INITIAL AUDIT

FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008



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<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u> Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Summit Academy Transition High School - Dayton Montgomery County 1405 E. 3rd Street Dayton, Ohio 45403

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of the Summit Academy Transition High School -Dayton, Montgomery County, Ohio, (the School) for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008, as listed in the Table of Contents. This financial statement is the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We did not audit the amount of actual direct and indirect expenses incurred by Summit Academy Management on behalf of the School which total \$396,059, as indicated in Note 14. Other auditors audited these amounts and have furnished their report thereon to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Note 14, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit and the report of the other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Summit Academy Transition High School - Dayton, Montgomery County, Ohio, for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 24, 2009, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008 While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509 Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001 www.auditor.state.oh.us Summit Academy Transition High School - Dayton Montgomery County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 24, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As management of Summit Academy Transition High School – Dayton (the School), we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008. This was the first year of operations for the School, which began September 28, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Highlights

By agreement with its management company, Summit Academy Management, 100% of all revenue is passed through to the management company in order to manage the affairs of the School. In this regard, a cash management system was fully implemented during fiscal year 2008, in which all School cash was 'swept' into the bank account of the management company. As a result, the School has no cash on June 30, 2008.

The School also has no net assets (the difference between its assets and liabilities) as of June 30, 2008.

The School has intergovernmental receivables of \$33,015 for federal and state grants earned in 2008, but not received until after June 30, 2008. At the same time, the financial statements show a management fee payable to the management company for the same amount, reflecting the 100% pass-through of revenue to the management company.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented by the School are the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The *Balance Sheet* presents information on all the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference being the net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating. However, given the School's management agreement with the management company, which calls for 100% of all receipts to be paid to the management company, the School's net assets balance is not expected to change significantly in the near future.

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets* presents information showing how the School's net assets changed during the year. This statement summarizes operating revenues and expenses, along with non-operating revenues and expenses.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* allows financial statement users to assess the School's adequacy or ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet its obligations in a timely manner. The statement is classified into four categories (as applicable): 1) Cash flows from operating activities, 2) Cash flows from non-capital financing activities, 3) Cash flows from capital and related financing activities, and 4) Cash flows from investing activities.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Finally, it should be noted that the School utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Accrual accounting is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies in that it recognizes revenues and expenses when earned regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Financial Analysis

Since this is the first year of operating the School, only current year activity has been presented. Next year, a two year comparison will be made. The following tables indicate our financial analysis of the School:

c/20/2000

Table 1 - Balance Sheets

	6	/30/2008
Assets		
Cash	\$	-
Intergovernmental receivables		33,015
Total assets	\$	33,015
Liabilities Management fee payable Net Assets Unrestricted	\$	33,015
Liabilities and net assets	\$	33,015

Table 2 - Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Chang

		6/30/2008	
Operating revenues Operating expenses		\$	487,780 681,691
	Operating loss		(193,911)
Non-operating revenues			193,911
	Netincome	\$	_

On the Balance Sheet, intergovernmental receivables were \$33,015 because state and federal grants were owed to the School at June 30, 2008. The management fee payable to the management company equaled the same amount.

With respect to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, operating revenues were \$487,780, which is primarily state foundation revenue resulting from enrollment. Operating expenses were \$681,691 which equals the overall revenues of the School.

Non-operating revenues were \$193,911 as a result of state and federal grant funding.

BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS

Current assets	
Cash	\$ -
Intergovernmental receivables	33,015
Total current assets	\$ 33,015
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current liabilities	
Management fee payable	\$ 33,015
Net assets	
Unrestricted	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 33,015

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008

Operating revenues	
State foundation	\$ 487,780
Total operating revenues	487,780
Operating expenses	
Purchased services	 681,691
Operating loss	(193,911)
Non-operating revenues	
State and Federal grants	 193,911
Net income (loss)	-
Net assets at beginning of year	
Net assets at end of year	\$

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008

Increase (decrease) in cash		
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash from the State of Ohio	\$	487,780
Cash payments to management company		(648,676)
Net cash used for operating activities		(160,896)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
State and Federal grants		160,896
Net decrease in cash		-
Cash at beginning of year		
Cash at end of year	\$	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(193,911)
	Ψ	(195,911)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		
to net cash used for operating activities:		
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Management fee receivable		-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Management fee payable		33,015
Total adjustments		33,015
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(160,896)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY

Summit Academy Transition High School – Dayton, located in Montgomery County (the School), is a state nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 3314 and 1702. The School provides educational, literary, scientific, and related teaching services for "at-risk" children with the symptoms of Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) and Asperger's Syndrome. The School, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any public school district. It began operations on September 28, 2007. The School may sue and be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the School.

As further described in Note 5 to the financial statements, the School has contracted with Summit Academy Management, Inc. (SAM) to employ and facilitate the day-to-day management of the School. SAM is a legally separate nonprofit corporation, the results of which are not reflected in these financial statements.

All members of the School Board are independent of SAM, while the board members of SAM are elected by the majority vote of the affiliated school boards.

SAM also provides management services to the following 26 legally separate community schools whose results of operations are not included herein:

- Summit Academy Akron Elementary School
- Summit Academy Akron Middle School
- Summit Academy Secondary School Akron
- Summit Academy Community School for Alternative Learners Canton
- Summit Academy Secondary School Canton
- Summit Academy Community School Cincinnati
- Summit Academy Transition High School Cincinnati
- Summit Academy Community School Columbus
- Summit Academy Middle School Columbus
- Summit Academy Transition High School Columbus
- Summit Academy Community School Dayton
- Summit Academy Community School for Alternative Learners Lorain
- Summit Academy Middle School Lorain
- Summit Academy Secondary School Lorain
- Summit Academy Community School for Alternative Learners Middletown
- Summit Academy Secondary School Middletown
- Summit Academy Community School Painesville
- Summit Academy Community School Parma
- Summit Academy Community School Toledo
- Summit Academy Secondary School Toledo
- Summit Academy Community School Warren
- Summit Academy Middle School Warren
- Summit Academy Community School for Alternative Learners Xenia
- Summit Academy Community School for Alternative Learners Youngstown
- Summit Academy Middle School Youngstown
- Summit Academy Secondary School Youngstown

The School has been approved for operation under a two year contract effective July 1, 2007 – June 30, 2009 with Kids Count of Dayton, Inc. (Sponsor). The contract renews for additional one-year terms from July 1 to June 30, unless the Sponsor has given written notice of termination at least 90 days prior to the expiration date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL AND REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

The School operates under a self-appointing Board of Directors (the Board). The School's Code of Regulations specifies that vacancies that arise on the Board are filled by the appointment of a successor director by a majority vote of the then-existing directors. The Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract with the Sponsor. These include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental nonprofit organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The School does not apply FASB statements or interpretations issued after November 30, 1989. The more significant of the School's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Equity (i.e., net total assets) is the difference between assets and liabilities. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

C. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the state of Ohio, community schools are generally not required to follow the budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the School's contract with its Sponsor. The contract between the School and its Sponsor, Kids Count of Dayton, Inc., requires a detailed budget in the form of a five-year forecast, as described in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.391.

D. Cash

The School's revenues are received into a demand deposit account, and then are swept into an account of the management company in accordance with the management agreement discussed in Note 5.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The School does not possess any capital assets. All capital assets used by the School belong to SAM as further described in Note 5.

F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The School participates in the State Foundation Program through the Ohio Department of Education. Revenue from this program is recognized as operating revenue in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

The School also participates in various federal and state grant programs through the Ohio Department of Education. Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

G. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities include amounts payable to SAM for various intergovernmental (grant) receivables, in accordance with the School's management contract as further described in Note 5.

H. Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is sometimes required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$0, and the bank balance was \$0.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of intergovernmental (e.g. federal grants receivables. All intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full, due to the stable condition of these programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 5 – AGREEMENT WITH SUMMIT ACADEMY MANAGEMENT

The School has contracted with Summit Academy Management (SAM) to facilitate the day-to-day operations of the School. Per the agreement, the School pays SAM, as a management fee, 100 percent of revenues received. In turn, SAM is responsible for all costs and decisions associated with operating the School. Such costs and decision areas include, but are not limited to: personnel (all teaching and administrative personnel are employees of SAM); insurance; pension and retirement benefits; curriculum materials, textbooks, computers and other equipment, software, and supplies; as well as utilities, janitorial services, and legal and financial management services. SAM is also responsible for maintenance of the School's facility. See Note 14 for the amount of actual direct and indirect expenses incurred by SAM on the School's behalf.

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The School has contracted with SAM to provide all teaching and administrative personnel. Such personnel are employees of SAM; however, the School is responsible for monitoring and ensuring that SAM makes pension contributions on its behalf. The retirement systems consider the School as the "Employer of Record", therefore the School is ultimately responsible for remitting retirement contributions to each of the systems noted below.

A. School Employees Retirement System

On behalf of the School, SAM contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a costsharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-ofliving adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The School's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008 was \$2,958; 97.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

On behalf of the School, SAM also contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (614) 227-4090, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strs.org.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DC portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2007, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008 was \$10,296; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$1,969 made by the School and \$1,875 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2008, no members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

NOTE 7 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

On behalf of the School, SAM participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$0.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School's contribution for health care for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008 was \$1,350; 97.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The School's contribution for Medicare Part B for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was \$213; 97.3 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

On behalf of the School, SAM contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School's contribution for health care for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008 was \$792; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008.

NOTE 8 – OTHER BENEFITS

SAM has contracted with a private carrier to provide employees within the School medical/surgical benefits. SAM pays a portion of the monthly premium for full-time employees and for part-time employees depending on the employee's status. The employees are responsible for the remaining amounts. SAM's and the employees' monthly premiums vary depending upon family size and the level of coverage the employee selected.

SAM also allows employees to participate in 403(b) deferred annuities through four vendors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As of June 30, 2008, the School had a management fee payable to SAM of \$33,015. This payable consists of intergovernmental (grants) receivables to be transferred to SAM to cover expenses incurred by SAM on the School's behalf. During fiscal year 2008, the School paid management fees to SAM totaling \$648,676.

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. SAM has contracted with a commercial insurance company for property and general liability insurance on behalf of the School. Property coverage carries a \$5,000 deductible, with the School's contents insured for \$50,000. General liability coverage provides \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate with a \$2,500 deductible.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past year.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants – The School receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants, which are then remitted to SAM. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2008.

NOTE 12 – TAX EXEMPT STATUS

By letter dated December 6, 2008, the School has been granted status as a tax exempt, non-profit organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3.

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

ODE Review – After the end of the year, the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) conducts reviews of enrollment data submitted by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. The results of this review for fiscal year 2008 resulted in no significant adjustment to the School's state foundation revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 14 – MANAGEMENT COMPANY EXPENSES

As per the agreement with SAM (See Note 5), 100 percent of the School's revenue is paid to SAM as a management fee. The related 'purchased services' expense totaled \$681,691 for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008.

Summit Academy Management incurred the following actual direct and indirect expenses on behalf of the School during fiscal year 2008:

	2008	
- Salaries and Wages Retirement and Insurance Benefits Professional and Technical Services Utilities Services General Supplies Capital Outlay	\$135,013 21,172 23,199 6,148 34,622 19,755	
Interest Expense	21,651	
Food and Related Items	7,444	
Other Direct Costs	3,221	
Total Direct Costs	272,225	
Total Indirect Costs (Overhead)	123,834	
Total Expenses	\$396,059	

Summit Academy Management charges expenses benefiting more than one school (i.e. indirect overhead expenses) pro rata based on the number of students within each school it manages.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Summit Academy Transition High School - Dayton Montgomery County 1405 E. 3rd Street Dayton, Ohio 45403

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited the financial statements of the Summit Academy Transition High School – Dayton, Montgomery County, Ohio, (the School) for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2009, wherein we noted Note 14 was audited by other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the School's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

We consider finding 2008-002 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the School's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

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Summit Academy Transition High School - Dayton Montgomery County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

We also noted a certain internal control matter that we reported to the School's management in a separate letter dated February 24, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2008-001 through 2008-003.

We also noted certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the School's management in a separate letter dated February 24, 2009.

The School's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not audit the School's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and the Community School's sponsor. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

February 24, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS SEPTEMBER 28, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008

FINDING RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2008-001

Finding For Recovery Repaid Under Audit/Material Noncompliance:

Contract for Ohio Charter Community School, Article IV Responsibilities of the Sponsor, Section B Sponsor Fee provides for and in consideration of the 2% of operating funds received by the Charter Community School from the State of Ohio, the Sponsor shall provide monitoring, oversight and technical assistance as required by law. Such payment shall be paid based on monthly invoices from the Sponsor.

For the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008 Kids Count of Dayton, Inc., the sponsor, billed and received payments in excess of the 2% of operating funds received from the State of Ohio. The following table documents the operating funds received from the State of Ohio, the 2% fee that should have been billed and paid, actual amounts billed and paid, and overpayment for the period September 28, 2007 through June 30, 2008.

	Operating funds	Amount Billed		
<u>School</u>	from State of Ohio	2% Fee owed	and Paid	<u>Overpayment</u>
Summit Academy Transition				
High School – Dayton	\$487,779.84	\$9,755.60	\$11,949.13	\$2,193.53

The Academy's Treasurer signed the payments for excess charges.

In accordance with the forgoing facts, and pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public money illegally expended is hereby issued against Kids Count of Dayton, Inc., in the amount of \$2,193.53, and in favor of Summit Academy Transition High School – Dayton.

This finding for recovery was repaid on February 6, 2009 by the management company, on behalf of the School, paying Kid's Count of Dayton, Inc. \$2,193.53 less than the total sponsorship fees due from July, 2008 through January, 2009.

Officials' Response: The School's management company, working in conjunction with Kid's Count of Dayton, Inc., reduced future payments to Kids Count in order to recoup the over-payment to them.

FINDING NUMBER 2008-002

Material Noncompliance/Significant Deficiency:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.03 requires, in part, the contract entered into between a sponsor and the governing authority of a community school to specify that the governing authority will adopt an attendance policy that includes procedures for withdrawal and admission of students. In addition, Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.08 and Ohio Admin. Code Section 3301-29-01 require the governing authority of each community school to annually report the number of students enrolled in the community school. For each student, the governing board of the community school must report the city, exempted village, or local school district in which the student is entitled to attend.

Summit Academy Transition High School – Dayton Montgomery County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2008-002 (Continued)

Material Noncompliance/Significant Deficiency: (Continued)

During testing of the Community School Average Daily Membership (CSADM), we noted CSADM reported 24.65 students in November 2007 and 24.65 students in April 2008. The School attendance records reported 29 students in November 2007 and 29 students in April 2008. As a result, the full-time equivalency count used to determine State Foundation Settlement payments by the Ohio Department of Education through the CSADM system could be understated. The School should reconcile CSADM figures to student attendance records regularly. In addition, the governing authority or management company should monitor the accuracy of the information entered in the CSADM system. This will help ensure the accuracy of CSADM data used to calculate the State Foundation Settlement payments.

Officials' Response: The School will reconcile the CSADM student head count to the student attendance records regularly. In addition, the School or management company will more closely monitor the accuracy of the information being inputted into the CSADM system.

FINDING NUMBER 2008-003

Noncompliance:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 3314.02(E)(1) states, in part. that "each new start-up community school established under this chapter shall be under the direction of a governing authority which shall consist of a board of not less than five individuals.

The Board of Directors was composed of less than five individuals for the entire year. Additionally, all of the Board members resigned at the May 6, 2008 Board meeting, leaving no Board members governing the School for the rest of the fiscal year.

The Board of Directors is the School's governing body and its involvement is an integral part of the internal control environment. It is the responsibility of the Board of Directors to monitor the School's financial performance and provide oversight for the School's operations.

The following are some of the duties the Board of Directors should perform:

The Board of Directors should monitor the School's financial performance and transactions that affect the School's financial position. The Board should review the School's annual financial statements prepared by the Treasurer. The Board should also review the School's audit report and any recommendations made by the Auditor of State's Office. The Board should monitor State Foundation revenue and review and approve grant applications and spending. The Board should approve lunch and class materials fees. Finally, the Board should approve any bank accounts that are opened or closed on behalf of the School.

A proactive Board of Directors is an important part of an effective system of internal controls. The Board should monitor the School's receipts, expenditures, bank statements, and bank reconciliations for each month during the year. The Board should ask the Treasurer any questions it might have about the financial reports, bank statements, or bank reconciliations it receives.

The School should take steps to ensure the Board is composed of the requisite number of members and to ensure any open positions are filled in a timely manner.

Officials' Response: The School and its management company will take the appropriate steps to ensure that the School Board consists of at least five members during the year. In addition, the management company will make a concerted effort to provide the School Board with all necessary financial and other information necessary to govern the School.





SUMMIT ACADEMY TRANSITION HIGH SCHOOL-DAYTON

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 16, 2009

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