Zane State College Muskingum County, Ohio Single Audit July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Zane State College 1555 Newark Road Zanesville, Ohio 43701

We have reviewed the *Independent Accountants' Report* of the Zane State College, Muskingum County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Zane State College is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

January 20, 2009

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Accountants' Report

Zane State College Board of Trustees 1555 Newark Road Zanesville, Ohio 43701

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the business-type activities of Zane State College, Muskingum County, Ohio (the College), and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the College's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Zane State College, and of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2008, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Zane State College Board of Trustees Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The schedule of federal awards expenditures is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We have subjected the schedule of federal awards expenditures to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 16, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions," No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues," and No. 50, "Pension Disclosures – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27."

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

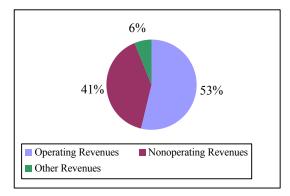
Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 12, 2008

The discussion and analysis of Zane State College's financial statements provides an overview of the College's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2008. The financial statements and the related footnote disclosures along with the discussion and analysis have been prepared based on information that is the representation of management. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with management. The discussion and analysis contains financial activities of Zane State College.

Financial Highlights

Zane State College's financial position improved during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Its combined net assets increased \$1,148,897 or 6% from the previous year.

The following chart provides a graphic breakdown of revenues by category for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008:



In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, revenues exceeded expenses, creating the increase in net assets of \$1,148,897 (compared to a \$555,897 increase in the prior year).

Using This Annual Report

This report consists of three basic financial statements. The statement of net assets; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; and the statement of cash flows provide information on the College as a whole and present a long-term view of the College's finances. The following activities are included in the College's basic financial statements:

- **Primary Institution (College):** Most of the programs and services generally associated with the College fall into this category, including instruction, research, public service, and support services.
- **Component Unit (Zane State College Foundation):** Most of the College's fund raising and restricted scholarship activity fall into this category.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

One of the most important questions asked about the College's finances is, "Is Zane State College as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net assets and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets report information on the College as a whole and on its activities in a way that helps answer this question. When revenues and other support exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net assets. When the reverse occurs, the result is a decrease in net assets. The relationship between revenues and expenses may be thought of as the College's operating results.

These two statements report the College's net assets and changes in them. The College's net asset amount – the difference between assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the College's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the College's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving. However, several non-financial factors are relevant as well, such as the trend and quality of applicants, freshman class size, student retention, building condition, and campus safety, to assess the overall health of the College.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private and public sector institutions. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Net Assets Changes-Primary Institution

Net Assets Chan	ges-Primary Institu		
	6/30/2008	6/30/2007	Net Change
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash equivalents and Investments	\$ 6,268,060	\$ 5,827,883	\$ 440,177
Accounts receivable, net	2,089,571	2,014,042	75,529
Accounts receivable - vendors	63,986	95,149	(31,163)
Grants receivable	288,622	256,847	31,775
Inventory	285,885	380,031	(94,146)
Total current assets	8,996,124	8,573,952	422,172
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	13,763,756	12,255,586	1,508,170
Total noncurrent assets	13,763,756	12,255,586	1,508,170
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22,759,880	\$ 20,829,538	\$ 1,930,342
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accrued wages and benefits	\$ 467,150	\$ 405,667	\$ 61,483
Vouchers payable	575,258	213,030	362,228
Compensated absences	56,993	51,265	5,728
Loans payable - current portion	39,677		39,677
Capital lease payable - current portion	19,657	74,253	(54,596)
Deposits held in custody for others	177,142	169,724	7,418
Deposits field in custody for others	812,469	669,380	143,089
Total current liabilities	2,148,346	1,583,319	565,027
Noncurrent Liabilities:	2,140,340	1,000,017	505,027
Compensated absences	485,797	436,972	48,825
Loans payable	235,605	430,972	235,605
Capital lease payable	14,136	82,148	(68,012)
Total noncurrent liabilities	735,538	519,120	216,418
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,102,439	
IOTAL LIADILITIES	2,883,884	2,102,439	781,445
NET ASSETS			
	12 454 601	12 000 195	1 255 406
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	13,454,681	12,099,185	1,355,496
Restricted:			
Expendable:		(2)	
Loans	-	636	(636)
Instructional Department uses	1,285,130	1,177,546	107,584
Capital projects	1,076,595	1,235,971	(159,376)
Unrestricted	4,059,590	4,213,761	(154,171)
Total net assets	19,875,996	18,727,099	1,148,897
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 22,759,880	\$ 20,829,538	\$ 1,930,342

The increase to capital assets is due mainly to current year additions to complete construction projects of College buildings.

	6/30/2008	6/30/2007	Net Change
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash equivalents	\$ 5,481	\$ 65,177	\$ (59,696)
Total current assets	5,481	65,177	(59,696)
Noncurrent Assets:			
Endowment Investments	2,145,903	2,111,001	34,902
Total noncurrent assets	2,145,903	2,111,001	34,902
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,151,384	\$ 2,176,178	\$ (24,794)
NET ASSETS			
Restricted:			
Nonexpendable:			
Scholarships	\$ 1,533,863	\$ 1,438,763	\$ 95,100
Expendable:			
Scholarships	329,865	448,173	(118,308)
Unrestricted	287,656	289,242	(1,586)
Total net assets	2,151,384	2,176,178	(24,794)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,151,384	\$ 2,176,178	\$ (24,794)

Net Assets Changes- Component Unit- Zane State Foundation

Operating Revenues for FY2008 versus FY2007 Primary Institution

	6/30/2008		2008 6/30/2007*		Net Chang	
Operating Revenues						
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance)	\$	6,491,873	\$	6,225,012	\$	266,861
State grants and contracts		1,800,504		1,450,953		349,551
Federal grants and contracts		373,448		372,468		980
Local grants		221,871		143,412		78,459
Private gifts and grants		82,676		58,863		23,813
Auxiliary services		2,623,114		2,289,622		333,492
Other		275,064		166,857		108,207
Total operating revenues	1	1,868,550		10,707,187		1,161,363
Operating Expenses (Includes depreciation expense)	2	1,029,940		18,728,307		2,301,633
Operating Loss	(9,161,390)		(8,021,120)		(1,140,270)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
State Appropriations		4,981,219		4,652,283		328,936
Federal grants and contracts		3,805,785		3,217,610		588,175
Investment income		205,628		299,185		(93,557)
Other nonoperating expenses		(7,465)	_	(18,511)		11,046
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		8,985,167		8,150,567		834,600
Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses		(176,223)		129,447		(305,670)
Capital Appropriations		1,325,120		426,450		898,670
Total Other Revenues		1,325,120		426,450		898,670
Increase in net assets		1,148,897		555,897		593,000
Net Assets, beginning of year		8,727,099		18,171,202		555,897
Net Assets, end of year		9,875,996	\$	18,727,099	\$	1,148,897

*Certain reclassifications were made for consistency with current year presentation.

Federal grants and contracts increased due mainly to increased Pell grant monies received in the fiscal year. Operating expenses increased significantly due to increased bookstore activity and student aid expenses.

Operating Expenses for FY2008 versus FY2007 Component Unit- Zane State College Foundation

	6	/30/2008	6/	30/2007	1	Net Change
Operating Revenues						
In-kind Contribution (ZSC)*	\$	92,870	\$	53,217	5	\$ 39,653
Contributions		228,111		112,178		115,933
Total operating revenues		320,981		165,395		155,586
Operating Expenses		137,490		230,307		(92,817)
Operating Income		183,491		(64,912)		248,403
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Investment income		(75,185)		325,659		(400,844)
Scholarships		(133,100)		(59,797)		(73,303)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(208,285)		265,862		(474,147)
Increase in Net Assets		(24,794)		200,950		(225,744)
Net Assets, beginning of year		2,176,178		1,975,228		200,950
Net Assets, end of year	\$	2,151,384	\$	2,176,178	\$	(24,794)

*See Note 10, page 27

Decreases to investment income were due to decreases in market value and types of investments held at 6/30/08.

Operating Expenses for FY2008 versus FY2007 Primary Institution

	6/30/2008		6/30/2007		Net Change	
Operating Expenses						
Educational and General						
Instructional	\$	7,079,291	\$	5,948,971	\$	1,130,320
Academic support		1,145,694		766,112		379,582
Student services		5,591,177		5,260,672		330,505
Institutional support		3,268,624		3,033,169		235,455
Depreciation		788,153		710,688		77,465
Operation and maintenance of plant		675,832		828,198		(152,366)
Total Educational and General		18,548,771		16,547,810		2,000,961
Auxiliary Enterprises						
Bookstore		2,356,861		2,088,133		268,728
Other auxiliary		124,308		85,329		38,979
Total Auxiliary Enterprises		2,481,169		2,173,462		307,707
Total Operating Expenses	\$	21,029,940	\$	18,721,272	\$	2,308,668

Instructional expenses increased due in part to increases in vouchers payable, compensated absences, and student aid.

Operating Expenses for FY2008 versus FY2007 Component Unit- Zane State College Foundation

	6/30/2008	6/30/2007	Net Change
Operating Expenses			
Educational and General			
General and administrative	\$ 137,490	\$ 230,307	\$ (92,817)
Total Educational and General	137,490	230,307	(92,817)
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 137,490	\$ 230,307	\$ (92,817)

The Statement of Cash Flows

Another way to assess the financial health of an institution is to look at the statement of cash flows. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The statement of cash flows also helps users assess:

- an entity's ability to generate future net cash flows
- its ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- its need for external financing

Cash Flows FY 2008 Versus FY 2007 Primary Institution

	6/30/2008		6/30/2007		N	et Change
Cash provided (used) by:						
Operating activities	\$	(7,726,461)	\$	(3,767,137)	\$	(3,959,324)
Noncapital financing activities		8,787,004		4,652,283		4,134,721
Capital and related financing activities		(825,994)		(380,539)		(445,455)
Investing activities		205,628		299,185		(93,557)
Net increase in cash		440,177		803,792		(363,615)
Cash, beginning of year		5,827,883		5,024,091		803,792
Cash, end of year	\$	6,268,060	\$	5,827,883	\$	440,177

Capital and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2008, the College had \$13,763,756 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$10,164,893. Depreciation charges totaled \$788,153 for the current fiscal year. Details of these assets for the two years are shown below:

	 6/30/2008		6/30/2007		let Change
Land	\$ 293,225	\$	293,225	\$	-
Construction in Progress	41,600		69,115		(27,515)
Buildings	12,105,572		10,920,845		1,184,727
General infrastructure	210,097		221,059		(10,962)
Machinery and equipment	890,873		529,194		361,679
Computers	-		4,617		(4,617)
Computer Software	149,376		142,470		6,906
Motor Vehicles	42,684		46,928		(4,244)
Library books	30,329		28,133		2,196
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,763,756	\$	12,255,586	\$	1,508,170

Capital Assets, Net, at Year-End Primary Institution

The increase of \$1,508,170 in capital assets was mainly attributable to building improvements exceeding depreciation as well as small disposals of equipment and motor vehicles.

More detailed information regarding the College's capital assets is presented in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2008, the College had \$309,075 in debt outstanding versus \$156,401 in the previous year. The table below summarizes these amounts by type of debt instrument.

	6/3	6/30/2008		6/30/2007		et Change
Lease Obligations	\$	33,793	\$	156,401	\$	(122,608)
Loans Payable		275,282		-		275,282
	\$	309,075	\$	156,401	\$	152,674

More detailed information about the College's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors that Will Affect the Future

The economic position of Zane State College is closely tied to that of the State. The recent economic downturn is expected to adversely affect the amount of state funding the college can expect to receive in the next biennium. On the other hand, the worsening economy and the addition of AA and AS degrees should bode well for increased enrollment.

Despite the reduction in state funding and the increasing employee wages and benefits, the College's current financial plans indicate that the infusion of additional financial resources from the foregoing actions will enable it to maintain its present level of services.

Contacting the College's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Ohio Board of Regents, our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the College's finances and to show the College's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Albert Brown, Vice-President for Business Services-Treasurer, at Zane State College, 1555 Newark Road, Zanesville, Ohio 43701.

Zane State College Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2008

	Primary Institution	Component Unit Zane State College Foundation		
	Zane State College			
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,268,060	\$	5,481	
Investments Accounts receivable, net	4,000,000 2,089,571		-	
Accounts receivable - vendors	63,986		-	
Grants receivable	288,622		-	
Inventory	285,885		-	
Total current assets	 8,996,124		5,481	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets, net	13,763,756		-	
Endowment investments	 -		2,145,903	
Total noncurrent assets	 13,763,756		2,145,903	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22,759,880	\$	2,151,384	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accrued wages and benefits	\$ 467,150	\$	-	
Vouchers payable	575,258		-	
Loans payable Capital lease payable	39,677 19,657		-	
Compensated Absences Payable	56,993		-	
Deposits held in custody for others	177,142		-	
Deferred revenue	812,469		-	
Total current liabilities	2,148,346		-	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated absences	485,797		-	
Loans payable Capital lease payable	235,605 14,136			
Total noncurrent liabilities	 735,538		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,883,884			
<u>NET ASSETS</u> Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted:	13,454,681		-	
Nonexpendable: Scholarships	-		1,533,863	
Expendable: Scholarships Loans	-		329,865	
Instructional Department uses	1,285,130		-	
Capital projects	1,076,595		-	
Unrestricted	 4,059,590		287,656	
Total net assets	 19,875,996		2,151,384	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 22,759,880	\$	2,151,384	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Zane State College Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Primary Institution	Component Unit
	Zane State College	Zane State College Foundation
<u>REVENUE:</u>		
Operating Revenues:		
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$465,603)	\$ 6,491,	
Local grants In-kind Contributions (ZSC)	221,	- 92,870
Federal grants and contracts	373,	
State grants and contracts	1,800,	
Private gifts and grants	82,	
Contributions		- 228,111
Auxiliary Enterprises:		
Bookstore	2,623,	
Other sources Total Operating Revenues	<u> </u>	
Total Operating Revenues	11,000,	550 520,981
EXPENSES:		
Operating Expenses:		
Educational and General:		
Instructional	7,079,	
Academic support	1,145,	
Student services	5,591,	
Institutional support	3,268,	
Depreciation General & Administrative	788,	- 137,490
Operation and maintenance of plant	675,	
Total Educational and General	18,548,	
	,,	
Auxiliary Enterprises:		
Bookstore	2,356,	
Other auxiliary	124,	
Total Operating Expenses	21,029,	940 137,490
Operating Income/(Loss)	(9,161,	390) 183,491
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Federal grants	3,805,	785 -
State appropriations	4,981,	
Investment income	205,	628 (75,185)
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(7,	465) -
Scholarships	0.005	- (133,100)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	8,985,	167 (208,285)
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains or losses	(176,	223) (24,794)
Capital appropriations	1,325,	- 120
Total other revenues	1,325,	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	1,148,	897 (24,794)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	18,727,	099 2,176,178
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 19,875,	996 \$ 2,151,384

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Zane State College Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Primary Institution
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Tuition and Fees	\$	6,454,925
Grants and Contracts	Ф	0,434,923 2,589,813
Payments to Suppliers		(10,298,648)
Payments to Employees for Wages and Benefits		(9,370,729)
Book Store		2,623,114
Other Receipts		275,064
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(7,726,461)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
State Appropriations		4,981,219
Federal Grants and Contracts		3,805,785
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities		8,787,004
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from Loans		289,750
Proceeds from Capital Lease		42,991
Purchases of Capital Assets Capital Appropriations		(2,296,323) 1,325,120
Principal paid on capital leases and loans		(180,067)
Interest Paid on Leases		(7,465)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(825,994)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		205 (28
Interest on Investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		205,628
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		440,177
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,827,883
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	6,268,060
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to <u>Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:</u> Operating Loss	\$	(9,161,390)
		(-) -))
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		788,153
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable, net		(44,366)
Grants Receivable		(31,775)
Inventories Vouchers Payable		94,146 362,228
Accrued Wages and Benefits		61,483
Compensated Absences		54,553
Deferred Revenue		143,089
Deposits Held in Custody for Others		7,418
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(7,726,461)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE COLLEGE AND REPORTING ENTITY

On September 19, 1969, the State of Ohio Board of Regents approved the charter of the Muskingum Area Technical Institute. In 1975, the College name was changed to the Muskingum Area Technical College. In 2004, the College name was changed to Zane State College (the College). The College is a technical institute as defined by Section 3357.01 of the Ohio Revised Code and is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and the laws of the State of Ohio. The College exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation and prepares students for continuation of their education in obtaining a four year degree.

The College's official service area consists of three counties: Muskingum, Guernsey, and Noble. However, a significant number of students also attend from Morgan, Coshocton, and Perry counties.

In 1971, working with the Ohio Board of Regents, the Muskingum Area Technical Institute and the Ohio University began a cooperative effort to provide the community with a coordinated state-assisted higher education complex of academic-technical programs and physical facilities. Planning for a new campus was accelerated after the Ohio General Assembly, on June 12, 1972, approved a 3 million dollar appropriation for the construction of a new technical college facility. In March 1974 a master plan for the Muskingum Area Technical Institute and Ohio University-Zanesville campus was completed. This plan has guided campus development to the present time. An agreement for inter-institutional cooperation and coordination was signed on June 15, 1975, by Ohio University-Zanesville and Muskingum Area Technical Institute.

The College operates under a nine member appointed Board of Trustees, of which three are appointed by the Governor of the State of Ohio, and are responsible for the provision of public education to its student body.

The Zane State College Foundation is not a part of the primary government of the College, but due to its relationship with the College, it is discretely presented as a component unit within the College's financial statements. The Foundation is a non-profit, tax-exempt organization operated exclusively to provide support for the general educational needs of the College. Specific disclosures relating to the component unit can be found in Note 10.

The College is associated with an insurance purchasing pool, the Ohio College Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. This organization is presented in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the College over which the College has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For Public Colleges and Universities," the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity (BTA) and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

Zane State College Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the College must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expense requirements, in which the resources are provided to the College on a reimbursement basis.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," the College does not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, for proprietary activities, unless the GASB amends its pronouncements to specifically adopt FASB pronouncements issued after that date.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This classification appears on the statement of net assets and the statement of cash flows and includes petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts and savings accounts. For purposes of the statement of cash flows and presentation on the statement of net assets, all investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the College are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

D. Investments

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

E. Receivables

Receivables consist of tuition and fees and charges to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the Federal government, state and local governments, private sources in connections with reimbursements of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants, and pledges that are verifiable, measurable, and expected to be collected and available for expenditures for which the resource provider's conditions have been satisfied. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

F. Inventories

Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies and merchandise for resale, are stated at the lower of cost or market value using the first-in, first-out method.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost in excess of \$5,000 at the date of acquisition and an expected useful life of one or more years. Library books are significant in the aggregate and are therefore also capitalized. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 20 to 40 years for building and infrastructure, 5 to 10 years for equipment, 5 years for vehicles, and 5 years for library books and materials. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

The College's policy is to capitalize net interest on the construction projects until substantial completion of project. The amount of capitalized interest equals the difference between the interest cost associated with the tax-exempt borrowing used to finance the project and the interest earned from temporary investments of the debt proceeds over the same period. Capitalized interest is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. For 2008, no material interest costs were incurred on construction projects for the College.

H. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities

Noncurrent long-term liabilities include loan and capital lease obligations and compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

I. Compensated Absences

The College follows the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences."

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the College will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The College records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the College has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the College's termination policy. The College records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for certified employees, administrators, and classified employees after five years of current service with the College.

J. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year, related to the subsequent accounting period. The effect of not allocating the summer term between fiscal years does not have a significant impact on the financial statement presentation.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

K. Net Assets

The College's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets – Expendable – Expendable restricted net assets include resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Assets – Unrestricted net assets include resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College.

L. Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fees revenue and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship allowances in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. The scholarship allowance is the difference between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants such as certain federal, state or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or non-operating revenues in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

M. Revenue and Expense Recognition

The College presents its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating based on recognition definitions from GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting." Operating activities are those activities that are necessary and essential to the mission of the College. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, (3) certain federal and most state and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, and (4) interest on institutional student loans. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as state appropriations, certain federal grants, and investment income. Revenues received for capital financing activities, as well as related expenses, are considered neither operating nor nonoperating activities and are presented after nonoperating activities on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

The College's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

N. Budgetary Process

Annually, the Business Office develops a balanced budget for the College based on projected expenditures from department directors and anticipated revenue, including tuition and fees and the subsidy from the Ohio Board of Regents. The Board of Trustees approves the budget.

O. Income Taxes

Income taxes have not been provided on the general operations of the College because, as a state institution, its income is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

P. Use of Estimates

Management of the College has made estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – STATE SUPPORT

The College is a state-assisted institution of higher education that receives a student-based subsidy from the State of Ohio. This subsidy is determined annually based upon a formula devised by the Ohio Board of Regents.

In addition to the student subsidies, the State of Ohio provides the funding for the construction and renovation of major plant facilities on the College's campus. The funding is obtained from the issuance of special obligation bonds issued by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission (OPFC), which proceeds in turn cause the construction and subsequent lease of the facility to the Ohio Board of Regents. Upon completion of a facility, the Board of Regents turns over control to the College, which capitalizes the cost thereof.

Neither the obligation for special obligation bonds issued by OPFC, nor the annual debt service charges for principal and interest on the bonds are reflected in the College's financial statements. These costs are currently being funded through appropriations to the Board of Regents by the General Assembly.

The facilities are not pledged as collateral for the special obligation bonds. Instead, the bonds are supported by a pledge of monies in the Higher Education Bond Service Fund established in the custody of the Treasurer of State. If sufficient monies are not available from this fund, a pledge exists to assess a special student fee uniformly applicable to students in state-assisted institutions of higher education throughout the State.

NOTE 3 – STATE SUPPORT (Cont.)

Outstanding debt issued by OPFC is not included on the College's statement of net assets. In addition, the appropriations by the General Assembly to the Board of Regents for payment of debt service are not reflected as appropriation revenue received by the College, and the related debt service payments are not recorded in the College's accounts.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The College's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2008, the College's bank balance of \$5,633,281 was either covered by FDIC or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described above.

Investments As of June 30, 2008, the College had the following investment and maturity:

		Weighted
		Average
	Carrying/Fair	Maturity
	Value	(Years)
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 1,033,066	<1 Year

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's policy is to invest in allowable investments per the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Revised Code limits the purchase of securities to those with a maturity of no more than five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the College.

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Ohio Revised Code limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations at the time of purchase. The College's investment policy does not address this risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. The College's repurchase agreements are not rated.

Concentration of credit risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The College does not have an investment policy that provides for diversification to avoid concentration in securities of one type or securities of one financial institution. 100% has been invested in repurchase agreements.

Custodial credit risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College's repurchase agreements are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the College's name.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 were as follows:

			All	owance		
		Gross	for 1	Doubtful		Net
	Re	Receivables		Accounts		ceivables
Current Receivables:						
Students	\$	2,106,359	\$	(16,788)	\$	2,089,571
Intergovernmental		288,622		0		288,622
Vendor		63,986		0		63,986
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	2,458,967	\$	(16,788)	\$	2,442,179

NOTE 6 – DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

If a donor has not provided specific instructions, state law permits the Board to authorize for expenditure the new appreciation (realized and unrealized) of the investments of endowment funds. When administering its power to spend net appreciation, the Board is required to consider the College's "long- and short-term needs, present and anticipated financial requirements, expected total return on its investments, price-level trends, and general economic conditions." Any net appreciation that is spent is required to be spent for the purposes for which the endowment was established. All expenditures must be approved by the Board.

At June 30, 2008, there was no net appreciation on donor-restricted assets available to be spent.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the changes in the capital assets is presented as follows:

	Balance at 7/1/2007	Increases	Decreases	Balance at 6/30/2008
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable:				
Land	\$293,225	\$0	\$0	\$293,225
Construction in Progress	69,115	41,600	(69,115)	41,600
Total Non-Depreciable	362,340	41,600	(69,115)	334,825
Capital Assets, Depreciable:				
Buildings	18,412,400	1,750,330	0	20,162,730
General Infrastructure	274,040	0	0	274,040
Machinery and Equipment	1,153,428	496,845	(6,130)	1,644,143
Computers	992,335	0	(356,500)	635,835
Computer Software	191,799	50,927	0	242,726
Motor Vehicles	109,556	10,150	(6,750)	112,956
Library books	505,808	15,586	0	521,394
Total Depreciable	21,639,366	2,323,838	(369,380)	23,593,824
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(7,491,555)	(565,603)	0	(8,057,158)
General Infrastructure	(52,981)	(10,962)	0	(63,943)
Machinery and Equipment	(624,234)	(135,166)	6,130	(753,270)
Computers	(987,718)	(4,617)	356,500	(635,835)
Computer Software	(49,329)	(44,021)	0	(93,350)
Motor Vehicles	(62,628)	(14,394)	6,750	(70,272)
Library books	(477,675)	(13,390)	0	(491,065)
Total Depreciation	(9,746,120)	(788,153)	369,380	(10,164,893)
Total Capital Assets,				
Depreciable, net	11,893,246	1,535,685	0	13,428,931
Capital Assets, net	\$12,255,586	\$1,577,285	(\$69,115)	\$13,763,756

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2008	 nount Due in One Year
Compensated Absences Loans Lease Obligations	\$ 488,236 0 156,401	\$ 542,790 289,750 42,991	\$ (488,236) (14,468) (165,599)	\$ 542,790 275,282 33,793	\$ 56,993 39,677 19,657
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 644,637	\$ 875,531	\$ (668,303)	\$ 851,865	\$ 116,327

During fiscal year 2008, the College entered into an installment purchase agreement with Xerox Corporation for the purchase of several copiers and attachments. Two purchase agreements were signed in June 2008 in the amount of \$226,798 with a 6.5% interest rate. The remaining purchase agreements were issued in the amount of \$42,991 with an 8% interest rate.

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL LEASES

The College leases copiers under capital leases. Capital leases are capitalized as capital assets, net, with a corresponding liability. Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the statement of net assets in the amount of \$42,991, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net assets. Principal payments in fiscal year 2008 totaled \$165,599.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Year Ending December 31,	
2009	\$10,460
2010	10,460
2011	10,460
2012	<u> </u>
Minimum lease payments	39,226
Less: Amount representing interest at the	
College's incremental borrowing rate of interest	(5,433)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$33,793</u>

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - ZANE STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION

Description of the Foundation

The Zane State College Foundation (hereinafter "the Foundation") is a nonprofit organization as determined by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, further, the Foundation is organized under Section 509(a)(1) and 170(b)(1)(a)(iv) of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTE 10 – COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - ZANE STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION (Cont.)

The Foundation is organized and shall be operated exclusively for directorial, scientific or charitable purposes by conducting or supporting activities which benefit, or carry out the purpose of Zane State College, a state institution of higher learning, authorized under Chapter 3357 of the Ohio Revised Code including, but not limited to the creation of an endowment fund for annual scholarships in each technology program, the improvement of technical laboratory equipment, and opportunities for the professional development of College employees.

Solely for the above purpose, the Foundation is empowered to exercise all rights and powers conferred by the laws of the State of Ohio upon nonprofit corporations, including, but not limited to:

- A. To accept, acquire, receive, take, and hold by bequest, devise, grant, gift, purchase, exchange, lease, transfer, judicial order or decree, or otherwise, for any of its objects and purposes, any property, both real and personal, whatever kind, nature or description and wherever situated;
- B. To seal, exchange, convey, mortgage, lease, transfer, or otherwise dispose of any such property, both real and personal, as the objects and purposes of the Foundation may require, subject to such limitations as may be prescribed by law; and
- C. To invest and reinvest its funds in such savings accounts, stocks, bonds, debentures, mortgages, or in such other securities, investments, and property as the Board of Directors shall deem advisable, subject to the limitations and conditions contained in any bequest, devise, grant, or gift, provided such limitations and conditions are not in conflict with those provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and its regulations dealing with organizations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3), as such provisions now exist or as they may hereafter be amended.

Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis whereby all revenues are recorded when earned and all expenses are recorded when they have been reduced to a legal or contractual obligation to pay.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," and Statement No. 35, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," and Statement No. 35, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities," issued in June and November 1999. Since the Foundation is a component unit of the College, it is required to apply these Statements the same as the College.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Net Asset Classifications

In the accompanying financial statements, assets with similar characteristics have been combined in the following net asset groups:

Unrestricted Assets – These assets are used for continuing activities, scholarships, and operations of the Foundation at the discretion of the Foundation's governing body.

Restricted: Expendable – Temporarily Restricted Assets – A donor imposed restriction that permits the Foundation to expend the donated assets as specified by the donor. The restriction remains in effect until satisfied by either the passage of time or by actions of the Foundation. The Foundation's expenditures of temporarily restricted assets are restricted to scholarships and faculty activities.

NOTE 10 – COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - ZANE STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION (Cont.)

Restricted: Nonexpendable – Permanently Restricted Assets – A donor imposed restriction that stipulates that resources be maintained permanently but permits the Foundation to expend part or all of the income or other economic benefit derived from the donated asset. The Foundation's income derived from these resources is restricted to expenditures on scholarships.

Income Tax Status

The Foundation has been granted an exemption from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Cash and Investments

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Foundation will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the Foundation's deposits was \$5,481 and the bank balance of the Foundation's deposits was \$5,481. At June 30, 2008, the entire amount was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance.

The following summarized the market value of investments at June 30, 2008:

				Ye	ars	
Investment Type	Market Value	Le	ess than 1		1-2	3-5
Common Stock	\$ 448,020	\$	448,020	\$	-	\$ -
Mutual Funds	781,515		781,515		-	-
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	50,188		50,188		-	-
Federal Home Loan Mortg. Corp.	199,741		149,502		-	50,239
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	350,734		50,500	20	01,891	98,343
Corporate Bonds	100,381		-	:	50,067	50,314
Money Markets	 215,324		215,324		-	 -
	\$ 2,145,903	\$	1,695,049	\$2:	51,958	\$ 198,896

Interest Rate Risk- Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Foundation's investment policy provides for management of the portfolio to minimize principal fluctuations with a long-term investment mix and with an initial target of 40% of its assets to be invested in Equities, 55% in Fixed Income and 5% in Cash Equivalents.

<u>Credit Risk-</u> Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The Foundation's investment policy limits investments to the following categories: Equities, Fixed Income and Cash Equivalents. The benchmark for the domestic equity portion of the portfolio will be the S&P 500 Equity Index. The fixed income portfolio should have an average credit quality of "A". Cash equivalents, if not guaranteed by the U.S. Government, should be the equivalent of A-2 by Standard and Poor's or P-2 by Moody's. Standard and Poor's rated FHLMC, FFCB and FHLB all AAA. The corporate bonds were rated A by Standard and Poor's. The money market funds were rated AAAm. The mutual funds were not rated.

NOTE 10 - COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES - ZANE STATE COLLEGE FOUNDATION (Cont.)

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in one single issuer.

The Foundation's investment policy calls for initial targets of asset categories along with acceptable ranges in order to balance the risks as follows: an initial target of 40% of its assets to be invested in Equities, 55% in Fixed Income and 5% in Cash Equivalents. It is the intent of the Foundation that as a general practice, the investment should remain in a range of +/-10% of the target benchmarks.

Diversification. The equity portion will be diversified in terms of sector, industry, and company. No single equity position shall represent more than 10% of the equity investment fund. The fixed income portion should be properly diversified in terms of issuer, maturities/duration, and yield curve exposure. The fixed income portfolio may be invested in U.S. Government and agency obligations, marketable corporate bonds, mortgage-backed or asset-backed securities. The fixed income portfolio may include non-investment grade securities, with total exposure not to exceed 10% of the portfolio.

The Foundation's investments categories are diversified in FHLMC Bonds (multiple equity positions - 9%), common stocks (multiple equity positions - 21%), mutual funds (multiple equity positions - 36%), FFCB Bonds (multiple equity positions - 3%), FHLB Bonds (multiple equity positions - 16%), corporate bonds (multiple equity positions - 5%), and money markets (multiple equity positions - 10%).

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

The Foundation's policy does not address custodial credit risk. All of the Foundation's investments are held in the name of the Foundation.

Donated Facilities/Operating Expenses

The Foundation occupies office space at Zane State College located at 1555 Newark Road, Zanesville, Ohio. No rent is paid by the Foundation. Zane State College pays operating expenses for the Foundation. The value of the operating expenses paid by the College was \$92,870. This amount has been recorded in the financial statements as a contribution to and an expense from unrestricted net assets.

Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions in fiscal year 2008 by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by the occurrence of other events specified by donors. The Foundation distributed \$133,100 in scholarships that related to the satisfaction of these donor restrictions.

NOTE 11 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

The employees of Zane State College are covered by the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) or an Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP). The State of Ohio accounts for the activities of the SERS and STRS systems and amounts of these funds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 11 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont.)

School Employees Retirement System

The College contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website, www.ohsers.org, under *Forms and Publications*.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the College is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS' Retirement Board. The College's contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$330,234, \$306,948, and \$291,487, respectively. 100% has been contributed for fiscal years 2008, 2007 and 2006.

State Teachers Retirement System

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) is a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

Plan Options – New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits –Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

NOTE 11 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont.)

State Teachers Retirement System (Cont.)

DC Plan Benefits – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designed beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

NOTE 11 – PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont.)

State Teachers Retirement System (Cont.)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salaries. The College was required to contribute 14%. The College's contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$607,196, \$563,815, and \$515,728, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2008, 2007 and 2006.

STRS issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling toll free 1-88-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

Alternative Retirement Plan

The College offers a defined contribution plan as an alternative to participation with State mandated defined benefit plans in accordance with state law. Non-elective employee contributions and employer contributions are made to the plan in amounts equivalent to the participant's compensation which would have otherwise been contributed to the State Retirement System that applies to the participant's position. There were four participants in the program. Contributions to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was \$30,181.

NOTE 12 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan and a combined plan which is a hybrid of the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the College, these amounts equaled \$43,371, \$40,273, and \$36,838, respectively, for fiscal years 2008, 2007, and 2006.

NOTE 12 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont.)

School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two post-employment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2008 was \$96.40; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2008, 2007, and 2006, the actuarially required allocations were 0.66 percent, 0.68 percent, and 0.78 percent, respectively. For the College, contributions for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$15,568, \$14,909, and \$16,240, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for those years.

Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the health care allocations were 4.18 percent, 3.32 percent, and 3.42 percent, respectively. The actuarially required contribution (ARC), as of the December 31, 2006 annual valuation (the latest available), was 11.50 percent of covered payroll. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. For the College, the amounts contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the fiscal years 2008, 2007, and 2006 equaled \$83,030, \$72,791, and \$71,206, respectively.

An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2008, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTE 12 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont.)

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under *Forms and Publications*.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2008, the College contracted through the Young Insurance Agency for liability, property and vehicle insurance with CNA, and for errors and omissions insurance with National Union.

Coverage provided is as follows:	
Umbrella Liability	\$ 4,000,000 limit
Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$10,000 deductible)	33,947,013 limit
Inland Marine Watercraft (\$500 deductible)	9,641 limit
Inland Marine Contractor Equipment (\$1,000 deductible)	40,782 limit
Inland Marine EDP coverage Main (\$2,500 deductible)	500,000 limit
Inland Marine EDP Coverage WPTC (\$2,500 deductible)	25,000 limit
Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 deductible)	33,947,013 limit
Theft, Disappearance and Destruction Insurance (\$1,000 deductible)	100,000 limit
	inside and outside premises
Employee Dishonesty Insurance (\$1,000 deductible)	50,000 limit each employee
Automobile Liability - Bodily Injury and Property Damage	1,000,000 each accident
General Liability Insurance	1,000,000 each occurrence
	2,000,000 aggregate
Errors & Omissions Liability Insurance (\$25,000 deductible)	1,000,000 limit

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont.)

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2008, the College participated in the Ohio College Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the College by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating colleges is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all colleges in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to colleges that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The College received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Current Unrestricted Educational and General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the College at June 30, 2008.

B. Litigation

The College is not currently party to any legal proceedings.

NOTE 15 – NET ASSETS RESTRICTED BY ENABLING LEGISLATION

Of the College's \$2,361,725 of restricted net assets, none was restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTE 16 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year 2008, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues". GASB No. 48 addresses disclosures pertaining to future revenues that have been pledged or sold to provide financial statement users with information about which revenues will be unavailable for other purposes and how long they will continue to be so. The implementation of this statement did not result in any prior year restatements or current year effect in the basic financial statements.

For the fiscal year 2008, the College also implemented GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27," and GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." GASB Statement No. 50 more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, in doing so, enhances information disclosed in notes to financial statements or presented as required supplementary information (RSI) by pension plans and by employers that provide pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The application of these new standards had no effect on the financial statements, nor did their implementation require a restatement of prior year balances.

Zane State College Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Pass Through Entity	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
ingram inte	i tumber	i vuillo ei	iteeopts	Disoursements
Appalachian Regional Commission				
Direct from the Federal Agency:	-			
Appalachian Regional Development	NA	23.001	\$50,251	\$137,208
Total Appalachian Regional Commission			50,251	137,208
Small Business Administration				
Direct from the Federal Agency:				
Small Business Development Center	NA	59.037	24,048	40,376
Total Small Business Administration			24,048	40,376
United States Department of Education	_			
Direct from the Federal Agency:	_			
Student Financial Aid Cluster:				
Federal Family Education Loans	NA	84.032	6,817,794	6,817,794
Federal Work-Study Program	NA	84.033	71,820	73,553
Federal Pell Grant Program	NA	84.063	3,704,643	3,704,643
Academic Competitiveness Grant	NA	84.375	25,734	25,734
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			10,619,991	10,621,724
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	20-C3	84.048	88,384	92,562
Tech-Prep Education	3E-TC	84.243	101,678	121,283
Total Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:			190,062	213,845
Total United States Department of Education			10,810,053	10,835,569
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$10,884,352	\$11,013,153

NA - Direct from the federal government.

See accompanying notes to the schedule of federal awards expenditures

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures (the schedule) includes the federal grant transactions of the College recorded on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."

NOTE 2 – FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOANS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the College processed new loans under the Guaranteed Student Loan Program. Several banks act as lenders for the College. The amount shown only reflects the fiscal year amount that has been certified by the College.

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Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Zane State College Board of Trustees 1555 Newark Road Zanesville, Ohio 43701

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Zane State College, Muskingum County, Ohio (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2008, wherein we noted the College implemented GASB Statements No. 45, 48, and 50. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the College's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the College's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the College's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Zane State College Board of Trustees Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the College's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Trustees, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 12, 2008

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Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Zane State College Board of Trustees 1555 Newark Road Zanesville, Ohio 43701

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Zane State College (the College) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the College's major federal program. The College's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the College's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The College's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

Zane State College Board of Trustees Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A *control deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the College's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the College's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the College's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the College's management in a separate letter dated December 12, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Trustees, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Balistra, Harr & Scherur

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc. December 12, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR' S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant internal control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant internal control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Student Financial Aid Cluster: Federal Family Education Loans, CFDA # 84.032; Federal Work-Study Program, CFDA# 84.033; Federal Pell Grant Program, CFDA# 84.063, Academic Competitiveness Grant, CFDA# 84.375
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Zane State College Schedule of Findings OMB Circular A-133 Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	None
CFDA Title and Number	
Federal Award Number/Year	
Federal Agency	
Pass-Through Agency	





ZANE STATE COLLEGE

MUSKINGUM COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 3, 2009

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