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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Quest Academy Community School Allen County 190 East Eighth Street Lima, Ohio 45804

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the basic financial statements of Quest Academy Community School, Allen County, (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Academy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Quest Academy Community School, Allen County, as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2009, on our consideration of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 23, 2009

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Quest Academy Community School's (the Academy) financial performance provides an overall view of the Academy's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Academy's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Academy's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- In total, net assets were \$48,727 at June 30, 2009.
- The Academy had operating revenues of \$965,829 and operating expenses of \$1,338,421 for fiscal year 2009. The Academy also received \$420,351 in federal and state grants during fiscal year 2009. The total change in net assets for the fiscal year was an increase of \$47,482.

Using This Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the Academy's financial activities. The statement of net assets and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets provide information about the activities of the Academy, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations.

Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows

These documents look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Academy's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Academy as a whole, the financial position of the Academy has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. These statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and is meeting the cash flow needs of its operations. The statement of cash flows can be found on page 9 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 1 provides a summary of the Academy's net assets for fiscal year 2009 compared to fiscal year 2008:

Table 1

Net Assets			
Assets	2009	2008	
Current Assets	\$187,425	\$100,669	
Capital Assets, Net	24,638	26,075	
Total Assets	212,063	126,744	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	163,336	117,627	
Noncurrent Liabilities		7,872	
Total Liabilities	163,336	125,499	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets	22,218	18,203	
Restricted	37,178	44,859	
Unrestricted	(10,669)	(61,817)	
Total Net Assets	\$ 48,727	\$ 1,245	

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2009, the Academy's net assets totaled \$48,727. Both current assets and current liabilities increased during fiscal year 2009. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$60,230 in fiscal year 2009.

The revenue generated by community schools are heavily dependent upon per-pupil allotment given by the State foundation program and federal entitlement programs. Foundation payments attributed to 68.79 percent of total operating and non-operating revenues during fiscal year 2009. The increase in funding corresponds to the increase in enrollment.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets show the cost of operating expenses and the revenues offsetting those services. Table 2 shows the total amount of operating and non-operating expenses and the revenues associated with those expenses for the year. That is, it identifies the amount of operating expenses supported by State and other funding.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets

	2009	2008
Operating Revenue		
State foundation	\$ 953,537	\$738,707
Food Services	5,310	5,684
Other Operating Revenues	6,982	159
Total Operating Revenues	965,829	744,550
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and Wages	724,258	680,442
Fringe Benefits	216,075	163,260
Purchased Services	308,446	245,109
Materials and Supplies	68,242	69,036
Depreciation Expense	9,610	10,334
Other Operating Expense	11,610	14,549
Total Operating Expenses	1,338,241	1,182,730

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
(Continued)

(00111111404)		
	2009	2008
Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses)		
Operating Grants – Federal and State	420,351	247,435
Contributions and Donations		2,110
Interest Income	31	177
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(488)	(955)
Total Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses)	419,894	248,767
Change in Net Assets	47,482	(189,413)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	1,245	190,658
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 48,727	\$ 1,245

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the Academy had \$22,356 invested in furniture, fixtures, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and \$2,282 invested in leasehold improvements, net of accumulated depreciation. Table 3 shows fiscal year 2009 balances compared to fiscal year 2008:

Table 3
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	2009	2008
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	\$22,356	\$23,565
Leasehold Improvements	2,282	2,510
Totals	\$24,638	\$26,075

For more information on capital assets, see Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 the Academy had \$2,420 in capital lease obligations outstanding, the entire amount is due within one year. Table 4 summarizes the capital lease obligation outstanding.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	2009	2008
Capital Leases Payable	\$2,420	\$7,872

For more information on outstanding debt, see Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

Current Financial Issues

The utilization of the Lucas County Educational Service Center as the Academy's fiscal agent greatly improves its internal control structure and the quality of its financial records. During the 2008-2009 fiscal school year, there were approximately 129 students enrolled in the Academy.

In order to continually provide learning opportunities to the Academy's students, the Academy will apply resources to best meet the needs of its students. It is the intent of the Academy to apply for State and Federal funds that are made available to finance operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 UNAUDITED (Continued)

CONTACTING THE ACADEMY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to show the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information contact Mr. John Doxie, Treasurer of Quest Academy Community School, 190 E. 8th Street, Lima, Ohio 45804 or e-mail at john.doxie@huntington.com.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

Assets: Current Assets:	¢424.027
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$131,937
Receivables:	
Accounts	2,444
Intergovernmental	44,428
Prepayments	8,616
Total Current Assets	187,425
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	24,638
Total Non-Current Assets	24,638
Total Assets	212,063
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	10,610
Compensated Absences Payable	3,011
Accrued Wages and Benefits	75,762
Due to Students	2,757
Intergovernmental Payable	18,120
Pension Obligation Payable	50,656
Lease Payable	2,420
Total Current Liabilities	163,336
Net Assets:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	22,218
Restricted	37,178
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,669)
Total Net Assets	\$48,727

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Operating Revenues:	
State Foundation	\$953,537
Food Services	5,310
Other Operating Revenues	6,982
Total Operating Revenues	965,829
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Wages	724,258
Fringe Benefits	216,075
Purchased Services	308,446
Materials and Supplies	68,242
Depreciation	9,610
Other Operating Expenses	11,610
Total Operating Expenses	1,338,241
Operating Loss	(372,412)
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses:	
Federal and State Operating grants	420,351
Interest Revenue	31
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(488)
Total Non-Operating Revenues and (Expenses)	419,894
Change in Net Assets	47,482
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	1,245
Net Assets at End of Year	\$48,727

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	***
Cash Received from State Foundation	\$953,537
Cash Received from Food Service Operations	6,610
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	6,172
Cash Payments for Salaries and Wages	(716,145)
Cash Payments for Fringe Benefits	(202,969)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(305,457)
Cash Payments for Materials and Supplies	(63,165)
Cash Payments for Other Expenses	(8,581)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(329,998)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:	
Cash Received from Operating Grants - Federal and State	398,275
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	398,275
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Cash Payments for Interest and Fiscal Charges	(488)
Cash Payments for Principal Retirement on Capital Lease	(5,452)
Cash Payments for Acquisition of Capital Assets	(2,138)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(8,078)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Cash Received from Interest on Investments	31
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	60,230
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	71,707
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$131,937
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	(\$372,412)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	9,610
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	.,-
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(2,444)
(Increase) in Prepayments	(2,006)
Increase in Accounts Payable	2,568
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	777
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	9,196
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	14,274
(Decrease) in Due to Students	(1,181)
Increase in Pension Obligation Payable	11,620
Total Adjustments	42,414
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$329,998)

Non-Cash Transactions:

At June 30, 2009, the Academy purchased \$6,035 in capital assets that are included in accounts payable.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ACADEMY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Quest Academy Community School (the Academy) is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The Academy is an approved tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect the Academy's tax-exempt status.

The Academy's objective is to provide a holistic education utilizing the classroom as well as the community. The educational approach addresses multiple learning styles while emphasizing teamwork, community service and family involvement to build on the students' cultural inheritance in order to nurture their individual creativity, talents, and special interests.

The Academy is a general population school, although a majority of the students are anticipated to reside in neighborhoods whose populations are "at risk" demographically: low income, low education levels, higher unemployment than surrounding areas, high transience rate, and a correspondingly high percentage of rental homes and aged housing in poor repair. The Academy provided services to students in grades kindergarten through sixth for the fiscal year ended 2009.

The Academy, which is part of the State's education program, is independent of any school district and is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. The Academy may acquire facilities as needed and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the school.

The Academy was approved for operation under a contract with the Lucas County Educational Service Center (the Sponsor) for a period of five years commencing in the 2006 academic year. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Academy and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration or terminate the contract prior to its expiration.

The Academy operates under the direction of a seven-member Governing Board. The Governing Board is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract, which include but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards, and qualifications of teachers. The Governing Board controls the Academy's one instructional/support facility staffed by 10 non-certified and 19 certificated full time teaching personnel who provide services to 129 students.

The Academy has entered into a service agreement with the Sponsor to provide certain financial and accounting services and the Treasurer of the Sponsor serves as the Chief Financial Officer of the Academy. (See Note 14)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Academy have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to a governmental nonprofit organization. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Academy also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its enterprise activities, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Academy's accounting policies are described below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The Academy's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows. The Academy uses enterprise accounting to track and report on its financial activities. Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position, and cash flows.

B. Measurement Focus

Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the statements of net assets. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Academy finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. The Academy's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Revenues resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the Academy receives value without directly giving equal value in return, such as grants and entitlements, are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to Academy on reimbursement basis.

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

D. Budgetary Process

Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5705, unless specifically provided in the contract between the Academy and its Sponsor. The contract between the Academy and its Sponsor does prescribe an annual budget requirement in addition to preparing a five-year forecast, which is to be updated on an annual basis.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the Academy are accounted for by the Academy's fiscal agent, the Lucas County Educational Service Center. All cash received by the fiscal agent is maintained in separate bank accounts in the Academy's name. Monies for the Academy are maintained in these accounts or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net assets, investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Academy are considered to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Intergovernmental Revenues

The Academy currently participates in the State Foundation Basic Aid Program and the State Special Education Program. Revenues from these programs are recognized as operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements are met.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements are met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Academy must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditures requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Academy on a reimbursement basis.

The Academy participates in various federal and state programs through the Ohio Department of Education. The programs the Academy participated in during fiscal year 2009 include: EMIS, ONE NET, SCHOOL NET, IDEA Part B, Title I, Title IIA, Title IID, Title IV, Title V, ECSE IDEA, 21st Century Grant, and the School Lunch and Breakfast Programs. Amounts received under the above named programs for fiscal year 2009 totaled \$420,351.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2009, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Academy maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand dollars for tangible assets and fifteen thousand dollars for improvements to capital assets. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5
Leasehold Improvements	15

I. Accrued Liabilities

The Academy has recognized certain expenses due but unpaid as of June 30, 2009. These expenses are reported as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements, which include STRS and SERS employer's share of \$50,656, Medicare of \$1,027 and worker's compensation of \$1,140.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Compensated Absences

Full-time Academy staff earn vacation leave each year, after six months of service, and are allowed to carry-over any unused vacation leave to subsequent school years. Vacation leave must be used, in lieu of payment, prior to separation of employment.

Personal leave may not be accumulated from year to year; however, personal days remaining at June 30 are compensated to each staff member at the rate of \$100 dollars per unused day. Fourteen members of the staff had personal leave earned in the current year that had not been used at year-end. The unused personal leave amounts are shown as current liabilities.

Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may accumulate to equal the number of days contracted, plus sixty. Sick leave is not paid upon termination. Upon retirement, regular employees of the Academy shall be entitled to severance pay based upon the monetary value of their accumulated and unused sick leave at the time of retirement at the rate of one-fourth of the first one hundred twenty days plus one-seventh of any days in excess of the one hundred twenty days, at the per diem rate at the time of retirement. Currently the Academy does not have any employees eligible to receive severance pay.

K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditor, grantor, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Academy applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities. For the Academy, these revenues are primarily foundation payments from the State. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the Academy. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statues require the classification of the monies held by the Academy into three categories:

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Academy Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive monies are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts including but not limited to passbook accounts.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of
 the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, or Ohio local governments;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Academy, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the Academy's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the Academy's deposits was \$131,937. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," as of June 30, 2009, the Academy's entire bank balance of \$153,230 was insured by federal depository insurance.

All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve bank in the name of the Academy.

The Academy has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Academy to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

B. Investments

The Academy had no investments.

4. ACCOUNTABILITY

For fiscal year 2009, the Academy has implemented GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," GASB Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments," GASB Statement No 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments," and GASB Statement No. 56 "Condition of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards."

GASB Statement No. 49 address accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 49 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 52 improves the quality of financial reporting by requiring endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value, creating consistency in reporting among similar entities that exist to invest resources for the purpose of generating income. The implementation GASB Statement No. 52 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

4. ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 55 incorporates the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the GASB's authoritative literature. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 55 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

GASB Statement No. 56 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance presented in American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Statements on Auditing Standards. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 56 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Academy.

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009, consisted of intergovernmental receivables arising from grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectable in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

Receivables	Amount	
Intergovernmental:		
State food service	\$ 95	
Title I	19,729	
21st Century	24,604	
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	44,428	
Accounts Receivable	2,444	
Total Receivables	\$46,872	

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/08	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/08
Capital Assets:	00/00/00	7 tuantions	Doddottotto	00/00/00
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	\$95,563	\$8,173		\$103,736
Leasehold Improvements	3,422	. ,		3,422
Total Capital Assets	98,985	8,173		107,158
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(71,998)	(9,382)		(81,380)
Leasehold Improvements	(912)	(228)		(1,140)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(72,910)	(9,610)		(82,520)
Total Capital Assets,				
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$26,075	(\$1,437)	\$0	\$24,638

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Insurance Coverage

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Academy contracted with the Indiana Insurance Company for insurance coverage as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Commercial General Liability	\$ 1,000,000
General Aggregate	2,000,000
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
Excess Liability	2,000,000
Directors and Officers Liability	1,000,000
Directors and Officers Aggregate	3,000,000

The Academy owns no real estate, but leases a facility located at 190 E. 8th Street, Lima, Ohio, 45804.

Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from fiscal year 2008.

B. Workers' Compensation

The Academy pays the State Worker's Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage. The premium is calculated by multiplying the monthly total gross payroll by a factor that is calculated by the State.

C. Employee Medical and Life Benefits

The Academy has contracted through an independent agent to provide employee medical and life insurance to its full time employees who work 20 or more hours per week. The Academy pays the monthly premiums for all selected coverage (medical and life insurance).

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The Academy contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code.

SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5852. It is also posted on the School Employee Retirement System's web site, www.ohsers.org, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Academy is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the allocation to the pension and death benefits is 9.09 percent. The remaining 4.91 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The Academy's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$18,642, \$14,887 and \$12,507 respectively; 77.98 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The Academy participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member.

A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Academy was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Academy's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$64,596, \$65,382, and \$54,067 respectively; 89.34 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2009 were \$4,877 made by the Academy and \$8,021 made by the plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2009, certain numbers of the Governing Board have elected Social Security. The Academy's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Postemployment Benefits

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan the School Retirement System of Ohio (SERS administers two post-employment benefit plans).

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 02dicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40, SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2009, the actuarially required allocation is .75 percentage. The School District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$1,538, \$851, and \$769, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Health Care Plan

ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMOs, PPOs, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percentage contribution to the Health Care Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the health care allocation is 4.16 percentage. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percentage of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percentage of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2009, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percentage employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Academy's contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$8,531, \$8,728, and \$7,501, respectively.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.* The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The Academy contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2009, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

The Academy's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$4,969, \$5,029, and \$4,088 respectively; 89.34 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2009 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

10. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Full-time Academy staff earns vacation leave each year, after six months of service, and are allowed to carry over any unused vacation leave to subsequent school years. Vacation leave must be used, in lieu of payment, prior to separation of employment.

Personal leave may not be accumulated from year to year; however personal days remaining at June 30 are compensated to each staff member at the rate of \$100 per unused day.

Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may accumulate to equal the number of days contracted, plus sixty. Sick leave is not paid upon termination. Upon retirement, regular employees of the Academy shall be entitled to severance pay based upon the monetary value of their accumulated and unused sick leave at the time of retirement at the rate of one-fourth of the first one hundred twenty days plus one-seventh of any days in excess of the 120 days, at the per diem rate at time of retirement.

11. OPERATING LEASES

The Academy entered into a lease for classroom facilities with the Philippian Missionary Baptist Church, located at 190 East Eighth Street, Lima, Ohio. The term of the lease is for one year commencing on July 1, 2008 and ending on June 30, 2009. The rent for the lease is \$36,000 annually, payable in equal monthly installments of \$3,000 each.

12. CAPITALIZED LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The Academy entered into a capital lease for a copying machine. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. The capital lease has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The capital lease has a term of 60 months and is payable monthly. The capital lease principal payments for the fiscal year totaled \$ 5,452. In addition to the lease payments, the lease agreement included an excess copy charge of \$0.021 per copy for copies in excess of 10,000 copies per month on each copier.

The Academy's long-term obligations at year-end consist of the following:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	6/30/08	Additions	Reductions	6/30/09	One Year
Konica K7145	\$7,872	\$0	(\$5,452)	\$2,420	\$2,420

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$2,420	\$56	\$2,476

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

12. CAPITALIZED LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (Continued)

The Academy had committed to the purchase of a copier with the Philippian Missionary Baptist Church who also leased a copier. The two copiers were leased under one lease agreement in order to keep costs at a minimum. The Church and the Academy each separately pay their proportionate share of the lease on a monthly basis.

13. PURCHASED SERVICES

For the year ended June 30, 2009, purchased service expenses were payments for services rendered by various vendors, as follows:

Professional and Technical Services	\$89,457
Property Services	95,506
Travel Mileage/Meeting Expense	10,633
Communications	18,178
Contracted Craft or Trade Services	91,353
Transportation Fees	1,561
Other	1,758
Total Purchased Services	\$308,446

14. FISCAL AGENT

The Academy entered into a service agreement as part of its Sponsorship contract with the Fiscal Officer of the Lucas County Educational Service Center to serve as the Chief Fiscal Officer of the Academy. As part of this agreement, the Academy shall compensate the Lucas County Educational Service Center two percent (2 percent) of the per pupil allotment paid to the Academy from the State of Ohio. A total contract payment of \$22,894 was paid during the fiscal year, and an amount of \$2,331 was accrued as a liability for the year ended June 30, 2009.

The contract stipulates that the Fiscal Officer shall perform all of the following functions while serving as the Chief Fiscal Officer of the Academy:

- Maintain custody of all funds received by the Academy in segregated accounts separate from the Sponsor or any other Community School's funds;
- Maintain all books and accounts of the Academy;
- Maintain all financial records of the Academy and follow procedures for receiving and expending state funds, which procedures shall include that the Fiscal Officer shall disburse money only upon receipt of a voucher signed by the Chief Administrative Officer of the Academy or that Officer's designee;
- Assist the Academy in meeting all financial reporting requirements established by the Auditor of Ohio;
- Invest funds of the Academy in the same manner as the funds of the Sponsor are invested, but the Fiscal Officer shall not commingle the funds with any of the Sponsor or any other community school; and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

14. FISCAL AGENT (continued)

Pay obligations incurred by the Academy within a reasonable amount of time, not more than 14
calendar days after receipt of a properly executed voucher signed by the Chief Administrative
Officer of the Academy so long as the proposed expenditure is within the approved budget and
funds are available.

15. RELATED PARTIES

The Academy committed to the purchase of a copier under a capital lease in the name of Philippian Missionary Baptist Church. The Philippian Missionary Baptist Church is also leasing a copier. The two copiers were leased under one legal agreement to obtain a better price for each copier. The Executive Administrator (Superintendent) for Quest Academy is also the minister of the Philippian Missionary Baptist Church. During the year ended 2009, the Academy leased classroom space from the church and also paid the maintenance costs. (See Notes 11 and 12)

16. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Academy receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the operating funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial statements or on the overall financial position of the Academy at June 30, 2009.

B. Litigation

The Academy is not involved in any litigation that, in the opinion of management would have material effect on the financial statements.

C. School Funding

The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. The Academy anticipates no adjustments to State funding for fiscal year 2010, as a result of the reviews which have yet to be completed.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Quest Academy Community School Allen County 190 East Eighth Street Lima, Ohio 45804

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the financial statements of Quest Academy Community School, Allen County, (the Academy), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Academy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Academy's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Academy's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the Academy's management in a separate letter dated November 23, 2009.

One First National Plaza / 130 W. Second St. / Suite 2040 / Dayton, OH 45402 Telephone: (937) 285-6677 (800) 443-9274 Fax: (937) 285-6688

Quest Academy Community School
Allen County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters
Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Academy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note a certain noncompliance or other matter that we reported to the Academy's management in a separate letter dated November 23, 2009.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Academy's sponsor, and the Governing Board. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 23, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Quest Academy Community School Allen County 190 East Eighth Street Lima, Ohio 45804

To the Governing Board:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Quest Academy Community School (the Academy) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. The Board had not adopted an anti-harassment policy.
- 2. The policy, should include the following requirements from Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666(B):
 - 1) A statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student on school property or at school-sponsored events;
 - 2) A definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that shall include the definition in division (A) of Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666;
 - 3) A procedure for reporting prohibited incidents;
 - 4) A requirement that school personnel report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the school principal or other administrator designated by the principal;
 - 5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;
 - 6) A procedure for documenting any prohibited incident that is reported;

Quest Academy Community School Allen County Independent Accountants' Report Agreed Upon Procedures Page 2

- 7) A procedure for responding to and investigating any reported incident;
- 8) A strategy for protecting a victim from additional harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and from retaliation following a report;
- 9) A disciplinary procedure for any student guilty of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, which shall not infringe on any student's rights under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States:
- 10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

Since an anti-harassment policy had not been adopted, the above ten requirements had not been incorporated into a policy.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 23, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

QUEST ACADEMY COMMUNITY SCHOOL

ALLEN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 24, 2009