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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Teays Valley Local School District Pickaway County 385 Circleville Avenue Ashville, Ohio 43103

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Teays Valley Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Teays Valley Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2009, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Teays Valley Local School District Pickaway County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 23, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The management discussion and analysis of the Teays Valley Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$981,335 which represents a 1.16% increase from June 30, 2007.
- General revenues accounted for \$30,598,390 in revenue or 87.55% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,350,498 or 12.45% of total revenues of \$34,948,888.
- The District had \$33,967,553 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,350,498 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$30,598,390 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District has two major funds which include the general fund and the classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$27,391,391 in revenues and \$27,165,818 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$225,573 from \$5,438,688 to \$5,664,261.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$17,520,811 in revenues and \$5,254,207 in expenditures. The classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased to a balance of \$26,398,404.
- The District has \$49,560,976 in capital assets at June 30, 2008. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$15,535,276. Fiscal year 2008 depreciation expense was \$2,201,912. Total capital assets, net of related debt to acquire or construct the assets, were \$27,813,223 at June 30, 2008.
- The District has \$43,103,386 in long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2008. Of this total, \$1,314,591is due within one year and \$41,788,795 is due in greater than one year.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has two major funds: the general fund the classroom facilities fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, whether the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for health/medical and dental benefits self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private- purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 27 and 28. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29-60 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 97,570,336	\$ 106,105,615	(8.04) %
Capital assets, net	49,560,976	45,028,760	10.07 %
Total assets	147,131,312	151,134,375	(2.65) %
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	18,341,513	23,078,832	(20.53) %
Long-term liabilities	43,103,386	43,350,465	(0.57) %
Total liabilities	61,444,899	66,429,297	(7.50) %
Net Assets Invested in capital			
assets, net of related debt	27,813,223	25,769,779	7.93 %
Restricted	52,306,361	56,311,805	(7.11) %
Unrestricted	5,566,829	2,623,494	112.19 %
Total net assets	\$ 85,686,413	\$ 84,705,078	1.16 %

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$85,686,413 and \$84,705,078, respectively. Net assets increased \$981,335 from June 30, 2007.

Assets of the District decreased \$4,003,063 or 2.65%. Current and other assets decreased \$8,535,279 or 8.04%. This decrease is due mainly to a decrease in intergovernmental receivables related to the collection of an Ohio School Facility Commission (OSFC) grant. Capital assets increased \$4,532,216 or 10.07% which is primarily a result of an addition to construction in progress of \$5,454,239 related to the OSFC project. Total liabilities decreased \$4,984,398 or 7.50%. Current liabilities of the District decreased \$4,737,319 or 20.53%. This decrease is primarily due to the District retiring a \$9,900,000 bond anticipation note during the fiscal year.

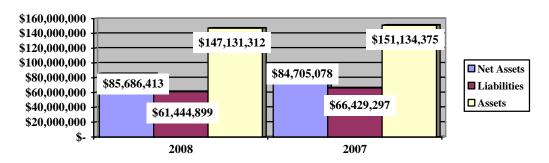
At year-end, capital assets represented 33.68% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, were \$27,813,223 and \$25,769,779, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$52,306,361, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net assets, \$47,827,745 is restricted for capital projects and \$3,832,313 is restricted for debt service. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$5,566,829 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Percentage
	2008	2007	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,211,839	\$ 1,188,552	1.96 %
Operating grants and contributions	3,119,562	2,929,785	6.48 %
Capital grants and contributions	19,097	28,013	(31.83) %
General revenues:			
Taxes	12,543,479	12,308,030	1.91 %
Grants and entitlements not restricted	16,226,873	16,098,613	0.80 %
Grants and entitlements restricted	-	51,761,524	(100.00) %
Investment earnings	1,705,322	1,198,742	42.26 %
Other	122,716	225,726	(45.63) %
Total revenues	34,948,888	85,738,985	(59.24) %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities2007	Percentage <u>Change</u>
<u>Expenses</u>			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ 14,793,532	\$ 14,571,135	1.53 %
Special	2,818,539	2,717,902	3.70 %
Vocational	894,003	837,207	6.78 %
Adult/continuing	181	547	(66.91) %
Other	260,275	215,029	21.04 %
Support services:			
Pupil	1,005,187	1,092,136	(7.96) %
Instructional staff	1,535,250	1,429,412	7.40 %
Board of education	102,158	48,420	110.98 %
Administration	2,809,851	2,371,503	18.48 %
Fiscal	733,484	717,233	2.27 %
Business	174,726	153,395	13.91 %
Operations and maintenance	2,834,880	2,544,731	11.40 %
Pupil transportation	1,958,299	1,527,063	28.24 %
Central	144,627	171,146	(15.49) %
Operations of non-instructional services			
Non-instructional services	10,287	6,216	65.49 %
Food service operations	1,099,920	1,060,363	3.73 %
Extracurricular activities	712,773	641,861	11.05 %
Intergovernmental	14,441	12,744	13.32 %
Interest and fiscal charges	2,065,140	1,607,087	28.50 %
Total expenses	33,967,553	31,725,130	7.07 %
Change in net assets	981,335	54,013,855	(98.18) %
Net assets, beginning of year	84,705,078	30,691,223	175.99 %
Net assets, end of year	\$85,686,413	\$ 84,705,078	1.16 %

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$981,335 in fiscal year 2008 and increased \$54,013,855 in fiscal year 2007. The overall increase in net assets in fiscal year 2008 can be attributed to an increase in operating grants and a slight increase in tax revenue. The overall increase in net assets in fiscal year 2007 can be attributed to the District being approved for an Ohio School Facilities Commission building project. Total governmental expenses of \$33,967,553 were offset by program revenues of \$4,350,498 and general revenues of \$30,598,390 during fiscal year 2008. Program revenues supported 12.81% of the total governmental expenses during fiscal year 2008 and 13.07% during fiscal year 2007. In the general revenues area, investment earnings increased as the District had more investments during fiscal year 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources account for 82.32% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years. The latest reappraisal by Pickaway County was in 2006. Property tax and income tax revenue increased 1.91% during fiscal year 2008. This was due to the District beginning a permanent improvement levy during fiscal year 2008 that accounted for \$530,090 in tax revenues.

Overall, expenses increased by 7.07% or \$2,242,423. Instructional and pupil support spending increased due to the addition of personnel required to accommodate an increasing student base. In addition to personnel costs, the District also realized an increase in supply costs. As a result, regular instruction expenditures increased by \$222,397 and special instruction spending increased \$100,637. The increase in interest and fiscal charges of \$458,053 is due to the increase in long-term debt obligations related to a classroom facilities project.

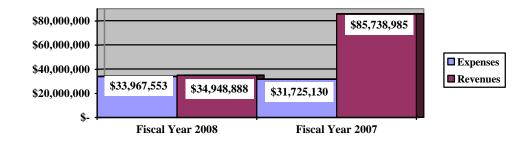
Voters approved a \$22,850,666 bond levy in November 1999. This levy, which generates approximately \$1,787,838 per year for 28 years, is expected to provide revenue for debt service through fiscal year 2027. The bond issue allowed for construction of 3 new elementary schools as well as major renovations and additions at the District's High School and Middle School instructional facilities. During fiscal year 2006, this bond issue was refunded to decrease the District's interest costs for the original bond issue through fiscal year 2027.

In addition, voters approved a \$21,500,000 bond levy in November 2006. The proceeds of this levy, represents the District's local share of a state assisted \$82 million overall construction project. The local levy will generate approximately \$1,819,566 per year for 28 years and is expected to provide revenue for debt service through fiscal year 2034. The bond issue will allow for construction of 1 new elementary school, 2 new middle schools as well as major renovations and additions at the current District's high school / middle school instructional facilities.

The District's financial condition has remained stable in recent years. The District has benefited from the fact that its effective millage rate for local taxation purposes is at the twenty mill floor. As a result, the District has enjoyed growth in local property tax collections related to both new construction and reappraisal activity. In addition, the District has a .75% school income tax that is rapidly growing in connection with new construction growth and the growth of the adjusted gross incomes of existing residents.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

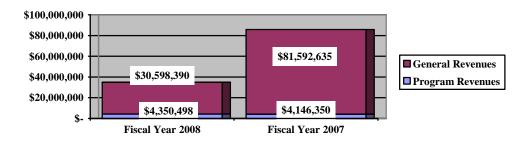
D	_	otal Cost of Services 2008	1	Net Cost of Services 2008	T	otal Cost of Services 2007	1	Net Cost of Services 2007
Program expenses								
Instruction:	Φ.	4.4.700.500	Φ.	44040040	Φ	44.574.405	Φ.	4 4 4 4 0 4 0 7
Regular	\$	14,793,532	\$	14,319,310	\$	14,571,135	\$	14,112,137
Special		2,818,539		1,275,356		2,717,902		1,228,188
Vocational		894,003		659,625		837,207		622,668
Adult/continuing		181		181		547		547
Other		260,275		149,306		215,029		153,661
Support services:								
Pupil		1,005,187		963,102		1,092,136		1,044,612
Instructional staff		1,535,250		1,138,451		1,429,412		1,063,458
Board of education		102,158		102,158		48,420		48,420
Administration		2,809,851		2,609,630		2,371,503		2,177,500
Fiscal		733,484		731,897		717,233		714,671
Business		174,726		174,726		153,395		153,395
Operations and maintenance		2,834,880		2,818,167		2,544,731		2,524,007
Pupil transportation		1,958,299		1,899,978		1,527,063		1,438,062
Central		144,627		129,232		171,146		153,311
Operations of non-instructional services:		,		•		•		,
Non-instructional services		10,287		10,287		6,216		6,216
Food service operations		1,099,920		39,128		1,060,363		36,587
Extracurricular activities		712,773		526,274		641,861		494,569
Intergovernmental		14,441		5,107		12,744		(316)
Interest and fiscal charges		2,065,140		2,065,140		1,607,087		1,607,087
Total	\$	33,967,553	\$	29,617,055	\$	31,725,130	\$	27,578,780

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 87.41% of instruction activities were supported through taxes and other general revenues during fiscal year 2008 and 87.87% in fiscal year 2007. For all governmental activities, general revenue support was 87.19% in fiscal year 2008 and 86.93% in fiscal year 2007. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 19) reported a combined fund balance of \$40,941,788, which is higher than last year's total of \$29,123,840. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Fund Balance <u>June 30,2008</u>	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	ncrease/ Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General	\$ 5,664,261	\$ 5,438,688	\$ 225,573	4.15 %
Classroom Facilities	26,398,404	14,131,800	12,266,604	86.80 %
Other Governmental	8,879,123	9,553,352	 (674,229)	(7.06) %
Total	\$40,941,788	\$29,123,840	\$ 11,817,948	40.58 %

General Fund

During fiscal year 2008, the District's general fund balance increased by \$225,573. The District has maintained a judicious approach to spending which has helped the District achieve modest reserves. These reserves become critical as continued growth within the District is expected. Tax revenues decreased by \$316,719. This decrease can be attributed to a decrease in the amount of tax advance that was available to the District from the county auditors at June 30, 2008 versus June 30, 2007 and a decrease in first half tangible personal property tax receipts. This variance resulted in less tax revenue being reported in fiscal year 2008. The amount of tax advances available from the county auditors can vary depending upon when tax bills are mailed. Earnings on investments decreased as the District had more funds to invest in fiscal year 2008 but interest rates were lower.

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$1,412,707 or 5.50%. The largest expenditures, instructional and support services, increased \$627,757 and \$769,954, respectively. These increases are largely due to a 3% base salary increase to all employees, 3 ½ new certified positions and 4 new non-certified positions from fiscal year 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	-	2008 Amount	_	2007 Amount		ncrease/ Decrease)	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Revenues	_				_	()	(= ==\
Taxes	\$	9,359,575	\$	9,676,294	\$	(316,719)	(3.27) %
Tuition		109,777		110,215		(438)	(0.40) %
Earnings on investments		677,775		740,203		(62,428)	(8.43) %
Intergovernmental		17,098,580		17,093,373		5,207	0.03 %
Other revenues	_	145,684		243,247		(97,563)	(40.11) %
Total	\$	27,391,391	\$	27,863,332	\$	(471,941)	(1.69) %
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Instruction	\$	16,726,065	\$	16,098,308	\$	627,757	3.90 %
Support services		9,684,501		8,914,547		769,954	8.64 %
Operation of							
non-instructional services		11,063		8,097		2,966	36.63 %
Extracurricular activities		476,624		447,863		28,761	6.42 %
Debt service		185,259		201,990		(16,731)	(8.28) %
Total	\$	27,083,512	\$	25,670,805	\$	1,412,707	5.50 %

Classroom Facilities Fund

During fiscal year 2008, the classroom facilities fund had revenues of \$17,520,811 and expenditures of \$5,254,207. At June 30, 2008, the classroom facilities fund had a fund balance of \$26,398,404, an increase of \$12,266,604. This increase is the result of the District receiving money from the State for the Ohio School Facilities Project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2008, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$27,598,444 were \$206,529 lower than the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$27,804,973. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$27,598,444 were the same as the final budgeted amounts.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) were \$34,311,696. Final appropriations of \$27,805,001 were \$6,506,695 lower than original budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$27,804,994 were \$7 lower than the final budgeted amounts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$49,560,976 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2008 balances compared to June 30, 2007:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2008	2007
Land	\$ 3,020,415	\$ 2,208,003
Construction in progress	5,454,239	-
Land improvements	3,002,156	3,160,116
Buildings and improvements	34,787,921	36,150,135
Furniture and equipment	2,407,552	2,728,603
Vehicles	888,693	781,903
Total	\$49,560,976	\$45,028,760

The capital assets increased \$4,532,216. This is due to additions of \$6,737,530 exceeding depreciation expense of \$2,201,912 and disposals (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$3,402.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008 the District had \$40,273,251 in general obligation bonds and capital lease obligations outstanding. The general obligation bond issues are comprised of current issue bonds and capital appreciation bonds. Of this total, \$1,167,172 is due within one year and \$39,106,079 is due within greater than one year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The following table summarizes the bonds and capital lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
Current interest bonds - Series 2000 Capital appreciation bonds - Series 2000 Accreted interest - Series 2000	\$ 665,000 469,842 712,705	\$ 665,000 750,286 925,784
Current interest refunding bonds - Series 2006 Capital appreciation bonds - Series 2006 Accreted interest - Series 2006	17,760,000 274,995 205,628	17,885,000 274,995 119,967
Current interest bonds - Series 2007A Capital appreciation bonds - Series 2007A Accreted interest - Series 2007A	9,830,000 69,996 17,049	9,830,000 69,996 2,589
Current interest bonds - Series 2007B Capital appreciation bonds - Series 2007B Accreted interest - Series 2007B	9,820,000 79,997 14,207	9,820,000 79,997 1,091
Capital lease obligations	353,832	508,335
Total	\$ 40,273,251	\$40,933,040

The District issued the 2000 series general obligation bonds on September 5, 2000 for building construction and improvements. The annual interest rate ranges from 4.30% to 5.50% and the bonds are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2011.

During fiscal year 2006, the District refunded a portion of the 2000 series general obligation bonds on July 28, 2006. The annual interest rate ranges from 3.00% to 5.00% and the bonds are schedule to mature in fiscal year 2028.

On March 22, 2007 and April 24, 2007, the District issued Series 2007 A and Series 2007 B general obligation bonds for a classroom facilities project. The annual interest rates range from 4.00% to 4.30% and the bonds are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2035.

The District's most recent bond issue maintained a Moody's Investors Service rating and a Fitch IBCA, Inc. rating of Aaa and AAA respectively on the understanding that the Bonds would be insured by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company upon their issuance. The District has received an underlying rating of A1 from Moody's.

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

Overall, the District has remained financially stable the past few years. The District's financial stability is primarily attributable to a growing revenue base tied to a growing enrollment and increasing local tax collections combined with prudent and targeted spending. Meeting the demands of growth encompass a number of areas each of which present its own set of challenges. The Board and administration have maintained a proactive stance in managing and planning the District's finances. Some of the primary factors currently influencing the financial outlook of the District are recapped below:

State Budget:

The severe economic crisis raises concern, especially at a time when the State deliberates its upcoming biennial budget. Therefore, the forecast incorporates scaled back per-pupil aid estimates for fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011 (1.5% each year). Estimates for fiscal year 2012 and fiscal year 2013 incorporate a still subdued 2.2% increase each year.

Student Enrollment:

The forecast also includes a scaled back growth estimate for enrollment. A 400 student increase over the course of the next five years (fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2013) is now anticipated instead of the 500 increase previously utilized. Enrollment increases positively impact State funding, but on the other hand they also require additional expenditures to keep pace with the growth. The District has sufficient cash reserves to afford it the time it needs to identify enrollment trends and make necessary adjustments.

Construction:

Enrollment increases (as described above) have led to the need for additional buildings. The District broke ground in the spring of 2008 to construct two new middle school buildings, a new elementary building and a complete renovation of the high school/middle school complex (which will become just a high school when renovation work is complete). Over 70% of the cost of the project will be financed by the Ohio School Facilities Commission. The remainder of the issue is supported by a 3.9 mill bond issue passed by District voters in Nov. 2006. Therefore, the general fund will not absorb any of the pure construction costs related to the project. However, operational costs when the new buildings open have always been a consideration. Additional staff, utility expenses and classroom supply expenditures have all been incorporated into the projections beginning in fiscal year 2010.

Inside Millage:

The Board took action in August 2007 to reallocate 2.3 of its total 3.7 inside mills to permanent improvements. At the same time, the District reduced its existing bond millage by 2.3 mills, so that no net tax increase resulted. The dollars generated for permanent improvements is an essential piece of the District's overall strategy to protect and maintain the large investment the community will have made in its school facilities when the current construction project is complete.

Local Valuations:

The forecast assumes that new residential and commercial real estate growth will slow as compared to the prior three to four year period. However, new growth is still expected to average over 4% per year over the forecasted period. In addition, the District will undergo reappraisal in calendar year 2008, which is expected to add another 5% to residential values this year. Valuation growth drives local tax collection growth. However, it has the opposite effect on unrestricted state aid disbursements due to the 23 mill charge off included in the current funding formula. This is one reason the Board recently adopted a tax incentive plan (TIFF) with the Columbus Port Authority for commercial development locating in the Rickenbacker area. Keeping valuation "off the books" for local taxation purposes preserves State aid funding, while payments in lieu of taxes provides additional local revenue to the District. The net effect for both the participating companies and the school district is positive.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Income Tax Collections:

Income tax collections are a function of economic conditions and new residential housing growth. Income tax growth has averaged 12% per year over the past three years. However, in light of the recent economic downturn, the forecast employs a much lower 4% growth estimate for fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011 and a modest 6.5% increase for fiscal year 2012 and fiscal year 2013.

Staffing & Negotiated Increases:

The Board recently ratified a new contract with certified staff covering the upcoming 3 year period (August 2008 – July 2011). The contract specifies a 3% base salary increase each year. The Board extended the same 3% annual increase to other staff employed by the District. Although not yet negotiated, the projection assumes a consistent 3% increase for the two remaining years of the forecast (fiscal year 2012 and fiscal year 2013). Additionally, the forecast anticipates the need to add staffing to accommodate its rising enrollment, with an increased emphasis on staffing placed in fiscal year 2010 when two of the District's new buildings are scheduled to open.

Health Insurance:

Currently all employers are faced with the challenge of sky-rocketing health insurance increases. The forecast incorporates an average trend of 10% to account for this situation. There are a number of possible approaches to mitigate the large increases projected. A couple of these would include: reducing benefit levels, increasing co-pays and deductibles... or do nothing and absorb the increases in health insurance but consider reductions to projected base salary increases (for example, instead of a base salary increases of 3%, consider a lesser increase in lieu of maintaining current health insurance provisions). The District has established a labor/management committee to study this issue.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Stacy Overly, Treasurer, Teays Valley Local School District, 385 Circleville Avenue, Ashville OH 43103-9417.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	Ф 47.000.000
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 47,229,090
Cash with fiscal agent	1,422,805
Taxes	12,999,999
Accounts	5,469
Intergovernmental	35,000,839
Accrued interest	407,814
Prepayments	8,129
Materials and supplies inventory	23,344
Unamortized bond issue costs	472,847
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	8,474,654
Depreciable capital assets, net	41,086,322
Total capital assets, net	49,560,976
Total assets	147,131,312
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	117,706
Contracts payable	2,313,018
Accrued wages and benefits	2,659,671
Pension obligation payable	681,919
Intergovernmental payable	251,727
Unearned revenue	10,152,599
Accrued interest payable	146,453
Claims payable	318,420
Bond anticipation note payable	1,700,000
Long-term liabilities:	,,
Due within one year	1,314,591
Due in more than one year	41,788,795
Total liabilities	61,444,899
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	27,813,223
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	47,827,745
Debt service	3,832,313
Classroom facilities maintenance	603,811
Locally funded programs	327
State funded programs	3,538
Federally funded programs	344
Student activities	27,283
Underground storage tank	11,000
Unrestricted	5,566,829
Total net assets	\$ 85,686,413

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in **Program Revenues Net Assets** Charges for Operating Capital Services and **Grants and Grants and** Governmental **Expenses** Sales Contributions Contributions **Activities** Governmental activities: Instruction: \$ 14.793.532 \$ 279.800 \$ 194,422 \$ (14,319,310)2.818.539 34,844 1,508,339 (1,275,356)Vocational 894,003 234,378 (659,625)Adult/continuing education. 181 (181)260,275 110,969 (149,306)Support services: Pupil. 1,005,187 2,299 39,786 (963,102) Instructional staff 1,535,250 38,107 358,692 (1,138,451)Board of education 102,158 (102, 158)Administration. 2,809,851 2,014 198,207 (2,609,630)733,484 1,587 (731,897)174,726 (174,726)Business. Operations and maintenance 2,834,880 16,440 273 (2,818,167)Pupil transportation 1.958.299 39.224 19.097 (1,899,978)144,627 15,395 (129, 232)Operation of non-instructional services: Other instructional services. 10,287 (10,287)Food service operations 1,099,920 658,474 402,318 (39,128)Extracurricular activities 179,861 6,638 (526, 274)712,773 Intergovernmental 14,441 9,334 (5,107)Interest and fiscal charges 2,065,140 (2,065,140)19,097 33,967,553 1,211,839 3,119,562 (29,617,055) **General Revenues:** Property taxes levied for: General purposes 6.614.510 Capital projects. 530,090 2,504,106 Income taxes levied for: General purposes 2,719,815 Classroom facilities maintenance. 174,958 Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs 16,226,873 Investment earnings 1,705,322 Payment in lieu of taxes. 86,615 Miscellaneous 36,101 30,598,390 Total general revenues. Change in net assets 981,335 84,705,078 Net assets, July 1.......

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

85,686,413

Net assets, June 30

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

Assets:		General		Classroom Facilities	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments	\$	7,060,321	\$	28,262,969	\$	10,684,041	\$	46,007,331
Receivables:		0.005.054				4 704 440		40,000,000
Taxes		8,235,851		-		4,764,148		12,999,999
Accounts		1,050		24 000 744		4,419		5,469
Intergovernmental		26,514		34,829,711		144,614		35,000,839
Accrued interest		144,904		191,139		71,771		407,814
Materials and supplies inventory		- 0.400		-		23,344		23,344
Prepayments		8,129		-		-		8,129
Equity in pooled cash						10.007		40.007
and investments		<u>-</u>	-			19,097		19,097
Total assets	\$	15,476,769	\$	63,283,819	\$	15,711,434	\$	94,472,022
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	103,518	\$	_	\$	10,836	\$	114,354
Contracts payable	•	-	*	1,944,703	*	368,315	Ψ	2,313,018
Accrued wages and benefits		2,456,751		-		202,920		2,659,671
Compensated absences payable		15,517		_		6,922		22,439
Pension obligation payable		606,236		-		75,683		681,919
Intergovernmental payable		237,326		-		14,401		251,727
Accrued interest payable		, =		-		15,595		15,595
Bond anticipation notes		-		-		1,700,000		1,700,000
Deferred revenue		422,779		34,940,712		255,421		35,618,912
Unearned revenue		5,970,381		<u>-</u>		4,182,218	-	10,152,599
Total liabilities		9,812,508		36,885,415		6,832,311		53,530,234
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		649,178		1,642,019		447,795		2,738,992
Reserved for prepayments		8,129		-		-		8,129
Reserved for materials								
and supplies inventory		=		-		23,344		23,344
Reserved for property tax unavailable								
for appropriation		857,242		-		388,376		1,245,618
Reserved for debt service		-		-		3,519,341		3,519,341
Reserved for school bus purchases		-		-		19,097		19,097
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:								
General fund		4,149,712		-		-		4,149,712
Special revenue funds		-		-		968,352		968,352
Capital projects funds	-	-		24,756,385		3,512,818		28,269,203
Total fund balances		5,664,261		26,398,404		8,879,123		40,941,788
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,476,769	\$	63,283,819	\$	15,711,434	\$	94,472,022

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2008

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 40,941,788
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		49,560,976
·		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes	\$ 457,990	
Intergovernmental revenue	34,760,760	
Earnings on investments	400,162	
Total		35,618,912
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the		
costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and		
liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		2,303,695
governmental activities in the statement of het assets.		2,303,093
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		1,255,864
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized		
in the funds.		(1,737,201)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		472,847
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore is not reported in the funds.		(130,858)
therefore is not reported in the funds.		(100,000)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	(39,919,419)	
Capital lease obligation	(353,832)	
Compensated absences	(2,326,359)	
Total		(42,599,610)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 85,686,413

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		General	_	assroom acilities	Other Governmer Funds	tal	Total ernmental Funds
Revenues:		Octional	<u> </u>	domines	Tundo		<u>r unus</u>
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$	6,639,760	\$	-	\$ 2,979	,173	\$ 9,618,933
Income taxes		2,719,815		-	174	,958	2,894,773
Tuition		109,777		-		-	109,777
Charges for services		-		-	654	,244	654,244
Classroom materials and fees		94,935		=		-	94,935
Earnings on investments		677,775		508,860	155	,130	1,341,765
Extracurricular.		-		-		,624	325,624
Other local revenues		50,749		_		,994	157,743
Intergovernmental - intermediate		86,615		_		3,714	140,329
Intergovernmental - state		17,011,965		17,011,951		3,097	34,662,013
Intergovernmental - state		17,011,905		17,011,951	1,662	-	1,662,934
Total revenues		27,391,391		17,520,811	6,750		51,663,070
				,			
Expenditures: Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		13,288,479		_	305	5,078	13,593,557
Special		2,430,596		_		3,005	2,928,601
Vocational		862,254		_	400	348	862,602
Adult/continuing education		181		_		-	181
Other		144,555		_	115	,720	260,275
Support Services:		111,000				,,,,,,	200,270
Pupil		987,312		-	56	5,586	1,043,898
Instructional staff		1,155,280		_		,737	1,551,017
Board of education		104,600		-		-	104,600
Administration		2,541,759		-	282	,325	2,824,084
Fiscal		655,079		-	71	,376	726,455
Business		23,397		=	29	,752	53,149
Operations and maintenance		2,344,418		-	192	2,236	2,536,654
Pupil transportation		1,769,342		-	313	,565	2,082,907
Central		103,314		=	18	3,319	121,633
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Other non-instructional services		11,063		-		-	11,063
Food service operations		476 604		=	1,093	-	1,093,088
Extracurricular activities		476,624		-),188	676,812
Intergovernmental		-		- - 254 207		,441	14,441
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		-		5,254,207	1,335	,420	6,589,627
		154 500			700	0.000	044 502
Principal retirement		154,503 30,756		-	1,800	,	944,503 1,830,836
Interest and fiscal charges		27,083,512		5,254,207	7,512		39,849,983
	-					- -	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures .		307,879		12,266,604	(761	,396)	11,813,087
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		-		-	82	2,306	82,306
Transfers (out)		(82,306)		-		206	(82,306)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(82,306)			82	,306	
Net change in fund balances		225,573		12,266,604	(679	,090)	11,813,087
Fund balances, July 1		5,438,688		14,131,800	9,553	,352	29,123,840
Increase in reserve for inventory						,861	4,861
Fund balances, June 30	\$	5,664,261	\$	26,398,404	\$ 8,879	,123	\$ 40,941,788

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 11,813,087
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 6,737,530 (2,201,912)	4,535,618
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.		(3,402)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Earnings on investments Total	29,773 (17,122,875) 378,920	(16,714,182)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		4,861
Repayment of bond and capital lease obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. Principal payments during the year were: Bonds Capital lease Total	790,000 154,503	944,503
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, wheras in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in more interest being reported on the statement of activities. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on "capital appreciation" bonds Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges on refundings Total	50,089 (284,714) (20,759) 85,760 (64,680)	(234,304)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(460,326)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated		1,095,480
among governmental activities. Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 981,335
		 ,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	Original	- I mui	Aotuui	(Hogalive)
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 6,776,814	\$ 6,726,456	\$ 6,726,456	\$ -
Income taxes	2,815,256	2,794,336	2,794,336	-
Tuition	110,271	109,452	109,452	_
Classroom materials and fees	95,646	94,935	94,935	_
Earnings on investments	713,048	707,749	707,749	_
Other local revenue	70,874	70,347	70,347	_
Intergovernmental - intermediate	87,263	86,615	86,615	_
Intergovernmental - state	17,123,885	16,996,638	16,996,638	_
Total revenues	27,793,057	27,586,528	27,586,528	
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:				
	16 492 074	12 200 694	12 200 677	7
Regular	16,482,074	13,309,684	13,309,677	,
Special	2,987,100 1,089,865	2,412,156 880,093	2,412,156 880,093	-
Adult/Continuing	1,069,863	184	184	•
		_		-
Other	180,293	145,591	145,591	-
Pupils	1,264,603	1 021 100	1,021,198	
Instructional staff	1,429,350	1,021,198 1,154,235	1,154,235	-
Board of education	144,585	116,756	116,756	•
Administration	3,123,290	2,522,133	2,522,133	-
Fiscal	827,960	668,598	668,598	
Business.	305,209	246,464	246,464	_
Operations and maintenance	3,359,075	2,712,535	2,712,535	-
Pupil transportation	2,301,382	1,858,422	1,858,422	_
Central	130,427	105,323	105,323	_
Operation of non-instructional services:	100,421	100,020	100,020	
Other non-instructional services	12,670	10,231	10,231	_
Extracurricular activities	591,279	477,472	477,472	<u>.</u>
	34,229,390	27,641,075	27,641,068	7
Total expenditures	34,229,390	27,041,073	27,041,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,436,333)	(54,547)	(54,540)	7
over (under) experiatures	(0,430,333)	(04,047)	(04,040)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers (out)	(82,306)	(82,306)	(82,306)	-
Sale of capital assets	4,230	4,230	4,230	-
Refund of prior year's expenditures	7,686	7,686	7,686	-
Miscellaneous uses of funds		(81,620)	(81,620)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(70,390)	(152,010)	(152,010)	
Net change in fund balance	(6,506,723)	(206,557)	(206,550)	7
Fund balance, July 1 (restated)	5,747,566	5,747,566	5,747,566	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	759,158	759,158	759,158	-
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 1	\$ 6,300,167	\$ 6,300,174	\$ 7

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and investments	\$ 1,202,662	
Cash with fiscal agent	1,422,805	_
Total assets	2,625,467	-
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	3,352	
Claims payable	318,420	_
Total liabilities	321,772	_
Net assets:		
Unrestricted	2,303,695	_
Total net assets	\$ 2,303,695	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	A	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
		Tuna		
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	3,704,930		
Total operating revenues		3,704,930		
Operating expenses:				
Claims and administrative services		2,609,450		
Total operating expenses		2,609,450		
Change in net assets/operating income		1,095,480		
Net assets, July 1		1,208,215		
Net assets, June 30	\$	2,303,695		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from charges for services	\$	3,704,930	
services		(2,677,493)	
Net cash provided by			
operating activities		1,027,437	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,027,437	
Cash and investments, July 1		1,598,030	
Cash and investments, June 30	\$	2,625,467	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	1,095,480	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease in accounts payable		(6,634)	
Decrease in claims payable		(61,409)	
Net cash provided by			
operating activities	\$	1,027,437	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust					
	Sch	Scholarship		Agency		
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	15,765	\$	76,572		
Receivables:						
Accrued interest		366		-		
Total assets		16,131	\$	76,572		
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-	\$	13,413		
Due to students				63,159		
			•			
Total liabilities			\$	76,572		
Mar Accord						
Net Assets: Held in trust for scholarships		16,131				
		10,131				
Total net assets	\$	16,131				
		,				

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions:			
Interest	_\$	1,161	
Total additions		1,161	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		508	
Change in net assets		653	
Net assets, July 1		15,478	
Net assets, June 30	\$	16,131	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Teays Valley Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (five members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 125th largest by total enrollment among the 896 public school districts and community schools in the State. The District employed 240 certified employees and 108 non-certificated employees who provided services to 3,506 students. The District is supervised by the Pickaway County Educational Service Center, a separate entity.

The District provides regular, vocational, special and adult/continuing instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental type activity and to its proprietary fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Metropolitan Education Council (MEC)

The Metropolitan Education Council is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. The District paid \$51,324 to MEC for services provided during fiscal year 2008.

Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center

The Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (COSERRC) is a jointly governed organization operated by a Governing Board that is composed of superintendents of member school districts in central Ohio which comprise sixty percent of the Board, two parents of children with disabilities, one representative of a chartered nonpublic school, one representative of a county board of Mental Retardation and Development Disabilities, representatives of universities and students and persons with disabilities representations. COSERRC assists the District in complying with mandates of Public Law 99-456 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the districts involved in COSERRC. COSERRC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Council.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established in Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established as an insurance purchasing pool and is governed by a three-member Board of Directors. The Executive Director of the Ohio School Boards Association, or his/her designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. Refer to Note 14.B. for further information on this group rating plan.

Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium

The District is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool consisting of fourteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area. Medical/surgical insurance is administered through a third party administrator, Medical Mutual of Ohio. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to Erin Kirby, Ross-Pike Educational Service District, 475 Western Ave. Suite E, Chillicothe, OH 45601.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> - The classroom facilities capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources and expenditures related to the school facilities construction project.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose and (c) for food service and uniform school supplies operations.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund accounts for the District's self-insurance program which provides health/medical and dental benefits to employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund includes the cost of service and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2008 is as follows.

- Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Pickaway County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted revenues in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2008.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year).

Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations totals.

- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation at the legal level of control must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. The original and final budget figures, which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons, represent the permanent appropriation (original budget) amounts plus all supplemental appropriations legally enacted during the year (final budget amounts).
- 8. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments (Continued)

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2008. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2008.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$677,775 which includes \$463,448 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investments at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method. On fund financial statements inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first out basis and is expensed when purchased.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	•

8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the statement of net assets. There were no interfund loans at June 30, 2008.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2008, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2008, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Unamoritized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are defined and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refunds resulting in the defeasance of the debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 11.A.

L. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, inventories of materials and supplies, prepayments, property tax unavailable for appropriation, debt service and school bus purchases. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

O. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a school bus purchase reserve.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 48, "<u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues</u>", and GASB Statement No. 50, "<u>Pension Disclosures</u>".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 16) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2008 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	_	Deficit
Management information systems	\$	11,701
SchoolNet professional		349
Poverty based assistance		3,714
Title I		1,195
Drug free school grant		2
Preschool for the handicapped		95
Reducing class size		2,761

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

B. Deficit Fund Balances (Continued)

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

C. Prior Period Adjustment

Budgetary Statement - General Fund - The beginning fund balance as reported on statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - general fund has been restated from \$5,342,475 to \$5,747,566 to properly reflect the balance of the fund at June 30, 2007.

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
 of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$12,500 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

B. Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The account held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2008 was \$1,422,805 and is not included in the "Deposits with Financial Institutions" below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$17,660,584. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2008, \$16,858,084 of the District's bank balance of \$17,558,084 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$700,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		6	6 months or
Investment type	 Fair Value	_	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 29,648,343	\$	29,648,343

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2008:

Investment type	_	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	29,648,343	100

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 17,660,584
Investments	29,648,343
Cash on hand	12,500
Cash with fiscal agent	1,422,805
Total	\$ 48,744,232
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Cush and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 48,651,895
·	\$ 48,651,895 15,765
Governmental activities	\$, ,
Governmental activities Private-purpose trust funds	\$ 15,765

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:

General fund \$82,306

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007 and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property was assessed at 12.5% for property including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Fairfield, Franklin and Pickaway Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008 was \$857,242 in the general fund, \$290,319 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$98,057 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). These amounts have been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$737,220 in the general fund and \$331,230 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Sec Half Collec		2008 Fir Half Collec	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>	Amount	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$ 324,565,510	92.76	\$340,651,980	93.23
Public utility personal Tangible personal property	18,578,940 6,772,086	5.31 1.93	19,320,850 5,430,012	5.29 1.48
Total	\$349,916,536	100.00	\$365,402,842	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$36.10		\$33.80	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental Activities:

Taxes	\$ 12,999,999
Accounts	5,469
Intergovernmental	35,000,839
Accrued interest	407,814
Total	\$ 48,414,121

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year except for the OSFC grant which will be collected over the term of the construction project.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of .75 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 1992 and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund and the classroom facilities fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). Total income tax revenue during fiscal year 2008 was \$2,894,773.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities:	·			
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,208,003	\$ 812,412 5,454,239	\$ - 	\$ 3,020,415 5,454,239
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,208,003	6,266,651		8,474,654
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	4,328,733 44,999,684 5,164,268 1,786,528	33,857 12,615 115,355 309,052	- - (15,476) (113,018)	4,362,590 45,012,299 5,264,147 1,982,562
Total capital assets, being depreciated	56,279,213	470,879	(128,494)	56,621,598
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,168,617)	(191,817)	-	(1,360,434)
Buildings and improvements	(8,849,549)	(1,374,829)	-	(10,224,378)
Furniture and equipment	(2,435,665)	(433,004)	12,074	(2,856,595)
Vehicles	(1,004,625)	(202,262)	113,018	(1,093,869)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,458,456)	(2,201,912)	125,092	(15,535,276)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 45,028,760	\$ 4,535,618	\$ (3,402)	\$ 49,560,976

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,577,050
Special	2,325
Vocational	66,732
Support Services:	
Pupil	10,095
Instructional staff	13,837
Board of education	4,638
Administration	8,866
Fiscal	1,076
Business	152,802
Operations and maintenance	32,493
Pupil transportation	206,711
Central	25,514
Extracurricular activities	57,267
Food service operations	42,506
Total depreciation expense	\$2,201,912

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior fiscal years, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$757,353 in the statement of net assets. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2008 was \$481,716 leaving a current book value of \$275,637. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2008 totaled \$154,503 paid by the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_Amount					
2009 2010 2011	\$ 185,260 185,262 10,594					
Total minimum lease payments	381,116					
Less: amount representing interest	(27,284)					
Total	\$ 353,832					

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2008, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2007	_1	ncrease	 <u>Decrease</u>	<u>J</u> (Balance une 30, 2008	Amounts Due in One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	40,424,705	\$	284,714	\$ (790,000)	\$	39,919,419	\$ 1,001,497
Capital lease obligation		508,335		-	(154,503)		353,832	165,675
Compensated absences		1,915,008		589,206	(155,416)		2,348,798	147,419
Total	\$	42,848,048	\$	873,920	\$ (1,099,919)	\$	42,622,049	\$ 1,314,591
Less: Unamoritized deferred c	harç	ge on refundin	g				(1,255,864)	
Add: Unamoritized premium of	n ref	funding					1,737,201	
Total on statement of net asset	ts					\$	43,103,386	

<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u> See Note 11.B through Note 11.E for details. At June 30, 2008, there were unspent proceeds of \$17,584,399 of the general obligation bonds – series 2007A and general obligation bonds – series 2007B.

<u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>: The capital lease obligation will be paid from the general fund. See Note 10 for details.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid which, for the District is the general fund, food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), poverty based assistance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the Title VI-B fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. <u>General Obligation Bonds - Series 2000:</u> On September 5, 2000, the District issued general obligation bonds to finance building construction and improvements. This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$22,100,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$469,842. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.30% to 5.50%. During fiscal year 2008, one capital appreciation bond matured at an accreted value at \$665,000. The remaining capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2008 (effective interest 12.29%) and December 1, 2009 (effective interest 12.29%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the remaining capital appreciation bonds is \$1,330,000. Total accreted interest of \$712,705 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2008.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2010.

The following is a schedule of activity for the series 2000 general obligation bonds:

		Balance June 30, 2007 Additions								Balance ne 30, 2008
Current interest bonds - 2000 series Capital appreciation bonds -	\$	665,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	665,000		
2000 series		750,286		-	(280	0,444)		469,842		
Capital appreciation bonds - Accreted interest		925,784	171,	477	(384	4,556)		712,705		
Total	\$ 2	2,341,070	\$ 171,	477	\$ (66	5,000)	\$ ^	1,847,547		

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2000 general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year		Cu	Current Interest Bonds				Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	_F	Principal	_	Interest		Total
2009	\$	-	\$	31,255	\$	31,255	\$	248,916	\$	416,084	\$	665,000
2010		-		31,255		31,255		220,926		444,074		665,000
2011	_	665,000		31,255		696,255						<u>-</u>
Total	\$	665,000	\$	93,765	\$	758,765	\$	469,842	\$	860,158	\$ ^	1,330,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds - Series 2006 Refunding Bonds: On July 28, 2005, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2006 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund a portion of the Series 2000 current interest general obligation bonds (principal \$20,360,000). The issuance proceeds of \$18,444,995 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$17,760,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$274,995. The interest rates on the current interest bonds rand from 4.30% to 5.50%. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2014 (effective interest 19.79%) and December 1, 2015 (effective interest (19.791%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,890,000. Total accreted interest of \$205,628 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2008.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2027.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2008 on the series 2006 refunding bonds:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008
Current interest bonds - 2006 refunding series Capital appreciation bonds -	\$ 17,885,000	\$ -	\$ (125,000)	\$17,760,000
2006 refunding series Capital appreciation bonds -	274,995	-	-	274,995
Accreted interest	119,967	85,661	<u>-</u>	205,628
Total	\$18,279,962	\$ 85,661	\$ (125,000)	\$18,240,623

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2006 refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	Cui	Current Interest Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds				
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total			
2009	\$ 130,000	\$ 804,983	\$ 934,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
2010	150,000	800,245	950,245	-	-	-			
2011	140,000	795,170	935,170	-	-	-			
2012	850,000	777,845	1,627,845	-	-	-			
2013	875,000	745,470	1,620,470	-	-	-			
2014 - 2018	2,845,000	3,385,375	6,230,375	274,995	1,615,005	1,890,000			
2019 - 2023	5,645,000	2,386,190	8,031,190	-	-	-			
2024 - 2028	7,125,000	884,420	8,009,420						
Total	\$ 17,760,000	\$10,579,698	\$ 28,339,698	\$ 274,995	\$1,615,005	\$ 1,890,000			

D. General Obligation Bonds - Series 2007A: On March 22, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds to finance building construction and improvements. This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$9,830,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$69,996. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% to 4.20%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2015 (effective interest 19.04%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$340,000. Total accreted interest of \$17,049 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2008.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2034.

The following is a schedule of activity for the series 2007 A general obligation bonds:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008
Current interest bonds -				
2007 A series	\$9,830,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,830,000
Capital appreciation bonds -				
2007 A series	69,996	-	-	69,996
Capital appreciation bonds -				
Accreted interest	2,589	14,460	-	17,049
Total	\$ 9,902,585	\$ 14,460	\$ -	\$ 9,917,045

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2007 A series bonds:

Fiscal Year		Current Interest Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds							
Ending June 30,	_	<u>Principal</u>	_	Interest	_	Total	P	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>		Total
2009	\$	25,000	\$	399,060	\$	424,060	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2010		25,000		398,060		423,060		-		-		-
2011		25,000		397,060		422,060		-		-		-
2012		25,000		396,060		421,060		-		-		-
2013		25,000		395,060		420,060		-		-		-
2014 - 2018		1,040,000		1,916,200		2,956,200		69,996		270,004		340,000
2019 - 2023		1,980,000		1,612,800		3,592,800		-		-		-
2024 - 2028		2,405,000		1,184,000		3,589,000		-		-		-
2029 - 2033		2,930,000		659,440		3,589,440		-		-		-
2034 - 2035	_	1,350,000		85,680	_	1,435,680			_		_	
Total	\$	9,830,000	\$	7,443,420	\$	17,273,420	\$	69,996	\$	270,004	\$	340,000

E. <u>General Obligation Bonds - Series 2007B:</u> On April 24, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds to finance building construction and improvements. This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$9,820,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$79,997. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.00% to 4.30%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2015 (effective interest 15.55%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$290,000. Total accreted interest of \$14,207 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2008.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2034.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of activity for the series 2007 B general obligation bonds:

	Balance June 30, 2007	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008
Current interest bonds - 2007 B series	\$ 9,820,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,820,000
Capital appreciation bonds - 2007 B series	79,997	-	-	79,997
Capital appreciation bonds - Accreted interest	1,091	13,116		14,207
Total	\$9,901,088	<u>\$ 13,116</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,914,204

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2007 B series bonds:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds				Capital Appreciation Bonds						
Ended June 30,		<u>Principal</u>	_	Interest	_	Total	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	Total
2009	\$	220,000	\$	400,187	\$	620,187	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
2010		230,000		391,188		621,188		-		-	-
2011		240,000		381,787		621,787		-		-	-
2012		250,000		371,988		621,988		-		-	-
2013		260,000		361,788		621,788		-		-	-
2014 - 2018		1,140,000		1,671,737		2,811,737		79,997		210,003	290,000
2019 - 2023		1,700,000		1,390,137		3,090,137		-		-	-
2024 - 2028		2,070,000		1,010,825		3,080,825		-		-	-
2029 - 2033		2,535,000		532,160		3,067,160		-		-	-
2034 - 2035		1,175,000		51,063		1,226,063					
Total	\$	9,820,000	\$	6,562,860	\$	16,382,860	\$	79,997	\$	210,003	\$ 290,000

F. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected 5-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The Teays Valley Local District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent on August 18, 2006.

NOTE 12 - SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

A summary of the governmental activities short-term notes payable transactions for fiscal year 2008 follows:

	Issue <u>Date</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest Rate (%)	Balance June 30, 2007	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2008
Bond Anticipation Notes:							
Notes Series 2008	3/11/08	3/9/09	3.00	\$ -	\$ 1,700,000	\$ -	\$ 1,700,000
OSFC Notes Series 2006	12/21/06	7/20/07	4.00	9,900,000		(9,900,000)	
Total				\$ 9,900,000	\$ 1,700,000	\$ (9,900,000)	\$ 1,700,000

On December 21, 2006, the District issued \$9,900,000 in Ohio School Facilities Construction Notes in anticipation of the issuance of bonds for the purpose of constructing, renovating and improving facilities, and acquiring land. The notes bore an interest rate of 4.00% and matured on July 20, 2007.

On March 11, 2008, the District issued \$1,700,000 in notes in anticipation of the issuance of bonds for the purpose of improving facilities. The notes bear an interest rate of 3.00% and mature on March 9, 2009. The notes are booked as a fund liability in the building fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTE 13 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Only administrative and support personnel who are under a full year contract (11 and 12 month) are eligible for vacation time. The administrators are generally granted twenty days of vacation per year.

Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Any vacation time which is unused as of the employee's anniversary date is expired and not available for use in a subsequent year unless approved by the Superintendent. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

The classified personnel accumulate vacation based on the following schedule:

Years Service	Vacation Days
0 - 9	10
10 - 19	15
20 - beyond	20

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES - (Continued)

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave shall accumulate during active employment on a continuous year-to-year basis. Maximum sick leave accumulation for all employees, except administrators and 260 day and classified employees is 210 days; 260 day administrators and classified employees may accumulate 295 days of sick leave. 205 day administrators may accumulate 232 days per year, based on 113 percent of teacher's accumulation of 210 days of sick leave for 185 days of service.

For all employees, retirement severance is paid to each employee retiring from the District at a per diem rate of the annual salary at the time of retirement. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay shall be entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to one-fourth of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to a maximum of fifty-two and a half days. Additionally, the teachers of the District receive an additional retirement severance of \$10,000 if retirement is taken the first year of eligibility. Longevity pay of \$1,000 is granted to certified employees with twenty five or more years of service. The superintendent is entitled to one half of all accumulated sick leave.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through commercial carriers.

General liability insurance is maintained in the amount of \$1,000,000 for each occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate, plus \$1,000,000 umbrella.

The District maintains fleet insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for any one accident or loss, plus \$1,000,000 umbrella.

The District maintains replacement cost insurance on buildings and contents in the amount of \$63,475,821. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions of coverage from the prior years.

B. Workers' Compensation - Public Entity Risk Pool

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA). The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated. Each district is then placed at one of fourteen separate levels based on that district's experience. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the group level rather that its individual rate.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Workers' Compensation - Public Entity Risk Pool (Continued)

Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP.

Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Health Insurance

In October, 1994, the District joined the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium") to self-insure its medical claims. The Consortium currently includes 14 member school districts. Contributions are determined by the consortium's board of directors and are remitted monthly to the consortium's fiscal agent, who then pays all incurred claims. Thus actual cash "reserves" are held by the fiscal agent. Settlements have never exceeded insurance coverage.

Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator, services all health/medical claims and Professional Risk Management, Inc., a third party administrator, services all dental claims submitted by employees. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual medical claims in excess of \$100,000 per employee consortium wide.

The District utilizes a self-insurance fund for the purpose of tracking the fund's balance as held by the fiscal agent. Amounts are paid into this fund from the general fund, food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and certain special revenue funds (grants). Expenses for claims are recorded as other expenses when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The basis for estimating the liability for unpaid claims is based on documentation obtained by the insurance carrier. A summary of changes in self-insurance claims for the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007:

	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007
Claims liabilities at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 379,829	\$ 302,122
Incurred claims	2,609,450	2,568,635
Claims paid	(2,670,859)	(2,490,928)
Claims liabilities at end of fiscal year	\$ 318,420	\$ 379,829

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$338,528, \$339,998 and \$318,391, respectively; 47.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$1,862,357, \$1,772,285 and \$1,682,721, respectively; 83.21 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$24,583 made by the District and \$55,033 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2008, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

A. School Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$222,343, \$160,942 and \$170,049, respectively; 47.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$24,392, \$23,120 and \$25,341, respectively; 47.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$143,258, \$136,330 and \$129,440, respectively; 83.21 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The combined statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

_	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ (206,550)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(195,137)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(189,970)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	69,704
Adjustment for encumbrances	747,526
GAAP basis	\$ 225,573

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2008.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 19 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Maintenance</u>
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ (154,002)	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	542,509	542,509
Current year offsets	-	(399,391)
Qualifying disbursements	(602,008)	(2,575,647)
Total	<u>\$ (213,501)</u>	<u>\$ (2,432,529)</u>
Balance carried forward to FY 2009	\$ (213,501)	<u>\$</u>

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital maintenance set-aside amount below zero, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the textbooks/instructional materials set-aside amount below zero which may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2008 follows:

Amount restricted for school bus purchases \$ 19,097

NOTE 20 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As a result of the Ohio School Facilities Project that was in progress at June 30, 2008, the District had the following outstanding contractual commitments at fiscal year-end:

<u>Vendor</u>	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	Amount Outstanding	
Kelchner Inc.	\$ 1,570,775	\$ (646,046)	\$ 924,729	
Trucco Construction Inc.	1,711,900	(818,342)	893,558	
Monarch Construction	10,584,000	(342,000)	10,242,000	
LVI	363,100	(94,811)	268,289	
Ruscilli	2,279,793	(480,582)	1,799,211	
Steed Hammond	3,912,527	(3,072,458)	840,069	
Total Contractual Commitments	\$ 20,422,095	\$ (5,454,239)	\$ 14,967,856	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 25, 2008, the Board of Education approved contracts totaling \$15,180,050 related to the District's High School Additions and Renovations and Freshman Building Renovation projects, including general trades, fire protection, plumbing, HVAC, and technology.

On October 8, 2008, the Board of Education approved contracts related to Abatement Phase 2 at Teays Valley High School totaling \$222,747 and South Bloomfield Elementary School early site work totaling \$981,155.

On November 24, 2008, the Board of Education approved a contract for the purchase of 4 school buses totaling \$290,004.

On January 12, 2009, the Board of Education approved contracts totaling \$8,823,364 related to the South Bloomfield Elementary School Project including masonry, general trades, fire protection, plumbing, HVAC and electrical.

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:						
Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program Total School Breakfast Program	2008	10.553	\$31,524 31,524	\$0 0	\$31,524 31.524	\$0 0
Total School Bleaklast Frogram			31,324	O	31,324	0
National School Lunch Program	2008	10.555	315,779	132,908	315,779	132,908
Total National School Lunch Program Total Nutrition Cluster			315,779 347,303	132,908 132,908	315,779 347,303	132,908
rotar Nutrition Cluster			347,303	132,906	347,303	132,908
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			347,303	132,908	347,303	132,908
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2007	84.010	37,274	0	44,494	0
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2008	84.010	292,329	0	283,749	0
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			329,603	0	328,243	0
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education Grants to States	2007	84.027	0	0	0	0
Special Education Grants to States	2007	84.027	71,376	0	76,809	0
Special Education Grants to States	2008	84.027	575,569	0	573,441	0
Total Special Education Grants to States			646,945	0	650,250	0
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2007	84.173	500	0	500	0
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2008	84.173	17,364		17,364	
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants			17,864	0	17,864	0
Total Special Education Cluster			664,809	0	668,114	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants						
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	2007	84.186	0	0	1,038	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	2008	84.186	10,726	0	10,726	0
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants			10,726	0	11,764	0
State Grants for Innovative Programs						
State Grants for Innovative Programs	2007	84.298	0	0	0	0
State Grants for Innovative Programs	2008	84.298	8,401	0	8,401	0
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			8,401	0	8,401	0
Education Technology State Grants						
Education Technology State Grants	2008	84.318	344	0	0	0
Total Education Technology State Grants			344	0	0	0
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants						
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2007	84.367	13,461	0	14,604	0
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2008	84.367	116,047	0	112,918	0
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			129,508	0	127,522	0
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,143,391	0	1,144,044	0
TOTALS			\$1,490,694	\$132,908	\$1,491,347	\$132,908

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS

The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th and spent by September 30th). However, with approval of the Ohio Department of Education (ODE), the District can transfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. During fiscal year 2008, ODE authorized the following transfer from fiscal year 2007 grants to fiscal year 2008 grants:

CFDA		
Number	Program Title	<u>Amount</u>
84.318	Education Technology State Grants	\$157



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Teays Valley Local School District Pickaway County 385 Circleville Avenue Ashville, Ohio 43103

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Teays Valley Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 23, 2009.

88 E. Broad St. / Tenth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-3402 (800) 443-9275 Fax: (614) 728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Teays Valley Local School District
Pickaway County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 23, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Teays Valley Local School District Pickaway County 385 Circleville Avenue Ashville, Ohio 43103

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Teays Valley Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Teays Valley Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

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Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to
Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance
with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted a matter involving the internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated January 23, 2009.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 23, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster (CFDA #10.553 and CFDA #10.555) Special Education Grants to States (CFDA #84.027 and CFDA #84.173)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2008

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2007-001	Contrary to grant requirements, the District did not submit time and effort payroll certifications for those employees paid with Title VI-B funding.	Yes	



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

TEAYS VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PICKAWAY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 24, 2009