SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 11, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www. auditor.state.oh.us Bexley City School District Franklin County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and the required budgetary comparison schedule as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards Receipts and Expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Federal Awards of Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 11, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED

As management of the Bexley City School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The District's net assets are \$32,888,577 as of June 30, 2010 according to the Statement of Net Assets. This represents an increase of \$769,748 or 2.4% over last year. Revenues for 2010 decreased about \$1.5 million or 4.1%, while expenses decreased \$500 thousand or 1.4% over 2009. In 2010, property tax revenues decreased by \$763 thousand. The decrease was primarily a result of the timing of the certification of revenues by the County. In Ohio, the portion of property taxes legally available as an advance, on the future August real estate settlement, by June 30 is reported as revenue on both the full accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting. Income tax revenue decreased \$849 thousand as a result of continued losses in the stock market during fiscal year 2010. The District continued to contain operating expense within revenues generated for the fiscal year.

In November 2004, the taxpayers in the District passed a .75% income tax operating levy. Upon passage of this new tax, the District rolled back the 3.5 mill property tax operating levy that was passed by the voters in November 2003. Fiscal year 2006 was the first full year of the income tax collection which was anticipated to generate approximately \$6.3 million per year. The actual income tax revenue recognized was \$4,484,689, \$5,333,301 and \$6,624,746 in 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$20,889,760.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

A question typically asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. The change in net assets provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major funds appears on the fund financial statements beginning with the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The District's fiduciary fund includes assets held for Student Managed activities and a portion of the assets of the Bexley Education Foundation. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$32,888,577 according to the Statement of Net Assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Approximately 32.9% of the District's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves will not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2010 to 2009 follows from the Statements of Net Assets:

Net Assets							
		Governmental Activities					
				2009			
		2010	A	As Restated			
Current assets	\$	41,843,792	\$	41,972,721			
Capital assets		36,599,530		37,840,583			
Total assets		78,443,322		79,813,304			
Current liabilities		15,805,708		16,136,907			
Long-term liabilities		29,749,037		31,557,568			
Total liabilities		45,554,745		47,694,475			
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital, net of debt		10,817,515		11,418,438			
Restricted		3,014,756		2,346,782			
Unrestricted		19,056,306		18,353,609			
Total net assets	\$	32,888,577	\$	32,118,829			

Bexley City School District Net Assets

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

A portion of the District's net assets (9.2%) represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the District's ongoing activities.

Bexley City School District Changes in Net Assets

		2009
	<u>2010</u>	As Restated
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 754,774	\$ 691,609
Operating grants and contributions	2,241,075	1,623,809
Capital grants and contributions	-	101,589
General revenues:		
Property taxes	20,095,240	20,858,299
Income taxes	4,484,689	5,333,301
State entitlements	7,105,366	7,327,240
Investment income	217,454	666,202
Other	 506,069	300,252
Total revenues	 35,404,667	36,902,301
Program expenses:		
Instructional	19,095,477	19,061,827
Support services	11,375,356	11,561,103
Co-curricular student activities	1,152,987	1,073,069
Community services	647,479	900,698
Interest on long-term debt	1,299,084	1,345,003
Depreciation - unallocated	 1,064,536	1,192,998
Total expenses	 34,634,919	35,134,698
Change in net assets	\$ 769,748	\$ 1,767,603

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased by \$769,748 for the year ended June 30, 2010. In addition, the District continued to contain operating expenses within the revenues generated for the fiscal year.

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need periodically to seek voter approval for additional operating funds. Tax revenues generated from voted tax levies do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts such as ours that are dependent upon property taxes as the primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to the District's administration and the voting public.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the 2010 cost of program services and the 2010 net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for the governmental activities. General revenues including tax revenue, investment earnings and unrestricted State entitlements must support the net cost of program services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

		Total Cost	ervices	 Net Cost	of S	ervice	
Programs	-	2010		2009	2010		2009
Instructional services	\$	19,095,477	\$	19,061,827	\$ 18,079,862	\$	18,293,778
Support services		11,375,356		11,561,103	10,271,414		10,830,801
Co-curricular student activities		1,152,987		1,073,069	882,901		839,060
Community services		647,479		900,698	41,273		216,051
Interest on long-term debt		1,299,084		1,345,003	1,299,084		1,345,003
Depreciation - unallocated		1,064,536		1,192,998	 1,064,536		1,192,998
Total	\$	34,634,919	\$	35,134,698	\$ 31,639,070	\$	32,717,691

Local property and income taxes make up 69.4% of total revenues for governmental activities. The net services column reflecting the need for \$31,639,070 of support indicates the reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$24,792,135, which represents an increase of \$317,201 as compared to last year's total of \$24,474,934 (on a consistent basis) according to the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The schedule below shows the fund balance and the total change in fund balance from June 30, 2009 to 2010.

	Fu	nd Balance at	Fund Balance at			Increase		
	Ju	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009		(Decrease)		
General fund	\$	20,889,760	\$	20,945,114	\$	(55,354)		
Bond retirement fund		2,625,009		2,488,850		136,159		
Other governmental funds		1,277,366		1,040,970		236,396		
Total	\$	24,792,135	\$	24,474,934	\$	317,201		

General Fund

Rovonuos

The District's General Fund balance decreased \$55,354 or .26%. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund.

Nevenues			
	 2010	 2009	% Change
Property taxes	\$ 17,403,315	\$ 17,938,976	-2.99%
Income taxes	4,471,282	5,070,708	-11.82%
Intergovernmental	6,710,981	6,947,710	-3.41%
Investment income	215,972	652,300	-66.89%
Other revenue	 216,930	 183,312	18.34%
Total	\$ 29,018,480	\$ 30,793,006	-5.76%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The decrease in property tax revenue was primarily a result of the timing of the certification of revenues by the County, as noted in the financial highlights above. In November 2004, the taxpayers in the District passed a .75% income tax operating levy. Revenue from the income tax levy decreased in 2010 as a result of continued losses in the stock market. A significant portion of the district's income tax revenue is generated by capital gains.

As the table below indicates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures is for instructional cost.

Expenditures by Function

	 2010	 2009	% Change
Instructional services	\$ 18,063,752	\$ 18,438,513	-2.03%
Support services	9,934,761	9,954,954	-0.20%
Co-curricular student activities	734,977	786,709	-6.58%
Community service	36,948	38,771	-4.70%
Capital outlay	 178,483	 873,900	-79.58%
Total	\$ 28,948,921	\$ 30,092,847	-3.80%

Expenditures are down 3.8% over the prior year mostly due to reductions in capital outlay in response to reduced resources. Revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses in the general fund during the fiscal year resulting in an decrease in fund balance of \$55,354.

Bond Retirement Fund

The Bond Retirement Fund, a debt service fund, is funded primarily with property tax revenue and state property tax allocation at the level necessary to meet debt service requirements. The \$136,159 increase in fund balance is due to an increase in the property taxes allocated to this fund to meet future debt service requirements.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds consist of Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds. Fund balance in these funds increased by \$236,396.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. Changes are made to the District's budget as changes in revenues and spending patterns are experienced.

The District uses the five-year forecast as the original document from which to form the operating budget. After updating the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions, the operating budget begins at the school level. Each school in the District receives a per pupil allocation augmented with resources for special education students in the specific buildings. Budgets are reviewed periodically to ensure management becomes aware of any variations during the year.

Revenue was estimated in the original budget at approximately \$27.48 million. This original estimate did not include an amount for June 2010 property tax revenue advances; actual property tax revenue advances in June 2010 were \$1.9 million. The revised budget for revenue was approximately \$29.4 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Capital Assets

The District has \$36,599,530 invested in governmental activity capital assets net of depreciation. Capital assets have been restated due to a reappraisal and changes in the District's capitalization policy (see Note 13). Detailed information regarding capital asset activity is included in Note 5 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt

On June 30, 2010, the District had \$26,909,996 in outstanding principal on its general obligation bonds. The District paid \$1,869,998 in principal on bonds outstanding and \$1,123,556 in interest payments during the 2010 fiscal year.

Detailed information regarding long-term debt is included in Note 6 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total taxable valuation of real and personal property. As of June 30, 2010, the District's general obligation debt was below the legal limit.

Current Financial and Economic Conditions

The latest five-year forecast as prepared in October 2010 shows a positive cash balance through fiscal year 2013. However, the future financial stability of the District is not without challenges. The first challenge is for management to ensure resources can be preserved as long as possible by continuing to maintain careful financial planning and prudent fiscal management. The second challenge is based in the local economy and the state funding of education in Ohio.

The District's school income tax revenue has experienced a sharp decline due to the economy and several residents that moved out of state for tax purposes. The District expects the revenue from income taxes to make a slow recovery.

The most recent state budget bill, House Bill 1, implements an Evidence Based Model funding program for public school districts. However, due to the current economic downturn and limited resources, much of this model cannot be fully implemented for several years. Additionally, HB 1 uses approximately \$3.2 billion in federal stimulus funds and it is difficult to predict whether state tax revenues will rebound enough in the future years to support the new method of education funding. Based on the new model, the District's future state revenue would be reduced to almost no funding from the State. The current state funding models reduces the 2011 fiscal year state aid by 2% Future projections estimate state aid to be reduced by 10% in fiscal year 2012 and them 5% each year starting in fiscal year 2013.

Management continues to look at the long term financial stability of the District. Projections prepared in October 2010 show cash position as being negative at the end of fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The District will continue to look at ways to reduce cost. The District placed a 6.5 mill levy on the November 2010 ballot. It was approved and the District will start receiving \$2.99 million per calendar year in 2011. Revised projections will show a positive balance until 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Treasurer of the Bexley City School District, Christopher Essman at 348 S. Cassingham Road, Bexley, Ohio 43209.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,697,219
Receivables	20,716,338
Due From Other Governments	202,063
Inventory	10,333
Prepaid assets and deferred charges	217,839
Capital Assets:	
Land	154,150
Other capital assets, net	36,445,380
Total Assets	78,443,322
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	400,400
Unearned revenue	11,629,769
Accrued liabilities	3,775,539
Long-Term Liabilities:	3,773,339
Due within one year	2,175,000
Due in more than one year	27,574,037
	21,014,001
Total Liabilities	45,554,745
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,817,515
Restricted for:	10,017,515
Capital Projects	768,715
Debt Service	1,938,079
Other Purposes	307,962
Unrestricted (Deficit)	19,056,306
	.0,000,000
Total Net Assets	\$ 32,888,577

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Program Revenues			Expense) Revenue nanges in Net Assets	
	Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales		Dperating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities	 •					
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 15,208,759	\$	126,172	\$	205,448	\$ (14,877,139)
Special	3,584,733		-		683,995	(2,900,738)
Vocational	301,985		-		-	(301,985)
Support Services:						
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,157,885		-		238,781	(2,919,104)
School administration	2,000,147		-		-	(2,000,147)
Pupils	1,543,323		-		203,170	(1,340,153)
Business operations	1,227,239		-		533	(1,226,706)
Instructional staff	2,121,037		-		190,301	(1,930,736)
Student transportation	550,754		-		-	(550,754)
Food service	582,620		358,516		103,948	(120,156)
Central services	136,981		-		8,693	(128,288)
General administration	55,370		-		-	(55,370)
Co-curricular student activities	1,152,987		270,086		-	(882,901)
Community services	647,479		-		606,206	(41,273)
Interest on long-term debt	1,299,084		-		-	(1,299,084)
Depreciation - unallocated*	 1,064,536		-		-	 (1,064,536)
Total Governmental Activities	34,634,919		754,774		2,241,075	(31,639,070)

General Revenues.	
Property taxes	\$20,095,240
Income tax	4,484,689
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	7,105,366
Investment earnings	217,454
Miscellaneous	 506,069
Total General Revenues and Transfers	 32,408,818
Change in Net Accets	769.748
Change in Net Assets	709,740
Net Assets Beginning of Year. As Restated (Note 13)	32,118,829
	 <u> </u>
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 32,888,577

* This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of various programs.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments	¢ 17 467 000	\$ 1,814,894	¢ 1 /15 0/2	¢ 20 607 210
Receivables:	\$ 17,467,283	\$ 1,814,894	\$ 1,415,042	\$ 20,697,219
Property taxes	15,938,424	2,528,635	_	18,467,059
Income taxes	2,177,432	2,020,000	_	2,177,432
Other	68,895	-	2,952	71,847
Due from other:	00,000		2,002	
Governments	-	-	202,063	202,063
Interfund receivable	66,950	-	-	66,950
Inventory	-	-	10,333	10,333
Prepaid assets	10,765			10,765
Total Assets	35,729,749	4,343,529	1,630,390	41,703,668
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	334,208	15,508	50,684	400,400
Interfund payables	-	-	66,950	66,950
Deferred revenue	11,010,375	1,703,012	47,772	12,761,159
Accrued liabilities	3,495,406		187,618	3,683,024
Total Liabilities	14,839,989	1,718,520	353,024	16,911,533
Fund Balances				
Reserved for:				
Future appropriations	7,091,869	1,137,803	-	8,229,672
Encumbrances	528,193	-	206,175	734,368
Prepaid assets and inventory	10,765	-	10,333	21,098
Unreserved, reported in				
General fund	13,258,933	-	-	13,258,933
Special revenue fund	-	-	358,537	358,537
Debt service fund	-	1,487,206	-	1,487,206
Capital projects fund			702,321	702,321
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	20,889,760	2,625,009	1,277,366	24,792,135
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 35,729,749	\$ 4,343,529	\$ 1,630,390	\$ 41,703,668

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2010

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$ 24,792,135
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		36,599,530
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds Deferred charges Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Due from other governments	207,074 807,618 276,000 47,772	1,338,464
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Interest payable Compensated absences Bonds Payable, net: Bonds payable principal amount Accumulated accretion on discount debt Unamortized deferred amount on refunding Unamortized bond discount Unamortized bond premium	(26,909,996) (1,129,760) 575,954 39,311 (199,679)	(92,515) (2,124,867)
Total		(27,624,170)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 32,888,577

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	Conordi	- Tuna		
Property Taxes	\$ 17,403,315	\$ 2,772,147	\$-	\$ 20,175,462
Income tax	4,471,282	-	-	4,471,282
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Restricted Grants-in-aid State:	-	-	1,433,326	1,433,326
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	6,710,981	394,385	-	7,105,366
Restricted Grants-in-aid	-	-	793,341	793,341
Investment income	215,972	-	1,482	217,454
Co-curricular activities	-	-	270,086	270,086
Charges for services	-	-	358,516	358,516
Tuition fees	126,172	-	-	126,172
Other	90,758		430,498	521,256
Total Revenues	29,018,480	3,166,532	3,287,249	35,472,261
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	14,863,556	-	219,341	15,082,897
Special	2,898,211	-	666,140	3,564,351
Vocational	301,985		-	301,985
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	18,063,752		885,481	18,949,233
Support Services:				
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,893,395	-	242,299	3,135,694
School administration	2,011,681	-	-	2,011,681
Instructional staff	1,912,465	-	189,322	2,101,787
Pupils	1,339,280	-	202,124	1,541,404
Business operations	1,133,848	36,819	530	1,171,197
Student transportation	458,661	-	-	458,661
Food services	-	-	571,968	571,968
Central services	130,061	-	8,648	138,709
General administration	55,370	-	-	55,370
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	9,934,761	36,819	1,214,891	11,186,471
Co-curricular student activities	734,977	-	224,852	959,829
Community services	36,948	-	603,087	640,035
Capital outlay	178,483	-	268,117	446,600
Debt Service:	-,		,	-,
Principal Retirement	-	1,869,998	-	1,869,998
Interest		1,123,556		1,123,556
Total Expenditures	28,948,921	3,030,373	3,196,428	35,175,722
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	69,559	136,159	90,821	296,539
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(0.007)	
Other	22,669	-	(2,007)	20,662
Transfers in	4,701	-	159,109	163,810
Transfers out	(152,283)		(11,527)	(163,810)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(124,913)		145,575	20,662
Net Change in Fund Balances	(55,354)	136,159	236,396	317,201
Fund Balances (Deficits) Beginning of Year	20,945,114	2,488,850	1,040,970	24,474,934
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 20,889,760	\$ 2,625,009	\$ 1,277,366	\$ 24,792,135

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	317,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
	00,625 41,678)	(1,241,053)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.			(88,256)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities.			1,869,998
Premium and discounts on bond issuance are reflected in the balance of the long-term liability and amortized against interest expense over the life of the new debt. Amortization of bond premium (discount)	28,306		
	94,616)		(66,310)
Issuance costs and the deferred amount resulting from the refunding bonds are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund, but these costs are capitalized and amortized to interest expense over the life of the new debt in the statement of activities.			
·	28,904) 82,543)		(111,447)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, wereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.			2,229
The expense related to compensated absences reported in the statement of activities does require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			87,386
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$	769,748

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Ager	ncy Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$	106,683
Total Assets		106,683
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to others	\$	5,720 100,963
Total Liabilities	\$	106,683

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

1. Reporting Entity

The Bexley City School District (the District) was organized May 1, 1917 and is a fiscally independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by the citizens of Bexley.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (i) the District's ability to impose its will over a component unit, or (ii) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose financial burden on the District. The District has no component units.

The Bexley Public Library is a school district library created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code and is located in the Bexley City School District. The Board of Trustees of the Library controls and manages the Library and issues its own financial statements. Although the Bexley Board of Education is required to approve appointments to the Board of Trustees and to approve the annual budget, the Board has no authority to reject the Library's recommendations.

The Board also acts as the Library's agent on any debt issues required. On September 1, 1990, as required by State law, the District issued, on behalf of the Library, general obligation bonds in the amount of \$4,130,000, which had been approved by the electors on May 8, 1990. The bonds are issued for the purpose of enlarging, rehabilitating, improving, adding to, furnishing and equipping the Library. Although the bonds are issued on behalf of the Library, and the proceeds of the bonds were transferred to the Board of Trustees of the Library, the bonds constitute indebtedness of the District and are considered in determining the District's debt limitations. Property tax revenues collected to retire the debt are paid directly to the District, and the District pays the interest and retires the debt.

However, the District has no ability to influence the library's operations significantly, no accountability over the fiscal matters of the Library, nor any responsibility for the Library's deficits. Accordingly, other than the debt and related property tax revenue referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Library's financial statements are not included herein.

Education support services are provided by the Bexley Education Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation has a separate nineteen member Board of Governors. The Board is not appointed by the Bexley Board of Education. The Foundation is a separate entity from the District with no financial interdependency. The Foundation makes cash donations to the District which are approved by the Board of Education. These moneys are accounted for in the agency fund in these financial statements. All other monies of the Bexley Education Foundation are held by the Bexley Foundation at Fifth Third Bank and the Columbus Foundation in the name of the Bexley Education Foundation. The money is invested by the Columbus Foundation. Accordingly, the District has no oversight responsibilities. The Foundation's separate financial statements are not included herein. In addition, the District has no ability to significantly influence operations and no accountability over the fiscal matters of the Foundation.

Within the District boundaries, St. Charles Preparatory School is operated by the Columbus Diocese and Columbus School for Girls is a privately operated school. The State provides funding for these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the nonpublic school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the nonpublic school. This financial activity is reflected in a special revenue fund for reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

(a) Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District (primary government) has no business-type activities or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to those who benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting this definition of program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has no proprietary funds.

(b) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied, provided they are collected and advanced or available for advance by the county auditor by the fiscal year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements in the fiscal year in which taxes have been levied, provided they are collected and advanced or available for advance by the county auditor by the fiscal year-end. Tuition, income taxes, grants, fees and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following *major* governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> – The Bond Retirement Fund, a debt service fund, is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The District's *nonmajor* governmental funds include the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – The nonmajor capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for building and permanent improvements and receipt and expenditures of SchoolNet monies.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. This includes Agency Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District reports two agency funds, the Student Activities Agency Fund and the Bexley Educational Foundation Agency Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to those who benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

(c) Cash

Monies received by the District are pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity retained throughout.

(d) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(e) Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investment and for External Investment Pools," the District records all its investments at fair value as defined in this statement.

(f) Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). The cost of inventory is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

Commodities are valued at fair market value at the time of Donation.

(g) Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is recorded in the year in which services are consumed.

(h) Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$2,500 and a useful life of less than one year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings & Improvements	10-40
Furniture and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-20

(i) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(j) Compensated Absence

The District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws.

Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave. The leave amount is based on length of service and position. The District accrues vacation leave benefits as earned. Accrued vacation may be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The maximum amount to be carried at any one time is 1.5 times the annual number of days.

District employees earn sick leave at fifteen days per year which, if not taken, accumulates on an unlimited basis until retirement. All employees may be paid upon retirement: 1.) one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 54 days; and 2.) one-tenth of the days over an accumulated balance of 250 days. All staff members who resign after ten years of Bexley service may be paid one-fourth of accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 25 days.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the accrued liabilities account in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

(k) Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are recognized as fund liabilities to the extent payments come due each period upon occurrence of resignation and retirement.

(I) Unearned/Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes, other than delinquent property taxes, for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue unless the revenue recognition criteria discussed in note 2(b) have been met. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

(m) Fund Balance Reserves / Restrictions

The District records reservations for portions of fund equity, which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation for expenditures. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, prepaid assets and inventory, and property tax revenue reserved by the Board for future year's appropriations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(m) Fund Balance Reserves / Restrictions (Continued)

The District complies with all restrictions governing the use of restricted assets. Such restrictions do not offer discretion regarding use of these resources in an unrestricted manner. When capital restricted funds, usually bond proceeds, are available, capital assets are acquired from such resources. Capital assets can be, however, and to a lesser amount are, acquired from unrestricted resources. The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

(n) Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Cash and Investments

The investment and deposit of the District's monies is governed by the provisions of the ORC. In accordance with these statutes, the District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; money market funds secured by United States obligations; and STAROhio. During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to STAROhio, CDs, and federal agency securities. Earnings on investments are credited to the General Fund except earnings specifically related to the Capital Projects Fund, Food Service Fund, and the Scholarship Fund in compliance with ORC Section 3315.01. In fiscal 2010, the District reported total interest income of \$217,454 (\$215,972 in the General Fund, which includes \$21,083 assigned from other funds; and \$1,482 in Other Governmental Funds).

The District records all investment at fair value with the exception of repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits which are recorded at cost. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner similar to Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within 5 years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the District's name. During 2010, the District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$10,546,989. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of June 30, 2010, \$2,819,128 of the District's bank balance of \$10,569,128 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$7,750,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

		Investment Maturities				
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18		
Investment type	 Fair Value	less	months	months		
STAROhio	\$ 1,255,630	1,255,630	-	-		
Commercial Paper	1,996,543	1,996,543	-	-		
FFCB	2,000,250	-	1,000,000	1,000,250		
FHLB	 5,004,490	1,001,470	3,003,110	999,910		
	\$ 10,256,913	4,253,643	4,003,110	2,000,160		

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investments and maturities.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to two years or less.

Credit Risk. The District does not have a formal policy limiting credit risk. The District's investments in FFCB and FHLB were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Commercial paper was rated A1 and P1. Standard & Poor's has assigned StarOhio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage to total of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2010:

Investment type	 Fair Value	% to total
STAROhio	\$ 1,255,630	12.24%
Commercial Paper	1,996,543	19.47%
FFCB	2,000,250	19.50%
FHLB	 5,004,490	<u>48.79</u> %
Total	\$ 10,256,913	<u>100.00</u> %

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk for investments; however, all of the District's investments are book-entry securities held by a safekeeping agent and are, therefore, not exposed to custodial credit risk.

4. Receivables and Accrued Liabilities

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consist of the following:

	Property	Income			
	Taxes	Taxes	Interest	Other	Totals
Governmental activites:					
General	\$ 15,938,424	2,177,432	50,571	18,324	\$ 18,184,751
Bond retirement fund	2,528,635	-		-	2,528,635
Other governmental funds				2,952	2,952
Total	\$ 18,467,059	2,177,432	50,571	21,276	<u>\$20,716,338</u>

Accrued Liabilities at June 30, 2010, consist of the following:

	Accrued Wages & Benefits		Compensated Absences	Totals
Governmental activites:	. <u> </u>			
General	\$	2,961,144	534,262	\$ 3,495,406
Other governmental funds		187,618		 187,618
Total governmental fund accrued liabilities	\$	3,148,762	534,262	3,683,024
Accrued interest payable				 92,515
Total government-wide accrued liabilities				\$ 3,775,539

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

The capital asset balances have been restated due to a reappraisal and changes in the District's capitalization policy See Note 13. A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2010, follows:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Restatement / Reclass	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2010
Governmental activities:					<u> </u>	
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>\$ 154,150</u> 154,150		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Conital accesta baing depressioned:	104,100		104,100			104,100
Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment Buses, autos and trucks	51,563,195 6,641,679 980,897	(12,847) (4,928,369) (108,096)	51,550,348 1,713,310 872,801	81,703 218,922	-	51,632,051 1,932,232 872,801
Total capital assets, being depreciated	59,185,771	(5,049,312)	54,136,459	300,625		54,437,084
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment	14,977,946 5,443.941	(2,194) (4,396,454)	- 14,975,752 1,047,487	1,244,653 213,638	-	16,220,405 1,261,125
Buses, autos and trucks	592,658	(165,871)	426,787	83,387		510,174
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,014,545 38,171,226	<u>(4,564,519</u>) (484,793)	<u> 16,450,026</u> <u> 37,686,433</u>	<u>1,541,678</u> (1,241,053)		<u> 17,991,704</u> 36,445,380
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 38,325,376</u>	(484,793)	- 37,840,583	(1,241,053)		36,599,530

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services:	
Regular	\$ 147,979
Special	2,007
Support services:	
Operation and maintenance of plant	6,496
School administration	11,514
Pupils	5,132
Business operations	-
Instructional staff	25,497
Student transportation	88,121
Food services	7,263
Central services	-
Co-curricular student activities	183,133
Community services	-
Unallocated	 1,064,536
Total depreciation	\$ 1,541,678

6. Long-Term Obligations

A summary for changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2010, follows:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Payments/ Reductions	Balance June 30, 2010	Due in One Year
Compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick leave) General obligation bonds payable	\$ 2,212,253 27,919,988	185,074	272,460 1.009.992	2,124,867 26.909.996	275,000 1,900.000
General obligation bonds payable	<u>\$ 30,132,241</u>	185,074	1,282,452	29,034,863	2,175,000

Principal retirements reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes the payment of \$860,006 in accreted interest on discount debt which was paid in fiscal year 2010. The general obligation bonds are a direct obligation of the District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District.

In the opinion of management, the District has complied with all bond covenants.

The voters of the Bexley City School District approved a 5.6 mill bond levy in November 2000. The bond levy funded debt in the amount of \$27,050,000. The bonds were sold on February 16, 2001 and closed on February 20, 2001. The interest rates assigned to the debt vary from 3.25% to 5.23%. The funds were deposited in the building fund to provide funds for a building program which started in the 2001-2002 fiscal year. Moody's Investors Service assigned an Aa2 rating to the bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

On September 18, 2003, the District sold \$5,709,992 of general obligation bonds dated October 2, 2003 with final maturities on December 1, 2016. These bonds refunded \$5,710,000 of the District's Refunding Bonds dated August 12, 1993. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$ 192,762, issuance costs of \$40,977 and underwriter's discount of \$45,680. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$620,800 (present value) and a reduction of \$779,952 in future debt service payments. The new issue included \$5,395,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$314,992 in capital appreciation bonds. These capital appreciation bonds were purchased at a discount at the time of issuance and, at maturity all compound interest is paid and the bond holder collects the face value. However, since interest is technically earned and compounded semiannually, the value of the bond increases. Therefore, as the value increases, the accretion is booked as principal.

On December 7, 2005, the District sold \$9,189,991 of general obligation bonds dated December 21, 2005 with final maturity on December 1, 2027. These bonds refunded \$9,190,000 of the District's School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2001 dated February 20, 2001. The final maturity of the 2001 Bonds had been December 1, 2027. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$533,627 issuance costs of \$91,101 and underwriter's discount of \$65,933. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$549,043 (present value) and a reduction of \$833,995 in future debt service payments.

The District sold \$9,354,998 of general obligation bonds dated March 9, 2006 with final maturity on December 1, 2022. These bonds refunded \$9,355,000 of the District's School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2001 dated February 20, 2001. The final maturity of the 2001 Bonds refunded by the Series 2006 Bonds had been December 1, 2027. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$643,546 issuance costs of \$65,848 and underwriter's discount of \$55,386. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$429,062(present value) and a reduction of \$596,085 in future debt service payments.

The Bexley Public Library is a school district library created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code and is located in the Bexley City School District. The District acts as the Library's agent on any debt issues required. On September 1, 1990, as required by State law, the District issued, on behalf of the Library, general obligation bonds in the amount of \$4,130,000, which had been approved by the electors on May 8, 1990. The bonds were issued for the purpose of enlarging, rehabilitating, improving, adding to, furnishing and equipping the Library. Although the bonds are issued on behalf of the Library, and the proceeds of the District and are considered in determining the District's debt limitations. Property tax revenues collected to retire the debt are paid directly to the District, and the District pays the interest and retires the debt. At June 30, 2010, the remaining principal balance on this debt was \$705,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Reconciliation of Long-term Liabilities to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of long-term liabilities to the Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2010:

Long-term Liabilities (summarized above) Accumulated Accretion on Discount Debt Unamortized Deferred Amount on Refunding Unamortized Bond Discount Unamortized Bond Premium	\$ 29,034,863 1,129,760 (575,954) (39,311) 199,679
Total	\$ 29,749,037
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities:	
Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 2,175,000 27,574,037
Total Long-term Liabilities - governmental activities	\$ 29,749,037

The annual maturities of the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2010, and related interest payments are as follows:

Year ending					
June 30, 2010	Interest rate (%)	Principal		Interest	
2011	3.20 - 7.125	\$	1,900,000	\$	1,069,565
2012	3.20 - 7.125		1,970,000		985,473
2013	3.62 - 5.03		1,670,000		909,160
2014	3.62 - 5.03		1,735,000		842,223
2015	3.62 - 4.51		1,815,000		768,195
2016 - 2020	3.62 - 4.51		5,729,996		4,735,110
2021 - 2025	4.19 - 4.52		7,045,000		1,821,105
2026 - 2028	4.51		5,045,000		329,573
Total		\$	26,909,996	\$	11,460,404

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net debt of a school district, whether or not approved by the people, shall not exceed 9.0% of the total value of all property in the school district as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of a school district cannot exceed 0.1% of the total assessed value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At June 30, 2010 the District's total net debt was approximately 5.85% (6.07% at June 30, 2009) of the total assessed value of all property within the school district. The aggregate amount of the District's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with Franklin County and the City of Bexley. These debt limitation calculations exclude \$1,129,760 in accretion of deep discount debt in accordance with State Law. As of June 30, 2010, these entities have complied with the requirement that debt service payments on unvoted overlapping debt must not exceed in the aggregate 1% (10 mills) of the assessed property value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Advance Refundings

As discussed above, the District defeased certain School Construction and Improvement Bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2010, \$18,545,000 bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2010, 12.74 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$544,472, \$514,117, and \$428,625 respectively; equal to 100 percent of the required contribution for each year. The 2010 contribution amount is exclusive of the one-time catch up amount of \$267,168 paid to SERS in June 2010

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. DC and Combined Plan Members will transfer to the DB plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

The DB Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary year. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing services, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their members contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Ohio Revised Code. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into the members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the members' designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. Members contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to the member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (most recent information available), plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$2,286,237, \$2,232,647, and \$2,154,605, respectively; equal to 100% of the required contribution each year. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 are available from the Treasurer's office upon request.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2010, four of the five member(s) of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

8. Postemployment Benefits

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2010, 0.5 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2010, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$70,382, \$152,766, and \$149,848 respectively; with 100 percent being contributed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

8. Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$29,557, \$27,542, and \$20,819 respectively; with 100 percent being contributed.

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$163,303, \$159,475, and \$153,900 respectively; with 100 percent being contributed.

9. Property Taxes

Property Taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the school district. All property taxes are collected on behalf of the District by Franklin County. Due and collection dates, as established by Franklin County, were January 20, 2009 and June 20, 2009, for those taxes due during 2009.

Real property taxes collected during calendar year 2008 had a lien and levy date of January 1, 2007. Tangible personal property taxes collected during calendar year 2008 had a lien and levy date of January 1, 2008.

Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value for Real Estate and Public Utility and at 25% for Tangible Personal. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2005 for collection in tax year 2006. The triennial update was completed on tax values as of 2008 for collection in 2009. The Franklin County Auditor froze all real estate property values at a zero percent increase. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements, at true value (normally 88% of cost).

In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessed percentage for all property including inventory is 6.25 percent for 2008 and will be zero for 2009

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

9. Property Taxes (Continued)

The assessed values for collection in 2010, upon which the 2009 levies were based, were as follows:

Real Estate	\$ 456,993,360
Public Utility	2,825,170
Tangible Property	158,097
Total	\$ 459,976,627

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the District's share is .57% (5.7 mills) of assessed value. Increases in the property tax rate are restricted only by voter willingness to approve such increases. The total tax rate for the District, including voted increases, was 108.25 mills in 2010.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Bexley City School District. The Franklin County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semiannual basis.

10. Risk Management and Contingent Liabilities

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from personnel actions, injuries to employees, theft or destruction of assets, and legal challenges to fiduciary decisions. To cover these risks, the District maintains property and casualty insurance of approximately \$97.1 million and personal liability insurance in the amount of \$1 million per occurrence and \$6 million in the aggregate. There was no reduction in coverage and no claims exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. The District is registered and insured through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation for injuries to employees.

The Federal and State Grants remain subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designees. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the District's administration believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Bexley City School District is a party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

11. Set-Aside Calculations

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. State law has set the amount for the set-aside at the number of students times 3% of the average cost per pupil.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

11. Set-Aside Calculations (Continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition reserves. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

				Capital
	Textbook Maint		aintenance	
	Reserve Rese		Reserve	
Set-aside balance, July 1, 2009	\$	(1,344,561)	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		328,745		328,745
Qualifying expenditures		(382,957)		(769,807)
Total	\$	(1,398,773)	\$	(441,062)
Set-aside balance, June 30, 2010	\$	(1,398,773)	\$	-

Amounts listed as qualifying disbursements in this table are the total amounts for the year. The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbooks reserve and this extra amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. Therefore, this negative amount is being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The District also had qualifying disbursements and off-sets during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the capital maintenance reserve. However, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years.

12. Jointly Governed Organization

The Metropolitan Educational Council is a regional council of government whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. School districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board.

13. Interfund Activity

Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables on the fund basis:

	Receivable		Payable
Interfund Receivables/Payables			
General Fund	\$	66,950	-
Other Governmental Funds		-	66,950
Total governmental activities	\$	66,950	66,950

Interfund advances are made to provide funds for federal projects and several activity funds until funding is received and are reported as Interfund Receivables/Payables. In general, interfund advances are made at the end of the fiscal year and then returned the next fiscal year when funding is received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

13. Interfund Activity (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2010, transfers consisted of the following:

	Tra	nsfers In	
Total		Other	
Transfers	General	Governmental	
Out	Fund	Funds	
\$ 85,000	-	85,000	
25,000	-	25,000	
7 000		7 000	
7,203	-	7,283	
35.000	-	35,000	
		152,283	
		102,200	
4,701	4,701	-	
6,826	-	6,826	
11,527	4,701	6,826	
-	\$ 4,701	159,109	
	Transfers Out \$ 85,000 25,000 7,283 35,000 152,283 4,701	Total General Transfers General Out Fund \$ 85,000 - 25,000 - 7,283 - 35,000 - 152,283 - 4,701 4,701 6,826 - 11,527 4,701	

14. Restatement of Net Assets

The beginning net assets of the governmental activities have been restated due to the District having furniture, fixtures, and equipment inventory, as well as, vehicle inventory physically counted and reappraised in the current year. Additionally, the District changed its capitalization limit from \$1,000 to \$2,500 effective July 1, 2009. The adjustment for these items result in net assets at the beginning of the year being restated as follows:

Net Assets, June 30, 2009	\$ 32,603,622
Adjustment for Capital Assets	 (484,793)
Net Assets, July 1, 2009	\$ 32,118,829

15. Subsequent Event

At the September 20, 2010 board meeting, the Board of Education approved the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$2,420,000 to partially refund bonds issued in 2000. These bonds were issued in October 2010 for \$2,420,000 with a premium of \$50,456 and issuance costs of \$39,948.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	GENERAL FUND			
	0.0.0	DE: //225		VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	REVISED		POSITIVE
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:	¢ 15 750 279	¢17 202 200	¢17 202 200	¢0,
Property taxes Income tax	\$ 15,750,378 4,680,000	\$17,393,399 4,700,912	\$17,393,399 4,700,912	\$0
Investment income	4,880,000 375,000	4,700,912 418,543	4,700,912	-
Tuition fees	72,000	99,833	99,833	
Extracurricular	72,000	55,000	55,000	-
Miscellaneous	55,673	74,927	75,162	235
State sources	6,548,000	6,710,981	6,710,981	
Federal sources		-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	27,481,051	29,398,595	29,398,830	235
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional services:				
Regular	15,190,739	15,041,333	14,904,855	136,478
Special	3,179,486	3,164,491	2,983,871	180,620
Vocational	316,920	308,771	303,278	5,493
Other Instructional	-	-		
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	18,687,145	18,514,595	18,192,004	322,591
Support services:	2 726 272	2 740 495	2 260 887	259 509
Operation and maintenance of plant School administration	3,726,373	3,719,485 2,085,599	3,360,887 2,038,486	358,598 47,113
Instructional staff	2,036,473 1,981,153	2,085,399	1,929,337	116,025
Pupils	1,276,094	2,043,302 1,347,254	1,331,194	16,060
Business operations	1,268,196	1,304,890	1,169,282	135,608
Student transportation	503,799	534,387	511,370	23,017
Food services		- 004,007	-	
Central services	192,981	191,873	134,959	56,914
General administration	67,350	61,165	60,115	1,050
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	11,052,419	11,290,015	10,535,630	754,385
	200 707	000 707	204.050	4 707
Facilites acquisition and contruction Extracurricular activities	398,787	398,787	394,050	4,737
Community services	823,475	825,429	761,179	64,250
Repayment of debt	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,961,826	21 028 826	20,002,002	1 1 4 5 0 6 2
Excess (deficiency) of	30,901,020	31,028,826	29,882,863	1,145,963
revenues over expenditures	(3,480,775)	(1,630,231)	(484,033)	1,146,198
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	_	4,702	4,702	_
Transfers out	(192,000)	(192,000)	(177,283)	- 14,717
Advances in	116,149	116,149	116,149	-
Advances out	(75,000)	(75,000)	(66,950)	8,050
Refund of prior year expenditures (receipts)	20,000	22,649	22,649	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(130,851)	(123,500)	(100,733)	22,767
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other financing uses	(3,611,626)	(1,753,731)	(584,766)	1,168,965
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	750,005	750,005	750,005	-
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,440,553	16,440,553	16 110 552	
			<u>16,440,553</u>	£1 169 005
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 13,578,932</u>	<u>\$15,436,827</u>	<u>\$16,605,792</u>	<u>\$1,168,965</u>

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2010

A. Budgetary Information

All governmental fund types are subject to annual expenditures budgets. The Board follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditures budget data reported in the budgetary comparison schedule:

(1) A Tax Budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The Bexley Board of Education normally adopts the Tax Budget at its December regular meeting or the Organization meeting in early January.

(2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.

(3) An annual appropriation measure must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Board adopted its 2010 appropriation measure in September 2009. The Board of Education adopted a temporary appropriation measure in June 2009 to allow the District to operate until its annual appropriations were adopted. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments may transfer funds within their budgets. Supplemental appropriations are presented during the year and include the transfers requested by staff and any amendments to fund unanticipated expenditures. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level. At year-end appropriations did not exceed estimated resources and expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level. At year-end appropriations did not exceed estimated resources and expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level. At year-end appropriations did not exceed estimated resources and expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level. Appropriations for advances-in/advances-out by law are not required and are not budgeted.

B. Reconciling Budgetary Basis and GAAP

The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The actual column presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund is prepared in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis); and
- D. Investments are recorded at cost (budget basis) as opposed to fair value (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

A reconciliation of the General Fund results of operations at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance (GAAP Basis)		(55,354)
Adjustments, net		
Revenue Accruals		496,479
Expenditure Accruals		(163,491)
Encumbrances		(862,400)
Net Change in Fund Balance (Budget Basis)	\$	(584,766)

FEDERAL AWARDS OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Nutrition Cluster Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 34,101	\$ 34,101
Cash Assistance:		-	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	8,411	8,411
National School Lunch Program	10.555	68,672	68,672
Total Nutrition Cluster		111,184	111,184
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		111,184	111,184
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	138,344	138,873
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.389	41,530	36,767
Total Title I Cluster		179,874	175,640
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	505,107	542,147
ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States	84.391	199,817	205,420
Total Special Education Cluster		704,924	747,567
Safe and Drug Free Schools	84.186	5,330	5,861
Innovative Education Program Strategy	84.298	617	349
Title II-D - Technology Fund	84.318	2,411	1,318
Title III - English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	1,840	555
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	58,374	59,436
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabiliziation Fund	84.394	269,409	269,409
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,222,779	1,260,135
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed Through Ohio Emergency Management Agency			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	11,527	11,527
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		11,527	11,527
Total		\$ 1,345,490	\$ 1,382,846

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO FEDERAL AWARDS OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards of Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Bexley City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 11, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

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www. auditor.state.oh.us

Bexley City School District Franklin County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other

Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note a certain matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 11, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

are yout

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 11, 2011



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM, AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Bexley City School Districts' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Bexley City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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Bexley City School District Franklin County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program, And on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, Board of Education, others within the entity and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 11, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster (CFDA # 84.027 and 84.391)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2010

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2009-1	Internal Control over Financial Reporting	Yes	N/A



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BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 15, 2011

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