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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champion Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champion Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Emergency Levy funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 20, 2010, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Champion Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule provides additional information and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

May 20, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Champion Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2009 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$357,996 which represents a 62.83% decrease from 2008.
- General revenues accounted for \$12,622,098 in revenue or 84.06% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,394,249 or 15.94% of total revenues of \$15,016,347.
- The District had \$15,374,343 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,394,249 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$12,622,098 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and Emergency Levy fund. The General fund had \$11,608,042 in revenues and other financing sources and \$11,634,083 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2009, the General fund's fund deficit increased \$24,819 from a deficit of \$1,258,484 to a deficit of \$1,283,303.
- The Emergency Levy fund had \$2,052,088 in revenues and \$2,052,524 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2009, the Emergency Levy fund's fund deficit increased \$436 from a deficit of \$311,957 to a deficit of \$312,393.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the General fund and Emergency Levy fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?" *The Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities*, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General fund and Emergency Levy fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported on the *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts as fiduciary in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate *Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets* on page 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-48 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The *Statement of Net Assets* provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2009 and 2008.

	Net Assets			
	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008		
<u>Assets</u> Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 6,395,258 2,434,389	\$ 6,613,636 2,722,256		
Total assets	8,829,647	9,335,892		
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	6,525,050 2,092,851 8,617,901	6,573,928 2,192,222 8,766,150		
<u>Net assets</u> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	1,210,908 94,958 (1,094,120)	1,372,907 120,073 (923,238)		
Total net assets	<u>\$ 211,746</u>	\$ 569,742		

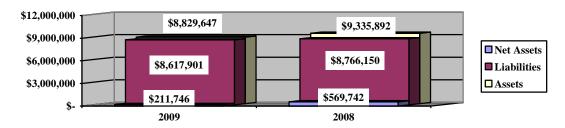
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2009, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$211,746.

At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 27.57% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2009, were \$1,210,908. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$94,958, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's assets, liabilities and net assets for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Change in Net Assets

Revenues	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,301,082	\$ 1,304,042
Operating grants and contributions	1,073,275	1,211,290
Capital grants and contributions	19,892	15,142
General revenues:		
Property taxes	4,858,064	5,160,019
Grants and entitlements	7,689,795	7,354,880
Investment earnings	8,897	37,939
Other	65,342	70,133
Total revenues	15,016,347	15,153,445
		-continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,975,027	\$ 6,142,863
Special	1,746,279	1,625,054
Vocational	191,387	189,846
Other	543,597	516,134
Support services:		
Pupil	620,792	633,524
Instructional staff	520,748	501,615
Board of education	42,312	47,382
Administration	1,837,214	1,754,042
Fiscal	395,888	358,797
Operations and maintenance	1,641,605	1,645,446
Pupil transportation	804,338	855,685
Central	11,285	12,030
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	471,487	448,204
Other non-instructional	-	569
Extracurricular activities	495,261	506,634
Interest and fiscal charges	77,123	83,860
Total expenses	15,374,343	15,321,685
Change in net assets	(357,996)	(168,240)
Net assets at beginning of year	569,742	737,982
Net assets at end of year	\$ 211,746	\$ 569,742

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$357,996. Total governmental expenses of \$15,374,343 were offset by program revenues of \$2,394,249 and general revenues of \$12,622,098. Program revenues supported 15.57% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 83.56% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,456,290 or 55.00% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2009.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The *Statement of Activities* shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

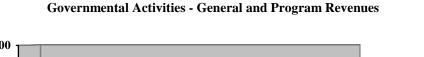
Governmental Activities

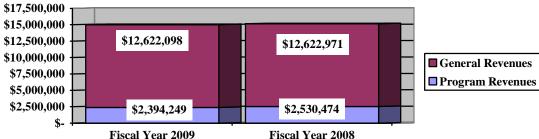
	Total Cost of Services 2009		 Net Cost of Services 2009		Total Cost of Services 2008		Net Cost of Services 2008
Program expenses							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	5,975,027	\$ 5,260,303	\$	6,142,863	\$	5,504,556
Special		1,746,279	699,316		1,625,054		375,124
Vocational		191,387	165,972		189,846		165,057
Other		543,597	543,597		516,134		516,134
Support services:							
Pupil		620,792	612,069		633,524		627,642
Instructional staff		520,748	514,236		501,615		489,180
Board of education		42,312	42,312		47,382		47,382
Administration		1,837,214	1,837,214		1,754,042		1,754,042
Fiscal		395,888	395,888		358,797		358,797
Operations and maintenance		1,641,605	1,641,064		1,645,446		1,640,234
Pupil transportation		804,338	784,987		855,685		845,755
Central		11,285	6,285		12,030		6,286
Operations of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations		471,487	6,288		448,204		(22,303)
Other non-instructional		-	-		569		569
Extracurricular activities		495,261	393,440		506,634		398,896
Interest and fiscal charges		77,123	 77,123		83,860	_	83,860
Total expenses	\$	15,374,343	\$ 12,980,094	\$	15,321,685	\$	12,791,211

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 78.87% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 84.43%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements received from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.





The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund deficit balance of \$1,571,296, which is greater than last year's deficit of \$1,359,143. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2009	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2008	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Emergency levy Other governmental	\$ (1,283,303) (312,393) 24,400	\$ (1,258,484) (311,957) 211,298	\$ (24,819) (436) (186,898)	(1.97) % (0.14) % (88.45) %
Total	<u>\$ (1,571,296)</u>	<u>\$ (1,359,143)</u>	<u>\$ (212,153)</u>	(15.61) %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The District's General fund's fund deficit increased \$24,819. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the General fund.

	2009 Amount	2008 Amount	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>			
Taxes	\$ 3,114,171	\$ 3,235,814	(3.76) %
Tuition	715,866	804,488	(11.02) %
Earnings on investments	8,897	37,939	(76.55) %
Intergovernmental	7,605,111	7,428,465	2.38 %
Other revenues	163,451	75,093	117.66 %
Total	\$ 11,607,496	\$ 11,581,799	0.22 %
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Instruction	\$ 6,052,988	\$ 6,049,020	0.07 %
Support services	5,097,955	5,333,108	(4.41) %
Operation of non-instructional services	-	569	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities	270,923	295,074	(8.18) %
Debt service	177,525	179,523	(1.11) %
Total	<u>\$ 11,599,391</u>	\$ 11,857,294	(2.18) %

Tuition revenues decreased 11.02 % which is primarily due to decreased student enrollment. Investment earnings decreased 76.55%, due to decreased interest rates and less money held in the District's interest-earning bank accounts. The large increase in other revenues is due to more money received for services provided to other Districts. The most significant change in expenditures from 2008 to 2009 is the 8.18% decrease in extracurricular activities expenditures. Support services expenditures decreased 4.41%, which is primarily due to decreased pupil transportation expenditures.

Emergency Levy Fund

The District's Emergency Levy fund's fund deficit balance increased by \$436. The increase in fund deficit balance can be attributed to decreased tax revenues as compared to the prior fiscal year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General fund.

During the course of the fiscal year 2009, the District amended its General fund budget several times. For the General fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,639,285 which was less than original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$12,947,962. Actual revenues and other financing sources for the fiscal year 2009 was \$12,639,285, which was the same as the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures and other financing uses) of \$12,938,406 were decreased to \$12,730,914 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2009 were unchanged from the final budgeted expenditures and other financing sources.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2009, the District had \$2,434,389 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal 2009 balances compared to 2008:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2009	2008			
Land	\$ 38,950	\$ 38,950			
Land improvements	43,924	48,363			
Building and improvements	1,610,580	1,763,152			
Furniture and equipment	457,793	518,485			
Vehicles	283,142	353,306			
Total	\$ 2,434,389	\$ 2,722,256			

Total additions to capital assets for 2009 were \$55,629. Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2009 was \$343,496. Overall, capital assets of the District decreased \$287,867.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2009, the District had \$1,223,481 in asbestos notes and lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$130,772 is due within one year and \$1,092,709 is due within greater than one year. The following table summarizes the notes and lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008			
EPA asbestos notes	\$ 94,257	\$ 121,187			
Capital leases	1,129,224	1,228,162			
Total	<u>\$ 1,223,481</u>	<u>\$ 1,349,349</u>			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

At June 30, 2009, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$15,700,532 with an unvoted debt margin of \$174,450. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District is often presented with challenges and opportunities. National, State and local events often economically affect the District and the surrounding area both positively and adversely. However, the District has carefully managed its budget in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community's citizens. Sound fiscal management by the Board of Education and administration has enabled the District to continue a quality, comprehensive educational program for the past fourteen years without the need of additional tax levies.

The board's most recent five-year projections indicate that the District would not require additional levy millage.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years. The District's most recent State Report Card shows the District achieving an excellent score. This is also the seventh year this has been accomplished. The District has continually scored well on the State Report Card since its inception. The budgeting and internal controls utilized by the District are well regarded as exemplified by the unqualified audit opinions that have been received. Each challenge identified in this section is viewed simultaneously as an opportunity for the District to foray down paths not previously traveled to continue its commitment to excellence. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support the educational program. Overall, the District continues to perform at the highest level determined by the State of Ohio, which is measured by a defined set of criteria.

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that may have a major impact on the District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable" as defined by the State Constitution. The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. There is concern that the State may not have the ability to fully fund the previously approved subsidies for primary and secondary education in the State budget. The biennial budget approved by the State for fiscal years 2008 and 2009 do not prove helpful to the funding situation for the District. In spite of this, the Board is committed to upholding its levy promise to the community, and not seek additional operating millage until all other avenues of increasing revenues or decreasing expenditures have been exhausted.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Brian Gillespie, Treasurer at 5759 Mahoning Ave. NW, Warren, Ohio 44483-1139.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	116,011
Receivables:		
Taxes		6,137,670
Intergovernmental		75,034
Accrued interest		620
Prepayments		52,098
Materials and supplies inventory		13,825
Capital assets:		
Land		38,950
Depreciable capital assets, net		2,395,439
Total capital assets.		2,434,389
Total assets.		8,829,647
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable.		25,937
Accrued wages and benefits		1,307,358
Pension obligation payable.		325,804
Intergovernmental payable		81,820
Unearned revenue		4,760,277
Accrued interest payable		23,854
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year.		259,180
Due in more than one year		1,833,671
Total liabilities		8,617,901
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net		
of related debt.		1,210,908
Restricted for:		, ,
Capital projects		20,795
State funded programs		8
Federally funded programs		431
Student activities		2,390
Other purposes		71,334
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,094,120)
Total net assets	\$	211,746

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

			Prog	ram Revenues			R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	harges for rvices and Sales	G	Dperating Frants and Intributions	Gı	Capital rants and ntributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	 Expenses	 Bales			01	Informations		Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 5,975,027	\$ 654,011	\$	60,713	\$	-	\$	(5,260,303)
Special	1,746,279	261,038		785,925		-		(699,316)
Vocational	191,387	-		25,415		-		(165,972)
Other	543,597	-		-		-		(543,597)
Support services:								
Pupil	620,792	-		8,723		-		(612,069)
Instructional staff	520,748	-		6,512		-		(514,236)
Board of education.	42,312	-		-		-		(42,312)
Administration	1,837,214	-		-		-		(1,837,214)
Fiscal	395,888	-		-		-		(395,888)
Operations and maintenance	1,641,605	-		-		541		(1,641,064)
Pupil transportation	804,338	-		-		19,351		(784,987)
Central	11,285	-		5,000		-		(6,285)
Operation of non-instructional								
services:								
Food service operations	471,487	287,352		177,847		-		(6,288)
Extracurricular activities	495,261	98,681		3,140		-		(393,440)
Interest and fiscal charges	 77,123	 -		-		-		(77,123)
Totals	\$ 15,374,343	\$ 1,301,082	\$	1,073,275	\$	19,892		(12,980,094)

General revenues:

General revenues.	
Property taxes levied for:	
General fund	3,115,505
Special revenue	1,665,050
Debt service	19,484
Capital projects	58,025
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	7,689,795
Investment earnings	8,897
Miscellaneous	65,342
Total general revenues	12,622,098
Change in net assets	(357,996)
Net assets at beginning of year	569,742
Net assets at end of year	\$ 211,746

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	 General	Emergency Levy				Go	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,107	\$	-	\$	110,904	\$	116,011	
Taxes. Accrued interest	3,985,243 400		2,082,787		69,640 220		6,137,670 620	
Intergovernmental.	72,585		-		2,449		75,034	
Prepayments	52,098		_		2,449		52,098	
Materials and supplies inventory.	 3,183		-		10,642		13,825	
Total assets	\$ 4,118,616	\$	2,082,787	\$	193,855	\$	6,395,258	
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 2,128	\$	20,934	\$	2,875	\$	25,937	
Accrued wages and benefits	959,035		283,481		64,842		1,307,358	
Compensated absences payable	69,545		-		-		69,545	
Pension obligation payable	297,170		-		28,634		325,804	
Intergovernmental payable	62,292		15,802		3,726		81,820	
Deferred revenue	920,859		459,587		15,367		1,395,813	
Unearned revenue	 3,090,890		1,615,376		54,011		4,760,277	
Total liabilities	 5,401,919		2,395,180		169,455		7,966,554	
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances	-		-		3,417		3,417	
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory	3,183		-		10,642		13,825	
for appropriation	14,971		7,824		262		23,057	
Reserved for prepayments	52,098		-		-		52,098	
General fund.	(1,353,555)		_		_		(1,353,555)	
Special revenue funds			(320,217)		4,913		(315,304)	
Capital projects funds	 -		-		5,166		5,166	
Total fund balances (deficit).	 (1,283,303)		(312,393)		24,400		(1,571,296)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,118,616	\$	2,082,787	\$	193,855	\$	6,395,258	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2009

Total governmental fund balances (deficit)		\$ (1,571,296)
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,434,389
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 1,354,336 41,477	
Total		1,395,813
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(23,854)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Asbestos notes	94,257	
Compensated absences	799,825	
Capital lease obligations	 1,129,224	
Total		 (2,023,306)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 211,746

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		General	Emergency Levy		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	3,114,171	\$	1,614,410	\$	85,832	\$	4,814,413
Tuition	Ŷ	715,866	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	715,866
Transportation fees		-		-		771		771
Charges for services.		-		-		287,352		287,352
Earnings on investments.		8,897		-		1,079		9,976
Extracurricular.		-		_		97,910		97,910
Classroom materials and fees		_		_		35,732		35,732
Other local revenues		163,451		_		82,607		246,058
Intergovernmental - State		7,605,111		437,678		61,436		8,104,225
Intergovernmental - Federal.		7,005,111				625,659		625,659
		11 (07 40)		-				
Total revenues		11,607,496		2,052,088		1,278,378		14,937,962
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		4,036,241		1,644,261		152,509		5,833,011
Special.		1,286,715				473,818		1,760,533
Vocational.		187,339		-		-		187,339
Other		542,693		_		_		542,693
Support services:		5 12,095						512,095
Pupil		608,185		-		8,468		616,653
Instructional staff		497,593		_		20,806		518,399
Board of education		42,312		-		- 20,000		42,312
Administration.		1,759,615		_		_		1,759,615
Fiscal		360,082		28,695		1,556		390,333
Operations and maintenance.		1,093,931		379,568		169,226		1,642,725
Pupil transportation		729,795		579,508		109,220		729,795
		6,442		-		4,843		11,285
		0,442		-		4,045		11,205
Operation of non-instructional services:						469 072		469 072
Food service operations		-		-		468,972		468,972
Extracurricular activities.		270,923		-		171,881		442,804
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		-		-		2,010		2,010
		00 020				26.020		125 969
Principal retirement		98,938 78,587		-		26,930		125,868
Interest and fiscal charges		78,587		-		-		78,587
Total expenditures		11,599,391		2,052,524		1,501,019		15,152,934
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		8,105		(436)		(222,641)		(214,972)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of capital assets		546		-		-		546
Transfers in		-		-		34,692		34,692
Transfers (out)		(34,692)		-				(34,692)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(34,146)		-		34,692		546
Net change in fund balances		(26,041)		(436)		(187,949)		(214,426)
Fund balances (deficit) at								
beginning of year.		(1,258,484)		(311,957)		211,298		(1,359,143)
Increase in reserve for inventory		1,222		-		1,051		2,273
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	(1,283,303)	\$	(312,393)	\$	24,400	\$	(1,571,296)
	-	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	(,0,0)	-	,	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(214,426)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets			
is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Additions	\$ 55,629		
Depreciation expense	 (343,496)	-	
Total			(287,867)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased,			
however, in the statement of activities they are reported as an expense			
when consumed.			2,273
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Taxes	43,651		
Intergovernmental revenue	34,188		
Total	 ,	-	77,839
Repayment of notes and lease principal is an expenditure			
in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities on the statement of net assets.			125,868
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on			
outstanding notes, whereas in governmental funds,			
an interest expenditure is reported when due.			1,464
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,			
such as compensated absences, do not require the			
use of current financial resources and therefore			
are not reported as expenditures in the governmental			
funds.			(63,147)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(357,996)
5 8			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	inal Final			Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		0					
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	3,191,097	\$	3,115,022	\$	3,115,022	\$ -
Tuition		733,349		715,866		715,866	-
Earnings on investments		10,721		10,465		10,465	-
Other local revenues		167,443		163,451		163,451	-
Intergovernmental - State		7,758,976		7,574,003		7,574,003	-
Total revenues.		11,861,586		11,578,807		11,578,807	-
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		4,185,876		4,043,006		4,043,006	-
Special		1,213,627		1,272,075		1,272,075	-
Vocational		187,550		185,510		185,510	-
Other		490,290		544,393		544,393	-
Support services:							
Pupil		612,677		622,961		622,961	-
Instructional staff		527,245		508,546		508,546	-
Board of education		45,515		44,826		44,826	-
Administration		1,751,955		1,794,587		1,794,587	-
Fiscal		335,166		354,664		354,664	-
Operations and maintenance		1,251,550		1,114,468		1,114,468	-
Pupil transportation		795,423		755,937		755,937	-
Central		5,250		6,443		6,443	-
Extracurricular activities.		399,485		356,424		356,424	-
Facilities aquisition and construction		73,528		73,528		73,528	-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges		18,854		18,854		18,854	
Total expenditures		12,893,991		12,696,222		12,696,222	
Deficiency of revenues under							
expenditures		(1,032,405)		(1,117,415)		(1,117,415)	-
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year expenditures		58,524		57,129		57,129	-
Transfers (out)		(44,415)		(34,692)		(34,692)	-
Advances in		2,871		2,803		2,803	-
Sale of notes		1,024,422		1,000,000		1,000,000	-
Sale of capital assets		559		546		546	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,041,961		1,025,786		1,025,786	-
Net change in fund balance		9,556		(91,629)		(91,629)	-
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,915		2,915		2,915	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		93,666		93,666		93,666	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	106,137	\$	4,952	\$	4,952	\$ -
•							

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMERGENCY LEVY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	 Budgeted	Amo	ints			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	 						
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 1,629,140	\$	1,613,956	\$	1,613,956	\$	-
Intergovernmental - State	441,796		437,678		437,678		-
Total revenues.	 2,070,936		2,051,634		2,051,634		-
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	1,651,430		1,637,626		1,637,626		-
Support services:							
Fiscal	29,700		28,695		28,695		-
Operations and maintenance	397,620		393,127		393,127		-
Total expenditures	 2,078,750		2,059,448		2,059,448		-
Net change in fund balance	(7,814)		(7,814)		(7,814)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,875		5,875		5,875		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,939		1,939		1,939		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2009

	Agency		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash	¢	47.005	
and cash equivalents	\$	47,295	
Total assets	\$	47,295	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	21	
Due to students		47,274	
Total liabilities	\$	47,295	
	Ψ	11,275	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Champion Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District is the 346th largest in the State of Ohio (out of approximately 922 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 68 non-certified employees and 113 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,560 students and other community members. The District currently operates 3 instructional buildings, 1 athletic building and 1 garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>. The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit, the Champion School Building Corporation. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

Champion School Building Corporation

The Champion School Building Corporation is considered a component unit of the District by virtue of meeting the criteria noted above. The corporation is a nonprofit organization with the specific purpose of purchasing, leasing or otherwise acquiring real estate and to construct thereon any and all public improvements, within the boundaries of the District.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Trumbull Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the 15 participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information may be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP was established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OASBO. The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Emergency Levy fund</u> - The Emergency Levy special revenue fund is used to account for the accumulation of tax revenue generated by an emergency tax levy and the use of those funds.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; (c) for accumulation of resources for and repayment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; and (c) for food service operations.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide *Statement of Activities* presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the *Statement of Net Assets*.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2009 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2009 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2009.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2009. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2009, investments included the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), and a repurchase agreement. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2009. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2009.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings are assigned to the General fund, unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the General fund, the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund, the District Managed Student Activities special revenue fund and the Food Service special revenue fund. The Food Service special revenue fund receives interest earnings based upon federal mandate. Interest revenue credited to the General fund during fiscal year 2009 amounted to \$8,897, which includes \$7,072 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide *Statement of Net Assets*, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	15 - 30 years
Land improvements	15 - 30 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets. The District had no interfund balances at June 30, 2009.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated <u>Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2009, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 15 years of current service with the District, were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2009, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Notes and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and prepayments. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted by State statute for food service, special trust, uniform supplies and public school support.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by State statute. The District had no restricted assets at June 30, 2009. See Note 18 for detail.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2009, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 49, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations</u>", GASB Statement No. 52, "<u>Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments</u>", GASB Statement No. 55, "<u>The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments</u>", and GASB Statement No. 56 "<u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards</u>".

GASB Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 49 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 52 improves the quality of financial reporting by requiring endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value, creating consistency in reporting among similar entities that exist to invest resources for the purpose of generating income. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 52 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 55 incorporates the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the GASB's authoritative literature. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 55 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 56 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Statements on Auditing Standards. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 56 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2009 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major funds	Deficit
General	\$ 1,283,303
Emergency levy	312,393
Nonmajor funds	
Management information systems	242
Title VI-B	51,520
Title I	20,226
Title II-A	4,782

The General fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash on Hand

At year end, the District had \$112 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$(40,586), exclusive of the \$38,691 repurchase agreement included in investments below. A liability was not recorded for the negative carrying amount of deposits because there was no actual overdraft due to the "zero-balance" nature of the District's bank accounts. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2009, the District's entire bank balance of \$183,160 was covered by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2009, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities <u>6 months or less</u>
Repurchase agreement STAR Ohio	\$ 38,691 165,089	\$ 38,691 165,089
Total	\$ 203,780	\$ 203,780

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently rise. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating. The District's investments in the federal agency securities that underlie the repurchase agreement, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For the District's \$38,691 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2009:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Repurchase agreement STAR Ohio	\$ 38,691 165,089	18.99 81.01
Total	\$ 203,780	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2009:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ (40,586)
Investments	203,780
Cash on hand	112
Total	\$ 163,306
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 116,011
Agency fund	47,295
Total	\$ 163,306

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:	Amount
General fund	\$ 34,692

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2009 became a lien on December 31, 2007, were levied after April 1, 2008, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2008. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2009, are available to finance fiscal year 2009 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009 was \$14,971 in the General fund, \$262 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$7,824 in the Emergency Levy fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2008 was \$15,823 in the General fund, \$132 in the bond retirement fund, \$295 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$7,370 in the Emergency Levy fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2009 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2009 taxes were collected are:

	2008 Second Half Collections		2009 First Half Collections	
	Amount	ant Percent Amount		Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 171,414,060	97.07	\$ 171,855,710	98.30
Public utility personal	2,499,490	1.42	2,592,780	1.48
Tangible personal property	2,659,007	1.51	383,320	0.22
Total	\$ 176,572,557	100.00	\$ 174,831,810	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$44.30		\$41.95	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consisted of taxes, intergovernmental grants and entitlements and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	
Taxes	\$ 6,137,670
Intergovernmental	75,034
Accrued interest	620
Total	<u>\$ 6,213,324</u>

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/08	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/09
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 38,950	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 38,950
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	38,950			38,950
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	69,711	-	-	69,711
Buildings and improvements	7,197,807	-	-	7,197,807
Furniture and equipment	2,712,468	55,629	(9,060)	2,759,037
Vehicles	1,168,882			1,168,882
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,148,868	55,629	(9,060)	11,195,437
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(21,348)	(4,439)	-	(25,787)
Buildings and improvements	(5,434,655)	(152,572)	-	(5,587,227)
Furniture and equipment	(2,193,983)	(116,321)	9,060	(2,301,244)
Vehicles	(815,576)	(70,164)		(885,740)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,465,562)	(343,496)	9,060	(8,799,998)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,722,256	\$ (287,867)	\$	\$ 2,434,389

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 173,748
Special	2,564
Vocational	2,811
Support services:	
Pupil	702
Instructional staff	1,190
Administration	6,681
Fiscal	1,169
Operations and maintenance	9,299
Pupil transportation	73,490
Extracurricular activities	69,203
Food service operations	2,639
Total depreciation expense	\$ 343,496

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

A. During fiscal year 2002, the District entered into a lease contract with the Champion School Building Corporation to provide new athletic facilities including stadium bleachers, field house, all-weather track and concession/restroom facilities. The Champion School Building Corporation borrowed \$1,100,000 on March 27, 2002, at an interest rate of 4.75%. On May 1, 2002, it assigned the loan to the District. The lease will be repaid in equal installments over a 20 year period, beginning December 1, 2002. Lease payments will be funded by the General fund. The lease agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,100,000. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2009 was \$385,000, leaving a current book value of \$715,000. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2009 totaled \$44,461 and \$40,681, respectively, paid by the General fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2009:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, Am		Amount
2010	\$	85,141
2011		85,142
2012		85,142
2013		85,141
2014		85,142
2015 - 2019		425,708
2020 - 2022		255,470
Total	1	1,106,886
Less: amount representing interest		(294,902)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	811,984

B. On October 29, 2004, the District entered into a \$575,000 lease-purchase agreement with the Champion School Building Corporation to finance roof construction and improvements throughout the District. The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments is derived from general operating revenues of the District. These lease agreements met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$575,000. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2009 was \$143,750, leaving a current book value of \$431,250. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2009 totaled \$54,477 and \$19,051, respectively, paid by the General fund.

A liability in the amount of the present value of minimum lease payments has been recorded in the governmental activities of the District.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the leasepurchase agreement and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2009.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2010	\$	73,528
2011		73,528
2012		73,528
2013		73,258
2014		73,527
Total		367,639
Less: amount representing interest		(50,399)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	317,240

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2009, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding 06/30/08	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/09	Amounts Due in <u>One Year</u>
EPA asbestos notes	\$ 121,187	\$-	\$ (26,930)	\$ 94,257	\$ 26,931
Capital lease obligations	1,228,162	-	(98,938)	1,129,224	103,841
Compensated absences	842,873	178,289	(151,792)	869,370	128,408
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,192,222	\$ 178,289	<u>\$ (277,660)</u>	\$ 2,092,851	\$ 259,180

B. <u>EPA Asbestos Notes</u> - In May 1995, the District issued \$484,746 in asbestos notes through the U.S. Federal Government. The notes will be retired from the Bond Retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The notes are interest free.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which, for the District, are primarily the General fund and the Emergency Levy fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Capital Lease Obligations</u>: The District issued a capital lease for the construction of an athletic complex in fiscal year 2002. The District entered into a lease purchase agreement for roof construction and improvements during fiscal year 2005. See Note 9 for details.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the asbestos notes:

Fiscal Year Ending	Payment
2010	\$ 26,931
2011	26,930
2012	26,931
2013	13,465
Total	\$ 94,257

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2009, are a voted debt margin of \$15,700,532 and an unvoted debt margin of \$174,450.

NOTE 11 - NOTES PAYABLE

On December 31, 2008, the District issued a \$1,000,000 current tax revenue note for the purpose of paying current expenses of the District in fiscal year 2009, in anticipation of current property tax revenues. This note was authorized by the Ohio Revised Code, particularly Section 133.10. The note had an annual interest rate of 3.75% and matured on June 30, 2009. The note was receipted into the General fund, which made the principal and interest payments during fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified eleven or twelve month employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Vacation time is not accumulated and must be used by April 30 of each fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES - (Continued)

Each employee is entitled to 15 days sick leave with pay each year under contract and accrues sick leave at the rate of 1 1/4 days for each calendar month under contract.

Only administrative or school support personnel accumulate vacation on the following factors:

School Support Personnel	Vacation Leave
After 1 year	10 days
9 or more years	15 days
16 or more years	20 days

The Superintendent and Treasurer each receives 25 days of vacation leave, annually.

Classified employees with five years of service in the District who elect to retire shall receive, in one lump sum payment for 33.34% up to a maximum of 60 days of their unused sick leave multiplied times the per diem rate at the time of retirement. Certified employees with five years of service in the District who elect to retire shall receive, in one lump sum payment for 20% up to a maximum of 65 days of their unused sick leave multiplied times the per diem rate at the time of retirement. The Superintendent and Treasurer receive severance based on half of their accumulated sick leave.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 325 days for all certified employees and up to 180 days for classified employees.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to school employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2009, the District contracted with the Indiana Insurance Company for property insurance with a \$1,000 deductible. Professional liability is protected by the Ohio School Plan administered by the Hylant Group with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate limit.

Vehicles are covered by the Auto Owners Insurance Company and hold \$100 and \$1,000 deductibles for comprehensive and collision. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 per vehicle limit of liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last ten years.

\$20,000 performance bonds are maintained for the Superintendent, Treasurer and Board President. All performance bonds are maintained by the Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

For fiscal year 2009, the District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund".

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Health Insurance

The District has elected to provide various employee benefits through a consortium of school districts known as the Trumbull County Schools Insurance Consortium Association (the "Consortium"). The lone exception to this Consortium is Vision Insurance which is contracted directly through Vision Service Plan. All of the following noted premiums are paid from the fund that pays the salary of the employee so enrolled.

The provider contracted through the Consortium for Life Insurance is Medical Life Insurance Company. Coverage is \$50,000 for all certified and administrative staff and their support staff and \$40,000 for all union and non-union full time classified staff. The Superintendent is covered by a \$150,000 policy and the Treasurer is covered by a \$100,000 policy. The premium is \$1.05 per \$10,000 of coverage.

The provider contracted through the Consortium for medical/surgical benefits is Medical Mutual. The District pays monthly premiums for Preferred Provider 1 of \$1,111.86 for family coverage or \$427.48 for individual coverage. Preferred Provider 2 benefit premiums are \$998.27 for family coverage or \$383.66 for individual coverage per month. Preferred Provider 3 benefit premiums are \$884.67 for family coverage and \$339.86 for individual coverage per month. Hospitalization coverage is available to staff working 20 hours or more per week. Premium contributions are required of specific enrollees depending upon their employee classification.

The provider contracted through the Consortium for dental benefits is Oasis Trust. A third party administrator, Coresource located in Columbus, Ohio reviews and pays claims for the Consortium. Premiums for dental coverage are \$72.13 per month per employee. Dental coverage is available to staff working 20 hours or more per week.

Vision coverage is extended to its employees through Vision Service Plan. Premiums for vision coverage are \$14.21 per month per employee. Vision coverage is available to staff working 20 hours or more per week.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under *Forms and Publications*.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$155,671, \$149,227 and \$154,637, respectively; 39.68 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$840,381 \$847,171 and \$861,463, respectively; 83.81 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$7,519 made by the District and \$21,369 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2009, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$106,538, \$101,354 and \$84,596, respectively; 39.68 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$12,844, \$10,752 and \$10,515, respectively; 39.68 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$64,645, \$65,167 and \$66,266, respectively; 83.81 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) presented for the General fund and Emergency Levy funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis); and,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

(c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the General fund and Emergency Levy fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund	Emergency Levy fund	
Budget basis	\$ (91,629)	\$ (7,814)	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	28,689	454	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	1,096,676	6,924	
Net adjustment for other sources/(uses)	(1,059,932)	-	
Year-end encumbrances	155		
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (26,041)</u>	<u>\$ (436)</u>	

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in any material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 18 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain General fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital Acquisition	
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2008 Current year set-aside requirement Qualifying disbursements	\$ (68,161) 263,791 (340,495)	\$ - 263,791 _(407,660)	
Total	\$ (144,865)	\$ (143,869)	
Balance carried forward to FY 2010	<u>\$ (144,865)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbooks/instructional materials set-aside amount below zero. The extra amounts spent for textbooks/instructional materials may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non -Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education						
Food Donation Program		10.550	-	\$25,293	-	\$25,293
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program		10.555	148,194		148,194	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			148,194	25,293	148,194	\$25,293
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education						
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	C1-S1-08 C1-S1-09	84.010 84.010	- 159,004	-	29,244 140,416	-
Total			159,004	-	169,660	-
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States-IDEA B	6B-SF-08 6B-SF-09	84.027 84.027	- 293,238	-	35,817 261,772	-
Total	00-01-09	04.027	293,238	-	297,589	
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities - State Grants- Title IV-A	DR-S1-09	84.186	4,002	-	4,002	-
State Grants for Innovative Programs- Title V	C2-S1-08 C2-S1-09	84.298 84.298	- 2,760	-	1,599 1,162	-
Total			2,760	-	2,761	
Education Technology State Grants- Title II-D	TJ-S1-08 TJ-S1-09	84.318 84.318	- 2,464	-	1,930 1,003	-
Total			2,464	-	2,933	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants- Title II-A	TR-S1-08 TR-S1-09	84.367 84.367	- 46,618	-	8,302 37,768	-
Total	14-31-09	04.307	46,618	-	46,070	
Total U.S. Department of Education			508,086	-	523,015	-
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SEI Passed Through Ohio Department of Developmental						
Medicaid Assistance Program - CAFS		93.778	69,074			
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Service:	5		69,074	-		
Total Federal Assistance			725,354	25,293	\$671,209	25,293

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the "Schedule") reports the Champion Local School District's (the "District's") federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE D – CAFS MONIES

The District's federal schedule reflects \$69,074 in CAFS monies received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This amount relates to settlements for CAFS service provided during prior years.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champion Local School District, Trumbull County, (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Voinovich Government Center / 242 Federal Plaza W. / Suite 302 / Youngstown, OH 44503-1293 Telephone: (330) 797-9900 (800) 443-9271 Fax: (330) 797-9949 www.auditor.state.oh.us Champion Local School District Trumbull County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

May 20, 2010



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Champion Local School District, (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Champion Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

May 20, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2009

(d)(1)(i) **Type of Financial Statement Opinion** Unqualified (d)(1)(ii) Were there any material control weaknesses No reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any other significant deficiencies in No (d)(1)(ii) internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iii) Was there any reported material No noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any material internal control (d)(1)(iv) No weaknesses reported for major federal programs? Were there any other significant deficiencies in (d)(1)(iv) No internal control reported for major federal programs? Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Unqualified (d)(1)(v)(d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under § .510? No Title VI-B CFDA 84.027 (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): **Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs** Type A: > \$ 300,000 (d)(1)(viii) Type B: all others Yes (d)(1)(ix)Low Risk Auditee?

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Champion Local School District Trumbull County 5759 Mahoning Avenue, N.W. Warren, Ohio 44483

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.53 states "the Auditor of State shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The Auditor of State shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Champion Local School District (the "District") has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on February 26, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666(B):
 - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666;
 - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
 - (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
 - (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

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- (6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- (7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- (8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (9) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- (10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

May 20, 2010





CHAMPION LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JUNE 22, 2010

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