REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009



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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Village of Caledonia Marion County 110 East Marion Street Caledonia, Ohio 43314

To the Village Council:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your Village to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 8, 2010

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Village of Caledonia Marion County 100 East Marion Street Caledonia, Ohio 43314

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Caledonia, Marion County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Village processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Village because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Village has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Village's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require Villages to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

88 E. Broad St. / Tenth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Village of Caledonia Marion County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2009 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2009, or its changes in financial position or cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances of the Village of Caledonia, Marion County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The Village has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February, 8, 2010, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 8, 2010

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Governmental Fund Types			_	
	Special General Revenue		Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
Cash Receipts:					
Property and Local Taxes	\$ 47,900.28	\$ 3,115.90	\$ 3,790.08	\$ 54,806.26	
Intergovernmental	36,735.06	30,236.45	551.72	67,523.23	
Charges for Services	2,525.00	-	-	2,525.00	
Fines, Licenses and Permits	4,442.29	-	-	4,442.29	
Earnings on Investments	2,267.94	62.77	-	2,330.71	
Miscellaneous	1,717.80			1,717.80	
Total Cash Receipts	95,588.37	33,415.12	4,341.80	133,345.29	
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	22,571.73	-	-	22,571.73	
Leisure Time Activities	5,835.95	-	-	5,835.95	
Community Environment	1,043.80	-	-	1,043.80	
Basic Utility Service	850.00	-	-	850.00	
Transportation	21,226.37	28,437.94	-	49,664.31	
General Government	37,506.89	-	-	37,506.89	
Capital Outlay	3,453.22			3,453.22	
Total Cash Disbursements	92,487.96	28,437.94		120,925.90	
Total Receipts Over Disbursements	3,100.41	4,977.18	4,341.80	12,419.39	
Other Financing Disbursements:					
Transfers-Out	(1,834.72)			(1,834.72)	
Excess of Cash Receipts Over Cash Disbursements and Other Financing					
Disbursements	1,265.69	4,977.18	4,341.80	10,584.67	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	136,243.63	17,477.27	12,866.45	166,587.35	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 137,509.32	\$ 22,454.45	\$ 17,208.25	\$ 177,172.02	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGE IN FUND CASH BALANCE - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Proprietary Fund Types
	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts:	
Charges for Services	\$ 124,131.60
Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Personal Services	4,100.00
Employee Fringe Benefits	586.70
Contractual Services	65,490.41
Supplies and Materials	3,411.77
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	73,588.88
Operating Income	50,542.72
Non-Operating Cash Receipts:	
Special Assessments	37,991.18
Earnings on Investments	245.62
Total Non-Operating Cash Receipts	38,236.80
Non-Operating Cash Disbursements:	
Redemption of Principal	52,033.19
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	48,194.57
Total Non-Operating Cash Disbursements	100,227.76
Excess of Receipts Under Disbursements	
Before Interfund Transfers	(11,448.24)
Transfers-In	1,834.72
Net Receipts Under Disbursements	(9,613.52)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	490,298.26
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 480,684.74

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Caledonia, Marion County, Ohio, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publiclyelected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government services, sewer utilities, maintenance of Village roads and bridges, and park operations (leisure time activities). The Village contracts with the Marion County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

C. Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Money market mutual funds (including STAR Ohio) are recorded at share values the mutual funds report.

D. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for proceeds from specific sources (other than for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

2. Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

3. Capital Project Fund

This fund accounts for receipts restricted to acquiring or constructing major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise funds). The Village had the following significant capital project fund:

<u>Other Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund receives proceeds of a permanent improvement tax levy which are used for maintenance of the Village hall.

4. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Sewer Operating Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

<u>Enterprise Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accumulates monies transferred from the Sewer Operating Fund to pay bond principal and interest amounts as they become due.

<u>Other Enterprise Service Fund</u> - This fund receives OPWC monies to pay for a storm drain replacement project within the Village.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2009 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

Deposits	\$437,437
STAR Ohio	220,420
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$657,857</u>

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2009 follows:

2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$97,510	\$95,588	(\$1,922)
Special Revenue	36,131	33,415	(2,716)
Capital Projects	3,355	4,342	987
Enterprise	267,038	164,203	(102,835)
Total	\$404,034	\$297,548	(\$106,486)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2009 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$183,365	\$94,323	\$89,042
Special Revenue	51,000	28,438	22,562
Capital Projects	15,000	0	15,000
Enterprise	330,028	173,817	156,211
Total	\$579,393	\$296,578	\$282,815

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2009 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	\$233,494	4.04%
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan (Sewer)	\$65,000	0.00%
Ohio public Works Commission Loan (Drains)	\$17,846	0.00%
Sanitary Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds	746,000	5.00%
Total	\$1,062,340	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan relates to a sewer plant expansion project the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency mandated. The OWDA approved up to \$526,500 in loans to the Village for this project. The Village will repay the loans in semiannual installments of \$19,314 including interest, over 20 years. Sewer receipts collateralize the loan. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) sewer loan related to the sewer plant construction project. The loan is being repaid in semiannual installments of \$5,000, interest free, over 20 years. The Village's storm sewer project exceeded the OPWC grant amount and thus a loan amount of \$33,990 became effective in 2000. The OPWC loan relating to the storm drain construction will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$850, interest free, over 20 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

5. Debt (Continued)

The Sanitary Sewer Mortgage Revenue Bonds relate to the sewer plant construction. The bonds were issued on behalf of the Village by the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Community Development Services as a loan reimbursement at the completion of the construction project. The bonds will be repaid in annual installments ranging from \$40,223 to \$50,900, including interest, over 40 years.

Year ending December 31:	OWDA Loan	OPWC Loan (Sewer)	OPWC Loan (Drains)	Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds
2010	38,628	10,000	1,700	50,300
2011	38,628	10,000	1,700	49,650
2012	38,628	10,000	1,700	50,000
2013	38,628	10,000	1,700	50,300
2014	38,628	10,000	1,700	49,550
2015-2019	77,257	15,000	8,500	251,300
2020-2024	0	0	846	250,450
2025-2029	0	0	0	249,650
2030-2034	0	0	0	251,150
2035-2037	0	0	0	149,850
Total	\$270,397	\$65,000	\$17,846	\$1,402,200

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

6. Retirement Systems

Village officials have an option to chose Social Security or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System. (OPERS). As of December 31, 2009, certain Village officials have elected Social Security. The Village's liability is 6.2% of wages paid. Other Village employees and officials belong to OPERS. OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plans' retirement benefits, including post retirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2009, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2009.

7. Risk Management

The Village belongs to the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the "Plan"), a nonassessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered selfinsurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio. These coverage programs, referred to as Ohio Plan Risk management ("OPRM"), are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss, except OPRM retain 15% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had over 650 members as of December 31, 2008. The Village participates in this coverage.

In August 2007, OGRMP formed the Ohio Plan Healthcare Consortium ("OPHC"), as authorized by Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OPHC was established to provide cost effective employee benefit programs for Ohio political sub-divisions and is a self-funded, group purchasing consortium that offers medical, dental, vision and prescription drug coverage as well as life insurance for its members. The OPHC is sold through seventeen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio. Coverage programs are developed specific to each member's healthcare needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria. Variable plan options are available to members. These plans vary primarily by deductibles, coinsurance levels, office visit co-pays and out-of pocket maximums. OPHC had 40 members as of December 31, 2008. The Village does not participate in this coverage.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31: 2008 and 2007 (the latest information available), and include amounts for both OPRRM and OPHC:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Assets	\$10,471,114	\$11,136,455
Liabilities	<u>(5,286,781)</u>	<u>(4,273,553)</u>
Members' Equity	<u>\$5,184,333</u>	<u>\$6,862,902</u>

You can read the complete audited financial statements for The Ohio Government Risk Management Plan at the Plan's website, <u>www.ohioplan.org</u>.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Caledonia Marion County 110 East Marion Street Caledonia, Ohio 43314

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Caledonia, Marion County, Ohio, (the Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2010, wherein we noted the Village prepared its financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted the Village uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Village. However, *Government Auditing* Standards permits the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Therefore, we cannot assure that we have identified all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected. We consider finding 2009-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

Village of Caledonia Marion County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2009-001.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated February 8, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the finance committee, the Village Council, and others within the Village. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 8, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2009

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2009-001

Noncompliance Citation / Material Weakness

Revenue Posting

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10(A) states, in part, that all revenue derived from the general levy for current expense within the ten-mill limitation, from any general levy for current expense authorized by vote in excess of the ten-mill limitation, and from sources other than the general property tax, unless its use for a particular purpose is prescribed by law, shall be paid into the general fund.

The Village received a tangible personal property tax reimbursement receipt on October 6, 2009 and posted \$520 of these receipts which were generated from the General Fund current expense levy to the Capital Projects Fund instead of the General Fund.

The Village has agreed to and properly posted this adjustment to the accounting records. The adjustment is also reflected in the financial statements.

We recommend that the Village post tangible personal property tax reimbursement receipts only to those funds permitted or required to receive the monies.

Officials' Response

We did not receive a response from Officials to this finding.





VILLAGE OF CALEDONIA

MARION COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 15, 2010

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