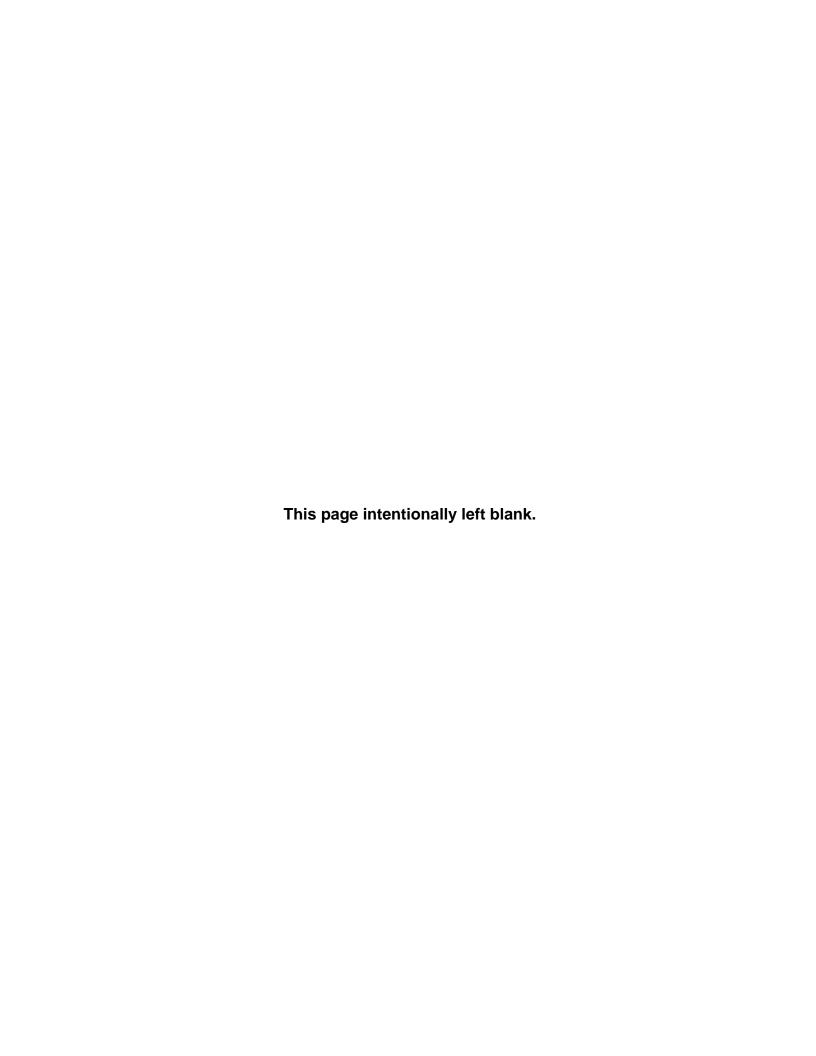




TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis	8
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	9
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances	10
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances	11
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – General Fund	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis – Help Me Grow Fund	13
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	14
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required	٥٢
By Government Auditing Standards	∠5





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Family and Children First Council Fulton County 606 South Shoop Avenue Wauseon, Ohio 43567-1712

To the Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Family and Children First Council, Fulton County, Ohio (the Council), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Family and Children First Council, Fulton County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Help Me Grow funds thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 14, 2010, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and

One Government Center / Suite 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Family and Children First Council Fulton County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

April 14, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Family and Children First Council's (the Council) financial performance provides an overall review of the Council's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2009, within the limitations of the Council's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Council's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Council's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year 2009 are as follows:

- Net assets decreased by \$16,939 due to an ending of one of the grants for 2009.
- Program specific receipts in the form of operating grants comprise the largest percentage of the Council's receipts, making up 99.99% of all the dollars coming into the Council. General receipts in the form of miscellaneous make up the other .01%.
- The Council had \$336,943 in disbursements during 2009. Partnership for Success grant ended in 2009, Drug Free Communities began in fall of 2009. Help Me Grow TANF monies ended on June 30, 2009 and the Help Me Grow Part C Stimulus grant did not begin until November 2009.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Council's cash basis of accounting.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Council as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions on the cash basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole Council, presenting both an aggregate view of the Council's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Council as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Council has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Council's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited (Continued)

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Council as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Council did financially during 2009, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Council at year end. The Statement of Activities – Cash Basis compares disbursements with program receipts for each governmental activity. Program receipts include grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Council's general receipts.

These statements report the Council's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Council's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's cash position is one indicator of whether the Council's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Council's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations, and the need for continued growth.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis present governmental activities, which include all the Council's services. The Council has no business-type activities.

Reporting the Council's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Council's major funds – not the Council as a whole. The Council establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. All of the operating funds of the Council are governmental.

Governmental Funds - The Council's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's governmental operations and the health services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Council's health programs. The Council's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The Council's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Help Me Grow Fund. The programs reported in the governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

The Council as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Council's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008 on the cash basis:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited (Continued)

Table 1 Net Assets – Cash Basis

	Governmental Activities				
Assets	2009	2008	Change		
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$59,255	\$76,194	\$ (16,939)		
Net Assets Restricted Unrestricted	51,428 7,827	65,830 10,364	(14,402) (2,537)		
Total Net Assets	\$59,255	\$76,194	\$ (16,939)		

As mentioned previously, net assets decreased \$16,939. The decrease was due to Partnership for Success ending in June 2009, Drug Free Communities not starting until September 30, 2009 and the Help Me Grow TANF monies ending in June 2009.

Table 2 reflects the change in net assets in 2009 and provides a comparison to prior year amounts.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities					
	2009	2008	Change			
Receipts						
Program Cash Receipts						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 116,627	\$ 184,085	\$ (67,458)			
Operating Grants and Contributions	203,347	205,769	(2,422)			
Total Program Cash Receipts	319,974	389,854	(69,880)			
General Receipts			(5 - 45)			
Miscellaneous	30	3,778	(3,748)			
Total Receipts	320,004	393,632	(73,628)			
Diahumaamanta						
Disbursements General	10 001	10.602	(770)			
Help Me Grow	18,824 318,119	19,603 351,783	(779) (33,664)			
Total Disbursements						
Total Disbursements	336,943	371,386	(34,443)			
Change in Net Assets	(16,939)	22,246	(39,185)			
Net Assets Beginning of Year	76,194	53,948	22,246			
/ cooks 20gmig or roar	. 3,101	30,010				
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 59,255	\$ 76,194	\$ (16,939)			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited (Continued)

In 2009, 99.99 percent of the Council's total receipts were from program receipts, consisting mainly of grants from the Ohio Department of Health and contractual service revenue from Fulton County Jobs and Family Services.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Council. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for general and Help Me Grow programs, which account for 6% and 94% of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The net cost column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by state subsidies. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost for both the current and prior years is presented in Table 3.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2009		Net Cost of Services 2009		al Cost of vices 2008	et Cost of vices 2008
General Help Me Grow	\$ 18,824 318,119	\$	2,567 14,402	\$	19,603 351,783	\$ (397) (18,071)
Totals	\$ 336,943	\$	16,969	\$	371,386	\$ (18,468)

The Council's Funds

As noted earlier, the Council uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

The focus of the Council's governmental funds is to provide information on receipts, disbursements, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Council's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Council's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of 2009, the Council's governmental funds reported total ending fund balances of \$59,255. \$45,855 of the total is unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate it is not available for new spending.

While the bulk of the governmental fund balances are not reserved in the governmental fund statements, they lead to restricted net assets on the Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis due to their being restricted for use for a particular purpose mandated by the source of the resources such as the state and federal governments.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Council. At the end of 2009, unreserved fund balance in the general fund was \$7,827. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 42% of the total general fund expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 Unaudited (Continued)

Expenditures exceeded revenues in the general fund by \$2,563 in 2009. Intergovernmental revenues consist of a grant received from the Ohio Department of Health. Salaries and benefits account for the majority of expenditures in the general fund.

The Help Me Grow special revenue fund accounts for state grant monies for the Help Me Grow Program. The Help Me Grow program is for Ohio's expectant parents, newborns, infants, and toddlers and provides health and developmental services so children start school healthy and ready to learn. This special revenue fund also accounts for monies from the Ohio Child Trust Fund, Partners for Success and FAST, ABC, FCSS, SOC Administration, Drug Free Communities and 21st Century monies. At the end of 2009, the total fund balance was \$51,428.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Council's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances.

During the course of 2009, the Council amended its appropriations several times, and the budgetary statement reflects both the original and final appropriated amounts. There were no significant changes between the original and the final estimated receipts. The General Fund's actual revenues were less than budgeted due to the Council receiving less Operational Capacity Building funds from the State than anticipated along with overestimating miscellaneous revenue. This decrease in revenue resulted in the Council spending less than budgeted.

Contacting the Council's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and readers with a general overview of the Council's finances and to reflect the Council's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report, or requests for additional information, should be directed to Jane Sauder, Fiscal Officer Supervisor, Fulton County Health Department, 606 S. Shoop Ave, Wauseon, OH 43567.

Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

Assets	Gov	Government ernmental ctivities
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	59,255
Net Assets		
Restricted for: Other Purposes		51,428
Unrestricted		7,827
Total Net Assets		
	\$	59,255

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Covernmental Assivities	_ Disb	oursements	Program Receipts Charges Operating for Services Grants and and Sales Contributions		rges Operating rvices Grants and Governmental		
Governmental Activities							
General Help Me Grow Program	\$	18,824 318,119	116,627	\$	16,257 187,090	\$	(2,567) (14,402)
Total Governmental Activities		336,943	116,627		203,347		(16,969)
			General Receipts Miscellaneous	5			30
			Total General Re	ceipts	S		30
			Change in Net As	sets			(16,939)
			Net Assets Beginning of Year				76,194
			Net Assets End o	f Yea	nr	\$	59,255

Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2009

	G	General Help Me Grow		Total Governmenta Funds		
Assets Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	7,827	\$	51,428	\$	59,255
Fund Balances Reserved: Reserved for Encumbrances Unreserved:				13,400		13,400
Undesignated, Reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Fund Total Fund Balances	\$	7,827	\$	38,028 51,428	\$	7,827 38,028 59,255

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	G	eneral	Help	o Me Grow	Gov	Total /ernmental Funds
Receipts Intergovernmental Contractual Services Miscellaneous	\$	16,257 4	\$	187,090 116,627 26		203,347 116,627 30
Total Receipts		16,261		303,743		320,004
Disbursements General Health Salaries Supplies Contract Advertising Travel and Expense Medicare Tax Insurance PERS Workers Comp Equipment Other		14,406 117 160 826 208 2,017 260 830		65,506 32,417 143,297 390 13,303 929 3,113 9,154 1,560 6,244 42,206		79,912 32,534 143,457 390 14,129 1,137 3,113 11,171 1,820 6,244 43,036
Total Disbursements		18,824		318,119		336,943
Disbursements Over Receipts		(2,563)		(14,376)		(16,939)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out		26		(26)		26 (26)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		26		(26)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,537)		(14,402)		(16,939)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		10,364		65,830		76,194
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	7,827	\$	51,428	\$	59,255

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	_	
Receipts Intergovernmental	\$22,690	\$22,690	\$ 16,257	\$ (6,433)	1	
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	ψ 10,23 <i>1</i>	(4,996)	•	
					<u>_</u>	
Total Receipts	27,690	27,690	16,261	(11,429))	
Disbursements						
General Health						
Salary	17,000	16,619	14,406	2,213	,	
Supplies	2,500	2,500	117	2,383	,	
Contract	500	500	160	340	1	
Travel and Expense	3,000	3,000	826	2,174		
Medicare Tax	200	250	208	42		
Insurance	600	574		574		
PERS	2,380	2,380	2,017	363		
Workers Compensation	510	460	260	200	1	
Other	1,000	1,000	830	170	_	
Total Disbursements	27,690	27,283	18,824	8,459		
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		407	(2,563)	(2,970)	<u>)</u>	
Other Financing Sources Uses						
Transfers In			26	26	į	
Transfers Out		(407)		407		
Total Office Financial Head		(407)		400	_	
Total Other Financing Uses		(407)	26	433	_	
Net Change in Fund Balances			(2,537)	(2,537))	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	10,364	10,364	10,364	_	_	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$10,364	\$10,364	\$ 7,827	\$ (2,537))	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis Help Me Grow Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts				Fin	iance with al Budget
		Original Final		Actual		Positive legative)
Receipts Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	80,000	\$80,000	187,090		107,090
Contracts	Ф	330,355	340,426	116,627		(223,799)
Miscellaneous		250	250	26		(224)
Total Receipts		410,605	420,676	303,743		(116,933)
Disbursements						
Salary		90,000	90,000	65,506		24,494
Supplies		32,000	33,140	32,417		723
Equipment		13,000	12,000	6,244		5,756
Contract		160,256	160,815	156,697		4,118
Advertising Travel and Expense		2,000 18,000	2,000 18,101	390 13,303		1,610 4,798
Medicare Tax		1,305	1,305	929		4,796 376
Insurance		14,000	13,949	3,113		10,836
PERS		12,600	12,600	9,154		3,446
Workers Compensation		2,700	1,560	1,560		-,
Other		75,000	75,155	42,206		32,949
Total Disbursements		420,861	420,625	331,519		89,106
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		(10,256)	51	(27,776)		(27,827)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers Out			(51)	(26)		25
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10,256)		(27,802)		(27,802)
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		10,256	10,256	10,256		
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		55,574	55,574	55,574		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	55,574	\$65,830	\$38,028	\$	(27,802)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

Ohio Revised Code §121.37 created the Ohio Family and Children First Cabinet Council and permitted counties to establish county family and children first councils (the Council). Statutory membership of a county council consists of the following individuals;

- a. The director of the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services that serves the county, or, in the case of a county that has a board of alcohol and drug addiction services and a community mental health board, the directors of both boards;
- b. The health commissioner of the board of health of each city or general health district in the county, or their designees;
- c. The director of the county department of human services;
- d. The executive director of the county agency responsible for the administration of children services pursuant to section 5153.15 of the Revised Code;
- e. The superintendent of the county board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities;
- f. The county's juvenile court judge senior in service;
- g. The superintendent of the city, exempted village, or local school district with the largest number of pupils residing in the county, as determined by the department of education, which shall notify each county of its determination at least biennially;
- h. A school superintendent representing all other school districts with territory in the county, as designated at a biennial meeting of the superintendents of those districts;
- i. A representative of the largest city in the county;
- i. The chair of the board of county commissioners, or an individual designated by the board:
- k. A representative of the regional office of the department of youth services;
- A representative of the county's head start agencies, as defined in section 3301.31 of the Revised Code;
- m. A representative of the county's early intervention collaborative established pursuant to the federal early intervention program operated under the "Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1986:; and;;
- n. At least three individuals representing the interest of families in the county. Where possible, the number of members representing families shall be equal to 20 percent of the council's remaining membership.

A county family and children first council may invite any other local public or private agency or group that funds, advocates, or provides services to children, to have a representative become a permanent or temporary member of the council.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 1 – Reporting Entity (continued)

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Council. A county council's statutory responsibilities include the following:

- a. Refer to the cabinet council those children for whom the council cannot provide adequate services;
- b. Make periodic reports to the cabinet council regarding the number of children referred to the county council and the progress made in meeting the needs of each child;
- c. Develop a plan that reviews and adjusts existing programs, fills service gaps where possible or invents new approaches to achieve better results for families and children;
- d. Participate in the development of a countywide, comprehensive, coordinated, multi-disciplinary, interagency system for infants and toddlers with developmental disabilities or delays and their families, as established pursuant to federal grants received and administered by the department of health for early intervention services under the "Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1986":
- e. Maintain an accountability system to monitor the council's progress in achieving its purposes; and
- f. Establish a mechanism to ensure ongoing input from a broad representation of families who are receiving services within the county system.

The Councils management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Council is financially accountable.

B. Public Entity Risk Pools

The Council participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 4 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. This organization is the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP).

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Council's accounting policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The Council's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Council as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Council that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Council has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Council at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the Council's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by object. An object is the purpose of the expenditure for which the Council is responsible. Program receipts include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be sent back to the Ohio Department of Health. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the Council, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing on the cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the Council.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Council segregates transactions related to certain Council functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Council at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Council uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Council are presented in one category: governmental.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Council are financed. The following are the Council's major governmental funds:

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Council for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Help Me Grow special revenue fund accounts for state grant monies for the Help Me Grow Program, ABC Initiative, 21st Century, Ohio Children's Trust Fund, Drug Free Action, Drug Free Communities, Family Centered Services and Supports (FCSS), and Partnership for Success.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Council's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Council's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and their related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Council. The legal level of control has been established by the Council at the object level for all funds.

ORC Section 121.37(B) establishes budgetary requirements for the Council. The Council's administrative agent shall serve as the Council's appointing authority for any employees of the council. The Council shall file an annual budget with its administrative agent, with copies filed with the County Auditor and with the Board of County Commissioners. Subject to estimated resources, Council's administrative on behalf of Council may, by resolution, transfer appropriations from one appropriation item to another, reduce or increase any item, create new items, and make additional appropriations or reduce the total appropriation. Such appropriation modifications shall be certified to the county budget commission for approval.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources in effect when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Council.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budget reflect the first appropriation resolution that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amount reported as the final budgeted amounts represents the final appropriations passed by the Council during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash

The County Treasurer is the custodian for the Council's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the Council's cash, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained by writing Beverly Schlosser, Fulton County Treasurer, 152 S Fulton Street, Wauseon, OH 43567 or by calling 419-337-9252.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Council's cash basis of accounting.

H. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Council recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 5 and 6, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

I. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily limitations imposed by grantors.

The Council's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The Council reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

K. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular cash disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 3 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund and major special revenue fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to:

Major Special Revenue Fund: Help Me Grow Fund

\$13,400

Note 4 - Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Council insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Council belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

A. Public Entity Risk Pool

Casualty Insurance

For occurrences prior to January 1, 2006, PEP retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per claim, including loss adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, and provides up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year.

For occurrences on or after January 1, 2006, PEP retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per claim, including loss adjustment expenses. PEP pays a percentage of its contribution to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claim exceeding \$350,000, and provides up to \$2,650,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP covers PEP losses up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to an aggregate of \$10,000,000. Governments can elect additional coverage, from \$3,000,000 to \$13,000,000, General Reinsurance Corporation.

Property Insurance

Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000, and provides up to \$600,000,000 per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for a specific loss exceeding \$100,000 up to \$250,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined PEP members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600,000,000 per occurrence limit.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 4 - Risk Management (continued)

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective PEP member.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2008 and 2007 (the latest information available):

Casualty & Property Coverage	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Assets	\$35,769,535	\$37,560,071
Liabilities	(15,310,206)	(17,340,825)
Net Assets – unrestricted	\$20,459,329	\$20,219,246

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, casualty coverage liabilities noted above include approximately \$12.9 million and \$15.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The Casualty Coverage assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$12.9 million and \$15.0 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 445 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Council's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$200. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Council terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

Contributions to PEP	
2007	\$232
2008	\$337
2009	\$252

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined PEP provided they provide written notice to PEP 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 4 - Risk Management (continued)

B. Commercial Coverage

Cincinnati Insurance Company holds the coverage for building contents with a \$550,000 limit and a \$500 deductible. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

C. Workers' Compensation

The Council pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

D. Employee Benefits

The Council provided health insurance to eligible employees through a County Consortium. The Council provides life insurance in the amount of \$15,000 for eligible employees and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Ft. Dearborn Life.

Note 5 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Council participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member-directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member-directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2009, members in state and local classifications contributed 10 percent of covered payroll.

The Council's contribution rate for 2009 was 14 percent of covered payroll. For the period January1, through March 31, 2009, a portion of the Council's contribution equal to 7 percent of covered payroll was allocated to fund the postemployement healthcare plan; for the period April 1 through December 31, 2009 this amount was decreased to 5.5 percent. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined. State statute sets a maximum contribution rate for the Council of 14 percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 5 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The Council's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$11,171, \$12,987, and \$8,422 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2009, 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2009 were \$370 made by the Council and \$264 made by the plan members.

Note 6 - Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployement healthcare plan for qualifying members of both the traditional and combined pension plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployement healthcare plan includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement.

To qualify for postemployement healthcare coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional and combined plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. Healthcare coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide healthcare benefits to eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are provided separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222 – 7377.

Funding Policy – The postemployement healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401 (h). State statute requires that public employers fund postemployement healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postemployement healthcare.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2009, local government employers contributed 14 percent of covered payroll. Each year, The OPERS retirement board determines the portion of the employer contribution that will be set aside for funding postemployement healthcare benefits. The amount of the employer contributions which was allocated to fund postemployement healthcare was 7 percent of covered payroll from January 1 through March 31, 2009, and 5.5 percent from April 1 through December 31, 2009.

The retirement board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the healthcare benefits by the retiree or retiree's surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and selected coverage.

The Council's contributions allocated to fund postemployement healthcare benefits for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$4,666, \$6,494, and \$3,336 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2009, 2008 and 2007.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) which was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006. January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the healthcare plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 7 - Interfund Transfers

During 2009 the following transfers were made:

Transfer from the Major Governmental Fund to General Fund

\$26

Funds were transferred into the General Fund from the Help Grow Fund to finance administrative costs associated with the Help Me Grow Program.

Note 8 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Council are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the state government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 9 - Related Party

The Council entered into contract in 2009 with the Ohio State University (OSU) Extension for a parental education series. The Ohio State University (OSU) Extension's Educator for Family and Consumer Sciences, Cheryl Spires, is a member of the Council. Payments made during 2009 to the Ohio State University (OSU) Extension; in accordance with this contract was \$14,375.

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Family and Children First Council Fulton County 606 South Shoop Avenue Wauseon, Ohio 43567-1712

To the Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Family and Children First Council, Fulton County, (the Council) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2010, wherein, we noted the Council uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

One Government Center / Suite 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Family and Children First Council
Fulton County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, Council and others within the Council. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

April 14, 2010



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

FAMILY AND CHILDREN FIRST COUNCIL

FULTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 13, 2010