BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Wauseon Exempted Village School District 126 S. Fulton Street Wauseon, OH 43567

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Wauseon Exempted Village School District, Fulton County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Wauseon Exempted Village School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

December 9, 2009



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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Wauseon Exempted Village School District 126 S. Fulton Street Wauseon, OH 43567

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wauseon Exempted Village School District, Fulton County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Wauseon Exempted Village School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wauseon Exempted Village School District, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2009, on our consideration of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Independent Auditor's Report Wauseon Exempted Village School District Page Two

Julian & Lube, Ehre!

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wauseon Exempted Village School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 28, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

The management's discussion and analysis of the Wauseon Exempted Village School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,206,307 which represents a 3.51% increase from 2008.
- General revenues accounted for \$16,855,153 in revenue or 84.85% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,010,588 or 15.15% of total revenues of \$19,865,741.
- The District had \$18,659,434 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,010,588 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$16,855,153 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$15,040,040 in revenues and other financing sources and \$15,343,493 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal 2009, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$303,453 from \$3,510,985 to \$3,207,532.
- The bond retirement fund had \$2,496,036 in revenues and \$2,215,794 in expenditures. During fiscal 2009, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$280,242 from \$2,451,395 to \$2,731,637.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$8,408,351 in revenues and \$18,920,483 in expenditures. During fiscal 2009, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$10,512,132 from \$22,685,093 to \$12,172,961.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, bond retirement fund and classroom facilities fund are the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2009?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations. The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13 - 14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as private-purpose trust funds. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in the agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 53 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2009 and 2008.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 35,578,947	\$ 57,182,993
Capital assets, net	40,187,288	18,108,861
Total assets	75,766,235	75,291,854
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	11,421,039	11,394,575
Long-term liabilities	28,799,356	29,557,746
Total liabilities	40,220,395	40,952,321
Net assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	26,475,614	8,481,967
Restricted	7,213,280	23,542,642
Unrestricted	1,856,946	2,314,924
Total net assets	\$ 35,545,840	\$ 34,339,533

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2009, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$35,545,840. Of this total, \$1,856,946 was unrestricted in its use.

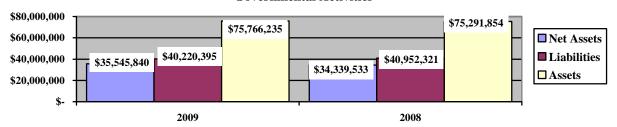
At year-end, capital assets represented 53.04% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2009, were \$26,475,614. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$7,213,280, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,856,946 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,375,869	\$ 1,480,213
Operating grants and contributions	1,621,482	1,627,504
Capital grants and contributions	13,237	487,758
General revenues:		
Property taxes	6,760,477	6,797,481
Grants and entitlements	9,292,319	8,706,403
Investment earnings	661,508	1,438,223
Other	140,849	177,385
Total revenues	19,865,741	20,714,967
		- Continued

Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2008
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 7,714,064	\$ 7,944,978
Special	1,938,926	1,888,638
Vocational	326,111	288,285
Other	787,269	640,123
Support services:		
Pupil	652,357	630,937
Instructional staff	706,882	727,901
Board of education	39,844	37,337
Administration	1,297,642	1,276,735
Fiscal	416,317	424,790
Business	64,918	69,547
Operations and maintenance	1,300,377	1,433,902
Pupil transportation	767,217	749,466
Central	60,309	91,118
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	751,666	796,486
Extracurricular activities	616,190	588,896
Interest and fiscal charges	1,219,345	1,228,489
Total expenses	18,659,434	18,817,628
Change in net assets	1,206,307	1,897,339
Net assets at beginning of year	34,339,533	32,442,194
Net assets at end of year	\$ 35,545,840	\$ 34,339,533

Governmental Activities

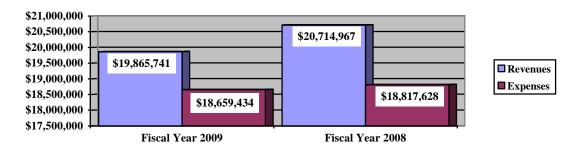
Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,206,307. Total governmental expenses of \$18,659,434 were offset by program revenues of \$3,010,588 and general revenues of \$16,855,153. Program revenues supported 16.13% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.81% of total governmental revenue. Capital grants and contributions revenue decreased because the District received \$476,374 in capital grants last year for the mentally disabled classrooms project. Interest revenue decreased due to lower interest rates.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$10,766,370 or 57.70% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2009. Expenditures remained consistent with the prior fiscal year. The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

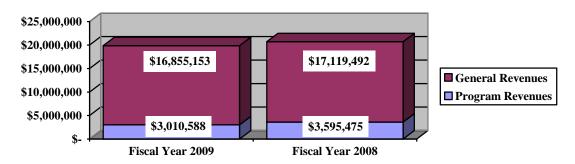
		Total Cost of Services 2009		Net Cost of Services 2009		Total Cost of Services 2008		Net Cost of Services 2008	
Program expenses								_	
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	7,714,064	\$	6,828,774	\$	7,944,978	\$	6,967,888	
Special		1,938,926		1,038,423		1,888,638		513,013	
Vocational		326,111		237,894		288,285		209,809	
Other		787,269		787,269		640,123		640,123	
Support services:									
Pupil		652,357		560,572		630,937		538,660	
Instructional staff		706,882		662,994		727,901		689,445	
Board of education		39,844		39,844		37,337		37,337	
Administration		1,297,642		1,295,042		1,276,735		1,276,085	
Fiscal		416,317		416,317		424,790		424,790	
Business		64,918		64,918		69,547		69,547	
Operations and maintenance		1,300,377		1,300,377		1,433,902		1,433,902	
Pupil transportation		767,217		690,989		749,466		680,004	
Central		60,309		48,309		91,118		79,118	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations		751,666		(47,178)		796,486		(52,142)	
Extracurricular activities		616,190		504,957		588,896		486,085	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,219,345		1,219,345		1,228,489		1,228,489	
Total expenses	\$	18,659,434	\$	15,648,846	\$	18,817,628	\$	15,222,153	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 82.59% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 83.87%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$22,225,968, which is less than last year's total of \$35,579,400. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase		
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008	(Decrease)		
Major funds:					
General	\$ 3,207,532	\$ 3,510,985	\$ (303,453)		
Bond retirement	2,731,637	2,451,395	280,242		
Classroom facilities	12,172,961	22,685,093	(10,512,132)		
Other governmental	4,113,838	6,931,927	(2,818,089)		
Total	\$ 22,225,968	\$ 35,579,400	\$ (13,353,432)		

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance decreased \$303,453. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to decreasing expenditures still exceeding increasing revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2009	2008	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	<u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues</u>			
Taxes	\$ 4,385,207	\$ 4,374,755	0.24 %
Tuition	708,313	747,321	(5.22) %
Earnings on investments	191,405	393,309	(51.33) %
Intergovernmental	9,544,793	8,923,194	6.97 %
Other revenues	175,122	223,018	(21.48) %
Total	<u>\$ 15,004,840</u>	\$ 14,661,597	2.34 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 9,937,935	\$ 9,975,693	(0.38) %
Support services	4,907,174	5,020,874	(2.26) %
Extracurricular activities	464,329	459,137	1.13 %
Total	\$ 15,309,438	\$ 15,455,704	(0.95) %

The decrease in earnings on investments can be attributed to declining interest rates compared to fiscal year 2008. The increase in intergovernmental revenue is due to the reimbursement of lost tangible personal property tax revenue by the State. Tuition and other revenues remained consistent with the prior year.

Expenditures decreased slightly in instruction and support services due to the District's cost control policies.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$2,496,036 in revenues and \$2,215,794 in expenditures. During fiscal 2009, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$280,242 from \$2,451,395 to \$2,731,637. The increase is due to the District's debt levies generating more income than the debt service requirements for fiscal year 2009.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$8,408,351 in revenues and \$18,920,483 in expenditures. During fiscal 2009, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance decreased \$10,512,132 from \$22,685,093 to \$12,172,961. This decrease is due to the District's ongoing construction project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2009, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$14,357,250 and \$14,702,640, respectively. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2009 was \$15,100,386. This represents a \$397,746 increase over final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$17,104,076 were increased to \$17,186,311 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2009 totaled \$15,381,758, which was \$1,804,553 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2009, the District had \$40,187,288 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2009 balances compared to 2008:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
	2009	2008		
Land	\$ 908,233	\$ 908,233		
Construction in progress	28,560,771	6,258,780		
Land improvements	540,919	546,364		
Building and improvements	9,583,634	9,763,515		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	187,693	181,910		
Vehicles	406,038	450,059		
Total	\$40,187,288	\$18,108,861		

Total additions to capital assets for 2009 were \$22,372,449. The total depreciation expense for 2009 was \$294,022.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2009, the District had \$26,924,267 in general obligation bonds. Of this total, \$1,060,000 is due within one year and \$25,864,267 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2009	2008
General obligation bonds	\$ 26,924,267	\$ 27,865,134
Total	\$ 26,924,267	\$ 27,865,134

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Current Financial Related Activities

The Wauseon Exempted Village School District resides in Fulton County, Northwest Ohio. Over the course of the past 32 years the Wauseon Exempted Village School District has returned to the community for additional operating revenue one time. In November, 1991 the Wauseon community supported the needs of the District by approving an \$835,000 five-year emergency levy. The community has continued to support the educational needs of the District by renewing this levy three times in 1996, 2001 and 2006.

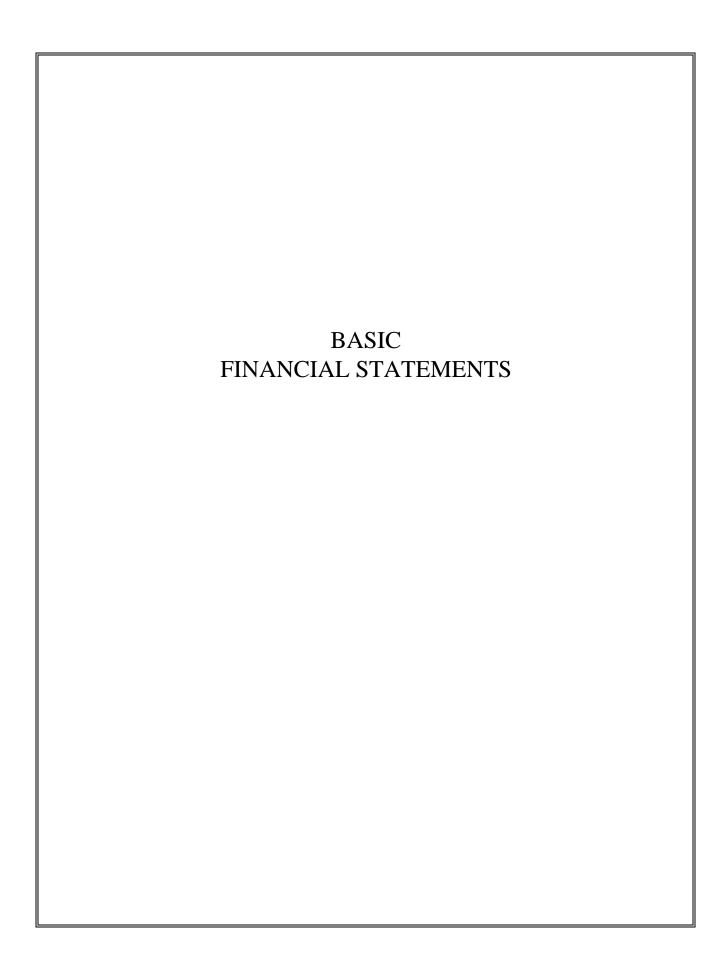
The District realizes over 50% of its general operating funds from the State Foundation program. This amount has shown very little change over the past three years due to changes in the funding formula as well as budget constraints at the State level. Stimulus funding will help offset reductions in revenue over the next two years based on the tentative State Biennium budget. Current economic conditions and communication support a down turn in State funding after this time period. The Wauseon Board of Education and administrative team continue to evaluate the District's revenues and expenditures based on the current five year financial forecast. Careful thought, discussion and consideration are given to budgetary reductions as the revenue stream continues to erode and inflationary factors continue to increase at an alarming rate. Despite budgetary constraints the students of the District have been able to achieve the necessary indicators to earn the District an "Excellent" rating for the fourth year in a row as spelled out by the Ohio Department of Education's Local District Report Card. In fact, the District was awarded the "Excellent with Distinction" rating for the 2008-2009 school year. Current communication regarding the upcoming State budget does not appear to show signs of relief financially.

The Wauseon School District voters approved a 6.99 mill bond issue to embark on an Ohio School Facilities Construction/Renovation project in November, 2006. The passage of this bond issue provides \$18.8 million local dollars towards the overall \$43.5 million project. This project will result in the construction of a new 3-8 building (Wauseon Elementary and Wauseon Middle Schools) and the renovation of our existing Wauseon High School as well as Wauseon Primary School. The funds cannot be used in any way toward offsetting the general operating costs of the District.

As of October 2009, the renovation of Wauseon Primary School has been completed. In addition, the construction team has completed Phases I, II and III of the "four phase" project at Wauseon High School. The fourth and final phase will take place during the summer of 2010. Finally, the construction of Wauseon Elementary and Wauseon Middle School is nearly complete and on schedule. The expected occupancy date of the building is January 6, 2010. When the project is finished, the District's facilities will be in excellent condition for the next 40 – 50 years!

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Karen Dameron, Treasurer, Wauseon Exempted Village School District, 126 South Fulton Street, Wauseon, Ohio 43567-1350.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,759,814			
Cash with escrow agent	478,892			
Investments	6,377,828			
Receivables:				
Taxes	6,902,448			
Accounts	67			
Intergovernmental	1,424,069			
Accrued interest	216,242			
Prepayments	54,507			
Materials and supplies inventory	35,024			
Unamortized bond issuance costs	330,056			
Capital assets:	,			
Land	908,233			
Construction in progress	28,560,771			
Depreciable capital assets, net	10,718,284			
Capital assets, net	40,187,288			
Total assets	75,766,235			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	18,714			
Contracts payable	2,397,992			
Retainage payable	507,148			
Accrued wages and benefits	1,678,748			
Pension obligation payable	369,141			
Intergovernmental payable	59,183			
Accrued interest payable	93,379			
Unearned revenue	6,296,734			
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,189,996			
Due in more than one year	27,609,360			
Total liabilities	40,220,395			
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	26,475,614			
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	3,866,812			
Debt service	2,674,251			
Classroom facilities maintenance	368,699			
Locally funded programs	2,233			
Federal funded programs	61,348			
Student activities	46,550			
Other purposes	193,387			
Unrestricted	1,856,946			
Total net assets	\$ 35,545,840			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net (Expense)

					Progr	am Revenues			F	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses			Charges for Operating Services Grants and and Sales Contributions		Gr	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:					'					
Instruction:	¢.	7.714.064	¢	740,606	¢	144 (04	¢.		ď	(6 929 774)
Regular	\$	7,714,064	\$	740,606	\$	144,684	\$	-	\$	(6,828,774)
Special		1,938,926		35,887		864,616		-		(1,038,423)
Vocational		326,111		-		88,217		-		(237,894)
Other		787,269		-		-		-		(787,269)
Support services:						0.4 = 0.5				(= = 0 == 0)
Pupil		652,357		-		91,785		-		(560,572)
Instructional staff		706,882		-		43,888		-		(662,994)
Board of education		39,844		-		-		-		(39,844)
Administration		1,297,642		-		2,600		-		(1,295,042)
Fiscal		416,317		-		-		-		(416,317)
Business		64,918		-		-		-		(64,918)
Operations and maintenance		1,300,377		-		-		-		(1,300,377)
Pupil transportation		767,217		27,171		35,820		13,237		(690,989)
Central		60,309		-		12,000		-		(48,309)
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		751,666		465,757		333,087		-		47,178
Extracurricular activities		616,190		106,448		4,785		-		(504,957)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,219,345		-		-		-		(1,219,345)
Total governmental activities	\$	18,659,434	\$	1,375,869	\$	1,621,482	\$	13,237	_	(15,648,846)
			Prop C C C P	eral revenues berty taxes levi- General purpose Debt service Classroom facil Permanent impints and entitlen	ed for: es ities ma	intenance				4,360,606 2,151,257 84,965 163,649
			to s	specific progra	ms					9,292,319
				stment earning						661,508
			Miso	cellaneous						140,849
			Tota	ıl general rever	iues					16,855,153
			Cha	nge in net asse	is					1,206,307
			Net	assets at begin	ning of	f year				34,339,533
			Net	assets at end o	of year				\$	35,545,840

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	General	Bond Retirement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:	-					
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$ 4,866,629	\$ 2,574,734	\$ 7,745,475	\$ 4,540,950	\$ 19,727,788	
Cash with escrow agent	-	-	408,234	70,658	478,892	
Investments	-	-	6,377,828	-	6,377,828	
Receivables:						
Taxes	4,481,742	2,187,265	-	233,441	6,902,448	
Accounts	-	-	-	67	67	
Intergovernmental	9,777	-	1,308,691	105,601	1,424,069	
Accrued interest	18,596	-	197,646	- -	216,242	
Interfund loans	1,530	-	-	-	1,530	
Prepayments	54,507	-	-	-	54,507	
Materials and supplies inventory	24,433	-	_	10,591	35,024	
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	32,026	-	-	-	32,026	
Total assets	\$ 9,489,240	\$ 4,761,999	\$ 16,037,874	\$ 4,961,308	\$ 35,250,421	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 18,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 198	\$ 18,714	
Contracts payable	-	_	1,946,870	451,122	2,397,992	
Retainage payable	_	_	431,195	75,953	507,148	
Accrued wages and benefits	1,621,779	_	, -	56,969	1,678,748	
Compensated absences payable	76,089	_	-	-	76,089	
Pension obligation payable	325,757	_	_	43,384	369,141	
Intergovernmental payable	56,347	152	_	2,684	59,183	
Interfund loans payable	-	-	-	1,530	1,530	
Deferred revenue	92,116	35,993	1,486,848	4,217	1,619,174	
Unearned revenue	4,091,104	1,994,217	-	211,413	6,296,734	
Total liabilities	6,281,708	2,030,362	3,864,913	847,470	13,024,453	
Fund balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances	9,857	-	7,324,631	1,964,319	9,298,807	
Reserved for materials and						
supplies inventory	24,433	_	_	10,591	35,024	
Reserved for prepayments	54,507	_	_	, -	54,507	
Reserved for property tax unavailable						
for appropriation	311,672	156,414	_	17,784	485,870	
Reserved for school bus purchases	32,026	· -	_	, -	32,026	
Reserved for debt service	-	2,575,223	_	-	2,575,223	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		. , -				
General fund	2,775,037	_	-	_	2,775,037	
Special revenue funds	-	_	_	648,479	648,479	
Capital projects funds	-	_	4,848,330	1,472,665	6,320,995	
Total fund balances	3,207,532	2,731,637	12,172,961	4,113,838	22,225,968	
	- , ,	,,	,,	,,,,,,,,,		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 9,489,240	\$ 4,761,999	\$ 16,037,874	\$ 4,961,308	\$ 35,250,421	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2009

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 22,225,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		40,187,288
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Accrued interest Intergovernmental	\$ 117,377 188,965 1,312,832	
Total		1,619,174
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		330,056
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(673,252)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		328,760
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(93,379)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(26,924,267)	
Compensated absences payable Total	(1,454,508)	(28,378,775)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 35,545,840

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	General	Bond Retirement		Classroom t Facilities		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:	 								
From local sources:									
Taxes	\$ 4,385,207	\$	2,151,874	\$	_	\$	249,467	\$	6,786,548
Tuition	708,313		-		-		_		708,313
Transportation fees	27,171		_		_		_		27,171
Earnings on investments	191,405		_		463,949		58,985		714,339
Charges for services	-		_		-		465,757		465,757
Extracurricular	_		_		_		106,448		106,448
Classroom materials and fees	3,685						58,760		62,445
Other local revenues	144,266						5,220		149,486
Intergovernmental - Intermediate	144,200		_		_		245,661		245,661
	9,542,001		344,162		7,944,402		127,257		17,957,822
Intergovernmental State			344,102		7,944,402				
Intergovernmental - Federal	 2,792		2 406 026		0.400.251		893,203		895,995
Total revenue	 15,004,840		2,496,036		8,408,351		2,210,758		28,119,985
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular	7,253,285		-		-		243,715		7,497,000
Special	1,584,591		-		-		312,101		1,896,692
Vocational	312,790		-		-		5,378		318,168
Other	787,269		_		_		, _		787,269
Support services:	7 - 7								,
Pupil	487,408		_		_		126,663		614,071
Instructional staff	654,639		_		_		41,376		696,015
Board of education	39,844		_		_		-		39,844
Administration	1,230,843		_		_		2,600		1,233,443
Fiscal	357,847		52,289		_		6,094		416,230
Business	65,230		32,209		-		0,094		65,230
			-		-		- 51 206		
Operations and maintenance	1,303,756		-		-		51,206		1,354,962
Pupil transportation	719,298		-		-		1,462		720,760
Central	48,309		-		-		12,000		60,309
Operation of non-instructional services:							505.404		505.40.4
Food service operations	-		-		-		737,434		737,434
Extracurricular activities	464,329		-		-		125,096		589,425
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		-		18,920,483		3,397,777		22,318,260
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-		1,025,000		-		-		1,025,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 		1,138,505						1,138,505
Total expenditures	 15,309,438		2,215,794		18,920,483		5,062,902		41,508,617
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	(304,598)		280,242	((10,512,132)		(2,852,144)		(13,388,632)
•	 (301,330)		200,212		(10,512,132)		(2,032,111)		(13,300,032)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	-		-		-		34,055		34,055
Transfers (out)	(34,055)		-		-		-		(34,055)
Insurance recoveries	34,000		-		-		-		34,000
Sale of capital assets	 1,200				<u> </u>				1,200
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,145		_		_		34,055		35,200
Net change in fund balances	(303,453)		280,242	((10,512,132)		(2,818,089)		(13,353,432)
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,510,985		2,451,395		22,685,093		6,931,927		35,579,400
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,207,532	\$	2,731,637	_	12,172,961	\$	4,113,838	\$	22,225,968
·									

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(13,353,432)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Additions Depreciation expense Total	\$ 22,372,449 (294,022)	<u>-</u>	22,078,427
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Interest Intergovernmental Total	 (26,071) (50,925) (8,178,448))	(8,255,444)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			1,025,000
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. More interest is reported in the statement of activities due to the following: Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on "capital appreciation bonds" Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges on refundings Total	 2,993 (84,133) (11,832) 33,009 (20,877)	1	(80,840)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			(207,404)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	1,206,307

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts					riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		- 8					
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	4,298,590	\$	4,402,000	\$ 4,402,776	\$	776
Tuition		687,940		704,490	708,313		3,823
Transportation fees		24,413		25,000	26,455		1,455
Earnings on investments		204,090		209,000	198,957		(10,043)
Classroom materials and fees		7,324		7,500	3,685		(3,815)
Other local revenues		146,964		150,500	167,963		17,463
Intergovernmental - State		8,937,639		9,152,650	9,539,000		386,350
Intergovernmental - Federal		-		-	2,792		2,792
Total revenue		14,306,960		14,651,140	15,049,941		398,801
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		7,758,307		7,795,608	7,203,812		591,796
Special		1,785,033		1,793,615	1,568,093		225,522
Vocational		326,582		328,152	309,639		18,513
Other		819,285		823,225	786,539		36,686
Support services:							
Pupil		565,908		568,629	482,329		86,300
Instructional staff		753,501		757,124	642,445		114,679
Board of education		56,155		56,425	38,844		17,581
Administration		1,383,728		1,390,381	1,236,693		153,688
Fiscal		385,957		387,813	363,863		23,950
Business		71,755		72,100	64,981		7,119
Operations and maintenance		1,543,636		1,551,058	1,327,348		223,710
Pupil transportation		877,760		881,980	707,039		174,941
Central		125,937		126,542	48,352		78,190
Extracurricular activities		505,122		507,551	 468,322		39,229
Total expenditures		16,958,666		17,040,203	 15,248,299		1,791,904
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(2,651,706)		(2,389,063)	 (198,358)		2,190,705
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year expenditure		15,624		16,000	15,245		(755)
Refund of prior year receipt		(97,440)		(97,908)	(97,874)		34
Insurance recoveries		33,201		34,000	34,000		-
Sale of capital assets		1,465		1,500	1,200		(300)
Transfers (out)		(46,447)		(46,670)	(34,055)		12,615
Advances (out)		(1,523)		(1,530)	(1,530)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(95,120)		(94,608)	(83,014)		11,594
Net change in fund balance		(2,746,826)		(2,483,671)	(281,372)		2,202,299
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,176,291		5,176,291	5,176,291		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		17,546		17,546	17,546		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,447,011	\$	2,710,166	\$ 4,912,465	\$	2,202,299

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Private-PurposeTrust			
	Scholarships			Agency
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	465,354	\$	82,254
Accounts		_		55
Accrued interest		729		-
Total assets		466,083	\$	82,309
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	417
Due to students		-	-	81,892
				_
Total liabilities	-	<u>-</u>	\$	82,309
Net assets:				
Held in trust for scholarships		230,772		
Endowments		235,311		
	·	·		

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

466,083

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarshi		
Additions: Interest	\$	10,302 25,282	
Total additions		35,584	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		31,728	
Change in net assets		3,856	
Net assets at beginning of year		462,227	
Net assets at end of year	\$	466,083	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Wauseon Exempted Village School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State and federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1865 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately fifty-four square miles. It is located in Fulton County, and includes all of the Village of Wauseon and portions of Clinton, Dover, and York Townships. The District is the 267th largest in the State of Ohio (among 922 public school districts and community schools) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 78 classified employees and 130 certified teaching personnel who provide services to 1,993 students and other community members. The District currently operates four instructional buildings.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of education entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties in northwestern Ohio. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$64,939. Financial information can be obtained from Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, PO Box 407, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, PO Box 407, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Four County Career Center

The Four County Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The Career Center is operated under the direction of a board consisting of five representatives from the Northwest Ohio Educational Service Center and one representative from the participating school districts elected boards. The Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Four County Career Center, Route 1, Box 245A, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

INSURANCE POOLS

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteenmember board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible or processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program (Program) is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The Program is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) and its participating members.

Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by the NBEC and the participants of the Plan. The Executive Director of the NBEC coordinates the management and administration of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Wauseon Public Library

The Wauseon Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Wauseon Exempted Village School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own budgeting and contracting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District serves as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Wauseon Public Library, 117 East Elm Street, Wauseon, Ohio 43567.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities capital projects fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio Department of Education for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities not already accounted for in the classroom facilities fund; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (c) for food service operations.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's trust funds are private purpose trusts which account for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexhange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2009, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2010 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2009 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the Appropriations Resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate of estimated resources is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund legal level of control. Any revisions that alter appropriations at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2009, investments were limited to federal agency securities, a repurchase agreement, a U.S. Treasury note, certificates of deposit and U.S. Government money market funds. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2009 amounts to \$191,405, which includes \$77,379 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for its general capital assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 40 years
Buildings and improvements	50 - 111 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	7 - 15 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2009 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt. On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.A.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, prepayments, materials and supplies inventory, debt service, property taxes unavailable for appropriation and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represent amounts restricted for school bus purchases, food service operations, uniform school supplies and a special revenue trust.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by State statute to be set-aside for State monies received for school bus purchases. See Note 16 for additional information regarding set-asides.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund activities between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2009, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations", GASB Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments", GASB Statement No. 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", and GASB Statement No. 56 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards".

GASB Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 49 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 52 improves the quality of financial reporting by requiring endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value, creating consistency in reporting among similar entities that exist to invest resources for the purpose of generating income. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 52 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 55 incorporates the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the GASB's authoritative literature. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 55 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 56 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Statements on Auditing Standards. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 56 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2009 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	<u></u> I	<u>Deficit</u>
EMIS	\$	1,719
Entry year grant		1
SchoolNet professional development		7

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Escrow Agent

At fiscal year end, \$478,892 was on deposit for retainage obligations to contractors. This amount is part of the internal cash pool, but reported on the financial statements as "cash with escrow agent".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$5,880,085, exclusive of the repurchase agreement reported below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2009, \$6,104,326 of the District's bank balance of \$7,152,944 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,048,618 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2009, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment maturities									
Investment type	_Fa	ir Value	6	months or less	_	7 to 12 months	-	13 to 18 months		19 to 24 months	_	Freater than 24 months
FHLB	\$	2,524,744	\$	1,262,189	\$	256,220	\$		-	\$ -	\$	1,006,335
FFCB		2,436,528		101,425		-			-	-		2,335,103
FNMA		2,353,623		1,018,629		513,505			-	200,708		620,781
FHLMC		1,101,694		1,101,694		-			-	-		-
U.S. Treasury Note		100,555		100,555		-			-	-		-
Repurchase agreement		5,168,785		5,168,785		-			-	-		-
U.S. Government money												
market funds		7,119,236		7,119,236		-			_			
	\$ 2	0,805,165	\$	15,872,513	\$	769,725	\$		_	\$ 200,708	\$	3,962,219

The weighted average maturity of investments is .54 years.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The U.S. government money market funds carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District's investments in a U.S. Treasury notes, federal agency securities and in the federal agency securities that underlie the repurchase agreement, were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The U.S. Treasury note and federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Of the District's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2009:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair value	% of total
FHLB	\$ 2,524,744	12.14
FFCB	2,436,528	11.71
FNMA	2,353,623	11.31
FHLMC	1,101,694	5.30
U.S. Treasury Note	100,555	0.48
Repurchase agreement	5,168,785	24.84
U.S. Government money		
market funds	7,119,236	34.22
Total investments	\$ 20,805,165	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2009:

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 5,880,085
Investments	20,805,165
Cash with escrow agent	 478,892
Total	\$ 27,164,142
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 26,616,534

Cash and investments per note

Governmental activities	\$ 26,616,534
Private purpose trust funds	465,354
Agency fund	82,254
Total	\$ 27,164,142

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2009 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>A</u>	mount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	1,530

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:	A	mount
General fund	\$	34,055

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. No interfund transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2009 were levied after April 1, 2008, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 represent the collection of calendar year 2008 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2009 became a lien on December 31, 2007, were levied after April 1, 2008, and are collected with real property taxes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2009 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2009 were levied after October 1, 2008, on the value as of December 31, 2008. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Fulton County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2009, are available to finance fiscal year 2009 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009 was \$311,672 in the general fund, \$156,414 in the bond retirement fund, \$11,600 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$6,184 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. These amounts are recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2008 was \$255,323 in the general fund, \$128,071 in the bond retirement fund, \$9,845 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$5,242 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2009 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2009 taxes were collected are:

	2008 Second Half Collections				st tions	
	_	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$	177,070,030	90.87	\$	185,508,820	96.52
Public utility personal		6,616,510	3.40		6,698,920	3.48
Tangible personal property		11,184,119	5.73			
Total	\$	194,870,659	100.00	<u>\$</u>	192,207,740	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$47.08			\$47.08	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009 consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 6,902,448
Accounts	67
Intergovernmental	1,424,069
Accrued interest	 216,242
Total	\$ 8,542,826

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. The intergovernmental receivable in the amount of \$1,308,691 reported in the classroom facilities fund is expected to be collected over the next several fiscal years as the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission construction project is completed. All other receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance	4 1 11.2	75 . 1 . 2	Balance
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2008	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2009
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 908,233	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 908,233
Construction in progress	6,258,780	22,301,991		28,560,771
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,167,013	22,301,991		29,469,004
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	875,061	9,720	-	884,781
Buildings and improvements	13,561,030	16,239	-	13,577,269
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	530,689	30,735	(7,218)	554,206
Vehicles	1,160,380	13,764		1,174,144
Total capital assets, being depreciated	16,127,160	70,458	(7,218)	16,190,400
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(328,697)	(15,165)	-	(343,862)
Buildings and improvements	(3,797,515)	(196,120)	-	(3,993,635)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(348,779)	(24,952)	7,218	(366,513)
Vehicles	(710,321)	(57,785)		(768,106)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,185,312)	(294,022)	7,218	(5,472,116)
Depreciable capital assets, net	10,941,848	(223,564)		10,718,284
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,108,861	\$ 22,078,427	\$ -	\$ 40,187,288

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	146,762
Special		22,901
Vocational		8,189
Support services:		
Pupil		7,698
Instructional staff		6,399
Administration		3,264
Operations and maintenance		14,300
Pupil transportation		53,337
Extracurricular activities		26,042
Food service operations	_	5,130
Total depreciation expense	\$	294,022

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2009 were as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance June 30, 2009	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:					
School improvement bonds - series 1997	\$ 410,000	\$ -	\$ (130,000)	\$ 280,000	135,000
Refunding bonds - series 2005:					
Current interest	8,240,000	-	(515,000)	7,725,000	530,000
Capital appreciation	384,993	-	-	384,993	-
Accreted interest	230,141	84,133	-	314,274	-
Classroom facilities and school					
improvement bonds - series 2007	18,600,000		(380,000)	18,220,000	395,000
Total general obligation bonds	27,865,134	84,133	(1,025,000)	26,924,267	1,060,000
Other long-term obligations:					
Compensated absences	1,335,988	359,080	(164,471)	1,530,597	129,996
Total governmental activities					
long-term obligations	\$ 29,201,122	\$ 443,213	<u>\$ (1,189,471)</u>	28,454,864	\$ 1,189,996
	Add: premium	on bonds	673,252		
	Less: deferred	amount on refund	ding	(328,760)	
	Total on statem	ent of net assets		\$ 28,799,356	

<u>School Improvement Bonds - Series 1997</u> - On February 1, 1997 the District issued school improvement bonds, in the amount of \$13,764,838. The bond issue included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$5,690,000, \$7,795,000 and \$279,837, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-five year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2023. In fiscal year 2005, the term bonds were advance refunded. The refunded bonds were fully retired on June 1, 2007. The capital appreciation bonds were paid in full. The remaining bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

Serial bonds maturing on December 1, 2007, are subject to prior redemption on or after June 1, 2007, by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole on any date or in part on any interest payment date and in integral multiples of \$5,000, at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount redeemed) plus accrued interest to the redemption date, according to the following schedule:

Redemption Dates	Redemption
(Dates Inclusive)	Prices
June 1, 2007 through May 31, 2008	101%
June 1, 2008 through May 31, 2009	100.5
June 1, 2009 and thereafter	100

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>School Improvement Refunding Bonds – Series 2005</u> - On October 1, 2004, the District issued school improvement refunding bonds, in the amount of \$9,479,993, to partially refund bonds previously issued in fiscal year 1997, to improve school facilities. The bond issue included serial and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$9,095,000 and \$384,993, respectively. The bonds were issued for an eighteen year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2023. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

The serial bonds are subject to prior redemption on or after December 1, 2014, by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole on any date or in part on any interest payment date and in integral multiples of \$5,000, at 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to prior redemption. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2013 and 2014. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,165,000. Total accreted interest of \$314,274 has been included on the statement of net assets at June 30, 2009.

<u>Classroom Facilities and School Improvement Bonds - Series 2007</u> - On February 28, 2007, the District issued classroom facilities and school improvement bonds, in the amount of \$18,835,000, for constructing, adding to, renovating, remodeling, furnishing, equipping, and improving District buildings. The bond issue included serial and term bonds, in the amount of \$5,915,000 and \$12,920,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2035. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

As of fiscal year end, \$13,242,811 of the bond proceeds was unspent.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2021, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, 2020, in the amount of \$610,000 (with the balance of \$640,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2021), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2023, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, 2022, in the amount of \$670,000 (with the balance of \$705,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2023), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2025, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, 2024, in the amount of \$740,000 (with the balance of \$775,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2025), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1, 2026, in the amount of \$815,000 (with the balance of \$850,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2027), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2034, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part by lot, pursuant to the terms of the mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements of the District. The mandatory redemption is to occur on December 1 in each of the years 2028 through 2033 (with the balance of \$1,145,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2024), at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, according to the following schedule:

Year Year	Amount
2028	\$ 895,000
2029	930,000
2030	975,000
2031	1,010,000
2032	1,060,000
2033	1,100,000

Term bonds redeemed by other than mandatory redemption, or purchased for cancellation may be credited against the applicable mandatory redemption requirement.

The serial bonds are subject to optional redemption, by and at the sole option of the District, either in whole or in part and in integral multiples of \$5,000, on any date on or after December 1, 2017, at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

<u>Compensated absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund and the food service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds:

	Current Interest Bonds			Capit	al A	ppreciation I	Bone	ds		
Year Ended	_	Principal	_	Interest	 Total	 Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$	1,060,000	\$	1,101,216	\$ 2,161,216	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
2011		1,105,000		1,061,288	2,166,288	-		-		-
2012		985,000		1,023,089	2,008,089	-		-		-
2013		440,000		996,688	1,436,688	205,639		379,361		585,000
2014		455,000		978,788	1,433,788	179,354		400,646		580,000
2015 - 2019		5,740,000		4,282,612	10,022,612	-		-		-
2020 - 2024		6,145,000		2,946,954	9,091,954	-		-		-
2025 - 2029		4,075,000		1,807,638	5,882,638	-		-		-
2030 - 2034		5,075,000		800,593	5,875,593	-		-		-
2035		1,145,000		24,331	1,169,331	 				
Total	\$	26,225,000	\$	15,023,197	\$ 41,248,197	\$ 384,993	\$	780,007	\$	1,165,000

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2009, are a voted debt margin of \$(6,596,189) (including available funds of \$2,731,637) and an unvoted debt margin of \$192,024. The District has been authorized by the Ohio Superintendent of Public Instruction to exceed its overall limitation because it has been designated as a "special needs" school district.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2009, the District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided by the Ohio School Plan is as follows:

General Liability

General Aggregate Limit\$5,000,000Blanket Property (\$1,000 deductible)40,336,089Vehicle Liability3,000,000Uninsured/Underinsured Motorists1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2009, the District participated in the Ohio School Plan ("the Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program ("the Program"), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities within Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood Counties. The District pays monthly premiums to the Northern Buckeye Education Council for the benefits offered to its employees including medical, dental, and life insurance. The Northern Buckeye Education Council is responsible for the management and operations of the Program. The agreement for the Program provides for additional assessments to all participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal from the Program, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Education Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan ("the Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to entities that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. Each participant must apply annually. The Plan provides the participants with a centralized program for the processing, analysis, and management of workers' compensation claims and a risk management program to assist in developing safer work environments. Each participant must pay its premiums, enrollment or other fees, and perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eleven and twelve month employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred twenty-five days for classified employees and two hundred twenty-eight days for certified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of fifty-two days for classified employees and fifty-nine days for certified employees.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District provides medical, dental, and life insurance to most employees through the Northern Buckeye Education Council Employee Insurance Benefits Program.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2009, 9.09 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$170,064, \$167,210 and \$169,991, respectively; 44.73 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$1,066,828, \$1,037,592 and \$998,584, respectively; 83.63 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$6,401 made by the District and \$23,742 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2009, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2009, 4.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2009, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$112,992, \$111,466 and \$90,435, respectively; 44.73 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2009, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$14,032, \$12,048 and \$11,559, respectively; 44.73 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$82,064, \$79,815 and \$77,263, respectively; 83.63 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advance-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ (281,372)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(45,101)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(74,974)
Net adjustment for other financing sources/(uses)	84,159
Adjustment for encumbrances	13,835
GAAP basis	\$ (303,453)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The Districts is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks/instructional materials and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2008	\$ (810,284)	\$ (19,009,036)
Current year set-aside requirement	292,012	292,012
Current year offsets	-	(163,534)
Qualifying disbursements	(223,171)	(504,149)
Total	<u>\$ (741,443)</u>	\$ (19,384,707)
Balance carried forward to FY 2010	\$ (741,443)	\$ (19,009,036)

The District had qualifying expenditures during the year and an offset at the beginning of the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve. Because the District is involved in an Ohio School Facilities Commission project, this negative amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years, and is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)

The District had qualifying expenditures during the year and prior years that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials reserve. This negative amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for futures years, and is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2009 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases \$ 32,026

Total restricted assets \$ 32,026

NOTE 17 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District's private purpose trust funds consist of donor restricted endowments and realized and unrealized appreciation on investments. Endowments, in the amount of \$235,311, represent the principal portion. The amount that is available for expenditures by the District is \$230,043 and is reflected as held in trust for scholarships. State law permits the District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowments' intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowments indicate that the interest should be used to provide scholarships each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2009, the District has commitments with the following companies for the construction project.

			A	mount Paid		Amount	
	Contract as of		Remaining				
	Amount			June 30, 2009		on Contract	
Absolute Fire Protection Inc.	\$	333,000	\$	147,312	\$	185,688	
Barton Marlow/Rupp Rosebrock		2,247,196		1,589,269		657,927	
Becker Impression		23,365		19,998		3,367	
Beilharz Architects Inc.		50,000		46,073		3,927	
Bowser-Mornier Inc.		49,984		49,984		-	
Brumbaugh-Herrick		22,600		16,225		6,375	
Charles Construction		13,495,473		10,026,225		3,469,248	
CTL Engineering Inc.		22,549		17,647		4,902	
Fanning & Howey Inc.		2,510,165		2,208,825		301,340	
Folding Equipment		122,333		-		122,333	
Four Seasons Environmental		95,750		16,827		78,923	
Garcia Surveyors		11,100		11,100		-	
Gem Inc.		964,355		756,551		207,804	
Johnson Controls		792,808		419,026		373,782	
King Business		545,252		254,987		290,265	
Logos Communication		2,399,935		1,755,651		644,284	
Microman		1,297,711		861,042		436,669	
Miller Contracting Group		357,133		357,133		-	
Spieker Company		4,662,616		2,981,954		1,680,662	
Starks Inc.		587,197		280,641		306,556	
Toledo Edison		30,994		28,710		2,284	
Treasurer of State of Ohio		53,693		53,693		-	
Vulcan Enterprises		268,158		233,673		34,485	
Warner Mechanical Corp.		4,329,597		3,544,047		785,550	
Woolace Electric Corp.		3,812,427		2,893,726		918,701	
Total	\$	39,085,391	\$	28,570,319	\$	10,515,072	

These contractual commitments relate to the OSFC project undertaken by the District. In addition to the amounts paid above, the District has recorded contracts payable and retainage payable in the amounts of \$2,397,992 and \$507,148, respectively, for costs incurred prior to fiscal year end on the OSFC project. Costs incurred by fiscal year end (including contracts and retainage payable) have been recorded as construction-in-progress in the District's capital assets (See Note 8).



WAUSEON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

SUB GRA	L GRANTOR/ ANTOR/ AM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSED	ARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Nutri	tion Cluster:				
(D) (E) (D) (E)	School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553	2008 2009	\$ 1,580 14,465	\$ 1,580 14,465
(D) (L)	Total School Breakfast Program	10.555	200)	16,045	16,045
(D) (E)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	2008	23,400	23,400
(D) (E)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	2009	223,949	223,949
(C) (D)	National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	49,810 297,159	49,810 297,159
	Total Nutrition Cluster			313,204	313,204
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			313,204	313,204
U.S. DEP	ARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
	THROUGH THE EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2008	20,980	20,980
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2009	131,071	128,908
	T Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			152,051	149,888
	al Education Cluster:				
(F) (F)	Special Education_Grants to States Special Education_Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2008 2009	35,330 286,302	39,116 287,804
(1)	Total Special Education _Grants to States	0027	2007	321,632	326,920
(F)	Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2008	2,352	2,528
(F)	Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	2009	5,673	5,701
	Total Special Education_Preschool Grants			8,025	8,229
	Total Special Education Cluster			329,657	335,149
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2008	-	1,155
	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2009	4,759	4,759 5,914
		0.4.200	2000		
	State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	2009	1,406	1,406
	Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2009	1,414	839
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2008	6,386	7,365
	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2009	55,297	55,285 62,650
	Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			61,683	
	Total U.S. Department of Education			550,970	555,846
	ARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES THROUGH THE				
OHIO DI	THROUGH I HE EPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION AND EPMENTAL DISABILITIES				
	Medical Assistance Program - Healthy Start	93.778	2009	849	849
	Medical Assistance Program - Medicaid	93.778	2009	223	223
	Total Medical Assistance Program			1,072	1,072
	Total U.S. Department of Human Services			1,072	1,072
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 865,246	\$ 870,122

OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2009.

This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are reported at the entitlement value. Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of breakfast and lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first in fact out basis. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)

first-in, first-out basis.

Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs. (F)



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Wauseon Exempted Village School District 126 S. Fulton Street Wauseon, OH 43567

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wauseon Exempted Village School District, Fulton County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Wauseon Exempted Village School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Wauseon Exempted Village School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Wauseon Exempted Village School District

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wauseon Exempted Village School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of Wauseon Exempted Village School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 28, 2009



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Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Wauseon Exempted Village School District 126 S. Fulton Street Wauseon, OH 43567

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wauseon Exempted Village School District, Fulton County, Ohio, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Wauseon Exempted Village School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Wauseon Exempted Village School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wauseon Exempted Village School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Wauseon Exempted Village School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Wauseon Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Wauseon Exempted Village School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Wauseon Exempted Village School District

A control deficiency in Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Wauseon Exempted Village School District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Wauseon Exempted Village School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Board of Education of Wauseon Exempted Village School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 28, 2009

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2009

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS						
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified					
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No					
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Nutrition Cluster - School Breakfast Program: CFDA #10.553 and National School Lunch Program: CFDA #10.555					
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others					
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes					

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Wauseon Exempted Village School District Fulton County 162 S. Fulton Street Wauseon, Ohio 43567

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school".

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Wauseon Exempted Village School District has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. We noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on December 10, 2007.
- 2. We read the policy, noting it included the following requirements from Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666(B):
 - (1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - (2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that includes the definition in division (A) of Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666;
 - (3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;

- (4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
- (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;
- (6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;
- (7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- (8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- (9) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- (10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education of Wauseon Exempted Village School District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than this specified party.

Julian & Grube, Inc. October 28, 2009

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CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 22, 2009