#### **REGULAR AUDIT**

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Village Council Village of Glenmont P.O. Box 476 Glenmont, Ohio 44628

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of the Village of Glenmont, Holmes County, prepared by Willoughby & Company, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2007. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The financial statements in the attached report are presented in accordance with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State. Due to a February 2, 2005 interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), modifications were required to the *Independent Auditors' Report* on your financial statements. While the Auditor of State does not legally require your government to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The attached report includes an opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the statements are misstated under the non-GAAP regulatory basis. The *Independent Auditors' Report* also includes an opinion on the financial statements using the regulatory format the Auditor of State permits.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Glenmont is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

October 2, 2008



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### WILLOUGHBY & COMPANY, INC.

Certified Public Accountants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Glenmont Holmes County 108 Main Street, P.O. Box 476 Glenmont, Ohio 44628

To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Glenmont, Holmes County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed more fully in Note 1, the Village has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Revisions to GAAP would require the Village to reformat its financial statement presentation and make other changes effective for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, the revisions require presenting entity wide statements and also to present its larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to the new GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require governments to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to reformat its statements. Since the Village does not use GAAP to measure financial statement amounts, the following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amount reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2007 or 2006 or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Village of Glenmont Holmes County Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances and reserves for encumbrances of Village of Glenmont, Holmes County, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

The aforementioned revision to generally accepted accounting principles also requires the Village to include Management's Discussion and Analysis for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. The Village has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 23, 2008, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of and audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in accessing the results of our audit.

Willoughly & Capany, Cue.

Willoughby & Company, Inc. - Certified Public Accountants

July 23, 2008

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### Governmental Fund Types

	General		Special Revenue			Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$	2,752		_	\$	2,752
Intergovernmental	•	31,523	\$	13,180	•	44,703
Charges for Services		6,437		· -		6,437
Fines, Licenses and Permits		362		-		362
Earnings on Investments		4,857		886		5,743
Miscellaneous		2,644				2,644
Total Cash Receipts		48,575		14,066		62,641
Cash Disbursements: Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		22,328		-		22,328
Public Health Service		297		-		297
Basic Utility Services		1,281		<u>-</u>		1,281
Transportation		-		1,648		1,648
General Government		20,731				20,731
Total Cash Disbursements		44,637		1,648	-	46,285
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		3,938		12,418		16,356
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		81,932		41,041		122,973
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	85,870	\$	53,459	\$	139,329

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

#### Governmental Fund Types

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General		Special Revenue		Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property Tax and Other Local Taxes	\$	2,764		-	\$ 2,764
Intergovernmental		31,754	\$	12,200	43,954
Charges for Services		8,314		-	8,314
Fines, Licenses and Permits		688		-	688
Earnings on Investments		4,384		888	5,272
Miscellaneous		2,640			 2,640
Total Cash Receipts		50,544		13,088	63,632
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property		18,105		-	18,105
Public Health Service		603		-	603
Basic Utility Services		605		-	605
Transportation		-		18,731	18,731
General Government		40,863			 40,863
Total Cash Disbursements		60,176		18,731	 78,907
Total Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements		(9,632)		(5,643)	(15,275)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		91,564		46,684	138,248
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	81,932	\$	41,041	\$ 122,973

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	ENTER	PRISE
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$	22,058
Total Operating Cash Receipts		22,058
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay		4,394 14,451 16,332 7,466
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		42,643
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		(20,585)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		79,886
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	59,301

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

	ENTE	RPRISE
Operating Cash Receipts:	_	
Charges for Services	\$	18,485
Total Operating Cash Receipts		18,485
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		4,049
Contractual Services		8,598
Supplies and Materials		2,632
Capital Outlay		
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		15,279
Net Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		3,206
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		76,680
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	79,886

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of the Entity

The Village of Glenmont, Holmes County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Village is directed by a publicly-elected Council-Mayor form of government using a six-member Council. The Village provides general governmental services including road maintenance, water utilities and police services.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the basis of accounting the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes of permits.

#### D. Cash and Investments

The Village Clerk invests all available funds of the Village in an interest bearing checking account and certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit are valued at cost.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

#### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### 2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceed from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> – This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle money to pay for constructing, maintaining and repairing Village Streets.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3. Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprise where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following enterprise fund:

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover the cost of providing this utility.

#### E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

#### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2007 and 2006 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### E. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### F. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments to unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability on the Village's basis of accounting.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

#### 2. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December was as follows:

	2007	 2006
Demand deposits Certificate of Deposit	\$ 70.930 127.700	\$ 67,859 135,000
Total deposits and investments	\$ 198,630	\$ 202,859

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

#### 3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 follows:

	2007 Budget vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted	Actual					
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	<u>Variance</u>				
General	\$ 145,993	\$ 48,575	\$ 97,418				
Special Revenue	56,821	14,066	42,755				
Proprietary	84,589	22,058	<u>62,531</u>				
Total	<u>\$ 287,403</u>	<u>\$ 84,699</u>	<u>\$ 202,704</u>				

2007 Budget vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures						
	App	ropriation	Bu	dgetary		
Fund Type	Aı	uthority	Expe	enditures	Va	ariance
General	\$	73,565	\$	44,637	\$	28,928
Special Revenue		12,456		1,648		10,808
Trust		51,375		42,64 <u>3</u>		8,73 <u>2</u>
Total	\$	137,396	\$	88,928	<u>\$</u>	<u>48,468</u>

2006 Budget vs. Actual Receipts						
	Budgeted	Actual				
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance			
General	\$ 121,008	\$ 50,544	\$ 70,464			
Special Revenue	76,202	13,088	63,114			
Trust	103,110	<u> 18,485</u>	<u>84,625</u>			
Total	\$ 300,320	\$ 82,117	<u>\$ 218,203</u>			

2006 Budget vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures							
		ropriation		dgetary			
Fund Type	Αι	uthority	Exp	enditures	Va	ariance	
General	\$	74,366	\$	60,176	\$	14,190	
Special Revenue		24,356		18,731		5,625	
Trust		35,100		15,279		19,821	
Total	\$	133,822	\$	94,186	\$	39,636	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which rates are adopted by Village Council. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. Homestead and rollback amounts are then paid by the State, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

#### 5. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Village's elected officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multi-employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including post retirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2007 and 2006, members of PERS contributed 9.5% (2007) and 9% (2006) of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 13.85% (2007) and 13.7% (2006) of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2007.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

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#### **Commercial Insurance**

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability
- Vehicles; and
- Errors and omissions



### WILLOUGHBY & COMPANY, INC.

Certified Public Accountants

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Glenmont Holmes County 108 Main Street, P.O. Box 476 Glenmont, Ohio 44628

#### To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Glenmont, Holmes County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated July 23, 2008, wherein we noted the Village followed accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes rather than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Village's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Village in a separate letter dated July 23, 2008.

Village of Glenmont
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Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
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Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2007-001.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Village Council. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Willingthy + Company, le.

Willoughby & Company, Inc. - Certified Public Accountants

July 23, 2008

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### FINDING NUMBER 2007-001

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41 (D) states in part that no subdivision shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of fiscal officer of the subdivision. The Clerk must certify that the amount required to meet such a commitment has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

Prior certification was not obtained for 20% in 2007 and 100% in 2006, of the expenditures tested.

The Clerk should certify funds before each payment is made through the issuance of a regular, blanket, or super blanket purchase order. Blanket certificates should be issued for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of council against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. A super blanket purchase order can be completed for any amount for expenditures and contracts from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund for most recurring or reasonable predictable operating expenditures. This is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket may be outstanding at one particular time for a particular line item appropriation amount.

Also, as an alternative, the Village can issue then and now certificates for expenses up to \$3,000. Then and now certificates allow the Clerk to certify that both at the time the expenditure was made and at the time that the certification is completed, sufficient funds are available. These certificates can be certified by the Clerk without subsequent authorization from Council. However, then and now certificates issued by the Clerk over \$3,000 must be authorized by Council within thirty days after payment.

Client Response: We agree to the finding and will try to improve in the future.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
2005-001	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) Disbursements were not properly certified	No	Not Corrected: Included in report as finding 2007-001



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### **VILLAGE OF GLENMONT**

#### **HOLMES COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 14, 2008