

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

REPORT ON AUDITS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION & PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Division of Parking Facilities Department of Parks, Recreation, and Properties City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Honorable Frank G. Jackson, Mayor, Members of Council, and the Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Division of Parking Facilities, Department of Parks, Recreation, and Properties, City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the Division) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Division's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the financial position and the changes in financial position and cash flows of the Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Cleveland as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Division of Parking Facilities, Department of Parks, Recreation, and Properties, City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Division of Parking Facilities Department of Parks, Recreation, and Properties City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

June 28, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GENERAL

As management of the City of Cleveland's (the City) Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties, Division of Parking Facilities (the Division), we offer readers of the Division's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Division for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. Please read this information in conjunction with the Division's financial statements and footnotes which begin on page 12.

The Division was created for the purpose of providing moderately priced off-street parking facilities and onstreet metered parking to citizens, visitors and those who work in the City. The Division's operating revenues are derived primarily from charges for parking at its facilities and from parking meter collections. In 2009 and 2008, the Division's facilities included four parking garages and four surface lots.

COMPARISON OF CURRENT YEAR'S AND PRIOR YEARS' DATA

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Division exceeded its liabilities (net assets) by \$21,312,000, \$21,327,000, and \$20,516,000 at December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Of these amounts, \$9,082,000, \$10,116,000 and \$10,107,000 (unrestricted net assets) at December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively, may be used to meet the Division's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors.
- The Division's total net assets decreased \$15,000 during 2009 and increased by \$811,000 and \$488,000, during 2008 and 2007, respectively. In 2009, there was a decrease in operating income of \$678,000, which was attributable to a decrease in parking revenues and an increase in operating expenses. In addition, net non-operating expenses increased by \$148,000 which was mainly attributable to a decrease in investment income. In 2008, there was an increase in operating income of \$492,000, which was attributable to a decrease of \$1,026,000 of operating expenses. In addition, net non-operating expenses increased by \$169,000 which was mainly attributable to a decrease in investment income.
- The Division's total bonded debt decreased by \$3,120,000 (5.2%), \$2,945,000 (4.7%) and \$2,795,000 (4.2%) during 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. These amounts represent the principal payments made in 2009 and 2008 and the principal payment made in 2007.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Division's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present financial information for the City of Cleveland's Division of Parking Facilities Fund, in which the City accounts for the activities of off-street parking operations and meter revenue collections. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Division of Parking Facilities Fund is considered an Enterprise Fund because the operations of the Division are similar to a private sector business enterprise. Accordingly, in accounting for the activities of the Division, the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used. This is similar to businesses in the private sector.

The basic financial statements of the Division can be found on pages 12 - 17 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 33 of this report.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

Provided below is condensed balance sheet information for the Division as of December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007:

		2009		2008		2007
		(Amou	nts in 000's	3)	
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	2,420	\$	2,111	\$	2,180
Restricted assets		16,497		17,703		18,855
Unamortized bond issuance costs		2,953		3,338		3,746
Capital assets, net		55,425		56,999		57,259
Total assets	. <u> </u>	77,295		80,151		82,040
Net Assets and Liabilities: Liabilities:						
Current liabilities		4,635		4,574		4,666
Long-term liabilities		51,348		54,250		56,858
Total liabilities		55,983		58,824		61,524
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,088		2,959		2,133
Restricted for debt service		8,142		8,252		8,276
Unrestricted		9,082		10,116		10,107
Total net assets		21,312		21,327		20,516
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	77,295	\$	80,151	\$	82,040

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION (Continued)

Assets:

Current and restricted assets: The Division's current assets have increased from 2008 to 2009 and have decreased from 2007 to 2008 and restricted assets have had moderate decreases over the same periods. The increase in current assets in 2009 is primarily due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents at year end. This increase was partially offset by the decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents at year end. There was also a decrease in unamortized bond issuance costs associated with the issuance of the refunding bonds. The decrease in current assets in 2008 is primarily due to the decrease in cash and cash equivalents and due from other city funds at year end, which was partially offset by the increase in the inventory of supplies. There was also a decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents at year end.

Capital assets: The Division's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 amounted to \$55,425,000 and \$56,999,000, respectively. The total decrease in the Division's investment in capital assets was \$1,574,000 (2.8%) and \$260,000 (.45%) in 2009 and 2008, respectively. The decreases in 2009 and 2008 were due to the increase in accumulated depreciation for depreciation expense recognized and capital asset disposals.

A summary of the activity in the Division's capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2009 is as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	-	Balance cember 31, 2009
Land Land improvements Buildings, structures and improvements Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles Total	\$ 12,929 1,256 65,757 <u>1,313</u> 81,255	\$ 166 	\$ (32) (32)	\$	\$	13,095 1,256 65,757 <u>1,281</u> 81,389
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(24,256)	(1,740)	32			(25,964)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 56,999</u>	<u>\$ (1,574)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	55,425

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION (Continued)

A summary of the activity in the Division's capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2008 is as follows:

	Balance]	Balance
	January 1,				Dec	ember 31,
	2008	Additions	Deletions	Transfers		2008
		(4	Amounts in 00)0's)		
Land	\$ 12,929	\$	\$	\$	\$	12,929
Land improvements	1,256					1,256
Buildings, structures and improvements	65,200	557				65,757
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	540	881	(108)			1,313
Total	79,925	1,438	(108)	-		81,255
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(22,666)	(1,698)	108			(24,256)
Capital assets, net	<u> </u>	<u>\$ (260)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	56,999

There were no major events during the last three years affecting the Division's capital assets.

Additional information on the Division's capital assets can be found in Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note E – Capital Assets.

Liabilities:

Long-term debt: At the end of 2009 and 2008, the Division had total bonded debt outstanding of \$56,915,000 and \$60,035,000 respectively. This current debt was incurred to refund debt previously issued to construct two new parking garages around the Gateway site and a new Willard Park Garage behind City Hall. The City's first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The Willard Park Garage construction was completed in April 1996. The bonds are backed by the net revenues from these facilities. In addition, the City has pledged additional revenues, which consist of various non-tax revenues, to meet debt service requirements, if necessary. In 2009 and 2008, no additional pledged revenue was required to meet the debt service requirements on the parking bonds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION (Continued)

The activity in the Division's debt obligation outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2009 is summarized below:

	Janu	BalanceJanuary 1,Debt2009IssuedRefunded					Debt Retired	_	alance ember 31, 2009		
					(A	mounts	in 00()'s)			
Parking Facilities Improvement											
Revenue Bonds	\$	50,035	\$		-	\$	-	\$	(3,120)	\$	56,915

The activity in the Division's debt obligation outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2008 is summarized below:

	Balan Januar 2008	y 1,	Issued Refunded					Debt Retired	Dece	alance ember 31, 2008
				(A	Amounts	in 000's	5)			
Parking Facilities Improvement										
Revenue Bonds	\$ 62	,980	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(2,945)	\$	60,035

The bond ratings for the Division's revenue bonds are as follows:

	Moody's Investors Service	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Investors Service
Series 2006 Bonds	Aa3	AAA	-

The bond ratings indicated above are insured ratings only, reflecting the ratings of Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (formerly Financial Security Assurance, Inc.). The Division has no ratings on its bonds based solely on its own credit.

Additional information on the Division's long-term debt can be found in Note B – Long-Term Debt.

Net Assets: Net assets serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Division, assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,312,000, \$21,327,000 and \$20,516,000 at December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Of the Division's net assets at December 31, 2009, \$8,142,000 represents resources that are classified as restricted since their use is limited by the bond indentures. In addition, the Division has a net balance of \$4,088,000 that reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture) net of accumulated depreciation, less any related, still-outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The \$9,082,000 balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the Division's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION (Continued)

Of the Division's net assets at December 31, 2008, \$8,252,000 represents resources that are classified as restricted since their use is limited by the bond indentures. In addition, the Division has a net balance of \$2,959,000 that reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture) net of accumulated depreciation, less any related, still-outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The \$10,116,000 balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the Division's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INFORMATION

The Division's operations during 2009 decreased net assets by \$15,000 and during 2008 increased net assets by \$811,000. Provided below are key elements of the Division's results of operations as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007:

	 2009		2008		2007
	(A	mou	nts in 000'	s)	
Operating revenues	\$ 9,214	\$	9,523	\$	10,057
Operating expenses	 5,483		5,114		6,140
Operating income	3,731		4,409		3,917
Non-operating revenue (expense):					
Investment income	16		441		938
Interest expense	(3,544)		(3,656)		(3,922)
Other non-operating revenue (expense)	(6)		21		(49)
Sale of scrap	6		1		2
Capital contributions	166				18
Amortization of bond issuance costs	 (384)		(405)		(416)
Total non-operating revenue (expense), net	(3,746)		(3,598)		(3,429)
Increase in net assets	(15)		811		488
Net assets, beginning of year	 21,327		20,516		20,028
Net assets, end of year	\$ 21,312	\$	21,327	\$	20,516

Operating revenues: From 2008 to 2009, operating revenues decreased \$309,000, or 3.2%. This was due to a decrease in attendance at events held at Cleveland Browns Stadium and at Gateway. These decreases were partially offset by the modest increase in parking meter collections.

From 2007 to 2008, operating revenues decreased \$534,000, or 5.3%. This was due to a decrease in attendance at events held at Cleveland Browns Stadium and at Gateway. These decreases were partially offset by the increased revenue from the Willard Park Garage.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INFORMATION (Continued)

Operating expenses: In 2009, operating expenses increased \$369,000, or 7.2%. This is primarily due to an increase in operations due to an increase in purchases of various supplies and an increase in depreciation expense.

In 2008, operating expenses decreased \$1,026,000, or 16.7%. Of this decrease, \$1,033,000 was associated with operations due to a decrease in payroll and benefits expenses as well as decreases associated with the Mayor's efficiency initiative. The decrease in operations was partially offset by a modest increase in maintenance expenses. As a result of the changes in operating revenues and expenses, operating income increased \$492,000, or 12.6%, in 2008 from 2007.

Non-operating revenues and expenses: From 2008 to 2009, net non-operating expenses increased \$148,000 or approximately 4.1%. This increase was due to a decrease in investment income, which was partially offset by decreases in interest expense payments and amortization on long-term debt associated with the revenue bonds.

From 2007 to 2008, net non-operating expenses increased \$169,000 or approximately 4.9%. This increase was due to a decrease in investment income, which was partially offset by decreases in interest expense payments and amortization on long-term debt associated with the revenue bonds.

FACTORS EXPECTED TO IMPACT THE DIVISION'S FUTURE FINANCIAL POSITION OR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Operating revenues are derived primarily from fees charged to users of City-owned parking garages and facilities operated by the Division including the net income from the Gateway garages and on-street parking meter revenue.

The Division continues to assess their operations to improve efficiencies, identify additional revenue sources and improve existing revenue sources in this time of economic recession. City Council has the authority to further increase parking fees when deemed necessary to assist the Division in meeting operational and debt commitments as economic circumstances dictate.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Division's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, City Hall, Room 104, 601 Lakeside Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2009 and 2008

	(Amounts	s in 000's)
	2009	2008
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,048	\$ 1,406
Accounts receivable - net of allowance	82	117
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	39	96
Inventory of supplies, at cost	251	492
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,420	2,111
RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	16,497	17,694
Accrued interest receivable		9
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	16,497	17,703
UNAMORTIZED BOND ISSUANCE COSTS	2,953	3,338
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Land	13,095	12,929
Land improvements	1,256	1,256
Buildings, structures and improvements	65,757	65,757
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	1,281	1,313
	81,389	81,255
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(25,964)	(24,256)
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	55,425	56,999
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 77,295	\$ 80,151

(Continued)

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION & PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2009 and 2008

		(Amounts	s in 0	00's)
		2009	0	2008
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of long-term debt, due within one year	\$	3,300	\$	3,120
Accounts payable		178		145
Due to other governments		93		185
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds		84		102
Accrued interest payable		814		867
Accrued wages and benefits		166		155
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,635		4,574
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Revenue bonds - excluding amount due within one year		51,318		54,214
Accrued wages and benefits		30		36
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		51,348		54,250
IUTAL LONG-TERM LIADILITIES		51,540		34,230
TOTAL LIABILITIES		55,983		58,824
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,088		2,959
Restricted for debt service		8,142		8,252
Unrestricted		9,082		10,116
TOTAL NET ASSETS		21,312		21,327
TOTAL LLADIT THESE AND NET ASSETS	¢	77 205	\$	80 151
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	Φ	77,295	<u>Ф</u>	80,151
			(C	oncluded)

See notes to financial statements.

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DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

		(Amounts	s in 00	0's)
		2009		2008
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	9,214	\$	9,523
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		9,214	φ	9,523
TOTAL OF ERATING REVENUES		9,214		9,525
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations		3,697		3,359
Maintenance		46		57
Depreciation		1,740		1,698
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		5,483		5,114
OPERATING INCOME		3,731		4,409
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Investment income		16		441
Interest expense		(3,544)		(3,656)
Other non-operating revenue (expense) Sale of scrap		(6) 6		21 1
Capital contribution		0 166		1
Amortization of bond issuance costs		(384)		(405)
Amortization of bond issuance costs		(364)		(403)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) - NET		(3,746)		(3,598)
TOTAL NON-OFERATING REVENUE (EXTENSE) - NET		(3,740)		(3,398)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS		(15)		811
		· · · ·		
NET ASSETS, beginning of year		21,327		20,516
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$	21,312	\$	21,327
	¥	21,012	*	

See notes to financial statements.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

	(Amounts	,	
	2009	2008	8
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$ 9,856	\$ 1	0,194
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(3,053)	((3,195)
Cash payments to employees for services	 (1,071)	((1,133)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	5,732		5,866
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			(1 4 1 4)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	6	((1,414)
Sale of scrap Principal paid on long-term debt	(3,120)		2,945)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(3,120) (3,199)		(3,191)
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND	 (3,177)		<u>(,,,,,,,</u>)
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(6,313)	((7,549)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received on investments	 26		496
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 26		496
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(555)	((1,187)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	 19,100	2	0,287
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 18,545	<u>\$1</u>	9,100

(Continued)

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES STATEMENIS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

	(Amounts	ounts in 000's)		
	2009		2008	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income	\$ 3,731	\$	4,409	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,740		1,698	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net	35		7	
Due from other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	57		40	
Inventory of supplies	241		(68)	
Accounts payable	33		(228)	
Due to other governments	(92)		2	
Due to other City of Cleveland departments, divisions or funds	(18)		15	
Accrued wages and benefits	 5		(9)	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	 2,001		1,457	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,732	\$	5,866	

(Concluded)

See notes to financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Division of Parking Facilities (the Division) is reported as an Enterprise Fund of the City of Cleveland's (the City) Department of Parks, Recreation and Properties and is a part of the City's primary government. The Division was created for the purpose of providing moderately priced off-street parking facilities and onstreet metered parking to citizens, visitors and those who work in the City. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Reporting Model and Basis of Accounting: The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the Division comply with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. In November 2006, GASB issued Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, which is effective for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Division has determined that GASB Statement No. 49 had no impact on its financial statements as of December 31, 2008. In May 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosure – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27*, which is effective for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Division has determined that GASB Statement No. 50 had no impact on its financial statements as of December 31, 2008 and the proper disclosures have been made. In November 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 52, *Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments*, which is effective for the year ended December 31, 2009. The Division has determined that GASB Statements as of December 31, 2009. The Division has determined that GASB Statements as of December 31, 2009. The Division has determined that GASB Statements as of December 31, 2009.

The Division's net assets are accounted for in the accompanying balance sheets and the net assets are divided into the following categories:

- Amount invested in capital assets, net of related debt
- Amount restricted for debt service
- Remaining unrestricted amount

In addition, certain additional financial information regarding the Division is included in these footnotes. The implementation of the new GASB statements did not result in a change in the Division's beginning net asset/equity balance as previously reported.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting: The Division's financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and measurable and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities*, all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

Revenues: Revenues are derived primarily from fees charged to users of City-owned parking garages and facilities operated by the Division including the Gateway garages and on-street parking meter revenue. Parking rates are authorized by City Council. Parking fees are collected on a daily basis or monthly basis.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Division utilizes the direct method of reporting for the statement of cash flows as defined by the GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.* In the statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, capital and related financing and investment activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and cash deposits maintained by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division. Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments: The Division follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Fair values of investments at year end are based on market quotes, where available.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio) during 2009 and 2008. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2009 and 2008.

Restricted Assets: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside in various fund accounts for payment of debt are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by the underlying bond indenture.

Inventory of Supplies: Inventory is valued at cost using the first in/first out method. Inventory costs are charged to operations when consumed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation: Capital assets are stated on the basis of historical cost or, if contributed, at fair market value as of the date received. Depreciation is computed by allocating the cost of capital assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. A capital asset is defined as a tangible item with a useful life in excess of one year and an individual cost of more than \$5,000 for land, furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles and \$10,000 for all other assets. When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Land improvements	15 to 20 years
Buildings, structures and improvements	20 to 50 years
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	5 to 20 years

Compensated Absences: The Division accrues for compensated absences such as vacation, sick leave and compensatory time using the termination payment method specified under GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences.* These amounts are recorded as accrued wages and benefits in the accompanying balance sheets. The portion of the compensated absence liability that is not expected to be paid or utilized within one year is reported as a long-term liability.

Normally, all vacation time is to be taken in the year available. The Division allows employees to carryover up to 80 hours of vacation time from one year to the next with proper approval. Sick days not taken may be accumulated until retirement. An employee is paid one-third of accumulated sick leave upon retirement, calculated at the three-year average base salary rate, with the balance being forfeited.

Bond Issuance Costs, Discounts and Unamortized Loss on Debt Refunding: Bond issuance costs are initially recorded as deferred expenses and unamortized original issuance discounts are netted against long-term debt. Both are amortized over the lives of the related bonds. Unamortized loss on debt refunding is netted against long-term debt and is amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the defeased bond or the newly issued bond.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE B – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 is as follows:

	<u>Interest Rate</u>	Original <u>Issuance</u> (A	<u>2009</u> Amounts in 000's)	<u>2008</u>
Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 1996, due through 2009 Series 2006, due through 2022	6.00% 4.00%-5.25%	\$ 81,105 57,520 <u>\$ 138,625</u>	\$ \$ 56,915 56,915	5 2,915 57,120 60,035
Unamortized loss on debt refunding Unamortized discount and premium Current portion			(5,184) 2,887 (3,300)	(5,932) 3,231 (3,120)
Total Long-Term Debt			<u>\$ 51,318</u>	54,214

Summary: Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2009 are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2009		Inci	rease	Decrease		Balance December 31, 2009		W	Due Vithin e Year
					(Am	ounts in 0	00's))		
Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue										
Bonds										
Series 1996, due through 2009	\$	2,915	\$		\$	(2,915)	\$	-	\$	-
Series 2006, due through 2022		57,120	. <u> </u>			(205)		56,915		3,300
Total revenue bonds		60,035		-		(3,120)		56,915		3,300
Accrued wages and benefits		191		27		(22)		196		166
Total	\$	60,226	\$	27	\$	(3,142)	\$	57,111	\$	3,466

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE B - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Summary: Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2008 are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2008		Incre	ase	Decrease		Balance December 31, 2008		V	Due Vithin 1e Year
					(Am	ounts in (000's)			
Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue										
Bonds										
Series 1996, due through 2009	\$	5,665	\$		\$	(2,750)	\$	2,915	\$	2,915
Series 2006, due through 2022		57,315				(195)		57,120		205
Total revenue bonds		62,980		-		(2,945)		60,035		3,120
Accrued wages and benefits		200		6		(15)		191		155
Total	\$	63,180	\$	6	\$	(2,960)	\$	60,226	\$	3,275

Minimum principal and interest payments on outstanding long-term debt are as follows:

	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>Interest</u> unts in 000	's)	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$	3,300	\$ 2,789	\$	6,089
2011		3,425	2,657		6,082
2012		3,570	2,520		6,090
2013		3,715	2,377		6,092
2014		3,900	2,192		6,092
2015-2019		22,500	7,943		30,443
2020-2022		16,505	 1,763		18,268
Total	\$	56,915	\$ 22,241	\$	79,156

The Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds are payable from net revenues generated from certain parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division of Parking Facilities, including parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged other non-tax revenue to meet debt service requirements. The City has pledged and assigned to the trustee a first lien on pledged revenues consisting of fines and penalties collected as a result of the violation of municipal parking ordinances and fines, waivers and costs relating to citations for misdemeanor offenses and the special funds as defined within the bond indenture.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE B – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Effective August 15, 2006, the City issued \$57,520,000 of Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. The bonds were issued to currently refund \$56,300,000 of the outstanding Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1996. In addition, proceeds were also used to fund a portion of a payment owed by the City upon early termination under an interest rate swaption agreement entered into in 2003. Net proceeds of \$58,709,855 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which was used to pay the principal, interest and premium on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments by \$1,340,000 and to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$970,000. At the time of the issuance of the Series 2006 Bonds, the City entered into a basis swap agreement with UBS, which is described below.

Interest Rate Swap Transaction

Terms: Simultaneously with the issuance of the City's \$57,520,000 Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 on August 3, 2006, the City entered into a floating-to-floating rate basis swap agreement with a notional amount equal to the total declining balance of the Series 2006 Bonds. UBS is the counterparty on the transaction. Under the swap agreement for the Series 2006 Bonds, the City is the floating rate payor, paying a floating rate based on the Securities Industry Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) index. The counterparty is also a floating rate payor, paying the City 67% of one month LIBOR. The City also received an upfront payment in the amount of \$1,606,000. Net payments are exchanged semi-annually each March 15 and September 15. The obligation of the City to make periodic payments (but not any termination payment) is secured by a pledge of and lien on the parking revenues and additional pledged revenue as defined in the trust indenture securing the Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, on parity with the pledge and lien securing the payment of debt service on the bonds.

Objective: The City entered into the swap in order to maximize the savings associated with the refunding of the bonds and to reduce the City's risk exposure. The actual overall savings to be realized by the City will depend upon the net payments received under the swap agreement.

Basis Risk: By entering into the swap based upon the 30 day LIBOR rate of interest, the City has undertaken basis risk associated with a change in tax rates and structure. While the average relationship between the SIFMA (tax-exempt) and LIBOR (taxable) interest rates has been 67%, this relationship may not always apply. During late 2008 and all of 2009, this relationship was significantly higher due to disruptions in the financial markets. The payments received from the counterparty may be less than the amount owed to the counterparty, resulting in a net increase in debt service. In addition, a reduction in federal income tax rates might increase the percentage relationship between SIFMA and LIBOR and may potentially increase the cost of the financing.

Counterparty Risk: The City selected a highly rated counterparty in order to minimize this risk. However, over the long-term, it is possible that the credit strength of UBS could change and this event could trigger a termination payment on the part of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE B – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Termination Risk: The swap agreement may be terminated prior to its stated termination date under certain circumstances. Upon termination, a payment may be owed by the City to UBS, or by UBS to the City, depending upon the prevailing economic circumstances at the time of the termination.

The City obtained insurance to mitigate much of the risk associated with termination due to the event of a downgrade of the City's bond rating. An amount due by the City to UBS upon early termination of the agreement is insured by FSA up to a maximum amount of \$8,000,000.

Fair Value: The fair value of the swap at December 31, 2009 and 2008 reported by UBS was \$1,544,000 and \$4,168,000, respectively, which would be payable by the City.

The City has pledged future revenues from certain parking facilities, net of specified operating expenses, and other operating revenues to repay \$56,915,000 in various Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds issued in 2006. Proceeds from the bonds initially issued provided financing for the construction of parking facilities. The bonds are payable from parking facilities net revenues and are payable through 2022. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require the amount of net pledged revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the various Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds is \$79,156,000. Principal and interest paid for the current year (including net swap payments) and total net revenues were \$6,313,000 and \$5,487,000, respectively.

In 2009 and 2008, no additional pledged revenue was required to meet the debt service on the Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds. The trust indenture requires, among other things, that the Division will fix parking rates and will charge and collect fees for the use of the parking facilities and will restrict operating expenses. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Division was in compliance with the terms and requirements of the trust indenture.

NOTE C – RECEIVABLE FROM GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

In accordance with an agreement with Gateway Economic Development Corporation (Gateway), Gateway is required to reimburse the City for the excess of the debt service requirements of the Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds attributed to the two Gateway garages over the net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages. The first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The third parking facility, Willard Park Garage, was completed in April 1996.

In 2009 and 2008, net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages were less than the debt service payments attributed to those garages by \$2,357,000 and \$2,372,000, respectively. Cumulative debt service payments funded by the City that are due from Gateway totaled \$38,827,000 and \$36,470,000 at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Due to the uncertainty of collecting such amounts, an allowance has been recorded to offset the amounts in full; therefore, these amounts do not appear in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE C – RECEIVABLE FROM GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (Continued)

To enhance the security of the bonds, the City has agreed to pledge annually a percentage of admissions taxes on all events held at the arena to pay debt service if other revenue sources are not sufficient. Any exempted admissions tax not required for debt service will be reimbursed to the City. The City's current admissions tax rate is 8%. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the City pledged \$4,239,000.

NOTE D – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The carrying amount of the Division's deposits at December 31, 2009 and 2008 totaled \$555,000 and \$368,000, respectively, and the Division's bank balances were \$554,000 and \$362,000, respectively. The differences represent normal reconciling items.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements,* and GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3,* \$554,000 and \$362,000 of the bank balances at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Division will not be able to recover deposits or collateral for securities that are in possession of an outside party. At year end, the Division's deposits were fully insured or collateralized. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities pledged and deposited either with the City or with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times is equal to at least 110% of the carrying value of the deposits being secured.

Investments: The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances, which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio Fund (STAROhio); guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained.

Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. Government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds and STAROhio. Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the banks' commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institutions' separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statutes prohibit the use of reverse repurchase agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions; therefore, significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE D – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest rate risk: In accordance with its investment policy, the Division limits its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the Division invests primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase. The intent is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity. Investment maturities are disclosed in the table on the following page.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Division will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Division does not have an investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in the state statute.

Credit Risk: Investments in STAROhio carry a rating of AAAm, which is the highest money market fund rating given by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Division has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Division places a limitation on the amount it may invest in any one issuer to help minimize the concentration of credit risk. The Division had the following investments at December 31, 2009 and 2008, which include those classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9 since they have a maturity of three months or less:

	2009		2008		Investment for 2	Maturities
Type of Investment	Fair Value	2009 Cost	Fair Value	2008 Cost	Less than One Year	1 - 5 Years
			s in 000's)			
STAROhio	\$ 1,516	\$ 1,516	\$ 1,083	\$ 1,083	\$ 1,516	\$
Investment in Mutual Funds	16,474	16,474	17,649	17,649	16,474	
Total Investments	17,990	17,990	18,732	18,732	17,990	-
Total Deposits	555	555	368	368	555	
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 18,545	\$ 18,545	\$ 19,100	<u>\$ 19,100</u>	<u>\$ 18,545</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

These amounts are monies invested by the City Treasurer on behalf of the Division and are used in daily operations with excess monies invested daily in STAROhio and mutual funds. These investments are carried at cost which approximates market value.

As of December 31, 2009, the investments in mutual funds and in STAROhio are approximately 92% and 8%, respectively, of the Division's total investments. As of December 31, 2008, the investments in mutual funds and in STAROhio are approximately 94% and 6%, respectively, of the Division's total investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset Activity: Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2009
			mounts in (
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>\$ 12,929</u> 12,929	<u>\$ 166</u> 166	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 13,095</u> 13,095
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings, structures and improvements Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	1,256 65,757 <u>1,313</u>		(32)		1,256 65,757 <u>1,281</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated Less: Accumulated depreciation	68,326 (24,256)	(1,740)	(32) 32		68,294 (25,964)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	44,070	(1,740)			42,330
Capital assets, net	\$ 56,999	<u>\$ (1,574)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	\$ 55,425

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital Asset Activity: Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2008		Deletions	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2008
		(A	mounts in ()00's)	
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 12,929</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 12,929</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	12,929	-	-		12,929
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings, structures and improvements Furniture, fixtures, equipment and vehicles	1,256 65,200 540	557 <u>881</u>	(108)		1,256 65,757 <u>1,313</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated Less: Accumulated depreciation	66,996 (22,666)	1,438 (1,698)	(108) 108		68,326 (24,256)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	44,330	(260)			44,070
Capital assets, net	\$ 57,259	<u>\$ (260)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	<u>\$ 56,999</u>

NOTE F – PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

All full-time employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- 1) The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- 2) The Member-Directed Plan (MD) a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- 3) The Combined Plan (CO) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by OPERS to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE F – PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2009, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Member contribution rates were 10.00% in 2009 and 2008. The rate was 9.50% in 2007 and employer contribution rates were 14.00% of covered payroll in 2009 and 2008. The rate was 13.85% in 2007. The Division's required employer contributions to OPERS for the pension portion of all the plans for the years ending December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were approximately \$67,000, \$58,000 and \$75,000 each year, respectively. The required payments due in 2009, 2008 and 2007 have been made.

NOTE G – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System: All full-time employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. OPERS maintains a costsharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care coverage. In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE G – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. The employer contribution rates were 14.00% of covered payroll in 2009 and 2008. It was 13.85% in 2007. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.00% of covered payroll. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan. OPERS Postemployment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of postemployment health care benefits. Employer contribution rates to fund postemployment health care benefits were 7.00% from January 1, 2009 through March 31, 2009 and 5.50% from April 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009, 7.00% in 2008, 5.00% from January 1, 2007 to June 30, 2007 and 6.00% from July 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided by the retiree or the surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The Division's actual contributions for 2009 to OPERS to fund postemployment benefits were approximately \$49,000.

The Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board on September 9, 2004, was effective January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE H – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Revenues and Accounts Receivable: The Division provides parking facilities at usual and customary rates to various departments and divisions of the City. The Division operates certain garages and parking lots on behalf of other City divisions. The professional management fees recorded by the Division to operate the garages and parking lots are as follows:

		2009		2008
	(Amounts in 000's)			0's)
Division of Convention Center	\$	172	\$	157
Department of Community Development		55		83

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE H – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Operating Expenses: The Division is provided various services by other City divisions. Charges are based on actual usage or on a reasonable pro-rata basis. The more significant expenses included in the statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

	2009			2008
		0's)		
Parks Maintenance	\$	61	\$	67
Motor Vehicle Maintenance		13		21
Cleveland Public Power		171		197
Maintenance		14		15
Telephone		13		15

NOTE I – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Contingent Liabilities: Various claims are pending against the City involving the Division for personal injuries, property damage and other matters. The City is responsible for the lawsuits. The City's management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Division's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Risk Management: The Division is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Division is generally self-insured. No material losses, including incurred but not reported losses, occurred in 2009 or 2008.

The City provides the choice of four separate health insurance plans for its employees. These plans are provided by two different insurers through commercial insurance. Operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee, by type of coverage. The City participates in the State of Ohio workers' compensation retrospective rating program.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs) and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses, regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Claims liability for the Division is immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (Continued)

NOTE J – LEASES

The Division leases the land for various parking facilities to management companies under non-cancelable lease agreements, which expire at various times through the year 2056. Revenues generated from such leases totaled \$180,000 in 2009 and 2008. Future minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases are as follows:

	(Am	ounts in 000's)
2010	\$	180
2011		180
2012		180
2013		180
2014		180
Thereafter		5,280
	\$	6,180





CITY OF CLEVELAND – DIVISION OF PARKING FACILITIES

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 17, 2010

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us