CITY OF VANDALIA

Single Audit Reports

December 31, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

City Council City of Vandalia 333 J.E. Bohanan Memorial Drive Vandalia, Ohio 45377

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Vandalia, Montgomery County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Vandalia is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

June 22, 2009



CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Pass Through Federal Grantor/Pass - Through **Entity CFDA** Grantor, Program Title Number Receipts **Disbursements** United States Department of Justice-Office of Justice Program Direct Funding \$5,003 Bullet Proof Vests Partnership Program NA 16.607 \$5,003 United States Department of Homeland Security Passed Through Ohio Emergency Management Agency: **FEMA FEMA 313** 97.036 0 118,818 United States Department of Transportation Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety: Highway Planning and Construction VAN07570 20.205 551,538 522,621

\$556,541

\$646,442

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

NOTE A -- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

TOTALS

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the City's federal award programs.

The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City Council City of Vandalia 333 James E. Bohanan Memorial Drive Vandalia, OH 45377

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Vandalia (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 12, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated June 12, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Auditor of State, City Council, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

June 12, 2009





REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

City Council City of Vandalia 333 James E. Bohanan Memorial Drive Vandalia, OH 45377

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Vandalia (the City), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in a City's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated June 12, 2009. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming our opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Auditor of State, City Council, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

June 12, 2009



CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2008

$Section \ I-Summary \ of \ Auditor's \ Results$

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any material reported non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were the any other significant control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #20.205 Department of Transportation Highway Planning & Construction
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

Section II – Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with GAGAS	a
None	
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
None	
Section IV – Summary of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	
None	



CITY OF VANDALIA Montgomery County, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2008

Issued by: James A. Bell, CPFA Director of Finance

City of Vandalia, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2008

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Introductory Section



333 James E. Bohanan Memorial Drive Vandalia. Ohio 45377

PHONE (937) 898-5891 FAX (937) 898-6117



June 12, 2009

Citizens of Vandalia Mayor Members of Council City of Vandalia, Ohio

State law requires that every general-purpose local government prepare their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and to have an annual audit. Therefore, I am pleased to present the twentieth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Vandalia, which is being published to fulfill that requirement for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Management, specifically the Finance Director's Office, assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. This evaluation involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and members of the finance office. The administrative and financial management personnel believe that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Vandalia's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

The City of Vandalia is located in Southwest Ohio, just north of Dayton. Long recognized as the intersection of our nation's major coast to coast highways and as the site of Dayton International Airport, the City of Vandalia is, literally, the nucleus of a region that has become renown for its convenient access to the entire world.

In 1848, incorporation papers were filed to establish the Village of Vandalia, with 200 residents. In 1958, Vandalia was incorporated as a City, and adopted its charter in 1960, pursuant to Section 7 of Article XVIII of the Ohio Constitution.

The current charter provides for a Council/Manager form of government. The Mayor and the council are elected by separate ballot from the municipality at large for four-year terms. As a council member, the Mayor has the right to vote on all issues before the council. Council appoints the City Manager. The City Manager appoints all department directors of the City.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading.

The primary government consists of all funds and departments which provide various services including police and fire protection, garbage disposal, sewage collection and treatment, water treatment and distribution, street maintenance and repair, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, and maintenance of a staff to provide support services (i.e., payroll processing and accounts payable). Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

The City is associated with the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (TCA) and the Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), which are defined as joint ventures. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. These organizations are presented in Note 14.

The City also participates in the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), a risk sharing insurance pool, which provides liability insurance coverage to the City. The pool consists of twenty municipalities who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery and public official liability.

The City is also a member of the Economic Development/Government Equity Program (ED/GE), a jointly governed organization which promotes developing plans and programs designed to assure that County resources are efficiently used, economic growth is properly balanced, and that county economic development is coordinated with that of the State of Ohio and other local governments. This organization is presented in Note 15.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Vandalia's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared at the fund level. The finance director may transfer resources within the function and department levels. The department heads may transfer resources within their department as they see fit. Budgetary control is maintained by the encumbrance of purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders are not issued when insufficient appropriations preclude the encumbrance of the amount of the purchase. Each department head is furnished a monthly report showing the month's transactions and summarizing the balances available to be spent from the appropriations for goods and services.

Local Economy

2008 was an up and down year for the City of Vandalia. The year started strong as the City continued to see some carryover from projects that were started toward the end of 2007. However, toward the end of 2008, many of the local businesses saw dramatic slowdowns in their business due to the lagging economy. Despite the slowing economy, the City of Vandalia saw some successes in 2008 that will serve as strong future foundation blocks. Several businesses completed expansion projects and the City began the development of a 200 acre commercial and industrial park known as Stonequarry Crossings.

The first building to be built in the City's development is Manufactured Assemblies Corporation (MAC). MAC is a light industrial operation that assembles cables and wire harnesses. The company was leasing space in a multi-tenant building in another part of Vandalia, but wanted to own their building with some additional square footage for expansion. The City sold the company 4 acres in the Stonequarry Crossings development to expand their business in a new location containing a 40,000 square foot building. The construction on the new building started in 2008, but will not be completed until the summer of 2009. MAC has a total payroll of \$2,000,000 and employs 55 people. They intend to hire additional personnel to expand to around 70 employees and will grow their payroll to \$2,500,000 over the next 3-5 years.

To help MAC with the construction of the building, the City applied for, and was awarded \$50,000 in Montgomery County Economic Development/Government Equity (ED/GE) funds to be used for capital asset improvements as part of the construction of the new building.

As part of the development of the MAC building, the City is constructing the first street within the Stonequarry Crossings development, Fieldstone Way. The City is committed to spend up to \$400,000 for the construction of the road. The first 800 feet of Fieldstone Way will be completed in 2009 and will open up as many as 5 additional lots for more development.

In an effort to spur more development within the City, the City Council established the Vandalia Development Corporation to help with the recruitment enticement of companies. The Vandalia Development Corporation is comprised of three members of the community and two City Council members. This group will serve as another economic development tool in the City's tool box. The development corporation was funded from a \$250,000 donation from the City of Vandalia.

In 2008, the City established two additional tax increment finance (TIF) districts for new construction projects. The first TIF district was established for the new McDonald's restaurant that was demolished and re-built in the downtown area along National Road. McDonald's demolished a building that was originally built in the 1970s and replaced it with a new \$1.2 million building. The TIF revenue that the city will capture will be used to continue the streetscape improvements the City has started along National Road.

The second TIF project that was completed in 2008 was the construction of a new multi-tenant medical office building in the Northwoods development. The first tenant in the building is Children's Medical Center who established a diagnostic center in Vandalia to serve residents of the North Dayton suburbs. Children's occupies 3,000 square feet of a 6,000 square foot building. The other half of the building has yet to be leased, but is being offered to additional medical office users.

In 2008 the City began the second phase of the Streetscape project along National Road in our Downtown area. Phase two of this project is the south side of National Road between Ranchview and Maple Drives. Phase two will be completed in early 2009, but the majority of the construction was completed in the winter of 2008. The total project cost for phase two was \$259,105 and was 100% funded by the City

The unemployment in Vandalia's region (Dayton, OH SMA) in 2008 was above the national and state averages. The Dayton area had an unemployment rate of 8.5% in 2008, compared to 7.1% nationally and 7.7% for the State of Ohio. The Dayton area unemployment rate is expected to rise in 2009 as the result of a lagging economy.

The City continues to spend its valuable resources on public safety and public works related expenses, as well as recreation activities and general governmental categories. The City's dedication to public safety is evident in the fact that 20% and 10% of the governmental expenditures are spent towards police and fire protection, respectively.

The City also places a high emphasis on sponsoring recreation programs for its citizens. The 18% of governmental expenditures spent for recreation during 2008 is consistent with past years.

At 50.7% of total governmental revenues, municipal income taxes continue to be the life source of the City's revenue. Vandalia residents approved a temporary (five years) city income tax increase of one quarter of one percent in November, 2005. This increase will be earmarked for additional police personnel and police, fire, and street capital needs. Effective January 1, 2006, the City income tax rate is now 2.00%. The City of Vandalia instituted a sewer rate increase of 9% for 2008 and 2009. In order to keep overall utility bills from increasing, the Vandalia City Council voted to reduce water rates by 4.5% in 2008 and 2009. The sewer rate increase was necessary to establish a carryover balance sufficient to handle unanticipated expenses.

Major Initiatives

The Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), a joint venture between the Cities of Vandalia and Tipp City, officially became active in January 2007 with Tipp City receiving filtered water from the new water plant. Tipp City began receiving softened water in May and Vandalia became active in June 2007. The twenty-four million dollar facility is substantially complete at this time. This joint venture will allow the City of Vandalia to have greater control over future water rates.

The City of Vandalia contracted with Utility Sales Agency to install new water meters in the homes of all residents. The project began in 2008 with completion estimated to be in October 2009. The new water meters will be equipped with a transmitting device that will allow the City utility workers to automatically pick up water meter readings by driving down the streets of the city. These new meters, combined with the transition to monthly utility billing should assist residents in controlling unknown water leaks on their property.

During 2008, the City of Vandalia continued to contract with the cities of Englewood, Brookville and, Union to act as their agent for the purpose of administering their tax ordinances and collecting their City income taxes by the authority of those ordinances. Although there are no immediate plans to form a joint venture with the cities of Englewood, Brookville and, Union, the option to do so in the future has remained open.

As part of an ongoing effort to improve and beautify Vandalia's infrastructure, a major streetscaping project began in 2007. Phase I of the project focused on the north side of National Road between Ranchview Drive and Maple Street. The project replaced all of the streetlights on the street, improved the electrical capacity of the lights, and replaced all of the brick pavers and all of the trees planted along the road. During 2008, streetscaping improvements began on the south side of National Road.

Creating a positive identity for the City of Vandalia, three new entryway signs were erected during 2007 at key entry points into the City. The signs are made of brick and stone and feature the new Vandalia logo. The signs are backlit for evening display. Five more signs are in the construction phase at the end of 2008 and will be completed during 2009.

During 2008, the City began the design phase of a new fire station to be built in Stonequarry Crossings. The City anticipates breaking ground for the new fire station in the fall of 2009.

Also, the Vandalia-Bulter City Schools have plans to break ground in the fall of 2009 for a new middle school to be built in the Stonequarry Crossings.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Vandalia, Ohio, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. This was the nineteenth year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Sincere appreciation is extended to the many people who have contributed their time and effort to prepare this report. Assistant Finance Director Kathleen Cornett and the Finance Department staff are to be commended for their input and commitment. I would also like to express appreciation to the City Engineer's office for their continued effort in helping gather the infrastructure information presented in the report. I am additionally grateful to Assistant City Manager Rob Anderson for his economic development input for this report. I would also like to express appreciation to W. Michael Lennon, CPA, and Lorrie Miller for their time spent in preparing this report. This report contains an expanded Statistical Section and a significant amount of work from members of all city departments was necessary to complete the tables. I am extremely grateful for those individuals who gathered the data to complete those statistical tables. Finally, credit must also be given to the City Manager, Mayor and to City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Vandalia's finances.

James A. Bell

Director of Finance

~ A. Bell

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Vandalia Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES OF THE CONTROL OF THE

President

Executive Director

City of Vandalia Montgomery County, Ohio List of Principal Officials December 31, 2008

Elected Officials

Mayor William Loy

Vice Mayor
Dave Gerhard

Council Members
Mike Blakesly
Joyce Orange
H. David Brusman Jr.
Candice Farst
David Lewis

Appointed Officials

City Manager
Jeffrey C. Hoagland

Director of Finance
James A. Bell

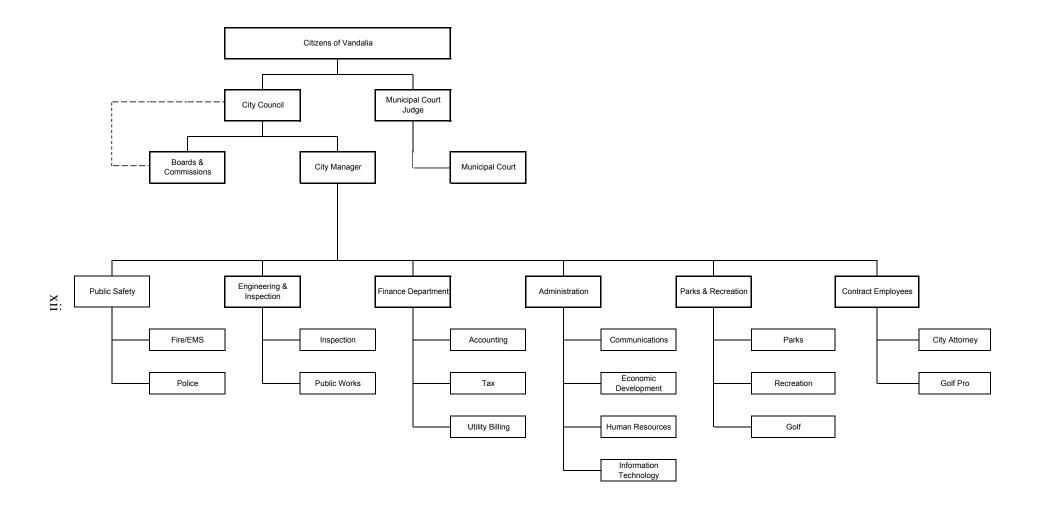
City Attorney
Gerald McDonald

Assistant City Manager Rob Anderson

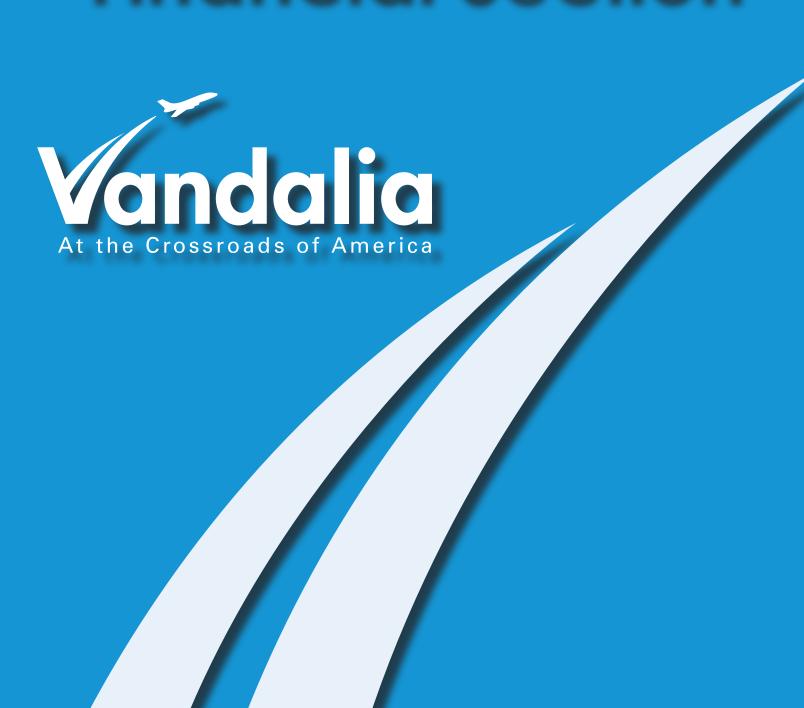
Chief of Police
Douglas Knight

Fire Chief
Chad Follick

Parks and Recreation Director Steve Clark



Financial Section





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council City of Vandalia 333 James E. Bohanan Memorial Drive Vandalia, OH 45377

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Vandalia (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2009, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. June 12, 2009

City of Vandalia, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended December 31, 2008 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Vandalia's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter, basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total net assets increased \$316,062 during 2008. Of this increase, net assets of governmental activities accounted for \$368,218, due to increases in construction in progress and other capital assets while reducing long-term liabilities by making debt payments, while net assets of business-type activities decreased by \$52,156.
- General revenues, for governmental activities, accounted for \$15,619,843, or 69.6% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$6,833,087 or 30.4% of total governmental activities revenue.
- Governmental activities net capital assets increased \$555,028, due to an increase in all categories of capital assets and various ongoing construction projects.
- The City had \$22,084,712 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$6,833,087 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, or interest. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$15,619,843 were sufficient to offset these program expenses.
- The general fund, the City's largest major governmental fund, had revenues of \$21,889,439 in 2008, or 89.7% of total governmental funds. Expenditures of the general fund were \$16,970,918, or 70.5% of total governmental funds. The general fund balance increased \$479,277, or 2.3% in 2008.
- Business-type operations reflected an operating loss of \$1,206,432 during 2008, and business-type unrestricted net assets are at \$9,375,827.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the City's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

City of Vandalia, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended December 31, 2008 (Unaudited)

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These reports provide information that will help the reader to determine if the City is financially better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes to those assets. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements need to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here including police, fire, public works, recreation, judicial, and legislative and executive.
- Business-Type Activities These services include water, sewer and golf. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage or a usage fee. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 18. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Finance Director, with approval of council, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the City is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The City's major funds are general, capital improvement, water, sewer and golf.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide services to the City's other funds and departments.

Fiduciary Funds

All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the City as a whole.

Table 1 below provides a summary of the City's net assets for 2008 compared to 2007:

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governm	ental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	
	2008	2007 (Restated)	2008	2007 (Restated)	2008	2007 (Restated)	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current and							
other assets	\$ 35,434,11	7 \$ 35,094,717	\$ 2,376,748	\$ 2,974,861	\$ 37,810,865	\$ 38,069,578	
Capital assets	45,648,06	45,093,032	18,165,790	17,331,384	63,813,850	62,424,416	
Investment in joint venture		<u>-</u>	7,454,187	7,688,121	7,454,187	7,688,121	
Total assets	81,082,17	80,187,749	27,996,725	27,994,366	109,078,902	108,182,115	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Other liabilities	7,504,09	7 6,576,728	295,453	254,804	7,799,550	6,831,532	
Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	11,272,24	11,673,407	149,906	136,040	11,422,154	11,809,447	
Total liabilities	18,776,34	18,250,135	445,359	390,844	19,221,704	18,640,979	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	36,535,26	, ,	18,165,790	17,331,384	54,701,056	52,713,189	
Restricted	4,489,01	0 4,872,447	-	-	4,489,010	4,872,447	
Unrestricted	21,281,55	21,683,362	9,385,576	10,272,138	30,667,132	31,955,500	
Total net assets	\$ 62,305,83	2 \$ 61,937,614	\$ 27,551,366	\$ 27,603,522	\$ 89,857,198	\$ 89,541,136	

As displayed in Table 1, total net assets of the City as a whole, increased \$316,062 from 2007 to 2008. This was due to increases in construction in progress and most categories of capital assets while reducing long-term liabilities by making debt payments.

Total net assets of the City's governmental activities increased by \$368,218, and unrestricted net assets decreased \$401,806 from 2007 to 2008. The increase in governmental net assets can be attributed to increases in construction in progress and most categories of capital assets.

The net assets of the City's business type activities decreased by \$52,156. All three enterprise funds reported an operating loss during 2008. Overall, operating expenses remained consistent with prior year. Capital contributions for capital assets from developers and governmental funds helped to reduce the negative impact on net assets. The City strives to control operation expenses for business-type activities in order to maintain stability in charges for services rates.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2008, and revenue and expense comparisons to 2007.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets									
		tal Activities	ype Activities	Total	Total				
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	2007	2008	<u>2007</u>			
Revenues									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 5,163,528	\$ 5,255,078	\$ 4,004,251	\$ 6,093,932	\$ 9,167,779	\$ 11,349,010			
Operating grants, contributions,									
and interest	919,062	1,152,379	-	-	919,062	1,152,379			
Capital grants and contributions	750,497	1,374,031	103,784	74,445	854,281	1,448,476			
General revenues:									
Property taxes	2,077,147	1,976,022	-	-	2,077,147	1,976,022			
Income taxes	11,391,659	13,072,621	-	-	11,391,659	13,072,621			
Grants and entitlements	1,977,904	1,357,421	-	-	1,977,904	1,357,421			
Investment earnings	1,211,323	1,485,318	1,140	3,471	1,212,463	1,488,789			
Other	154,641	112,821	35,755	33,196	190,396	146,017			
Total revenues	23,645,761	25,785,691	4,144,930	6,205,044	27,790,691	31,990,735			
Program Expenses									
Governmental Activities:									
General government									
Legislative and executive	4,128,879	4,064,204	-	-	4,128,879	4,064,204			
Judicial system	2,274,612	2,236,204	-	-	2,274,612	2,236,204			
Public safety									
Police	4,507,680	4,433,361	-	-	4,507,680	4,433,361			
Fire	2,100,789	2,012,863	-	-	2,100,789	2,012,863			
Public works									
Engineer	1,087,904	1,189,858	-	-	1,087,904	1,189,858			
Streets	2,588,013	2,676,207	-	-	2,588,013	2,676,207			
Refuse	754,679	948,613	-	-	754,679	948,613			
Recreation	4,016,239	3,872,952	-	-	4,016,239	3,872,952			
Interest and fiscal charges	625,917	650,699	-	-	625,917	650,699			
Business-Type Activities:									
Water	-	-	2,677,281	2,285,103	2,677,281	2,285,103			
Sewer	-	-	1,574,798	1,566,084	1,574,798	1,566,084			
Golf	-	-	1,137,838	1,228,303	1,137,838	1,228,303			
Total program expenses	22,084,712	22,084,961	5,389,917	5,079,490	27,474,629	27,164,451			
Increase in net assets									
before transfers	1,561,049	3,700,730	(1,244,987)	1,125,554	316,062	4,826,284			

(937, 367)

2,763,363

59,174,251

\$ 61,937,614

1,192,831

27,603,522

\$ 27,551,366

(52,156)

937,367

2,062,921

25,540,601

\$ 27,603,522

316,062

89,541,136

\$ 89,857,198

4,826,284

84,714,852

\$ 89,541,136

(1,192,831)

368,218

61,937,614

\$ 62,305,832

Transfers

Change in net assets

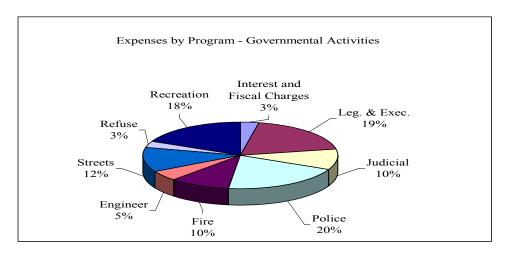
Net assets beginning of year, restated

Net assets end of year

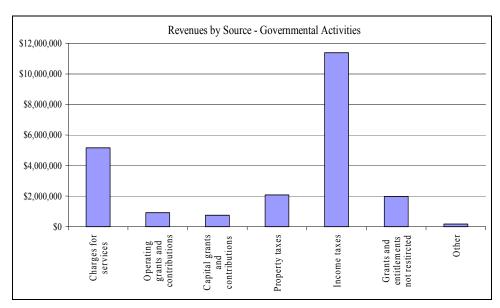
Governmental Activities

The City 2% income tax effective January 1, 2006 due to a voter approved five year levy in the November 2005 election, is the largest source of revenue for the City of Vandalia. The above table reflects that income tax receipts decreased an significant amount from the prior year.

Charges for services decreased \$91,550 during 2008. General government program expenses increased \$103,083 during 2008 primarily as a result of increased personnel and operation costs. Expenses related to income tax collections for the cities of Englewood and Brookville also continue to be reflected in the general government program expenses. Recreation program expenses increased \$143,287 during 2008.



As indicated by governmental program expenses, citizen safety and well being is emphasized as well as maintaining the City's streets and other infrastructure. Recreation programs and facilities are considered an integral part of the quality of life factor.



When looking at the sources of income used to support governmental activities, it should be noted that charges for services of \$5,163,528 represent 23% of revenue. Revenues provided by sources other than city residents in the form of operating and capital grants comprise another \$1,669,559, or 7.4%, and unrestricted grants and entitlements accounted for \$1,977,904, which is another 8.8%. The remaining revenues are primarily generated locally through property taxes, \$2,077,147 or 9.2% and income taxes, \$11,391,659 at 50.7%. City Council relies on these taxes to furnish the quality of life to businesses and citizens to which they and previous councils have always been committed.

Business-Type Activities

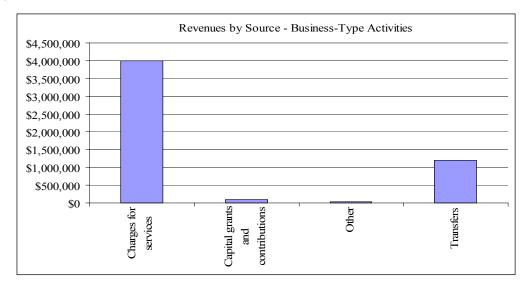
The City's business-type activities include water, sewer and golf.

Water – The City of Vandalia closed their water treatment plant in 1970 and contracted with the City of Dayton to furnish water to the residents of Vandalia. Vandalia owns, maintains and repairs all lines and pumping stations as needed. In March, 2002, the City entered into a joint venture with the City of Tipp City to build a water treatment plant. The water treatment plant is operated by the Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA) which is located in Tipp City and provides water treatment services to both communities. Per the engineer and design rate study, water rates will be increased as necessary to fund this joint venture. During 2008, the City instituted a sewer rate increase and in order to keep utility bills from increasing, the City Council voted to reduce water rates by 4.5% in 2008 and 2009.

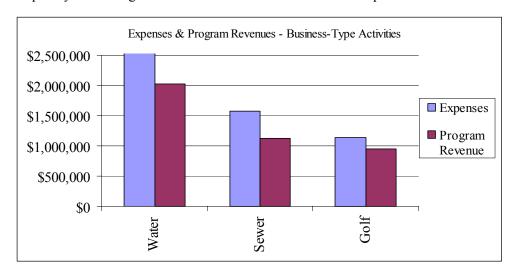
The water treatment plant became fully operational in June of 2007. The City of Dayton implemented water rate increases of 22% in 2005, 34% in January 2006 and 8% in January 2007. The City of Vandalia abandoned the final two years of its rate increases and passed a new ordinance to increase water rates to residents equal to the City of Dayton's rate increases.

Sewer - The City closed their wastewater treatment facility in 1985. Vandalia then contracted with the Miami Conservancy District for wastewater treatment services. In 1996, the Conservancy District decided they no longer wanted to furnish this service. A joint venture was formed between the Cities of Vandalia, Huber Heights and Tipp City to take over the Conservancy District operation. The joint venture now furnishes waste water treatment services to each city. Each city owns and maintains the infrastructure necessary to furnish service to their citizens. All capital repairs and upkeep of the treatment plant are the responsibility of the joint venture. The joint venture in turn will set costs of service for the cities, based on flow, to maintain the plant. The City of Vandalia will in turn, charge its citizens accordingly. Any capital outlay needed to maintain Vandalia's sewer infrastructure was provided by user fees. Due to the need for current and future capital improvements, maintenance and up keep of enterprise infrastructure, Council decided to implement a 9% sewer rate increase for 2008 and 2009.

Golf - Vandalia's Cassel Hills Golf Course is an 18-hole golf course with a restaurant and snack bar. In 1997 the course was voted as "best in the valley" by Dayton Daily Newsreaders and in 2003 received a four-star ranking by Golf Digest. Vandalia was one of the first smaller cities in the Miami Valley to have a municipal golf course. As a result, public expectation has been that a public course should have lesser fees than a private golf course. In 2008, there were approximately 28,038 rounds of golf played. Vandalia's councils have, for the most part, agreed with the expectation of lower fees and have been willing to subsidize operations of the course with transfers and advances from the general fund when necessary.



Overall, the City's business-type activities generated \$4.1 million in program revenues during 2008, program expenses were \$5.4 million. Capital contributions of \$1,296,615 were a result of contributions from developers and other governmental funds. Expenses in the business-type activities remained consistent with prior year. Charges for services in the water and sewer department decreased in 2007.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins on page 18. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds reported revenues of \$24.4 million and expenditures of \$24 million. The general fund net change in fund balance from 2007 to 2008 was \$479,277. Within the general fund, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$4.9 million. The largest increase from 2007 to 2008 is \$426,195 in intergovernmental revenues. Transfers to other funds such as the capital improvement, the police, fire and street capital improvement, and the general obligation debt service fund equaled \$4.4 million. The funds transferred were used for capital assets, improvements, repairs, and debt.

The capital improvement fund balance decreased by \$301,322. Fund balance at December 31, 2008, was \$1,060,593, of which \$1,768,332 was encumbered and \$3,856,281 was reserved for land held for resale. Encumbrances are primarily for street related projects and equipment and vehicle purchases as well as other improvements. The capital improvement fund had a significant increase in capital purchases for 2008. All other governmental change in fund balances was \$189,785 during 2008.

With all three enterprise funds reflecting an operating loss for 2008, the City has implemented a series of rate increases in the enterprise funds to help alleviate future fund losses. If unrestricted net assets are not sufficient to sustain the losses, the City will provide transfers and advances from the general fund as necessary to cover negative balances.

Charges for services for water and sewer services have historically been established to ensure that on a cash basis, fees are adequate to cover operations. In the past, Council has not set fees with the intention of funding capital improvements, however, beginning in 2004, capital items are now charged to the enterprise funds. Therefore, during 2004, Council passed ordinances to implement new fee structures for water and sewer rates. Of the enterprise funds, two of the three funds showed an increase in cash during 2008.

The golf activity's operating loss of \$157,288 is attributable to continually increasing costs for contractual services related to repair and maintenance of the facility with only small increases in fees charged. The Golf course is intended to be operated as a business-type activity, however, historically; Council has not set fees adequate to cover all operating expenses. Even though this operation periodically receives governmental support, it is reflected as a business-type activity. Council has recently approved a new fee schedule for the golf course operations, and is hopeful that the golf fund will begin to realize an upswing in the near future.

General fund budgeting highlights

The City's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted council reviews the detailed work papers of each function within the general fund, and then adopts the budget on a fund basis.

During 2008, revisions were made to the general fund budget. These revisions are reflected on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund on page 22. Within each departmental function, a department head may make small line item adjustments within their budget, as long as the total operation and maintenance amount does not exceed their original budget allowance.

Original general fund budgeted revenues increased \$55,305, from \$21,501,195 to the final budgeted amount of \$21,556,500. Municipal income taxes original budget was consistent with actual income tax revenue for the prior year. At the end of the year, actual municipal income revenues were less than the final budget by \$127,459. In addition, interest income was in excess of the final budget by \$250,504 due to higher interest rates.

Original general fund expenditures increased \$430,000, from \$18,864,014 to the final budgeted amount of \$19,294,014. Actual expenditures were \$730,834 below final budget expenditures for 2008 due to the close monitoring of expenditures.

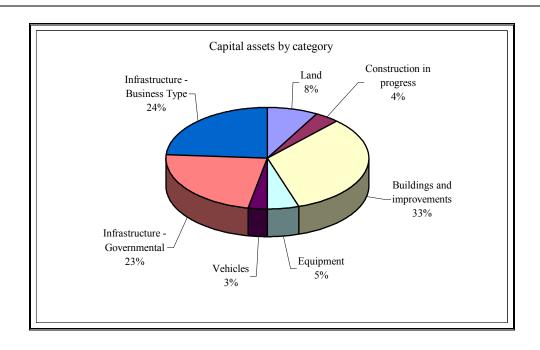
Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 3
Capital Assets, at Fiscal Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total		
	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>
Land	\$ 4,772,053	\$	4,772,053	\$ 167,369	\$	167,369	\$	4,939,422	\$	4,939,422
Construction in progress	2,340,413		1,543,687	-		-		2,340,413		1,543,687
Buildings and improvements	19,485,312		19,856,910	1,541,587		1,546,418		21,026,899		21,403,328
Equipment	2,591,984		2,538,377	487,008		406,202		3,078,992		2,944,579
Vehicles	1,604,950		1,329,509	93,982		137,290		1,698,932		1,466,799
Infrastructure	14,853,348	_	15,052,496	15,875,844		15,074,105	_	30,729,192		30,126,601
Total	\$ 45,648,060	\$	45,093,032	\$ 18,165,790	\$	17,331,384	\$	63,813,850	\$	62,424,416

Capital assets, net of depreciation, in governmental activities increased from the prior year. Increases were primarily in construction in progress and vehicles. Capital assets, net of depreciation, for the business-type activities had an increase of \$834,406, primarily due to the completion of several projects. The City received \$144,306 in asset from developers during 2008. See Note 7 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on capital assets.



Debt

At December 31, 2008, the City of Vandalia had \$9,109,619 in outstanding debt.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities						
	<u>2008</u> <u>2007</u>						
Unvoted general obligation bonds							
Various purpose refunding bonds	\$ 9,109,619 \$ 9,635,74						

The Various Purpose Refunding bonds will be paid with property tax revenues via transfers from the general fund.

The City also has short term obligations being reported in the capital improvement capital projects fund in the amount of \$4,080,000. Revenues for payment of interest and principal on the bond anticipation notes will result from proceeds from a new note to be issued in 2009. The general obligation debt service fund will retire the debt.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$32,238,827 at December 31, 2008. See Note 9 & 11 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on debt of the City.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayer, creditors and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact James Bell, Finance Director, City of Vandalia, 333 Bohanan Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 24,911,294	\$ 2,399,486	\$ 27,310,780
Receivables:			
Income tax	2,450,248	-	2,450,248
Property and other taxes	1,707,760	-	1,707,760
Accounts	470,867	289,079	759,946
Special assessments	64,032	-	64,032
Accrued interest	178,706	-	178,706
Due from other governments	1,177,913	-	1,177,913
Materials and supplies inventory	80,211	22,330	102,541
Prepaid items	28,076	-	28,076
Restricted assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	-	37,608	37,608
Deferred charges	136,974	-	136,974
Investment in joint venture	-	7,454,187	7,454,187
Internal balances	371,755	(371,755)	-
Land held for resale	3,856,281	-	3,856,281
Nondepreciable capital assets	7,112,466	167,369	7,279,835
Depreciable capital assets, net	38,535,594	17,998,421	56,534,015
Total assets	81,082,177	27,996,725	109,078,902
<u>Liabilities:</u>			
Accounts payable	372,187	46,545	418,732
Contracts payable	258,253	-	258,253
Accrued wages and benefits	301,684	21,588	323,272
Compensated absences payable	38,778	-	38,778
Due to other governments	498,536	21,417	519,953
Due to related parties	-	167,013	167,013
Unearned revenue	1,339,870	1,282	1,341,152
Income tax refunds payable	432,536	-	432,536
Bond anticipation notes payable	4,080,000	-	4,080,000
Accrued interest payable	70,351	-	70,351
Claims payable	111,902	27.600	111,902
Refundable deposits Long-term liabilities:	-	37,608	37,608
Due within one year	1 224 760	75.070	1 200 949
Due in more than one year	1,324,769 9,947,479	75,079 74,827	1,399,848 10,022,306
•			
Total liabilities	18,776,345	445,359	19,221,704
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	36,535,266	18,165,790	54,701,056
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	2,200,914	-	2,200,914
Debt service	237,729	-	237,729
Other purposes	2,050,367	-	2,050,367
Unrestricted	21,281,556	9,385,576	30,667,132
Total net assets	\$ 62,305,832	\$ 27,551,366	\$ 89,857,198

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Program Revenues								
	Expenses			Charges for ices and Sales	Cor	nting Grants, ntributions d Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions		
		Expenses	BCIVI	ices and baies		d Interest	and Contributions		
Governmental Activities:									
General government									
Legislative and executive	\$	4,128,879	\$	674,495	\$	23,457	\$	-	
Judicial system		2,274,612		1,239,931		-		-	
Public safety									
Police		4,507,680		76,122		14,067		-	
Fire		2,100,789		578,564		124,095		-	
Public works									
Engineer		1,087,904		393,585		8,466		-	
Streets		2,588,013		41,160		722,075		750,497	
Refuse		754,679		698,251		-		-	
Recreation		4,016,239		1,461,420		26,902		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		625,917							
Total governmental activities		22,084,712		5,163,528		919,062		750,497	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		2,677,281		1,979,915		-		50,426	
Sewer		1,574,798		1,072,501		-		53,358	
Golf		1,137,838		951,835		_			
Total business-type activities		5,389,917		4,004,251				103,784	
Total primary government	\$	27,474,629	\$	9,167,779	\$	919,062	\$	854,281	

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Income tax levied for:

General purposes

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year, restated

Net assets, end of year

Governmental Activities		В	usiness-Type Activities	 Total
\$	(3,430,927) (1,034,681)	\$	-	\$ (3,430,927) (1,034,681)
	(4,417,491) (1,398,130)		-	(4,417,491) (1,398,130)
	(685,853) (1,074,281) (56,428) (2,527,917) (625,917) (15,251,625)		- - - - - -	 (685,853) (1,074,281) (56,428) (2,527,917) (625,917) (15,251,625)
\$	(15,251,625)	\$	(646,940) (448,939) (186,003) (1,281,882) (1,281,882)	\$ (646,940) (448,939) (186,003) (1,281,882) (16,533,507)
	2,077,147		-	2,077,147
	11,391,659 1,977,904 1,211,323 154,641 (1,192,831)		1,140 35,755 1,192,831	11,391,659 1,977,904 1,212,463 190,396
	15,619,843		1,229,726	16,849,569
	368,218 61,937,614		(52,156)	 316,062 89,541,136
\$	62,305,832	\$	27,551,366	\$ 89,857,198

City of Vandalia, Ohio Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2008

		S 1	Capital Improvement		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental
Assets:		General	Im	provement		Funds		Funds
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments	\$ 2	20,299,535	\$	1,563,180	\$	2,864,462	\$	24,727,177
Receivables:	Ψ 2	20,277,333	Ψ	1,303,100	Ψ	2,004,402	Ψ	24,727,177
Income tax		2,450,248		_		_		2,450,248
Property and other taxes		1,707,760		_		_		1,707,760
Accounts		418,174		340		51,193		469,707
Special assessments		13,810		10,669		39,553		64,032
Accrued interest		178,706		10,009		39,333		178,706
Restricted assets:		178,700		-		-		178,700
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		26,615						26,615
Due from other governments		438,898		171,521		567,494		1,177,913
Materials and supplies inventory		6,778		1/1,321		73,433		80,211
Interfund loan receivable		407,511		-		73,433		407,511
Due from other funds				-		27.512		•
		72,810		2.056.201		27,512		100,322
Land held for resale				3,856,281		- _		3,856,281
Total assets	\$ 2	26,020,845	\$	5,601,991	\$	3,623,647	\$	35,246,483
Liabilities and fund balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	302,361	\$	20,955	\$	48,563	\$	371,879
Contracts payable		-		258,253		_		258,253
Accrued wages		284,283		-		17,401		301,684
Matured compensated absences payable		35,973		_		2,805		38,778
Interfund payable		_		_		7,511		7,511
Due to other governments		477,415		_		21,121		498,536
Deferred revenue		3,506,348		182,190		580,960		4,269,498
Income tax refunds payable		432,536		-		_		432,536
Bond anticipation notes payable		-		4,080,000		_		4,080,000
Due to other funds		_		-		118,818		118,818
Total liabilities	-	5,038,916		4,541,398		797,179		10,377,493
Fund balances:				. =				
Reserved for encumbrances		1,511,207		1,768,332		819,047		4,098,586
Reserved for inventory		6,778		-		73,433		80,211
Reserved for interfund loan receivable		407,511		-		-		407,511
Reserved for unclaimed money		26,615		-		-		26,615
Reserved for land held for resale		-		3,856,281		-		3,856,281
Unreserved, undesignated,								
Reported in:								
General fund	1	19,029,818		-		-		19,029,818
Special revenue funds		-		-		1,306,895		1,306,895
Debt service fund		-		-		221,577		221,577
Capital projects fund		-		(4,564,020)		405,516		(4,158,504)
Total fund balances	2	20,981,929		1,060,593		2,826,468		24,868,990
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2	26,020,845	\$	5,601,991	\$	3,623,647	\$	35,246,483

City of Vandalia, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities December 31, 2008

Total governmental fund balances			\$	24,868,990
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finantenerous and therefore are not reported in funds.	cial			45,648,060
An internal service fund is used by management to charge costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and of the internal service fund are included in governmen	liabi	ilities		
activities in the statement of net assets.				74,528
The internal balance represents the portion of the internal sassets and liabilities that are allocated to the proprietar				(9,749)
• •	-			(2,7, 12)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	репо	ou		
Property and other taxes	\$	165,530		
Income taxes		1,360,601		
Fines and forfeitures		24,422		
Intergovernmental		997,234		
Special assessments		64,032		
Charges for services		305,741		
Deferred charges		136,974		
Other		12,068		
Total		12,000		3,066,602
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the curr	ent			
period and therefore is not reported in the funds.				(70,351)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	t			
Refunding general obligation bonds	\$	(9,420,000)		
Unamortized premium on refunding bonds	Ψ	(355,427)		
Accounting loss		665,808		
Capital lease payable		(744,011)		
Compensated absences		(1,418,618)		
Total		(1,410,010)		(11,272,248)
Net assets of governmental activities			\$	62,305,832
The assets of governmental activities			Ψ	02,303,032

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

D	General	Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	e 11.005.601	ф	¢.	¢ 11.005.601
Municipal income tax	\$ 11,905,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,905,601
Property and other taxes	2,097,501	-	21,354	2,118,855
Charges for services	3,161,709	-	463,350	3,625,059
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	157,043 1,334,212	-	183,931	157,043 1,518,143
Intergovernmental	· ·	902.070	1,014,223	
	1,885,744	803,070	1,014,223	3,703,037
Special assessments	1 211 222	27,739	-	27,739
Interest	1,211,322	1.040	0.451	1,211,322
Other	136,307	1,040	9,451	146,798
Total revenue	21,889,439	831,849	1,692,309	24,413,597
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government				
Legislative and executive	3,672,142	86,199	162,598	3,920,939
Judicial system	2,151,768	3,568	-	2,155,336
Public safety				
Police	4,047,083	22,521	179,131	4,248,735
Fire	1,750,124	-	107,076	1,857,200
Public works				
Engineer	852,803	4,650	170,362	1,027,815
Streets	595,414	48,167	1,027,433	1,671,014
Refuse	754,679	-	-	754,679
Recreation	3,135,340	95,468	187,987	3,418,795
Capital outlay	11,565	2,631,406	1,144,280	3,787,251
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	632,844	632,844
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u>	129,631	476,373	606,004
Total expenditures	16,970,918	3,021,610	4,088,084	24,080,612
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,918,521	(2,189,761)	(2,395,775)	332,985
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	34,755	-	34,755
Transfers - in	-	1,853,684	2,585,560	4,439,244
Transfers - out	(4,439,244)			(4,439,244)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,439,244)	1,888,439	2,585,560	34,755
Net change in fund balance	479,277	(301,322)	189,785	367,740
Fund balances at beginning of year	20,502,652	1,361,915	2,636,683	24,501,250
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 20,981,929	\$ 1,060,593	\$ 2,826,468	\$ 24,868,990

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds			\$	367,740
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated use In the current period, these amounts are:				
Capital outlay	\$	3,787,251		
Capital contributions	•	54,403		
Capital assets transferred out		(1,192,831)		
Depreciation expense		(2,017,872)		
Excess of capital asset additions over depreciation expe	ense and tra			630,951
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is	_			(75,923)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide currer reported as revenues in the funds. These activities consist of		resources are not		
Property and other taxes	\$	(41,708)		
Income taxes		(513,942)		
Intergovernmental		(165,019)		
Special assessments		(1,716)		
Charges for services		(132,092)		
Fines and forfeitures		24,245		
Other		(26,762)		
Net change in deferred revenues during the year				(856,994)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in g activities consist of:	overnmenta	al funds. These		
Increase in compensated absences	\$	(207,810)		
Amortization of deferred charges		(10,536)		
Decrease in accrued interest		14,498		(202.040)
Total additional expenditures				(203,848)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the cos				
claims to individual funds are not reported in the statement of				
fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues	are elimina	ited.		(102,677)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the government repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of n		out the		550,000
Payment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the gover repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of n		nds, but the		82,844
The amortization of issuance costs and bond premium is reflecte activities.	ed as an exp	ense in the statement	of	
Accounting loss	\$	(51,216)		
Premium		27,341		
Total additional expenses				(23,875)
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$	368,218
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.				

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal income tax	\$ 12,500,000	\$ 12,500,000	\$ 12,372,541	\$ (127,459)
Property and other taxes	1,771,643	1,771,643	1,924,631	152,988
Charges for services	2,971,000	2,971,000	3,134,056	163,056
Licenses and permits	175,500	175,500	157,043	(18,457)
Fines and forfeitures	1,321,000	1,321,000	1,307,818	(13,182)
Intergovernmental	1,749,852	1,805,157	1,884,163	79,006
Interest	900,700	900,700	1,151,204	250,504
Other	111,500	111,500	88,875	(22,625)
Total revenues	21,501,195	21,556,500	22,020,331	463,831
Expenditures: Current:				
General government				
Legislative and executive	4,738,923	5,168,923	5,033,944	134,979
Judicial system	2,313,880	2,313,880	2,180,243	133,637
Public safety	2,515,000	2,515,000	2,100,213	155,057
Police	4,298,195	4,298,195	4,086,177	212,018
Fire	1,875,580	1,875,580	1,771,576	104,004
Public works	, ,	, ,	,,	,,,,
Engineer	916,916	916,916	853,278	63,638
Streets	639,481	639,481	614,667	24,814
Refuse	852,251	852,251	836,561	15,690
Recreation	3,228,788	3,228,788	3,186,734	42,054
Total expenditures	18,864,014	19,294,014	18,563,180	730,834
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,637,181	2,262,486	3,457,151	1,194,665
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	_	(1,000)
Transfers - out	(4,439,244)	(4,439,244)	(4,439,244)	(1,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,438,244)	(4,438,244)	(4,439,244)	(1,000)
Net change in fund balance	(1,801,063)	(2,175,758)	(982,093)	1,193,665
Fund balance at beginning of year	17,755,592	17,755,592	17,755,592	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,502,987	1,502,987	1,502,987	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 17,457,516	\$ 17,082,821	\$ 18,276,486	\$ 1,193,665

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2008

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer		Golf	Total			nal Service
Assets:										
Current assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	1,274,467	\$	547,483	\$	577,536	\$	2,399,486	\$	157,502
Accounts Due from other funds		189,209 9,269		99,870 9,013		- 214		289,079 18,496		1,160
Materials and supplies inventory Prepaid items		6,196		-		16,134		22,330		28,076
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		25,197		12,411		_		37,608		_
Total current assets		1,504,338		668,777		593,884		2,766,999		186,738
Non-current assets:										
Investment in joint venture Capital assets:		(94,074)		7,548,261		-		7,454,187		-
Land Depreciable capital assets, net		58,424 7,465,746		- 9,267,494		108,945 1,265,181		167,369 17,998,421		-
Total non-current assets		7,430,096		16,815,755		1,374,126		25,619,977		-
Total assets	\$	8,934,434	\$	17,484,532	\$	1,968,010	\$	28,386,976	\$	186,738
<u>Liabilities:</u> Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	37,730	\$	5,080	\$	3,735	\$	46,545	\$	308
Accrued wages and benefits		6,518		6,518		8,552		21,588		-
Compensated absences payable Due to other governments		25,876 5,748		25,875 5,681		23,328 9,988		75,079 21,417		-
Due to related parties		95,234		71,779		-		167,013		_
Unearned revenue		-		-		1,282		1,282		-
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		111,902
Refundable deposits		25,197		12,411		-		37,608		
Total current liabilities		196,303		127,344		46,885		370,532		112,210
Long-term liabilities:										
Compensated absences payable Interfund payable		27,094		27,094		20,639 400,000		74,827 400,000		-
Total long-term liabilities		27,094		27,094		420,639		474,827		-
Total liabilities		223,397		154,438		467,524		845,359		112,210
Net assets:										
Invested in capital assets		7,524,170		9,267,494		1,374,126		18,165,790		-
Unrestricted		1,186,867		8,062,600	Φ.	126,360		9,375,827	Φ.	74,528
Total net assets		8,711,037	\$	17,330,094	\$	1,500,486		27,541,617	\$	74,528
Net assets reported for business-type activities in the state they include a proportionate share of the balance of the				fferent becaus	se			9,749		
	Ne	t assets of bus	sine	ss-type activiti	ies		\$	27,551,366		

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	 Bus	vernmental					
	Water Sewer Golf				Total	Activities rnal Service	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,966,205	\$	1,055,821	\$	951,835	\$ 3,973,861	\$ 1,577,407
Tap-in fees	13,710		16,680		-	30,390	-
Other	 25,229		-		5,476	 30,705	 34,622
Total operating revenue	 2,005,144		1,072,501		957,311	 4,034,956	 1,612,029
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	297,309		296,028		506,900	1,100,237	-
Contractual services	1,480,996		957,944		302,340	2,741,280	380,609
Supplies and materials	598,594		34,622		195,978	829,194	-
Claims	-		-		-	-	1,345,734
Depreciation	216,474		243,735		78,326	538,535	-
Other	 1,045		42		31,055	32,142	
Total operating expenses	 2,594,418		1,532,371		1,114,599	 5,241,388	 1,726,343
Operating loss	 (589,274)		(459,870)		(157,288)	 (1,206,432)	 (114,314)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest	-		-		1,140	1,140	-
Investment in joint venture	(79,628)		(39,192)		-	(118,820)	-
Loss on sale of capital assets	 _		-		(13,022)	 (13,022)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (79,628)		(39,192)		(11,882)	 (130,702)	
Income (loss) before contributions	 (668,902)		(499,062)		(169,170)	 (1,337,134)	 (114,314)
Capital contributions	245,021		960,217		91,377	1,296,615	_
Change in net assets	(423,881)		461,155		(77,793)	(40,519)	(114,314)
Net assets at beginning of year, restated	 9,134,918		16,868,939		1,578,279		188,842
Net assets at end of year	\$ 8,711,037	\$	17,330,094	\$	1,500,486		\$ 74,528
Some amounts reported for the business-type activities in proportionate share of the net expense of the internal						(11,637)	
	\$ (52,156)						

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmen		
		Water		Sewer		Golf		Total		Activities ernal Service	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers	\$	2,533,665	\$	1,362,295	\$	955,887	\$	4,851,847	\$	_	
Cash received from interfund services provided	*	_,,	*	-	•	-	•	-	•	1,611,037	
Cash payments for employee services and benefits		(297,888)		(294,340)		(503,336)		(1,095,564)		-	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,929,728)		(996,963)		(529,905)		(3,456,596)		-	
Cash payments for claims		-		-		-		-		(1,716,995)	
Utility deposits received		13,710		2,348		-		16,058		-	
Utility deposits returned		(3,086)		(1,520)		-		(4,606)		-	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		316,673		71,820		(77,354)		311,139		(105,958)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		5,050		-		-	
Tap in fees		5,426		8,455		-		13,881		-	
Acquisition of capital assets		(108,279)		_		-		(108,279)		-	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and											
related financing activities		(102,853)		8,455		5,050		(94,398)			
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Investment income		_		_		1,140		1,140		-	
Net cash provided by investing activities		-		-		1,140		1,140		-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		213,820		80,275		(71,164)		222,931		(105,958)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,085,844		479,619		648,700		2,214,163		263,460	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,299,664	\$	559,894	\$	577,536	\$	2,437,094	\$	157,502	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:											
Operating loss	\$	(589,274)	\$	(459,870)	\$	(157,288)	\$	(1,206,432)	\$	(114,314)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:											
Depreciation		216,474		243,735		78,326		538,535		-	
Change in assets and liabilities:											
(Increase) decrease in assets:											
Accounts receivable		652,474		289,692		-		942,166		(992)	
Materials and supplies inventory		2,989		-		(2,526)		463		-	
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		(711)	
Due from other funds		(9,269)		(9,013)		(214)		(18,496)			
Due from other governments		104		102		182		388		Continue 1	
									(Continued)	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Go	vernmental					
	Water			Sewer	 Golf	 Total		Activities rnal Service
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:								
Accounts payable		29,659		(5,450)	2,436	26,645		22
Refundable deposits		1,681		828	-	2,509		-
Claims payable		-		-	-	-		10,037
Unearned revenue		-		-	(1,606)	(1,606)		-
Accrued wages and benefits		2,510		2,525	3,198	8,233		-
Compensated absences		5,821		7,828	217	13,866		-
Due to related parties		3,145		1,095	-	4,240		-
Due to other governments		359		348	(79)	628		-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	316,673	\$	71,820	\$ (77,354)	\$ 311,139	\$	(105,958)
Non-cash capital and related financing activities:								
Capital contributions received from contractors	\$	45,000	\$	44,903	\$ _	\$ 89,903	\$	-
Capital contributions received from governmental funds		194,595		906,859	91,377	1,192,831		-
Total non-cash capital and related financing activities	\$	239,595	\$	951,762	\$ 91,377	\$ 1,282,734	\$	-

City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities December 31, 2008

	 Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Investments	\$ 825,512 164,576 6,095,807
Total assets	\$ 7,085,895
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to other governments	\$ 58,517
Due to employees	6,404
Undistributed monies	545,873
Due to others	 6,475,101
Total liabilities	\$ 7,085,895

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Vandalia have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City has elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business-type activities and to its enterprise funds. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Vandalia (the City) is a charter municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City was incorporated in 1958 and operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The Mayor and the council are elected by separate ballot from the municipality at large for four-year terms. As a council member, the Mayor has the right to vote on all issues before council. Council appoints the City Manager. The City Manager appoints all managers of each department in the City.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Vandalia, the primary government includes the departments that provide the following services: police and fire, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repairs, water, sewer and refuse collection. Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. There are no component units included as part of this report.

The City is associated with the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (Tri-Cities), and the Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), which are defined as joint ventures. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that is a result of a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. These organizations are presented in Note 14

The Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA) is a risk sharing insurance pool established for the purpose of enabling the subscribing political subdivisions to obtain liability insurance and providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance fund for its members. The members formed a not-for-profit corporation known as Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. for the purpose of administering the pool. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interest in MVRMA and no ongoing financial responsibility for MVRMA.

The City is associated with the Economic Development/Government Equity Program (ED/GE), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. A jointly governed organization is an organization that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility on the part of the participating governments. This organization is presented in Note 15.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid doubling up revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Vandalia and/or the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - The capital improvement fund accounts for transfers from the general fund, and is designated by Council for the purpose of improving, constructing, maintaining, and purchasing those items necessary to enhance the operation of the City.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Golf Fund - The golf fund accounts for the operations of the golf course.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – An internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund reports on a self-insurance program for employee medical benefits.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's agency funds account for building permit fees collected on behalf of the State, municipal court collections that are distributed to various local governments, the collection of income taxes for other subdivisions, performance bonds pledged by contractors, the activities of the Northern Area Water Authority and Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority and collection and distribution of employee health care expenses.

D. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements, shared revenues and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, interest, grants and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2008, but which were levied to finance year 2009 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Special assessments not received within the available period and grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

The City has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest-bearing depository accounts are presented on the statement of net assets as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City's treasury. The cash of the Municipal Court is included in this line item.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During the year, the City invested in STAROhio, an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office. STAROhio, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes, is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2008.

Following the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City as well as Ohio statutes, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2008 amounted to \$1,211,322 which includes \$292,284 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase, and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

G. Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when used. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

H. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside for unclaimed monies. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds represent cash and cash equivalents set aside for repayment of deposits to utility customers.

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "Interfund Loan Receivables/Payables." Interfund loans which do not represent available expendable resources are offset by a fund balance reserve account. Interfund balance amounts, not services provided and used, are eliminated in the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "Internal Balances".

J. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2008 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure or expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expended. For proprietary funds and business-type activities, any material amount of interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction and progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Actvities	Actvities
Asset	Estimated Useful	Estimated Useful
<u>Class</u>	<u>Life</u>	<u>Life</u>
Buildings and improvements	45 to 52 years	45 to 71 years
Equipment	10 to 20 years	10 to 20 years
Vehicles	6 to 25 years	6 to 25 years
Infrastructure	7 to 65 years	65 years

The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, streets, irrigation systems and water and sewer lines.

L. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation and compensatory time when earned for all employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after twenty years of accumulated service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences, that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. As a result, the value of assets held for resale, encumbrances, inventories, unclaimed monies, and long-term interfund loans are recorded as a reservation of fund balance.

O. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net assets restricted for other purposes include street construction, maintenance and repair, operations of the baseball and soccer recreations and educational programs. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for golf, waste water treatment, water services and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as non operating.

Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

R. Bond Premiums/Issuance Costs/Accounting Loss

Bond premiums, issuance costs and the accounting loss are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond premiums and the accounting loss are presented as a reduction/addition of the face amount of the bonds payable, whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

S. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

U. Budgetary Process

All funds, except the Chuck Gabbard memorial special revenue fund and agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. Montgomery County does not require jurisdictions within the County to prepare a tax budget, therefore, this is not part of the City's budgetary process. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council.

The legal level of control has been established by Council at the fund level for all funds. The Finance Director, with the approval of the City Manager and respective Department Heads, has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function, department and object level within each fund. Council must approve any revisions that alter total fund appropriations.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate at the time final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by Council throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

NOTE 2 – RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Net assets at December 31, 2008 have been restated due to an increase in the City's capitalization threshold. Adjustments were made to equipment and vehicles and the related accumulated depreciation expense. See Note 7 for additional information.

The restatement of net assets is presented below:

	G	Governmental		Buis	ness-Type Activ	es			
	_	Activities	_	Water	Sewer		Golf	_	Total
Net Assets at December 31, 2007 Restatement of capital assets	\$	63,511,316 (1,573,702)	\$	9,181,099 (40,074)	\$ 16,896,030 (20,225)	\$	1,654,449 (67,757)	\$	91,242,894 (1,701,758)
Net Assets at January 1, 2008	\$	61,937,614	\$	9,141,025	\$ 16,875,805	\$	1,586,692	\$	89,541,136

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Advances in and advances out ("repayment of advances") are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. The change in fair value of investments is not included on the budget operating statement. This amount is included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
- 6. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statements.
- 7. The City's portion of the activity of the Municipal Court is not included on the budgetary statement. This activity is included on the GAAP basis operating statement.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

General
\$ 479,277
(76,910)
111,060
(10,738)
4,718
(127,789)
212,865
128,746
 (1,703,322)
\$ (982,093)
\$

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The investment and deposit of City monies are governed by the provisions of the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with these provisions, investments purchased for the portfolio may be safekept by any Ohio financial institution or any primary government security dealer.

Authorized dealer/brokers are restricted to Ohio financial institutions, primary government securities dealers, and NASD registered dealers. Interest income is distributed to the funds according to City Charter guidelines.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in addition to amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities, the market value of which is at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

Whenever there are monies available in the City Treasury, which will not be required to be used for a period of thirty days or more, the Director of Finance or his/her designee(s), may invest such funds. The investments are subject to the limitations contained within the investment policy, and are subject to all applicable laws and regulations.

The investment objectives controlling the management of the investment portfolio shall be, in order of importance: (1) Safety of principal. Recognizing that all investments contain one or more elements of risk, the portfolio shall be prudently managed with specific consideration given to credit risk, market risk, and prepayment risk; (2) Liquidity to meet current and contingent requirements; (3) Maximization of returns. The portfolio shall be managed to maximize the long-term return on the portfolio consistent with current cash needs.

The provisions of the City's investment policy permit the City to invest its monies in the following investment instruments:

- 1. Obligations of the United States including U.S. treasury securities and government agency securities guaranteed by the United States.
- 2. United States government agency securities and the securities issued by instrumentalities of the U.S. including, but not limited to, obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), the Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), and the Small Business Administration (SBA).
- 3. State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- 4. Obligations of the State of Ohio and obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio.
- 5. Deposits of any Ohio financial institution subject to collateralization of public funds defined by the Ohio Revised Code.
- 6. Bankers Acceptances and Deposits of the top fifty banks in the United States based upon asset size or Ohio based financial institutions with at least \$2 billion in total assets.

- 7. Prime Commercial Paper issued with a credit rating of P-1 by Standard & Poors Corporation or A-1 by Moody's rating service.
- 8. Obligations of corporate entities having debt rating of Aa or better by Standard & Poors Corporation or Moody's rating service.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105% of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution.

<u>Deposits:</u> At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,902,016 and the bank balance was \$6,866,211. Of the bank balance, \$2,502,910 was covered by federal deposit insurance. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", \$4,363,301 of the City's bank balance was exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investments: At year-end, the City had the following investments.

	Investment Maturities (in								
Investment		Fair		Less					
<u>Type</u>		<u>Value</u>		Than 1		<u>1-5</u>			
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$	503,440	\$	503,440	\$	-			
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,731,780		-		11,731,780			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.		1,288,122		256,897		1,031,225			
Federal National Mortgage Ass.		1,903,090		896,370		1,006,720			
Federal National Mortgage Ass. Step		500,470		-		500,470			
GE Interest Plus		9,388,317		9,388,317		-			
Repurchase Agreement		2,951,000		2,951,000		-			
STAR Ohio		266,048		266,048		-			
	\$	28,532,267	\$	14,262,072	\$	14,270,195			

Interest Rate Risk—The City's investment policy states that the maximum maturity for any investment is limited to a final stated maturity of seven years, an expected call of seven years, or an expected average life of seven years, where the average life is estimated by nationally recognized firms independent of the dealer selling the security to the City. The City holds various agency securities which are callable in fiscal year 2009. In addition, some of the agency securities have coupon rates that step-up over the lives of the security.

Credit Risk – The City's investment policy states that investment in commercial paper must have a credit rating of P-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or A-1 by Moody's rating service. Obligations of corporate entities must have a debt rating of Aa or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's rating service. The City's investments in GE Interest Plus and the mortgage securities have an AAA credit rating. The City's investment in STAR Ohio has an AAAm credit rating. Standard & Poor's has assigned an AAA- rating to the City's investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association notes purchased by the repurchase agreements.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy states that the portfolio shall be diversified so as to avoid concentrations of credit risk from any rated issuer: (1) At the time of purchase, aggregate collateralized investments in the obligations of any financial institution are limited to the greater of \$1,000,000 or 20% of the portfolio, where eligible collateral is defined by the Ohio Revised Code; (2) At the time of purchase, aggregate investments in the obligations of any U.S. corporation and non-collateralized investments in the obligations of any financial institution are limited to the greater of \$500,000 or 10% of the portfolio. Investments in eligible short term investments which can be readily converted to cash within 48 hours are limited to the greater of \$2,500,000 or 30% of the portfolio. 5% or more of the City's investments are in the following:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	41%
Federal National Mortgage Ass. Bonds	7%
GE Interest Plus	33%
Repurchase Agreements	10%

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2008, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues, special assessments, accrued interest on investments, accounts (billings for ambulance service and utility service), and interfund loans. No allowances for doubtful accounts have been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Special assessments expected to be collected within one year and in more than one year amount to \$1,895 and \$8,774, respectively, in the capital improvement fund and \$17,765 and \$35,598, respectively, for the general fund and other governmental funds. As of December 31, 2008, the City had less than \$1,000 in delinquent special assessments outstanding.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2008 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2007 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2008 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2008 taxes.

2008 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2008, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2008, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. 2008 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2009.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2008 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2007, are levied after October 1, 2008, and are collected in 2009 with real property taxes.

2008 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Collections are made in 2008. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value for capital assets and 23% of true value for inventory. The tangible personal property tax is being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2007 was 12.5% and 6.25% for 2008. This will be reduced to 0% for 2009.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2008, was \$4.14 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2008 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Property Category	Assessed Value		Percent
Real Property			
Residential and agricultural	\$	240,119,920	60.87%
Commercial and industrial		123,622,230	31.34
Public utilities		28,420	0.01
Tangible Personal Property			
General		25,112,712	6.37
Public utilities		5,625,360	1.43
Total	\$	394,508,642	<u>100</u> %

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, the payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City of Vandalia. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2008, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the general fund, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred revenue since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2008 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue.

Income Taxes

The City levies a 2% income tax on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, City residents employed in municipalities having an income tax less than 2% must pay the difference to the City of Vandalia. Additional increases in the income tax rate require voter approval.

Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

In 2008, all income tax proceeds were allocated to the general fund.

Due from Other Governments

A summary of due from other governments follows:

	Amounts			
Governmental Activities				
Local Government and Local Government				
Revenue Assistance	\$	235,769		
Homestead and Rollback		79,478		
Gasoline and Excise Tax		304,684		
Motor Vehicle License Fees		112,569		
Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax		25,222		
Other Reimbursements		128,736		
Liquor Permits		1,009		
Grants		290,111		
Immobilization Fees		335		
Total	\$	1,177,913		

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. In 1988, the City joined the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA) a risk sharing insurance pool. The pool consists of twenty municipalities who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery and public official liability. The City pays an annual premium to MVRMA for this coverage. The deductible per occurrence for all types of claims is \$2,500. The self-insured retention is \$1,000,000 for liability and \$200,000 for property.

Coverage is purchased on City vehicles for a combined single limit liability of \$10,000,000. The City purchases general liability insurance coverage with a \$10,000,000 per occurrence. Other policies held by the City include law enforcement, public officials, boiler & machinery, property, flood, and earthquake. There were no settled claims from these risks that have exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The City has elected to provide employee healthcare benefits for its employees through a self-insured program. The City maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan provides medical, dental, vision and prescription drug coverage with a \$100 deductible for single and \$200 deductible for families who use providers within the City's preferred provider organization, DirectCare America. Deductibles are higher, and vary for out of network claims. A third party administrator, Underwriters Safety & Claims, processes and pays the claims. The City is paying self-insurance claims and administrative costs from its hospital care internal service fund. An excess coverage insurance (stop loss) policy covers claims in excess of \$30,000 per employee, per year. During 2008, a total of \$1,726,343 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The liability for unpaid claims cost of \$111,902, reported in the hospital care internal service fund at December 31, 2008, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30. Statement No. 30 requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The claims liability was determined by reviewing invoices for claims paid in January through March 2009, which were incurred in 2008 or before.

The estimates for the internal services fund were not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the internal services funds' claims liability amounts in the last two years follows:

	Balance at		Current	Claim	Balance at
	beginn	ing of year	year claims	<u>payments</u>	end of year
2007	\$	109,356	1,115,178	1,122,669	101,865
2008	\$	101,865	1,345,734	1,335,697	111,902

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital asset balances of the governmental activities have been restated due to a change in the capitalization threshold. The restatement is presented below:

			Restated
	Balance		Balance
Governmental activities	12/31/2007	<u>Adjustments</u>	12/31/2008
Land	\$ 4,772,053	\$ -	\$ 4,772,053
Construction in progress	1,543,687	-	1,543,687
Buildings and improvements	26,276,560	-	26,276,560
Equipment	8,816,126	(3,146,129)	5,669,997
Vehicles	4,000,229	(11,924)	3,988,305
Infrastructure	31,903,039	-	31,903,039
Accumulated depreciation	(30,644,960)	1,584,351	(29,060,609)
Total	\$ 46,666,734	\$ (1,573,702)	\$ 45,093,032

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008, was as follows:

	Restated Balance	1	D	Balance
Communicated auticities	12/31/2007	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	12/31/2008
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	¢ 4.772.052	Ф	¢.	¢ 4.772.052
Land	\$ 4,772,053	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,772,053
Construction in progress	1,543,687	1,567,208	(770,482)	2,340,413
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,315,740	1,567,208	(770,482)	7,112,466
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	26,276,560	268,839	(50,150)	26,495,249
Equipment	5,669,997	440,981	(127,110)	5,983,868
Vehicles	3,988,305	618,181	(291,860)	4,314,626
Infrastructure	31,903,039	946,445	(330,972)	32,518,512
Total capital assets, being depreciated	67,837,901	2,274,446	(800,092)	69,312,255
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(6,419,650)	(590,287)	-	(7,009,937)
Equipment	(3,131,620)	(316,468)	56,204	(3,391,884)
Vehicles	(2,658,796)	(296,496)	245,616	(2,709,676)
Infrastructure	(16,850,543)	(814,621)	-	(17,665,164)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,060,609)	(2,017,872)	301,820	(30,776,661)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	38,777,292	256,574	(498,272)	38,535,594
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 45,093,032	\$ 1,823,782	\$ (1,268,754)	\$ 45,648,060

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	
Legislative and executive	\$ 155,264
Judicial system	78,258
Public safety	
Police	176,686
Fire	205,813
Public works	
Engineer	9,220
Streets	891,611
Recreation	501,020
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,017,872

The capital asset balances of the business-type activities have also been restated due to the change in the capitalization threshold. The restatement is presented below:

							Restate	f	
			Balance				Balance	•	
	Business-Type activities	-	12/31/2007		<u>Adjustments</u>		12/31/20	<u>07</u>	
	Land	\$	167,369		\$	-	\$ 167	,369)
	Construction in progress		-			-		-	-
	Buldings and improvements		2,797,246			-	2,797	,246)
	Equipment		1,106,963		(364,361	1)	742	,602	
	Vehicles		529,891			-	529	,891	
	Infrastructure		24,232,767			-	24,232	,767	•
	Accumulated depreciation		(11,374,796))	236,305	5	(11,138	,491)
	Total	\$	17,459,440		\$ (128,056	<u>5</u>)	\$ 17,331	,384	<u> </u>
		I	Restated						
			Balance						Balance
			2/31/2007		Increases	Γ	Decreases	1	12/31/2008
Business-type a	activities					_		-	
• •	ot being depreciated								
Land		\$	167,369	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	167,369
Capital assets, b	eing depreciated								
Buildings and i	mprovements		2,797,246		50,150		-		2,847,396
Equipment			742,602		149,506		(37,390)		854,718
Vehicles			529,891		-		-		529,891
Infrastructure			24,232,767	_	1,191,357				25,424,124
Total capital ass	ets, being depreciated		28,302,506	_	1,391,013		(37,390)		29,656,129
Less: accumulat	ted depreciation								
Buildings and i	•		(1,250,828)		(54,981)		-		(1,305,809)
Equipment	•		(336,400)		(50,628)		19,318		(367,710)
Vehicles			(392,601)		(43,308)		· =		(435,909)
Infrastructure			(9,158,662)		(389,618)		-		(9,548,280)
Total accumulat	ed depreciation		(11,138,491)	_	(538,535)		19,318		(11,657,708)
Total capital ass	ets, being depreciated, net		17,164,015	_	852,478	_	(18,072)		17,998,421
Business-type ac	ctivities capital assets, net	\$	17,331,384	\$	852,478	\$	(18,072)	\$	18,165,790

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation: City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. All employees may accrue a maximum of 45 days. In the event of a termination of employment, death, or retirement, employees (or their estates) are paid for unused vacation leave.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave: City employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.616 hours per eighty hours of service. A maximum of 1,250 hours may be carried from one year to the next. Any hours over 1,250 accrued and not taken will be paid on a one for three basis at the end of the year. In the case of death or retirement, employees (or the employees' estates) are paid for one half of their accumulated leave with 625 hours being the maximum amount paid.

Accumulated Unpaid Compensatory Time: From time to time, employees may need, with prior approval from their supervisors, to work overtime. These overtime hours will usually be paid at the appropriate overtime rate; however, with permission of the supervisor, an employee may have the option of taking the overtime in compensatory time at one and one half times the amount of hours worked.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in bonds and other long-term obligations of the City during 2008 follows:

Governmental activities Unvoted general obligation bonds		Amount putstanding 2/31/2007	<u>I</u>	<u>ncreases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>		Amount Outstanding 12/31/2008	<u>!</u>	Amount Due in One Year
2004 Various purpose refunding bonds, 2.0% - 5.25%	\$	9,970,000	\$	_	\$	(550,000)	\$	9,420,000	\$	570,000
Premium on refunding bonds	Ψ	382,768	Ψ	_	Ψ	(27,341)	Ψ	355,427	Ψ	-
Accounting loss		(717,024)		<u>-</u>		51,216		(665,808)		<u>-</u>
Total unvoted general obligation bonds		9,635,744				(526,125)	_	9,109,619	_	570,000
Other long-term obligations:										
Capital lease		826,855		-		(82,844)		744,011		86,352
Compensated absences		1,210,808		814,282	_	(606,473)	_	1,418,617		668,417
Total governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	11,673,407	\$	814,282	\$	(1,215,442)	\$	11,272,247	\$	1,324,769
Business-type activities										
Compensated absences	\$	136,040	\$	79,876	\$	(66,010)	\$	149,906	\$	75,079

The Unvoted General Obligation Various Purpose Improvement Bonds were issued in 1996, in the amount of \$13,675,000 for various capital improvements and were paid with transfers from general fund property tax revenues. During 2004, the City issued \$10,840,000 General Obligation Various Purpose Refunding Bonds to advance refund a portion of the 1996 General Obligation Various Improvement Bonds.

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, street, stormwater, and computer legal research special

revenue funds, police, fire and street capital project fund and the water, sewer and golf enterprise funds.

As of December 31, 2008, the City's overall legal debt margin (the ability to issue additional amounts of general obligation bonded debt) was \$32,238,827 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$12,513,395.

Capital lease obligations will be paid from the debt service fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's *long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2008, are as follows:

			General	
Year ending		obl	igation bonds	
December 31,	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 570,000	\$	432,078	\$ 1,002,078
2010	585,000		414,978	999,978
2011	605,000		396,696	1,001,696
2012	625,000		376,731	1,001,731
2013	645,000		355,481	1,000,481
2014-2018	3,675,000		1,306,637	4,981,637
2019-2021	2,715,000		289,800	3,004,800
Total	\$ 9,420,000	\$	3,572,401	\$ 12,992,401

^{*}Note: This table also serves as Debt Table C of the City's continuing disclosure requirements.

NOTE 10 – CAPITALIZED LEASE

The City entered into a new capital lease during 2006 for the acquisition of energy savings equipment. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers all benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service payments in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Governmental activities capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$340,993. The capitalized amount equals a portion of the present value of the future minimum lease payments and the down payment respectively, at the time of acquisition. The remaining portion of the capital lease was used for noncapitalizable improvements.

Following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2008:

		Lease
<u>Year</u>	<u>F</u>	ayments
2009	\$	116,631
2010		116,631
2011		116,631
2012		116,631
2013		116,631
2014-2016		291,577
Total minimum lease payments		874,732
Less: amount representing interest		(130,721)
Total	\$	744,011

NOTE 11 – SHORT TERM OBLIGATIONS

Bond anticipation notes reported as a fund liability on the balance sheet consist of the following:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2007	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	12/31/2008
Capital Projects Fund:				
Capital Improvement, 3.875%	\$ 3,345,300	\$ -	\$(3,345,300)	\$ -
Capital Improvement, 2.25%		4,080,000		4,080,000
Total	\$ 3,345,300	\$ 4,080,000	\$(3,345,300)	\$ 4,080,000

In August of 2008, the City paid off \$3,345,300 in bond anticipation notes and issued \$4,080,000 in bond anticipation notes. The bond anticipation notes were issued to encourage economic development and jobs in a redevelopment area and to purchase land. Revenues for payment of interest and principal on the bond will result from proceeds from a new note to be issued in 2009. The general obligation debt service fund will retire the debt.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. 1.) The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. 2.) The Member-Directed Plan (MD) - a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and (vested) employer contributions, plus any investment earnings thereon. 3.) The Combined Plan (CP) - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the MD.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, Attention: Finance Director, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Member and employer contributions rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD and CP). For the year ended December 31, 2008, City employees were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary. The City's contribution rate for 2008 was 14%, of which 7.00% was used to fund the pension benefits. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional plan for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$479,480, \$681,328 and \$640,664 respectively; 97.20% has been contributed for 2008 and 100% for 2007 and 2006.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations while the City is required to contribute 19.5% for police officers and 24% for firefighters, of which 12.75% for police officers and 17.25% for firefighters was used to fund pension plans. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$460,013, \$362,244 and \$332,148 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The full amount has been contributed for 2007 and 2006. 76.6% has been contributed for 2008 with the remainder being reported as a liability.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage, commonly referred to OPEB (other postemployment benefits). OPERS administers three separate pension plans, the Traditional Pension Plan (TP), the Member-Directed Plan (MD) and the Combined Plan (CP), all of which are described in Note 12.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits as well as maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the TP and CP plans. Members of the MD plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor recipients is available.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The 2008 local government employer contribution rate was 14% of covered payroll; 7% of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postretirement health care through their contributions to OPERS.

The assumptions and calculations below are based on OPERS' latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2007. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually, not to exceed a 12% corridor. The investment assumption rate for 2006 was 6.5%. An annual increase of 4.00%, compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4% base increase, were assumed to range from .50% to 6.3%.

Health care premiums were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate plus an additional factor ranging from .5% to 4% for the next 7 years. In subsequent years (8 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4.00% (the projected wage inflation rate).

OPEBs are advanced-funded on an actuarial determined basis. The number of active contributing participants in the TP and CP was 363,503 for 2008. Actual employer contributions for 2008 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$479,480. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same.

OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2007, (the latest available information) were \$12.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.8 billion and \$17 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. As an additional component of the HCPP, member and employer contribution rates increases as of January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2008, which will allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

Ohio Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school, or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the funds of OP&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll, of which 6.75% of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2008. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.

The City's actual contributions for 2008 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$177,926 for police and \$48,494 for firefighters. The OP&F's total health care expense for the year ended December 31, 2007; (the latest information available) was \$93,205,319, which was net of member contributions of \$56,031,875. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2007, was 14,295 for police and 10,583 for firefighters.

NOTE 14 - JOINT VENTURES

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Prior to June of 1996, the Miami Conservancy District provided the Cities of Vandalia, Tipp City and Huber Heights with wastewater treatment services. The Miami Conservancy District expressed the intent to no longer provide these services to the cities and gave them the option to acquire and operate the facility themselves. In order to do so, the three cities established the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority. In June of 1996, the Miami Conservancy District deeded the wastewater facility and all of the assets associated with the facility to the joint venture at no cost to the joint venture.

The Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (Tri-Cities) is a joint venture among the cities of Vandalia, Huber Heights and Tipp City. Tri-Cities is governed by a management board consisting of the city managers of the three cities. The board has complete authority over all aspects of the operation. Tri-Cities supplies all participating residents of the member cities with sewer services. Each city owns the sewage lines located in its city and bills its residents for usage. Continued existence of Tri-Cities is dependent on the City's continued participation and the City does have an equity interest. The percentage of equity interest for each City is based on annual usage and is adjusted each year accordingly. The City's equity interest is \$7,548,261 which represents 28.12% of the total equity in Tri-Cities. Tri-Cities is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the City. The City of Vandalia paid \$912,130 for services provided in 2008. Tri-Cities had five OWDA Loans outstanding at December 31, 2008, in the amounts of \$1,246,752, \$3,953,948, \$1,729,490, \$864,470, and \$709,823 for a total of \$8,504,483. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority, c/o City of Vandalia, 333 J.E. Bohanan Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Northern Area Water Authority

The City of Dayton has provided water services to the City of Vandalia since 1971. In recent years, the City of Vandalia has felt it necessary to have an alternate source of water supply and to have more control over the rate structure of water services. Also in recent years, the City of Tipp City has learned that they must build a new water treatment plant to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements. Seeing a common issue between the two cities, the City of Vandalia and the City of Tipp City, in March of 2002, created a joint venture to plan, finance, construct, own and operate a joint water utility system. The purpose of the water utility system will be to provide safe, high quality, reliable, reasonably priced and environmentally sound water production, treatment and distribution services to the citizens, taxpayers and consumers in the cities of Vandalia and Tipp City.

The Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA) is a joint venture among the cities of Vandalia and Tipp City. NAWA is governed by a management board consisting of the city managers of the two cities. The board has complete authority over all aspects of the operation. NAWA, when construction is completed, will supply the participating residents of the member cities with water services. Each city will own the water lines located in its city and bill its residents for usage. Continued existence of NAWA is dependent on the City's continued participation and the City will have an equity interest in NAWA. Now that the plant is operational, each cities equity interest will be determined based on the amount of water pumped. During 2008, the City's equity interest is a negative \$94,074 which represents 50% of the total equity of NAWA as of December 31, 2008.

On August 29, 2002, NAWA was approved for an OWDA loan totaling \$2.5 million. During 2005, this loan was paid off and rolled into the water treatment plant construction loan. As of December 31, 2008, NAWA has borrowed a total of \$23,116,913 against the water treatment plant construction loan. The City of Vandalia paid \$1,287,615 for services provided in 2008. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Northern Area Water Authority, c/o City of Vandalia, 333 J.E. Bohanan Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Economic Development/Government Equity Program (ED/GE) was established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 307 for the purpose of developing and promoting plans and programs designed to assure that County resources are efficiently used, economic growth is properly balanced, and that county economic development is coordinated with that of the State of Ohio and other local governments. Members include villages, townships, and cities within Montgomery County, and Montgomery County itself. Cooperation and coordination between the members is intended to promote economic health and improve the economic opportunities of the people in Montgomery County by assisting in the establishment or expansion within the County of industrial, commercial or research facilities and by creating and preserving job and employment opportunities for the people of the County.

The ED/GE Advisory Committee, made up of alternating member entities' representatives, decides which proposed projects will be granted each year. Sales tax revenues, set aside by Montgomery County, are used to fund the projects. Members annually contribute to or receive benefits based on an elaborate zero-based formula designed to distribute growth in contributing communities to those communities experiencing less economic growth. The City has agreed to be a member for ten years, ending December 31, 2010. Members in default of paying contributions will be liable for the contribution, any interest accrued, and penalties. The member will not be entitled to any allocations from ED/GE. The City did not have contributions to ED/GE during 2008, but the City anticipates disbursing out \$57,024 during 2009. Financial information may be obtained by writing to Linda Gum, Administrative Assistant, 451 West Third Street, Dayton, Ohio, 45402.

NOTE 16 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2008, the City had contractual commitments as follows:

<u>Company</u>	<u>Project</u>	Amount	E	Expended	1	2/31/08
Butler Township Board of Trustees	Refunds and reimbursements	\$ 540,000	\$	-	\$	540,000
Update to Digital Technology	Communications equipment	335,532		273,217		62,315
WG Fairfield	Street improvements	1,258,908		920,995		337,913
Bruns General Contracting	Street infrastructure	450,000		-		450,000
Michael Schuster Association	Building improvements	395,000		93,502		301,498
LJ Deweese Co. Inc.	Street improvements	325,772		119,415		206,357
	Totals	\$ 3,305,212	\$	1,407,129	\$	1,898,083

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The City management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Grants

The City participates in several federally assisted programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or their representative. As of December 31, 2008, the audits of these programs have not been completed. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 18 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers and Due to/from other funds for the year ended December 31, 2008, consisted of the following:

	Transfer from
<u>Transfer to</u>	General
Capital improvement fund	\$ 1,853,684
Nonmajor governmental funds	2,585,560
Total	\$ 4,439,244
Due to	Due from FEMA 2008 Hurricane
General fund	\$ 72,810
Nonmajor governmental funds	27,512
Water fund	9,269
Sewer fund	9,013
Golf fund	214

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

The \$118,818 due to/due from was used to move revenue from the FEMA 2008 Hurricane fund to the fund that incurred the expenses related to the repair of a City building due to wind damages.

The \$407,511 interfund loan from the general fund was made to the Brownschool road improvements capital projects fund (\$6,761), the North Dixie widening Issue II capital project fund (\$750) and the golf fund (\$400,000). The interfund loan to the capital projects funds were a result of the time lag between the dates that the reimbursable expenditures occurred and the revenue to re-pay the funds was available. The interfund loan to the golf fund was a result of a projected deficit in net assets from operation costs exceeding revenue for the year. The interfund loan is expected to be repaid as a new fee schedule for the golf fund fee is implemented. The loans to the Brownschool road improvement capital projects fund and the North Dixie widening Issue II capital project fund are expected to be repaid during 2009.

Also, during the year the governmental funds transferred \$1,192,831 to the business-type funds for the acquisition of equipment.

NOTE 19 – ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had a deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2008:

		Deficit
<u>Fund</u>	<u>fur</u>	nd balance
Special Revenue Fund:	¢	110 010
FEMA 2008 Hurricane	\$	118,818
Capital Project Funds:		
Road Improvements Brownschool		6,761
North Dixie Widening		750

The fund balance deficit for the Road Improvements Brownschool will be eliminated when expenditures are reimbursed with grant revenue and the interfund loan payable is then repaid. The deficit in the FEMA 2008 Hurricane special revenue fund and the North Dixie Widening capital project fund is largely the result of the recognition of liabilities in accordance with general accepted accounting principles. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. A description of the City's special revenue funds follows:

Street

To account for gasoline tax, motor vehicle license fees and various other miscellaneous charges remitted to the City for routine maintenance of City streets.

State Highway

To account for gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees used for routine maintenance of state highways within the City.

Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax

To account for additional motor vehicle license tax levied by Montgomery County for routine street maintenance and repairs.

Law Enforcement

To account for monies and expenditures related to property or goods obtained by seizure or forfeiture.

Drug Law Enforcement

To account for fines and costs collected for felonious drug trafficking convictions. This money may be used in any drug law enforcement activity.

OMVI Education and Enforcement

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court for the purpose of enforcing and educating the public about law governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

OMVI Indigent

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court for the purpose of paying costs of attendance of indigent OMVI offenders at alcohol and drug addiction treatment programs.

Computer Legal Research

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court for the purpose of computerization of the court including training, maintenance and support.

Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring (IAM)

To account for monies and expenditures related to funding interlock and secure remote electronic alcohol monitoring devices for indigent drivers.

Baseball Recreation

To account for fund raising programs and fees collected for the purpose of funding the Vandalia baseball program.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Soccer Recreation

To account for fund raising programs and fees collected for the youth soccer program for the City of Vandalia.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) 2008 Hurricane

To account for monies received from the federal government and used to offset costs related to hurricane damage.

Stormwater

To account for the collection of stormwater fees used for stormwater maintenance and repairs.

Chuck Gabbard Memorial

To account for donations to be used by the police department.

Magistrate

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court for the purpose of reimbursement of magistrate fees.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for the payment.

General Obligation Bond Retirement

To account for transfers from the general fund property tax revenue to pay for general obligation bond debt.

Street Special Assessment Bond Retirement

To account for special assessments collected for the payment of special assessment bonded debt with governmental commitment.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds.

Road Improvements Brownschool

To account for the expenditures of Issue II grant funds.

Recreation Center

To account for the expenditures of bond proceeds to construct a Recreation Center.

Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (Continued)

Justice Center/Municipal Building

To account for the expenditures of bond proceeds to construct a Justice Center and to renovate the Municipal Building.

North Dixie Widening

To account for the expenditures of Issue II grant funds for widening North Dixie Road.

Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements

To account for the .25% increase in income taxes used for capital purchases for the police, fire and street departments and a portion of the police department's personnel costs.

Tax Increment Financing (TIF)

To account for payments in lieu of taxes collected for the commercial tax increment financing district. The monies will be used for future capital projects that will benefit the district.



City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2008

		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Ionmajor Debt Service Funds	·	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash	Φ.	1 (20 0 (•	225.420		4 000 456		2064462
and investments	\$	1,620,866	\$	235,420	\$	1,008,176	\$	2,864,462
Receivables:		51 102						51 102
Accounts		51,193		20.552		-		51,193
Special assessments		-		39,553		-		39,553
Due from other governments		567,494		-		-		567,494
Materials and supplies inventory		73,433		-		-		73,433
Due from other funds		27,512		<u> </u>				27,512
Total assets	\$	2,340,498	\$	274,973	\$	1,008,176	\$	3,623,647
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	46,963	\$	_	\$	1,600	\$	48,563
Accrued wages	*	16,068	•	_	_	1,333	4	17,401
Matured compensated absences payable		2,805		_		-		2,805
Interfund payable		-		_		7,511		7,511
Due to other governments		16,863		-		4,258		21,121
Deferred revenue		541,407		39,553		, <u>-</u>		580,960
Due to other funds		118,818		-		-		118,818
Total liabilities		742,924		39,553		14,702		797,179
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		217,246		13,843		587,958		819,047
Reserved for inventory		73,433		-		-		73,433
Unreserved, undesignated,								
Reported in:								
Special revenue funds		1,306,895		-		-		1,306,895
Debt service fund		-		221,577		-		221,577
Capital projects fund						405,516		405,516
Total fund balances		1,597,574		235,420		993,474	-	2,826,468
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,340,498	\$	274,973	\$	1,008,176	\$	3,623,647

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$	- \$ -	\$ 21,354	\$ 21,354
Charges for services	463,35		-	463,350
Fines and forfeitures	183,93		-	183,931
Intergovernmental	1,014,22	-	-	1,014,223
Other	9,45	51 -		9,451
Total revenue	1,670,95	55 -	21,354	1,692,309
Expenditures: Current: General government				
Legislative and executive	157,72	20	4,869	162,598
Police	37,08		142,045	179,131
Fire	16,69		90,383	107,076
Public works	10,03	-	90,383	107,070
Engineer	170,36	62		170,362
Streets	864,39		163,036	1,027,433
Recreation	187,98		105,050	187,987
Capital outlay	322,46		821,819	1,144,280
Debt service:	322,40	-	021,017	1,144,200
Principal retirement		- 632,844	_	632,844
Interest and fiscal charges		- 476,373		476,373
	1.756.71		1 222 152	
Total expenditures	1,756,71	1,109,217	1,222,152	4,088,084
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(85,76	(1,109,217)	(1,200,798)	(2,395,775)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers - in		- 1,125,560	1,460,000	2,585,560
Net change in fund balance	(85,76	60) 16,343	259,202	189,785
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,683,33	219,077	734,272	2,636,683
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,597,57	<u>\$ 235,420</u>	\$ 993,474	\$ 2,826,468

City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2008

		Street Fund	State Highway Fund		Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax Fund		Law Enforcement Fund		Drug Law Enforcement Fund	
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	438,742	\$	314,876	\$	150,911	\$	470	\$	1,538
Receivables:	Ψ	.50,7 .2	Ψ	511,070	Ψ	100,711	Ψ	.,,	Ψ	1,000
Accounts		-		-		-		24,422		-
Due from other governments		385,958		31,295		25,222		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		73,433		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		21,956								
Total assets	\$	920,089	\$	346,171	\$	176,133	\$	24,892	\$	1,538
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages Matured compensated absences payable Due to other governments Deferred revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	8,740 11,214 2,215 10,557 317,653	\$	6,261 - - 25,755 - 32,016	\$	5,699 - - 21,787 - 27,486	\$	24,422 24,422	\$	- - - - - -
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances		5,199		8,219		7,129		_		
Reserved for inventory Unreserved, undesignated, Reported in:		73,433		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		491,078		305,936		141,518		470		1,538
Total fund balances		569,710		314,155		148,647		470		1,538
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	920,089	\$	346,171	\$	176,133	\$	24,892	\$	1,538
			====		-				(Co	ntinued)

City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2008

	OMVI Education and Enforcement Fund			OMVI Indigent Fund		Computer Legal Research Fund		Indigent Drivers IAM Fund		Baseball Recreation Fund	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash											
and investments	\$	2,456	\$	239,672	\$	132,886	\$	1,250	\$	32,906	
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		6,201		-		-		-	
Materials and supplies inventory Due from other funds		-		-		121		-		-	
Total assets	\$	2,456	\$	245,873	\$	133,007	\$	1,250	\$	32,906	
Total assets	Ψ	2,130	Ψ	213,073	Ψ	133,007	Ψ	1,230	Ψ	32,700	
Liabilities and fund balances											
Liabilities:							•		•		
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,508	\$	-	\$	35 71	
Accrued wages Matured compensated absences payable		_		_		2,090		_		/1	
Due to other governments		_		_		1,282		_		1,748	
Deferred revenue		_		6,201		-,		_		-,	
Due to other funds		_									
Total liabilities				6,201		8,880				1,854	
Fund balances:											
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		21,781		-		1,250	
Reserved for inventory Unreserved, undesignated, Reported in:		-		-		-		-		-	
Special revenue funds		2,456		239,672		102,346		1,250		29,802	
Total fund balances		2,456		239,672		124,127		1,250		31,052	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,456	\$	245,873	\$	133,007	\$	1,250	\$	32,906	

Soccer ecreation Fund	eation Hurricane		Stormwater Fund		G M	Chuck abbard emorial Fund	_	gistrate und	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$ 59,302	\$	-	\$	243,584	\$	2,258	\$	15	\$	1,620,866	
-		-		26,771		_		-		51,193	
-		118,818		-		-		-		567,494	
-		-		-		-		-		73,433	
				5,435						27,512	
\$ 59,302	\$	118,818	\$	275,790	\$	2,258	\$	15	\$	2,340,498	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,963	
-		-		2,693 590		-		-		16,068	
970		-		2,306		-		-		2,805 16,863	
<i>910</i>		118,818		26,771		-		-		541,407	
_		118,818		20,771		_		_		118,818	
970		237,636		53,080		-		-		742,924	
1,464		_		172,204		_		_		217,246	
-		-		-		-		-		73,433	
56,868		(118,818)		50,506		2,258		15		1,306,895	
58,332		(118,818)		222,710		2,258		15		1,597,574	
\$ 59,302	\$	118,818	\$	275,790	\$	2,258	\$	15	\$	2,340,498	

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Street Fund		Permissive State Motor Highway Vehicle Tax Fund Fund		Law Enforcement Fund		Drug Law Enforcement Fund		
Revenues:	_		_		_		_		_	
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		128		180
Intergovernmental		887,816		71,987		42,429		-		-
Other		3,642		260						
Total revenue		891,458		72,247		42,429		128		180
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government										
Legislative and executive		-		-		-		-		694
Public safety										
Police		-		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-		-
Public works										
Engineer		-		-		-		-		-
Streets		758,062		28,587		35,755		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		125,000								
Total expenditures		883,062		28,587		35,755				694
Net change in fund balance		8,396		43,660		6,674		128		(514)
Fund balances at										
beginning of year		561,314		270,495		141,973		342		2,052
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$	569,710	\$	314,155	\$	148,647	\$	470	\$	1,538

Edu a Enfor	MVI cation and cement und	Computer OMVI Legal Indigent Research Fund Fund		Indigent Drivers Baseball IAM Recreation Fund Fund				Soccer ecreation Fund	FEMA 2008 Hurricane Fund		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	112,466	\$ 53,308	\$	-
	801		5,792 11,991	175,780		1,250		-	-		-
	-		11,991	25		-		4,630	836		-
	801		17,783	175,805		1,250		117,096	54,144		-
	-		-	133,578		-		-	-		23,457
	_		35,779	_		_		_	_		1,307
	-		-	-		-		-	-		16,693
	-		-	-		-		-	-		8,466
	-		-	-		-		113,254	- 47,831		41,993 26,902
	-		-	14,931		-		-	47,631		20,902
	-		35,779	148,509				113,254	47,831		118,818
	801		(17,996)	27,296		1,250		3,842	6,313		(118,818)
	1,655		257,668	96,831		-		27,210	52,019		-
\$	2,456	\$	239,672	\$ 124,127	\$	1,250	\$	31,052	\$ 58,332	\$	(118,818)
				 						((Continued)

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

				Chuck				Total
				abbard				Vonmajor
	St	ormwater	Me	emorial	Magi	strate	Spec	cial Revenue
		Fund	1	Fund	Fu	nd	Funds	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	297,576	\$	-	\$	-	\$	463,350
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		183,931
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		1,014,223
Other		43				15		9,451
Total revenue		297,619				15		1,670,955
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Legislative and executive		-		-		-		157,729
Public safety								
Police		-		-		-		37,086
Fire		-		-		-		16,693
Public works								
Engineer		161,896		-		-		170,362
Streets		-		-		-		864,397
Recreation		-		-		-		187,987
Capital outlay		182,530			ī	-		322,461
Total expenditures		344,426						1,756,715
Net change in fund balance		(46,807)		-		15		(85,760)
Fund balances at								
beginning of year		269,517		2,258				1,683,334
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$	222,710	\$	2,258	\$	15	\$	1,597,574

City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2008

	Ol Bond	General oligation Retirement Fund	A	eet Special ssessment I Retirement Fund	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		
Assets:				runa		runus	
Equity in pooled cash							
and investments	\$	23,960	\$	211,460	\$	235,420	
Receivables:		,		,		,	
Special assessments		-		39,553		39,553	
Total assets	\$	23,960	\$	251,013	\$	274,973	
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:	0		0	20.552	Φ.	20.552	
Deferred revenue	\$		\$	39,553	\$	39,553	
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved, undesignated, Reported in:		13,843		-		13,843	
Debt service fund		10,117		211,460		221,577	
Total fund balances	·	23,960		211,460		235,420	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	23,960	\$	251,013	\$	274,973	

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	General Obligation	Street Special Assessment	Total Nonmajor
	Bond Retirement	Bond Retirement	Debt Service
	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues:			
Total revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	632,844	-	632,844
Interest and fiscal charges	476,373		476,373
Total expenditures	1,109,217	<u> </u>	1,109,217
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(1,109,217)		(1,109,217)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers - in	1,125,560	<u> </u>	1,125,560
Net change in fund balance	16,343	-	16,343
Fund balances at beginning of year	7,617	211,460	219,077
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 23,960	\$ 211,460	\$ 235,420

City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2008

	Impi Bro	Road rovements wnschool Fund	Ce	eation nter ind	Mu Bu	e Center/ nicipal ilding	W	North Dixie idening Fund	Str	ce, Fire and eet Capital provements Fund	P	TIF Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$		\$	1	\$	543	\$		\$	991,147	\$	16,485	\$ 1,008,176
Liabilities and fund balances													
Accounts payable Accrued wages	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,600 1,333	\$	-	\$ 1,600 1,333
Interfund payable Due to other governments		6,761		-		-		750		4,258		-	7,511 4,258
Total liabilities		6,761						750	_	7,191			14,702
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved, undesignated, Reported in:		-		-		-		-		587,958		-	587,958
Capital projects fund		(6,761)		1		543		(750)		395,998		16,485	405,516
Total fund balances Total liabilities and		(6,761)		1		543		(750)		983,956		16,485	993,474
fund balances	\$		\$	1	\$	543	\$		\$	991,147	\$	16,485	\$ 1,008,176

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Impi Bro	Road rovements wnschool Fund	Ce	reation enter und	Mu Bu	e Center/ nicipal ilding und	I Wi	North Dixie dening Fund	Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements Fund	P	TIF Capital rojects Fund	No O F	Total conmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues: Property and other taxes	\$		ø		\$		\$		\$ -	¢	21.254	¢	21 254
Property and other taxes	<u> </u>		\$		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	\$	21,354		21,354
Expenditures: Current: General government													
Legislative and executive Public safety		-		-		-		-	-		4,869		4,869
Police		-		-		-		-	142,045		-		142,045
Fire		-		-		-		-	90,383		-		90,383
Public works													
Streets		-		-		-		-	163,036		-		163,036
Capital outlay		-							821,819		-		821,819
Total expenditures									1,217,283		4,869	1	,222,152
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures									(1,217,283)		16,485	(1	,200,798)
Other financing sources: Transfers - in									1,460,000			1	,460,000
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	242,717		16,485		259,202
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year Fund balances (deficits) at		(6,761)		1_		543		(750)	741,239		<u>-</u>		734,272
end of year	\$	(6,761)	\$	1	\$	543	\$	(750)	\$ 983,956	\$	16,485	\$	993,474



City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal income tax	\$ 12,500,000	\$ 12,500,000	\$ 12,372,541	\$ (127,459)
Property and other taxes	1,771,643	1,771,643	1,924,631	152,988
Charges for services	2,971,000	2,971,000	3,134,056	163,056
Licenses and permits	175,500	175,500	157,043	(18,457)
Fines and forfeitures	1,321,000	1,321,000	1,307,818	(13,182)
Intergovernmental	1,749,852	1,805,157	1,884,163	79,006
Interest	900,700	900,700	1,151,204	250,504
Other	111,500	111,500	88,875	(22,625)
Total revenues	21,501,195	21,556,500	22,020,331	463,831
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government				
Legislative and executive				
Personal services	1,859,914	1,859,914	1,781,227	78,687
Operations and maintenance	2,879,009	3,309,009	3,252,717	56,292
Total legislative and executive	4,738,923	5,168,923	5,033,944	134,979
Judicial system				
Personal services	1,860,658	1,860,658	1,769,093	91,565
Operations and maintenance	453,222	453,222	411,150	42,072
Total judicial system	2,313,880	2,313,880	2,180,243	133,637
Total general government	7,052,803	7,482,803	7,214,187	268,616
Public safety Police				
Personal services	3,871,301	3,871,301	3,680,345	190,956
Operations and maintenance	426,894	426,894	405,832	21,062
Total police	4,298,195	4,298,195	4,086,177	212,018
Fire				
Personal services	1,605,075	1,605,075	1,485,385	119,690
Operations and maintenance	270,505	270,505	286,191	(15,686)
Total fire	1,875,580	1,875,580	1,771,576	104,004
Total public safety	6,173,775	6,173,775	5,857,753	316,022

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual $\,$

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008 (Continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Public works					
Engineer					
Personal services	811,828	811,828	767,341	44,487	
Operations and maintenance	105,088	105,088	85,937	19,151	
Total engineer	916,916	916,916	853,278	63,638	
Streets					
Service department					
Personal services	114,900	114,900	111,558	3,342	
Operations and maintenance Street lighting	4,239	4,239	3,765	474	
Operations and maintenance Street maintenance	185,000	185,000	171,915	13,085	
Personal services	331,005	331,005	324,062	6,943	
Operations and maintenance	4,337	4,337	3,367	970	
Total streets	639,481	639,481	614,667	24,814	
Refuse					
Operations and maintenance	852,251	852,251	836,561	15,690	
Total public works	2,408,648	2,408,648	2,304,506	104,142	
Recreation					
Parks					
Personal services	2,328,512	2,328,512	2,267,381	61,131	
Operations and maintenance	900,276	900,276	919,353	(19,077)	
Total recreation	3,228,788	3,228,788	3,186,734	42,054	
Total expenditures	18,864,014	19,294,014	18,563,180	730,834	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,637,181	2,262,486	3,457,151	1,194,665	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)	
Transfers - out	(4,439,244)	(4,439,244)	(4,439,244)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,438,244)	(4,438,244)	(4,439,244)	(1,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,801,063)	(2,175,758)	(982,093)	1,193,665	
Fund balance at beginning of year	17,755,592	17,755,592	17,755,592	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,502,987	1,502,987	1,502,987		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 17,457,516	\$ 17,082,821	\$ 18,276,486	\$ 1,193,665	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Ф 2 00 7 2 07	Ф 1.0 <i>СС</i> 44 <i>С</i>	Ф 002.070	Ф. (1.0 <i>(</i> 2.27 <i>(</i>))
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,087,386	\$ 1,866,446	\$ 803,070	\$ (1,063,376)
Special assessments	16,500	16,500	27,739	11,239
Other	24,550	24,550	900	(23,650)
Total revenues	2,128,436	1,907,496	831,709	(1,075,787)
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	4,715,821	5,521,833	5,399,987	121,846
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(2,587,385)	(3,614,337)	(4,568,278)	(953,941)
Other financing sources:				
Bond anticipation notes issued	450,000	450,000	605,069	155,069
Sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	34,755	29,755
Transfers - in	1,853,684	1,853,684	1,853,684	
Total other financing sources	2,308,684	2,308,684	2,493,508	184,824
Net change in fund balance	(278,701)	(1,305,653)	(2,074,770)	(769,117)
Fund balance at beginning of year	(829,972)	(829,972)	(829,972)	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2,428,138	2,428,138	2,428,138	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,319,465	\$ 292,513	\$ (476,604)	\$ (769,117)

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fina	ance with
	(Original		Final	Actual		ositive egative)
Revenues:				T III III	 1 Ictual	(11	egutive)
Intergovernmental	\$	880,000	\$	880,000	\$ 889,655	\$	9,655
Other		5,500		5,500	3,642		(1,858)
Total revenues		885,500		885,500	893,297		7,797
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works							
Streets							
Street maintenance							
Personal services		496,023		540,023	532,044		7,979
Operations and maintenance		154,730		213,830	197,932		15,898
Capital outlay		176,697		176,697	175,400		1,297
Total expenditures		827,450		930,550	905,376		25,174
Net change in fund balance		58,050		(45,050)	(12,079)		32,971
Fund balance at beginning of year		434,463		434,463	434,463		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		4,227		4,227	 4,227		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	496,740	\$	393,640	\$ 426,611	\$	32,971

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual State Highway Fund

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Variance with Final Budget		
	Original Final		Actual		Po	ositive egative)			
Revenues: Intergovernmental Other	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	72,134 260	\$	2,134 260	
Total revenues		70,000		70,000		72,394		2,394	
Expenditures: Current: Public works Streets Street maintenance Operations and maintenance		45,201		45,201		39,215		5,986	
Net change in fund balance		24,799		24,799		33,179		8,380	
Fund balance at beginning of year		263,871		263,871		263,871		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,702		3,702		3,702			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	292,372	\$	292,372	\$	300,752	\$	8,380	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (745)	
	Original		Final		Actual			
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 43,000		\$	43,000	\$	42,255	\$	(745)
Expenditures: Current: Streets Street maintenance								
Operations and maintenance		31,043		31,043		30,963		
Capital outlay Total expenditures		31,000 62,043		31,000 62,043		30,883 61,846		117 197
Net change in fund balance		(19,043)		(19,043)		(19,591)		(548)
Fund balance at beginning of year		138,632		138,632		138,632		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		19,043		19,043		19,043		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	138,632	\$	138,632	\$	138,084	\$	(548)

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	Original Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	Ф	500	Ф	500	Ф	120	Ф	(272)
Fines and forfeitures	\$	500	\$	500	\$	128	\$	(372)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Legislative and executive								
Operations and maintenance		500		500				500
Net change in fund balance		-		-		128		128
Fund balance at beginning of year		342		342		342		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	342	\$	342	\$	470	\$	128

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Drug Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amoun	its			ince with
evenues:		riginal		Final	 Actual		l Budget ositive egative)
Fines and forfeitures	\$	200	\$	200	\$ 180	\$	(20)
Expenditures: Current: General government Legislative and executive							
Operations and maintenance		1,864		1,864	 694		1,170
Net change in fund balance		(1,664)		(1,664)	(514)		1,150
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,790		1,790	1,790		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	_	264		264	264		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	390	\$	390	\$ 1,540	\$	1,150

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OMVI Education and Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget			
	Original Final		Final		Actual	Po	ositive egative)			
Revenues:					_					
Fines and forfeitures		1,500	\$	1,500	\$	746	\$	(754)		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Public safety										
Police										
Operations and maintenance		1,800		1,800				1,800		
Net change in fund balance		(300)		(300)		746		1,046		
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,645		1,645		1,645				
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,345	\$	1,345	\$	2,391	\$	1,046		

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OMVI Indigent Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	nts				ance with			
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:											
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	6,265	\$	1,265			
Intergovernmental		9,000		9,000		11,991		2,991			
Total revenues		14,000		14,000		18,256		4,256			
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Police											
Operations and maintenance		30,000		73,750		65,026		8,724			
Net change in fund balance		(16,000)		(59,750)		(46,770)		12,980			
Fund balance at beginning of year		286,444		286,444	286,444						
Fund balance at end of year	\$	270,444	\$	226,694	\$	239,674	\$	12,980			

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Computer Legal Research Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			ance with
	(Original		Final	 Actual	P	al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$ 173,664	\$	13,664
Other		500		500	 25		(475)
Total revenues		160,500		160,500	 173,689		13,189
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Legislative and executive							
Personal services		61,646		61,646	59,734		1,912
Operations and maintenance		80,501		80,501	54,580		25,921
Capital outlay		83,000		83,000	59,413		23,587
Total expenditures	-	225,147		225,147	 173,727	-	51,420
Net change in fund balance		(64,647)		(64,647)	(38)		64,609
Fund balance at beginning of year		82,286		83,286	83,286		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		10,501		10,501	 10,501		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	28,140	\$	29,140	\$ 93,749	\$	64,609

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Indigent Drivers IAM Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	l Amounts				Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Orig	Original Final Actual		(Negative)				
Revenues:	ф.		•		Φ.	000	Φ.	000
Fines and forfeitures	\$		\$		\$	900	\$	900
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balance		-		-		900		900
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	900	\$	900

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Baseball Recreation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts							ance with
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	¢ 115.005		Φ.	115.005	e 112.466		Φ.	(2 (10)
Charges for services	\$	115,085	\$	115,085	\$	112,466	\$	(2,619)
Other	-	4,750		4,750		4,630		(120)
Total revenues		119,835		119,835		117,096		(2,739)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Recreation								
Personal services		48,072		48,072		43,840		4,232
Operations and maintenance		80,250		80,250		77,437		2,813
Capital outlay		2,500		2,500		2,419		81
Total expenditures		130,822		130,822		123,696		7,126
Net change in fund balance		(10,987)		(10,987)		(6,600)		4,387
Fund balance at beginning of year		29,255		29,255		29,255		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,999		8,999		8,999		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	27,267	\$	27,267	\$	31,654	\$	4,387

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Soccer Recreation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget		
	(Original		Final		Actual	Pe	ositive egative)	
Revenues:	_								
Charges for services	\$	53,100	\$	53,100	\$	53,308	\$	208	
Other		1,100		1,100		836		(264)	
Total revenues		54,200		54,200		54,144		(56)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Recreation									
Parks									
Personal services		25,921		25,921		21,233		4,688	
Operations and maintenance		28,472		28,472		28,089		383	
Total expenditures		54,393		54,393		49,322		5,071	
Net change in fund balance		(193)		(193)		4,822		5,015	
Fund balance at beginning of year		52,345		52,345		52,345		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		671		671		671			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	52,823	\$	52,823	\$	57,838	\$	5,015	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual FEMA 2008 Hurricane Fund

		Budgeted	Amounts			Variance Final B Posit	udget	
	Original Final			ıal	Act	ual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		,						
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Stormwater Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			ance with I Budget
	(Original		Final	Actual	_	ositive egative)
Revenues:					 		
Charges for services	\$	289,500	\$	289,500	\$ 297,576	\$	8,076
Other					 43		43
Total revenues		289,500		289,500	 297,619		8,119
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works							
Engineer Personal services		125,019		125,019	119,318		5,701
Operations and maintenance		235,431		235,431	232,592		2,839
Capital outlay		175,000		175,000	175,000		2,039
Total expenditures		535,450		535,450	526,910		8,540
Net change in fund balance		(245,950)		(245,950)	(229,291)		16,659
Fund balance at beginning of year		184,618		184,618	184,618		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		95,333		95,333	 95,333		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	34,001	\$	34,001	\$ 50,660	\$	16,659

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Chuck Gabbard Memorial Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with Final Budget		
	O	Original Final				Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:									
Total revenues	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		
Expenditures:									
Total expenditures		-		-		_			
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,258		2,258		2,258		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,258	\$	2,258	\$	2,258	\$		

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Magistrate Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	Orig	Original Final		nal	Ac	tual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Other	\$		\$		\$	15	\$	15	
Expenditures:									
Total expenditures									
Net change in fund balance		-		-		15		15	
Fund balance at beginning of year									
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	_	\$	15	\$	15	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Expenditures: Debt service:					
Principal retirement	3,974,780	3,974,780	3,987,444	(12,664)	
Interest and fiscal charges	625,711	625,711	610,547	15,164	
Total expenditures	4,600,491	4,600,491	4,597,991	2,500	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,600,491)	(4,600,491)	(4,597,991)	2,500	
Other financing sources:					
Bonds issued	3,474,931	3,474,931	3,474,931	-	
Transfers - in	1,125,560	1,125,560	1,125,560		
Total other financing sources	4,600,491	4,600,491	4,600,491		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,500	2,500	
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,616	7,616	7,616	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2	2	2		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,618	\$ 7,618	\$ 10,118	\$ 2,500	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts			Variance with		
	(Original		Final		Actual]	al Budget Positive Vegative)	
Revenues:	ø	52,000	ø	52,000	ø		ø	(52,000)	
Special assessments	\$	52,000	\$	52,000	\$		\$	(52,000)	
Expenditures: Current: Public works Streets									
Street maintenance									
Operations and maintenance		1,000		1,000				1,000	
Net change in fund balance		51,000		51,000		-		(51,000)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		211,458		211,458		211,458		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2		2		2			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	262,460	\$	262,460	\$	211,460	\$	(51,000)	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Road Improvements Brownschool Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Orig	Original Fi			Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures								-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Recreation Center Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Ori	Budgeted	l Amounts Fi	nal	Ac	Posi	nce with Budget sitive gative)	
Davianuagi		Siliai		1141		tuai	(110ga	itive)
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures:								
D + 1 114								

	Orig	inal	Fir	nal	Act	ual	Posi (Nega	_
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		1		1		1		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Justice Center/Municipal Building Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget		
Original			F	Final		ctual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		543		543		543		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	543	\$	543	\$	543	\$	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual North Dixie Widening Fund

		Budgeted	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final			Act	tual	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures				-				
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			ance with	
	(Original		Final	 Actual	P	al Budget ositive egative)	
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$	-	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety								
Police								
Personal services		76,825		76,825	85,330		(8,505)	
Capital outlay		1,778,870		1,778,870	1,734,441		44,429	
Total expenditures		1,855,695		1,855,695	1,819,771		35,924	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,855,695)		(1,855,695)	 (1,819,771)		35,924	
Other financing sources:								
Transfers - in		1,460,000		1,460,000	 1,460,000			
Net change in fund balance		(395,695)		(395,695)	(359,771)		35,924	
Fund balance at beginning of year		353,615		353,615	353,615		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		408,870		408,870	 408,870			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	366,790	\$	366,790	\$ 402,714	\$ 35,924		

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual TIF Fund

		Budgeted	Amoun	its			Vari	ance with
	Original		Final Actual		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Ф		œ.	27.000	¢.	21.254	¢.	(5.646)
Property and other taxes	\$		\$	27,000	\$	21,354	\$	(5,646)
Expenditures: Current: General government Legislative and executive								
Personal services		-		8,000		4,869		3,131
Net change in fund balance		-		19,000		16,485		(2,515)
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	19,000	\$	16,485	\$	(2,515)

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Water Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				iance with	
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Φ	2 400 265	Φ	2 400 265	Φ	2 506 000	Φ.	07.705	
Charges for services	\$	2,409,265	\$	2,409,265	\$	2,506,990	\$	97,725	
Tap-in fees		12,000		12,000		13,710		1,710	
Utility deposits received Other		-		- 22 400		4,767		4,767	
V 1		33,400		33,400		27,334		(6,066)	
Total revenues		2,454,665		2,454,665		2,552,801		98,136	
Expenses:									
Current:									
Personal services		312,852		312,852		297,888		14,964	
Contractual services		1,684,604		1,684,604		1,365,512		319,092	
Materials and supplies		55,393		55,393		59,380		(3,987)	
Capital outlay		631,971		881,971		881,545		426	
Utility deposits returned		-		-		3,086		(3,086)	
Other		200		200		1,045		(845)	
Total expenses		2,685,020		2,935,020		2,608,456		326,564	
Change in fund equity		(230,355)		(480,355)		(55,655)		424,700	
Fund equity at beginning of year		796,962		796,962		796,962		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		288,883		288,883		288,883			
Fund equity at end of year	\$	855,490	\$	605,490	\$	1,030,190	\$	424,700	

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Sewer Fund

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	Actual	(N	(legative)
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	1,371,250	\$	1,371,250	\$ 1,353,967	\$	(17,283)
Tap-in fees		15,000		15,000	16,680		1,680
Utility deposits received		-		-	2,348		2,348
Other					 103		103
Total revenues		1,386,250		1,386,250	 1,373,098		(13,152)
Expenses:							
Current:							
Personal services		307,852		307,852	294,340		13,512
Contractual services		999,405		999,405	963,478		35,927
Materials and supplies		42,760		42,760	45,995		(3,235)
Utility deposits returned		100		100	1,520		(1,420)
Other				-	 92		(92)
Total expenses		1,350,117		1,350,117	 1,305,425		44,692
Change in fund equity		36,133		36,133	67,673		31,540
Fund equity at beginning of year		460,405		460,405	460,405		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		19,214		19,214	 19,214		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	515,752	\$	515,752	\$ 547,292	\$	31,540

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Golf Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	F	Positive legative)
Revenues:	Φ.	061.000	Φ.	061.000	Φ	0.50.000	•	(11 (71)
Charges for services	\$	961,900	\$	961,900	\$	950,229	\$	(11,671)
Other		9,700		9,700		5,658		(4,042)
Total revenues		971,600		971,600		955,887		(15,713)
Expenses: Current:								
Personal services		551,702		551,702		503,337		48,365
Contractual services		349,384		355,984		312,432		43,552
Materials and supplies		200,675		216,075		206,836		9,239
Other		37,459		37,459		33,210		4,249
Total expenses		1,139,220		1,161,220		1,055,815		105,405
Non-operating expenses								
Interest		3,000		3,000		1,140		(1,860)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets						5,050		5,050
Total non-operating expenses		3,000		3,000		6,190		3,190
Change in fund equity		(164,620)		(186,620)		(93,738)		92,882
Fund equity at beginning of year		614,009		614,009		614,009		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		34,692		34,692		34,692		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	484,081	\$	462,081	\$	554,963	\$	92,882

City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Hospital Care Fund

	 Budgeted	Amou	ints			iance with
	Original		Final	Actual	F	al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues:	 			 		
Charges for services Other	\$ 1,618,837 85,202	\$	1,618,837 85,202	\$ 1,576,247 34,790	\$	(42,590) (50,412)
Total revenues	 1,704,039		1,704,039	 1,611,037		(93,002)
Expenses: Current:						
Contractual services	324,050		381,450	381,477		(27)
Claims	1,421,309		1,423,909	 1,335,697		88,212
Total expenses	 1,745,359		1,805,359	 1,717,174		88,185
Change in fund equity	(41,320)		(101,320)	(106,137)		(4,817)
Fund equity at beginning of year	222,142		222,142	222,142		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 41,320		41,320	 41,320		<u>-</u>
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 222,142	\$	162,142	\$ 157,325	\$	(4,817)

Combining Statements – Fiduciary Funds

AGENCY FUNDS

To account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Building Standards

Established to account for state assessed fees on building permits issued by the City.

Northern Area Water Authority

Established to account for activities of the Northern Area Water Authority which the City of Vandalia is the fiscal agent.

Municipal Court

Established to account for the monies that flow through the Clerk of Courts Office to various subdivisions.

Multi-District Tax Fund

Established to account for the flow through of municipal income tax monies that belong to the Cities of Englewood and Brookville.

Performance Bond

Established to account for the sureties received from contractors until contracts are complete.

Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Established to account for the activities of the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority which the City of Vandalia is the fiscal agent.

Employee Flex Account

Established to account for the flow through of employee medical expenses that belong to the employees of the City.

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

]	Balance					1	Balance
	Ja	inuary 1,					Dece	ember 31,
Building Standards		2008		Additions		Deletions		2008
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	668	\$	3,225	\$	3,542	\$	351
								-
Total assets	\$	668	\$	3,225	\$	3,542	\$	351
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	668	\$	3,225	\$	3,542	\$	351
Total liabilities	\$	668	\$	3,225	\$	3,542	\$	351
	,	Balance					1	Balance
		inuary 1,						ember 31,
Northern Area Water Authority	30	2008		Additions		Deletions	Бссс	2008
Assets:	-							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	307,474	\$	2,887,982	\$	2,816,162	\$	379,294
Total assets	\$	307,474	\$	2,887,982	\$	2,816,162	\$	379,294
X 1.1 110								
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to others	\$	307,474	\$	2,887,982	\$	2,816,162	\$	379,294
Total liabilities	\$	307,474	\$	2,887,982	\$	2,816,162	\$	379,294
10M1 1M0 11110		201,111		2,007,702		2,010,102		377,27.
		Balance						Balance
W		nuary 1,		A 1120		5 1 3		ember 31,
Municipal Court			<u> </u>	Additions		Deletions		
Assets:		nnuary 1, 2008					Dece	ember 31, 2008
-		nuary 1,	<u>\$</u>	Additions 1,376,663 1,376,663	\$ \$	Deletions 1,382,107 1,382,107		ember 31,
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts	\$	2008 170,020	\$	1,376,663	\$	1,382,107	Dece \$	ember 31, 2008 164,576
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities:	\$ \$	170,020 170,020	\$	1,376,663 1,376,663	\$	1,382,107 1,382,107	S \$	164,576 164,576
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$	170,020 170,020 170,020	\$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202	\$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429	Dece \$	164,576 164,576 164,576
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies	\$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461	\$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678	\$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020	\$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202	\$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429	S \$	164,576 164,576 164,576
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies	\$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461	\$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678	\$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461	\$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663	\$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461	\$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund Assets:	\$ \$ \$ \$ Ja	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance anuary 1, 2008	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663 Additions	\$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107	\$ \$ \$ Dece	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance ember 31, 2008
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663	\$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ \$ \$ \$ Ja	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance anuary 1, 2008	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663 Additions 9,330,874	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107 Deletions	\$ \$ \$ \$ Dece	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance ember 31, 2008
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets Liabilities:	\$ \$ \$ \$ Ja	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance anuary 1, 2008	\$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663 Additions 9,330,874 9,330,874	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107 Deletions 9,221,205 9,221,205	\$ \$ \$ \$ Dece	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance ember 31, 2008 418,524 418,524
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets Liabilities: Undistributed monies	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance anuary 1, 2008 308,855 308,855	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663 Additions 9,330,874 9,330,874	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107 Deletions 9,221,205 9,221,205	\$ \$ \$ \$ Dece \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	smber 31, 2008 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance smber 31, 2008 418,524 418,524
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts Total assets Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities Multi-District Tax fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets Liabilities:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	170,020 170,020 170,020 45,393 124,627 170,020 Balance anuary 1, 2008 308,855 308,855	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,376,663 1,376,663 641,202 735,461 1,376,663 Additions 9,330,874 9,330,874	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,382,107 1,382,107 628,429 753,678 1,382,107 Deletions 9,221,205 9,221,205	\$ \$ \$ \$ Dece \$ \$ \$ \$	164,576 164,576 164,576 58,166 106,410 164,576 Balance ember 31, 2008 418,524 418,524

City of Vandalia, Ohio

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

		Balance						Balance
	J	anuary 1,					Dec	ember 31,
Performance Bond		2008		Additions		Deletions		2008
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,730	\$	1,209	\$	1,000	\$	20,939
Total assets	\$	20,730	\$	1,209	\$	1,000	\$	20,939
T totally loop								
<u>Liabilities:</u> Undistributed monies	\$	20,730	\$	1,209	\$	1,000	\$	20,939
Total liabilities	\$	20,730	\$	1,209	\$	1,000	\$	20,939
Tour nationities	Ψ	20,730	Ψ	1,209	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	20,737
		Balance						Balance
	J	anuary 1,					Dec	ember 31,
Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority		2008		Additions		Deletions		2008
Assets:								
Investments	\$	6,014,036	\$	5,531,672	\$	5,449,901	\$	6,095,807
Total assets	\$	6,014,036	\$	5,531,672	\$	5,449,901	\$	6,095,807
X 1.190								
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to others	¢	6.014.026	¢	5 521 672	¢.	5 440 001	¢	(005 907
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	6,014,036	<u>\$</u>	5,531,672 5,531,672	<u>\$</u>	5,449,901 5,449,901	\$	6,095,807 6,095,807
Total natifics	Ψ	0,014,030	Ψ	3,331,072	Ψ	3,447,701	Ψ	0,075,807
		Balance						Balance
	J	anuary 1,						ember 31,
Employee Flex Account		2008		Additions		Deletions		2008
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,701	\$		\$	297	\$	6,404
Total assets	\$	6,701	\$	-	\$	297	\$	6,404
<u>Liabilities:</u>	Φ.	6.701	Φ		Φ	207	Φ.	6.404
Due to employees	\$	6,701	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	297 297	\$	6,404
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	6,701	<u> </u>		3	297	D	0,404
		Balance						Balance
	J	anuary 1,					Dec	ember 31,
Totals		2008		Additions		Deletions		2008
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	644,428	\$	12,223,290	\$	12,042,206	\$	825,512
Cash and cash equivalents in segrated accounts		170,020		1,376,663		1,382,107		164,576
Investments		6,014,036		5,531,672		5,449,901		6,095,807
Total assets	\$	6,828,484	\$	19,131,625	\$	18,874,214	\$	7,085,895
X 1 1 110								
<u>Liabilities:</u>	er.	46.061	Φ	644 427	Φ	(21.071	ø	50 517
Due to other governments	\$	46,061 6,701	\$	644,427	\$	631,971	\$	58,517
Due to employees Undistributed monies		6,701 454,212		10,067,544		297 9,975,883		6,404 545,873
Due to others		6,321,510		8,419,654		9,975,883 8,266,063		6,475,101
Total liabilities	\$	6,828,484	\$	19,131,625	\$	18,874,214	\$	7,085,895
1 0 mi 1 monito	Ψ	5,020,101	Ψ	17,131,023	Ψ	10,071,211	Ψ	7,000,070

Statistical Section



Statistical Section

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S2 - S8
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source(s), the property tax (and the income tax).	S9 - S15
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S16 - S20
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S21 - S23
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	S24 - S30

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2000; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that fiscal year.

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	<u>2003</u>	2004
Governmental Activities					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$ 27,314,977 5,952,800	\$ 28,147,689 5,843,044	\$ 32,026,709 6,203,695	\$ 31,647,933 4,570,563	\$ 32,543,285 4,543,818
Unrestricted	 14,729,309	 13,084,543	 13,069,246	 12,961,542	 14,439,093
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 47,997,086	\$ 47,075,276	\$ 51,299,650	\$ 49,180,038	\$ 51,526,196
Business-Type Activities					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 15,746,955 8,068,088	\$ 15,753,975 8,141,509	\$ 15,831,497 8,202,422	\$ 17,235,721 8,231,386	\$ 16,904,597 8,146,092
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 23,815,043	\$ 23,895,484	\$ 24,033,919	\$ 25,467,107	\$ 25,050,689
Primary Government					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 43,061,932	\$ 43,901,664	\$ 47,858,206	\$ 48,883,654	\$ 49,447,882
Restricted	5,952,800	5,843,044	6,203,695	4,570,563	4,543,818
Unrestricted	 22,797,397	 21,226,052	 21,271,668	 21,192,928	 22,585,185
Total primary government net assets	\$ 71,812,129	\$ 70,970,760	\$ 75,333,569	\$ 74,647,145	\$ 76,576,885

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.

<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
\$ 33,073,481 4,668,371 15,932,867	\$ 32,617,097 5,164,000 21,393,154	\$ 35,381,805 4,872,447 21,683,362	\$ 36,535,266 4,489,010 21,281,556
\$ 53,674,719	\$ 59,174,251	\$ 61,937,614	\$ 62,305,832
\$ 17,560,983 7,861,688	\$ 17,541,180 7,999,421	\$ 17,331,384 10,272,138	\$ 18,165,790 9,385,576
\$ 25,422,671	\$ 25,540,601	\$ 27,603,522	\$ 27,551,366
\$ 50,634,464 4,668,371	\$ 50,158,277 5,164,000	\$ 52,713,189 4,872,447	\$ 54,701,056 4,489,010
 23,794,555	 29,392,575	 31,955,500	 30,667,132
\$ 79,097,390	\$ 84,714,852	\$ 89,541,136	\$ 89,857,198

Expenses		<u>2000</u>		<u>2001</u>		<u>2002</u>		<u>2003</u>		<u>2004</u>
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	4,179,646	\$	5,198,302	\$	4,413,764	\$	4,929,186	\$	4,944,560
Public safety		5,279,340		5,503,635		5,798,869		5,703,204		5,698,591
Public works		4,539,841		4,106,870		3,781,644		4,223,002		3,877,206
Recreation		2,250,409		3,857,728		3,423,447		3,351,472		3,278,059
Interest and fiscal charges		728,745		710,608		692,184		680,882		505,688
Total governmental activities expenses		16,977,981		19,377,143		18,109,908		18,887,746		18,304,104
Business-Type Activities:										
Water		1,914,077		1,912,460		1,673,614		1,573,771		1,663,004
Sewer		1,333,967		1,406,115		1,375,130		863,893		1,594,333
Golf		1,181,096		1,198,058		1,229,441		1,157,810		1,144,596
Total business-type activities		4,429,140		4,516,633		4,278,185		3,595,474		4,401,933
Total primary government expenses	\$	21,407,121	\$	23,893,776	\$	22,388,093	\$	22,483,220	\$	22,706,037
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$	1,652,474	\$	1,857,747	\$	1,704,471	\$	2,069,469	\$	1,879,701
	ф		Ф		Ф		Φ		Ф	
Public safety		19,391		24,419		36,878		226,100		517,433
Public works		315,962		223,600		327,226		239,882		885,430
Recreation		356,764		835,767		1,140,282		1,204,578		1,262,996
Operating grants, contributions and interest		557,648		616,273		611,107		759,212		801,455
Capital grants and contributions		474,229		979,153		353,732		395,429		819,364
Total governmental activities										
program revenues		3,376,468		4,536,959		4,173,696		4,894,670		6,166,379
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water		1,420,023		1,358,944		1,422,710		1,574,328		1,458,940
Sewer		1,189,393		1,106,379		1,129,818		1,038,386		1,101,616
Golf		1,079,679		984,835		953,877		941,156		944,892
Capital grants and contributions		217,655		617,208		344,929		4,022		9,481
Total business-type activities		217,033		017,200		344,727		7,022		7,401
program revenues		3,906,750		4,067,366		3,851,334		3,557,892		3,514,929
Total primary government program revenues	\$	7,283,218	\$	8,604,325	\$	8,025,030	\$	8,452,562	\$	9,681,308
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	13,601,513	\$	14,840,184	\$	13,936,212	\$	13,993,076	\$	12,137,725
	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	
Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	\$	522,390 14,123,903	\$	449,267 15,289,451	\$	426,851 14,363,063	\$	37,582 14,030,658	\$	887,004 13,024,729
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Assets Governmental Activities:										
Property taxes levied for:	ф	1 616 100	Φ.	1 570 201	ф	1 660 600	Ф	1 702 772	Φ.	1 702 022
General purposes	\$	1,616,490	\$	1,570,281	\$	1,660,698	\$	1,783,553	\$	1,703,923
Income tax levied for:										
General purposes		9,532,283		7,730,756		8,383,939		8,393,096		10,420,056
Capital projects		1,588,713		2,576,918		2,794,646		1,518,509		-
Grants and entitlements not										
restricted to specific programs		942,438		997,696		911,245		837,051		984,588
Investment earnings		1,988,257		1,450,330		830,994		336,949		509,985
Other		93,482		17,250		85,390		124,683		67,812
Total governmental activities		15,761,663		14,343,231		14,666,912		12,993,841		13,686,364
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment in joint venture		41,465		157,716		434,258		93,368		374,117
Investment earnings		4,292		5,244		5,819		2,660		1,688
Other		30,086		39,404		50,198		45,567		48,549
Total business-type activities		75,843		202,364		490,275		141,595		424,354
Total primary government	\$	15,837,506	\$	14,545,595	\$	15,157,187	\$	13,135,436	\$	14,110,718
Change in net assets									-	
	ď	1 002 540	\$	(976 706)	¢	657 204	¢	(2.220.410)	¢	1 504 411
Governmental activities	\$	1,993,549	Ф	(876,796)	\$	657,304	\$	(2,328,410)	\$	1,504,411
Ducinose tupo activities		(270.044)		122 040		126 020		1 422 100		(410 422)
Business-type activities Total primary government	-\$	(279,946) 1,713,603	\$	132,940 (743,856)	\$	136,820 794,124	\$	1,433,188 (895,222)	\$	(418,422) 1,085,989

⁽¹⁾ Accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.

	<u>2005</u>		2006		2007		2008
\$	5,366,477	\$	5,460,150	\$	5,906,984	\$	6,403,491
	6,058,752		6,178,967		6,052,798		6,608,469
	4,432,060		4,240,372		4,224,539		4,430,596
	3,294,702		3,427,824		3,676,239		4,016,239
	540,735		580,291		650,699		625,917
	19,692,726		19,887,604		20,511,259		22,084,712
	1,801,203		2,227,291		2,242,417		2,677,281
	1,464,646		1,478,904		1,523,399		1,574,798
	1,145,444		1,165,894		1,185,618		1,137,838
	4,411,293		4,872,089		4,951,434		5,389,917
\$	24,104,019	\$	24,759,693	\$	25,462,693	\$	27,474,629
\$	2,111,964	\$	1,748,666	\$	1,873,488	\$	1,914,426
	502,942		708,379		673,765		654,686
	1,331,202		1,186,775		1,310,194		1,132,996
	1,298,854		1,347,174		1,397,631		1,461,420
	1,626,415		1,165,543		1,152,379		919,062
	1,745,069		952,359		1,374,031		750,497
	8,616,446		7,108,896		7,781,488		6,833,087
	0,010,110		7,100,070		7,701,100		0,033,007
	1,568,232		2,249,435		2,770,088		1,979,915
	1,065,364		1,336,767		2,333,065		1,072,501
	974,608		984,106		990,779		951,835
	813,061		327,837		74,445		103,784
	4,421,265		4,898,145		6,168,377		4,108,035
\$	13,037,711	\$	12,007,041	\$	13,949,865	\$	10,941,122
\$	11,076,280	\$	12,778,708	\$	12,729,771	\$	15,251,625
	(9,972)		(26,056)		(1,216,943)		1,281,882
\$	11,066,308	\$	12,752,652	\$	11,512,828	\$	16,533,507
					_		_
\$	1,652,459	\$	2,008,091	\$	1,976,022	\$	2,077,147
	10,419,773		13,205,994		13,072,621		11,391,659
	-		-		-		-
	025 501		1 920 214		1 257 401		1 077 004
	925,581		1,820,314		1,357,421 1,485,318		1,977,904
	354,301		1,146,670				1,211,323
	32,800 13,384,914	-	159,399 18,340,468		112,821 18,004,203		154,641
	13,364,914		16,340,406		18,004,203		16,812,674
	171,124		_		_		_
	2,187		4,717		3,471		1,140
	28,588		24,929		33,196		35,755
-	201,899		29,646		36,667		36,895
\$	13,586,813	\$	18,370,114	\$	18,040,870	\$	16,849,569
	, -,		, ,	_	, -,	_	, -,
\$	2,148,523	\$	5,499,532	\$	4,337,065	\$	368,218
~	371,982	-	117,930	~	2,190,977	7	(52,156)
\$	2,520,505	\$	5,617,462	\$	6,528,042	\$	316,062

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	2004
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 2,693,572 10,558,106	\$ 2,017,083 10,235,607	\$ 1,691,270 9,888,293	\$ 2,147,547 9,236,874	\$ 2,202,106 10,791,865
Total general fund	\$ 13,251,678	\$ 12,252,690	\$ 11,579,563	\$ 11,384,421	\$ 12,993,971
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$ 5,302,774	\$ 3,595,346	\$ 3,039,436	\$ 2,202,060	\$ 902,290
Special revenue funds	1,052,151	1,058,436	1,012,272	991,055	1,251,527
Capital projects funds	(1,153,756)	529,497	1,481,985	703,548	1,568,078
Debt service funds	 107,510	 125,954	140,772	 155,114	 186,958
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,308,679	\$ 5,309,233	\$ 5,674,465	\$ 4,051,777	\$ 3,908,853

⁽¹⁾ Modified accrual basis of accounting. Will be reported for the last ten years when there are enough years of information available.

<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
\$ 1,867,705 13,008,780	\$ 1,850,259 16,996,717	\$ 1,790,777 18,711,875	\$ 1,952,111 19,029,818
\$ 14,876,485	\$ 18,846,976	\$ 20,502,652	\$ 20,981,929
\$ 738,185	\$ 4,477,554	\$ 6,105,502	\$ 6,517,093
 1,578,658 1,390,763 411,590	 1,966,858 (2,060,044) 169,257	1,508,082 (3,834,063) 219,077	1,306,895 (4,158,504) 221,577
\$ 4,119,196	\$ 4,553,625	\$ 3,998,598	\$ 3,887,061

	1999	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008
REVENUES										
Municipal income taxes	\$ 12,376,161	\$ 10,976,105	\$ 10,790,799	\$ 10,498,954	\$ 10,317,499	\$ 10,523,250	\$ 10,735,700	\$ 12,579,757	\$ 13,278,532	\$ 11,905,601
Property and other taxes	1,305,833	1,578,741	1,569,367	1,591,471	1,706,415	1,743,925	1,708,422	1,972,798	1,922,643	2,118,855
Charges for services	1,117,377	897,984	1,348,586	1,683,675	2,267,691	3,192,514	3,077,102	3,210,035	3,451,386	3,625,059
Fines, licenses and permits	1,407,656	1,289,389	1,359,842	1,299,836	1,242,665	1,256,743	1,558,334	1,520,154	1,710,057	1,675,186
Intergovernmental revenues	1,719,517	2,224,364	2,561,638	1,877,336	2,002,376	2,465,614	3,282,145	2,842,184	3,519,044	3,703,037
Special assessments	97,675	100,477	105,860	100,811	102,173	110,424	77,444	74,442	15,459	27,739
Investment income	843,007	2,348,920	1,359,176	897,874	286,065	527,580	420,327	1,170,927	1,485,317	1,211,322
Other	418,589	260,462	187,257	230,488	193,587	120,113	82,088	113,944	119,864	146,798
m	10.205.015	10.575.110					20.044.552			
Total revenues	19,285,815	19,676,442	19,282,525	18,180,445	18,118,471	19,940,163	20,941,562	23,484,241	25,502,302	24,413,597
EXPENDITURES										
General government	3,874,869	3,780,674	4,243,972	4,121,211	4,392,538	4,729,410	5,070,770	5,229,572	5,679,146	6,076,275
Public safety	4,259,345	4,565,050	4,935,661	5,162,545	5,080,363	5,173,529	5,446,724	5,673,085	5,643,811	6,105,935
Public works	2,392,848	2,510,443	2,540,289	2,659,067	2,756,101	2,786,256	3,025,121	3,292,098	3,343,736	3,453,508
Recreation	1,778,889	1,888,832	2,906,617	2,845,522	2,796,496	2,695,435	2,792,382	2,864,729	3,158,080	3,418,795
Capital outlay	10,328,971	11,477,748	4,180,822	2,640,846	3,754,872	2,073,833	1,334,942	1,883,575	4,861,768	3,787,251
Debt service:	,,-	,,	.,,	_,,	-,,	_,,	-,,	-,,	.,,	-,,
Principal retirement	355,000	370,000	385,000	461,971	476,971	626,971	555,000	568.521	619,479	632,844
Interest and fiscal charges	746,720	730,221	712,558	693,835	682,627	515,910	509,321	503,396	605,128	606,004
Pond issuance costs		-	-	-	-	179,118	-	10,000	-	-
Solid issuance costs						177,110		10,000		
Total expenditures	23,736,642	25,322,968	19,904,919	18,584,997	19,939,968	18,780,462	18,734,260	20,024,976	23,911,148	24,080,612
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(4,450,827)	(5,646,526)	(622,394)	(404,552)	(1,821,497)	1,159,701	2,207,302	3,459,265	1,591,154	332,985
emperiations	(1,150,027)	(0,010,020)	(022,000.)	(101,002)	(1,021,137)	1,100,701	2,201,502	2,100,200	1,0>1,10 :	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>)</u>									
Proceeds of loans	-	-	-	185,913	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inception of capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	944,855	-	-
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	464,791	-	-	-	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	10,840,000	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	3,617	-	15,120	800	9,495	34,755
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	(11,125,672)	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	3,895,333	5,337,405	3,728,143	3,727,308	2,556,431	2,020,451	1,787,573	2,695,016	4,931,342	4,439,244
Transfer out	(3,906,757)	(5,504,006)	(4,107,986)	(3,800,704)	(2,559,171)	(2,020,451)	(1,787,573)	(2,695,016)	(5,431,342)	(4,439,244)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,424)	(166,601)	(379,843)	112,517	877	179,119	15,120	945,655	(490,505)	34,755
Net change in fund balance	\$ (4,462,251)	\$ (5,813,127)	\$ (1,002,237)	\$ (292,035)	\$ (1,820,620)	\$ 1,338,820	\$ 2,222,422	\$ 4,404,920	\$ 1,100,649	\$ 367,740
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.2%	7.9%	7.0%	7.2%	7.2%	7.9%	6.1%	6.0%	6.4%	6.1%

⁽¹⁾ Modified accrual basis of accounting.

			Real Property (1)	Public Ut	ility (2)	Tangible Personal Property (3) Total		Total	Weighted	
Co	Ollection Year	Assessed Value	Commercial/ Industrial/PU	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Average Tax Rate
	2008	\$ 363,742,150	\$ 28,420	\$ 1,039,344,486	\$ 5,625,360	14,446,947	\$ 25,112,712	\$ 40,180,339	\$ 394,508,642	\$ 1,093,971,772	34.64%
	2007	358,120,300	26,400	1,023,276,286	6,670,560	17,131,211	43,327,379	346,619,032	408,144,639	1,387,026,529	30.03%
	2006	347,780,250	42,820	993,780,200	6,942,390	17,829,320	59,956,143	319,766,096	414,721,603	1,331,375,616	31.81%
	2005	322,144,700	46,520	920,546,343	7,338,730	8,339,466	77,595,931	323,316,379	407,125,881	1,252,202,188	32.51%
	2004	316,589,440	46,120	904,673,029	7,696,010	8,745,466	71,493,745	285,974,980	395,825,315	1,199,393,474	33.00%
	2003	310,368,570	45,290	886,896,743	9,896,969	11,246,556	80,095,291	320,381,164	400,406,120	1,218,524,463	32.86%
2	2002	278,549,920	22,580	795,921,429	9,482,673	10,775,765	78,703,666	314,814,664	366,758,839	1,121,511,857	32.70%
0	2001	271,345,240	24,020	775,340,743	9,838,940	11,180,614	77,220,506	308,882,024	358,428,706	1,095,403,380	32.72%
	2000	268,174,540	31,880	766,304,057	10,736,100	12,200,114	72,418,708	289,674,832	351,361,228	1,068,179,003	32.89%
	1999	244,489,040	35,230	698,640,771	11,615,690	13,199,648	69,545,468	278,181,872	325,685,428	990,022,291	32.90%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

⁽¹⁾ Real estate value is assessed at 35% of appraised market value.
(2) Public utility personal property is assessed at 88% of true value for 1999 - 2005, for 2006-2008 half at 88% the other half at 25% of true value.
(3) Tangible personal property is assessed at 25% for 1999 - 2004, 24% for 2005, 18.75% for 2006, 12.5% for 2007 and 6.25% for 2008.

Year	Current Tax Levy	(1) Current Tax Collections	Deliquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Oustanding Deliquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy	Total Direct Tax Rate
2008	\$ 1,633,266	\$ 1,584,325	\$ 47,460	\$ 1,631,785	99.91%	\$ 83,409	5.11%	\$ 81.32
2007	1,689,719	1,590,666	70,311	1,660,977	98.30%	98,978	5.86%	79.51
2006	1,716,947	1,641,715	54,295	1,696,010	98.78%	77,144	4.49%	73.97
2005	1,685,501	1,656,709	91,698	1,748,407	103.73%	51,822	3.07%	73.97
2004	1,683,046	1,645,698	46,849	1,692,547	100.56%	108,110	6.42%	75.07
2003	1,657,681	1,595,477	58,972	1,654,449	99.81%	152,595	9.21%	68.58
2002	1,518,377	1,487,482	53,079	1,540,561	101.46%	93,628	6.17%	68.88
2001	1,492,775	1,446,584	55,263	1,501,847	100.61%	83,471	5.59%	69.08
2000	1,463,393	1,307,451	44,532	1,351,983	92.39%	67,252	4.60%	68.68
1999	1,357,402	1,226,054	44,594	1,270,648	93.61%	56,603	4.17%	69.48

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

⁽¹⁾ Represents amounts collected by the County for the City during the year indicated.

		City Dire	ct Rates		Overlapping Rates						
						Vandalia-Butler		i Valley reer			
Collection	General		Police	Total	County	City	Tech	nology		Total	
Year	Fund	Charter	Pension	City	Levy	Schools	Ce	enter	Library	Levy	
2008	\$ 1.54	\$ 2.30	\$ 0.30	\$4.14	\$ 20.24	\$ 53.11	\$	2.58	\$ 1.25	\$ 81.32	
2007	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	18.24	53.30		2.58	1.25	79.51	
2006	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	18.24	47.76		2.58	1.25	73.97	
2005	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	18.24	47.76		2.58	1.25	73.97	
2004	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	18.24	48.86		2.58	1.25	75.07	
2003	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	17.24	44.36		2.58	0.26	68.58	
2002	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	17.24	44.66		2.58	0.26	68.88	
2001	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	17.24	44.86		2.58	0.26	69.08	
2000	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	16.64	45.06		2.58	0.26	68.68	
1999	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	16.64	45.86		2.58	0.26	69.48	

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

		2004				2008	
			Percentage of				Percentage of
	Taxable	Total City		Taxable			Total City
	Assessed		Taxable		Assessed		Taxable
	Value	Rank	Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value
Taxpayer							
Dayton Power & Light Co.	\$ 4,547,570	2	1.44%	\$	5,358,160	1	1.47%
Delphi Automotive System	4,697,770	1	1.48%		3,791,260	2	1.04%
The Iams Company	2,431,470	4	0.77%		3,003,390	3	0.83%
Sand Lake Plaza LLC	-		0.00%		2,310,910	4	0.64%
Shoppes at Northwoods	1,867,310	6	0.59%		2,129,490	5	0.59%
Timberlake Limited Partners	1,451,520	8	0.46%		2,043,160	6	0.56%
Poe Ave. 6196 LLC	-		0.00%		1,918,070	7	0.53%
3920 Space Drive Building	-		0.00%		1,718,380	8	0.47%
Garrett-Ryan LLC	-		0.00%		1,511,720	9	0.42%
7124 Poe Ave. LLC	-		0.00%		1,494,850	10	0.41%
B-W Limited Partnership	2,526,590	3	0.80%		-		0.00%
Mid-States Development Co.	1,465,140	7	0.46%		-		0.00%
Ohio Bell Telephone Co.	1,934,730	5	0.61%		-		0.00%
Thieman, Ted H.	1,195,620	10	0.38%		-		0.00%
Mazer, Marshall	 1,418,020	9	0.45%				0.00%
Total of above	\$ 23,535,740		<u>7.43</u> %	\$	25,279,390		<u>6.95</u> %
Total City	\$ 316,635,560			\$	363,770,570		

Source: Montgomery County Auditor. Will be reported for current year and nine years before when enough information is available.

		2004			2008	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Taxable		Total City	Taxable		Total City
	Assessed		Taxable	Assessed		Taxable
	<u>Value</u>	Rank	Assessed Value	Value	Rank	Assessed Value
<u>Taxpayer</u>						
Delphi Automotive System	\$ 10,441,070	1	14.60%	\$ 2,755,490	1	10.97%
Smith Industries Aerospace	5,109,140	3	7.15%	1,170,910	2	4.66%
Eurand America Inc.	5,284,570	2	7.39%	1,088,920	3	4.34%
Miami Valley International	-		0.00%	957,050	4	3.81%
Encon, Inc.	2,649,700	6	3.71%	768,390	5	3.06%
Beau Townsend Ford Inc.	2,915,230	5	4.08%	625,070	6	2.49%
Saia-Burgess Inc.	2,203,430	9	3.08%	572,560	7	2.28%
A-F Leis Co. Inc.	-		0.00%	557,980	8	2.22%
Ohio Bell Telephone Company	-		0.00%	523,070	9	2.08%
Time Warner Entertainment	-		0.00%	494,390	10	1.97%
Smedley Chevrolet Sales Inc.	2,026,960	10	2.84%	-		0.00%
Eftec North America LLC	2,222,440	8	3.11%	-		0.00%
Frank Z Imports Inc.	2,364,880	7	3.31%	-		0.00%
Proctor & Gamble Co.	3,378,930	4	4.73%	-		0.00%
Total of above	\$ 38,596,350		53.99%	\$ 9,513,830		<u>37.88</u> %
Total City	\$ 71,493,745			\$ 25,112,712		

Source: Montgomery County Auditor. Will be reported for current year and nine years before when enough information is available.

		2004			2008	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Taxable		Total City	Taxable		Total City
	Assessed		Taxable	Assessed		Taxable
	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Value (1)	Rank	Assessed Value
Taxpayer						
Dayton Power	\$ 4,547,570	1	59.09%	\$ 5,358,160	1	95.25%
Ohio Bell Telephone Co.	 1,934,730	2	<u>25.14</u> %	523,070	2	<u>9.30</u> %
Total of above	\$ 6,482,300		<u>84.23</u> %	\$ 5,881,230		104.55%
Total City	\$ 7,696,010			\$ 5,625,360		

Source: Montgomery County Auditor. Will be reported for current year and nine years before when enough information is available.

⁽¹⁾ The City's total assessed value is an estimate provided by the County Auditor that is reduced to reflect collections based upon the phase out of personal property. Reduced valuation amounts are not available by individual taxpayers.

Tax	Tax	Total Tax	Taxes from	Percentage of Taxes from	Taxes From	Percentage of Taxes from	Taxes From	Percentage of Taxes from
Year	Rate	Collected	Withholding	Withholding	Net Profits	Net Profits	Individuals	Individuals
2008	2.00%	\$ 12,939,570	\$ 10,114,059	78.16%	\$ 1,462,797	11.30%	\$ 1,362,714	10.53%
2007	2.00	13,941,609	10,467,971	75.08	2,118,969	15.20	1,354,469	9.72
2006	2.00	12,460,878	9,361,866	75.13	1,911,160	15.34	1,187,852	9.53
2005	1.75	11,120,405	8,803,549	79.17	1,132,354	10.18	1,184,502	10.65
2004	1.75	10,640,156	8,690,411	81.68	840,464	7.90	1,109,282	10.43
2003	1.75	11,095,428	8,774,067	79.08	1,228,389	11.07	1,092,973	9.85
2002	1.75	11,183,713	8,869,803	79.31	1,246,984	11.15	1,066,926	9.54
2001	1.75	11,290,965	8,975,817	79.50	1,248,267	11.06	1,066,881	9.45
2000	1.75	11,691,298	9,499,024	81.25	1,163,713	9.95	1,028,560	8.80
1999	1.75	12,593,067	10,011,067	79.50	1,536,144	12.20	1,045,856	8.31

Source: City income tax records.

		Governmental Activities (1)									
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Debt	Loan Payable	Bond Anticipation Notes	Capital Leases	Total Primary Govern- ment	Percentage of Personal Income				
2008	\$ 9,420,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,080,000	\$ 744,011	\$ 14,244,011	4.03%				
2007	9,970,000	-	-	3,345,300	826,855	14,142,155	4.00%				
2006	10,510,000	-	-	2,628,100	906,334	14,044,434	3.97%				
2005	11,040,000	-	-	-	-	11,040,000	3.12%				
2004	11,552,872	42,128	-	-	-	11,595,000	3.28%				
2003	11,490,746	84,254	61,971	-	-	11,636,971	3.29%				
2002	11,863,618	126,382	123,942	-	-	12,113,942	3.43%				
2001	12,221,490	168,510	-	-	-	12,390,000	3.51%				
2000	12,564,362	210,638	-	-	-	12,775,000	3.62%				
1999	12,892,234	252,766	-	-	-	13,145,000	n/a				

 $^{(1) \} Details \ regarding \ the \ City's \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be \ found \ in \ Note \ 9 \ in \ the \ current \ financial \ statements.$

	Governmental Activities (1)									
		Percentage of								
	General	Actual Taxable								
Fiscal	Obligation	Value of	Per							
Year	Bonds	Property	Capita							
2008	\$ 9,420,000	2.39%	\$ 645							
2007	9,970,000	2.44%	683							
2006	10,510,000	2.53%	720							
2005	11,040,000	2.71%	756							
2004	11,552,872	2.92%	791							
2003	11,490,746	2.87%	787							
2002	11,863,618	3.23%	812							
2001	12,221,490	3.41%	837							
2000	12,564,362	3.58%	860							
1999	12,892,234	3.96%	935							

 $⁽¹⁾ Details \ regarding \ the \ City's \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be \ found \ in \ Note \ 9 \ in \ the \ current \ financial \ statements.$

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding (2)		Percentage applicable to City (1)	apj	mount plicable o City
Vandalia-Butler City School District	\$	-	57.88%	\$	-
Montgomery County		44,137,933	3.77%	1	,664,997
Subtotal, overlapping debt				1	,664,997
City of Vandalia governmental activities direc	13	,500,000			
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 15	,164,997

⁽¹⁾ Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

⁽²⁾ All debt reported as of December 31, 2008, except for Vandalia-Butler School District which is reported as of June 30, 2008.

	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Year Ending December 31, 2008		Unvoted	Overall							
	Total assessed valuation		\$ 394,508,642	\$ 394,508,642							
	Debt limitation - 5.5% of assessed value	ation	 21,697,975								
	Debt limitation - 10.5% of assessed val	luation		 41,423,407							
	Debt applicable to limitation: Gross indebtedness Exempt debt:		13,500,000	13,500,000							
	Bond anticipation notes Amount available in debt service	e fund	 (4,080,000) (235,420)	 (4,080,000) (235,420)							
	Total debt applicable to limitation		 9,184,580	 9,184,580							
	Legal debt margin		\$ 12,513,395	\$ 32,238,827							
		<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
	Debt limit	\$ 34,196,970	\$ 36,892,929	\$ 37,635,014	\$ 38,509,678	\$ 42,042,643	\$ 41,561,658	\$ 42,748,218	\$ 43,545,768	\$ 42,855,187	\$ 41,423,407
	Total net debt applicable to limit	12,875,000	12,550,001	12,210,000	11,855,000	11,190,000	11,550,000	10,786,430	10,340,426	9,750,923	9,184,580
2	Legal debt margin	\$ 21,321,970	\$ 24,342,928	\$ 25,425,014	\$ 26,654,678	\$ 30,852,643	\$ 30,011,658	\$ 31,961,788	\$ 33,205,342	\$ 33,104,264	\$ 32,238,827
10	Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	37.65%	34.02%	32.44%	30.78%	26.62%	27.79%	25.23%	23.75%	22.75%	22.17%

CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO Schedule of Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Years

	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>
GENERAL BONDED DEBT										
Debt service	\$ 1,034,873	1,040,390	1,040,613	1,036,123	1,034,438	1,029,498	1,016,103	1,013,602	999,887	996,927
General governmental expenditures	\$23,736,642	25,322,968	19,904,919	18,584,997	19,939,968	18,780,462	18,734,260	20,024,976	23,911,148	24,080,612
Ratio of debt service to general governmental expenditures	4.36%	4.11	5.23	5.58	5.19	5.48	5.42	5.06	4.18	4.14

Note: All years presented are reported on a GAAP basis.

			2008			2005	<u> 105</u>		
				Percentage			Percentage		
				of Total City			of Total City		
Employer (1)	<u>Industry</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Delphi Automotive System	Automotive Manufacturing & Engineering	1,015	1	1.84%	1,557	1	4.79%		
Vandalia - Butler Schools	Schools	674	2	1.22%	396	3	1.22%		
City of Vandalia	Local Government	553	3	1.00%	325	6	1.00%		
GE Aviation (formerly Smiths Aerospace)	Aerospace Engineering & Manufacturing	423	4	0.76%	466	2	1.43%		
Leis Medical	Medical Device Design & Manufacturing	306	5	0.55%	346	5	1.06%		
SAIA Burgess, Inc. (formerly Johnson Controls)	Electronics Manufacturing	300	6	0.54%	365	4	1.12%		
P&G Pet Care (formerly Iams)	Headquarters - Cat & Dog Food	234	7	0.42%	282	7	0.87%		
Evenflo	Headquarters - Juvenile Products Manufacturer	188	8	0.34%	209	10	0.64%		
Eurand	Pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical products	170	9	0.31%	-		0.00%		
Exhibit Concepts	Trade Show Design and Fabrication	120	10	0.22%	-		0.00%		
Cintas Corporation	Work Uniforms & Custom Corporate Apparel	-		0.00%	229	8	0.70%		
Mazer Corporation	Headquarters - Services to Educational Publishers			0.00%	215	9	0.66%		
		3,983		7.20%	4,390		13.51%		

Source: City Income Tax Department W2 Audit Listing. Will be reported for current year and nine years before when enough information is available.

⁽¹⁾ Number of employees are based on W-2's filed within the City income tax department without direct contact or confirmation from the employers. The totals may not include part-time and temporary employees.

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (5)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Montgomery County Unemployment Rate (3)	Average Sales Price of Residential Property (4)	Total Assessed Property Value (4)
2008	14,603	\$ 353,377,997	\$ 24,199	\$ 44,463	38.1	2,215	3,259	8.5%	\$ 137,168	\$394,508,642
2007	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,440	6.2%	153,002	408,144,639
2006	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,434	5.9%	154,180	414,721,603
2005	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,382	5.5%	162,350	407,125,881
2004	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,460	5.8%	148,250	395,825,315
2003	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,471	5.3%	138,290	400,406,120
2002	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,466	4.7%	136,680	366,758,839
2001	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,531	4.3%	127,980	358,428,706
2000	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,550	3.8%	129,210	351,361,228
1999	13,790	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,560	3.8%	118,950	325,685,428

⁽¹⁾ Source: U. S. Census

⁽a) Years 2000 through 2008 - 2000 Federal Census (b) Year 1999 - 1990 Federal Census

⁽²⁾ Source: Ohio Department of Education

⁽³⁾ Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services
(4) Source: Montgomery County Auditor
(5) Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Seven Years

Function/Program	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
General Government							
Council	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Finance	6.50	6.50	7.50	6.00	7.00	6.50	8.00
Tax	9.00	9.00	8.50	9.50	9.00	9.00	4.00
City Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Law	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
Administration	7.00	7.50	7.00	6.50	4.00	5.00	5.00
Engineer	9.00	10.00	9.50	9.00	9.00	9.50	9.50
Planning	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Civil Service	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Court	27.50	29.00	26.00	29.00	27.00	25.00	25.00
Public Building	19.00	20.00	20.00	19.50	18.50	19.50	22.50
Security of Persons and Property							
Police	32.00	35.00	33.00	30.00	33.00	30.00	31.00
Police - Auxiliary/Guards	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Police - Dispatchers/Office/Other	12.00	12.50	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Police - Jailers	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Police - Animal Wardens	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fire	44.00	42.00	41.00	37.50	34.00	36.50	39.50
Fire - Secretary - Other	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Public Health Services							
Cemetery	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Leisure Time Activities							
Recreation	118.00	110.00	102.50	101.00	104.00	123.00	123.00
Municipal Pool	6.00	6.00	4.00	3.50	5.00	2.00	7.50
Golf Course	32.50	32.00	31.50	30.50	33.50	32.50	35.00
Community Development							
Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Economic Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Transportation							
Service	19.00	20.00	20.00	19.00	20.00	19.50	19.50
Street M&R	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Basic Utility Services							
Water	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Wastewater	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	354.50	351.50	335.50	325.00	330.00	342.00	352.50

Source: City Payroll Department W2 Audit Listing Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee at year end.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2002 is not available

Function/Program	2008	 2007	 2006	 2005
General Government				
Council and Clerk				
Number of Ordinances Passed	36	24	33	31
Number of Resolutions Passed	32	23	33	34
Number of Planning Commission docket items	12	13	5	18
Zoning Board of Appeals docket items	14	13	9	10
Finance Department				
Number of payroll checks issued	10,223	9,685	9,563	9,076
Number of checks/ vouchers issued	5,483	5,244	5,549	4,840
Amount of checks written (\$000 omitted)	\$25,584	\$24,980	\$22,684	\$19,125
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$1,152,344	\$1,257,917	\$934,545	\$532,194
Number of Budget Adjustments issued	5	4	4	3
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services	Aa3	Aa3	Aa3	Aa3
Health Insurance Costs vs General Fund Expenditures %	9.59%	9.17%	11.09%	12.71%
General Fund Receipts (cash basis, \$000 omitted)	\$22,013	\$22,913	\$21,006	\$19,247
General Fund Expenditures (cash basis, \$000 omitted)	\$20,897	\$21,033	\$15,220	\$14,892
General Fund Cash Balances (\$000 omitted)	\$19,921	\$19,205	\$17,325	\$14,379
Income Tax Department				
Number of Individual/Business Returns	22,735	19,507	19,222	19,574
Number of business withholding accounts	3,870	2,745	2,766	2,772
Amount of Penalties and Interest Collected	\$ 104,063	\$ 112,388	\$ 107,933	\$ 162,053
Annual number of withholding forms processed	27,470	24,810	19,962	19,983
Annual number of balance due statements forms processed	7,103	7,087	7,150	8,399
Annual number of estimated payment forms processed	4,825	4,500	4,391	4,172
Annual number of reconciliations of withholdings processed	4,001	3,964	4,133	4,560
Engineer Contracted Services				
Dollar amount of Construction overseen by Engineer	\$2,988,960	\$3,894,168	\$2,065,000	\$335,000
Municipal Court				
Number of Civil Cases	2,339	2,183	1,960	2,122
Number of Criminal/Traffic cases	17,872	18,668	17,394	15,964
Vital Statistics				
Certificates Issued				
Number of Births	41,859	48,606	46,943	43,768
Number of Deaths	34,618	33,397	32,503	33,652
Burial Permits Issued	4,994	4,380	4,771	4,997
Civil Service				
Number of police entry tests administered	1	1	1	1
Number of fire entry tests administered	0	1	1	1
Number of police promotional tests administered	0	0	0	1
Number of hires of Police Officers from certified lists	0	3	0	2
Number of hires of Fire/Medics from certified lists	5	8	0	1
Number of promotions from police certified lists	0	0	0	1
Building Department Indicators				
Construction Permits Issued	145	169	201	200
Estimated Value of Construction		\$22,672,865	\$13,179,670	\$42,337,669
Estillated value of Construction	\$17,238.702			
	\$17,258,702 910			
Number of permits issued Amount of Revenue generated from permits	\$17,238,702 910 \$193,684	\$22,072,803 891 \$198,035	934 \$145,285	1,055 \$255,270

2004	2003	2002
26	20	25
36	20	25
32 7	35 5	30
26	16	32
9,247	9,526	9,814
5,188	5,163	5,214
\$19,383	\$20,151	\$18,293,181
\$525,379	\$399,166	\$890,570
3	2	2
Aa3	Aa3	Aa3
13.73%	12.36%	13.06%
\$17,649	\$16,523	\$16,891
\$14,714 \$11,669	\$14,164 \$10,406	\$13,741 \$11,044
\$11,009	\$10,400	\$11,044
19,788	18,809	10,932
3,004	1,607	1,634
n/a	n/a	n/a
24,525	19,704	9,867
8,171	5,952	5,059
3,924	3,498	1,880
3,998	2,793	1,741
\$1,098,225	\$1,890,000	n/a
15,850	17,009	20,915
2,051	1,962	1,820
,,,,	,	,,
42,240	44,806	48,435
33,567	35,686	38,136
4,843	5,058	5,209
0	1	1
0	0	0
0	0	1
5	0	4
1	0	0
0	0	1
		_
255	228	240
\$22,233,669	\$10,705,485	\$11,703,784
1,044	977	967
\$173,055 \$173,055	\$89,298 \$89,298	\$85,948 \$85,948
φ1/3,033	φ07,230	(Continued)
		(Continucu)

Function/Program	2008	2007	2006	2005
Security of Persons & Property				
Police				
Total Calls for Services	13,714	13,386	13,429	13,432
Number of traffic citations issued	1,371	1,417	1,798	2,362
Number of parking citations issued	49	60	58	85
Number of criminal arrests	703	788	831	745
Number of accident reports completed	316	321	297	306
Part 1 Offenses (major offenses)	114	511	528	466
Reserve officers hours worked	774	860	869	850
DUI Arrests	90	100	97	132
Prisoners Proceessed - Temporary Holdings	210	215	151	104
Property damage accidents	250	249	227	246
Fatalities from Motor Vehicle Accidents	0	0	1	0
Gasoline costs of fleet	\$83,611	\$55,758	\$63,195	\$59,802
DARE youth program	267	265	259	285
Community Diversion Program Youths (Be Proud)	2	3	1	3
Volunteer Service Program	0	0	136	0
Fire				
EMS Calls	1,995	1,943	1,868	1,625
Ambulance Billing Collections (net)	\$581,785	\$570,206	\$470,575	\$451,964
Fire Calls	850	647	605	583
Fires with Loss	21	3	2	4
Fires with Losses exceeding \$10K	8	3	1	2
Fire Losses \$	\$609,050	\$172,500	\$17,500	\$37,525
Fire Safety Inspections	457	112	106	91
Number of times Mutual Aid given to Fire and EMS	212	156	176	163
Number of times Mutual Aid received for Fire and EMS	85	71	100	105
Public Health and Welfare				
Cemetery burials	24	16	23	27
Cemetery cremations	7	1	4	5
Cemetery sale of lots	47	53	41	48
Cemetery receipts	\$25,215	\$23,060	\$25,771	\$24,673
Leisure Time Activities Recreation				
Recreation Swimming pool receipts	\$46,586	\$42,840	\$42,539	\$50,764
Recreation Mens & Womens Leagues receipts	12,160	11,450	11,844	12,226
Recreation Programs	85,573	78,868	86,537	86,877
Youth Soccer League	32,880	16,857	12,476	12,596
Youth Baseball League	49,597	25,359	22,151	19,412
Facilities rentals	100,782	97,718	70,303	46,985
racinues remais	100,762	77,710	70,303	40,763
Total Recreation Department receipts	\$327,578	\$273,092	\$245,850	\$228,860
Community Development				
Grant amounts received due to Economic Development Dept.	\$472,736	\$157,710	\$183,955	\$551,948
Basic Utility Services				
Refuse disposal per year (in tons) January through December	6,360	6,632	7,294	6,863
Refuse disposal costs per year January through December	\$742,000	\$722,000	\$705,000	\$611,000
Annual recycling tonnage (excluding leaf, and compost items)	638	788	788	n/a

2004	2003	2002
13,475	14,103	14,546
1,962	1,876	1,817
55	87	87
672	713	898
354	340	356
470	562	661
886	1,237	1,003
93	83	80
115	171	171
275 0	272 1	292 1
\$41,797	\$33,294	\$29,774
336	261	n/a
6	7	n/a
0	0	0
	-	_
1,578	826	786
\$478,874	\$195,040	\$0
550	310	275
7	13	8
Ó	3	4
\$47,850	\$148,800	\$2,137,350
82	78	57
120	115	160
146	92	99
20	17	18
3	2	6
53	22	38
\$22,950	\$14,062	\$18,487
\$42,080	\$48,757	\$53,222
11,164	11,160	13,239
72,524	82,760	79,808
7,609	8,108	7,147
10,352	10,183	9,697
46,586	35,261	31,599
\$190,315	\$196,229	\$194,712
\$26,596	\$22,791	\$0
4,865	2,642	3,815
\$611,000	\$570,000	\$625,000
932	796	796
		(Continued)

Function/Program	 2008	2007	2006	2005
Transportation				
Street Improvements - asphalt overlay (linear feet)	0	487	21,041	0
Rejuvenating Spray on Streets (Miles)	0	0	0	0
Crackseal Coating Program (Miles)	0	0	0	0
Street Repair (Concrete, asphalt, crack sealing) (hours)	3,596	4,442	3,130	4,926
Mowing (hours)	2,296	508	506	408
Paint Striping (hours)	483	744	825	612
Street Sweeper (hours)	897	994	916	766
Snow & Ice Removal regular hours	761	787	186	579
Sewer and Sanitary calls for service (hours)	187	436	575	466
Fire hydrants (hours)	364	336	320	216
Catch basin (hours)	2,490	3,370	3,711	4,029
Water and Water calls for service (hours)	3,877	3,726	2,852	2,660
Leaf collection (hours)	1,526	1,362	1,300	1,222
Holiday lights setup (hours)	0	40	152	254
Burial services (hours)	325	562	714	486
Equipment repair/body shop (hours)	1,991	1,743	1,153	1,392
Sign department (hours)	2,661	1,626	1,386	1,171
Building maintenance (hours)	756	376	451	428
Other (hours)	1,407	4,096	4,478	3,556
Water Department				
Water Rates per 1st 300 Cu ft of water used (2,250 gallons)	\$ 12.58	\$ 13.55	\$ 11.71	\$ 11.10
Avg. number of water accounts billed monthly (Cu. Ft.)	5,369	1,999	1,979	1,954
Total Water Collections Annually (Inlcuding P&I)	\$2,376,917	\$2,441,414	\$2,130,132	\$1,489,814
Wastewater Department				
Wastewater Rates per 1st 300 Cu ft of water used	\$3.02	\$2.92	\$2.92	\$2.78
Total flow of wastewater treatment plant (Millions of Gallons)	2,901	2,748	3,507	3,422
Average daily flow (Millions of gallons per day)	9	8	10	9
Tons of dry sludge removed	685.20	701.10	842.50	823.24

(1) Information prior to 2002 is not available

Souce: City of Vandalia

2004			2003		2002		
	1,800		9,125		16,480		
	0		0		0		
	0		0		10		
	3,047		3,801		2,275		
	660		1,341		1,206		
	722		1,180		1,394		
	1,048		1,369		1,082		
	782		1,038		431		
	428		220		667		
	660		390		92		
	1,240		846		1,337		
	3,125		3,023		1,704		
	1,521		1,472		1,544		
	222		342		188		
	499		458		610		
	1,429		1,853		1,544		
	1,455		1,610		1,642		
	616		1,332		1,248		
	4,269		4,457		4,138		
\$	9.57	\$	9.26	\$	8.97		
Ψ	1,897	Ψ	1,831	Ψ.	1,812		
	\$1,410,603		\$1,359,046		\$1,407,216		
	Ψ1,110,000		Ψ1,000,010		ψ1,107,210		
	\$2.65		\$2.65		\$2.65		
	3,230		3,663		3,370		
	9		10		9		
	945.14		677.56		846.73		

CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
General Government										
Square Footage Occupied	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	n/a
Administrative Vehicles	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	23,643	n/a
Inspection Vehicles	8	8	7	7	8	8	8	10	8	n/a
Municipal Court Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	n/a
Wallerpar Court Vellicles	-	2	2	-	-	-	_	-	2	11/4
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Building	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219
Vehicles	21	20	21	20	21	20	19	18	18	n/a
Fire										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of fire hydrants	765	763	750	723	723	633	633	633	633	633
Square Footage of Building	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000
Vehicles	18	18	17	17	17	17	19	18	18	n/a
Recreation										
Number of Parks	11	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Number of Pools	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Tennis Courts	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of Baseball Fields	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Number of Senior Centers	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Number of Soccer Fields	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Square Footage of	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Recreation Center	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	0	0
Vehicles	20	21	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	n/a
venicies	20	21	20	21	LL	22	22	22	22	II/ a
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	83.5	83.5	79.5	79.5	79	79	79	72	72	72
Service Vehicles	25	24	24	23	23	22	23	24	24	n/a
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	73	73	63	63	62	56	56	56	56	56
Storm Sewers (miles)	73	72	48	48	46	42	42	42	42	42
Water Department										
Water Lines (miles)	85	84	74	74	73	65	65	65	65	65
Vehicles (filles)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	n/a
, emeres	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11/ α

Source: City of Vandalia





Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CITY OF VANDALIA

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 2, 2009