OTTAWA HILLS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Ottawa Hills Local School District 3600 Indian Road Ottawa Hills, Ohio 43606

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Ottawa Hills Local School District, Lucas County, prepared by LublinSussman Group LLP, for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Ottawa Hills Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

April 5, 2010



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	14
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of	
Governmental Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	18
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	20
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	23
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	24
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	48
Schedule of Findings and Responses	
•	
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	51
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures	52

LublinSussman Group LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ottawa Hills Local School District Lucas County 3600 Indian Road Ottawa Hills, Ohio 43606-2425

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ottawa Hills Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio, (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ottawa Hills Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2010 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that www.lublinsussman.com

testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

January 28, 2010 Toledo, Ohio

Julin Susaman Group LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Ottawa Hills Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- □ Net assets increased \$19,074, which represents a 0.3% increase from 2008.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$13,645,823 in revenue or 92% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$1,138,632 or 8% of total revenues of \$14,784,455.
- □ The District had \$14,765,381 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,138,632 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$13,645,823 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- □ The District's General Fund had \$12,729,221 in revenues and \$12,974,274 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance decreased \$395,638 to \$5,096,758.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets (the difference between the District's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as the property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth and facility conditions.

The government-wide financial statements of the District reflect the following category of its activities:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – The District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds — The District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various student managed activity programs, various scholarship programs and other items listed as agency. It is also responsible for other assets that, due to a trust arrangement can only be used for the trust beneficiaries. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008.

		Governmental Activities				
	2009	2008				
Current and other assets	\$16,957,844	\$17,362,532	(\$404,688)			
Capital assets, Net	5,879,798	5,526,526	353,272			
Total assets	22,837,642	22,889,058	(51,416)			
Long-term debt outstanding	5,220,429	5,330,948	(110,519)			
Other liabilities	10,513,071	10,473,042	40,029			
Total liabilities	15,733,500	15,803,990	(70,490)			
Net assets Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	2,299,798	1,651,526	648,272			
Restricted	1,063,023	1,104,008	(40,985)			
Unrestricted	3,741,321	4,329,534	(588,213)			
Total net as sets	\$7,104,142	\$7,085,068	\$19,074			

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

Changes in Net Assets – The following table shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year 2009 compared to 2008:

	Govern	Governmental		
	Activ	ities	(Decrease)	
	2009	2008	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Revenues	170			
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$391,950	\$353,724	\$38,226	
Operating Grants and Contributions	596,917	684,137	(87,220)	
Capital Grants and Contributions	149,765	. 0	149,765	
Total Program Revenues	1,138,632	1,037,861	100,771	
General Revenues:			,	
Property Taxes	9,891,003	8,972,023	918,980	
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	3,290,307	3,140,564	149,743	
Other	464,513	575,012	(110,499)	
Total General Revenues	13,645,823	12,687,599	958,224	
Total Revenues	14,784,455	13,725,460	1,058,995	
Program Expenses				
Instruction	9,244,917	8,717,522	527,395	
Support Services:				
Pupils	717,748	595,873	121,875	
Instructional Staff	593,476	548,232	45,244	
Board of Education	24,564	20,664	3,900	
Administration	1,008,260	928,598	79,662	
Fiscal Services	466,461	478,201	(11,740)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,403,871	1,365,798	38,073	
Pupil Transportation	49,482	40,548	8,934	
Central	50,433	48,757	1,676	
Community Services	368,955	403,329	(34,374)	
Extracurricular Activities	661,345	646,268	15,077	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	175,869	189,565	(13,696)	
Total Expenses	14,765,381	13,983,355	782,026	
Total Change in Net Assets	19,074	(257,895)	276,969	
Beginning Net Assets	7,085,068	7,342,963	(257,895)	
Ending Net Assets	\$7,104,142	\$7,085,068	\$19,074	

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$19,074. The District realized the full collection of the levy passed in fiscal 2008, resulting in an increase in property taxes. The contribution of costs related to the new football field turf resulted in the increase in capital contributions. Routine increases in salaries and benefits resulted in the increase in instruction.

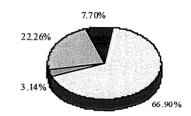
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. In general, the overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Property taxes made up 67% of revenues for governmental activities for Ottawa Hills Local Schools in fiscal year 2009. The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2009	of Total
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	\$3,290,307	22.26%
Program Revenues	1,138,632	7.70%
General Tax Revenues	9,891,003	66.90%
General Other	464,513	3.14%
Total Revenue	\$14,784,455	100.00%



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,367,577, which is less than last year's balance of \$6,736,963. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase		
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008	(Decrease)		
General	\$5,096,758	\$5,492,396	(\$395,638)		
Other Governmental	1,270,819	1,244,567	26,252		
Total	\$6,367,577	\$6,736,963	(\$369,386)		

General Fund – The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2009 Revenues	2008 Revenues	Increase (Decrease)	
Taxes	\$9,115,608	\$8,632,586	\$483,022	
Tuition	82,751	66,278	16,473	
Transportation Fees	2,224	2,526	(302)	
Investment Earnings	248,464	417,842	(169,378)	
Extracurricular Activities	53,773	57,003	(3,230)	
Class Materials and Fees	44,667	47,883	(3,216)	
Intergovernmental - State	3,163,188	3,014,808	148,380	
All Other Revenue	18,546	13,253	5,293	
Total	\$12,729,221	\$12,252,179	\$477,042	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

General Fund revenues in 2009 increased approximately 4% compared to fiscal year 2008. The District realized the full collection of the levy passed in fiscal 2008, resulting in an increase in property taxes.

	2009	2008	Increase	
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)	
Instruction	\$8,467,479	\$8,161,841	\$305,638	
Supporting Services:				
Pupils	646,006	550,759	95,247	
Instructional Staff	459,093	423,998	35,095	
Board of Education	24,564	20,664	3,900	
Admin istration	965,791	875,601	90, 190	
Fiscal Services	449,297	447,619	1,678	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	1,436,141	1,267,434	168,707	
Pupil Transportation	44,726	33,071	11,655	
Central	44,433	42,757	1,676	
Community Services	16,675	14,733	1,942	
Extracurricular Activities	420,069	355,744	64,325	
Total	\$12,974,274	\$12,194,221	\$780,053	

Expenditures increased \$780,053 or 6% compared to the prior year. Routine increases in salaries and benefits resulted in the increase in instruction. The increase in operation and maintenance of plant can be attributed to an increase in costs for fuel and supplies.

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2009 the District amended its General Fund budget several times, none significant.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue of \$12.6 million was not materially different from original budget estimates. Actual budget basis revenue was equal to final estimates. Actual budget basis expenditures were less than original and final estimates. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2009 the District had \$5,879,798 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, construction in progress, improvements, buildings, machinery, equipment and vehicles. The following table shows fiscal year 2009 and 2008 balances:

	Governm	Increase	
	A cti vit	(Decrease)	
	2009	2008	
Land	\$743,629	\$743,629	\$0
Construction in Progress	346,859	25,202	321,657
Land Improvements	945,062	933,842	11,220
Buildings and Improvements Machinery/Equipment and	8,461,528	8,247,356	214,172
Furniture/Fixtures	1,066,607	941.632	124,975
Vehicles	173,203	173,203	0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(5,857,090)	(5,538,338)	(318,752)
Totals	\$5,879,798	\$5,526,526	\$353,272

The primary increase occurred in construction in progress. This can be attributed to the football field turf project and high school parking lot repaving.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 8.

Debt

At June 30, 2009, the District had \$3.6 million in bonds outstanding, \$315,000 due within one year. The following table summarizes the District's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2009 and 2008:

	2009	2008		
Governmental Activities:				
General Obligation Bonds:				
School Improvement	\$3,580,000	\$3,875,000		
Compensated Absences	1,640,429	1,455,948		
Totals	\$5,220,429	\$5,330,948		

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2009, the District's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 11.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Unaudited

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Ottawa Hills Local School District relies upon local property taxes and state foundation monies to fund its operations. In fiscal year 2009 the District received approximately 71.64% of its revenues from local property taxes, 14.34% from the state foundation program, 10.67% from the Homestead/Rollback exemption legislation, and the remaining 3.35% from other local sources. The District real estate value consists of 96.99% residential real estate, 2.30% commercial real estate, and 0.71% tangible personal property/public utilities personal property.

The District last passed a 5.5 mill continuing operating levy in November 2007 by a 64% margin. The District will be seeking an operating levy on the November 2010 ballot. The District passed a 1.5 mill permanent improvement levy in November 2008 by a 73% margin. The permanent improvement levy will be levied for four years, expiring in 2012. The District passed a second 1.5 mill permanent improvement levy in November 2006 by a 71% margin. The November 2006 permanent improvement will be levied for five years, expiring in 2011.

In conclusion, the Ottawa Hills Local School District's management has committed itself to financial prudence in the years to come.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Bradley Browne, Treasurer of Ottawa Hills Local School District.

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,670,343	
Investments		3,377,665	
Receivables:			
Taxes		9,785,415	
Accounts		5,240	
Intergovernmental		8,187	
Interest		14,127	
Prepaid Items		96,867	
Capital Assets, Net		5,879,798	
Total Assets		22,837,642	
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		27,442	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		897,497	
Intergovernmental Payable		309,131	
Deferred Revenue - Taxes		9,223,545	
Accrued Interest Payable		55,456	
Long Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year		400,287	
Due in More Than One Year		4,820,142	
Total Liabilities		15,733,500	
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		2,299,798	
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects		202,473	
Debt Service		785,152	
Other Purposes		75,398	
Unrestricted		3,741,321	
Total Net Assets	\$	7,104,142	

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

				harges for		ram Revenues		pital Grants		let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
			Se	ervices and	~	and		and	G	overnmental
Garage A. J. A. et al.		Expenses		Sales	Co	ntributions	Co	ontributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:	•	0.044.045	•	4 60 4 6=						
Instruction	\$	9,244,917	\$	160,367	\$	69,326	\$	0	\$	(9,015,224)
Support Services:				_						
Pupils		717,748		0		40,637		0		(677,111)
Instructional Staff		593,476		0		123,674		0		(469,802)
Board of Education		24,564		0		0		0		(24,564)
Administration		1,008,260		0		5,000		0		(1,003,260)
Fiscal Services		466,461		0		0		0		(466,461)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,403,871		1,724		0		0		(1,402,147)
Pupil Transportation		49,482		2,224		0		0		(47,258)
Central		50,433		0		6,000		0		(44,433)
Community Services		368,955		0		352,280		0		(16,675)
Extracurricular Activities		661,345		227,635		0		149,765		(283,945)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	175,869		0		0		0		(175,869)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,765,381	\$	391,950	\$	596,917	\$	149,765		(13,626,749)
		neral Revenue operty Taxes Le	-	r:						
	G	eneral Purposes	3							9,038,919
	D	ebt Service								377,986
	C	apital Outlay								474,098
	Inte	ergovernmental	, Unres	tricted						3,290,307
	Inv	estment Earnin	gs							254,734
	Mi	scellaneous								209,779
	Tot	al General Rev	enues							13,645,823
	Ch	ange in Net Ass	ets							19,074
		Assets Beginn	_	Year						7,085,068
	Net	Assets End of	Year						\$	7,104,142

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

	Ger	neral	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,	425,594	\$	1,244,749	\$	3,670,343
Investments	3,	377,665		0		3,377,665
Receivables:						
Taxes	9,0	013,058		772,357		9,785,415
Accounts		5,091		149		5,240
Intergovernmental		0		8,187		8,187
Interest		14,127		0		14,127
Interfund Loans Receivable		339		1,389		1,728
Prepaid Items	-	96,867		0		96,867
Total Assets	\$ 14,9	32,741	\$	2,026,831	\$	16,959,572
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	13,601	\$	13,841	\$	27,442
Accrued Wages and Benefits	8	397,275		222		897,497
Intergovernmental Payable	3	303,320		5,811		309,131
Interfund Loans Payable		189		1,539		1,728
Deferred Revenue - Taxes	8,6	10,427		734,599		9,345,026
Deferred Revenue		11,171		0		11,171
Total Liabilities	9,8	35,983		756,012		10,591,995
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for Encumbrances		18,255		145,146		163,401
Reserved for Prepaid Items		96,867		0		96,867
Reserved for Debt Service		0		820,789		820,789
Reserved for Property Taxes	3	92,351		36,792		429,143
Unreserved, Undesignated in:		•		,		,
General Fund	4,5	89,285		0		4,589,285
Special Revenue Funds	,	0		227,982		227,982
Capital Projects Funds		0		40,110		40,110
Total Fund Balances	5,0	96,758		1,270,819		6,367,577
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		32,741	\$	2,026,831	\$	16,959,572

Reconciliation Of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Assets Of Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 6,367,577
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	5,879,798
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	132,652
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
General Obligation Bonds Payable (3,580,000)	
Compensated Absences Payable (1,640,429)	
Accrued Interest Payable (55,456)	 (5,275,885)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,104,142

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Local Sources:			
Taxes	\$ 9,115,608	\$ 860,886	\$ 9,976,494
Tuition	82,751	0	82,751
Transportation Fees	2,224	0	2,224
Investment Earnings	248,464	860	249,324
Extracurricular Activities	53,773	173,862	227,635
Class Materials and Fees	44,667	32,949	77,616
Intergovernmental - State	3,163,188	499,965	3,663,153
Intergovernmental - Federal	0	224,071	224,071
All Other Revenue	18,546	172,211	190,757
Total Revenue	12,729,221	1,964,804	14,694,025
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction	8,467,479	557,110	9,024,589
Supporting Services:			
Pupils	646,006	40,772	686,778
Instructional Staff	459,093	128,594	587,687
Board of Education	24,564	0	24,564
Administration	965,791	5,354	971,145
Fiscal Services	449,297	11,706	461,003
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,436,141	206,025	1,642,166
Pupil Transportation	44,726	0	44,726
Central	44,433	6,000	50,433
Community Services	16,675	352,280	368,955
Extracurricular Activities	420,069	313,445	733,514
Capital Outlay	0	12,978	12,978
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	0	295,000	295,000
Interest & Fiscal Charges	0	180,619	180,619
Total Expenditures	12,974,274	2,109,883	15,084,157

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(245,053)	(145,079)	(390,132)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	0	168,050	168,050
Transfers Out	(168,050)	0	(168,050)
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	17,465	3,281	20,746_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(150,585)	171,331	20,746
Net Change in Fund Balance	(395,638)	26,252	(369,386)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5,492,396	1,244,567	6,736,963
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 5,096,758	\$ 1,270,819	\$ 6,367,577

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To The Statement Of Activities For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (369,386)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	522,259 (318,752)	203,507
Donations of capital assets increase net assets in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.		149,765
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(80,081)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net assets. In addition, repayment of bond and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of activities.		
General Obligation Bond Principal Payment		295,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		4,750
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in Compensated Absences		(184,481)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 19,074

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 9,015,781	\$ 9,062,087	\$ 9,062,087	\$ 0
Tuition	39,649	83,856	83,856	0
Transportation Fees	800	2,224	2,224	0
Investment Earnings	322,610	206,060	206,060	. 0
Extracurricular Activities	61,000	53,523	53,423	(100)
Class Material and Fees	44,390	44,413	44,413	0
Intergovernmental - State	3,083,533	3,163,188	3,163,188	. 0
All Other Revenues	8,785	18,546	18,546	0
Total Revenues	12,576,548	12,633,897	12,633,797	(100)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	8,799,360	8,689,683	8,515,482	174,201
Support Services:				
Pupils	641,680	657,509	643,363	14,146
Instructional Staff	456,648	473,281	460,637	12,644
Board of Education	30,500	27,425	24,564	2,861
Administration	995,265	1,027,055	968,255	58,800
Fiscal Services	456,025	462,252	448,026	14,226
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,403,125	1,487,091	1,441,100	45,991
Pupil Transportation	54,650	52,633	44,483	8,150
Central	61,500	45,428	44,433	995
Community Services	17,000	16,700	16,675	25
Extracurricular Activities	412,850	424,279	415,152	9,127
Total Expenditures	13,328,603	13,363,336	13,022,170	341,166
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(752,055)	(729,439)	(388,373)	341,066

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(126,114)	(178,114)	(168,050)	10,064
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	10,000	15,790	15,790	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(116,114)	(162,324)	(152,260)	10,064
Net Change in Fund Balance	(868,169)	(891,763)	(540,633)	351,130
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,208,131	6,208,131	6,208,131	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	86,731	86,731	86,731	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 5,426,693	\$ 5,403,099	\$ 5,754,229	\$ 351,130

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2009

		e Purpose st Funds	M	student lanaged vity Fund	 Total
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ '	36,552	<u>\$</u>	47,625	\$ 84,177
Total Assets		36,552		47,625	 84,177
Liabilities:					
Due to Students		0		47,625	47,625
Total Liabilities		0		47,625	 47,625
Net Assets:					
Unrestricted		36,552		0	 36,552
Total Net Assets	\$	36,552	\$	0	\$ 36,552

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Private Purpos Trust Funds	
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Private Donations	\$	3,910
Total Contributions		3,910
Investment Earnings:		
Interest	-	450
Total Investment Earnings		450
Total Additions		4,360
Deductions:		
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships		2,628
Total Deductions		2,628
Change in Net Assets		1,732
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		34,820
Net Assets End of Year	\$	36,552

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Ottawa Hills Local School District, Ohio (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by 39 noncertified, 79 certified teaching personnel and 8 administrative employees providing education to 987 students.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. There were no potential component units that met the criteria imposed by GASB Statement No. 14 to be included in the District's reporting entity. The District is a member of the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA), the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) and the Educational Regional Service System Region 1. The aforementioned entities are jointly governed organizations that provide various services to member school districts, see Note 13 "Jointly Governed Organizations." Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the District includes the following services: instructional (regular and special education), student guidance, extracurricular activities and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds - These are funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following is the District's only major governmental fund:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's two trust funds are private-purpose trusts that account for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund, which accounts for student activities, is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operation.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> – <u>Financial Statements</u>

<u>Government-wide Financial</u> <u>Statements</u> – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> - <u>Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the District is considered to be 60 days after fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered susceptible to accrual at year end: property taxes, tuition, grants and entitlements, student fees and interest on investments.

Current property taxes measurable at June 30, 2009, but which are not intended to finance fiscal 2009 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year end. Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2009 are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the government-wide financial statements, agency funds and the private-purpose trust funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level for the general fund and at the fund level for the remaining funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

1. Tax Budget

By January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit an annual operating budget for the following fiscal year to the Board of Education for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following fiscal year. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for fiscal year 2009.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to January 15, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2009.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the object level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year with approval of the Board. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budgetary basis) as opposed to reservations of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis schedules for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance General Fund GAAP Basis (as reported) (\$395,638) Increase (Decrease): Accrued Revenues at June 30, 2009. received during FY 2010 (441,603)Accrued Revenues at June 30, 2008, received during FY 2009 342,823 Accrued Expenditures at June 30, 2009, paid during FY 2010 1,214,196 Accrued Expenditures at June 30, 2008, paid during FY 2009 (1,235,631)FY 2008 Prepaids for FY 2009 90,342 FY 2009 Prepaids for FY 2010 (96,867)**Encumbrances Outstanding** (18,255)**Budget Basis** (\$540,633)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, investments with original maturities of less than three months and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment and is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements.

The District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 3, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the District records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. See Note 3, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments." During fiscal year 2009, investments were limited to federal agency securities.

The District had invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio during 2009. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$248,464. Of that amount, \$44,586 was the amount allocated by other funds.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2009, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets is determined by their ultimate use:

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,500.

Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs where such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

2. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Land Improvements	20
Buildings and Improvements	30
Machinery/Equipment and Furniture/Fixtures	6-10
Vehicles	10

J. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	Bond Retirement Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation benefits are accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave based on length of service and position. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Employees earn 1.25 days of sick leave per month of service up to a maximum of 265 days for STRS and SERS employees. Upon retirement, employees that pay into STRS and SERS will receive up to 36% of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 95. Administrators earn sick leave up to 315 days and will be paid up to 37% of accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 115 days. For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that is expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." In the government-wide statement of net assets, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due within one year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in more than one year" account.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Pensions

The provision for pension costs is recorded when the related payroll is accrued and the obligation is incurred. Pension liabilities expected to be paid from current available financial resources are recorded as a fund liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. Reservations of Fund Balance

Reserves indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Fund balances are reserved for debt service, property taxes, prepaid items, and encumbered amounts, which have not been accrued at year end.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits - The fund deficits at June 30, 2009 of \$1,024 in the Activities Fund, \$354 in the Management Information System Fund, \$5,037 in the Title VI-B Fund and \$420 in the Class Size Reduction Grant Fund (special revenue funds) arises from the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis which are greater than expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis. The deficit does not exist under the budgetary/cash basis of accounting. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by a number of individual funds.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the District into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home
 loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan
 marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal
 government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- Bonds of any municipal corporation, village, county, township or other political subdivision of this State, as to which there is no default of principal, interest or coupons.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Protection of District cash and deposits is provided by the federal deposit insurance corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the District places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,947,635 and the bank balance was \$2,111,092. Federal depository insurance covered \$250,000 of the bank balance and \$1,861,092 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the District was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	<u>Balance</u>
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by	
the pledging institution's trust department not in the District's name	\$1,861,092
Total Balance	\$1,861,092

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)				_
	Fair Value	Credit Rating	less than 1	1-3		3-5	-
STAR Ohio	\$1,806,885	AAAm 1	\$1,806,885	\$0		\$0	
FNMA	1,641,269	AAA ^{1,2}	0	1,009,060	a	632,209	
FHLB	983,608	AAA 1,2	0	724,468	b	259,140	d
FHLMC	752,788	AAA 1,2	0	501,450	c	251,338	е
Total Investments	\$5,184,550		\$1,806,885	\$2,234,978		\$1,142,687	

¹ Standard & Poor's

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in one issuer. Of the District's total investments, 35% are STAR Ohio, 32% are FNMA, 19% are FHLB, and 14% are FHLMC.

C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. Certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less are treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

Cash and Cash Equivalents		Investments
Per Financial Statements STAR Ohio	\$3,754,520 (1,806,885)	\$3,377,665 1,806,885
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$1,947,635	\$5,184,550

² Moody's Investor Service

a Call Option – Callable November 2009 and annually thereafter.

b Call Option – Callable December 2009 and annually thereafter.

c Call Option – Callable March 2010 and annually thereafter.

^a Call Option – Callable September 2010 and annually thereafter.

e Call Option – Callable September 2010 and annually thereafter.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 4 - TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real estate and public utility property, and tangible personal property used in business and located in the District. Real property taxes (other than public utility) collected during 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008 on assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be reappraised every six years and equalization adjustments made the third year following reappraisal. The last revaluation was completed in 2007. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. The first payment is due January 20, with the remainder payable by June 20.

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the prior calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of that calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. In prior years, tangible personal property used in business (except for public utilities) was assessed for ad valorem taxation purposes at 25 percent of its true value. As part of a phase out of the personal property tax, the assessment percentage for personal property was reduced to zero in 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20 of the year assessed. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at 100 percent of its true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including Ottawa Hills Local School District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. The assessed values for collection in 2009 were as follows:

	2008 Second Half	2009 First Half
	Collections	Collections
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$183,193,730	\$181,758,020
Public Utility Personal	1,670,600	1,000,560
Tangible Personal Property	391,730	152,428
Total Assessed Value	\$185,256,060	\$182,911,008
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$126.15	\$125.85

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consisted of taxes, accounts, intergovernmental and interest receivables. All receivables are considered collectable in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Following is a summary of interfund receivables/payables for all funds at June 30, 2009:

Fund	Interfund Loans Receivable	Interfund Loans Payable
General Fund	\$339	\$189
Other Governmental Funds	1,389	1,539
Totals	\$1,728	\$1,728

NOTE 7 - TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds at June 30, 2009:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$0	\$168,050
Other Governmental Funds	168,050	0
Total All Funds	\$168,050	\$168,050

All transfers made in fiscal year 2009 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2009:

Historical Cost:

Class	June 30, 2008	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2009
Capital assets not being deprecia	ted:				
Land	\$743,629	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$743,629
Construction in Progress	25,202	(25,202)	346,859	0	346,859
Capital assets being depreciated:		, , ,	,	_	2 (3,02)
Land Improvements	933,842	0	11,220	0	945,062
Buildings and Improvements	8,247,356	25,202	188,970	0	8,461,528
Machinery/Equipment and		•	•	-	-,,.
Furniture/Fixtures	941,632	0	124,975	0	1,066,607
Vehicles	173,203	0	0	0	173,203
Total Cost	\$11,064,864	\$0	\$672,024	\$0	\$11,736,888
Accumulated Depreciation:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

Class	June 30, 2008	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2009
Land Improvements	(\$559,725)	\$0	(\$38,631)	\$0	(\$598,356)
Buildings and Improvements	(3,894,747)	0	(205,357)	0	(4,100,104)
Machinery/Equipment and					(,,,,,
Furniture/Fixtures	(1,003,763)	0	(61,841)	0	(1,065,604)
Vehicles	(80,103)	0	(12,923)	0	(93,026)
Total Depreciation	(\$5,538,338)	\$0	(\$318,752) *	\$0	(\$5,857,090)
Net Value:	\$5,526,526				\$5,879,798

^{*} Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$205,374
Support Services:	•
Instructional Staff	500
Administration	743
Fiscal Services	117
Operations & Maintenance of Plant	70,134
Pupil Transportation	4,756
Extracurricular Activities	37,128
Total Depreciation Expense	\$318,752

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the District's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$143,612, \$131,150 and \$133,029 respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2008, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$805,974, \$756,555, and \$734,036 respectively; which were equal to the required contributions for each year. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$19,896 made by the District and \$28,803 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2009, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$104,377, \$82,358, and \$64,801 respectively; which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$11,849, \$9,450, and \$9,046 respectively; which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$61,998, \$58,197, and \$56,464 respectively; which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

Detail of the changes in long-term debt and other long-term obligations of the District for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

		Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2009	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:			,			
General Obligation Bonds:						
1998 School Improvement	4.75%	\$3,875,000	\$0	(\$295,000)	\$3,580,000	\$315,000
Compensated Absences		1,455,948	313,178	(128,697)	1,640,429	85,287
Total Long-Term Obligations		\$5,330,948	\$313,178	(\$423,697)	\$5,220,429	\$400,287

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

A summary of the District's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2009, follows:

	General Obligation Bonds			
Years	Principal	Interest		
2010	\$315,000	\$166,369		
2011	335,000	151,169		
2012	355,000	135,019		
2013	375,000	117,919		
2014	395,000	99,869		
2015-2018	1,805,000	199,263		
Totals	\$3,580,000	\$869,608		

NOTE 12 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the reserve activity (cash-basis) was as follows:

		Capital	
	Textbook	Acquisition	
	Reserve	Reserve	Total
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2008	(\$869,466)	\$0	(\$869,466)
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	157,729	157,729	315,458
Qualifying Disbursements	(269,794)	(534,758)	(804,552)
Total	(\$981,531)	(\$377,029)	(\$1,358,560)
Cash Balance Carried Forward to FY 2010	(\$981,531)	\$0	(\$981,531)

The District had qualifying disbursements and balance carry forward that reduced the textbook set-aside amount below zero: this extra amount is being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital acquisition set-aside amounts below zero, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. This negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) - The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of twenty-eight educational entities, primarily school districts, located in Henry, Fulton, Defiance, Williams, Lucas and Wood Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among members. NWOCA is governed by its participating members, which consists of a representative from each member entity and a representative from the fiscal agent. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, Duane Baker, Executive Director, 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council - The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. Total disbursements made by the District to NBEC during this fiscal year were \$79,409. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Educational Regional Service System Region 1 - The School District participates in the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) Region 1, a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Defiance, Fulton, Hancock, Henry, Lucas, Ottawa, Paulding, Putnam, Sandusky, Seneca, Van Wert, Williams, and Wood counties. The purpose of the ERSS is to provide support services to school districts, community schools, and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The ERSS is governed by an advisory council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional needs and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the ERSS, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center, one representative of a four-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village, and local school district within the region), and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the Lucas County Educational Service Center, 10142 Dowling Road, Bowling Green, Ohio, 43402.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2009 the District contracted with several different insurance providers for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Insurance Provider	Coverage	Deductible
Indiana Insurance Company	Commercial Property	\$1,000
Indiana Insurance Company	Commercial Crime	\$500
Indiana Insurance Company	Commercial Articles	\$500
Indiana Insurance Company	Commercial Computer \$1,000	
Indiana Insurance Company	Contractor's Equipment \$500	
Indiana Insurance Company	Employee Benefits	\$1,000
Indiana Insurance Company	School Leaders Errors and \$2,500 Omissions	
Indiana Insurance Company	Commercial Auto - Trucks	
	Comprehensive	\$250
	Collision	\$500
Indiana Insurance Company	Commercial Auto – Bus	
	Comprehensive	\$500
	Collision	\$1,000
Indiana Insurance Company	Umbrella Coverage	\$10,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the District's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2009.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2009

NOTE 16 - OPERATING LEASE

The District entered into an operating lease in fiscal year 2002 with the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) for a high bandwidth dedicated connection to NWOCA for a period of fifteen (15) years. The District elected a payment plan over 15 years, with an annual payment of \$31,000. Lease payments totaled \$31,000 for the year. In addition, the District entered into an operating lease in fiscal year 2004 with Perry Corporation for the use of nine copiers for a period of five years. There is no minimum monthly payment because the cost is calculated based on usage. Lease expense amounted to \$50,730 for the fiscal year 2009.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under the operating lease as of June 30, 2009:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		
2010	\$31,000	
201 1	31,000	
2012	31,000	
2013	31,000	
2014	31,000	
2015 - 2016	62,000	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$217,000	

NOTE 17 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2009 the District had the following commitments with respect to capital projects:

Capital Project	Amount Remaining	Estimated Date of Completion
Football Field Turf	\$383,519	August 2009
High School Parking Lot	162,918	August 2009

LublinSussman Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants

3166 N. Republic Blvd. Toledo, Ohio 43615-1572 419-841-2848 Fax 419-841-8178

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ottawa Hills Local School District Lucas County 3600 Indian Road Ottawa Hills, OH 43606-2425

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds information of Ottawa Hills Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control.

We consider finding 2009-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiency described above, we consider Finding 2009-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management and the School Board in a separate letter dated January 28, 2010.

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion in it.

This report is intended for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and School Board, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 28, 2010

Sublin Susaman Group LLP

Schedule of Findings and Responses Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2009-001

Material Weakness - Fixed Asset Controls

The School District has adopted a fixed asset policy and has implemented procedures to assist in recording building improvements, construction in progress and equipment as capital items, however, certain material construction and equipment costs were expensed rather than capitalized. This resulted in an understatement of fixed assets of \$169,671.

To prevent the understatement of fixed assets, we recommend that the recording of fixed assets be updated throughout the year instead of after the year end, and the fixed asset listing is reconciled with the financial statement amounts.

Response: The Treasurer's office will conduct a review of the fiscal records before the end of the fiscal year to properly record all fixed assets. The search for fixed assets will include a review of new equipment purchases, internal and external building improvements, and construction in progress. The review will include all funds for the School District. Proper recording of fixed assets will enable accurate financial statements and depreciation schedules.

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i> :
2008-001	Material Weakness – Fixed Asset Controls	No	Finding reissued as finding number 2009-001.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Ottawa Hills Local School District Lucas County 3600 Indian Rd. Ottawa Hills, OH 43606

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Ottawa Hills Local School District (the District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on December 18, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B).
 - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school sponsored events:
 - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;
 - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;

- (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
- (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, " 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C.1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;
- (6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- (7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- (8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (9) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States:
- (10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 28, 2010

Whin Susaman Group LLP



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

OTTAWA HILLS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LUCAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 15, 2010