# JEROME TOWNSHIP UNION COUNTY, OHIO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

> WOLF, ROGERS, DICKEY & CO. Certified Public Accountants



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Jerome Township 9777 Industrial Parkway Plain City, Ohio 43064

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Jerome Township, Union County, prepared by Wolf, Rogers, Dickey & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Jerome Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

September 24, 2009

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## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio

## Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – (Budget Basis) – General Fund	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – (Budget Basis) - Road and Bridge Fund	14
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – (Budget Basis) – Fire District Fund	15
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – (Budget Basis) – Capital Improvement Fund	16
Notes to the Financial Statements	17-26
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters, Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	27-28
Schedule of Findings	29-31
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	32

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# Wolf, Rogers, Dickey & Co.

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Jerome Township Union County, Ohio

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash basis of accounting. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Road and Bridge, Fire District and Capital Improvement Funds for the year then ended, in conformity with the basis of accounting as described in Note 2.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2009, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Government Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Wolf, Rogers, Dietery & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

June 30, 2009

This discussion and analysis of the Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio (the Township) financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2007, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

## <u>Highlights</u>

Key highlights for 2007 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$247,754, or 13%, from the prior year. The fund most affected by the increase in cash was the General Fund, which received \$457,763 in inheritance taxes. As a result, the Board of Trustees transferred \$325,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund.
- The Township's general receipts are primarily from property taxes and intergovernmental receipts. Property taxes represented 61% of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Property tax receipts for 2007 changed very little compared to 2006 as development within the Township remained constant.
- The Township placed a levy on the November 2007 ballot for police protection to fund the current Public Safety Officer (PSO) program through the Union County Sheriff's Office. This five year levy of 1.2 mills is expected to raise \$239,555 in 2008.

## **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

## **Report Components**

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

## **Reporting the Township as a Whole**

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2007, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Assets presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well, such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Township has only one type of activity to report:

<u>Governmental activities</u> – Most of the Township's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, roads and parks. Property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

## **Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds**

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are in one category: governmental.

Governmental Funds – All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Fire District Fund and Capital Improvement Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. We describe this relationship in reconciliation presented with the governmental fund financial statements.

## The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006 on a cash basis:

	(Table 1)	
	Governmenta	al Activities
	2007	2006
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>	<u>1,912,803</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>	<u>1,912,803</u>
Net assets		
Restricted for:		
Capital outlay	475,573	150,000
Other purposes	1,188,506	1,328,923
Unrestricted	496,478	433,880
Total net assets	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>	<u>1,912,803</u>

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities increased \$247,754 or 13% during 2007. The primary reason contributing to the increases in cash balances are as follows:

- The Township funded the Public Safety Officer program from the General Fund. The total cost of this program for 2007 was \$154,502.
- The Township had several roads that were in need of repair costing \$88,378 which was paid from the Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund and Road and Bridge Fund.
- Health benefit costs continued to increase as reflected across the industry. This cost increase affected the Fire District Fund the most.
- The Township received \$457,763 in inheritance taxes. Of this amount \$325,000 was transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund.

#### Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2007 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a cash basis in 2007 and 2006 for governmental activities.

C	(Table 2)	0
		nental Activities
	2007	2006
Receipts:		
Program Receipts:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 243,671	294,442
Operating grants and contributions	306,908	101,561
Total program receipts	550,579	396,003
General Receipts:		
Property and other taxes	1,377,762	1,524,464
Grants and entitlements not restricted		
to specific programs	544,746	67,375
Sale of capital assets	-	10,000
Earnings on investments	112,731	100,446
Miscellaneous	6,694	40,964
Total general receipts	<u>2,041,933</u>	<u>1,743,249</u>
Total receipts	<u>2,592,512</u>	<u>2,139,252</u>
Disbursements:		
General government	318,534	281,846
Public safety	1,635,613	1,498,865
Public works	254,683	316,380
Health	6,526	3,571
Conservation – recreation	10,327	6,321
Capital outlay		139,776
Total disbursements	<u>2,344,758</u>	<u>2,246,759</u>
Increase (decrease) in net assets	247,754	(107,507)
Net assets, January 1	<u>1,912,803</u>	<u>2,020,310</u>
Net assets, December 31	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>	<u>1,912,803</u>

Program receipts represent 13% of total receipts and are primarily comprised of zoning permits and charges for fire services provided under contract.

General receipts represent 87% of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, 21% are intergovernmental receipts. Other receipts are often insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represents the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These include the costs of the Board of Trustees and the Fiscal Officer, as well as internal services such as payroll and purchasing and maintaining the Township Hall. Since these costs do not represent direct services to residents, the Board of Trustees tries to limit these costs.

Public Safety is the costs of police and fire protection; Health is the cemeteries; Conservation – Recreation is the costs of maintaining parks and playing fields; Public Works is the cost of maintaining the roads.

## **Governmental Activities**

If you look at the Statement of Activities in the financial statements, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for public safety and public works, which account for 72% and 13% of all governmental disbursements, respectively. General government also represents a significant cost, about 13%. The next column of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identifies amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are represented at the bottom of the statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

	(Table 3)			
	Governmental Act	ivities		
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2007	2007	2006	2006
General government	\$ 318,534	271,845	281,846	159,934
Public safety	1,635,613	1,286,351	1,498,865	1,331,430
Public works	254,683	131,220	316,380	222,819
Health	6,526	(19,989)	3,571	(9,524)
Conservation – Recreation	10,327	5,677	6,321	6,321
Capital outlay	119,075	119,075	139,776	139,776
Total expenses	\$ <u>2,344,758</u>	<u>1,794,179</u>	<u>2,246,759</u>	<u>1,850,756</u>

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as 77 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

#### The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$2,592,512 and disbursements of \$2,344,758. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the General Fund. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$387,598 as the result of receiving \$457,763 in inheritance taxes. Of this amount \$325,000 was transferred to the Capital Improvement Fund.

The Fire District Fund receipts were less than disbursements by \$86,333. This deficit was caused by rising operating costs while property tax receipts have not kept pace. The Board of Trustees will work with the Fire Chief to monitor costs.

In other governmental funds, the Zoning Fund receipts were significantly less than the disbursements by \$108,166. This deficit was caused by declining zoning fee receipts and increased costs for payroll, contracts and operating expenses. The Board of Trustees will monitor this fund closely.

## **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and the Fire District Fund.

During 2007, the Township amended its budget several times to reflect changing circumstances. Final actual disbursements were lower than budgeted. While several funds experienced decreases in 2007, appropriations were not reduced. The Board of Trustees monitored its spending closely adhering to budgeted amounts as demonstrated by the budget to actual variances.

#### **Current Issues**

The challenge for all Governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking funding. The Township relies heavily on property taxes. The newly prepared financial forecast predicts deficits for 2008 in many funds. The Board of Trustees reviewed the Township's sources of revenue and determined that increases were likely. After reviewing the budgeted disbursements, the Board decided to use accumulated fund balances (reserves) to continue to support the current program levels rather than reducing services to taxpayers. All departments have been asked to be conscious of their spending.

#### **Contacting the Township's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Robert Caldwell, Fiscal Officer, Jerome Township, 9777 Industrial Parkway, Plain City, Ohio 43064.

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>
Net assets Restricted for:	
Capital outlay Other purposes Unrestricted	475,573 1,188,506 <u>496,478</u>
Total net assets	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>

# Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Activities – Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Program Cash Receipts				
		Charges	Operating	Net (Cash Disbursements)	
	Cash	for Services	Grants and	Receipts and	
	<b>Disbursements</b>	and Sales	<b>Contributions</b>	Changes in Net Assets	
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ (318,534)	46,689		(271,845)	
Public safety	(1,635,613)	165,817	183,445	(1,286,351)	
Public works	(1,035,013) (254,683)	105,817	123,463	(1,280,551) (131,220)	
Health	(234,083) (6,526)	26,515	125,405	(131,220) 19,989	
Conservation – recreation	(10,327)	4,650	-	(5,677)	
	,	4,030	-		
Capital outlay	(119,075)		<u> </u>	(119,075)	
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>(2,344,758</u> )	<u>243,671</u>	<u>306,908</u>	(1,794,179)	
	General	Receipts:			
	Pro	perty taxes lev	ied for:		
	C	General purpose	28	69,879	
	F	Fire district		1,112,251	
	F	Road maintenar	nce and repair	195,632	
	Gra	ants and entitle	ments not restricted to		
	S	specific program	ms	544,746	
	Inte	erest		112,731	
	Mis	scellaneous		6,694	
		Total general	receipts	<u>2,041,933</u>	
		Change in ne	t assets	247,754	
	Net	t assets beginni	ing of year	<u>1,912,803</u>	
		Net assets end	d of year	\$ <u>2,160,557</u>	

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	<u>General</u>	Road and Bridge <u>Fund</u>	Fire District <u>Fund</u>	Capital Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
<u>Assets</u> Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>496,478</u>	<u>266,035</u>	<u>604,619</u>	<u>475,573</u>	<u>317,852</u>	<u>2,160,557</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>496,478</u>	266,035	<u>604,619</u>	<u>475,573</u>	<u>317,852</u>	<u>2,160,557</u>
<u>Fund Balances</u> Reserved:						
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:	1,800	10,640	52,072	-	39,376	103,888
Undesignated, reported in:						
General Fund	494,678	-	-	-	-	494,678
Special Revenue Funds	-	255,395	552,547	-	278,476	1,086,418
Capital Projects Funds				<u>475,573</u>		475,573
Total fund balances	\$ <u>496,478</u>	<u>266,035</u>	<u>604,619</u>	<u>475,573</u>	<u>317,852</u>	<u>2,160,557</u>

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	<u>General</u>	Road and Bridge <u>Fund</u>	Fire District <u>Fund</u>	Capital Improvement <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Receipts:						
Property and other local taxes	\$ 69,879	195,632	1,112,251	-	-	1,377,762
Charges for services	-	-	137,833	-	-	137,833
Licenses, permits and fees	11,011	-	-	-	66,843	77,854
Fines and forfeitures	27,984	-	-	-	-	27,984
Intergovernmental	544,746	26,947	183,445	-	96,516	851,654
Interest	92,193	-	-	11,573	8,965	112,731
Miscellaneous	2,263	44	2,987		1,400	6,694
Total receipts	<u>748,076</u>	222,623	<u>1,436,516</u>	11,573	<u>173,724</u>	<u>2,592,512</u>
Disbursements:						
Current:						
General government	170,039	-	-	-	148,495	318,534
Public safety	154,501	-	1,481,112	_	-	1,635,613
Public works	7,190	153,295	-	-	94,198	254,683
Health	-		-	-	6,526	6,526
Conservation-recreation	10,327	-	-	-	-	10,327
Capital outlay	18,421	43,631	41,737		4,286	119,075
Total disbursements	<u>360,478</u>	<u>196,926</u>	<u>1,522,849</u>	11,000	253,505	<u>2,344,758</u>
Excess of receipts over (under)						
disbursements	<u>387,598</u>	25,697	(86,333)	573	(79,781)	247,754
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	325,000	-	325,000
Transfers out	( <u>325,000</u> )					(325,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	( <u>325,000</u> )			325,000		
Net change in fund balances	62,598	25,697	(86,333)	325,573	(79,781)	247,754
Fund balances beginning of year	433,880	<u>240,338</u>	690,952	<u>150,000</u>	<u>397,633</u>	<u>1,912,803</u>
Fund balances end of year	\$ <u>496,478</u>	<u>266,035</u>	604,619	<u>475,573</u>	<u>317,852</u>	<u>2,160,557</u>

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	_Budgeted A	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	( <u>Negative</u> )
Receipts:				
Property and other local taxes	\$ 74,364	74,364	69,879	(4,485)
Licenses, permits and fees	12,500	12,500	11,011	(1,489)
Fines and forfeitures	21,000	21,000	27,984	6,984
Intergovernmental	416,871	416,871	544,746	127,875
Interest	53,121	53,121	92,193	39,072
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	2,263	(2,737)
Total receipts	<u>582,856</u>	<u>582,856</u>	<u>748,076</u>	<u>165,220</u>
Disbursements: Current:				
General government	212,117	194,812	171,839	22,973
Public safety	150,000	158,500	154,501	3,999
Public works	6,250	7,500	7,190	310
Conservation-recreation	7,500	12,500	10,327	2,173
Capital outlay	8,000	20,555	18,421	2,134
Total disbursements	<u>383,867</u>	<u>393,867</u>	<u>362,278</u>	31,589
Excess of receipts over (under)				
disbursements	<u>198,989</u>	<u>188,989</u>	<u>385,798</u>	<u>196,809</u>
Other financing sources (uses) - Transfer out	( <u>325,000</u> )	( <u>325,000</u> )	( <u>325,000</u> )	
Total other financing sources (uses)	( <u>325,000</u> )	( <u>325,000</u> )	( <u>325,000</u> )	
Net change in fund balance	(126,011)	(136,011)	60,798	196,809
Fund balance beginning of year	433,243	433,243	433,243	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	637	637	637	
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>307,869</u>	<u>297,869</u>	<u>494,678</u>	<u>196,809</u>

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Road and Bridge Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Positive ( <u>Negative</u> )
Receipts: Property and other local taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 208,740 15,000	208,740 15,000	195,632 26,947 44	(13,108) 11,947 <u>44</u>
Total receipts	223,740	223,740	222,623	<u>(1,117</u> )
Disbursements: Current: Public works Capital outlay	211,163 	178,438 	163,935 43,631	14,503 4,094
Total disbursements	226,163	226,163	207,566	<u>18,597</u>
Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements Net change in fund balance	<u>(2,423</u> ) (2,423)	<u>(2,423</u> ) (2,423)	<u> </u>	<u>17,480</u> 17,480
Fund balance beginning of year	240,231	240,231	240,231	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	107	107	107	
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>237,915</u>	<u>237,915</u>	<u>255,395</u>	<u>17,480</u>

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Fire District Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	( <u>Negative</u> )
Receipts:				
Property and other local taxes	\$ 1,164,476	1,164,476	1,112,251	(52,225)
Charges for services	137,833	137,833	137,833	-
Intergovernmental	140,000	140,000	183,445	43,445
Miscellaneous			2,987	2,987
Total receipts	<u>1,442,309</u>	<u>1,442,309</u>	<u>1,436,516</u>	<u>(5,793</u> )
Disbursements:				
Current:				
Public safety	1,442,633	1,543,532	1,533,184	10,348
Capital outlay	50,750	44,601	41,737	2,864
Total disbursements	<u>1,493,383</u>	<u>1,588,133</u>	<u>1,574,921</u>	<u>13,212</u>
Excess of receipts over (under)				
disbursements	(51,074)	(145,824)	(138,405)	7,419
Net change in fund balance	(51,074)	(145,824)	(138,405)	7,419
Fund balance beginning of year	639,878	639,878	639,878	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	51,074	51,074	51,074	
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>639,878</u>	545,128	552,547	7,419

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Budgete	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	( <u>Negative</u> )	
Receipts - Interest	\$		11,573	11,573	
Total receipts			11,573	11,573	
Disbursements -					
Capital outlay	100,000	100,000	11,000	89,000	
Total disbursements	100,000	100,000	11,000	89,000	
Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements	( <u>100,000</u> )	( <u>100,000</u> )	<u> </u>	<u>100,573</u>	
Other financing sources (uses) - Transfers in	325,000	<u>325,000</u>	325,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	325,000	325,000	<u>325,000</u>		
Net change in fund balance	225,000	225,000	325,573	100,573	
Fund balance beginning of year	150,000	150,000	150,000	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated					
Fund balance end of year	\$ <u>375,000</u>	<u>375,000</u>	<u>475,573</u>	<u>100,573</u>	

## (1) <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established in 1821 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

#### Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, cemetery maintenance and fire protection. The Township contracts with the Union County Sheriff for police protection.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

#### Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish those activities of the Township that are governmental. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of net assets presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental type activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

## Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are governmental.

#### Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund and the Fire District Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Road and Bridge Fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Township roads and bridges. The Fire District Fund receives tax money from a special fire levy to help cover the cost of fire protection. The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2007, the Township invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR) Ohio fund.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within Ohio to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2007.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2007 were \$92,193.

#### Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

## Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

#### Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for special revenue funds and capital projects. The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

### (3) Accountability and Compliance

The Township reports no deficit fund balances.

#### (4) Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund and the Fire District Fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis) and outstanding year end advances are treated as an other financing source or use (budgetary basis) rather than as an interfund receivable or payable (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$1,800 for the General Fund, \$10,640 for the Road and Bridge Fund, \$52,072 for the Fire District Fund, and \$39,376 for Other Governmental Funds. There were no outstanding advances at year end for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund and the Fire District Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund and the Fire District Fund.

## (5) Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

## (5) Deposits and Investments, continued

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At year end, the Township had no undeposited cash on hand which is included as part of "*Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents*" on the financial statements.

#### (5) Deposits and Investments, continued

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$-0- of the Township's bank balance of \$68,746 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### Investments

As of December 31, 2007, the Township invested in STAR Ohio with a carrying value of \$2,118,559 and average maturity.

Interest rate risk arises because the fair value of investments changes as interest rates change. The Township's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Township's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short-term investments.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Township's investment policy is limited to requiring compliance with state statutes. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and that the money market fund be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The U.S. Treasury Bills are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Township's name. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee".

## (6) Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Property tax receipts received in 2007 for real and public utility property taxes represent collections of the 2006 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2007 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for 2007 taxes.

2007 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2007, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35% of appraised market value. 2007 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2008.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

## (6) Property Taxes, continued

Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2007 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31, 2006, are levied after October 1, 2007, and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes.

2007 tangible property taxes are levied after October 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. Collections are made in 2007. Tangible personal property assessments are being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2007 is 12.5%. This will be reduced to 6.25% for 2008, and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 3, with the remainder due September 20.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2007, was \$13.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and personal property upon which 2007 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property:	
Residential	\$ 121,110,090
Agricultural	17,154,710
Commercial/industrial/mineral	36,141,270
Tangible Personal Property:	
Business	6,055,900
Public utility	5,450,180
Total Assessed Value	\$ <u>185,912,150</u>

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected.

(7) Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2007, the Township contracted with several companies for various types of insurance coverage as follows:

Company	Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage
Ohio Casualty Group	Commercial Property	\$ 361,694
	Commercial Inland Marine	128,529
	Business Auto	1,000,000
Nationwide Insurance	Commercial General Liability	300,000
Scottsdale Indemnity Company	Public Officials Liability	1,000,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance Company	Surety Bonds	163,000

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System (the System) a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

#### (7) Risk Management, continued

#### Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in the Ohio workers' compensation group rating program through the Frank Gates Service Company. Participation in this program authorizes The Frank Gates Service Company to represent the Township for all workers' compensation matters before the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) and the Industrial Commission of Ohio and to receive discounted premium rates.

#### (8) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1% of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9%. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2007 was 13.7%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the Township's pension contributions were 16.7% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the year ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$30,329, \$48,770 and \$40,114, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2007, 2006 and 2005.

## Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the Township is required to contribute 19.5% for police and 24% for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The Township's required contributions to the fund for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$182,590, \$242,476 and \$218,807, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2007, 2006 and 2005.

#### (9) Postemployment Benefits

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

OPERS provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in *GASB Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2007 local government employer contribution rate was 13.85% of covered payroll (17.17% for public safety and law enforcement); 5% of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care from January 1 through June 30, 2007 and 6% from July 1 through December 31, 2007.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2006, include a rate of return on investments of 6.5%, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4% compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .5% and 6.3% based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between .5% to 5% annually for the next eight years and 4% annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 374,979. Actual employer contributions for 2007 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$12,018. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2006, (the latest information available) were \$12 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs.

## Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

OP&F provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24 percent of covered payroll, of which 6.75% of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2007. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees and survivors have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The Township's actual contributions for 2007 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$51,307 for firefighters. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2006 (the latest information available) was \$120,373,722, which was net of member contributions of \$58,532,848. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2006, was 10,563 for firefighters.

#### (10) Leases and Other Commitments

The Township leases equipment under leasing arrangements that have been classified as operating leases. The Township disbursed \$3,744 to pay lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2007. Future lease payments are as follows: 2008 - \$2,374, 2009 - \$2,374, 2010 - \$2,374, 2011 - \$2,374 and 2012 - \$1,583.

Pursuant to a three year contract that commenced on January 1, 2007 between the Union County Sheriff, Jerome Township and Millcreek Township, the sheriff provides three full-time deputies with a normal work week totaling 120 hours exclusively to Jerome and Millcreek Townships to supplement existing law enforcement coverage. The sheriff assumes full responsibility for hiring, training, assignment, supervision, discipline and dismissal of all assigned personnel and the Townships pay the actual cost of compensating the officers' salary, overtime, OPERS benefits, workers compensation, Medicare and medical and life insurance. The Sheriff bills the Townships in quarterly installments with Jerome Township paying 75% of the cost and Millcreek Township paying 25% of the cost. The Township paid \$146,001 pursuant to this contract in 2007. The amount that was due for 2008 was \$155,935.

#### (11) Concentrations of Labor Subject to Collective Bargaining Agreement

The Township's fire fighters, which comprise a majority of the Township's employees, are represented by a union. The existing union agreement will expire on December 31, 2008.

#### (12) Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law:

- The Township did not obtain an amended certificate of estimated resources to reflect a shortfall of anticipated revenue to the Zoning Fund of \$29,672, which reduced available revenue in the fund below appropriations by \$8,058.
- The Township did not encumber funds prior to expenditure for many of the thirty-nine disbursements tested.
- Material reclassifications to the financial statements were necessary in order for them to be fairly stated.

# Wolf, Rogers, Dickey & Co.

Certified Public Accountants 38 South Franklin Street P. O. Box 352 Delaware, Ohio 43015-0352

Telephone: 740-362-9031 Fax: 740-363-7799

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters, Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Jerome Township Union County, Ohio

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2009, wherein we noted the Township had followed the cash basis of accounting rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement.

We considered Finding 2007-01 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting as described in the accompanying schedule of findings.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the organization's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider Finding 2007-01 to be a material weakness.

In a separate letter to Township's management dated June 30, 2009, we reported other matters involving internal controls over financial reporting we did not deem significant deficiencies.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed certain instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as Findings 2007-01 through 2007-03.

We noted certain noncompliance or other matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to management of the Township in a separate letter dated June 30, 2009.

The Township's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Township's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees, management and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wolf, Rogers, Diekey & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

June 30, 2009

Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Schedule of Findings December 31, 2007

## Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with GAGAS

## <u>Finding Number 2007-01</u> Significant deficiency/material weakness

The Ohio Township Handbook Chart of Accounts appendix details the revenue and expenditure codes, name of source information, and a brief description of the type of revenue or expenditure that relates to the code.

We noted the following errors in the Township prepared financial statements that required reclassification:

- In all applicable funds, rollback/homestead exemption receipts from the State of Ohio were reclassified from Local Tax Revenue to Intergovernmental Revenue. The amount totaled \$214,005.
- In the General Fund, \$36,300 in expenditures were reclassified from Conservation/Recreation to General Government \$17,879 and Capital Outlay \$18,421.
- In the Road and Bridge Fund, \$43,631 in expenditures were reclassified from Public Works to Capital Outlay.
- In the Fire District Fund, \$41,737 in expenditures were reclassified from Public Safety to Capital Outlay.
- In the Cemetery Fund, \$4,287 in expenditures were reclassified from Health to Capital Outlay.

These adjustments are reflected in the audited financial statements.

#### Response by Township

While the Ohio Township Handbook Appendix IV, "Township Sample Numeric and Alphanumeric Fund and Account Codes", details the revenue and expenditure codes with name and a brief description of the type of revenue or expenditure that relates to the code, there is no correlation between the detail provided for numeric codes used by UAN and alphanumeric codes used by Township Accounting Software (TAS) which is used by Jerome Township. The appendix does identify the financial report caption title and program codes for numeric revenue codes, but it is limited in its guidance for alphanumeric codes. Moreover, no guidance for financial report caption titles is provided for appropriation codes. The appendix does not correlate the numeric codes to the alphanumeric codes. The Fiscal Officer has personally requested such a correlation from the Auditor of State's Office and has been told that it does not exist and that it is not necessary for anyone using UAN.

a. In the section for alphanumeric receipt accounts it identifies code "01-R" as "Rollback Homestead and Personal Property Tax Exemption" however; it does not indicate the appropriate financial report caption title or program code. In the listing of numeric revenue codes in the Handbook there is no "Rollback Homestead and Personal Property Tax Exemption." As such it was solely up to the Fiscal Officer to determine the proper Financial Report Caption Title. In this instance the caption "Taxes" the same as for General Property Tax revenue was chosen. Upon analysis the Fiscal Officer agrees that all "Rollback Homestead and Personal Property Tax Exemption" accounts should be classified as Intergovernmental Revenue verses Taxes.

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Schedule of Findings, continued December 31, 2007

## Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with GAGAS

## Finding Number 2007-01, continued Township Response

- b. The Ohio Township Handbook gives no guidance to classify "01-B" appropriation codes as general government as opposed to Conservation Recreation. The Jerome Township Hall is the Township's Recreation Center. The building was built for that purpose and used outside funding for that purpose. As such expenditures were placed in this financial report caption. In addition several expenditure codes that are prone to be allocated expenditures of a capital nature were reclassified to "capital outlay" verses its designated appropriation category. While the majority of the expenses in these accounts are long term assets, the Fiscal Officer believes it misrepresents the amount of taxpayers' monies being spent in areas such as Parks and Recreation and Cemeteries as reported in the Statement of Activities.
- c. The Ohio Township Handbook gives no guidance to classify 04-A-04 "Tools and Equipment" as a capital outlay appropriation category as opposed to a public works appropriation category. Classification as capital outlay understates the amounts being reported as spent for the public works of the community in the Statement of Activities.
- d. The Ohio Township Handbook gives no guidance to classify 10-A-08 "Tools and Equipment" as a capital outlay appropriation category as opposed to a public safety appropriation category. Classification as capital outlay understates the amounts being reported as spent on public safety in the Statement of Activities.
- e. The Ohio Township Handbook gives no guidance to classify 05-A-05 "Improvement of Sites" as a capital outlay appropriation category as opposed to a health appropriation category. Classification as capital outlay understates the amounts being reported as spent on public health in the Statement of Activities.

The expenditures noted in this finding were reclassified for financial report caption purposes only and were properly coded and reported to the appropriate appropriation code. The Fiscal Officer is of the opinion that such reclassifications are immaterial to the overall financial statements and are neither a significant deficiency nor a material weakness. The Fiscal Officer would be more than willing to revise the software coding to properly post to the desired financial report caption lines if he were to be given those desired classifications. As indicated above all efforts to obtain such guidance have been unsuccessful.

## Finding Number 2007-02

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 states:

(1) That an increased amended certificate must be obtained from the Budget Commission if the legislative authority intends to appropriate and expend revenue in excess of the estimated resources.
(2) A reduced amended certificate must be obtained if the amount of the deficiency will reduce the available resources below the current level of appropriations.

Appropriations exceeded available resources by \$8,058 in the Zoning Fund. This deficit was caused by actual receipts falling \$29,672 below budgeted receipts. Although the Township actual expenses did not exceed the

## Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Schedule of Findings, continued December 31, 2007

#### Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with GAGAS

#### Finding Number 2007-02, continued

available resources, ORC Section 5705.36 still requires an amended certificate of estimated resources to reflect this shortfall. Additionally, the Township should have reduced the appropriations below the estimated resources.

#### Response by Township

In the original 2007 Appropriation Resolution, Jerome Township did not appropriate and expend revenue in excess of the estimated resources of the Zoning Fund. Available resources at the beginning of the year were \$145,816 and estimated receipts were \$70,000 resulting in \$215,816 in estimated resources. Estimated expenditures were \$174,202 resulting in an estimated ending fund balance of \$41,614. However, during the course of the year actual receipts only amounted to \$40,328 resulting in estimated resources of \$186,144 which was in excess of the amended estimated expenditures of \$194,202. No reduced amended certificate was sought as while actual receipts were less than estimated actual expenditures were also less than estimated. While amended estimated expenditures totaled \$148,494. As a result no shortfall was experienced for the Fund but instead had an ending fund balance of \$37,650. In the future if estimated resources are less than estimated expenditures, a reduced amended certificate will be requested from the County Auditor.

## Finding Number 2007-03

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 5705.41(D) states that no subdivision shall make any contract or order any expenditure of money unless the Certificate of the Fiscal Officer is attached. The Fiscal Officer must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury when such contract or order is made.

ORC Section 5705.41 also provides that if no certificate was furnished at the time that the contract was entered into, the Fiscal Officer may prepare a Then and Now Certificate stating (1) that there was at the time of the making of the contract and (2) at the time of the execution of this certificate a sufficient sum appropriated for the purpose of the contract in question in the treasury or in process of collection to the credit of the appropriate fund, free from previous encumbrances. During our testing of disbursements, we noted that funds were not encumbered prior to expenditure for many of the thirty-nine disbursements tested.

#### Response by Township

This finding reports that there were a number of disbursements tested that were not properly encumbered by the Fiscal Officer prior to the expenditure. Upon review of this testing by the Fiscal Officer, he is in agreement that purchase orders were not being properly dated. The cause of this was the result of hiring a new Administrative Assistant who dated purchase orders on the date entered into the computer system as opposed to the date of encumbrance and a Fire Chief who incorrectly dated requisitions as of the date of creation as opposed to the date of encumbrance. The Fiscal Officer has met with each of these individuals and properly described the process and believes procedures are being properly followed currently. This can be exhibited by the fact that the number of variances found in the 2008 testing was significantly fewer than that of 2007.

# Jerome Township Union County, Ohio Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2007

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid: Explain:
2006-001	ORC 5705.41 - Fiscal Officer must certify the commitme of money prior to the expenditure taking pla		Repeated in the Schedule of Findings in the 2007 audit report as Finding Number 2007-03.
2006-002	Missclassifications within the financial statements.	No	Repeated in the Schedule of Findings in the 2007 audit report as Finding Number 2007-01.





## JEROME TOWNSHIP

UNION COUNTY

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 13, 2009

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