SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008



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<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u> Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District Ottawa County 11685 West State Route 163 Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449-1278

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District, Ottawa County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District, Ottawa County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2009, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

One Government Center / Suite 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District Ottawa County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the federal awards receipts and expenditure schedule to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mary Jayloc

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 31, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The management's discussion and analysis of the Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$607,548 which represents a 3.42% decrease from 2007.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,941,472 in revenue or 83.71% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,490,464 or 16.29% of total revenues of \$21,431,936.
- The District had \$22,039,484 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,490,464 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$17,941,472 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$18,490,462 in revenues and \$18,750,222 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2008, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$259,760 from \$4,351,712 to \$4,091,952.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$647,581 in revenues and \$1,202,673 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2008, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$555,092 from \$2,002,045 to \$1,446,953.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Net Assets

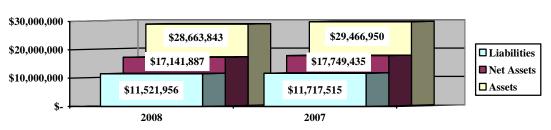
	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
<u>Assets</u> Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 17,614,685 11,049,158	\$ 18,134,536 11,332,414
Total assets	28,663,843	29,466,950
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	9,964,454 1,557,502	10,127,045 1,590,470
Total liabilities	11,521,956	11,717,515
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	11,049,158 3,077,068 3,015,661	11,241,051 3,298,776 3,209,608
Total net assets	<u> </u>	\$ 17,749,435

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$17,141,887. Of this total, \$3,077,068 is restricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 38.55% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2008, were \$11,049,158. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$3,077,068, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$3,015,661 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008		 overnmental Activities 2007
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,661,051	\$ 1,478,268
Operating grants and contributions		1,468,576	1,209,889
Capital grants and contributions		360,837	306,480
General revenues:			
Property taxes		8,219,308	8,512,470
Grants and entitlements		9,222,704	9,034,202
Investment earnings		464,038	539,680
Other		35,422	 31,083
Total revenues		21,431,936	 21,112,072

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008		Governmental Activities 2007
<u>Expenses</u>			
Program expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ 9,3	06,580 \$	8,487,691
Special	1,7	50,545	1,384,479
Vocational		26,864	19,891
Adult/continuing		113	260
Other	2	80,205	262,375
Support services:			
Pupil	1,1	14,095	1,180,952
Instructional staff	1,0	41,579	922,178
Board of education	1	95,148	160,477
Administration	1,5	86,764	1,523,400
Fiscal	4	88,757	445,008
Operations and maintenance	2,7	44,889	2,606,744
Pupil transportation	1,3	29,983	1,148,779
Central	3	01,851	439,446
Food service operations	9	02,067	834,282
Operations of non-instructional services	2	81,561	301,294
Extracurricular activities	6	86,375	648,415
Interest and fiscal charges		2,108	5,317
Total expenses	22,0	39,484	20,370,988
Change in net assets	(6	07,548)	741,084
Net assets at beginning of year	17,7	49,435	17,008,351
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 17,1</u>	41,887 \$	5 17,749,435

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$607,548. Total governmental expenses of \$22,039,484 were offset by program revenues of \$3,490,464 and general revenues of \$17,941,472. Program revenues supported 15.84% of the total governmental expenses.

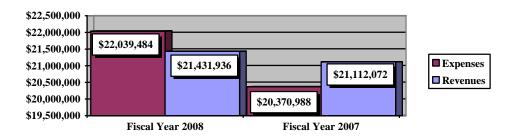
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 81.38% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$11,364,307 or 51.56% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

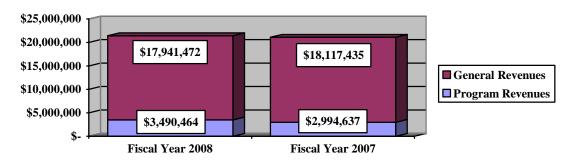
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2008		Net Cost of Services 2008		Total Cost of Services 2007		Net Cost o Services 2007	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	9,306,580	\$	8,451,225	\$	8,487,691	\$	7,849,744
Special		1,750,545		1,273,230		1,384,479		1,188,068
Vocational		26,864		26,268		19,891		19,891
Adult/continuing		113		113		260		260
Other		280,205		280,205		262,375		262,375
Support services:								
Pupil		1,114,095		862,188		1,180,952		839,728
Instructional staff		1,041,579		1,016,270		922,178		852,243
Board of education		195,148		195,148		160,477		160,477
Administration		1,586,764		1,479,626		1,523,400		1,403,586
Fiscal		488,757		483,203		445,008		438,726
Operations and maintenance		2,744,889		2,627,385		2,606,744		2,569,162
Pupil transportation		1,329,983		1,124,447		1,148,779		1,104,900
Central		301,851		145,863		439,446		190,935
Food service operations		902,067		70,613		834,282		12,893
Operations of non-instructional services		281,561		16,311		301,294		45,204
Extracurricular activities		686,375		494,817		648,415		432,842
Interest and fiscal charges		2,108		2,108		5,317		5,317
Total expenses	\$	22,039,484	\$	18,549,020	\$	20,370,988	\$	17,376,351

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 88.27% of instructional activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 84.16%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2008 and 2007.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,094,323, which is lower than last year's total of \$7,455,743. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase	Percentage
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	(Decrease)	Change
General	\$ 4,091,952	\$ 4,351,712	\$ (259,760)	(5.97) %
Permanent Improvement	1,446,953	2,002,045	(555,092)	(27.73) %
Other Governmental		1,101,986	<u>453,432</u>	41.15 %
Total	\$ 7,094,323	\$ 7,455,743	<u>\$ (361,420)</u>	(4.85) %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$259,760. The fund balance decrease was a result of transfers out of the general fund and increase in instructional expense due to wage increases. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

	2008 Amount						Percenta Change	•
<u>Revenues</u>								
Taxes	\$ 7,904,634	\$ 8,177,757	\$	(273,123)	(3.34)	%		
Tuition	430,681	426,987		3,694	0.87	%		
Earnings on investments	426,796	517,244		(90,448)	(17.49)	%		
Intergovernmental	9,688,500	9,034,202		654,298	7.24	%		
Other revenues	39,851	22,905		16,946	73.98	%		
Total	<u>\$18,490,462</u>	<u>\$18,179,095</u>	\$	311,367	1.71	%		
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Instruction	\$ 10,140,065	\$ 9,490,633	\$	649,432	6.84	%		
Support services	7,665,010	7,464,902		200,108	2.68	%		
Non-instructional services	29,770	12,252		17,518	142.98	%		
Extracurricular activities	390,257	344,650		45,607	13.23	%		
Facilities acquisition and construction	120	120		-	-	%		
Total	\$ 18,225,222	\$ 17,312,557	\$	912,665	5.27	%		

The increase in tuition revenue is due to an increase in open-enrollment students for fiscal year 2008. The decrease in earnings on investments revenue is the result of a decrease in interest rates for fiscal year 2008. The increase in non-instructional services is a large percentage, but is an immaterial dollar amount. All other revenues and expenditures are consistent with the prior year. Even though revenue was more than expenditures in 2008, the General Fund's balance decreased during the year due to \$525,000 transferred to nonmajor funds.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$647,581 in revenues and \$1,202,673 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2008, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$555,092 from \$2,002,045 to \$1,446,953 as a result of major capital improvement expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2008, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$18,011,000 were increased to \$18,526,239 in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2008 was \$18,580,784. This represents a \$54,545 increase from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$18,107,934 were increased to \$19,617,209 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$18,858,868, which was \$758,341 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2008, the District had \$11,049,158 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2008 balances compared to 2007:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governr	nental Activities
	2008	2007
Land	\$ 372,525	5 \$ 372,525
Land improvements	452,683	3 472,679
Building and improvements	9,178,484	9,547,254
Furniture and equipment	124,045	5 123,036
Vehicles	921,421	816,920
Total	<u>\$ 11,049,158</u>	<u> </u>

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$283,256 is due to depreciation expense of \$538,618 and disposals of \$9,000 net of accumulated depreciation exceeding capital outlays of \$264,362 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had no outstanding debt. During fiscal year 2008, the District retired the energy conservation loan outstanding. The following table summarizes the energy conservation loans outstanding at June 30, 2007.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmenta Activities 2007		
Energy Conservation Loan	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 91,363</u>		
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 91,363</u>		

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

Current Financial Related Activities

The District faces many challenges in the future. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily upon the tax revenue from the nuclear power plant that is located in the district. We have experienced a reduction of 1.5 million dollars due to the re-calculation of the apportionment of nuclear fuel. We currently have a lawsuit filed with the Department of Taxation challenging the ruling of this apportionment to recoup this money lost.

State aid will show no increase or decrease as we will always rely heavily on the property tax relief fund. Any increase or decrease in state aid is automatically offset by this fund to keep us at a zero net sum gain. The District ended the year with a 5 million dollar carry over balance which will provide time to look at future cost cutting options as well as the possibility of new operating levies.

The District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Jeff Dornbusch, Treasurer, Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District, 11685 W. St. Rt. 163, Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:	^	0 000 000	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.	\$	8,926,386	
Cash in segregated accounts.		12,300	
Receivables:		0.005.000	
		8,285,329 873	
Accounts		177,507	
Accrued interest		150,104	
Prepayments		19,079	
Materials and supplies inventory.		43,107	
Capital assets:		-0,107	
Land		372,525	
Depreciable capital assets, net		10,676,633	
Total capital assets, net		11,049,158	
Total assets.		28,663,843	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable.		310,411	
Accrued wages and benefits		1,761,576	
Pension obligation payable		493,719	
Intergovernmental payable		57,827	
Unearned revenue		7,340,921	
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year.		145,981	
Due in more than one year		1,411,521	
Total liabilities		11,521,956	
Net Assets:		11 040 150	
Invested in capital assets		11,049,158	
Restricted for:		1,965,066	
Capital projects		24,956	
State funded programs		51,679	
Federally funded programs		34,054	
Student activities		45,226	
Other purposes		956,087	
		3,015,661	
Total net assets	\$	17,141,887	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Servi		Program Revenues Charges for Operating Capital Services Grants and Grants and and Sales Contributions Contributions		Charges for Services		Services		(E: 0 1 Go	et Revenue xpense) and Changes in Net Assets overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	· · ·			-		 				
Instruction:										
Regular	\$ 9,306,580	\$	788,429	\$	65,925	\$ 1,001	\$	(8,451,225)		
Special	1,750,545				477,315			(1,273,230)		
Vocational	26,864				596			(26,268)		
Adult/continuing	113							(113)		
Other	280,205							(280,205)		
Support services:										
Pupil	1,114,095				251,907			(862,188)		
Instructional staff	1,041,579				25,309			(1,016,270)		
Board of education	195,148							(195,148)		
Administration	1,586,764		14,694		91,581	863		(1,479,626)		
Fiscal	488,757					5,554		(483,203)		
Operations and maintenance	2,744,889		9,446		4,029	104,029		(2,627,385)		
Pupil transportation	1,329,983				55,570	149,966		(1,124,447)		
Central	301,851				56,564	99,424		(145,863)		
Operation of non-instructional										
services:										
Food service operations	902,067		522,910		308,544			(70,613)		
Other non-instructional services	281,561		147,513		117,737			(16,311)		
Extracurricular activities	686,375		178,059		13,499			(494,817)		
Interest and fiscal charges	2,108					 		(2,108)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 22,039,484	\$	1,661,051	\$	1,468,576	\$ 360,837		(18,549,020)		
	General Revenu Property taxes	levied	for:					7 007 705		

General purposes	7,907,785
Capital projects	311,523
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	9,222,704
Investment earnings	464,038
Miscellaneous	35,422
Total general revenues	17,941,472
Change in net assets	(607,548)
Net assets at beginning of year	17,749,435
Net assets at end of year	\$ 17,141,887

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General	ermanent provement	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		 				
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	5,240,522	\$ 1,665,053	\$	1,597,419	\$	8,502,994
Cash in segregated accounts.	12,300					12,300
Receivables:						
Taxes	7,970,481	314,848				8,285,329
Accounts	186			687		873
Intergovernmental				177,507		177,507
Accrued interest	150,104					150,104
Due from other funds	115,648					115,648
Prepayments	19,079					19,079
Materials and supplies inventory	27,337			15,770		43,107
Restricted assets:	,			-, -		-, -
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	423,392	 				423,392
Total assets	13,959,049	\$ 1,979,901	\$	1,791,383	\$	17,730,333
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable \$	62,590	\$ 236,241	\$	11,580	\$	310,411
Accrued wages and benefits.	1,705,372			56,204		1,761,576
Pension obligation payable	444,560			49,159		493,719
Intergovernmental payable.	55,413			2,414		57,827
Retirement incentive payable	30,000					30,000
Due to other funds.				115,648		115,648
Deferred revenue.	507,110	17,838		960		525,908
Unearned revenue	7,062,052	 278,869				7,340,921
Total liabilities	9,867,097	 532,948		235,965		10,636,010
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances	191,145	459,716		44,612		695,473
Reserved for materials and	131,143	433,710		44,012		033,473
supplies inventory	27,337			15,770		43,107
Reserved for property tax unavailable	21,001			13,770		45,107
for appropriation	518,558	18,141				536,699
Reserved for prepayments	19,079	10,141				19,079
Reserved for school bus purchases	10,663					10,663
Reserved for instructional materials.	412,729					412,729
Designated for termination benefits.	412,725			532,695		532,695
Designated for capital improvements.				500,000		500,000
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:				300,000		300,000
3	2 012 444					2 012 441
	2,912,441			462.066		2,912,441
Special revenue funds		060.006		462,066		462,066
Capital projects funds		 969,096		275		969,371
Total fund balances	4,091,952	 1,446,953		1,555,418		7,094,323
Total liabilities and fund balances	13,959,049	\$ 1,979,901	\$	1,791,383	\$	17,730,333

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2008

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 7,094,323
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		11,049,158
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes Accrued interest Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 407,709 117,239 960	
Total		525,908
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences	 1,527,502	
Total		(1,527,502)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 17,141,887

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes	7,904,634	\$ 311,265		\$ 8,215,899
Tuition	430,681			430,681
Earnings on investments	426,796	12,717	\$ 3,093	442,606
Charges for services			648,992	648,992
Extracurricular	24,138		218,931	243,069
Classroom materials and fees	155		90,541	90,696
Other local revenues	15,558		111,672	127,230
Intergovernmental - State	9,688,500	323,599	125,119	10,137,218
Intergovernmental - Federal			1,065,252	1,065,252
Total revenue	18,490,462	647,581	2,263,600	21,401,643
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	8,469,278	1,051	234,114	8,704,443
Special	1,374,568		309,087	1,683,655
Vocational.	25,941			25,941
Adult/continuing.			113	113
Other	270,278			270,278
Support Services:				
Pupil	825,263		261,734	1,086,997
Instructional staff	961,941		25,710	987,651
Board of education	188,222			188,222
Administration	1,374,991	906	120,575	1,496,472
Fiscal	456,299	5,831		462,130
Operations and maintenance	2,592,238	95,872	4,660	2,692,770
Pupil transportation	1,091,241	146,260		1,237,501
Central	174,815	89,839	90,770	355,424
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations			848,090	848,090
Other non-instructional services	29,770		249,710	279,480
Extracurricular activities	390,257		190,605	580,862
Facilities acquisition and construction	120	769,443		769,563
Debt service:				
Principal retirement		91,363		91,363
Interest and fiscal charges		2,108		2,108
Total expenditures	18,225,222	1,202,673	2,335,168	21,763,063
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	265,240	(555,092)	(71,568)	(361,420)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in			525,000	525,000
Transfers (out).	(525,000)		020,000	(525,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(525,000)		525,000	
Net change in fund balances.	(259,760)	(555,092)	453,432	(361,420)
0				
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,351,712	\$ 1,446,053	1,101,986 ¢ 1,555,418	\$ 7,455,743
Fund balances at end of year	4,091,952	\$ 1,446,953	\$ 1,555,418	\$ 7,094,323

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(361,420)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 264,362 (538,618)		
Total			(274,256)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			
Capital asset disposals Accumulated depreciation	 (141,881) 132,881		
Total			(9,000)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Accrued interest Intergovernmental revenue	3,409 37,242 (10,358)		
Total			30,293
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of			
of net assets.			91,363
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(84,528)
-		¢	
Change in net assets of governmental activities		φ	(607,548)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Βι	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Origina	1	Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>					-
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 7,675	5,810 \$	\$7,895,391	\$	7,947,085	\$	51,694
Tuition	418	3,698	430,676		430,681		5
Earnings on investments	46	5,255	478,564		481,250		2,686
Extracurricular	23	3,467	24,138		24,138		
Classroom materials and fees		151	155		155		
Other local revenues.		7,528	7,743		7,743		
Intergovernmental - State.		9,049	9,688,500		9,688,500		E4 20E
Total revenue	18,009	9,958	18,525,167		18,579,552		54,385
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:	0.07	100	0.754.404		0 440 400		000 004
Regular	8,078	-	8,751,464		8,413,160		338,304
Special		5,694 1 01 4	1,426,439		1,371,297		55,142
Other		4,914 5,757	26,991 287,908		25,948 276,778		1,043 11,130
Support Services:	200	5,757	207,900		210,110		11,150
	810),287	877,823		843,889		33,934
Instructional staff	899	9,776	974,771		937,089		37,682
Board of education	200),175	216,859		208,476		8,383
Administration	1,341	,348	1,453,148		1,396,974		56,174
Fiscal	447	7,837	485,164		466,409		18,755
Operations and maintenance	2,56	,789	2,775,311		2,668,026		107,285
Pupil transportation	1,059	9,271	1,147,560		1,103,199		44,361
Central	203	3,147	220,079		211,571		8,508
Operation of non-instructional services.		1,723	26,784		25,749		1,035
Extracurricular activities	36	9,846	400,672		385,183		15,489
Facilities acquisition and construction	17,603	115	125 19,071,098		120		5
Total expenditures	17,00	5,039	19,071,098		10,333,000		737,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	406	6,119	(545,931)		245,684		791,615
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers (out)	(504	1,095)	(546,111)		(525,000)		21,111
Refund of prior year expenditures		1,042	1,072		1,232		160
Total other financing sources (uses)	(503	3,053)	(545,039)		(523,768)		21,271
Net change in fund balance	(96	6,934)	(1,090,970)		(278,084)		812,886
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	,	9,913 1,027	5,479,913 294,027		5,479,913 294,027		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 5,677	7,006	\$ 4,682,970	\$	5,495,856	\$	812,886
		=					

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	A	Agency		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,116		
Total assets	\$	81,116		
Liabilities: Due to students	\$	81,116		
Total liabilities	\$	81,116		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District (the "District") is located in Ottawa County, in Oak Harbor, Ohio. The District was established in the early 1970s through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District currently serves an area of approximately 106 square miles and includes all of the Village of Oak Harbor, Graytown, and Rocky Ridge, and all or portions of Benton, Carroll, and Salem Townships.

The District was organized in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District currently operates 6 instructional buildings, 1 administrative building and a bus garage. The District employs 140 certified (including administrative) and 109 classified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 1,791 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups, which ranks it 307th out of approximately 896 public school districts and community schools in Ohio.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA), which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of forty-one public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and a representative from the fiscal agent. All revenues are generated from a combination of state funding and annual fee per student charged to participating districts. The District paid \$42,690 to NOECA for services in fiscal year 2008. Financial information is available from Betty Schweifert, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG) consists of twenty-six school districts representing seven counties (Crawford, Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca and Wood). This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through BACG are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the District is an administrative charge if it participates in purchasing through the BACG. The membership of BACG consists of one elected representative from each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve two-year terms. Financial information is available from Betty Schweifert, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Incorporated

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. is a nonprofit organization operated under the direction of a Board of Directors. The Council was formed to provide conferences and training to personnel of the participating districts. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. To obtain financial information write to the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. David G. Elsass, Treasurer, at P.O. Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

The District also participates in two public entity risk sharing pools, described in Note 10.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

<u>Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan</u> The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OASBO. The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> - A fund used to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of permanent improvements as authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, privatepurpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District has one agency fund which accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of activities as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Ottawa County Budget Commission for rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2008, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2008. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2008.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earning are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$426,796, which includes \$144,304 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased. Inventories for governmental funds are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. During fiscal 2008, the District maintained its capitalization threshold at \$10,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

In the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund advances are reported as interfund loans receivable/payable. The District has no interfund loans receivable/payable at June 30, 2008. Receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund advances are reported as loans to/from other funds. The District has no loans to/from other funds at June 30, 2008. Receivables and payables resulting from cash-basis fund balance deficits at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. At June 30, 2008, the District has \$115,648 due from other non-major governmental funds to the general fund.

All interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

J. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. The District has reported fund equity reserves for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, property tax unavailable for appropriation, prepayments, school bus purchases, and instructional materials. The reserve for property tax unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

The District has also designated a portion of fund equity which was legally segregated for a specific future uses. The District has reported a fund equity designation for termination benefits and capital improvements.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount required by state statute to be set-aside for instructional materials. In addition, the District has reported restricted assets for school bus purchases. See Note 16 for details.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basis financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2008.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and</u> <u>Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 48, "<u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers</u> <u>of Assets and Future Revenues</u>", and GASB Statement No. 50, "<u>Pension Disclosures</u>".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 12) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE – (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at June 30, 2008, included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor governmental funds	-	Deficit
Drug free school grant	\$	789

This fund complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at yearend. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. This deficit fund balance is the result of adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies are to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

 United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year-end, the District had \$5,550 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$6,842,366. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2008, \$599,584 of the District's bank balance of \$6,966,336 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, while \$6,366,752 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds, or as specific pledged collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. Although all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			_	Maturity
				6 months
Investment	F	air Value		or less
STAR Ohio	\$	2,171,886		2,171,886
Total	\$	2,171,886	\$	2,171,886

The weighted average maturity of investments is one day.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates substantially increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Interim certificates of deposit must mature within one year and inactive certificates of deposit must mature no later than the expiration of the depository agreement.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not address investment credit risk beyond the requirements of state statutes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

Cash and investments per note disclosure

Carrying amount of deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$ 6,842,366 2,171,886 5,550
Total	\$ 9,019,802
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities Agency funds	\$ 8,938,686 81,116
Total	\$ 9,019,802

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Transfers from general fund to:	Amount	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	525,000
Total	\$	525,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

B. Due from/to other funds

Due from/to other funds at June 30, 2008, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Due to general fund from:	 Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 115,648
Total	\$ 115,648

The purpose of these amounts due from/to other funds is to eliminate cash-basis fund balance deficits in certain non-major governmental funds, which is contrary to Ohio Revised Code section 5705.10. However, in accordance with Ohio Revised Code section 3315.20, because the corresponding grant monies that will eliminate these cash-basis fund balance deficits have been requested as of June 30, 2008, and because the general fund unencumbered fund balance at fiscal year-end is high enough to cover the cumulative sum of these deficits, the District is not in non-compliance.

Due from/to other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007, and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property was assessed at 12.50% for property, including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Ottawa County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal 2008 operations. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2008, was \$518,558 in the general fund and \$18,141 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2007, was \$561,009 in the general fund and \$19,432 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary depending on when tax bills are sent by the County Auditor.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second			2008 First			
	Half Collections			Half Collections			
	Amount Percent			 Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate	\$	252,861,590	73.29	\$ 256,707,390	73.72		
Public utility personal property		88,250,750	25.58	90,059,590	25.87		
Tangible personal property		3,892,696	1.13	 1,410,350	0.41		
Total	\$	345,005,036	100.00	\$ 348,177,330	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:							
General operations	\$	35.83		\$ 35.83			
Permanent improvement		1.50		1.50			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008, consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities

Taxes	\$ 8,285,329
Accounts	873
Intergovernmental	177,507
Accrued interest	150,104
Total	<u>\$ 8,613,813</u>

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities	06/30/07	Additions	Deletions	06/30/08
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 372,525</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	372,525	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	372,525
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,544,750			1,544,750
Buildings and improvements	19,250,119			19,250,119
Equipment and furniture	475,097	22,521	(12,767)	484,851
Vehicles	2,091,375	241,841	(129,114)	2,204,102
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,361,341	264,362	(141,881)	23,483,822
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,072,071)	(19,996)		(1,092,067)
Buildings and improvements	(9,702,865)	(368,770)		(10,071,635)
Equipment and furniture	(352,061)	(20,512)	11,767	(360,806)
Vehicles	(1,274,455)	(129,340)	121,114	(1,282,681)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,401,452)	(538,618)	132,881	(12,807,189)
Total capital assets, net	<u>11,332,414</u>	<u>\$ (274,256)</u>	<u>\$ (9,000)</u>	<u>\$ 11,049,158</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Instruction: Regular	\$ 275,593
Support services: Administration Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation Central services	19,439 21,901 103,740 11,899
Other non-instructional services Extracurricular activities Food service operations Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,488 84,119 19,439 538,618

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2008, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Governmental activities:	Balance 6/30/07	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/08	Amount Due In One Year
Energy conservation loans Compensated absences Retirement incentive	\$91,363 1,469,107 <u>30,000</u>	\$ 345,455 <u>30,000</u>	\$ (91,363) (287,060) (30,000)	\$ 1,527,502 <u>30,000</u>	\$ 115,981 <u>30,000</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,590,470</u>	<u>\$ 375,455</u>	<u>\$ (408,423)</u>	<u>\$ 1,557,502</u>	<u>\$ 145,981</u>

<u>Energy conservation loan</u> - A \$500,000 energy conservation loan was issued on January 29, 2004, was scheduled to mature on January 29, 2009, and carried an interest rate of 3.2%. As of June 30, 2008, \$391,363 had been drawn down on the loan. Loan repayments consisted of semi-annual payments of \$50,000 plus interest. The loan was issued in order to provide for energy improvements to District buildings. The loan was a general obligation of the District and was accounted for on the statement of net assets. The source of payment was derived through the energy savings attained as a result of the energy improvements. During fiscal year 2008, the District made the final debt service payments on this loan. There is no liability as of June 30, 2008.

Compensated absences and the retirement incentive will be paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the General fund.

B. Legal Debt Margins

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margins has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculations excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2008, are a legal voted debt margin of \$23,103,665, a legal unvoted debt margin of \$256,707, and a legal energy conservation debt margin of \$2,310,367.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2008, the District contracted with the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) for property, crime, general liability, auto liability/physical damage, and educator's legal liability insurances. Losses for property, crime, and auto liability/physical damage are subject to a \$500 deductible. The limit of liability coverage is \$11,000,000, with a \$13,000,000 annual aggregate under general liability. There is no deductible for any liability loss except under the educator's legal liability, which is subject to a \$4,000 deductible. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from fiscal year 2007.

B. OASBO Workers' Compensation Group Rating

For fiscal year 2008, the District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Group Health Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the area to form the San-Ott Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Association (the "Association"), whose purpose is to provide health coverage and benefits to and for the eligible employees of Association members and their dependents. The District pays premiums to the Association based upon the benefits structure selected. The Association Trust Agreement provides that the Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for specific claims in excess of \$200,000 and aggregate claims in excess of 120 percent of expected claims.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$283,906, \$284,761, and \$275,711, respectively; 48.26 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$1,096,517, \$1,064,943, and \$1,134,733, respectively; 83.79 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$18,411 made by the District and \$27,043 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2008, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal

Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$185,919, \$136,064, and \$137,512, respectively; 48.26 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$20,456, \$19,364, and \$21,944, respectively; 48.26 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$84,347, \$81,919, and \$87,287, respectively; 83.79 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008, and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTE 13 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Retirement Incentive

The District has entered into a retirement incentive plan whereby, upon election, a teacher or administrator reaching their first year of retirement eligibility (with a minimum of thirty years of service credit with STRS, and no less than ten years of service with the District by the effective date of retirement) is entitled to receive, in addition to the retirement pay currently provided under the labor agreement, the amount of \$10,000.

The retirees will receive the \$10,000 in January of the calendar year following the year of retirement. A liability of \$30,000 for the retirement incentive has been recorded in the general fund on the fund financial statements, and as a component of the long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. The retirement incentive liability will be paid out of the fund from which the employee was paid.

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(278,084)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(89,090)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(147,049)
Net adjustment for other financing sources/uses		(1,232)
Adjustment for encumbrances		255,695
GAAP basis	\$	(259,760)

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the

grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Instructional Materials	Capital <u>Maintenance</u>	
Set-aside balance at June 30, 2007	\$ 435,325		
Current year set-aside requirement	286,173	\$ 286,173	
Current year offsets	(83,225)	(229,331)	
Current year qualifying expenditures	(225,544)	(56,842)	
Set-aside balance at June 30, 2008	<u>\$ 412,729</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	
Balance carried forward to FY2009	\$ 412,729	<u>\$</u> -	

In addition to the above statutory reserves, the District also received monies restricted for school bus purchases.

A schedule of the governmental fund restricted assets at June 30, 2008 follows:

Amount restricted for instructional materials	\$ 412,729
Amount restricted for school bus purchases	 10,663
Total restricted assets	\$ 423,392

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	46,169	46,169
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Non-cash Assistance (Food Distribution) Total - National School Lunch Program	10.555	218,581 58,208 276,789	218,581 58,208 276,789
Total United States Department of Agriculture		322,958	322,958
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Ohio Department of Education Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	387,736	538,156
Passed through North Point Educational Service Center	04.470	40.400	40.400
Special Education - Preschool Grants Total - Special Education Cluster	84.173	18,130 405,866	<u>18,130</u> 556,286
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	144,235	156,146
Migrant Education Basic State Grant Program	84.011		1,934
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	5,035	5,824
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298	282	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	162	100
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	35,077	63,233
Total United States Department of Education		590,657	783,523
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE		\$ 913,615	\$ 1,106,481

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require that the District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the Schedule.

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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District Ottawa County 11685 West State Route 163 Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449-1278

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District, Ottawa County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

One Government Center / Room 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District Ottawa County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated March 31, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain noncompliance that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated March 31, 2009.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylor

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 31, 2009



<u>Mary Taylor, CPA</u> Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District Ottawa County 11685 West State Route 163 Oak Harbor, Ohio 43449-1278

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District, Ottawa County (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

One Government Center / Suite 1420 / Toledo, OH 43604-2246 Telephone: (419) 245-2811 (800) 443-9276 Fax: (419) 245-2484 www.auditor.state.oh.us Benton-Carroll-Salem Local School District Ottawa County Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect more-than-inconsequential noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirements.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Jaylo

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

March 31, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA# 10.553 and 10.555	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.





BENTON CARROLL SALEM LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

OTTAWA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 16, 2009

> 88 E. Broad St. / Fourth Floor / Columbus, OH 43215-3506 Telephone: (614) 466-4514 (800) 282-0370 Fax: (614) 466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us