \$39,812 and its bank balance was \$41,866. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure," as of March 31, 2011, the Authority was not exposed to custodial risk as discussed below because all of the funds on deposit were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Authority's agent.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at the Federal Reserve Banks or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Authority.

Investments

In accordance with the Ohio Revised Code and HUD investment policy, the Authority is permitted to invest in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, money market accounts, certain highly rated commercial paper, obligations of certain political subdivisions or Ohio and the United States government and its agencies, and repurchase agreements with any eligible depository or any eligible dealer. Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. Repurchase agreement must be secured by the specific qualifying securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based.

The Authority is prohibited from investing in any financial instruments, contracts, or obligations whose value or return is based upon or linked to another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial investment, contract, or obligation itself (commonly known as a derivative). The Authority is also prohibited from investing in reverse purchase agreements.

Interest Rate Risk – The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – HUD requires specific collateral on individual accounts in excess of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Authority depository agreement specifically requires compliance with HUD requirements.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Authority places no limit on the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

At March 31, 2011, the Authority did not have any investments.

4. INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

The Authority participates in the State Housing Authorities Risk Pool (SHARP), a public entity risk plan that operates as a common risk management and insurance program for housing authorities. The authority pays insurance premiums directly to SHARP.

The authority continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital assets:

The following is a summary of capital asset		Additions / Balance Deletions/ 3/31/2010 Corrections		Balance		Deletions/		Balance 3/31/2011
CAPITAL ASSETS,								
NOT BEING DEPRECIATED								
Land	_\$	1,049	\$	-	\$	1,049		
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS,								
NOT BEING DEPRECIATED	-	1,049		-		1,049		
CAPITAL ASSETS,								
BEING DEPRECIATED								
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,844,443	\$	-	\$	1,844,443		
Furniture and equipment		25,303		-		25,303		
Totals at Historical Costs		1,869,746		-		1,869,746		
Less: Accumulated								
Depreciation		(635,334)		(50,003)		(685,337)		
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET,				<u>_</u>				
BEING DEPRECIATED		1,234,412		(50,003)		1,184,409		
TOTAL NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	1,235,461	\$	(50,003)	\$	1,185,458		
Accumulated Depreciation by Class:								
Building and improvements					\$	659,999		
Furniture and equipment						25,338		
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPR	ECIA	TION			\$	685,337		

6. FDS SCHEDULE SUBMITTED TO HUD

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011, the Authority electronically submitted an unaudited version of the balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and other data to HUD as required on the GAAP basis. The FDS schedules follow the footnotes. The schedules are presented in the manner prescribed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

It should be noted that the bank overdraft on the FDS line 311 was moved to cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Net Assets presentation on page 9. HUD requires line 113 to agree to the HAP-NRA account which had a balance of \$16,653 at year end and in order to balance the offset was to line 311. The \$14,015 consists of Prepaid Administration of \$13,000 and accounts receivable of \$1,145.

7. CONTRACT SERVICES

The authority contracts with:

- Adams Brown Counties Economic Opportunities Inc. to provide financial services for the housing authority. The authority does not have any employees; instead, services are subcontracted from Adams Brown Counties Economic Opportunities Inc.
- Adams Brown Counties Economic Opportunities Inc. to provide management and financial reporting services. Compensation shall be based on the amount allowed by HUD for performing these services.

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Under the terms of Federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenses under the terms of the grants. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

9. HAP AND ADMINISTRATIVE TRACKING ACCOUNTS

The Authority is required to track its housing choice voucher program equity accounts in two tracking accounts as follows:

	 HAP	Adn	inistrative	 Total
Balance 3/31/10, restated	\$ 15,456	\$	(14,578)	\$ 878
HAP received	150,318		-	150,318
Administrative received	-		23,174	23,174
HAP expenses	(149,132)		-	(149,132)
Administrative expenses	-		(22,198)	(22,198)
Prepaid management fees	-		13,000	13,000
Other income	-		732	732
Interest income/ other income	11		-	11
Balance 3/31/11	\$ 16,653	\$	130	\$ 16,783

The beginning balance was restated due to a HUD adjustment to the fiscal year end 2009 balances. The HAP tracking account is denoted as restricted net assets on the Statement of Net Assets.

10. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2011, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets, GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, GASB Statement No. 55, Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 56, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards, and GASB Statements No. 58, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies.

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 51, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, and No. 58 did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the Authority.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no subsequent events through August 11, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Any subsequent events after that date have not been evaluated.

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND ENTITY WIDE - STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2011

	Project Total	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.885 Formula Capital Fund Stimulus Grant	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$29,514			\$29,514
113 Cash - Other Restricted		\$16,653		\$16,653
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$7,660			\$7,660
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities				
100 Total Cash	\$37,174	\$16,653	\$0	\$53,827
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government		\$1,145		\$1,145
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$0	\$1,145	\$ 0	\$1,145
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		\$13,000		\$13,000
150 Total Current Assets	\$37,174	\$30,798	\$0	\$67,972
161 Land	\$1,049			\$1,049
162 Buildings	\$1,844,443			\$1,844,443
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$25,303			\$25,303
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$685,337			-\$685.337
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$1,185,458	\$0	\$0	\$1,185,458
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$1,185,458	\$0	\$ 0	\$1,185,458
190 Total Assets	\$1,222,632	\$30,798	\$ 0	\$1,253,430
311 Bank Overdraft		\$14,015		\$14,015
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$3,582			\$3.582
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$1,977			\$1,977
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$7,660			\$7,660
342 Deferred Revenues	\$38			\$38
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$13,257	\$14,015	\$0	\$27,272
300 Total Liabilities	\$13,257	\$14,015	\$0	\$27,272
508.1 Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$1,185,458			\$1,185,458
511.1 Restricted Net Assets		\$16,653		\$16,653
512.1 Unrestricted Net Assets	\$23,917	\$130	\$0	\$24,047
513 Total Equity/Net Assets	\$1,209,375	\$16,783	\$0	\$1,226,158
600 Total Liabilities and Equity/Net Assets	\$1,222,632	\$30,798	\$0	\$1,253,430

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND ENTITY WIDE - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2011

	Project Total	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.885 Formula Capital Fund Stimulus Grant	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$29,919			\$29,919
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$120			\$120
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$30,039	\$0	\$0	\$30,039
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$110,518	\$173,492	\$15,328	\$299,338
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$27		·	\$27
71500 Other Revenue		\$732		\$732
72000 Investment Income - Restricted		\$11		\$11
70000 Total Revenue	\$140,584	\$174,235	\$15,328	\$330,147
91200 Auditing Fees	\$6,420			\$6,420
91300 Management Fee	\$35,000	\$8,004		\$43,004
91600 Office Expenses	\$6,109	\$108		\$6,217
91800 Travel	\$500			\$500
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$48,029	\$8,112	\$0	\$56,141
93100 Water	\$6,161			\$6,161
93200 Electricity	\$68			\$68
93300 Gas	\$10.667	1		\$10.667
93000 Total Utilities	\$16,896	\$0	\$0	\$16,896
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$5,217			\$5,217
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$19,834			\$19.834
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$26,271		\$15,328	\$41,599
94000 Total Maintenance	\$51,322	\$0	\$15,328	\$66,650
96110 Property Insurance	\$2,232			\$2,232
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$2,232	\$0	\$0	\$2,232
96200 Other General Expenses	\$63			\$63
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$1,333			\$1,333
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$442			\$442
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$1,838	\$0	\$0	\$1,838
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$120,317	\$8,112	\$15,328	\$143,757
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$20,267	\$166,123	\$0	\$186,390

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND ENTITY WIDE - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2011

	Project Total	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.885 Formula Capital Fund Stimulus Grant	Total
97300 Housing Assistance Payments		\$150,219		\$150,219
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$50,003			\$50,003
90000 Total Expenses	\$170,320	\$158,331	\$15,328	\$343,979
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	\$5,602			\$5,602
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out	-\$5,602			-\$5,602
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$29,736	\$15,904	\$0	-\$13,832
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$1,239,111	\$879	\$0	\$1,239,990
11170 Administrative Fee Equity		\$130		\$130
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity		\$16,653		\$16,653
11190 Unit Months Available	228	456		701
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	227	473		683
11270 Excess Cash	\$15,574			\$15,574

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND PROJECT - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2011

	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$29,919		\$29,919
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$120		\$120
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$30,039	\$0	\$30,039
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$84,720	\$25,798	\$110,518
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$27		\$27
70000 Total Revenue	\$114,786	\$25,798	\$140,584
91200 Auditing Fees	\$6,420		\$6,420
91300 Management Fee	\$35,000		\$35,000
91600 Office Expenses	\$6,109		\$6,109
91800 Travel	\$500		\$500
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$48,029	\$0	\$48,029
93100 Water	\$6,161		\$6,161
93200 Electricity	\$68		\$68
93300 Gas	\$10,667		\$10,667
93000 Total Utilities	\$16,896	\$0	\$16,896
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$5,217		\$5,217
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$19,834		\$19,834
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$6,075	\$20,196	\$26,271
94000 Total Maintenance	\$31,126	\$20,196	\$51,322
96110 Property insurance	\$2,232		\$2,232
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$2,232	\$0	\$2,232
96200 Other General Expenses	\$63		\$63
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$1,333		\$1,333
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$442		\$442
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$1,838	\$0	\$1,838
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$100,121	\$20,196	\$120,317
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$14,665	\$5,602	\$20,267
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$48,328	\$1,675	\$50,003
90000 Total Expenses	\$148,449	\$21,871	\$170,320

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE ENTERPRISE FUND PROJECT - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended March 31, 2011

	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$5,602		\$5,602
10020 Operating transfer Out		-\$5,602	-\$5,602
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$5,602	-\$5,602	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$28,061	-\$1,675	-\$29,736
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$1,215,038	\$24,073	\$1,239,111
11190 Unit Months Available	228		228
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	227	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	227
11270 Excess Cash	\$15,574		\$15,574

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY COST CERTIFICATIONS Year Ended March 31, 2011

	OH10P081501-08		ARRA OH10S081501-09	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	35,899	\$	47,832
TOTAL RECEIVED	\$	35,899	\$	47,832

1. The grant cost certificates were approved by HUD.

2. The Authority records agree to the above total expenditures.

3. There are no outstanding liabilities.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority Georgetown, Ohio

Regional Inspector General of Audit Department of Housing and Urban Development

We have audited the basic financial statements of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority as of and for the year ended March 31, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated August 11, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Brown Metropolitan Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

much more than an accounting firm

determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and federal awarding agencies and others within the Government. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Jones, Cochanon & Co.

Jones, Cochenour & Co. August 11, 2011

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BROWN METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

BROWN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 10, 2011

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