## JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Joseph Badger Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

December 16, 2010



### JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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### Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Joseph Badger Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Joseph Badger Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Joseph Badger Local School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2010 on our consideration of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Independent Auditor's Report Joseph Badger Local School District Page Two

Julian & Sube, the

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise Joseph Badger Local School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 5, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Joseph Badger Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

- □ Net assets of governmental activities decreased in fiscal year 2010 from annual depreciation of capital assets offset by the continued principal payments on outstanding debt obligations.
- □ Governmental activities reflected an overall increase in revenues over fiscal year 2009 from an increase in property taxes being slightly offset by less investment earnings being collected.
- □ Total program expenses for fiscal year 2010 were slightly lower than the previous fiscal year, largely due to reductions to pupil transportation within the School District.

### **Using this Annual Financial Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Joseph Badger Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Joseph Badger Local School District, the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund are by far the most significant funds.

### **Reporting the School District as a Whole**

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the School District's activities are classified as governmental and business-type. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food services and extracurricular activities.

### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** The Board of Education charges students a fee for school lunches. The money collected locally combined with State and Federal reimbursements, is intended to defray all expenses necessary to operate the food service program. Each month the Board reviews food service fund projections to judge how much negative impact will be placed on the general fund. The School District also added a preschool program during fiscal year 2009 where tuition is paid for children to attend. Additionally, the School District operates a dental fund designed to defray unforeseen healthcare expenses. It is the School District's belief that these funds provide additional stability to the five year forecast. Proprietary funds utilize the same form of accounting as business-type activities, therefore these statements match those found in the district-wide statements.

#### The School District as a Trustee

The School District is a trustee or fiduciary for two funds. One of these funds holds and invests the principal amount and provides the earnings in the form of a scholarship for graduating seniors. The other fund accounts for money collected for student activities. There is no School District related activity occurring within these funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for fiscal year 2010 compared to fiscal year 2009:

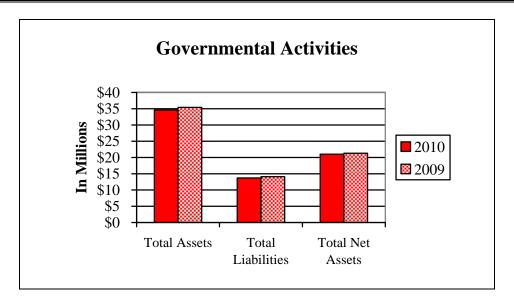
Table 1
Net Assets

	Governmenta	al Activties	Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$7,420,953	\$7,211,228	\$50,676	\$42,462	\$7,471,629	\$7,253,690
Capital Assets, Net	26,938,685	27,919,068	199,283	210,086	27,137,968	28,129,154
Total Assets	34,359,638	35,130,296	249,959	252,548	34,609,597	35,382,844
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities	4,369,662	4,513,294	29,597	42,257	4,399,259	4,555,551
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	658,429	662,785	4,558	4,592	662,987	667,377
Due in More Than One Year	8,617,263	8,895,680	5,408	4,688	8,622,671	8,900,368
Total Liabilities	13,645,354	14,071,759	39,563	51,537	13,684,917	14,123,296
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	18,772,263	19,443,158	199,283	210,086	18,971,546	19,653,244
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects	545,926	715,432	0	0	545,926	715,432
Debt Service	45,409	0	0	0	45,409	0
Set Asides	164,341	79,706	0	0	164,341	79,706
Other Purposes	114,525	19,338	0	0	114,525	19,338
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,071,820	800,903	11,113	(9,075)	1,082,933	791,828
Total Net Assets	\$20,714,284	\$21,058,537	\$210,396	\$201,011	\$20,924,680	\$21,259,548

Graph 1
Net Assets
(In Millions)

	2010	2009
Total Assets	\$34.6	\$35.4
Total Liabilities	13.7	14.1
Total Net Assets	\$20.9	\$21.3

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited



Total assets for the School District decreased from annual depreciation in capital assets offset by an increase in property taxes receivable.

Current liabilities decreased over the prior fiscal year from decreases in contracts and matured compensated absences payable.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all activities is general revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is the grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Joseph Badger proactively seeks out federal and State funding sources in the forms of grants to ensure that programs of the School District are properly funded. The remaining source of revenue lies in program revenues which are restricted in use to a specific program.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net assets for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for the current fiscal year. Table 2 shows total revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for the fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Joseph Badger Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

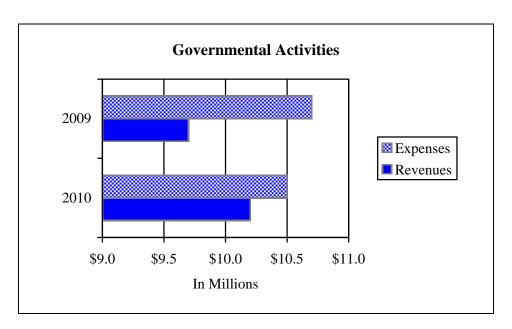
Table 2 Program Revenues and Expenses

Program revenues         \$462,453         \$324,592         \$198,760         \$169,594         \$661,213         \$494,186           Operating Grants and Contributions         868,199         426,386         216,224         204,855         1,084,423         631,241           Capital Grants and Contributions         18,413         17,941         0         0         18,413         17,941           Total Program Revenues         1,349,065         768,919         414,984         374,449         1,764,049         1,143,368           General revenues         Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317		Frogram Revenues and Expenses Governmental Activities Business-Typ				Гotal	
Program revenues           Charges for Services and Sales         \$462,453         \$324,592         \$198,760         \$169,594         \$661,213         \$494,186           Operating Grants and Contributions         868,199         426,386         216,224         204,855         1,084,423         631,241           Capital Grants and Contributions         18,413         17,941         0         0         18,413         17,941           Total Program Revenues         1,349,065         768,919         414,984         374,449         1,764,049         1,143,368           General revenues           Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         50,695         37,317           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,31							
Charges for Services and Sales         \$462,453         \$324,592         \$198,760         \$169,594         \$661,213         \$494,186           Operating Grants and Contributions         868,199         426,386         216,224         204,855         1,084,423         631,241           Capital Grants and Contributions         18,413         17,941         0         0         18,413         17,941           Total Program Revenues           Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         50,695         37,317           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317		2010	200)	2010	200)	2010	200)
Operating Grants and Contributions         868,199         426,386         216,224         204,855         1,084,423         631,241           Capital Grants and Contributions         18,413         17,941         0         0         18,413         17,941           Total Program Revenues         1,349,065         768,919         414,984         374,449         1,764,049         1,143,368           General revenues           Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         50,695         37,317           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Program revenues						
Capital Grants and Contributions         18,413         17,941         0         0         18,413         17,941           Total Program Revenues         1,349,065         768,919         414,984         374,449         1,764,049         1,143,368           General revenues           Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Charges for Services and Sales	\$462,453	\$324,592	\$198,760	\$169,594	\$661,213	\$494,186
Total Program Revenues         1,349,065         768,919         414,984         374,449         1,764,049         1,143,368           General revenues           Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Operating Grants and Contributions	868,199	426,386	216,224	204,855	1,084,423	631,241
General revenues           Property Taxes         3,462,202         3,389,034         0         0         3,462,202         3,389,034           Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Capital Grants and Contributions	18,413	17,941	0	0	18,413	17,941
Property Taxes       3,462,202       3,389,034       0       0       3,462,202       3,389,034         Grants and Entitlements not       Restricted to Specific Programs       4,888,212       5,022,307       0       0       4,888,212       5,022,307         Investment Earnings       8,026       45,865       0       0       8,026       45,865         Gain on Sale of Capital Assets       0       22,550       0       0       0       0       22,550         Miscellaneous       50,695       37,317       0       0       50,695       37,317	Total Program Revenues	1,349,065	768,919	414,984	374,449	1,764,049	1,143,368
Grants and Entitlements not         Restricted to Specific Programs       4,888,212       5,022,307       0       0       4,888,212       5,022,307         Investment Earnings       8,026       45,865       0       0       8,026       45,865         Gain on Sale of Capital Assets       0       22,550       0       0       0       0       22,550         Miscellaneous       50,695       37,317       0       0       50,695       37,317	General revenues						
Restricted to Specific Programs         4,888,212         5,022,307         0         0         4,888,212         5,022,307           Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Property Taxes	3,462,202	3,389,034	0	0	3,462,202	3,389,034
Investment Earnings         8,026         45,865         0         0         8,026         45,865           Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Grants and Entitlements not						
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets         0         22,550         0         0         0         22,550           Miscellaneous         50,695         37,317         0         0         50,695         37,317	Restricted to Specific Programs	4,888,212	5,022,307	0	0	4,888,212	5,022,307
Miscellaneous 50,695 37,317 0 0 50,695 37,317	Investment Earnings	8,026	45,865	0	0	8,026	45,865
	Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	22,550	0	0	0	22,550
Total Canaral Revenues 8 400 135 8 517 073 0 0 8 400 135 8 517 073	Miscellaneous	50,695	37,317	0	0	50,695	37,317
10tal General Revenues 6,407,135 6,517,075 0 0 0,407,135 6,517,075	Total General Revenues	8,409,135	8,517,073	0	0	8,409,135	8,517,073
Total Revenues         9,758,200         9,285,992         414,984         374,449         10,173,184         9,660,441	Total Revenues	9,758,200	9,285,992	414,984	374,449	10,173,184	9,660,441
Program Expenses	Program Expenses						
Instruction:	Instruction:						
Regular 4,961,442 4,941,539 0 0 4,961,442 4,941,539	Regular	4,961,442	4,941,539	0	0	4,961,442	4,941,539
Special 678,273 641,989 0 0 678,273 641,989	Special	678,273	641,989	0	0	678,273	641,989
Vocational 80,198 111,533 0 0 80,198 111,533	Vocational	80,198	111,533	0	0	80,198	111,533
Student Intervention Services 53,257 38,816 0 0 53,257 38,816	Student Intervention Services	53,257	38,816	0	0	53,257	38,816
Support Services:	Support Services:						
Pupil 349,973 363,550 0 0 349,973 363,550	Pupil	349,973	363,550	0	0	349,973	363,550
Instructional Staff 97,555 140,151 0 0 97,555 140,151	Instructional Staff	97,555	140,151	0	0	97,555	140,151
Board of Education 145,313 52,064 0 0 145,313 52,064	Board of Education	145,313	52,064	0	0	145,313	52,064
Administration 668,694 684,602 0 0 668,694 684,602	Administration	668,694	684,602	0	0	668,694	684,602
Fiscal 307,843 332,107 0 0 307,843 332,107	Fiscal	307,843	332,107	0	0	307,843	332,107
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 701,994 738,942 0 0 701,994 738,942	Operation and Maintenance of Plant	701,994	738,942	0	0	701,994	738,942
Pupil Transportation 790,014 1,085,717 0 0 790,014 1,085,717	Pupil Transportation	790,014	1,085,717	0	0	790,014	1,085,717
Central 150,664 156,544 0 0 150,664 156,544	Central	150,664	156,544	0	0	150,664	156,544
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 512,562 452,488 0 0 512,562 452,488	Operation of Non-Instructional Services	512,562	452,488	0	0	512,562	452,488
Extracurricular Activities 280,430 250,629 0 0 280,430 250,629	Extracurricular Activities	280,430	250,629	0	0	280,430	250,629
Interest and Fiscal Charges 324,241 330,061 0 0 324,241 330,061	Interest and Fiscal Charges	324,241	330,061	0	0	324,241	330,061
Food Service 0 0 379,274 379,279 379,274 379,279	Food Service	0	0	379,274	379,279	379,274	379,279
Pre-Kindergarten         0         0         26,325         0         26,325         0	Pre-Kindergarten	0	0	26,325	0	26,325	0
Total Program Expenses         10,102,453         10,320,732         405,599         379,279         10,508,052         10,700,011	Total Program Expenses	10,102,453	10,320,732	405,599	379,279	10,508,052	10,700,011
Change in Net Assets (344,253) (1,034,740) 9,385 (4,830) (334,868) (1,039,570)	Change in Net Assets	(344,253)	(1,034,740)	9,385	(4,830)	(334,868)	(1,039,570)
Net Assets Beginning of Year         21,058,537         22,093,277         201,011         205,841         21,259,548         22,299,118	Net Assets Beginning of Year	21,058,537	22,093,277	201,011	205,841	21,259,548	22,299,118
Net Assets End of Year         \$20,714,284         \$21,058,537         \$210,396         \$201,011         \$20,924,680         \$21,259,548	Net Assets End of Year	\$20,714,284	\$21,058,537	\$210,396	\$201,011	\$20,924,680	\$21,259,548

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Graph 2
Revenues and Expenses
(In Millions)

	2010	2009
Revenues	\$10.2	\$9.7
Expenses	10.5	10.7



#### Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay less than \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 35.48 percent of revenues for governmental activities for Joseph Badger Local School District in fiscal year 2010 versus 36.5 percent in fiscal year 2009.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Instruction expenses comprise the largest portion of all program expenses for the School District. These expenses pay for teacher salary and benefits which increase at set levels every year through negotiated agreements.

Interest and fiscal charges decreased over the prior fiscal year which is the result of the School District's continued payments on outstanding debt obligations approved by the residents of the School District to fund capital projects.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3

Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	2010		200	)9
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program Expenses				
Instruction	\$5,773,170	\$4,786,777	\$5,733,877	\$5,269,724
Support Services:				
Pupil and Instructional Staff	447,528	422,032	503,701	408,389
Board of Education, Administration,				
and Fiscal	1,121,850	1,069,263	1,068,773	1,039,249
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	701,994	623,580	738,942	695,268
Pupil Transportation	790,014	756,355	1,085,717	1,048,209
Central	150,664	133,173	156,544	136,236
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	512,562	471,985	452,488	439,830
Extracurricular Activities	280,430	165,982	250,629	184,847
Interest and Fiscal Charges	324,241	324,241	330,061	330,061
Total	\$10,102,453	\$8,753,388	\$10,320,732	\$9,551,813

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent as they account for 86.65 percent of the total cost of services in fiscal year 2010. This amount is 92.55 percent in 2009. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for Joseph Badger Local School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

#### The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 18. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$9,642,470 and expenditures of \$9,375,180. The general fund had a moderate increase of \$307,722 in fund balance, due to reductions in expenditures. The net change in fund balance for the year in the bond retirement fund was an increase of \$74,233, due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues. As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, intergovernmental revenues and property taxes comprise the School District's largest revenue sources, accounting for 59.21 and 35.11 percent of total governmental revenue, respectively.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the School District amended its general fund by a small percentage. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenses but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, actual revenue totaled \$7,929,664, which was the same as the final budget estimate. Original budget estimates differed from the final budget estimates due to lower original estimates of grant revenues.

Actual budget basis expenditures were the same as final budget estimated expenditures.

The School District's unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$2,260,459.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal 2010 balances compared to fiscal 2009:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities		Total		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
	_					
Land	\$528,682	\$528,682	\$0	\$0	\$528,682	\$528,682
Land Improvements	3,517,057	3,714,713	0	0	3,517,057	3,714,713
Buildings and Improvements	21,419,422	22,006,526	0	0	21,419,422	22,006,526
Furniture and Equipment	961,100	1,041,278	199,283	210,086	1,160,383	1,251,364
Vehicles	420,322	508,077	0	0	420,322	508,077
Textbooks	92,102	119,792	0	0	92,102	119,792
Total Capital Assets	\$26,938,685	\$27,919,068	\$199,283	\$210,086	\$27,137,968	\$28,129,154

For fiscal year 2010, capital assets decreased due to depreciation exceeding additions to capital assets. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's capital assets.

### Debt

At June 30, 2010 the School District had general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Table 5 summarizes the outstanding debt.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Fiscal Year End
Governmental Activities

_	2010	2009
2006 New School Construction		
Serial Bonds	\$3,560,000	\$3,865,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	99,993	99,993
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	43,316	33,124
Term Bonds	4,605,000	4,605,000
Unamortized Premium	286,756	300,411
Capital Leases	10,483	20,164
Total	\$8,605,548	\$8,923,692

The School District's overall legal debt margin increased to \$1.92 million. See Note 14 to the basic financial statements for detail on the School District's long-term obligations.

### **School District Outlook**

The State of Ohio continues to place pressure on the resources of local districts through funding cuts. Moving to a single new building resulted in operational efficiencies that offset future revenue cuts from the State.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Unaudited

The School District is determined to do all that it can to remain solvent and to avoid passing a new levy that would defy Supreme Court orders to reduce dependency on property tax. The School District currently has two emergency levies. This levy position is precarious because these levies require voter approval at the end of their five year life and also because the dollar amount is fixed and does not compensate for inflation. The Board has discussed several alternative tax strategies.

We are dependent on outside factors for our future success. The Ohio School Funding Formula provides most of the revenue for Joseph Badger Local Schools. While a substantial increase in the State's financial efforts would be justified and welcome, our forecasts do not take this possibility into account.

The health care insurance consortium to which Joseph Badger belongs has a reasonable cash balance. Health care costs containment has become a large issue for the future. Management negotiated a contract that will require employee contributions, increased office co-pays, increased drug co-pays and higher deductibles. Additionally, employees were required to have their spouses take single coverage if they were eligible at a reasonable cost of below \$100 per month. This ensures that the claims of spouses stay with the responsible employer.

Joseph Badger Local has ten teachers approaching retirement. Often if a senior teacher retires, they are replaced at a much lower cost. This will have a positive effect on School District finances.

### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information please contact Gregory Sciola, Treasurer at Joseph Badger Local School District, 7110 St. Rt. 7, Kinsman, Ohio 44428 or call (330) 876-2812 or e-mail <a href="mailto:Gregory.Sciola@Neomin.org">Gregory.Sciola@Neomin.org</a>.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets	<b>***</b>	<b>4.5.05</b>	<b>#2.202.000</b>
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,255,025	\$47,975	\$3,303,000
Accounts Receivable	2,324	2,701	5,025
Intergovernmental Receivable	43,876	0	43,876
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,338	0	1,338
Property Taxes Receivable	4,009,336	0	4,009,336
Deferred Charges	109,054	0	109,054
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	528,682	0	528,682
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	26,410,003	199,283	26,609,286
Total Assets	34,359,638	249,959	34,609,597
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	2,373	5,514	7,887
Accrued Wages and Benefits	645,068	19,634	664,702
Intergovernmental Payable	117,335	4,449	121,784
Deferred Revenue	3,572,380	0	3,572,380
Accrued Interest Payable	26,527	0	26,527
Claims Payable	5,979	0	5,979
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	658,429	4,558	662,987
Due In More Than One Year	8,617,263	5,408	8,622,671
Total Liabilities	13,645,354	39,563	13,684,917
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	18,772,263	199,283	18,971,546
Restricted for:	, ,	,	, ,
Capital Projects	545,926	0	545,926
Debt Service	45,409	0	45,409
Set Asides	164,341	0	164,341
Other Purposes	114,525	0	114,525
Unrestricted	1,071,820	11,113	1,082,933
Total Net Assets	\$20,714,284	\$210,396	\$20,924,680

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	_	Program Revenues		
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$4,961,442	\$171,610	\$319,120	\$0
Special	678,273	15,468	473,813	0
Vocational	80,198	3,829	0	0
Student Intervention Services	53,257	2,553	0	0
Support Services:				
Pupil	349,973	13,813	2,743	0
Instructional Staff	97,555	4,321	4,619	0
Board of Education	145,313	6,965	0	0
Administration	668,694	31,405	0	0
Fiscal	307,843	14,217	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	701,994	30,950	29,051	18,413
Pupil Transportation	790,014	33,659	0	0
Central	150,664	5,632	11,859	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	512,562	23,736	16,841	0
Extracurricular Activities	280,430	104,295	10,153	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	324,241	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	10,102,453	462,453	868,199	18,413
Business-Type Activities				
Food Service	379,274	172,660	216,224	0
Pre-Kindergarten	26,325	26,100	0	0
Total Business-Type Activities	405,599	198,760	216,224	0
Totals	\$10,508,052	\$661,213	\$1,084,423	\$18,413

### **General Revenues**

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Debt Service

Capital Outlay

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets Beginning of Year

Net Assets End of Year

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
(\$4,470,712)	\$0	(\$4,470,712)
(188,992)	0	(188,992)
(76,369)	0	(76,369)
(50,704)	0	(50,704)
(333,417)	0	(333,417)
(88,615)	0	(88,615)
(138,348)	0	(138,348)
(637,289)	0	(637,289)
(293,626)	0	(293,626)
(623,580)	0	(623,580)
(756,355)	0	(756,355)
(133,173)	0	(133,173)
(471,985)		(471,985)
(165,982)	0	(165,982)
(324,241)	0	(324,241)
(8,753,388)	0	(8,753,388)
0	9,610 (225)	9,610 (225)
0	9,385	9,385
(8,753,388)	9,385	(8,744,003)
2,850,956	0	2,850,956
566,948	0	566,948
44,298	0	44,298
4,888,212	0	4,888,212
8,026	0	8,026
50,695	0	50,695
8,409,135	0	8,409,135
(344,253)	9,385	(334,868)
21,058,537	201,011	21,259,548
\$20,714,284	\$210,396	\$20,924,680

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$2,096,040	\$263,473	\$644,633	\$3,004,146
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	166,991	0	0	166,991
Property Taxes Receivable	3,325,377	624,517	59,442	4,009,336
Accounts Receivable	1,949	0	375	2,324
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,338	0	0	1,338
Intergovernmental Receivable	4,669	0	39,207	43,876
Interfund Receivable	9,123	0	0	9,123
Total Assets	\$5,605,487	\$887,990	\$743,657	\$7,237,134
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$2,373	\$0	\$0	\$2,373
Accrued Wages and Benefits	627,047	0	18,021	645,068
Interfund Payable	0	0	9,123	9,123
Intergovernmental Payable	114,237	0	3,098	117,335
Deferred Revenue	3,278,090	615,629	97,804	3,991,523
Total Liabilities	4,021,747	615,629	128,046	4,765,422
Fund Balances				
Reserved for Encumbrances	1,850	0	15,553	17,403
Reserved for Property Taxes	47,287	8,888	845	57,020
Reserved for Textbooks and Instructional Materials	130,985	0	0	130,985
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	33,356	0	0	33,356
Reserved for Unclaimed Monies	2,650	0	0	2,650
Unreserved:				
Undesignated, Reported in:				
General Fund	1,367,612	0	0	1,367,612
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	62,616	62,616
Debt Service Fund	0	263,473	0	263,473
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	536,597	536,597
Total Fund Balances	1,583,740	272,361	615,611	2,471,712
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$5,605,487	\$887,990	\$743,657	\$7,237,134

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2010

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>	\$2,471,712
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	26,938,685
Other long-term assets, such as property taxes, are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	419,143
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of dental insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	77,909
In the statement of activities, bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, a bond issuance expenditure is reported when bonds are issued.	109,054
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(26,527)
Long-term liabilities payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Compensated Absences (670,144)  Capital Leases Payable (10,483)  General Obligation Bonds (8,595,065)  Total	(9,275,692)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$20,714,284

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	_	_		
Revenues	Ф <b>2</b> 707 407	Φ555.022	Φ42.150	\$2.205.c70
Property Taxes	\$2,787,497	\$555,023	\$43,159	\$3,385,679
Intergovernmental	4,731,921	156,291	820,618	5,708,830
Interest	7,982	0	44	8,026
Tuition and Fees	358,391	0	0	358,391
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	96,415	96,415
Contributions and Donations	16,634	0	10,153	26,787
Charges for Services	7,647	0	0	7,647
Miscellaneous	50,320	0	375	50,695
Total Revenues	7,960,392	711,314	970,764	9,642,470
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,558,213	0	311,642	3,869,855
Special	319,583	0	354,787	674,370
Vocational	70,644	0	0	70,644
Student Intervention Services	53,257			53,257
Support Services:				
Pupil	288,121	0	61,782	349,903
Instructional Staff	85,898	0	5,119	91,017
Board of Education	145,313	0	0	145,313
Administration	657,545	0	11,500	669,045
Fiscal	295,904	10,248	789	306,941
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	643,217	0	40,009	683,226
Pupil Transportation	706,768	0	0	706,768
Central	117,513	0	11,859	129,372
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	495,215	0	17,347	512,562
Extracurricular Activities	164,397	0	85,683	250,080
Capital Outlay	36,756	0	188,294	225,050
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	9,681	305,000	0	314,681
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,263	321,833	0	323,096
Total Expenditures	7,649,288	637,081	1,088,811	9,375,180
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	311,104	74,233	(118,047)	267,290
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	60,382	60,382
Transfers Out	(3,382)	0	(57,000)	(60,382)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,382)	0	3,382	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	307,722	74,233	(114,665)	267,290
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,276,018	198,128	730,276	2,204,422
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,583,740	\$272,361	\$615,611	\$2,471,712

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

### Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$267,290

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

Capital Outlay 212,012 Depreciation (1,192,395)

Total (980,383)

Property tax and Intergovernmental revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

**Property Taxes** 76,523 Intergovernmental 39,207

Total 115,730

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

314,681

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Bonds 585 Amortization of Issuance Costs (5.193)Amortization of Premium on Bonds 13,655 Bond Accretion (10,192)

Total (1,145)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences,

do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(35,371)

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds are not reported in the district-wide statements of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related interal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

(25,055)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

(\$344,253)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues		·		
Property Taxes	\$2,755,896	\$2,755,896	\$2,755,896	\$0
Intergovernmental	4,299,255	4,727,252	4,727,252	0
Interest	8,634	8,634	8,634	0
Tuition and Fees	358,391	358,391	358,391	0
Contributions and Donations	16,634	16,634	16,634	0
Charges for Services	12,357	12,357	12,357	0
Miscellaneous	181	50,500	50,500	0
Total Revenues	7,451,348	7,929,664	7,929,664	0
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,739,000	3,568,317	3,568,317	0
Special	289,662	318,100	318,100	0
Vocational	80,950	76,497	76,497	0
Student Intervention Services	66,290	53,257	53,257	0
Support Services:				
Pupil	297,625	289,078	289,078	0
Instructional Staff	102,658	92,491	92,491	0
Board of Education	58,455	146,475	146,475	0
Administration	660,228	671,365	671,365	0
Fiscal	317,481	318,527	318,527	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	650,622	662,337	662,337	0
Pupil Transportation	674,465	730,204	730,204	0
Central	110,750	117,565	117,565	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	450,500	499,242	499,242	0
Extracurricular Activities	161,000	160,683	160,683	0
Capital Outlay	5,500	37,456	37,456	0
Total Expenditures	7,665,186	7,741,594	7,741,594	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(213,838)	188,070	188,070	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	0	13,641	13,641	0
Advances Out	0	0	(9,123)	(9,123)
Transfers Out	0	0	(3,382)	(3,382)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	13,641	1,136	(12,505)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(213,838)	201,711	189,206	(12,505)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,049,918	2,049,918	2,049,918	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	21,335	21,335	21,335	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,857,415	\$2,272,964	\$2,260,459	(\$12,505)

Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

	Business-Type Externitise	Governmental Activity Internal Service
	Fund	Fund
A		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$47,975	\$83,888
Accounts Receivable	2,701	φου,σοσ 0
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,701	0
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	199,283	0
Depreciative Capital Assets, 1300	177,203	
Total Assets	249,959	83,888
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	5,514	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits	19,634	0
Intergovernmental Payable	4,449	0
Claims Payable	0	5,979
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year	4,558	0
Due In More Than One Year	5,408	0
Total Liabilities	39,563	5,979
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets	199,283	0
Unrestricted	11,113	77,909
Total Net Assets	\$210,396	\$77,909

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental	
	Food Service	Pre - Kindergarten	Total Enterprise Funds	Activity Internal Service Fund	
<b>Operating Revenues</b>					
Charges for Services	\$172,660	\$26,100	\$198,760	\$63,283	
Operating Expenses					
Salaries	122,958	22,451	145,409	0	
Fringe Benefits	50,546	3,698	54,244	0	
Purchased Services	19,031	0	19,031	5,254	
Materials and Supplies	170,217	176	170,393	0	
Claims	0	0	0	83,084	
Depreciation	16,273	0	16,273	0	
Other	249	0	249	0	
Total Operating Expenses	379,274	26,325	405,599	88,338	
Operating Loss	(206,614)	(225)	(206,839)	(25,055)	
Non-Operating Revenue					
Operating Grants	216,224	0	216,224	0	
Change in Net Assets	9,610	(225)	9,385	(25,055)	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	200,786	225	201,011	102,964	
Net Assets End of Year	\$210,396	\$0	\$210,396	\$77,909	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash Payments to Employees for Services       (111,451)       (22,451)       (133,902)         Cash Payments for Employee Benefits       (67,626)       (3,698)       (71,324)         Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services       (190,217)       (176)       (190,393)       (3,698)	ty ervice
Cash Received from Customers       \$168,873       \$26,100       \$194,973         Cash Received from Interfund Services       0       0       0       6         Cash Payments to Employees for Services       (111,451)       (22,451)       (133,902)         Cash Payments for Employee Benefits       (67,626)       (3,698)       (71,324)         Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services       (190,217)       (176)       (190,393)       (3	3,283 0 0 5,254) 3,422)
Cash Received from Customers       \$168,873       \$26,100       \$194,973         Cash Received from Interfund Services       0       0       0       6         Cash Payments to Employees for Services       (111,451)       (22,451)       (133,902)         Cash Payments for Employee Benefits       (67,626)       (3,698)       (71,324)         Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services       (190,217)       (176)       (190,393)       (3	3,283 0 0 5,254) 3,422)
Cash Received from Interfund Services       0       0       0       6         Cash Payments to Employees for Services       (111,451)       (22,451)       (133,902)         Cash Payments for Employee Benefits       (67,626)       (3,698)       (71,324)         Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services       (190,217)       (176)       (190,393)       (3,693)	0 0 5,254) 3,422)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services       (111,451)       (22,451)       (133,902)         Cash Payments for Employee Benefits       (67,626)       (3,698)       (71,324)         Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services       (190,217)       (176)       (190,393)       (3,698)	0 0 5,254) 3,422)
Cash Payments for Employee Benefits (67,626) (3,698) (71,324) Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services (190,217) (176) (190,393) (3,698)	5,254) 3,422)
	3,422)
Cash Fayments for Claims 0 0 0 (6.	
Other Cash Payments         (249)         0         (249)	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities (200,670) (225) (200,895) (2.5)	5,393)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating Grants Received 216,414 0 216,414	0
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquistion of Capital Assets (5,470) 0 (5,470)	0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 10,274 (225) 10,049 (25)	5,393)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year 37,701 225 37,926 109	9,281
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year \$47,975 \$0 \$47,975 \$8.	3,888
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss (\$206,614) (\$225) (\$206,839) (\$2	5,055)
A division and a	
Adjustments: Depreciation 16,273 0 16,273	0
Decrease in Accounts Receivable 1,645 0 1,645	0
Increase (Decrease) in Lightities.	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable (7,252) 0 (7,252)	0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accrued Wages       1,541       0       1,541         Compensated Absences Payable       686       0       686	0
Intergovernmental Payable (6,949) 0 (6,949)	0
Claims Payable $0 0 0$	
	(338)
Total Adjustments         5,944         0         5,944	(338)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities         (\$200,670)         (\$225)         (\$200,895)         (\$25)	5 202)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$26,492	\$26,544
Liabilities Due to Students	0 =	\$26,544
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$26,492	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions	Scholarship
Interest	\$26
<b>Deductions</b> Scholarships Awarded	1,225
Change in Net Assets	(1,199)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	27,691
Net Assets End of Year	\$26,492

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

### Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Joseph Badger Local School District (the School District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by the State and federal agencies. This Board of Education controls the School District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by thirty-five classified employees, fifty-six certified full-time teaching personnel, and five administrators who provide services to 967 students and other community members.

### Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in five jointly governed organizations and three public entity risk pools and is associated with a related organization. These organizations are presented in Notes 19, 20 and 21 to the financial statements. These organizations are:

### Jointly Governed Organizations:

Trumbull County Career and Technical Center Northeast Ohio Management Information Network Northeast Ohio Instructional Media Center Trumbull Student Assistance Consortium Region 12 Professional Development Center

#### **Public Entity Risk Pools:**

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA)

### Related Organization:

Kinsman Public Library

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The School District has elected not to apply FASB Statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and enterprise funds. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

### Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges).

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the School District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

### Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

*General Fund* – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Bond Retirement Fund** – The bond retirement fund accounts for property tax revenues that are used for payment of principal and interest and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Funds** Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

**Enterprise Fund** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The School District accounts for two enterprise funds. One for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the School District. The other for the financial transactions related to the pre-kindergarten program which began in fiscal year 2009.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District utilizes an internal service fund to account for the operation of the School District's self insurance program for employee dental benefits.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student managed activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, interest, tuition, and student fees.

**Deferred Revenue** Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the object level within each fund and function. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that were in effect at the time the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education. Prior to June 30, the Board requested and received an amended certificate in which estimated revenue matches actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year. Prior to year end the Board of Education adopted appropriations which closely reflects actual expenditures plus encumbrances and requested a certificate of estimated resources to match actual revenues.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the School District is pooled for investment purposes. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

financial statements. During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$7,982, which includes \$2,254 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

#### Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change in nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the general fund are money required by State statute to be set-aside to create a reserve for the purchase of textbooks, a reserve for budget stabilization and for unclaimed funds. See Note 17 for additional information regarding set-asides.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of twenty-five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of proprietary fund capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	50 years	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	50 years	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years	5-20 years
Vehicles	10 years	N/A
Textbooks	5 years	N/A

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after ten years of current service with the School District.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

#### Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include grants and resources restricted for public school support and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, textbooks, budget stabilization and unclaimed monies.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents money set aside to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The reserve for unclaimed monies represents cash that under Ohio law must remain unclaimed for five years before it becomes available for appropriation.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are sales for food service and pre-kindergarten. Operating expenses are necessary costs that are incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as non-operating.

#### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Bond issuance costs for underwriting fees and bond insurance for the school improvement general obligation bonds are being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds on the government-wide statements. The straight-line method of amortization is not materially different from the effective-interest method. On the governmental fund financial statements bond issuance costs are recognized when the debt is issued.

As permitted by State statute, the School District paid bond issuance costs from the bond proceeds and therefore does not consider that portion of the debt to be capital-related debt. That portion of the debt was offset against the unamortized bond issuance costs which were included in the determination of unrestricted net assets. Reporting both within the same element of net assets prevents one classification from being overstated while another is understated by the same amount.

#### **Internal Activity**

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principles**

For fiscal year 2010, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets", Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", and Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies".

GASB Statement No. 51 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce inconsistencies thereby enhancing the comparability of accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 53 enhances the usefulness and comparability of derivative instrument information reported by state and local governments. This Statement provides a comprehensive framework for the measurement, recognition, and disclosure of derivative instrument transactions. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change to the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans (that is, agent employers). The requirements in this Statement will allow more agent employers to use the alternative measurement method to produce actuarially based information for purposes of financial reporting and clarify that OPEB measures reported by agent multiple-employer OPEB plans and their participating employers should be determined at the same minimum frequency and as of a common date to improve the consistency of reporting with regard to funded status and funding progress information. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 58 provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The requirements in this Statement will provide more consistent recognition,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

measurement, display, and disclosure guidance for governments that file for Chapter 9 bankruptcy. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the School District's financial statements.

#### Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$307,722
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(30,728)
Advances In	13,641
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(89,734)
Advances Out	(9,123)
Encumbrances	(2,572)
Budget Basis	\$189,206

#### **Note 5 - Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active deposits must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

#### **Investments**

As of June 30, 2010, the School District had an investment in STAR Ohio with a fair value of \$2,086,492, and a maturity of 56 days.

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

*Credit Risk* Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

#### Note 6 – Accountability

At June 30, 2010, the title VI-B, State Fiscal Stabilization and title I special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$9,122, \$506 and \$12,534, respectively. These funds' deficits resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

#### **Note 7 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 become a lien December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009 and are collected in 2010 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar 2010 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The School District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents the late personal property tax settlement, real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2010, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations and are reflected as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$47,287 in the general fund, \$8,888 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$687 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund and \$158 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009 was \$15,686 in the general fund, \$2,948 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$230 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund and \$52 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The difference was in timing and collection by the County Auditor.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

	2009 Second Half Collections		2010 Firs	t
			Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residental				
and Other Real Estate	\$108,882,170	96.16 %	\$110,086,210	96.71 %
Public Utility Personal	3,428,390	3.03	3,504,480	3.08
Tangible Personal Property	918,119	0.81	235,920	0.21
Total	\$113,228,679	100.00 %	\$113,826,610	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$40.80		\$40.80	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Note 8 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/09	Additions	Deductions	06/30/10
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			_	
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$528,682	\$0	\$0	\$528,682
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	4,245,170	14,900	0	4,260,070
Buildings and Improvements	23,898,276	173,057	0	24,071,333
Furniture and Equipment	1,266,652	11,620	0	1,278,272
Vehicles	1,006,984	0	0	1,006,984
Textbooks	663,793	12,435	(11,192)	665,036
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	31,080,875	212,012	(11,192)	31,281,695
Less Accumulated Depreciation:			_	
Land Improvements	(530,457)	(212,556)	0	(743,013)
Buildings and Improvements	(1,891,750)	(760,161)	0	(2,651,911)
Furniture and Equipment	(225,374)	(91,798)	0	(317,172)
Vehicles	(498,907)	(87,755)	0	(586,662)
Textbooks	(544,001)	(40,125)	11,192	(572,934)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,690,489)	(1,192,395) *	11,192	(4,871,692)
Total Assets being Depreciated, Net	27,390,386	(980,383)	0	26,410,003
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$27,919,068	(\$980,383)	\$0	\$26,938,685
<b>Business-Type Activity</b>			_	
Furniture and Equipment	\$248,883	\$5,470	\$0	\$254,353
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(38,797)	(16,273)	0	(55,070)
Buisness-Type Activity				
Capital Assets, Net	\$210,086	(\$10,803)	\$0	\$199,283

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

<sup>\*</sup>Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,031,254
Special	756
Vocational	320
Support Services:	
Pupil	2,285
Administration	1,956
Fiscal	182
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	16,244
Pupil Transportation	87,756
Central	21,292
Extracurricular Activities	30,350
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,192,395

#### **Note 9 - Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of taxes, intergovernmental, tuition, accrued interest, and rentals. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables, except property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

Intergovernmental receivables consist of federal grant money in the general fund and the title VI-B and title I special revenue funds in the amounts of \$4,669, \$4,857 and \$34,350, respectively.

#### **Note 10 - Pension Plans**

#### School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2010, 12.78 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

2009 and 2008 were \$125,023, \$88,589 and \$88,999, respectively; 97.47 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

#### State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2009, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$499,724, \$489,827 and \$479,062, respectively; 83.74 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$8,733 made by the School District and \$6,238 made by the plan members.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### **Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits**

#### School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certified retires and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2010, 1.22 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2010, this amount was \$35,800. During fiscal year 2010, the School District paid \$19,194 in surcharge.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$23,694, \$40,677 and \$40,613 respectively; 97.47 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$7,435, \$7,627 and \$6,413 respectively; 97.47 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

#### State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$38,440, \$37,679 and \$36,851respectively; 83.74 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

#### **Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits**

#### Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. A percentage of unused sick time is paid at retirement. All employees who are eligible to retire receive a severance benefit upon retirement limited to twenty-five percent of accumulated sick leave. For classified employees the maximum pay out is limited to eighty days. For certified employees and certain administrators, the maximum payout is determined by their individual contracts. Only employees with 10 years of service or more, with the School District, are paid for unused sick leave at termination or resignation.

#### Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium at a cost of \$.105 per \$1,000 for the first \$50,000 and a rate that varies by age for amounts in excess of the first \$50,000. The coverage provided follows:

		Amount of			Amount of
Class	Class Description	Coverage	Class	Class Description	Coverage
Ι	Full Time Certified	\$50,000	VI	Classified Cafeteria Aide	\$12,500
II	Full Time Classified	25,000	VII	Half Day Custodial	12,500
III	Part Time Classified	25,000	VIII	<b>Building Secretaries</b>	25,000
IV	Treasurer	100,000	IX	Administrators	50,000
V	Half Day Classified	125,000	X	Superintendent	100,000

#### **Note 13 – Interfund Transfers and Balances**

#### **Interfund Transfers**

The general fund transferred \$3,382 to the athletic special revenue fund to help fund athletic events. The Ohio school facilities capital projects fund transferred \$57,000 to the permanent improvement capital projects fund to help pay for capital expenditures.

#### **Interfund Balances**

Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consist of an interfund receivable/payable between the general fund and the title VI-B special revenue fund in the amount of \$9,123. This loan was made to support programs and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

projects in the special revenue fund pending the receipt of grant money that will be used to repay the loan. This loan is expected to be repaid in one year.

#### **Note 14 - Long-Term Obligations**

Original issue amounts and interest rates of the School District's debt issues were as follows:

Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Year of Maturity
2006 New School Construction			
Serial Bonds	2.00-3.90%	\$9,900,000	2031
Capital Appreciation Bonds	3.70%	99,993	2031

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2010 were as follows:

	Balance 6/30/09	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/10	Amounts Due in One Year
C	0/30/07	7 Idditions	Deductions	0/30/10	One rear
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2006 New School Construction					
Serial Bonds	\$3,865,000	\$0	\$305,000	\$3,560,000	\$310,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	99,993	0	0	99,993	0
Accretion on Bonds	33,124	10,192	0	43,316	0
Term Bonds	4,605,000	0	0	4,605,000	0
Unamortized Premium	300,411	0	13,655	286,756	0
Total General Obligation Bonds	8,903,528	10,192	318,655	8,595,065	310,000
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Capital Leases	20,164	0	9,681	10,483	10,483
Compensated Absences	634,773	383,475	348,104	670,144	337,946
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	654,937	383,475	357,785	680,627	348,429
Total Long-Term Liabilties	\$9,558,465	\$393,667	\$676,440	\$9,275,692	\$658,429
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
Compensated Absences	\$9,280	\$5,278	\$4,592	\$9,966	\$4,558

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service enterprise fund.

On June 24, 2003, Joseph Badger Local School District issued \$9,999,993 in general obligation bonds, which included serial bonds, and capital appreciation bonds to fund the construction of the new pre-kindergarten through grade twelve building. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2031. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$382,341. The final maturity amount of the capital appreciation bonds will be \$350,000. The bonds were issued to repay the short term bond anticipation notes. The general obligation bonds will be paid from property taxes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The School District's overall debt margin was \$1,921,691 with an unvoted debt margin of \$113,827 at June 30, 2010. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

					Capital App	reciation	
_	Serial I	Bonds	Term E	Bonds	Bono	Bonds	
_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2011	\$310,000	\$314,295	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2012	315,000	305,855	0	0	0	0	
2013	330,000	296,660	0	0	0	0	
2014	335,000	442,024	0	0	0	0	
2015	0	546,572	0	0	39,652	48,955	
2016-2020	1,075,000	1,733,467	0	0	60,341	100,943	
2021-2025	1,195,000	664,041	880,000	358,620	0	0	
2026-2030	0	0	2,550,000	535,348	0	0	
2031-2033	0	0	1,175,000	51,063	0	0	
Total	\$3,560,000	\$4,302,914	\$4,605,000	\$945,031	\$99,993	\$149,898	

The serial bonds maturing on December 1, 2031, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in part by lot pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement of the School District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, of each of the years 2024 through 2031 (with the balance of \$600,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2021) at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, according to the following schedule.

Year	Amount
2024	\$430,000
2025	450,000
2026	470,000
2027	490,000
2028	510,000
2029-2032	2,255,000
Total	\$4,605,000

#### Note 15 – Capital Leases

During 2008, the School District entered into a lease agreement for a Toshiba e-Studio copier. This lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 13, "Accounting for Leases," and has been recorded on the government-wide statements. The governmental equipment has been capitalized in the amount of \$44,978, the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease.

The asset acquired through capital lease is as follows:

Governmental
Activities
\$44,978
(35,984)
\$8,994

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The future long-term minimum lease payment required under the capital lease is \$10,944, of which, \$461 is the amount representing interest. This results in the present value of minimum lease payment in the amount of \$10,483.

#### **Note 16 - Risk Management**

#### **Property and Liability**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the School District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Coverage provided by SORSA is as follows:

#### **General Liability**

J	
Bodily Injury, Personal Injury, Products/Completed Operations	\$1,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Employee Benefits Liability	1,000,000
Medical Payments (\$5,000 per accident)	1,000/person
General Liability Annual Aggregate	3,000,000
Educators' Legal Liability – Errors and Omissions (\$5,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Automobile Liability	50,000
Owned/Leased Vehicles includes Hired/Non-owned (no deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (no deductible)	50,000
Automobile Physical Damage (\$1,000 deductible)	Actual Value
Property Insurance Limit (Replacement Cost with \$1,000 deductible)	19,890,159
Crime, Forgery, Computer Fraud, Theft, Disappearance, Destruction	50,000
Earthquake and Flood (\$100,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Unintentional Errors and Omissions	1,000,000
other property damage included (\$1,000 deductible)	Various

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

#### Employee Health Benefits

The School District has contracted with Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. The Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The School District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The board of directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

The School District elected to provide dental coverage benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan provides a dental plan with a \$75 family and \$25 single deductible. A third-party administrator, Self Funded Plans Inc., located in Cleveland, Ohio, reviews all dental claims which are then paid by the School District. The School District pays into the self-insurance internal service fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

\$70.90 per family coverage and \$19.78 per single coverage per month for dental plan. The premiums are paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and are based on historical cost information.

The claims liability estimated by the third party administrator to be \$5,979 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2010 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which required that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. The change in the fund's claims liability amount for 2010 was:

	Balance at	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2009	\$5,640	\$61,162	\$60,485	\$6,317
2010	6,317	83,084	83,422	5,979

#### Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2010, the School District participated in the Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **Note 17 - Set-Aside Calculations**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization. At June 30, 2010, only the unspent portion of certain workers' compensation refunds continues to be set aside.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by the State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements	Budget Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2009	\$46,350	\$0	\$33,356
Prior Year Carryover	0	(8,569,993)	0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	168,703	168,703	0
Current Year Offsets	0	0	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(84,068)	(346,267)	0
Totals	\$130,985	(\$8,747,557)	\$33,356
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0	(\$8,264,993)	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2010	\$130,985	\$0	\$33,356

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for capital acquisition set-asides. The negative balance being carried forward represents the still outstanding balance on the School District's Ohio Schools Facilities Commission bonds. The total reserve balance for the set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$164,341.

#### **Note 18 - Contingencies**

#### Grants

The School District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2010.

#### Note 19 – Jointly Governed Organizations

#### Trumbull County Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull County Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a board consisting of one representative from each of the fifteen participating school districts. The board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. Joseph Badger Local School District students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the board. During fiscal year 2010, no monies were paid to the Career and Technical Center. Financial information can be obtained from the Trumbull County Career and Technical Center, Treasurer, at 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

The Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge. The School District paid \$17,727 to NEOMIN during fiscal year 2010.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members, the Trumbull and Ashtabula superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a principal and treasurer (non-voting members who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN). The School District was represented on the Governing Board by the Superintendent during fiscal year 2010. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, at 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

#### Northeast Ohio Instructional Media Center (NEOIMC)

The Northeast Ohio Instructional Media Center (NEOIMC) is a jointly governed organization among forty-five school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of providing quality films and/or media to support the educational curricula of the School District. Each member pays a monthly premium based on use of the media materials.

NEOIMC is governed by an advisory committee made up of a member from a parochial school, a joint vocational school, one County Superintendent from each participating county, one city superintendent and two local superintendents rotating every two years. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2010, the School District paid \$1,590. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, a 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

#### Trumbull Student Assistance Consortium (TSAC)

The Trumbull Student Assistance Consortium (TSAC) is a jointly governed organization among sixteen school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of aiding each participating district in establishing an effective comprehensive alcohol, tobacco and other drug prevention/intervention program that will help make schools drug free.

TSAC is governed by an executive management council made up of five superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, at 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

#### Region 12 Professional Development Center (Center)

The Region 12 Professional Development Center (Center) is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning, and Columbiana Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development, in which school districts, the business community, higher education, and other groups

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improvement in instructional programs.

The center is governed by a board made up of nineteen representatives of the participating school districts, the business community, and Youngstown State University, whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, at 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

#### Note 20 – Public Entity Risk Pools

#### **Insurance Purchasing Pool**

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### Shared Risk Pools

The School District participates in the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefits Consortium. It is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenue are generated from charges for services.

The School District also participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), a risk sharing pool with over 65 members. SORSA is a 100 percent member-owned, non-profit insurance risk pool owned and governed by the school district members. SORSA is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of representatives of school districts that participate in the program.

SORSA has agreements with several separate organizations whereby each provides certain administrative, executive, accounting, marketing, underwriting, claim settlement, legal counsel and other services to SORSA and its members. Pursuant to participation agreements with SORSA, each member school district agrees to pay all funding rates associated with the coverage elected. This coverage includes comprehensive general liability, property insurance and automobile liability insurance. To obtain a copy of the SORSA financial statements, write SORSA Executive Director at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

#### **Note 21 – Related Organization**

The Kinsman Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Joseph Badger Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fire personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Kinsman Public Library, Martha L. Huscroft, Clerk/Treasurer, at 6420 Church Street, Kinsman, Ohio 44428.

Joseph Badger Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

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## **SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

## JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Nutrition Grant Cluster:				
(C)(D) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2010	\$ 48,895	\$ 48,895
$\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{(D)(E)} \ \ National \ School \ Lunch \ Program - Food \ Donation \\ \textbf{(C)(D)} \ \ National \ School \ Lunch \ Program \end{array}$	10.555 10.555	2010 2010	20,061 142,753	20,061 142,753
Total National School Lunch Program			162,814	162,814
Total Nutrition Grant Cluster			211,709	211,709
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			211,709	211,709
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Title I Grant Cluster:				
<ul> <li>(F) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies</li> <li>(F) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies</li> <li>Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies</li> </ul>	84.010 84.010	2009 2010	4,913 142,353 147,266	142,353 142,353
(F) ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	2010	8,835	756
Total Title I Grant Cluster:			156,101	143,109
Special Education Grant Cluster:				
(G) Special Education_Grants to States (G) Special Education_Grants to States Total Special Education_Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2009 2010	8,728 183,062 191,790	183,062 183,062
(G) ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2010	100,354	109,477
Total Special Education Grant Cluster			292,144	292,539
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2010	2,743	2,743
Javits Gifted and Talented Students Education Grant Program	84.206	2010	500	500
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2010	1,275	1,275
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2010	49,606	49,606
ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery A	ct 84.394	2010	273,067	273,067
Total U.S. Department of Education			775,436	762,839
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs	93.110	2010	200	200
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			200	200
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 987,345	\$ 974,748

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) (B)
- OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2010.

  This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

  Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

  The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value. Included as part of "Title I Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

  Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

- (C) (D) (E) (F)



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Joseph Badger Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Joseph Badger Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Joseph Badger Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

**Board of Education** Joseph Badger Local School District

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Joseph Badger Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under Government Auditing Standards.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Joseph Badger Local School District's management in a separate letter date November 5, 2010.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Joseph Badger Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Joseph Badger Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elec!

November 5, 2010



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133* 

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District 7119 State Route 7 Kinsman, Ohio 44428

To the Members of the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Joseph Badger Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Joseph Badger Local School District's major federal programs. The Joseph Badger Local School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Joseph Badger Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Joseph Badger Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Joseph Badger Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Joseph Badger Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The Joseph Badger Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Joseph Badger Local School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Joseph Badger Local School District

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Joseph Badger Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the Joseph Badger Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 5, 2010

Julian & Sube the

## JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States (CFDA #84.027) and ARRA Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.391); and ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) – Education State Grants, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.394)		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes		

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### JOSEPH BADGER LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### TRUMBULL COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 28, 2010