BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Maumee City School District 716 Askin St. Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Maumee City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

January 6, 2009



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets	
of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	18 - 19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	20
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	21
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	22
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund	23
Statement of Changes in Flauciary Fee Fissels Frauciary Fand	23
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	24 - 50
Supplementary Data:	
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards	51
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	52 - 53
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program	
and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	54 - 55
Schedule of Findings and Responses OMB Circular A-133 §.505	56 - 59
Status of Prior Audit Findings OMB Circular A-133 § 505	60

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Maumee City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Maumee City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2008 on our consideration of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Education Maumee City School District Page Two

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Maumee City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 1, 2008

Julian & Sube, Elec!

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Maumee City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$387,791 which represents a 2.84% decrease from 2007.
- General revenues accounted for \$30,190,918 in revenue or 87.05% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,491,730 or 12.95% of all revenues.
- The District reported a \$111,944 gain on the sale of the board office. This gain is reported as a special item in the financial statements.
- The District had \$35,182,383 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,491,730 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had \$27,607,103 in revenues and other financing sources and \$27,857,351 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2008, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$251,216 from \$533,919 to \$282,703.
- The debt service fund had \$3,416,578 in revenues and \$3,153,390 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2008, the debt service fund's fund balance increased \$263,188 from \$1,297,613 to \$1,560,801.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has two major funds: the general fund and the debt service fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and debt service fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-21 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some of its scholarship and foundation programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 22 and 23. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 24-50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A comparative analysis has been provided.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2008 and 2007.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 29,936,885	\$ 32,072,845
Capital assets, net	48,443,242	49,075,967
Total assets	78,380,127	81,148,812
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	23,769,967	24,915,707
Long-term liabilities	41,340,808	42,575,962
Total liabilities	65,110,775	67,491,669
Net assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	10,521,064	9,756,703
Restricted	2,539,137	3,213,239
Unrestricted	209,151	687,201
Total net assets	\$ 13,269,352	\$ 13,657,143

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

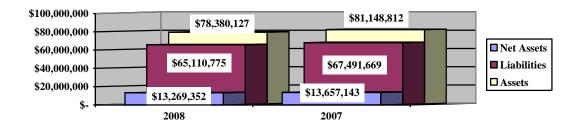
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$13,269,352; of this total, \$2,539,137 is restricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 61.81% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2008, were \$10,521,064. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$2,539,137, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of the restricted net assets, \$1,649,424 is restricted for debt service.

The table below provides a summary of the District's assets, liabilities and net assets for 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2008	2007		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,611,458	\$ 1,680,373		
Operating grants and contributions	2,760,594	2,206,051		
Capital grants and contributions	119,678	181,644		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	21,432,488	25,649,165		
Grants and entitlements	8,125,027	7,100,948		
Investment earnings	313,307	340,480		
Other	320,096	67,588		
Total revenues	34,682,648	37,226,249		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 15,400,491	\$ 14,747,213
Special	3,167,857	3,186,893
Vocational	339,265	228,567
Adult/continuing	25,023	81,255
Other	373,982	391,463
Support services:		
Pupil	1,411,865	1,345,556
Instructional staff	910,500	659,698
Board of education	60,269	37,065
Administration	2,789,343	2,570,967
Fiscal	854,088	654,905
Business	198,852	271,905
Operations and maintenance	3,436,318	3,280,757
Pupil transportation	959,263	1,013,706
Central	258,364	248,045
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	1,067,574	1,069,403
Other non-instructional services	55,903	75,583
Extracurricular activities	1,685,864	1,020,188
Intergovernmental	433,550	552,579
Interest and fiscal charges	1,754,012	1,780,053
Total	35,182,383	33,215,801
Special item	111,944	
Change in net assets	(387,791)	4,010,448
Net assets at beginning of year	13,657,143	9,646,695
Net assets at end of year	\$ 13,269,352	\$ 13,657,143

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$387,791. Total governmental expenses of \$35,182,383 were offset by program revenues of \$4,491,730 and general revenues of \$30,190,918. Program revenues supported 12.77% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 84.95% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years. As a result of the latest update by Lucas County in 2003, the District's tax valuation increased by 4.56% on average.

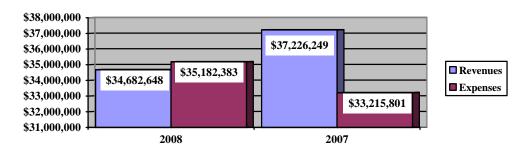
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Voters approved a \$42,000,000 bond levy in May 2003. This levy, which generates approximately \$2,552,878 per year for 28 years, is expected to provide revenue for debt service through fiscal year 2031. In November 2005, voters approved a 4.8 mill continuing operating levy.

The District's financial condition had remained strong throughout the years, primarily due to the Arrowhead Industrial Park, a business community predominately located within the boundaries of the District. Unfortunately, with the passage of HB 66 the tangible personal property tax is being phased out over time, and with increased assessed valuation locally, the District will be receiving a reduction in State support. The District is projecting no additional State funding in future years.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

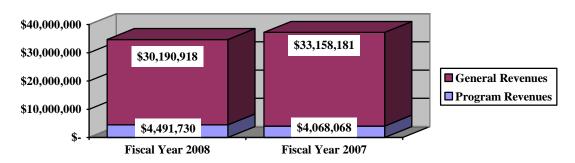
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2008	2008	2007	2007
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 15,400,491	\$ 14,730,664	\$ 14,747,213	\$ 14,109,390
Special	3,167,857	2,021,079	3,186,893	2,276,281
Vocational	339,265	325,286	228,567	213,991
Adult/continuing	25,023	14,708	81,255	81,255
Other	373,982	373,982	391,463	281,329
Support services:				
Pupil	1,411,865	1,411,865	1,345,556	1,345,556
Instructional staff	910,500	771,106	659,698	476,914
Board of education	60,269	60,269	37,065	37,065
Administration	2,789,343	2,770,536	2,570,967	2,568,725
Fiscal	854,088	844,315	654,905	645,288
Business	198,852	95,828	271,905	140,348
Operations and maintenance	3,436,318	3,419,818	3,280,757	3,230,411
Pupil transportation	959,263	888,185	1,013,706	918,137
Central	258,364	212,113	248,045	198,862
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	1,067,574	79,986	1,069,403	153,082
Other non-instructional services	55,903	9,123	75,583	45,193
Extracurricular activities	1,685,864	968,999	1,020,188	587,614
Intergovernmental	433,550	(61,221)	552,579	58,239
Interest and fiscal charges	1,754,012	1,754,012	1,780,053	1,780,053
Total	\$ 35,182,383	\$ 30,690,653	\$ 33,215,801	\$ 29,147,733

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 90.46% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.23%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,901,446, which is less than last year's total of \$3,601,923. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Fund Balance <u>June 30, 2008</u>	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ 282,703	\$ 533,919	\$ (251,216)
Debt service	1,560,801	1,297,613	263,188
Other governmental	1,057,942	1,770,391	(712,449)
Total	\$ 2,901,446	\$ 3,601,923	\$ (700,477)

General Fund

During fiscal year 2008, the District's general fund balance decreased \$251,216, which is primarily due to a reduction in tax revenues as a result of the phase-out of tangible personal property tax.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2008	2007	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 18,900,025	\$ 21,634,071	(12.64) %
Tuition	344,276	306,271	12.41 %
Earnings on investments	243,445	273,026	(10.83) %
Intergovernmental	7,808,121	6,945,606	12.42 %
Other revenues	290,726	93,176	212.02 %
Total	\$ 27,586,593	\$ 29,252,150	(5.69) %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 17,318,680	\$ 16,084,387	7.67 %
Support services	9,768,086	8,679,352	12.54 %
Other non-instructional services	4,810	3,276	46.83 %
Extracurricular activities	715,275	651,177	9.84 %
Total	\$ 27,806,851	\$ 25,418,192	9.40 %

Tax revenue decreased 12.64% when compared to the prior fiscal year. This is due to HB 66, which phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses. The District is reimbursed for this lost revenue from the State, which is the primary reason intergovernmental revenues increased 12.42% from the prior year. This reimbursement will be phased out in calendar years 2011-2017. The decrease in earnings on investments is due to lower interest rates when compared to the prior fiscal year. Other revenues increased 212.02%, which is primarily due to an increase in refunds and reimbursements revenue over the prior fiscal year.

The increase in instruction, support services and extracurricular expenditures are all due to the increased cost of wages and benefits and materials and supplies over the prior fiscal year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2008, the District amended its general fund budgeted revenue. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues of \$27,500,480 were decreased to \$26,429,956 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2008 were \$27,944,707 which was \$1,514,751 more than the final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$27,641,442 were increased \$267,730 to \$27,909,172 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$27,508,708, which was \$400,464 less than the final budget appropriations.

Debt Service Fund

During fiscal year 2008, the District's debt service fund balance increased \$263,188. The debt service fund had \$3,416,578 in revenues and \$3,153,390 in expenditures. Although tax revenue in 2008 decreased approximately \$220,000 from 2007, the debt service fund generates resources greater than the required debt service payments. The fund balance of the debt service fund increased from \$1,297,613 to \$1,560,801.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$48,443,242 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2008 balances compared to 2007:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2008	2007			
Land	\$ 1,009,875	\$ 1,014,174			
Construction in progress	78,568	2,200,041			
Land improvements	196,864	223,661			
Buildings and improvements	46,323,905	45,002,658			
Furniture and equipment	375,448	420,506			
Vehicles	458,582	214,927			
Total	\$ 48,443,242	\$49,075,967			

Total additions to capital assets for 2008 were \$1,295,000. The overall decrease in capital assets of \$632,725 is primarily due to capital outlays exceeding the \$1,913,507 in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2008.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$37,405,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$1,400,000 is due within one year and \$36,005,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
General obligation debt: General obligation bonds	\$ 37,405,000	<u>\$38,780,000</u>
Total	\$37,405,000	\$38,780,000

At June 30, 2008, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$9,582,589 with an unvoted debt margin of \$504,742.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)

Current Related Financial Activities

Traditionally, the District has had a strong financial base and a somewhat stable revenue source. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on property (real and personal tangible) taxes and the State foundation program. Due to the phase out of tangible personal property tax, the District's tax revenues have decreases versus prior years. It is likely that the District will need to pass an additional operating levy in the near future. The District is always presented with challenges and opportunities, including national economic events, new and recently enacted legislation eliminating the tangible personal property tax base and the No Child Left Behind Act.

Considering the external economic challenges, the District's financial outlook is not as solid as many believe. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. In spite of the projected monetary shortfall the District continues to perform at one of the highest levels determined by the State of Ohio, which is measured by a defined set of proficiency criteria. Our most recent State report card shows the District's students achieving 28 of 30 indicators earning the District its first ever "excellent with distinction" rating.

The District has communicated to its community that it relies upon their support for the major part of its operations, and will continue to diligently control expenses in an effort to stay within the District's five year financial plan. State law retards the growth of income generated by local levies rendering revenue relatively constant. This lack of revenue growth forces the District to go to the voters periodically to ask for additional financial support.

A challenge facing the District is the future of State funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Subsequent decisions by the Supreme Court has upheld this earlier decision. Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth.

As a result, all of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the students desired needs over the next several years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Paul Brotzki, Treasurer, Maumee City School District, 716 Askin Street, Maumee, Ohio 43537.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:		_		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,347,775		
Receivables:				
Taxes		23,447,383		
Accounts		138,520		
Intergovernmental		347,846		
Accrued interest		50,632		
Prepayments		26,984		
Materials and supplies inventory		37,326		
Unamortized bond issue costs		540,419		
Capital assets:				
Land		1,009,875		
Construction in progress		78,568		
Depreciable capital assets, net		47,354,799		
Capital assets, net		48,443,242		
		,,		
Total assets		78,380,127		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		117,083		
Accrued wages and benefits		2,736,320		
Pension obligation payable		649,114		
Intergovernmental payable		81,279		
Accrued interest payable		147,053		
Unearned revenue		20,039,118		
Long-term liabilities:		-,,		
Due within one year		1,795,453		
Due in more than one year		39,545,355		
Zue in more time one year vivivivivi		0,0000		
Total liabilities		65,110,775		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		10,521,064		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		393,730		
Debt service		1,649,424		
Locally funded programs		101,353		
State funded programs		75,996		
Federally funded programs		9,403		
Student activities		125,201		
Other purposes		184,030		
Unrestricted		209,151		
Total net assets	\$	13,269,352		
1 Ottal Hot dosoto	Ψ	13,407,334		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

						ram Revenues			R	et (Expense) Levenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Expenses		harges for Services and Sales	G	Operating Frants and Ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:		Expenses		and Sales		JIII IDUIIOIIS	Con	iti ibutions		Activities
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	15,400,491	\$	436,416	\$	123,888	\$	109,523	\$	(14,730,664)
Special		3,167,857		106,026	·	1,040,752		, <u>-</u>		(2,021,079)
Vocational		339,265		, _		13,979		-		(325,286)
Adult/continuing		25,023		10,315		· -		-		(14,708)
Other		373,982		-		-		-		(373,982)
Support services:										
Pupil		1,411,865		-		_		-		(1,411,865)
Instructional staff		910,500		1,123		138,271		-		(771,106)
Board of education		60,269		-		-		-		(60,269)
Administration		2,789,343		-		18,807		-		(2,770,536)
Fiscal		854,088		-		9,773		-		(844,315)
Business		198,852		31,920		71,104		-		(95,828)
Operations and maintenance		3,436,318		16,500		_		-		(3,419,818)
Pupil transportation		959,263		-		60,923		10,155		(888,185)
Central		258,364		600		45,651		-		(212,113)
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		1,067,574		672,818		314,770		-		(79,986)
Other non-instructional services		55,903		41,983		4,797		-		(9,123)
Extracurricular activities		1,685,864		293,757		423,108		-		(968,999)
Intergovernmental		433,550		-		494,771		-		61,221
Interest and fiscal charges		1,754,012		-		-		-		(1,754,012)
Total governmental activities	\$	35,182,383	\$	1,611,458	\$	2,760,594	\$	119,678		(30,690,653)
Total governmental activities	Ψ	33,102,303		· · · · · ·		2,700,374	Ψ	117,070		(30,070,033)
				neral revenues						
				coperty taxes le						10.256.556
										18,256,556
										2,832,123
										343,809
				rants and entitl						0.125.027
										8,125,027
										313,307
			IVI	iscellaneous .	• • •					320,096
			To	otal general rev	enues					30,190,918
			Spe	ecial item:						
					oard o	ffice				111,944
			Cha	ange in net asse	ets					(387,791)
			Net	t assets at begi	inning	of year				13,657,143
			Net	t assets at end	of yea	r			\$	13,269,352

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		Debt General Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:				_		_		
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash investments	\$	2,599,537	\$	1,375,467	\$	1,209,026	\$	5,184,030
Receivables:								
Taxes		20,000,852		3,076,559		369,972		23,447,383
Accounts		138,298		-		222		138,520
Intergovernmental		347,846		-		-		347,846
Accrued interest		33,736		16,896		-		50,632
Prepayments		26,984		-		-		26,984
Materials and supplies inventory		30,540		-		6,786		37,326
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		163,745						163,745
Total assets	\$	23,341,538	\$	4,468,922	\$	1,586,006	\$	29,396,466
Liabilities:								
	\$	79,143	\$		\$	37,940	\$	117,083
Accounts payable	Ф	2,631,752	Ф	-	ф	104,568	Ф	2,736,320
Compensated absences payable		332,149		-		104,506		332,149
		614,543		-		34,571		649,114
Pension obligation payable				-				
Intergovernmental payable		78,144		225 (7)		3,135		81,279
Deferred revenue		2,275,272		235,676		29,009		2,539,957
Unearned revenue		17,047,832		2,672,445		318,841		20,039,118
Total liabilities		23,058,835		2,908,121		528,064		26,495,020
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		120,371		-		126,638		247,009
Reserved for BWC refunds		121,957		-		-		121,957
Reserved for school bus purchases		41,788		-		-		41,788
Reserved for materials and								
supplies inventory		30,540		-		6,786		37,326
Reserved for property tax unavailable								
for appropriation		853,527		138,805		17,159		1,009,491
Reserved for prepayments		26,984		-		-		26,984
Reserved for debt service		-		1,421,996		-		1,421,996
Unreserved, undesignated (deficit), reported in:								
General fund		(912,464)		-		-		(912,464)
Special revenue funds		-		-		625,272		625,272
Capital projects funds						282,087		282,087
Total fund balances		282,703		1,560,801		1,057,942		2,901,446
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	23,341,538	\$	4,468,922	\$	1,586,006	\$	29,396,466

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2008}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,901,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		48,443,242
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Accrued interest Intergovernmental	\$ 2,357,471 24,236 158,250	
Total		2,539,957
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds.		(1,057,597)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		540,419
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable within the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(147,053)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds	37,405,000	
Compensated absences	 2,546,062	
Total		(39,951,062)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 13,269,352

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 18,900,025	\$ 2,883,969	\$ 348,071	\$ 22,132,065
Tuition	344,276	-	10,315	354,591
Charges for services	-	-	690,105	690,105
Earnings on investments	243,445	60,622	18,804	322,871
Extracurricular	-	-	231,931	231,931
Classroom materials and supplies	45,839	-	153,154	198,993
Other local revenues	244,887	-	434,307	679,194
Intergovernmental - State	7,808,121	471,987	640,897	8,921,005
Intergovernmental - Federal			1,289,854	1,289,854
Total revenue	27,586,593	3,416,578	3,817,438	34,820,609
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	14,448,310	-	350,434	14,798,744
Special	2,198,037	-	790,395	2,988,432
Vocational	297,982	-	-	297,982
Adult/continuing	369	-	24,654	25,023
Other	373,982	-	-	373,982
Support services:				
Pupil	1,375,063	-	-	1,375,063
Instructional staff	530,521	-	176,379	706,900
Board of education	60,269	-	-	60,269
Administration	2,519,473	-	15,468	2,534,941
Fiscal	822,079	-	10,555	832,634
Business	45,196	-	161,995	207,191
Operations and maintenance	3,353,747	-	17,898	3,371,645
Pupil transportation	855,015	-	329,107	1,184,122
Central	206,723	-	50,814	257,537
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	954,441	954,441
Other non-instructional services	4,810	-	51,093	55,903
Extracurricular activities	715,275	-	276,724	991,999
Intergovernmental	-	-	430,034	430,034
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	1,046,988	1,046,988
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	1,375,000	-	1,375,000
Interest and fiscal charges		1,778,390		1,778,390
Total expenditures	27,806,851	3,153,390	4,686,979	35,647,220
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(220,258)	263,188	(869,541)	(826,611)
				Continued

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	 General	Debt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets	\$ 205	\$ -	\$	-	\$	205
Transfers in	20,305	-		50,500		70,805
Transfers (out)	(50,500)	-		(20,305)		(70,805)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (29,990)	 -		30,195		205
Special item:						
Sale of board office	 	 		126,562		126,562
Net change in fund balances	(250,248)	263,188		(712,784)		(699,844)
Fund balances at beginning of year	533,919	1,297,613		1,770,391		3,601,923
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	(968)	-		335		(633)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 282,703	\$ 1,560,801	\$	1,057,942	\$	2,901,446

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(699,844)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period. Capital assets additions Current year depreciation Total	1,295,400 (1,913,507)	_	(618,107)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital			(010,107)
assets (i.e. sales, disposals, trade-in, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(14,618)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			(633)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental revenue Accrued interest receivable Total	(699,577) 152,171 9,240	-	(538,166)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			1,375,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Total	2,292 (23,078) 45,164	-	24,378
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds.			84,199
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(387,791)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:		8		-		_		· / _
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	20,716,025	\$	19,909,603	\$	19,335,770	\$	(573,833)
Tuition		302,787		291,000		344,276		53,276
Earnings on investments		390,189		375,000		263,719		(111,281)
Classroom materials and supplies		36,938		35,500		45,839		10,339
Other local revenues		104,675		100,600		244,953		144,353
Intergovernmental - State		5,949,866		5,718,253		7,689,434		1,971,181
Total revenue		27,500,480		26,429,956		27,923,991		1,494,035
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		14,328,743		14,178,104		13,974,664		203,440
Special		2,569,352		2,288,139		2,255,307		32,832
Vocational		266,900		303,898		299,537		4,361
Adult/continuing		3,000		374		369		5
Other		385,000		379,426		373,982		5,444
Support services:								
Pupil		1,278,530		1,409,240		1,389,019		20,221
Instructional staff		437,773		473,185		466,395		6,790
Board of education		54,625		62,565		61,668		897
Administration		2,513,757		2,542,433		2,505,952		36,481
Fiscal		738,950		824,078		812,253		11,825
Business		55,789		49,744		49,030		714
Operations and maintenance		3,270,314		3,535,058		3,484,334		50,724
Pupil transportation		806,489		867,196		854,754		12,442
Central		247,400		229,759		226,462		3,297
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		5,750		4,885		4,815		70
Extracurricular activities		644,070		709,853		699,667		10,186
Total expenditures		27,606,442		27,857,937		27,458,208		399,729
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(105,962)		(1,427,981)		465,783		1,893,764
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		-		-		206		206
Transfers in		-		-		20,305		20,305
Transfers (out)		(35,000)		(51,235)		(50,500)		735
Sale of assets		-		-		205		205
Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,000)		(51,235)		(29,784)		21,451
Net change in fund balance		(140,962)		(1,479,216)		435,999		1,915,215
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,171,268		2,171,268		2,171,268		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	_	56,204	_	56,204	_	56,204		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,086,510	\$	748,256	\$	2,663,471	\$	1,915,215

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship		
			 Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash			
and investments	\$	121,195	\$ 40,845
Total assets		121,195	\$ 40,845
Liabilities: Accounts payable		2,145	\$ 5,801 35,044
Total liabilities		2,145	\$ 40,845
Net assets: Held in trust for scholarships		119,050	
Total net assets	\$	119,050	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship		
Additions:			
Interest	\$	3,857	
Gifts and contributions		46,684	
Total additions		50,541	
Deductions:			
Scholarships awarded		49,065	
Change in net assets		1,476	
Net assets at beginning of year		117,574	
Net assets at end of year	\$	119,050	

Т	THIS PAGE IS INTENTIO	NALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Maumee City School District (the "District) is located in central Lucas County in northwest Ohio, encompassing most of the City of Maumee and parts of the City of Toledo.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District ranks as the 170th largest by enrollment among the 896 public and community school districts in the State. It currently operates 4 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 16 administrators, 124 non-certified, 231 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 2,773 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of this criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of education entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties in northwestern Ohio. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$124,074. Financial information can be obtained from Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Cindy Siler, who serves as Treasurer, at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Penta Career Center

The Penta Career Center (the "Center") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District. The District did not make any payments to the Center during fiscal year 2008. Financial information can be obtained from the Penta County Career Center, Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 30095 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551-4594.

Bay Area Council

The Bay Area Council was established in 1986 to carry out a cooperative program for the purchase of natural gas among boards of education located in Erie, Huron, Lucas, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood Counties. The Bay Area Council is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member boards of education. The Bay Area Council is governed by a Board of Directors. This Board is elected by an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating school district. Financial information can be obtained from the Erie-Huron-Ottawa Education Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, 2902 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (NWOEC Program)

The District participates in the Northwest Ohio Educational Council Self-Insurance Pool Program (NWOEC Program) which is an insurance purchasing pool. The NWOEC Program is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The NWOEC Program is a non-profit organization to its members and an instrumentality for each member the purpose of enabling members of the NWOEC to provide for a formalized, joint insurance program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs, and other administrative services. The NWOEC Program's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Insurance Committee created by the governing board of the NWOEC.

The NWOEC Program has an agreement with Marsh USA for administrative services and Cambridge Integrated Services, Inc. for claims processing. To obtain financial information write to Frank McKain, Marsh USA, One Seagate Center, Suite 1860, Toledo, Ohio 43604.

Effective July 1, 2007, Paul Brotzki, Treasurer of Maumee City School District, took over as fiscal agent of the NWOEC Program. Maumee City School District acts as the fiscal agent for the NWOEC Program, but the NWOEC Program's financial statements are reported separately from those of Maumee City School District. Separately issued financial statements for the NWOEC Program can be obtained by writing to Paul Brotzki, Treasurer, 716 Askin Street, Maumee, Ohio 43537.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

 $\underline{\textit{General Fund}}$ - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by trust funds; and (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased tax rates). By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Lucas County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for fiscal year 2008.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commissions' certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund legal level of control. Any revisions that alter appropriations at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to federal agency securities, a U.S. Government money market mutual fund, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2008. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2008.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$243,445, which includes \$94,840 assigned from other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000 for its general capital assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental

DescriptionActivitiesLand improvements5 yearsBuildings and improvements10 - 50 yearsFurniture and equipment5 - 20 yearsVehicles5 - 20 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service or any employee with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2008, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, is paid in a timely manner and, in full from current financial resources is reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Fund Reserves

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, tax advance unavailable for appropriation, debt service, school bus purchases, prepayments and BWC refunds. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds. The reserve for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriations under State statute.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes primarily consists of amounts restricted for school bus purchases, BWC refunds, underground storage tank and a technology levy.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use by State statute. A fund balance reserve has also been established. See Note 15 for details.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. Joseph's School and St. Patrick School are operated by the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and expenditure of these State monies by the District are reflected as special revenue funds for financial reporting purposes.

O. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs and Bond Premium

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.

R. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2008, the District sold the Board office property at 2345 Detroit Avenue. The sale proceeds of \$126,562 is reported as a special item on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. The net gain of \$111,944 is reported as a special item on the statement of activities. The District did not have any extraordinary items during fiscal year 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 48, "<u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues</u>", and GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 12) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2008 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	 Deficit
Education management information systems	\$ 819
Title VI-B	114,855
Title I	141
Class size reduction	503

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

C. Noncompliance

- *i*. The District did not approve permanent appropriations before October 1, 2007, in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.38. Temporary appropriations were approved at 90% of prior year totals in June 2007 and the permanent appropriation ordinance was approved on January 28, 2008.
- *ii.* The District had appropriations exceeding resources at June 30, 2008 and throughout the fiscal year in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 and 5705.36.
- *iii.* The District had expenditures exceed appropriations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.40.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

iv. The District had expenditures in excess of appropriations for four months during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 in noncompliance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B).

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$9,090 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$59,307. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2008, \$324,180 of the District's bank balance of \$524,180 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$200,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment maturities				
Investment type	Fair value	6 months or less	7 to 12 months	13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	Greater than 24 months
investment type	T'all value	1088	monus	monus	monuis	<u> 24 monuis</u>
FHLB	\$ 2,094,500	\$ -	\$ 249,845	\$ -	\$ 749,765	\$ 1,094,890
FNMA	2,202,893	_	-	-	948,673	1,254,220
FHLMC	1,105,660	-	605,160	-	500,500	-
U.S. Government						
money market	28,115	28,115	-	-	-	-
STAR Ohio	10,250	10,250				
Total	\$ 5,441,418	\$ 38,365	\$ 855,005	\$ -	\$ 2,198,938	\$ 2,349,110

The weighted average maturity of investments is 2.16 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and U.S. Government money market mutual funds carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating. The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2008:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair value	% of total
FHLB	\$ 2,094,500	38.49
FNMA	2,202,893	40.48
FHLMC	1,105,660	20.32
U.S. Government		
money market	28,115	0.52
STAR Ohio	10,250	0.19
Total	\$ 5,441,418	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 59,307
Investments	5,441,418
Cash on hand	 9,090
Total	\$ 5,509,815
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 5,347,775
Private-purpose trust funds	121,195
Agency funds	 40,845
Total	\$ 5,509,815

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:	
General fund	\$ 50,500
Transfers to general fund from:	
Nonmajor governmental funds	20,305

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

The purpose of the transfer to the general fund was a residual equity transfer to close the telecommunications grant fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. All transfers made in fiscal year 2008 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007 and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property was assessed at 12.50% for property, including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008 was \$853,527 in the general fund, \$138,805 in the debt service fund and \$17,159 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$476,782 in the general fund and \$94,194 in the debt service fund and \$10,466 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second Half Collections		2008 First Half Collections	
	Amount	<u>Percent</u>	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and ther real estate	\$ 497,895,580	88.00	\$ 498,300,660	90.86
Public utility personal	12,068,280	2.13	12,062,730	2.20
Tangible personal property	55,825,762	9.87	38,108,097	6.94
Total	\$ 565,789,622	100.00	\$ 548,471,487	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$77.80		\$77.80	
assessed valuation	\$77.80		\$77.00	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 23,447,383
Accounts	138,520
Intergovernmental	347,846
Accrued interest	 50,632
Total	\$ 23,984,381

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2007	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	June 30, 2008
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,014,174	\$ -	\$ (4,299)	\$ 1,009,875
Construction in progress	2,200,041	78,568	(2,200,041)	78,568
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,214,215	78,568	(2,204,340)	1,088,443
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,889,021	-	(17,950)	1,871,071
Buildings and improvements	53,588,945	3,052,882	(59,523)	56,582,304
Furniture and equipment	1,916,293	34,884	(378,623)	1,572,554
Vehicles	1,283,159	329,107		1,612,266
Total capital assets, being depreciated	58,677,418	3,416,873	(456,096)	61,638,195
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,665,360)	(26,797)	17,950	(1,674,207)
Buildings and improvements	(8,586,287)	(1,721,316)	49,204	(10,258,399)
Furniture and equipment	(1,495,787)	(79,942)	378,623	(1,197,106)
Vehicles	(1,068,232)	(85,452)		(1,153,684)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,815,666)	(1,913,507)	445,777	(14,283,396)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 49,075,967	\$ 1,581,934	\$ (2,214,659)	\$ 48,443,242

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	989,883
Special		145,095
Commont convices.		
<u>Support services</u> :		
Pupil		8,031
Instructional staff		103,490
Administration		90,752
Fiscal		2,485
Business		1,660
Operations and maintenance		57,013
Pupil transportation		102,114
Central		827
Intergovernmental		3,516
Extracurricular		293,865
Food service operations	<u> </u>	114,776
m . I I	Φ.	1 012 505
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u> .	1,913,507

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2008, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2008	Amount Due in One Year
General obligation bonds Compensated absences	\$ 38,780,000 2,693,201	\$ - 526,815	\$ (1,375,000) (341,805)	\$ 37,405,000 2,878,211	\$ 1,400,000 395,453
Total	\$ 41,473,201	\$ 526,815	\$ (1,716,805)	40,283,211	\$ 1,795,453
Unamortized premium on bonds				1,057,597	
Total on statement of net sssets				\$ 41,340,808	

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid. For the District, this is primarily the general fund and food service fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: During fiscal year 2004, the District issued \$42,000,000 in school facilities construction and improvement general obligation bonds to provide funds for various District building projects. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund.

The bonds were issued on August 1, 2003, and have a scheduled maturity date of December 1, 2031. Interest payments on the general obligation bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year			
<u>Ending</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,736,640	\$ 3,136,640
2010	850,000	1,697,165	2,547,165
2011	950,000	1,671,440	2,621,440
2012	975,000	1,637,690	2,612,690
2013	1,015,000	1,597,890	2,612,890
2014 - 2018	5,840,000	7,186,700	13,026,700
2019 - 2023	7,450,000	5,532,950	12,982,950
2024 - 2028	9,510,000	3,423,200	12,933,200
2029 - 2032	9,415,000	899,923	10,314,923
Total	\$37,405,000	\$25,383,598	\$62,788,598

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2008, are a voted debt margin of \$9,582,589 (including available funds of \$1,560,801) and an unvoted debt margin of \$504,742.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 100% coinsured, to a limit of \$62,299,577.

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The District has liability insurance coverage limits of \$2,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate.

The District offers group medical and dental insurance to all employees. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share a portion of the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Regardless of the plan utilized by the employees, all group benefit plans are traditionally funded, and the District does not retain any risk of loss.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from 2007.

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$329,082, \$327,795 and \$324,713, respectively; 52.79 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$1,921,537, \$1,915,991, and \$1,987,567, respectively; 84.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$15,051 made by the District and \$24,388 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2008, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$217,670, \$180,581, and \$179,706, respectively; 52.79 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$23,711, \$22,290, and \$25,844, respectively; 52.79 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$147,811, \$147,384, and \$152,890, respectively; 84.18 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 435,999
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(337,398)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(486,898)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(206)
Adjustment for encumbrances	138,255
GAAP basis	\$ (250,248)

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Texbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital Acquisition	BWC Refunds
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ (2,077,786)	\$ (42,026,495)	\$ 121,957
Current year set-aside requirement	440,270	440,270	-
Qualifying disbursements	(746,647)	(1,002,022)	
Total	\$ (2,384,163)	\$ (42,588,247)	\$ 121,957
Balance carried forward to FY 2009	\$ (2,384,163)	<u>\$ (42,026,495)</u>	\$ 121,957

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year and prior year carryover monies that reduced the textbook/instructional materials set-aside amount below zero; this extra amount is being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

The District issued \$42,000,000 in bonds in fiscal year 2004 to provide for the construction and renovation of school buildings. This amount was an allowable offset to future years for the capital acquisition set-aside and thus the excess amount is being carried forward.

In addition to the above, the District received \$41,788 from the State of Ohio that is restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2008 follows:

Amount restricted for BWC refunds	\$ 121,957
Amount restricted for school bus purchases	41,788
-	
Total restricted assets	\$ 163,745

NOTE 16 - COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT AREA

In 1996, the City of Maumee established a "Community Reinvestment Area" (CRA) as permitted by Ohio Statute. The City has, to date, granted incentives to six companies within the CRA. The tax incentives will result in a loss of local tax revenue to the District through 2008, which, the District's administration believes, could cumulatively total over \$1 million.

NOTE 17 - DONATION

On September 21, 2007, Mr. Richard Kazmaier donated his 1951 Heisman Trophy to the District. The trophy has an appraised value of \$400,000. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions", the District has recorded the donation as a program revenue and a corresponding program expense in the statement of activities.



MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
(C) Food Donation	10.550	2008	\$ 53,459	\$ 53,459
Total Food Donation			53,459	53,459
Nutrition Cluster:				
(D)(E) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2007	1,845	1,845
(D)(E) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2008	14,909	14,909
Total School Breakfast Program			16,754	16,754
(D)(E) National School Lunch Program	10.555	2007	30,421	30,421
(D)(E) National School Lunch Program	10.555	2007	233,315	233,315
Total National School Lunch Program			263,736	263,736
Total Nutrition Cluster			280,490	280,490
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			333,949	333,949
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2008	123,285	123,285
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			123,285	123,285
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2008	759,184	759,184
Total Special Education _Grants to States			759,184	759,184
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2008	6,305	6,305
Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants		2000	6,305	6,305
Javits Gifted and Talented Students Education Grant Program	84.206	2007	-	5,101
Javits Gifted and Talented Students Education Grant Program Total Javits Gifted & Talented Students Education Grant Program	84.206	2008	4,777	1,859 6,960
Total Javies Office & Talentee Students Education Grant Program	п		4,777	0,200
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	2008	7,763	7,468
Total State Grants for Innovative Programs			7,763	7,468
Education Tachnalagy State Counts	84.318	2008	1,239	1,239
Education Technology State Grants Total Educational Technology State Grants	04.310	2008	1,239	1,239
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2008	69,058 69,058	69,038 69,038
Total U.S. Department of Education			971,611	973,479
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 1,305,560	\$ 1,307,428

⁽A) (B)

OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2008.
This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.
The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value. (C) (D) (E)

Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.

Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, Ohio 43537

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise Maumee City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Maumee City School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Maumee City School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Maumee City School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Maumee City School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Maumee City School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Maumee City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed five instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2008-MCSD-001, 2008-MCSD-002, 2008-MCSD-003, 2008-MCSD-004 and 2008-MCSD-005.

We noted a certain matter that we reported to the management of the Maumee City School District in a separate letter dated December 1, 2008.

Maumee City School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit Maumee City School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Maumee City School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 1, 2008

Julian & Sube, Elec!



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Board of Education Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, Ohio 43537

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Maumee City School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Maumee City School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Maumee City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Maumee City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Maumee City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Maumee City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Maumee City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Maumee City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education Maumee City School District

A control deficiency in Maumee City School District's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Maumee City School District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Maumee City School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Maumee City School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management and Board of Education of the Maumee City School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube the!

December 1, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Special Education - Grants to States: CFDA #84.027	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS	
Finding Number	2008-MCSD-001

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.38 requires the annual appropriation measure to be passed on or about the first day of each fiscal year. Temporary appropriations may be adopted until September 30 if the taxing authority wishes to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until the county budget commission sends out the amended certificate based on year end balances.

The District did not approve permanent appropriations before October 1, 2007. Temporary appropriations were approved at 90% of prior year totals in June 2007, and then the permanent appropriation ordinance was approved on January 28, 2008.

While the District did not spend more monies than actually available, the lack of evidence of appropriations may hinder its ability to effectively budget and monitor disbursements related to the budget.

We recommend that the Board adopt procedures for approving the appropriation measures and include these procedures in an accounting policies and procedures manual. We recommend that the Treasurer develop a tickler file including all significant due dates of the budgeting process. The temporary or permanent appropriation measures should be passed prior to incurring expenditures.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and approve permanent appropriations by the Board by September 30 every year.

Finding Number	2008-MCSD-002
----------------	---------------

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 requires that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed total estimated resources.

The District had appropriations exceeding the total estimated resources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 in the following funds:

June 30, 2008			
Major Fund	Resources	Appropriations	Excess
Debt Service	\$ 1,860,776	\$ 3,375,000	\$ 1,514,224
Nonmajor Funds			
Auxillary Services	490,600	564,350	73,750
Miscellaneous State Grants	9,689	9,846	157
Improving Teacher Quality	60,000	69,058	9,058
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	20,801	26,239	5,438
Building Fund	334,898	377,200	42,302
Food Service	765,885	954,250	188,365
Uniform School Supplies	147,581	158,807	11,226
Special Enterprises Fund	17,794	61,500	43,706
Intra-District Services Fund	9,016	10,500	1,484

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS - (Continued)	
Finding Number	2008-MCSD-002 - (Continued)

With appropriations exceeding estimated resources, the District may spend more funds than in the Treasury or in the process of collection and may cause fund deficits.

We recommend that the District comply with the Ohio Revised Code by monitoring appropriations so they do not exceed estimated resources. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continual basis and amending estimated resources or appropriations as necessary.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and to submit additional amendments for estimated resources or reduce its appropriations as necessary.

Finding Number	2008-MCSD-003

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 in part, requires subdivisions to request increased or reduced amended certificates of estimated resources upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources.

The District had appropriations exceeding estimated resources at year end. Thus, the District did not request enough amended certificates throughout the year or at year end upon notice of increased or decreased resources in order to equal or exceed appropriations.

The District is not properly certifying its most current estimated resources to the appropriate authorities and thus causing appropriations to exceed estimated resources.

We recommend that the District review its available resources versus its appropriations throughout the year and file amended certificates when necessary. This will facilitate the District's appropriation process.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and to submit additional amendments for estimated resources more frequently throughout the year.

Finding Number	2008-MCSD-004
----------------	---------------

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.40 outlines the requirements for amending and supplementing appropriations. This section requires that any amendments to an appropriation measure be made by Board resolution and comply with the same provisions of the law as used in making the original appropriations.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in certain funds during the fiscal year due to the District not timely or properly approving permanent appropriations and not modifying appropriations until the end of the fiscal year.

By not timely and properly modifying the District's appropriations, the District is not adequately monitoring appropriations versus expenditures. With expenditures exceeding appropriations, overspending may occur which may result in a negative fund balance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS - (Continued)	
Finding Number	2008-MCSD-004 - (Continued)

We recommend that the District comply with Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by monitoring expenditures so they do not exceed lawful appropriations. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continual basis and making appropriation amendments as necessary.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and will approve amended appropriations in a timely manner.

Finding Number	2008-MCSD-005
----------------	---------------

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) requires in part that no subdivision is to expend monies unless it has been appropriated.

The District had expenditures in excess of appropriations for four months during fiscal year 2008 due to no annual appropriation ordinances being passed until January 28, 2008.

The District is expending monies that have not been approved by the Board. This could result in unnecessary purchases or fund deficits.

We recommend that the District comply with Ohio Revised Code and Auditor of State Bulletin 97-010 by monitoring expenditures so they do not exceed lawful appropriations. This may be achieved by monitoring the budget more closely on a continual basis and making appropriation amendments as necessary.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District is attempting to monitor its budget more closely and to submit amended appropriation in a timely manner.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS *OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505* JUNE 30, 2008

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2007-MCSD-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 requires that total appropriations from each fund should not exceed total estimated resources.	No	Repeated as Finding 2008-MCSD-002.
2007-MCSD-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 requires that subdivision are to request increased or reduced amended estimated resources.	No	Repeated as Finding 2008-MCSD-003.



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 20, 2009