UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT JULY 1, 2009 - JUNE 30, 2010







Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Upper Arlington City School District 1950 North Mallway Drive Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Upper Arlington City School District, Franklin County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Upper Arlington City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

November 30, 2010



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Board of Education Upper Arlington City School District 1950 North Mallway Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each discretely presented component unit, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Upper Arlington City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each discretely presented component unit, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Upper Arlington City School District, Franklin County, Ohio as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As disclosed in Note 3, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Reporting for Derivative Instruments" and GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies".

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2010, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc.

Upper Arlington City School District Franklin County Independent Auditors' Report

Wilson, Shanna ESun, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures to audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financials statements taken as a whole.

Newark, Ohio October 21, 2010

As management of the Upper Arlington City School District (the District), we offer readers of the District financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Financial Highlights

The District's net assets are \$77,331,139 as of June 30, 2010 according to the Statement of Net Assets. This represents an increase of \$5,179,329 or 7.2% from last year.

In November of 2007 the Citizens of the District authorized by vote a 6.2 mil combined operating and permanent improvement levy, with 4.2 mils for District operations and 2.0 mils for permanent improvements to District facilities. The levy began collection in January 2008 and raises approximately \$9.3 million in annual revenues.

The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$50,258,469. However, included within this balance is approximately \$22.9 million in tax revenues intended to finance next fiscal year's operations. Under accrual accounting, monies certified as being available for advance by the County Auditor, as of fiscal year end, are recognized as revenues within that fiscal year. On a budgetary basis these monies are intended to finance the following fiscal year.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the fiscal year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. The change in net assets provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Fund

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major fund appears on the fund financial statements beginning with the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These statements provide detailed information about the most significant fund—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps readers determine whether there are financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Fund

The District's Fiduciary Funds are the Student Managed activities and Employee Benefit Agency Funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities, Fiduciary Fund. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because these assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$77,331,139 according to the Statement of Net Assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

One of the largest portions of the District's net assets (32.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2010 to 2009 follows from the Statements of Net Assets:

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				
		2010		2009	
Current assets	\$	113,569,317	\$	112,517,589	
Capital assets		53,084,521		51,338,547	
Total assets	_	166,653,838	_	163,856,136	
Current liabilities		52,740,879		53,498,635	
Long-term liabilities		36,581,820		38,205,691	
Total liabilities		89,322,699		91,704,326	
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital					
assets, net of debt		25,248,246		21,716,197	
Restricted		8,109,062		5,605,078	
Unrestricted		43,973,831		44,830,535	
Total net assets	\$	77,331,139	\$	72,151,810	

A portion of the District's net assets (10.5%) represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the District's ongoing activities.

Changes in Net Assets - Governmental Activities

Program revenues:	2010	2009
Charges for services and sales	\$ 5,201,652	\$ 5,256,012
Operating grants and contributions	3,632,638	3,344,306
General revenues:		
Property taxes	66,513,356	71,610,714
Grants and entitlements	15,090,269	14,107,217
Investment earnings	530,353	1,143,736
Miscellaneous	 1,045,058	 1,044,717
Total revenues	 92,013,326	 96,506,702
Program expenses:		
Instructional	49,435,239	47,625,837
Support services	28,680,681	27,943,023
Extracurricular student activities	2,925,698	2,862,449
Food services	1,518,053	1,408,322
Community services	2,837,128	3,183,204
Interest on long-term debt	 1,529,121	 1,583,838
Total expenses	 86,925,920	 84,606,673
Special item - Transfer of		
Community Schools net assets	 91,923	 <u> </u>
Change in net assets	5,179,329	11,900,029
Net assets at the beginning of year	 72,151,810	 60,251,781
Net assets at end of year	\$ 77,331,139	\$ 72,151,810

Governmental Activities

In 2010, net assets of the District's governmental activities increased by \$5,179,329. This increase is somewhat higher than expected as revenues continued to outpace expenses based on the passage of the previously aforementioned levy and the District limiting the increase in expenses to below 3%. Additionally, the District capitalized assets in excess of depreciation in the current year in the amount of \$1.7 million. The decrease in property taxes is the result of the timing of the certification of revenues by the County. In Ohio, the portion of property taxes legally available as an advance, on the future August real estate settlement, by June 30 is reported as revenue on both the full accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting. Thus, in the previous years 2009 and 2008 Franklin County certified that the amount of taxes available for advance was approximately \$26.3 million and \$21.9 million respectively; whereas, the amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was approximately \$25 million. Based on these balances 2009 taxes were approximately \$4.4 million higher than expected thus higher than 2010. On a budget basis (cash basis), taxes increased by \$749,739 due to the timing of receipts.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for the governmental activities. General revenues including tax revenue, investment earnings and unrestricted State entitlements must support the net cost of program services.

	<u>2</u>	010	<u>2009</u>			
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service		
Programs						
Instructional services	\$ 49,435,239	\$ 48,042,823	\$ 47,625,837	\$ 46,722,750		
Support services	28,680,681	27,299,826	27,943,023	26,451,722		
Extracurricular student activities	2,925,698	1,162,855	2,862,449	1,154,900		
Food service operations	1,518,053	113,461	1,408,322	52,457		
Community services	2,837,128	(56,456)	3,183,204	40,688		
Interest on long-term debt	1,529,121	1,529,121	1,583,838	1,583,838		
Total	\$ 86,925,920	\$ 78,091,630	\$ 84,606,673	\$ 76,006,355		

Local property taxes make up 72.3% of total revenues for governmental activities. The net cost of service column reflecting the need for \$78,091,630 of support indicates the reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$57,387,809, which represents an increase of \$1,471,925 as compared to last year's total of \$55,915,884 according to the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The schedule below shows the fund balances and the total change in fund balances from June 30, 2010 to 2009.

	Fund Balance at		Fu	Fund Balance at			
Genral Fund	Ju	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009		Increase (Decrease)	
General Fund	\$	50,258,469	\$	48,535,179	\$	1,723,290	
Other Governmental Funds		7,129,340		7,380,705		(251,365)	
Total	\$	57,387,809	\$	55,915,884	\$	1,471,925	

General Fund

The District's General Fund balance increased as a result of revenues outpacing expenditures. However the increase was larger than expected because of the timing of the certification of revenues by the County, as previously discussed. In Ohio, the portion of property taxes legally available as an advance, on the future August real estate settlement by June 30, is reported as revenue on both the full accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting. This timing resulted in an approximate \$4.5 million decrease in property tax revenues for the general fund.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds consist of Debt Service, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds. Fund balance in these funds decreased by \$251,365. The decrease is primarily related to the spending down of available capital projects money for various permanent improvement projects.

The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund.

	2010	2009	% Change
Property taxes	\$ 61,137,872	\$ 65,607,013	-6.81%
Intergovernmental	14,535,648	14,257,603	1.95%
Investment income	526,378	1,066,490	-50.64%
Other revenue	830,355	869,940	-4.55%
Total	\$ 77,030,253	\$ 81,801,046	-5.83%

In total, overall revenues decreased resulting from the decrease in property taxes as discussed earlier.

As the table below indicates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures at 62.4% is for instructional services.

Expenditures by Function			
	2010	2009	% Change
Instructional services	\$ 46,388,690	\$ 44,853,613	3.42%
Support services	26,752,878	25,453,373	5.11%
Co-curricular student activities	 1,174,991	1,071,988	9.61%
Total	\$ 74,316,559	\$ 71,378,974	4.12%

Total general fund expenditures increased 4.12% over the prior year.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. Changes are made to the District's budget as changes in revenues and spending patterns are experienced.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues (certified revenues plus other financing sources) of \$77,822,934 were \$1,146,882 higher than the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$76,676,052. The actual budget basis revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$78,592,055, which was \$769,121 higher than the final budget revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$78,536,211 were decreased to \$76,396,411 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$75,887,715, which was \$508,696 less than the final budget appropriations.

Changes in the current year budget, which is presented as required supplemental information, in the following basic financial statements are as follows:

Revenues

The variance in property taxes related to the original budget, final budget and actual amounts is due to timing of payments from the County.

Expenditures

Overall, the variance between actual expenditures and the final budget was less than one percent of the total budget which is acceptable to District management.

The District uses the five-year forecast as the original document from which to form the operating budget. After updating the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions, the operating budget begins at the school level. Each school in the District receives a per pupil allocation augmented with resources for special education students in the specific buildings. Budgets are reviewed periodically to ensure management becomes aware of any variations during the year.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2010 the District has \$53,084,521 invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The following table shows fiscal year 2010 and 2009 balances:

	Governmen	Governmental Activities				
	2010	2009	Increase (Decrease)			
Land	\$ 244,883	\$ 244,883	\$ 0			
Construction in progress	137,898	4,142,603	(4,004,705)			
Land improvements	2,546,265	2,353,000	193,265			
Building and improvements	80,789,418	73,839,076	6,950,342			
Furniture, fixtures and						
equipment	6,858,729	6,419,070	439,659			
Vehicles	2,151,995	2,095,277	56,718			
Less: Accumulated						
depreciation	(39,644,667)	(37,755,362)	(1,889,305)			
Totals	\$ 53,084,521	\$ 51,338,547	\$ 1,745,974			

The increase in Buildings and Improvements and the related decrease in Construction in Progress is mainly due to the completion of construction projects at Greensview and Barrington Elementary schools

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements (Note 6).

Debt

On June 30, 2010, the District had \$30,636,034 in long-term bonds outstanding. Additionally, the District has a short term note payable of \$1,475,000. The District paid \$1,790,000 in principal on bonds outstanding. Detailed information regarding long-term debt is included in the notes to the basic financial statements (Note 7).

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total taxable valuation of real and personal property. As of June 30, 2010, the District's general obligation debt was below the legal limit.

Component Units

Included within the Districts reporting entity are the following Component units:

- The Upper Arlington International Baccalaureate High School
- The Upper Arlington Community High School
- The Upper Arlington Wickliffe Progressive Community School

These discretely presented component units are individually presented on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. A brief description of each component unit is as follows:

- The Upper Arlington International Baccalaureate High School (IB School) was a legally separate not-for-profit served by an appointed board of Directors and meets the definition of a conversion school under chapter 3314 of the Ohio Revised Code. The IB School aimed to develop inquiring, knowledgeable and caring young people who help create a better and more peaceful world through intercultural understanding and respect. The IB School developed the whole student, helping students to grow intellectually, socially, aesthetically and culturally. A liberal arts education was provided including science and the humanities, languages, mathematics, technology and the arts. The educational program taught students to think critically and encourages them to draw connections between areas of knowledge and use problem-solving techniques and concepts from the many disciplines. The IB School was approved by the International Baccalaureate Organization and offered an International Baccalaureate Diploma Programme. The IB School was intended to serve junior and senior level students who reside within the Upper Arlington City School District. As noted on page 10, the IB School ceased operations effective June 30, 2010.
- The Upper Arlington Community High School (UACHS) was a legally separate not-for- profit served by an appointed Board of Directors and met the definition of a conversion school under chapter 3314 of the Ohio Revised Code. The UACHS offered students an academically integrated, student-centered, technologically innovative, hands-on approach to learning with an emphasis on intellectual rigor. Its intent was to provide students with an understanding of the important role of community, on both a large and small scale, encouraging them to be active participants in both student governance and service leaning projects. The educational program taught students to think critically, to be reflective, to draw connections between subject areas, to use problem-solving approaches to extend their thinking, and to express themselves confidently through academic discourse as well as through creative expression. The goal was to produce a student who felt he or she was an integral part of a caring school community and who was an independent, self-motivated and self disciplined lifelong learner. The UACHS was intended to serve freshman through senior level students who resided within the Upper Arlington City School District and who were interested in pursuing an alternative schooling option. In fiscal year 2008, the school's enrollment consisted of junior and senior grade level students. The freshmen grade level was added in fiscal year 2009. As noted on page 10, the UACHS ceased operations effective June 30, 2010.

• The Upper Arlington Wickliffe Progressive Community School (the "WPC School") is a legally separate not-for- profit served by an appointed five-member board of Directors and meets the definition of a conversion school under chapter 3314 of the Ohio Revised Code. The WPC School offers students an academically integrated, student-centered, hands-on approach to learning with an emphasis on educating both the heart and mind. Its intent is to provide students with an understanding of the important role of community, on both a large and small scale, encouraging them to be active participants in both student action and integrated leaning projects. The educational program teaches students to think critically, to be reflective, to draw connections between subject areas, to use problem-solving approaches to extend their thinking, and to express themselves confidently through academic discourse as well as through creative expression. The goal is to produce a student who feels he or she is an integral part of a caring school community and who is an independent, self-motivated and self disciplined lifelong learner. The WPC School is intended to serve kindergarten through fifth grade level students who reside within the Upper Arlington City School District and who are interested in pursuing an alternative schooling option.

Ceased operations

On April 16, 2010, The Upper Arlington Community High School (UACHS) Board of Directors passed a resolution ("Resolution to Close") to shut down the operations of the UACHS and transfer all property of every description, and every interest therein, and all obligations of or belonging to or due the UACHS to the Upper Arlington City School District. Operations ceased effective June 30, 2010.

On April 12, 2010, Upper Arlington International Baccalaureate High School (IB School Board of Directors passed a resolution ("Resolution to Close") to shut down the operations of the IB School and transfer all property of every description, and every interest therein, and all obligations of or belonging to or due the UACHS to the Upper Arlington City School District. Operations ceased effective June 30, 2010.

Economic Factors

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need periodically to seek voter approval for additional operating funds. Tax revenues generated from voted tax levies do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts such as ours that are dependent upon property taxes as a primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely heavily on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to the District's Board of Education, administration, and the voting public.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, tax payers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for monies it receives. Questions concerning any information in this report or request for additional information should be directed to Andrew L. Geistfeld, Treasurer, Upper Arlington City School District, 1950 North Mallway Drive, Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221.

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Primary Government GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Component Unit WICKLIFFE PROGRESSIVE COMMUNITY SCHOOL	
	ACTIVITES	SCHOOL	
ASSETS:			
Equity in pooled cash & investments	\$ 51,461,242	\$ -	
Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts	-	111,044	
Restricted cash	285,453	-	
Receivables	60,314,212	-	
Due from other:			
Governments	1,187,689	97,291	
Inventory	123,790	-	
Deferred charges	196,931	-	
Land and construction in progress	382,781	-	
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated deprecation	52,701,740	64,345	
TOTAL ASSETS	166,653,838	272,680	
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	1,098,136	20,567	
Retainage payable	12,310	-	
Due to other governments	2,862,279	-	
Accrued interest payable	107,715	-	
Unearned revenue	39,673,648	20,539	
Accrued liabilities	7,511,791	-	
Note payable	1,475,000	-	
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due within one year	2,436,086	-	
Due in more than one year	34,145,734		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	89,322,699	41,106	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	25,248,246	64,345	
Restricted for:			
Budget stabilization	285,453	-	
Debt service	3,285,071	-	
Capital projects	973,701	-	
Other purposes	3,564,837	-	
Unrestricted	43,973,831	167,229	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 77,331,139	\$ 231,574	

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		es					
	Expenses		Charges for Services Expenses and Sales		Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities							
Instructional services:							
Regular	\$	41,243,734	\$	12,250	\$	276,278	
Special		8,041,310		82,706		1,021,182	
Vocational		150,195		-		-	
Support services:							
Operation and maintenance of plant		6,761,549		-		16,698	
General administration		4,498,566		-		623,466	
Business operations		4,483,756		-		-	
Pupils		1,661,653		-		224,561	
Fiscal services		637,220		-		-	
Instructional staff		6,134,942		-		139,783	
Student transportation		1,711,837		2,200		314,518	
Central services		2,752,214		-		59,629	
Board of Education		38,944		-		-	
Extracurricular student activities		2,925,698		1,762,843		-	
Food Service operations		1,518,053		1,331,658		72,934	
Community services		2,837,128		2,009,995		883,589	
Interest on long-term debt		1,529,121		=_		=	
Total Primary Governmental Activities	\$	86,925,920	\$	5,201,652	\$	3,632,638	
Component Units:							
International Baccalaureate	\$	493,589	\$	96,931	\$	37,492	
Community High School	\$	495,665	\$	3,461	\$	50,297	
Wickliffe Progressive Community School	\$	2,973,539	\$	21,147	\$	469,261	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Special item:

Transfer of Community Schools net assets upon dissolution

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government - Governmental Activities		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Component Units							
		In	International		Community High		Wieldiffe Dreemessive		
		Baccalaureate		Community High School		Wickliffe Progressive Community School			
			_		_		_		
\$	(40,955,206)								
	(6,937,422)								
	(150,195)								
	(6,744,851)								
	(3,875,100)								
	(4,483,756)								
	(1,437,092)								
	(637,220)								
	(5,995,159)								
	(1,395,119)								
	(2,692,585)								
	(38,944)								
	(1,162,855)								
	(113,461)								
	56,456								
Φ.	(1,529,121)								
\$	(78,091,630)								
		\$	(359,166)						
		Ψ	(337,100)	•	(444.005)				
				\$	(441,907)				
						\$	(2,483,131)		
	CC 512 25C								
	66,513,356		241.072		205 167		2.566.154		
	15,090,269 530,353		341,072		395,167		2,566,154		
	1,045,058		-		-		-		
-			241.072		205 167		2566154		
	83,179,036		341,072		395,167		2,566,154		
	91,923		(15,937)		(75,986)		- 02.022		
	5,179,329		(34,031)		(122,726)		83,023		
	72,151,810		34,031		122,726		148,551		
\$	77,331,139	\$	_	\$	-	\$	231,574		

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	 GENERAL	GOV	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	 TOTAL
ASSETS:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 43,814,661	\$	7,646,581	\$ 51,461,242
Receivables	55,273,317		5,040,895	60,314,212
Due from other:				
Governments	-		1,187,689	1,187,689
Funds	674		-	674
Inventory	43,602		80,188	123,790
Restricted assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	285,453		-	285,453
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 99,417,707	\$	13,955,353	\$ 113,373,060
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	603,120		507,326	1,110,446
Due to other:	003,120		307,320	1,110,110
Governments	2,724,270		138,009	2,862,279
Funds	2,721,270		674	674
Deferred revenue	38,622,200		4,402,861	43,025,061
Accrued liabilities	7,209,648		302,143	7,511,791
Note payable			1,475,000	1,475,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 49,159,238		6,826,013	 55,985,251
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 49,139,238		0,820,013	 33,963,231
FUND BALANCES:				
Fund balances:				
Reserved for encumbrances	741,812		1,123,739	1,865,551
Reserved for inventory	43,602		80,188	123,790
Reserved for future appropriations	22,860,300		2,128,250	24,988,550
Reserved for budget stabilization	285,453		-	285,453
Unreserved - Designated for				
budget stabilization	879,851		-	879,851
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:				
General fund	25,447,451		-	25,447,451
Special Revenue funds	-		2,718,235	2,718,235
Debt Service fund	-		2,233,865	2,233,865
Capital Projects funds	 <u> </u>		(1,154,937)	 (1,154,937)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 50,258,469		7,129,340	 57,387,809
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$ 99,417,707	\$	13,955,353	\$ 113,373,060

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2010

Total Governmental Fund Balances

\$ 57,387,809

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not functional resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

53,084,521

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

3,351,413

Deferred charges are not recognized in the funds.

196,931

Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Interest payable	(107,715)
Compensated absences	(5,945,786)
Bonds payable	(30,636,034)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 77,331,139

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		GENERAL	GOV	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$	61,137,872	\$	5,505,783	\$	66,643,655
Intergovernmental:						
Federal Restricted Grants-in-aid		-		2,067,832		2,067,832
State:						
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid		14,535,648		793,642		15,329,290
Restricted Grants-in-aid		-		858,841		858,841
Investment income		526,378		8,356		534,734
Charges for services		152.011		3,554,539		3,554,539
Co-curricular activities Tuition fees		153,011		1,387,957		1,540,968 82,706
Other		82,706 594,638		473,413		1,068,051
	-		-		-	
TOTAL REVENUES		77,030,253		14,650,363	-	91,680,616
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular		38.942.007		810.391		39,752,398
Special		7,296,488		727,751		8,024,239
Vocational		150,195		-		150,195
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES		46,388,690		1,538,142		47,926,832
Support services:						
Operation and maintenance of plant		6,676,707		17,559		6,694,266
School administration		4,070,557		574,414		4,644,971
Pupils		4,291,589		194,791		4,486,380
Fiscal		1,589,478		67,101		1,656,579
Business operations		661,026		23.084		684,110
Instructional staff		5,815,839		328,130		6,143,969
Student transportation		1,605,693		133,631		1,739,324
Central services		2,003,045		800,565		2,803,610
General administration		38,944		-		38,944
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES		26,752,878		2,139,275		28,892,153
Co-curricular student activities		1,174,991		1,780,749		2,955,740
Community services		-		2,712,538		2,712,538
Food service		_		1,501,433		1,501,433
Capital outlay		_		3,201,249		3,201,249
Debt service:				-, - , -		-, - , -
Principal retirement		-		1,790,000		1,790,000
Interest		-		1,228,746		1,228,746
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		74,316,559		15,892,132		90,208,691
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,713,694		(1,241,769)		1,471,925
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		2,713,074		(1,241,705)		1,471,723
Transfers in		_		990,404		990,404
Transfers out		(990,404)			_	(990,404)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(990,404)		990,404		
Change in Net Assets		1,723,290		(251,365)		1,471,925
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		48,535,179		7,380,705		55,915,884
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	50,258,469	\$	7,129,340	\$	57,387,809
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	, ,	-	. , , 3		- , , ,

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 1,471,925

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital outlay \$3,832,350 Depreciation (2,174,364)

1,657,986

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is an increase to net assets

Special Item - Transfer

of capital assets \$ 91,923 Capital asset disposals (197,071) Disposal depreciation 193,136

87,988

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.

336,645

Repayment of principal on debt obligations is an expenditure in governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

1,790,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	135,160
Accretion	(314,489)
Amortization, net	(3,925)
Interest expense	18,039

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 5,179,329

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2010

	AGENCY FUND		
ASSETS:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	209,571	
Accounts receivable		7,016	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	216,587	
A AA DAA MINAG			
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$	16,713	
Accrued wages		46	
Due to:			
Other governments		531	
Student activities		198,412	
Others		885	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	216,587	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

1. Description of the School and Reporting Entity

The Upper Arlington City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District) was organized in 1918 and is a fiscally independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio, Franklin County. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the Board) elected by the citizens of Upper Arlington. The District is comprised of 8 schools and other buildings and departments that employ approximately 800 employees. Our student population is 4,950 students, excluding Community Schools' enrollment.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed of provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes.

Included within the District's reporting entity are the following discretely presented component units:

- The Upper Arlington International Baccalaureate High School (IB School)
- The Upper Arlington Community High School
- The Upper Arlington Wickliffe Progressive Community School

The IB School was a legally separate not-for-profit served by an appointed Board of Directors and is a discretely presented component unit of the Upper Arlington City School District (the "Sponsor"). The IB School was a two-year comprehensive curriculum for grades 11 and 12, with an enrollment of 63 students, that sought to prepare students for post-secondary study through courses and instructional techniques that emphasize:

- o Critical thinking
- o Application of Knowledge
- o A liberal arts education with international focus

The Upper Arlington Community High School (UACHS) was a legally separate non-for-profit served by an appointed Board of Directors. It was intended to serve students who reside within the Upper Arlington City School District interested in pursuing an alternative schooling option. In the 2009-2010 school year, enrollment consisted of 71 students. The UACHS is a discretely presented component unit of the Upper Arlington City School District (the "Sponsor").

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

1. Description of the School and Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Upper Arlington Wickliffe Progressive Community School (the "WPC School") is a legally separate not-for- profit served by an appointed Board of Directors and meets the definition of a conversion school under chapter 3314 of the Ohio Revised Code. The WPC School offers students an academically integrated, student-centered, hands-on approach to learning with an emphasis on educating both the heart and mind. Its intent is to provide students with an understanding of the important role of community, on both a large and small scale, encouraging them to be active participants in both student action and integrated leaning projects. The educational program teaches students to think critically, to be reflective, to draw connections between subject areas, to use problem-solving approaches to extend their thinking, and to express themselves confidently through academic discourse as well as through creative expression. The goal is to produce a student who feels he or she is an integral part of a caring school community and who is an independent, self-motivated and self-disciplined lifelong learner.

The WPC School is intended to serve kindergarten through fifth grade level students who reside within the Upper Arlington City School District and who are interested in pursuing an alternative schooling option. The WPC School is a discretely presented component unit of the Upper Arlington City School District (Sponsor). Enrollment in 2009-10 was 478 students.

Separately, issued financial statements for each component unit maybe obtained from the Upper Arlington City School District, 1950 North Mallway, Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221.

At June 30, 2010 the IB School and the UACHS ceased operations. See Note 18.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINT VENTURE WITHOUT EOUITY INTEREST

Rockbridge Academy

The Rockbridge Academy is a joint venture consisting of a consortium of six school districts. The District does not have an ongoing financial obligation to support the Rockbridge Academy's operations. See Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Metropolitan Education Council (MEC)

The MEC is a not-for-profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County school districts. School districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board.

Additionally, within the District boundaries, St. Agatha, St. Andrew, Wellington, and Sunshine Nursery are privately operated schools. The State provides funding for these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the nonpublic school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the nonpublic school. This financial activity is reflected in other governmental funds for reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its government wide activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

(A) Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of fund information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund.

(B) Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The District reports the following *major* governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District has two significant agency funds. These include an agency fund to account for student-managed activity programs and also a employee benefit agency fund which is used as a clearance account for retirement and insurance withholding payments. The District has not established any of the above trust funds.

(C) Measurement focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus*. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

All government funds are accounted for using a flow of *current financial resources measurement focus* with this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

(D) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transaction is recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied, provided they are collected and certified by the county auditor by the fiscal year-end. Additionally, taxes collected more than thirty days after fiscal year-end are recorded as a receivable with an offset to deferred revenue for amounts not collected and available for advance on June 30 by the county auditor. Tuition, grants, investment earnings, and fees associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as a receivable or revenue, or deferred revenue of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures/Expenses

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than on expenses. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, if measurable. Principal and interest on general long–term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. The costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by the employee. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting utilized on the government-wide financial statements recognizes revenues when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(E) Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level must be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and the Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Franklin County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to March 15, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year do not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary schedule reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect at the time final appropriations were passed.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended official certificate of estimated resources based on the final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate stating no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. During the fiscal year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriations passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds, including the Debt Service Fund, consistent with statutory provisions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Encumbrances:

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the Non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

(F) Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity retained throughout. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented on the balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to repurchase agreements, certificates of deposits, and STAR Ohio.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and certificates of deposits are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2010. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

For presentation purposes on the balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$526,378.

(G) Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available expendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

(H) Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported within the governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements throughout the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$2,500 and a useful life of less than one year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land improvements	20
Buildings and building improvements	15-50
Furniture and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	8-15

(I) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures or expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources and uses in governmental funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as Due to/from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

(J) Compensated Absence

Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave. The leave amount is based on length of service and position. The District accrues vacation leave benefits as earned. Accrued vacation may be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The maximum amount to be carried at any one time is two times the annual number of days.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

District employees are granted vacation, personal leave, and sick leave in varying amounts. All leave will either be absorbed by time off from work, or with certain limitations, be paid to the employees when their employment ceases. Sick leave benefits are only paid upon retirement at the rate of 25% up to a maximum amount of days as determined by negotiated agreements with the two bargaining units and Board policy for all other employees. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not recorded. The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2010, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The District uses the vesting method in determining the liability of sick leave recorded in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". The timing of future payments for vacation and sick leave is dependent on many factors and therefore not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of vacation and sick leave when such payments become due.

(K) Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government –wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

(L) Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisitions, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$8,109,062 of restricted net assets, of which none is restricted by enabling legislation.

Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for music and athletic programs, and state and federal grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(M) Fund Balance Reservations

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Designated fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity for which management has an intended use of the resources. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, inventory, property taxes for future appropriations and Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) refunds. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for property taxes for future appropriations represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP but not available for appropriations under state statute. The amount set-aside by the Board for budget stabilization is reported as a designation of fund balance in the general fund. (See Note 15).

(N) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(O) Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. At June 30, 2010 the IB School and the UACHS ceased operations. These events qualified as "Special Items." See Note 18. There were no extraordinary items during fiscal year 2010.

(P) Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium

In the government-wide financial statements bond issuance costs and bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. Bond issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(Q) Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets are attributed to unspent monies received related to the Bureau of Workers Compensation refund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

3. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments" and GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies."

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. The implementation of this statement did not result in any changes to the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. It requires governments to re-measure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms (that is, approves) a new payment plan. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the District's financial statements.

4. Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public money deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations:

1) United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but no limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan,

Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal governmental agencies or instrumentalities;

- 3) Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5) No- load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions; The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 6) Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time;
- 7) Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched-to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made only upon the delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within 5 years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the District's name. During 2010, the District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

At year-end, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$46,418,727, exclusive of \$13,687 in cash on hand. The combined bank balance was \$46,584,092 of which \$29,035,333 was covered by FDIC insurance and \$17,548,759 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, all was collateralized with eligible securities held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds. Deposits are also collateralized with specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments:

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investments:

<u>Type</u>	Fair Value	Maturity (Days)
STAR Ohio	\$ 98,206	56
Repurchase Agreement*	5,425,646	Less than 1 year
Total Investments	\$5,523,852	

^{*} Underlying securities are guaranteed by the United States government.

Interest Rate Risk

The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk

The District's investments, as discussed above were rated A-1+ and P-1 by Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard and Poor's has assigned STAROhio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. Of the District's total investments, 1.8% are included in STAROhio, while 98.2% is in the repurchase agreement.

Component Unit Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount and bank balance of all component unit deposits was \$111,044, all of which was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

5. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consist of the following:

Governmental activites:	Taxes		Interest		Other		Totals	
General	\$	55,063,700	\$	176,669	\$	32,948	\$	55,273,317
Other governmental funds		5,024,800				16,095		5,040,895
Total Governmental Activities	\$	60,088,500	\$	176,669	\$	49,043	\$	60,314,212

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

6. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, follows:

	Balance June 30, 2009		Additions		Disposals		Transfers		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2010
Governmental Activities Cost										
Land (not being depreciated)	\$	244,883	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	244,883
Construction in progress (not being depreciated)		4,142,603		137,898		-		(4,142,603)		137,898
Land improvements		2,353,000		193,265		-		-		2,546,265
Building and improvements		73,839,076		2,807,739		-		4,142,603		80,789,418
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		6,419,070		630,824		191,165		-		6,858,729
Vehicles		2,095,277		154,547		97,829		_		2,151,995
Total at cost		89,093,909	_	3,924,273		288,994			_	92,729,188
Less accumulated depreciation										
Land improvements		1,393,710		95,618		_		_		1,489,328
Building and improvements		29,690,370		1,586,571		_		_		31,276,941
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		5,326,203		368,006		187,230		_		5,506,979
Vehicles		1,345,079		124,169		97,829		-		1,371,419
Total accumulated depreciation		37,755,362		2,174,364		285,059		_		39,644,667
Capital assets, net	\$	51,338,547	\$	1,749,909	\$	3,935	\$		\$	53,084,521

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services:	
Regular	\$1,628,925
Special	27,971
Support services:	
Pupils	33,617
Instructional staff	2,686
Administration	40,541
Operation and maintenance of	
plant	77,555
Student transportation	92,989
Extra-curricular activities	160,400
Community Service	92,443
Food service operations	17,237
Total depreciation expense	\$2,174,364

Component Unit Capital Assets

At June 30, 2010, capital assets, net of depreciation were \$64,345.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations

A summary for changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, follows:

<u>Debt Issuance</u>	Issued	7/1/2009 Balance	Additions Deletions		6/30/2010 Balance	Due within 1 yr
1996 Building Improvement Bonds	1997	\$ 174,366 2,989,079	\$ - 175,404	\$ -	\$ 174,366 3,164,483	\$ -
1996 Bonds Interest Accretion General Obligation Bonds Payable	1997	3,163,445	175,404		3,338,849	
2005 Refunding Issue Bonds	2005	28,125,000	-	1,790,000	26,335,000	1,880,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds	2005	1,500,452	-	115,420	1,385,032	115,420
Deferred Amount on Refunding	2005	(1,328,860)	-	(102,220)	(1,226,640)	(102,220)
2005 Bonds Interest Accretion	2005	664,708	139,085		803,793	
Refunding Bonds Payable		28,961,300	139,085	1,803,200	27,297,185	1,893,200
Compensated Absences	N/A	6,080,946	201,572	336,732	5,945,786	542,886
Total Long-Term Obligations		\$38,205,691	\$ 516,061	\$2,139,932	\$36,581,820	\$2,436,086

The general obligation bonds and notes are a direct obligation of the District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the school district.

In the opinion of management, the District has complied with all bond covenants.

The annual maturities of the general obligation bonds (at par) as of June 30, 2010, and related interest payments are as follows:

Year ending June 30	Interest rate (%)	 Principal	 Interest
2011	3.0 - 5.25	\$ 1,880,000	\$ 1,110,419
2012	3.0 - 5.25	241,225	2,816,019
2013	2.75 - 5.25	238,152	2,858,668
2014	2.75 - 5.25	1,402,493	1,741,508
2015	2.75 - 5.25	1,367,496	1,816,514
2016 - 2020	5.0 - 5.25	12,325,000	3,884,875
2021 - 2023	5.0 - 5.25	 9,055,000	 675,375
Total		\$ 26,509,366	\$ 14,903,378

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net debt of a school district, whether or not approved by the people, shall not exceed 9.0% of the total value of all property in the school district as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of a school district cannot exceed 0.1% of the total assessed value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. An exception to the 9% limit is provided in ORC 133.06(E). At June 30, 2010 the District's total net debt was 1.78% of the total assessed value of all property within the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

8. Capital Lease Obligation

The District had no capital lease obligations as of June 30, 2010.

9. Notes Payable

The District issued \$ 1,475,000 in tax anticipation notes (TAN) in fiscal year 2010. The TAN's and notes were issued permanent improvements. The TAN was issued on June 24, 2010 with a stated rate of interest of 1.0%. The TAN matures on June 24, 2023. The District issued \$ 2,100,000 in tax anticipation notes (2009 TAN) and \$505,000 in Energy Conservation notes in fiscal year 2009. The 2009 TAN's and notes were issued to fund permanent improvements. The 2009 was issued on June 25, 2009 with a stated rate of interest of 2.0%. The 2009 TAN matured on June 24, 2010. The conservation note was issued on December 9, 2008 with a stated rate of interest of 3.5%. The Note matured on December 8, 2010. The government-wide and fund financial statements reflect notes payable of \$1,475,000 at June 30, 2010.

A summary of the note activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 follows:

Οι	ıtstanding		Issued	Retired	O	utstanding	
Jı	ly 1, 2009 2010			2010	June 30, 2010		
\$	2,605,000	\$	1,475,000	\$ 2,605,000	\$	1,475,000	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371 or by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

The DB Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the formula benefit the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the members' three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5% with an additional one-tenth of a percent added to the calculation for every year over 31 years until 100% of the final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing services, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5%. Under the money-purchase benefit, members' lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. The total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance. Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount.

The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Ohio Revised Code. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the members' designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. Member contributions are allocated to investments selected by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Plan members' defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the members' final average salary by the members' years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan is payable to members on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (most recent information available) members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District was required to contribute 14%. Member and employer contributions were established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers provided by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. Of the 14% contributed by the District, 13% was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$5,826,576 \$5,761,764, and \$5,336,304, respectively; 87.39% has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100% for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. \$734,724 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2010 is recorded as a liability within the respective funds. Member and employer contributions actually made for DC and Combined Plan participants will be provided upon written request.

School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 E. Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free 1-800-878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the system. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.78%. The remaining 1.22% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The District's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$1,366,593 \$1,283,560, and \$1,227,360, respectively; 0% has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100% for fiscal year 2009 and 2008. \$1,366,593 representing unpaid contributions for fiscal year 2010 is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

11. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer a cost-sharing, multiple employer health care plan to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

Under Ohio law funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 the District's contributions to post-employment health care were \$416,184, \$411,555, and \$381,165 respectively; 83.12% has been contributed for 2010 and 100% for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

SERS administers two post-employment benefit plans, the Medicare Part B Plan and the Health Care Plan as permitted by Ohio Revised Code Sections 3309.69 and 3309.375. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses for Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees. The Health Care Plan provides health care and prescription drug plans administered by two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Retirement Board establishes rules for premiums paid by retirees for health care coverage and varies depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program.

The Medicare Part B premium reimbursement plan reimburses eligible retirees for the lesser of January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premiums or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2010 was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$353.60 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. The Retirement Board, with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare Part B Fund. For fiscal year 2010 the actuarially required allocation was .76%. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 the District's contributions to Medicare Part B were \$74,186, \$59,614, and \$64,696 respectively; 98.23% has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100% for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Health Care Plan is funded through employer contributions and was established under Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after allocation for required benefits the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employers' 14% contribution. At June 30, 2010 the health care allocation was .46%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800.

The surcharge added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 District contributions to the Health Care Plan, including the surcharge, was \$183,441; 98.23% has been contributed for fiscal year 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

12. Joint Venture Without Equity Interest

The Rockbridge Academy (Academy) is a joint venture consisting of a consortium of six schools districts. The joint venture was formed for the purpose of providing alternative education services to at risk students. The Governing Board of the Academy consists of six members appointed by each member school. The District does not have an equity interest that is explicit and measurable in the joint venture. The Academy is independent upon continued support of the member schools as it is not independently accumulating adequate financial resources. The Educational Service Center of Central Ohio (ESC) is the fiscal agent for the Academy. Further detailed financial information may be obtained by contacting the ESC.

13. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility property, and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2009 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected in 2010 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Beginning 2001, the Ohio general Assembly reduced the assessment rate for certain tangible personal property of electric and gas utilities from 88 percent to 25 percent. Starting in tax year 2005, the assessment rate for personal property owned by telephone utilities prior to 1995 was being phased down from 88 percent to 25 percent (in tax year 2007) over a three-year period. Beginning in 2007, House Bill 66 switched telephone companies from being public utilities to general business taxpayers and began a four-year phase out of the tangible personal property tax on local and inter-exchange telephone companies. No tangible personal property taxes will be levied or collected after calendar year 2010 on local and inter-exchange telephone companies.

The District receives property taxes from Franklin County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility taxes, and the late June personal property settlement which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim.

Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 and the late personal property tax settlement were levied to finance current fiscal year operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

13. Property Taxes (Continued)

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes and the amount available as an advance have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while the rest of the receivable is deferred. On a modified accrual basis, only the amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

Real Estate	\$ 1,583,263,550
Public Utility	12,137,910
Tangible Property	701,757
Total	\$ 1,596,103,217

14. Contingent Liabilities

The Federal and State Grants remain subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designees. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the District's administration believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Upper Arlington City School District is a party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

15. Set-Aside Calculations

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The budget stabilization reserve is optional; however, the Board elected to continue the reserve as permitted by law. The designated budget stabilization reflects the monies designated by the by the Board of Education for additional contributions above and beyond the required reserve amount.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts each reserve:

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital Acquisition	Budget Sta	abilization Reserved
Set-aside cash balance as of	¢ (1,000,142)	¢	¢ 026.016	¢ 205 452
June 30, 2009	\$ (1,989,143)		\$ 926,016	\$ 285,453
Current year set-aside requirement	840,331	840,331	-	-
Current year offsets	-	(3,175,581)	-	-
Qualifying disbursements	(1,261,578)	(198,535)	(46,165)	
Total	\$ (2,410,390)	\$ (2,533,785)	\$ 879,851	\$ 285,453
Balance carried forward to FY 2011	\$ (2,410,390)	\$ -	\$ 879,851	\$ 285,453

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

15. Set-Aside Calculations (Continued)

The District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbooks reserve and this extra amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. Therefore, this negative amount is being carried forward to the next fiscal year. The District also had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the Capital Acquisition Reserve. However, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years.

A schedule of the General fund budget stabilization amounts at June 30, 2010 follows:

Restricted Assets \$ 285,453

Designated for budget stabilization \$879,851

16. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010 the District contracted with an independent insurance provider for general liability insurance with an \$8 million umbrella coverage.

The District maintains property and casualty insurance of approximately \$120 million. Property and fleet insurance is provided by an independent insurance provider and property holds a \$1,000 deductible and the bus fleet and maintenance vehicles have a \$250 deductible and a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate. A \$250,000 employee dishonesty blanket bond is also included for all employees.

The Fidelity Depository Company of Maryland maintains a \$100,000 public official bond for the Treasurer and Business Manager.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risk have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

17. Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable FundPayable FundAmountGeneral FundPrincipal Fund-Special Revenue\$ 674

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2010 are reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010 (Continued)

17. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

B. Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers from the General fund to Other Governmental Special Revenue funds for \$89,170 and a transfer from the General fund to the Capital Projects fund for \$901,234.

All transfers are considered allowable in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

18. Special Items

On April 16, 2010, The Upper Arlington Community High School (UACHS) Board of Directors passed a resolution ("Resolution to Close") to shut down the operations of the UACHS and transfer all property of every description, and every interest therein, and all obligations of or belonging to or due the UACHS to the Upper Arlington City School District.

On April 12, 2010, Upper Arlington International Baccalaureate High School (IB School Board of Directors passed a resolution ("Resolution to Close") to shut down the operations of the IB School and transfer all property of every description, and every interest therein, and all obligations of or belonging to or due the UACHS to the Upper Arlington City School District.

Operations for both entities ceased effective June 30, 2010 resulting in net assets in the amount of \$91,923 being transferred to the District.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget-	
DEVENIUE	Original Bu	ıdget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	Positiv	ve/(Negative)
REVENUES:	\$ 60,70	6 500	\$	61,747,633	\$	62,497,372	\$	749,739
Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental		7,552	Ф	14,532,575	Ф	14,535,648	Ф	3,073
Intergovernmental		0,000		725,000				
Tuition and Fees		5,000		115,000		661,350 82,706		(63,650)
Rent								(32,294)
		0,000		125,000		164,483		39,483
Extracurricular Activities		0,000		150,000		153,649		3,649
Gifts and Donations		0,000		50,000		61,926		11,926
Miscellaneous Tatal Payarusa		6,000		318,000		346,744		28,744
Total Revenues	76,58	5,052		77,763,208		78,503,878		740,670
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular	39,46	2,730		38,709,740		38,579,019		130,721
Special	7,16	2,350		6,520,926		6,496,915		24,011
Vocational	16	8,166		202,151		201,563		588
Student Intervention Services	294	,770		741,463		775,565		(34,102)
Support Services:								
Pupils	4,33	7,285		4,331,241		4,302,235		29,006
Instructional Staff	6,89	7,717		6,099,990		6,017,678		82,312
Board of Education	5	4,985		54,848		39,172		15,676
Administration	4,62	5,009		4,341,090		4,287,069		54,021
Fiscal	1,78	0,556		1,638,168		1,594,948		43,220
Business	65	8,635		707,319		675,038		32,281
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,31	4,077		6,947,379		6,906,306		41,073
Pupil Transportation	1,79	0,959		1,658,930		1,652,906		6,024
Central	2,22	3,485		2,156,594		2,098,025		58,569
Extracurricular Activities:								
Academic Oriented Activities	19	0,437		190,318		188,873		1,445
Sport Oriented Activities	85	0,508		892,640		881,727		10,913
School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities	4	5,167		51,439		51,447		(8)
Total Expenditures	77,85	6,836		75,244,236		74,748,486		495,750
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,271	1,784)		2,518,972		3,755,392		1,236,420
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES:								
Advances In	5	0,000		25,000		28,903		3,903
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		1,000		34,726		59,274		24,548
Transfers Out	(634	1,375)		(993,887)		(990,404)		3,483
Advances Out),000)		(35,000)		(25,674)		9,326
Refund of Prior Year Receipts		5,000)		(123,288)		(123,151)		137
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		3,375)		(1,092,449)		(1,051,052)	-	41,397
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,860	_		1,426,523		2,704,340		1,277,817
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	37,52	0,342		37,520,342		37,520,342		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,21	4,741		1,214,741		1,214,741		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 36,87	4,924	\$	40,161,606	\$	41,439,423	\$	1,277,817

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

A. Budgetary Information

All governmental funds are subject to annual expenditures budgets. The Board follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditures budget data:

- (1) A Tax Budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the Franklin County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The Upper Arlington Board of Education holds a budget hearing when it normally adopts the Tax Budget at the first regular meeting in January, following the budget hearing.
- (2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding fiscal year.
- (3) An annual appropriation measure must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Upper Arlington Board of Education adopted its 2010 permanent appropriation measure at it August 24, 2009 regular meeting. The Board of Education adopted at the June 29, 2009 regular meeting a temporary appropriation measure to allow the District to operate until its annual appropriations were adopted. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the fiscal year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments may transfer funds within their budgets. Revised appropriations are presented during the fiscal year and include the transfers requested by staff and any amendments to fund unanticipated expenditures. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations at fund level.

B. Reconciling Budgetary Basis and GAAP

The District prepares it budget on a basis of accounting that differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The actual results of operations are presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis); and
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

A reconciliation of the General Fund results of operations at the end of the fiscal year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis follows:

Change in net assets:	\$1,723,290
Adjustments	
Due to revenue accruals	1,473,625
Due to expenditure accruals	(431,927)
Due to other financing sources	<u>(60,648</u>)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over	
expenditures and other financing uses (Budget Basis)	\$ <u>2,704,340</u>

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Non-Cash Receipts Receipts		Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education						
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 72,154	\$ 43,407	\$ 72,154	\$ 43,407	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		72,154	43,407	72,154	43,407	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education						
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	1,152,504	-	1,130,497	-	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	-	17,443	-	17,443	
ARRA-Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	167,433	-	145,378	-	
ARRA-Special Education Preschool Grants, Recovery Act	84.392		19,711		19,711	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		1,319,937	37,154	1,275,875	37,154	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	188,684	-	191,090	-	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities State Grants	84.186	10,031	-	10,076	-	
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	3,924	_	6,249	-	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	303	-	-	-	
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	-	-	9,676	-	
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	17,660	_	28,255	-	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	49,157	-	59,533	-	
ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	243,033	-	243,033	-	
Learn and Serve America - School & Community Based Programs	94.004	30,000		29,341		
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,862,729	37,154	1,853,128	37,154	
Total Federal Awards Recipts and Expenditures		\$ 1,934,883	\$ 80,561	\$ 1,925,282	\$ 80,561	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures in the Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at entitlement value. The District allocated donated commodities to the respective program that benefited from use of those donated food commodities.

The District used the services of DJ Co-ops to hold, process, and deliver its federal commodities at a nominal rate.

NOTE D – NONCASH AWARDS

The District had the following federal non-cash receipts and non-cash disbursements which were received and disbursed by the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio on behalf of the District for fiscal year 2010.

	Federal		
	CFDA	Non-Cash	Non-Cash
<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	\$17,443	\$17,443
ARRA-Special Education-Preschool Grants, Recovery Act	84.392	\$19,711	19,711

NOTE E - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts between 2009 to 2010 programs:

	Federal	Amount Transferred
<u>Program Title</u>	CFDA Number	between 2009 to 2010
Safe & Drug Free Schools & Communities State Grants	84.186	\$ 45
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	2,024
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	11,350



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Upper Arlington City School District 1950 North Mallway Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each discretely presented component unit, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Upper Arlington City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2010, wherein we noted the District implemented GASB Statement No.'s 53 and 58 as disclosed in Note 3. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Upper Arlington City School District
Franklin County
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Newark, Ohio

October 21, 2010

Wilson, Shanna E Sur, Inc.



Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Upper Arlington City School District 1950 North Mallway Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Upper Arlington City School District, Franklin County (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

The District's basic financial statements include the operations of the Upper Arlington International Baccalaureate High School, the Upper Arlington Community High School, and the Upper Arlington Wickliffe Progressive Community School, each a discretely presented component unit. Each received less than \$500,000 in federal awards which are not included in the District's Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Upper Arlington City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc.

Upper Arlington City School District
Franklin County
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to
Its Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance
in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*Page 2

Internal Control over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Newark, Ohio October 21, 2010

Wilson Shanna ESun Du.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 §.505

JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for its major federal program?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in its internal control for its major federal program?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States \ CFDA #84.027, Special Education Preschool Grants \ CFDA #84.173, Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act \ CFDA #84.391, and Special Education Preschool Grants, Recovery Act \ CFDA #84.392.
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 §.505

JUNE 30, 2010

	2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS
None.	
	3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
None.	





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

UPPER ARLINGTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 9, 2010