Norton City School District

* * * *

Report Letters

June 30, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Norton City School District 4128 Cleveland Massillon Road Norton, Ohio 44203

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Norton City School District, Summit County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Norton City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

February 23, 2010



NORTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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Focused on Your Future.

December 27, 2009

To the Board of Education Norton City School District Summit County, Ohio 4128 Cleveland-Massillon Rd. Norton, Ohio 44203

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Norton City School District (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Norton City School District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter dated December 27, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lea & Associates, Inc.



Focused on Your Future.

December 27, 2009

The Board of Education Norton City School District Summit County, Ohio 4128 S. Cleveland-Massillon Rd. Norton, Ohio 44203

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Norton City School District (the School District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009. Norton City School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Norton City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Norton City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circulars A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Norton City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Norton City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Norton City School District Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Norton City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Norton City School Districts' internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Norton City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2009. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kea & Associates, Inc.

NORTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS--CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Program Year	Federal Receipts	Federal Disbursements
U. S. Department of Education				
(Passed through the Ohio Department of Education):	04.010	2000	¢ 17.512	¢ 46.550
Title I Title I	84.010 84.010	2008 2009	\$ 17,513	\$ 46,552
Total Title I	64.010	2009	185,993 203,506	170,417 216,969
Total Title I			203,300	210,909
Special Education Cluster				
IDEA-B	84.027	2009	398,811	398,811
Total IDEA-B			398,811	398,811
Preschool Grants	84.173	2008	300	
Preschool Grants	84.173	2008	3,612	3,612
Total Preschool Grants	04.173	2009	3,912	3,612
Total Fleschool Grants			3,912	3,012
Total Special Education Cluster			402,723	402,423
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	2009	6,308	6,308
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities			6,308	6,308
Title V	84.298	2008	3,626	1,501
Title V	84.298	2009	2,085	2,085
Total Title V	0.1.270	2009	5,711	3,586
TV4 H D	04.210	2000	707	0.12
Title II-D	84.318	2008	707	842
Title II-D	84.318	2009	1,943	1,943
Total Title II-D			2,650	2,785
Title II-A	84.367	2008	4,917	7,074
Title II-A	84.367	2009	56,001	51,621
Total Title II-A			60,918	58,695
Total U.S. Department of Education			681,816	690,766
U. S. Department of Agriculture (Passed through the Ohio Department of Education): Child Nutrition Cluster Non Cosh Assistance (Food Distribution):				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	10.555	2009	42,069	42,069
Cash Assistance:	10.555	2007	72,007	72,009
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2009	228,514	228,514
Cash Assistance Subtotal:	10.555	2007	228,514	228,514
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			270,583	270,583
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			270,583	270,583
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 952,399	\$ 961,349

NORTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS—CASH BASIS

JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 2: NUTRITION CLUSTER

Reimbursement monies are commingled with local receipts and state grants. It is assumed federal moneys are expended first.

Food Distribution Program nonmonetary assistance is part of the Nutrition Cluster. It is reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards at the value of the commodities received as assessed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. At June 30, 2009, the School District had no significant food commodities inventory.

Note 3: TRANSFERS

The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30 and spent by September 30). However, with Ohio Department of Education's (ODE) approval, a District can transfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. During fiscal year 2009, ODE authorized the following transfers:

CFDA Number Program Title		<u>Year</u>	Transfers Out	Transfers In
84.298	Innovative ProgramsTitle V	2008	320	
84.298	Innovative ProgramsTitle V	2009		320

NORTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, Section .505 JUNE 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
(d) (1) (ii)	Opinion Were there any material weaknesses or significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non - compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster CFDA #'s 10.555
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None were noted

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None were noted



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

December 27, 2009

Norton City School District 4128 S. Cleveland-Massillon Rd. Norton, Ohio 44203

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 277.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Norton City School District (the District) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on November 14, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B):
 - a) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - b) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that shall include the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;
 - c) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;

Norton City School District Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Page 2

- d) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
- e) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;
- f) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- g) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- h) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- i) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- 3. The policy excluded the following required element:
 - a) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

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Norton Lity School District Norton, Chio



fxcellent with Distinction

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2009

Norton City School District

Norton, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Prepared by: Stephanie Hagenbush and Treasurer's Office Staff

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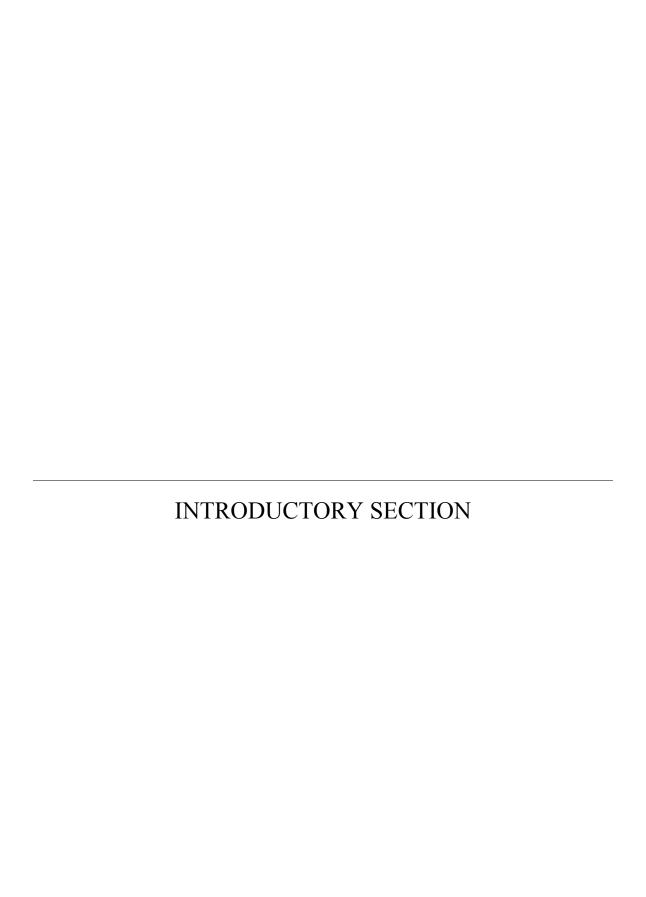
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Treasurer's Office 4128 Cleveland-Massillon Rd Norton, Ohio 44203 (330) 825-2114 Fax (330) 825-4537

Stephanie Hagenbush Treasurer

Mary Renick Assistant Treasurer

Betsy McGeorge EMIS Coordinator

Cindy Dohner Financial Secretary

Sherry McNab Accounts Payable December 27, 2009

Norton Board of Education Members and The Citizens of the Norton City School District:

The Norton City School District's (the "School District") Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) compiled for the fiscal year July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2009 is respectfully submitted. Prepared by the Treasurer's office for the purpose of informing the Norton City School District's taxpayers, this comprehensive report's design provides complete and accurate disclosure of the School District's material financial operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

The responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School District's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this CAFR and the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the School District.

The information submitted conforms to the accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America, as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as is applicable to governmental entities and includes an unqualified opinion from an Independent Certified Public Accountant. Copies of this report, on file in the Treasurer's Office, are available for review upon written request to the Treasurer.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

HISTORY OF THE NORTON COMMUNITY AND SCHOOLS

The City of Norton, located in southwestern Summit County, covers approximately nineteen square miles of land and has a current population of 11,523 (census 2000). The area was originally part of Wolf Creek Township and, when first settled, was part of the Western Reserve. Named for Connecticut Proprietor, Birdseye Norton, it was organized as a separate township in April 1818. The township consisted of several semi-villages: Norton Center, Loyal Oak, Western Star, Hametown, Sherman, Johnson's Corners and New Portage. Norton Township was established as one of the leading agricultural townships with some industry in coal mining.

In accordance with the law of 1785, that every 16th section of land be reserved for the "maintenance of public schools within each township," Norton established the first school in 1818-1819. It was a log-built structure with records of approximately 30 total students. In 1831, there were two buildings used for schooling when farming slowed down during the winter months.

In 1892, a two-room wooden high school was built preparing for the first graduation Class of 1895 that consisted of three members. In 1915, this two-room building was replaced with a modern brick structure that housed two elementary grades in four classrooms and three rooms for the high school.

In 1953, a new high school building was erected and the old high school building became the junior high building. The original building was designed to house 500 pupils, and in the 1950's, enrollment increased to 1,100. In 1956 the 19 room elementary building was completed, and several school additions followed at the Sherman and Grill Elementary buildings. Passage of a bond issue in 1966 made possible additions to the High School and completion of the new Middle School. In 1960 school enrollment increased to 1,474.

For fiscal year 2008-09 the student head count totaled 2,483 with a projection of 2,642 for the 2009-10 school year. Resident students enroll in five schools: Norton High School (grades 9-12) built in 1953, Norton Middle School (grades 5-8) built in 1966, Norton Cornerstone (grades K-4) built in 1914, Norton Primary (grades K-4) built in 1956, and Grill School (grades K-4) built in 1928 for general education. Other facilities operated by the School District include the Central Administration Office, Bus Garage, Vocational Building, Football Stadium, and other athletic fields.

The recognizable growth in the student population is attributable to recorded census population increases in Norton Township. In 1840 the population recorded was 1,497 and had increased 38 percent to 2,066 by 1880. In 1890 farms adjacent to Norton were purchased for the purpose of manufacturing, and thereupon, the city of Barberton was founded in 1891. Norton's location, close to Barberton and Akron industries, facilitated growth. The population of Norton in the 1900's continued to grow and change with census recordings in 1920 totaling 2,935 that had increased to 7,454 by 1950. Realizing its potential, Norton Township incorporated in March of 1961 and by 1969, Norton had assumed city status.

The Norton City School District is a member of the Four Cities Educational Compact that provides various vocational education programs to high school students attending the Norton, Barberton, Copley-Fairlawn and Wadsworth City school districts. Available within the Four Cities Compact Schools are: industry-certified occupational programs, cluster-based work force development programs, career readiness programs, Family and Consumer Science programs and supplemental vocational program services. Classes offered, are Occupational Work Adjustment (OWA), Occupational Work Experience (OWE) (career readiness); Life Planning, Parenting, Family Relations, Personal Development (Family and Consumer Science); Administrative Assistants (Junior and Senior), Cooperative Business Education (CBE), and Diversified Cooperative Trade (DCT) (supplemental vocational programs).

SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION

The School District operates under standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of providing educational services authorized by charter and further mandated by State and/or Federal Agencies.

The Norton Board of Education (Board) consists of five members elected by its citizens. The Board serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body and implements the School District policies. Annually the Board adopts the School District's operating budget, tax budget and is responsible for the authorization of all of the School District's expenditures pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.38, 5705.28, and 5705.41, respectively.

The Superintendent functions as the Chief Executive Officer of the School District with responsibility for the education and support operations of the School District in accordance with Section 3319.01 of the Ohio Revised Code and is directly responsible to the Board of Education. Mr. David Dunn was hired as Superintendent August 1, 2007, and was awarded a three year contract that expires on July 31, 2010.

The Treasurer is the Chief Financial Officer of the School District with statutory obligations set forth in sections 3313.22 through 3313.32 of the Ohio Revised Code and is directly responsible to the Board of Education. Ms. Stephanie Hagenbush was appointed as Treasurer in January 2006 and was awarded a new 3 ½ year contract effective at the organizational meeting in January 2008 and will expire July 31, 2011.

REPORTING ENTITY

The School District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to insure conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board statements. In evaluating how to define the School District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all boards, funds, agencies, departments and organizations making up the Norton City School District (the primary government).

Other governmental entities (i.e. City of Norton, Norton Branch of Summit County Library) conducting business activities within School District boundaries are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. The School District's Board does not appoint the boards of those entities, nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District. The School District cannot legally access their resources, has no obligation to finance deficits or provide financial support, and is not obligated for their debts.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

The City of Norton is located at the intersection of U.S. Route 21 and Interstate 76. The community's economy, historically, was agricultural based with some coal mining industry. While there is still some farming today, it has decreased considerably as the City's economic base has become predominantly residential. The City of Norton offers an excellent opportunity for potential business growth as well as residential expansion due to the City Council's recent enactment of attaining sewer and water from the City of Barberton.

Norton's proximity to major cities makes it a desirable community in which to live, providing easy access to cultural, social, educational, and economic resources. It is within minutes of state universities and private colleges, international and private airports, numerous inland lakes and reservoirs, the fisheries of Lake Erie, metropolitan and state parks, and the Cuyahoga Valley National Recreation Area. The City provides its residents with: quality police and fire services; participation in the Summit County 911 Service; and, efficient maintenance of 89 miles of Norton's roads by the City's Service Department. The Norton Municipal Park system offers convenient locations for picnicking and youth league baseball. Also, there is a Community Center available for rental to the residents.

The continued economic growth and expansion of Norton is anticipated due to its convenient location and with the planned installation of additional City sewer and water services. With current construction of new housing developments and an apartment complex, the School District will inevitably experience an increase in student population. Throughout its history, the School District has been fortunate that city residents place a high value on education with a continued commitment of local support.

The School District's vision is "Every Child Every Day," providing our students with a quality education. The financial stability of the School District is vital in this pursuit and is credited to the loyal support of its community. Confronted with the many challenges and opportunities of a public education facility, the School District's Board and its employees continue to move forward in the education process of their students in their "Pursuit of Excellence".

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Continuous Improvement

A Continuous Improvement Plan (CIP) is in place and used as the School District's strategic plan in guiding decision-making and actions of the School District toward continual improvements in student academic achievement. The goal is to improve the processes and results as they relate to teaching and learning. The first steps, data collection and analysis, were completed and a Plan was drafted and Board approved. CIP meetings between faculty and administrators are held periodically providing ongoing evaluation and enhancement of the Plan. During fiscal year 2004-05 the District earned an "excellent" status, which means according to state standards the Norton students are performing at or above the highest level attainable. The School District has maintained this rating for five consecutive years and this past year has achieved the "Excellent with Distinction" rating.

Financial Forecast

The Five Year Forecast is updated as significant changes take place, but by law, must be approved by the Board of Education and submitted to the state twice a year, in October and May. At the end of fiscal year 2009, the forecast showed an unencumbered balance of \$4,312,248. However, as the costs of doing business continue to grow, the controversy over state funding, and the increasing numbers of unfunded state and federal mandates, a resulting effect of the School District expenditures exceeding its revenues will begin to produce a future deficit as projected in the School District's financial forecast.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION & RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Long-Term Financial Planning

During these uncertain economic times the administration and Board of Education endeavor to hold down expenditures and continue to examine areas to make future resource reallocations. Our goal is to create dynamic curriculum and learning environments that challenge all students' creative, analytical and critical thinking abilities and skills beyond standardized requirements. Our focus on student achievement has earned Norton City School District its first "Excellent with Distinction" rating from the Ohio Department of Education.

The Ohio Legislature enacted House Bill 920 in 1976 which severely limited schools in their funding initiatives. This law prohibits school districts from realizing additional revenue from previously voted millage due to reappraisal of property values due to inflation.

House Bill 95 passed in June 2003 and House Bill 66 passed in June 2005 has eliminated the collection of taxes on tangible personal property. Tangible personal property is the machinery, inventory, furniture and fixtures owned by businesses. As the tax on tangible personal property is terminated, the State will provide limited reimbursements to school districts through the foundation program and direct payments. The flow of these revenues will come via a Commercial Activity Tax. Interestingly, revenues that once flowed from local sources will now flow from the State, appearing as if the State has increased funding to education. The net effect is an overall reduction of revenues to the Norton School District and like many Ohio schools will be forced to seek voter-approved levies more frequently.

In November, 2004 the School District electors approved the passage of a continuing 4.9 mill levy. This produces approximately an additional 1.5 million per year.

Financial Policy

The School District is required by Ohio law to complete a five-year financial forecast annually. This School District completed the forecast in October 2009 as required. This document is updated regularly and serves as a financial roadmap for the School District. The forecast is designed to provide the administration, board of education and the public a general indication of a probable future financial position of the School District based on information currently available to the School District. The forecast is a critical planning document for the School District. It is a necessary tool focusing discussion and attention on future financial needs while facilitating management's strategic planning.

Accounting System

This is the seventh year that the School District has prepared financial statements following GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – State and Local Governments." GASB Statement No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the School District's financial activities as follows:

Government-wide financial statements – These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by businesses. The government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities

Fund financial statements – These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Statement of budgetary comparison – This statement presents a comparison of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, cash disbursements and encumbrances.

As determined by criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34, the School District does not report any activities that qualify as enterprise or business type activities. As part of this new reporting model, management is also responsible for preparing a "Management's Discussion and Analysis" of the School District. This discussion follows the Independent Auditor's Report, providing an assessment of the School District's finances for fiscal year 2009 and the outlook for the future. Because that discussion focuses on major funds, the financial highlights provided in this letter focus on certain nonmajor funds of the School District.

Internal Controls

The establishment and maintenance of an internal control structure, designed for safeguarding from loss, theft or misuse of the School District's assets, is the responsibility of management. An effective fiscal management system incorporating internal accounting controls ensures the School District's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures are properly classified and accurately recorded into the School District accounting records for the appropriate fiscal period in compliance with GAAP. The design of the internal control structure provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives were met. The concept of reasonable assurance assumes: the costs of the controls should not exceed the benefits presumably derived from its implementation and the estimates and judgments relative to cost and benefit valuation are determined by management. Management believes the School District's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

The School District maintains its accounts, appropriations, and other financial records in accordance with the procedures established and prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code and the Ohio Auditor of State. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation resolution approved by the Board. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level. The School District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and therefore, are not re-appropriated.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. The Treasurer must certify purchase order requests and ensure that the necessary funds are available. Then, purchase orders are encumbered and released to vendors. Management may make budgetary modifications as long as the total fund appropriation is not affected.

The Principal at each building directs site-based financial management. Building teams are formed to assist in formulating the School District's Continuous Improvement Plan and pertinent budget issues identified by the staff, parents or students. Each building has an annual budget for instructional support and office operations.

School District Administrators and Principals receive financial reports monthly showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible. The School District utilizes the State's software program allowing building level input of purchase requisitions. The Building Administrator and/or Business Manager and the Superintendent approve the requisitions, the Treasurer certifies the availability of funds, and then requisitions are electronically converted to purchase orders and encumbered.

In addition to the distribution of month-end reports to its management, and to ensure prescribed budgetary compliance within all levels of the School District, the Treasurer's office publishes annually the School District's financial handbook detailing the School District's adopted procedures for proper receipting and expending of School District funds. This handbook is distributed to new employees and is available online to all employees.

The basis of accounting and the various funds utilized by the Norton City School District are fully described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

As an additional safeguard, a blanket bond covers all employees, and a separate, higher limit bond covers certain individuals in policy-making roles.

Single Audit Act

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the School District is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place and is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations relative to those programs.

Financial Highlights - Internal Service Fund

The only internal service fund carried on the financial records relates to self-insurance. This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses related to the provision of medical, surgical, prescription drug, vision and dental benefits to the School District's employees. The balance at June 30, 2009, was sufficient to meet all claims outstanding at year-end.

Financial Highlights - Fiduciary Fund

The trust fund carried on the financial records of the School District is a scholarship private purpose trust fund that has assets totaling \$87,042 as of June 30, 2009.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit</u>

Provisions of State statute require an independent auditor subject the School District's financial statements to an annual examination. In addition to meeting the requirement set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. Rea & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants, performed the audit for the period ended June 30, 2009. Those provisions have been satisfied and the opinion of the Independent Auditors is included in the financial section of this CAFR.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Norton City School District for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, the contents of which conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the high standards required by the Certificate of Achievement program.

Acknowledgments

The preparation and publication of the 2009 CAFR of the Norton City School District was facilitated through the assistance of many people. My sincere appreciation is extended to the staff of the Treasurer's office for their dedication, support, and encouragement throughout this process. In addition, sincere thanks are also extended to various administrators and employees of the School District, the Summit County Fiscal Officer's office staff and other outside agencies whose efforts contributed to the fair presentation of the statistical data.

Finally, sincere appreciation is expressed to the Norton City Schools Board of Education for their support and commitment to continuing efforts made in improvements of financial management and reporting as we continue in our effort to reach "Every Child Every Day".

Jazinbush)

Respectfully submitted,

Stephanie Hagenbush

Treasurer

Norton City School District Principal Officials Roster Year Ended June 30, 2009

Board of Education

Mrs. Diane Farmer President

Mrs. Elisa Worthington Vice President

Mr. Jim Bennett Member

Mrs. Laura Leonti Member

Mrs. Cindy Webel Member

Treasurer/Chief Fiscal Officer

Mrs. Stephanie Hagenbush

Administration

Mr. David Dunn Superintendent

Mr. Ken Caldwell Business Manager

Mrs. Sharon Herchik Director of Curriculum

Ms. Valerie Riedthaler Coordinator of Special Education

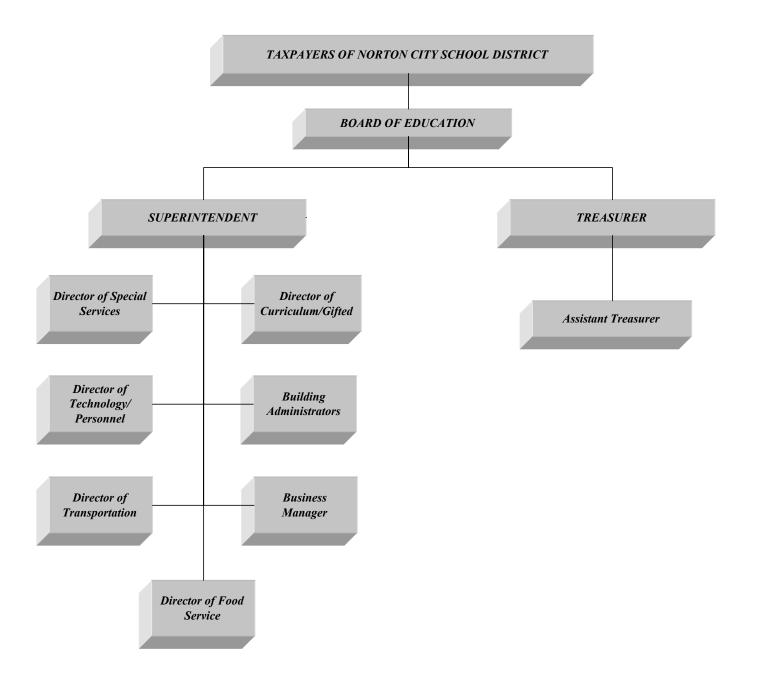
Mrs. Angela Wagler Technology Coordinator

Ms. Judy Johnsen Food Service Supervisor

Mr. Paul Stoneking Transportation Supervisor

Mr. Randy Whited Facilities Supervisor

Norton City School District Organizational Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Norton City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WE OFFICE STATES AND CORPORATION SEAL STATES AND CORPORATI

President

Executive Director





Focused on Your Future.

December 27, 2009

The Board of Education Norton City School District 4128 Cleveland-Massillon Rd. Norton, Ohio 44203

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Norton City School District (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2009, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Norton City School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material aspects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of Norton City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$118,477, representing a 1.09% increase from fiscal year 2008.
- General revenues accounted for \$18,417,513 in revenue or 80.12% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, and operating grants, contributions and interest accounted for \$4,570,974 or 19.88% of total revenues of \$22,988,487.
- Compared to fiscal year 2008, the total assets of governmental activities decreased by \$1,156,139.
- The School District had \$22,870,010 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,570,974 of these expenses was offset by program specific revenues that include charges for services, operating grants, contributions and interest. General revenues of \$18,417,513 contributed to support these programs.
- The School District had two major governmental funds, the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The general fund's balance decreased \$965,592 from \$4,843,690 as of June 30, 2008 to \$3,878,098 at June 30, 2009. The permanent improvement capital projects fund balance increased \$606,066 from \$1,093,734 at June 30, 2008 to \$1,699,800 at June 30, 2009.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Norton City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements present how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Norton City School District, the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund are by far the most significant funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?" These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis, of accounting takes into account, all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the School District's activities are considered to be all Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 16. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's only major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008:

Table 1 Net Assets

		Governmental Activities				
		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>		
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$	17,743,714	\$	18,535,859		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	_	3,789,143		4,153,137		
Total assets		21,532,857		22,688,996		
Liabilities						
Current and other liabilities		9,571,996		10,818,551		
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		137,397		143,065		
Due in more than one year		819,808		842,201		
Total liabilities		10,529,201		11,803,817		
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of deb	ot	3,659,174		3,974,054		
Restricted		2,358,623		1,758,276		
Unrestricted	_	4,985,859		5,152,849		
Total net assets	\$	11,003,656	\$	10,885,179		

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. During fiscal year 2009, the School District had an increase in net assets of \$118,477.

Capital assets, net of related debt reported on the government-wide statements represents a large component of net assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, all of which are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net assets, \$2,358,623, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how the funds may be used. Of the total restricted net assets, \$4,703 is restricted for debt service payments, \$1,715,846 is restricted for capital projects and \$638,074 is restricted for other purposes. The remaining balance of net assets of \$4,985,859 is unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Table 2 shows changes in net assets for fiscal year 2009 compared to fiscal year 2008.

Table 2

Table 2				
Changes in Net Ass	ets			
		Government	tal A	ctivities
		<u>2009</u>		2008
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	3,310,984	\$	3,358,944
Operating grants, contributions and interest		1,243,632		1,245,167
Capital grants and contributions		16,358		7,871
General revenues:				
Property taxes		8,848,993		8,812,277
Grants and entitlements		9,151,286		9,073,682
Investment earnings		102,202		352,961
Miscellaneous		315,032		227,281
Total revenues		22,988,487		23,078,183
Duaguam Eurapaga				
Program Expenses Instruction:				
		10 644 647		10 722 100
Regular		10,644,647		10,722,198
Special Vacational		1,873,425		1,716,479
Vocational		931,855		751,190
Adult/continuing		4,087		1,907
Student intervention services		278,751		202.020
Other		-		302,020
Support services:		724 112		754 470
Pupil		724,112		754,478
Instructional staff		1,031,316		995,596
Board of education		33,614		37,251
Administration		1,570,572		1,654,583
Fiscal		600,106		512,986
Business		287,777		302,407
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,031,679		2,087,838
Pupil transportation		1,421,743		1,539,668
Central		79,908		74,388
Operation non-instructional services		4,734		1,003
Operation of food services		830,670		813,046
Extracurricular activities		513,452		509,362
Interest and fiscal charges		7,562		5,130
Total expenses		22,870,010		22,781,530
Change in net assets		118,477		296,653
Net assets beginning of year	_	10,885,179	_	10,588,526
Net assets end of year	\$	11,003,656	\$	10,885,179

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Norton City School District depends on both property taxes and State funding.

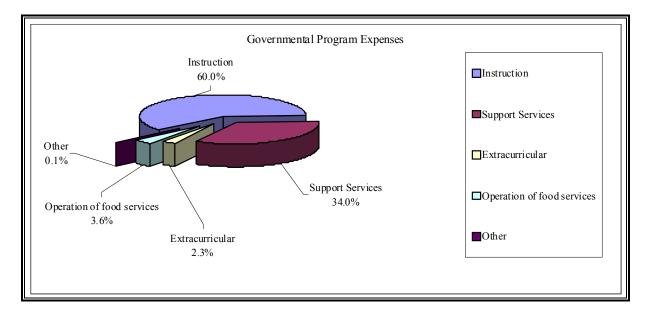
Several revenue sources fund our governmental activities with property tax and State foundation revenues being the largest contributors. Property tax levies generated over \$8.8 million in 2009. General revenues from grants and entitlements, such as the school foundation program, generated over \$9 million. Due to the combination of taxes and intergovernmental funding representing nearly 78.3% of all revenues, the School District monitors both of these sources very closely for fluctuations.

A review of Table 2 reflects that the total cost of instructional services was \$13,732,765, or 60.04% of governmental program expenses. Instructional expenses include activities directly related to the teaching of pupils and the interaction between teacher and pupil. As compared to the prior year, these expenses increased \$238,971, or 1.8%. While these expenses increased, expenses throughout other programs decreased, due to cut-backs in human resources.

Also for fiscal year 2009, instruction: other was broken down into a more specific category and is now being reported as instruction: student intervention services and instruction: other. A comparative analysis will be presented in future years when prior year information is available.

Pupil services and instructional staff include the activities involved in assisting staff and the content and process of teaching pupils. These expenses represent \$1,755,428 of the total governmental program expenses, or 7.7%. These expenses increased over the prior year in the amount of \$5,354, or .31%.

Below is a graphical display of the program expenses in a more aggregate total than the table above.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Board of Education, administration, fiscal and business classifications reflect expenses associated with establishing and administering school operation policies, financial operations and activities concerned with purchasing, receiving and maintaining goods and services for the School District. The total cost was \$2,492,069, or 10.9% of governmental program expenses. Expenses of these programs decreased \$15,158, or .60%, as compared to fiscal year 2008, driven mostly by decreases in administration expenses.

Operation and maintenance of plant expenses refer to the care and upkeep of the buildings, grounds, equipment and the safety of the School District's operations. The total cost for the operation and maintenance services was \$2,031,679, or 8.9% of the governmental program expenses. Expenses for providing this program decreased \$56,159, or 2.7% as compared to the prior year. The primary cause of this decrease was due to a decrease in operating expenses.

Pupil transportation expenses are expenses related to the transportation of students to and from school, as well as the service and maintenance of those vehicles. Total transportation cost was \$1,421,743, or 6.2% of the total governmental program expenditures. Expenses for providing this program decreased \$117,925, or 7.7% as compared to the prior year. The primary cause of this decrease was due to the decrease in operating expenses.

Overall, the School District's fiscal year revenues exceeded expenses by \$118,477. This is due to an increase in property taxes and an increase in grants and entitlements. The School District also continued to benefit from changes to the employee health care network made in prior years.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services as compared to fiscal year 2008. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

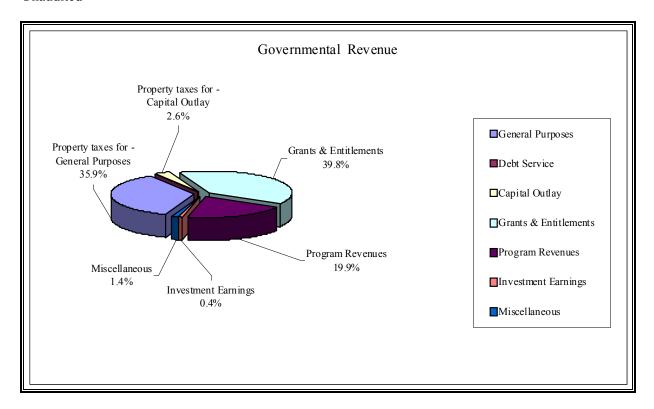
Norton City School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Table 3 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2009		Total Cost of Services 2008		Net Cost of Services 2009		(Net Cost of Services 2008
Program Expenses:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	10,644,647	\$	10,722,198	\$	(7,846,166)	\$	(8,326,401)
Special		1,873,425		1,716,479		(1,485,349)		(958,560)
Vocational		931,855		751,190		(927,158)		(746,159)
Adult/continuing		4,087		1,907		(4,087)		(1,907)
Student intervention services		278,751		-		(278,751)		-
Other		-		302,020		-		(281,076)
Support services:								
Pupil		724,112		754,478		(651,084)		(686,686)
Instructional staff		1,031,316		995,596		(861,471)		(810,826)
Board of education		33,614		37,251		(33,614)		(37,251)
Administration		1,570,572		1,654,583		(1,479,828)		(1,514,156)
Fiscal		600,106		512,986		(600,106)		(512,986)
Business		287,777		302,407		(287,777)		(302,407)
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,031,679		2,087,838		(2,029,177)		(2,080,328)
Pupil transportation		1,421,743		1,539,668		(1,405,385)		(1,531,797)
Central		79,908		74,388		(72,307)		(65,310)
Operation non-instructional services		4,734		1,003		(4,734)		(1,003)
Operation of food services		830,670		813,046		60,073		65,714
Extracurricular activities		513,452		509,362		(384,553)		(373,279)
Interest and fiscal charges		7,562		5,130		(7,562)		(5,130)
Total expenses	\$	22,870,010	\$	22,781,530	\$	(18,299,036)	\$	(18,169,548)

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited



Program revenues include charges for services, grants, contributions and interest that are program specific. Surrounding schools whose resident students are educated by the Norton City School District pay the School District \$5,732 per pupil under Ohio's open enrollment entitlement.

Property taxes made up 38.5% of total revenues for governmental activities for the Norton City Schools in fiscal year 2009. Program revenues for governmental activities provided 19.88% of governmental revenues with 80.12% of all governmental activities supported through property taxes, grants and entitlement, and other general revenues. The 39.8% provided by the grants and entitlements portion of general revenues includes monies received from the Ohio Department of Education, State Foundation Program and property tax relief such as the homestead exemptions and rollbacks provided by HB 920.

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The total revenues and other financing sources for governmental funds were \$22,947,913 and total expenditures other financing uses were \$23,317,411. The net change in fund balance was significant in the general fund with a decrease of \$965,592. This decrease is attributed to increases in instruction and support service expenditures. The net change in fund balance in the permanent improvement capital projects fund increased \$606,066. This increase is attributed to increases in taxes and decreases in expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue and other financing sources estimate was \$19,730,551. This was in line with the original budget estimate of \$19,725,950. Actual revenues were \$238,204 higher due to conservative estimates for property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The original expenditures and other financing uses estimate of \$22,493,908 was the same as the final estimate. Actual expenditures and encumbrances of \$21,493,975, for the year, fell below the original and final budgets by \$999,933. This is due to controls used with departmental budgeting. Even though the appropriated amount exceeded the actual amounts the individual departments fell closely within their budgets.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the School District had \$3,789,143 invested in land and land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2009 balances compared to fiscal year 2008:

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30, 2009
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						
	<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>				
Land	\$ 71,000	\$	71,000				
Land improvements	609,921		660,667				
Buildings and improvements	2,240,935		2,376,758				
Furniture and equipment	392,536		460,462				
Vehicles	 474,751		584,250				
Total capital assets	\$ 3,789,143	\$	4,153,137				

The total decrease in the value of assets, as compared to the prior year, is due to the current year's depreciation on the School District's assets. See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Unaudited

Debt

Table 5 summarizes the capital leases outstanding:

Table 5 Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End

	Governmental Activities					
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>				
Capital Leases	\$ 129,969	\$ 179,083				
Total outstanding debt	\$ 129,969	\$ 179,083				

The capital leases are to be repaid from the general fund, which the School District has budgeted to meet these requirements.

At June 30, 2009, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$27,624,133 with an unvoted debt margin of \$302,180. The School District is not currently rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service. See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's long-term obligations.

Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient...". The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

Due to the unsettled issues in the school funding, management is required to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years. In conclusion, the School District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions or need additional financial information, contact Stephanie Hagenbush, Treasurer/Chief Fiscal Officer of the Norton City School District, 4128 South Cleveland Massillon Road, Norton, Ohio 44203 by phone (330) 825-2114 or e-mail shagenbush@norton.summit.k12.oh.us.

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Norton City School District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

	Governmenta Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,027,408	
Cash and cash equivalents:			
In segregated accounts		1,809,837	
Receivables:			
Taxes		8,563,041	
Accounts		318,466	
Prepaid items		6,478	
Inventory held for resale		6,574	
Materials and supplies inventory		11,910	
Capital assets:			
Land		71,000	
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,718,143	
Total capital assets		3,789,143	
Total assets		21,532,857	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		71,794	
Accrued wages		1,288,538	
Intergovernmental payable		582,154	
Deferred revenue		7,269,587	
Unearned revenue		2,842	
Claims payable		357,081	
Long-term liabilities:		,	
Due within one year		137,397	
Due in more than one year		819,808	
Total liabilities		10,529,201	
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,659,174	
Restricted for:		2,023,17	
Capital projects		1,715,846	
Debt service		4,703	
Other purposes		638,074	
Unrestricted		4,985,859	
Total net assets	\$	11,003,656	
i otai net assets	Φ	11,005,050	

					Progr	ram Revenues			F	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities:		•								
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	10,644,647	\$	2,486,074	\$	312,407	\$	-	\$	(7,846,166)
Special		1,873,425		108,061		280,015		-		(1,485,349)
Vocational		931,855		4,697		-		-		(927,158)
Adult/continuing		4,087		-		-		-		(4,087)
Student intervention services		278,751		-		-		-		(278,751)
Support services:										
Pupils		724,112		-		73,028		-		(651,084)
Instructional staff		1,031,316		3,002		166,843		-		(861,471)
Board of education		33,614		-		-		-		(33,614)
Administration		1,570,572		-		90,744		-		(1,479,828)
Fiscal		600,106		-		-		-		(600,106)
Business		287,777		-		-		-		(287,777)
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,031,679		2,502		-		-		(2,029,177)
Pupil transportation		1,421,743		-		-		16,358		(1,405,385)
Central		79,908		-		7,601		-		(72,307)
Operation of non-instructional services		4,734		-		-		-		(4,734)
Operation of food services		830,670		590,778		299,965		-		60,073
Extracurricular activities		513,452		115,870		13,029		-		(384,553)
Interest and fiscal charges		7,562								(7,562)
Total governmental activities	\$	22,870,010	\$	3,310,984	\$	1,243,632	\$	16,358		(18,299,036)
	Prop Ge	eral Revenues: erty taxes levied eneral purposes	for:							8,244,523
		pital outlay								604,470
			nts no	t restricted to sp	ecific p	rograms				9,151,286
		stment earnings								102,202
	Misc	ellaneous								315,032
	Tota	l general revenue	es							18,417,513
	Char	ige in net assets								118,477
	Net a	ssets at beginning	ng of	year						10,885,179
	Net a	assets at end of y	ear						\$	11,003,656

Net (Expense)

Norton City School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

Acceptant		General	Permanent Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,643,324	\$	1,648,844	\$	720,011	\$	7,012,179
Receivables:	Ψ	1,013,321	Ψ	1,010,011	Ψ	720,011	Ψ	7,012,179
Taxes		7,973,405		589,636		_		8,563,041
Accounts		318,466		-		-		318,466
Interfund		50,411		-		-		50,411
Prepaid items		5,941		-		537		6,478
Inventory held for resale		-		-		6,574		6,574
Materials and supplies inventory		10,223		-		1,687		11,910
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents (restricted)		15,229						15,229
Total assets	\$	13,016,999	\$	2,238,480	\$	728,809	\$	15,984,288
<u>Liabilities and fund balances:</u>								
<u>Liabilities:</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	40,911	\$	21,204	\$	9,679	\$	71,794
Accrued wages		1,260,957		-		27,581		1,288,538
Interfund payable				-		50,411		50,411
Intergovernmental payable		570,499		-		11,655		582,154
Deferred revenue		7,266,534		517,476				7,784,010
Total liabilities		9,138,901		538,680		99,326		9,776,907
Fund balances: Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		294,712		69,857		47,443		412,012
Inventory		10,223		-		8,261		18,484
Property taxes		981,587		72,160		-		1,053,747
Prepaid items		5,941		-		537		6,478
Unclaimed money		15,229		-		-		15,229
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:								
General fund		2,570,406		-		-		2,570,406
Special revenue funds		-		-		568,539		568,539
Debt service fund		-		-		4,703		4,703
Capital projects funds				1,557,783				1,557,783
Total fund balances		3,878,098		1,699,800		629,483		6,207,381
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	13,016,999	\$	2,238,480	\$	728,809	\$	15,984,288

Norton City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

Total governmental funds balances			\$ 6,207,381
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			3,789,143
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes	\$	239,707	
Tuition and fees	Ф	250,000	
Miscellaneous		24,716	
Total		21,710	514,423
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.			1,449,914
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Compensated absences	\$	(827,236)	
Capital leases		(129,969)	
Total			 (957,205)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$ 11,003,656

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General	Permanent aprovement	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	 	_			
Taxes	\$ 8,270,648	\$ 605,760	\$ -	\$	8,876,408
Intergovernmental	9,235,239	129,110	1,025,379		10,389,728
Interest	88,823	-	6,444		95,267
Tuition and fees	2,361,713	-	62,726		2,424,439
Extracurricular activities	-	-	161,081		161,081
Gifts and donations	1,100	-	39,034		40,134
Charges for services	-	-	578,779		578,779
Rent	2,503	-	-		2,503
Miscellaneous	289,218	-	69,182		358,400
Total revenues	20,249,244	734,870	1,942,625		22,926,739
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	10,617,852	24,804	308,887		10,951,543
Special	1,630,669	_	276,332		1,907,001
Vocational	924,471	_	9,899		934,370
Adult/continuing	4,087	_	-		4,087
Student intervention services	278,751	_	_		278,751
Support services:	_,,,,,,				_,,,,,
Pupils	676,506	_	72,750		749,256
Instructional staff	889,004	25,704	168,906		1,083,614
Board of education	31,420		-		31,420
Administration	1,507,859	_	98,482		1,606,341
Fiscal	590,558	14,005	50,102		604,563
Business	259,021	- 1,005	_		259,021
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,952,029	44,794	_		1,996,823
Pupil transportation	1,369,981	- 11,751	_		1,369,981
Central	75,531	_	7,602		83,133
Operation of non-instructional services	-	_	3,731		3,731
Operation of food services	_	_	842,041		842,041
Extracurricular activities	363,938	12,372	137,145		513,455
Capital outlay	7,657	7,125	5,648		20,430
Debt service:	7,037	7,123	3,040		20,430
Principal retirement	49,114				49,114
Interest and fiscal charges	7,562	-	-		7,562
Total expenditures	 21,236,010	 128,804	1,931,423		23,296,237
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(986,766)	606,066	11,202		(369,498)
Other financing sources:	 _				_
Transfers in	21,174	-	-		21,174
Transfers out	_		(21,174)		(21,174)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 21,174	-	(21,174)		-
Net change in fund balances	(965,592)	606,066	(9,972)		(369,498)
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,843,690	1,093,734	638,986		6,576,410
Increase in reserve for inventory	 	 	469		469
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,878,098	\$ 1,699,800	\$ 629,483	\$	6,207,381

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(369,498)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the				
statement of activities are different because:				
		c		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the state				
the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprec	ciation (expense.		
In the current period, these amounts are:	ф	20.420		
Capital asset additions	\$	20,430		
Depreciation expense		(384,424)		
Excess of depreciation expense over capital asset additions				(363,994)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resou	rces are			
not reported as revenues in the funds. These activities consist of:				
Property taxes	\$	(27,415)		
Intergovernmental		(23,931)		
Tuition and fees		75,000		
Miscellaneous		24,716		
Net change in deferred revenues during the year		<u> </u>		48,370
Repayment of debt and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmen	tal fund	ds,		
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		,		49,114
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curren	t financ	cial		
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental fund	s. Thes	se		
activities consist of:				
Increase in compensated absences	\$	(21,053)		
Increase in consumable inventory		469		
Total reduced expenditures	-			(20,584)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of medical, pre	scriptio	nn		
drug, dental and vision claims to individual funds are not reported in the stater				
activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund r				
are eliminated.	cvenue	3		775,069
are eminiated.				113,007
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$	118,477
Change in not assets of governmental activities			Ψ	110,7//

Norton City School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalanceBudget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 7,797,466	\$ 7,799,289	\$ 7,891,116	\$ 91,827
Intergovernmental	9,125,539	9,127,673	9,235,239	107,566
Interest	88,053	88,074	89,016	942
Tuition and fees	2,333,698	2,334,245	2,361,727	27,482
Gifts and donations	1,088	1,088	1,100	12
Rent	2,476	2,477	2,503	26
Miscellaneous	324,095	324,170	329,100	4,930
Total revenues	19,672,415	19,677,016	19,909,801	232,785
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	11,245,196	11,245,196	10,753,772	491,424
Special	1,669,704	1,669,704	1,628,588	41,116
Vocational	928,728	928,728	918,331	10,397
Adult/continuing	4,934	4,934	4,294	640
Student intervention services	282,731	282,731	278,751	3,980
Support services:				
Pupils	678,081	678,081	660,050	18,031
Instructional staff	938,545	938,545	887,144	51,401
Board of education	37,247	37,247	36,521	726
Administration	1,609,983	1,609,983	1,517,617	92,366
Fiscal	609,927	609,927	585,088	24,839
Business	378,916	378,916	367,749	11,167
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,055,440	2,055,440	1,925,586	129,854
Pupil transportation	1,525,272	1,525,272	1,415,937	109,335
Central	75,066	75,066	74,863	203
Extracurricular activities	369,767	369,767	362,765	7,002
Capital outlay	84,371	84,371	76,919	7,452
Total expenditures	22,493,908	22,493,908	21,493,975	999,933
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(2,821,493)	(2,816,892)	(1,584,174)	1,232,718
Other financing sources:				
Refund of prior year expenditures	32,361	32,361	36,680	4,319
Advances in	-	-	1,100	1,100
Transfers in	21,174	21,174	21,174	
Total other financing sources	53,535	53,535	58,954	5,419
Net change in fund balance	(2,767,958)	(2,763,357)	(1,525,220)	1,238,137
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,358,788	5,358,788	5,358,788	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	493,908	493,908	493,908	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,084,738	\$ 3,089,339	\$ 4,327,476	\$ 1,238,137

Norton City School District Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2009

	Self Insurance	
Assets: Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts	\$	1,809,837
<u>Liabilities:</u>		
Current:		
Unearned revenue	\$	2,842
Claims payable		357,081
Total liabilities		359,923
Net assets:		
Unrestricted		1,449,914
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,809,837

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Self	
Operating revenues:	Insurance	
Charges for services	\$	3,548,851
Operating expenses:		
Purchased services		195,694
Claims	-	2,591,466
Total operating expenses		2,787,160
Operating income		761,691
Non-operating revenues:		
Interest		13,378
Change in net assets		775,069
Net assets at beginning of year		674,845
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,449,914

Norton City School District Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Self	
	Insurance	
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ.	2 274 000
Cash received for charges for services	\$	3,274,099
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(195,694)
Cash payments for claims		(2,676,350)
Net cash provided by operating activities		402,055
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		13,378
Net cash provided by investing financing		13,378
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		415,433
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,394,404
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,809,837
Reconciliation of operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	761,691
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(0.4.00.4)
Claims payable		(84,884)
Unearned revenue		(274,752)
Total adjustments		(359,636)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	402,055

Norton City School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2009

		te Purpose Trust olarships		Agency
Assets:	¢		ø	46.057
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents:	\$	-	\$	46,957
In segregated accounts		86,747		_
Interest receivable		295		-
Total assets	\$	87,042	\$	46,957
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
Due to students	\$		\$	46,957
Total liabilities			\$	46,957
Net assets: Held in trust for scholarships	\$	87,042		
Tree in wood for benefit po	Ψ	07,012		

Norton City School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarships	
Additions:		-
Interest	\$	1,623
Gifts and donations		1,830
Total additions		3,453
Deductions: Payments in accordance with trust agreements		4,001
Change in net assets		(548)
Net assets at beginning of year		87,590
Net assets at end of year	\$	87,042

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Norton City School District (the "School District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's six instructional/support facilities staffed by 109 non-certificated employees and 169 certificated teaching and support personnel, including 17 administrators that provide services to 2,483 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization.

Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no material component units.

The School District is associated with the Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology, Ohio Schools' Council and the Four Cities Educational Compact, which are defined as jointly governed organizations. Jointly governed organizations are governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Information regarding these organizations is presented in Note 13.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting polices.

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling-up" revenues and expenses. However, the services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

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Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The School District's has two major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund:</u> The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund:</u> The permanent improvement capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

<u>Internal Service Fund:</u> The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agency of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for revenue received from other funds and the settlement expenses for medical, surgical, prescription drug, and dental and vision claims of School District employees.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund, which accounts for several scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's only agency fund reports resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All non-fiduciary assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund activity.

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Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenue - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the school district, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported on the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "Operating grants and contributions" program revenue account.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriation Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The amounts reported as the original budget revenue in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted revenue amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2009. The amounts reported as the original budgeted expenditure amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted expenditure amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

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E. Cash and Investments To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". During the fiscal year, investments were limited to overnight repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and interest in STAROhio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. These investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value (fair value). Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to certain trust funds, unless the Board specifically allows the interest to be recorded in other funds. The Board has passed a resolution to allow interest to also be recorded in other funds as listed in Note 3.

> The School District is self-insured for health coverage. These monies are held separate from the School District's central bank account and are reflected as "Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts". The School District also holds monies separate from the School District's central bank account for monies held for future scholarships, which are reported in the scholarships private purpose trust fund.

F. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2009, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

G. Interfund balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

H. Inventory

On the governmental-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories on the fund financial statements are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of the general fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of the food service special revenue fund consist of donated food, purchased food and supplies held for resale. Inventories reported on the fund financial statements are expensed when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other government or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund include the amount required to be reserved for unclaimed monies. See Note 16 for additional information regarding statutory reserves.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. The School District's policy is not to capitalize interest costs incurred as part of construction.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 30 years
Buildings and improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 15 years

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, the matured portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

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L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily include amounts generated by individual school buildings to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs, and for operating or capital costs for any new and innovative programs designed to enhance or promote education within the School District.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

N. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are classified as non-operating.

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported as other financing sources/uses for governmental funds in the fund financial statements. All transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated within the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District records reservations for portions of fund balances, which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations or expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balances, which are available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, inventories, prepaids, property taxes and unclaimed monies.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described above is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presentation for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

General
\$ (965,592)
(301,663)
73,658
 (331,623)
\$ (1,525,220)
\$ <u>\$</u>

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NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts. Interim monies may be invested in the following obligations provided they mature or are redeemable within five years from the date of settlement:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any other obligations or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);

- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time and for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the School District reported \$15,229 in "Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents (restricted)" on the balance sheet. This amount represents a reserve for unclaimed monies.

The carrying value of the School District's deposits totaled (\$119,423), and the bank balances of the deposits totaled \$165,959. The entire bank balance of \$165,959 was covered by federal depository insurance.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

B. Investments:

As of June 30, 2009, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair		
<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Value</u>	Maturity	Rating
Repurchase agreements	\$ 3,050,000	Daily	N/A (1)
STAROhio	6,040,372	N/A	AAAm (2)
	\$ 9,090,372		

⁽¹⁾ Underlying securities are exempt.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

All interest is legally required to be placed in the general fund, the food service special revenue fund and the scholarships private purpose trust fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2009 amount to \$88,823, which includes \$19,476 assigned from other School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's \$3,050,000 investment in repurchase agreements is to be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities, held by the counterparty and not in the School District's name, are Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) bonds. These securities, held by the counterparty and not in the School District's name, must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District's investment policy does not address limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit risk</u> is the possibility that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill it obligation. The School District's investment policy requires certain credit ratings for some investments as allowed by state law.

⁽²⁾ Standard and Poor's rating

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located within the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed at 35% of true value and public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value. Tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1 on the value listed as of December 31 of the current year. In prior years, tangible personal property was assessed at 25% of true value for capital assets and 23% of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2009 was 0%.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternative payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The School District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by year-end are available to finance the current fiscal year operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property tax receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of year end. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at year-end is intended to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at year-end was \$981,587 in the general fund and \$72,160 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. These advances are recognized as revenue on the fund financial statements.

The assessed values upon which the current fiscal year taxes were collected are:

Property Category	<u>A</u>	2008 ssessed Value	2007 Assessed Value			
Real Property						
Residential and agricultural	\$	257,138,920	\$	258,122,620		
Commercial, industrial						
and mineral		43,047,900		41,487,830		
Public utilities		33,100		32,370		
Tangible Personal Property						
General		5,993,340		6,093,290		
Public utilities		669,300		5,776,850		
Total	\$	306,882,560	\$	311,512,960		

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end consisted of taxes, interfund, accrued interest, and accounts. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2008	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2009			
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 71,000	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 71,000			
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements	1,387,549	-	-	1,387,549			
Buildings and improvements	7,257,189	-	-	7,257,189			
Furniture and equipment	1,691,556	20,430	(5,962)	1,706,024			
Vehicles	2,071,417			2,071,417			
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated	12,407,711	20,430	(5,962)	12,422,179			
Less: Accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements	(726,882)	(50,746)	-	(777,628)			
Buildings and improvements	(4,880,431)	(135,823)	-	(5,016,254)			
Furniture and equipment	(1,231,094)	(88,356)	5,962	(1,313,488)			
Vehicles	(1,487,167)	(109,499)		(1,596,666)			
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,325,574)	(384,424)	5,962	(8,704,036)			
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	4,082,137	(363,994)		3,718,143			
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$ 4,153,137	\$ (363,994)	\$ -	\$ 3,789,143			

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 91,225
Special	5,524
Vocational	23,656
Support services:	
Pupils	4,652
Instructional staff	12,491
Board of education	2,194
Administration	6,908
Fiscal	2,338
Business	35,965
Operation and maintenance of plant	82,031
Pupil transportation	101,586
Operation of non-instructional services	1,003
Operation of food services	11,582
Extracurricular activities	 3,269
Total depreciation expense	\$ 384,424

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Inter-fund receivables and payables result from the time lag between dates that (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. In a prior year, the general fund advanced money to two nonmajor special revenue funds. The advances to the special revenue funds were used to fund state and federal grants where the money has not yet been received. All of these advances are expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year.

Due to general fund from:

Nonmajor governmental funds \$ 50,411

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009, consisted of the following:

Transfer from nonmajor governmental fund to:

General fund \$ 21,174

The transfer from the nonmajor governmental fund to the general fund was to close out the customer service rotary special revenue fund and move the cash balance in this fund to the general fund.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statue or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no settlements paid in excess of insurance nor has insurance coverage been significantly reduced in the past three years.

The School District uses an internal service fund to record and report its self-funded health care insurance program. The claims liability of \$357,081, reported in the fund at year end was estimated by third party administrators and is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The School District purchases stop-loss coverage of \$75,000 per employee.

Changes in the fund's claims liability during 2008 and 2009 were:

	Year ended	Year ended
	6/30/2008	6/30/2009
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 536,791	\$ 441,965
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)	3,052,132	2,591,466
Claim payments	(3,146,958)	(2,676,350)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 441,965	\$ 357,081

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$292,599, \$294,444 and \$335,779 respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2008, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$1,285,061, \$1,292,378, and \$1,159,206 respectively; 83.8 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$6,185 made by the School District and \$12,053 made by the plan members.

NOTE 10 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care.

In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$174,211, \$177,867, and \$146,553 respectively; 45.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$24,142, \$21,215, and \$20,750 respectively; 50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$98,851, \$99,414, and \$89,170 respectively; 83.8 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

NOTE 11 - BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in long-term obligations of the School District during the fiscal year were as follows:

Governmental activities]	Balance July 1		<u>Additions</u>	Reductions			Balance June 30	Due within one year	
Other obligations										
Compensated absences	\$	806,183	\$	125,505	\$	(104,452)	\$	827,236	\$	102,556
Capital leases payable		179,083		<u>-</u>		(49,114)		129,969		34,841
Total other liabilities		985,266		125,505		(153,566)		957,205		137,397
Governmental activities Total long-term liabilities	\$	985,266	\$	125,505	\$	(153,566)	\$	957,205	\$	137,397

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid. In prior years, this fund has primarily been the general fund. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund.

NOTE 12- CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During a prior fiscal year, the School District entered into capitalized leases for the acquisition of copiers. The terms of the agreements provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements of governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Capital assets acquired by the 2008 lease have been capitalized as equipment in the amount of \$179,827, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments on the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in the current fiscal year totaled \$49,114 for both leases.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments at year-end.

Fiscal		Lease				
<u>Year</u>	<u>P</u>	ayments				
2010	\$	40,536				
2011		40,536				
2012		40,536				
2013		20,268				
Total minimum lease payments		141,876				
Less: amount representing interest		(11,907)				
Total	\$	129,969				

NOTE 13 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet) is the computer service organization or Information Technology Center (ITC) used by the School District. NEOnet is an association of public school districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. Metropolitan Regional Service Council acts as the fiscal agent for the consortium. The purpose of the consortium is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the member Boards of Education. All districts in the consortium are required to pay fees, charges, and assessments as charged. NEOnet is governed by a board made up of superintendents from all of the participating districts. An elected Executive Board consisting of five members of the governing board is the managerial body of the consortium and meets on a monthly basis. The School District does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. Payments to NEOnet are made from various funds. During fiscal year 2009, the School District contributed \$97,557 to NEOnet. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Metropolitan Regional Service Council, who serves as the fiscal agent, at 420 Washington Ave., Suite 200, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

The Four Cities Educational Compact is a jointly governed organization that provides for the vocational and special education needs of the students of four participating school districts. The four-member board consists of the superintendent from each of the participating school districts. Students may attend any vocational or special education class offered by any of the four districts. If a student elects to attend a class offered by a school district other than the school district in which the student resides, the school district of residence pays an instructional fee to the school district that offered the class. Wadsworth City School District serves as the fiscal agent for this organization, collecting fees and distributing payments. The committee exercises total control over the operation of the compact, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All revenues are generated from charges for services. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Wadsworth City School District, 360 College St., Wadsworth, Ohio 44281.

The Ohio Schools' Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 121 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year.

The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. During fiscal year 2009, the School District paid \$90,831 to the Council in the form of electric purchases, respectively. Financial information can be obtained by contacting David Cottrell, the Executive Directive/Treasurer of the Ohio Schools' Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

NOTE 14 - ACCOUNTABILITY

As of June 30, 2009, four nonmajor special revenue funds had deficit fund balances. This deficit was caused by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances in other funds; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur. The following funds had a deficit at year-end:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Deficit</u>			
District Managed Student Activity	\$	16,830		
IDEA Grant		1,314		
Title I		8,846		
Title II-A		3,906		

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The School District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the School District's management believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set-aside monies for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and for capital improvements. The amounts set-aside may be reduced by offset credits, which are monies received and restricted for the same specific purpose. Although the School District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts may only be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years for the purchase of textbooks and/or instructional materials. Negative amounts are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year for the other set-asides.

Amounts not spent by year-end or reduced by offset credits must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbook <u>Reserve</u>			Capital faintenance <u>Reserve</u>	<u>Total</u>
Set-aside cash balance as of					
June 30, 2008	\$	(917,041)	\$	-	\$ (917,041)
Current year set-aside requirement		414,771		414,771	829,542
Current year offset		-		(706,459)	(706,459)
Qualifying disbursements		(571,289)		(421,707)	 (992,996)
Total	\$	(1,073,559)	\$	(713,395)	\$ (1,786,954)
Balance carried forward to future years	\$	(1,073,559)			\$ (1,073,559)

NOTE 17 – NEW ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS

On December 1, 2006, the GASB issued Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*. The School District has considered the implications of this statement and has determined that it has no impact on the financial statements or note disclosures for the current period.

On November 21, 2007, the GASB issued Statement No. 52, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments. The School District has considered the implications of this statement and has determined that it has no impact on the financial statements or note disclosures for the current period.

On April 4, 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The School District has considered the implications of this statement and has determined that it has no impact on the financial statements or note disclosures for the current period.

On April 16, 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 56, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards. The School District has considered the implications of this statement and has determined that it has no impact on the financial statements or note disclosures for the current period.

Combining Statements for Governmental Funds

Governmental Fund Descriptions

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. A description of the School District's special revenue funds follows:

<u>Food Services</u>: To account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of food services, including breakfast and lunch, for School District students and staff.

<u>Uniform School Supplies</u>: To account for the purchase and sale of school supplies as adopted by the Board of Education for resale to students of the School District.

<u>Customer Service Rotary</u>: To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the auto mechanic and auto body vocational programs.

<u>Adult Education</u>: To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and non-credit classes to the general public.

<u>Public School Support</u>: To account for specific local revenue sources (other than taxes) generated by individual school buildings (e.g. sales of pictures, profits from vending machines, etc.). Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

<u>Miscellaneous Local Grants</u>: To account for funds received from private organizations that are restricted for specific purposes.

<u>Underground Storage Tanks</u>: To account for the financial responsibility rules of the State Fire Marshall to cover deductibles.

<u>District Managed Student Activity</u>: To account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. This fund includes athletic programs as well as band, cheerleaders, drama clubs, and other similar types of activities.

<u>Management Information System</u>: To account for state funds provided to assist the School District in implementing a staff, student, and financial reporting system as mandated by the Omnibus Education Reform Act of 1989.

Governmental Fund Descriptions

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

<u>Entry Year Programs</u>: To account for resources used to implement entry-year programs pursuant to division (T) of section 3317.024 of the Ohio Revised Code.

<u>Data Communications</u>: To account for revenues received from the state to be used to install and provide support costs for data communication links to connect any school to the local A-site.

<u>School Net Professional Development</u>: To account for revenues received to provide professional development programs related to technology.

<u>Poverty Aid:</u> A fund used to account for monies appropriated for poverty based assistance as part of the state foundation system. Programs included are academic intervention, all-day kindergarten, class-size reduction, Limited English Proficient students, professional development, dropout prevention, and community outreach.

<u>Miscellaneous State Grants:</u> A fund used to account for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

<u>IDEA Grant</u>: To account for federal funds for the provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels; assist in the training of teachers, supervisors and other specialists in providing educational services to the handicapped.

<u>Title I</u>: To account for federal funds provided to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

<u>Title V</u>: To account for federal funds to provide programs for at-risk students; instructional materials to improve the quality of instruction; programs for professional development; programs to enhance personal excellence of students and student achievement.

<u>Drug Free School Grant</u>: To account for federal funds provided to establish, operate and improve programs for drug abuse prevention, early intervention, rehabilitation referral and education in schools.

<u>EHA Preschool Grant</u>: To account for federal funds used for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three through five years.

Governmental Fund Descriptions

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

<u>Title II-A</u> To account for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades one through three, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

<u>Miscellaneous Federal Grants</u>: To account for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere.

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for the payment. It is also used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general obligation notes payable, as required by Ohio Law.

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Norton City School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

June 30, 2007	Ionmajor Special Revenue Funds	S	onmajor Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 715,308	\$	4,703	\$	720,011	
Receivables:	,		,		,	
Prepaid items	537		-		537	
Inventory held for resale	6,574		-		6,574	
Materials and supplies inventory	 1,687				1,687	
Total assets	\$ 724,106	\$	4,703	\$	728,809	
<u>Liabilities and fund balance:</u>						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 9,679	\$	-	\$	9,679	
Accrued wages	27,581		-		27,581	
Interfund payable	50,411		-		50,411	
Intergovernmental payable	 11,655				11,655	
Total liabilities	 99,326				99,326	
Fund balance:						
Reserved for encumbrances	47,443		-		47,443	
Reserved for inventory	8,261		-		8,261	
Reserved for prepaid items Unreserved:	537		-		537	
Undesignated, reported in: Special revenue funds	568,539		_		568,539	
Debt service fund	-		4,703		4,703	
Total fund balance	 624,780	-	4,703		629,483	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 724,106	\$	4,703	\$	728,809	

Norton City School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Tuition and fees Extracurricular activities Gifts and donations Charges for services Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,025,379 6,444 62,726 161,081 39,034 578,779 69,182 1,942,625	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 1,025,379 6,444 62,726 161,081 39,034 578,779 69,182 1,942,625		
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Vocational	308,887 276,332 9,899	- - -	308,887 276,332 9,899		
Support services: Pupils Instructional staff Administration Central Operation of non-instructional services Operation of food services	72,750 168,906 98,482 7,602 3,731 842,041	- - - - -	72,750 168,906 98,482 7,602 3,731 842,041		
Extracurricular activities Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures	137,145 5,648 1,931,423 11,202		137,145 5,648 1,931,423 11,202		
Other financing uses: Transfers out	(21,174)		(21,174)		
Net change in fund balances Fund balances at beginning of year	(9,972) 634,283	4,703	(9,972) 638,986		
Increase in reserve for inventory Fund balances at end of year	\$ 624,780	\$ 4,703	\$ 629,483		

Norton City School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2009

		Food Services		niform ol Supplies		tomer e Rotary		Adult lucation		Public ol Support
Assets: Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents	\$	517,741	\$	29,330	\$	_	\$	18,611	\$	77,489
Receivables:	*	,,	•	,,,	*		*	,	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Prepaid items		537		-		-		-		-
Inventory held for resale		6,574		-		-		-		-
Materials and										
supplies inventory		1,687		-						-
Total assets	\$	526,539	\$	29,330	\$		\$	18,611	\$	77,489
Liabilities and fund balance:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,579	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,520
Accrued wages		2,669		-		-		-		-
Interfund payable		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		4,816								
Total liabilities		7,485		2,579						2,520
Fund balance:										
Reserved for encumbrances		_		11,762		_		_		7,502
Reserved for inventory		8,261		-		-		-		· -
Reserved for prepaid items		537		-		-		-		-
Unreserved:										
Undesignated, reported in:										
Special revenue funds		510,256		14,989				18,611		67,467
Total fund balance		519,054		26,751				18,611		74,969
Total liabilities and										
fund balance	\$	526,539	\$	29,330	\$		\$	18,611	\$	77,489

ellaneous al Grants	Uno Stor	derground age Tanks	Distr Stud	ict Managed ent Activity	Infor	gement mation stem	Entry Prog	Year grams	ata nications	Profe	ol Net ssional lopment
\$ 4,304	\$	11,000	\$	35,891	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	80
-		-		-		-		-	-		-
\$ 4,304	\$	11,000	\$	35,891	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	80
\$ -	\$	_	\$	2,721	\$	_	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_
 - - -		- - -		50,000		- - -		- - -	 - - -		- - -
 		-		52,721		-			 -		<u>-</u>
- - -		- - -		17,258		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -
 4,304 4,304	_	11,000		(34,088) (16,830)		<u>-</u>			 		80
\$ 4,304	\$	11,000	\$	35,891	\$	_	\$		\$ 	\$	80

Norton City School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) June 30, 2009

	Pov A			llaneous Grants	IDE	EA Grant		Title I	Ti	itle V
Assets: Equity in pooled cash	ø		¢	907	¢		¢	15 576	¢	
and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	-	\$	907	\$	-	\$	15,576	\$	-
Prepaid items		_		_		-		_		_
Inventory held for resale		-		-		-		-		-
Materials and										
supplies inventory								<u>-</u>		-
Total assets	\$	-	\$	907	\$		\$	15,576	\$	
Liabilities and fund balance:										
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,438	\$	-
Accrued wages		-		-		-		19,799		-
Interfund payable		-		-		1 21 4		2 105		-
Intergovernmental payable						1,314		3,185		
Total liabilities						1,314		24,422		
Fund balance:										
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		-		7,979		-
Reserved for inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Reserved for prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-
Unreserved: Undesignated, reported in:										
Special revenue funds		_		907		(1,314)		(16,825)		_
Total fund balance		_		907		(1,314)		(8,846)		_
Total liabilities and					-	(-,)		(=,=.5)		
fund balance	\$		\$	907	\$		\$	15,576	\$	

	g Free l Grant	EH Prescho	IA ol Grant	Ti	itle II-A		laneous Grants		Total fonmajor ial Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,379	\$	-	\$	715,308
	-		_		-		-		537
	-		-		-		-		6,574
									1,687
\$	-	\$	_	\$	4,379	\$	-	\$	724,106
¢.		¢.		0	401	ø		· ·	0.670
\$	-	\$	-	\$	421 5,113	\$	-	\$	9,679 27,581
	_		_		411		_		50,411
	-		-		2,340		-		11,655
					8,285				99,326
	-		-		2,942		_		47,443
	-		-		-		-		8,261
	-		-		-		-		537
					(6,848)				568,539
					(3,906)				624,780
\$		\$		\$	4,379	\$		\$	724,106

Norton City School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Food Services		niform ol Supplies		estomer ce Rotary		Adult Education		Public ol Support
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	293,521	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		6,444		-		-		-		-
Tuition and fees Extracurricular activities		-		62,726		-		-		52,211
Gifts and donations		_		_		_		_		24,005
Charges for services		575,777		_		_		3,002		24,003
Miscellaneous		15,000		-		-		-		38,018
Total revenues		890,742		62,726		-		3,002		114,234
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:										
Regular		_		69,597		_		_		124,333
Special		_		217		_		_		-
Vocational		-		6,922		-		-		-
Support services:										
Pupils		-		-		-		-		-
Instructional staff		-		-		-		637		1,542
Administration		-		-		-		-		2,983
Central Operation of non-		-		-		-		-		-
instructional services		_		_		_		_		_
Operation of food services		842,041		_		_		_		_
Extracurricular activities		-		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		842,041		76,736		-		637		128,858
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		48,701		(14,010)		<u> </u>		2,365		(14,624)
Other financing sources: Transfers out						(21,174)				
Net change in fund balances		48,701		(14,010)		(21,174)		2,365		(14,624)
Fund balances (deficit)										
at beginning of year		469,884		40,761		21,174		16,246		89,593
Increase in reserve for inventory		469		-		-		-		-
Fund balances (deficit)										
at end of year	\$	519,054	\$	26,751	\$	_	\$	18,611	\$	74,969
at the or your	4	317,031	Ψ	20,701	Ψ		Ψ	10,011	Ψ	7 1,7 0 7

cellaneous al Grants	Uno Stor	derground age Tanks	Distri Stud	ict Managed ent Activity	Info	agement ormation ystem	Entr Pro	ry Year ograms	Data Communications		Prof	ool Net essional elopment
\$ 2,484	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,602	\$	-	\$	15,000	\$	2,942
-		-		_		-		-		-		-
_		_		108,870		-		_		_		-
2,000		-		13,029		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
 9,164				7,000								
 13,648				128,899		7,602				15,000		2,942
14,430 2,708 2,977 - - - -		- - - - - - -		- - - - - 137,145 5,648		7,602		- - - - - -		15,000		3,813
 20,115				142,793		7,602				15,000		3,813
 (6,467)				(13,894)								(871)
 								<u>-</u>				
(6,467)		-		(13,894)		-		-		-		(871)
10,771		11,000		(2,936)		-		- -		- -		951
\$ 4,304	\$	11,000	\$	(16,830)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	80

Norton City School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	I	Poverty Aid	ellaneous e Grants	ID	EA Grant	 Title I	T	itle V
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	18,996	\$ 6,150	\$	398,811	\$ 203,506	\$	3,586
Interest Tuition and fees		-	-		-	-		-
Extracurricular activities		-	-		-	-		-
Gifts and donations		-	-		-	-		-
Charges for services		_	_		_	_		_
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	-		-
Total revenues		18,996	6,150		398,811	203,506		3,586
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:								
Regular		_	6,402		_	2,081		3,605
Special		18,996	0,402		72,265	182,146		J,00J -
Vocational		-	_		-	-		_
Support services:								
Pupils		-	-		72,750	-		-
Instructional staff		-	-		161,879	-		1,236
Administration		-	-		90,399	4,655		-
Central		-	-		-	-		-
Operation of non- instructional services						3,731		
Operation of food services		_	_			5,751		_
Extracurricular activities		_	_		_	_		_
Capital outlay		-	_		-	-		_
Total expenditures		18,996	6,402		397,293	192,613		4,841
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			 (252)		1,518	 10,893		(1,255)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out			 			 		
Net change in fund balance		-	(252)		1,518	10,893		(1,255)
Fund balances (deficit)								
at beginning of year		-	1,159		(2,832)	(19,739)		1,255
Increase in reserve for inventory			 			 		
Fund balances (deficit)								
at end of year	\$		\$ 907	\$	(1,314)	\$ (8,846)	\$	

	Drug Free School Grant		EHA Preschool Grant		Title II-A		Miscellaneous Federal Grants		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	6,308	\$	3,612	\$	60,918	\$	1,943	\$	1,025,379
	_		-		-		-		6,444
	-		-		-		-		62,726
	-		-		-		-		161,081
	-		-		-		-		39,034
	-		-		-		-		578,779
									69,182
	6,308		3,612		60,918		1,943		1,942,625
	6,308				60,534		2,784		308,887
	0,500		_		-		2,704		276,332
	-		_		-		-		9,899
	-		-		-		-		72,750
	-		3,612		-		-		168,906
	-		-		445		-		98,482
	-		-		-		-		7,602
	_		_		_		-		3,731
	-		-		-		-		842,041
	-		-		-		-		137,145
			-						5,648
	6,308		3,612		60,979		2,784		1,931,423
	-				(61)		(841)		11,202
									(21,174)
	-		-		(61)		(841)		(9,972)
	-		-		(3,845)		841		634,283
									469
ø		¢.		¢	(2.000)	¢.		¢.	(24.700
\$		\$		\$	(3,906)	\$		\$	624,780

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Governmental Funds – Major and Nonmajor

Permanent Improvement Fund

	Final Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes	\$	577 240	\$	577 240	\$		
Intergovernmental	Ф	577,348 131,630	Ф	577,348 129,110	Ф	(2,520)	
-							
Total revenues		708,978		706,458		(2,520)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		38,494		27,644		10,850	
Support services:							
Instructional staff		109,745		55,188		54,557	
Fiscal		416,166		14,005		402,161	
Business		8,000		8,000		-	
Pupil transportation		70,000		-		70,000	
Extracurricular activities		18,975		18,968		7	
Capital outlay		1,100,159		77,692		1,022,467	
Total expenditures		1,761,539		201,497		1,560,042	
Net change in fund balance		(1,052,561)		504,961		1,557,522	
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,015,793		1,015,793		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		37,029		37,029			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	261	\$	1,557,783	\$	1,557,522	

Food Services Fund

	Final Budget Actual					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	ф. 200 550 ф. 201 100				Ф	1.254		
Intergovernmental	\$	232,779	\$	234,133	\$	1,354		
Interest Customer services		6,444 575 777		6,444 575 777		-		
Miscellaneous		575,777 15,000		575,777 15,000		-		
						1 254		
Total revenues		830,000		831,354		1,354		
Expenditures: Current:								
Food service operations		1,292,662		776,278		516,384		
Net change in fund balance		(462,662)		55,076		517,738		
Fund balance at beginning of year		433,429		433,429		-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		29,236		29,236		<u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3	\$	517,741	\$	517,738		

Uniform School Supplies Fund

	Final Budget	Fin F	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Tuition and fees	\$ 65,00	00 \$	62,726	\$	(2,274)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:					
Regular	95,58	34	86,460		9,124
Special	2		217		-
Vocational	15,1′	78	7,040		8,138
Total expenditures	110,9°	79	93,717		17,262
Net change in fund balance	(45,9°	79)	(30,991)		14,988
Fund balance at beginning of year	38,00	50	38,060		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	7,9	19	7,919		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	- \$	14,988	\$	14,988

Customer Service Rotary Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Expenditures:					
Total expenditures					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures					
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	(21,174)	(21,174)			
Net change in fund balance	(21,174)	(21,174)	-		
Fund balance at beginning of year	21,174	21,174			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Adult Education Fund

	Final Budget Actual						
Revenues:							
Customer services	\$	3,200	\$	3,002	\$	(198)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Support services:							
Instructional staff		19,446		637		18,809	
Net change in fund balance		(16,246)		2,365		18,611	
Fund balance at beginning of year		16,246		16,246			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	18,611	\$	18,611	

Public School Support Fund

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Extracurricular activities	\$	52,211	\$	52,211	\$	
Gifts and donations	Ф	24,005	Ф	24,005	Ф	-
Miscellaneous		43,784		38,018		(5,766)
Total revenues		120,000		114,234		(5,766)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		202,038		131,993		70,045
Support services:		4.004		1.540		2.552
Instructional staff Administration		4,094		1,542		2,552
Pupil transportation		2,983 633		2,983		633
		-		126.510		-
Total expenditures		209,748		136,518		73,230
Net change in fund balance		(89,748)		(22,284)		67,464
Fund balance at beginning of year		86,021		86,021		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,730		3,730		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3	\$	67,467	\$	67,464

Miscellaneous Local Grants Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,708	\$ -	
Gifts and donations	2,000	2,000	ψ - -	
Miscellaneous	16,269	10,297	(5,972)	
Total revenues	20,977	15,005	(5,972)	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:				
Regular	24,706	14,430	10,276	
Special	2,708	2,708	-	
Vocational	2,977	2,977	-	
Total expenditures	30,391	20,115	10,276	
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(9,414)	(5,110)	4,304	
Other financing uses:				
Refund of prior year receipts	(1,133)	(1,133)		
Net change in fund balance	(10,547)	(6,243)	4,304	
Fund balance at beginning of year	10,547	10,547		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 4,304	\$ 4,304	

Underground Storage Tanks Fund

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures: Current: Support services: Central		11,000		<u>-</u>		11,000
Net change in fund balance		(11,000)		-		11,000
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,000	\$	11,000 11,000	\$	11,000

District Managed Student Activity Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Extracurricular activities Gifts and donations Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 109,971 13,029 7,000 130,000	\$ 108,870 13,029 7,000 128,899	\$ (1,101) - - (1,101)	
Expenditures: Current: Extracurricular activities Net change in fund balance		166,196 (37,297)	17,404 16,303	
Fund balance at beginning of year	42,407	42,407	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 11,193 \$ 16,303	\$ 16,303	

Management Information System Fund

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	7,602	\$	7,602	\$		
Expenditures: Current:							
Support services: Central		7,602		7,602			
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year			_				
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	-	\$		

Entry Year Programs Fund

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	7,000 \$		\$	(7,000)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular		7,000_	<u>-</u>		7,000
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$	
	Final Budget	Data Com	munications F Actual	Varia Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	Budget	Data Com:		Varia Final Po	Budget sitive
			Actual	Varia Final Po (Ne	Budget sitive gative)
Intergovernmental Expenditures: Current: Instruction:		5,000 \$	Actual 15,000	Varia Final Po (Ne	Budget sitive gative)

School Net Professional Development Fund

S	Revenues:		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Current: Instruction: 3,892 3,813 79 Excess of revenues under expenditures (922) (843) 79 Other financing uses: (28) (28) - Refund of prior year receipts (950) (871) 79 Net change in fund balance (950) (871) 79 Fund balances at beginning of year 951 951 - Fund balances at end of year \$ 1 \$ 80 \$ 79 Evenues: Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: \$ 20,500 18,996 1,504 Net change in fund balance - - - - Fund balances at beginning of year - - - -		\$	2,970	\$	2,970	\$	
Excess of revenues under expenditures (922) (843) 79 Other financing uses: Refund of prior year receipts (28) (28) - Net change in fund balance (950) (871) 79 Fund balances at beginning of year 951 951 - Fund balances at end of year \$ 1 \$ 80 \$ 79 Evenues: Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: 	Current: Instruction:						
Other financing uses: (28) (28) - Refund of prior year receipts (950) (871) 79 Fund balances at beginning of year 951 951 - Fund balances at end of year \$ 1 \$ 80 79 Poverty Aid Fund Final Budget Final Budget Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Revenues: \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: 1 1 1 Instruction: Special 20,500 18,996 1,504 Net change in fund balance - - - - Fund balances at beginning of year - - - -							
Refund of prior year receipts (28) (28) - Net change in fund balance (950) (871) 79 Fund balances at beginning of year 951 951 - Fund balances at end of year \$ 1 80 79 Euron balances at end of year Final Budget Poverty Aid Fund Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Revenues: Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 18,996 (1,504) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Special 20,500 18,996 1,504 Net change in fund balance - - - - Fund balances at beginning of year - - - -	Excess of revenues under expenditures		(922)		(843)		79
Fund balances at beginning of year 951 951 - Fund balances at end of year \$ 1 \$ 80 \$ 79 Poverty Aid Fund Final Budget Final Budget Positive (Negative) Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Special 20,500 18,996 1,504 Net change in fund balance - - - - Fund balances at beginning of year - - - - -	Other financing uses: Refund of prior year receipts		(28)		(28)		
Fund balances at end of year \$ 1 \$ 80 79 Poverty Aid Fund Final Budget Final Budget Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Revenues: \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: This praction: This practical	Net change in fund balance		(950)		(871)		79
Revenues: Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ 1,504 Net change in fund balance \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ 1,504 Fund balances at beginning of year \$ 20,500 \$ 20,5	Fund balances at beginning of year		951		951		
Revenues: Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: \$ 20,500 18,996 \$ 1,504 Net change in fund balance - - - - Fund balances at beginning of year -	Fund balances at end of year	\$	1	\$	80	\$	79
Intergovernmental \$ 20,500 \$ 18,996 \$ (1,504) Expenditures: Current: Tustruction: Tus	Payanuac					Fina P	al Budget ositive
Expenditures: Current: Current: Instruction: Special 20,500 18,996 1,504 Net change in fund balance - - - Fund balances at beginning of year - - - -		\$	20,500	\$	18,996	\$	(1,504)
Fund balances at beginning of year	Expenditures: Current: Instruction:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		~	
	Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
	Fund balances at beginning of year		-		-		-
		¢		•		•	

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund

	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
 	,			
\$ 6,150	\$	6,150	\$	
 7,367		6,461		906
(1,217)		(311)		906
1,218		1,218		-
\$ 1	\$	907	\$	906
\$	(1,217) 1,218	Budget A \$ 6,150 \$ 7,367 (1,217) 1,218	Budget Actual \$ 6,150 \$ 6,150 7,367 6,461 (1,217) (311) 1,218 1,218	Final Po (Ne) \$ 6,150 \$ 6,150 \$ 7,367 6,461 (1,217) (311) 1,218 1,218

IDEA Grant Fund

		Final		Variand Final F Posi	Budget tive
n		Budget	 Actual	(Nega	ative)
Revenues:	•	200 011	200.011	A	
Intergovernmental	\$	398,811	\$ 398,811	\$	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Special		72,624	72,624		-
Support services:					
Pupils		72,750	72,750		-
Instructional staff		161,838	161,838		-
Administration		91,599	 91,599		
Total expenditures		398,811	 398,811		
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year			 		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 	\$	

Title I Fund

	Final Budget Actual					ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	207,440	\$	203,506	\$	(3,934)
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:						
Regular		2,941		2,081		860
Special		222,665		215,917		6,748
Support services:						
Administration		4,656		4,656		-
Operation of non-instructional services		6,217		3,732		2,485
Total expenditures		236,479		226,386		10,093
Net change in fund balance		(29,039)		(22,880)		6,159
Fund balance at beginning of year		7,817		7,817		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		21,222		21,222		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	6,159	\$	6,159

Title V Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	e 5.7	711 f	5 711	Ф
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,7	<u>*11 </u>	5,711	\$ -
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:				
Regular	2,2	280	3,605	(1,325)
Support services: Instructional staff		806	1,306	- -
Total expenditures	3,5	586	4,911	(1,325)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,1	.25	800	(1,325)
Other financing uses: Advances out		<u>-</u> _	(800)	(800)
Net change in fund balance	2,1	25	-	(2,125)
Fund balance at beginning of year	(1	.99)	(199)	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1	.99	199	_
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,1		-	\$ (2,125)

Drug Free School Grant Fund

		inal ıdget	A	ctual	Varianc Final B Posit (Nega	udget ive
Revenues:	Ф	(200	Ф	6.200	ф	
Intergovernmental	3	6,308	\$	6,308	\$	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		6,308		6,308		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		-		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-

EHA Preschool Grant Fund

	Final Budget A			ctual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:	•	3,912	•	3,912	\$	
Intergovernmental	Ф	3,912	\$	3,912	<u> </u>	
Expenditures: Current: Support services:						
Instructional staff		3,612		3,612		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		300		300	-	
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out		-		(300)		(300)
Net change in fund balance		300		-		(300)
Fund balance at beginning of year						
Fund balance at end of year	\$	300	\$		\$	(300)

Title II-A Fund

	Final Budget	,	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:	 ruagei		ictuai		cgative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 68,228	\$	60,918	\$	(7,310)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	69,939		63,612		6,327
Support services:					
Administration	 445		445	-	
Total expenditures	 70,384		64,057		6,327
Net change in fund balance	(2,156)		(3,139)		(983)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,987		1,987		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	168		168		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (1)	\$	(984)	\$	(983)

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

	Final Budget			ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	2,650	\$	2,650	\$		
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular		2,784		2,784			
Net change in fund balance		(134)		(134)		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		(647)		(647)		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		781		781			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$		

Bond Retirement Fund

Final Budget Actual			Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)	
\$		\$		\$	
	390		-		390
			<u>-</u> _		4,313
-	4,703				4,703
	(4,703)		-		4,703
	4,703		4,703		-
\$	-	\$	4,703	\$	4,703
	\$	Budget \$ - 390 4,313 4,703 (4,703) 4,703	Budget A \$ - \$ 390 4,313 4,703 (4,703) 4,703	Budget Actual \$ \$ 390 4,313 4,703 (4,703) 4,703 4,703	Final Budget Actual Pro (No. 1972) \$ - \$ - \$ 390 - 4,313 - 4,703 - 4,703 - 4,703 4,703

Internal Service Fund

Individual Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Self Insurance Fund

Fiduciary Funds

Individual Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Scholarships Private Purpose Trust Fund

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund

Norton City School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Self Insurance Fund

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 3,274,272	\$ 3,274,099	\$ (173)
Expenses: Purchased services: Central support services Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	4,689,404 (1,415,132)	2,876,724 397,375	1,812,680 1,812,507
Non-operating revenues: Interest	20,728	13,378	(7,350)
Net change in fund equity	(1,394,404)	410,753	1,805,157
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,387,725	1,387,725	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1	\$ 1,805,158	\$ 1,805,157

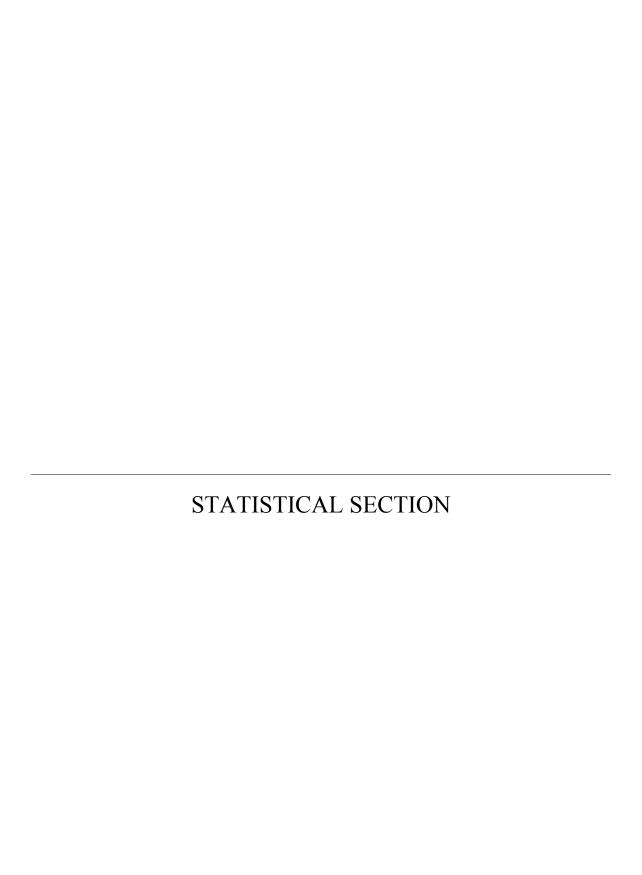
Norton City School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Scholarships Fund

	Final Budget							
Revenues:								
Interest		2,168 \$	1,830	\$	(338)			
Gifts and donations		1,719	443		(4,276)			
Miscellaneous		1,113			(1,113)			
Total revenues		3,000	2,273		(5,727)			
Expenses: Current: Instruction:								
Regular	9	5,591	5,601		89,990			
Net change in fund equity	(8	7,591)	(3,328)		84,263			
Fund equity at beginning of year	8′	7,591	87,591		-			
Fund equity at end of year	\$	- \$	84,263	\$	84,263			

Norton City School District Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2008		A	dditions	De	eductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2009		
Student Managed Activity									
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,875	\$	50,309	\$	57,227	\$	46,957	
<u>Liabilities:</u> Accounts payable Due to students	\$	742 53,133	\$	51,051	\$	742 57,227	\$	- 46,957	
Total liabilities	\$	53,875	\$	51,051	\$	57,969	\$	46,957	



Statistical Section

This part of the School District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

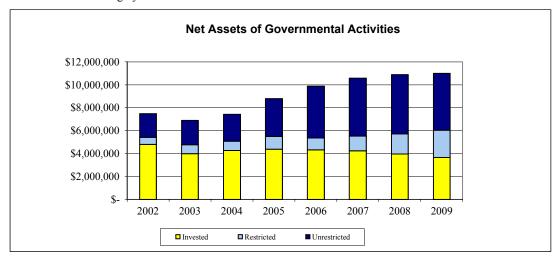
<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's financial position has changed over time.	S2 - S13
Revenue Capacity	S14 - S17
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the School District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source.	
Debt Capacity	S18 - S21
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Economic and Demographic Information	S22 - S23
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	
Operating Information	S24 - S31
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The School District implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that fiscal year.

Norton City School District Net Assets by Component (1) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Governmental activities:					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 4,809,335	\$ 3,980,868	\$ 4,265,882	\$ 4,372,617	\$ 4,321,392
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	275,964	374,087	377,760	684,779	540,433
Debt service	-	48,708	15,349	2,453	4,703
Other purposes	331,982	355,316	410,085	438,169	480,162
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,057,686	 2,130,609	 2,356,025	 3,290,328	 4,528,059
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 7,474,967	\$ 6,889,588	\$ 7,425,101	\$ 8,788,346	\$ 9,874,749
Primary government:					
Invested in capital assets					
net of related debt	\$ 4,809,335	\$ 3,980,868	\$ 4,265,882	\$ 4,372,617	\$ 4,321,392
Restricted	607,946	778,111	803,194	1,125,401	1,025,298
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,057,686	 2,130,609	 2,356,025	 3,290,328	 4,528,059
Total primary government net assets	\$ 7,474,967	\$ 6,889,588	\$ 7,425,101	\$ 8,788,346	\$ 9,874,749

(1) Accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.



<u>2007</u>	2008	2009
\$ 4,251,688	\$ 3,974,054	\$ 3,659,174
733,759	1,111,071	1,715,846
4,703	4,703	4,703
540,919	642,502	638,074
 5,057,457	 5,152,849	4,985,859
\$ 10,588,526	\$ 10,885,179	\$ 11,003,656
\$ 4,251,688	\$ 3,974,054	\$ 3,659,174
1,279,381	1,758,276	2,358,623
 5,057,457	5,152,849	4,985,859
\$ 10,588,526	\$ 10,885,179	\$ 11,003,656

Norton City School District Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (1) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Expenses					
Regular instruction	\$ 8,715,332	\$ 9,004,244	\$ 9,176,819	\$ 9,599,189	\$ 10,095,929
Special instruction	1,379,132	1,368,574	1,421,802	1,506,388	1,500,754
Vocational instruction	751,858	716,261	839,228	870,552	756,342
Adult/continuing instruction	4,146	1,653	842	575	355
Student intervention services	-	-	-	-	-
Other instruction	35,787	166,237	147,727	307,566	269,789
Pupil support	699,775	839,294	713,899	745,018	810,870
Instructional staff support	753,463	721,001	630,319	592,410	678,445
Board of education	27,945	42,363	5,571	84,202	16,283
Administration	1,482,425	1,467,880	1,479,088	1,452,860	1,517,744
Fiscal	502,957	523,185	543,841	489,406	488,161
Business	298,014	357,272	322,587	296,888	378,646
Operation and maintenance					
of plant	2,184,104	2,159,874	1,711,278	1,743,837	2,328,056
Pupil transportation	1,271,955	1,058,785	1,023,012	1,177,982	1,309,633
Central	59,020	64,172	64,805	69,815	73,612
Operation of non-instructional					
services	6,795	10,923	3,332	2,526	5,036
Operation of food services	707,156	696,460	674,911	694,481	774,662
Extracurricular activities	439,649	540,724	406,468	422,265	487,038
Interest and fiscal charges	17,202	11,748	11,013	8,741	4,858
Total expenses	\$ 19,336,715	\$ 19,750,650	\$	\$ 20,064,701	\$ 21,496,213
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Regular instruction	\$ 357,999	\$ 1,421,437	\$ 1,692,597	\$ 2,084,493	\$ 1,659,294
Special instruction	256,345	260,830	118,424	-	341,416
Vocational instruction	14,190	4,106	-	-	3,914
Instructional staff support	3,400	13,101	4,043	785	1,315
Administration	-	7,079	-	-	-
Operation and maintenance					
of plant	-	-	2,652	3,099	3,425
Operation of food service	536,241	525,549	502,312	523,888	593,051
Extracurricular activities	98,159	77,564	214,412	221,840	126,657
Operating grants and contributions:					
Regular instruction	135,716	178,510	321,723	237,078	253,023
Special instruction	124,846	118,944	216,830	261,140	207,341
Vocational instruction	-	-	2,395	1,717	883
Other instruction	-	-	-	-	12,296
Pupil support	40,786	6,508	10,237	146,312	132,319
Instructional staff support	63,124	77,254	90,557	103,043	69,501
Administration	56,585	78,726	-	120,240	129,102
Business	-	21,000	106,844	_	-
Operation and maintenance					
of plant	6,327	-	-	-	536
Pupil transportation	42,820	34,640	19,999	_	9,876
Central	9,521	9,579	9,468	7,861	8,380
Operation of non-instructional					
services	1,429	-	2,401	-	811
Operation of food services	187,044	179,099	205,929	190,055	235,093
Extracurricular activities	-	-	15,291	4,267	525
Capital grants and contributions:			-	-	
Pupil transportation	 -	 34,781	 16,963	17,276	10,273
Total program revenues	\$ 1,934,532	\$ 3,048,707	\$ 3,553,077	\$ 3,923,094	\$ 3,799,031
		~ 4			

<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>
\$ 10,704,032 1,527,876	\$ 10,722,198 1,716,479	\$	10,644,647 1,873,425
791,623	751,190		931,855
1,167	1,907		4,087
-	· -		278,751
315,352	302,020		-
797,913	754,478		724,112
905,399	995,596		1,031,316
43,158	37,251		33,614
1,559,502	1,654,583		1,570,572
507,517 349,689	512,986 302,407		600,106 287,777
349,009	302,407		201,111
2,023,579	2,087,838		2,031,679
1,359,161	1,539,668		1,421,743
77,665	74,388		79,908
1,004	1,003		4,734
788,395	813,046		830,670
499,769	509,362		513,452
3,147	 5,130		7,562
\$ 22,255,948	\$ 22,781,530	\$	22,870,010
\$ 2,240,450	\$ 2,208,226	\$	2,486,074
219,257	397,126		108,061
6,993	5,031		4,697
498	822		3,002
-	-		-
7,967	7,510		2,502
586,080	605,856		590,778
142,033	134,373		115,870
188,588	187,571		312,407
303,700	360,793		280,015
-	-		-
21,086	20,944		-
94,264	67,792		73,028
128,107	183,948		166,843
111,932	140,427		90,744
-	-		-
-	-		-
9,426	-		-
8,508	9,078		7,601
263,654	272,904		299,965
372	1,710		13,029
	,. •		
 12,456	 7,871		16,358
\$ 4,345,371	\$ 4,611,982	\$	4,570,974
		(Continued)

Norton City School DistrictChanges in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (1) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>
Net expense	\$ (17,402,183)	\$ (16,701,943)	\$ (15,623,465)	\$ (16,141,607)	\$	(17,697,182)
General revenues						
Property taxes levied for:						
General purposes	\$ 6,604,598	\$ 7,058,412	\$ 6,702,989	\$ 8,080,902	\$	9,054,931
Debt service	45,536	103,965	15,160	48,304		45,852
Capital outlay	582,777	619,338	549,102	629,404		644,642
Grants and entitlements not						
restricted to specific programs	9,248,968	8,631,148	8,821,958	8,388,771		8,500,989
Investment earnings	151,532	73,455	52,399	112,629		313,951
Miscellaneous	 153,436	 292,876	17,370	244,842		223,220
Total general revenues	\$ 16,786,847	\$ 16,779,194	\$ 16,158,978	\$ 17,504,852	\$	18,783,585
Change in net assets	\$ (615,336)	\$ 77,251	\$ 535,513	\$ 1,363,245	\$	1,086,403
					(Continued)

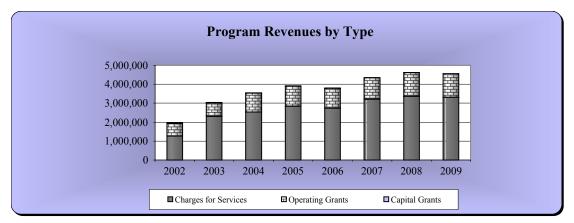
⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.

	<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>
\$	(17,910,577)	\$	(18,169,548)	\$	(18,299,036)
\$	8,558,045	\$	8,219,152	\$	8,244,523
7	-	_	-	*	-
	619,430		593,125		604,470
	8,734,624		9,073,682		9,151,286
	458,823		352,961		102,202
	253,432		227,281		315,032
\$	18,624,354	\$	18,466,201	\$	18,417,513
\$	713,777	\$	296,653	\$	118,477

Norton City School District Program Revenues of Governmental Activities by Function (1) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005		<u>2006</u>
Governmental activities:						
Function						
Regular instruction	\$ 493,715	\$ 1,599,947	\$ 2,014,320	\$ 2,321,571	\$	1,912,317
Special instruction	381,191	379,774	335,254	261,140		548,757
Vocational instruction	14,190	4,106	2,395	1,717		4,797
Other instruction	-	-	-	-		12,296
Pupil support	40,786	6,508	10,237	146,312		132,319
Instructional staff support	66,524	90,355	94,600	103,828		70,816
Administration	56,585	85,805	106,844	120,240		129,102
Business	-	21,000	-	-		-
Operation and maintenance						
of plant	6,327	-	2,652	3,099		3,961
Pupil transportation	42,820	69,421	36,962	17,276		20,149
Central	9,521	9,579	9,468	7,861		8,380
Operation of non-instructional						
services	1,429	-	2,401			811
Operation of food services	723,285	704,648	708,241	713,943		828,144
Extracurricular activities	 98,159	77,564	 229,703	 226,107		127,182
Total program revenues	\$ 1,934,532	\$ 3,048,707	\$ 3,553,077	\$ 3,923,094	\$	3,799,031
		 			((Continued)

(1) Accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.

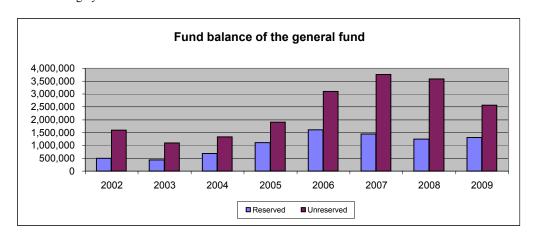


<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
\$ 2,429,038	\$ 2,395,797	\$ 2,798,481
522,957	757,919	388,076
6,993	5,031	4,697
21,086	20,944	-
94,264	67,792	73,028
128,605	184,770	169,845
111,932	140,427	90,744
-	-	-
7,967	7,510	2,502
21,882	7,871	16,358
8,508	9,078	7,601
-	-	-
849,734	878,760	890,743
142,405	 136,083	 128,899
\$ 4,345,371	\$ 4,611,982	\$ 4,570,974

Norton City School District Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>2002</u>		<u>2003</u> <u>2004</u>			<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>	
General fund									
Reserved	\$ 503,312	\$	440,320	\$	684,937	\$ 1,104,090	\$	1,604,746	
Unreserved	 1,591,318		1,102,648		1,334,500	1,905,356		3,100,105	
Total general fund	 2,094,630	_	1,542,968		2,019,437	 3,009,446		4,704,851	
All other governmental funds									
Reserved	300,385		158,729		277,616	614,734		220,760	
Unreserved, undesignated,									
Reported in:									
Special revenue funds	252,284		311,768		327,394	290,062		433,219	
Debt service funds	4,703		55,459		4,703	4,703		4,703	
Capital projects funds	 33,938		270,017		166,789	 196,760		362,389	
Total all other\	 _							_	
governmental funds	 591,310		795,973		776,502	 1,106,259		1,021,071	
Total governmental funds	\$ 2,685,940	\$	2,338,941	\$	2,795,939	\$ 4,115,705	\$	5,725,922	
							((Continued)	

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.



<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
\$ 1,439,581	\$ 1,250,282	\$ 1,307,692
 3,764,904	3,593,408	2,570,406
 5,204,485	 4,843,690	 3,878,098
195,353	141,679	198,258
470,380	570,540	568,539
4,703	4,703	4,703
,	,	,
 606,753	 1,015,798	 1,557,783
 1,277,189	 1,732,720	 2,329,283
\$ 6,481,674	\$ 6,576,410	\$ 6,207,381

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1 Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

		2000	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
	Revenues										
	Taxes	\$6,931,423	\$7,368,737	\$ 7,378,369	\$7,877,702	\$7,212,007	\$8,749,520	\$9,750,612	\$9,247,786	\$8,718,480	\$8,876,408
	Intergovernmental	8,556,448	8,787,464	10,221,987	9,329,822	9,669,168	9,457,485	9,514,985	9,801,988	10,240,225	10,389,728
	Interest	321,810	320,425	136,929	59,978	43,599	112,629	289,058	425,876	330,152	95,267
	Tuition and fees	146,249	355,139	265,164	1,511,325	1,730,844	1,978,323	2,118,303	2,195,173	2,469,991	2,424,439
	Extracurricular activities	180,012	193,290	238,837	219,150	280,693	279,425	177,176	198,768	177,100	161,081
	Gifts and donations	13,305	71,967	26,243	64,699	65,934	53,252	66,237	51,989	48,685	40,134
	Charges for services	-	-	539,641	528,739	576,306	524,673	574,984	567,142	654,358	578,779
	Rent	-	9,073	2,415	2,758	2,652	3,099	3,425	7,967	7,510	2,503
	Miscellaneous	99,517	76,745	124,778	200,294	106,097	264,799	231,531	322,491	307,328	358,400
	Total revenues	16,248,764	17,182,840	18,934,363	19,794,467	19,687,300	21,423,205	22,726,311	22,819,180	22,953,829	22,926,739
	Expenditures										
	Current:										
	Instruction:	Ф 7.325.3 00	0.250.175	0.607.751	0.241.700	0.070.173	0.272.521	0.024.060	10.556.261	10 007 707	10.051.542
	Regular	\$7,325,399	8,259,175	8,697,751	9,241,788	8,879,162	9,373,521	9,834,960	10,556,261	10,807,707	10,951,543
	Special	1,113,521	1,313,992	1,381,199	1,450,656	1,388,815	1,471,124	1,472,022	1,514,673	1,728,835	1,907,001
Ω	Vocational	507,387	640,602	722,660	759,539	794,851	835,886	730,151	767,128	729,807	934,370
3	Adult/continuing	15,835	17,189	4,146	1,653	842	575	355	1,167	1,907	4,087
	Student intervention services	-	24.522	25.797	166 227	1 47 727	207.566	260.700	215 252	202.020	278,751
	Other	27,373	34,532	35,787	166,237	147,727	307,566	269,789	315,352	302,020	-
	Support services:	624 511	710.520	024 275	951 076	710.562	720 402	702 500	704 140	766 210	740.256
	Pupil Instructional staff	634,511 730,814	710,539 632,444	934,375 750,519	851,076 699,535	719,563 613,177	730,493 576,299	793,580 661,199	784,148 874,626	766,319 1,000,635	749,256 1,083,614
							•				
	Board of education	24,176	15,006	28,098 1,456,769	41,034	7,007	84,202	15,734	40,964	35,057 1,679,729	31,420
	Administration Fiscal	1,178,060 470,814	1,312,524 430,129	496,683	1,505,272 525,049	1,421,284 529,292	1,374,162 497,276	1,441,901 473,055	1,470,332 500,765	517,575	1,606,341 604,563
	Business	258,196	388,122	297,993	351,943	329,292	295,116	379,555	346,611	258,875	259,021
	Operation and maintenance of plant	1,636,887	1,674,486	1,772,897	1,728,571	1,583,297	1,569,271	2,100,733	1,908,182	2,032,636	1,996,823
	Pupil transportation	899,240	875,637	1,179,126	1,728,371	914,243	1,062,259	1,189,540	1,251,530	1,442,696	1,369,981
	Central	7,195	49,219	59,904	65,030	63,910	69,247	70,915	76,656	75,799	83,133
	Operation of non-instructional services	11,570	13,484	1,694	382	2,328	1,522	4,032	70,030	13,199	3,731
	Operation of food services	11,570	13,464	931,824	676,038	666,605	672,020	754,062	772,515	808,259	842,041
	Extracurricular activities	386,554	424,299	439,060	552,598	400,647	421,459	473,253	503,890	512,670	513,455
	Capital outlay	1,003,816	538,950	720,204	369,792	832,067	490,728	366,658	342,141	278,318	20,430
	Debt service:	1,005,010	550,750	720,204	307,172	032,007	770,720	300,030	572,171	270,510	20,730
	Principal retirement	43,400	69,449	71,899	74,578	95,904	76,035	77,480	35,589	53,874	49,114
	Interest and fiscal charges	17,165	24,462	19,561	14,429	13,250	11,005	7,108	3,147	5,130	7,562
	Total expenditures	16,291,913	17,424,240	20,002,149	20,136,798	19,403,797	19,919,766	21,116,082	22,065,677	23,037,848	23,296,237
	- State Superium es	10,271,713	17,121,210	20,002,117	20,130,770	17,103,171	17,717,100	21,110,002	22,000,077	20,007,010	(Continued)
											(======================================

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (1 Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(43,149)	(241,400)	(1,067,786)	(342,331)	283,503	1,503,439	1,610,229	753,503	(84,019)	(369,498)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inception of capital lease	-	119,835	-	-	173,829	-	-	-	179,827	-
Transfers in	776	18,562	-	10,103	-	-	-	-	-	21,174
Transfers out	(776)	(18,562)		(10,103)						(21,174)
Total other financing sources (uses)		119,835			173,829				179,827	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (43,149)	\$ (121,565)	\$ (1,067,786)	\$ (342,331)	\$ 457,332	\$1,503,439	\$1,610,229	\$ 753,503	\$ 95,808	\$ (369,498)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%

⁽¹⁾ Modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Includes general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds for fiscal years 2002 through 2009. Fiscal years 2000-2001 included general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects and expendable trust funds.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

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		Real Property		Tangible Pers	onal Property	Tangible Pers	sonal Property								
				Public	Utility	General	Business		Total		Weighted				
	Assesse	d Value	Estimated		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated						
Collection	Residential/	Commercial/	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual		Average				
Year	Agricultural	Industrial/PU	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Ratio	Tax Rate				
2000	\$ 182,465,740	\$ 28,302,810	\$ 602,195,857	\$13,181,080	\$14,978,500	\$19,048,419	\$76,193,676	\$242,998,049	\$693,368,033	35.05%	\$ 55.00				
2001	184,844,760	30,988,330	616,665,971	12,132,210	13,786,602	18,292,861	73,171,444	246,258,161	703,624,018	35.00%	55.00				
2002	187,555,690	31,346,640	625,435,229	8,294,520	9,425,591	20,398,661	81,594,644	247,595,511	716,455,463	34.56%	55.00				
2003	217,133,400	38,019,310	729,007,743	8,768,500	9,964,205	19,345,067	77,380,268	283,266,277	816,352,215	34.70%	55.00				
2004	221 742 000	27.506.610	740 072 057	0 452 470	0.712.112	17 702 (25	71 170 500	205 506 505	021 055 470	24.750/	55.00				
2004	221,743,890	37,596,610	740,972,857	8,453,470	9,712,113	17,792,625	71,170,500	285,586,595	821,855,470	34.75%	55.00				
2005	226,246,280	38,504,470	756,430,714	8,720,900	9,910,114	19,596,241	78,384,964	293,067,891	844,725,792	34.69%	59.90				
2003	220,240,200	36,304,470	730,430,714	8,720,700	7,710,114	17,370,241	70,304,704	273,007,071	044,723,772	J4.07/0	37.70				
2006	251,020,120	39,806,390	830,932,886	7,882,630	8,957,534	15,659,573	62,638,292	314,368,713	902,528,712	34.83%	59.90				
	- ,,	,,	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,.	. , , .	, , , .	,,.						
2007	255,108,200	40,275,790	843,954,257	7,642,460	8,684,614	10,780,155	43,120,620	313,806,605	895,759,491	35.03%	59.90				
2008	258,122,620	41,487,830	856,029,857	5,809,220	6,601,386	6,093,290	24,373,160	311,512,960	887,004,404	35.12%	59.90				
2009	257,138,920	43,081,000	857,771,200	5,993,340	6,810,614	669,300	2,677,200	306,882,560	867,259,014	35.39%	59.90				

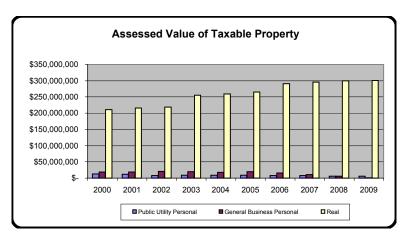
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Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property is 35% of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25% of true value for railroad property to 88% for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assess in previous years at 25% for machinery and equipment. General business inventory tangible personal property tax is being phased out beginning in 2006. The listing percentage is 18.75% for 2006, 12.5% for 2007, 6.25% for 2008 and zero for 2009.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, the 2 1/2% and the homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10% rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated.



Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (1)

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Years

Collection Year	School Levy	City Levy (2)	Franklin Township Levy	County Levy	Akron Summit Library Levy	Total
2009	59.90	13.75	14.65	14.16	2.08	104.54
2008	59.90	13.75	14.65	14.26	2.07	104.63
2007	59.90	10.00	14.65	14.57	2.03	101.15
2006	59.90	10.00	14.65	13.07	2.04	99.66
2005	59.90	10.00	14.65	13.07	2.14	99.76
2004	55.00	10.00	14.65	13.07	0.78	93.50
2003	55.00	10.00	14.65	13.07	1.59	94.31
2002	55.00	10.00	14.65	13.07	1.35	94.07
2001	55.00	10.00	14.65	13.07	1.39	94.11
2000	55.00	10.00	14.65	12.27	1.39	93.31

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

Note: Data is presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County Fiscal Officer.

⁽¹⁾ Rates are per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

⁽²⁾ The City of Barberton now has overlapping valuations, therefore this includes 6.5 from the City of Norton and 3.5 from the City of Barberton.

Norton City School District Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Calendar Years

						Percent of			Total Collection	
	**		Delinquent	T . 1 .	Current	Current Levy	Delinquent	Total	as a Percent of	Delinquent
	Year	Current Levy	Levy (2)	Total Levy	Collections	Collected	Collection	Collection	Total Levy	Taxes Receivable
	2008	\$ 9,710,467	\$ 628,496	\$ 10,338,963	\$ 9,327,470	96.06%	\$ 379,562	\$ 9,707,032	93.89%	\$ 631,931
	2007	10,034,876	646,293	10,681,169	9,658,007	96.24%	428,478	10,086,485	94.43%	594,684
	2006	10,246,211	938,817	11,185,028	9,842,810	96.06%	361,589	10,204,399	91.23%	980,629
	2005	10,890,317	619,263	11,509,580	10,468,098	96.12%	315,442	10,783,540	93.69%	726,041
	2004	10,365,254	554,995	10,920,249	9,968,049	96.17%	282,887	10,250,936	93.87%	669,313
	2003	8,733,646	490,727	9,224,373	8,486,330	97.17%	286,843	8,773,173	95.11%	451,200
	2002	8,208,438	655,238	8,863,676	7,933,738	96.65%	346,038	8,279,776	93.41%	583,900
S-16	2001	8,208,384	655,210	8,863,594	7,933,684	96.65%	345,998	8,279,682	93.41%	583,912
	2000	8,400,858	633,570	9,034,428	8,113,663	96.58%	264,795	8,378,458	92.74%	655,970
	1999	8,161,748	556,618	8,718,366	7,871,681	96.45%	228,223	8,099,904	92.91%	618,462

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer.

Note: Data is presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County Fiscal Officer.

- $(1) \ Includes \ Homestead/Rollback \ taxes \ assessed \ locally, \ but \ distributed \ through \ the \ State \ and \ reported \ as \ Intergovernmental \ Revenue.$
- (2) This amount cannot be calculated based on other information in this statistical table because of retroactive additions and reductions which are brought on in one lump sum.
- (3) The 2009 information cannot be presented because all collections have not been made by June 30, 2009.

2009

Principal Taxpayers 2009 and 2000

2007		Asses	ssed valuations				Estimated Ac	tuai vaiuations	
	Real	Tangible	Public		Percent of	Real	Tangible	Public	_
Top Taxpayers	Property	Personal	Utility	Total	Total	Property	Personal	Utility (1)	Total
	•	•							
Ohio Edison	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,159,370	\$ 4,159,370	1.36%		\$ -	\$ 4,726,557	\$ 4,726,557
B & C Corporation	2,887,760	-	-	2,887,760	0.94%	8,250,743	-	-	8,250,743
Columbia Woods	2,837,360	-	-	2,837,360	0.92%	8,106,743	-	-	8,106,743
Albrecht Inc.	2,055,400	-	-	2,055,400	0.67%	5,872,571	-	-	5,872,571
East Ohio Gas	-	-	1,313,370	1,313,370	0.43%	-	-	1,492,466	1,492,466
Falkenstein Albert J & Margaret	1,012,920	-	-	1,012,920	0.33%	2,894,057	-	-	2,894,057
Newpark Drive Limited Partnership	962,990	-	-	962,990	0.31%	2,751,400	-	-	2,751,400
Springhills Golf Course, Inc.	716,520	-	-	716,520	0.23%	2,047,200	-	-	2,047,200
Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.	696,390	-	-	696,390	0.23%	1,989,686	-	-	1,989,686
Trinity Broadcasting Network, Inc.	655,260	- _		655,260	0.21%	1,872,171		<u> </u>	1,872,171
Total Top Ten Taxpayers	\$ 11,824,600	\$ -	\$ 5,472,740	\$ 17,297,340	5.64%	\$ 33,784,571	\$ -	\$ 6,219,023	\$ 40,003,594
Total All Assessed Valuations	\$ 300,219,920	\$ 669,300	\$ 5,993,340	\$ 306,882,560					
<u>2000</u>		Asses	ssed Valuations				Estimated Ac	ctual Valuations	
	Real	Tangible	Public		Percent of	Real	Tangible	Public	
Top Taxpayers	Property	Personal	Utility	Total	Total	Property	Personal	Utility (1)	Total
Ohio Edison	\$ 246,927	\$ -	\$ 5,741,850	\$ 5,988,777	2.46%	\$ 705,506	\$ -	\$ 6,524,830	\$ 7,230,335
PPG Industries	1,956,410	3,199,730	-	5,156,140	2.12%	5,589,743	12,798,920	-	18,388,663
East Ohio Gas	-	_ ·	3,491,740	3,491,740	1.44%	-	-	3,967,886	3,967,886
Albrecht Inc	1,762,922	218,990	_	1,981,912	0.82%	5,036,920	875,960	-	5,912,880
Ohio Bell Telephone	-	-	1,930,000	1,930,000	0.79%	-	-	2,193,182	2,193,182
Isolab	473,095	928,480	_	1,401,575	0.58%	1,351,700	3,713,920	-	5,065,620
Fomo Products, Inc.	312,946	982,480	_	1,295,426	0.53%	894,131	3,929,920	_	4,824,051
Praxair Inc.	-	1,162,420	_	1,162,420	0.48%	-	4,649,680	_	4,649,680
Albert J. Falkenstein	901,740	-,,	_	901,740	0.37%	2,576,400	-	_	2,576,400
Albert J. Falkenstein		888,110		888,110	0.37%		3,552,440		3,552,440
Total Top Ten Taxpayers	\$ 5,654,040	\$ 7,380,210	\$ 11,163,590	\$ 24,197,840	9.96%	\$ 16,154,400	\$ 29,520,840	\$ 12,685,898	\$ 58,361,138
Total All Assessed Valuations	\$ 210,768,550	\$ 19,048,419	\$ 13,181,080	\$ 242,998,049					

Estimated Actual Valuations

Assessed Valuations

Source: Summit County Fiscal Officer

S-1/

⁽¹⁾ Per the Summit County Fiscal Officer, there is no way to differentiate any of the components which constitute the values that are certified to them by the Tax Commissioner, thus it is not possible to arrive at an "Estimated Actual Value".

Norton City School District Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt	Resources Available to Pay Principal	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Percentage of Personal Income	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2000	\$ 260,400	\$ 4,703	\$ 255,697	0.04%	0.09%	\$ 22.60
2001	217,000	4,703	212,297	0.03%	0.08%	18.83
2002	173,600	55,459	118,141	0.02%	0.04%	15.07
2003	130,200	4,703	125,497	0.02%	0.05%	11.30
2004	86,800	4,703	82,097	0.01%	0.03%	7.53
2005	43,400	4,703	38,697	0.00%	0.01%	3.77
2006	-	4,703	(4,703)	0.00%	0.00%	-
2007	-	4,703	(4,703)	0.00%	0.00%	-
2008	-	4,703	(4,703)	0.00%	n/a	-
2009	-	4,703	(4,703)	0.00%	n/a	-

Norton City School District Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>2000</u>		<u>2001</u>		<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
Tax Valuation	\$ 2	242,998,049	\$	246,258,161	\$	247,595,511	\$ 283,266,277	\$ 285,586,595
Debt Limit - 9% of Taxable Valuation (1)		21,869,824		22,163,234		22,283,596	25,493,965	25,702,794
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit General Obligation Bonds Less Amount Available in Debt Service		260,400 (4,703)		217,000 (4,703)		173,600 (55,459)	130,200 (4,703)	86,800 (4,703)
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit		255,697	_	212,297	_	118,141	 125,497	 82,097
Legal Debt Margin	\$	21,614,127	\$	21,950,937	\$	22,165,455	\$ 25,368,468	\$ 25,620,697
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit		98.83%		99.04%		99.47%	99.51%	99.68%
Unvoted Debt Limit10% of Taxable Valuation (1)	\$	242,998	\$	246,258	\$	247,596	\$ 283,266	\$ 285,587
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit		255,697		212,297		118,141	 125,497	 82,097
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$	498,695	\$	458,555	\$	365,737	\$ 408,763	\$ 367,684
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit		205.23%		186.21%		147.72%	144.30%	128.75%

Source: School District records, Summit County Fiscal Officer.

⁽¹⁾ Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

Norton City School District Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Tax Valuation	\$ 293,067,891	\$ 314,368,713	\$ 313,806,605	\$ 311,512,960	\$ 306,882,560
Debt Limit - 9% of Taxable Valuation (1)	 26,376,110	 28,293,184	 28,242,594	 28,036,166	 27,619,430
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit General Obligation Bonds	43,400	- (4.702)	- (4.702)	- (4.702)	- (4.702)
Less Amount Available in Debt Service	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	 38,697	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 26,337,413	\$ 28,297,887	\$ 28,247,297	\$ 28,040,869	\$ 27,624,133
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	99.85%	100.02%	100.02%	100.02%	100.02%
Unvoted Debt Limit10% of Taxable Valuation (1)	\$ 293,068	\$ 314,369	\$ 313,807	\$ 311,513	\$ 306,883
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	 38,697	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)	 (4,703)
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$ 331,765	\$ 309,666	\$ 309,104	\$ 306,810	\$ 302,180
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit	113.20%	98.50%	98.50%	98.49%	98.47%

Source: School District records, Summit County Fiscal Officer.

⁽¹⁾ Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

Norton City School District Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2009

	Net General Tax Supported Debt (1)	Percent Overlapping (2)	Amount Applicable to Norton CSD
Direct:			
Norton City School District	\$ -	100.00%	\$ -
Overlapping:			
City of Norton	2,612,671	97.00%	2,534,291
City of Barberton	7,145,000	0.10%	7,145
New Franklin Village	-	13.79%	-
Summit County	38,420,000	2.46%	945,132
Metro Regional Transit Authority	570,000	2.46%	14,022
Akron-Summit Library District	50,700,000	3.60%	1,825,200
Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District	-	0.80%	-
Summit Metro Park District		2.59%	
Total overlapping:	99,447,671		5,325,790
Total direct and overlapping debt:	\$ 99,447,671		\$ 5,325,790

Source: School District records, Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

⁽¹⁾ All debt reported is as of December 31, 2008, except for Norton City School District, which is reported as of June 30, 2009.

⁽²⁾ Overlapping percentages are calculated based on overlapping valuation and total entity valuation.

Norton City School District Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

			Per Capita	
		Personal Income (2)	Personal Income	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Rate (3)
2000	11,523	\$276,435	\$24	4.00%
2001	11,523	269,608	23	4.30%
2002	11,523	266,886	23	5.50%
2003	11,523	275,864	24	5.70%
2004	11,523	296,584	26	6.10%
2005	11,523	305,137	26	5.80%
2006	11,523	318,731	28	4.90%
2007	11,523	337,072	29	5.30%
2008	11,523	n/a	n/a	6.20%
2009	11,523	n/a	n/a	10.50%

Sources: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.

(2) Ohio Department of Taxation.

(3) U.S. Department of Labor.

 $\ensuremath{\text{n/a}}$ - information is not available and will be reported when it becomes available.

Norton City School District Principal Employers 2008 and 2002 (1)

			2008			2002	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
B & C Corporation	Communications	688	1	26.70%	949	1	33.93%
Norton City School District	Education	496	2	19.25%	454	2	16.23%
Fred Martin Motor Group	Automotive sales	308	3	11.95%	274	3	9.80%
SA Communale Company	Construction	298	4	11.56%	254	4	9.08%
Fred W. Albrecht Grocery, Inc.	Grocery Store	227	5	8.81%	238	5	8.51%
Albert Screenprint, Inc.	Screen printing	163	6	6.33%	168	6	6.01%
Ganley Ford, Inc.	Automotive sales	131	7	5.08%	150	7	5.36%
City of Norton	City	119	8	4.62%	-	-	0.00%
PPG Industries	Glass manufacturing	76	9	2.95%	86	10	3.07%
Milich's Village Inn Incorporated	Restaurant	71	10	2.76%	-	-	0.00%
Lenic, Inc.	Fast food	-	-	0.00%	123	8	4.40%
Perkinelmer Wallace, Inc.	Automotive sales	-	-	0.00%	101	9	3.61%
Total		2,577			2,797		

Source: City of Norton, Ohio.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2002 is not available. 2009 information is not yet available.

Norton City School District School District Employees by Function/Program Last Six Fiscal Years

Function/Program	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Regular instruction						
Elementary classroom teachers	49	50	54	57	40	44.5
Middle school classroom teachers	38	40	39	42	42	42.5
High school classroom teachers	34	35	40	41	37	35
Alternative school	1	1	2	1	1	1
Special instruction						
Academically gifted teachers	1	1	1	1	1	1
Multi handicapped teachers	3	3	3	3	3.5	4.5
Severe behavior handicapped teachers	3	3	2	2	2	2
Developmentally handicapped teachers	3	3	3	3	3	3
Specific learning disabled teachers	6	6	9	8	4	5
Disadvantaged youth teachers	3	3	3	4	3	3
Vocational instruction						
High school classroom teachers	10	10	8	10	10	8
Pupil support services						
Guidance counselors	3	3	4	5	4	4
Librarians	2	2	2	2	2	2
Psychologists	1	1	1	1	1	1
Speech and language pathologists	2	2	2	2	2	2
Aides	8	8	16	13	16	16
Computer	1	1	2	2	2	2
Other	10	13	10	13	12	12
Administrators						
Elementary	3	3	3	3	3	3
Middle school	1	1	1	1	1	1
High school	2	2	2	2	2	2
Operation of plant						
Custodians	17	18	20	20	18	18
Pupil transportation						
Bus drivers	21	23	22	22	23	23
Bus aides	6	6	6	4	4	4
Maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3
Food service program						
Cooks	15	17	19	19	18	18

Information prior to 2004 is not available.

Source: School District records.

Norton City School District Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Tell I	iscai Tears					Pupil/	Percentage of students receiving
Fiscal			Cost	Percentage	Teaching	Teacher	free or reduced
Year	Expenses	Enrollment	Per Pupil	Change	Staff	Ratio	lunches
2000	n/a	2,456	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	12.29%
2001	n/a	2,429	n/a	n/a	142.90	17.0	13.84%
2002	\$ 19,336,715	2,544	\$7,601	n/a	154.00	16.5	16.30%
2003	\$ 19,750,650	2,544	\$7,764	2.14%	147.60	17.2	15.87%
2004	\$ 19,176,542	2,523	\$7,601	-2.10%	138.60	18.2	17.31%
2005	\$ 20,064,701	2,425	\$8,274	8.86%	138.80	17.5	17.58%
2006	\$ 21,496,213	2,377	\$9,043	9.30%	140.30	16.9	17.84%
2007	\$ 22,255,948	2,417	\$9,208	1.82%	145.90	16.6	20.47%
2008	\$ 22,781,530	2,505	\$9,094	-1.23%	146.50	17.1	19.50%
2009	\$ 22,870,010	2,483	\$9,211	1.28%	149.20	16.6	23.23%

Source: School District Records, Ohio Department of Education.

n/a - information is not available and will be reported when it becomes available.

Norton City School District Building Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009
Norton Corner Stone Elementary School										
Constructed in 1914										
Total building square footage	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919	40,919
Enrollment grades K-4	360	366	366	349	216	229	217	226	346	334
Student capacity	510	510	510	510	510	510	510	510	510	510
Regular instruction classrooms	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Regular instruction teachers	n/a	18	19	16	11	11	11	19	15	16.5
Special instruction classrooms	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Special instruction teachers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Norton Primary Elementary School										
Constructed in 1956										
Total building square footage	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658	32,658
Enrollment grades K-4	319	287	343	354	360	353	362	358	373	338
Student capacity	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630
Regular instruction classrooms	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Regular instruction teachers	n/a	14	15	15	16	16	18	18	15	16.5
Special instruction classrooms	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Special instruction teachers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Grill Elementary School										
Constructed in 1928										
Total building square footage	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562	26,562
Enrollment grades K-4	254	265	277	273	219	217	235	239	237	271
Student capacity	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480
Regular instruction classrooms	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Regular instruction teachers	n/a	12	13	13	9	9	11	15	10	11.5
Special instruction classrooms	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Special instruction teachers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Junior High/Middle School										
Constructed in 1966										
Total building square footage	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081	75,081
Enrollment grades 5-8	604	592	600	605	824	781	776	783	795	814
Student capacity	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,140
Regular instruction classrooms	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Regular instruction teachers	n/a	31	33	32	36	36	36	37	42	42.5
Special instruction classrooms	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Special instruction teachers	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	5	3	3

Norton City School District

Building Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009
High School										
Constructed in 1953										
Total building square footage	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097	112,097
Enrollment grades 9-12	801	802	843	844	815	766	701	725	838	837
Student capacity	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530	1,530
Regular instruction classrooms	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
Regular instruction teachers	n/a	43	49	47	43	43	46	36	37	37
Special instruction classrooms	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Special instruction teachers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

n/a - information is not available and will be reported when it becomes available.

Norton City School District Teachers' Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

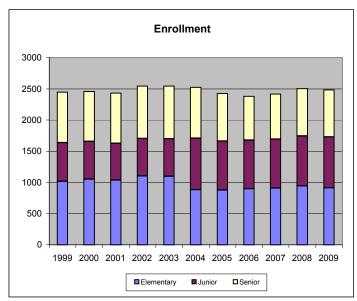
Norton City								
	Scho	ool District	Statewide					
Fiscal	A	verage	Average					
Year		Salary	Salary					
2000	\$	44,931	n/a					
2001		42,303	42,995					
2002		41,842	43,755					
2003		45,167	45,645					
2004		47,538	47,659					
2005		47,583	49,438					
2006		49,877	50,772					
2007		50,411	53,536					
2008		51,341	53,410					
2009		52,226	54,656					

Source: Ohio Department of Education.

n/a - information is not available and will be reported when it becomes available.

Norton City School District Enrollment Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Elementary Schools	Junior High School	Senior High School	Total
2000	1,051	604	801	2,456
2001	1,035	592	802	2,429
2002	1,101	600	843	2,544
2003	1,095	605	844	2,544
2004	884	824	815	2,523
2005	878	781	766	2,425
2006	900	776	701	2,377
2007	909	783	725	2,417
2008	944	802	759	2,505
2009	913	814	756	2,483



Source: Ohio Department of Education.

Norton City School District Average Number of Students per Teacher Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Norton City School District Average	State Average
2000	21.30	18.10
2001	20.70	18.00
2002	19.40	16.90
2003	19.20	16.50
2004	20.00	18.50
2005	19.30	18.50
2006	18.20	18.60
2007	18.50	19.60
2008	19.20	18.60
2009	n/a	n/a

Source: Ohio Department of Education.

 $\ensuremath{\text{n/a}}$ - information is not available at this time.

Norton City School District Attendance and Graduation Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Norton City School District Attendance Rate	State Average	Norton City School District Graduation Rate	State Average
2000	95.10%	93.60%	87.60%	80.60%
2001	95.20%	93.90%	88.80%	81.10%
2002	95.00%	94.30%	92.90%	82.70%
2003	95.10%	94.50%	97.30%	84.30%
2004	95.20%	94.50%	97.50%	85.90%
2005	94.90%	94.30%	97.60%	86.20%
2006	95.10%	94.10%	95.30%	86.10%
2007	95.10%	94.10%	98.20%	86.90%
2008	95.10%	94.20%	>95%	84.60%
2009	>95%	94.30%	n/a	n/a

Source: Ohio Department of Education.

n/a - information is not available at this time.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

NORTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 9, 2010